

# DACIA DUSTER WORKSHOP MANUAL

**2009 - 2017**

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**01C** VEHICLE BODYWORK SPECIFICATIONS

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 0

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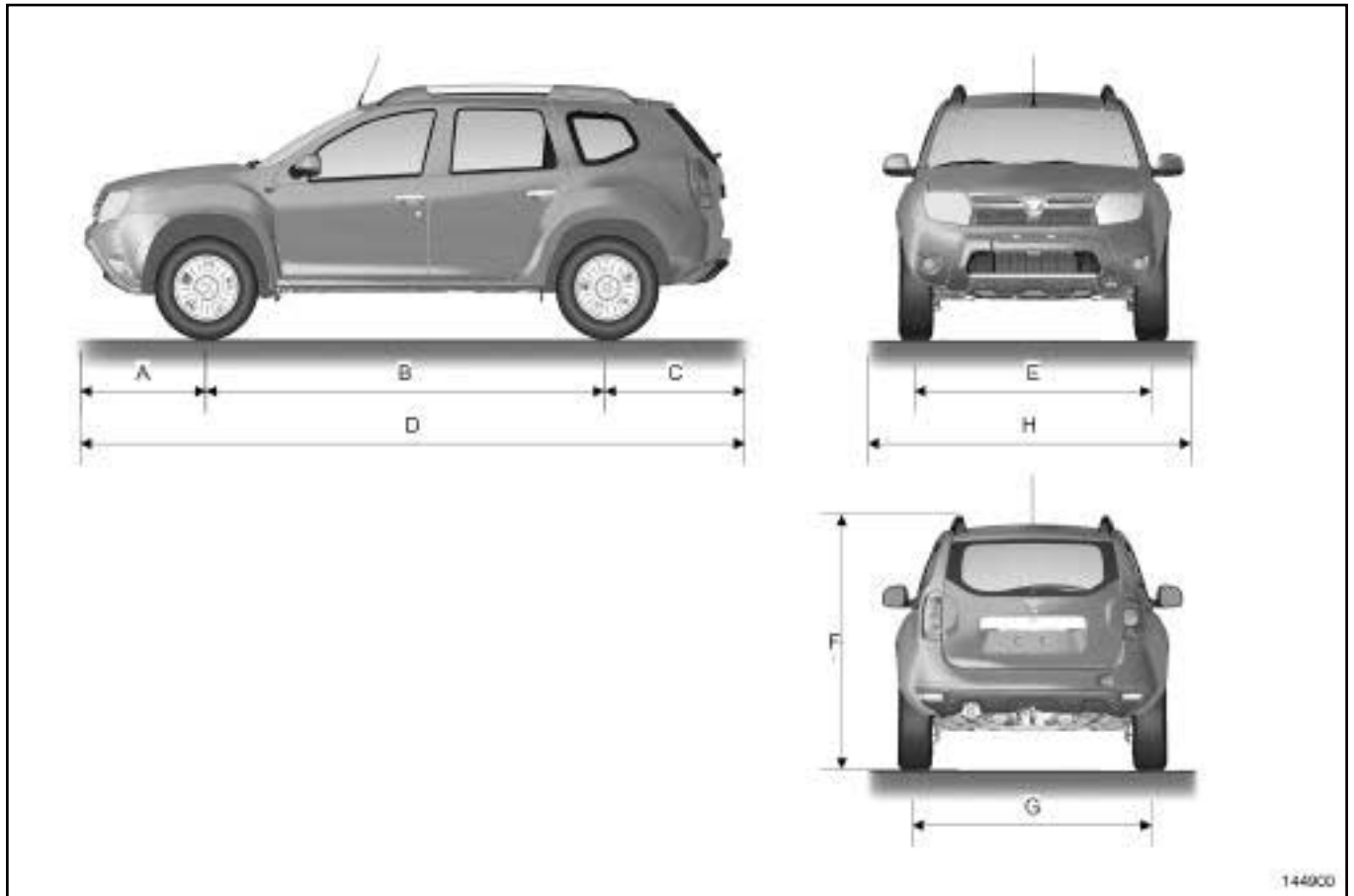
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144900

4X2 TRANSMISSION

Dimensions in metres:

<b>(A)</b>	0.822
<b>(B)</b>	2.673
<b>(C)</b>	0.820
<b>(D)</b>	4.315
<b>(E)</b>	1.560
<b>(F)</b> (unladen)	1.690
<b>(G)</b>	1.567
<b>(H)</b>	1.822

# VEHICLE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Vehicle: Specifications

# 01A

4X4 TRANSMISSION

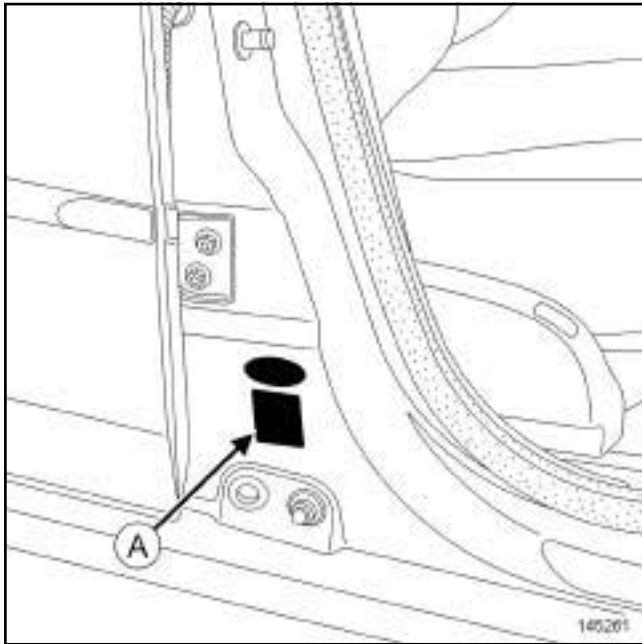
### Dimensions in metres:

(A)	0.822
(B)	2.671
(C)	0.822
(D)	4.315
(E)	1.560
(F) (unladen)	1.682
(G)	1.570
(H)	1.822

Engine			Gearbox			Emissions standard
Engine type	Engine suffix	Cubic capacity(cc)	Gearbox type	Gearbox suffix	Transmission type	
K4M	606	1598	TL8	002	4x4	EURO 4
	690		JR5	187	4x2	EURO 4
K9K	796	1461	JR5	189	4x2	EURO 4
	884		TL8	000	4x4	EURO 1
						EURO 3
	898					EURO 4
					EURO 5	

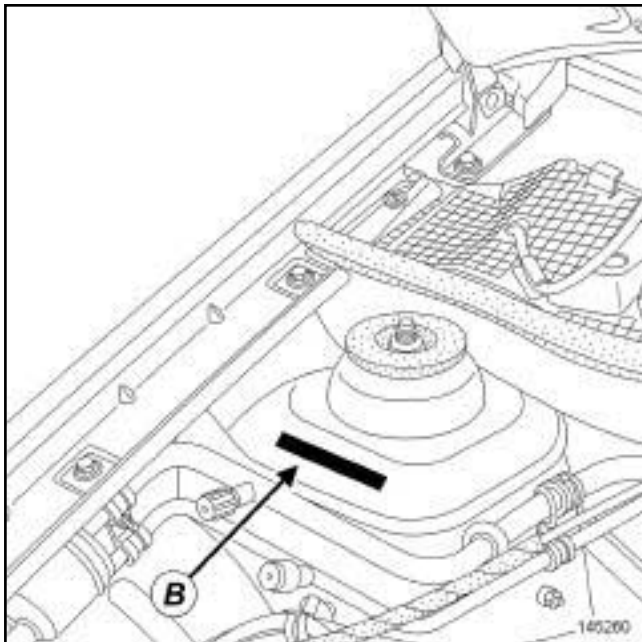


### I - LOCATION OF VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION PLATE (A)



145261

### II - LOCATION OF THE VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (B)



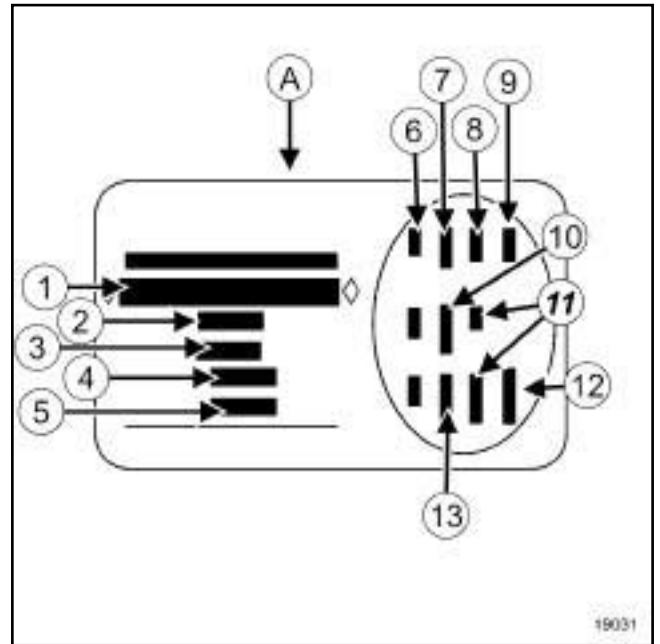
145260

**Note:**

If the complete body is being replaced, it must be marked in compliance with the current regulations.

### III - DETAILED VIEW OF THE VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION PLATE

Plate (A)



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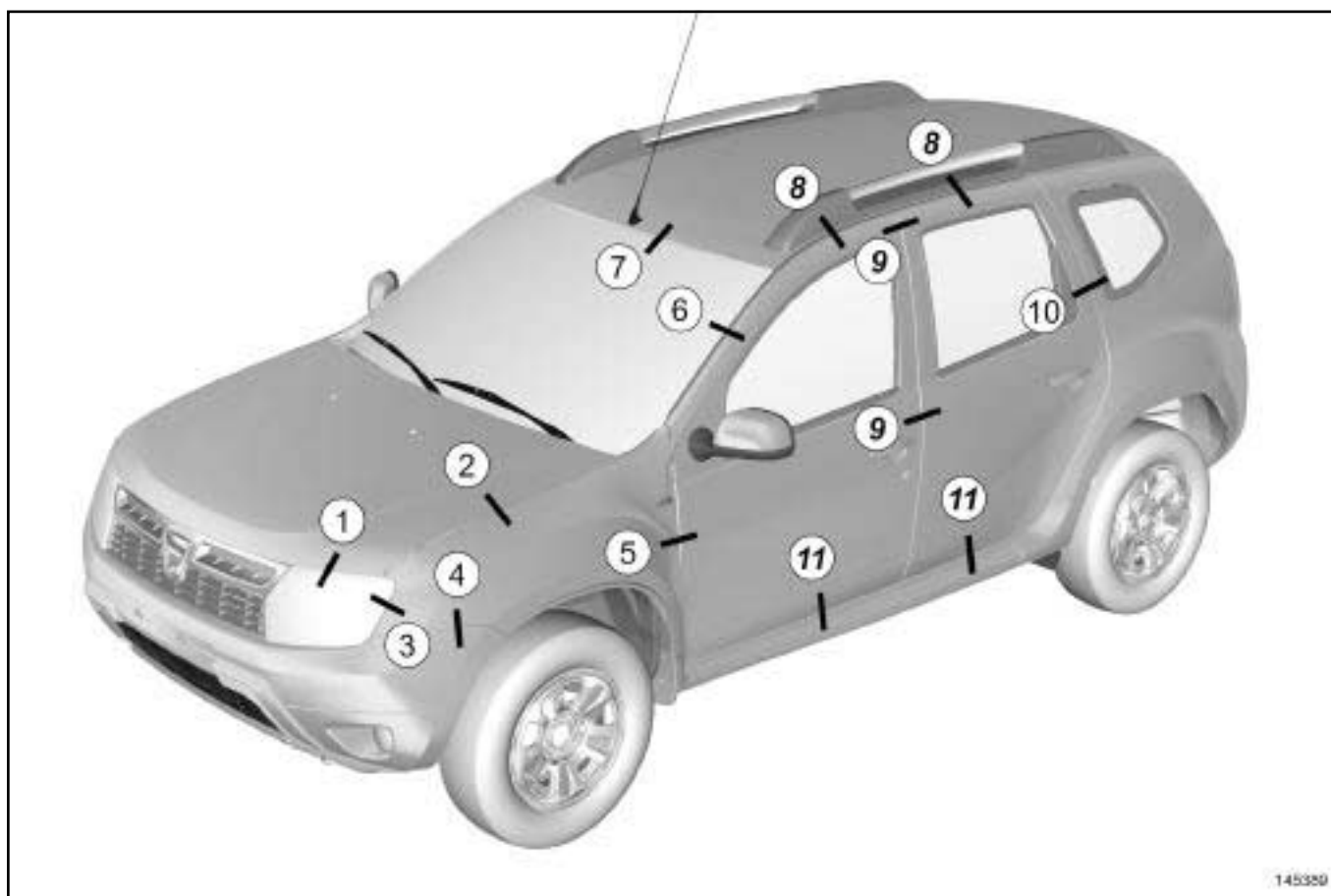
- (1) Vehicle type and type number; this information also appears on marking (B)
- (2) MGWV (Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight)
- (3) GTW (Gross train weight, vehicle under load with trailer)
- (4) Maximum permissible front axle load
- (5) Maximum permissible rear axle load
- (6) Vehicle technical specifications
- (7) Paintwork reference number
- (8) Equipment level
- (9) Vehicle type
- (10) Upholstery code
- (11) Additional equipment details
- (12) Production number
- (13) Interior trim code

### WARNING

The clearance values are given for information purposes.

When adjusting clearances, certain rules have to be followed:

- maintain symmetry with respect to the opposite side,
- ensure the flush fitting is correct,
- check correct operation of the opening, and water/air-tightness.



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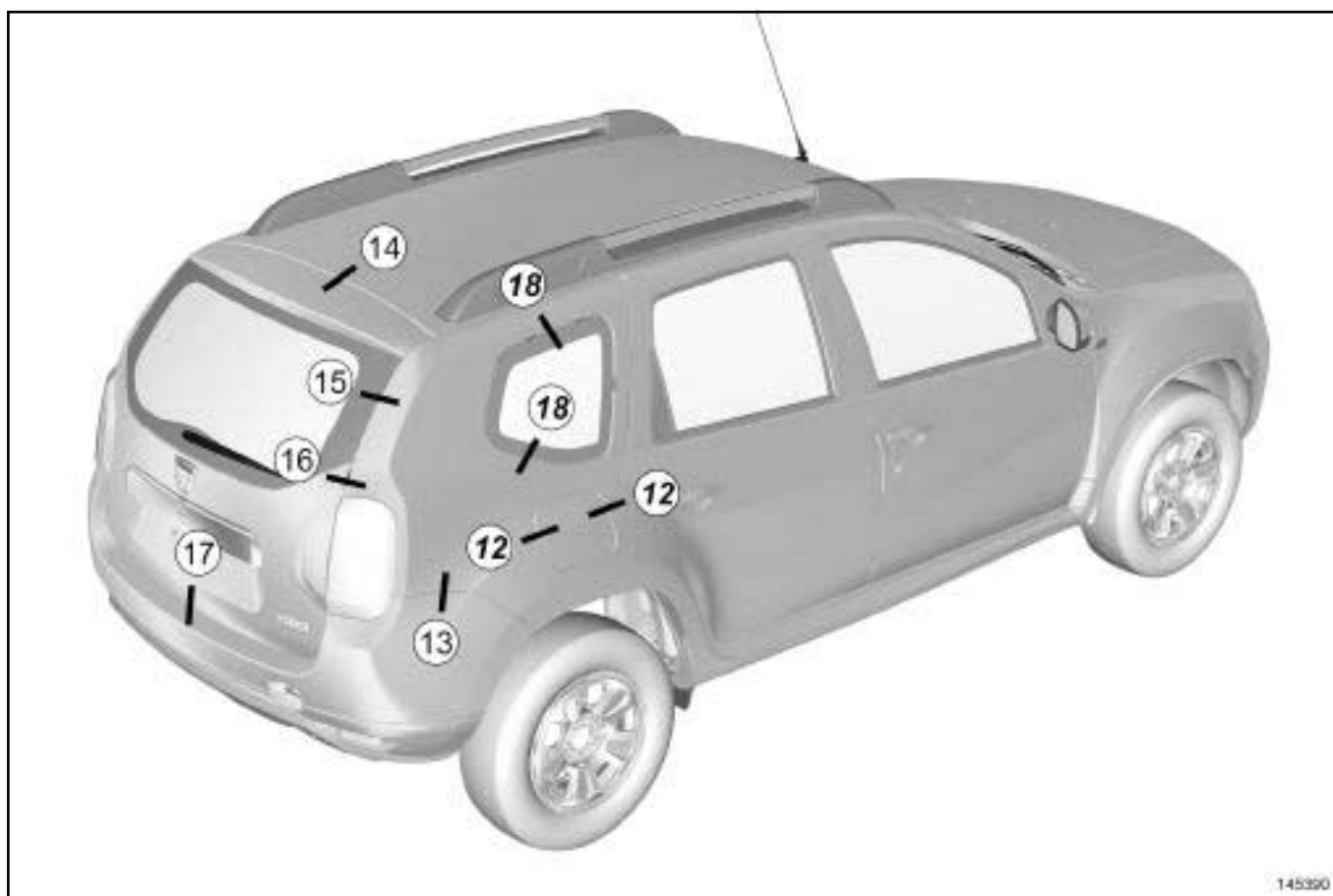
No.	Location	Clearances (mm)
(1)	bonnet / headlight	$5 \pm 2$
(2)	bonnet / front wing	$4 \pm 1.5$
(3)	headlight / front wing	$2 \pm 1.5$
(4)	front bumper / front wing	0.5
(5)	front side door / front wing	$4.5 \pm 1$
(6)	front side door / windscreen pillar	$18 \pm 1$

# VEHICLE BODYWORK SPECIFICATIONS

## Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value

# 01C

No.	Location	Clearances (mm)
(7)	windscreen / roof	4.5 ± 1
(8)	side doors / roof	18 ± 1
(9)	front side door / rear side door	4.5 ± 1
(10)	rear side door / rear wing panel	4.5 ± 1
(11)	side doors / sill panel	6 ± 2



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No.	Location	Clearances (mm)
(12)	rear wing panel / fuel filler flap cover	3 ± 1.5
(13)	rear wing panel / rear bumper	0.5
(14)	roof / tailgate	5 ± 1
(15)	tailgate rear screen / rear wing panel	4.5 ± 2
(16)	tailgate / rear wing panel	4.5 ± 1.5
(17)	tailgate / rear bumper	7 ± 2
(18)	rear quarter panel window / rear wing panel	3 ± 1

# LIFTING EQUIPMENT

## Vehicle: Towing and lifting

# 02A

### Equipment required

safety strap(s)

### I - TOWING

#### WARNING

See the current towing regulations in each country.

Never use the driveshafts, axle assembly components or suspension components as attachment points.

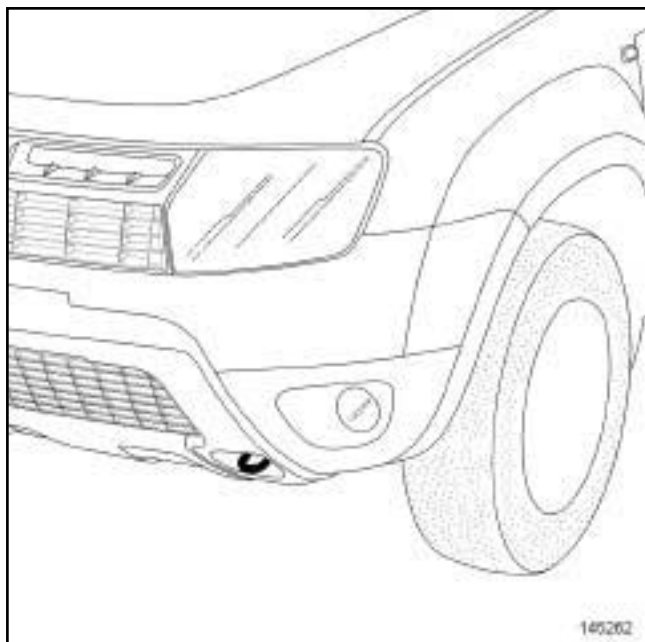
Tighten and lock the towing ring before use.

Always pull in the direction of the rod's length in order to avoid breaking it.

Vehicles fitted with automatic transmission:

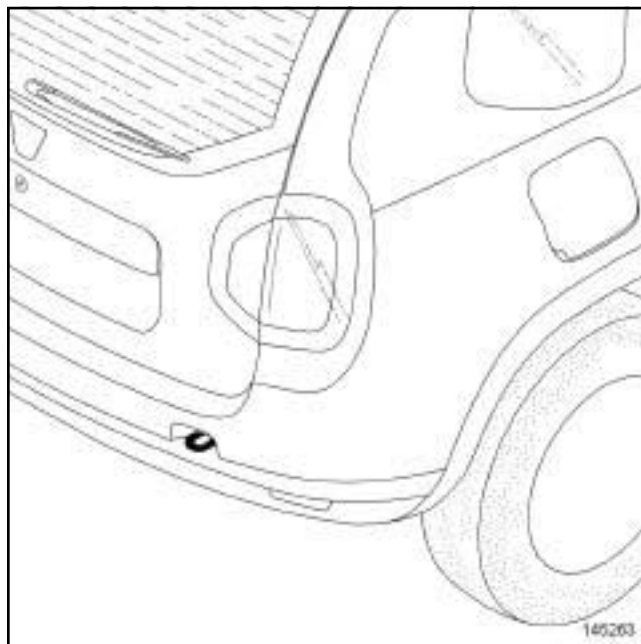
- It is preferable to transport the vehicle on a flatbed or to tow it by lifting the front wheels; as an exception, the vehicle can be towed with the wheels on the ground, but at a speed of less than 12 mph (20 km/h) over a maximum distance of **18 miles (30 km)** (with the gear lever in neutral).

### 1 - Position of front attachment point



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### 2 - Position of rear attachment point



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### II - LIFTING BY TROLLEY JACK

#### IMPORTANT

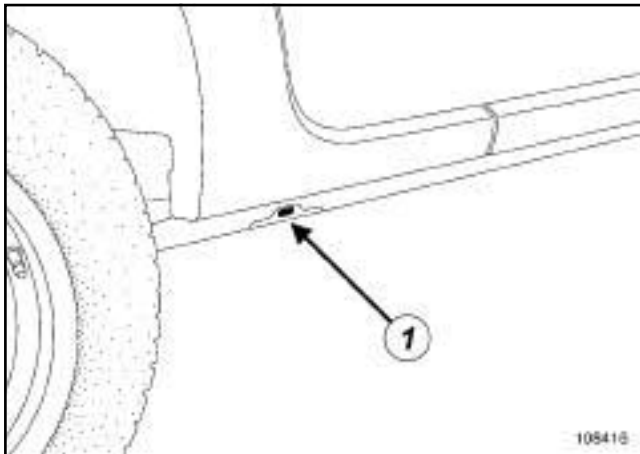
Appropriate axle stands must be used if a trolley jack is used.

#### WARNING

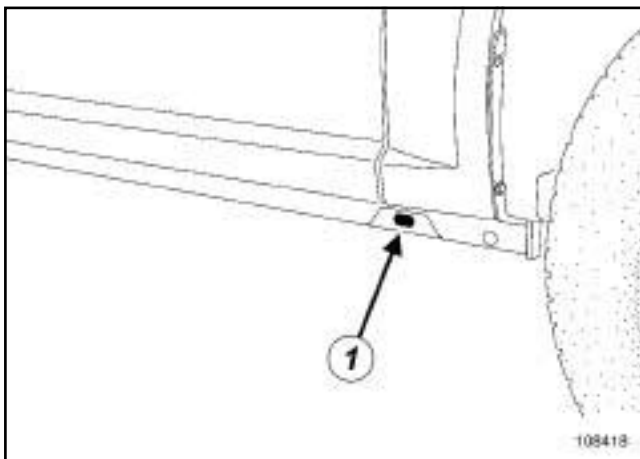
The subframe of this vehicle is protected by products providing a **6-year** anti-corrosion warranty.

Never use equipment not fitted with rubber pads, to avoid direct metal to metal contact which could damage the original protection.

The vehicle must not be raised by support points under the front suspension arms or under the rear axle.



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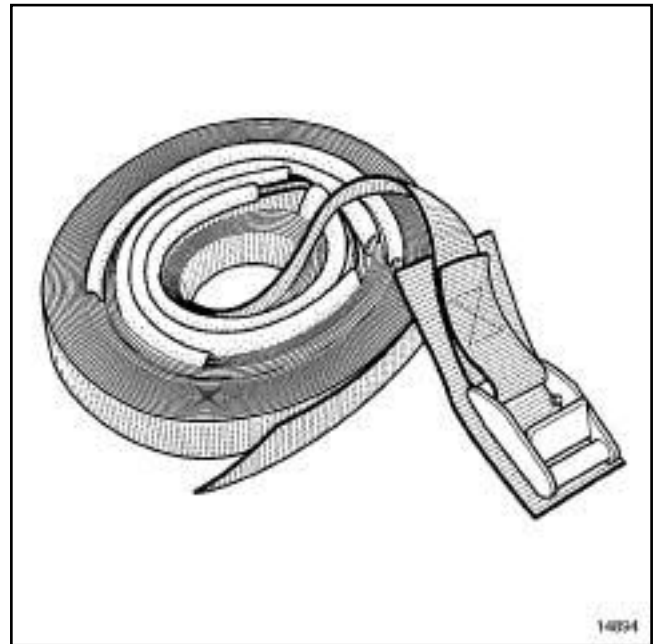
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To raise a front or rear wheel, use (1) as the support point.

To mount the vehicle on axle stands, the entire vehicle must be lifted on one side and axle stands must be placed under the jacking points for the tool kit jack (1).

### III - LIFTING ON A LIFT

#### 1 - Safety advice reminder



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If it is necessary to remove heavy components from the vehicle, it is preferable to use a four-post lift.

After removing certain components (e.g. engine and transmission assembly, rear axle, fuel tank, etc.), there is a danger that the vehicle will tip on a two post lift.

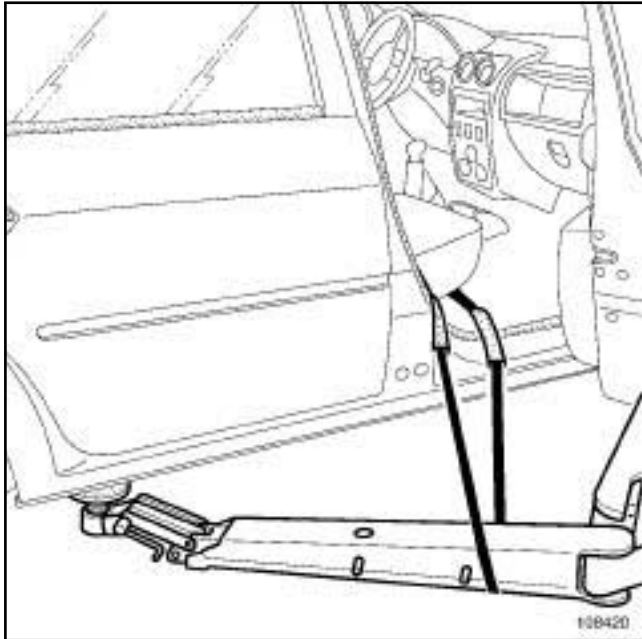
When the vehicle is raised on an underbody two post lift, fit **safety strap(s)**, part no. **77 11 172 554** available from the Parts Department.

# LIFTING EQUIPMENT

## Vehicle: Towing and lifting

# 02A

### 2 - Fitting the straps



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For safety purposes, the straps must always be in perfect condition; replace them if they are damaged.

When fitting the straps, check that the seats and fragile parts of the vehicle are correctly protected.

#### **a - Tilting towards the front**

Pass the strap under the rear right-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the strap through the inside of the vehicle.

Pass the strap under the rear left-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the belt through the inside of the vehicle again.

Tighten the strap.

#### **b - Tilting towards the rear**

Pass the strap under the front right-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the strap through the inside of the vehicle.

Pass the strap under the front left-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the belt through the inside of the vehicle again.

Tighten the strap.

### 3 - Permitted jacking points

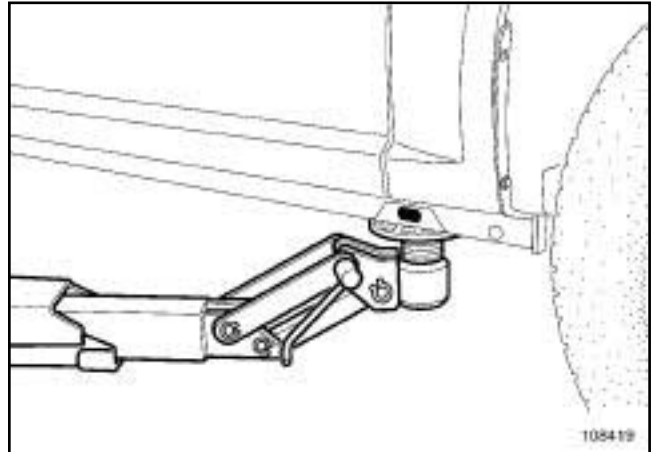
To raise the vehicle, position the pads of the lift arms as indicated below taking care not to damage the end of the front wing or the underside of the sill panel.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Only the jacking points described in this section allow the vehicle to be raised in complete safety.

Do not raise the vehicle using points other than those described in this section.

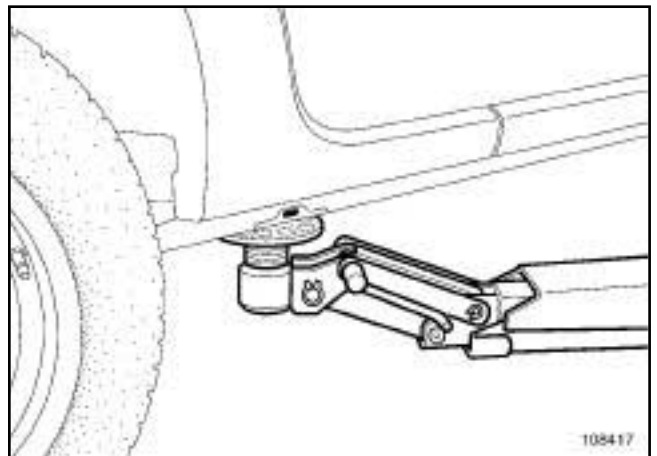
#### **At the front**



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Position the lift arms under the end of the sill panel body flanges.

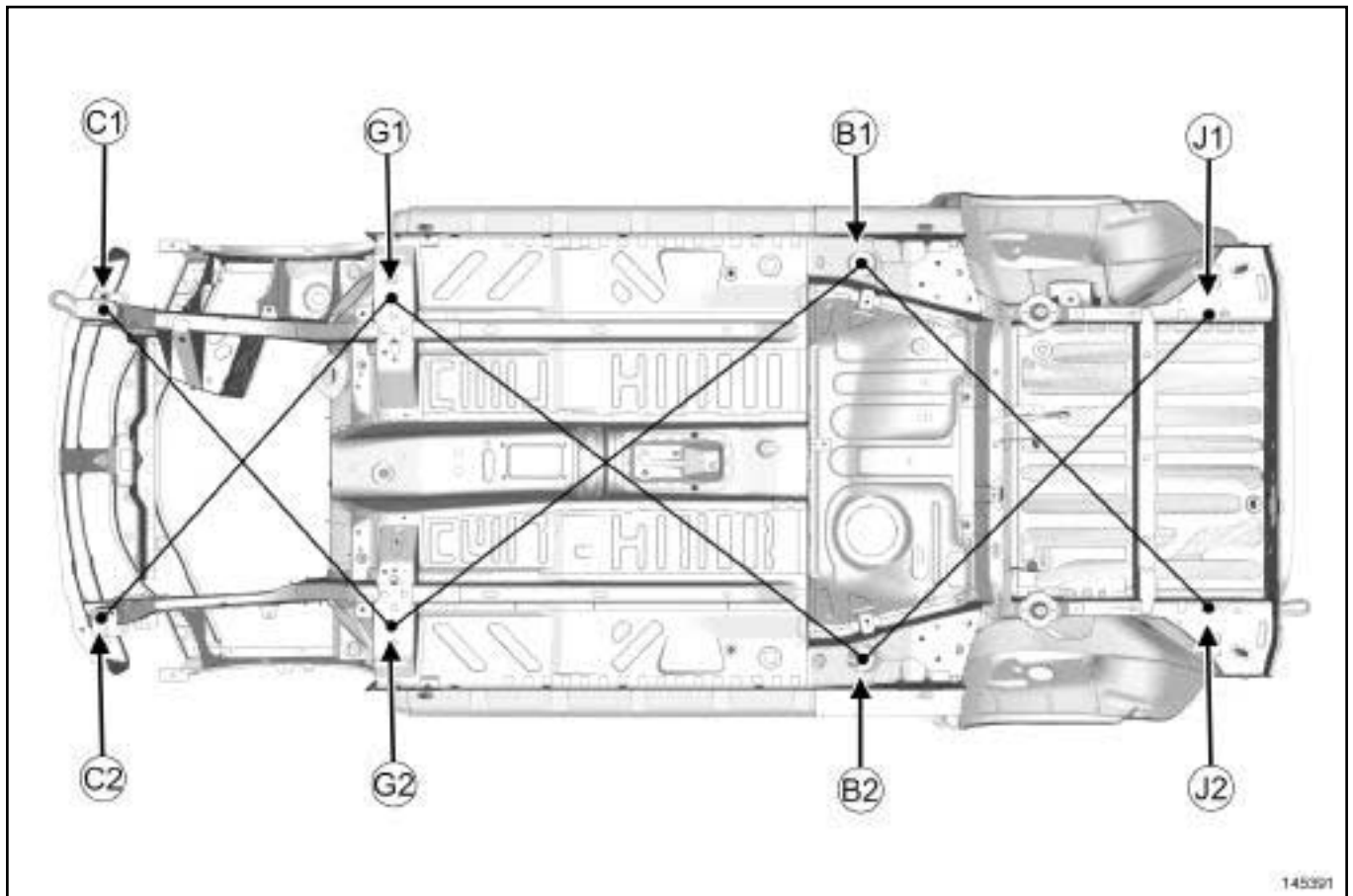
#### **At the rear**



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Position the lift arms under the end of the sill panel body flanges.

## Vehicle involved in an impact: Impact fault finding



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□

**I - CHECKING THE SUBFRAME****Chronological order of checks**

## □ FRONT impact

Compare the following distances between diagonally opposite points:

-1:  $B1 - G2 = B2 - G1$

-2:  $G1 - C2 = G2 - C1$

## □ REAR impact

Compare the following distances between diagonally opposite points

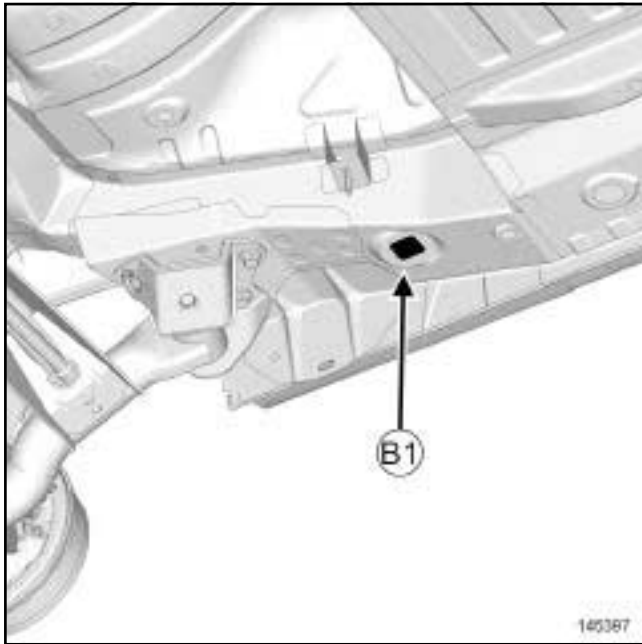
-1:  $G2 - B1 = G1 - B2$

-2:  $B1 - J2 = B2 - J1$

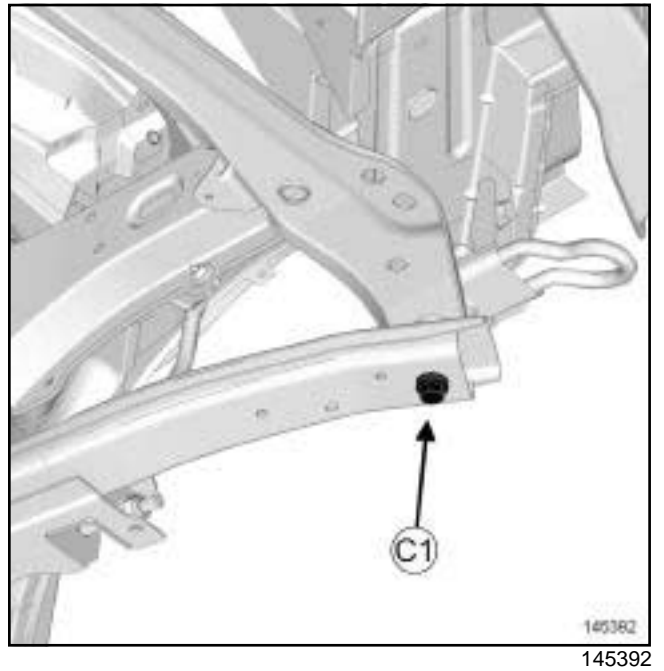
**Vehicle involved in an impact: Impact fault finding**

**II - DETAILED VIEW OF INSPECTION POINTS**

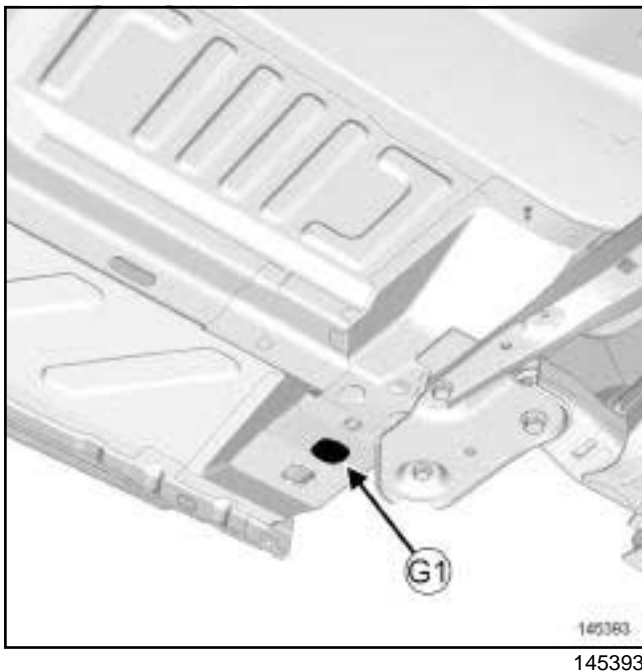
**Point B1 - B2**



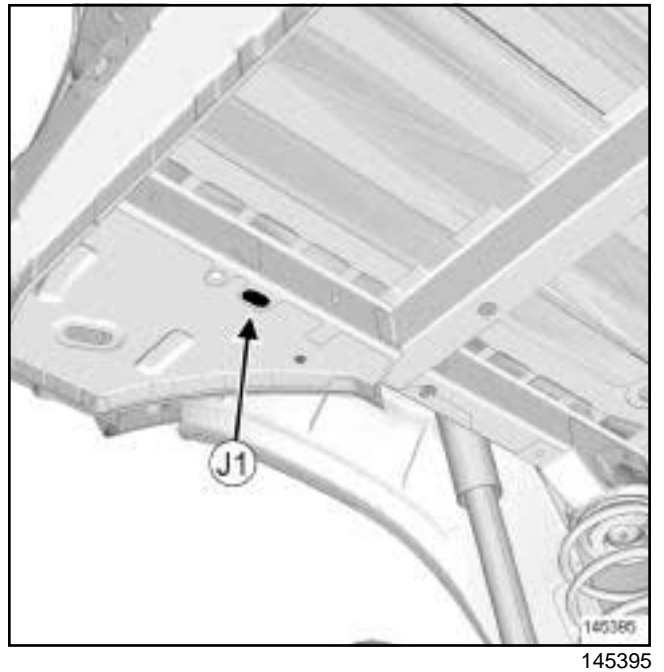
**Point C1 - C2**



**Point G1 - G2**



**Point J1 - J2**



□



# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

### Consumables for mechanical repair:

DEFINITION	PACKAGING	PART NUMBER
<b>MECHANICAL SEALANTS</b>		
<b>SILICOR</b> sealing paste	<b>85 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 236 470</b>
<b>MASTIXO</b> Joint face seal	<b>100 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 236 172</b>
<b>BEARING SEALING KIT</b> For crankshaft bearing cap side sealing	Kit	<b>77 11 237 896</b>
<b>SILICONE ADHESIVE SEAL</b> Engine and gearbox sealing paste	<b>100 g</b> cartridge	<b>77 11 227 484</b>
<b>TRANSPARENT SEALING MASTIC</b>	<b>45 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 223 369</b>
<b>SILICOJOINT</b>	<b>90 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 236 469</b>
<b>LOCTITE ADHESIVE 597</b> Sealing paste for PXX gearboxes	Cartridge	<b>77 11 219 705</b>
<b>RESIN ADHESIVE</b> or <b>SEALING RESIN</b> Sealing resin for engine and gearbox covers	<b>25 ml</b> tube	<b>77 11 237 640</b>
<b>EXHAUST MASTIC</b> For exhaust pipe union seals	<b>1.5 kg</b> tin	<b>77 01 421 161</b>
<b>LEAK DETECTOR</b>	<b>400 ml</b> aerosol	<b>77 11 236 176</b>
<b>ADHESIVES</b>		
<b>FRENETANCHE</b> Sealing the threading at low and medium pressure	<b>50 ml</b> bottle	<b>77 11 236 471</b>
<b>HIGH-STRENGTH THREADLOCK</b> For locking bolts	<b>50 ml</b> bottle	<b>77 11 230 112</b>
<b>SEALING RESIN</b> For locking the bearings	<b>50 ml</b> bottle	<b>77 11 236 472</b>
<b>LUBRICANT CLEANERS</b>		
<b>NÉTELEC</b> Avoid bad contacts in electrical circuits	<b>150 ml</b> aerosol	<b>77 11 225 871</b>

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

# 04B

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

<b>INJECTOR CLEANER</b>	355 ml container	77 11 224 188 or 77 11 225 539
<b>CLOTH FOR INJECTION SYSTEM</b>		77 11 211 707
<b>SUPER RELEASING AGENT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 166
<b>SUPER RELEASING AGENT</b>	250 ml aerosol	77 11 420 439
<b>SUPER CLEANER FOR JOINT FACES</b> For cleaning joint faces	300 ml aerosol	77 11 238 181
<b>SURFACE CLEANER</b>	5 L container	77 01 404 178
<b>SILICONE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 168
<b>SILICONE-FREE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 167
<b>BRAKE CLEANER</b>	600 ml aerosol	77 11 422 413
	150 ml aerosol	77 11 422 414
<b>BIO BRAKE CLEANER</b>	750 ml spray bottle	77 11 427 217
<b>AIR CONDITIONING CLEANER</b>	250 ml aerosol	77 11 230 498
<b>CARBURETTOR CLEANER</b>	Aerosol	77 11 236 177
<b>IXTAR ENGINE CLEANER</b>	400 ml can	77 11 229 365
<b>GREASE</b>		
<b>BR2+ GREASE</b> For: - the lower arm bearings, - the anti-roll bar grooves, - the driveshaft splines.	1 kg pack	77 01 421 145
<b>SILICONE GREASE</b> For: - the tubular rear axle bushes, - the anti-roll bar bushes.	100 g tube	77 11 419 216
<b>COPPER ANTI-SEIZE GREASE</b> Grease for turbochargers (high temperature)	85 g tube	77 11 236 173
<b>COPPER-ALUMINIUM LUBRICANT</b> Grease for turbochargers (high temperature)	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 169
<b>GREASE</b> For driveshaft seals	180 g sachets	77 11 420 011

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

# 04B

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

<b>WHITE GREASE</b> For wheel sensors	400 ml aerosol	77 11 236 174
<b>MULTIPURPOSE GREASE</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 170
	250 ml aerosol	77 11 236 171
<b>FLUORSTAR 2L</b> Silicone-free electric sealing grease	100 g tube	82 00 168 855
LACQUER		
<b>JELT ARGENT</b> Varnish for repairing heated rear screens	5 g bottle	77 11 230 111
BRAKE		
<b>DOT 4, ISO CLASS 6, RENAULT STANDARD: 03-50-006,</b> For vehicles with and without electronic stability program (ESP)	0.5 L container	77 11 218 589
	5 L container	77 11 238 318
	25 L container	77 11 238 319
<b>DOT 4, ISO CLASS 4, RENAULT STANDARD: 03-50-005</b> Authorised for vehicles without ESP	0.5 L container	77 11 172 381
	5 L container	77 01 395 503
	25 L container	77 11 171 926
<b>DOT 4</b> Authorised for vehicles without ESP, without clutch with hydraulic tappet	0.5 L container	86 71 000 000
	5 L container	86 71 014 277
	25 L container	86 71 014 278
COOLING SYSTEM		
<b>ANTIFREEZE (TYPE D)</b>	1 L container	77 11 170 548
<b>COOLANT (TYPE D)</b>	1 L container	77 11 171 589
	2 L container	77 11 170 545
	5 L container	77 11 170 546
OIL		
<b>ENGINE OIL</b>	(see <b>Engine oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6013A, 04A, Lubricants)	
<b>GEARBOX OIL</b>	(see <b>Manual gearbox oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	
	(see <b>Automatic gearbox oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	
	(see <b>Sequential gearbox oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

# 04B

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

<b>AXLE OIL</b>	(see <b>Rear axle oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	
<b>ELF RENAULT MATIC D2</b> Oil for power-assisted steering: Pump connected, pump assembly (except Laguna III)	2 L container	77 01 402 037
<b>TOTAL POWER-ASSISTED STEERING FLUID</b> Oil for power-assisted steering: Pump assembly (Laguna III)	1 L container	no part number
<b>PLANETELF PAG 488</b>		77 11 172 668
<b>SANDEN SP 10</b> Oil for air conditioning compressor	250 ml container	77 01 419 313
<b>UNIVIS J26</b> Oil for retractable roof hydraulic system	250 ml container	77 11 172 160
<b>TYRES</b>		
<b>TYRE PASTE</b>	1 kg pack	77 11 223 052
	5 kg pack	77 11 223 053
<b>TYRE REPAIR AGENT</b>	400 ml tube	77 11 221 296
	300 ml tube	77 11 222 802
<b>BLANKING PLUG</b>		
Engine type	Injection type	Part no.
<b>F5R</b>		77 01 206 382
<b>F8Q</b>		77 01 206 340
<b>F9Q</b>		77 01 208 229
<b>G9T AND G9U</b>		77 01 208 229
<b>K9K</b>	<b>DELPHI</b>	77 01 206 804
<b>K9K</b>	<b>SIEMENS</b>	77 01 476 857
<b>M9R</b>		77 01 209 062
<b>P9X</b>		77 01 474 730
<b>ZD3</b>		77 01 208 229
<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>		
<b>GREY ABRASIVE PAD</b>		77 01 405 943

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

Consumables for bodywork repair:

HOLLOW SECTION WAX		
SPR CC	1 L container	77 11 172 672
SPR CC SPRAY	500 ml aerosol	77 11 211 654
STRUCTURAL ADHESIVE		
STRUCTURAL ADHESIVE	Kit =2 80 ml cartridges	77 11 219 885
HIGH PERFORMANCE STRUCTURAL ADHESIVE	1 195 ml cartridge	77 11 419 113
GLAZING PRODUCTS AND ADHESIVES		
MONOPAC EVOLUTION ADHESIVE KIT	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 430
MONOPAC EVOLUTION ADDITIONAL CARTRIDGE + NOZZLE	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 431
S-P KIT ADHESIVE KIT	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 432
ADDITIONAL S-P KIT CARTRIDGE + NOZZLE	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 433
BIPAC EVOLUTION ADHESIVE KIT	2 225 ml cartridges	77 11 421 434
LINT-FREE CLOTH	Box of 340 cloths	77 11 237 262
WINDOW SEALING MASTIC	310 ml cartridge	77 11 170 222
SPECIAL ADHESIVE FOR WINDOWS		77 11 425 759
ADHESION PROMOTER For bonding double-sided adhesive tape	Cloth	77 11 423 222
MISCELLANEOUS		
DOUBLE-SIDED ADHESIVE	18 mm wide	77 11 226 308
DOUBLE-SIDED ADHESIVE	8 mm wide	77 11 427 869
FRENETANCHE	50 ml bottle	77 11 236 471
ADHESIVE PATCH		82 00 043 181
ADHESIVE PAD		77 05 042 163
SEALS		
BLACK MJ PRO (Electroweldable)	310 ml cartridge	77 11 172 676
WHITE MJ PRO II (Electroweldable)	310 ml cartridge	77 11 426 951

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

<b>PREFORMED SEALING MASTIC BEAD</b>	2.6 m roll	77 01 423 330
<b>BRUSH MASTIC</b>	1 kg pack	77 11 228 113
<b>FILLER MASTIC</b>	60 beads Ø 6 mm by 0.3 m	77 11 170 230
<b>GREASE</b>		
<b>WHITE GREASE</b>	400 ml aerosol	77 11 236 174
<b>OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISM GREASE</b>	20 g sachets	77 11 419 865
<b>SILICONE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 168
<b>SILICONE-FREE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 167
<b>SOUNDPROOFING</b>		
<b>SPR GREY EVOLUTION</b>	1 l cartridge	77 11 419 114
<b>SPR GREY EVOLUTION SPRAY</b>	400 ml aerosol	77 11 419 116
<b>SPR BLACK EVOLUTION II</b>	1 l cartridge	77 11 419 115
<b>SOUNDPROOFING PAD (3.5 Kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	Pack of 10	77 01 423 546
<b>SOUNDPROOFING PAD (6.5 Kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	Pack of 5	77 01 423 269
<b>POLISHING</b>		
<b>POLISHING LIQUID</b>	1 L container	77 11 420 288
<b>FINISHING LIQUID</b>	1 L container	77 11 420 289
<b>MASTIC</b>		
<b>Universal mastic</b>		
<b>GALAXI</b>	2.5 kg pack	77 11 172 238
<b>OPTIMAX</b>	1.23 l cartridge	77 11 172 239
<b>EXCELLENCE +</b>	960 g cartridge	77 11 423 539
For finishing plastic repair	1 kg pack	77 11 423 540
<b>Plugging mastic</b>		
<b>XFIBRE FIBREGLASS MASTIC</b>	975 kg pack	77 11 172 235
<b>STANDARD BASIX POLYESTER MASTIC</b>	1.975 kg pack	77 11 172 234
<b>ALUX ALUMINIUM MASTIC</b>	975 kg pack	77 11 172 236
<b>Sprayable mastic</b>		

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

**04B**

<b>PIXTO SPRAYABLE POLYESTER MASTIC</b>	<b>1.5 kg tin</b>	<b>77 11 172 237</b>
<b>Finishing mastic</b>		
<b>IXTRA POLYESTER MASTIC</b>	<b>1.625 kg pack</b>	<b>77 11 172 233</b>
<b>Anti-grit mastic</b>		
<b>MAG PRO 1</b>	<b>310 ml cartridge</b>	<b>77 11 172 679</b>
<b>MAG PRO 3 (Dual component)</b>	<b>1.5 kg tin</b>	<b>77 11 218 364</b>
<b>SURFACE CLEANER</b>		
<b>HEPTANE</b>	<b>500 ml container</b>	<b>77 11 170 064</b>
<b>SOLVENT SURFACE CLEANER</b>	<b>5 L container</b>	<b>77 01 404 178</b>
<b>WATER-BASED SURFACE CLEANER</b>	<b>5 L container</b>	<b>77 11 421 337</b>
<b>ANTISTATIC THINNER (for plastic materials)</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 01 408 493</b>
<b>COMPOSITE MATERIAL REPAIR BY BONDING</b>		
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR KIT</b>		<b>77 11 170 064</b>
<b>NOZZLE FOR PLASTIC REPAIR KIT</b>		<b>77 11 423 523</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR CLEANER</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 423 517</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR PRIMER</b>	<b>150 ml bottle</b>	<b>77 11 423 518</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR ADHESIVE</b>	<b>2 x 25 ml bicomponent cartridge</b>	<b>77 11 423 519</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR CLOTH</b>	<b>90 m roller</b>	<b>77 11 423 520</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR NOZZLES</b>	<b>12 nozzles</b>	<b>77 11 423 522</b>
<b>COMPOSITE MATERIAL REPAIR BY WELDING</b>		
<b>PLASTIC WELD REPAIR SET</b>		<b>77 11 425 742</b>
<b>PROTECTIVE STRIPS</b>	<b>Bag of 10 protective strips</b>	<b>77 11 425 744</b>
<b>STAINLESS STEEL MESH</b>	<b>Bag of 2 meshes</b>	<b>77 11 425 743</b>
<b>COOLER</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 425 745</b>
<b>BRUSH</b>	<b>Box of 10 brushes</b>	<b>77 11 237 793</b>
<b>WINDOW MASKING TAPE</b>		
<b>10 MM WINDSCREEN TAPE</b>		<b>77 11 171 708</b>
<b>20 MM WINDSCREEN TAPE</b>		<b>77 11 171 709</b>
<b>PROTECTIVE WELDING</b>		

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

<b>ANTI-SPLASH SPRAY</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 218 270</b>
<b>SPECIFIED UNDERCOAT</b>		
<b>PRE-TREATMENT PRIMER WITHOUT ZINC CHROMATE (I-Alpha) + THINNER</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 420 027 (Primer)</b>
		<b>77 11 420 028 (Thinner)</b>
<b>I-PREMIA REACTIVE PRIMER (do not use on aluminium)</b>	<b>3.5 l container</b>	<b>77 11 239 243 (Primer)</b>
		<b>77 11 228 654 (Thinner)</b>
<b>I-PREMIA REACTIVE PRIMER (do not use on aluminium)</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 419 416</b>
<b>ADHÉRA SPRAY (adhesion promoter for thermoplastics)</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 423 734</b>
<b>PRIMARA BLACK (adhesion promoter/primer for thermoplastics)</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 423 735</b>
		<b>77 11 171 514 (Activator)</b>
<b>PRIMARA (adhesion promoter/primer for thermoplastics)</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 171 513</b>
		<b>77 11 171 514 (Activator)</b>
<b>UNDERCOAT</b>		
<b>LEVIA</b>	<b>3.5 l container</b>	<b>77 11 228 651</b>
<b>FORTIA</b>	<b>3.5 l container</b>	<b>77 11 228 650</b>



# RENAULT

## 1 Engine and peripherals

**10A ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY**

**11A TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE**

**12A FUEL MIXTURE**

**12B TURBOCHARGING**

**13A FUEL SUPPLY**

**13B DIESEL INJECTION**

**13C PREHEATING**

**14A ANTIPOLLUTION**

**16A STARTING - CHARGING**

**17A IGNITION**

**17B PETROL INJECTION**

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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**19A COOLING**

**19B EXHAUST**

**19C TANK**

**19D ENGINE MOUNTING**

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 1

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<b>ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY</b>			
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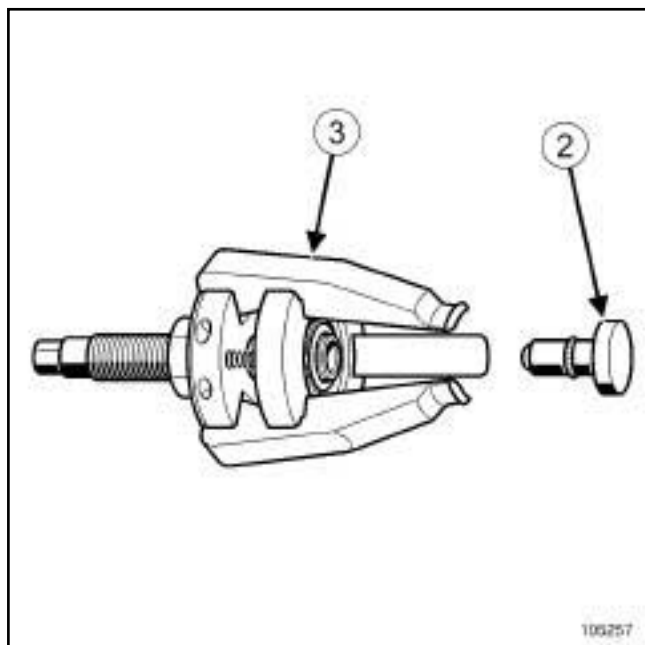
K9K

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

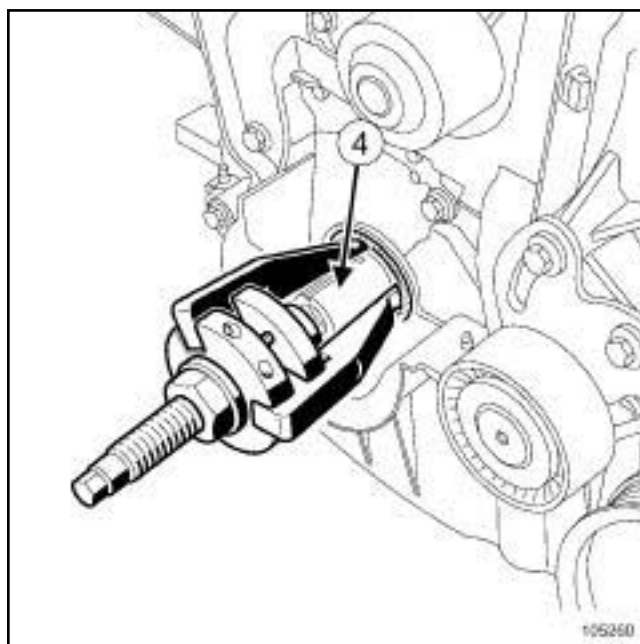
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the timing belt sprocket (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



105257

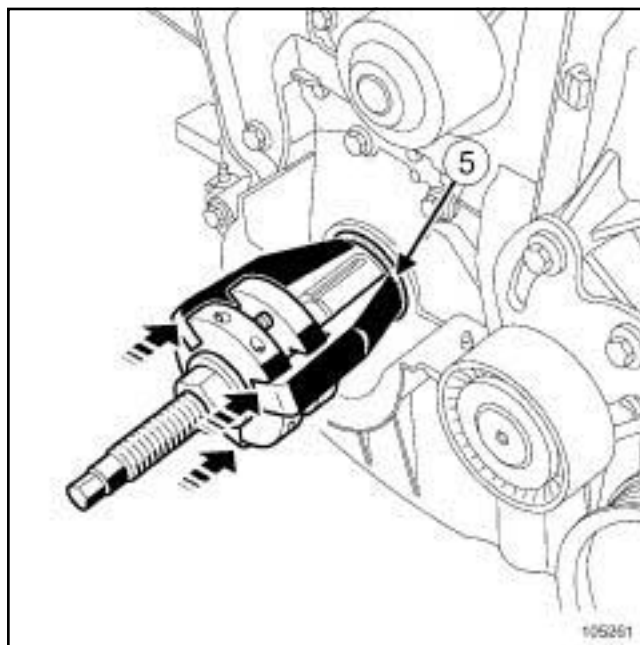
- Fit the end piece (2) onto the tool (3) .



105260

105260

- Position the jaws of the tool onto the crankshaft nose (4) .

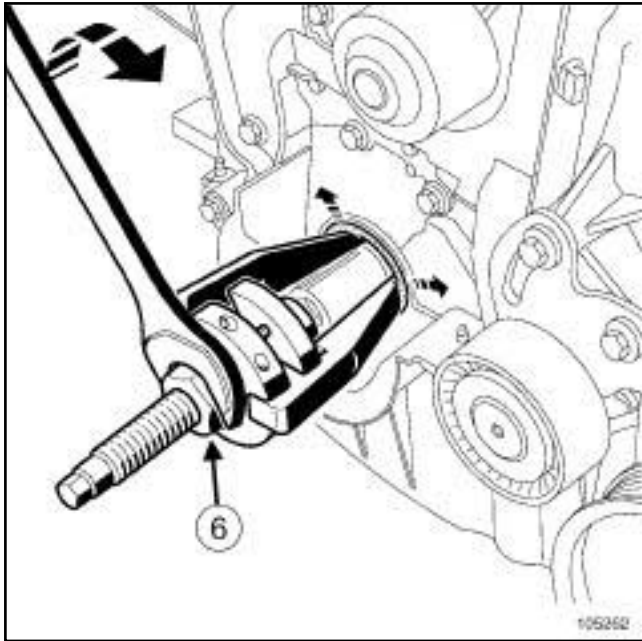


105261

105261

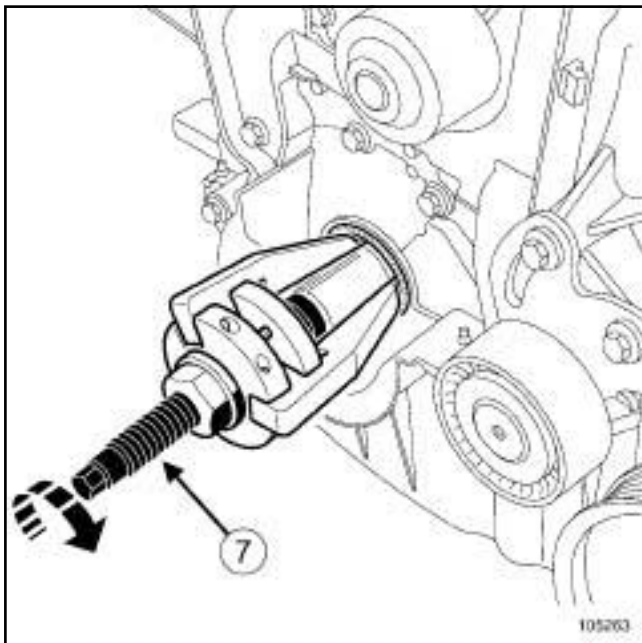
- Push on the tool until contact is made between the ends (5) of the jaws and the crankshaft seal.

K9K



105262

- ❑ Separate the jaws by screwing the nut of the tool (6).



105263

- ❑ Screw down the threaded rod (7) of the.
- ❑ Refit the crankshaft seal at the timing end using the tool.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft seal on timing end.

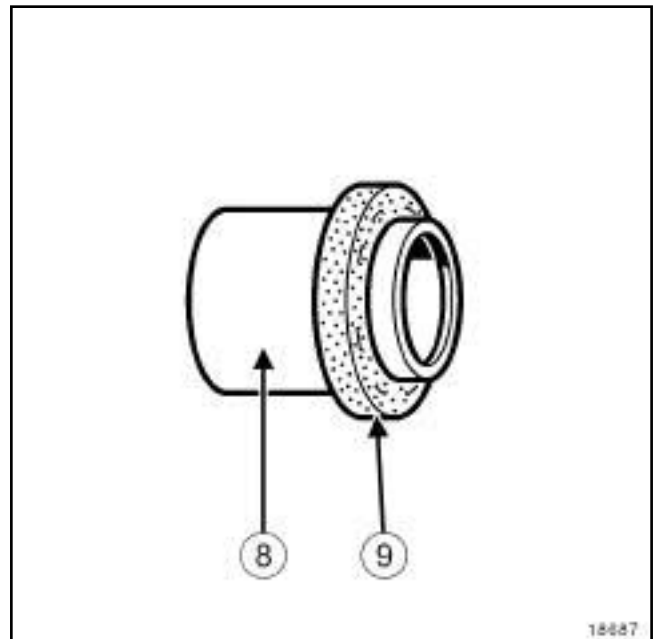
#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- ❑ Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:

- the crankshaft seal mating face,
- the crankshaft seal housing in the crankshaft closure panel.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION



18687

- ❑

#### Note:

This type of seal is extremely fragile.

Only touch the protective part (8) when handling the gasket. It is strictly forbidden to touch the seal (9); this is to prevent any oil leaks once the oil seal is fitted to the engine.

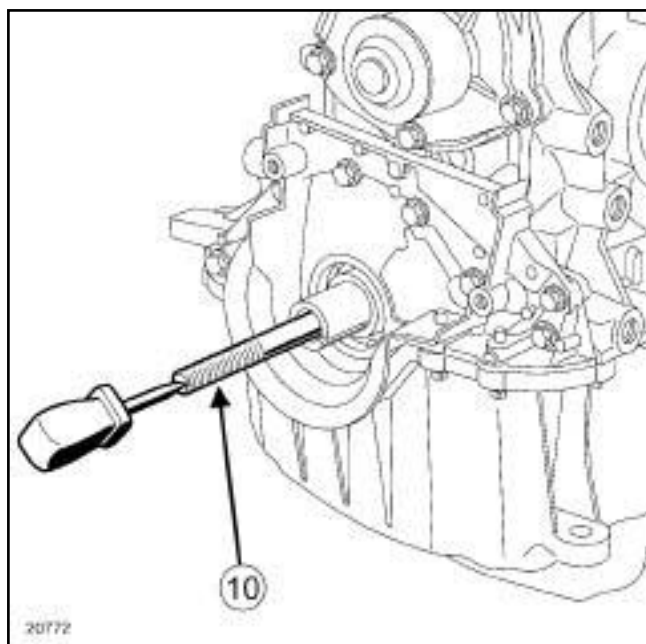


# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

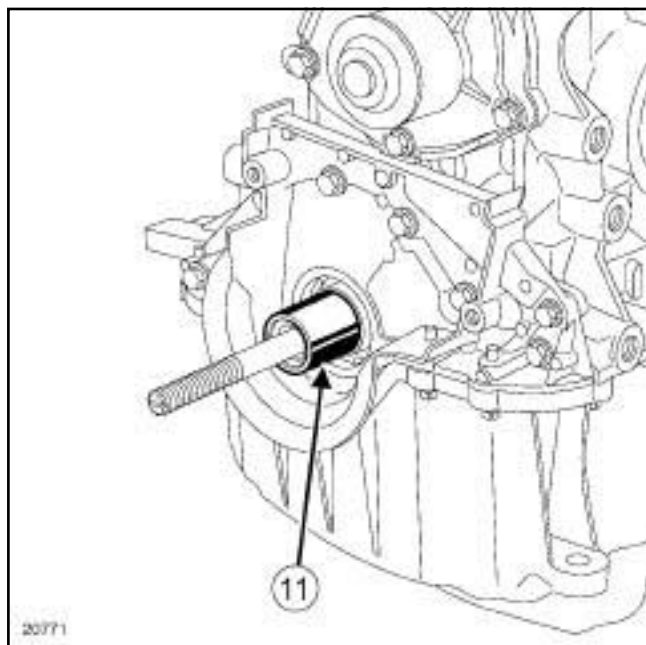
## Crankshaft seal on timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

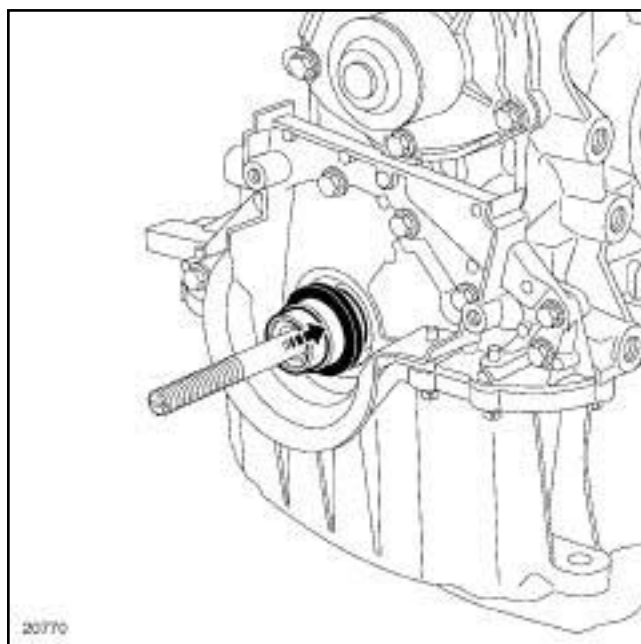
K9K



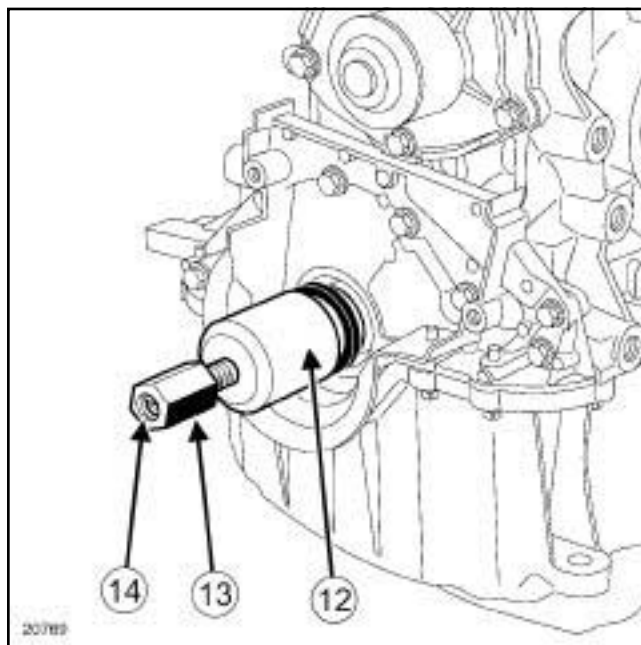
- Screw the threaded rod (10) of the into the crankshaft.



- On the crankshaft, fit the spacer (11) of the.

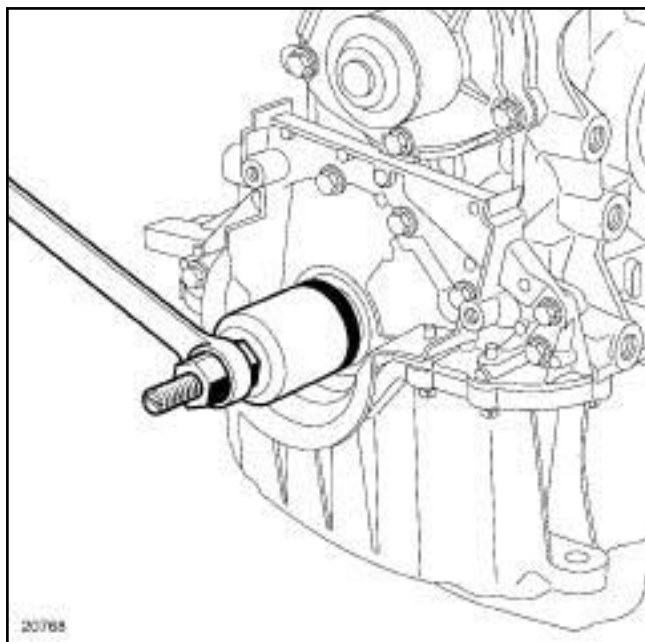


- Fit the protector with the new seal in place on the spacer, taking care not to touch the seal.

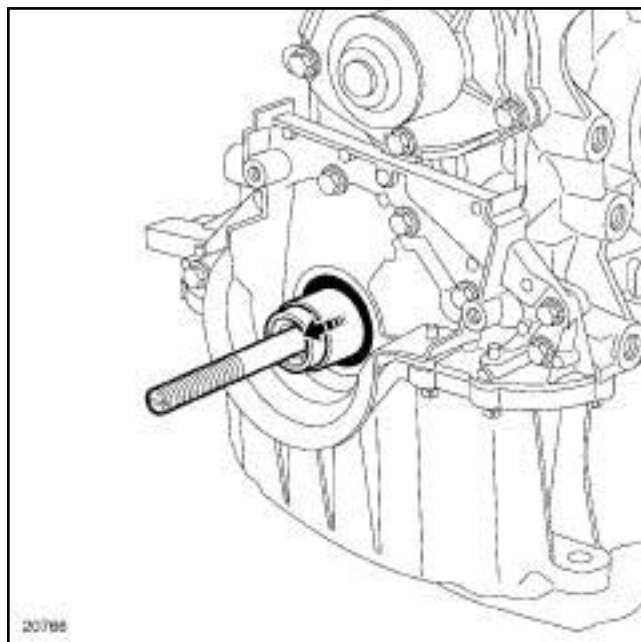


- Fit the cover (12) and nut (13) (with the thread (14) of the nut towards the outside of the engine) of the.

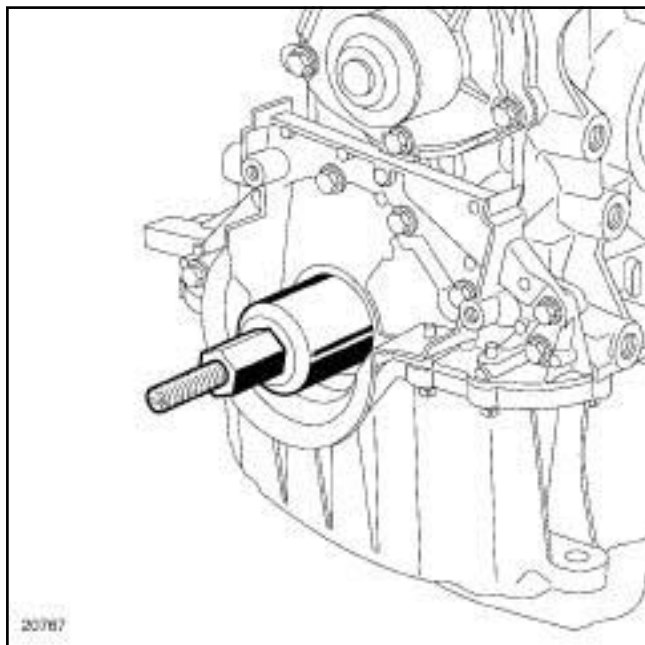
K9K



20768



20766



20767

- ❑ Screw on the nut until the cover touches the spacer.

- ❑ Remove the nut, the cup, the protector and the threaded rod.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- ❑ Refit:
  - the timing belt sprocket (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- ❑ Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

K4M or K9K

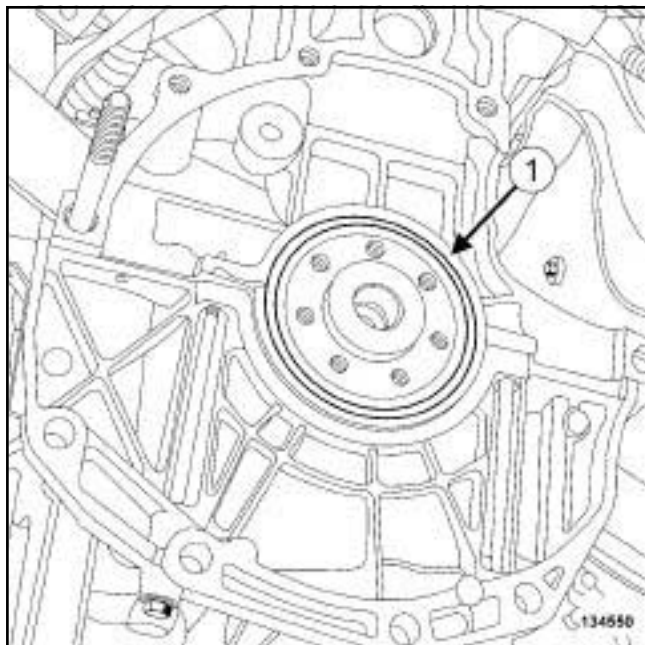
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the gearbox (see **Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**) (21A, Manual gearbox),
  - the clutch (see **Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting**) (20A, Clutch),
  - the flywheel (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Flywheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **10A-75**) (20A, Clutch).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

K4M



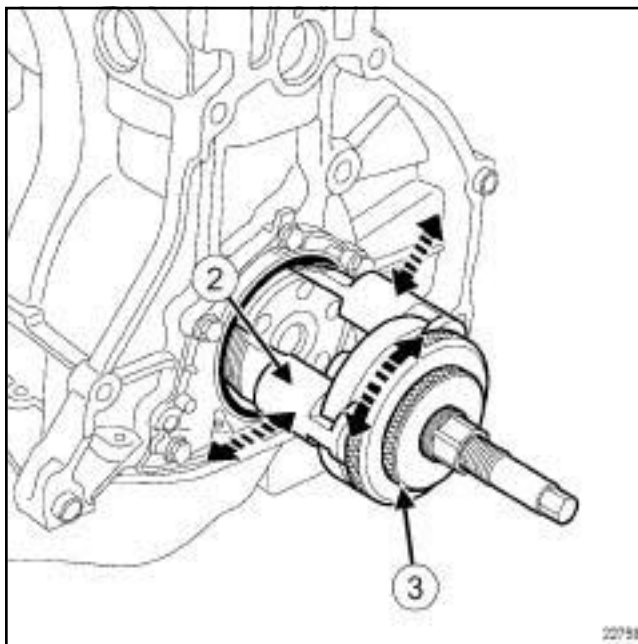
134550

- Remove the crankshaft seal (1) at the gearbox end using a screwdriver.

Note:

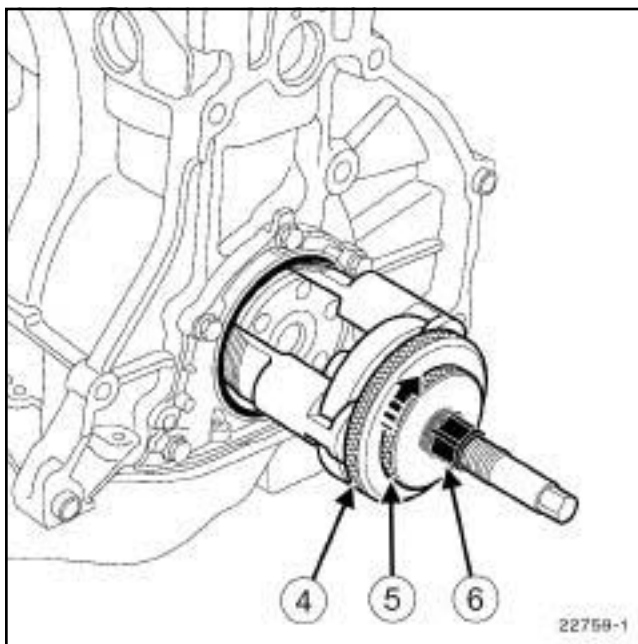
Take care not to damage the crankshaft mating face.

K9K



22758

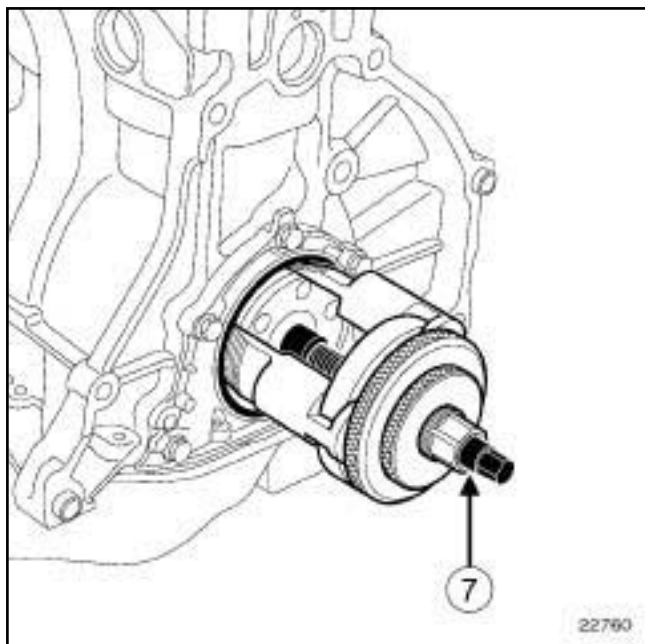
- Fit the extractor to the shaft, adjusting the fingers (2) to the diameter of the shaft using the knurled plate (3).



22758-1

- Screw knurled plate (5) until it is locked to knurled plate (4) to keep the fingers in position on the shaft.
- Screw the extractor into the seal using the hexagonal nut (6).

K4M or K9K



22760

- ❑ Extract the crankshaft seal at the gearbox end by screwing the threaded rod (7) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft seal on gearbox end.**

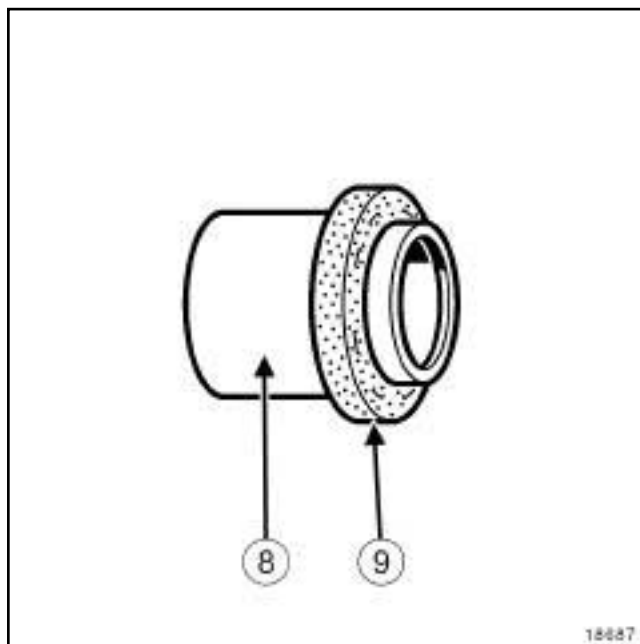
#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- ❑ Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the crankshaft seal mating face,
  - the crankshaft seal housing on the cylinder block.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

K9K



18687

18687

- ❑

#### Note:

This type of seal is extremely fragile.

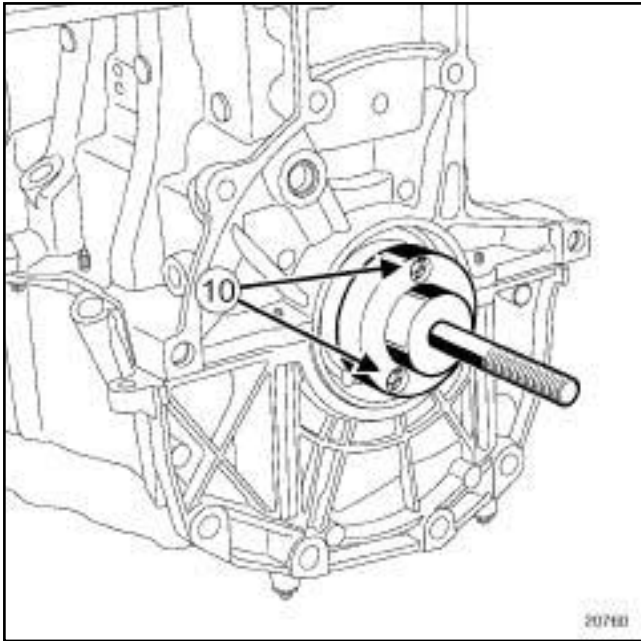
Only touch the protective part (8) when handling the gasket. It is strictly forbidden to touch the seal (9) ; this is to prevent any oil leaks once the oil seal is fitted to the engine.

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

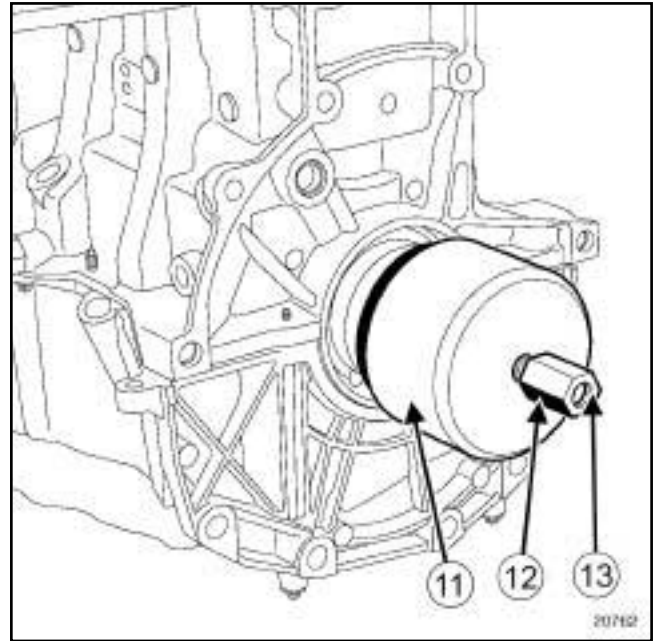
## Crankshaft seal, gearbox end: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

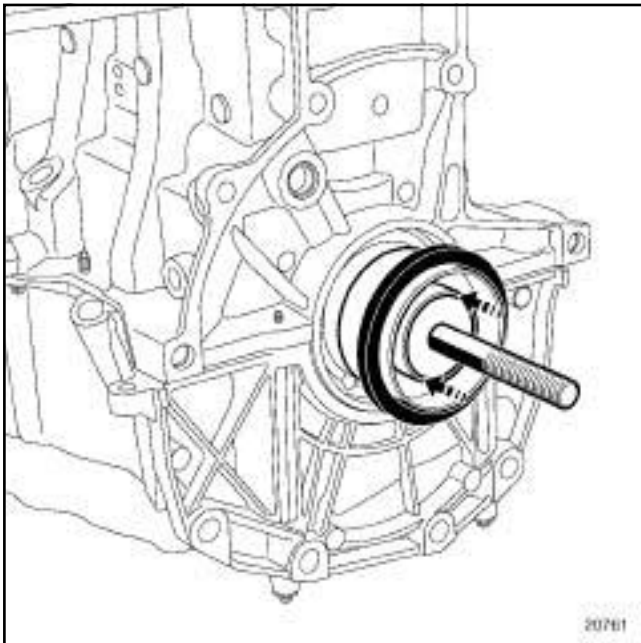
K4M or K9K



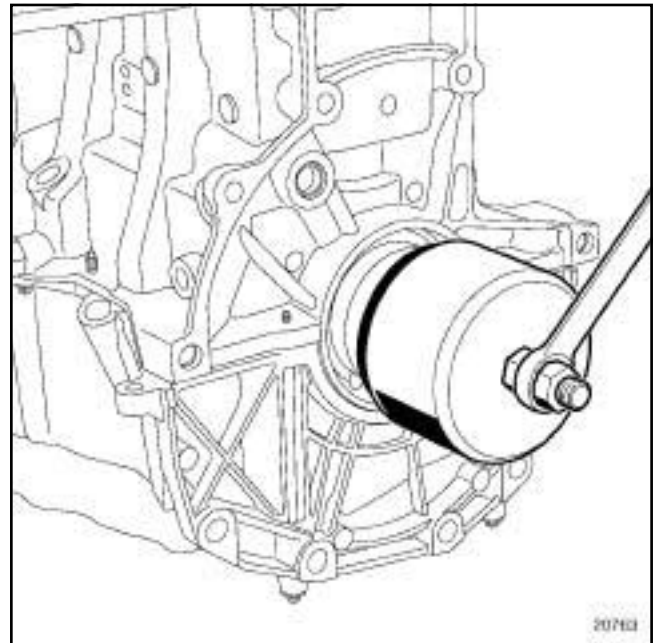
- Mount theon the crankshaft, securing it using bolts (10) .



- Fit the cover (11) and nut (12) (with the thread (13) of the nut towards the outside of the engine) of the.

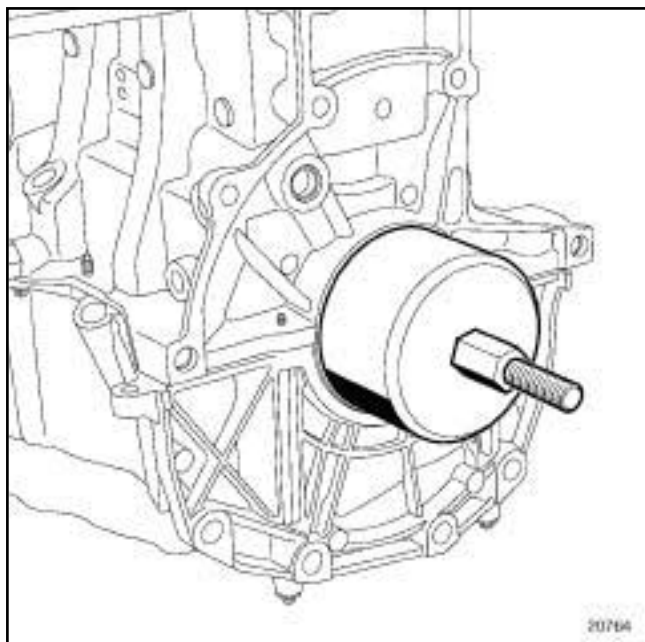


- Fit the protector with its seal in place on the, taking care not to touch the seal.

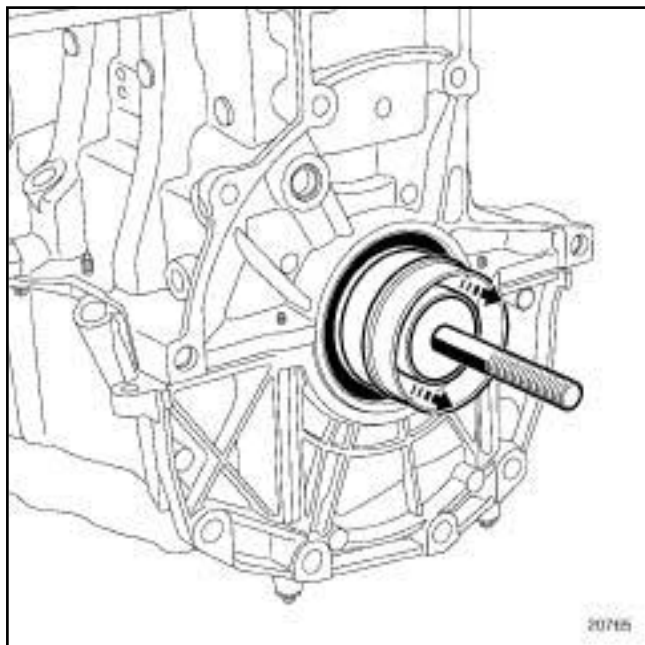


- Tighten the nut until the cover touches the cylinder block.

K4M or K9K



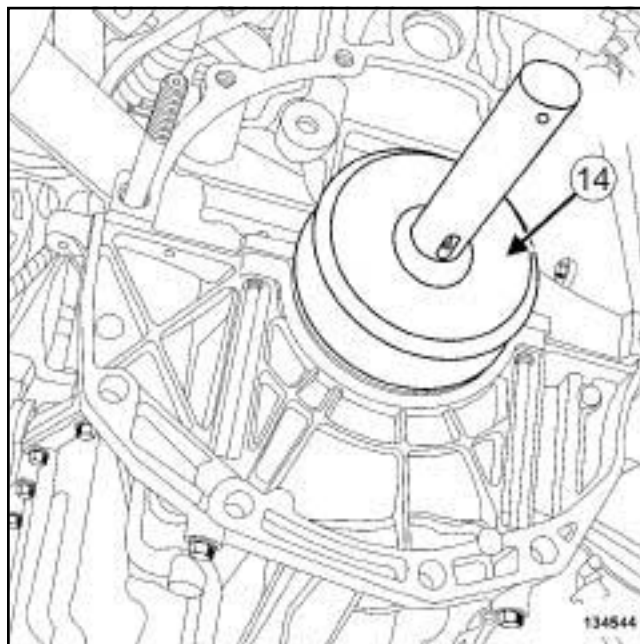
20764



20765

- ❑ Remove the nut, the cover, the protector and the base plate.

K4M



134544

- ❑ Refit the crankshaft seal at the gearbox end, using the tool (14).

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- ❑ Refit:
  - the flywheel (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Flywheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **10A-75**) (20A, Clutch),
  - the clutch (see **Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting**) (20A, Clutch),
  - the gearbox (see **Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**) (21A, Manual gearbox).
- ❑ Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- ❑ Perform the following operations:
  - fill the manual gearbox (see **Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**) (21A, Manual gearbox),
  - bleed the clutch control circuit (see **Clutch circuit: Bleed**) (37A, Mechanical component controls).

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Special tooling required

**Tav. 1747** Threaded rods for carrying out subframe operations.

### Tightening torques

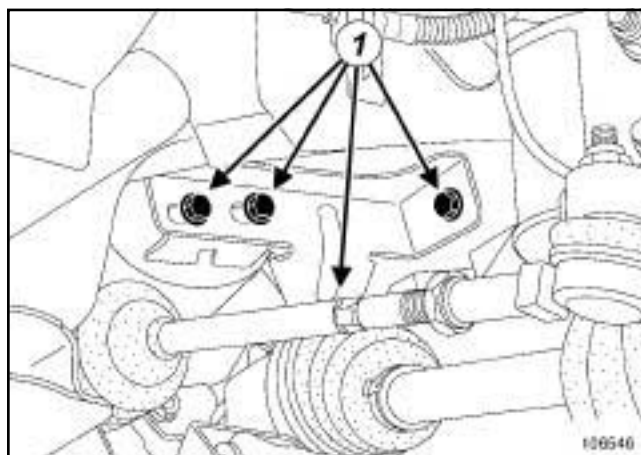
oil pump bolts	<b>25 N.m</b>
sump bolts on the cylinder block	<b>14 N.m</b>
sump bolts on the gear-box	<b>44 N.m</b>
sump bolts on the multi-function support	<b>25 N.m</b>
power assisted steering pump support bolt on the sump	<b>25 N.m</b>
bracket bolts	<b>62 N.m</b>
relay bearing bolts	<b>44 N.m</b>
right-hand driveshaft flange bolt(s) on the relay bearing	<b>21 N.m</b>
front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe	<b>25 N.m</b>

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55, Exterior protection).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Drain the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page **10A-32**).

- Remove:
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front wheel arch side liners,
  - the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page **19D-8**).
- Extract the lower arm ball joints from the stub axle carrier (see **Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components).
- Remove (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly):
  - the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
  - the steering box heat shield,
  - the steering box bolts on the front axle subframe.
- Attach the steering rack to the body.



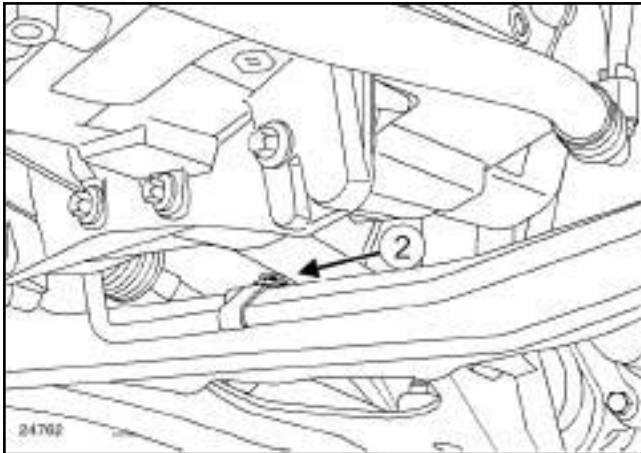
106546

- Remove:
  - the catalytic converter upstream strut bolts (1),
  - the catalytic converter upstream strut.

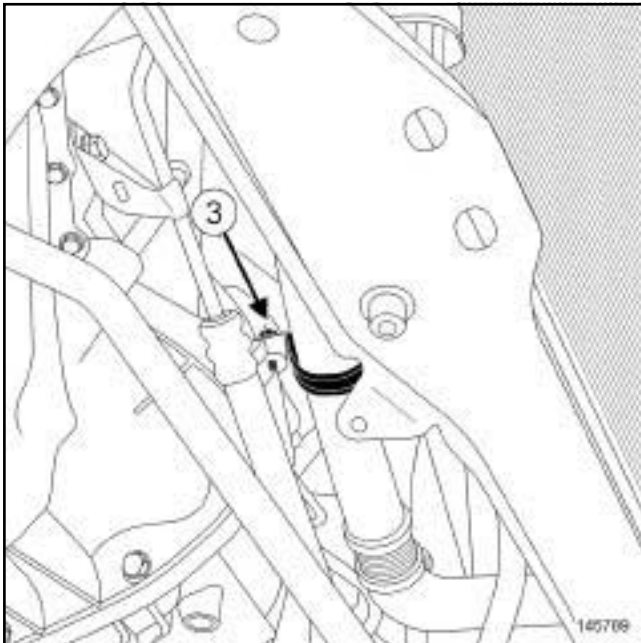


## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

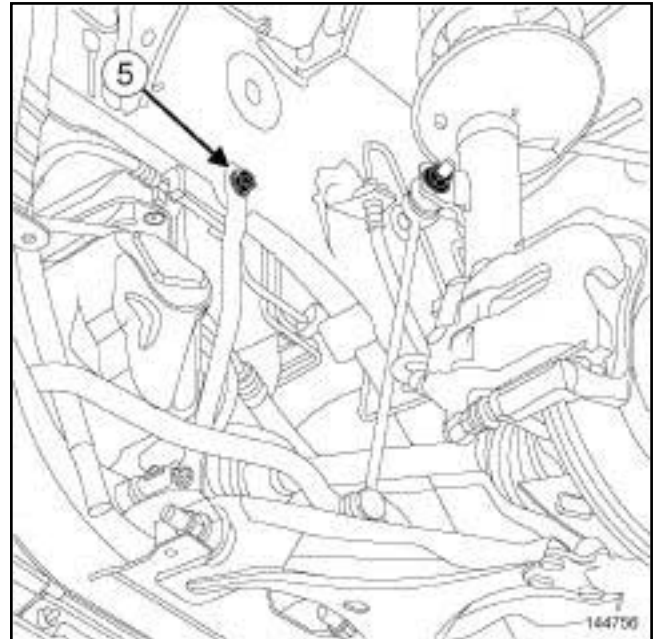
K9K



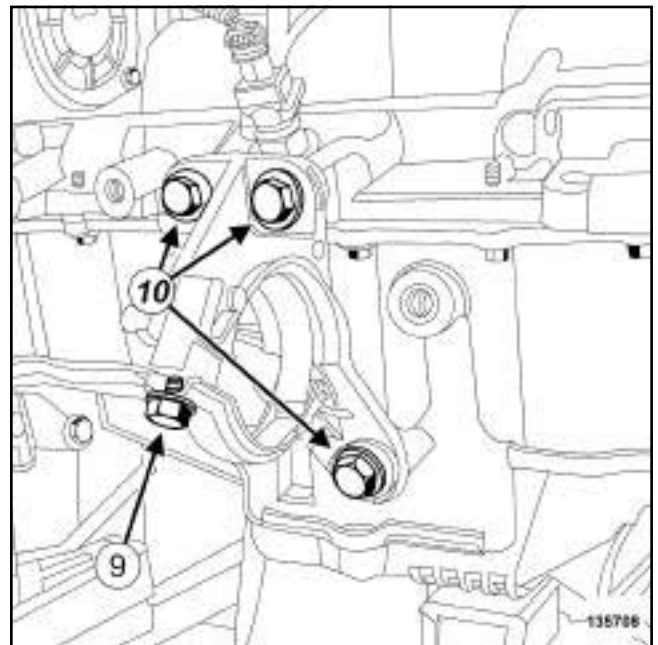
- ❑ Remove the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt (2) on the front axle subframe.



- ❑ Remove the cooling pipe support bolt (3) on the sump.



- ❑ Remove the front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (5).

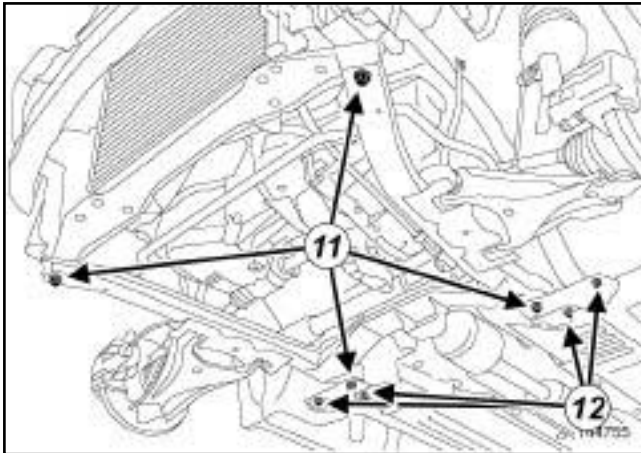


- ❑ Remove:
  - the right-hand driveshaft flange bolt (9) on the relay bearing,
  - the bolts (10) from the relay bearing,
  - the relay bearing.



## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K



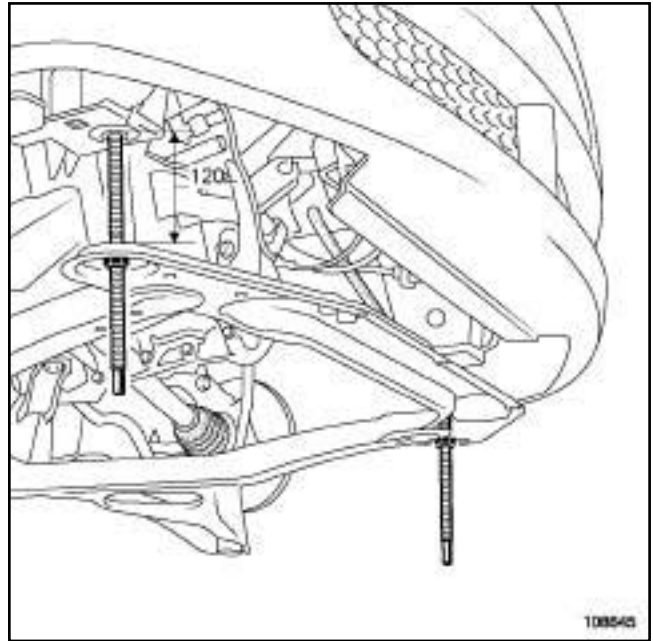
144755

 Remove:

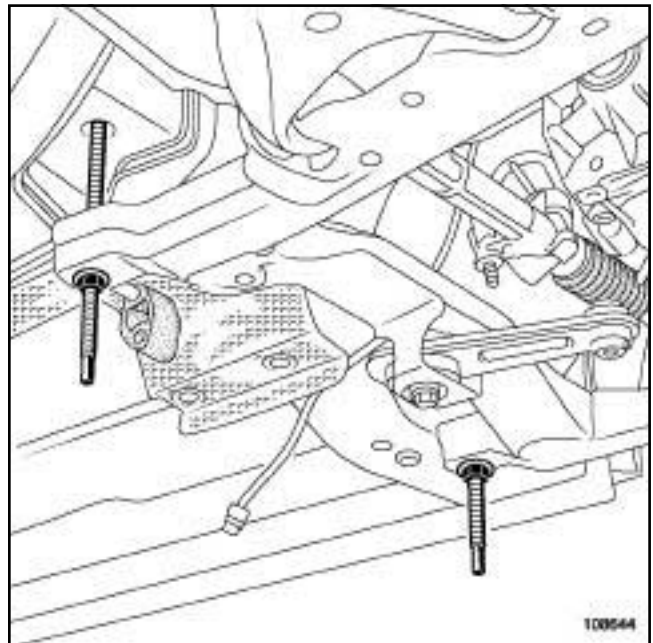
- the bracket bolts (12) ,
- one by one, the front axle subframe bolts (11) and replace them in turn with the threaded rods of the (Tav. 1747).

## Note:

Make sure the threaded rod of the (Tav. 1747) is sufficiently screwed into the threaded hole and that the nut of the tool is correctly resting on the front axle subframe.



108643



108644

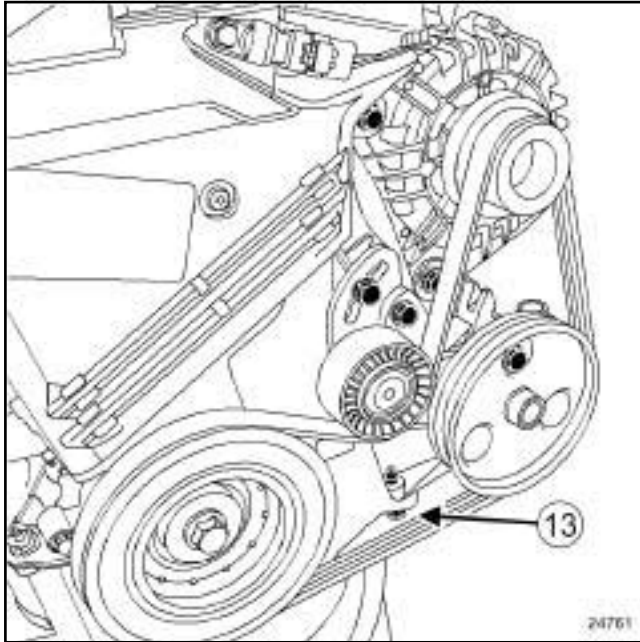
- 
- Lower the front axle subframe 120 mm, gradually loosening the nuts of the (Tav. 1747).

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

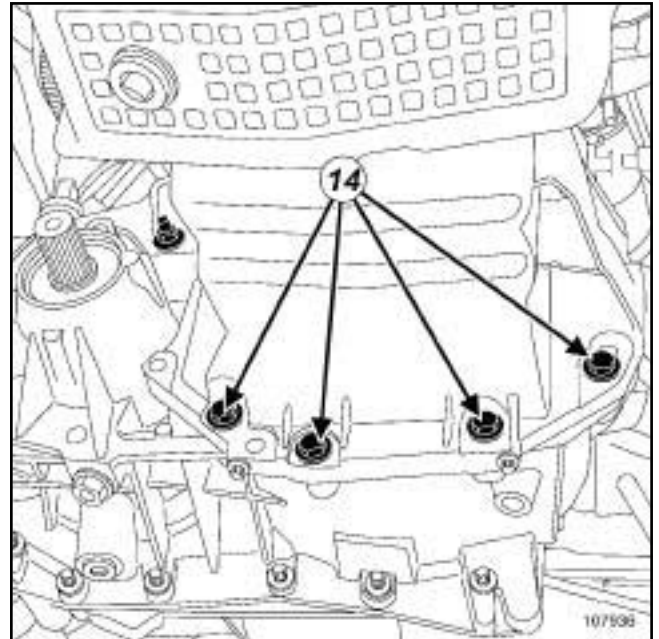
#### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



- Remove the power-assisted steering pump support bolt (13) on the sump.

#### AIR CONDITIONING

- Remove the bolt from the sump on the multifunction support.



107936

- Remove:
  - the engine-gearbox coupling bolts (14) ,
  - the sump bolts,
  - the sump.

#### Note:

If the sump cannot be extracted because it is in contact with the oil pump strainer, do not force the removal of the sump as this may damage the oil splash plate.

Loosen the oil pump bolts by a few turns (the tip of your finger should pass between the bolt head and the oil pump casing) using 10 mm and 13 mm open-jawed spanners and while tilting the sump towards the front of the vehicle.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: engine oil sump seal.
- parts always to be replaced: Front sub-frame bolt.

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K

- Clean the cylinder block joint face using **SUPER CLEANING AGENT FOR JOINT FACES** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

**WARNING**

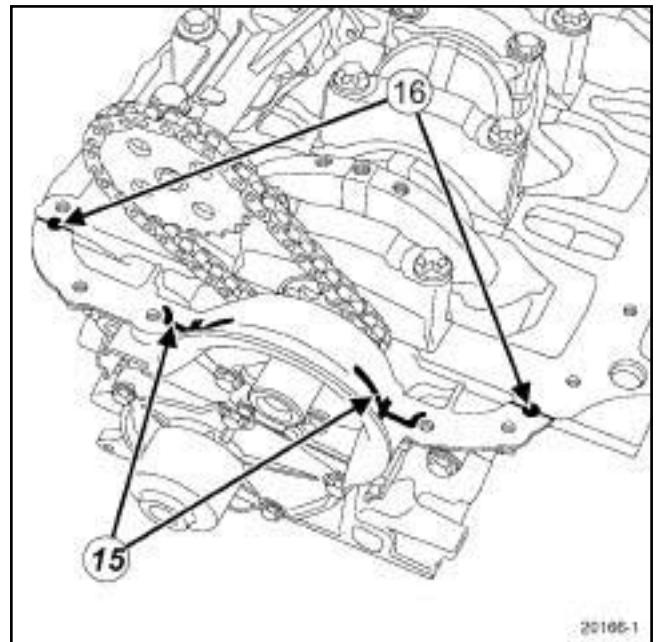
To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease:

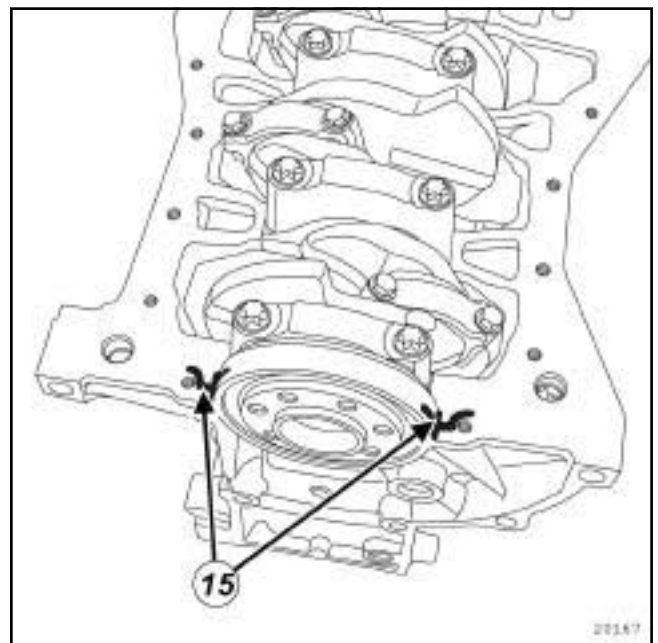
- the sump joint face if it is to be reused,
- the cylinder block gasket face.

**WARNING**

Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).



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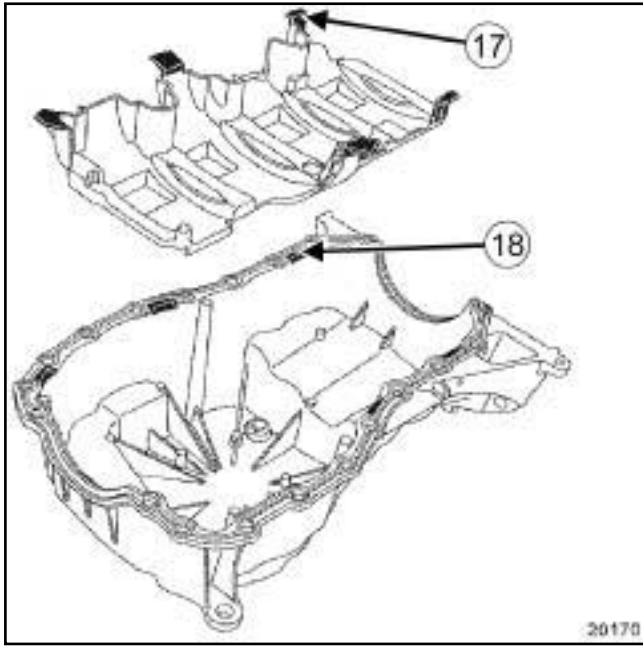
- Apply:

- four beads (15) of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) with a diameter of **5 mm**,
- two drops (16) of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) with a diameter of **5 mm** at the intersection between the cylinder block and the crankshaft closure panel.

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## II - REFITTING OPERATION



20170



## Note:

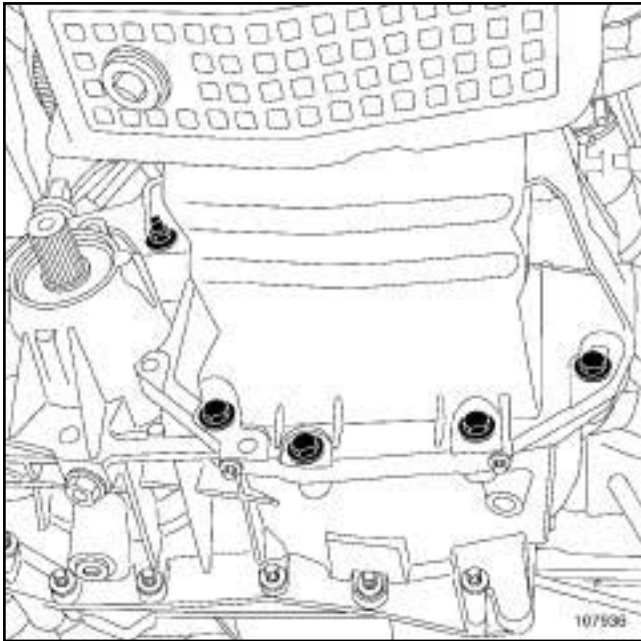
When refitting the sump, ensure that:

- the oil splash plate tabs (17) are positioned correctly in the slots (18) ,
- the coupling faces of the sump and cylinder block are correctly aligned, to prevent the clutch housing being deformed when fitting the gear-box.

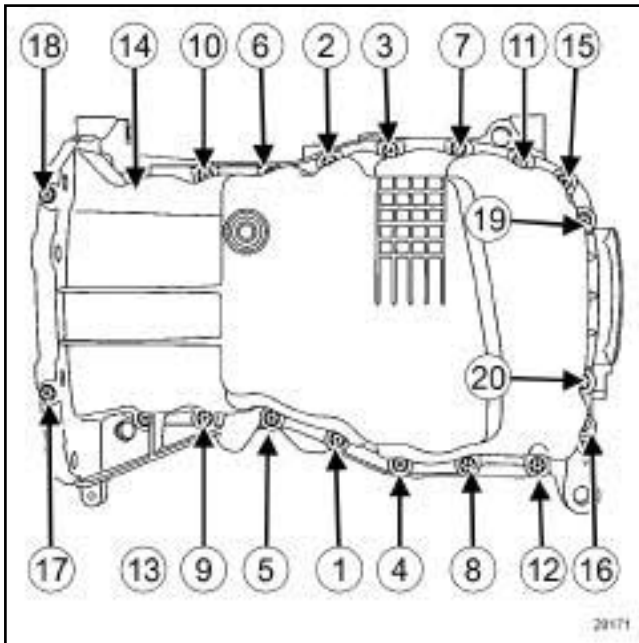
Refit the oil splash plate.

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K



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- Refit the oil sump fitted with a new seal.

### Note:

If the oil pump was loosened beforehand in order to extract the sump, position the sump in order to slide the oil pump strainer into the oil splash plate of the sump.

Position a component jack to support the sump.

Lean the sump towards the front of the vehicle in order to access the oil pump bolts.

Torque tighten the **oil pump bolts (25 N.m)** using the small torque wrench **77 11 226 888**.

### Note:

Before pressing the sump on the cylinder block, check that the sump seal is still in place and that it has not come out of the grooves on the sides.

- Tighten until contact:
  - the sump bolts on the cylinder block,
  - the sump bolts on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten:
  - in order the **sump bolts on the cylinder block (14 N.m)**,
  - the **sump bolts on the gearbox (44 N.m)**.

### AIR CONDITIONING

- Refit the sump bolt on the multifunction support.
- Torque tighten the **sump bolts on the multifunction support (25 N.m)**.

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

- Refit the power-assisted steering pump support on the sump.
- Torque tighten the **power assisted steering pump support bolt on the sump (25 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Fit the front axle subframe.
- Refit the brackets.
- Torque tighten the **bracket bolts (62 N.m)**.

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K9K

- One by one, remove the threaded rods of the (**Tav. 1747**) and replace them in turn with new front axle subframe bolts.
- Refit:
  - the relay bearing bolts,
  - the right-hand driveshaft flange bolt(s) on the relay bearing.
- Tighten to torque and in order:
  - the **relay bearing bolts (44 N.m)**,
  - the **right-hand driveshaft flange bolt(s) on the relay bearing (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts.
- Torque tighten the **front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the cooling pipe support bolt on the sump.
- Refit the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe.
- Torque tighten the **power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe (25 N.m)**.
- Refit the catalytic converter upstream stay (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page **19B-10**).
- Refit the steering box bolts on the front axle subframe (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly).
- Refit:
  - the steering box heat shield,
  - the lower arm ball joints (see **Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
  - the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page **19D-8**).
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55, Exterior protection).
- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front wheel arch side liners,
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Top up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page **10A-32**).

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Special tooling required

**Tav. 1747** Threaded rods for carrying out subframe operations.

### Tightening torques

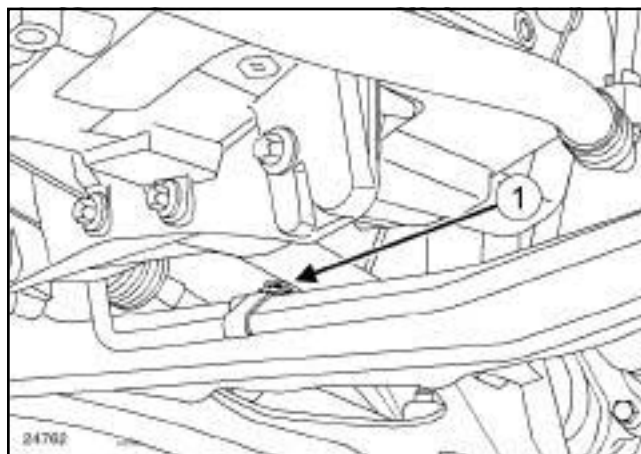
sump bolts on the cylinder block	<b>14 N.m</b>
sump bolts on the gear-box	<b>44 N.m</b>
sump bolt on the multi-function support	<b>25 N.m</b>
bracket bolts	<b>62 N.m</b>
front axle subframe bolts	<b>110 N.m</b>
relay bearing bolts	<b>44 N.m</b>
right-hand driveshaft flange bolt(s) on the relay bearing	<b>21 N.m</b>
front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe	<b>21 N.m</b>
steering box bolts on the front axle subframe	<b>105 N.m</b>

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Drain the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page **10A-32**).

- Remove:
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front wheel arch side liners,
  - the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page **19D-8**).
- Extract the lower arm ball joints from the stub axle carrier (see **Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components).
- Unclip the downstream oxygen sensor wiring on the heat shield on the steering box.
- Remove (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly):
  - the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
  - the steering box heat shield,
  - the steering box bolts on the front axle subframe.
- Attach the steering rack to the body.

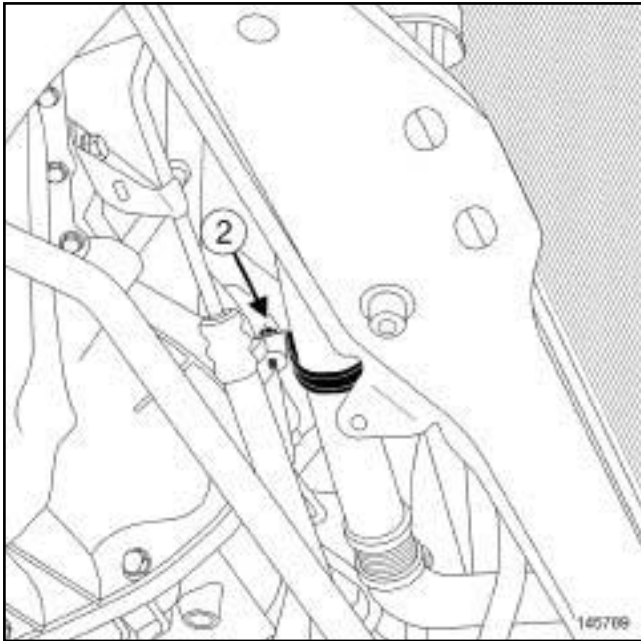


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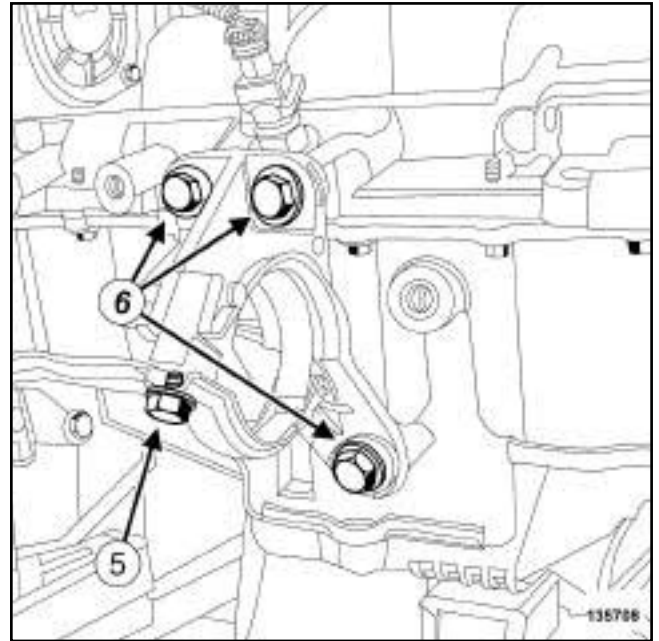
- Remove the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt (1) on the front axle subframe.

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

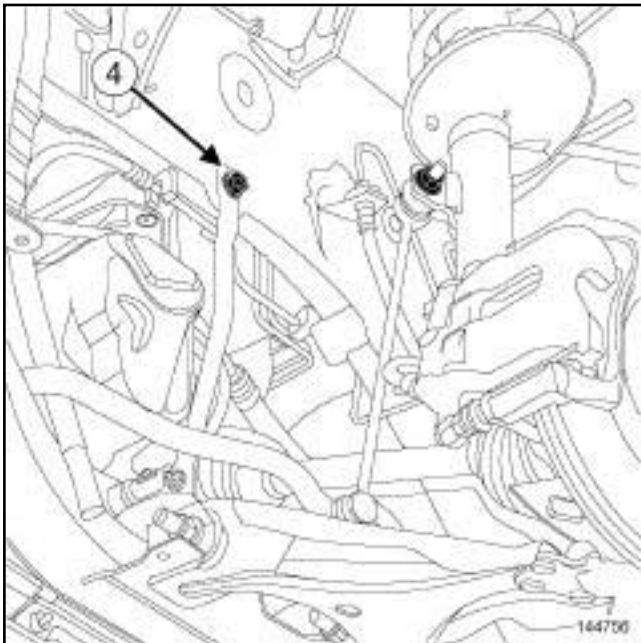
K4M



- ❑ Remove the cooling pipe support bolt (2) on the sump.



- ❑ Remove:
  - the right-hand driveshaft flange bolt (5) on the relay bearing,
  - the bolts (6) from the relay bearing,
  - the relay bearing.

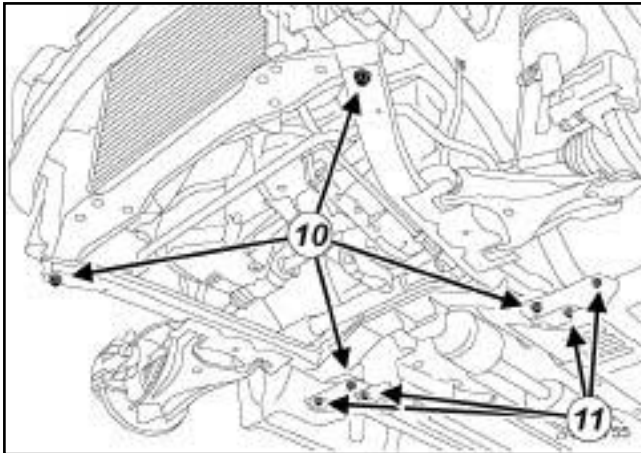


- ❑ Remove the front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (4).



## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K4M



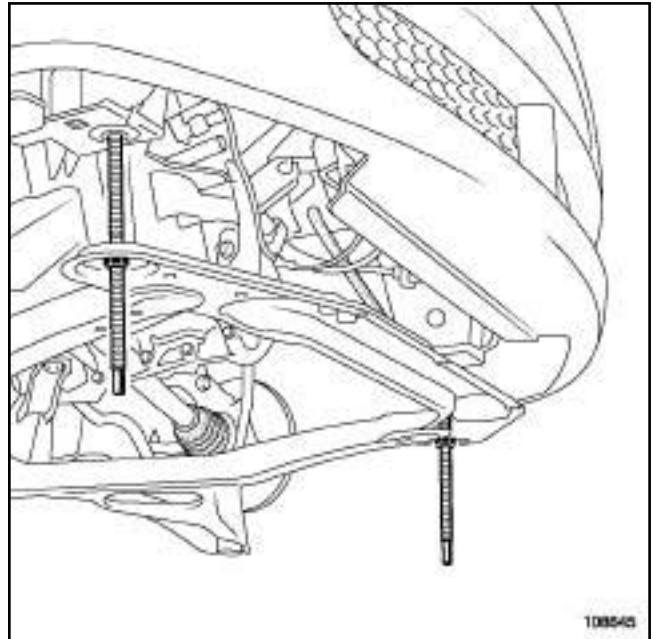
144755

 Remove:

- the bracket bolts (11) ,
- one by one, the front axle subframe bolts (10) and replace them in turn with the threaded rods of the (Tav. 1747).

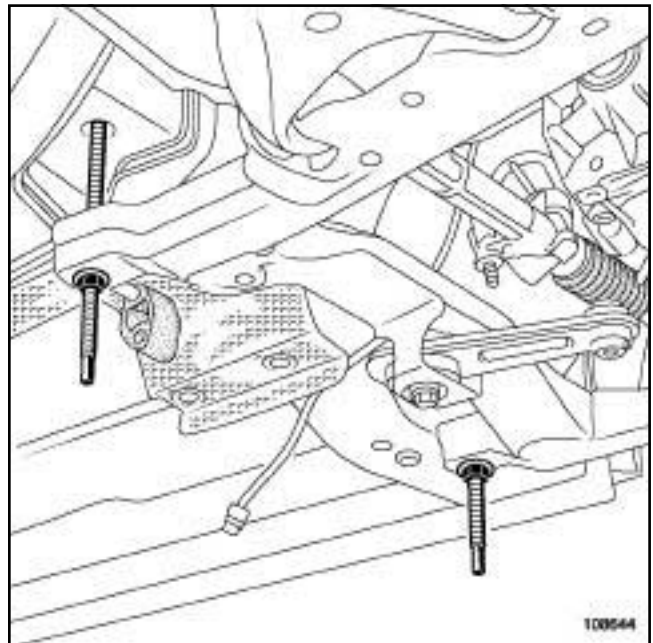
## Note:

Make sure the threaded rod of the (Tav. 1747) is sufficiently screwed into the threaded hole and that the nut of the tool is correctly resting on the front axle subframe.



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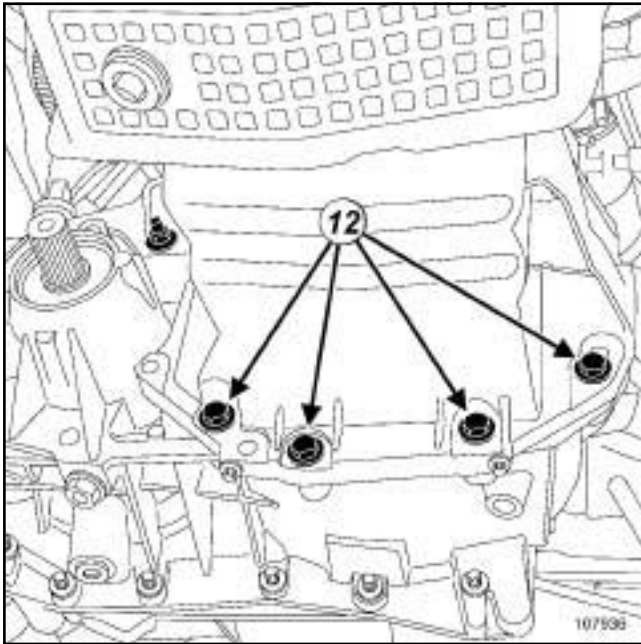
108644

- 
- Lower the front axle subframe by at least
- 120 mm**
- , gradually loosening the nuts of the (Tav. 1747).

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K4M

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



107936

- Remove:
  - the sump bolt from the multifunction support,
  - the engine-gearbox coupling bolts (12) ,
  - the sump bolts on the cylinder block,
  - the sump,
  - the oil splash plate.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: engine oil sump seal.
- parts always to be replaced: Front sub-frame bolt.

**WARNING**

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

- Clean the cylinder block joint face using **SUPER CLEANING AGENT FOR JOINT FACES** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease:

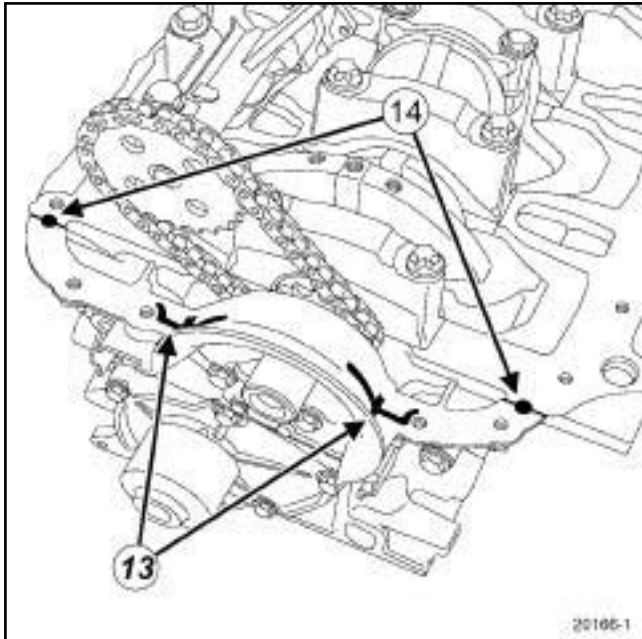
- the sump joint face if it is to be reused,
- the cylinder block gasket face.

**WARNING**

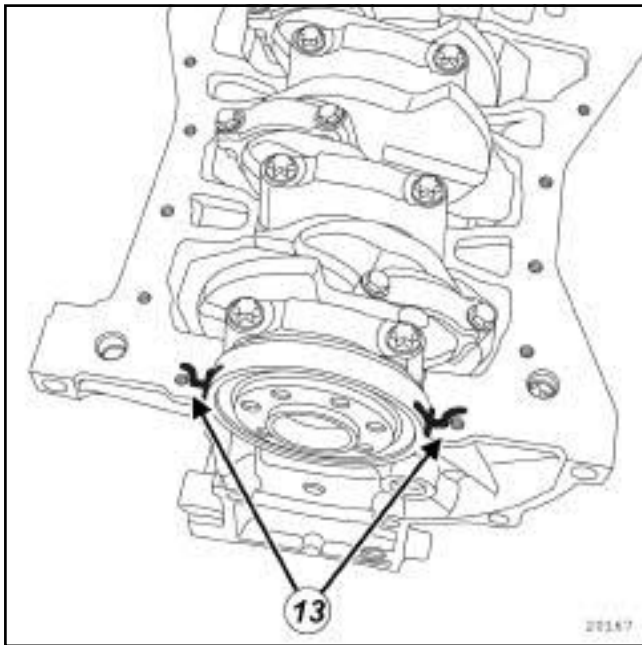
Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K4M



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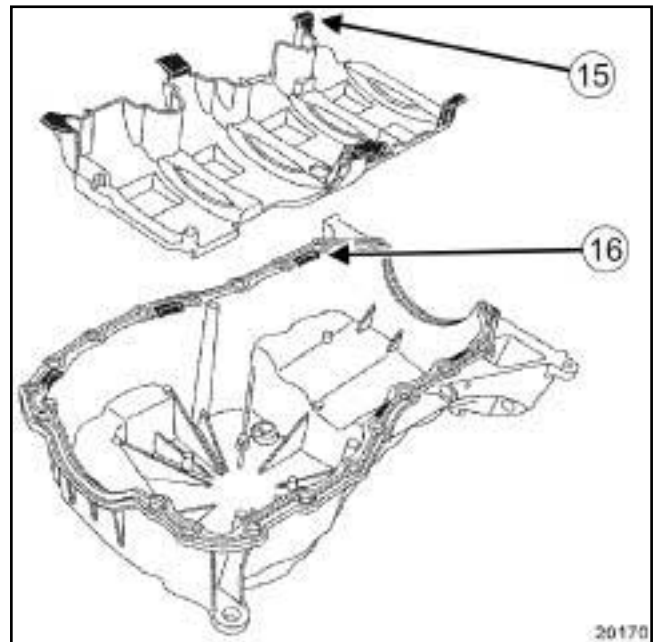


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## □ Apply:

- four beads (13) of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) with a diameter of **5 mm**,
- two drops (14) of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) with a diameter of **5 mm** at the intersection between the cylinder block and the crankshaft closure panel.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION



20170



## Note:

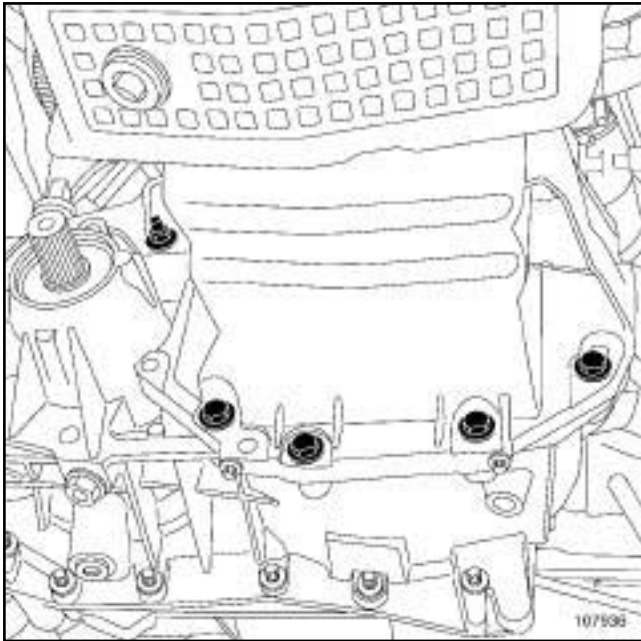
When removing the sump, ensure that:

- the oil splash plate tabs (15) are positioned correctly in the slots (16) ,
- the coupling faces of the sump and cylinder block are correctly aligned, to prevent the clutch housing being deformed when fitting the gear-box.

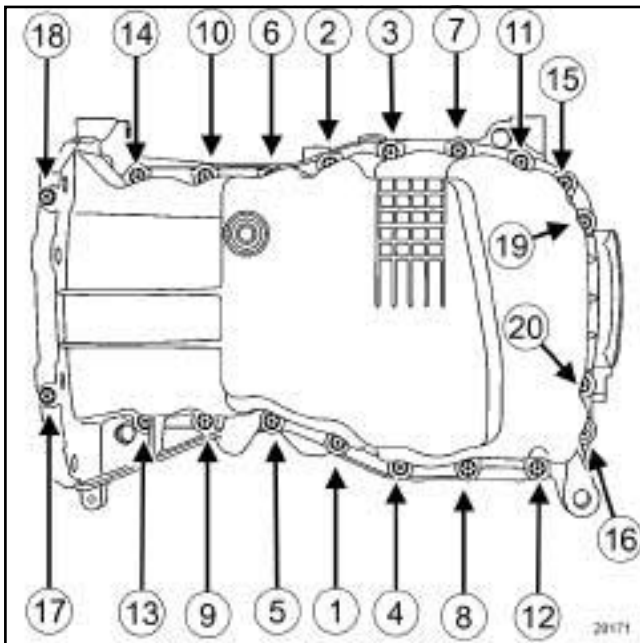
Refit the oil splash plate.

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K4M



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- Refit the oil sump fitted with a new seal.
- Tighten until contact:
  - the sump bolts on the cylinder block,
  - the bolts from the sump on the gearbox,
  - the sump bolts from the multifunction support.
- Torque tighten:
  - in order the **sump bolts on the cylinder block (14 N.m)**,
  - the **sump bolts on the gearbox (44 N.m)**,

- the **sump bolt on the multifunction support (25 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Fit the front axle subframe.
- Refit the brackets.
- Torque tighten the **bracket bolts (62 N.m)**.
- One by one, remove the threaded rods of the (**Tav. 1747**) and replace them in turn with new front axle subframe bolts.

K4M

- Torque tighten the **front axle subframe bolts (110 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the relay bearing bolts,
  - the right-hand driveshaft flange bolt(s) on the relay bearing.
- Tighten to torque and in order:
  - the **relay bearing bolts (44 N.m)**,
  - the **right-hand driveshaft flange bolt(s) on the relay bearing (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts.
- Torque tighten the **front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the cooling pipe support bolt on the sump.
- Refit the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe.
- Torque tighten the **power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the steering box bolts on the front axle subframe.
- Tighten to torque the **steering box bolts on the front axle subframe (105 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the steering box heat shield,
  - the lower arm ball joints (see **Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
  - the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-8) .

## Lower cover: Removal - Refitting

K4M

- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front wheel arch side liners,
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Top up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page **10A-32**).

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

## Conrod bearing shell: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

K9K

### Equipment required

safety strap(s)  
 component jack  
 indelible pencil  
 torque wrench  
 Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

con rod cap bolts	20 N.m + 45° ± 6°
oil pump bolts	25 N.m

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

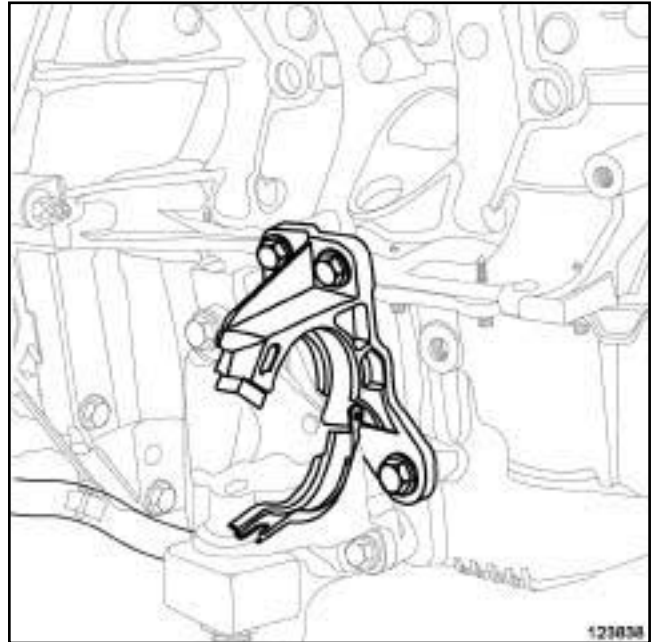
Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

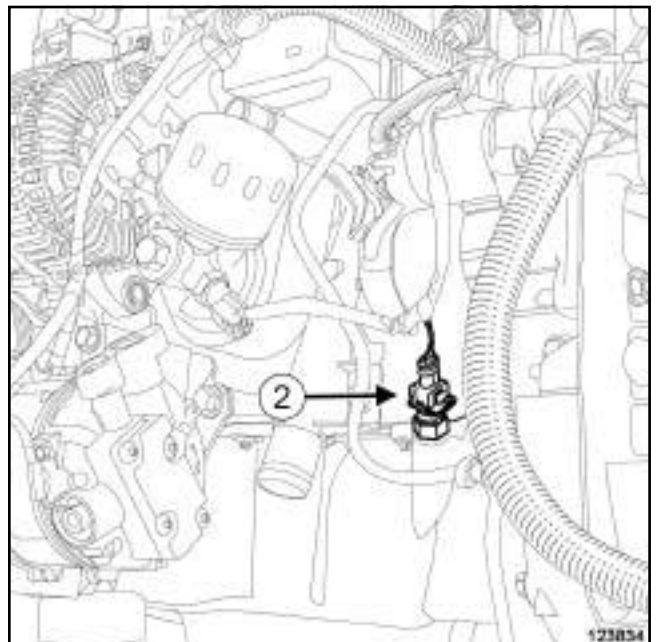
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.
- Drain the oil from the engine (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32).
- Remove the oil filter (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil filter: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-34).
- Remove the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-8).

- Strap the radiator to the vehicle using **safety strap(s)**.
- Remove the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components).



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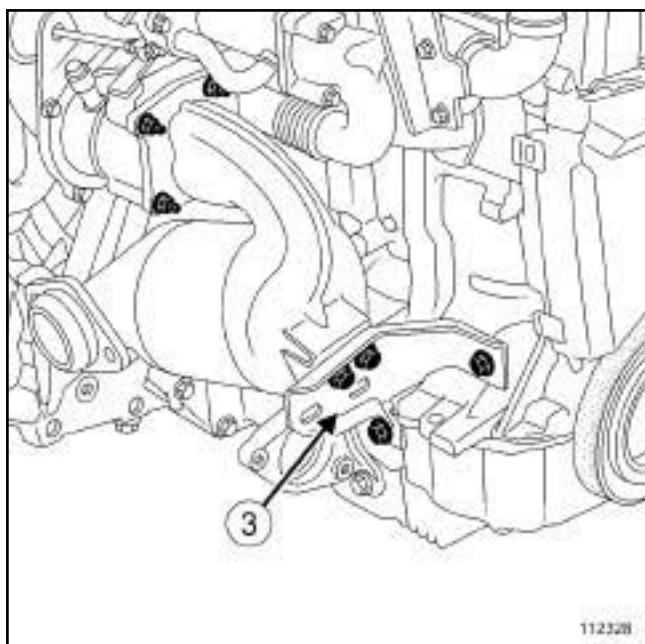
- Remove the relay bearing of the front right-hand wheel driveshaft.



123834

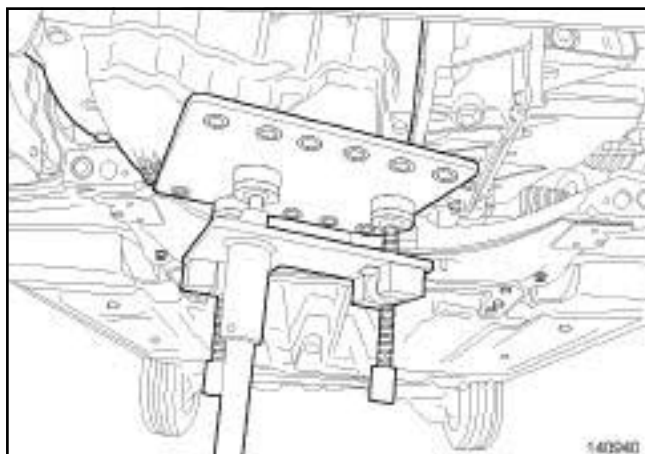
- Disconnect the oil level sensor connector (if equipped) (2).

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- ❑ Remove the catalytic converter upstream stay (3) .



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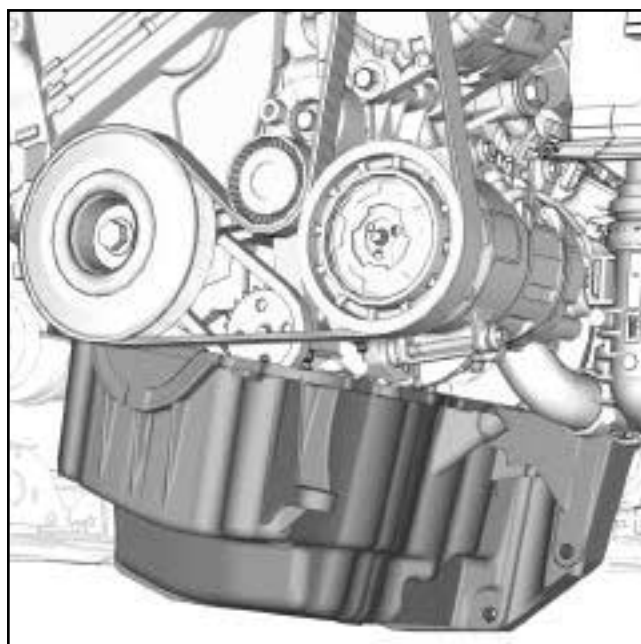
❑

### WARNING

Failure to observe the following procedure may damage the oil pump strainer.

Undo the bolts of the engine oil sump.

- ❑ Fit a **component jack** to support the engine oil sump.
- ❑ Remove the bolts from the engine oil sump.
- ❑ Detach the engine oil sump, while supporting it with the **component jack**.



140917

- ❑ Tilt the engine oil sump forwards in order to access the oil pump bolts.
- ❑ Partially loosen the oil pump bolts **3 mm to 5 mm**.
- ❑ Detach the oil pump from its position in order to remove the engine oil sump.
- ❑ Remove:
  - the engine oil sump,
  - the engine oil sump seal,
  - the oil pump.

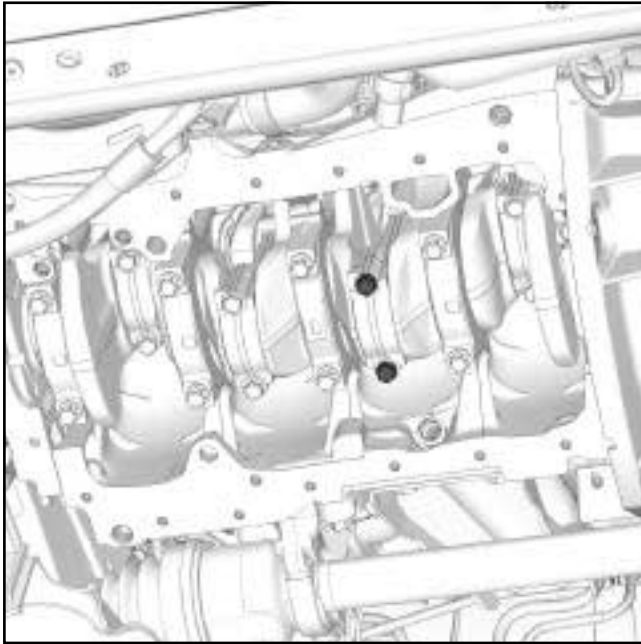
# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

## Conrod bearing shell: Removal - Refitting

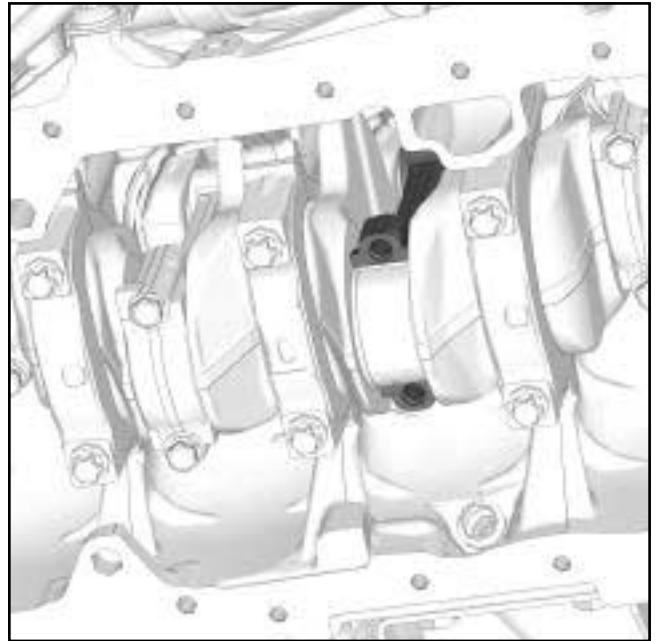
# 10A

K9K

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION FOR THE CON ROD BEARING SHELLS NO.2



- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean the big ends.
- Mark the position of the con rod cap in relation to the con rod body using a **indelible pencil**.
- Position the crankshaft at Top Dead Centre.



- Remove:
  - the con rod bolts,
  - the con rod cap,
  - the lower con rod bearing shell.

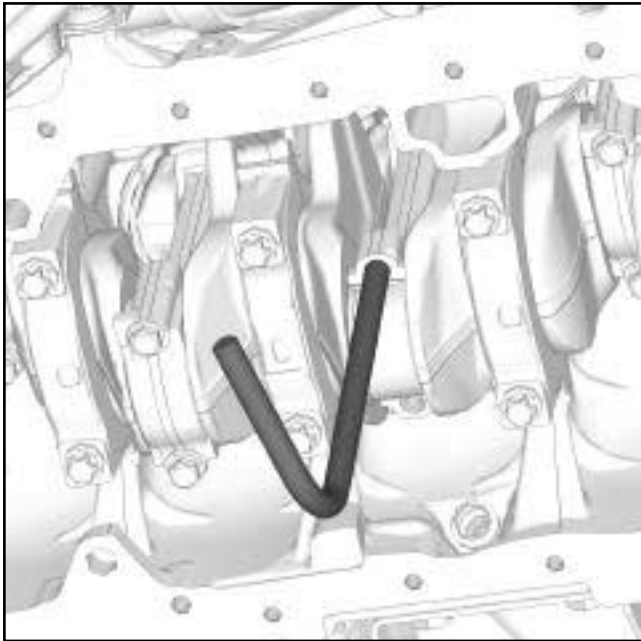
#### Note:

If reusing the con rod bearing shells, mark the position of the lower con rod bearing shell in relation to the con rod cap.

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - products) to clean the bearing mating face on the con rod cap.

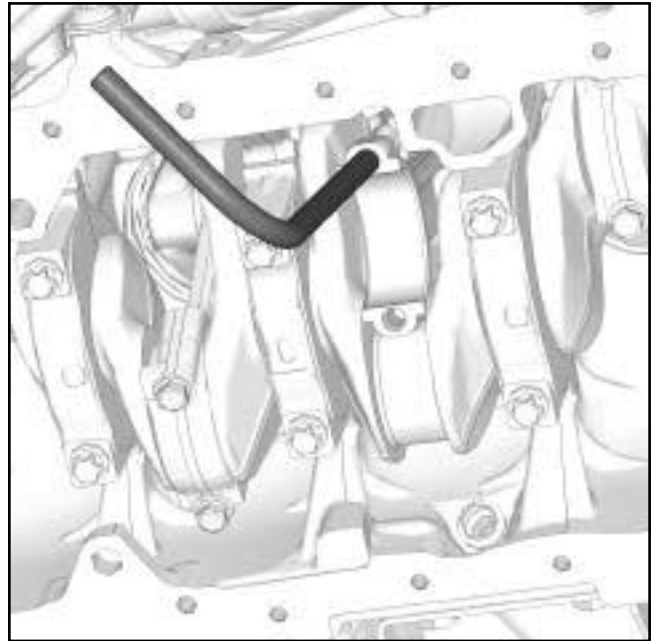


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- Fit the tie rod of the tool on the con rod body.
- Push the con rod upwards to release the con rod from the crankpin.
- Turn the crankshaft **90°** clockwise (timing end).



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### WARNING

Failure to observe the following procedure may damage the piston base cooling jets.

Pull the con rod - piston assembly using the tie rod of the tool, taking care not to allow the piston to touch the piston base cooling jets.

- Remove the upper con rod bearing shell.

### Note:

If reusing the con rod bearing shells, mark the position of the upper con rod bearing shell in relation to the con rod body.

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - products) to clean the bearing mating face on the con rod body.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR THE CON ROD BEARING SHELLS ON CYLINDER NO.2

- parts always to be replaced: con rod cap bolts**

K9K

□

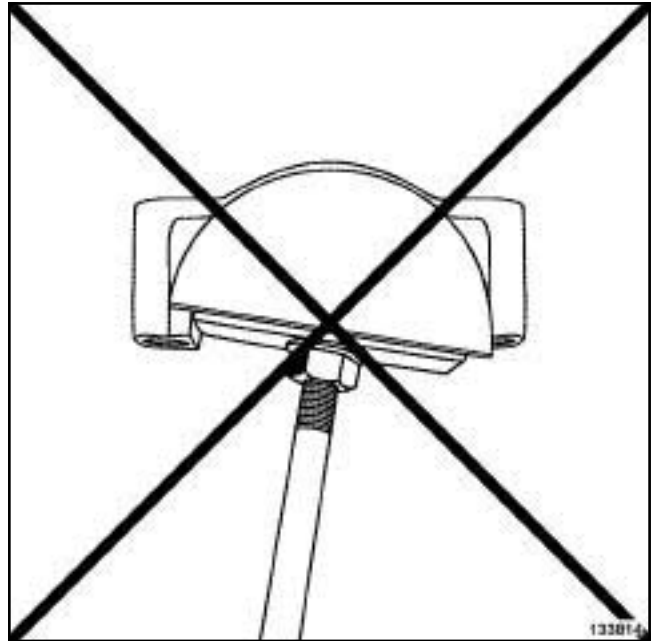
## Note:

Always replace con rod bearing shells with a width of **20 mm** by con rod bearing shells with a width of **18 mm**.

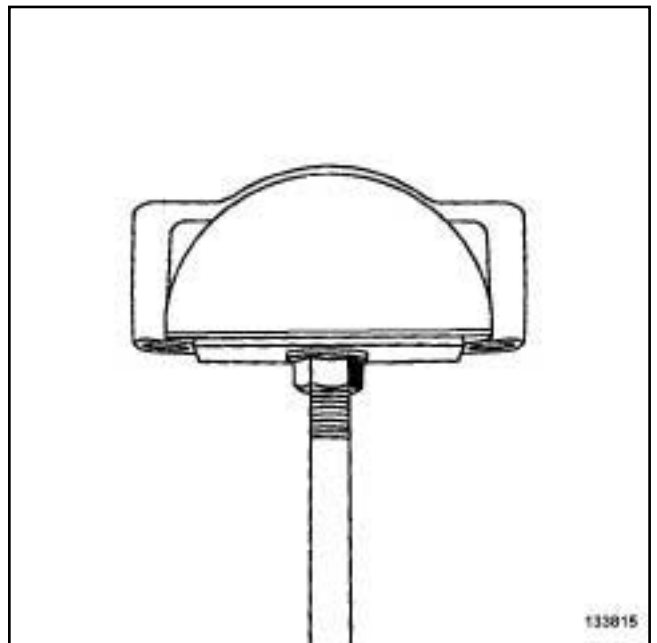
If the set of con rod bearing shells only includes con rod bearing shells which are **18mm** wide, only use the head of the tool with the marking "**K9K SUP**".

Fit the head of the tool with the marking "**K9K INF**" on the threaded sleeve of the tool.

- Position the lower con rod bearing shell on the tool.



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133815

133815

□

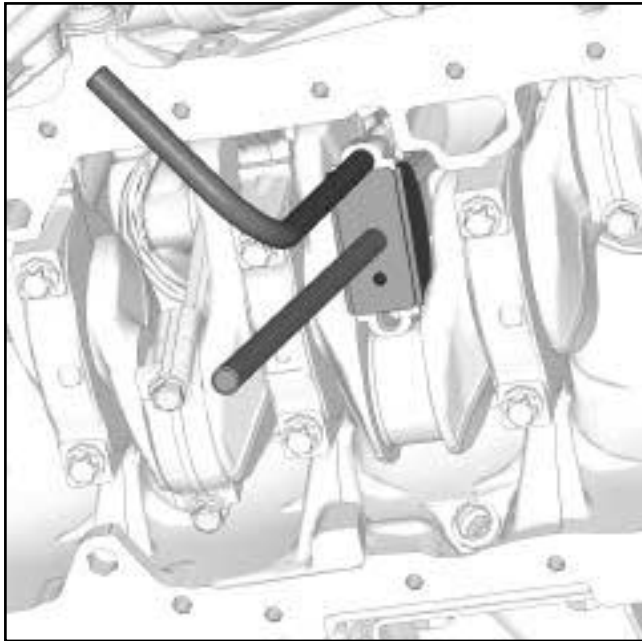
## Note:

The contact surface between the bearing shell and the con rod must be dry and free of grease.

Fit the lower con rod bearing shell on the con rod cap using the tool.

- Position the lower con rod bearing shell so that the ends do not protrude beyond the con rod cap.
- Lubricate the surface of the con rod bearing shell (crankshaft end) using new engine oil.

K9K



139318

- Remove the tool head with the marking " **K9K INF** " and fit the head with the marking " **K9K SUP** ".
- Position the upper con rod bearing shell on the tool.
- Fit the upper con rod bearing shell on the con rod body using the tool.
- Position the upper con rod bearing shell so that the ends do not protrude beyond the con rod body.
- Lubricate the surface of the con rod bearing shell (crankshaft end) using new engine oil.
- Push the con rod - piston assembly back up into place.
- Turn the crankshaft **90°** anticlockwise.
- Lubricate the crankpin with new engine oil.
- Pull the con rod - piston assembly to position the con rod on the crankshaft.
- 

**Note:**

Before refitting the con rod cap, ensure that there are no impurities (filings, cloth lint, etc.) on the con rod body or cap surfaces.

**Refit:**

- the con rod cap according to the mark made during removal,
- the new con rod bolts.
- Torque and angle tighten the **con rod cap bolts (20 N.m + 45° ± 6°)**.

**II - REMOVAL - REFITTING OPERATIONS FOR THE CON ROD BEARING SHELLS ON CYLINDERS NO.3, 1 AND 4**

- Perform the same removal - refitting operations as for the con rod bearing shells on cylinder no. 2.

**Note:**

For removing and refitting the con rod bearing shells on cylinders no. 1 and no. 4, position the pistons at Bottom Dead Centre before performing the same removal and refitting operations as for the con rod bearing shells on cylinder no. 2.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- parts always to be replaced: engine oil sump seal**

**parts always to be replaced: Oil filter**

**parts always to be replaced: Drain plug seal on engine oil sump**

**WARNING**

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

**WARNING**

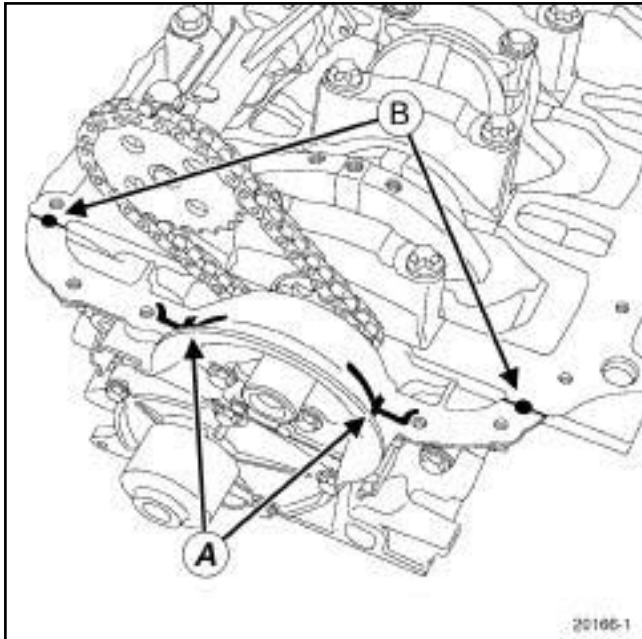
To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use a wooden spatula or an **ABRASIVE PAD** to clean the joint face of the cylinder block and engine oil sump.
- Refit the oil pump.
- Fit without tightening the oil pump bolts, while keeping a clearance of **3 mm to 5 mm**.
- Fit the engine oil sump seal.

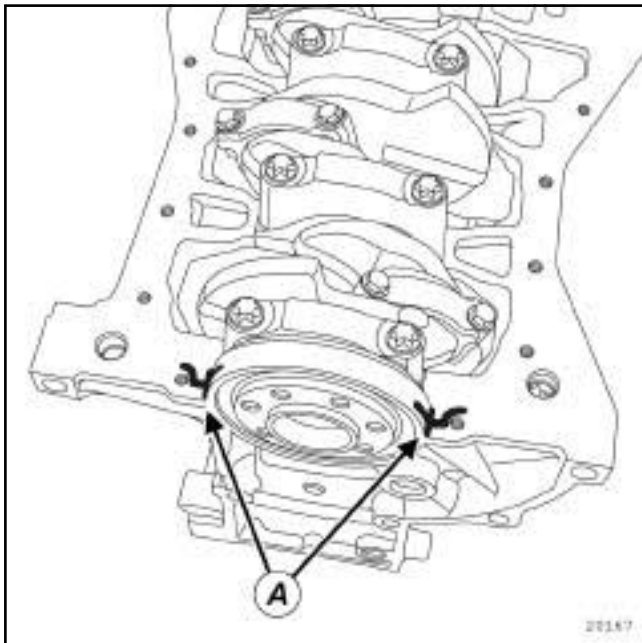
**WARNING**

Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).

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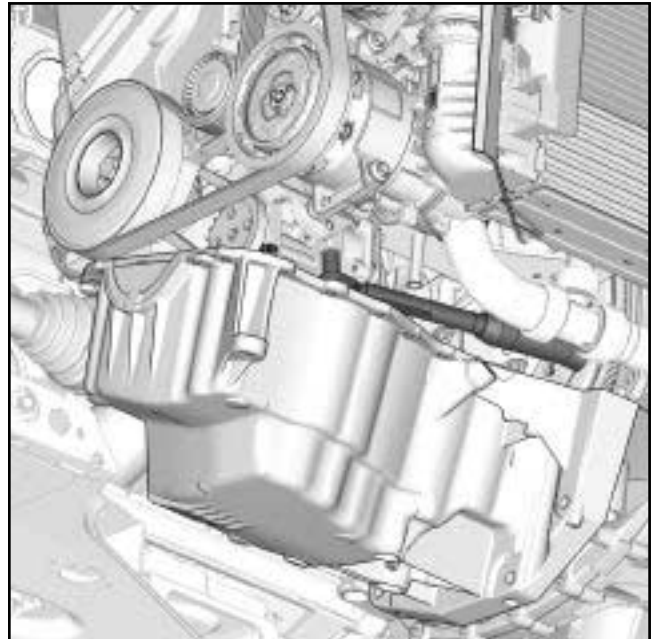


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- Apply **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) :
  - four beads with a diameter of **5 mm** at (A) ,
  - two drops with a diameter of **5 mm** at (B) .
- Fit the engine oil sump while supporting it using a **component jack**.



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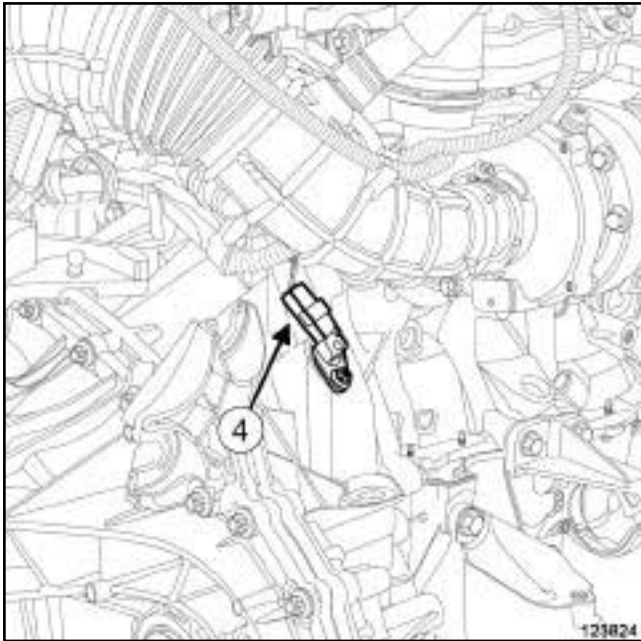
- Tilt the engine oil sump forwards in order to access the oil pump bolts.
- Torque tighten the **oil pump bolts (25 N.m)** using the **torque wrench PROSTEEL**, part number **77 11 226 888** starting with the **13 mm** bolt.

Note:

Check that the engine oil sump seal is definitely in place before tightening the engine oil sump bolts.

- Refit the engine oil sump bolts.
- Torque tighten in order the engine oil sump bolts (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Lower cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-9) .
- Refit the catalytic converter upstream stay (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10) .
- Connect the connector to the oil level sensor.
- Refit the relay bearing of the front right-hand wheel driveshaft (see **Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Refit the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components).
- Remove the **safety strap(s)** from the radiator.
- Refit the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-8) .

K9K



123824

- Disconnect the crankshaft position sensor (4) to prevent the engine from starting.
- Refit the oil filter (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil filter: Removal - Refitting, page 10A-34**)
- Fill up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling, page 10A-32**) .
- Start the engine using the starter until the engine oil warning light goes out.
- Connect the crankshaft position sensor.
- Refit the engine undertray.
- Clear the present faults using the **Diagnostic tool**.

## Engine oil: Draining - Refilling

K4M or K9K

### Equipment required

- oil recovery tray
- oil change wrench
- torque wrench
- oil change end piece with an 8 mm square drive

### Tightening torques

- |            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| drain plug | <b>20 N.m</b> |
|------------|---------------|

## DRAINING

### I - AVERAGE CAPACITY OF ENGINE OIL

K4M

- 4.7 litres** (without oil filter replacement).
- 4.8 litres** (with oil filter replacement).

K9K

- 4.0 litres** (without oil filter replacement).
- 4.1 litres** (with oil filter replacement).

### II - RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REPAIR

#### WARNING

Always check the oil level using the dipstick.  
Do not exceed the maximum level on the dipstick (could destroy the engine).  
Correct the engine oil level if necessary before delivering the vehicle to the customer.

#### Note:

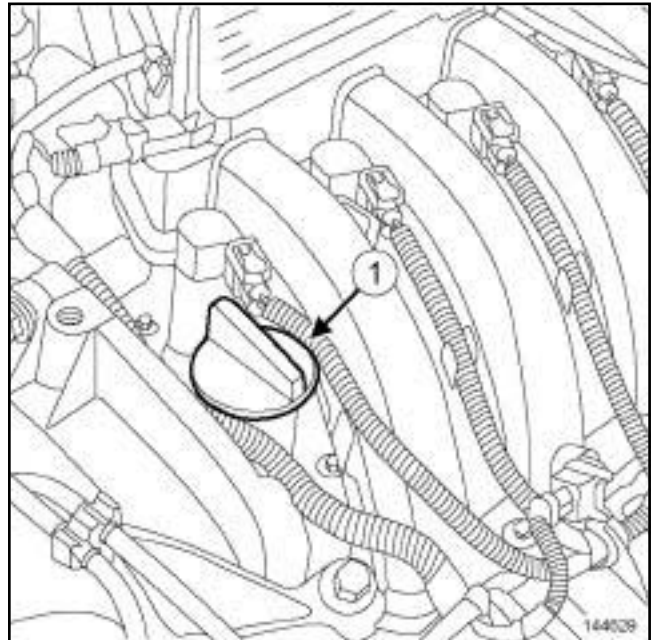
When filling up the engine oil, always leave at least **10 minutes** for the oil to drain down before checking with a dipstick.

### III - PARTS AND CONSUMABLES FOR REPAIR

- parts always to be replaced: Drain plug seal on engine oil sump.
- Consumable:
  - Engine oil (see **Engine oil: Specifications**).

### IV - OIL SERVICE

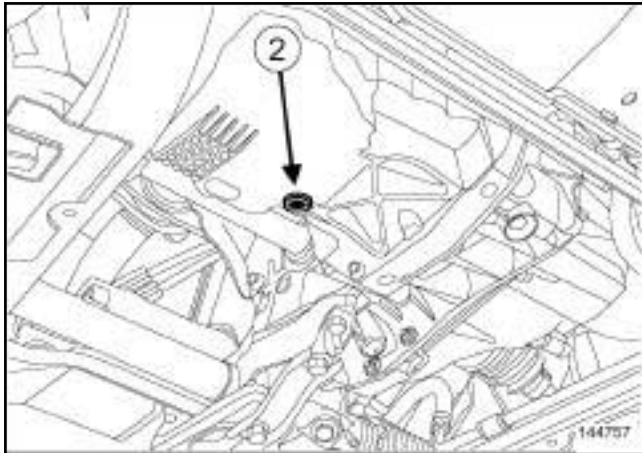
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).



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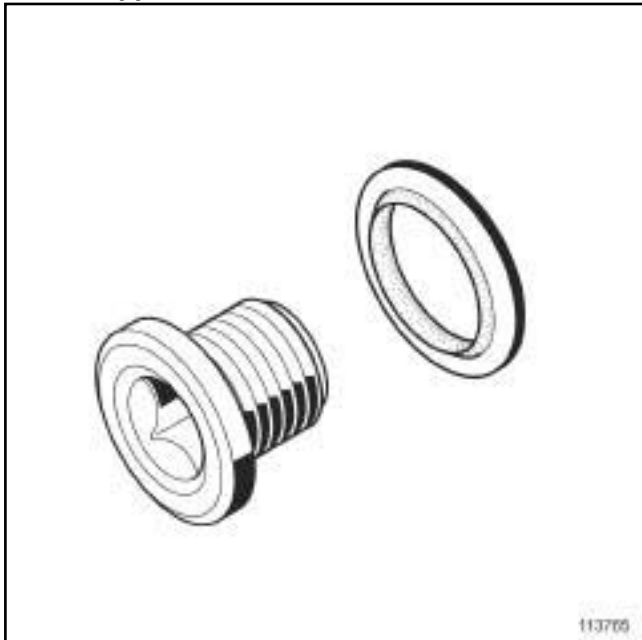
- Remove:
  - the engine oil filler cap (1),
  - the dipstick.
- Place the **oil recovery tray** under the engine.

K4M or K9K



144757

- Remove the drain plug (2) using theor a **oil change wrench**.
- Let the engine oil flow out completely.
- Remove the drain plug seal.

**Rubber-lipped seal**

113765

- Refit a new seal to the drain plug (no direction of fitting).
- Refit the drain plug.
- Torque tighten the **drain plug (20 N.m)** using a **torque wrench** fitted with a **oil change end piece with an 8 mm square drive**.
- Clean any oil run-off from the engine oil sump using a cloth.
- Remove the **oil recovery tray**.

**V - FILLING**

- Fill the engine with oil, respecting the recommended quantity.
- Wait at least **10 minutes**.
- Check the oil level using the dipstick.
- Top up the engine oil level if necessary.
- Refit:
  - the engine oil filler cap,
  - the dipstick.

## Oil filter: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## Special tooling required

**Mot. 1329** Oil filter removing tool (76 mm diameter)

**WARNING**

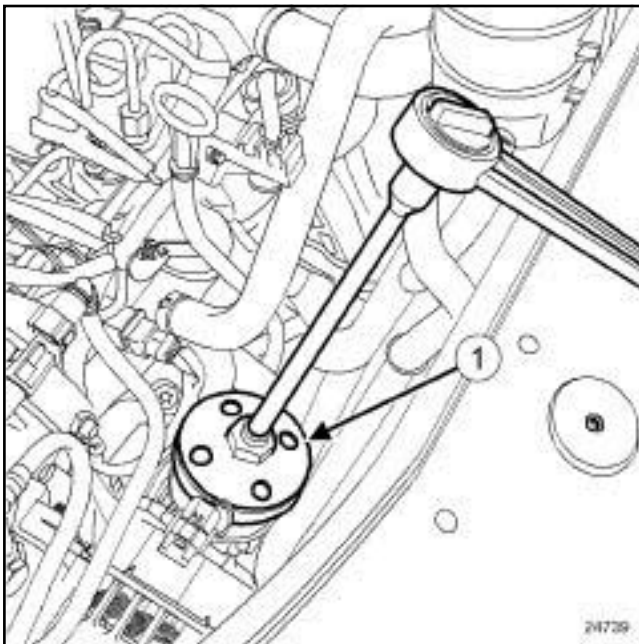
Always check the oil level using the dipstick.

Do not exceed the maximum level on the dipstick (could destroy the engine).

Correct the engine oil level if necessary before delivering the vehicle to the customer.

## Note:

When topping up the engine oil, always leave at least 10 minutes for the oil to drain down before checking with a dipstick.

**REMOVAL****OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

24739

- Position the **(Mot. 1329)** (1) with an extension piece and a ratchet on the oil filter.
- Remove the oil filter.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- parts always to be replaced: Oil filter.**
- Lubricate the new oil filter seal with new engine oil.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**

- Tighten the oil filter by hand until the oil filter seal makes contact with the oil filter support.
- Tighten the oil filter 3/4 of a turn manually or using the tool **(Mot. 1329)**.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Wipe any oil run-off with a cloth.
- Check the oil level with the dipstick.
- Top up the oil level (if necessary).



K4M

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1329** Oil filter removing tool (76 mm diameter)

### Equipment required

oil recovery tray

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### WARNING

Always check the oil level using the dipstick.

Do not exceed the maximum level on the dipstick (could destroy the engine).

Correct the engine oil level if necessary before delivering the vehicle to the customer.

Note:

When filling up the engine oil, always leave at least **10 minutes** for the oil to drain down before checking with a dipstick.

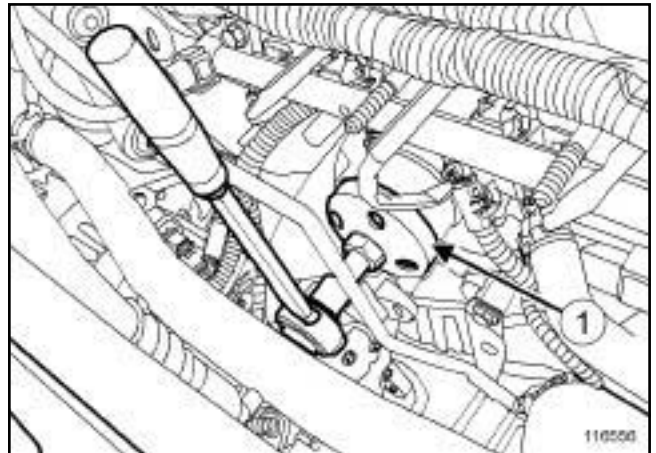
When removing the oil filter, check that the oil filter seal is not still stuck to the cylinder block or the oil filter support.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Place the **oil recovery tray** under the engine.
- Remove the injector rail protector.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116556

- Remove the oil filter using the **(Mot. 1329) (1)**.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Oil filter.**
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease the cylinder block joint face.
- Lubricate the oil filter seal with new engine oil.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Fit a new oil filter.
- Tighten the oil filter until it makes contact with the engine.
- Manually tighten the oil filter by 3/4 of a turn.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the injector rail protector.
- Remove the **oil recovery tray**.
- Wipe any oil run-off with a cloth.
- Top up with engine oil recommended by the manufacturer (see **Engine oil: Specifications**).
- Start the engine and wait until the oil pressure warning light goes out on the instrument panel.
- Check for leaks from the oil filter.
- Refit the engine undertray.
- Wait at least **10 minutes**.
- Check the oil level using the dipstick.

K4M

- Top up the engine oil level to the dipstick if necessary (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page **10A-32**)

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

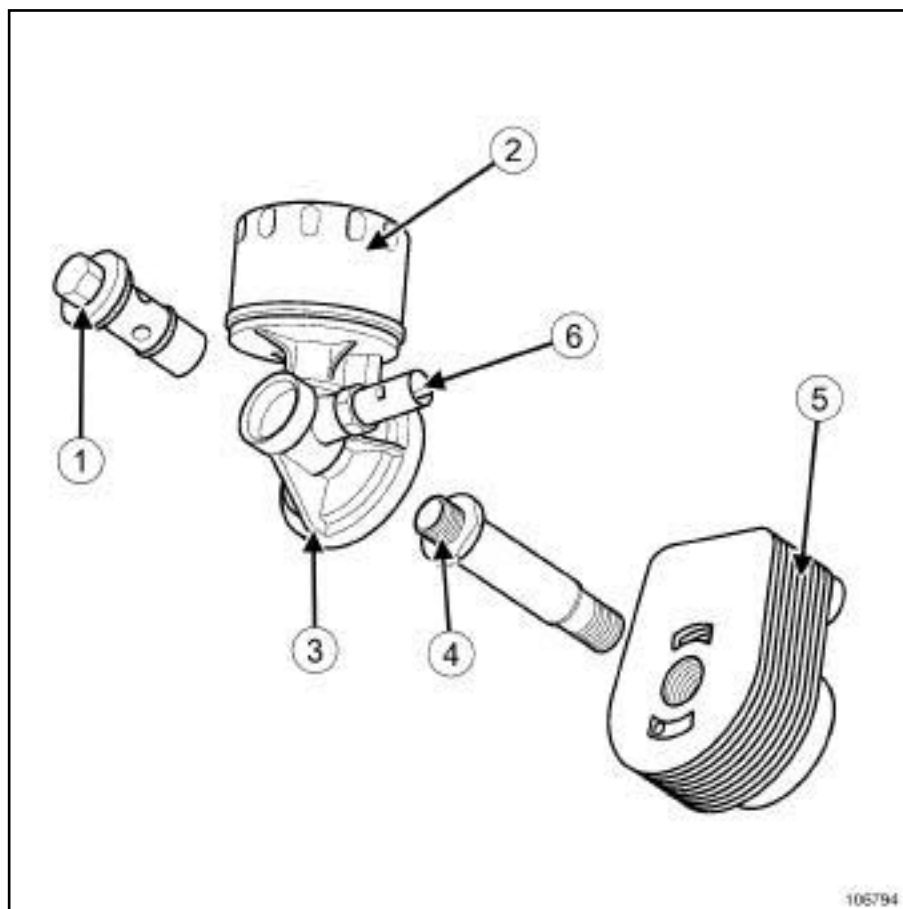
## Oil-coolant heat exchanger: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

K9K, and 796

### Tightening torques

oil heat exchanger bolt	<b>39 N.m</b>
oil filter support bolt	<b>28 N.m</b>



106794

- (1) Oil filter holder mounting bolt
- (2) Oil filter
- (3) Oil filter holder
- (4) Coolant - oil heat exchanger mounting bolts
- (5) Coolant - oil heat exchanger
- (6) Oil pressure sensor

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,

- the engine undertray,
- the closure panel component under the diesel filter.

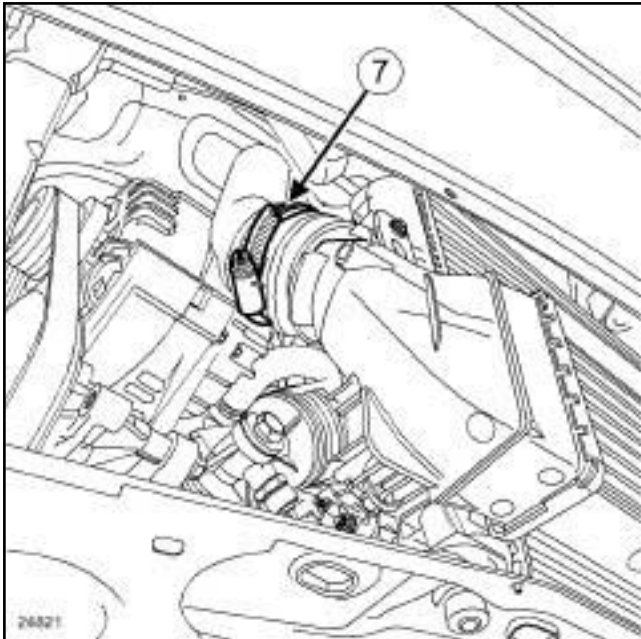
- Drain the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

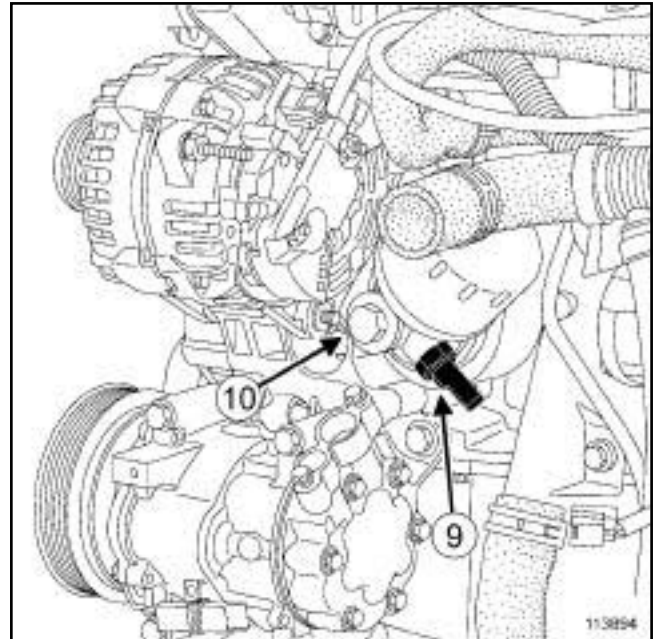
## Oil-coolant heat exchanger: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

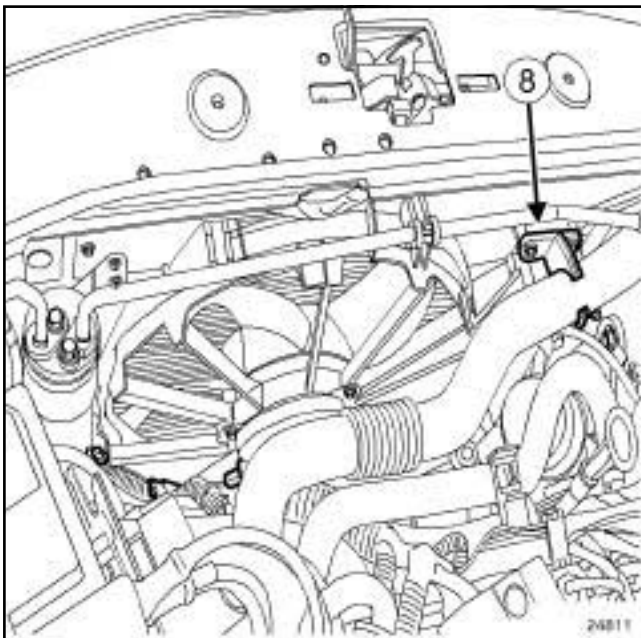
K9K, and 796



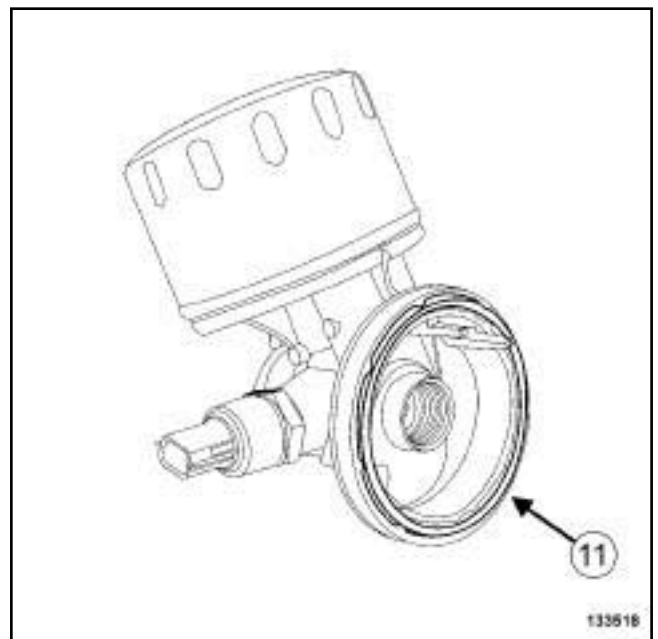
- ❑ Disconnect the air outlet duct (7) on the intercooler.



- ❑ Disconnect the oil pressure sensor connector (9) .
- ❑ Place a container under the engine on the oil filter side.
- ❑ Remove the bolt (10) from the oil filter support.
- ❑ Remove the oil filter support.



- ❑ Move aside the air outlet duct.
- ❑ Remove the air outlet duct support (8) from the fan assembly mounting.



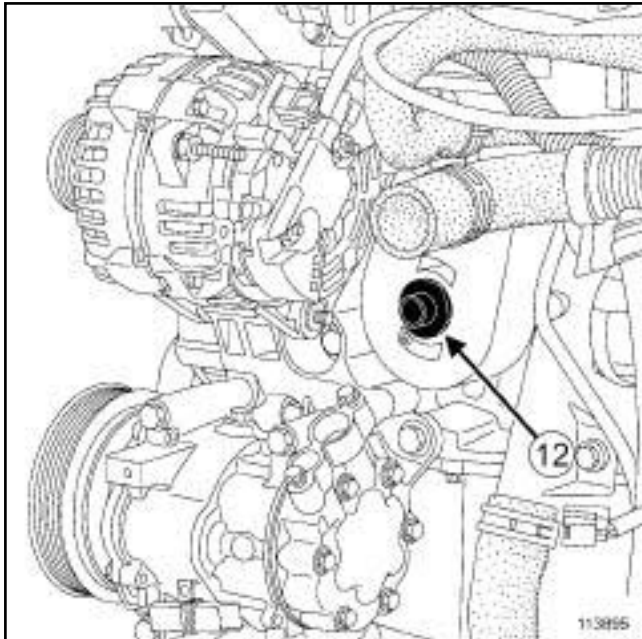
- ❑ Remove the seal (11) from the oil filter support.

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

## Oil-coolant heat exchanger: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

K9K, and 796



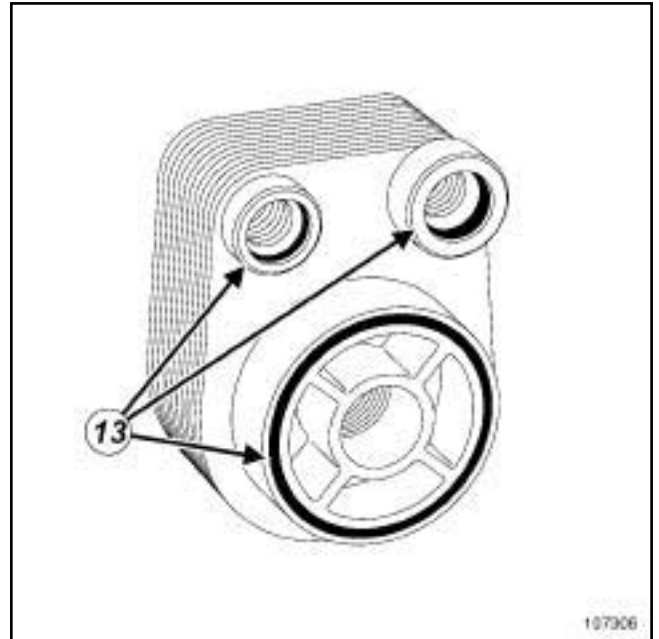
113895

- ❑ Remove:
  - the bolt (12) from the oil-coolant heat exchanger,
  - the oil-water heat exchanger.
- ❑ Using a clean cloth, clean up any oil and coolant runs on the cylinder block and on the oil filter support.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

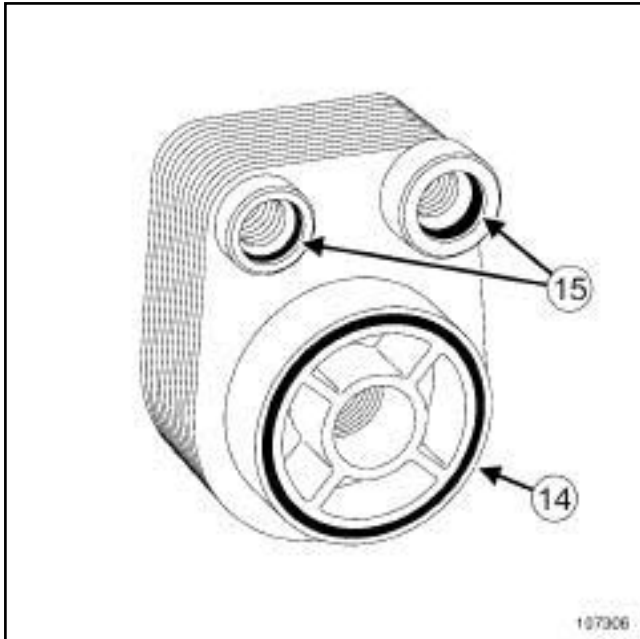
- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: coolant-engine oil heat exchanger seal on the cylinder block.**
- ❑ Always replace:
  - the seals of the oil filter support bolt,
  - the oil filter support seal.



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- ❑ Remove the oil-water heat exchanger seals (13) .
- ❑ Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the housing of each seal in the oil-water heat exchanger if it is to be reused,
  - the oil-coolant heat exchanger seal face if it is to be reused,
  - the mating face of each seal on the coolant pump inlet pipe,
  - the joint face on the cylinder block,
  - the housing of each oil filter support seal,
  - the housing of each seal in the oil filter support.

K9K, and 796



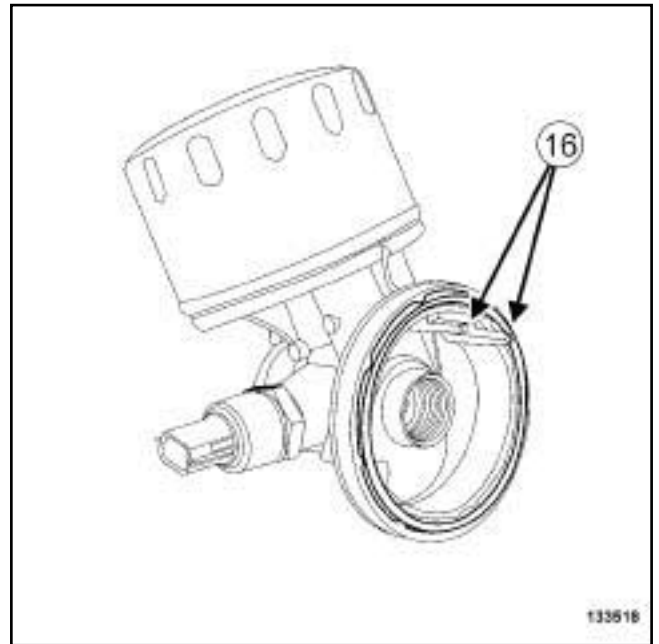
107306

- Refit new seals (14) and (15) on the oil-water heat exchanger.
- Apply soapy water to the two seals (15) in contact with the coolant pump inlet pipe.

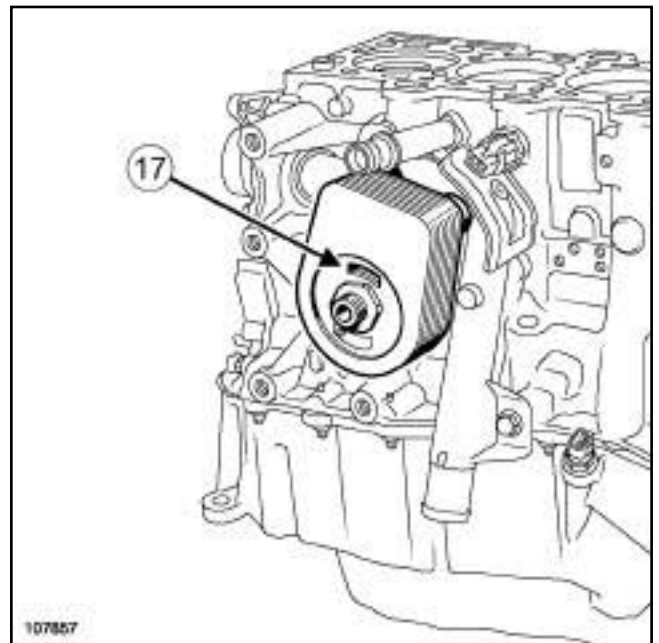
### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the oil-water heat exchanger.
- Torque tighten the **oil heat exchanger bolt (39 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION



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107857

- Refit:
  - a new seal in the housing of the oil filter support,
  - the oil filter support, positioning the lug (16) in the hole (17) of the oil-water heat exchanger.
- Refit the oil filter holder bolt.
- Torque tighten the **oil filter support bolt (28 N.m)**.
- Connect the oil pressure sensor connector.
- Refit the air outlet duct support on the fan assembly mounting.

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

## Oil-coolant heat exchanger: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

K9K, and 796

- Connect the air outlet duct to the intercooler.
- Fill the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**).
- Refit:
  - the closure panel component under the diesel filter,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the engine cover.
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**).

K9K

### Tightening torques

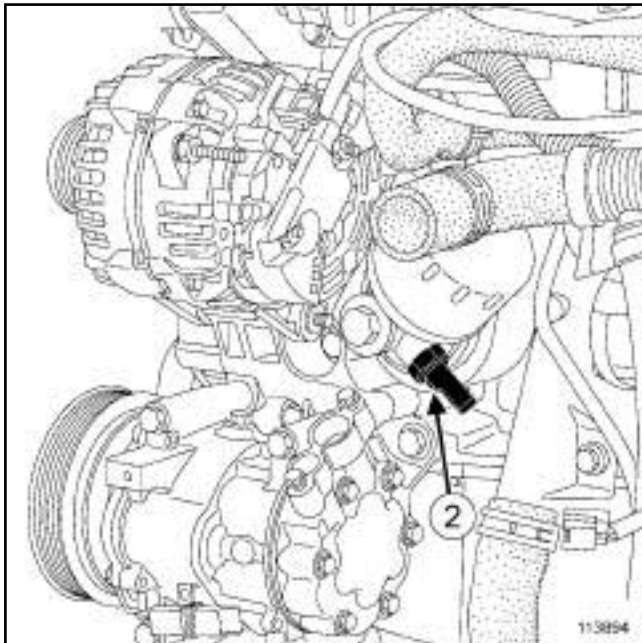
oil pressure sensor	33 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



113894

- Disconnect the oil pressure sensor connector.
- Remove the oil pressure sensor (2) using the.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the oil pressure sensor.
- Torque tighten the **oil pressure sensor (33 N.m)**.
- Connect the oil pressure sensor connector.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the engine undertray.



K4M

### Tightening torques

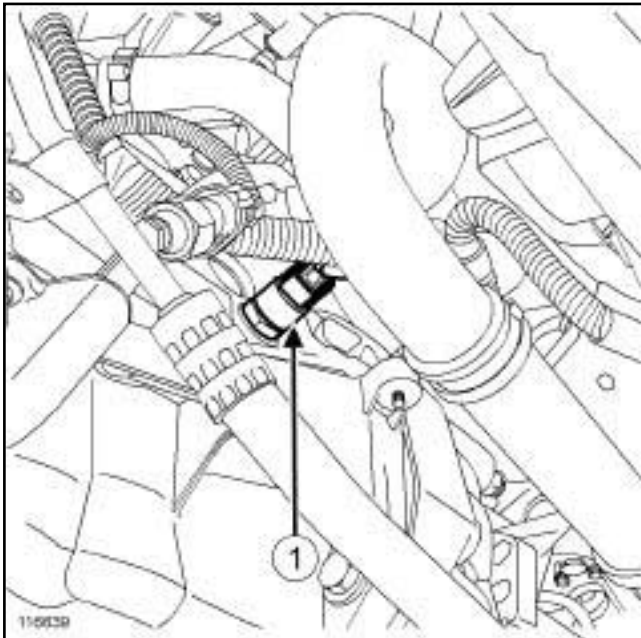
oil pressure sensor	35 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116639

- Disconnect the oil pressure sensor connector (1) .
- Remove the oil pressure sensor.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Degrease the mating face of the oil pressure sensor on the cylinder block using **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Refit the oil pressure sensor.
- Torque tighten the **oil pressure sensor (35 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the oil pressure sensor connector.
- Refit the engine undertray.

## Oil pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K

Tightening torques 

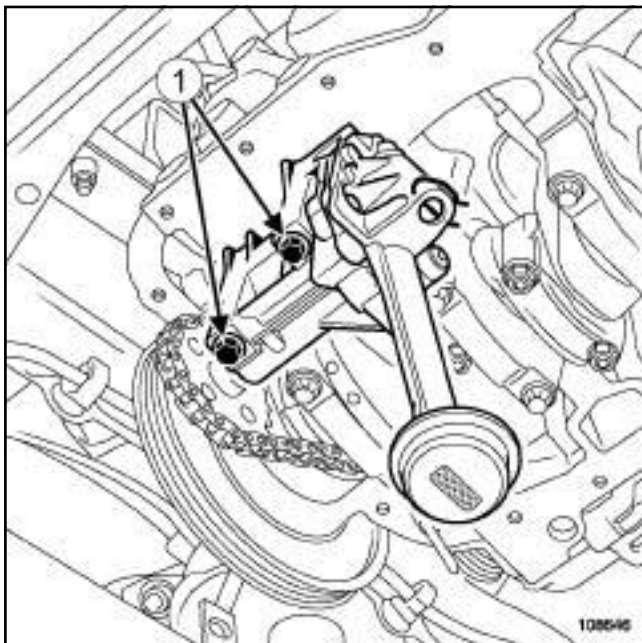
oil pump bolts 25 N.m

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Drain the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32) .
- Remove the sump (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Lower cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-9) .

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108646

- Remove:
  - the oil pump bolts (1) ,
  - the oil pump.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check for oil pump centering rings on the cylinder block.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the oil pump.
- Torque tighten the **oil pump bolts (25 N.m)**.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the sump (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Lower cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-9) .
- Top up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32) .

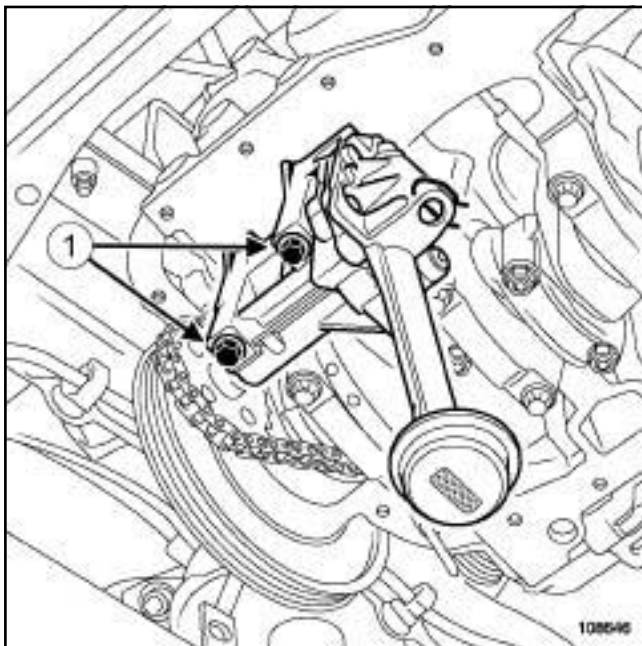
K4M

Tightening torques 

oil pump bolts	25 N.m
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**REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Drain the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32) .
- Remove the sump (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Lower cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-9) .

**II - REMOVAL OPERATION**

108646

- Remove:
  - the oil pump bolts (1) ,
  - the oil pump.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Check for centering rings on the oil pump.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Refit the oil pump.
- Torque tighten the **oil pump bolts (25 N.m)**.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit the sump (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Lower cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-9) .
- Top up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32) .

## Oil pressure: Check

K4M or K9K

### Oil pressure tables:

Engine	Minimum oil pressure (bar)		Maximum oil pressure (bar)
	Idling speed	3000 rpm	3000 rpm
D4D, D4F	1.5	3.9	5.3
K7J, K7M	1.3	3.7	5.0

Engine	Minimum oil pressure (bar)		Maximum oil pressure (bar)
	Idling speed	4000 rpm	4000 rpm
K4M	0.5	3.1	4.4
K9K	0.8	3.4	5.2

### End pieces to be used:

Engine	End pieces
D4D, D4F	C + F
K4M, K7J, K7M, K9K	E + C + F

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Always check the oil level using the dipstick.

Do not exceed the maximum level on the dipstick (could destroy the engine).

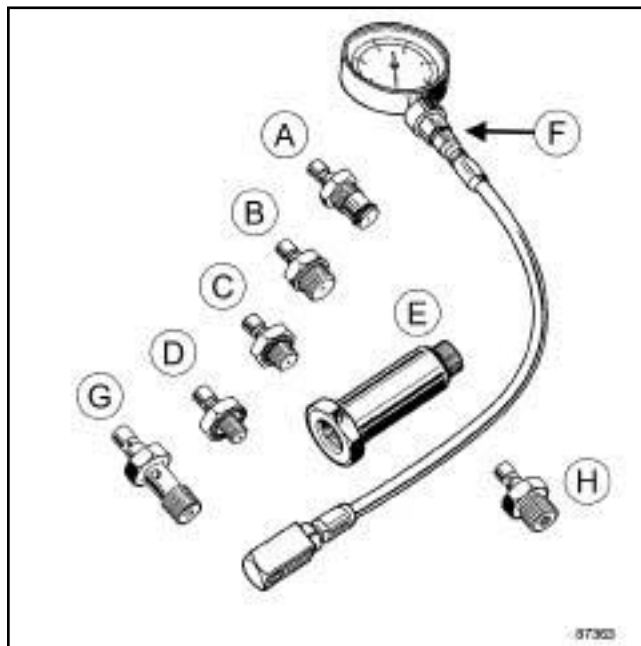
Correct the engine oil level if necessary before delivering the vehicle to the customer.

#### Note:

When topping up the engine oil, always leave at least **10 minutes** before checking the level with a dipstick.

### II - CHECK

- Remove the oil pressure sensor (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-42).



87363


- In place of the oil pressure sensor, fit the with suitable adapters using their a **22 mm** long socket.
- Start the vehicle.
- Monitor the engine oil pressure as the oil temperature rises (approximately **80°C** or the first time the engine cooling fan is activated); it should not be less than the pressure at idle speed.
- If the oil pressure is lower than the pressure at idle speed, check that:
  - the oil filter is not clogged,
  - dirt or swarf is not present in the engine oil,
  - the oil pump is in good condition and being correctly driven.
- Check the oil pressure in comparison with the values given in the table above.
- Switch off the engine.
- Remove the with the end pieces.
- Refit the oil pressure sensor (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-42).
- Wipe any oil run-off with a cloth.
- Wait at least **10 minutes**.
- Check the oil level using the dipstick.

## Oil pressure: Check

K4M or K9K

- Top up the engine oil level if necessary (see **Engine oil: Specifications**) .
- Start the vehicle and check that there are no oil leaks at the oil pressure sensor.

K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING

Tightening torques 	
multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block	<b>44 N.m</b>
lower bolt of the multifunction support on the sump	<b>25 N.m</b>

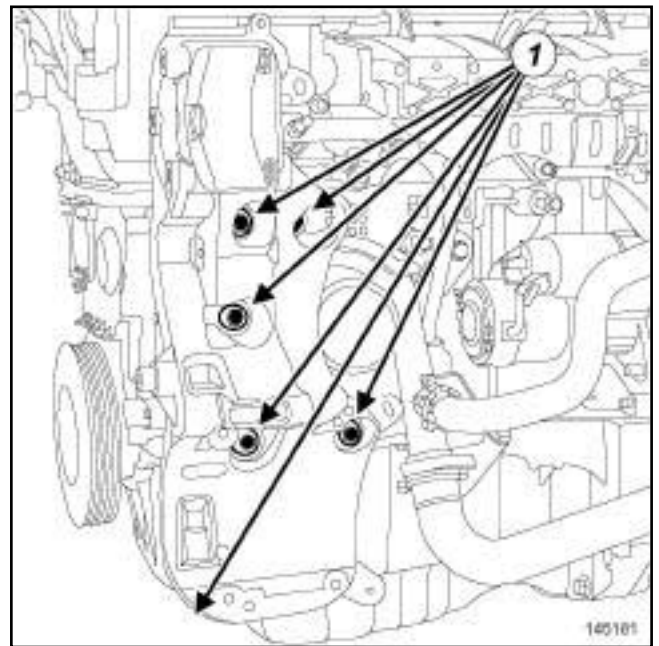
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the injector rail protector,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Disconnect fuel supply pipe on the injector rail.
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-2**),
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page **16A-1**).
- Remove (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering):
  - the bolt from the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the cylinder block,
  - the bolts from the power-assisted steering pump on the multifunction support (without opening the circuit).
- Attach the power-assisted steering pump to the front end panel.
- Disconnect the connector from the air conditioning compressor.

- Remove the air conditioning compressor bolts (without opening the circuit) (see **Compressor: Removal - Refitting**) (62A, Air conditioning).
- Attach the air conditioning compressor to the sub-frame.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



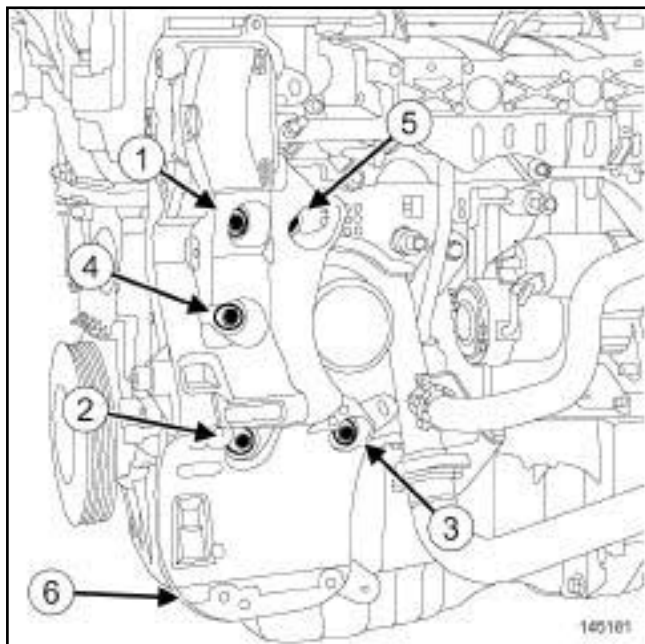
145181

- Remove:
  - the multifunction support bolts (1),
  - the multifunction support.

K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION




145181

- Refit the multifunction support.
  - Position bolts (1) to (6) without tightening them.
  - Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (1) and (2) on the cylinder block **5 N.m.**
  - Loosen bolts (1) and (2) of the multifunction support by one half-turn.
  - Pretighten the multifunction support bolt (6) on the sump **5 N.m.**
  - Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (1) and (2) on the cylinder block **5 N.m.**
  - Pretighten in order (3) , (4) , (5) , (6) the multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block (**5 N.m.**).
  - Torque tighten in order (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) , (5) the **multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block (44 N.m.)**.
  - Torque tighten the **lower bolt of the multifunction support on the sump (25 N.m) (6)** .
- Refit (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering):
    - the power-assisted steering pump,
    - the bolt of the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the cylinder block.
  - Refit:
    - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page 16A-1) ,
    - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .
  - Connect the fuel supply pipe on the injector rail.
  - Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
  - Refit:
    - the engine undertray,
    - the injector rail protector.
  - Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the air conditioning compressor (see **Compressor: Removal - Refitting**) (62A, Air conditioning).
- Connect the air conditioning compressor connector.

K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

Tightening torques 	
multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block	44 N.m
multifunction support bolt on the sump	25 N.m

### REMOVAL

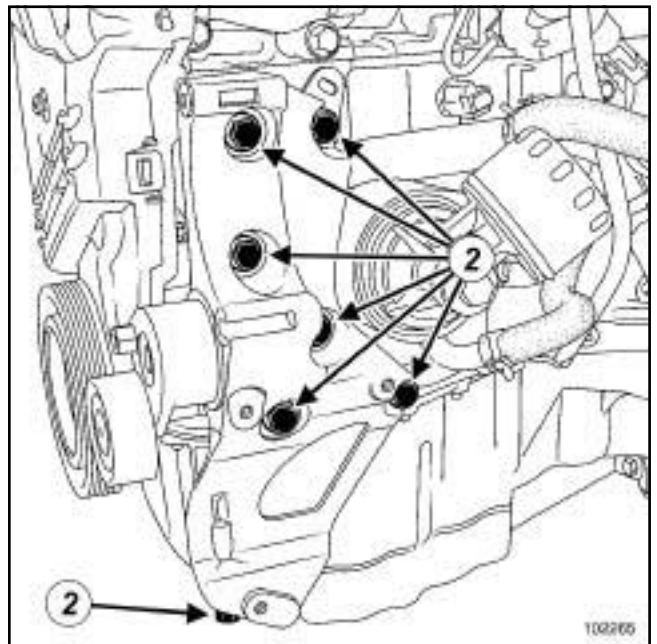
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page 16A-1) .

#### POWER ASSISTED STEERING

- Remove (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering):
  - the power-assisted steering pump bolts,
  - the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block.
- Attach the power-assisted steering pump to the front end panel.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

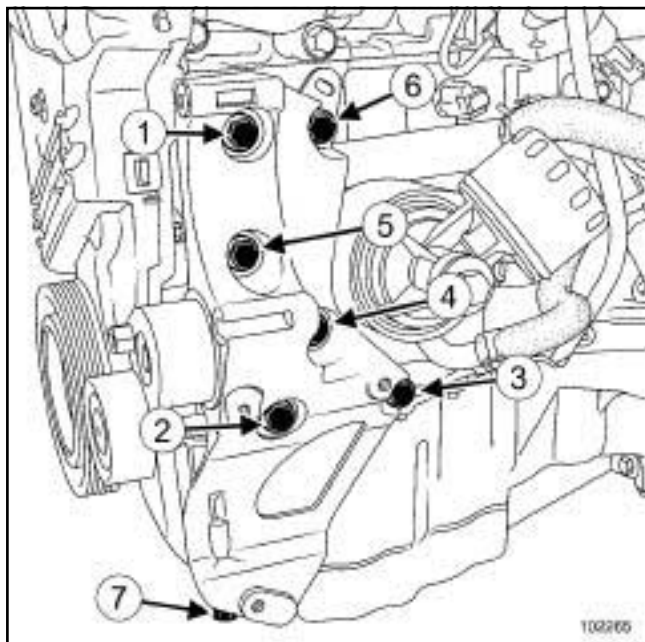


102265

- Remove:
  - the multifunction support bolts (2) ,
  - the multifunction support.



K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING OPERATION**

102265

- Refit the multifunction support.
- Position bolts (1) to (7) without tightening them.
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (1) and (2) on the cylinder block **5 N.m.**
- Loosen bolts (1) and (2) a half-turn.
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolt (7) on the sump **5 N.m.**
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (1) and (2) on the cylinder block **5 N.m.**
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (3) , (4) , (5) , (6) on the cylinder block **5 N.m.**
- Torque tighten in order (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) the **multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block (44 N.m).**
- Torque tighten the **multifunction support bolt on the sump (25 N.m) (7) .**

**II - FINAL OPERATION****POWER ASSISTED STEERING**


- Refit (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering):
  - the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the power-assisted steering pump bolts,

- the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block.

 Refit:

- the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page 16A-1) ,
- the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Refit the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

K9K

Tightening torques 	
multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block	<b>44 N.m</b>
multifunction support bolt on the sump	<b>25 N.m</b>

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-2**),
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page **16A-1**).

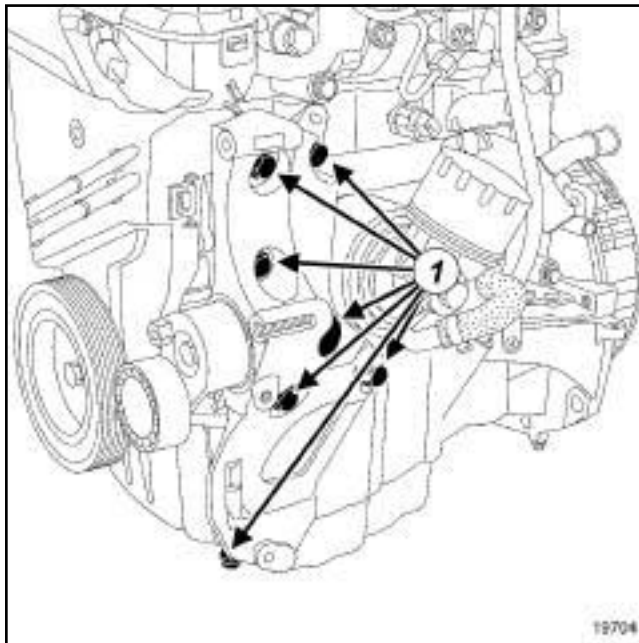
### POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

- Remove the bolts from the power-assisted steering pump on the multifunction support (without opening the circuit) (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering).
- Attach the power-assisted steering pump to the front end panel.

### AIR CONDITIONING

- Disconnect the air conditioning compressor connector.
- Remove the air conditioning compressor bolts (without opening the circuit) (see **Compressor: Removal - Refitting**) (62A, Air conditioning).
- Attach the air conditioning compressor to the lower front cross member.
- Unpick the wiring harness on the multifunction support.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

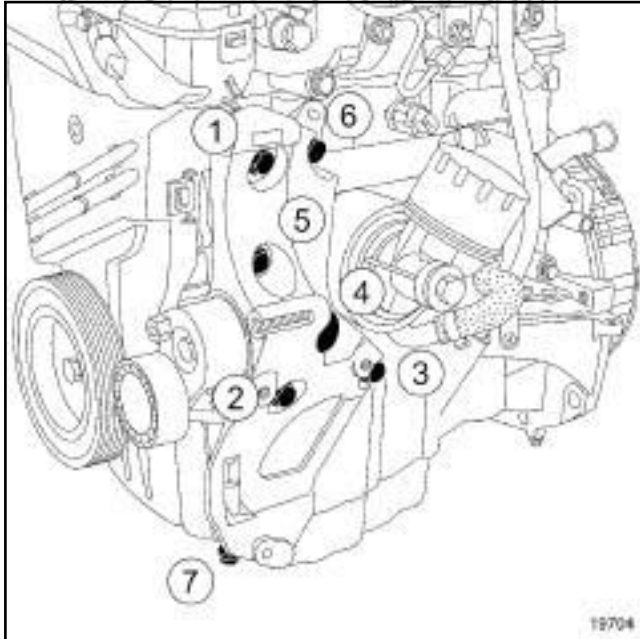


- Remove:
  - the multifunction support bolts (1),
  - the multifunction support.

K9K

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION



19704

- Refit the multifunction support.
- Position bolts (1) to (7) without tightening them.
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (1) and (2) on the cylinder block **5 N.m**.
- Loosen bolts (1) and (2) a half-turn.
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolt (7) on the sump **5 N.m**.
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (1) and (2) on the cylinder block **5 N.m**.
- Pretighten the multifunction support bolts (3) , (4) , (5) , (6) on the cylinder block **5 N.m**.
- Torque tighten in order (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) , (5) , (6) the **multifunction support bolts on the cylinder block (44 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten the **multifunction support bolt on the sump (25 N.m) (7)** .
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

K4M

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1448</b>	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.
<b>Mot. 1390</b>	Support for removal - refitting of engine - gearbox assembly

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

### Tightening torques

nut on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting	<b>62 N.m</b>
exhaust flange bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
anti-roll bar tie rod upper bolts	<b>37 N.m</b>
earth strap bolt on the gearbox	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle sub-frame	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox support	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the cylinder block	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent the vehicle from falling, lash it to the vehicle lift using a strap.

Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

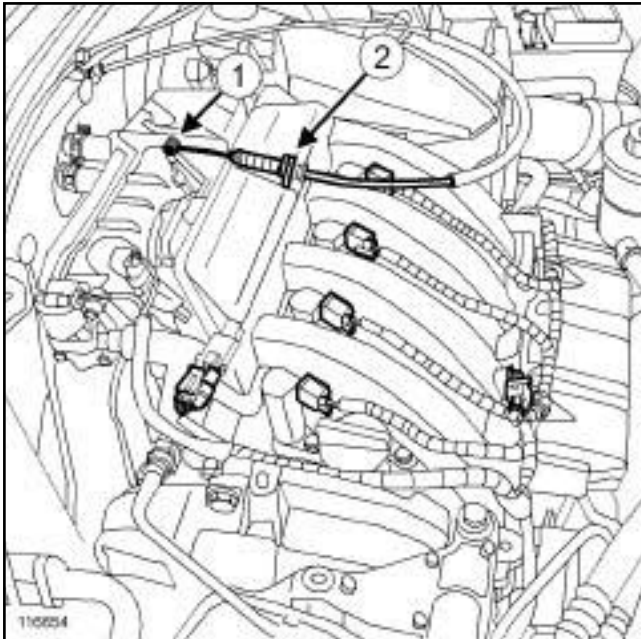
### AIR CONDITIONING

Drain the refrigerant circuit using the tool **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) (62A, Air conditioning).

Remove:

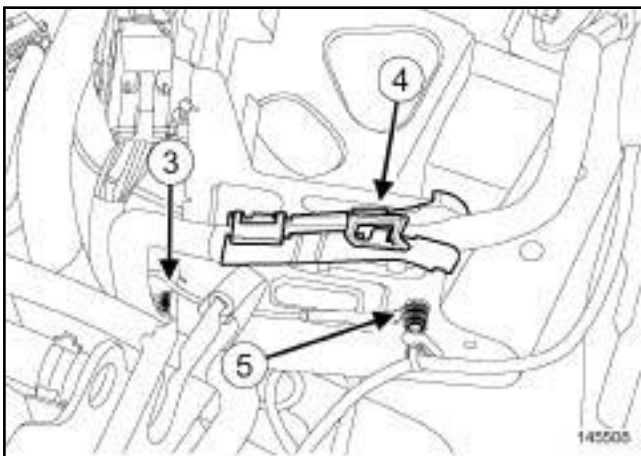
- the air inlet sleeve,
- the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery),
- the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) ,
- the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
- the injector rail protector,
- the battery tray,
- the injection computer (see **17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**, page 17B-7) .

K4M



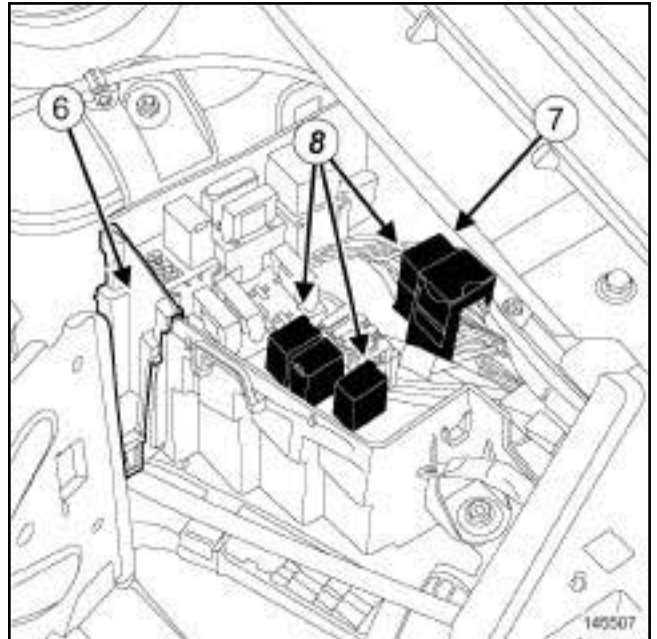
116654

- Disconnect the accelerator cable on the throttle valve at (1) .
- Remove the accelerator cable from the inlet distributor at (2) .



145508

- Remove the engine wiring bolt (3) on the battery mounting.
- Unclip the battery wiring at (4) .
- Remove the earth strap bolt (5) on the battery mounting.

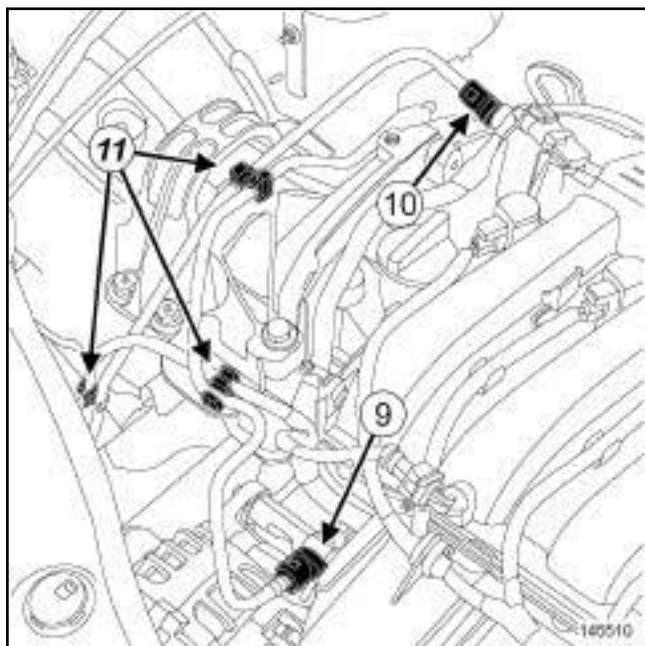


145507

- Remove the fuse and relay box cover.
- Remove the side protector (6) of the fuse and relay box.
- Disconnect the engine harness - front wiring connector (7) .
- Unclip the engine harness fuse holders and relays (8) from their mountings on the fuse and relay box in the engine compartment.
- Position the engine harness, fuses and relays on the engine.
- Remove:
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front wheel arch liners (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Drain:
  - the engine oil if necessary (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32) ,
  - the gearbox oil (see **Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**) (21A, Manual gearbox),

K4M

- the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .



145510

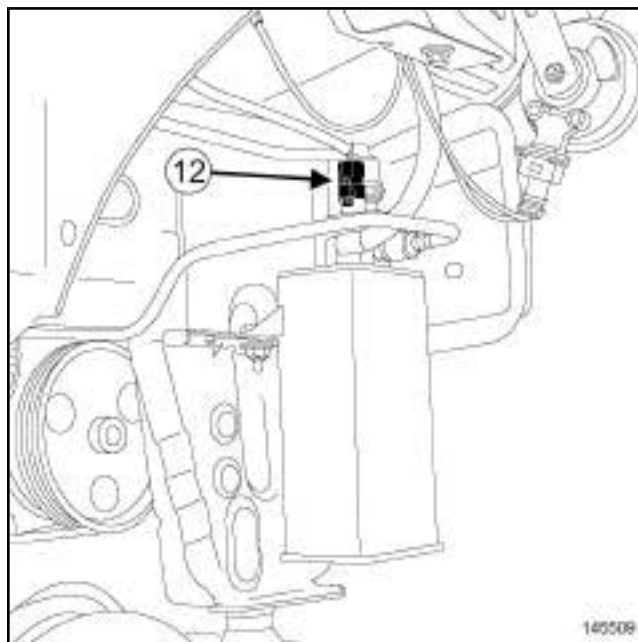
Disconnect:

- the fuel supply pipe (9) on the injector rail,
- the petrol vapour rebreather pipe (10) .

**WARNING**

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

- Fit blanking plugs on the fuel supply pipe.
- Unclip the pipes at (11) .

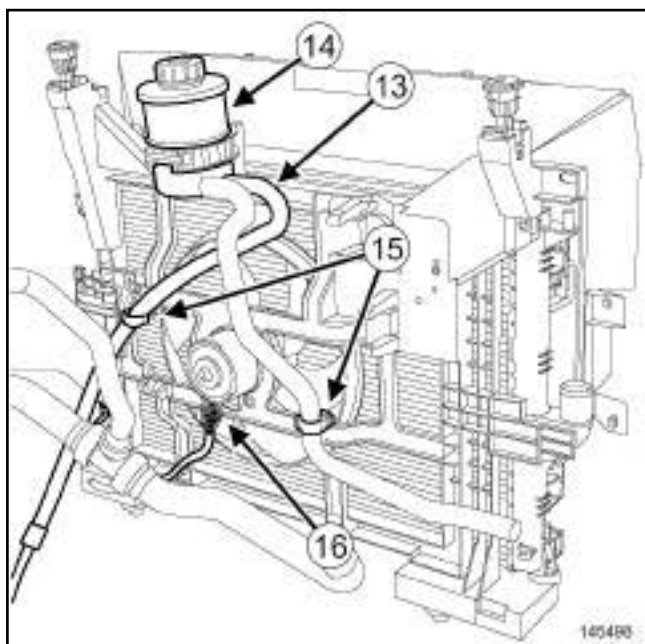


145509

- Disconnect the connector (12) from the fuel vapour recirculation solenoid valve.
- Disconnect (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering):
  - the power-assisted steering low pressure hose on the power-assisted steering pump using the (**Mot. 1448**) and drain the circuit,
  - the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the connector from the power-assisted steering pressure switch.

K4M

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



145498

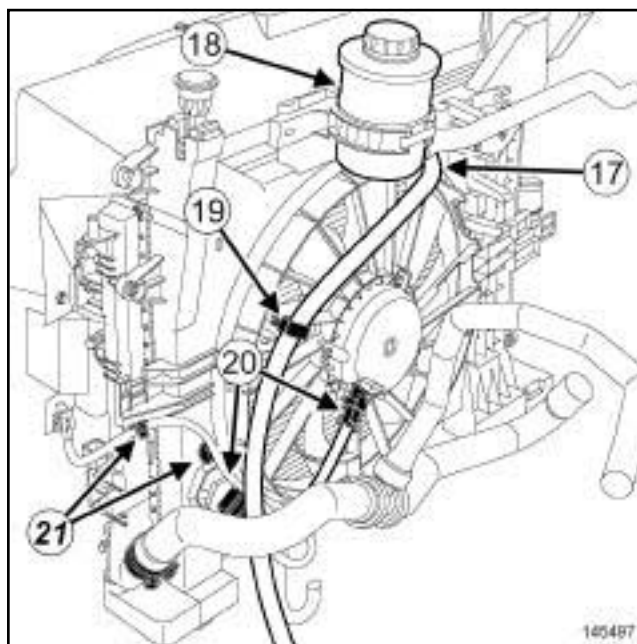
#### Remove:

- the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe (13) on the oil reservoir using the **(Mot. 1448)**,
- the power assisted steering oil reservoir (14) ,
- the bolt of the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the cylinder block.

Unclip the power-assisted steering pipes on the fan assembly mounting at (15) .

Disconnect the fan assembly connector (16) .

### AIR CONDITIONING



145497

#### Remove:

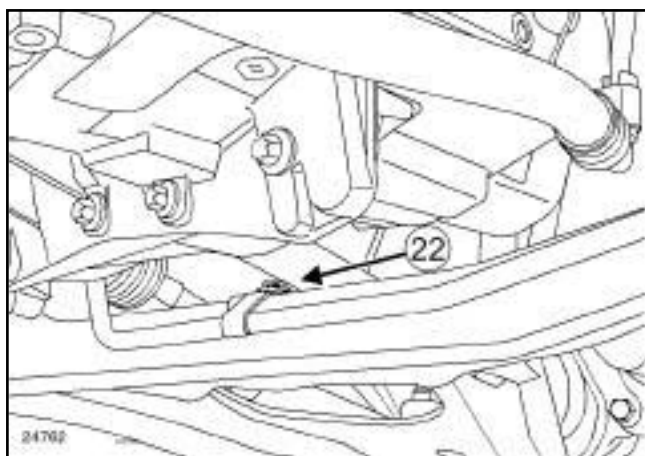
- the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe (17) on the oil reservoir using the **(Mot. 1448)**,
- the power assisted steering oil reservoir (18) ,
- the bolt of the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the cylinder block.

Unclip the power-assisted steering pipes on the fan assembly mounting at (19) .

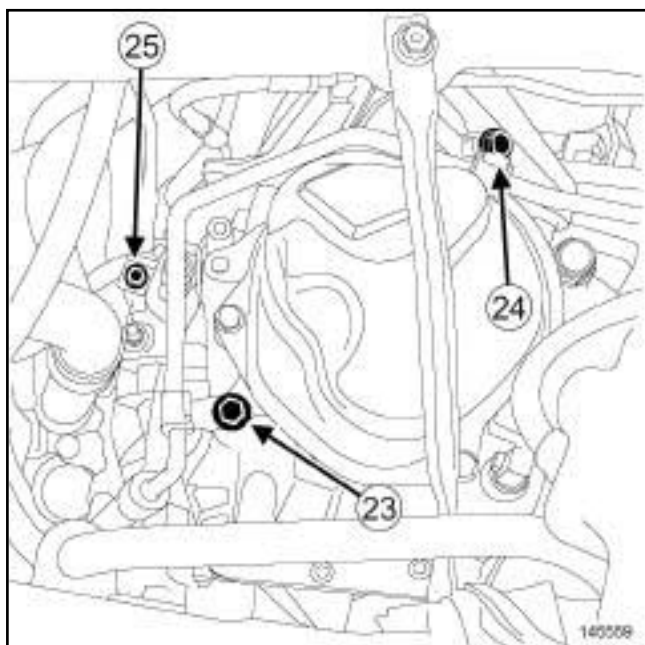
Disconnect the connectors (20) from the fan assembly.

Unclip the fan assembly wiring at (21) .

K4M



- ❑ Remove the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt (22) on the front axle subframe.



- ❑ Remove:
  - the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe bolt (23) on the gearbox,
  - the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe bolt (24) on the gearbox support,
  - the earth strap bolt (25) on the gearbox.

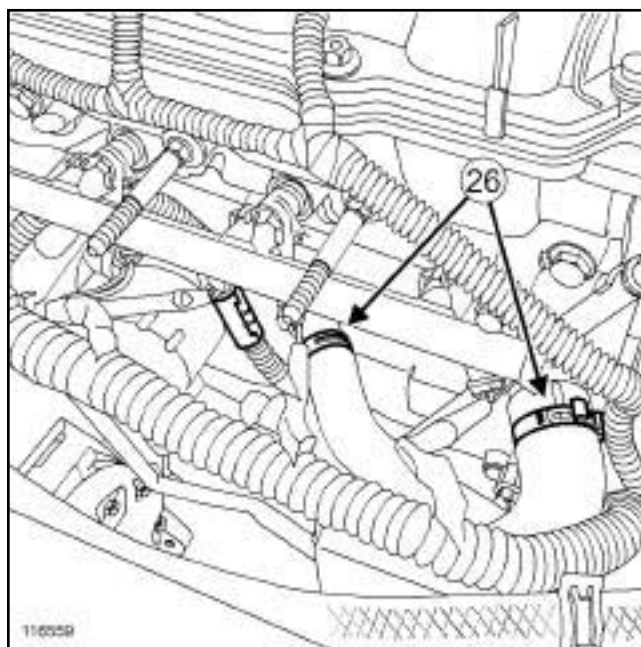
### AIR CONDITIONING

- ❑ Remove (see **Compressor: Removal - Refitting**) (62A, Air conditioning):
  - the pipe retaining bracket bolt on the compressor,
  - the pipe union bolts on the compressor.

#### Note:

Plugs must be fitted on the hoses to prevent moisture from entering the system.

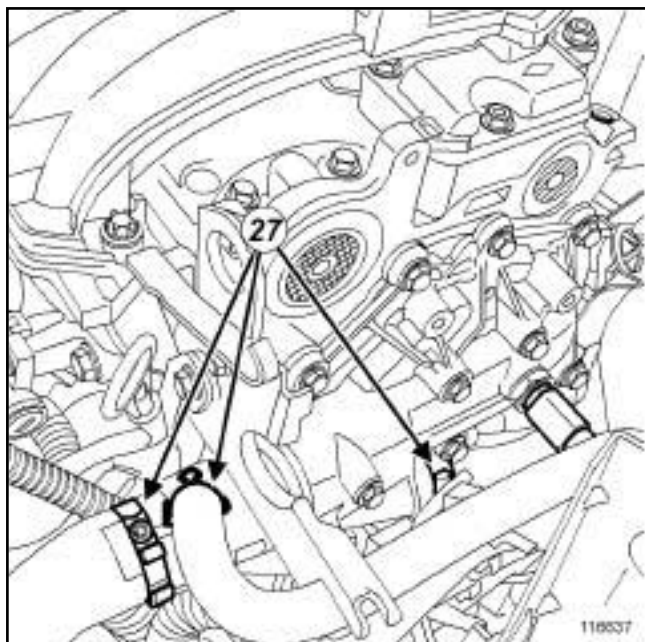
- ❑ Disconnect the compressor pipes.
- ❑ Fit blanking plugs in the pipe openings.
- ❑ Disconnect the air conditioning pressostat connector.



- ❑ Move aside the cooling hose clips (26) on the coolant pump inlet pipe using the **(Mot. 1448)**.
- ❑ Disconnect:
  - the cooling hoses on the coolant pump inlet pipe,
  - the vacuum pipe on the inlet distributor chamber.

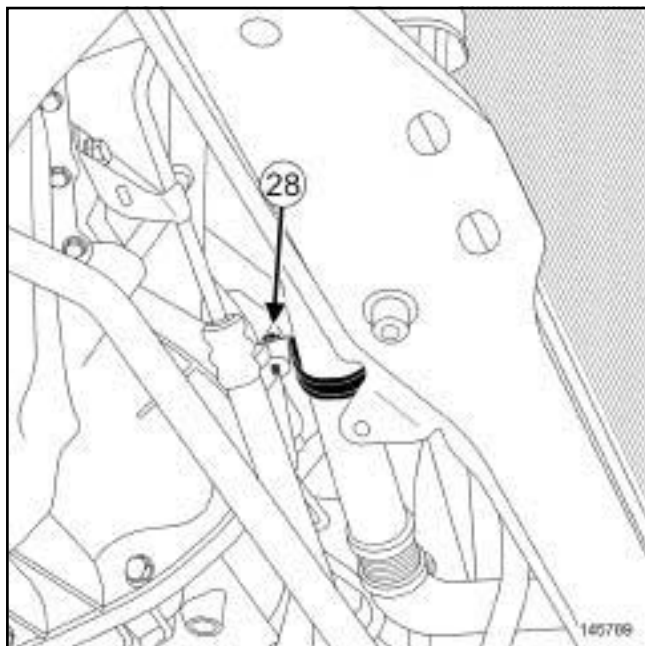


K4M



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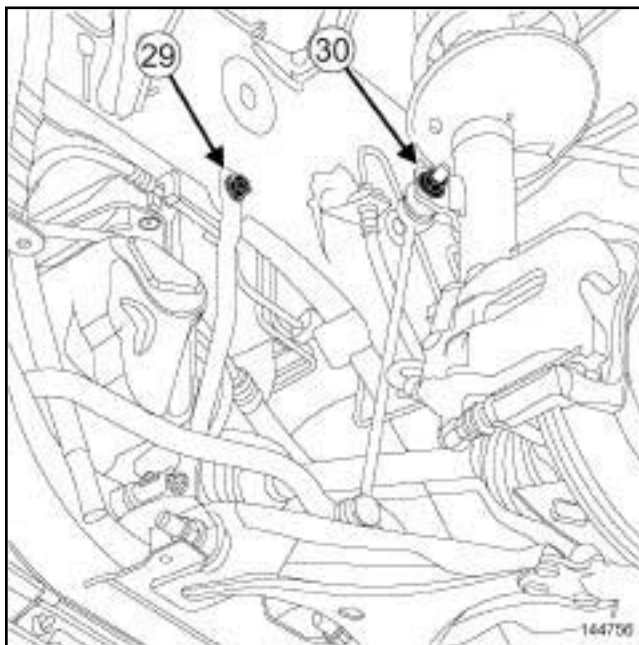
- Move aside the clips (27) of the coolant hoses on the water chamber using the (Mot. 1448).
- Disconnect the cooling hoses from the water chamber.
- Unclip the downstream oxygen sensor wiring on the steering box heat shield.
- Disconnect the downstream oxygen sensor connector.



145789

- Remove the cooling pipe support bolt (28) on the sump.

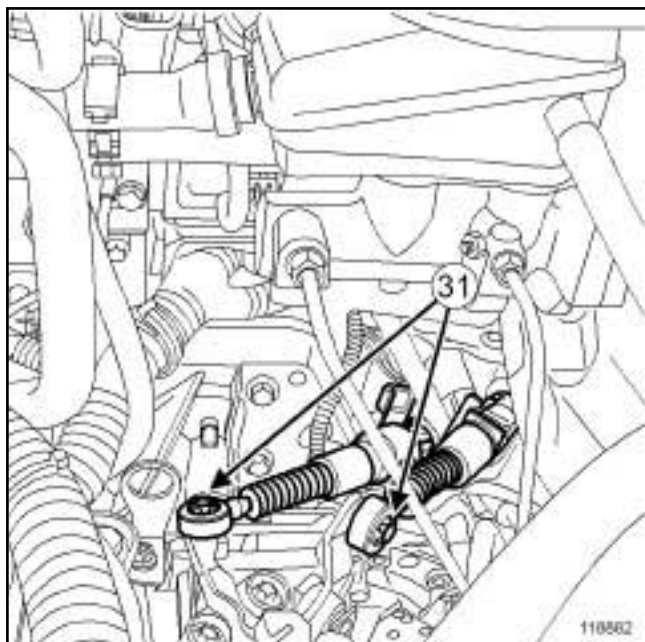
- Remove (see ) (36A, Steering assembly):
  - the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
  - the steering box heat shield,
  - the steering box bolts on the front axle subframe.
- Attach the steering rack to the body.



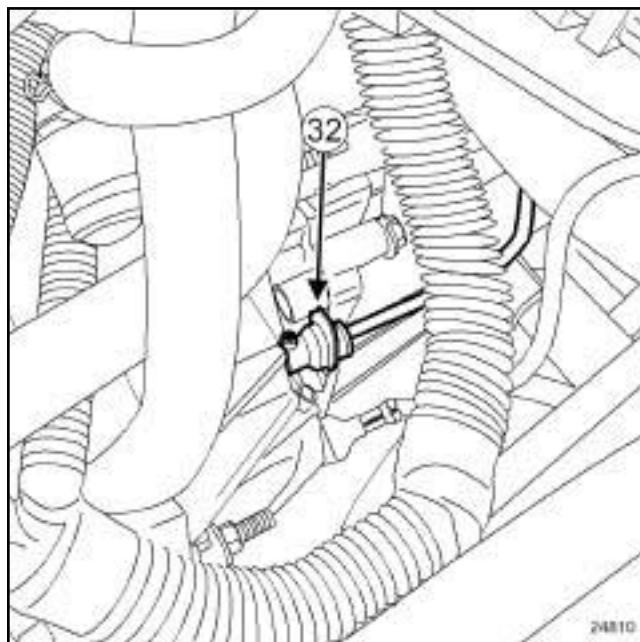
144756

- Remove:
  - the front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (29) ,
  - the anti-roll bar tie rod upper bolts (30) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel driveshaft (see **Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**) (29A, Driveshaft),
  - the front left-hand wheel driveshaft (see **Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**) (29A, Transmission).
- Pass the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe over the gearbox cover.

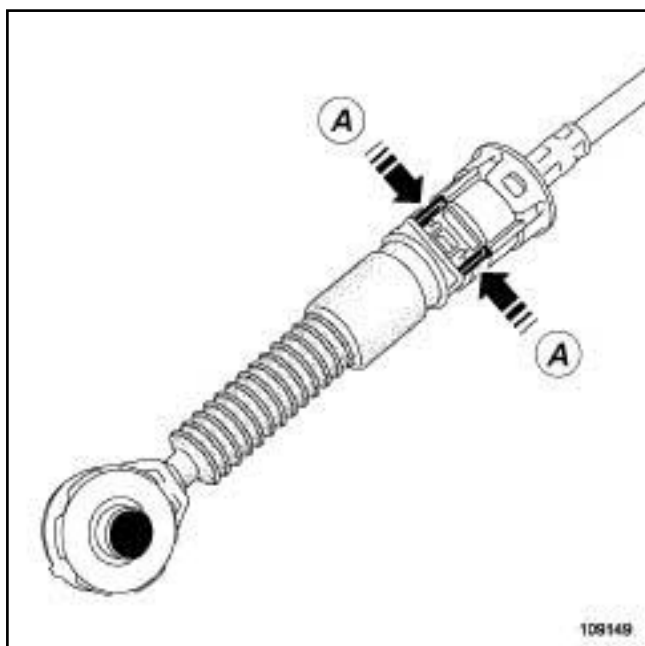
K4M



118882



24810



109149

- ❑ Unclip:
  - the gear control cables on the gearbox at (31) using a screwdriver,
  - the gear control cables from the sleeve stops by pressing at (A) .
- ❑ Move the gear control cables away from the gearbox.

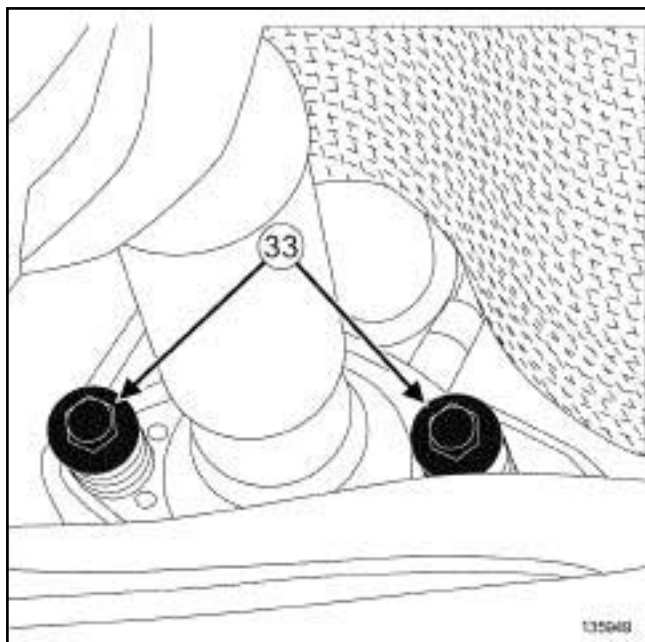
❑

### WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

- ❑ Disconnect the clutch control pipe on the clutch slave cylinder by pressing the clip (32) .
- ❑ Recover the brake fluid in a container.
- ❑ Fit blanking plugs on the pipe openings.
- ❑ Remove the lower engine tie-bar (see 19D, **Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-8) .

K4M



135949

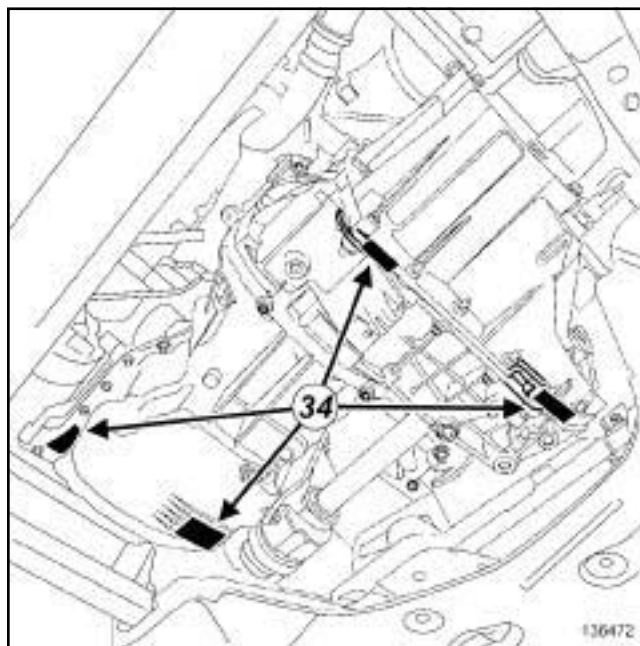
- Remove:
  - the bolts (33) from the exhaust flange,
  - the exhaust bracket ring.
- Move aside the exhaust pipe.

Note:

Pull the exhaust pipe backwards.

- Remove the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components).

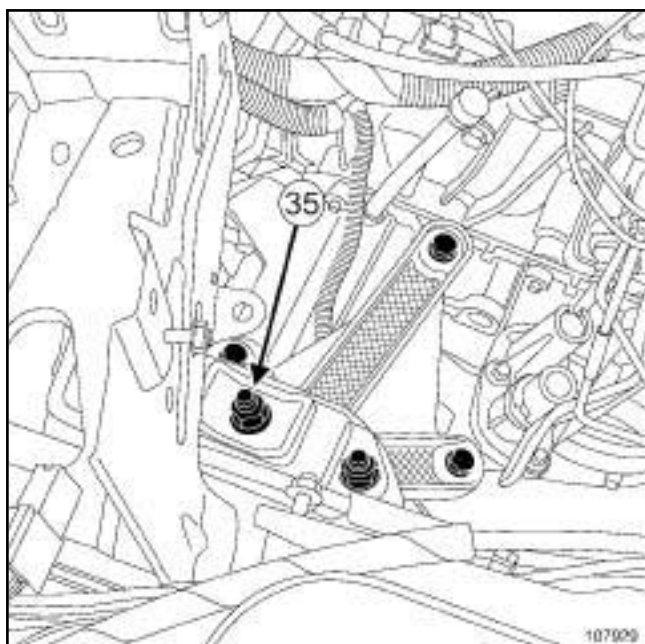
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



136472

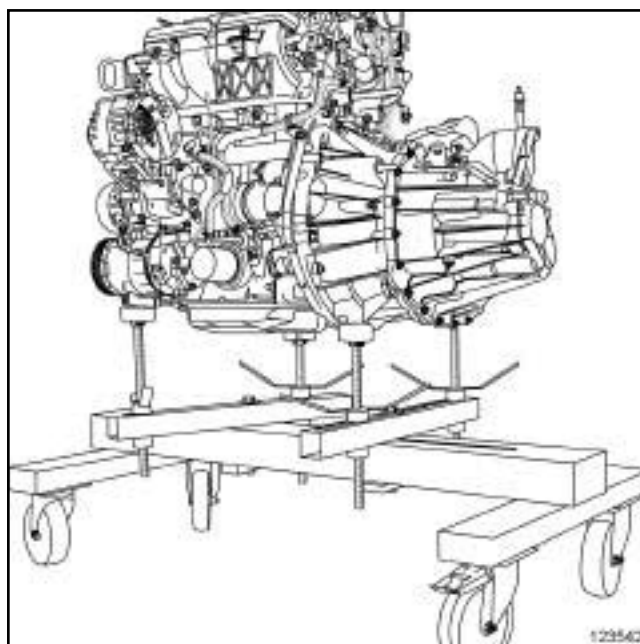
- Mark the positions of the suspended engine mountings on the body.
- Support the engine - gearbox assembly on the engine marks (34) using the **(Mot. 1390)**.
- Remove the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page **19D-4**).

K4M



107929

- Remove the nut (35) on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting.
- Strike the gearbox stud with a copper hammer to separate the engine - gearbox assembly from the body.



123542

- Lift the vehicle to remove the engine - gearbox assembly.

**Note:**

Ensure that no component obstructs the movement of the body around the engine - gearbox assembly.

- Remove the engine - gearbox assembly.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- For standard engine replacements (see **Engine: Standard replacement**) (Technical Note 6006A, 10A, Engine and peripherals).
- parts always to be replaced: ring between exhaust manifold and catalytic converter**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Fit the engine - gearbox assembly.
- Refit the nut on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting.
- Torque tighten the **nut on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting (62 N.m)**.
- Refit the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 19D-4**).

K4M

- Remove the **(Mot. 1390)** from the engine - gearbox assembly.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **exhaust flange bolts (21 N.m)**,
  - the **front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (21 N.m)**,
  - the **anti-roll bar tie rod upper bolts (37 N.m)**,
  - the **earth strap bolt on the gearbox (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox support (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m)**.
- Perform the following operations:
  - top up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page **10A-32**),
  - fill up the gearbox oil (see **Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**) (21A, Manual gearbox),
  - fill and bleed the cooling circuit (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**),
  - bleed the clutch circuit (see **Clutch circuit: Bleed**) (37A, Mechanical component controls).

- Check that there are no leaks.

### AIR CONDITIONING

- Fill the refrigerant circuit using the tool **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) (62A, Air conditioning).
- Fill up the power-assisted steering circuit.
- First, bleed the power-assisted steering circuit by turning the steering wheel fully from left to right with the engine off.
- Bleed the power-assisted steering circuit by turning the steering wheel fully from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the oil in the power-assisted steering oil reservoir.

K9K, and 796

Special tooling required	
<b>Mot. 1448</b>	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.
<b>Mot. 1390</b>	Support for removal - refitting of engine - gearbox assembly

Equipment required
refrigerant charging station

Tightening torques	
nut on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting	<b>62 N.m</b>
exhaust flange bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
anti-roll bar tie rod upper bolts	<b>37 N.m</b>
earth strap bolt on the gearbox	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox support	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the cylinder block	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



#### IMPORTANT

To prevent the vehicle from falling, lash it to the vehicle lift using a strap.

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

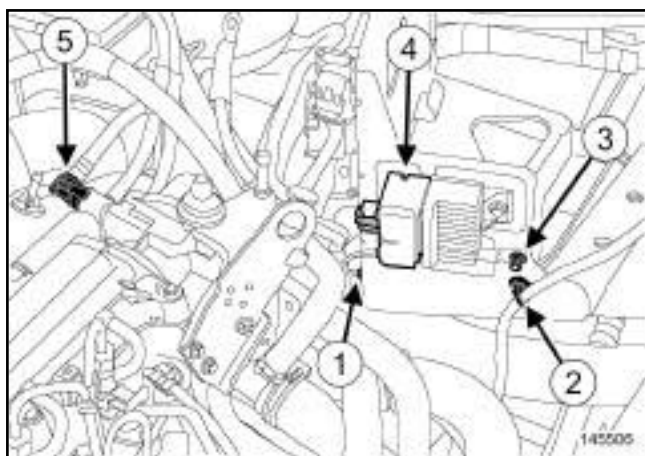
### AIR CONDITIONING

- Drain the refrigerant circuit using the tool **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) (62A, Air conditioning).

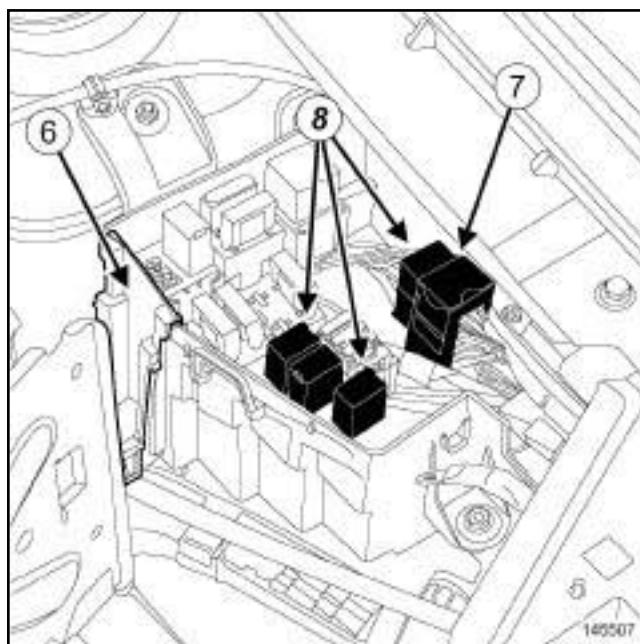
- Remove:

- the engine cover,
- the air inlet sleeve,
- the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
- the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery),
- the battery tray,
- the injection computer (see **17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**, page 17B-7) .

K9K, and 796



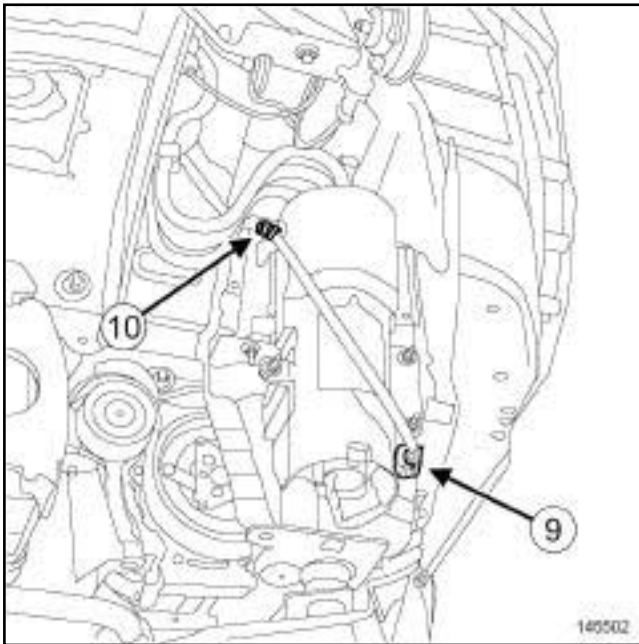
- Remove the engine wiring bolt (1) on the battery mounting.
- Unclip the battery wiring at (2) .
- Remove the earth strap bolt (3) on the battery mounting.
- Disconnect the connector (4) from the pre-postheating unit.
- Disconnect the non-return valve (5) at the vacuum pump.



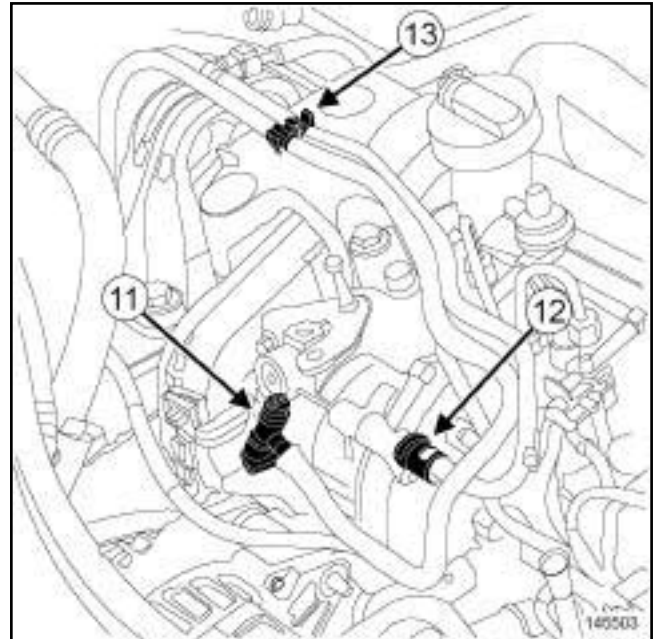
- Remove the fuse and relay box cover.
- Remove the side protector (6) of the fuse and relay box.
- Disconnect the engine harness - front wiring connector (7) .
- Unclip the engine harness fuse holders and relays (8) from their mountings on the fuse and relay box in the engine compartment.
- Position the engine harness, fuses and relays on the engine.
- Remove:
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front wheel arch liners (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Drain:
  - the engine oil if necessary (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling**, page 10A-32) ,
  - the gearbox oil (see **Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**) (21A, Manual gearbox),

K9K, and 796

- the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**).



- Disconnect the connector (9) from the water detection sensor on the diesel filter.
- Unclip the water detection connector on the diesel filter mounting at (10).



- Disconnect:
  - the fuel supply pipe (11),
  - the fuel return pipe (12).

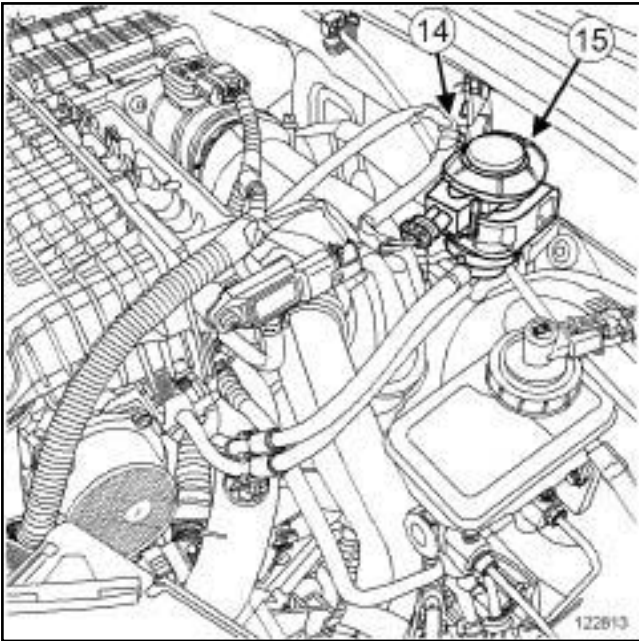
### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

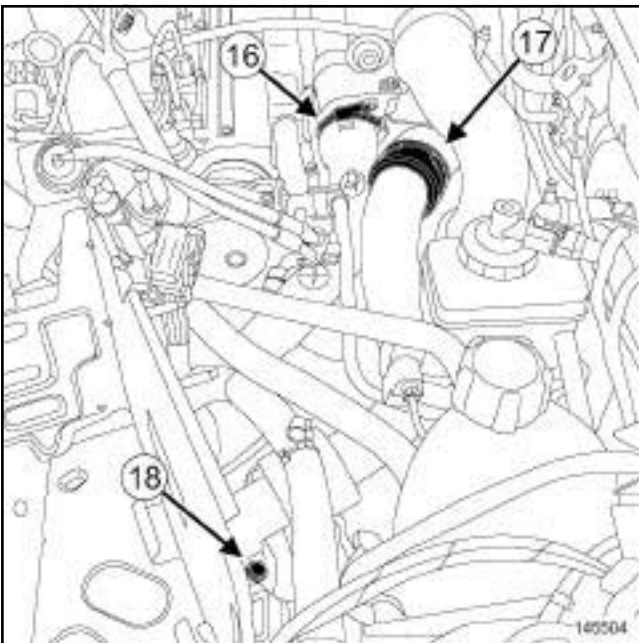
- Fit blanking plugs on the fuel supply pipe.
- Unclip the pipes at (13).
- Disconnect the intercooler ducts (see **12B, Turbo-charging, Intercooler: Removal - Refitting**, page **12B-8**).



K9K, and 796



122813



145504

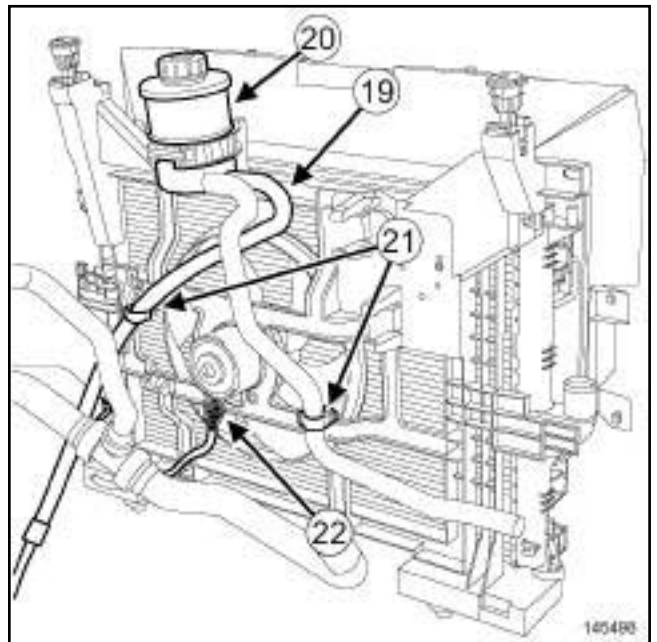
- Unclip:
  - the turbocharger control solenoid valve wiring at (14) ,
  - the turbocharger control solenoid valve (15) from its support.
- Disconnect:
  - the air duct (16) on the EGR assembly,
  - the air duct between the turbocharger and the intercooler at (17) .
- Remove:

- the air duct nut (18) on the gearbox,
- the intercooler air ducts.

- Disconnect (see **Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting**) (36B, Power-assisted steering):

- the power-assisted steering low pressure hose on the power-assisted steering pump using the (**Mot. 1448**) and drain the circuit,
- the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the connector from the power-assisted steering pressure switch.

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

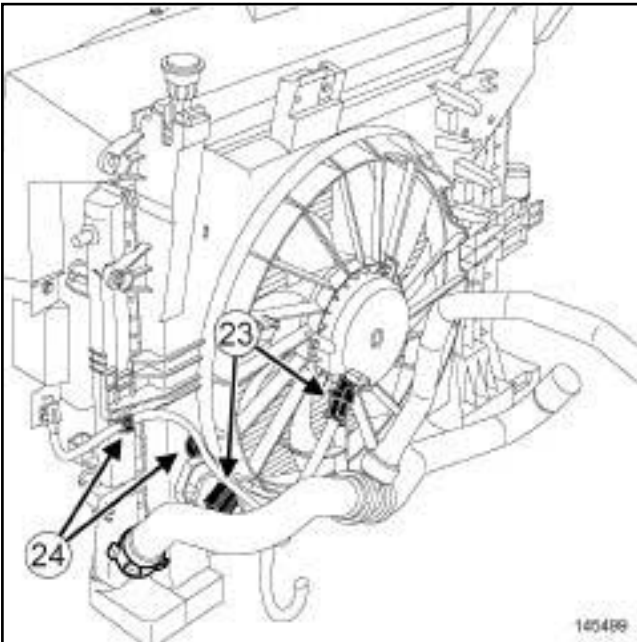


145498

- Remove:
  - the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe (19) on the oil reservoir using the (**Mot. 1448**),
  - the power assisted steering oil reservoir (20) ,
  - the bolt of the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe on the cylinder block.
- Unclip the power-assisted steering pipes on the fan assembly mounting at (21) .
- Disconnect the fan assembly connector (22) .

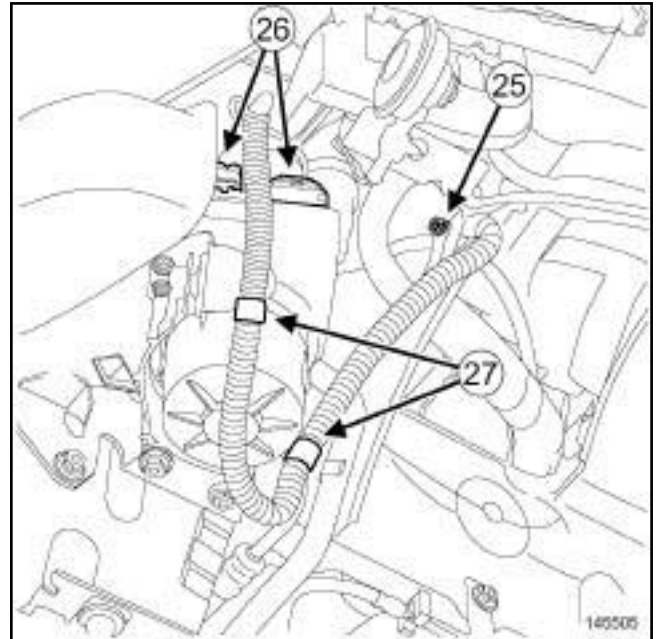
K9K, and 796

### AIR CONDITIONING



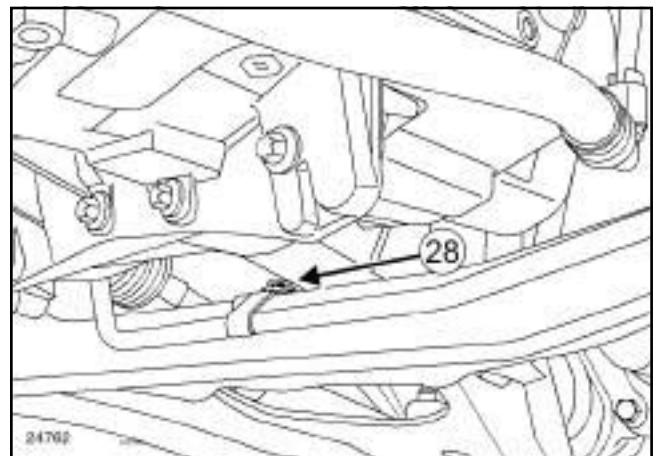
145499

- Remove the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block.
- Disconnect the connectors (23) from the fan assembly.
- Unclip the fan assembly wiring at (24) .



145505

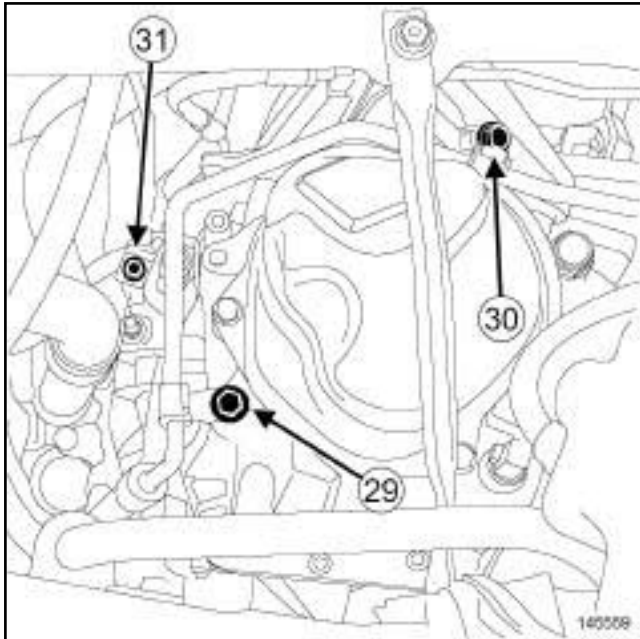
- Remove the earth strap bolt (25) on the body.
- Disconnect the pump assembly connectors (26) .
- Unclip the pump assembly wiring at (27) .



24762

- Remove the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt (28) on the front axle subframe.

K9K, and 796



145559

Remove:

- the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe bolt (29) on the gearbox,
- the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe bolt (30) on the gearbox support,
- the earth strap bolt (31) on the gearbox.

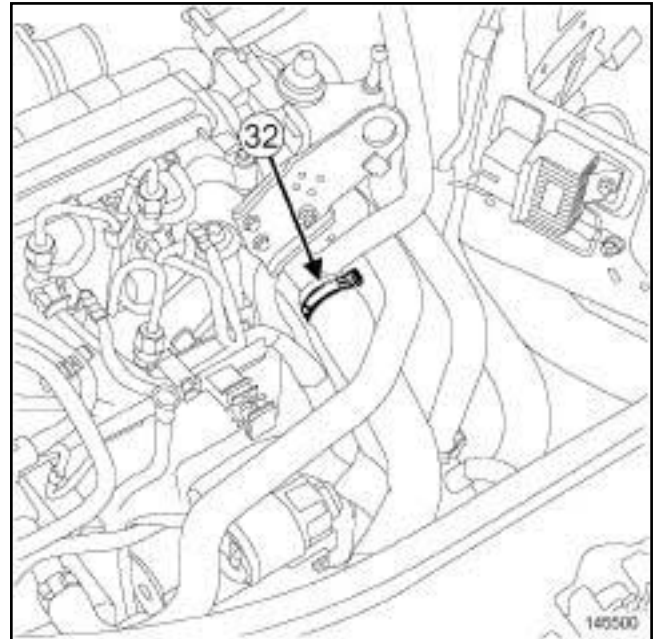
### AIR CONDITIONING

- Remove the bolts from the pipe unions on the compressor.
- Disconnect the compressor pipes.

**Note:**

Plugs must be fitted on the hoses to prevent moisture from entering the system.

- Fit blanking plugs in the pipe openings.
- Disconnect the air conditioning pressostat connector.
- Remove the expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle.



145500

- Move aside the cooling hose clip (32) on the water chamber using the (Mot. 1448).
- Disconnect the cooling hose on the water chamber.



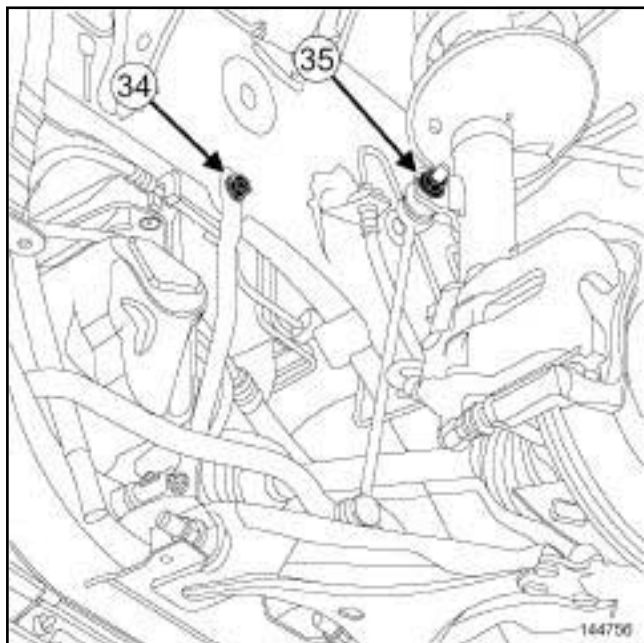
145501

- Move aside the cooling hose clips (33) on the heating radiator using the (Mot. 1448).
- Disconnect the cooling hoses on the heating radiator.
- Remove the cooling hoses from their mountings.
- Remove (see ) (36A, Steering assembly):
  - the steering box heat shield bolts,

K9K, and 796

- the steering box heat shield,
- the steering box bolts on the front axle subframe.

□ Attach the steering rack to the body.



144756

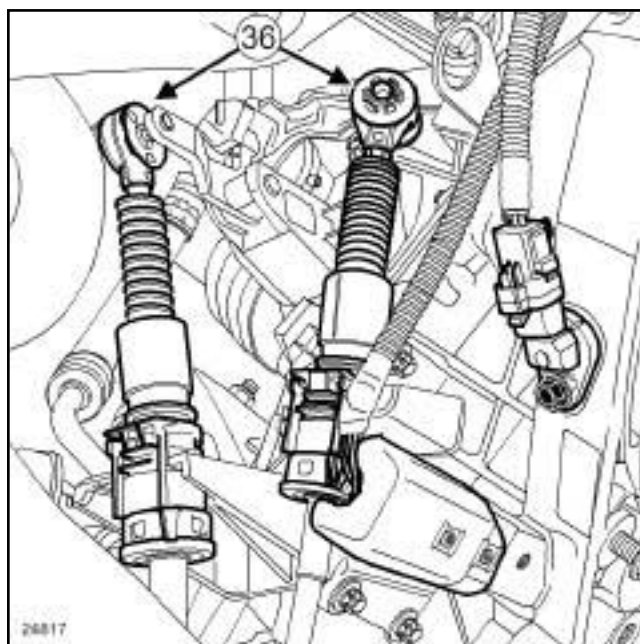
□ Remove:

- the front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (34) ,
- the anti-roll bar tie rod upper bolts (35) .

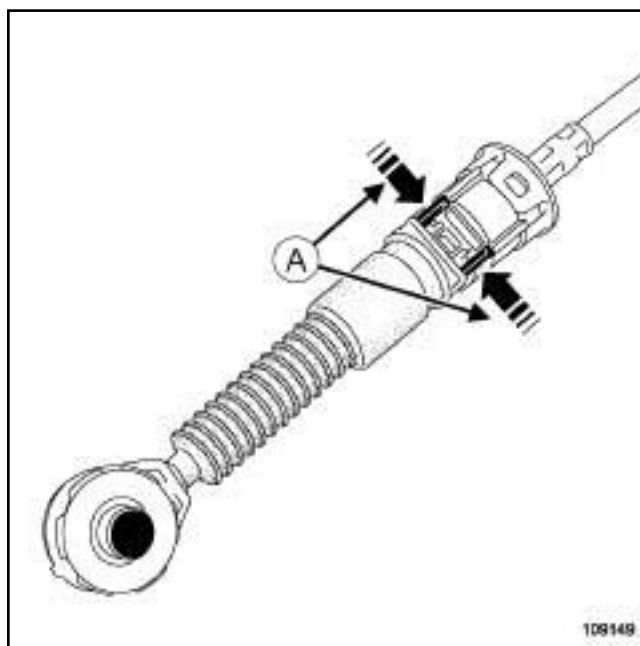
□ Remove:

- the front right-hand wheel driveshaft (see **Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**) (29A, Driveshaft),
- the front left-hand wheel driveshaft (see **Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**) (29A, Transmission).

□ Pass the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe over the gearbox cover.



24817



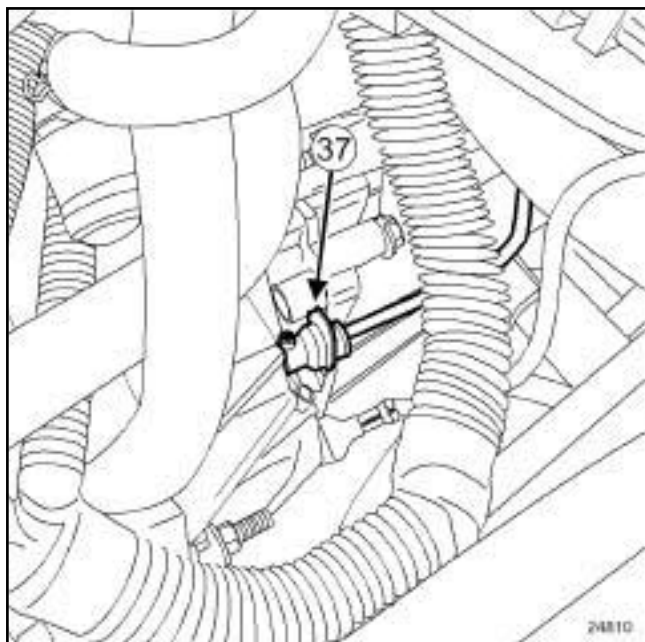
109149

□ Unclip:

- the gear control cables on the gearbox at (36) using a screwdriver,
- the gear control cables from the sleeve stops by pressing at (A) .

□ Move the gear control cables away from the gearbox.

K9K, and 796



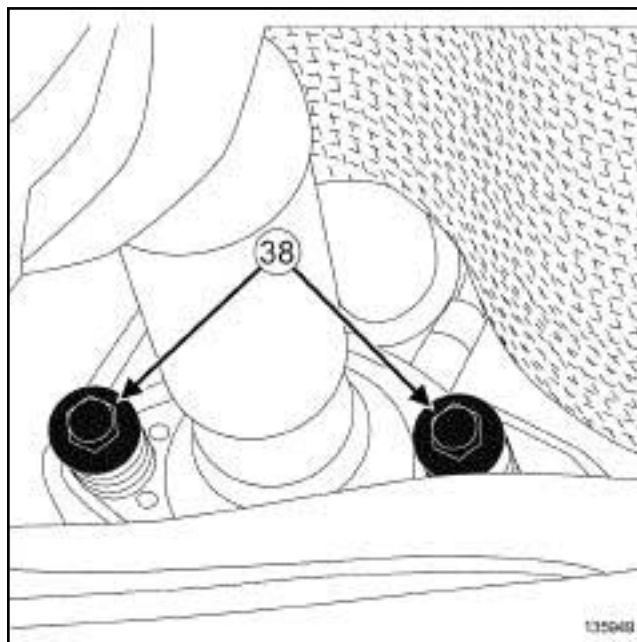
24810



### WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

- Disconnect the clutch control pipe on the clutch slave cylinder by pressing the clip (37) .
- Recover the brake fluid in a container.
- Fit blanking plugs in the pipe openings.
- Remove the lower engine tie-bar (see **19D, Engine mounting, Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-8) .



135949

- Remove:
  - the bolts (38) from the exhaust flange,
  - the exhaust bracket ring.
- Move aside the exhaust pipe.

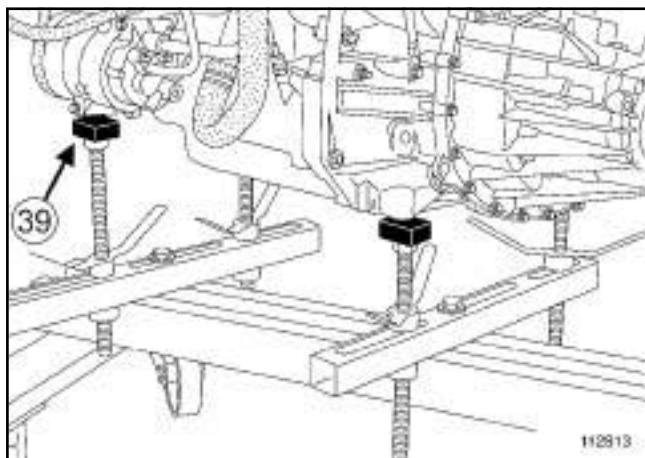
### Note:

Pull the exhaust pipe backwards.

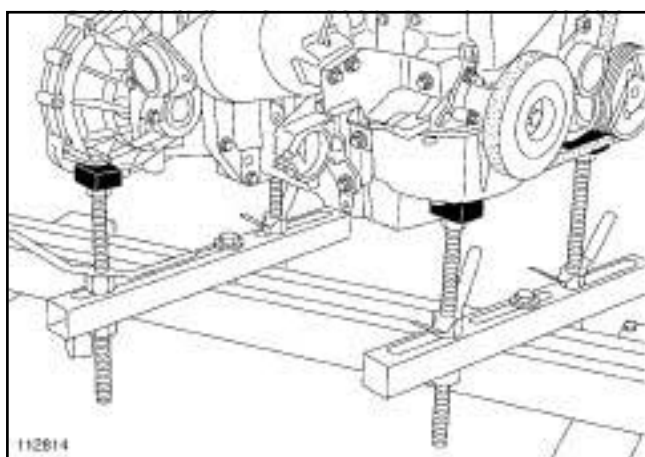
- Remove the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components).

K9K, and 796

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



112813



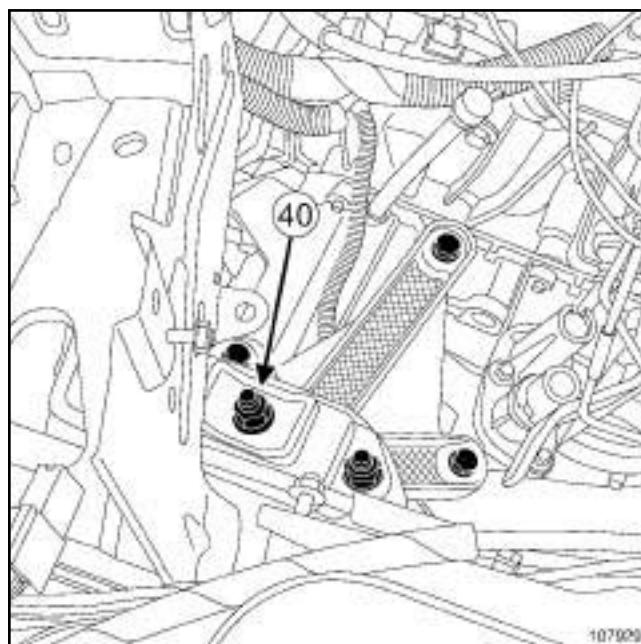
112814



Note:

Ensure that the **(Mot. 1390)** is correctly positioned on the multifunction support at **(39)**.

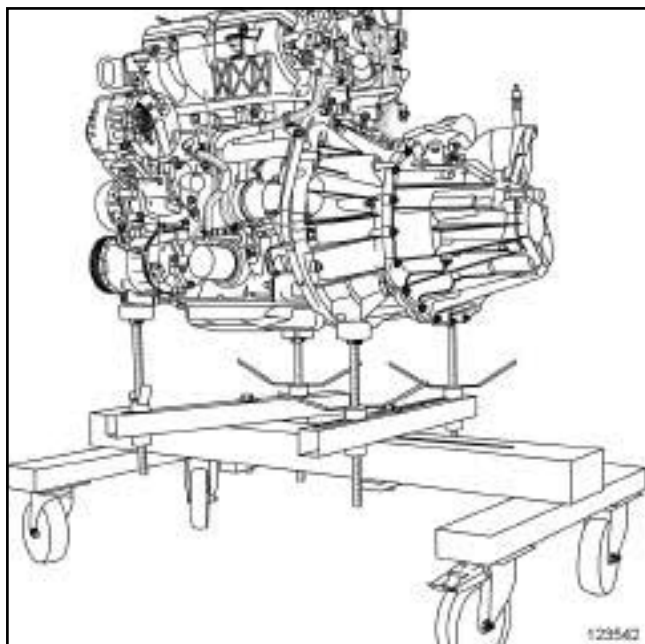
- Position the **(Mot. 1390)** under the engine - gearbox assembly.
- Remove the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 19D-4**).



107929

- Remove the nut **(40)** on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting.
- Strike the gearbox stud with a copper hammer to separate the engine - gearbox assembly from the body.

K9K, and 796



123542

- Lift the vehicle to remove the engine - gearbox assembly.

#### Note:

Ensure that no component obstructs the movement of the body around the engine - gearbox assembly.

- Remove the engine - gearbox assembly.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- For standard engine replacements (see **Engine: Standard replacement**) (Technical Note 6006A, 10A, Engine and peripherals).
- parts always to be replaced: ring between exhaust manifold and catalytic converter**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Fit the engine - gearbox assembly.
- Refit the nut on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting.
- Torque tighten the **nut on the rubber pad support of the left-hand suspended engine mounting (62 N.m)**.
- Refit the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 19D-4**).

- Remove the **(Mot. 1390)** from the engine - gearbox assembly.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **exhaust flange bolts (21 N.m)**,
  - the **front axle subframe tie-rod upper bolts (21 N.m)**,
  - the **anti-roll bar tie rod upper bolts (37 N.m)**,
  - the **earth strap bolt on the gearbox (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the front axle subframe (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox support (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolts on the gearbox (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m)**.
- Perform the following operations:
  - top up the engine oil (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Engine oil: Draining - Refilling, page 10A-32**),
  - fill up the gearbox oil (see **Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**) (21A, Manual gearbox),
  - fill and bleed the cooling circuit (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling, page 19A-6**),
  - bleed the clutch circuit (see **Clutch circuit: Bleed**) (37A, Mechanical component controls).

### AIR CONDITIONING

- Fill the refrigerant circuit using the tool **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) (62A, Air conditioning).

- Fill up the power-assisted steering circuit.
- First, bleed the power-assisted steering circuit by turning the steering wheel fully from left to right with the engine off.
- Bleed the power-assisted steering circuit by turning the steering wheel fully from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the oil in the power-assisted steering oil reservoir.

# ENGINE AND CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY

## Engine - gearbox assembly: Removal - Refitting

# 10A

K9K, and 796

- Check that there are no leaks.



## Flywheel: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Tightening torques

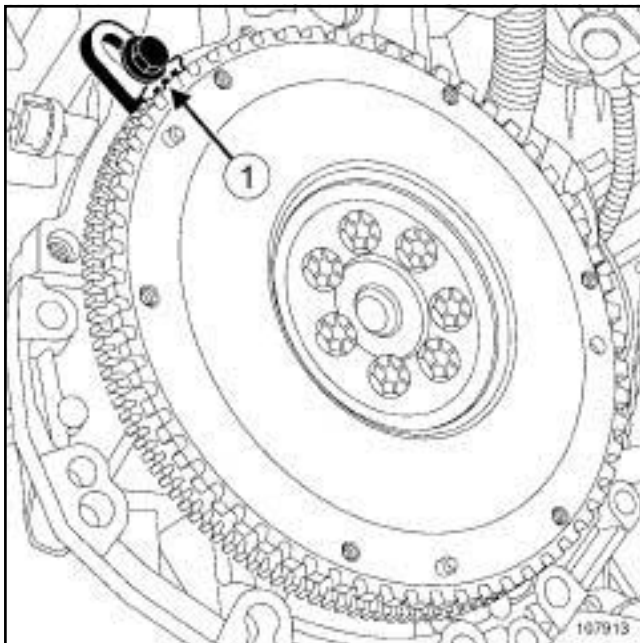
flywheel bolts	25 N.m + 50° ± 6°
----------------	-------------------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the gearbox (see **Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the clutch pressure plate (see **Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting**) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



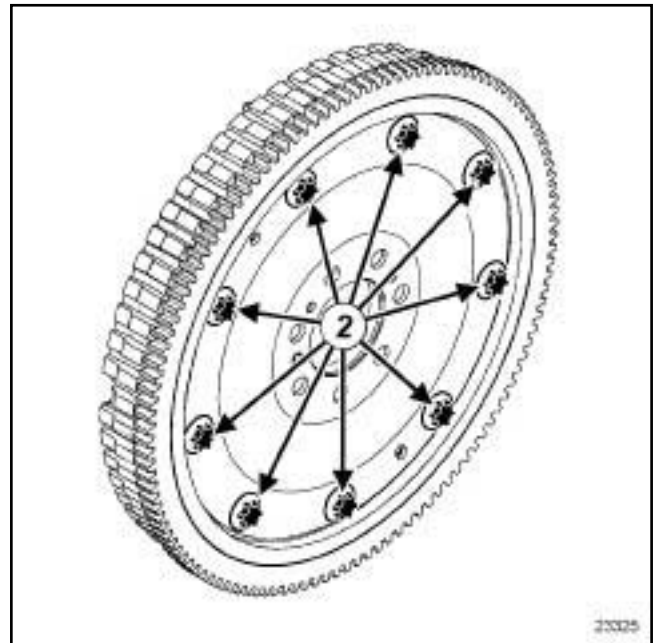
107913

- Lock the engine using the (1) .
- Remove:
  - the flywheel bolts,
  - the flywheel,
  - the.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the condition of the flywheel.
- On the crankshaft, clean the flywheel bolt threading.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the flywheel bearing face if reusing,
  - the crankshaft bearing face.
- parts always to be replaced: Flywheel bolts.**
- Coat the new flywheel bolts using **FRENETANCHE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



23325

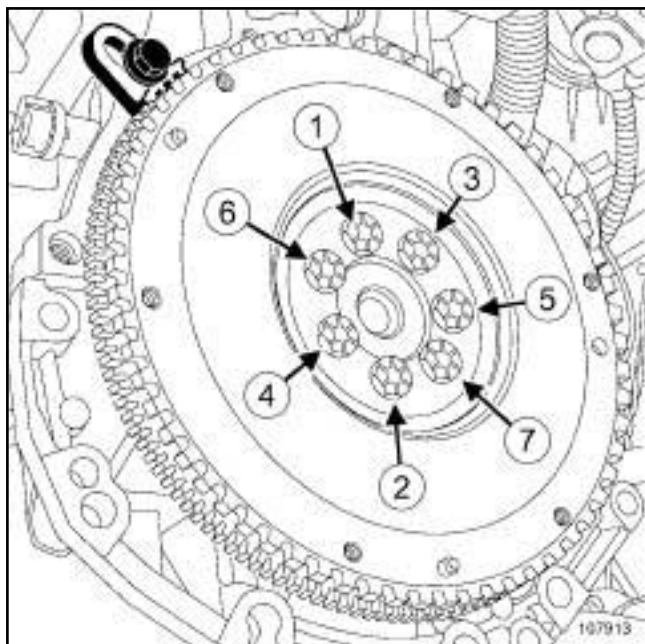
### WARNING

Do not remove the bolts (2) from the flywheel drive plate.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the flywheel.

K4M



107913

- Screw in the new flywheel bolts without tightening them.
- Lock the engine using the.
- Torque tighten in order the **flywheel bolts (25 N.m + 50° ± 6°)**.
- Remove the tool.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the clutch pressure plate (see **Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the gearbox (see **Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**) .

## Flywheel: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Tightening torques

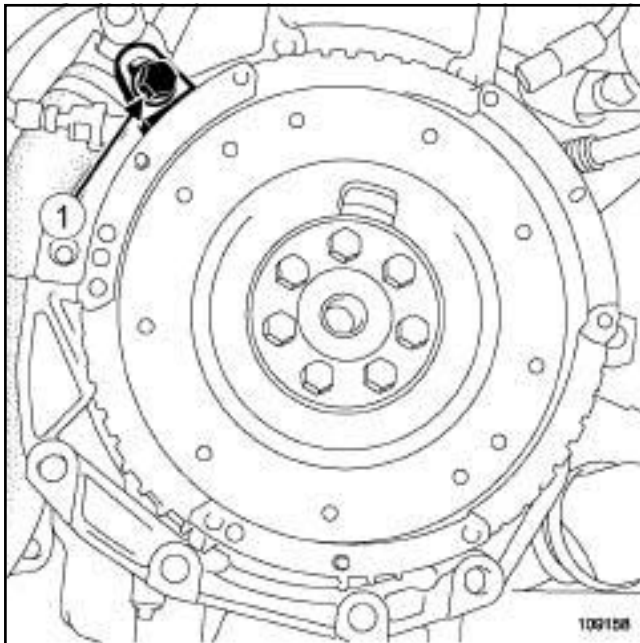
flywheel bolts	55 N.m
----------------	--------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the manual gearbox (see **Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the clutch pressure plate (see **Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting**) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



109158

- Lock the flywheel with the(1).
- Remove the flywheel bolts.
- Remove:
  - the flywheel,
  - the.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

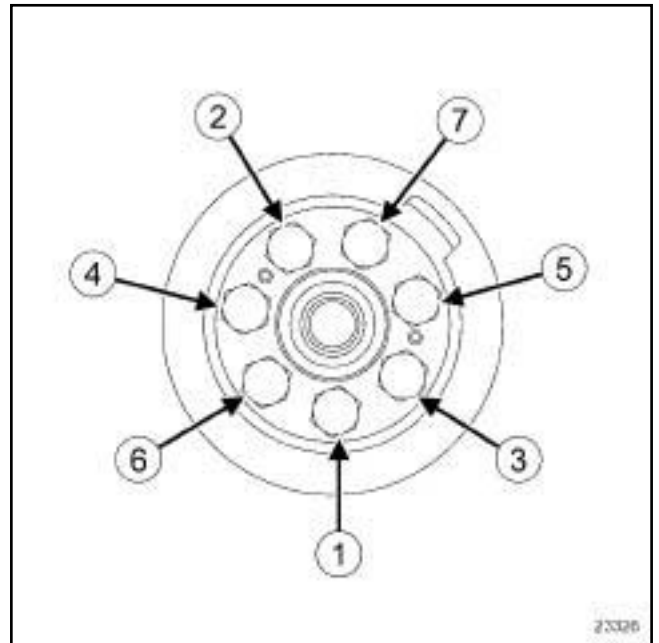
- Check the condition of the flywheel.
- parts always to be replaced: Flywheel bolts.**

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:

- the crankshaft bearing face on the flywheel if re-used,
- the flywheel pressure face on the crankshaft,
- the flywheel threading.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the flywheel.
- Coat the new flywheel bolts with **FRENETCH** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



23326

- Lock the flywheel using tool.
- Tighten to torque and in order the **flywheel bolts (55 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the clutch pressure plate (see **Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the manual gearbox (see **Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**) .

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Pressure at end of compression: Check

# 11A

K4M

### Equipment required

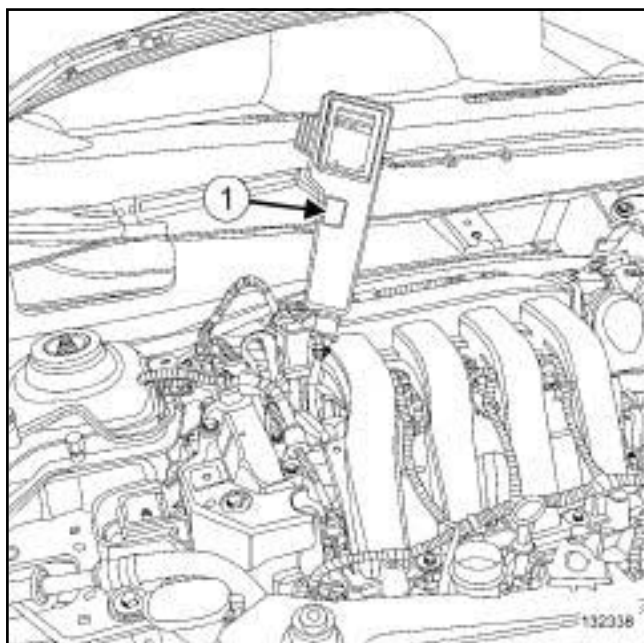
petrol compression gauge

Diagnostic tool

## CHECK

### I - PREPARATION OPERATION FOR CHECK

- Remove:
  - the coils (see **17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**, page **17A-1**),
  - the spark plugs (see **Plugs: Removal - Refitting**).



132338

- Connect a **petrol compression gauge (1)**.
- Put the vehicle under starting conditions:
  - gear lever in neutral position for manual gearbox,
  - gear lever in position P (park) for an automatic gearbox.
- Disconnect the injector connectors.

### II - TEST OPERATION

- Activate the starter until the needle of the petrol compression gauge stabilises.
- Measure the compression of the engine, cylinder by cylinder.

- Fully depress the accelerator pedal in order to open the throttle valve during the compression measurements.

#### Note:

It is necessary to wait for at least **10 seconds** before starting the engine each time (the starter will not run due to its thermal protection).

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Disconnect the **petrol compression gauge**.
- Refit:
  - the spark plugs (see **Plugs: Removal - Refitting**),
  - the coils (see **17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**, page **17A-1**).
- Connect the injector connectors.
- Using the **Diagnostic tool**, check that there are no faults stored in the computer.
- Start the vehicle.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### Equipment required

offset spanner

### Tightening torques

new accessories belt	40 N.m
tensioning roller bolt	

### WARNING

Do not run the engine without the accessories belt to avoid damaging the crankshaft accessories pulley.

### WARNING

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

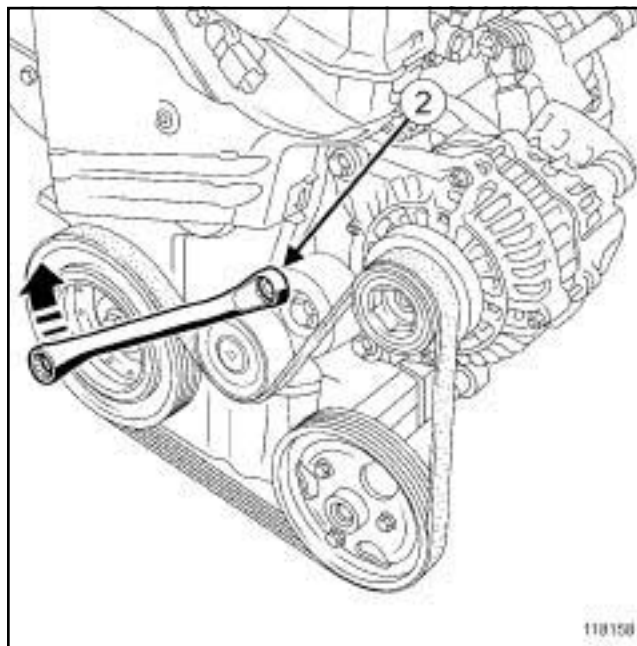
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front wheel arch side liner,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner partially (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the plastic shield underneath the diesel filter.

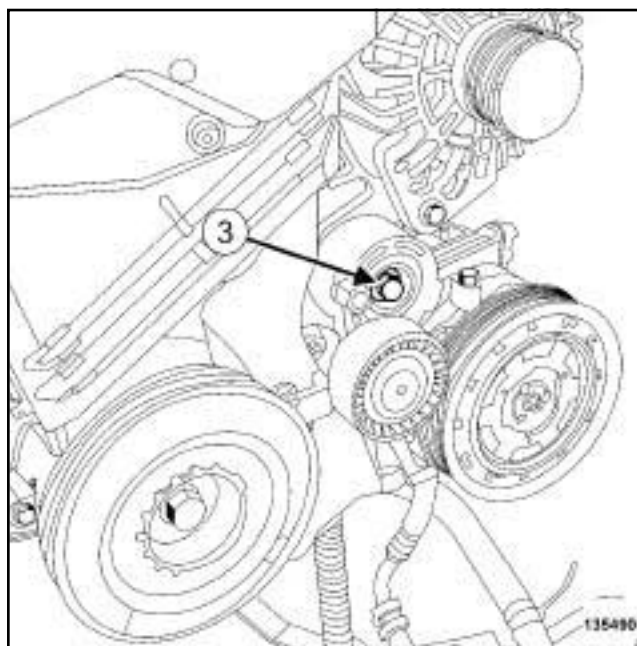
### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

#### Auto tensioner



118158

- Turn the accessories belt tensioning roller clockwise at (2) using a **16 mm offset spanner**.
- Remove the accessories belt.



135490

- Remove:
  - the accessories belt tensioning roller bolt (3) ,
  - the accessories belt tension wheel.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

##### WARNING

Only use brushes with plastic or non-corrosive metal (brass) bristles.

- Use a brush to remove any deposits from the crankshaft accessories pulley V-grooves.
- parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt**
- parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt tensioning roller**
- parts always to be replaced: Accessories tensioning roller bolt**

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit a new accessories belt tensioning roller.

##### Auto tensioner

- Torque tighten the **new accessories belt tensioning roller bolt (40 N.m)**.
- Refit a new accessories belt.
- Rotate the crankshaft clockwise through two revolutions (timing end).

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front wheel arch side liner,
  - the plastic shield underneath the diesel filter,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

### Tightening torques

tensioning roller bolt	40 N.m
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### WARNING

Do not run the engine without the accessories belt to avoid damaging the crankshaft accessories pulley.

### WARNING

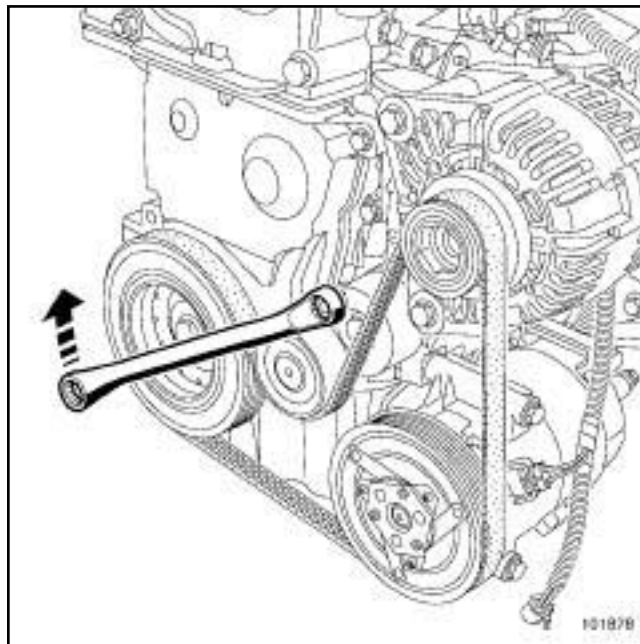
In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner partially (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the plastic shield underneath the diesel filter.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



101878

- Rotate the accessories belt auto tensioner clockwise using a **16 mm** offset wrench.
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt,
  - the accessories belt tension wheel.

## REFITTING

### I - REPAIR PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt.**
- parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt tensioning roller**
- parts always to be replaced: Accessories tensioning roller bolt**

### WARNING

Only use brushes with plastic or non-corrosive metal (brass) bristles.

- To remove all deposits, use a brush to clean the grooves of:
  - the crankshaft pulley,
  - the air conditioning compressor pulley,
  - the alternator pulley,
- Refit a new tensioning roller fitted with a new bolt.
- Tighten to torque the **tensioning roller bolt (40 N.m)**.

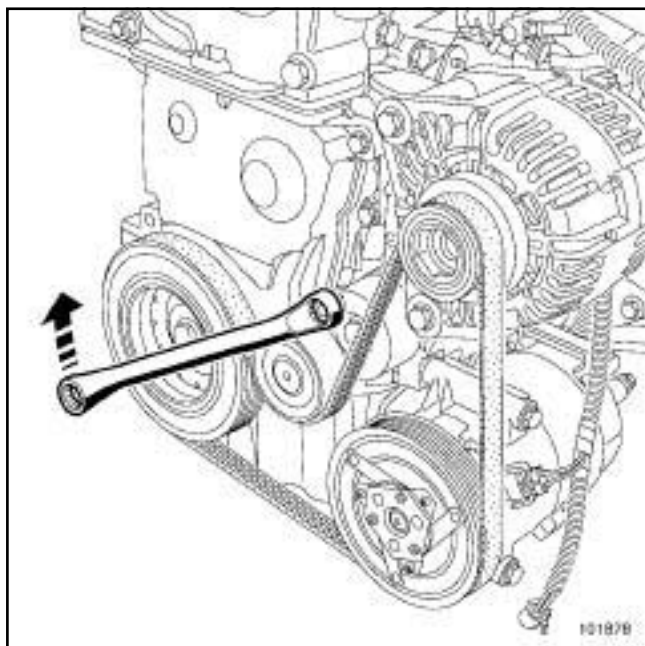
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



101878

- Rotate the tensioning roller clockwise using a **16 mm** offset wrench.
- Refit a new accessories belt.
- Turn the crankshaft two revolutions clockwise (timing end) to position the accessories belt correctly.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the plastic shield underneath the diesel filter,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).



# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING

### Tightening torques

the automatic tensioning roller mounting bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
the fixed roller mounting bolt	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

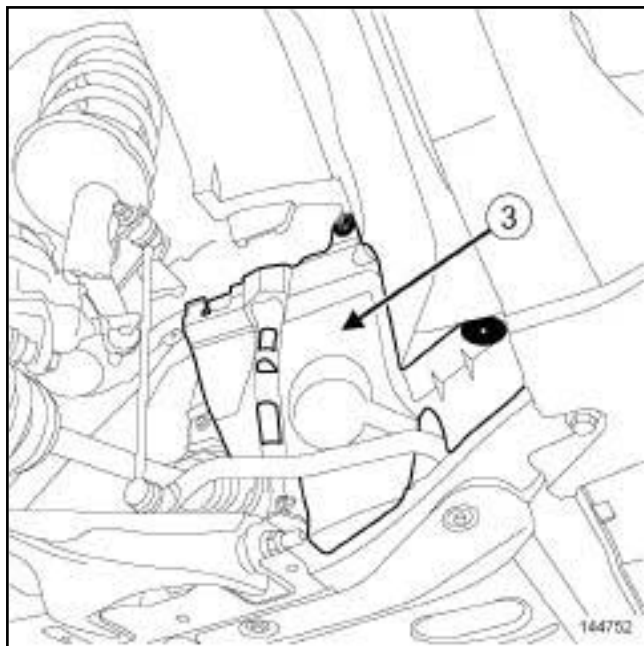
### WARNING

Do not run the engine without the accessories belt to avoid damaging the crankshaft accessories pulley.

## REMOVAL

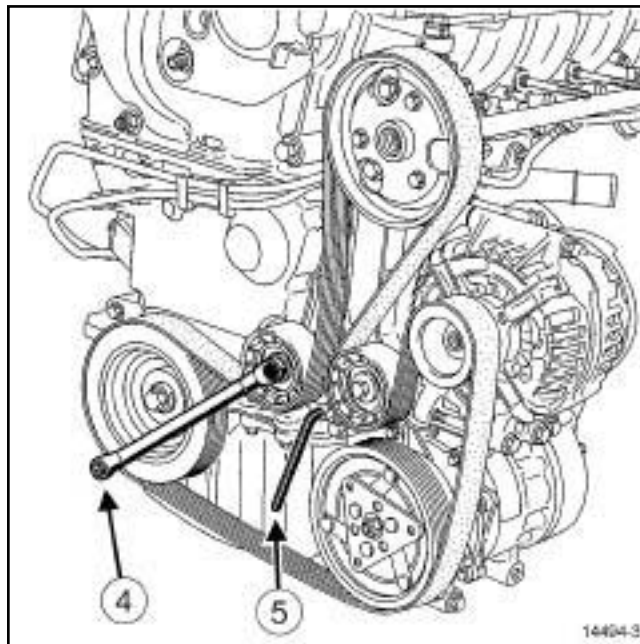
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).



- Remove the front right-hand wheel arch side liner (3)

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Turn the accessories belt auto tensioner anti-clockwise using a spanner (4) (16 mm), to relax the belt.
- Lock the auto tensioner using a 6 mm Allen key (5).
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt,
  - the auto tensioner bolts,
  - the auto tensioner,
  - the fixed roller bolt,
  - the fixed roller.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: **Accessories belt**
- parts always to be replaced: **Accessories belt tensioning roller**
- parts always to be replaced: **Accessories fixed roller**
- Use a brush to remove any deposits from the crankshaft pulley V-grooves.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - a new fixed roller,
  - a new automatic tensioner.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING

- Torque tighten:
  - **the automatic tensioning roller mounting bolts (21 N.m),**
  - **the fixed roller mounting bolt (21 N.m).**
- Turn the accessories belt auto tensioner clockwise using a **16 mm** spanner.
- Lock the auto tensioner using a **6 mm** Allen key.
- Refit a new accessories belt.
- Unlock the auto tensioner.
- Turn the crankshaft two revolutions clockwise to position the accessories belt correctly.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### Tightening torques

auto tensioner bolts	40 N.m
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### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

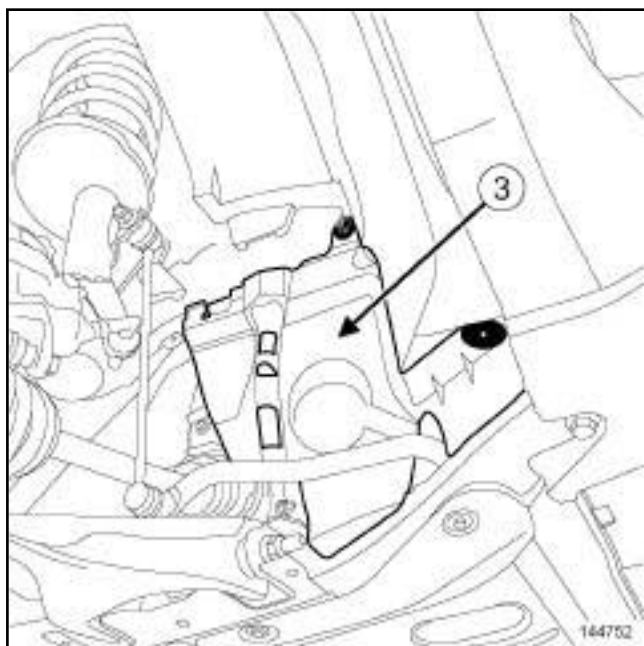
### WARNING

Do not run the engine without the accessories belt to avoid damaging the crankshaft accessories pulley.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

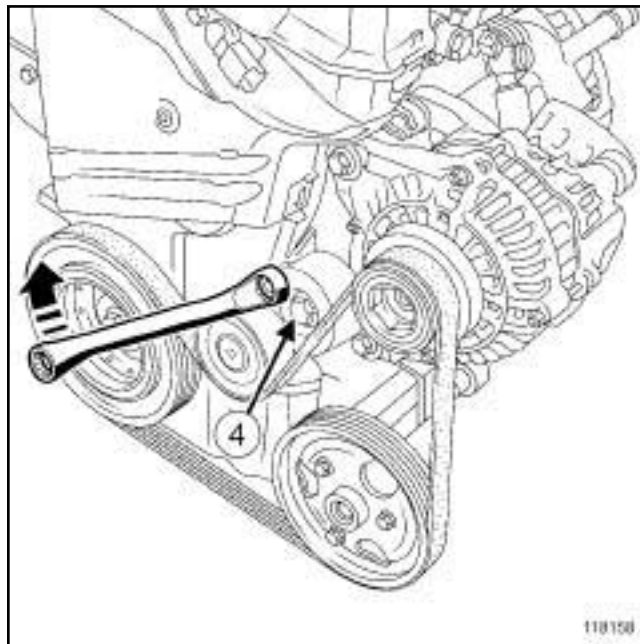
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).



144752

- Remove the front right-hand wheel arch side liner (3).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



118158

- Pivot the accessories belt auto tensioner clockwise.
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt,
  - the tensioning roller bolt (4),
  - the tensioning roller.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: **Accessories belt**  
**parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt tensioning roller**
- Use a brush to remove any deposits from the crankshaft pulley V-grooves.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit a new tensioning roller.
- Torque tighten the **auto tensioner bolts (40 N.m)**.
- Pivot the accessories belt auto tensioner clockwise.
- Refit a new accessories belt.
- Turn the crankshaft two revolutions clockwise to position the accessories belt correctly.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front right-hand wheel arch side liner.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

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K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

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- Refit the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1489** TDC locating pin.

### Tightening torques

accessories pulley bolt **120 N.m + 95° ±15°**

TDC pin plug **25 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

### WARNING

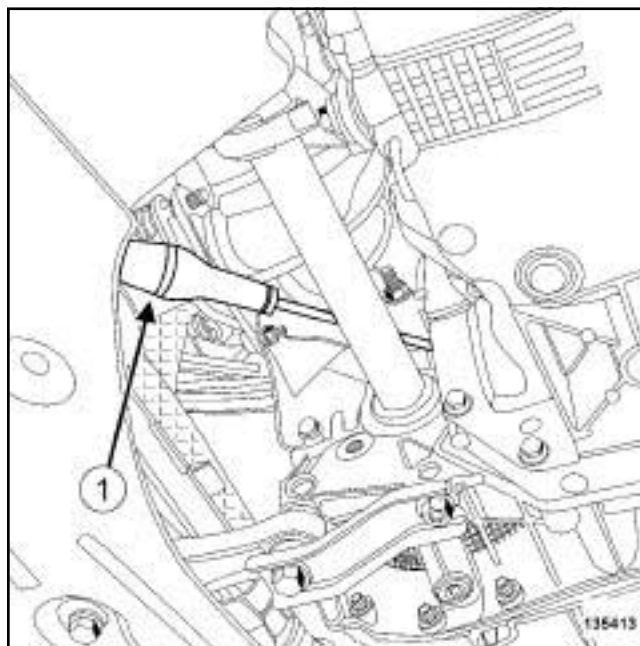
Do not run the engine without the accessories belt to avoid damaging the crankshaft accessories pulley.

## REMOVAL

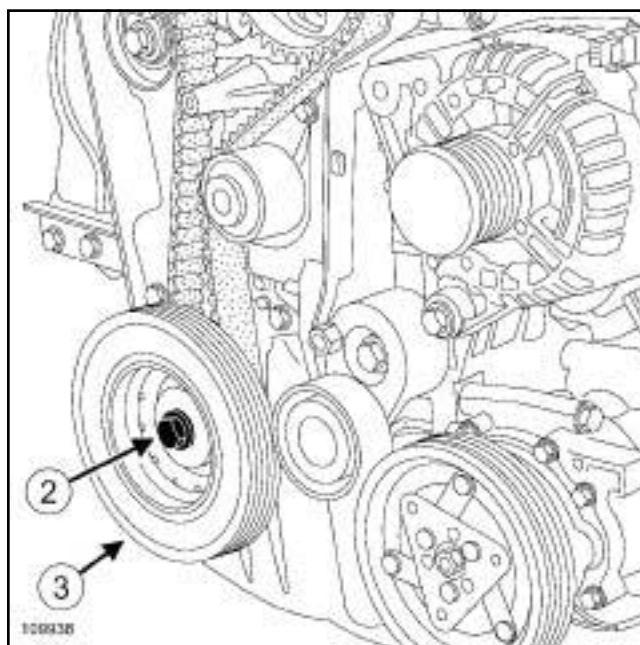
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch partially (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the plastic shield underneath the diesel filter,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-2**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



135413



109938

- Remove:
  - the crankshaft accessories pulley bolt (2), locking the flywheel using a large screwdriver (1),
  - the crankshaft accessories pulley (3).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

### REFITTING

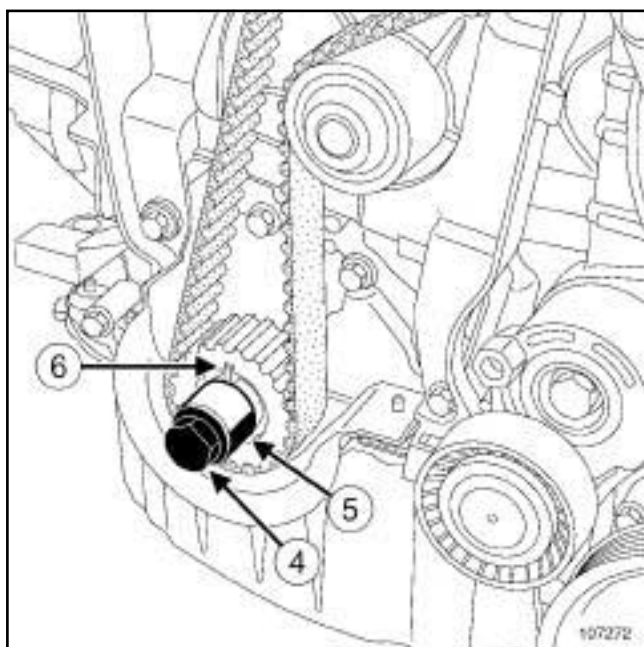
#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft accessories pulley bolts.

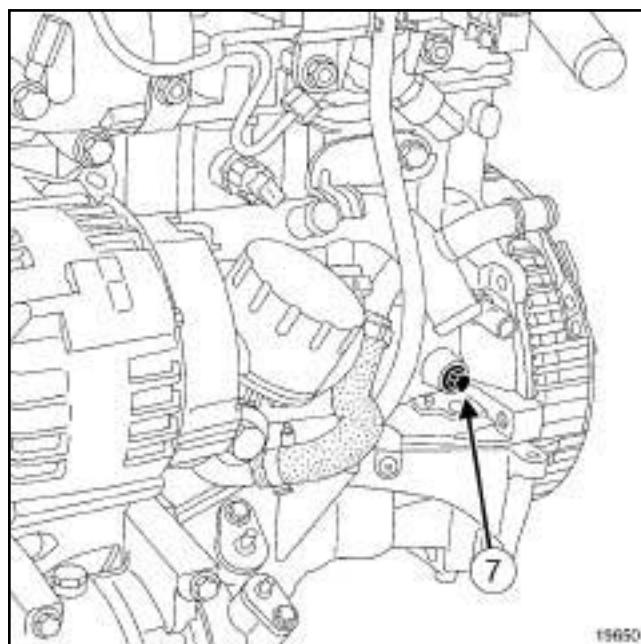
#### WARNING

Only use brushes with plastic or non-corrosive metal (brass) bristles.

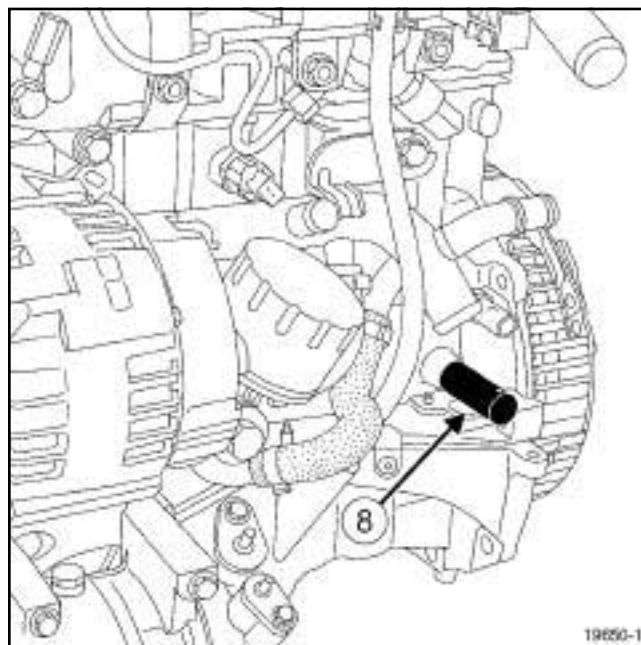
- ❑ If reusing the crankshaft accessories pulley, clean the crankshaft accessories pulley V-grooves with a brush to eliminate any deposits.



- ❑ Refit the old crankshaft accessories pulley bolt (4) with a spacer (5) .
- ❑ Turn the crankshaft clockwise (timing end) using the old bolt of the crankshaft accessories pulley, until the collet (6) of the crankshaft timing pin is almost vertical and facing upwards.



- ❑ Remove the TDC setting pin plug (7) .

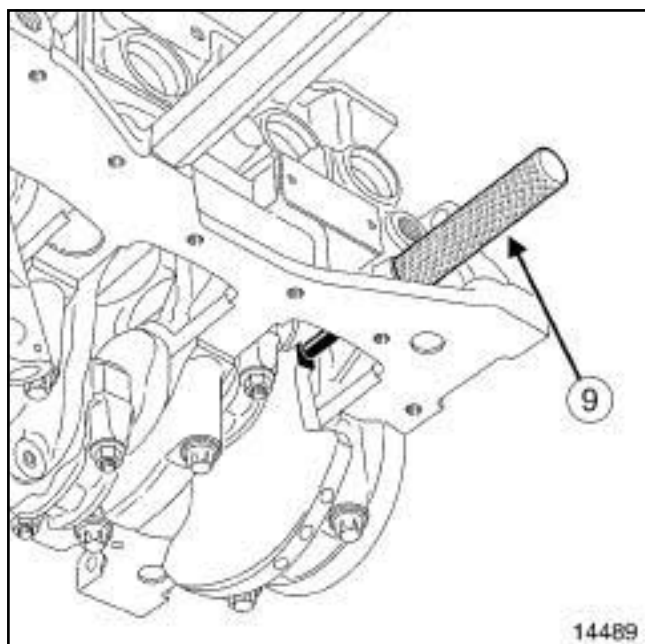


- ❑ Screw the TDC setting pin (**Mot. 1489**) (8) into the cylinder block.
- ❑ Remove the old bolt from the crankshaft accessories pulley fitted with its spacer.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ❑ Refit the accessories crankshaft pulley with a new bolt.

K9K



14489

- Turn the crankshaft clockwise (timing end) smoothly using the bolt of the crankshaft accessories pulley, until the crankshaft presses against the tool (**Mot. 1489**) (9) .
- Torque and angle tighten (with the crankshaft in contact with the TDC setting pin) the **accessories pulley bolt (120 N.m + 95° ±15°)**.
- Remove the TDC setting rod (**Mot. 1489**).

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Apply a drop of **silicone adhesive sealant** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the thread of the TDC setting pin plug.
- Torque tighten the **TDC pin plug (25 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the plastic shield underneath the diesel filter,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

K4M

### Tightening torques

new crankshaft accessories pulley bolt	40 N.m + 145° ± 15°
TDC pin plug	25 N.m

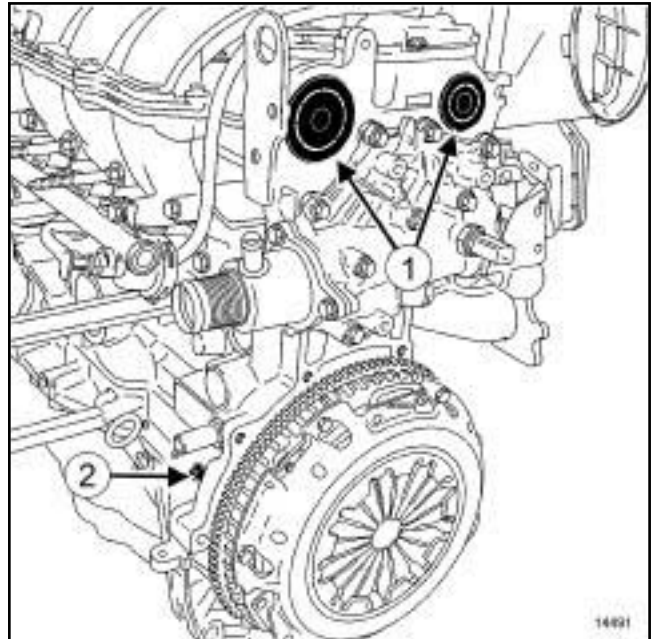
### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

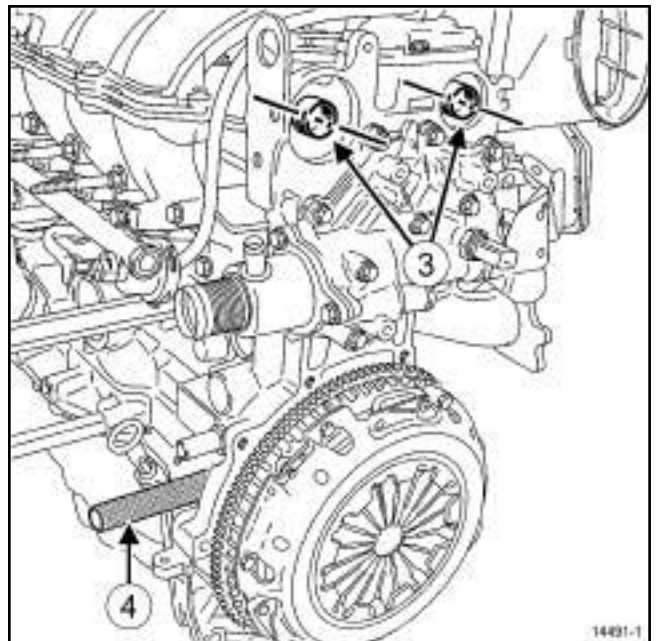
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the air inlet duct,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2).



14491

- Pierce the centre of the plugs (1) at the camshaft ends with a screwdriver.
- Remove:
  - the plugs from the camshaft ends with a screwdriver,
  - the TDC setting pin plug (2).

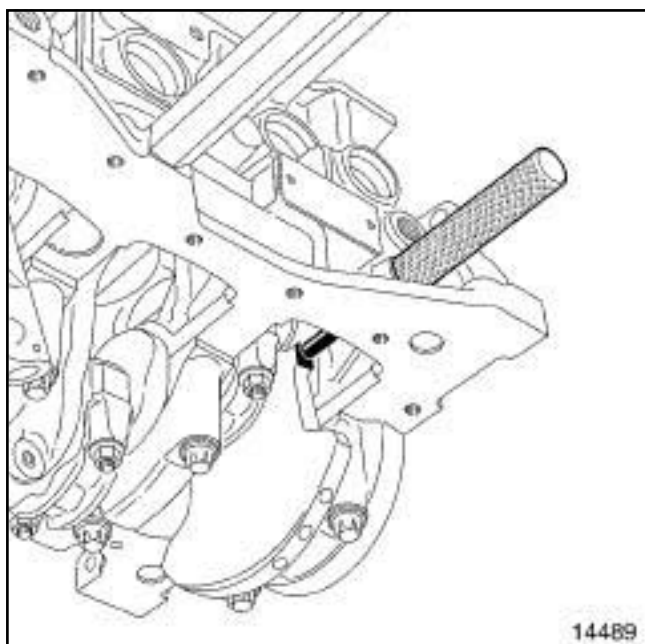


14491-1

- Position the camshaft grooves (3) almost horizontally and offset towards the bottom turning the crankshaft in the operating direction (clockwise at timing end).
- Screw in the TDC setting pin (4).

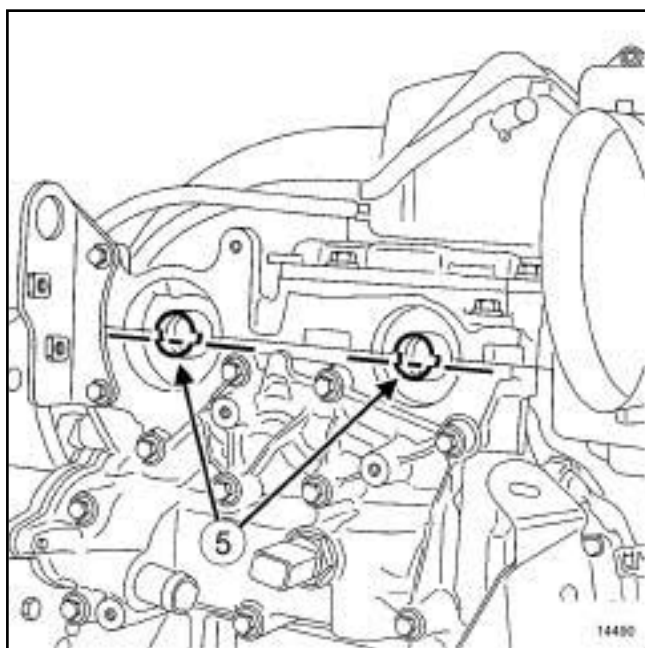


K4M



14489

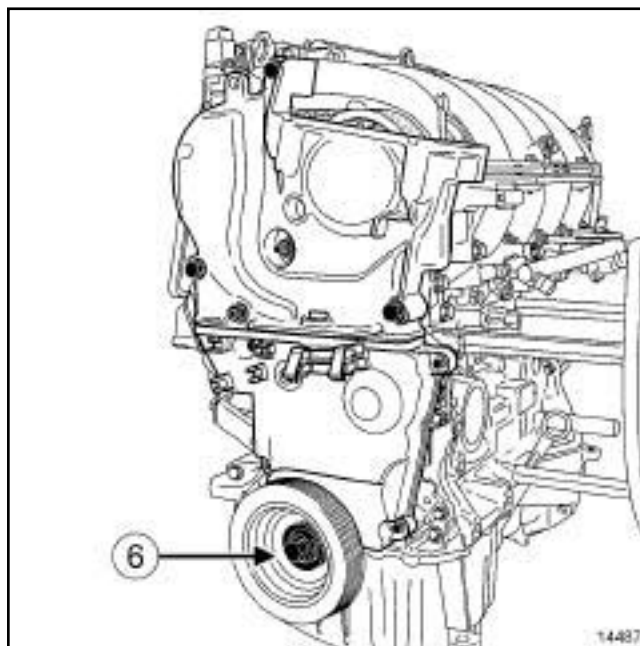
- ❑ Turn the crankshaft in its operating direction (clockwise at timing end), until the crankshaft presses against the TDC setting pin.



14490

- ❑ The camshaft grooves (5) must be horizontal and offset downwards.
- ❑ Remove the TDC setting pin.
- ❑ Lock the flywheel using a screwdriver.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



14487

- ❑ Remove the crankshaft accessories pulley bolt (6).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft accessories pulley bolts
- ❑

#### WARNING

Be sure to degrease:

- the end of the crankshaft,
- the bearing face of the crankshaft accessories pulley.

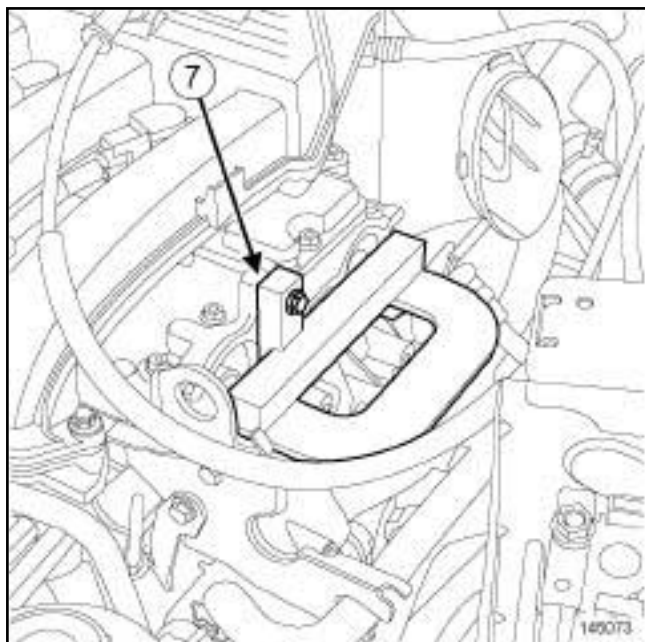
This is to prevent timing slippage.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting

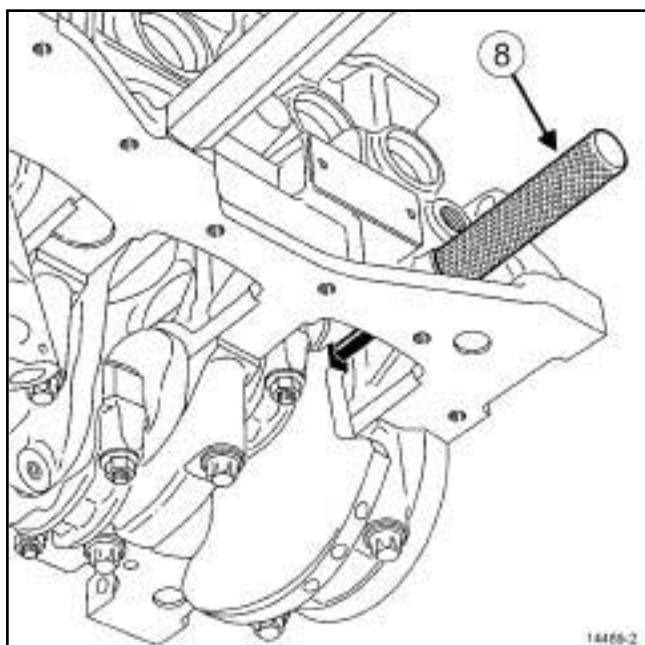
# 11A

K4M



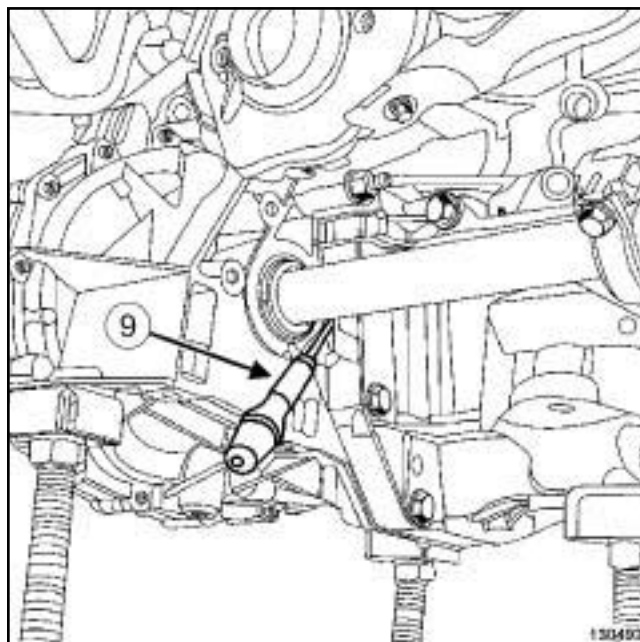
145073

- Position the setting tool.
- Secure the ends of the camshafts using an M6 bolt (7) .



14489-2

- Screw in the TDC setting pin (8) .
- Check that the crankshaft is pressing against the TDC tool.
- The crankshaft groove must be upwards.



130493

- If the crankshaft is not pressing against the TDC tool, bring the crankshaft back by turning the fly-wheel using a screwdriver (9) .

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the crankshaft accessories pulley.
- Torque and angle tighten the **new crankshaft accessories pulley bolt (40 N.m + 145° ± 15°)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the TDC tool,
  - the setting tool.
- Refit:
  - a new inlet camshaft plug using the,
  - a new exhaust camshaft plug using the.
- Place a drop of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) on the threading of the TDC pin plug.
- Refit the TDC setting pin plug.
- Torque tighten the **TDC pin plug (25 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M


- the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-2**),
  - the air inlet duct.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

Tightening torques 	
timing fixed roller bolt	50 N.m
new crankshaft accessories pulley bolt	40 N.m + 145° ± 15°
timing tension wheel nut	27 N.m
lower timing cover bolts	12 N.m
nut of each camshaft sprocket	30 N.m + 84° ± 4°
TDC pin plug	20 N.m
upper timing cover bolts	46 N.m
upper timing cover nuts	46 N.m
flywheel end lifting eye bolts	10 N.m

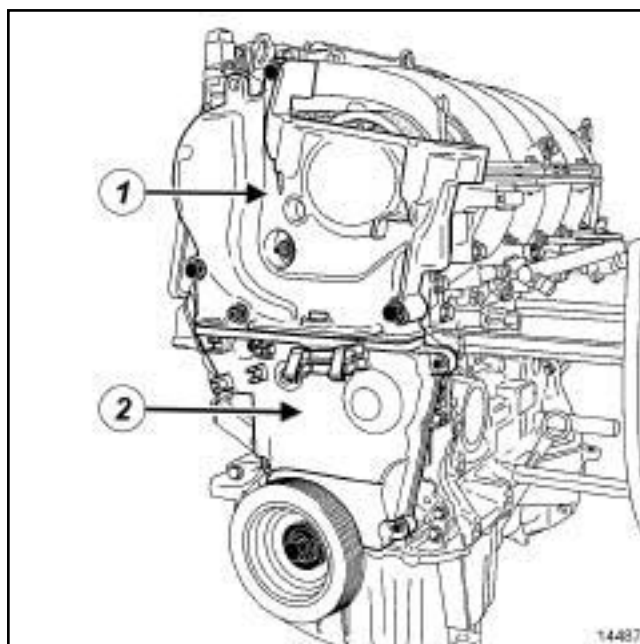
### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the air inlet duct,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the crankshaft accessories pulley (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-10) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) .



14487

### Remove:

- the upper timing cover bolts (1) ,
- the upper timing cover,
- the lower timing cover bolts (2) ,
- the lower timing cover.

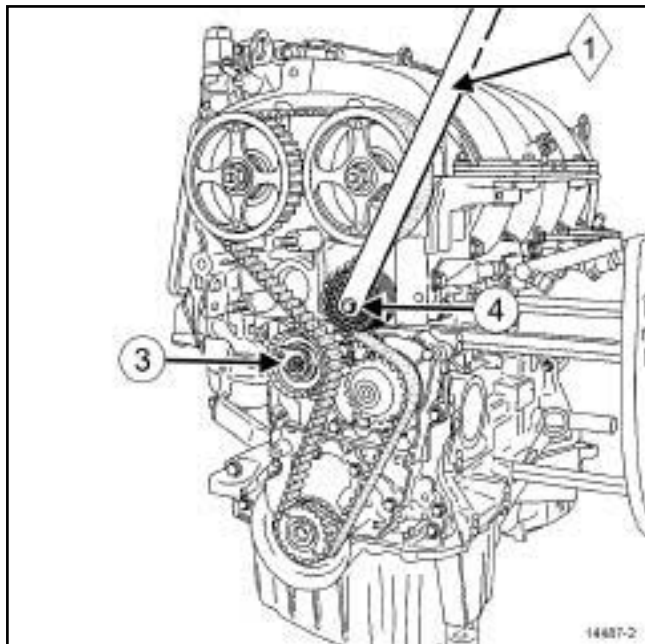
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Loosen the nut (3) of the timing tensioning roller.

Note:

Do not drop the crankshaft timing sprocket when removing the timing belt.

- Remove:
  - the timing fixed roller bolt (4) using the tool (1) ,
  - the timing fixed roller,
  - the timing belt,
  - the timing tensioning roller nut,
  - the timing tensioning roller,
  - the crankshaft timing sprocket.

### REFITTING - PROCEDURE 1

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Timing belt,
- parts always to be replaced: Timing belt tensioning roller,
- parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft accessories pulley bolts,
- parts always to be replaced: Inlet camshaft cap,
- parts always to be replaced: Timing fixed roller,
- parts always to be replaced: Exhaust camshaft cap.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- The first procedure applies to replacing any timing face component which has a crankshaft timing sprocket without a collet and which does not require one or more of the camshaft sprockets to be loosened.

#### 1 - Adjusting the timing

□

#### WARNING

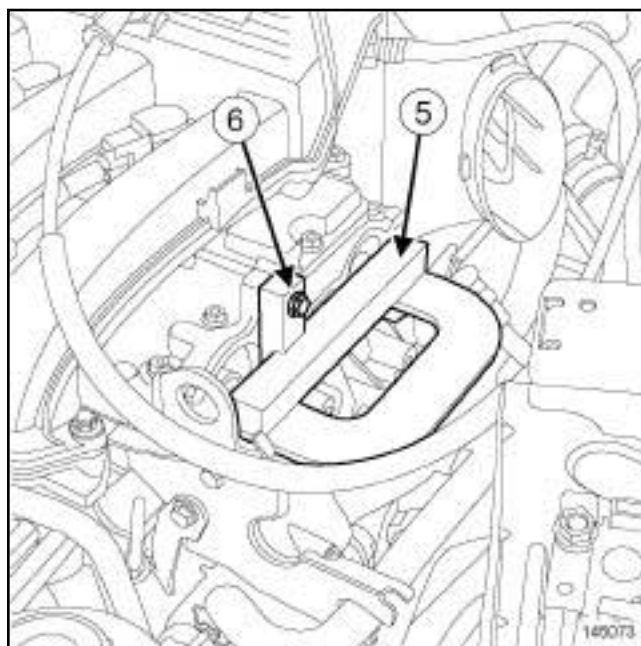
Be sure to degrease:

- the end of the crankshaft (timing end),
- the timing sprocket pressure faces and bore of the crankshaft,
- the crankshaft accessories pulley bearing faces,
- the camshaft ends (timing end),
- the camshaft sprocket bores and bearing faces.

This is to avoid timing slippage.

This slippage leads to engine damage.

- Set the camshaft grooves horizontally and below the centre line by turning the camshafts with their necessary.



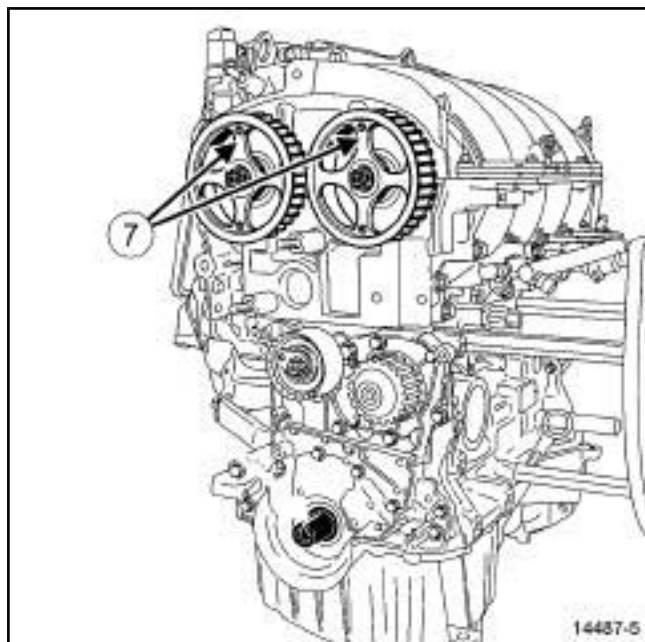
- Fit:
  - the (5) onto the ends of the camshafts,
  - a lifting eye bolt (6) to secure the.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

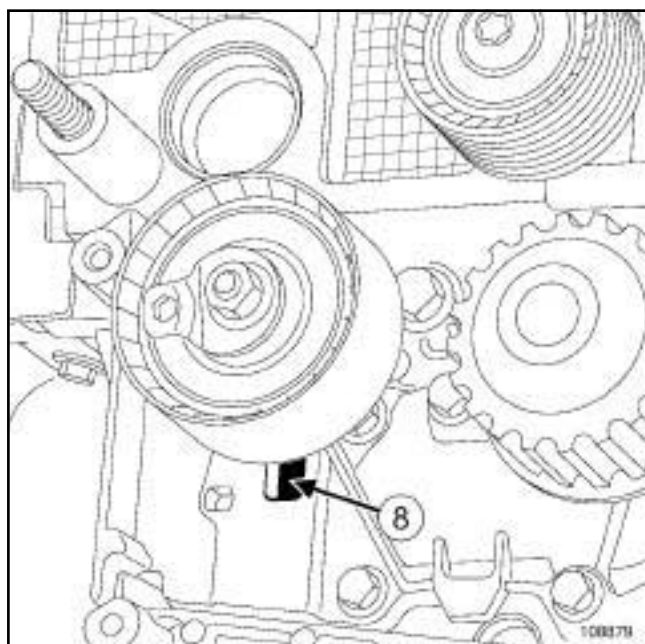
K4M



14487-5

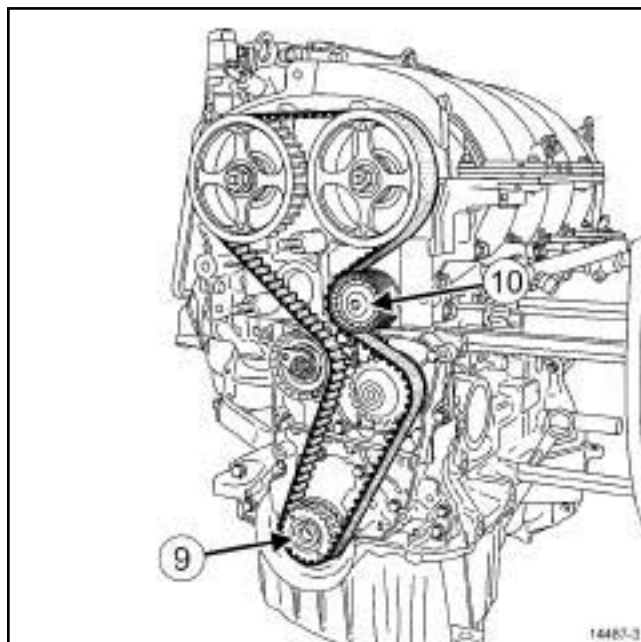
- ❑ Position the RENAULT badge (7) engraved on the stem of each camshaft sprocket vertically and pointing upwards.

### 2 - Refitting



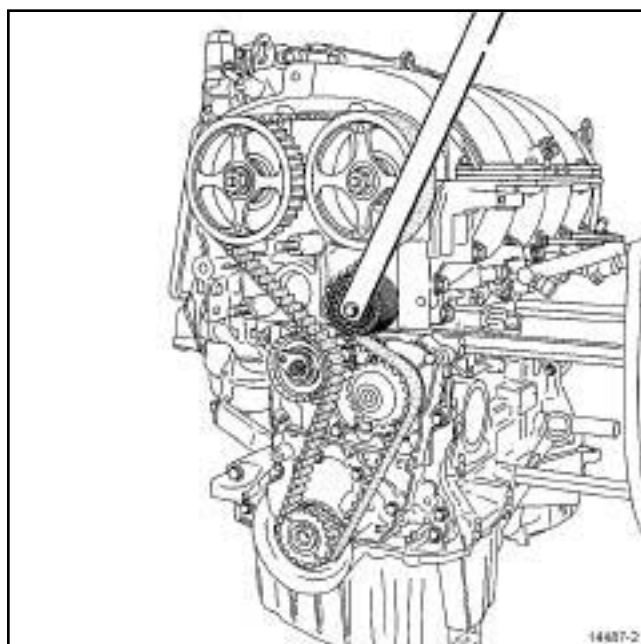
108879

- ❑ Refit a new timing tensioning roller by positioning the lug of the timing tensioning roller in the groove (8) .
- ❑ Screw on the timing tensioning roller nut without tightening it.



14487-3

- ❑ Refit:
  - the crankshaft timing sprocket (9) ,
  - a new timing belt,
  - a new timing fixed roller (10) .



14487-2

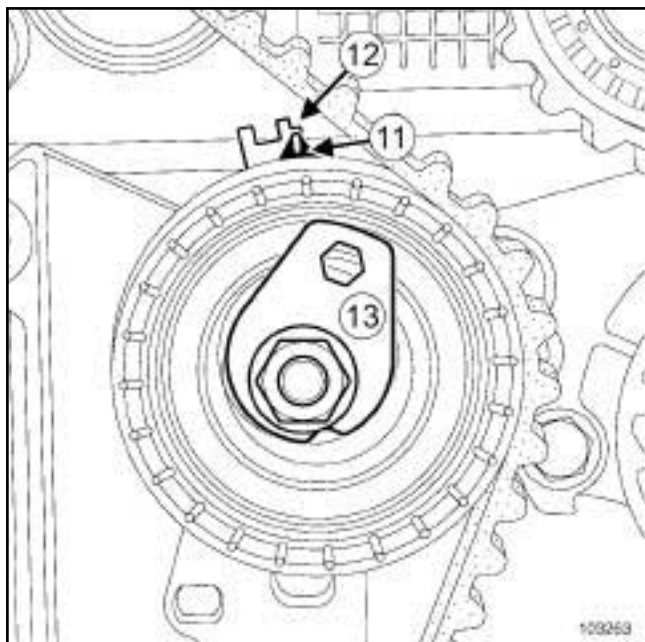
- ❑ Torque tighten the **timing fixed roller bolt (50 N.m)** using the tool.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M



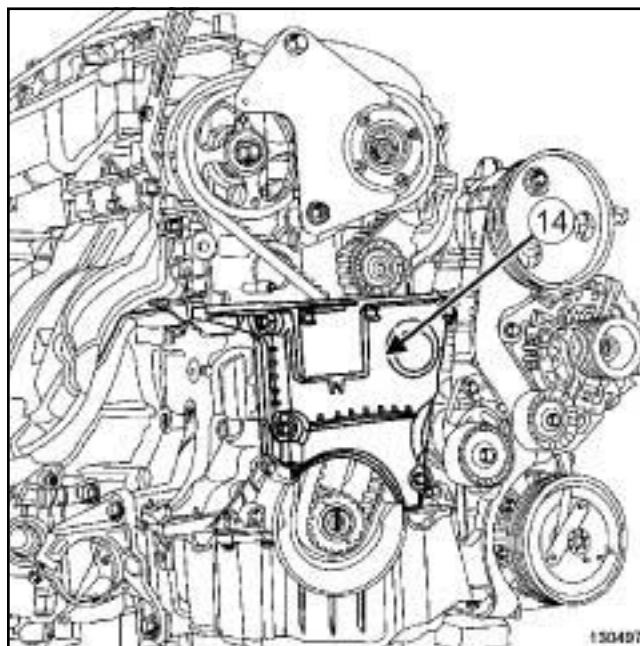
- Position the adjustable index (11) opposite the mark (12) , by turning the eccentric (13) clockwise using a 6 mm Allen key.
- Torque tighten the **timing tensoring roller nut (7 N.m)**.
- Refit the toolon the cylinder block.

Note:

There are two types of lower timing cover:

- without a timing flap,
- with a timing flap.

*a - Lower timing cover with a timing flap*



- Refit the lower timing cover (14) .
- Tighten to torque the **lower timing cover bolts (12 N.m)**.

*b - continuation of the refitting procedure regardless of the type of lower timing cover*

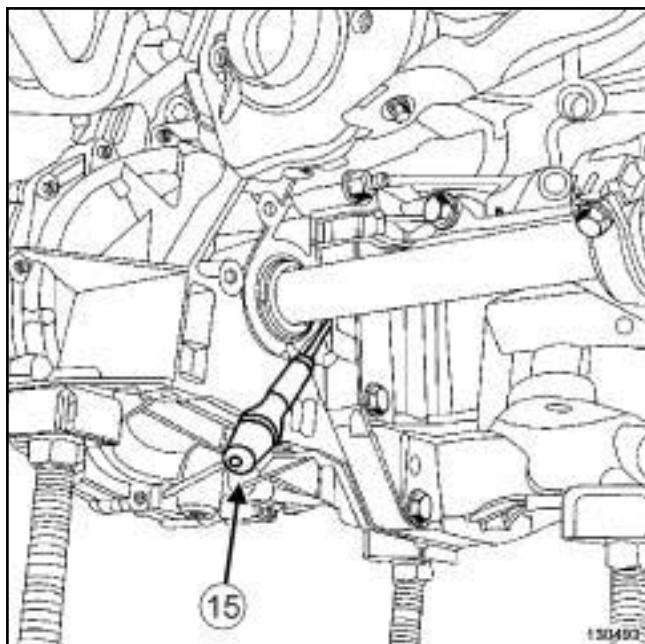
- Refit a new crankshaft accessories pulley.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

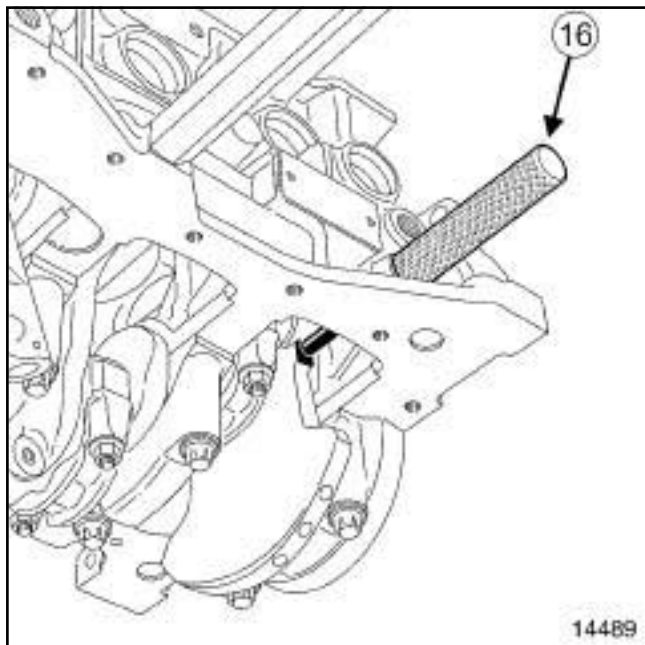
## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M



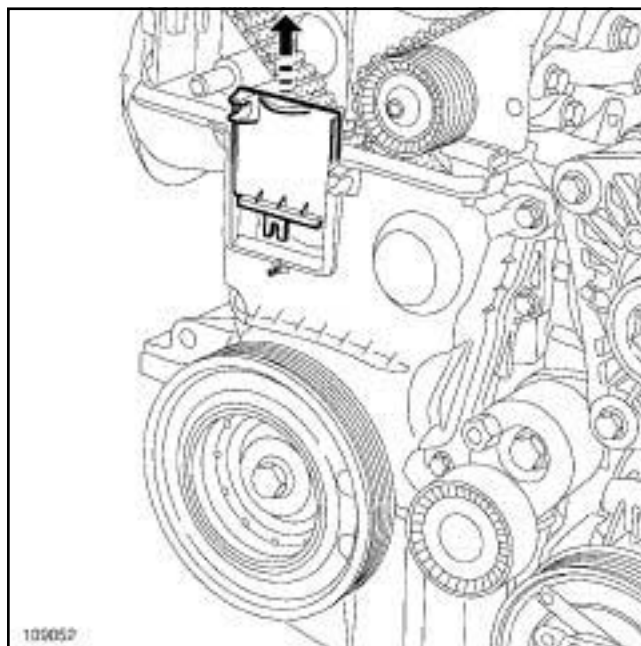
130493



14489

- Use a screwdriver (15) to check that the flywheel does not turn (clockwise at the timing end), otherwise bring the crankshaft back into contact with the tool (16) using the screwdriver; the crankshaft groove should be at the top.
- Torque and angle tighten a **new crankshaft accessories pulley bolt (40 N.m + 145° ± 15°)** (crankshaft in contact with the tool).

### c - Lower timing cover with a timing flap



109052

- Remove the timing flap from the lower timing cover.

### d - continuation of the refitting procedure regardless of the type of lower timing cover

- Remove:
  - the bolt of the tool,
  - the setting tool,
  - the from the cylinder block.

### 3 - Checking the tension

- Rotate the crankshaft twice clockwise at the timing end and before aligning the marks made previously by the operator (on the camshaft dephaser), screw the tool into the cylinder block.
- Move the crankshaft slowly and smoothly until it comes into contact with the tool.
- Remove the tool from the cylinder block.

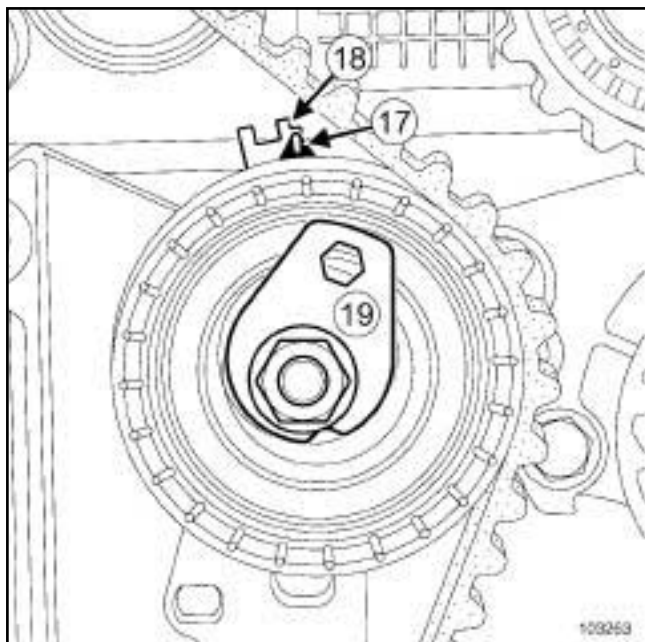


# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

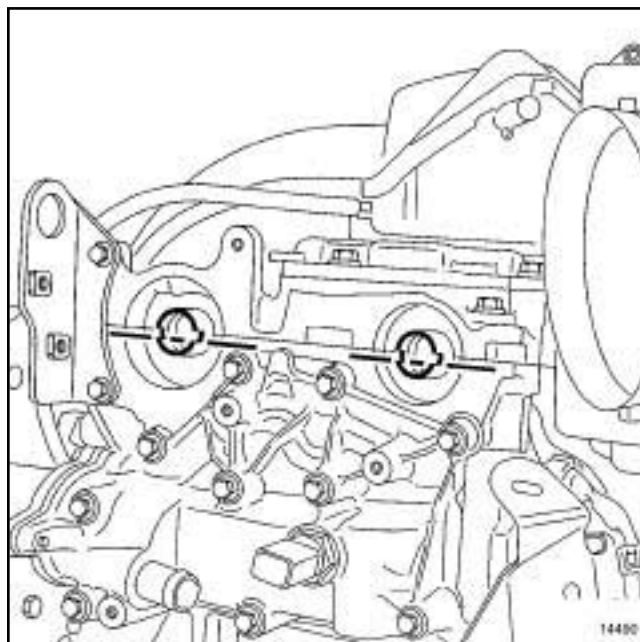


103263

- Check that the adjustable index (17) is opposite the notch (18), if this is not the case:
  - loosen the timing tensioning roller nut by up to one turn while holding the eccentric with a **6 mm** Allen key,
  - gradually move the adjustable index marker (17) opposite the mark (18) turning the eccentric cam (19) clockwise.
- Torque tighten the **timing tension wheel nut (27 N.m)**.

#### 4 - Checking the timing

- Ensure that the index and the notch on the timing tensioning roller are in the correct position before checking the timing.
- Screw tool into the cylinder block.
- Move the crankshaft slowly and smoothly until it comes into contact with the tool.



14490

- Position (without forcing) the camshaft setting tool (the camshaft end grooves must be horizontal and offset towards the bottom).

#### Note:

The timing adjustment and tensioning operation must be repeated if the camshaft setting tool does not engage.

- Remove:
  - the setting tool,
  - the from the cylinder block.

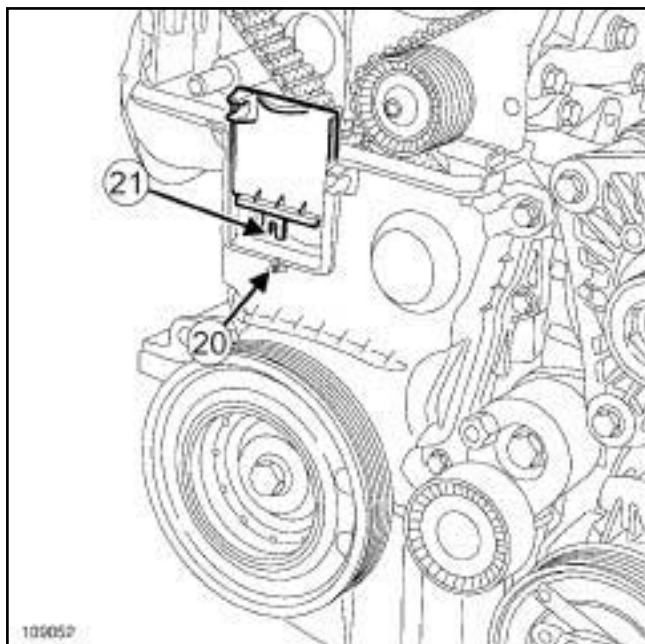
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### a - Lower timing cover with a timing flap



- Refit the lower timing cover flap, checking that the locating pin (20) fits properly in the notch (21) .

### b - Lower timing cover without a timing flap

- Refit the lower timing cover.
- Tighten to torque the **lower timing cover bolts (12 N.m)**.

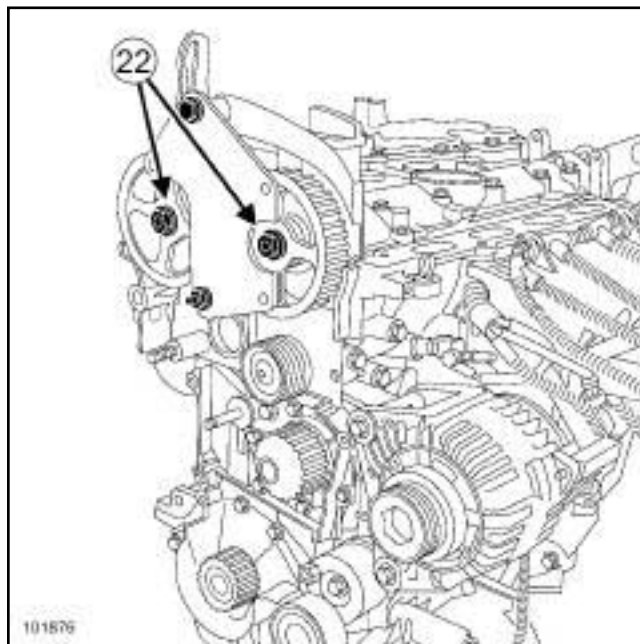
## REFITTING -PROCEDURE 2

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Timing belt,
- parts always to be replaced: Timing belt tensioning roller,
- parts always to be replaced: Timing fixed roller,
- parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft accessories pulley,
- parts always to be replaced: camshaft timing sprocket nut,
- parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft accessories pulley bolts,
- parts always to be replaced: Inlet camshaft cap,
- parts always to be replaced: Exhaust camshaft cap.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- The second procedure is used when replacing any timing face component which has a crankshaft timing sprocket with or without a collet, that requires one or more of the camshaft sprockets to be loosened.



- Fit the tool on the camshaft sprockets using the tool.
- Loosen the nuts (22) of each camshaft sprocket.
- Remove:
  - the tool from the cylinder block,
  - every camshaft sprocket nut,
  - the camshaft sprockets.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### 1 - Adjusting the timing

□

Note:

If the stud loosens with the nut (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Camshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-49**) (11A, Top and front of engine).

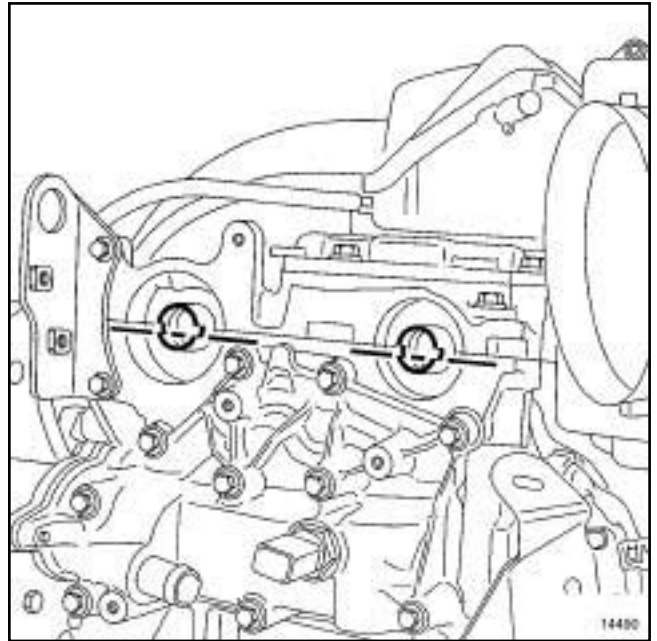
#### WARNING

Always degrease:

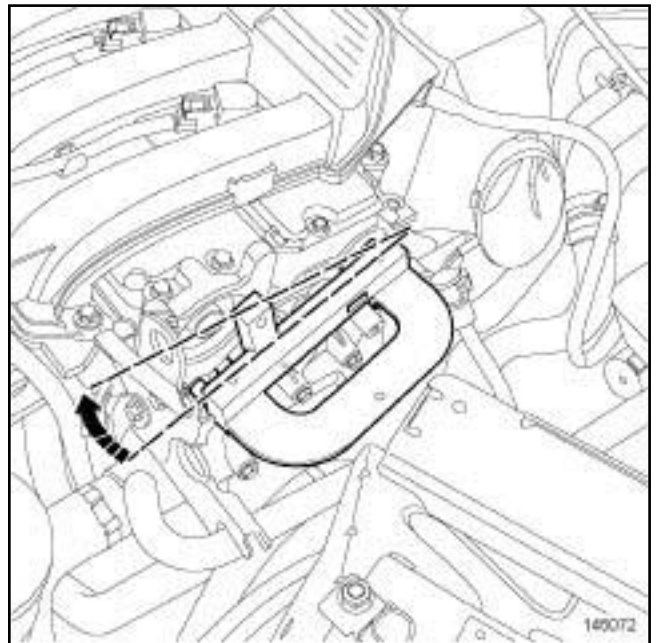
- the end of the crankshaft (timing end),
- the timing sprocket pressure faces and bore of the crankshaft,
- the crankshaft accessories pulley bearing faces,
- the camshaft ends (timing end),
- the camshaft sprocket bores and bearing faces.

This is to avoid timing slippage.

This slippage leads to engine damage.



14490



145072

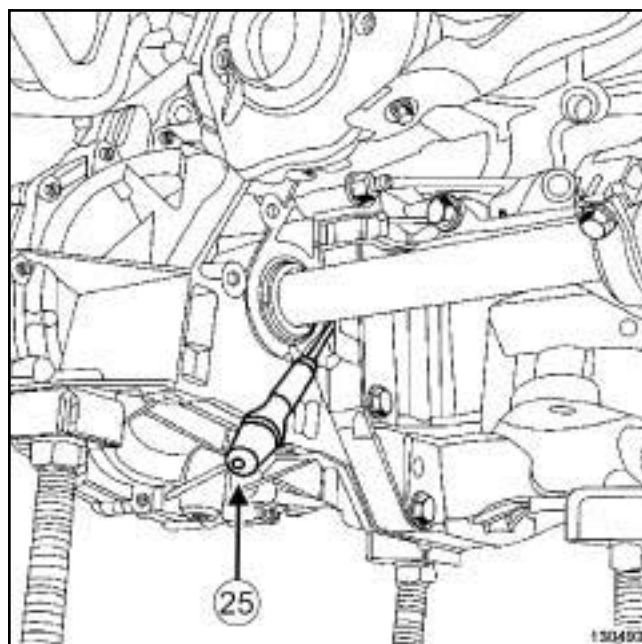
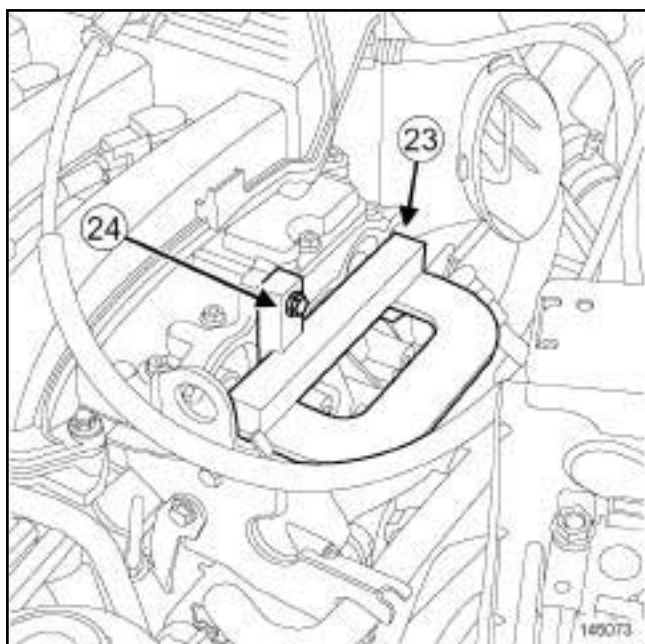
- Position the camshaft grooves horizontally and below the centre line, by turning the camshafts with their necessary.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

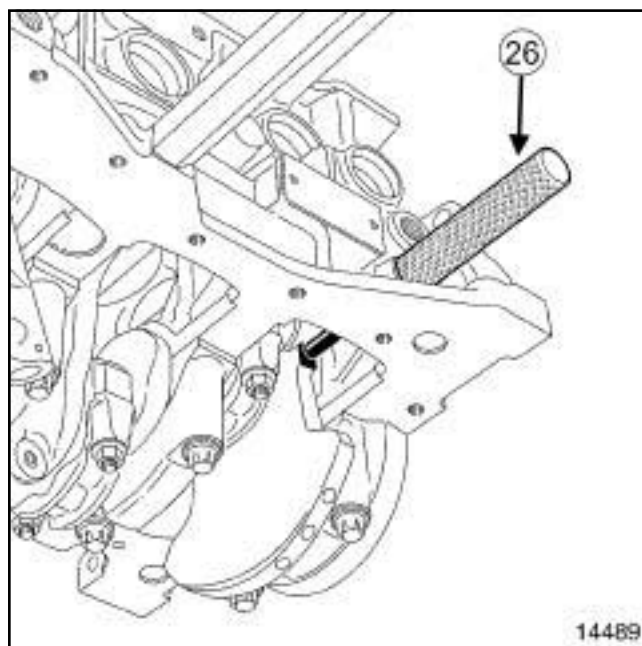
## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M



- Fit:
  - the (23) onto the ends of the camshafts,
  - an M6 bolt (24) to hold the.
- Refit:
  - the crankshaft timing sprocket,
  - the camshaft sprockets,
  - every camshaft sprocket nut.



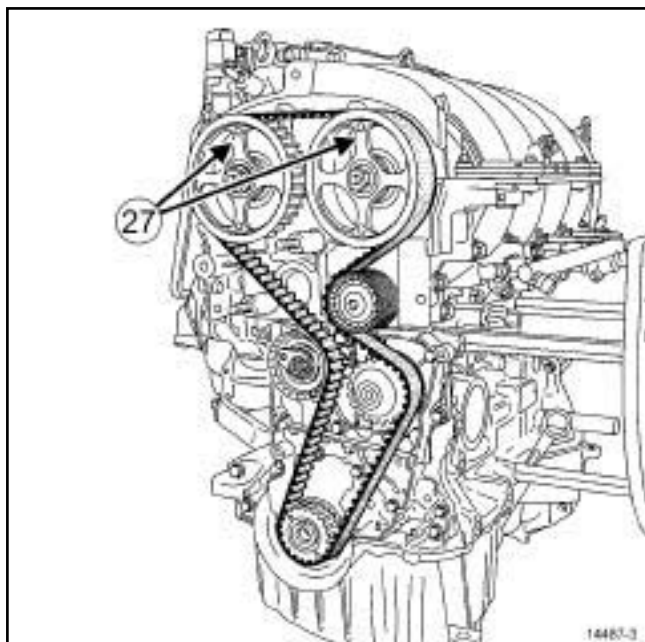
- Refit the tool on the cylinder block.
- Use a screwdriver (25) to check that the flywheel does not turn (clockwise at the timing end), otherwise bring the crankshaft back into contact with the tool (26) using the screwdriver; the crankshaft groove should be at the top.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

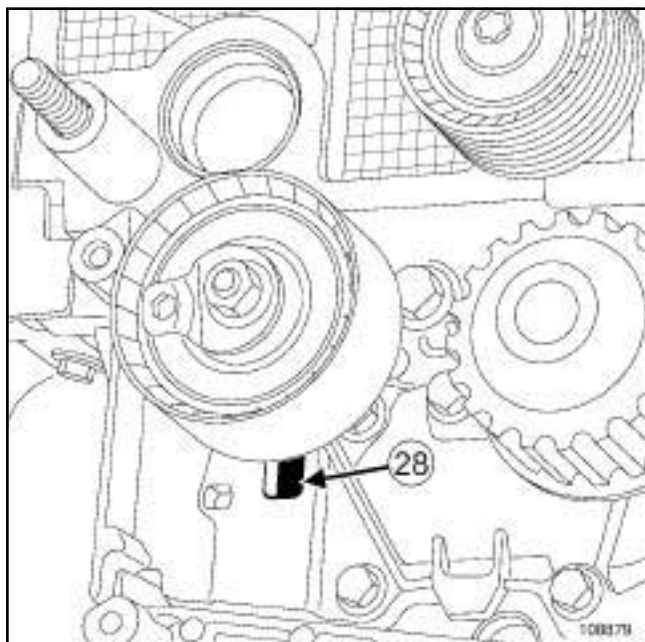
K4M



14487-3

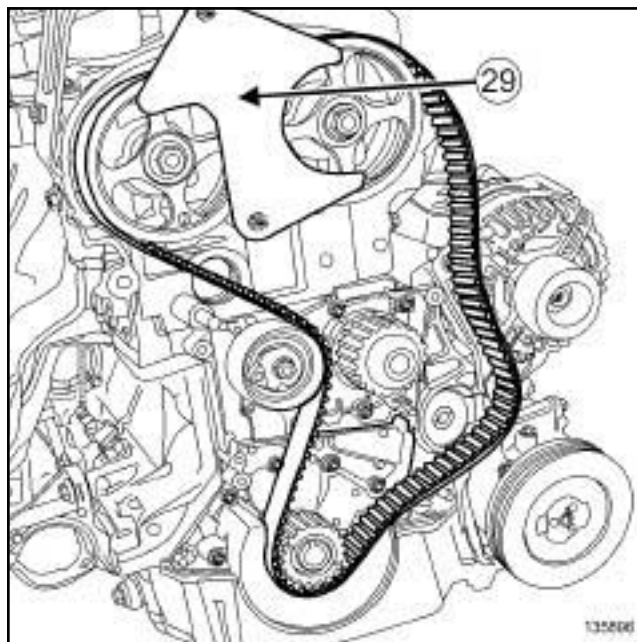
- ❑ Position the RENAULT badge (27) etched on the stem of each camshaft sprocket vertically and pointing upwards.

### 2 - Refitting



108879

- ❑ Refit a new timing tensioning roller by positioning the lug of the timing tensioning roller in the groove (28) .
- ❑ Screw on the timing tensioning roller nut without tightening it.



135896

- ❑ Refit a new timing belt starting with the sprocket of each camshaft (without moving the sprocket of each camshaft).
- ❑ Fit the tool (29) on the camshaft sprockets (use the bolt and nut of the upper timing cover to fit the tool).

#### Note:

Take care to properly tighten the timing belt between the two camshaft sprockets.

#### Note:

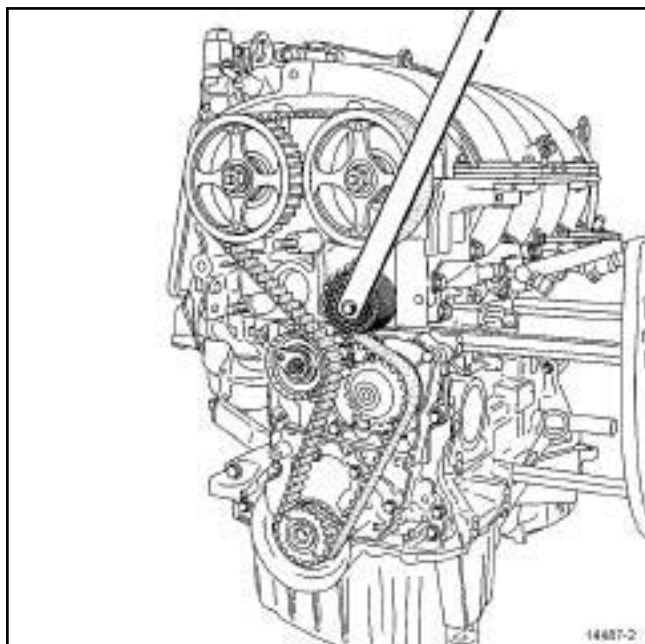
If the engine is equipped with a crankshaft timing sprocket with a collet, take care to properly tighten the timing belt between the exhaust camshaft sprocket and the crankshaft timing sprocket.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

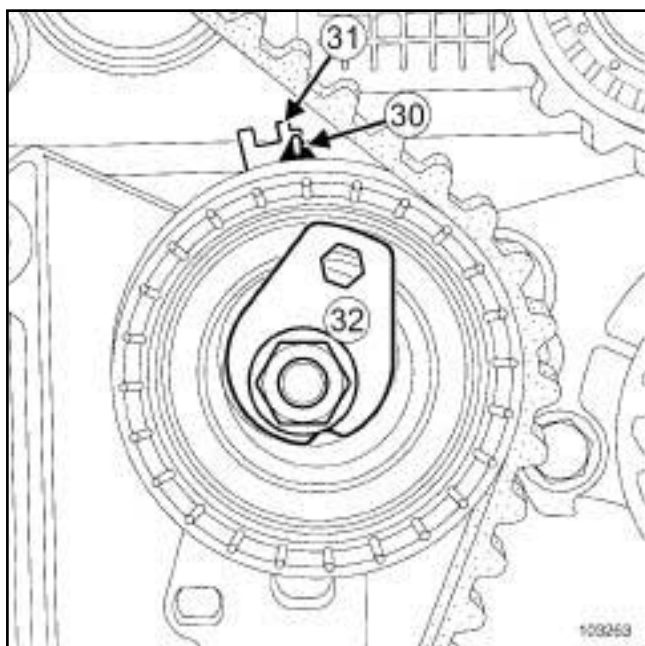
K4M



14487-2

- ❑ Refit a new timing fixed roller.
- ❑ Torque tighten the **timing fixed roller bolt (50 N.m)** using the tool.

### 3 - Timing belt tension



103263

- ❑ Position the adjustable index (30) opposite the mark (31), by turning the eccentric (32) clockwise using an Allen key.

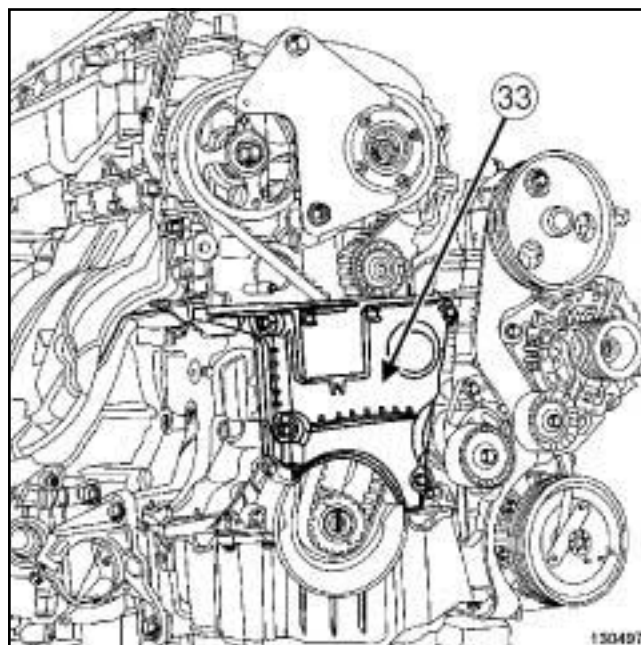
- ❑ Torque tighten the **timing tensioning roller nut (7 N.m)**.

Note:

There are two types of lower timing cover:

- without a timing flap,
- with a timing flap.

### a - Lower timing cover with a timing flap



130497

- ❑ Refit the lower timing cover (33).
- ❑ Tighten to torque the **lower timing cover bolts (12 N.m)**.

### b - continuation of the refitting procedure regardless of the type of lower timing cover

- ❑ Refit a new crankshaft accessories pulley.
- ❑ Torque and angle tighten:
  - the **new bolt of the crankshaft accessories pulley (40 N.m + 145° ± 15°)**,
  - the **nut of each camshaft sprocket (30 N.m + 84° ± 4°)**.

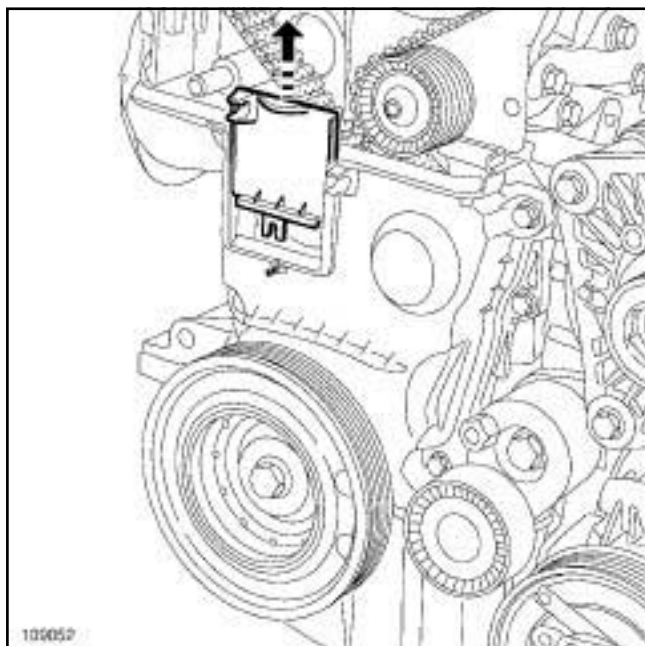
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### c - Lower timing cover with a timing flap



109052

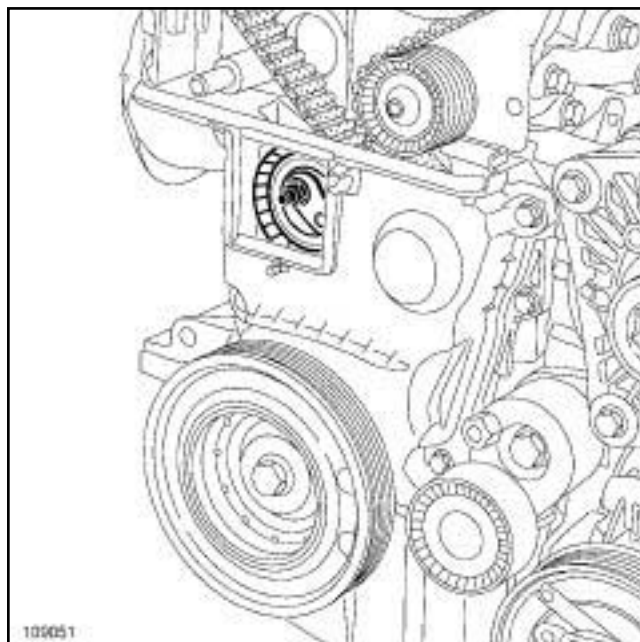
- ❑ Remove the timing flap from the lower timing cover.

### d - continuation of the refitting procedure regardless of the type of lower timing cover

- ❑ Remove:
  - the bolt of the tool,
  - the,
  - the tool from the cylinder block,
  - the.

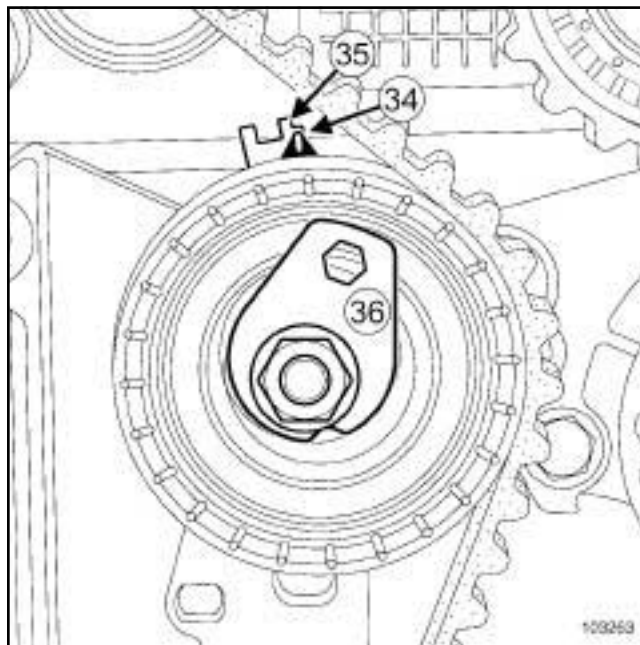
### 4 - Checking the tension

- ❑ Rotate the crankshaft twice clockwise at the timing end and before aligning the marks made previously by the operator (on the camshaft dephaser), screw the tool into the cylinder block.
- ❑ Move the crankshaft slowly and smoothly until it comes into contact with the tool.
- ❑ Remove the tool from the cylinder block.



109051

109051



103263

103263

- ❑ Check that the adjustable index (34) is opposite the notch (35), if this is not the case:
  - loosen the timing tensioning roller nut by up to one turn while holding the eccentric with an Allen key,
  - gradually move the adjustable index marker (34) opposite the mark (35) turning the eccentric cam (36) clockwise.
- ❑ Torque tighten the timing tensioning roller nut (27 N.m).



# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

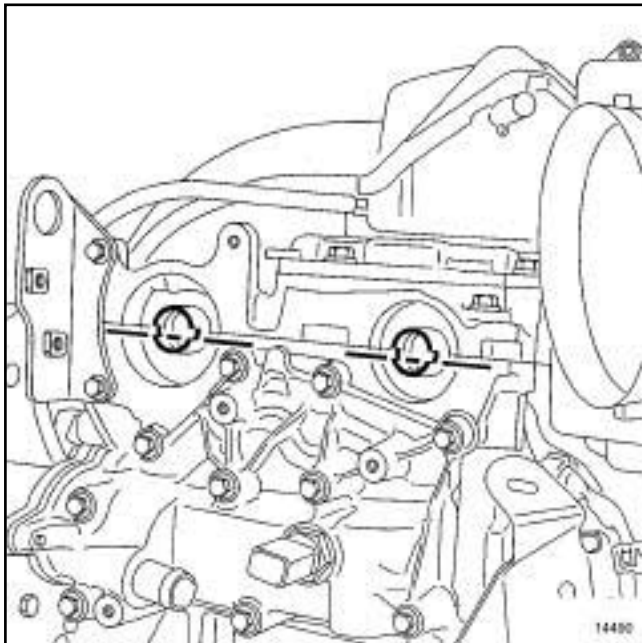
## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### 5 - Checking the timing

- Ensure that the index and the notch on the timing tensioning roller are in the correct position before checking the timing.
- Screw tool into the cylinder block.
- Move the crankshaft slowly and smoothly until it comes into contact with the tool.



14490

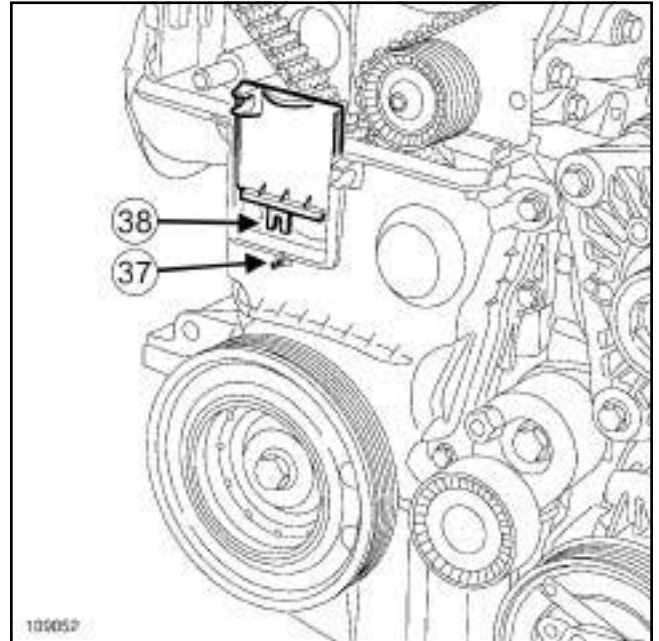
- Position (without forcing) the (the camshaft end grooves must be horizontal and offset downwards).

#### Note:

If the cannot be engaged, readjust the timing and the tension.

- Remove:
  - the setting tool,
  - the from the cylinder block.

### a - Lower timing cover with a timing flap



109052

- Refit the lower timing cover flap, checking that the locating pin (37) fits properly in the notch (38) .

### b - Lower timing cover without a timing flap

- Refit the lower timing cover.
- Tighten to torque the **lower timing cover bolts (12 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Apply a drop of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the thread of the TDC pin plug.
- Tighten to torque the **TDC pin plug (20 N.m)**.
- Refit the upper timing cover.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **upper timing cover bolts (46 N.m)**,
  - the **upper timing cover nuts (46 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - a new inlet camshaft plug using the,
  - a new exhaust camshaft plug using the,
  - the engine lifting eye at the flywheel end.
- Torque tighten the **flywheel end lifting eye bolts (10 N.m)**.



# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

Refit:

- the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page **19D-4**),
- the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-2**),
- the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
- the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-2**),
- the air inlet duct.

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and 796

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1453</b>	Engine anchorage support with multiple adjustments and retaining straps.
<b>Mot. 1489</b>	TDC locating pin.
<b>Mot. 1430</b>	Set of 5 crankshaft and camshaft pulley timing pins.

### Tightening torques

timing belt tensioning roller bolt	<b>27 N.m</b>
accessories pulley M14 bolt	<b>120 N.m + 95° ± 15°</b>
timing belt tensioning roller bolt	<b>27 N.m</b>
TDC pin plug	<b>25 N.m</b>
right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts	<b>25 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Engine: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Wear protective gloves during every operation.

### WARNING

Never run the engine in the opposite direction to that of normal operation.

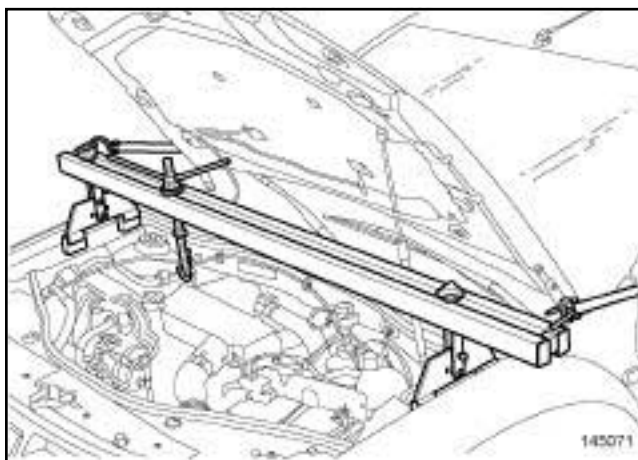
### WARNING

Do not run the engine without the accessories belt to avoid damaging the crankshaft accessories pulley.

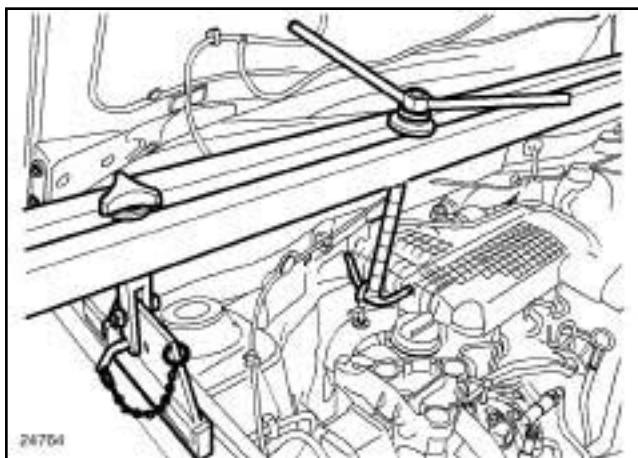
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).



145071  
145071



24764  
24764

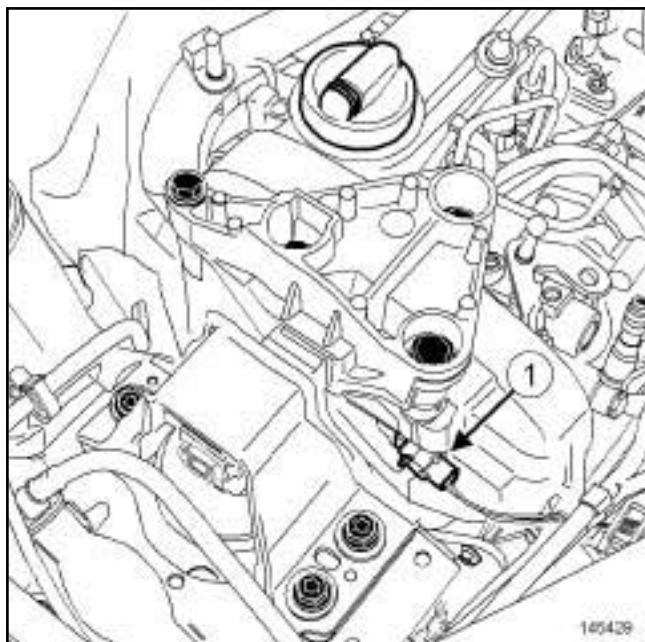
- Fit the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) with the retaining belt, taking the timing end lifting eye as an anchoring point.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

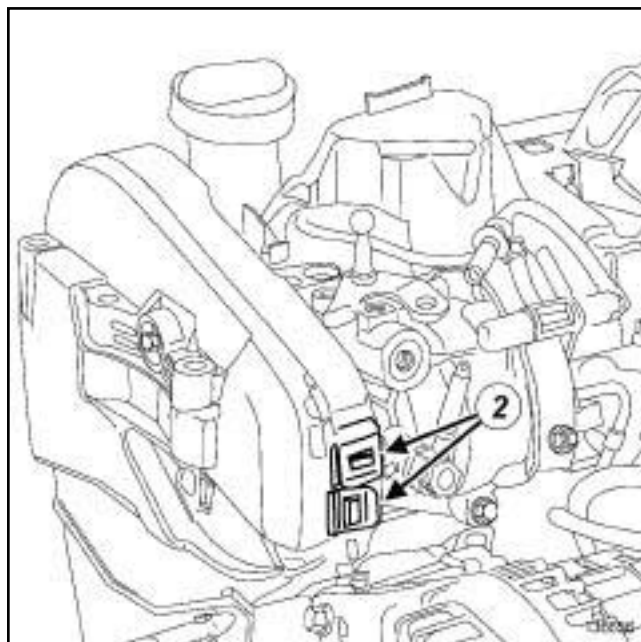
## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and 796

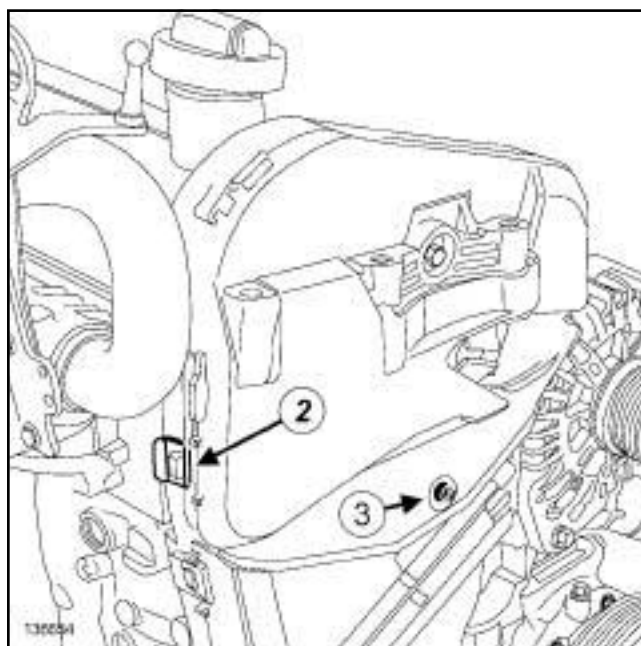


145429



136656

- Mark the position of the suspended engine mounting in relation to the body.
- Remove:
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page **19D-4**),
  - the camshaft position sensor (1) (see **13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page **13B-7**),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-2**).



136654

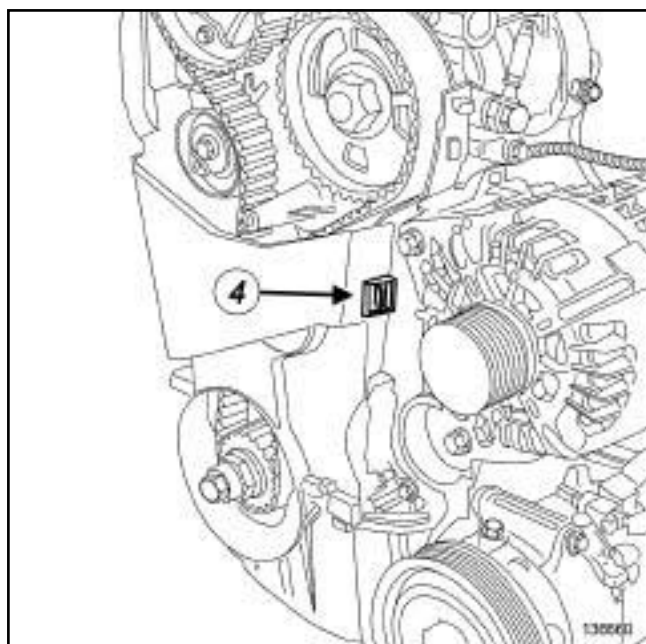
- Remove:
  - the bolt (3) from the upper timing cover,
  - the upper timing cover by unclipping the three tabs (2).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

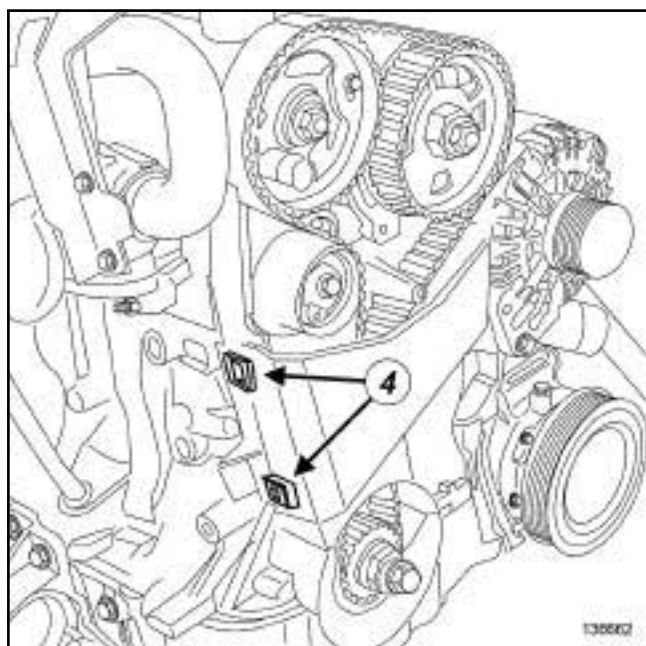
## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and 796

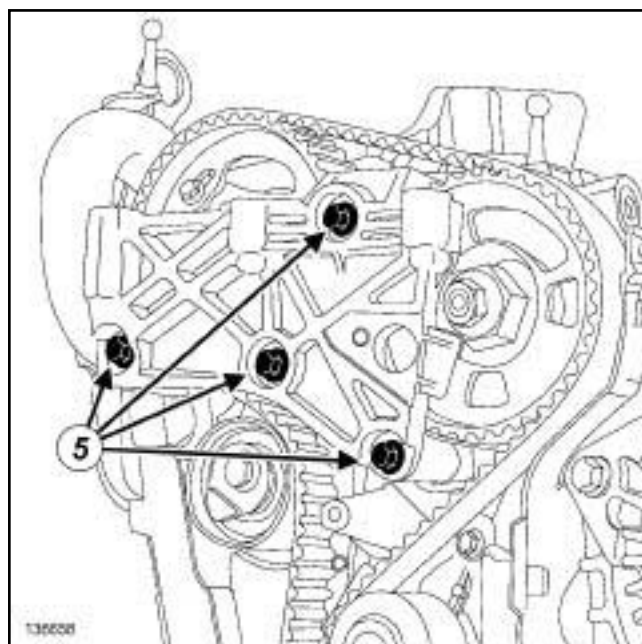


136660



136662

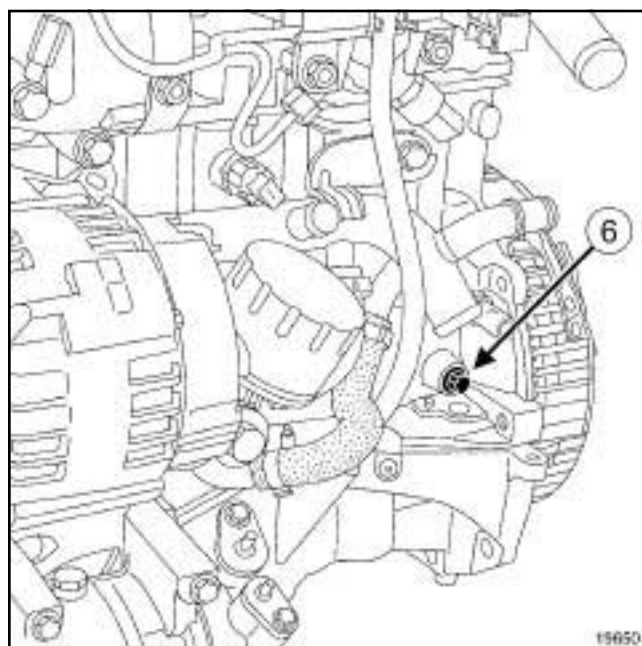
- Unclip the three tabs (4) .
- Remove the lower timing cover.



136658

- Remove:
  - the bolts (5) from the right-hand suspended engine mounting support on the cylinder head,
  - the right-hand pendulum suspension support.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



19650

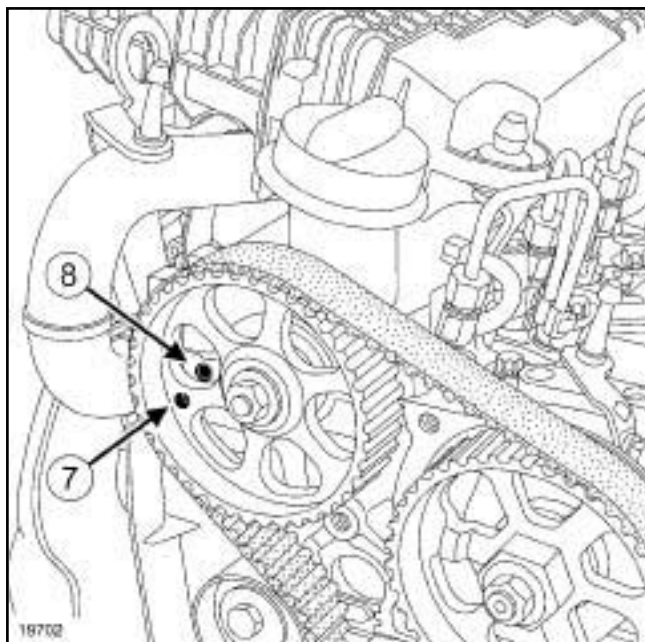
- Remove the TDC pin plug (6) using a 14 female torx socket.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

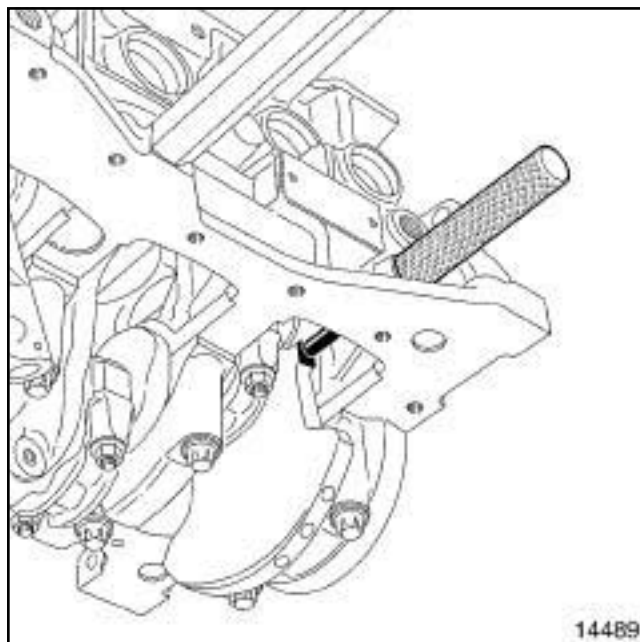
# 11A

K9K, and 796



19702

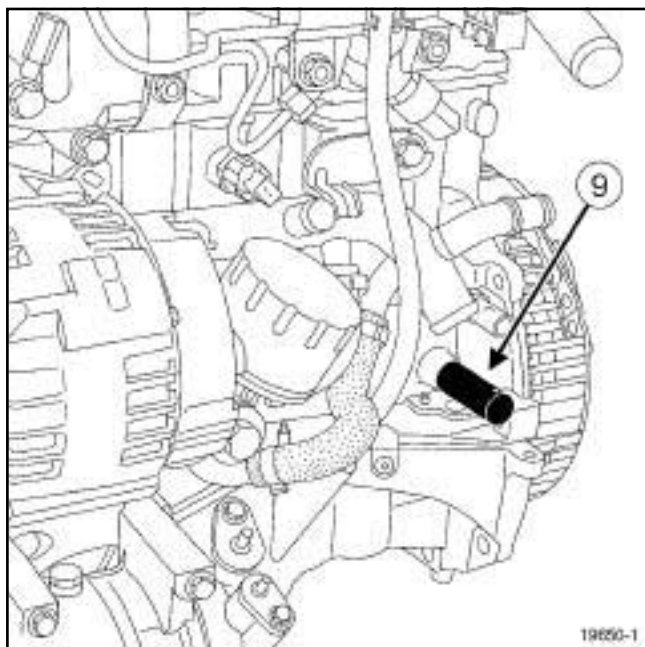
- Turn the crankshaft to position the camshaft pulley hole (7) almost opposite the cylinder head hole (8) .



14489

14489

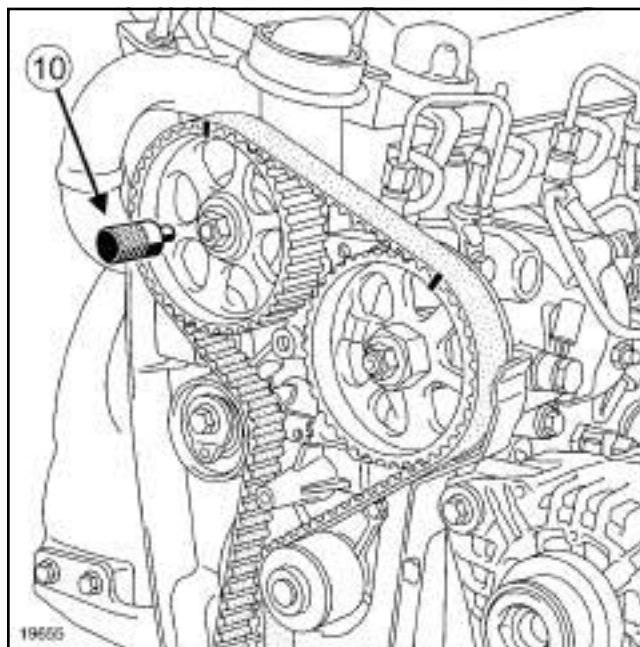
- Turn the crankshaft clockwise (timing end) smoothly until the crankshaft is against the **(Mot. 1489)**.



19650-1

19650-1

- Screw tool **(Mot. 1489)** (9) into the cylinder block.



19655

19655

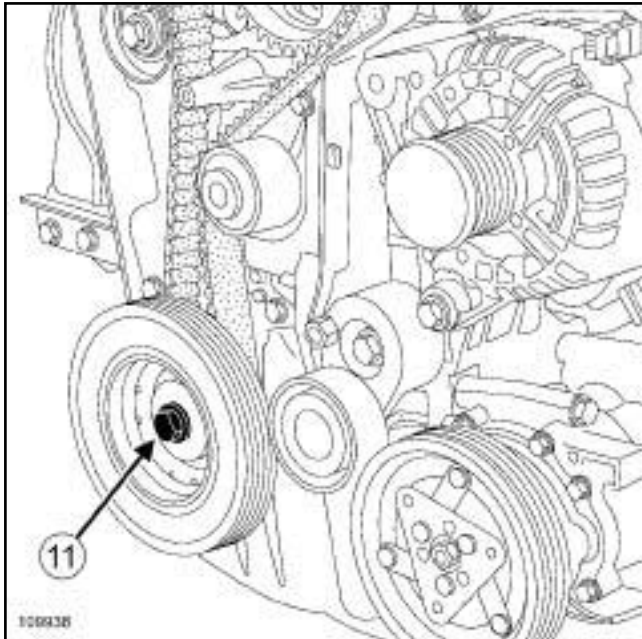
- Insert the **(Mot. 1430)** (10) in the holes of the camshaft pulley and cylinder head.
- Remove:
  - the **(Mot. 1430)**,
  - the **(Mot. 1489)**.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

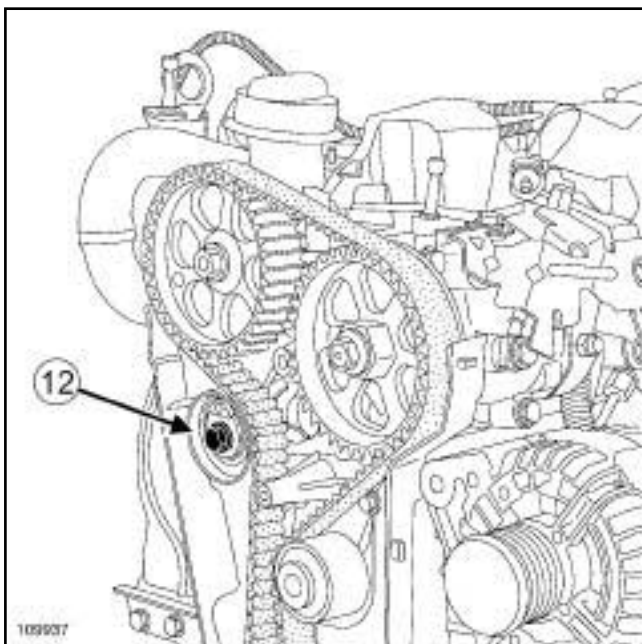
K9K, and 796



109938

Remove:

- the bolt (11) from the crankshaft accessories pulley, locking the flywheel using a large screwdriver,
- the crankshaft accessories pulley.



109937

- Undo the timing belt tensioning roller bolt (12) .
- Loosen the timing belt tensioning roller by turning the eccentric cam using a **6 mm** Allen key.
- Remove:
- the timing belt taking care not to let the crankshaft timing sprocket fall out.

- the timing belt tensioning roller.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



##### WARNING

The belt must be replaced with a new one if it has been removed.

##### WARNING

When replacing the belt, always replace the tension wheels and idler pulleys.

##### WARNING

Always degrease:

- the end of the crankshaft (timing end),
- the timing sprocket pressure faces and bore of the crankshaft,
- the contact surfaces of the crankshaft accessories pulley.

This is to avoid timing slippage.

This slippage leads to engine damage.

#### II - PARTS AND CONSUMABLES FOR THE REPAIR

- parts always to be replaced: Crankshaft accessories pulley bolts,
- parts always to be replaced: Timing belt tensioning roller,
- parts always to be replaced: Timing belt.

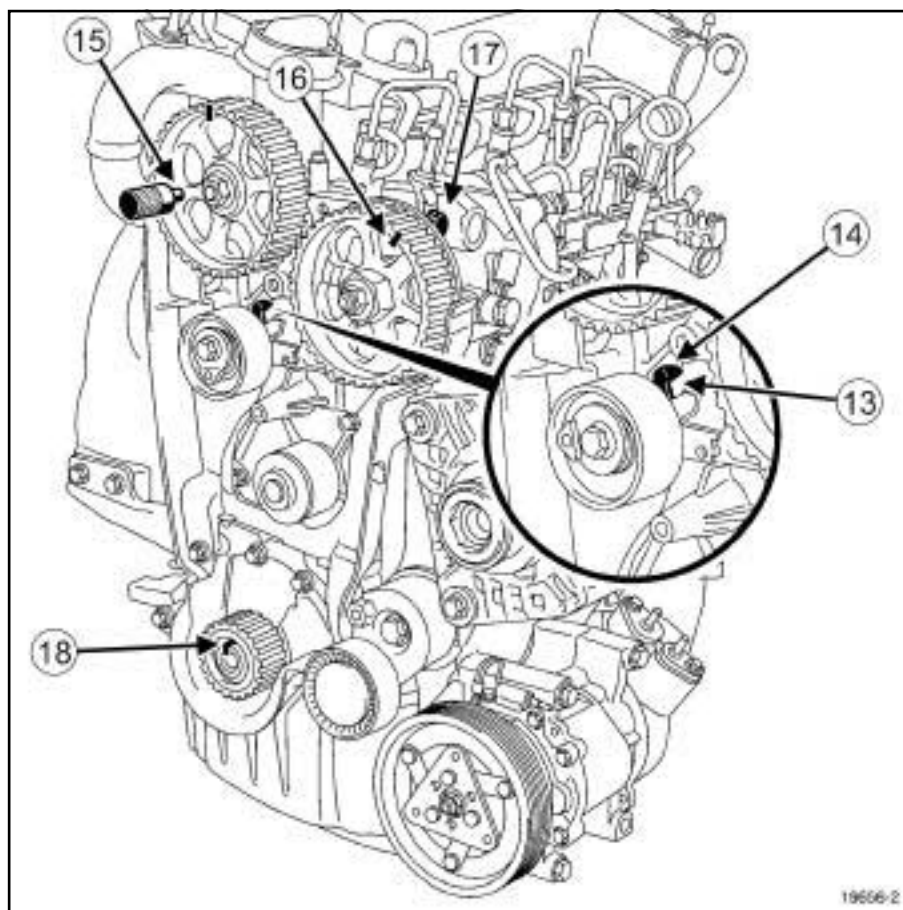
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and 796

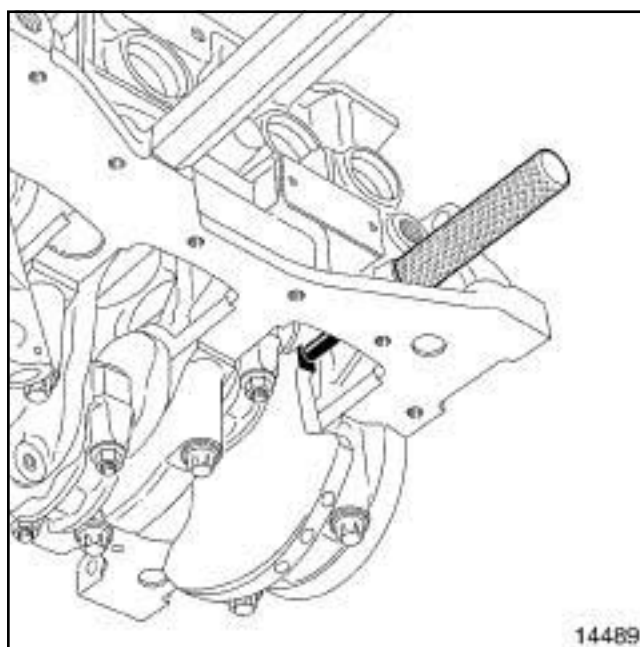
### III - REFITTING OPERATION



19656-2

19656-2

- ❑ Refit:
  - the crankshaft timing sprocket,
  - a new timing belt tensioning roller.
- ❑ Put the tensioning roller lug (13) in the cylinder head groove (14) .
- ❑ Engage the (Mot. 1430) in the camshaft pulley hole and the cylinder head hole at (15) , turning the camshaft using an 18 mm offset wrench if necessary.
- ❑ Check that high-pressure pump pulley marking (16) is opposite the bolt head (17) .



14489

14489

- ❑ Refit the (Mot. 1489).
- ❑ Place the crankshaft against the (Mot. 1489) (the crankshaft groove (18) must be upwards).

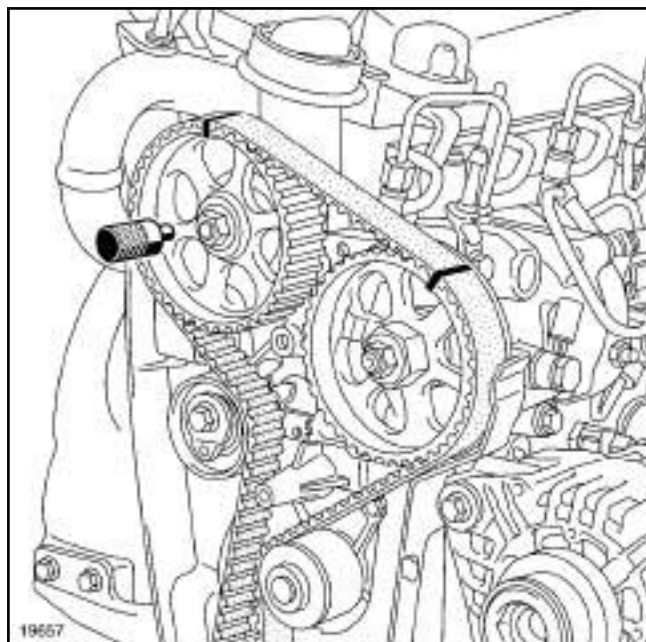


# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and 796

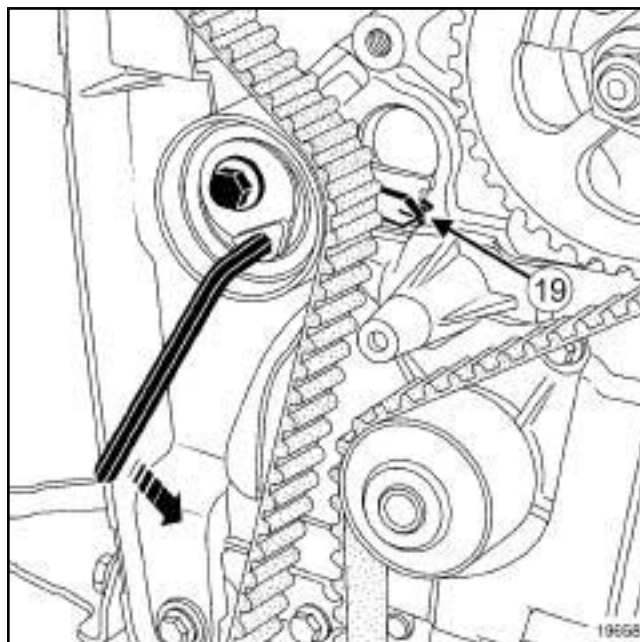


19657

- ❑ Fit the new timing belt, starting with the crankshaft sprocket, aligning the marks on the belt with those on the camshaft and high pressure pump pulleys.

### Note:

There must be **19 timing belt tooth grooves** between the marks of the camshaft and high pressure pump pulleys and **51 timing belt tooth grooves** between the marks of the crankshaft timing sprocket and the high pressure pump pulley.



19658

- ❑ Position the timing belt tensioning roller adjustable index opposite the lug (19) by turning the eccentric cam anti-clockwise using a 6 mm Allen key.
- ❑ Torque tighten the **timing belt tensioning roller bolt (27 N.m)**.
- ❑ Refit the accessories crankshaft pulley with a new bolt.
- ❑ Torque and angle tighten (crankshaft against the (Mot. 1489)) the **accessories pulley M14 bolt (120 N.m + 95° ± 15°)**.
- ❑ Remove:
  - the (Mot. 1430),
  - the (Mot. 1489).

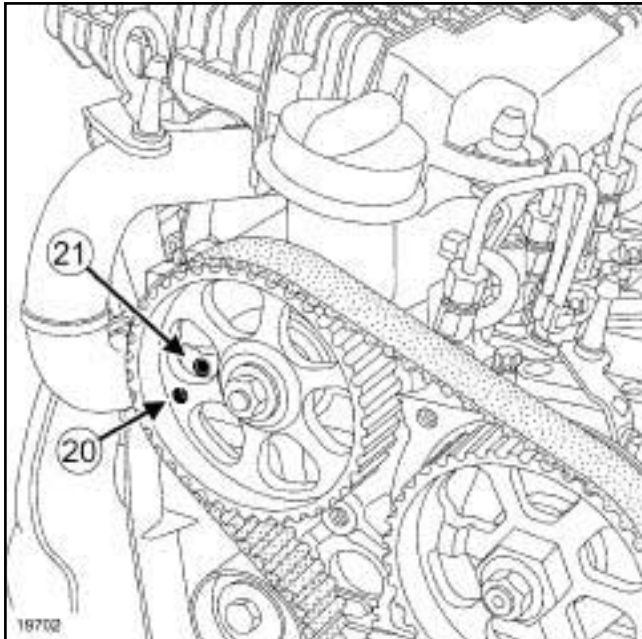


# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

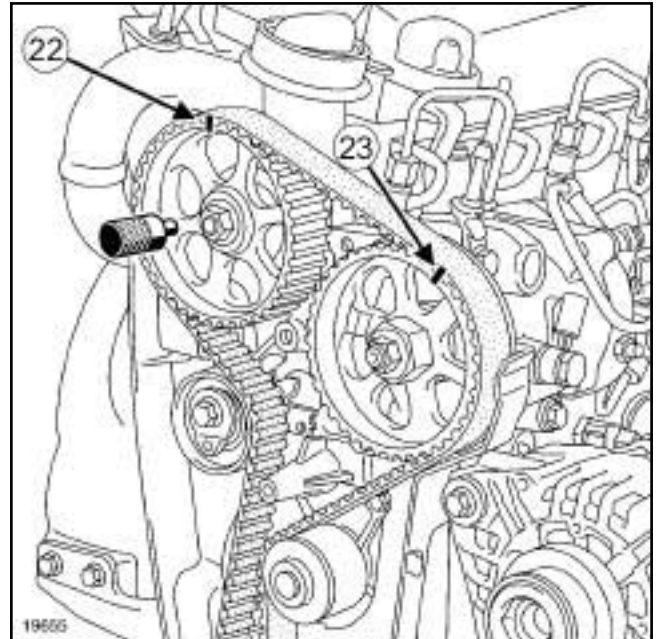
# 11A

K9K, and 796



19702

- Rotate the crankshaft clockwise through two revolutions (timing end).
- Before the camshaft pulley hole (20) is opposite the cylinder head hole (21), screw the (Mot. 1489) into the cylinder block.
- Bring the crankshaft slowly and smoothly into contact with the tool (Mot. 1489).



19655

- Set the camshaft pulley using the (Mot. 1430).

Note:

There should be **19 belt tooth grooves** between the marks on the camshaft pulley (22) and the high pressure pump pulley (23).

- Remove:
  - the (Mot. 1489),
  - the (Mot. 1430).

Note:

After rotating the crankshaft through two revolutions, the tensioning roller adjustable index may be in one of two positions.

The rotation of the tension wheel eccentric depends on the position.

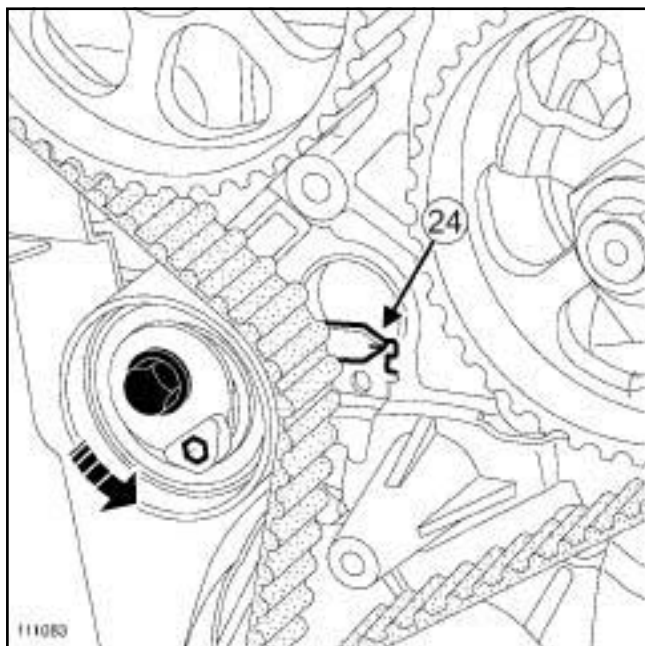
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

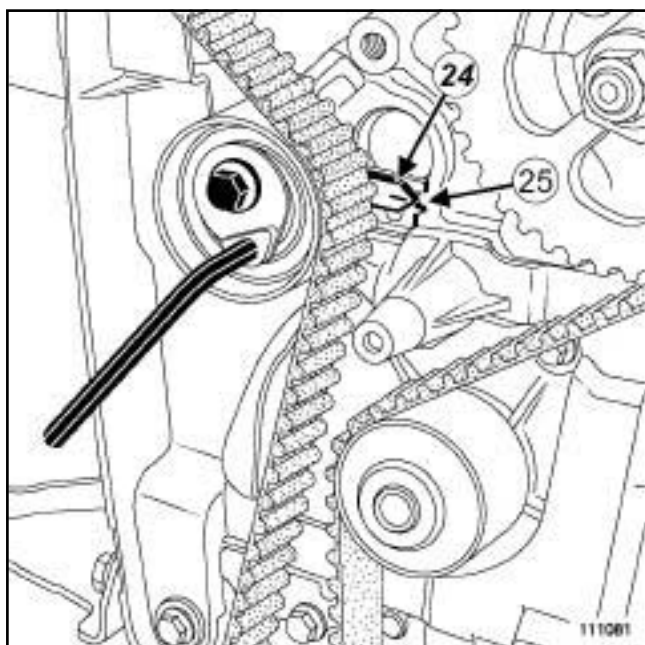
# 11A

K9K, and 796

### 1 - First position



111083



111081

- Loosen the tensioning roller bolt by no more than one turn, holding it with a **6 mm Allen key**.
- Gradually align the adjustable index marker (**24**) in the middle of the timing window (**25**), turning the key anti-clockwise.

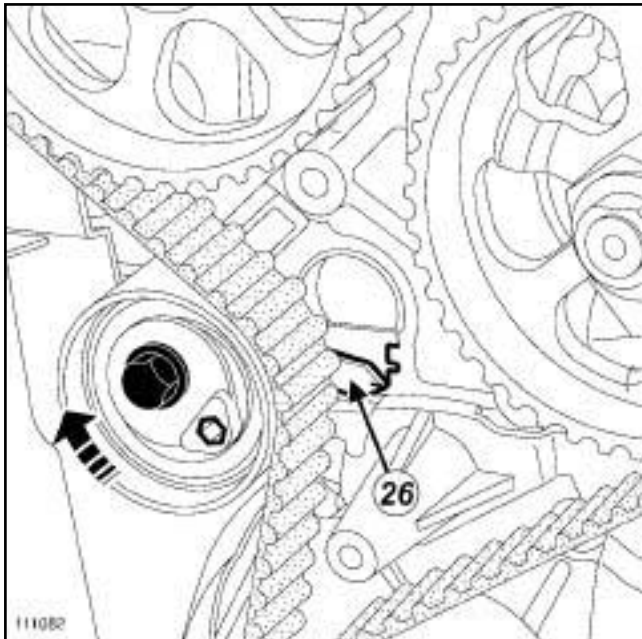
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

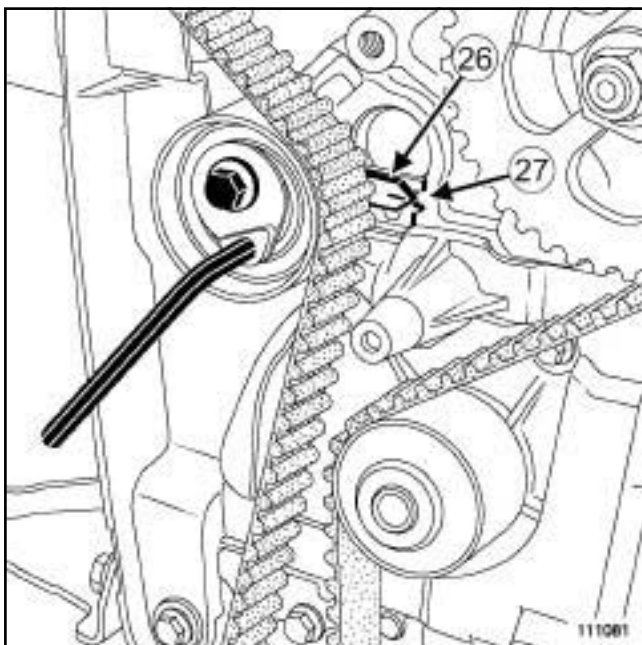
# 11A

K9K, and 796

### 2 - Second position



111082

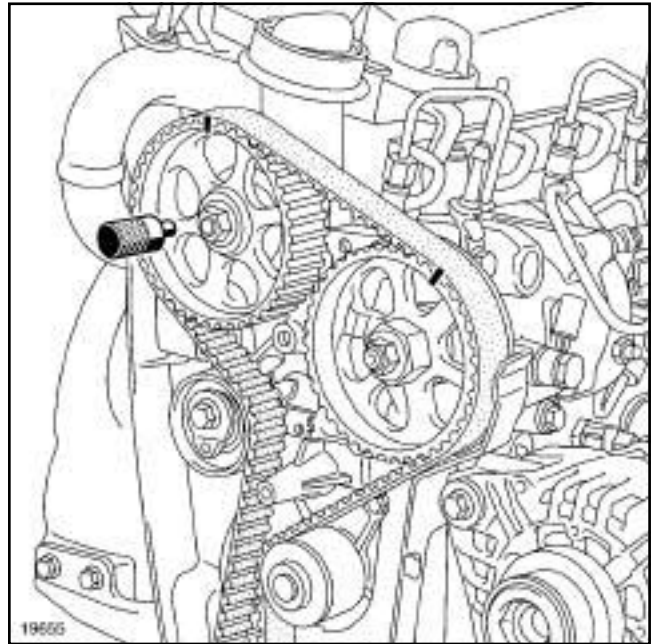


111081

- Loosen the tensioning roller bolt by one turn, holding it with a **6 mm** Allen key.
- Gradually align the adjustable index marker **(26)** in the middle of the timing window **(27)**, turning the key clockwise.
- Torque tighten the **timing belt tensioning roller bolt (27 N.m)**.
- Rotate the crankshaft clockwise through two revolutions (timing end).
- Before the camshaft pulley hole is opposite the cylinder head hole, screw the **(Mot. 1489)** into the cylinder

der block.

- Bring the crankshaft slowly and smoothly into contact with the tool **(Mot. 1489)**.



19655

- Set the camshaft pulley using the **(Mot. 1430)**.
- If the tool **(Mot. 1430)** does not engage, repeat the timing belt refitting operation.
- Remove:
  - the **(Mot. 1489)**,
  - the **(Mot. 1430)**.

### IV - FINAL OPERATION

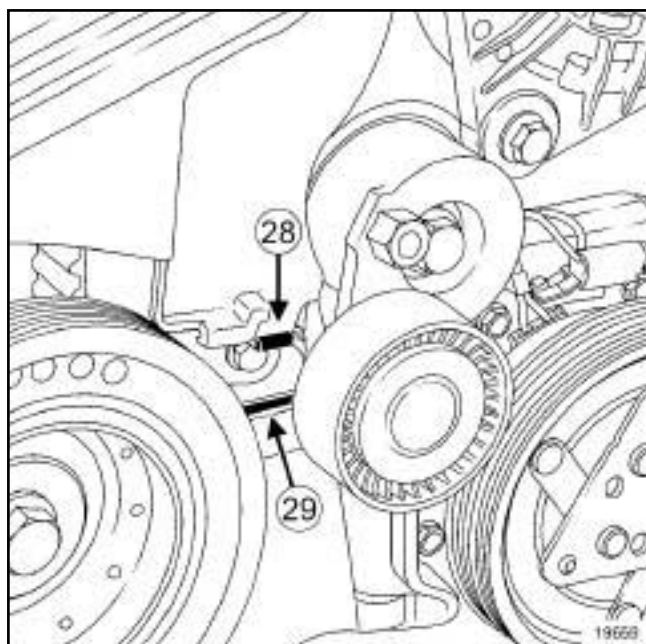
- Place a drop of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) on the threading of the TDC pin plug.
- Torque tighten the **TDC pin plug (25 N.m)**.
- Refit the right-hand suspended engine mounting support on the cylinder head.
- Torque tighten the **right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts (25 N.m)**.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Timing belt: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K, and 796



19659


- Refit the lower timing cover, positioning the tab (28) in the opening (29) on the inner cover.
- Clip on the lower timing cover.
- Refit:
  - the upper timing cover,
  - the upper timing cover bolt.
- Clip on the upper timing cover.
- Refit:
  - the camshaft position sensor (see 13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting, page 13B-7) ,
  - the accessories belt (see 11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see 19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 19D-4) , observing the marks made during removal.
- Remove the engine support tool (Mot. 1453).
- Refit the front right-hand wheel (see Wheel: Removal - Refitting) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Connect the battery (see Battery: Removal - Refitting) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

Tightening torques 	
rocker cover bolts 22, 23, 20 and 13	8 N.m
rocker cover bolts 1 to 12, 14 to 19, 21 to 24	15 N.m
rocker cover bolts 22, 23, 20 and 13	15 N.m
flywheel end lifting eye bolts on the rocker cover	11 N.m

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the throttle valve (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11) ,
  - the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-12) ,
  - the timing end camshaft seals (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-56) ,
  - the ignition coils (see **17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**, page 17A-1) ,
  - the oil decanter (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Oil decanter: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-68) ,
  - the flywheel end lifting eye on the rocker cover.

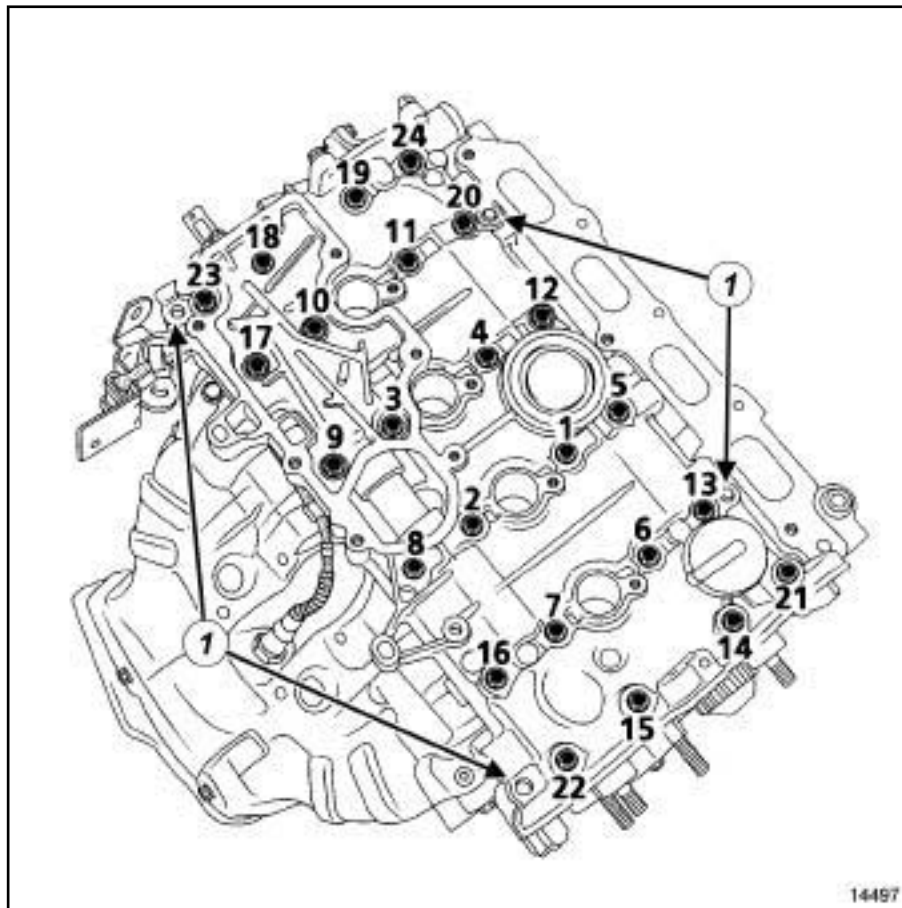
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



14497

14497

- Remove the rocker cover bolts.
- Remove the rocker cover vertically by tapping the lugs (1) with a copper hammer.
- Remove the rocker cover.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



##### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

##### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

##### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

##### WARNING

Do not allow this product to drip onto the paintwork.

Clean the cylinder head carefully to prevent foreign bodies from entering the oil supply and return galleries.

Failure to follow this advice could lead to the blocking of the various oil inlet galleries, which would quickly result in engine damage.

##### Note:

The gasket faces on the rocker cover must be clean, dry and free from grease (avoid finger marks).

- Clean the gasket face of the rocker cover and cylinder head with **SUPER CLEANING AGENT FOR JOINT FACES** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to dissolve any pieces of seal that are still attached.
- Apply the product to the section to be cleaned.
- Wait approximately fifteen minutes, then remove any residue with a wooden spatula.
- Lubricate the cylinder head camshaft bearings with engine oil.

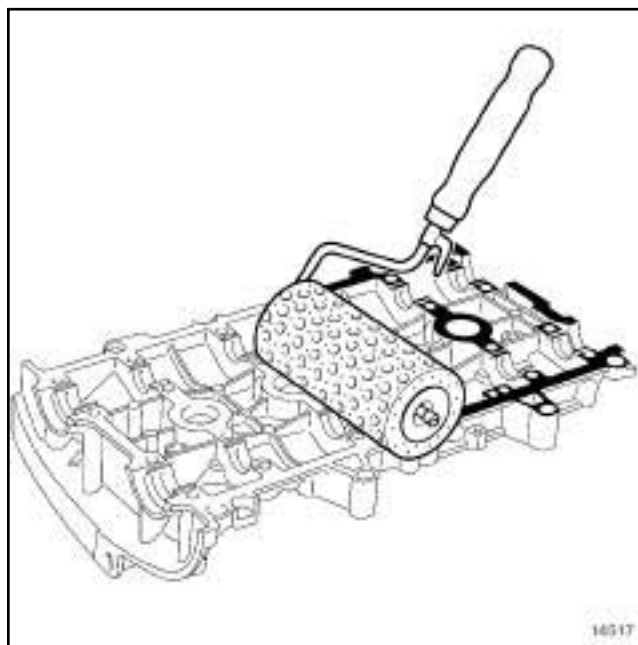


##### WARNING

Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.)

##### Note:

Do not put oil on the gasket face of the cylinder head cover.



14517

14517

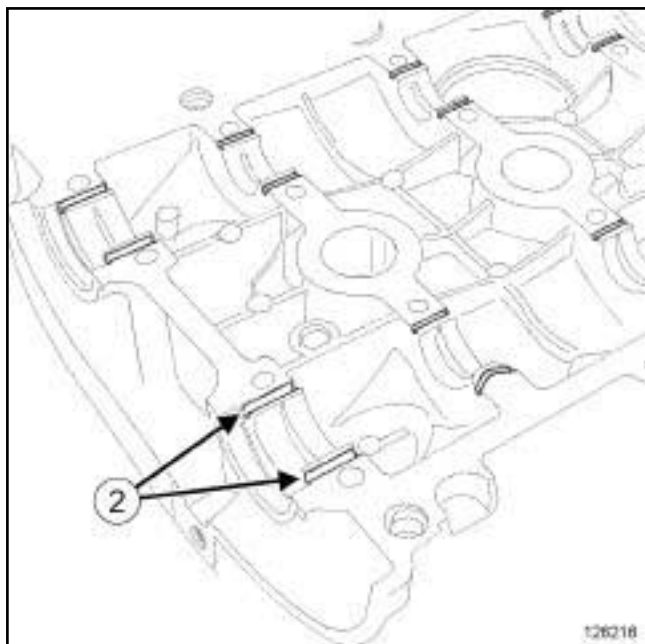
- Using a stipple roller, apply **RESIN ADHESIVE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the gasket face until it is well coated.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M



126216

- Use a cloth to remove any **RESIN GLUE** in the bearing channels (2) on the rocker cover.



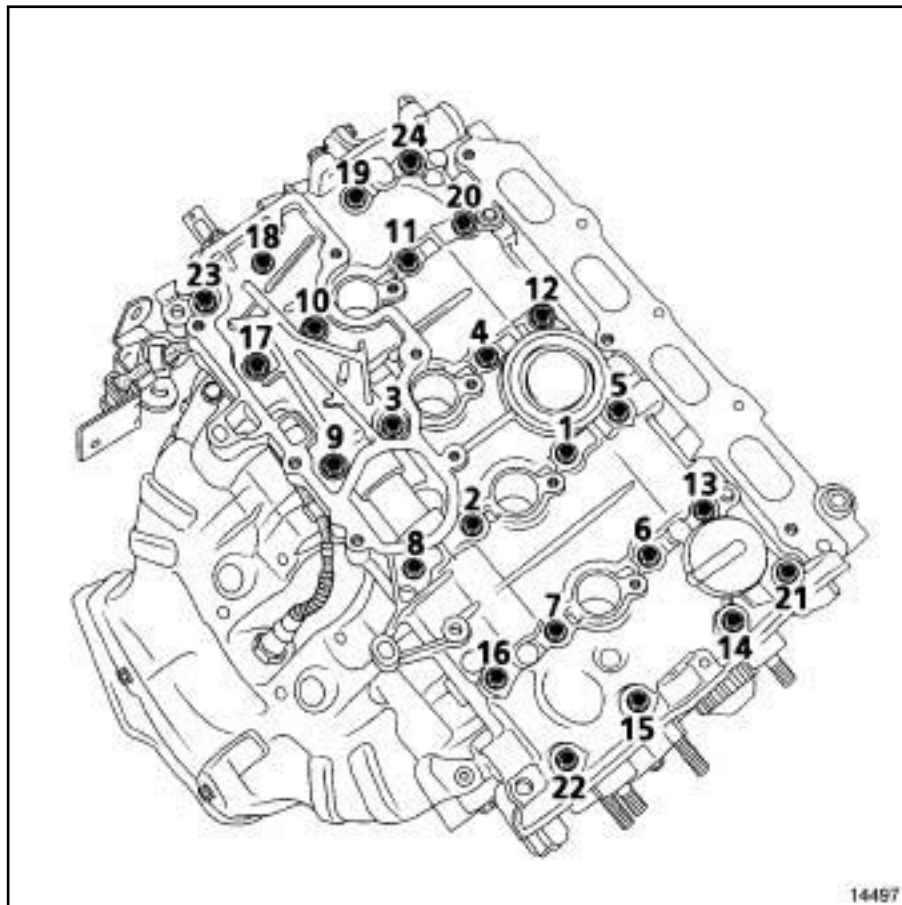
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### II - REFITTING OPERATION



14497

14497

- Refit the rocker cover.
- Tighten to torque and in order:
  - **rocker cover bolts 22, 23, 20 and 13 (8 N.m)**,
  - **rocker cover bolts 1 to 12, 14 to 19, 21 to 24 (15 N.m)**.
- Loosen bolts 22, 23, 20 and 13, in order.
- Torque tighten in order **rocker cover bolts 22, 23, 20 and 13 (15 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the flywheel end lifting eye.
- Torque tighten the **flywheel end lifting eye bolts on the rocker cover (11 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the oil decanter (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Oil decanter: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-68**) ,
  - the ignition coils (see **17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting, page 17A-1**) ,

- the camshaft seals (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-56**) ,
  - the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-12**) ,
  - the throttle valve (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-11**) ,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-6**) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-17**) ,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-2**) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

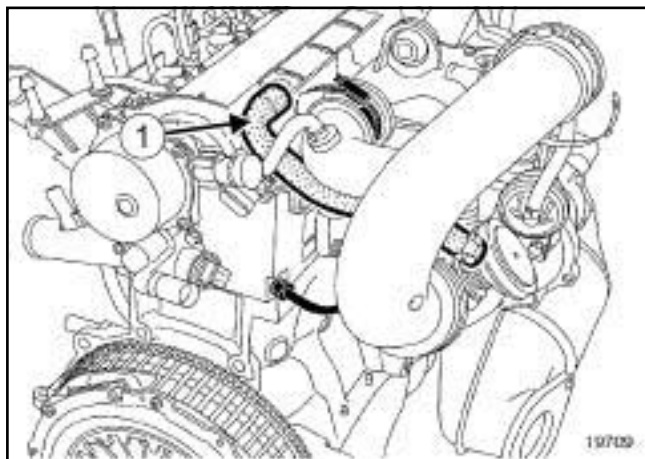
### Tightening torques

rocker cover bolts	12 N.m
--------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the air filter unit (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .



- Remove the oil vapour rebreathing hose (1) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

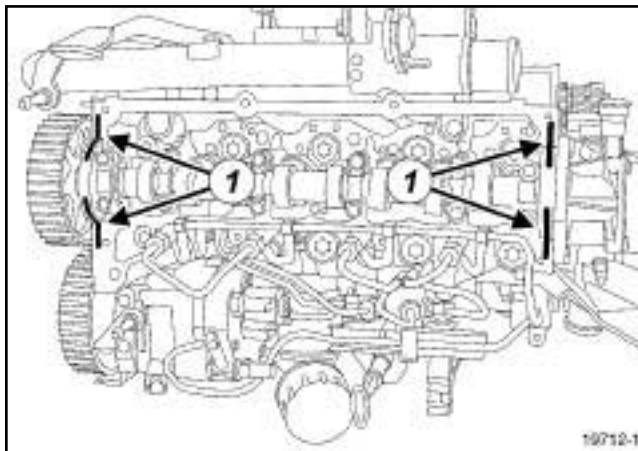
- Remove:
  - the rocker cover bolts,
  - the rocker cover,
  - the rocker cover seal.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Clean the cylinder head joint face using **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease:
  - the cylinder head joint face,
  - the housing of the rocker cover seal, if reusing.
- parts always to be replaced: rocker cover seal.**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

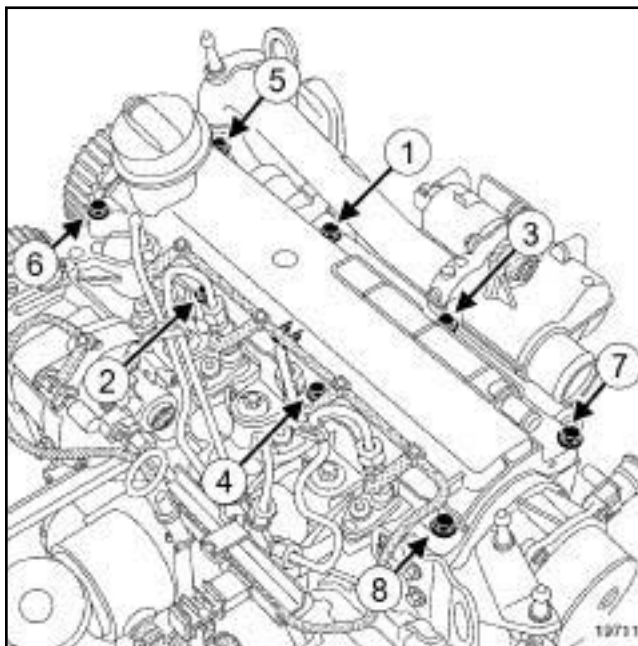


- 

### WARNING

Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).

- Deposit four beads (1) of **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** that are **2 mm** in diameter and **10 mm** long.
- Refit:
  - the rocker cover,
  - the rocker cover bolts.



- Torque tighten in order the **rocker cover bolts (12 N.m)**.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the oil vapour rebreathing pipe.
- Refit the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### Equipment required

roller-type stud removal tool

### Tightening torques

the camshaft dowel	8 N.m
--------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the throttle valve (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11) ,
  - the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-12) ,
  - the ignition coils (see **17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**, page 17A-1) ,
  - the rocker cover (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-42) ,
  - the timing end camshaft seals (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-56) .

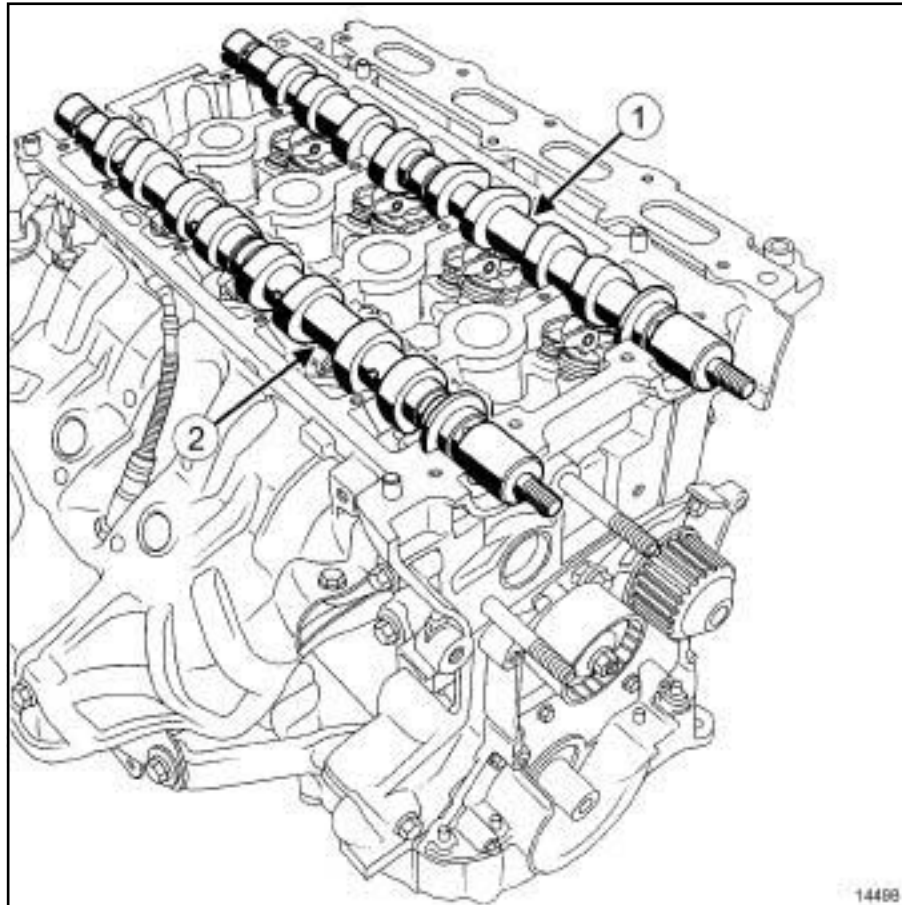
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



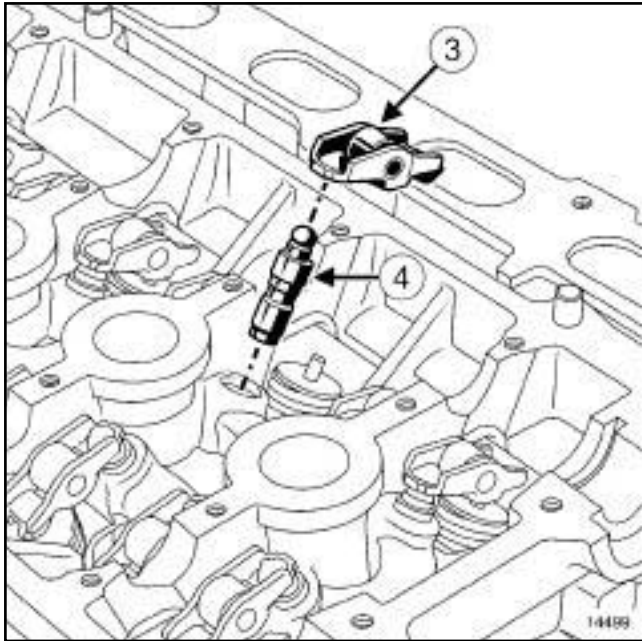
14498

14498

#### □ Remove:

- the inlet camshaft (1) ,
- the exhaust camshaft (2) .

K4M



- Remove:
  - the valve rockers (3) ;
  - the hydraulic tappets (4) .

Note:

To prevent any risk of unpriming the hydraulic tappets make sure that they are vertical.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Refit the camshafts while positioning them correctly (see ) (Technical Note 6023A, 10A, Engine and peripherals).

Note:

It is essential to reprime the hydraulic tappets as these may become drained if removed for a long time.

- To check if re-priming is necessary, press the top of the tappet with your thumb. If the tappet piston depresses, immerse the tappets in a container full of diesel then reprime them.

### Replacing a camshaft dowel

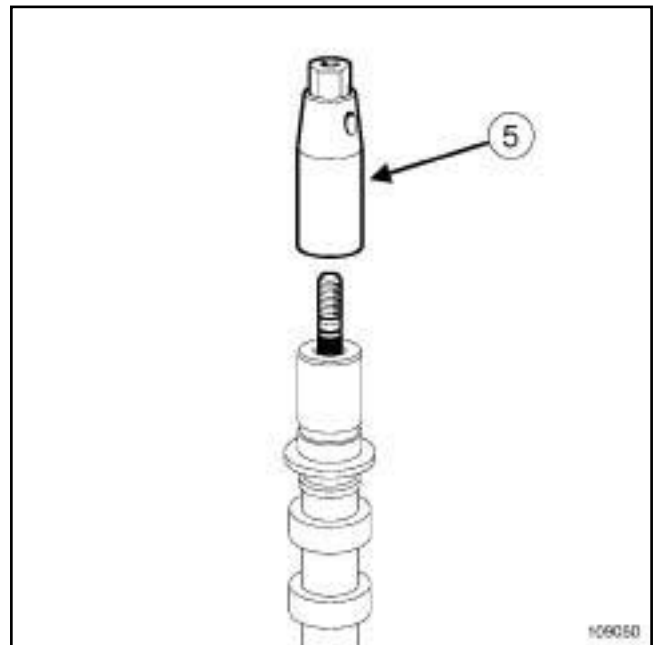
- 

Note:

It is essential to replace the camshaft dowel if it comes loose at the same time as the nut.

#### a - Removal

- Place the camshaft in a vice with **aluminium jaws**.



- Remove the dowel using a **roller-type stud removal tool (5)** .

#### b - Cleaning the camshaft

- 

Note:

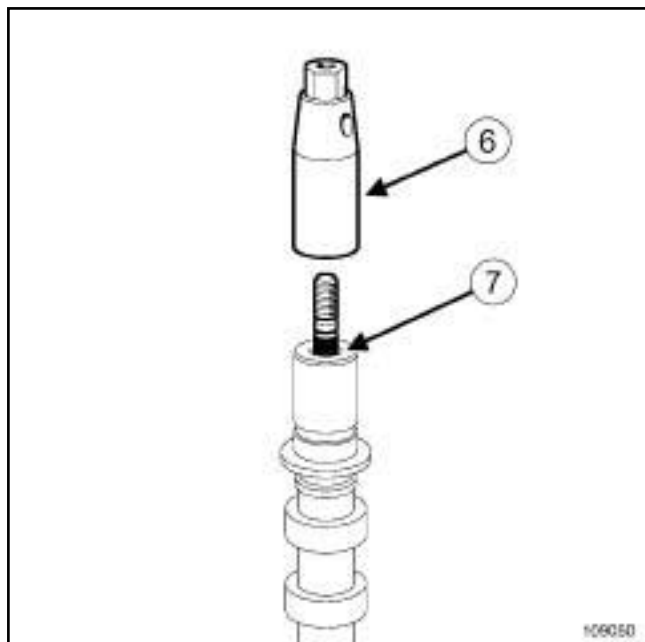
Clean the thread hole of the camshaft carefully to prevent foreign bodies from entering the latter.

Failure to follow this advice could lead to the blocking of the oil inlet holes, which would quickly result in engine damage.

#### c - Refitting

- Place the camshaft in a vice with **aluminium jaws**.

K4M



109050

- Refit the new camshaft dowel (precoated section (7) on the camshaft side).
- Torque tighten the camshaft dowel (8 N.m) using a roller-type stud removal tool (6) .

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the hydraulic tappets,
  - the valve rockers,
  - the inlet camshaft, by lubricating the inlet camshaft bearings,
  - the exhaust camshaft, by lubricating the exhaust camshaft bearings.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the rocker cover (see 11A, Top and front of engine, Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-42) ,
  - the camshaft seals (see 11A, Top and front of engine, Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-56) ,
  - the ignition coils (see 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting, page 17A-1) ,
  - the inlet distributor (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-12) ,
  - the throttle valve (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-11) ,

- the air filter unit (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-6) ,
- the timing belt (see 11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-17) ,
- the air resonator (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-2) ,
- the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see 19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 19D-4) ,
- the accessories belt (see 11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2) ,
- the front right-hand wheel (see Wheel: Removal - Refitting) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

- Connect the battery (see Battery: Removal - Refitting) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

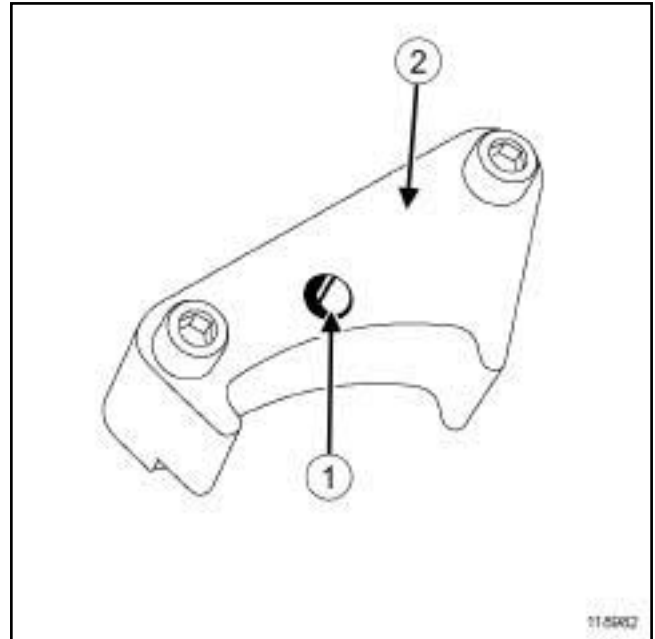
### Tightening torques

bolts of the camshaft bearings	10 N.m
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## REMOVAL

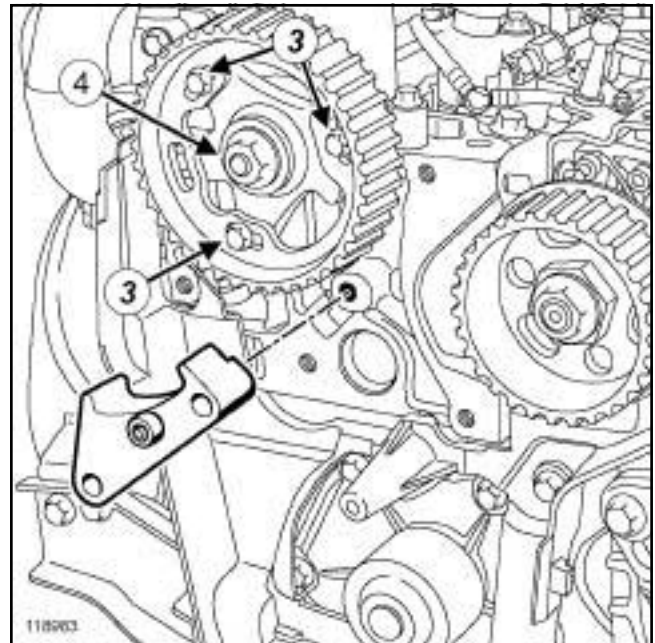
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the air filter box (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner partially (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the camshaft position sensor (see **13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-7) ,
  - the crankshaft accessories pulley (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-10) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the vacuum pump (see **Vacuum pump: Removal - Refitting**) (37A, Mechanical component controls),
  - the rocker cover (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-42) .



118982

- Increase the hole (1) of the (2) using an **8.5 mm** drill bit.



118983

- Undo the camshaft pulley hub bolts (3) .
- Fit then on the cylinder head to lock the camshaft pulley wheel.
- Tighten the camshaft pulley hub bolts (3) .
- Remove:
  - the nut (4) from the camshaft pulley,
  - the,
  - the camshaft pulley.



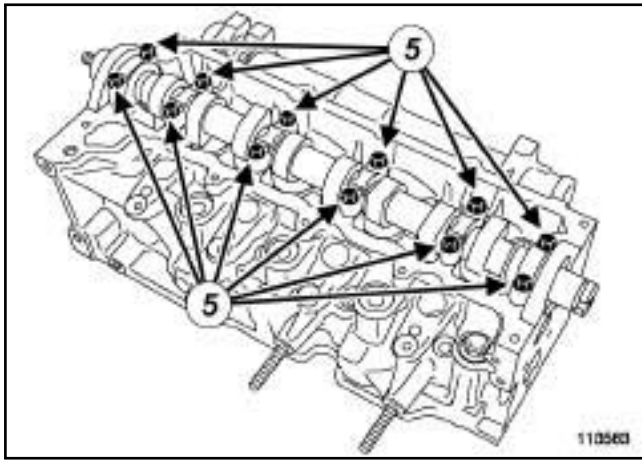
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft: Removal - Refitting

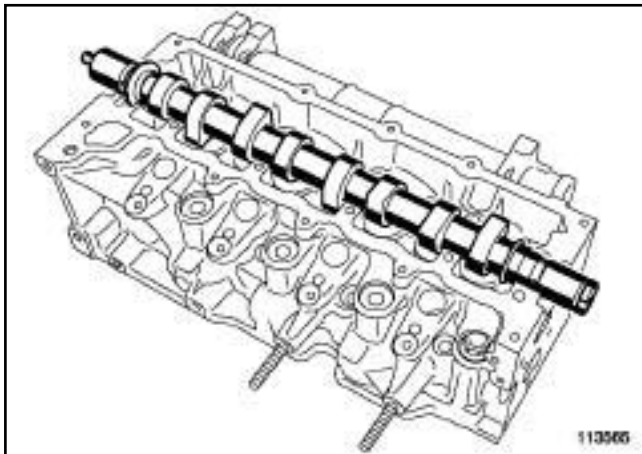
# 11A

K9K

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



113563



113565

- Mark the position of the camshaft bearings.
- Remove:
  - the camshaft bearing bolts (5) ,
  - the camshaft bearings,
  - the camshaft,
  - the timing end camshaft seal.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Camshaft seal on timing end.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

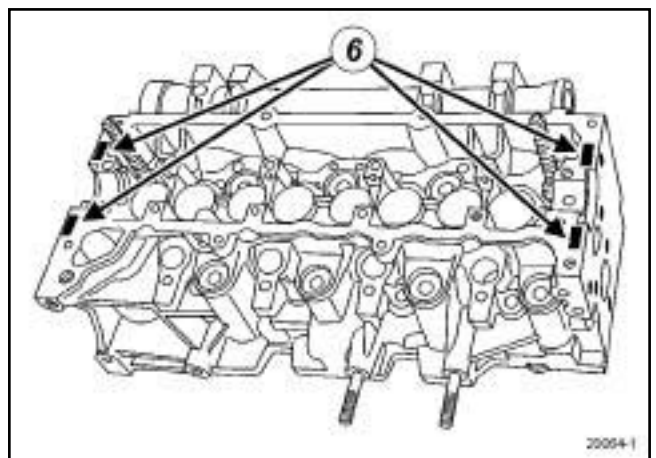
#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

- Use **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean the bearing faces of the camshaft bearings.

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:

- the bearing faces of the camshaft bearings on the cylinder head,
- the bearing faces of the camshaft bearings on the camshaft bearings.



20064-1

#### WARNING

Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft: Removal - Refitting

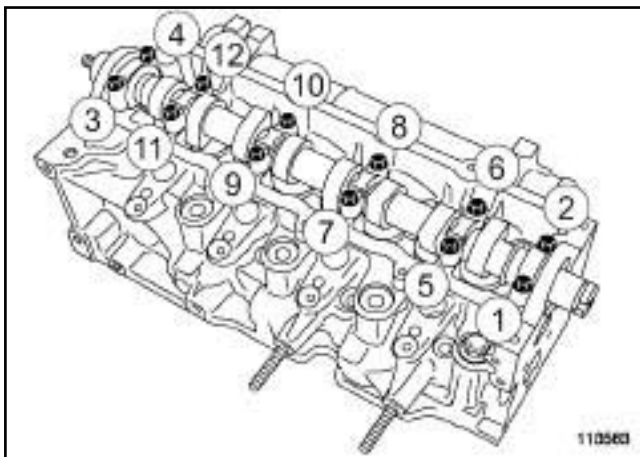
# 11A

K9K

- ❑ Apply four beads (6) of **RESIN ADHESIVE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) 7 mm in diameter on the cylinder head.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ❑ Fit the camshaft in place by placing the camshaft groove on the timing end vertically and facing upwards.
- ❑ Refit the camshaft bearings, observing their original positions (bearing **No. 1** at the flywheel end).



113563

- ❑ Refit the camshaft bearing bolts (1) , (3) , (4) and (2) in order.
- ❑ Tighten the camshaft bearing bolts (1) , (3) , (4) and (2) in order.
- ❑ Refit the camshaft bearing bolts in order.
- ❑ Tighten to torque and in order the **bolts of the camshaft bearings (10 N.m)**.
- ❑ Check and adjust (if necessary) the valve clearance (see **Valves: Adjustment**) .

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- ❑ Refit:
  - the camshaft seal (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-56) ,
  - the rocker cover (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Rocker cover: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-42) ,
  - the vacuum pump (see **Vacuum pump: Removal - Refitting**) (37A, Mechanical component controls),
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,

- the crankshaft accessories pulley (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-10) ,
  - the camshaft position sensor (see **13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-7) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the air filter box (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .
- ❑ Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

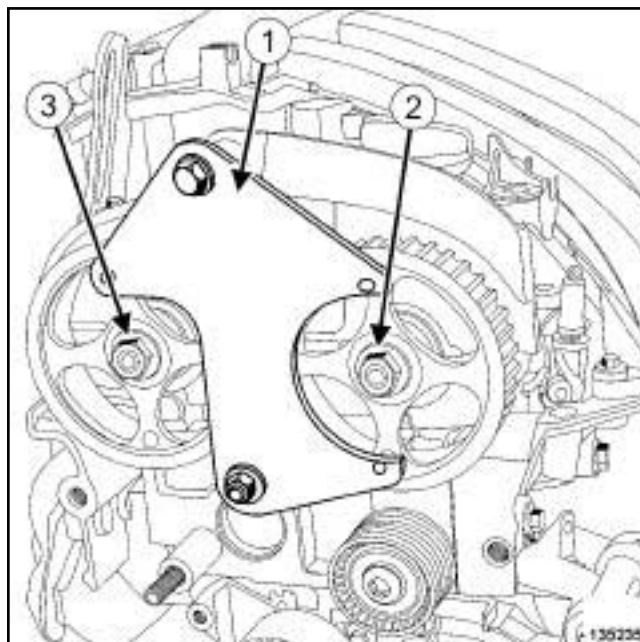
### Tightening torques

inlet camshaft hub nut	30 N.m + 84° ± 4°
exhaust camshaft hub nut	30 N.m + 84° ± 4°

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the throttle valve (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11) ,
  - the air inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-12) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) .



- Fit the locking tool (1) on the camshaft pulleys.
- Remove:
  - the inlet camshaft pulley nut (2) ,
  - the exhaust camshaft pulley nut (3) ,
  - the,
  - the inlet camshaft pulley,
  - the exhaust camshaft pulley.

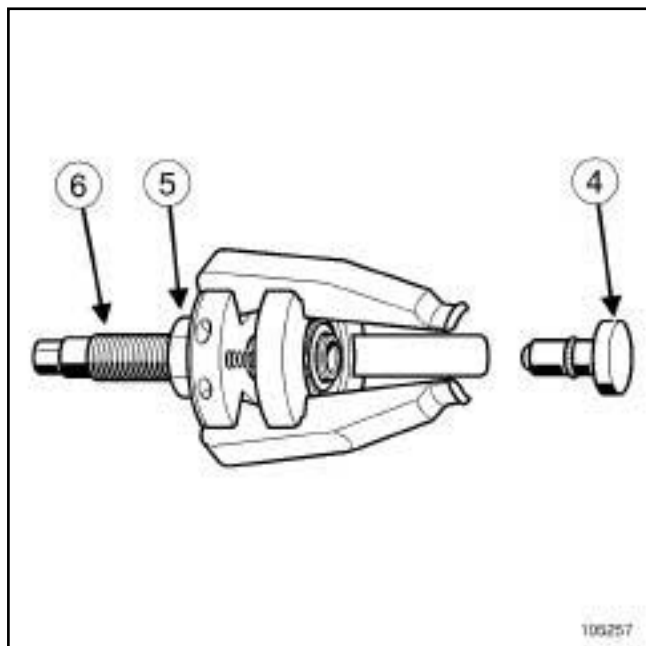
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



105257

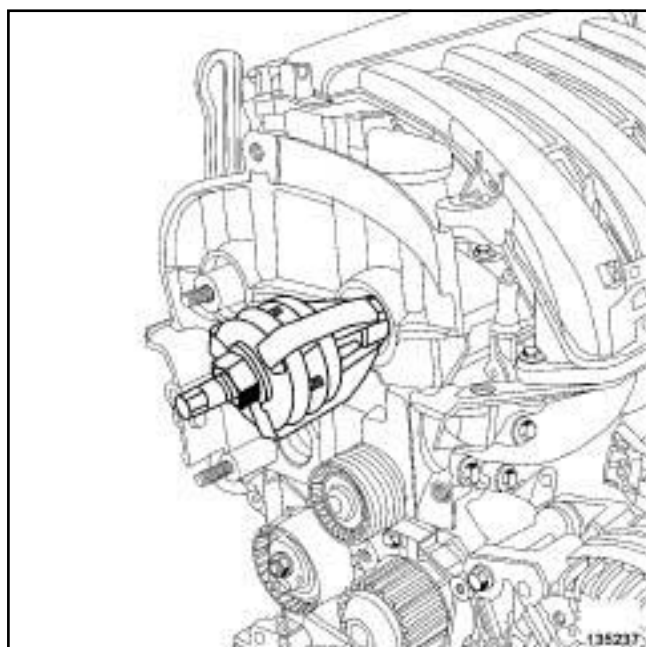
□

Note:

The inlet and exhaust camshaft seals are removed using the.

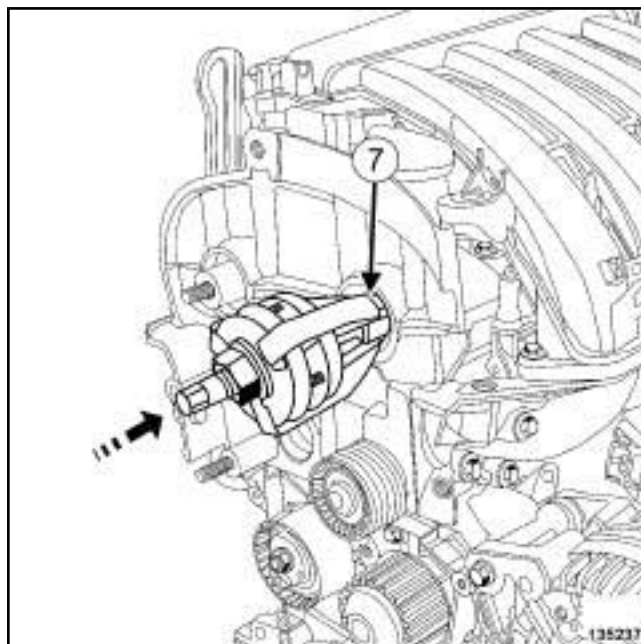
□ Always remove the end piece (4) of the tool.

□ Loosen bolts (5) and (6) fully from the.



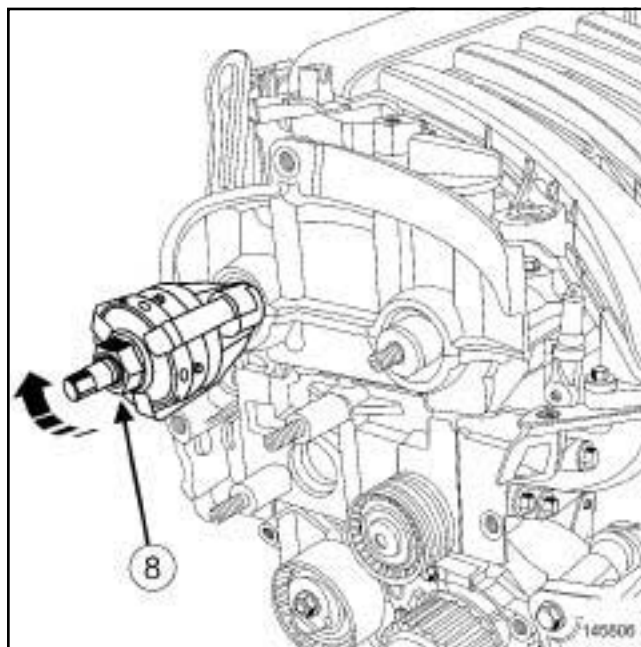
135237

□ Position the claws of the tool on the camshaft.



135237

□ Push the tool until contact is made between the ends of the claws (7) and the camshaft seal.



145806

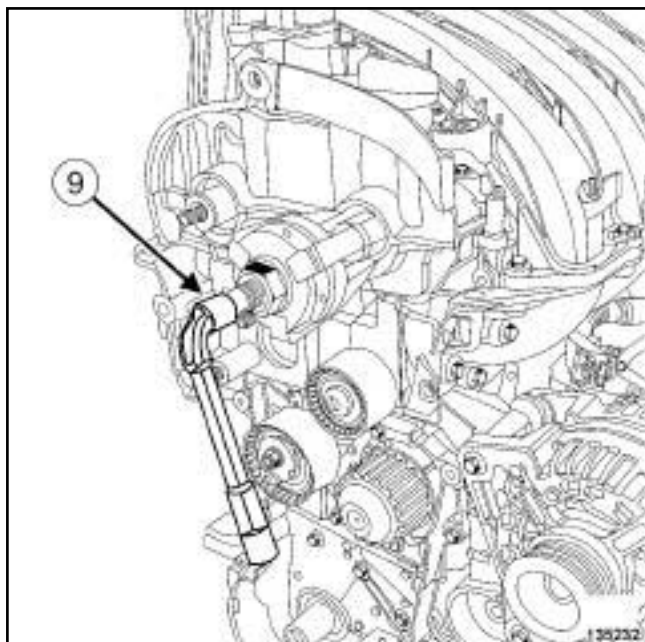
□ Separate the claws by turning the nut (8) clockwise using an open-jawed spanner.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M



135232

- Remove the camshaft seal by turning the bolt (9) clockwise.
- Repeat the previous operations for the other camshaft seal.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Camshaft seal on timing end
- parts always to be replaced: Exhaust camshaft pulley nut
- Always replace the inlet camshaft pulley nut.

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:

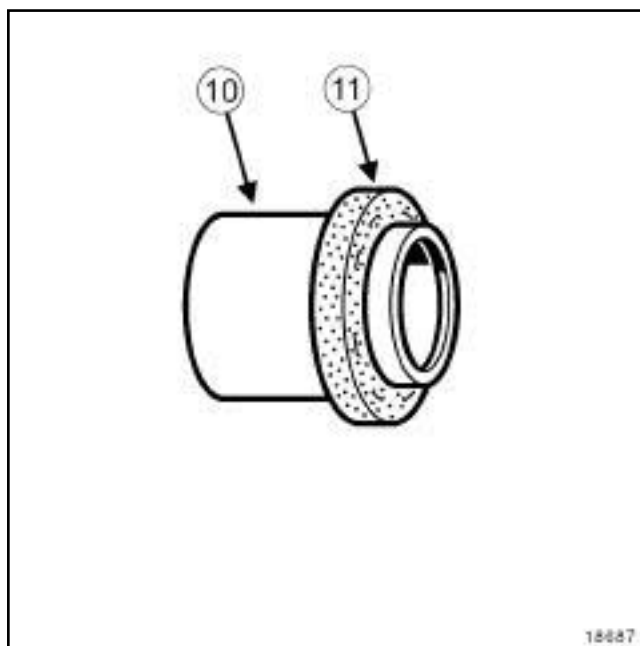
- the seal mating face of each camshaft,
- the camshaft seal housings.

#### Note:

It is strictly forbidden to lubricate the outer diameter of the ring before fitting.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

##### Fitting the camshaft seal.



18687

18687

#### Note:

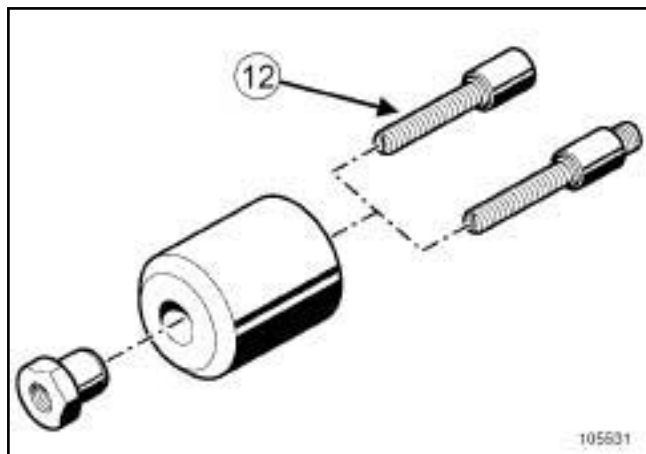
Always hold the camshaft seal with the protector (10) when handling, as this type of seal is very fragile. It is strictly forbidden to touch seal; (11) this is to prevent any oil leaks once the oil seal is fitted to the engine.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

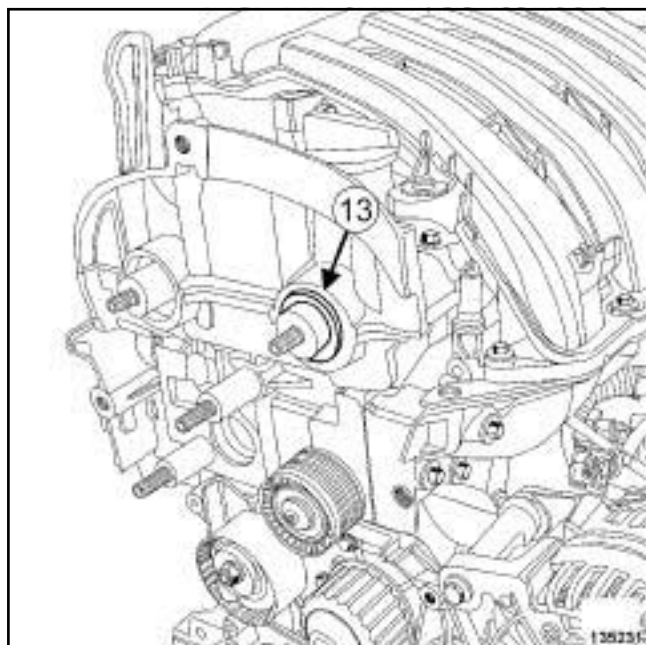
## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

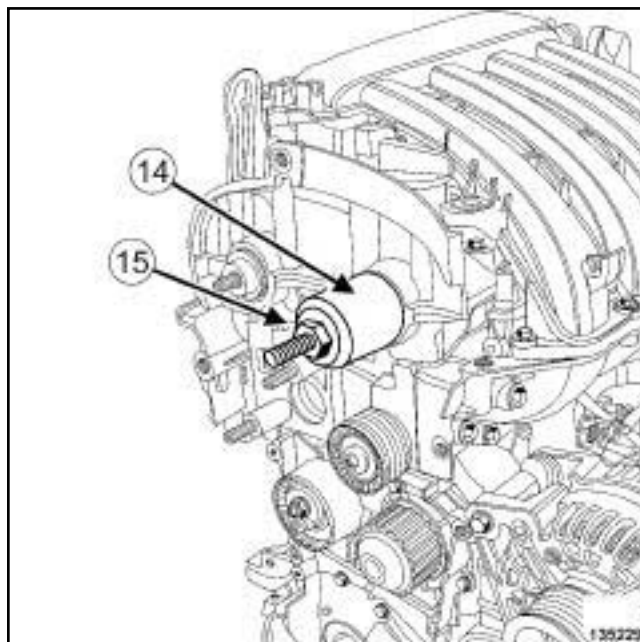


105531



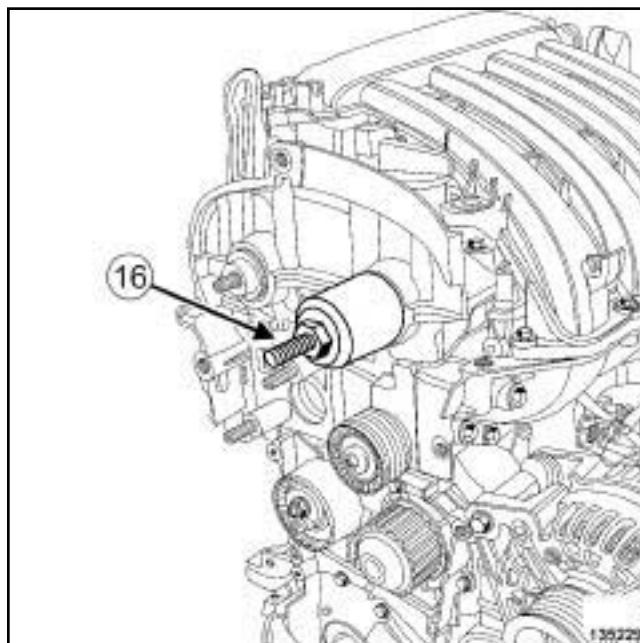
135231

- Fit the protector fitted with a new seal (13) on the inlet and exhaust camshaft, taking care not to touch the seal.
- Screw on the stud (12) of the toolon the inlet and exhaust camshafts.



135229

- Fit the cover (14) and the collar nut (15) of the.



135229

- Screw on the collar nut until the cover touches the cylinder head.
- Remove:
  - the nut,
  - the cover,
  - the threaded rod (16) .

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the inlet camshaft pulley with a new nut,
  - the exhaust camshaft pulley with a new nut.
- Fit the locking tool on the camshaft pulleys.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **inlet camshaft hub nut (30 N.m + 84° ± 4°)**,
  - the **exhaust camshaft hub nut (30 N.m + 84° ± 4°)**.
- Remove the locking tool.
- Refit:
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-12) ,
  - the throttle valve (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11) ,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1430** Set of 5 crankshaft and camshaft pulley timing pins.

### Tightening torques

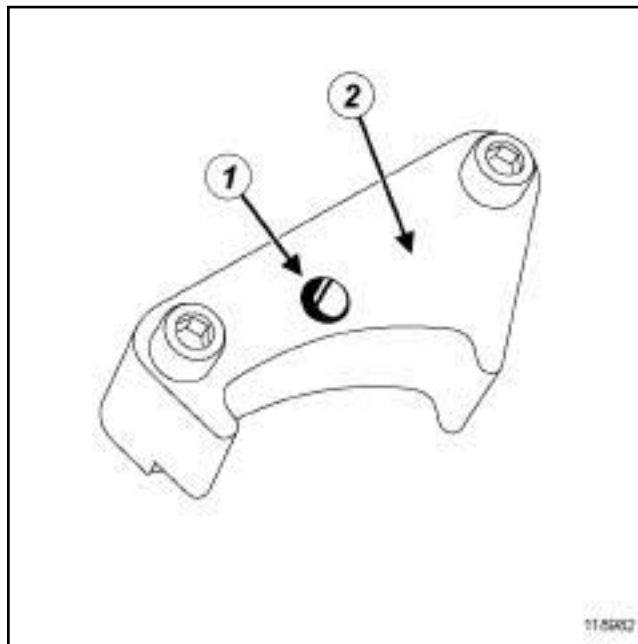
camshaft stud	12 N.m
camshaft pulley nut	30 N.m + 86° ± 6°.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front engine cover.
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4),
  - the camshaft position sensor (see **13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-7),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2),
  - the crankshaft accessories pulley (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Crankshaft accessories pulley: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-10),
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17),
  - the **(Mot. 1430)**.

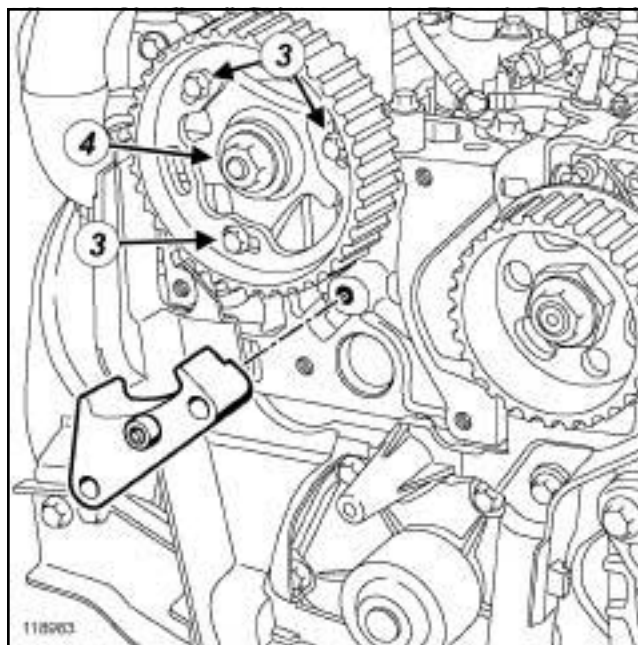
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



118982

118982

- Increase the hole (1) of the (2) using an **8.5 mm** drill bit.



118983

118983

- Undo the camshaft pulley hub bolts (3).
- Fit theon the cylinder head to lock the camshaft pulley wheel.
- Tighten the camshaft pulley hub bolts (3).
- Remove:
  - the nut (4) from the camshaft pulley,
  - the,



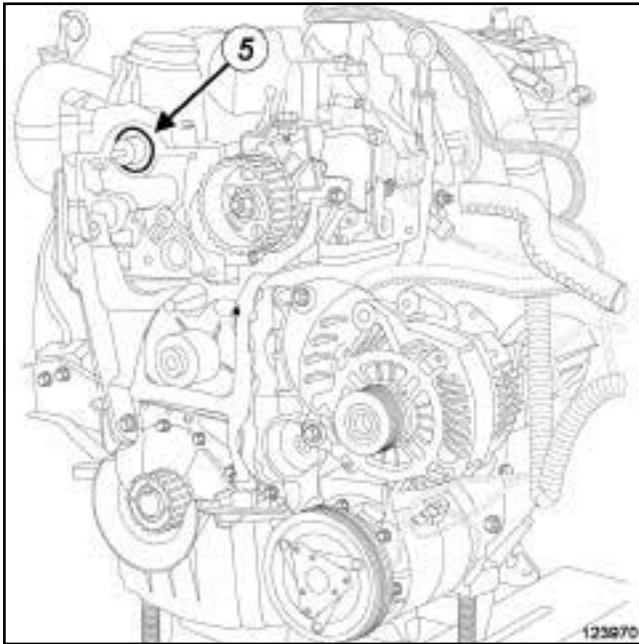
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

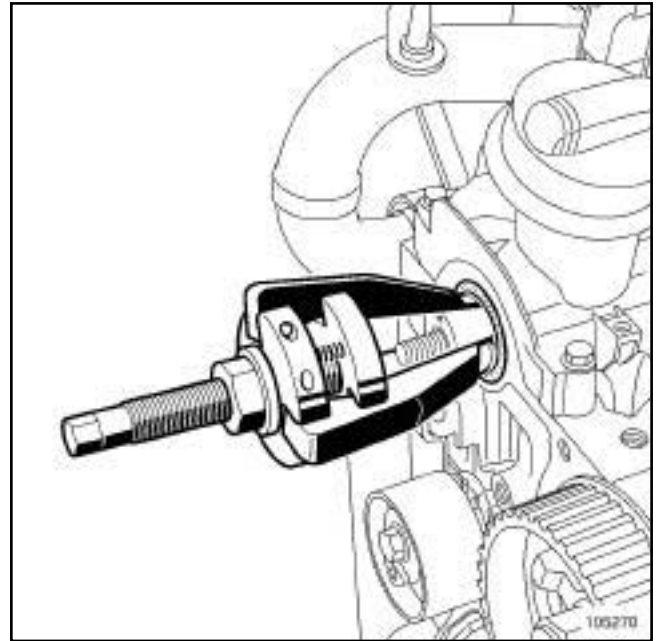
# 11A

K9K

- the camshaft pulley.

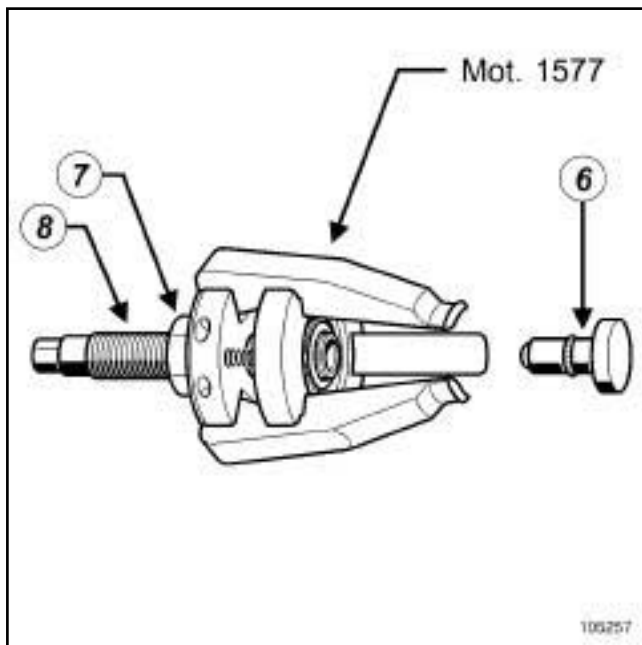


123970



105270

☐ Position the claws of the tool on the camshaft.



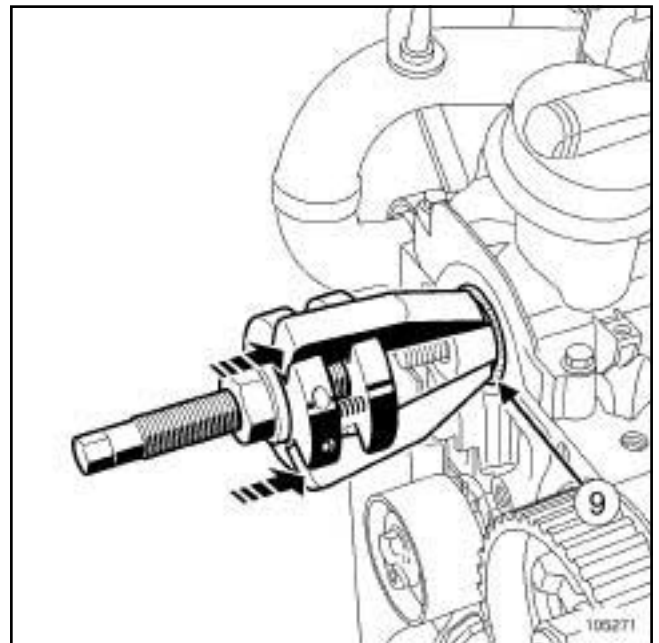
105257

☐

Note:

The camshaft seal is removed using the.

- ☐ Remove the camshaft seal (5) making sure that the end piece (6) of the tool is always removed.
- ☐ Loosen bolts (7) and (8) fully from the.



105271

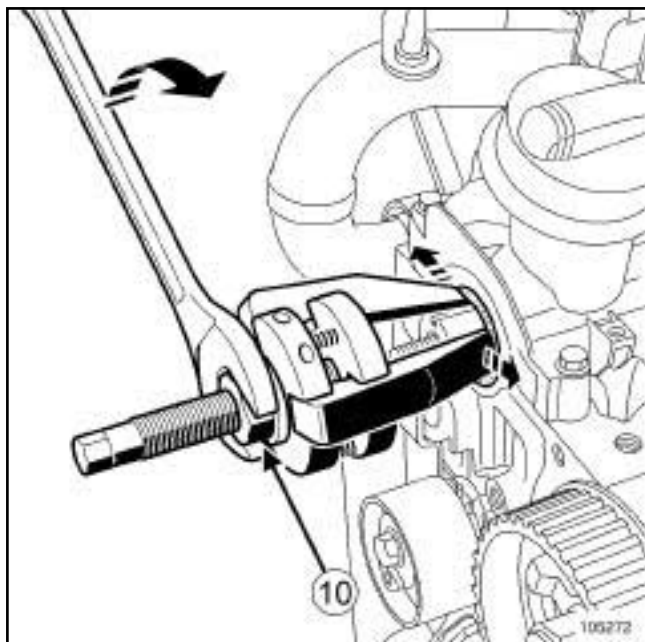
☐ Push the tool until contact is made between the ends (9) of the claws and the camshaft seal.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

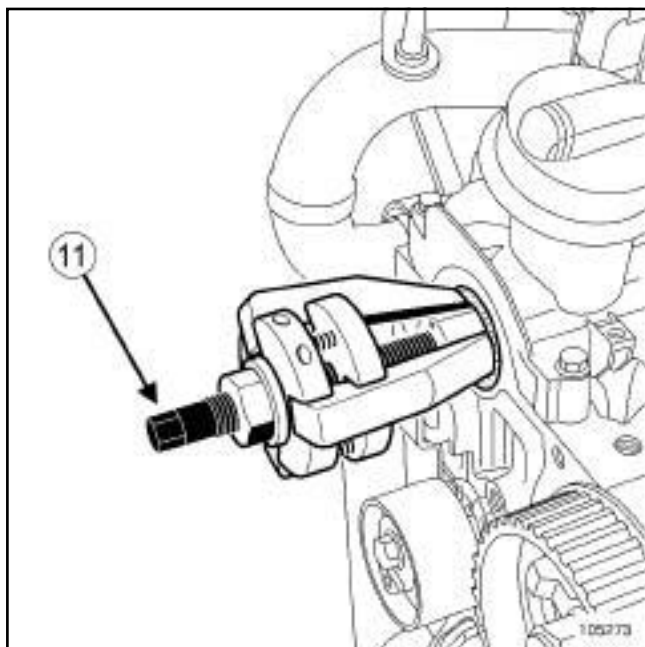
# 11A

K9K



105272

- ❑ Separate the claws by turning the bolt (10) clockwise using an open-jawed spanner.



105273

- ❑ Remove the camshaft seal by turning the bolt (11) clockwise.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the camshaft seal housing in the cylinder head,
  - the camshaft seal mating face on the camshaft.

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: Camshaft seal on timing end.**
- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: camshaft timing sprocket nut.**
- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: camshaft timing sprocket stud (if loosened).**

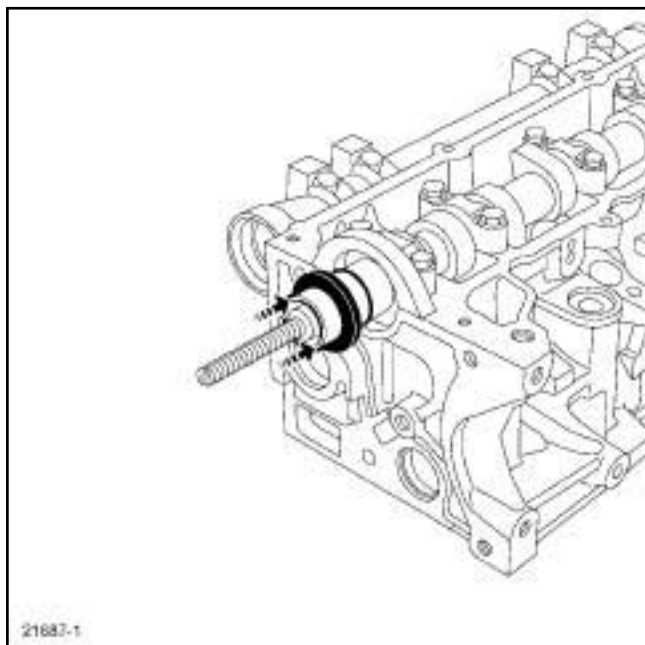
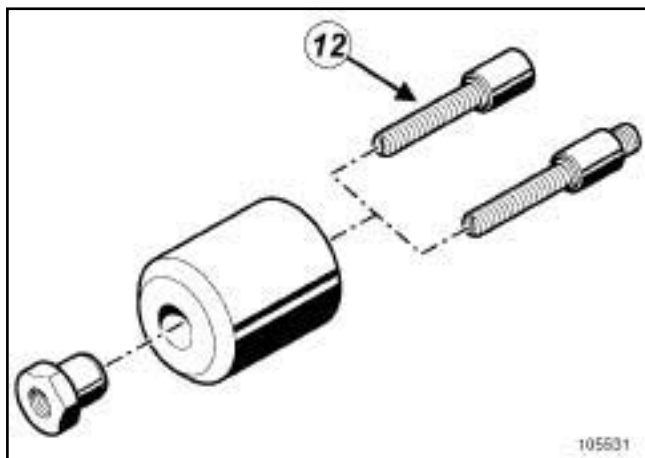
# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



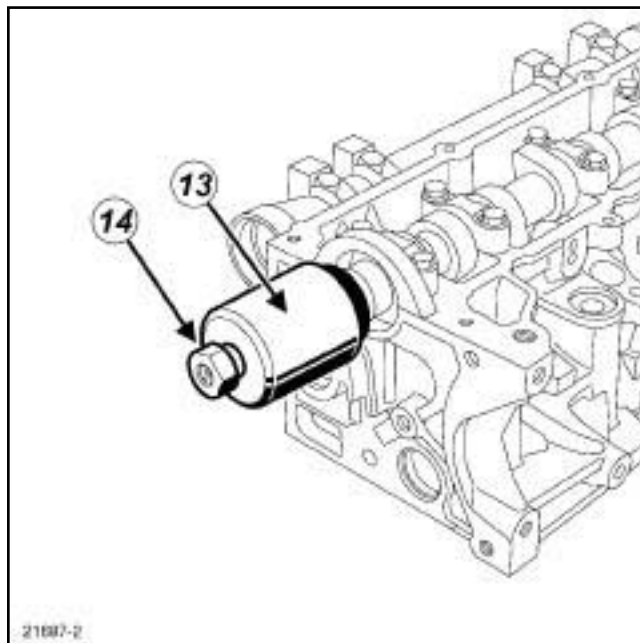
- Screw the stud (12) of the onto the camshaft.
- Fit a new camshaft seal on the camshaft.

#### Note:

For camshaft seals delivered fitted to a protective sleeve:

- do not remove the camshaft seal from its protective sleeve,
- fit the sleeve fitted with the camshaft seal to the camshaft,
- push the protective sleeve towards the cylinder head until the camshaft seal reaches its limit on the cylinder head,
- fit the seal on the camshaft by following the recommendations below.

### 1 - First fitting of the camshaft seal



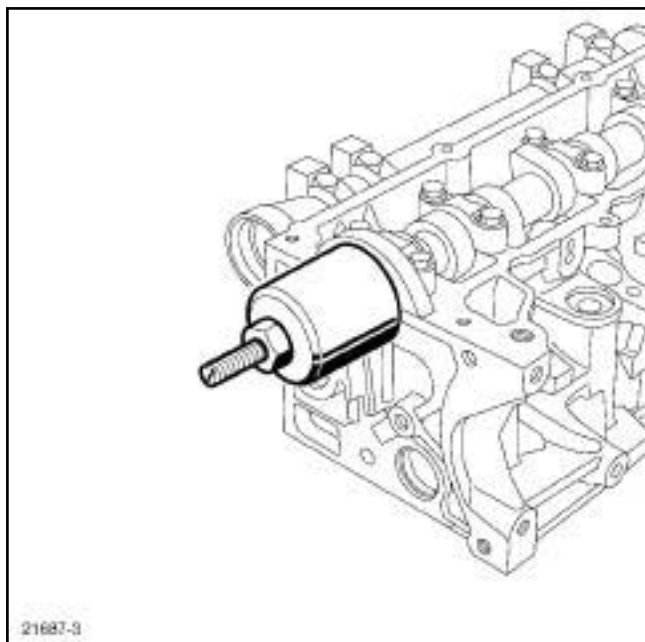
- Fit the cover (13) and the collar nut (14) of the.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

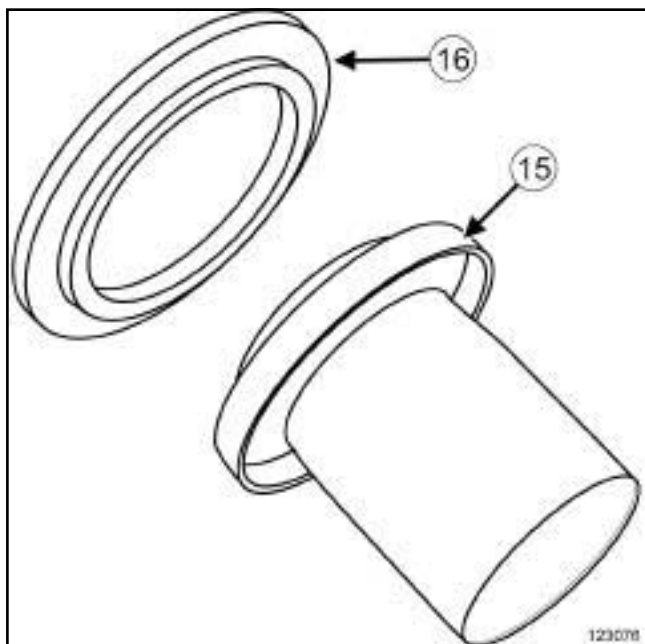
K9K



21687-3

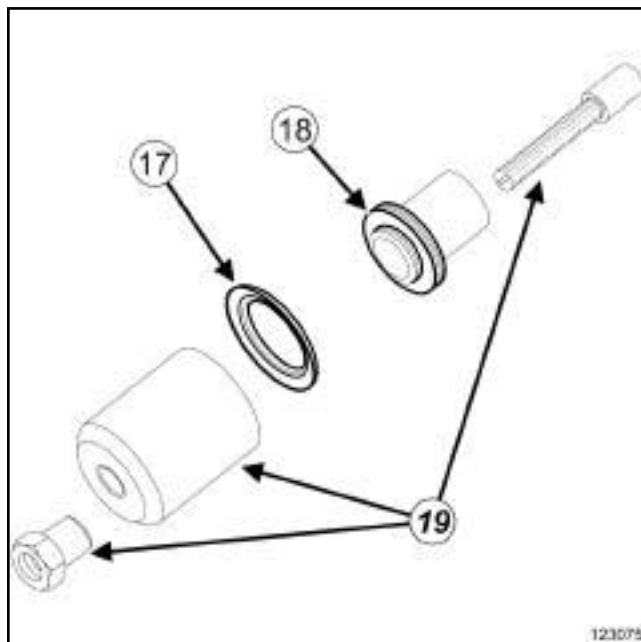
- ❑ Screw on the collar nut until the cover touches the cylinder head.

### 2 - Second fitting of the camshaft seal



123076

- ❑ Depending on the case, the Parts Department delivers seals (15) equipped with a spacer (16) amongst other things.



123075

- ❑

Note:

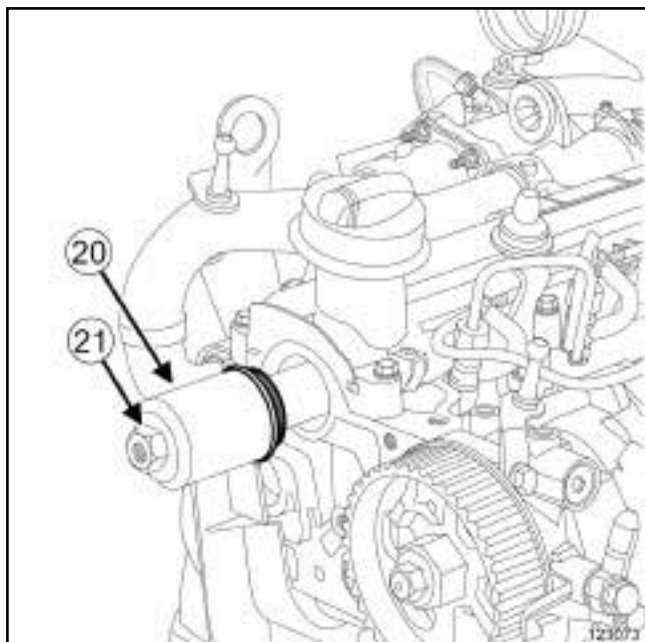
The spacer (17) is used to fit the seal (18) and is used in addition to the tool (19).

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Camshaft seal, timing end: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K9K

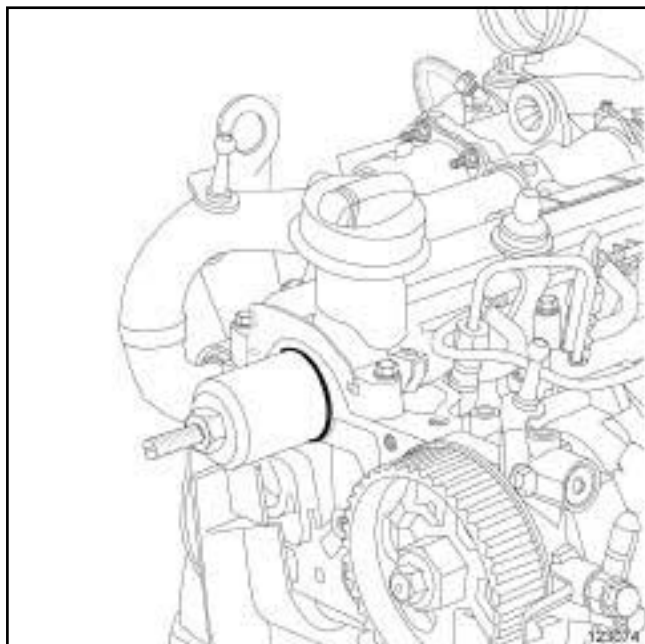


123073

- Position the bell (20) fitted with the spacer on the camshaft seal side and then position the collared nut (21) of the tool.

### Note:

The spacer fits on the bell of the tool so that the internal edge of the spacer is on the side of the camshaft seal.

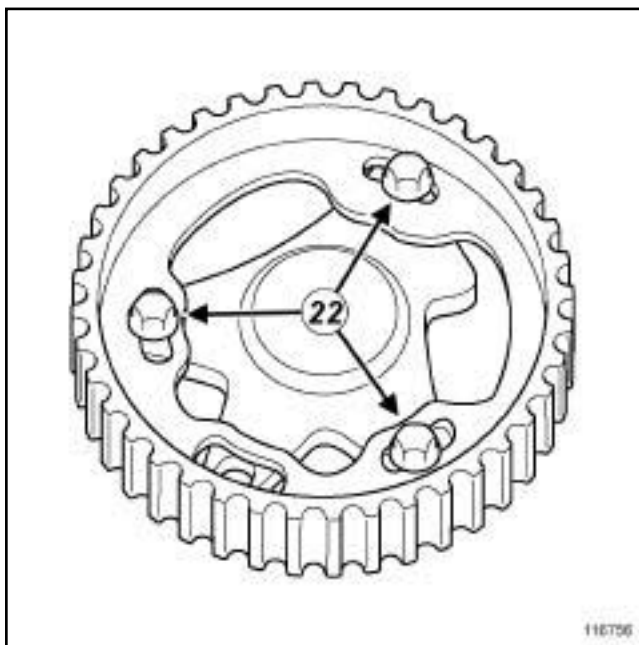


123074

- Screw on the collar nut until the spacer fitted on the cover touches the cylinder head.

### 3 - Continued for both methods

- Remove:
  - the collar nut from the,
  - the cover from the,
  - the stud of the,
  - the protective sleeve and the spacer, if fitted then throw them away.
- Torque tighten the **camshaft stud (12 N.m)**
- Refit:
  - the camshaft pulley,
  - a new camshaft pulley nut.



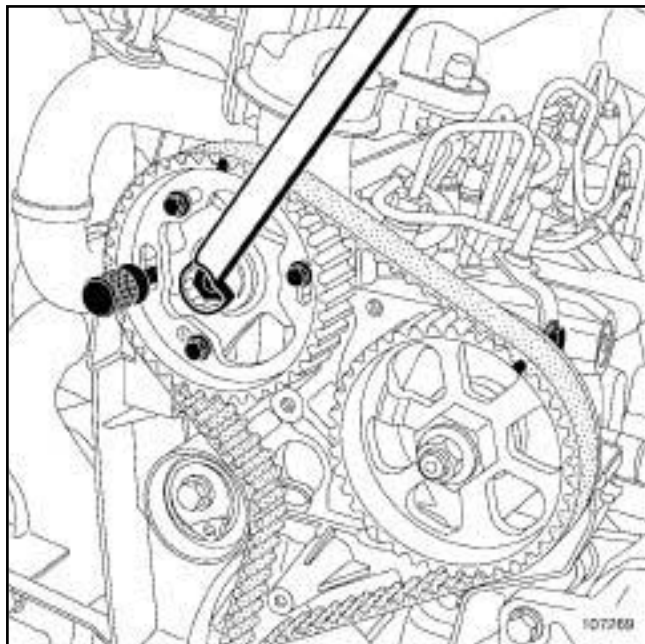
116756

116756

- Undo the camshaft pulley hub bolts (22) .
- Fit then the cylinder head to lock the camshaft pulley wheel.
- Tighten:
  - the camshaft pulley hub bolts,
  - to torque and angle the **camshaft pulley nut (30 N.m + 86° ± 6°)**
- Remove the tool.

K9K

III - FINAL OPERATION



107269

- Set the camshaft pulley hub using the tool (**Mot. 1430**).

Note:

If the pin (**Mot. 1430**) does not engage, turn the camshaft pulley hub using an **18 mm** offset wrench to facilitate the setting of the camshaft pulley hub.

- Refit:
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) .
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the camshaft position sensor (see **13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-7) ,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Refit the engine cover.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Oil decanter: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### Tightening torques

new oil separator bolts	15 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

Remove:

- the air resonator (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-2) ,

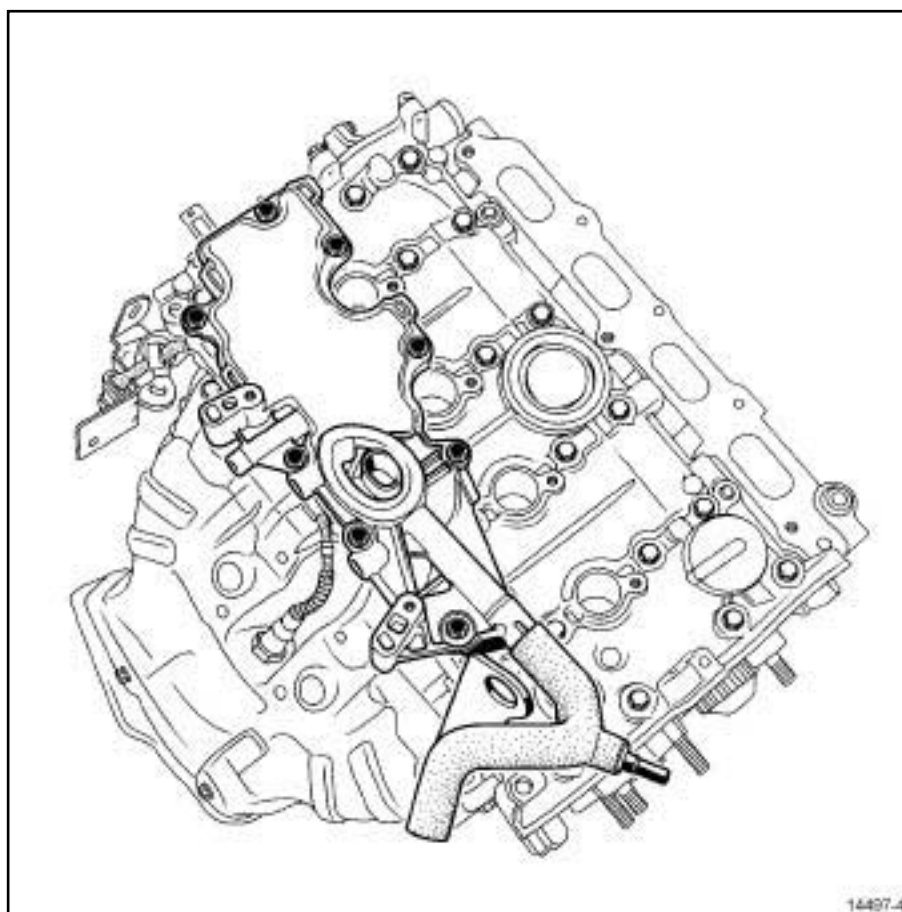
- the air filter unit (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-6) ,

- the throttle valve (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-11) ,

- the inlet distributor (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-12) ,

- the ignition coils (see 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting, page 17A-1) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



14497-4

Remove:

- the oil decanter bolts,
- the oil decanter.

# TOP AND FRONT OF ENGINE

## Oil decanter: Removal - Refitting

# 11A

K4M

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: oil decanter bolt

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

#### WARNING

When cleaning parts, it is essential that the parts do not impact on each other, otherwise their mating faces may be damaged and therefore their adjustments may be altered, which could damage the engine.

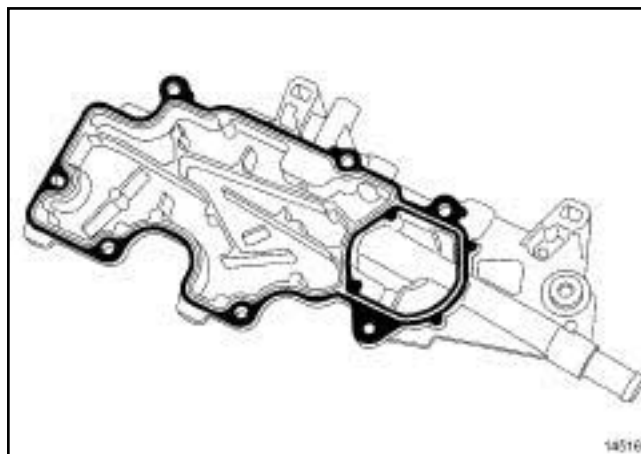
- Use **SUPER CLEANING AGENT FOR JOINT FACES** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:
  - the oil separator joint face if it is to be re-used,
  - the rocker cover joint face.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease:
  - the oil separator joint face if it is to be re-used,
  - the rocker cover joint face.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

#### WARNING

Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).



14516

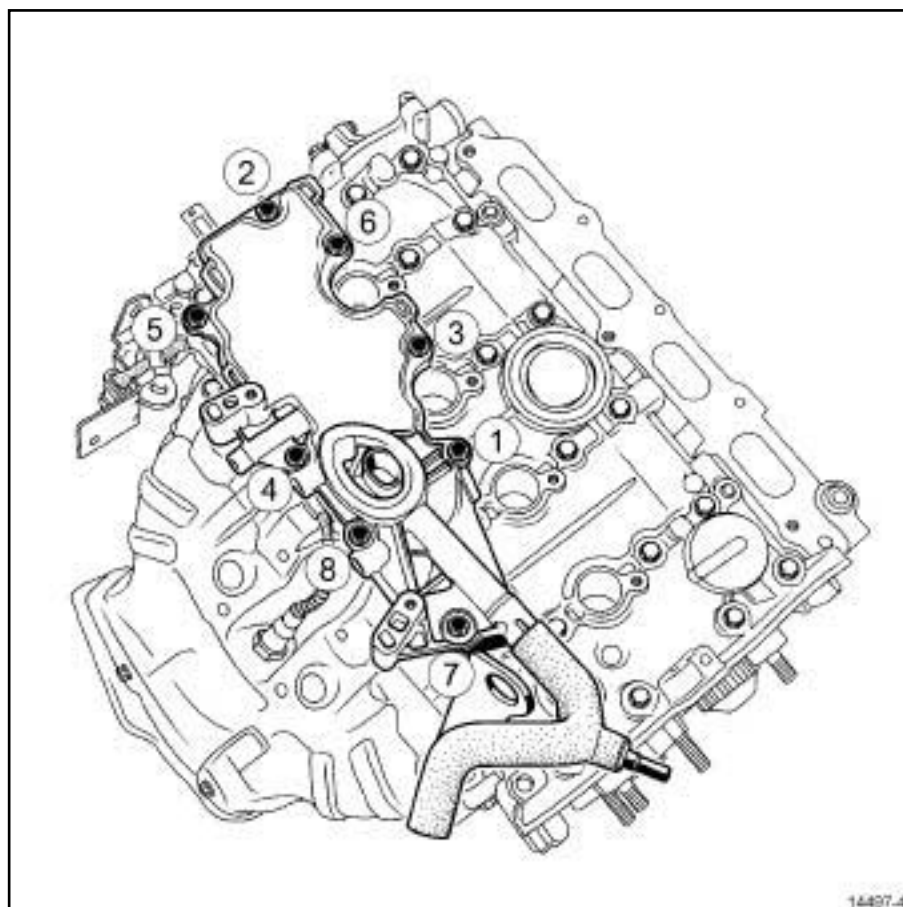
- Apply **RESIN ADHESIVE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) using a stipple roller on the joint face of the oil separator until the joint face is completely coated.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the oil separator.



K4M



14497-4

- Torque tighten in order the **new oil separator bolts (15 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the ignition coils (see **17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**, page 17A-1) ,
  - the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-12) ,
  - the throttle valve (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11) ,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

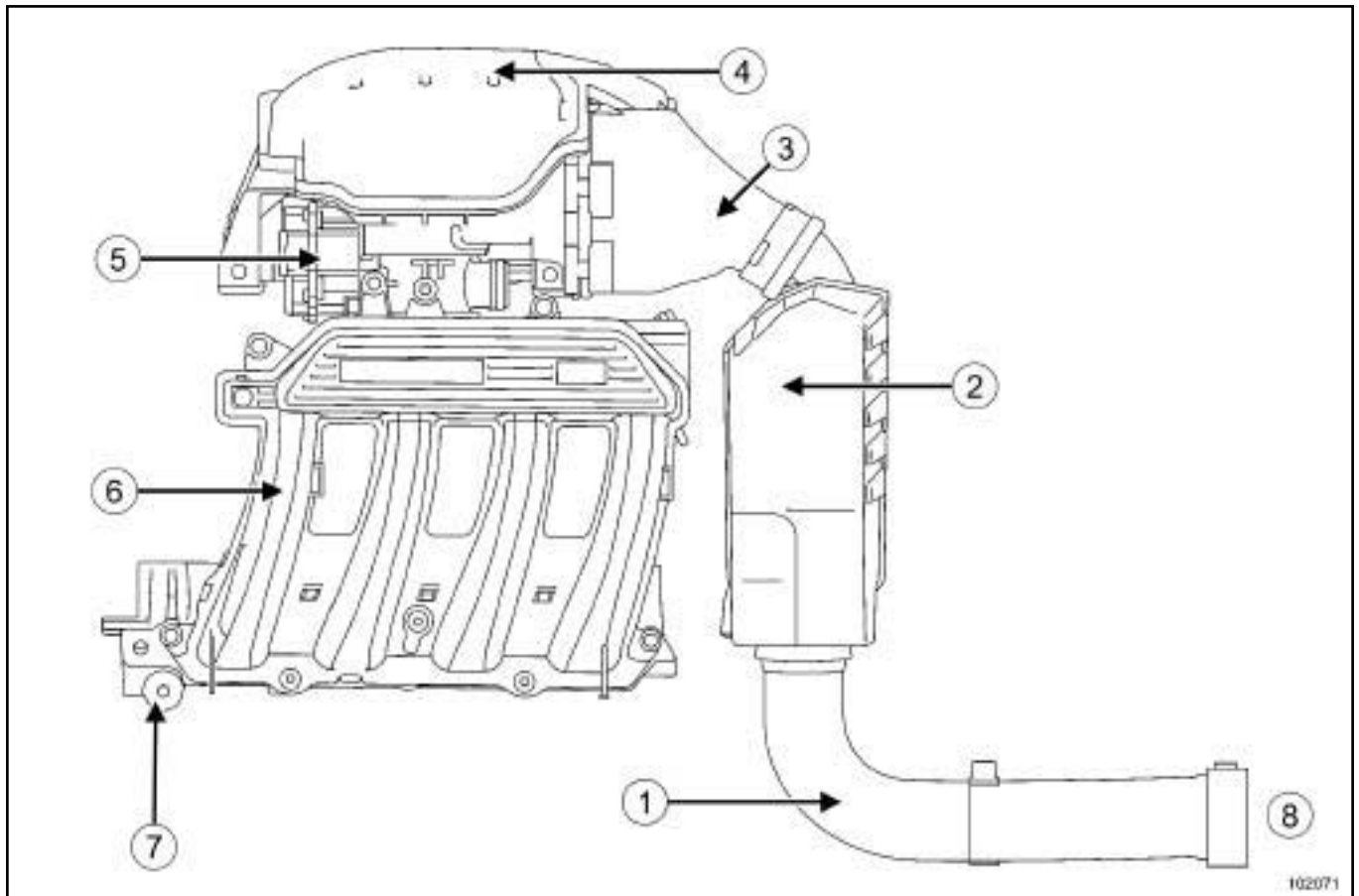
# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air inlet: Description

# 12A

K4M

Diagram of the air inlet circuit



102071

102071

- |     |                      |
|-----|----------------------|
| (1) | Air inlet trunking   |
| (2) | Air resonator        |
| (3) | Air filter unit      |
| (4) | Air filter           |
| (5) | Throttle valve       |
| (6) | Inlet manifold       |
| (7) | Injector holder shim |
| (8) | Air inlet            |

# FUEL MIXTURE

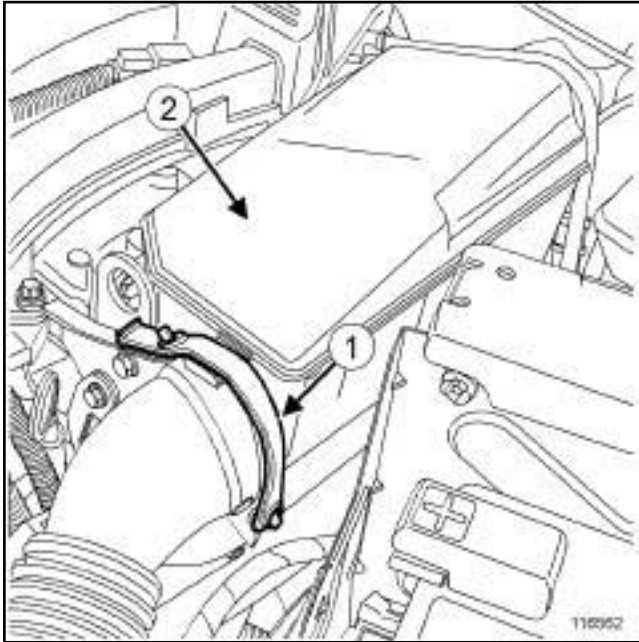
## Air resonator: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K4M

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



116562

Remove:

- the elastic mounting (1) from the air resonator unit,
- the air resonator unit (2) .

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

Refit:

- the air resonator unit,
- the air resonator elastic mounting.

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air filter: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

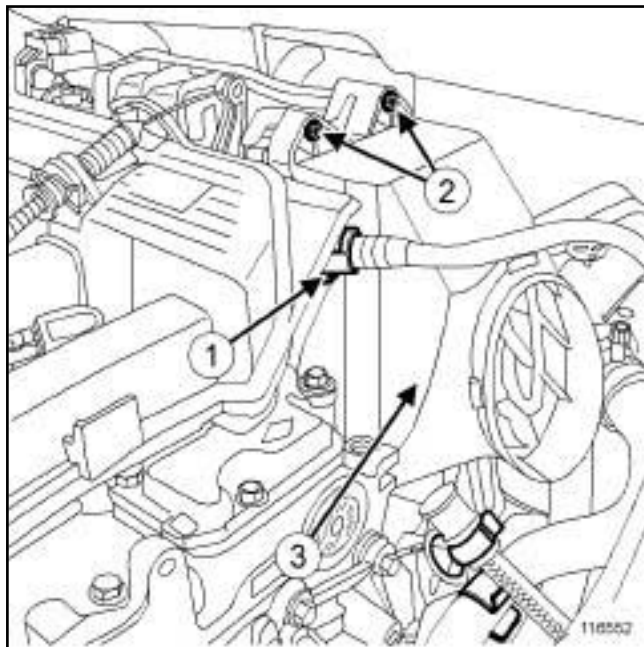
K4M

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-2**).
- Disconnect the brake servo vacuum pipe (**1**) from the inlet distributor.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116552

#### WARNING

Do not damage the vacuum outlet on the inlet distributor. If it is damaged, the inlet distributor will need to be replaced.

Remove:

- the two bolts (**2**) from the air filter cover,
- the air filter cover (**3**),
- the air filter.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Clean the air filter housing.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the air filter,
  - the air filter cover,
  - the two air filter cover bolts.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Reconnect the brake servo vacuum pipe to the inlet distributor.
- Refit the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-2**).

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air filter: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K9K

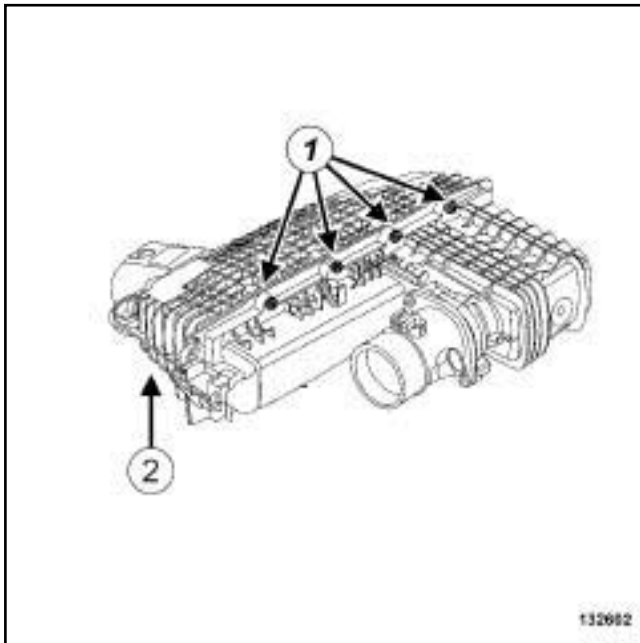
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Remove the air filter unit (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-6) .

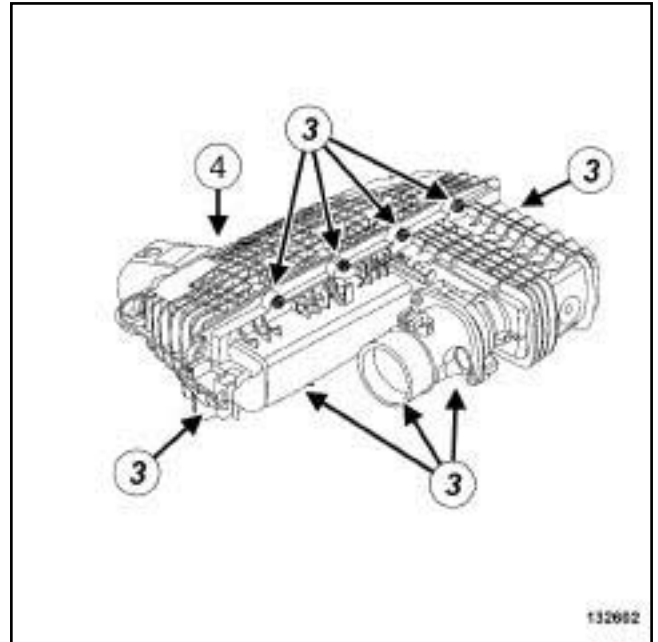
#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

##### 1 - First fitting of air filter unit

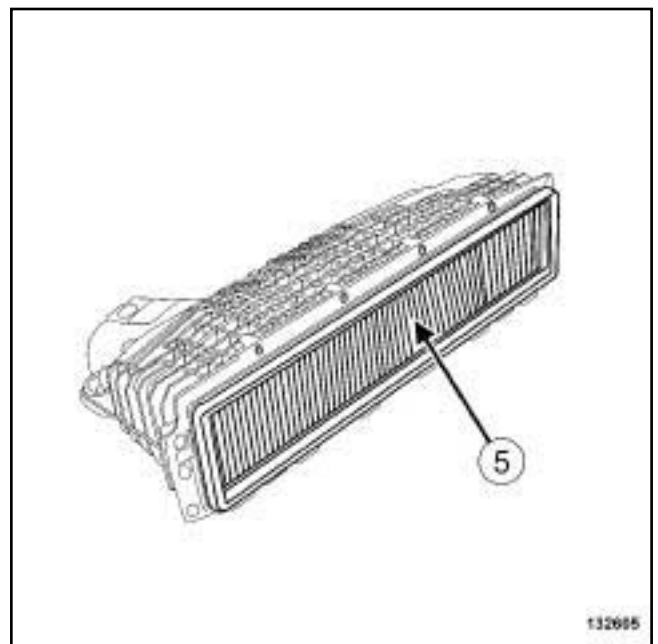


- ❑ Remove the 4 bolts (1) from the air filter unit.
- ❑ Pivot the hinged cover (2) of the air filter unit in relation to the air filter unit tank.
- ❑ Move aside the air filter unit cover (2) .

##### 2 - Second fitting of air filter unit



- ❑ Remove the 9 bolts (3) from the air filter unit.
- ❑ Move aside the air filter unit cover (4) .



- ❑ Remove the air filter (5) from the air filter unit cover.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Clean the air filter unit.

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air filter: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K9K

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the air filter in the air filter unit cover.

#### **WARNING**

If the air filter is fitted incorrectly in the air filter unit, unfiltered air may enter the engine and cause the engine to malfunction.

- Fit the air filter unit cover.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting

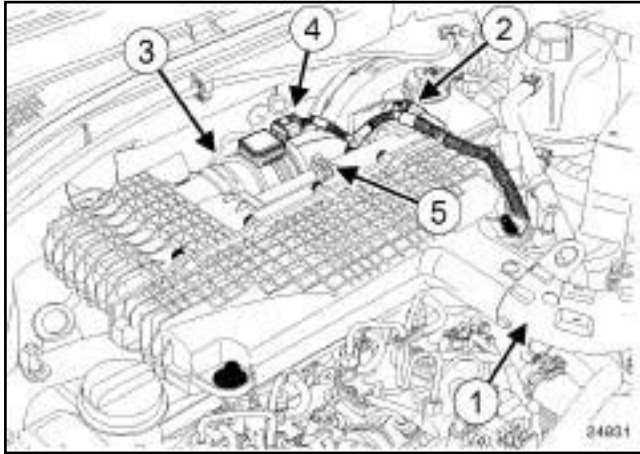
# 12A

K9K

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the engine cover.



24831

- Disconnect:
  - the air intake sleeve (1) on the air filter unit,
  - the air pressure sensor connector (2) from the air filter unit.
- Disconnect the connector from the air flowmeter (4) .
- Disconnect the air inlet duct (5) from the air filter unit.
- Move aside the air filter unit wiring harness.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Lift up the front section of the air filter unit.
- Slide the air filter unit to the left.
- Remove:
  - the bolt of the turbocharger pressure sensor,
  - the turbocharger pressure sensor on the air filter unit.
- Remove the air filter unit.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check that there are mounting studs for the air filter unit on the EGR mounting and on the brackets.

Note:

Replace the studs if necessary.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the air filter unit sideways against the EGR valve mounting.
- Slide the air filter unit to the right.
- Refit:
  - the turbocharger pressure sensor on the air filter unit.
  - the bolt of the turbocharger pressure sensor,
- Refit the air filter unit by lowering it vertically from the injection end.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the air inlet duct to the air filter unit.
- Connect the air flowmeter connector.
- Connect:
  - the turbocharging pressure sensor connector,
  - the air intake sleeve on the air filter unit.
- Refit the engine cover.

K4M

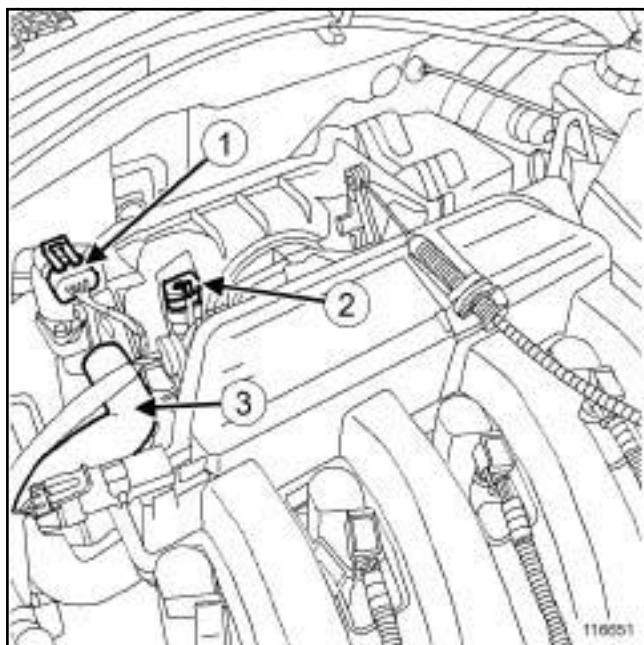
### Tightening torques

air filter unit bolts	9 N.m
-----------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

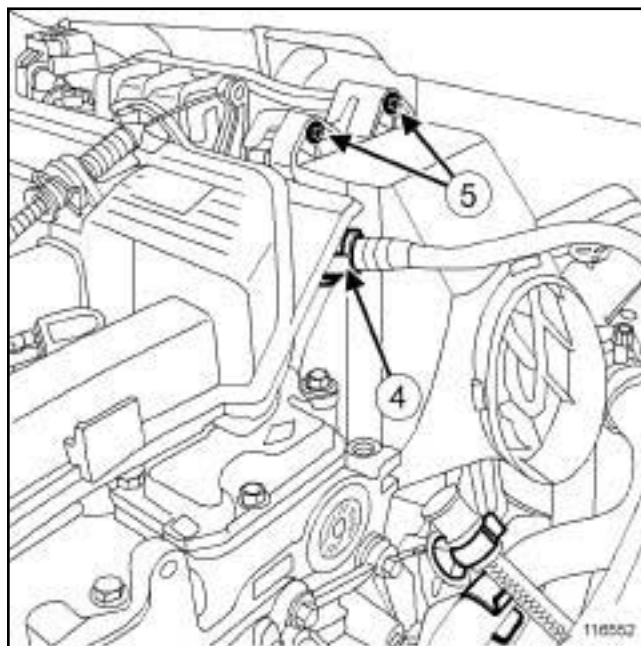
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .



- Disconnect:
  - the idle speed regulation stepping motor connector (1) ,
  - the connector (2) from the throttle position potentiometer,
  - the petrol vapour recirculation pipe (3) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



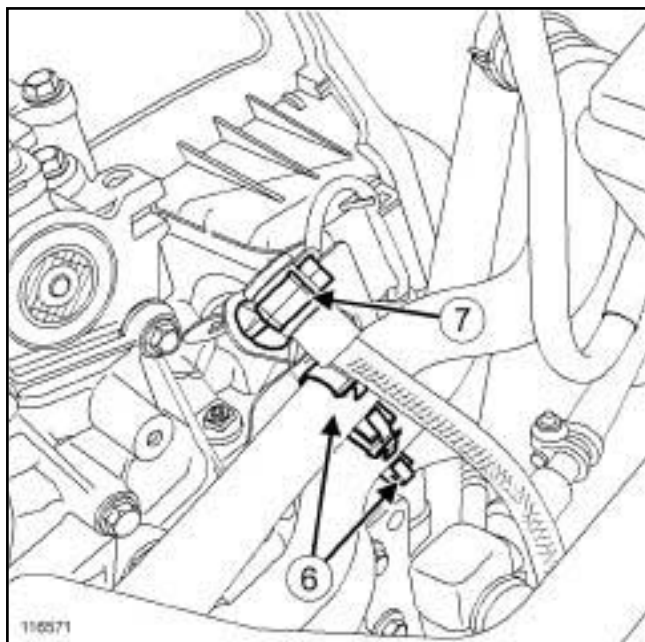
- Disconnect the vacuum pipe (4) from the brake servo on the inlet distributor
- Remove:
  - the two bolts (5) from the air filter cover,
  - the filter element.
- 

#### WARNING

Do not damage the vacuum outlet on the inlet distributor. If it is damaged, the inlet distributor will have to be replaced.

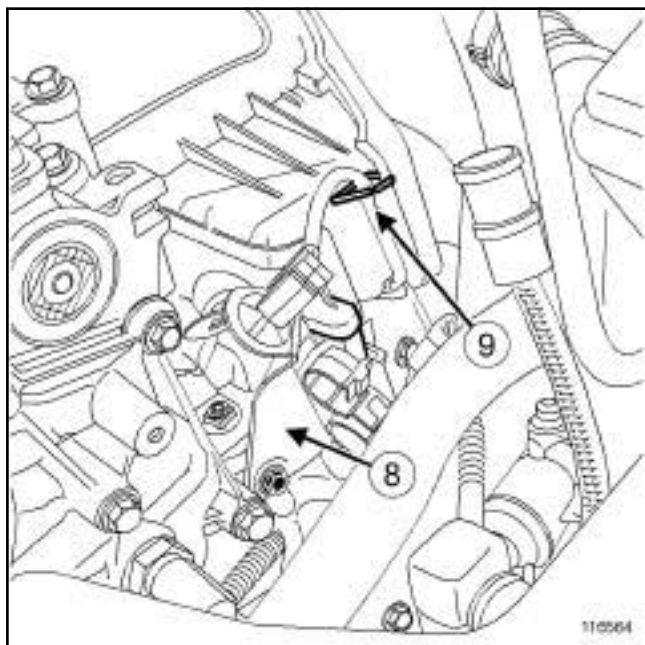


K4M



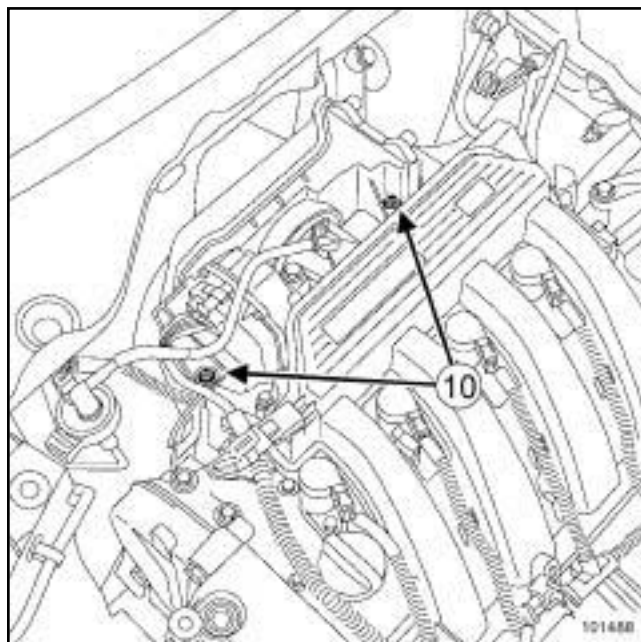
116571

- Unclip:
  - the coolant pipes at (6) ,
  - the breather (7) .



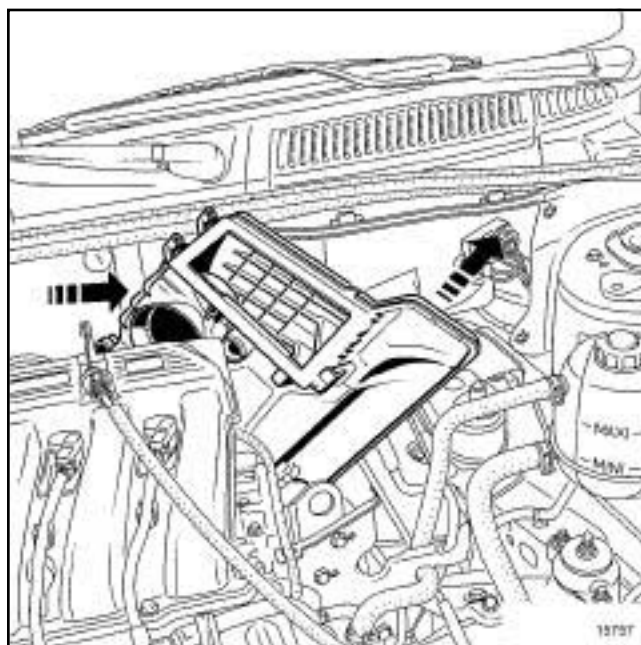
116564

- Remove the coolant pipes mounting bracket (8) .
- Unpick the electrical wiring (9) from the oxygen sensor.



101488

- Remove the two bolts (10) from the air filter unit.



15757

- Remove the air filter unit.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Replace:
  - the throttle valve seal each time it is removed using grease to make fitting easier,

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K4M

- the plastic rivets and clips every time they are removed.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the air filter unit,
  - the two air filter unit bolts.
- Torque tighten the **air filter unit bolts (9 N.m)**.
- Attach the electrical wiring to the oxygen sensor.
- Refit the coolant pipes mounting bracket.
- Reclip:
  - the breather,
  - the coolant pipes.
- Refit:
  - the filter element,
  - the two air filter cover bolts.
- Reconnect:
  - the brake servo vacuum pipe on the inlet distributor,
  - the petrol vapour recirculation pipe,
  - the throttle position potentiometer connector,
  - the idle speed regulation stepping motor connector.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting

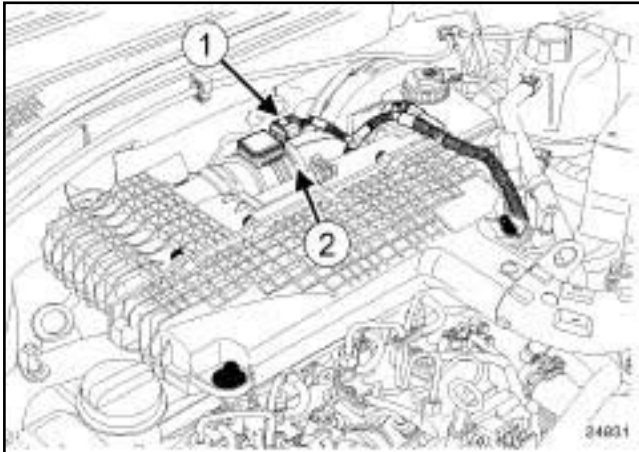
# 12A

K9K, and 796

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

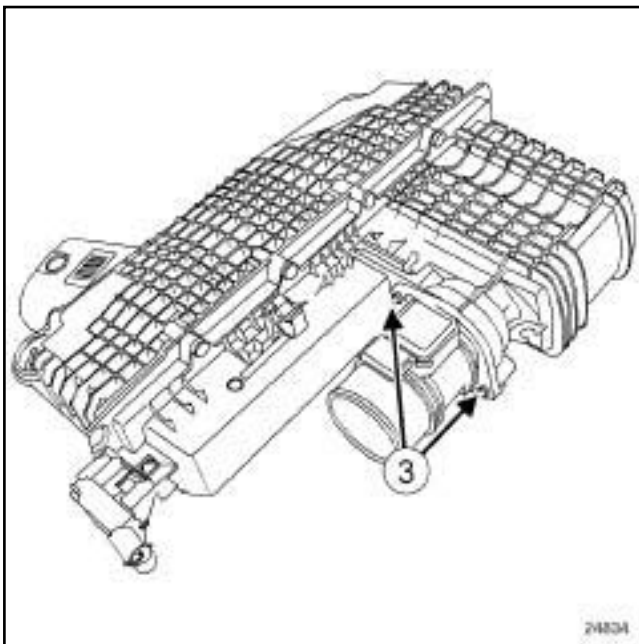
- Remove the engine cover.



24831

- Disconnect the air flowmeter connector (1) .
- Undo the clip (2) from the air flowmeter outlet duct.
- Remove the air flowmeter outlet air duct.
- Remove the air flowmeter outlet air duct.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



24834

- Remove:
  - the air flowmeter (3) bolts on the air filter box,
  - the air flowmeter,

- the air flowmeter seal.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the air flowmeter seal on the air filter unit.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - a new air flowmeter seal on the air filter box,
  - the air flowmeter,
  - the air flowmeter bolts.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the air flowmeter outlet air duct,
  - the air flowmeter outlet air duct clip.
- Connect the air flowmeter connector.
- Refit the engine cover.

# FUEL MIXTURE

## Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K4M

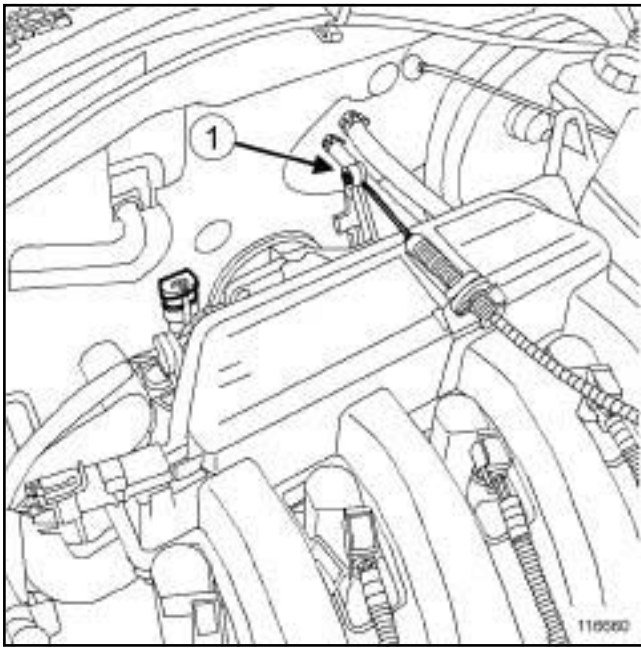
### Tightening torques

throttle valve bolts	13 N.m
----------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

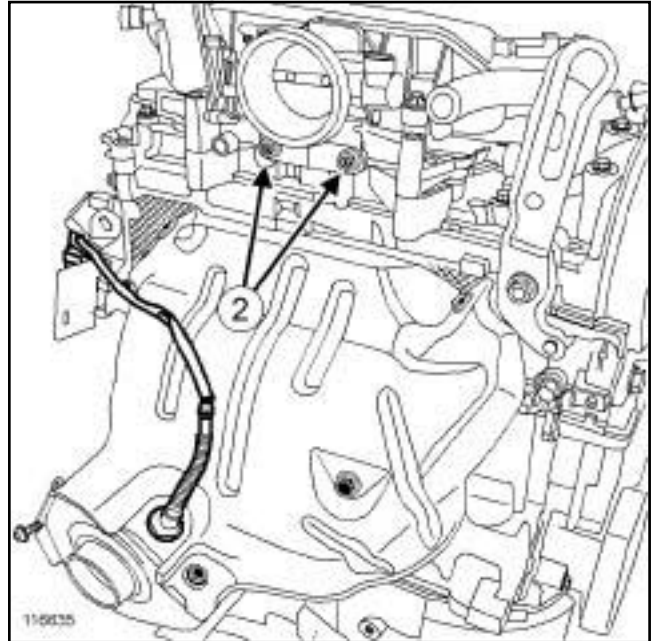
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).



- Disconnect the accelerator cable at (1).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



116635

- Remove:
  - the throttle valve bolts (2),
  - the throttle valve.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: **Throttle valve seal.**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the throttle valve equipped with a new seal,
  - the throttle valve bolts.
- Torque tighten the **throttle valve bolts (13 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Reattach the accelerator cable.
- Refit the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

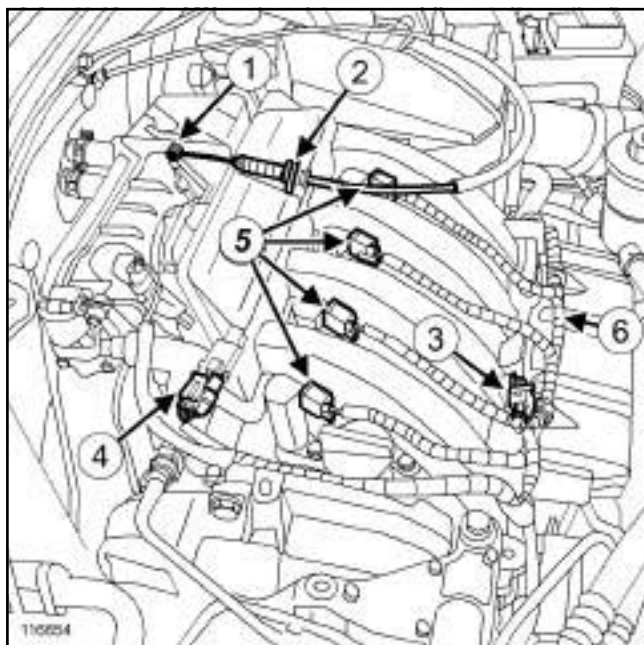
K4M

### Tightening torques

intake distributor mounting bolts	9 N.m
-----------------------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

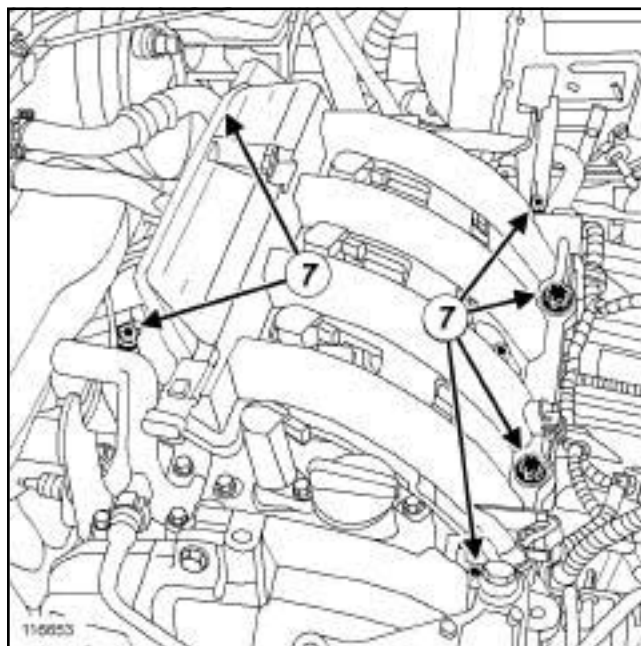
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



116654

- Disconnect the accelerator cable on the throttle valve at (1) .
- Remove the accelerator cable (2) from the inlet distributor.
- Disconnect:
  - the air temperature sensor connector (3) ,
  - the air inlet pressure sensor connector (4) ,
  - the connectors (5) from the coils.
- Unclip the wiring (6) on the inlet distributor.
- Move the wiring aside.
- Remove the throttle valve (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11)

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



116653

- Remove:
  - the inlet distributor bolts (7) ,
  - the inlet distributor.
- When replacing the inlet distributor, remove:
  - the air temperature sensor,
  - the inlet air pressure sensor.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: inlet distributor seal.

## Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting

K4M

□

### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

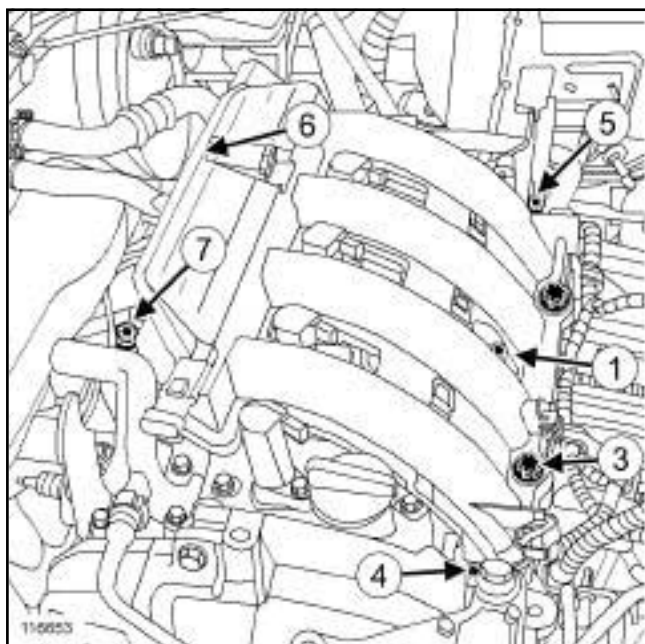
Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:

- the housing of each inlet distributor seal if reused,
- the joint face of the injector holder shim.

- Fit new seals to the inlet distributor.
- When replacing the inlet distributor, refit:
  - the air temperature sensor,
  - the inlet distributor pressure sensor.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the inlet distributor,
  - the inlet distributor mounting bolts.




116653

- Torque tighten in order the **intake distributor mounting bolts (9 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the throttle valve equipped with a new seal (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-11) .
- Clip the wiring onto the inlet distributor.
- Connect:
  - the coil connectors,
  - the air inlet pressure sensor connector,
  - the air temperature sensor connector.
- Position the accelerator cable on the inlet distributor and on the throttle valve.

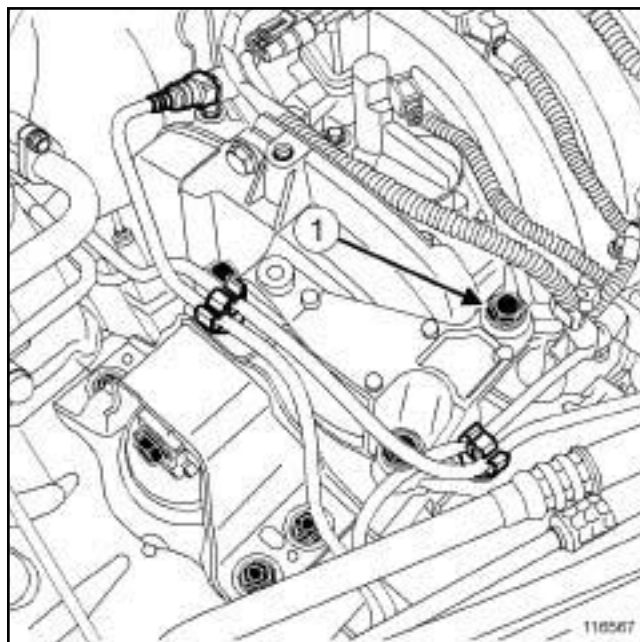
K4M

Tightening torques 	
injector holder shim bolts (7) and (8)	25 N.m
injector holder shim bolts 9 to 16	21 N.m
upper timing cover bolt	41 N.m
suspended mounting bolt	62N.m

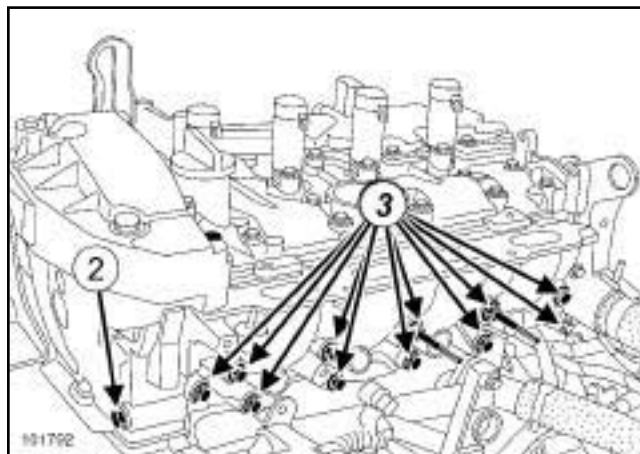
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-12) ,
  - the injector rail (see **17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal - Refitting**, page 17B-10) ,
  - the multifunction support (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Multifunction support: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-48) .



110567



101792

- Remove:
  - the bolt (1) of the suspended mounting on the injector holder shim,
  - the bolt (2) mounting the upper timing cover on the injector holder shim.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the bolts (3) from the injector holder shim,
  - the injector holder shim.

## Injector holder shim: Removal - Refitting

K4M

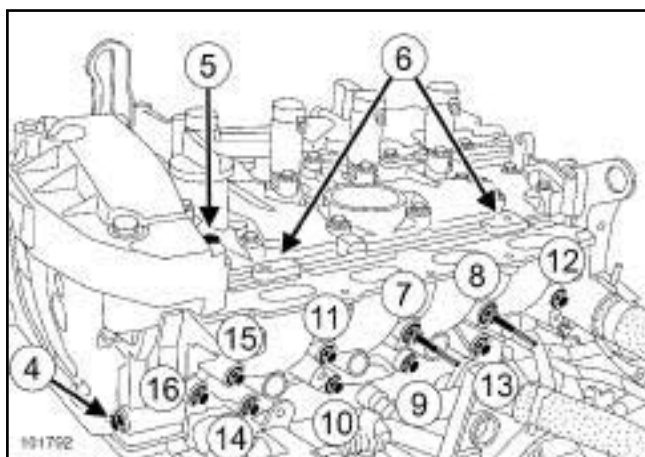
### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- The injector holder shim seal must always be replaced.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Fit:
  - the injector holder shim,
  - all the injector holder shim bolts.



101792

- Place the injector holder shim against:
  - the upper timing cover by manually tightening the bolt (4) ,
  - the suspended engine mounting by manually tightening the bolt (5) .
- Position the injector holder shim against the shims (6) on the rocker cover.
- Tighten to torque and in order:
  - the **injector holder shim bolts (7) and (8) (25 N.m)**,
  - the **injector holder shim bolts 9 to 16 (21 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Torque tighten:
  - the **upper timing cover bolt (41 N.m)**,
  - the **suspended mounting bolt (62N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the multifunction support (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Multifunction support: Removal - Refitting**, page **10A-48**) ,

- the injector rail (see **17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal - Refitting**, page **17B-10**) ,
- the inlet distributor (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Inlet distributor: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-12**) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



K9K

### Tightening torques

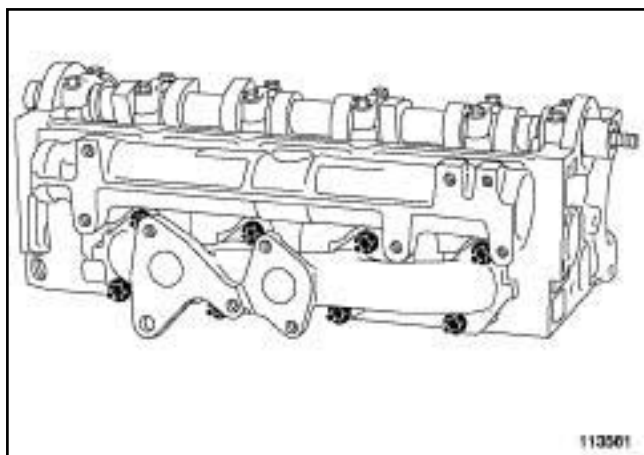
exhaust manifold stud	9 N.m
exhaust manifold nuts	26 N.m

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6),
  - the engine undertray,
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10),
  - the exhaust gas recirculation assembly (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 14A-9),
  - the turbocharger (see **12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting**, page 12B-1).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



113561

- Remove:
  - the exhaust manifold nuts,
  - the exhaust manifold.
- Mark the position of the exhaust manifold gasket.
- Remove the exhaust manifold gasket.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: exhaust manifold seal.
- Use **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean the joint face:
  - the cylinder head,
  - of the exhaust manifold, if it is to be reused.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) and **CLEAN CLOTHS** to clean and degrease the joint faces:
  - the cylinder head,
  - of the exhaust manifold, if it is to be reused.

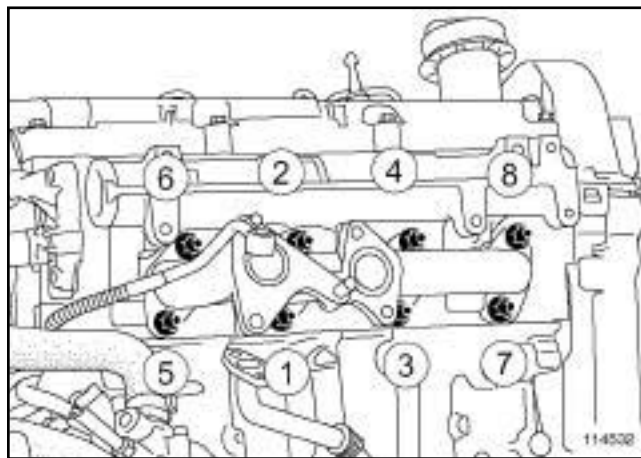
#### Note:

If a stud is loosened during this operation, coat the stud with **HIGH RESISTANCE THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

- Torque tighten the **exhaust manifold stud (9 N.m)**.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - a new exhaust manifold gasket in the position marked during removal,
  - the exhaust manifold.



114532

- Torque tighten in order the **exhaust manifold nuts (26 N.m)**.

## Exhaust manifold: Removal - Refitting

K9K


## III - FINAL OPERATION

 Refit:

- the turbocharger (see **12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting**, page **12B-1**) ,
- the exhaust gas recirculation assembly (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page **14A-9**) ,
- the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page **19B-10**) ,
- the engine undertray,
- the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**) .

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

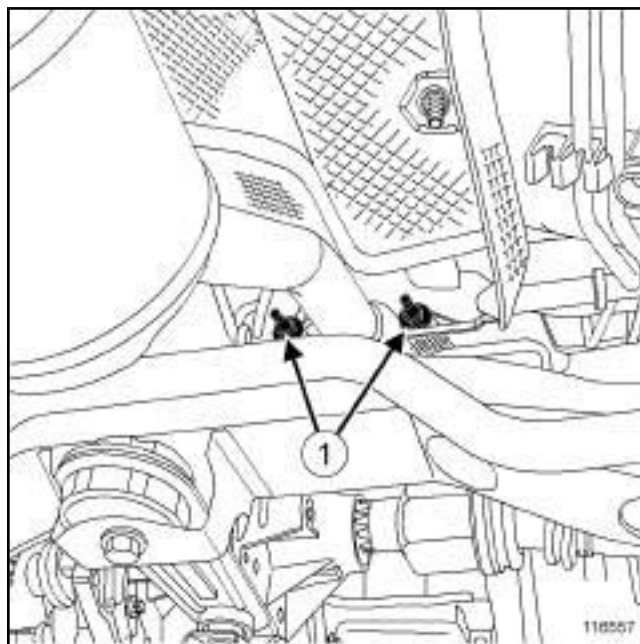
K4M

Tightening torques 	
exhaust manifold studs	8 N.m
exhaust manifold mounting nuts	23 N.m
bolts (6) mounting the stay on the cylinder block	21 N.m
nut (7) mounting the stay on the exhaust manifold	21 N.m
exhaust manifold upper heat shield mounting bolts	12 N.m
upstream oxygen sensor	45 N.m
exhaust bracket mounting bolts	21 N.m

### REMOVAL

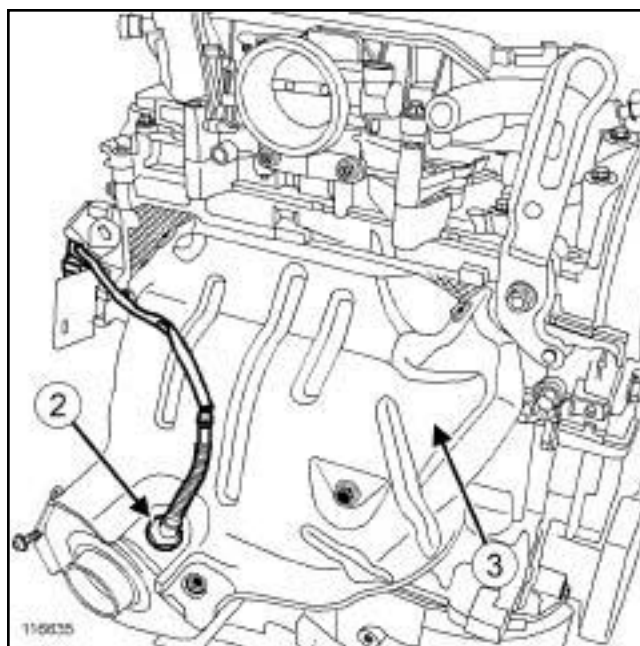
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2),
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).



116557

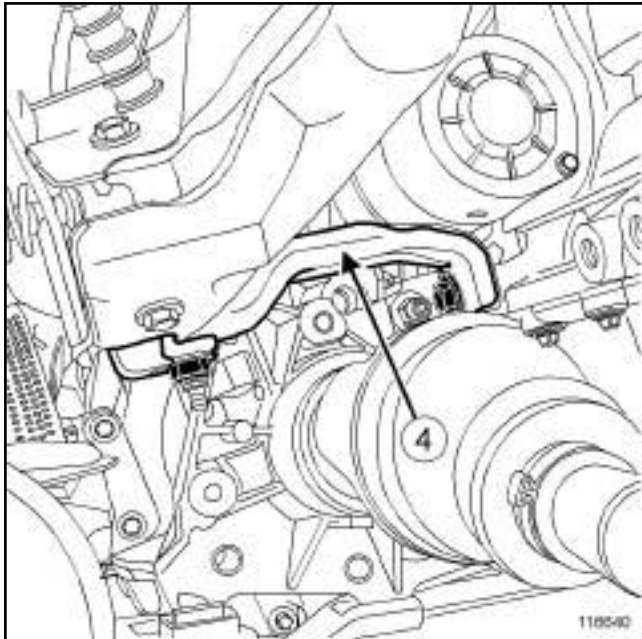
- Remove the nuts (1) from the exhaust flange.
- Push the exhaust pipe towards the rear of the vehicle.



116635

- Disconnect the upstream oxygen sensor connector (2).
- Remove:
  - the upstream oxygen sensor using the,
  - the upper heat shield (3) from the exhaust manifold.

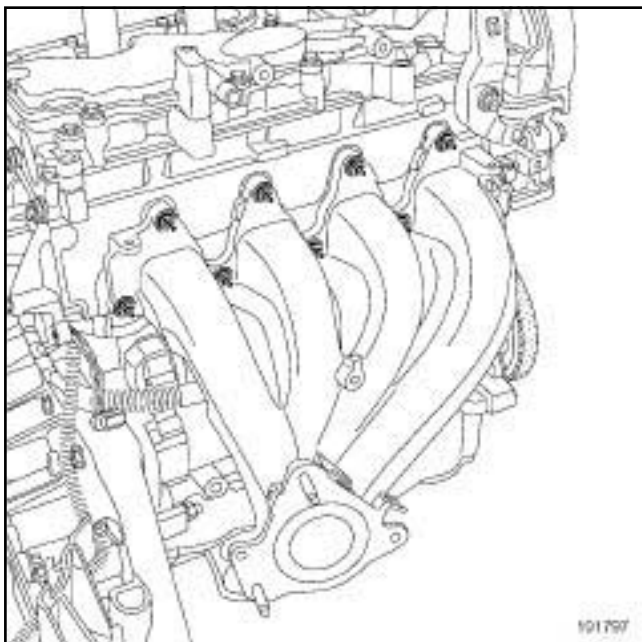
K4M



116640

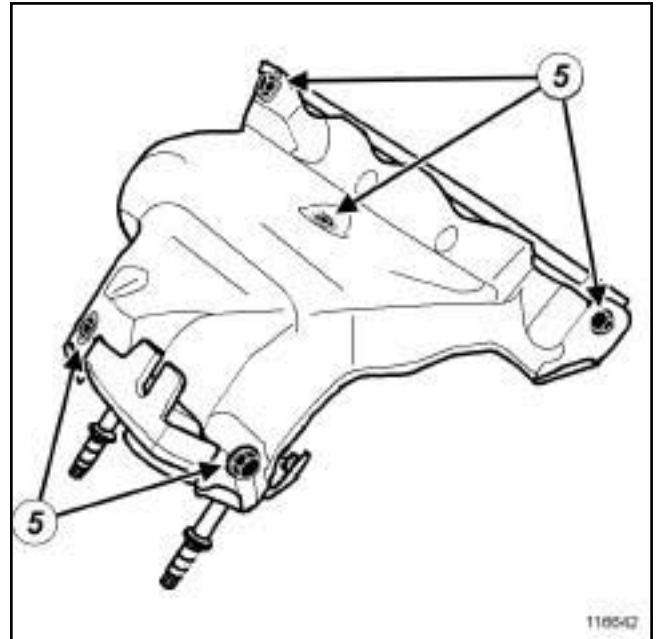
- Remove the stay (4) between the exhaust manifold and the cylinder block.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



101797

- Remove:
  - the exhaust manifold nuts,
  - the exhaust manifold.



116642

- Using the workbench, remove:
  - the bolts (5) from the exhaust manifold lower heat shield,
  - the lower heat shield from the exhaust manifold.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: exhaust manifold seal.
- parts always to be replaced: ring between exhaust manifold and catalytic converter.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the exhaust manifold joint face if it is to be re-used,
  - the cylinder head joint face.

#### Note:

If a stud loosens during removal, coat it with **HIGH RESISTANCE THREADLOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

- Tighten to torque the **exhaust manifold studs (8 N.m)**.

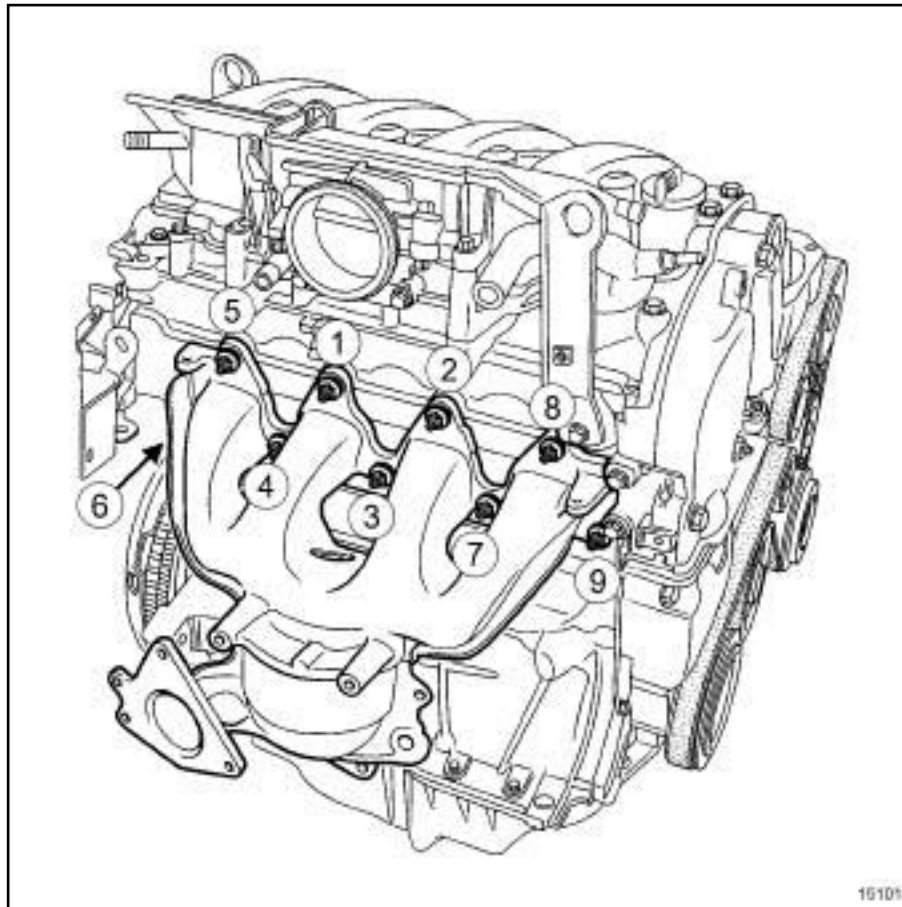
# FUEL MIXTURE

## Exhaust manifold: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K4M

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



16101  
15101

- Refit the exhaust manifold.
- Tighten to torque and in order the **exhaust manifold mounting nuts (23 N.m)**.

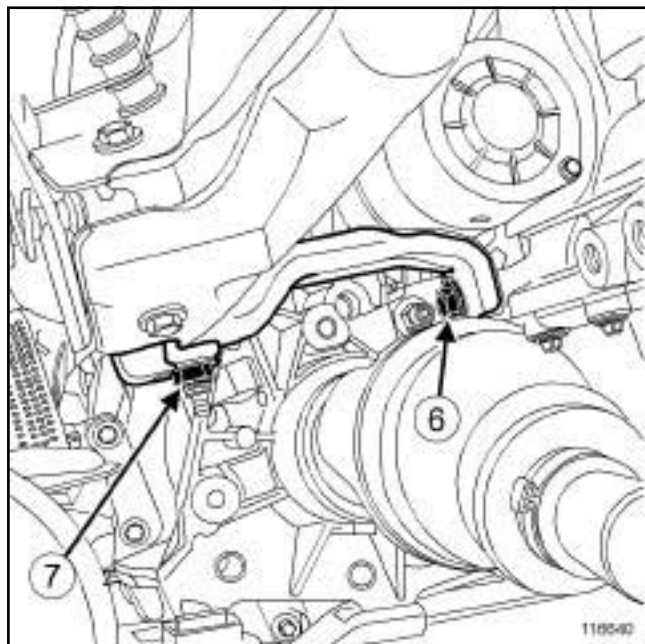
# FUEL MIXTURE

## Exhaust manifold: Removal - Refitting

# 12A

K4M

### III - FINAL OPERATION



116640

- Refit the stay between the exhaust manifold and the cylinder block.
- Tighten to torque and in order:
  - the bolts (6) mounting the stay on the cylinder block (21 N.m),
  - the nut (7) mounting the stay on the exhaust manifold (21 N.m).
- Refit the exhaust manifold upper heat shield.
- Torque tighten the exhaust manifold upper heat shield mounting bolts (12 N.m).
- Refit the upstream oxygen sensor using the.
- Torque tighten the upstream oxygen sensor (45 N.m).
- Connect the upstream oxygen sensor connector.
- Refit the exhaust bracket mounting bolts.
- Torque tighten the exhaust bracket mounting bolts (21 N.m).
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-6) ,
  - the air resonator (see 12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting, page 12A-2) .
- Connect the battery (see Battery: Removal - Refitting) (MR 388, 80A, Battery).

# TURBOCHARGING

## Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting

# 12B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

new turbocharger studs on the exhaust manifold	9 N.m
--	-------

new turbocharger stud on the turbocharger	9 N.m
---	-------

turbocharger nuts	28 N.m
-------------------	--------

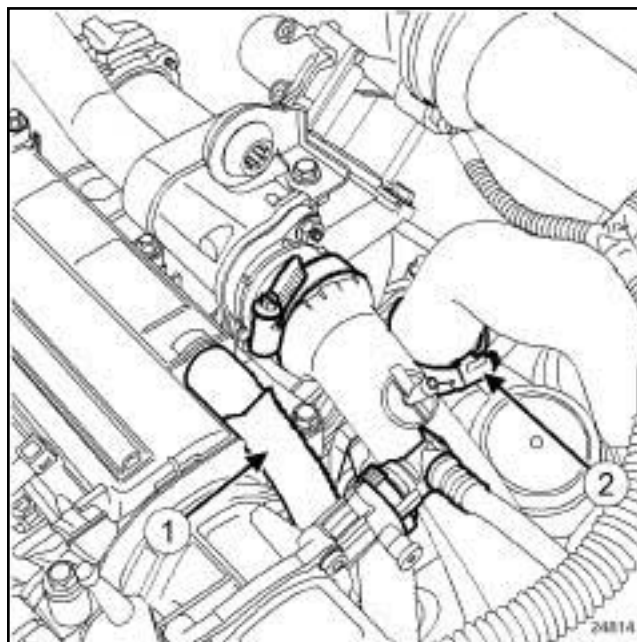
### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).



24814

- Disconnect:
  - the oil vapour rebreathing pipe (1) ,
  - the duct between the turbocharger and the inter-cooler at (2) .
- Remove:
  - the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 14A-4) ,
  - the air duct between the turbocharger and the air filter unit,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10) .

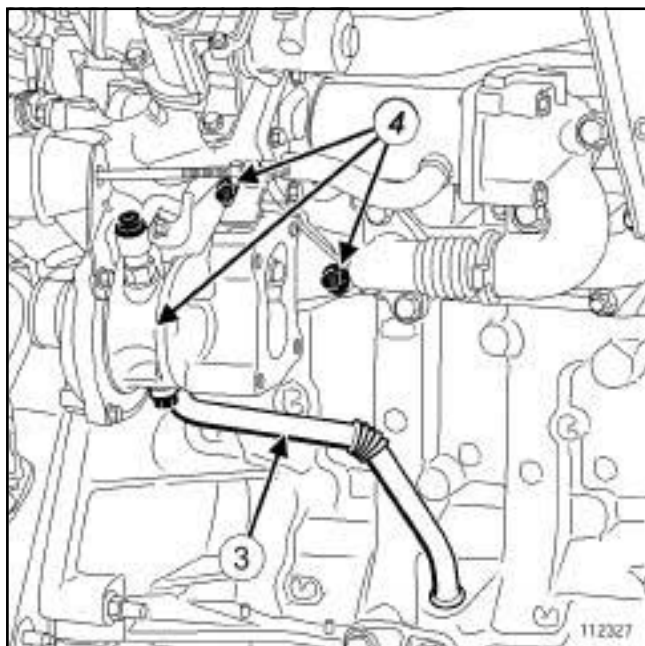
# TURBOCHARGING

## Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting

# 12B

K9K

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove (see 12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger oil pipe: Removal - Refitting, page 12B-4) :
  - the turbocharger oil return pipe (3) ,
  - the turbocharger oil supply pipe.
- Remove:
  - the nuts (4) from the turbocharger on the exhaust manifold,
  - the turbocharger,
  - the turbocharger seal.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Turbocharger nut.
- parts always to be replaced: seal between exhaust manifold and turbocharger.

- parts always to be replaced: exhaust manifold stud on the turbocharger (if loosened).

#### WARNING

Ensure that no foreign bodies enter the turbine or compressor during the refitting operation.

Check that the turbocharger oil return pipe is not partially or completely blocked by scale. Check that there are no leaks. If there are, replace the part.

#### WARNING

Following a turbocharger fault, check that the intercooler and air circuit assembly are not full of oil. If they are, remove them and clean them with a cleaning tray or station and dry them with a compressed air gun.

- Use **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:
  - the exhaust manifold joint face,
  - the turbocharger gasket face if reused.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the exhaust manifold joint face,
  - the turbocharger joint face if it is to be reused,
  - the housing of the turbocharger air outlet pipe seal,
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the gearbox end.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Torque tighten:
  - the **new turbocharger studs on the exhaust manifold (9 N.m)**,
  - the **new turbocharger stud on the turbocharger (9 N.m)**.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - a new turbocharger seal on the exhaust manifold,
  - the turbocharger.



# TURBOCHARGING

## Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting

# 12B

K9K

- Use an open wrench to fit the new turbocharger nuts without tightening them (the turbocharger must be in contact with the manifold and the wrench should no longer turn without effort).
- Torque tighten the **turbocharger nuts (28 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit (see **12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger oil pipe: Removal - Refitting**, page 12B-4) :
  - the turbocharger oil return pipe,
  - the turbocharger oil supply pipe.
- Refit:
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10)
  - the engine undertray,
  - the air duct between the turbocharger and the air filter unit,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**, page 14A-4)
- Connect:
  - the duct between the turbocharger and the inter-cooler onto the turbocharger,
  - the oil vapour rebreathing pipe .
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the engine cover.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### Check

- Disconnect the flow actuator connector (engine starting inhibition).
- Run the starter motor until the oil pressure warning light goes out (wait for a few seconds).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Reconnect the fuel flow actuator connector.
- Make sure that there are no oil leaks.
- Connect the **Diagnostic tool** and clear the stored faults.

## Turbocharger oil pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Equipment required

self-contained starter

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

new turbocharger oil supply pipe hollow bolt to the turbocharger	<b>Torx bolt 18 N.m or Hexagonal bolt 14 N.m</b>
--	--

turbocharger oil supply pipe nut on the cylinder head	<b>shouldered nut 35 N.m or non-shouldered nut 23 N.m</b>
---	---

turbocharger oil return pipe bolts	<b>12 N.m</b>
------------------------------------	---------------

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

### WARNING

Ensure that no foreign bodies enter the turbine or compressor during the refitting operation.

Check that the turbocharger oil return pipe is not partially or completely blocked by scale. Check that there are no leaks. If there are, replace the part.

### WARNING

Metal objects may enter the oil and air circuits as a result of a broken turbocharger.

Failure to observe the following instructions will lead to the turbocharger breaking again.

### Note:

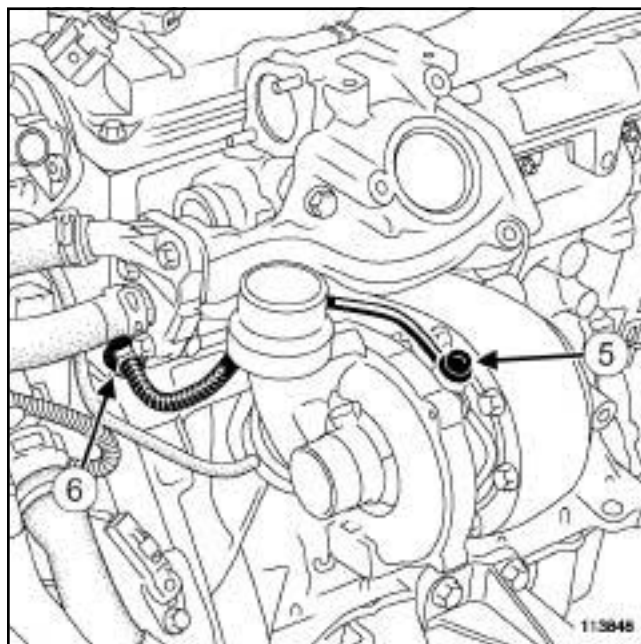
This procedure deals with removing and refitting the turbocharger oil return pipe and the turbocharger oil supply pipe.

## REMOVING THE TURBOCHARGER OIL SUPPLY PIPE

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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- Loosen the nut (6) for the turbocharger oil supply pipe on the cylinder head, using the tool.

## Turbocharger oil pipe: Removal - Refitting

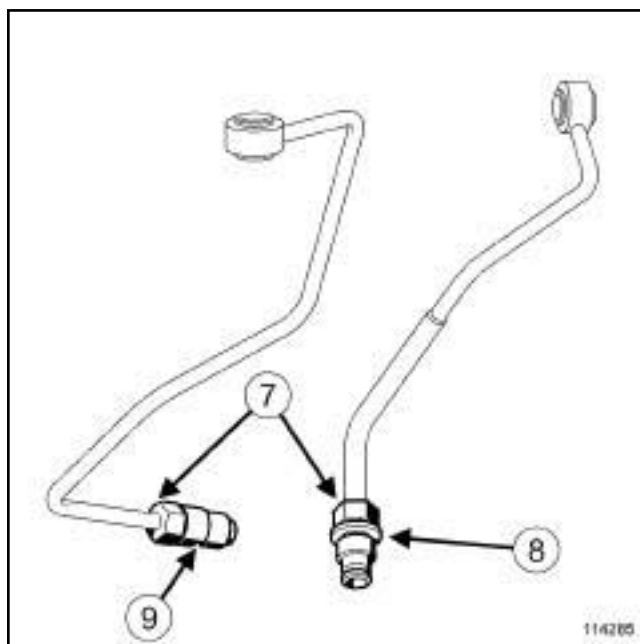
K9K

- ❑ Remove:
  - the turbocharger oil supply pipe hollow bolt from the turbocharger,
  - the turbocharger oil supply pipe.
- ❑ Wipe away any oil run-off.

### REFITTING THE TURBOCHARGER OIL SUPPLY PIPE

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ parts always to be replaced: turbocharger oil supply pipe
- ❑ parts always to be replaced: turbocharger oil pipe seal
- ❑ parts always to be replaced: Turbocharger oil supply pipe bolt



114285

❑

#### Note:

These two turbocharger oil supply pipes may be used on the same engine. The tightening torque of the end pieces (7) on the cylinder head is different, depending on the following:

- if the end piece is **shouldered (8)** ; in this case, there is no need to apply **HIGH RESISTANCE THREADLOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the thread of the end piece,
- if the end piece is **not shouldered (9)** ; in this case, it is essential to apply **HIGH RESISTANCE THREADLOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the thread of the end piece.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ❑ Refit a new turbocharger oil supply pipe.
- ❑ Fit the turbocharger oil supply pipe nut on the cylinder head, without tightening it.
- ❑ Refit a new hollow bolt for the turbocharger oil supply pipe on the turbocharger.
- ❑ Torque tighten:
  - a new turbocharger oil supply pipe hollow bolt to the turbocharger (Torx bolt 18 N.m or Hexagonal bolt 14 N.m),

## Turbocharger oil pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K

- the turbocharger oil supply pipe nut on the cylinder head (shouldered nut 35 N.m or non-shouldered nut 23 N.m) using taylor tool.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

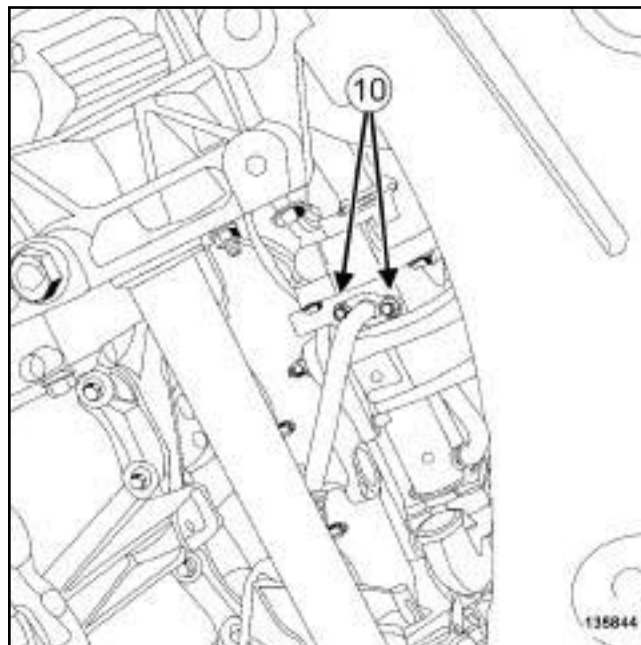
- Refit:
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10) ,
  - the engine undertray.
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the engine cover.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Disconnect the high pressure pump flow actuator connector and the connector for each diesel fuel injector in order to prevent the engine from starting.
- Connect a **self-contained starter**.
- Run the starter until the oil pressure warning light goes out on the instrument panel (wait for a few seconds).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the **self-contained starter**.
- Connect the high pressure pump flow actuator connector and the connector for each diesel fuel injector.
- Start the engine.
- Let the engine idle then depress the accelerator several times with no load.
- Switch off the ignition.
- Check:
  - that the turbocharger is operating correctly,
  - that there are no oil leaks from the turbocharger.
- Use the **Diagnostic tool** to check for an absence of stored faults; deal with these and clear them as necessary.

### REMOVING THE TURBOCHARGER OIL RETURN PIPE

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

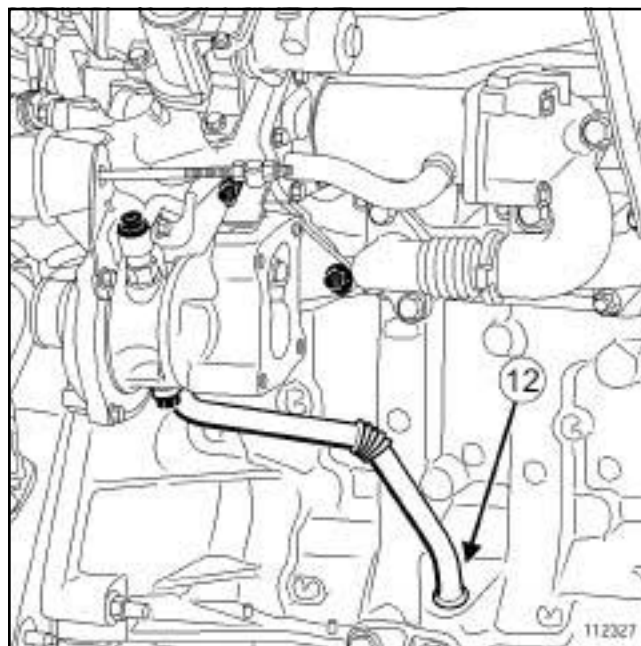
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10) .

### REMOVAL OPERATION



135844

- Remove the turbocharger oil return pipe bolts (10) .



112327

- Rotate the turbocharger oil return pipe (12) to facilitate its removal.

## Turbocharger oil pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K

- Extract the turbocharger oil return pipe from the cylinder block.
- Remove the turbocharger oil return pipe seals.

**REFITTING THE TURBOCHARGER OIL RETURN PIPE****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- parts always to be replaced: turbocharger oil pipe seal.**
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the seal housing on the turbocharger oil return pipe if it is to be reused,
  - the turbocharger oil return pipe joint face if it is to be reused,
  - the turbocharger oil return pipe joint face on the turbocharger,
  - the turbocharger oil return pipe housing in the cylinder block.

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Lubricate the turbocharger oil return pipe O-ring with clean engine oil.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **turbocharger oil return pipe bolts (12 N.m)**.

# TURBOCHARGING

## Intercooler: Removal - Refitting

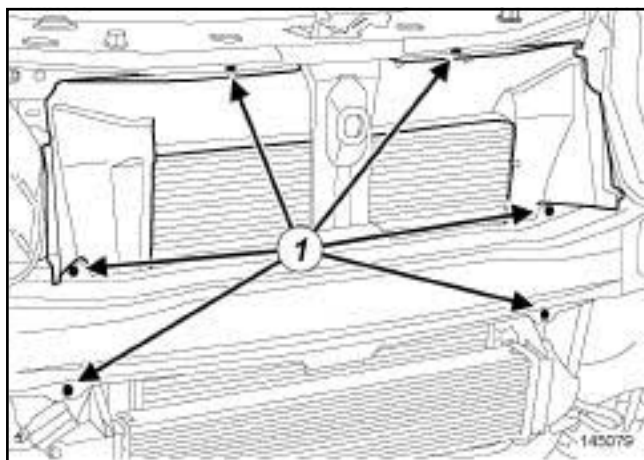
# 12B

K9K

### REMOVAL

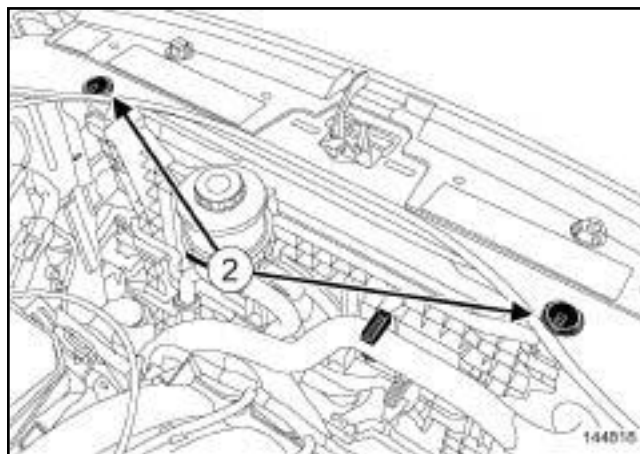
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).

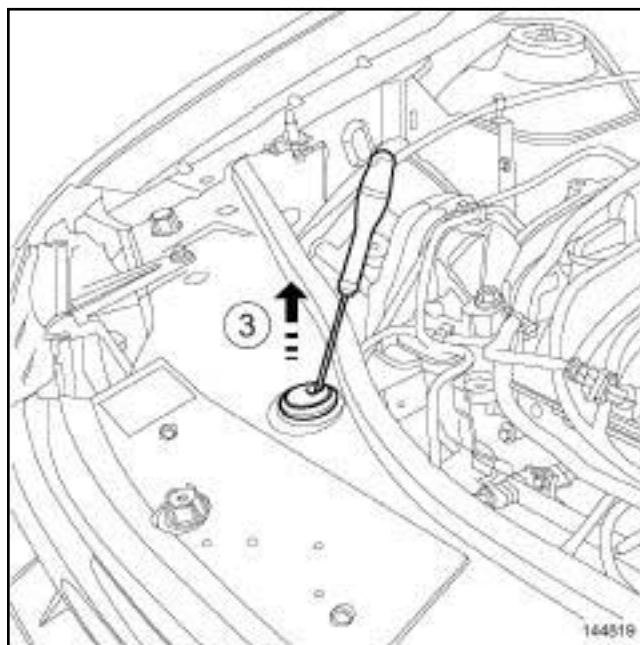


145079

- Remove:
  - the air deflector mounting pins (1) ,
  - the air deflector.



144818



144819

- Press the clips of the fan assembly centring pins (2) using a screwdriver and pull them in the direction of the arrow (3) .
- Remove the fan assembly centring pins (2) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

Note:

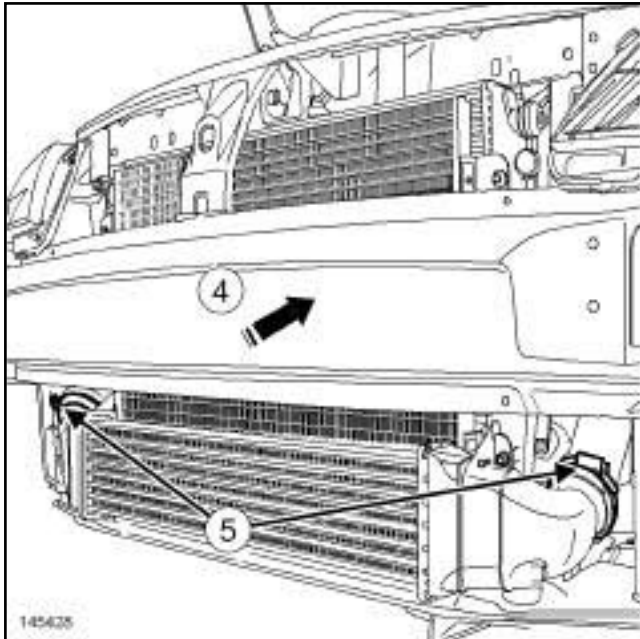
Do not damage the cooling unit vanes (radiator, condenser, etc.) during handling.

# TURBOCHARGING

## Intercooler: Removal - Refitting

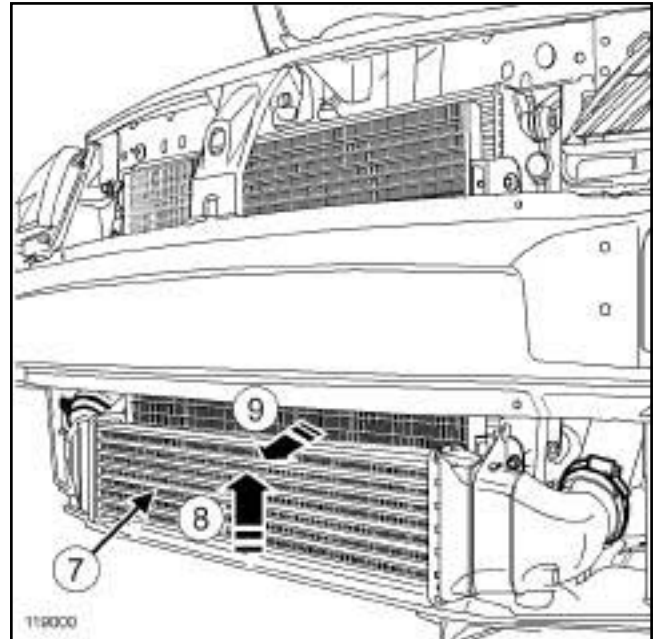
# 12B

K9K



145428

- Push the « radiator - fan » assembly in the direction of the arrow (4) in order to remove the intercooler.
- Remove the clips (5) of the intercooler ducts.
- Disconnect the intercooler ducts.



119000

- Remove the intercooler (7) in the direction of the arrows (8) then (9) .

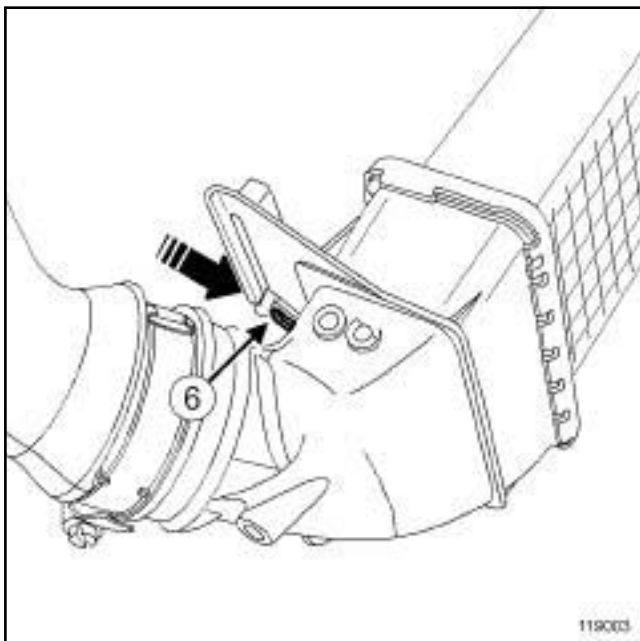
### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check that the intercooler is not full of oil. If this is the case, clean it with a cleaning agent and then let it dry.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



119003

- Press the end piece of the intercooler mounting at (6) , in the direction of the arrow, to unclip it.

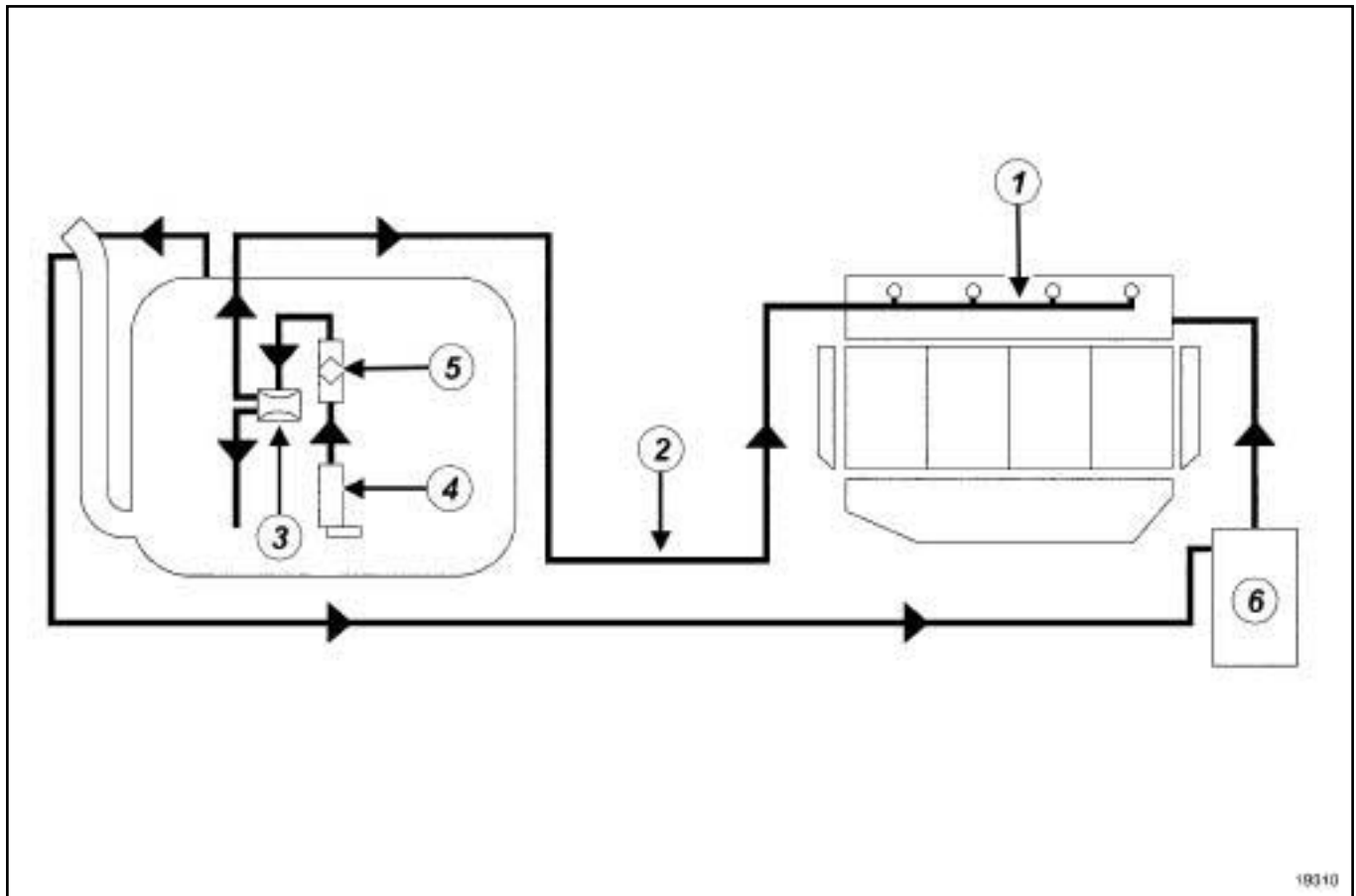
# FUEL SUPPLY

## Fuel circuit: Operating diagram

# 13A

K4M

Operating diagram of the fuel supply circuit ( « pump - sender - fuel filter » assembly)



19310

The fuel supply circuit does not have a return.

The fuel pressure does not vary with engine load.

The circuit comprises:

- a rail (1) without a return pipe and without a supply pressure regulator,
- a single pipe (2) coming from the tank,
- a « pump-sender-fuel filter » assembly fitted with the pressure regulator (3), the pump (4) and the fuel filter (5) (all located in the tank),
- a fuel vapour recirculation tank (6) .



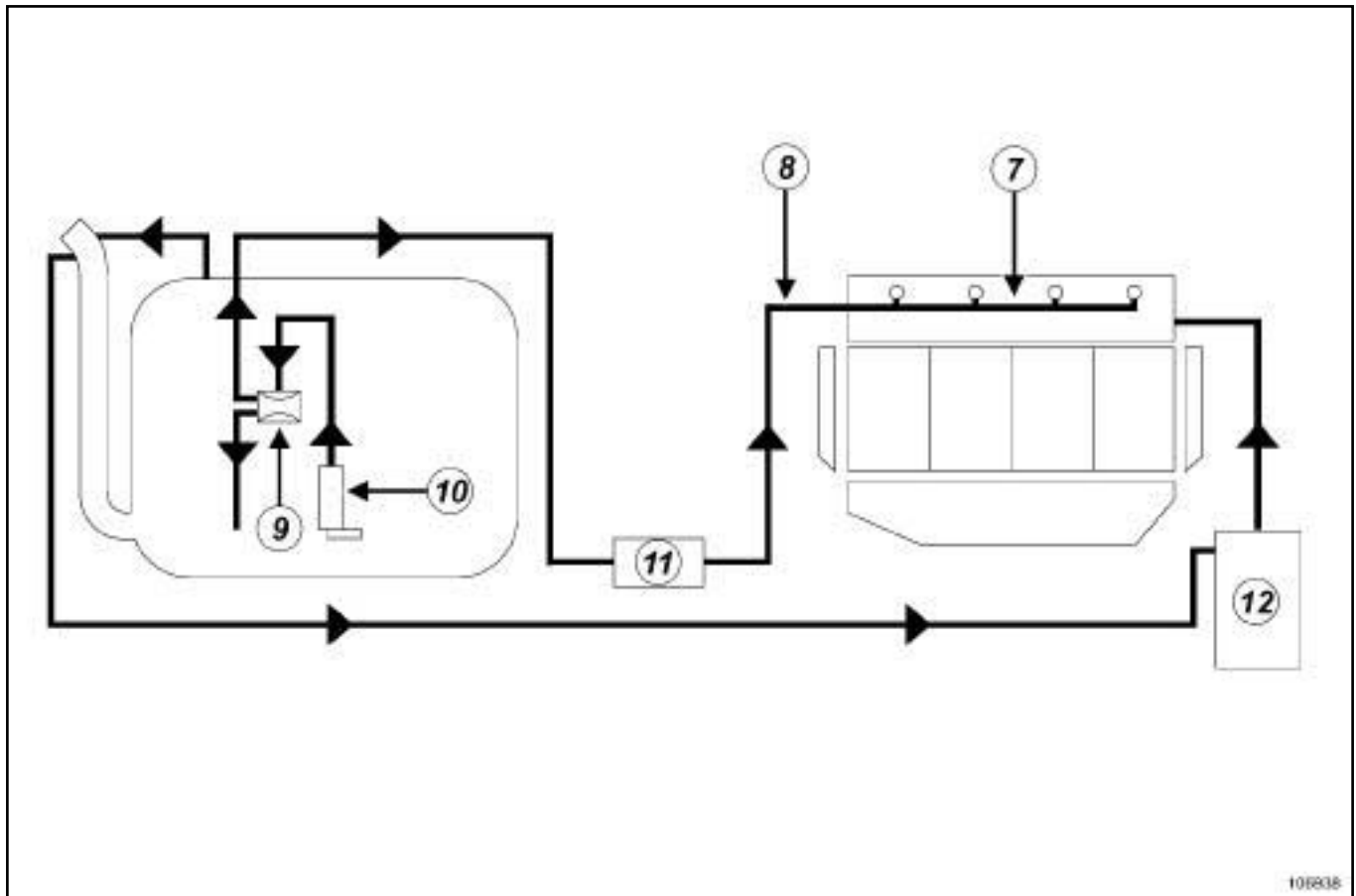
# FUEL SUPPLY

## Fuel circuit: Operating diagram

# 13A

K4M

Operating diagram of the fuel supply circuit (external filter)



The fuel supply circuit does not have a return.

The fuel pressure does not vary with engine load.

The circuit comprises:

- a rail (7) without a return pipe union and without a supply pressure regulator,
- a single pipe (8) coming from the tank,
- a « pump-fuel sender » supply assembly fitted with the pressure regulator (9) , the pump (10) and the fuel filter (11) ,
- a fuel vapour recirculation tank (12) .

## Manual priming pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) ,
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### WARNING

To prevent impurities from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components exposed to the open air.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

### Note:

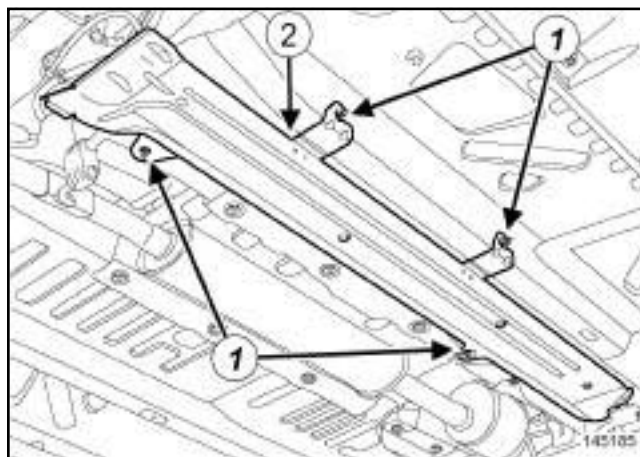
The priming pump is incorporated in the fuel supply pipe.

To remove the priming pump, remove the fuel supply pipe assembly.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).



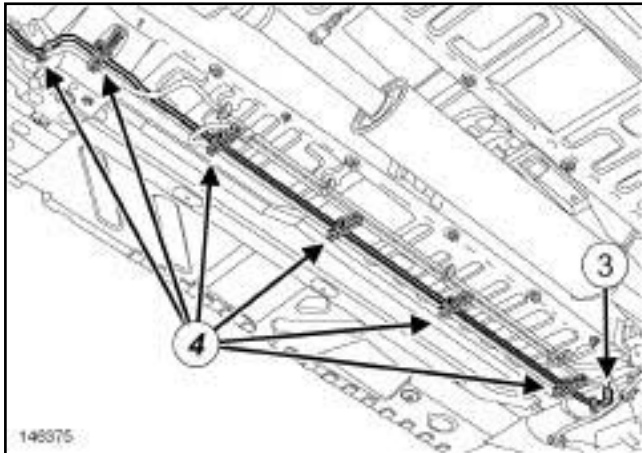
- Remove:

- the fuel supply pipe protector nuts (1) ,
- the fuel supply pipe protector (2) .

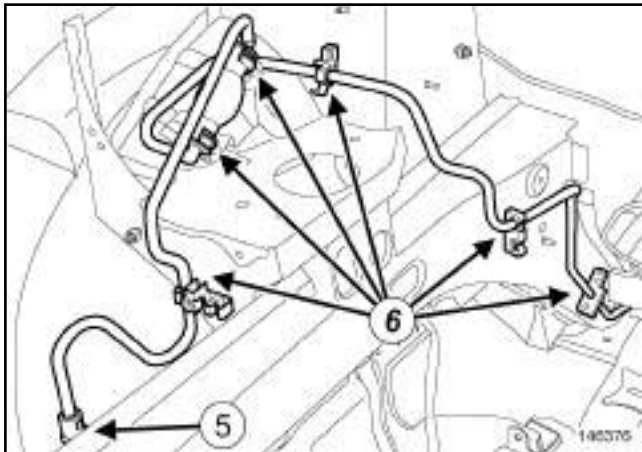
## Manual priming pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Disconnect the fuel supply pipe at the fuel tank end at (3) .
- Insert the blanking plugs.
- Unclip the fuel supply pipe under the body at (4) .



- Disconnect the connection (5) from the fuel supply pipe on the fuel filter.
- Unclip the fuel supply pipe at (6) .
- Remove the fuel supply pipe through the engine compartment.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Ensure that the fuel supply pipe unions are clicked into position properly.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Prime the fuel circuit using the priming pump.

#### WARNING

Check that there are no leaks:

- run the engine at idle speed for **2 minutes**,
- accelerate several times at no load,
- switch off the ignition,
- check that there is no fuel escaping.

# FUEL SUPPLY

## Diesel filter: Removal - Refitting

# 13A

K9K

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) ,
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

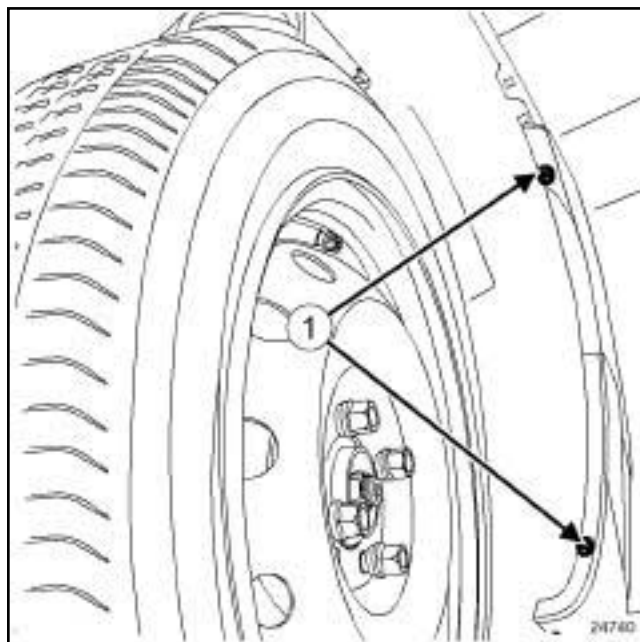
### Note:

Make sure you have a new diesel filter before opening the fuel circuit.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).



24740

- Remove:
  - the plastic screen under the diesel filter,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner bolts (1) .
- Move the front right-hand wheel arch liner slightly to one side.

# FUEL SUPPLY

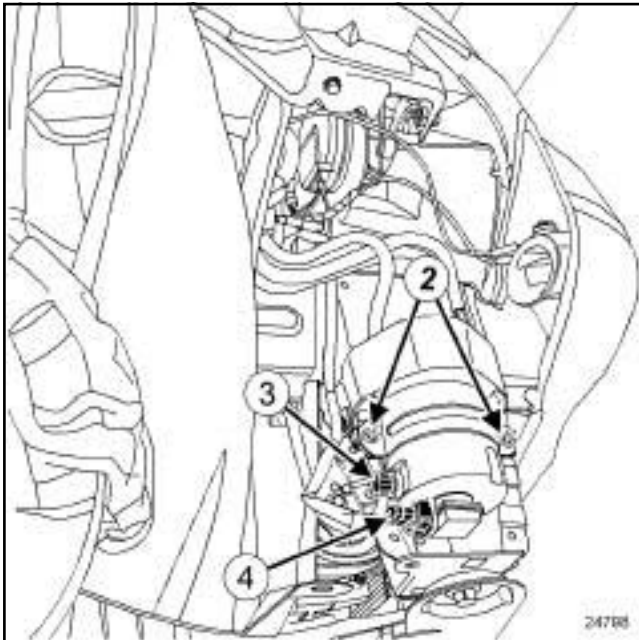
## Diesel filter: Removal - Refitting

# 13A

K9K

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### MAHLE type filter



- Remove:
  - the diesel filter protection plate nuts (2) ,
  - the diesel filter protection plate,
  - the diesel filter from its mounting, noting its original position.
- Disconnect the water detection sensor connector (4)
- Place a container under the diesel filter.
- Open the bleed screw (3) and let the diesel run out.

#### WARNING

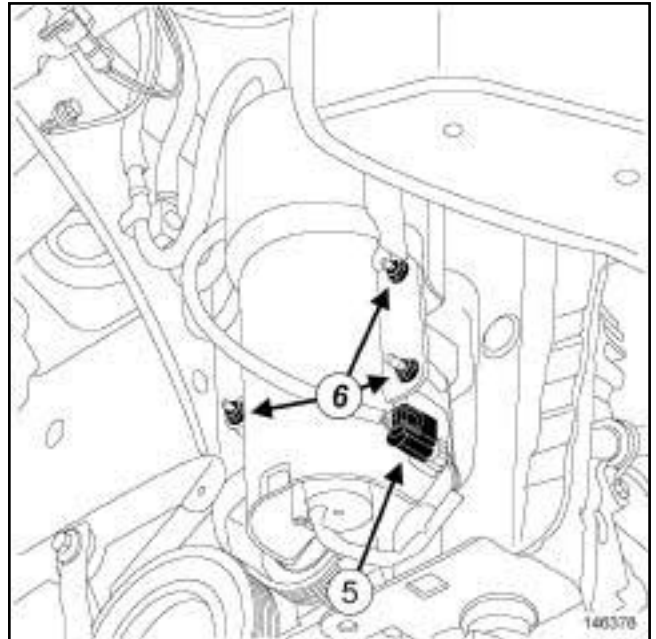
Keep the pipe unions away from contaminated areas.

#### Note:

Mark the position of the fuel pipe unions in relation to the diesel filter before removing the diesel filter.

- Disconnect the pipe unions on the diesel filter.
- Let the diesel fuel flow out from the various pipes into the container.
- Fit plugs into the openings.
- Remove the water detection sensor, turning it anti-clockwise.

#### DELPHI type filter



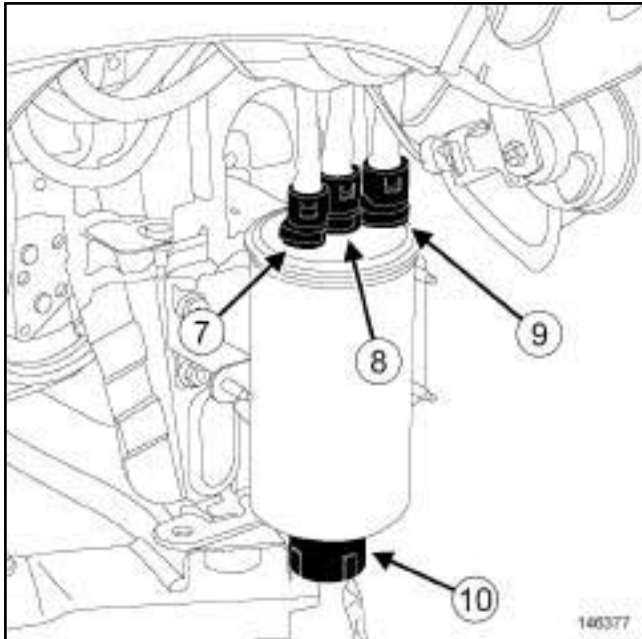
- Disconnect the water detection sensor connector (5)
- Remove:
  - the diesel filter protection plate nuts (6) ,
  - the diesel filter protection plate,
  - the diesel filter from its mounting, noting its original position.
- Place a container under the diesel filter.

# FUEL SUPPLY

## Diesel filter: Removal - Refitting

# 13A

K9K



146377

- Disconnect:
  - the fuel inlet pipe union (7) ,
  - the fuel outlet pipe union (8) ,
  - the fuel return pipe union (9) .
- Let the diesel fuel flow out from the various pipes into the container.
- Remove the water detection sensor (10) , turning it anti-clockwise.
- Fit plugs into the openings.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the water detection sensor, turning it clockwise.
- Connect:
  - the pipe unions on the diesel filter,
  - the water detection sensor connector.
- Refit:
  - the new diesel filter in its original position,
  - the diesel filter protection plate,
  - the diesel filter protection plate nuts.

#### II - DRAINING THE WATER INSIDE THE DIESEL FILTER

Note:

- Certain vehicles have a sensor for detecting water in the diesel fuel, located in the diesel filter. If water is detected, the injection fault warning light comes on.

- Periodically drain any water contained in the diesel filter.
- For filters without a water presence sensor:
  - open the drain plug,
  - let the water flow out,
  - close the plug.
- For filters with a water presence sensor:
  - disconnect the water presence sensor connector,
  - unclip the water presence sensor connector,
  - loosen the water presence sensor by one turn,
  - let the water flow out,
  - tighten the water presence sensor,
  - connect the water presence sensor connector.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner,
  - the plastic screen under the diesel filter.

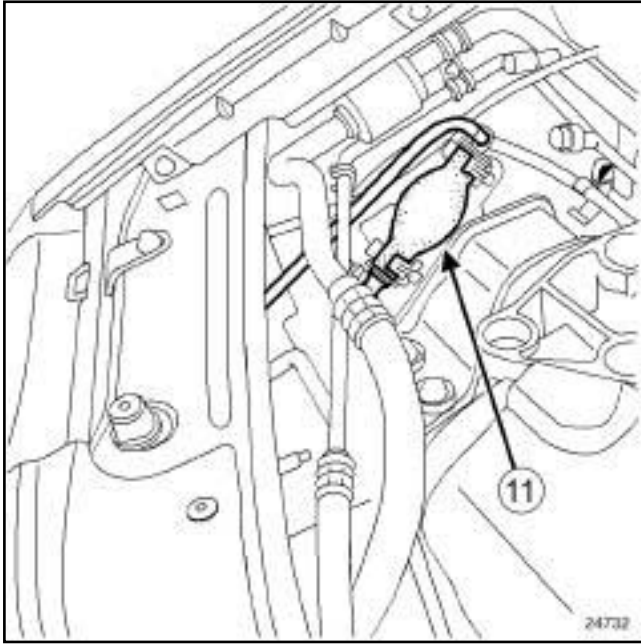
# FUEL SUPPLY

## Diesel filter: Removal - Refitting

# 13A

K9K

### Priming the supply circuit



- Prime the fuel system with the manual priming pump (11) (automatic degassing).

# FUEL SUPPLY

## Fuel pressure: Check

# 13A

K4M

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1311-08** Union for taking fuel pressure measurements.

### Tightening torques

fuel pipe protector nuts **7 N.m**

fuel pipe protector bolt **7 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects near the working area,
- beware of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union,
- protect sensitive areas from fuel outflow.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

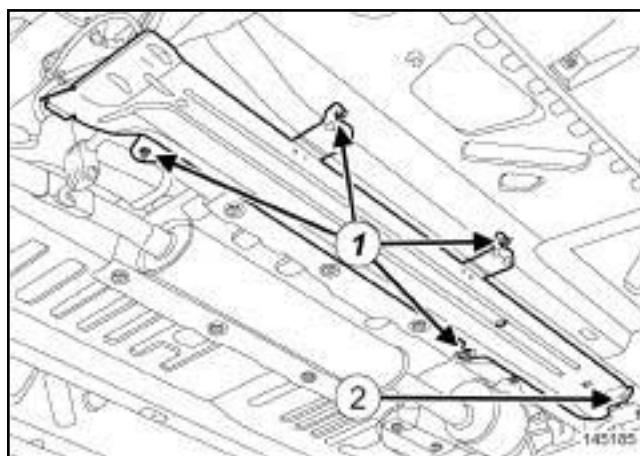
Wear leaktight gloves (nitrile type) for this operation.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

### CHECK

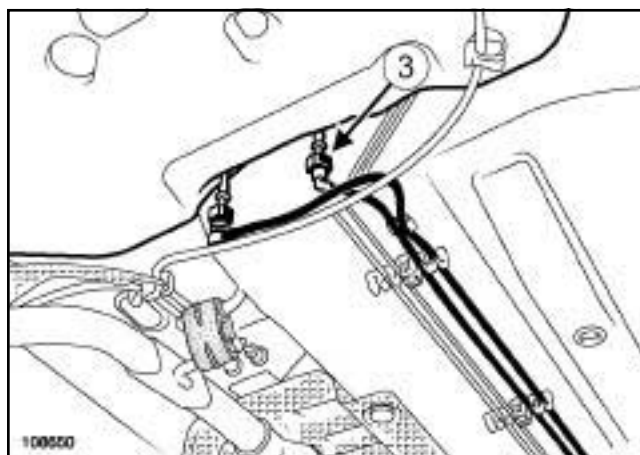
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.



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### Remove:

- the nuts (1) and the bolt (2) from the fuel pipe protector,
- the fuel pipe protector.



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- Disconnect the fuel supply pipe union (3).

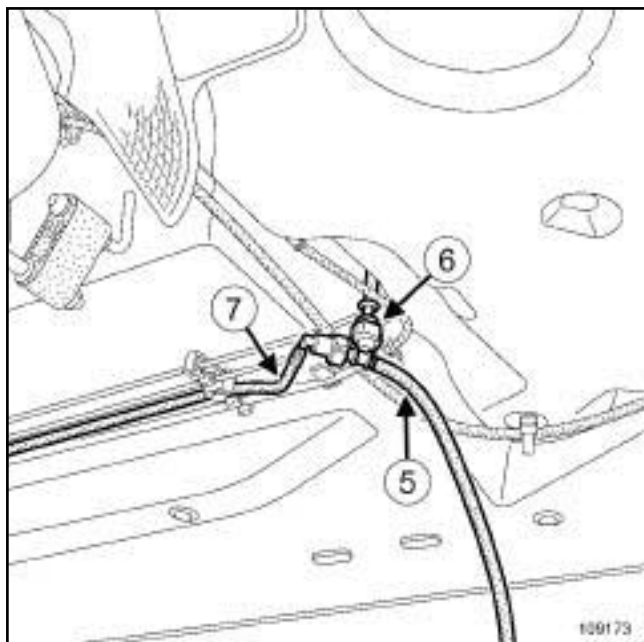


# FUEL SUPPLY

## Fuel pressure: Check

# 13A

K4M



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- Connect:
  - the « T » union (**Mot. 1311-08**) (6) to the fuel tank outlet pipe,
  - the pipe (5) fitted with a pressure gauge contained in the test kit to the « T » union (6) ,
  - the fuel supply pipe (7) to the « T » union (6) .
- Start the vehicle to run the fuel pump.
- Determine the pressure:
  - the pressure must be constant (approximately **3.5 bar ± 0.2 bar**),
  - It may take a few seconds to obtain a correct pressure reading.
- Disconnect:
  - the pipe fitted with the pressure gauge contained in the test kit from the « T » union,
  - the « T » union (**Mot. 1311-08**) from the fuel tank outlet pipe.
- Connect the fuel supply pipe union to the fuel tank outlet pipe.
- Refit the fuel supply pipe protector.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **fuel pipe protector nuts (7 N.m)**,
  - the **fuel pipe protector bolt (7 N.m)**.

# FUEL SUPPLY

## Fuel flow: Check

# 13A

K4M

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1311-08** Union for taking fuel pressure measurements.

### Tightening torques

fuel pipe protector nuts **7 N.m**

fuel pipe protector bolt **7 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects near the working area,
- beware of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union,
- protect sensitive areas from fuel outflow.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

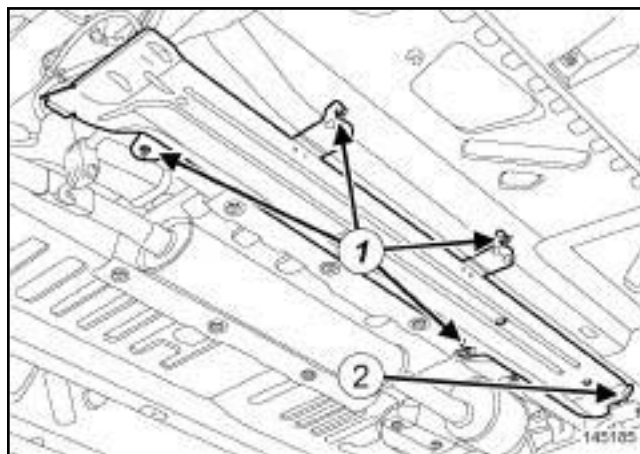
Wear leaktight gloves (nitrile type) for this operation.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

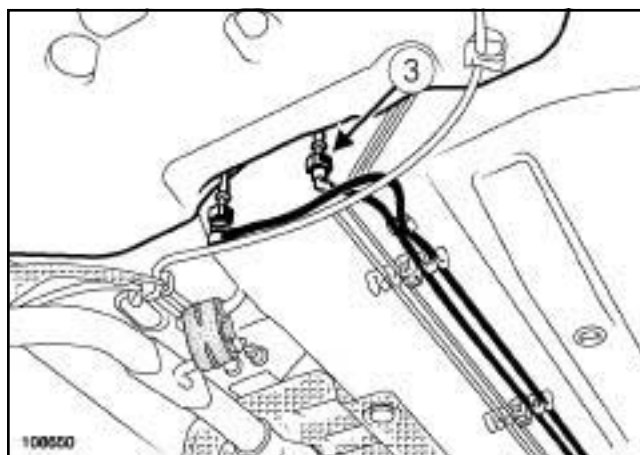
### CHECK

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.



#### Remove:

- the nuts (1) and the bolt (2) from the fuel pipe protector,
- the fuel pipe protector.



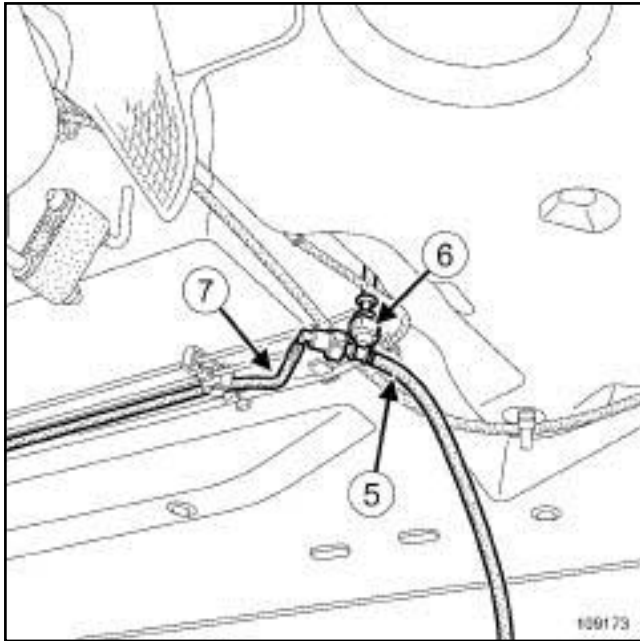
- Disconnect the fuel supply pipe union (3).

# FUEL SUPPLY

## Fuel flow: Check

# 13A

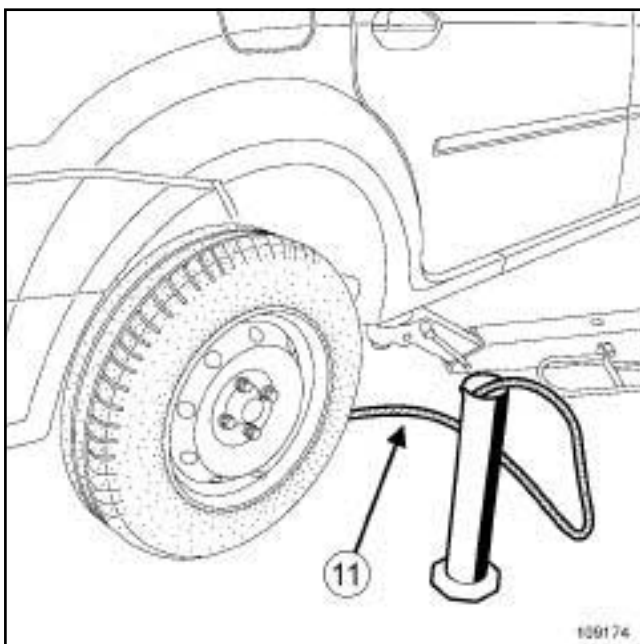
K4M



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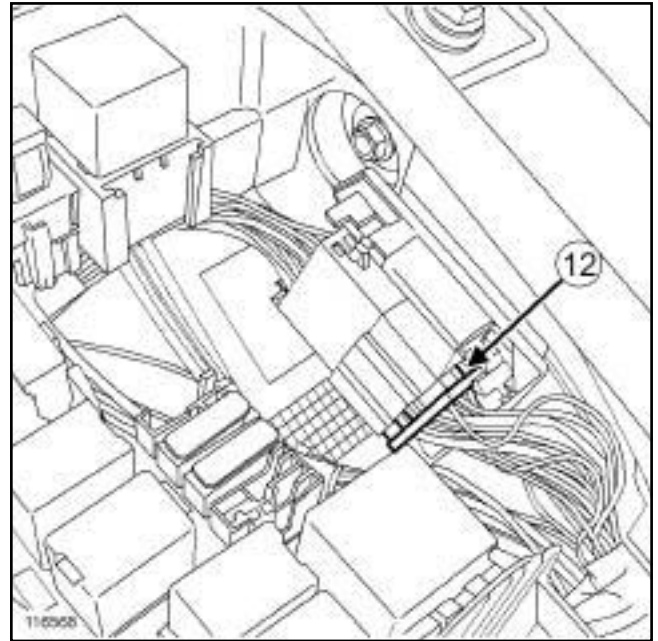
Connect:

- the « T » union (**Mot. 1311-08**) (6) to the fuel tank outlet pipe,
- the pipe (5) contained in the test kit onto the « T » union (6) ,
- the fuel supply pipe (7) to the « T » union (6) .



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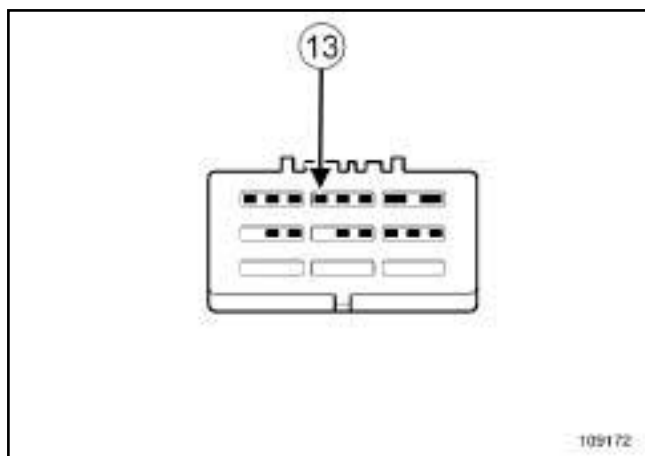
- Insert the pipe (11) into a graduated measuring cylinder (**2000 ml**).
- Remove the Protection and Switching Unit cover.



116568

- Disconnect the connector (12) from the passenger compartment engine harness.

K4M



109172

- Connect the connector terminal (13) to the + **BATTERY** to operate the fuel pump.
- Note the time taken for the measuring cylinder to fill up.

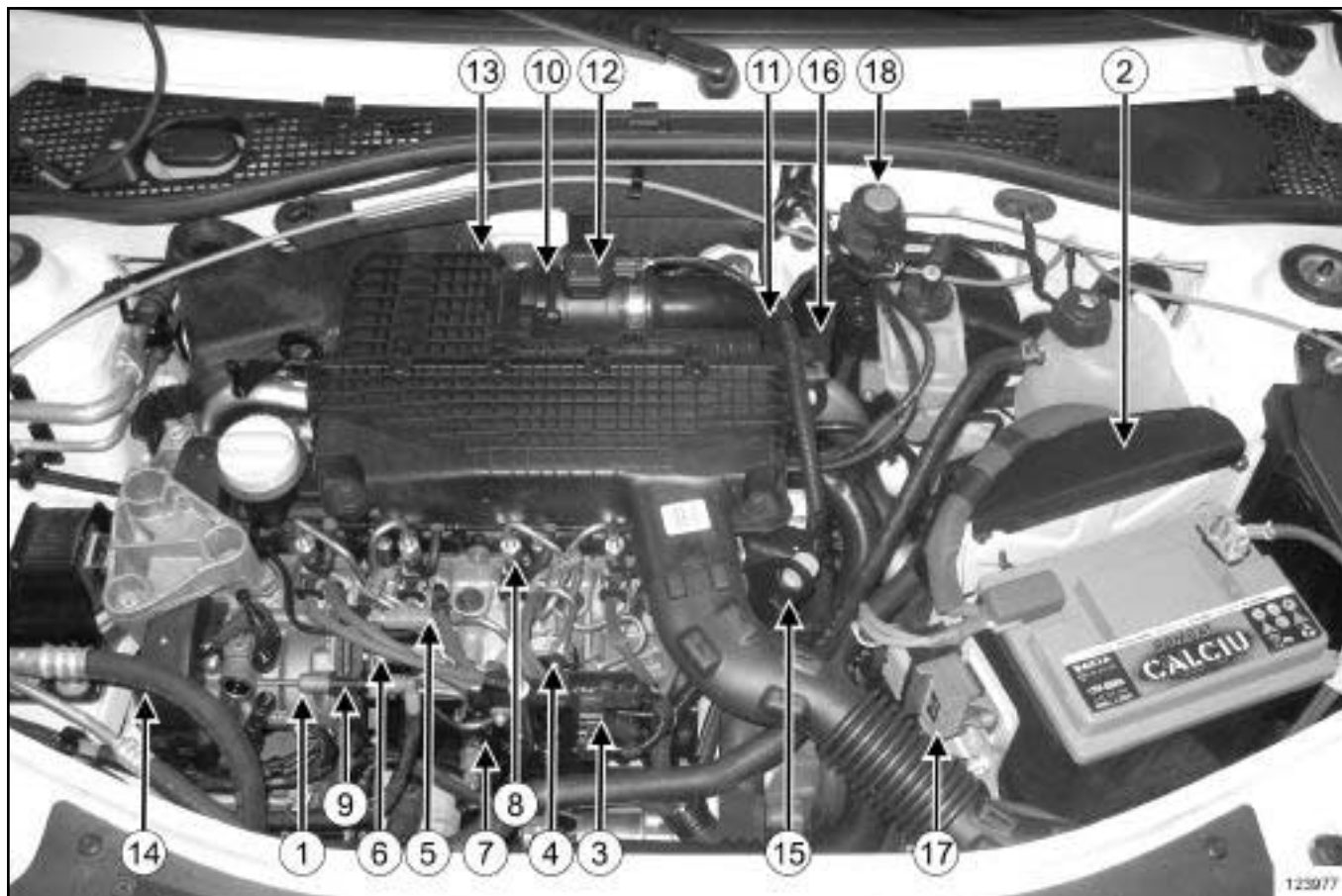
Note:

The minimum flow rate from the fuel pump is **60 l/h**.

- Remove the terminal (13) of the + **BATTERY** connector.
- Refit the Protection and Switching Unit cover.
- Disconnect:
  - the pipe fitted with the pressure gauge contained in the test kit from the « T » union,
  - the « T » union (**Mot. 1311-08**) from the fuel tank outlet pipe.
- Connect the fuel supply pipe union to the tank outlet pipe.
- Refit the fuel supply pipe protector.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **fuel pipe protector nuts (7 N.m)**,
  - the **fuel pipe protector bolt (7 N.m)**.

## Diesel injection: List and location of components

K9K, and 796



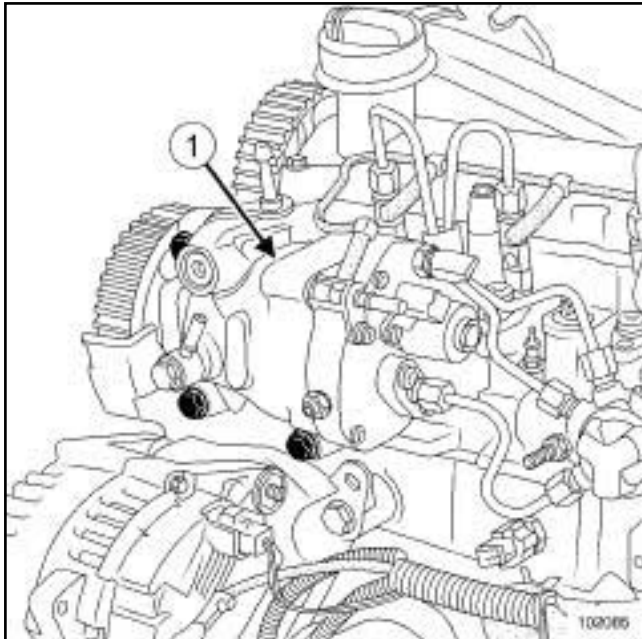
123977

No.	Description
1	High pressure pump
2	Injection computer
3	Injector rail pressure sensor
4	Spherical injector rail
5	Diesel temperature sensor
6	Diesel fuel flow actuator
7	Accelerometer
8	Injector
9	Venturi
10	Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve
11	Turbocharging air pressure sensor
12	Air flowmeter with integrated temperature sensor

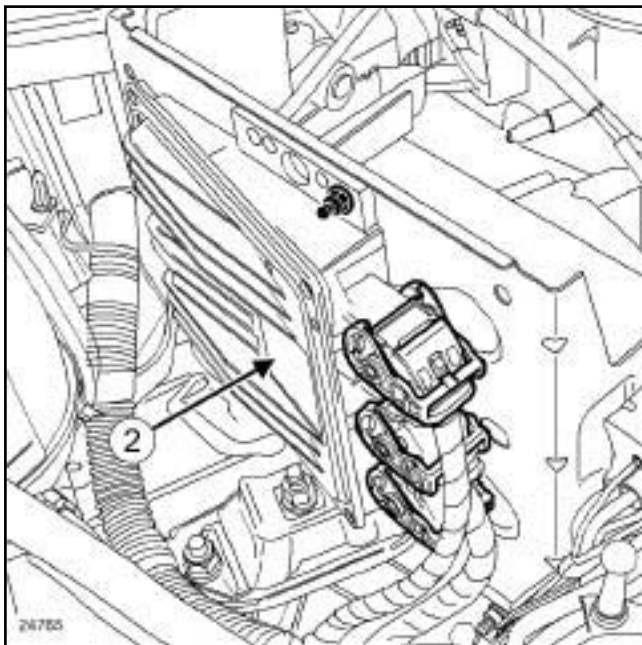
No.	Description
13	Turbocharger
14	Cylinder reference sensor
15	Coolant temperature sensor
16	TDC sensor
17	Pre-postheating unit
18	Turbocharger control solenoid valve (only for K9K 796 engine)
19	Accelerator pedal potentiometer

## Diesel injection: List and location of components

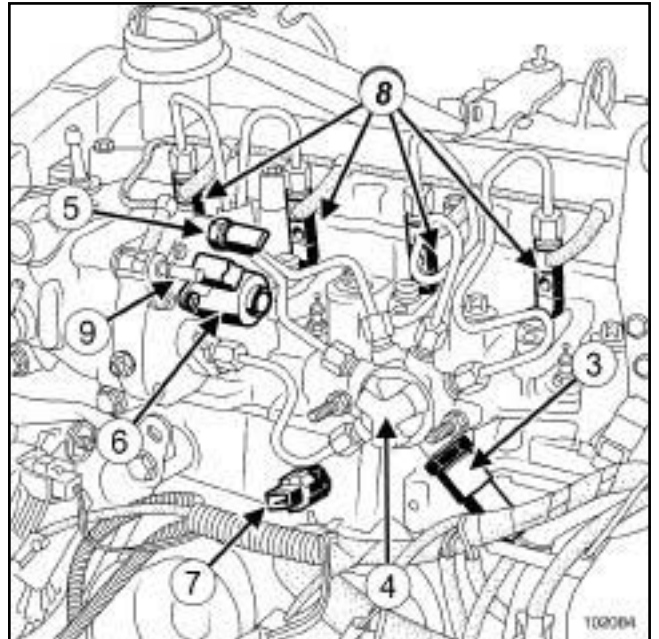
K9K, and 796



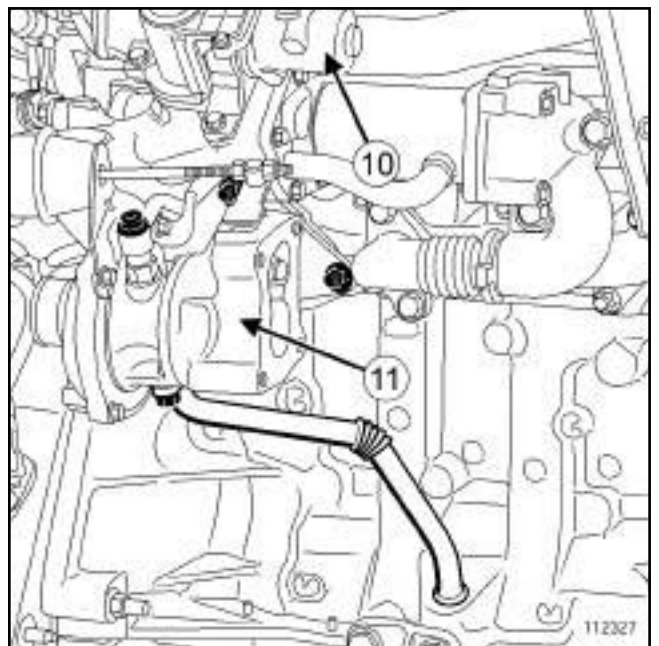
High-pressure pump (1) .



Injection computer (2) .



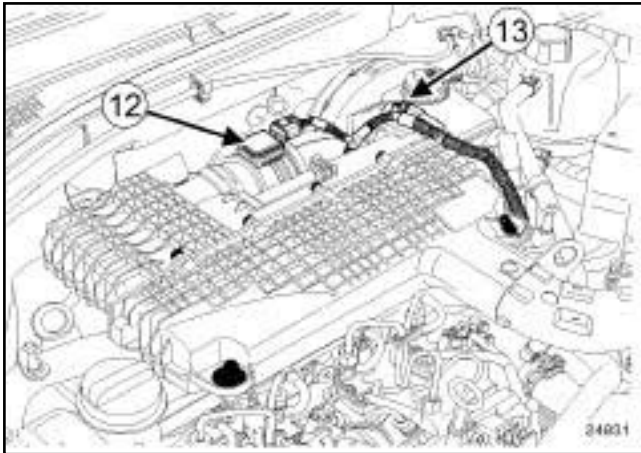
Injector rail pressure sensor (3) ,  
Spherical injector rail (4) ,  
Diesel temperature sensor (5) ,  
Diesel fuel flow actuator (6) ,  
Accelerometer (7) ,  
Injectors (8) ,  
Venturi (9) .



Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve (10) ,  
Turbocharger (11) .

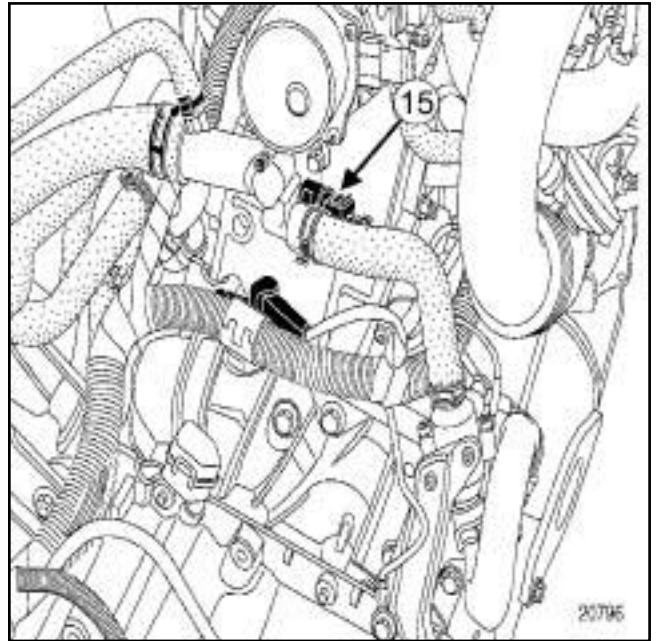
## Diesel injection: List and location of components

K9K, and 796



24831

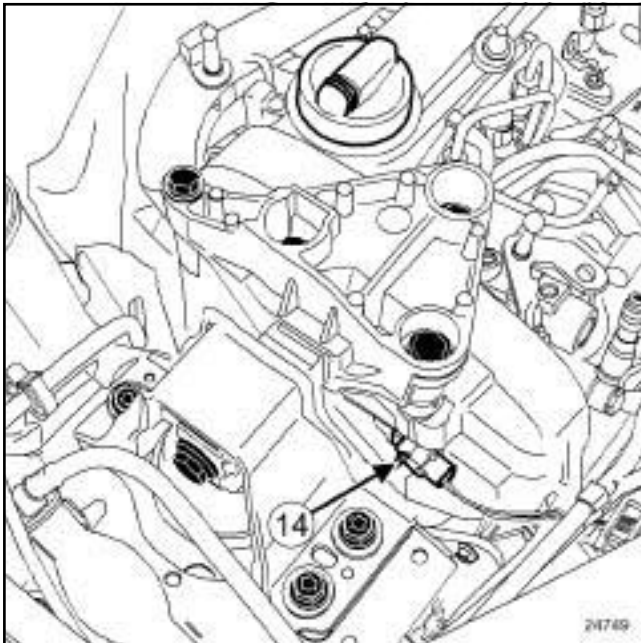
Air flowmeter with integrated temperature sensor (12) ,  
Turbocharging air pressure sensor (13) .



20796

20796

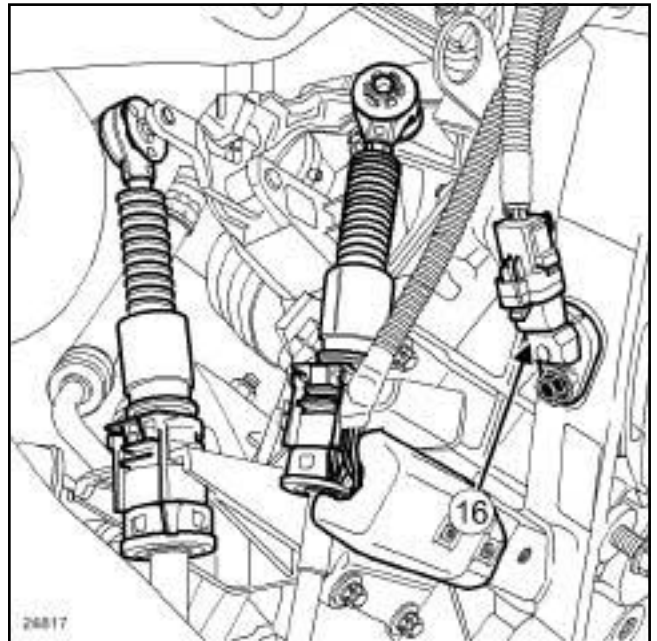
Coolant temperature sensor (15) .



24749

24749

Cylinder marking sensor (14) .

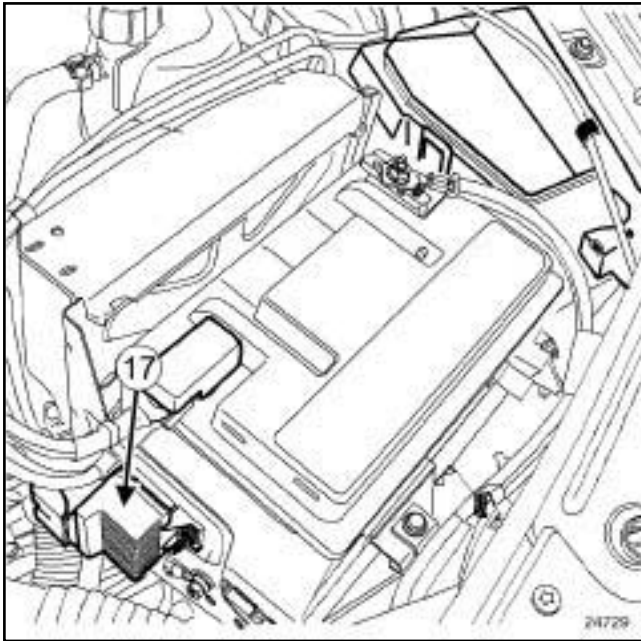


24817

Top Dead Centre sensor (16) .

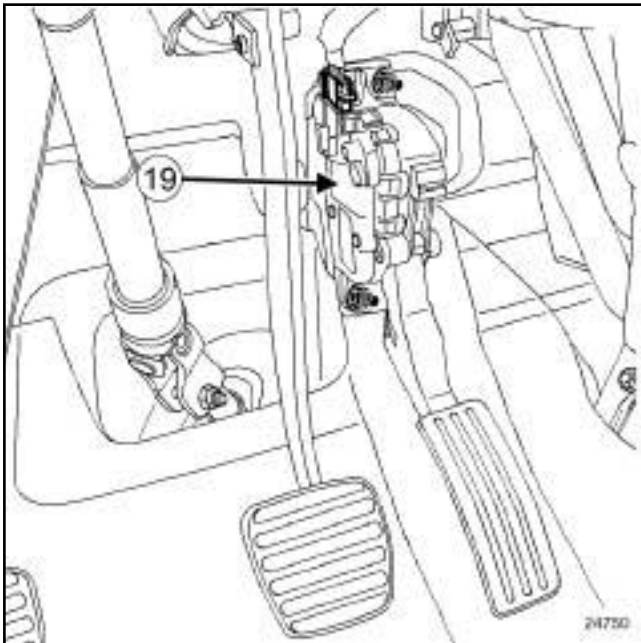
## Diesel injection: List and location of components

K9K, and 796



24729

Pre-postheating unit (17) .



24750

Accelerator pedal potentiometer (19) .



## Diesel injection computer: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

injection computer nuts **8 N.m**

injection computer protector bolts **8 N.m**

### Note:

When programming, reprogramming or replacing the computer, it is necessary to program the new computer with the C2I parameters (injector flow correction) and the engine adaptives using the **Diagnostic tool**.

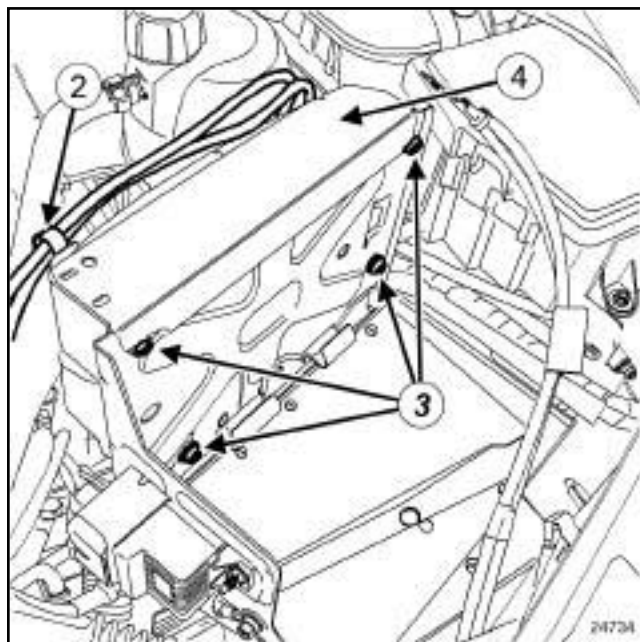
There are two ways to do this (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (13B, Diesel injection):

- an automatic method which can be used if it is possible to read the information contained in the old computer,
- a manual method which is to be used if it is not possible to read the information contained in the old computer.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

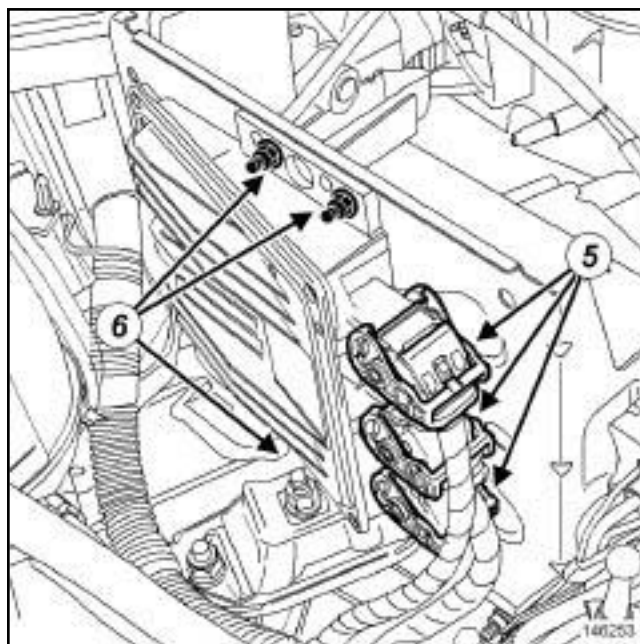
- Remove the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



24734

- Unclip the positive terminal wiring (2) .
- Remove:
  - the bolts (3) from the injection computer protector,
  - the injection computer protector (4) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



146253

- Remove the injection computer nuts (6) .
- Disconnect the three connectors (5) from the injection computer.
- Remove the injection computer.

## Diesel injection computer: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION

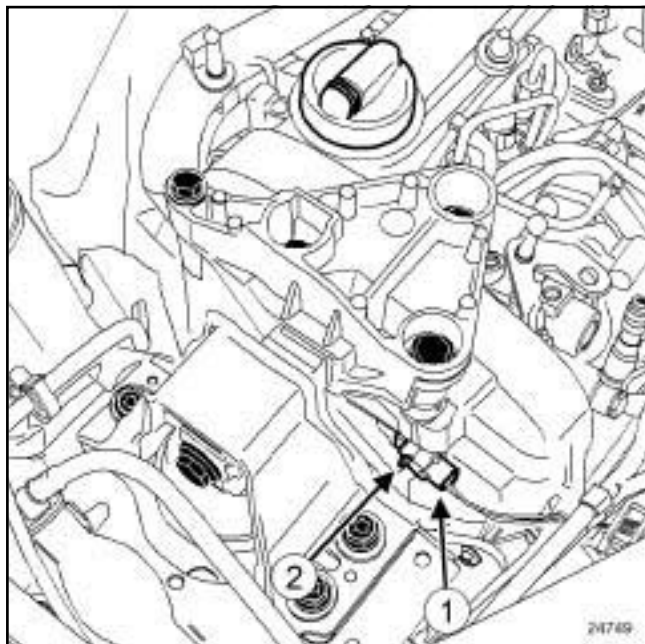
- Fit the injection computer on its mounting studs.
- Torque tighten the **injection computer nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the injection computer connectors.

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the injection computer protector.
- Tighten to torque the **injection computer protector bolts (8 N.m)**.
- Clip on the positive terminal wiring.
- Refit the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Respect the programming settings for the C2I (individual injector correction) parameters and the engine adaptives (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (13B, Diesel injection).
- Switch on the ignition and read the fault codes using the **Diagnostic tool**.
- If necessary, repair the faults indicated.
- Clear the faults.
- Check that the vehicle is working properly.

## Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting

K9K

**REMOVAL****OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

24749

- Disconnect the connector (1) from the camshaft position sensor.
- Remove:
  - the bolt (2) from the camshaft position sensor,
  - the camshaft position sensor.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**

- Refit:
  - the camshaft position sensor,
  - the camshaft position sensor bolt.

**II - FINAL OPERATION**

- Reconnect the camshaft position sensor connector.

## Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

### Tightening torques

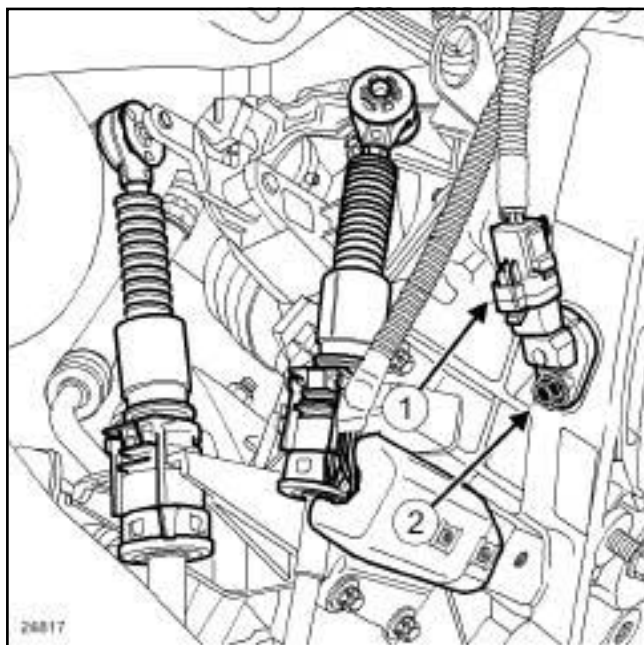
crankshaft position and speed sensor bolt	<b>8 N.m</b>
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



24817

- Disconnect the crankshaft position sensor connector (1) from underneath the vehicle.
- From underneath the vehicle, remove:
  - the crankshaft position sensor bolt (2) ,
  - the crankshaft position sensor.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the crankshaft position sensor.

- Torque tighten the **crankshaft position and speed sensor bolt (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the crankshaft position sensor connector.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the engine undertray.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## High pressure pump: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K, and 796

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

the high pressure pump bolts	<b>23 N.m</b>
------------------------------	---------------

high pressure pump pulley nut	<b>70 N.m</b>
-------------------------------	---------------

dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail	<b>21 N.m</b>
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### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, use the **Diagnostic tool** to check:

- that the injector rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

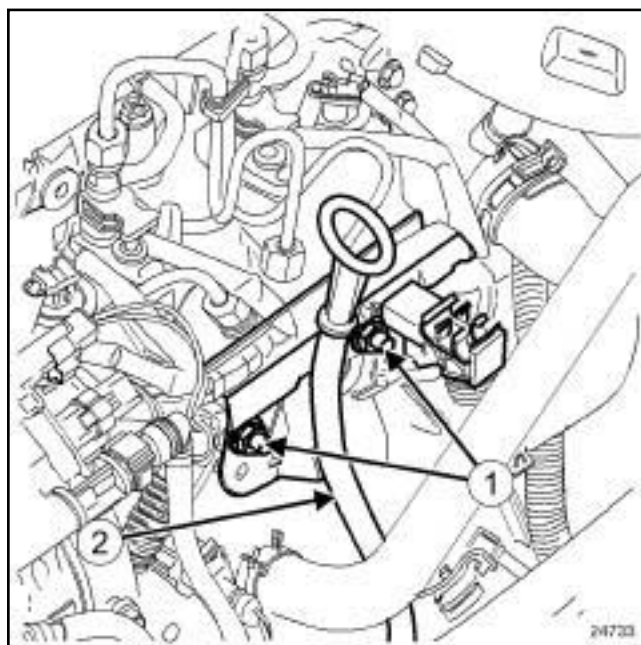
### Note:

Never run the engine in the opposite direction to that of normal operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front engine cover.



24733

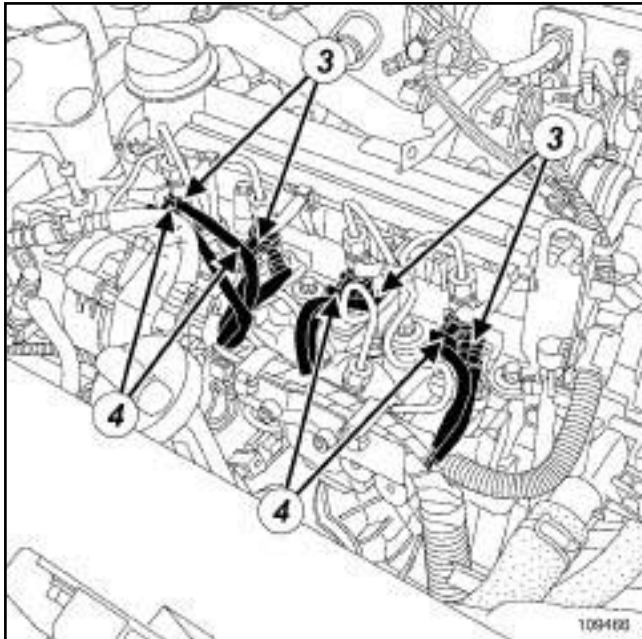
- Remove the dipstick guide and filler neck nuts (1).
- Put the dipstick guide to one side (2).

# DIESEL INJECTION

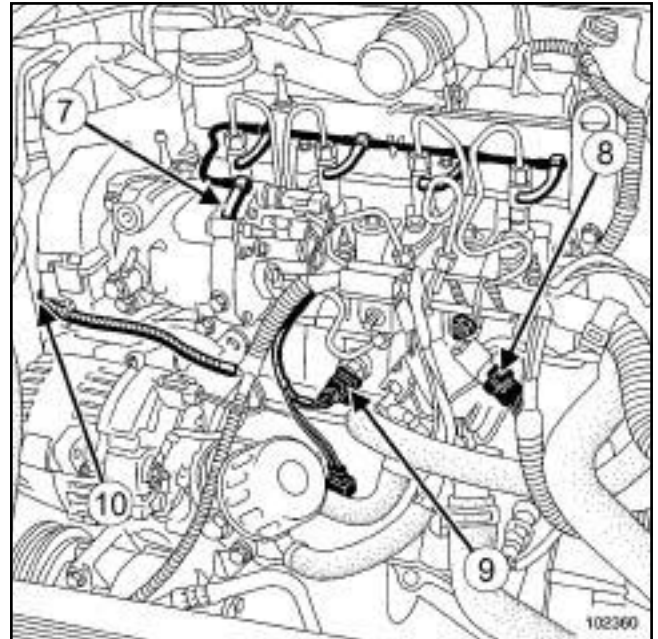
## High pressure pump: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

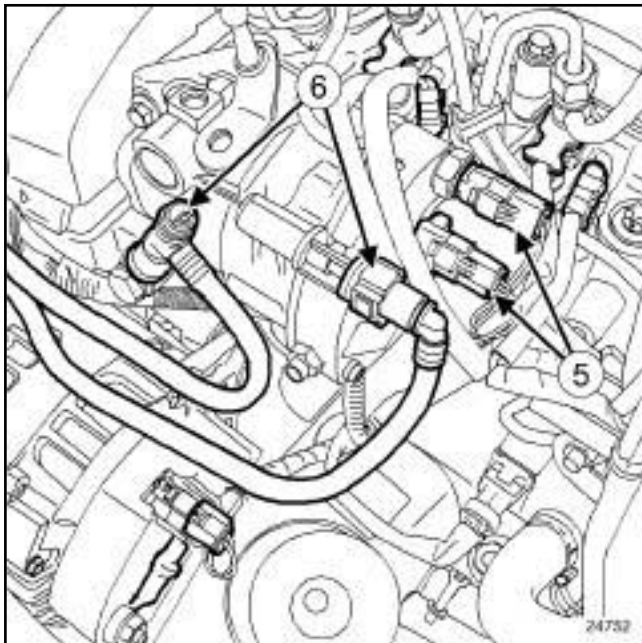
K9K, and 796



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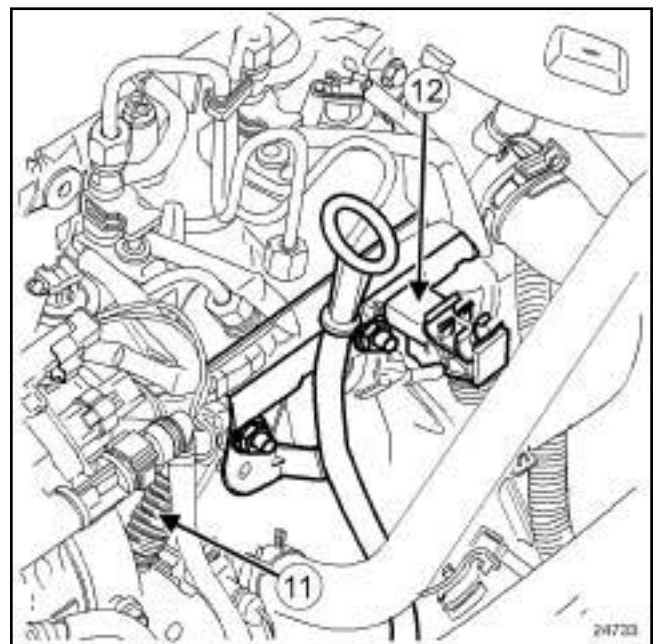


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- Disconnect:
  - the heater plugs (3) ,
  - the injectors (4) ,
  - the connectors from the high pressure pump (5) .
- Clean the diesel supply and return pipes (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .
- Disconnect the diesel supply and return pipes (6) .
- Fit blanking plugs into the openings.

### Disconnect:

- the fuel return pipe (7) connecting the injectors to the high-pressure pump,
- the injector rail pressure sensor (8) ,
- the accelerometer (9) ,
- the camshaft position sensor (10) .



24733

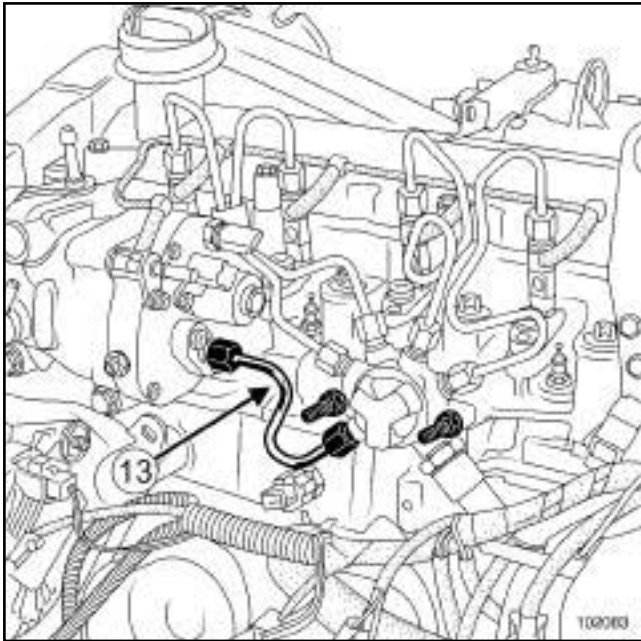
- Unclamp the engine wiring (11) and move it to one side.
- Remove the channel (12) located on the injector rail.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## High pressure pump: Removal - Refitting

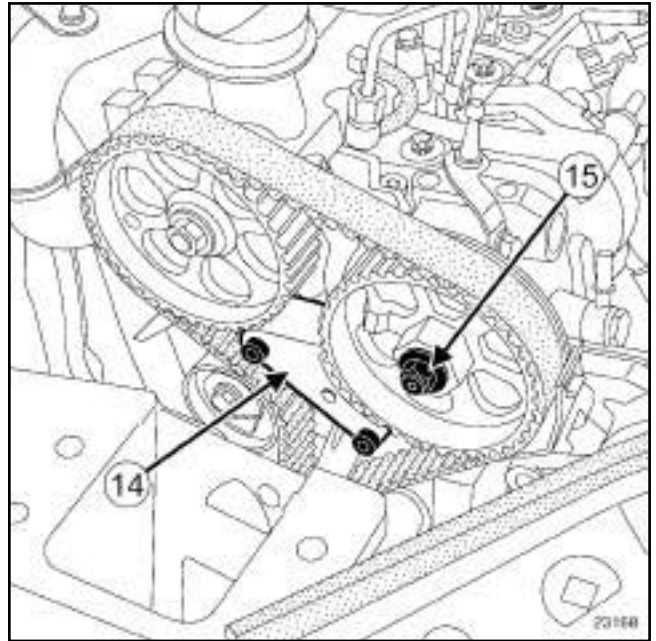
# 13B

K9K, and 796



102083

- Remove the high pressure pipe (13) between the injector rail and the high pressure pump (see 13B, **Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between pump and rail: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-19) .
- Put blanking plugs in all the openings of the injection circuit.
- Remove:
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see 19D, **Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,
  - the camshaft position sensor (see 13B, **Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-7) .
- Remove (see 11A, **Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) :
  - the upper timing cover,
  - the lower timing cover,
  - the cylinder head suspended mounting.
- Position the engine at top dead centre (see 11A, **Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) .



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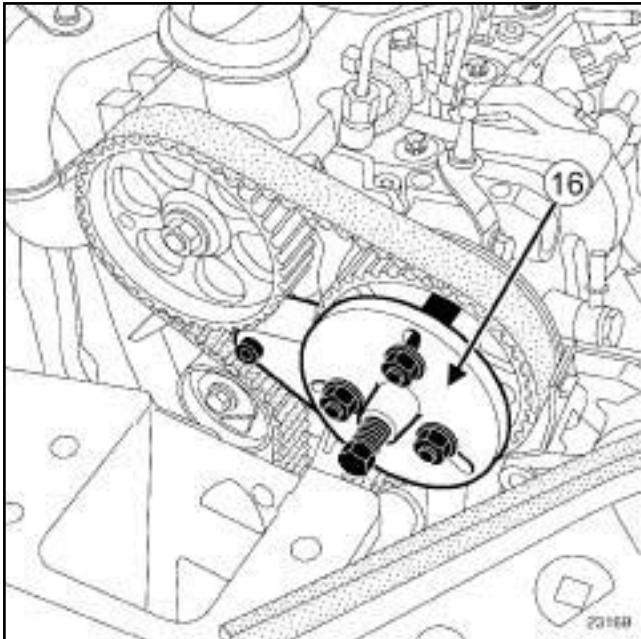
- Fit the high pressure pump pulley retaining tool (14) .
- If necessary, turn the engine slowly to adjust the position of the locking tool on the pump pulley teeth.
- Remove the high pressure pump pulley nut (15) , holding the pulley with a 32 mm open-jawed spanner.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## High pressure pump: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K, and 796

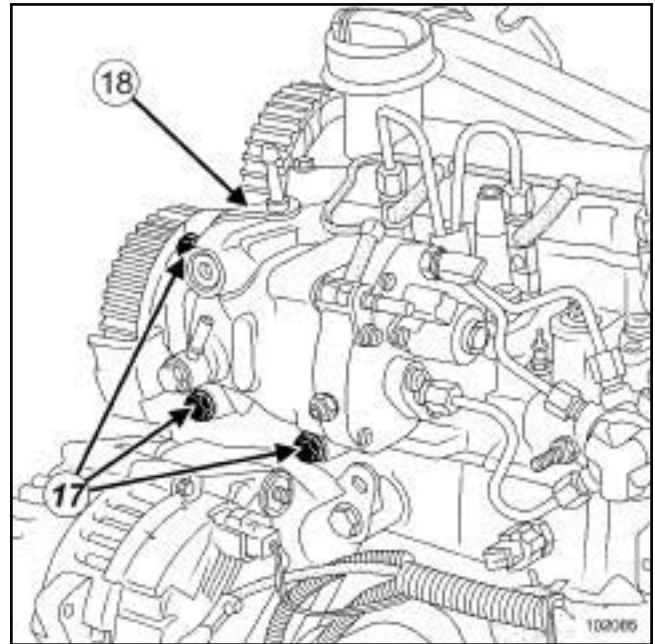


- Position the (16) fitted with the.

### WARNING

Ensure that the tool pushrod is correctly oriented and is pressing against the high pressure pump shaft.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the high pressure pump bolts (17) ,
  - the bracket (18) from the engine cover.
- Screw the pushrod of the tool until the high pressure pump becomes detached.
- Remove:
  - the high pressure pump,
  - the.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check for an index pin on the high pressure pump shaft.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the high pressure pump on the cylinder head by inserting it into the high pressure pump pulley.

#### Note:

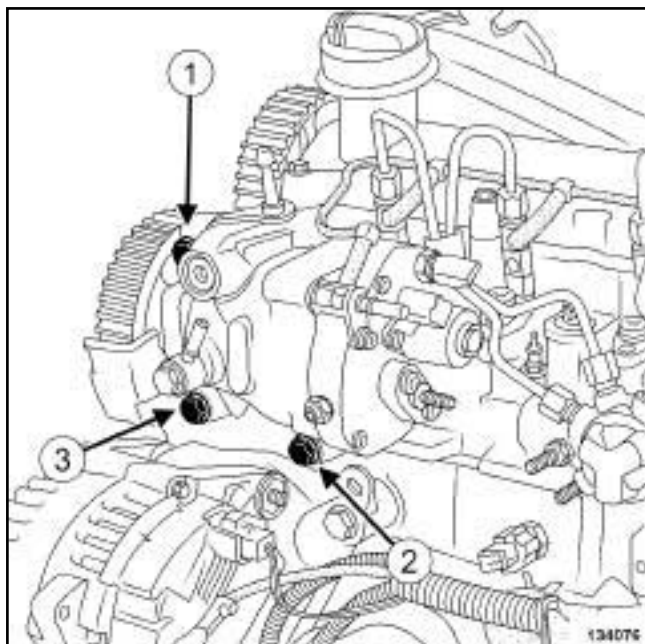
Check that the high pressure pump shaft is correctly orientated in relation to the high pressure pump pulley.

- Refit the engine cover bracket.
- Fit the high pressure pump bolts without tightening them.



## High pressure pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796



134076

- Torque tighten in order **the high pressure pump bolts (23 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten the **high pressure pump pulley nut (70 N.m)** while holding the high pressure pump pulley using a **32 mm** spanner.

## Note:

Check that the timing belt is correctly positioned and in good condition.

- Remove them from the cylinder head.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the blanking plugs.
- Refit the high pressure pipe between the injector rail and the high pressure pump (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between pump and rail: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-19) .
- Refit (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) :
  - the suspended mounting on the cylinder head,
  - the lower timing cover,
  - the upper timing cover.
- Refit:
  - the camshaft position sensor (see **13B, Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-7) ,

- the right-hand suspended engine mounting (see **19D, Engine mounting, Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 19D-4) ,

- the neck located on the injector rail.

- Secure the engine wiring on the neck.

- Connect:

- the camshaft position sensor,
- the accelerometer,
- the injector rail pressure sensor,
- the fuel return pipe connecting the injectors to the high-pressure pump,
- the supply and return pipes on the high pressure pump,
- the connectors to the high pressure pump,
- the injectors,
- the heater plugs.

- Refit the dipstick guide.

- Torque tighten the **dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail (21 N.m)**.

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

- Start the engine.

- Check that there are no fuel leaks.

- Refit the engine cover.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Flow actuator: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

flow actuator bolts **6 N.m**

dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail **21 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the injector rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

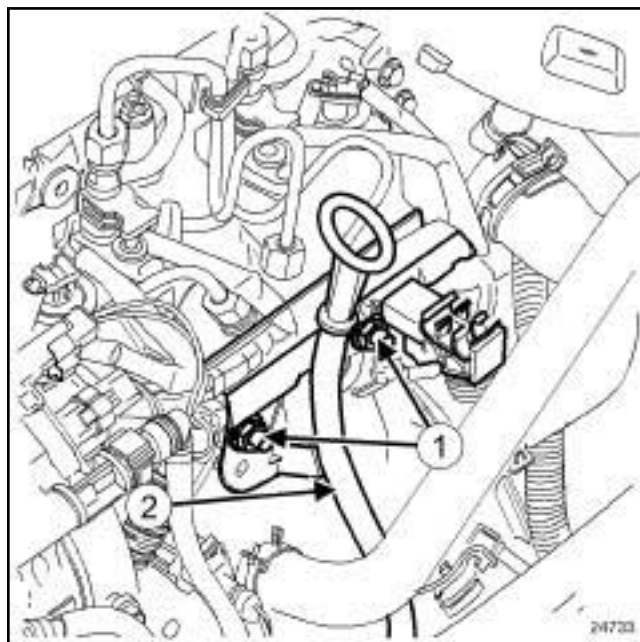
### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

## REMOVAL

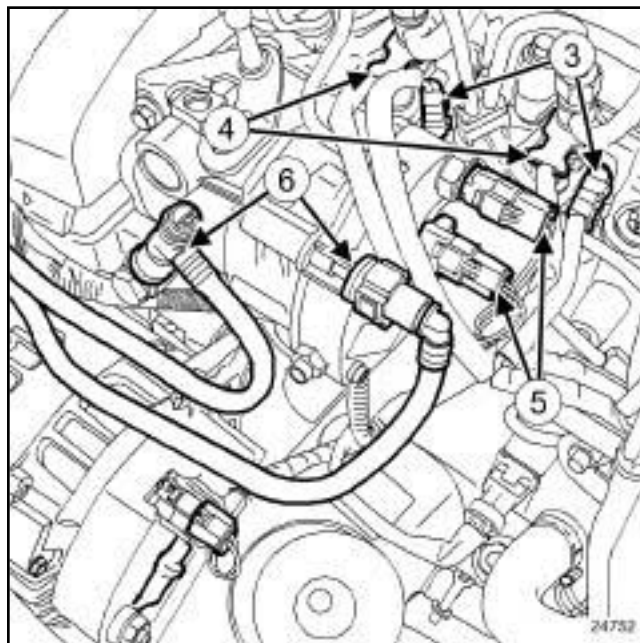
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front engine cover.



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- Remove the dipstick guide and filler neck nuts (1) .
- Put the dipstick guide to one side (2) .



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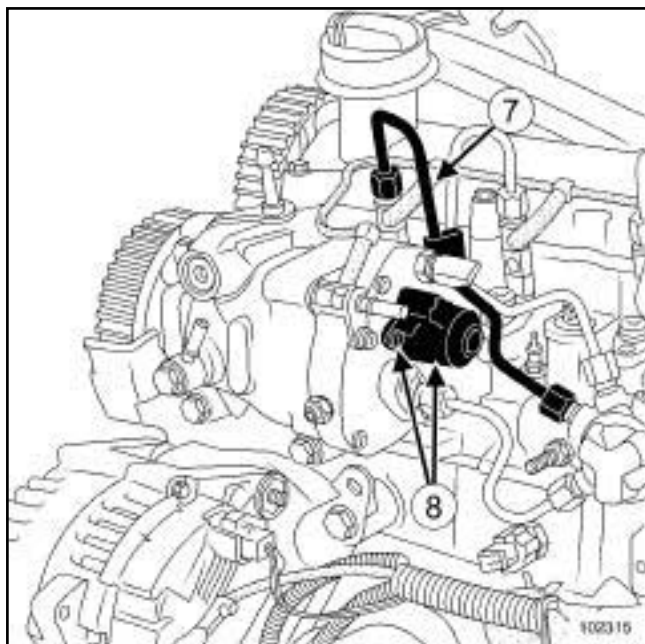
- Disconnect:
  - the heater plugs (3) ,
  - the injectors (4) ,
  - the connectors from the high pressure pump (5) ,
  - the diesel supply and return pipes (6) .

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Flow actuator: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K



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- Disconnect:
  - the injector rail pressure sensor,
  - the accelerometer .
- Unclamp the engine wiring and put it to one side.
- Remove:
  - the neck located on the injector rail,
  - the high pressure pipe (7) between the injector rail and injector no. 4 (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-22) .
- Plug the openings.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Loosen the fuel flow actuator bolts (8) .

#### WARNING

Do not use the electrical connector as a lever arm.

- Withdraw the fuel flow actuator (by hand using small successive turns).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Only unpack the new component when you are ready to fit it.

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

#### WARNING

Do not damage the seal when refitting.

#### Note:

Do not lubricate the seals with grease or old diesel fuel. Use the applicator provided in the kit for the new part.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Position the flow actuator.
- Finger tighten the flow actuator bolts.
- Torque tighten the **flow actuator bolts (6 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the new high pressure pipe between the injector rail and injector no. 4 (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-22) .
- Connect:
  - the diesel supply and return pipes on the high pressure pump,
  - the electrical connectors on the high-pressure pump,
  - the injectors,
  - the heater plugs.
- Refit the dipstick guide.
- Torque tighten the **dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Start the engine.
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Refit the engine cover.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Venturi: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

Venturi bolt **6 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the injector rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

Note:

Ensure that you have a new Venturi before opening up the fuel circuit.

## REMOVAL

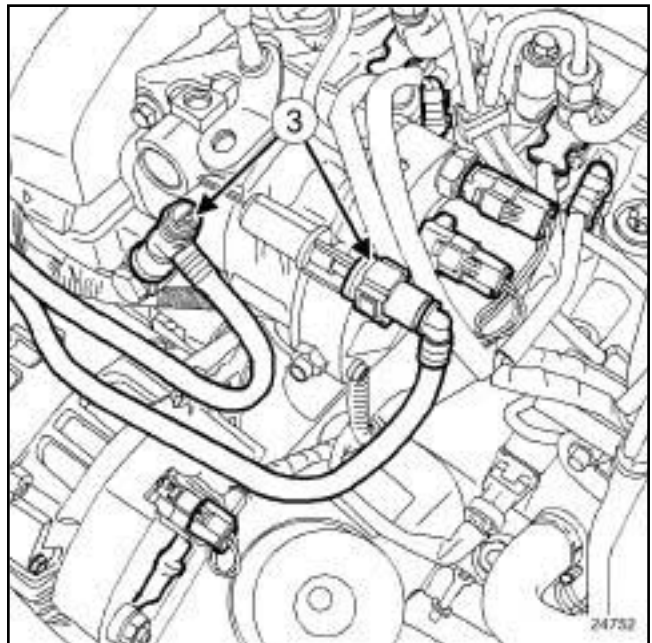
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front engine cover.



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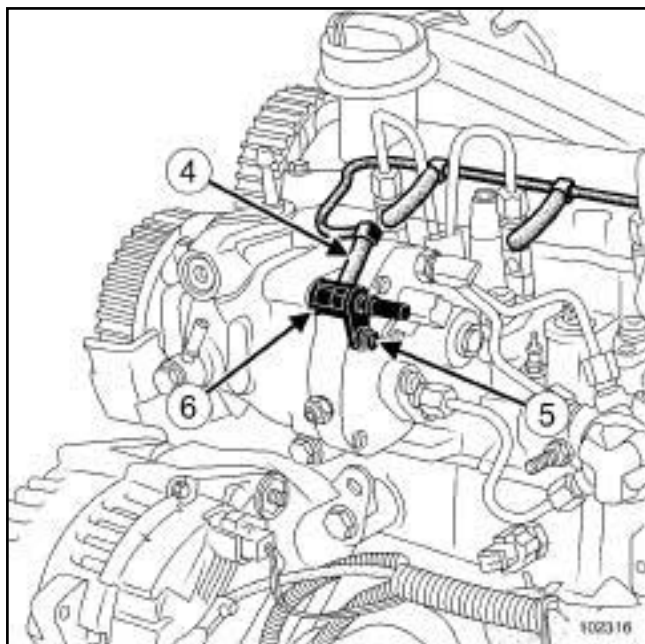
- Remove the dipstick guide and filler neck nuts (1).
- Put the dipstick guide to one side (2).



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- Disconnect the diesel supply and return pipes (3).

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- Disconnect the return pipe (4) connecting the injector to the high pressure pump.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the bolt (5) of the Venturi (6),
  - the Venturi.
- Plug the openings.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

- Lubricate the O-ring with lubricant from the applicator supplied with the new part.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Venturi.

Note:

Do not damage the seal when refitting.

- Fit the Venturi.
- Torque tighten the Venturi bolt (6 N.m).

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the return pipe connecting the injector to the high-pressure pump.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Start the engine.
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Refit the engine cover.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## High pressure pipe: Check

# 13B

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### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

□

#### WARNING

Check that there are no diesel leaks after each operation.

Note:

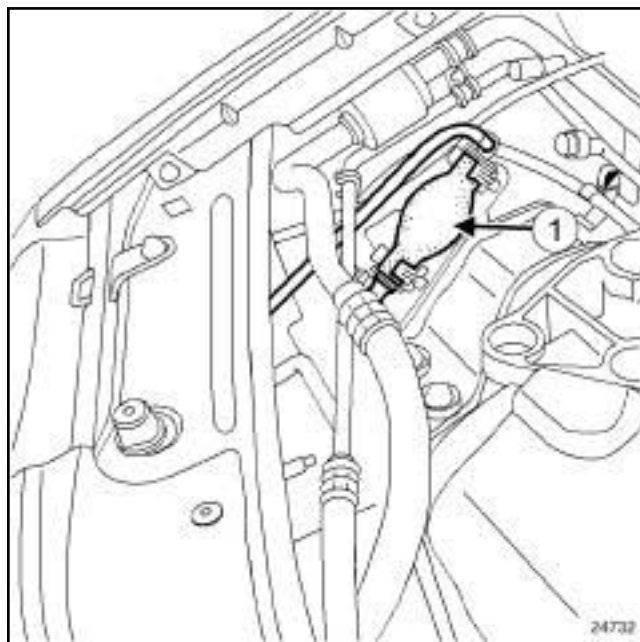
the **Diagnostic tool** can be used for testing the high pressure circuit with the engine running. This command can be used to run fault finding on a leak due to an incorrectly fitted or tightened union. This command only works if the engine coolant temperature is over **60°C**. The fault finding procedure does not reveal small leaks caused by insufficient tightening.

Note:

Respect the repair precautions (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### CHECK

- Remove the front engine cover.



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- Prime the fuel circuit using the manual priming pump (1) until the transparent pipes are filled with fuel (automatic degassing).
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Connect the **Diagnostic tool** to the vehicle.
- Deal with present faults,

Note:

Certain faults will prevent this test from being carried out: deal with them first.

Note:

The engine automatically runs a cycle of four accelerations and decelerations to lower the rail pressure.

#### WARNING

Do not leave anything on the side of the engine housing during the test phase (significant vibration).

- Run command **AC 626 - high pressure circuit sealing test**.
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Deal with the causes of any possible leaks.
- Use the **Diagnostic tool** to check for stored faults; deal with these and clear them as necessary.
- Disconnect the **Diagnostic tool**.

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### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

nut of the high pressure pipe between the pump and the injector rail on the high pressure pump	<b>28 N.m</b>
--	---------------

nut of the high pressure pipe between the pump and the rail on the injector rail	<b>28 N.m</b>
--	---------------

dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail	<b>21 N.m</b>
---	---------------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

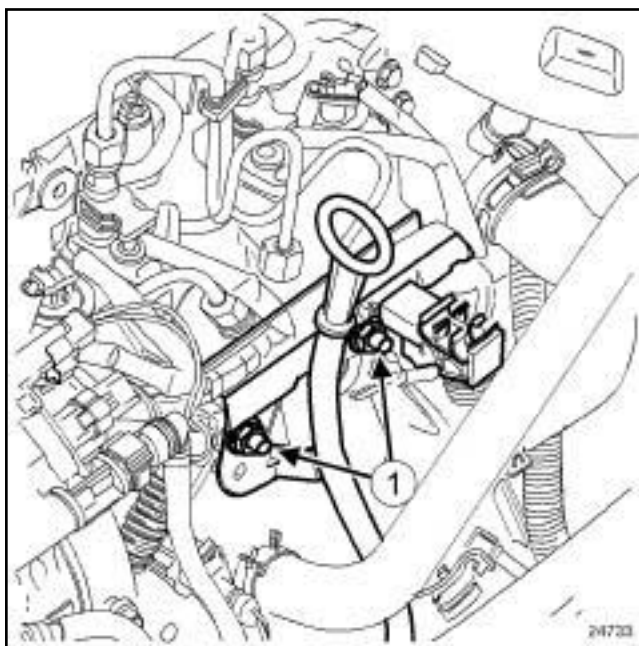
### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

## REMOVAL

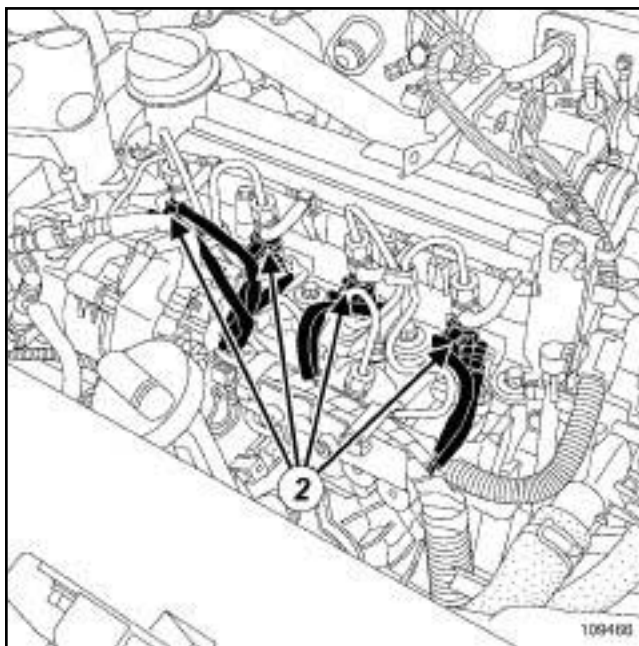
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front engine cover.



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- Remove the dipstick guide and filler neck bolts (1) .
- Put the dipstick to one side.



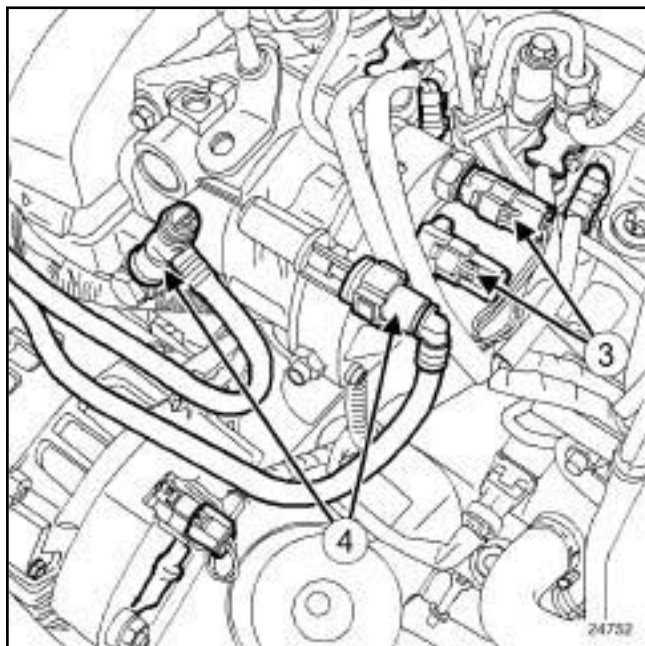
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- Disconnect the following connectors (2) :
  - the heater plugs,

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- the injectors.



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- Disconnect:
  - the high pressure pump connectors (3) .
  - the injector rail pressure sensor.
- Clean the diesel supply and return pipes (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .
- Disconnect the diesel supply and return pipes (4) .
- Disconnect the return pipe connecting the injectors to the high pressure pump.
- Fit the correct blanking plugs.
- Move the wiring to one side with the neck on the side.
- Clean the high pressure pipe unions between the rail and the injectors (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .

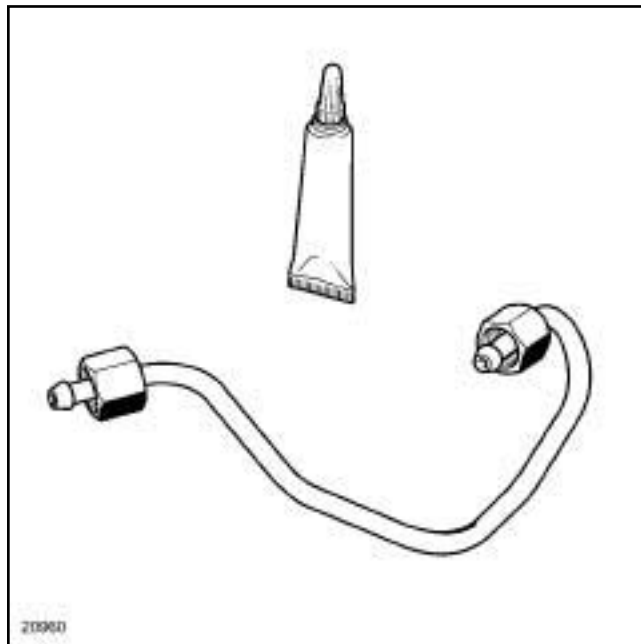
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Clean the unions of the high pressure pipe between the high pressure pump and the injector rail (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .
- Undo:
  - the high pressure pipe nut at the high pressure pump end,
  - the high pressure pipe nut at the injector rail end.
- Fit blanking plugs into the openings.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: High pressure pipe between the pump and rail.



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#### WARNING

Before fitting a new high pressure pipe, lightly lubricate the nut threads with oil from the applicator provided with the new part.

Be careful not to allow oil into the high pressure pipe.

Do not lubricate high pressure pipes supplied without an applicator, as these high pressure pipes are self-lubricating.

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Remove the blanking plugs.
- Insert the high pressure pipe olive in the high pressure pump high pressure outlet taper.
- Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the injector rail inlet taper.
- Finger tighten the high-pressure pipe nuts, starting with the one at the injector rail side.



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- Slightly pretighten the high pressure pipe nuts.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **nut of the high pressure pipe between the pump and the injector rail on the high pressure pump (28 N.m)**,
  - the **nut of the high pressure pipe between the pump and the rail on the injector rail (28 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the neck on the injector rail.
- Connect:
  - the injection rail pressure sensor,
  - the diesel return pipe connecting the injectors to the high pressure pump,
  - the diesel fuel supply and return pipes,
  - the high pressure pump electrical connectors.
- Connect the connectors of:
  - the injectors,
  - the heater plugs.
- Insert the dipstick.
- Refit the dipstick guide.
- Torque tighten the **dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Prime the diesel circuit using the priming pump.
- Check the high pressure circuit (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe: Check**, page **13B-18**)  
.
- Refit the engine cover.

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### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

injector rail nuts	<b>28 N.m</b>
« pump - rail » high pressure pipe nuts	<b>28 N.m</b>
dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

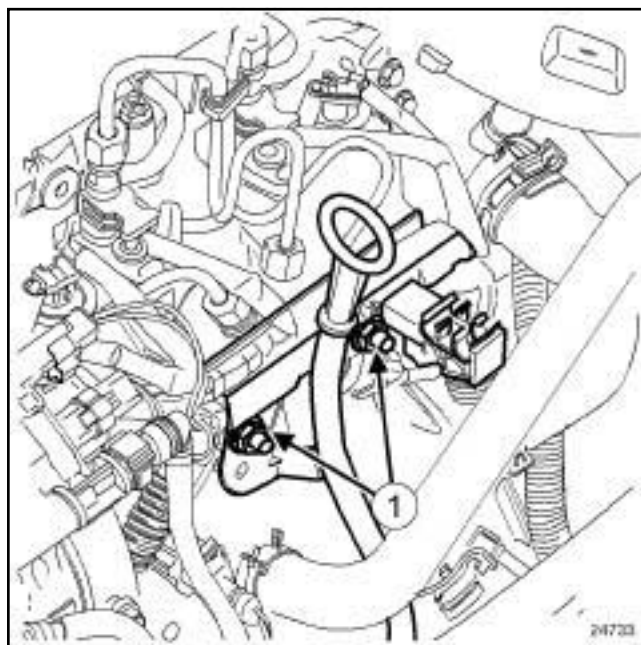
### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

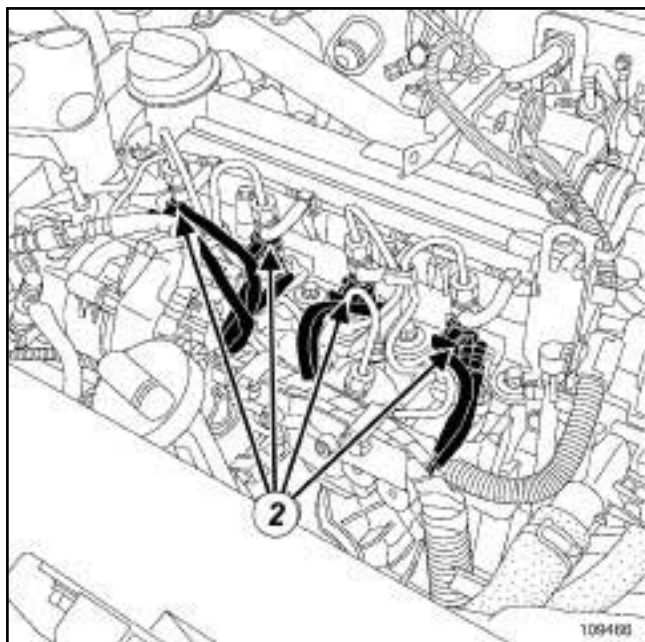
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).



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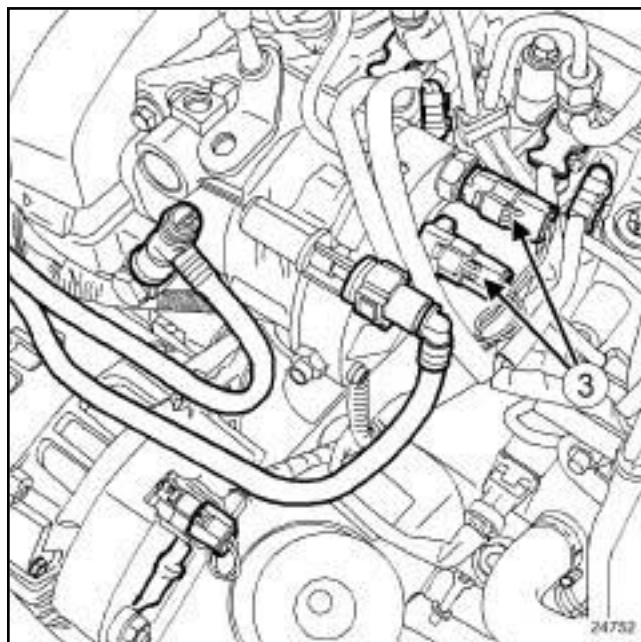
- Remove the nuts (1) from the dipstick guide and neck.
- Put the dipstick to one side.

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- Disconnect the following connectors (2) :

- the heater plugs,
- the injectors.



- Disconnect the high pressure pump connectors (3) .
- Remove the bolts mounting the neck onto the injector rail.
- Move the wiring to one side with the neck on the side.
- Remove the clips connecting the high pressure pipes.
- Clean the high pressure pipe unions between the rail and the injectors (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

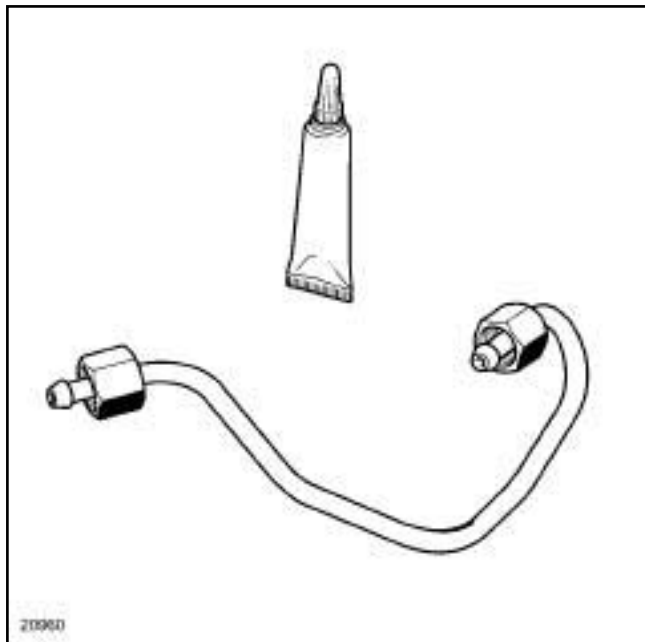
- Undo:
  - the high pressure nut at the injector end,
  - the high pressure pipe nut at the injector rail end.
- Remove the pipe and discard it.
- Fit blanking plugs into the openings.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: High pressure pipe between the rail and injector.**

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### WARNING

Before fitting a new high pressure pipe, lightly lubricate the nut threads with oil from the applicator provided with the new part.

Be careful not to allow oil into the high pressure pipe.

Do not lubricate high pressure pipes supplied without an applicator, as these high pressure pipes are self-lubricating.

### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

- If replacing the four high pressure pipes:
  - loosen the injector rail nuts by a few turns (the injector rail should be loose).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Remove the blanking plugs.
- Insert the high pressure pipe olive in the injector high pressure inlet taper.
- Position the high pressure pipe olive in the high pressure outlet taper of the injector rail.
- Finger tighten the high pressure pipe nuts, starting with the nut at the injector end.

- Slightly pretighten the high pressure pipe nuts.

### Note:

The assembly order of the « rail-injector » high pressure pipes is not important.

- Mount a new clip provided with the new high pressure pipe.
- If replacing the four high pressure pipes, torque tighten the **injector rail nuts (28 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten in order the « **pump - rail** » **high pressure pipe nuts (28 N.m)** :
  - injectors end,
  - on the injector rail end.

### Note:

Tighten each pipe fully before moving on to the next pipe.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the neck on the injector rail.
- Connect the connectors of:
  - the injectors,
  - the heater plugs.
- Insert the dipstick.
- Refit the dipstick guide.
- Torque tighten the **dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Prime the diesel circuit using the priming pump.
- Check the high pressure circuit (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe: Check**, page 13B-18) .
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .
  - the engine cover,

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Injector rail: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

injector rail nuts	28 N.m
--------------------	--------

nuts of the neck and dipstick guide on the injector rail	21 N.m
--	--------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before starting any work on the injection circuit, use the **Diagnostic tool** to check:

- that the injector rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

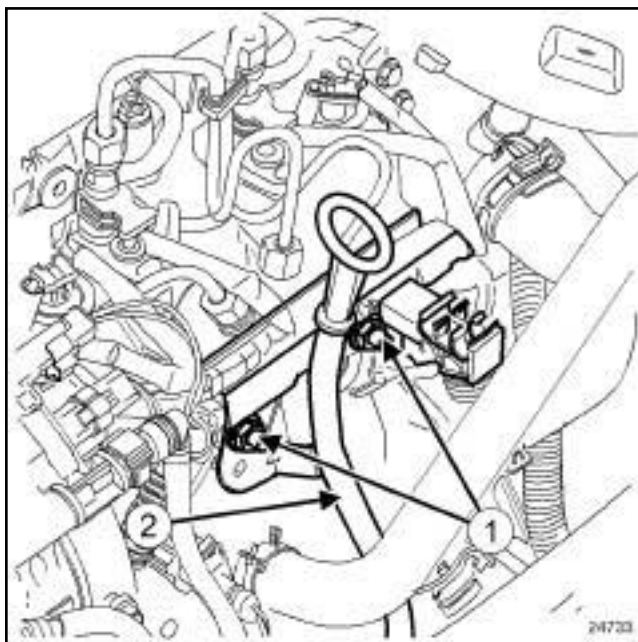
### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front engine cover.



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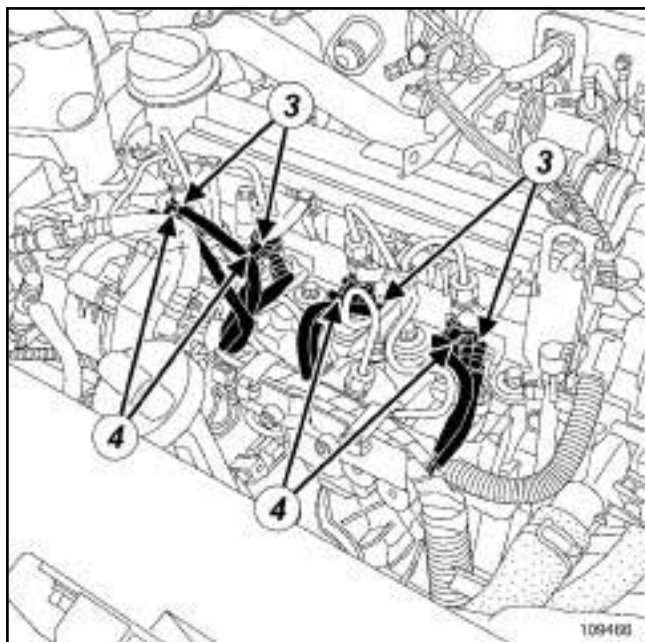
- Remove the nuts (1) from the dipstick guide and neck.
- Put the engine oil dipstick guide to one side (2).

# DIESEL INJECTION

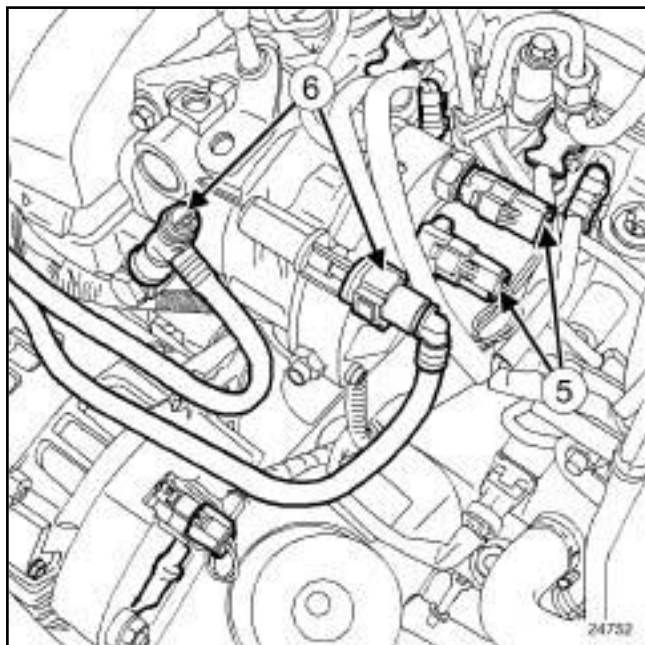
## Injector rail: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

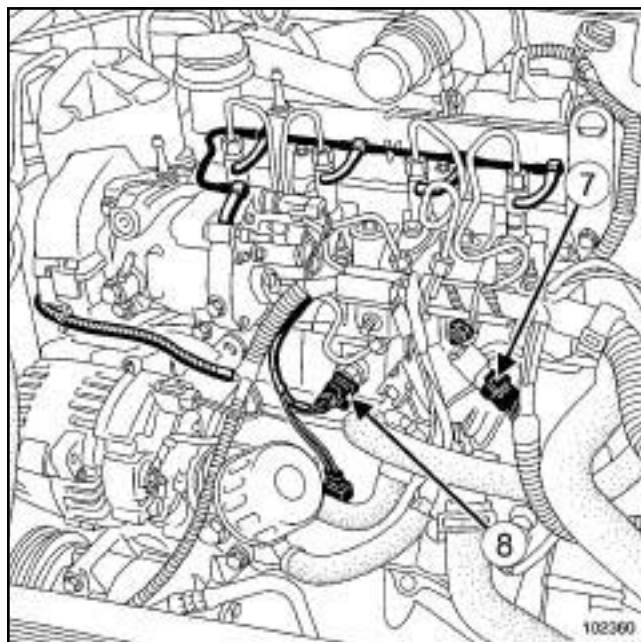


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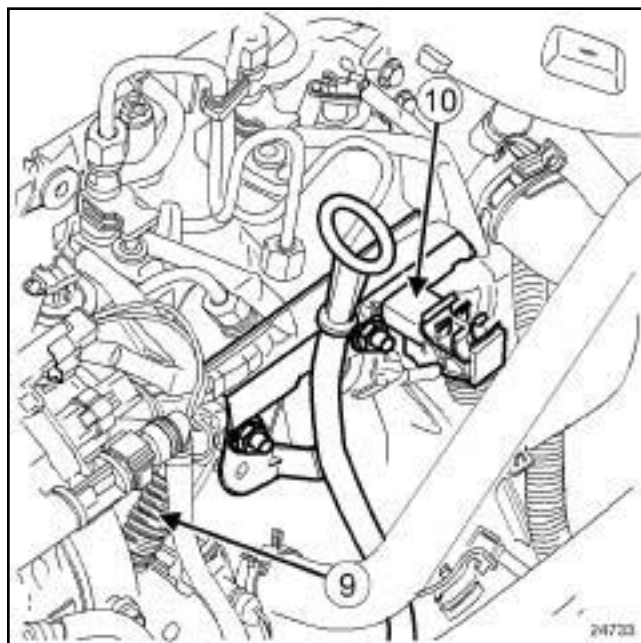
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- Disconnect:
  - the heater plugs (3) ,
  - the injectors (4) ,
  - the connectors on the high pressure pump (5) ,
  - the diesel return pipe connecting the injectors to the high pressure injection pump.
- Clean the diesel supply and return pipes (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .
- Disconnect the diesel supply and return pipes (6) .
- Place blanking plugs on the openings.



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- Disconnect:
  - the pressure sensor (7) from the injector rail,
  - the accelerometer (8) .



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- Unclamp the engine wiring (9) and place it to one side.
- Remove:
  - the neck (10) located on the spherical injector rail,
  - the high pressure pipe between the high pressure pump and the injector rail (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between pump and rail: Removal - Refitting, page 13B-19**) ,

# DIESEL INJECTION

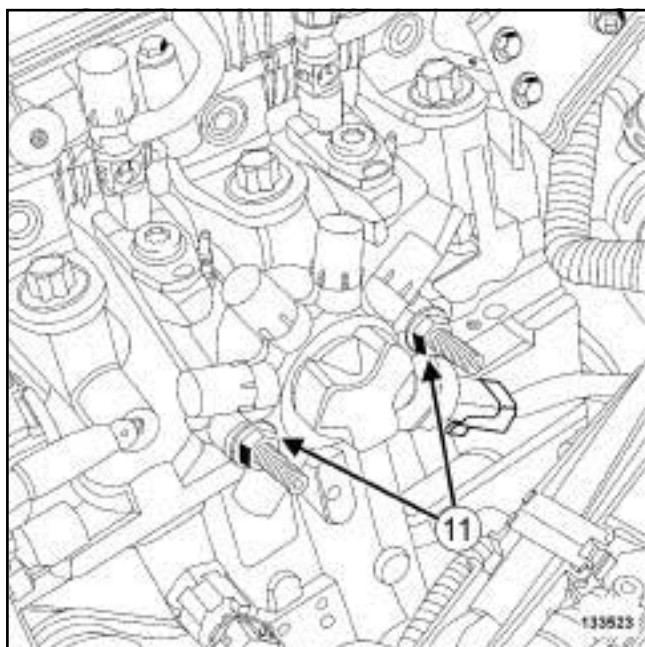
## Injector rail: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

- the high pressure pipes between the injector rail and the injectors (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-22) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



133523

- Remove:
  - the nuts (11) from the injector rail,
  - the injector rail.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

- Fit the injector rail.
- Finger tighten the nuts.
- Refit:
  - the high pressure pipes between the injector rail and the injectors (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-22) ,

- the high pressure pipe between the high pressure pump and the injector rail (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between pump and rail: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-19) .

- Torque tighten the **injector rail nuts (28 N.m)**.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the neck located on the injector rail.
- Secure the engine wiring on the neck.
- Connect:
  - the accelerometer,
  - the injector rail pressure sensor,
  - the diesel return pipe connecting the injectors to the high pressure pump,
  - the diesel supply and return pipes on the high pressure pump,
  - the connectors to the high pressure pump,
  - the injectors,
  - the heater plugs.
- Refit the dipstick guide.
- Torque tighten the **nuts of the neck and dipstick guide on the injector rail (21 N.m)**.
- Start the engine.
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Check the high pressure circuit (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe: Check**, page 13B-18) .
- Refit the engine cover.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

## Fuel temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

fuel temperature sensor	15 N.m
-------------------------	--------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

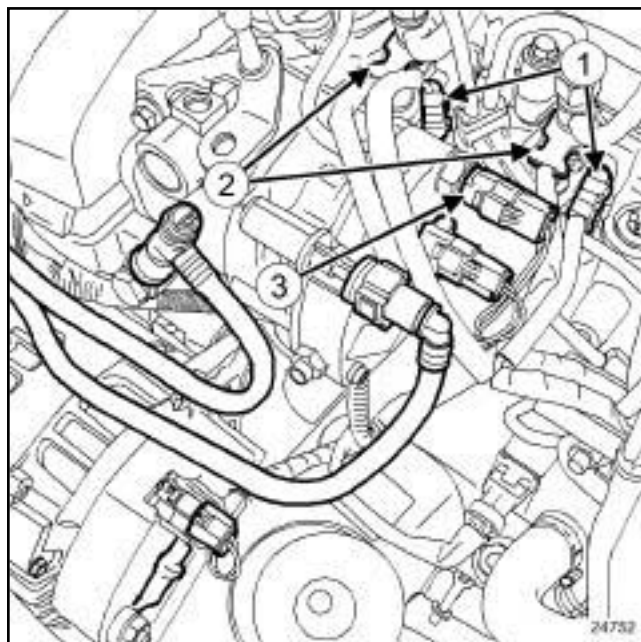
## REMOVAL

Note:

Make sure you have a new diesel temperature sensor before removal.

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front engine cover.



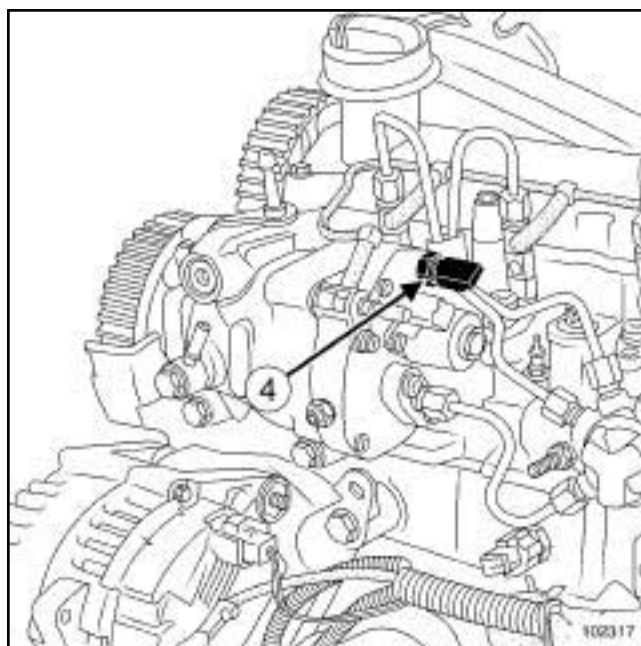
24752

- Disconnect:

- the heater plugs (1) on cylinders 3 and 4,
- the injectors (2) of cylinders 3 and 4,

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Disconnect the fuel temperature sensor connector (3).



102317

- Clean the fuel temperature sensor.
- Remove the fuel temperature sensor (4).
- Plug the openings.



## Fuel temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lubricate the O-ring with lubricant from the applicator supplied with the new part.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- 

Note:

Do not damage the O-ring when refitting.

- Remove the blanking plugs.
- Fit the fuel temperature sensor.
- Torque tighten the **fuel temperature sensor (15 N.m)**.
- Connect the connector **(3)** of the fuel temperature sensor.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect:
  - the injectors **(2)** of cylinders **3** and **4**,
  - the heater plugs **(1)** on cylinders **3** and **4**.
- Start the engine.
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Refit the engine cover.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Injector leak flow: Check

# 13B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### PARTS AND CONSUMABLES FOR THE REPAIR

#### Consumables:

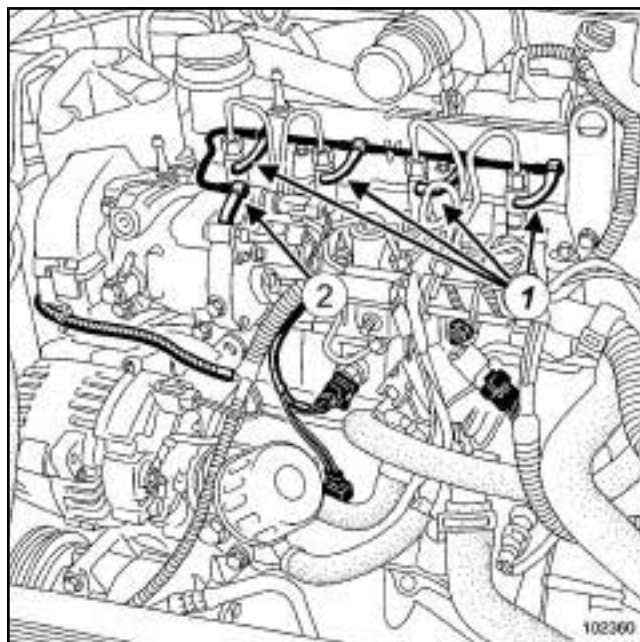
- cleaning cloths (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- set of K9K blanking plugs (**DELPHI** injection) (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .

### CHECK

- Remove the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**) .



102360

- Disconnect:

- the diesel return pipes (1) on the injectors,
- the diesel return pipe (2) on the venturi attached to the high pressure pump.

#### Note:

Make preparations for fuel outflow.

- Fit the correct blanking plug on the venturi.

#### Note:

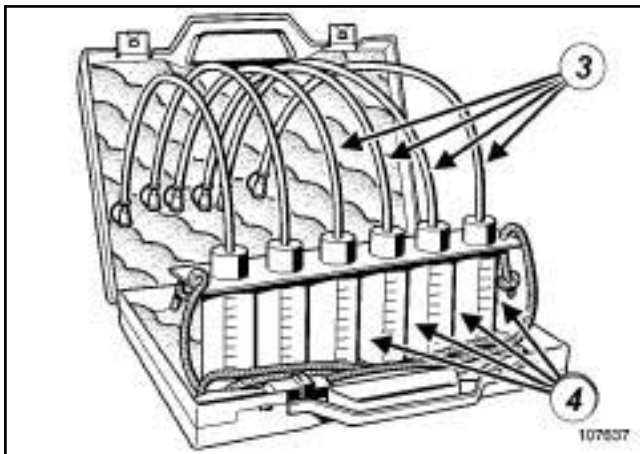
It is essential to fit an appropriate blanking plug to the Venturi to avoid depriving the diesel return circuit.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Injector leak flow: Check

# 13B

K9K



- Connect four of the transparent pipes (3) of the onto the diesel injector return.
- Insert these pipes in the four graduated measuring cylinders (4) of the.

**Note:**

If necessary, attach the graduated measuring cylinder rail of the to the bonnet.

- Connect the **Diagnostic tool** to the vehicle.
- Follow the instructions given in test 9: Injector sealing test (see **Fault finding - Test**) (13B, Diesel injection).
- Disconnect the transparent pipes from the.
- Remove the transparent pipes from the graduated measuring cylinder of the.
- Empty the diesel fuel out of the graduated measuring cylinders.
- Connect:
  - the diesel return pipes on the injectors,
  - the diesel return pipe to the Venturi attached to the high pressure pump.
- Replace the faulty injector(s) (see **13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting**, page **13B-32**).
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.
- Use the **Diagnostic tool** to check for the absence of stored faults, deal with them and clear them, as necessary.
- Disconnect the **Diagnostic tool**.
- Refit the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**).

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

diesel injector clamp bolt	28 N.m
injector rail nuts	28 N.m
« rail-injector» high pressure pipe nuts	24 N.m
nuts of the neck and dipstick guide on the injector rail	21 N.m

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the injector rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

Injectors may be replaced individually.

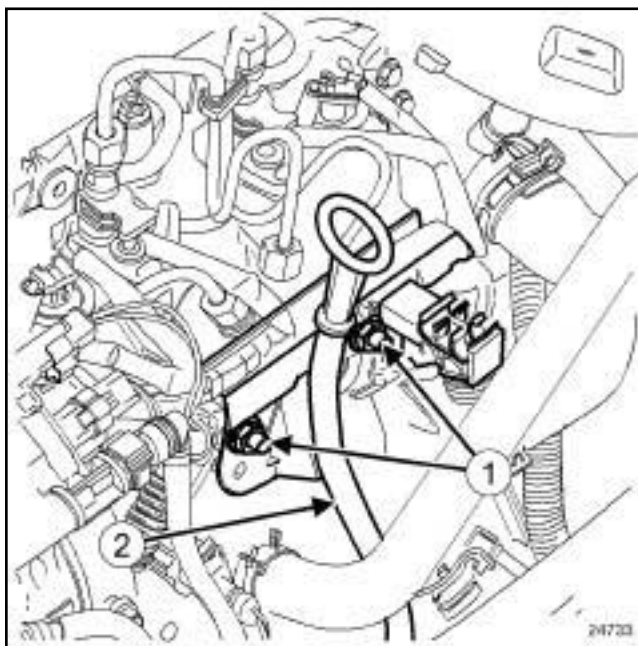
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

- Remove:

- the engine cover,
- the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).



24733

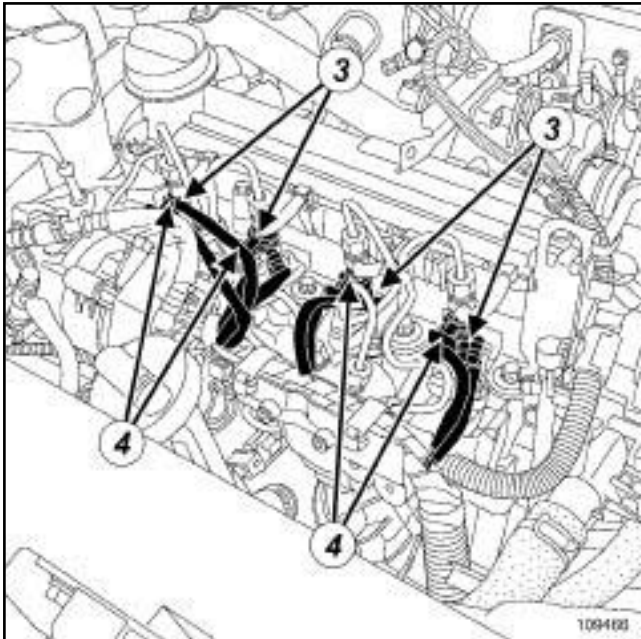
- Remove the nuts (1) from the dipstick guide and neck.
- Put the engine oil dipstick guide to one side (2).

# DIESEL INJECTION

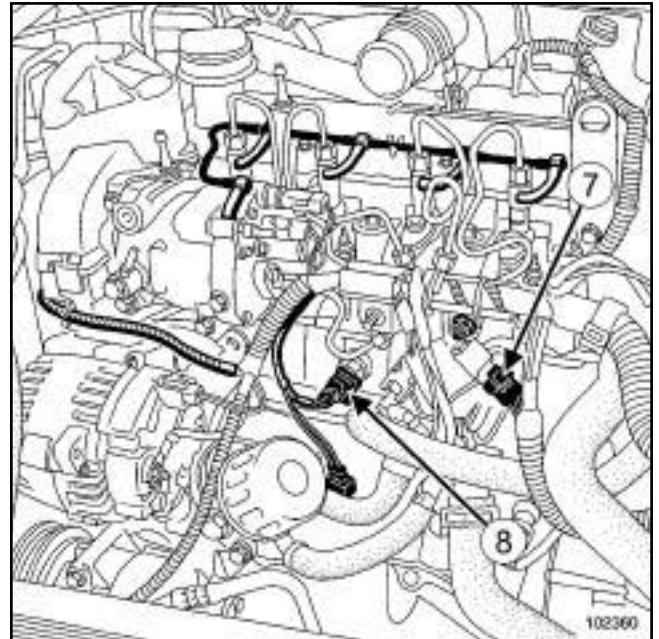
## Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K



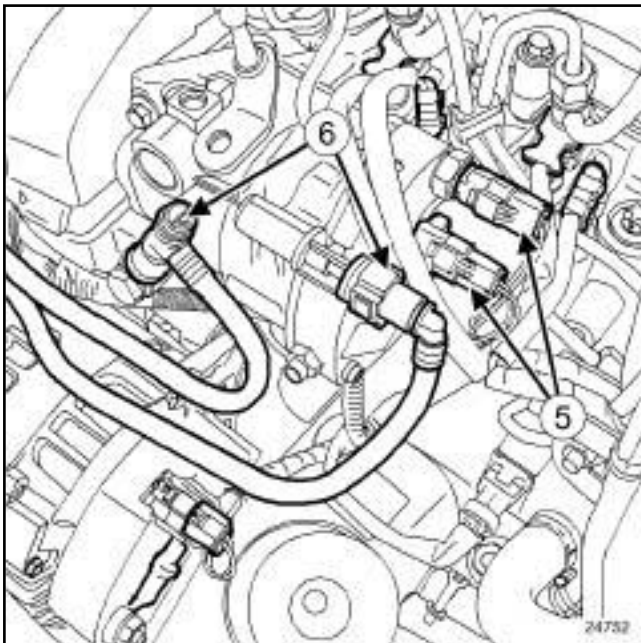
109466



102360

Disconnect:

- the pressure sensor (7) from the injector rail,
- the accelerometer (8) .



24752

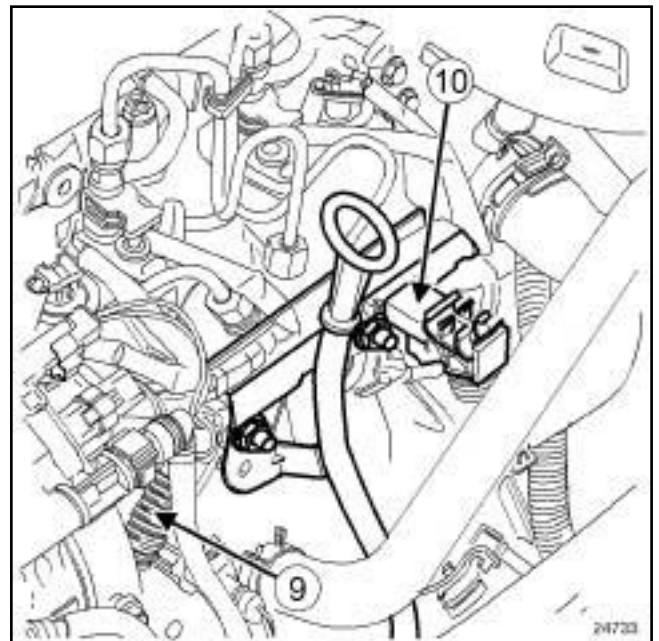
Disconnect:

- the heater plugs (3) ,
- the injectors (4) ,
- the connectors (5) on the high pressure pump,
- the diesel return pipe connecting the injectors to the high pressure injection pump.

Clean the diesel supply and return pipes (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) .

Disconnect the diesel supply and return pipes (6) .

Plug the openings.



24733

Unclamp the engine wiring (9) and place it to one side.

Remove the neck (10) located on the injector rail.

Remove the « rail-injector » high pressure pipes (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting, page 13B-22**) .

Plug the openings.

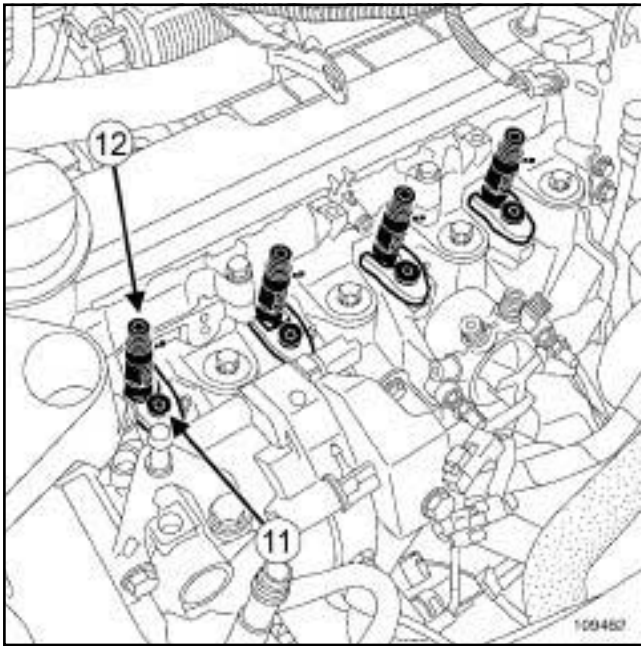
# DIESEL INJECTION

## Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



109462

- Loosen the injector clamp bolt (11) .

Note:

If reusing a diesel injector, always mark the removed diesel injector in relation to its cylinder.

- Remove the diesel injector (12) .

Note:

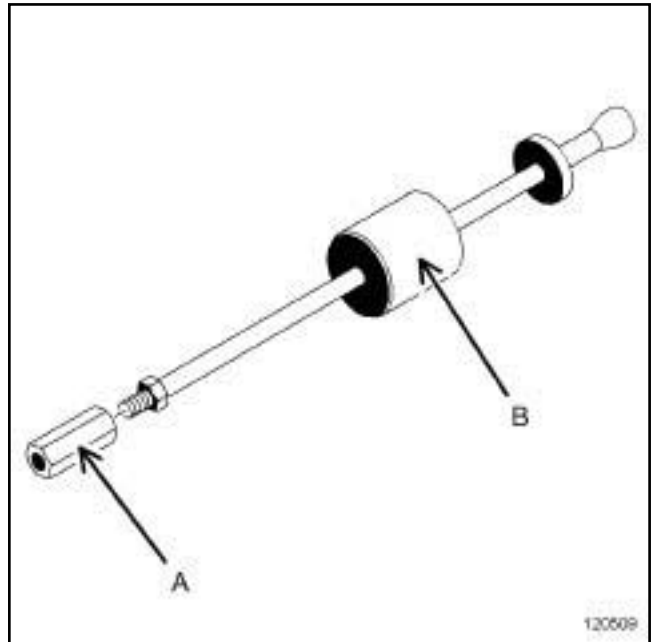
If the diesel injector is jammed, remove the injector using the tool and the tool.

- Remove the heat protection washer.

Note:

If the heat protection washer is stuck at the bottom of the well, use the (see **Injector well cleaning tool: Use**) (Technical Note 6040A, 13B, Diesel injection).

### REMOVING THE INJECTORS USING TOOLS (MOT. 921-01) AND (EMB. 880)

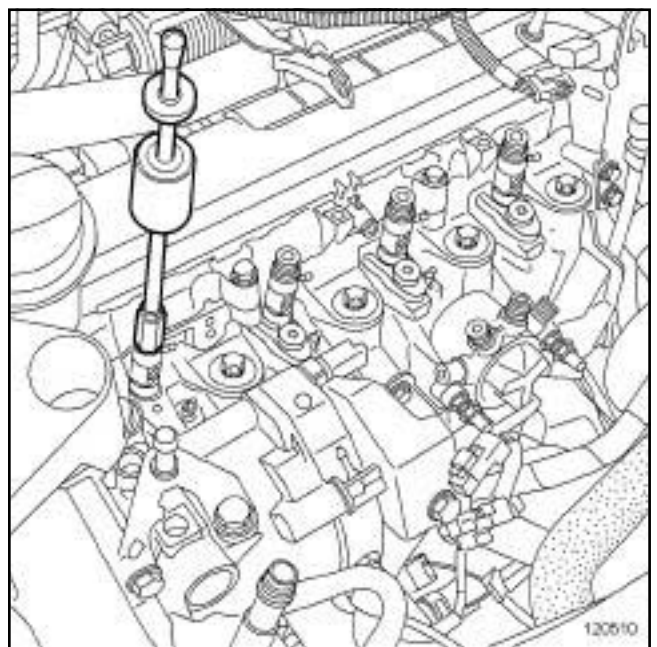


120509

120509

- (A) Tool for extracting injector holders (Mot. 921-01).
- (B) Pin extractor (Emb. 880).

- Fit the tool on the extractor
- Apply releasing agent around the diesel injector.



120510

120510

- Fit the slide hammer onto the diesel injector.
- Extract the jammed injector using the slide hammer.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the heat protection washer of the diesel injector concerned.

#### Cleaning parts

- 

#### WARNING

It is strictly forbidden to clean the injectors with:

- a wire brush,
- an emery cloth,
- an ultrasonic cleaner.

- Always clean the well of the removed injector (see **Injector well cleaning tool: Use**) (Technical Note 6040A, 13B, Diesel injection).
- If reusing the removed injector:
  - clean the injector using a **CLOTH FOR INJECTION SYSTEM** soaked in **INJECTOR CLEANER** or **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products),
  - if necessary, leave the injector nozzle to soak in **INJECTOR CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products),
  - wipe the injector with a new **CLOTH FOR INJECTION SYSTEM**, (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) and (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**) (13B, Diesel injection).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- 

#### WARNING

Do not remove the caps from each component until the last moment.

#### Note:

If one or more injectors are replaced, note the alphanumeric code (C2I) and the cylinder on which it is fitted.

- Refit the injector with its clamp.

- Torque tighten the **diesel injector clamp bolt (28 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

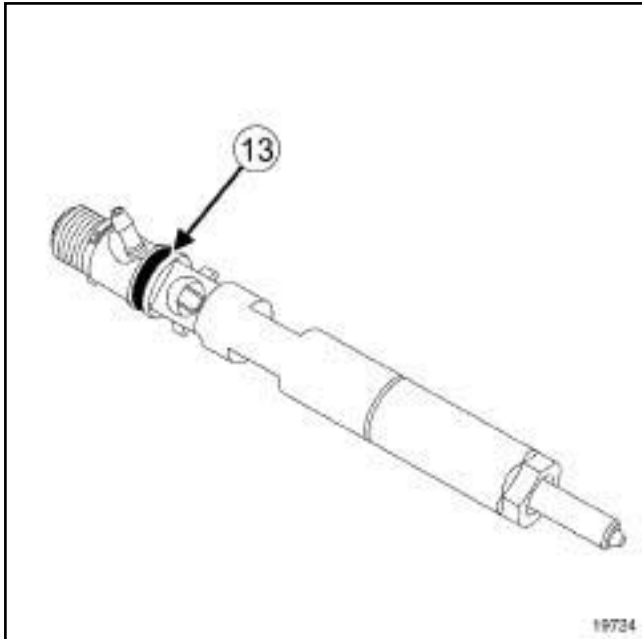
- Fit the high pressure pipes (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-22) .
- Torque tighten the **injector rail nuts (28 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten in order the « **rail-injector** » **high pressure pipe nuts (24 N.m)** (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between rail and injector: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-22) .
- Refit the neck located on the injector rail.
- Secure the engine wiring on the neck.
- Connect:
  - the accelerometer,
  - the high pressure rail pressure sensor,
  - the diesel return pipe connecting the injectors to the high pressure pump,
  - the diesel supply and return pipes on the high pressure pump,
  - the electrical connectors on the high-pressure pump,
  - the injectors,
  - the heater plugs.
- Refit the dipstick guide.
- Torque tighten the **nuts of the neck and dipstick guide on the injector rail (21 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .
  - the engine cover,
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K



19724

- Program the alphanumeric code (C21) (13) for the replaced injector(s) using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (13B, Diesel injection).
- Start the engine.
- Check that there are no fuel leaks.



# DIESEL INJECTION

## Accelerometer: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

accelerometer	20 N.m
---------------	--------

dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail	21 N.m
---	--------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Diesel injection: Precautions for the repair**).

### IMPORTANT

Before carrying out any work on the injection system, check using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- that the injector rail is not under pressure,
- that the fuel temperature is not too high.

It is essential to respect the safety and cleanliness advice whenever work is carried out on this system.

Working on the circuit with the engine running is strictly forbidden.

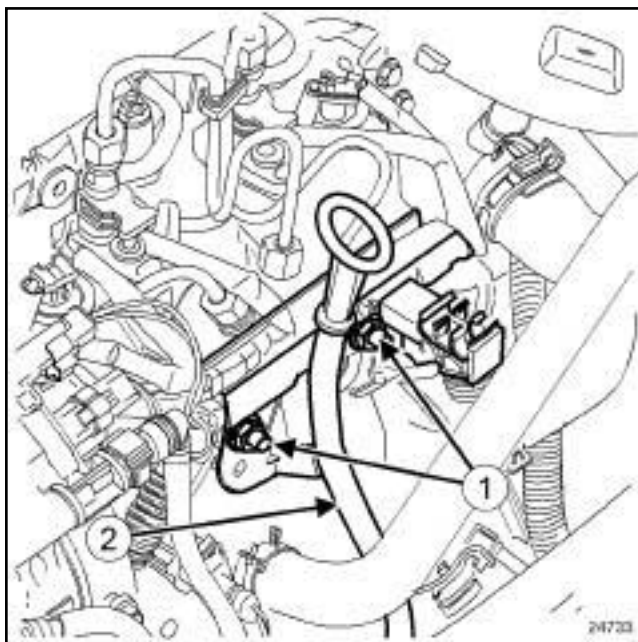
### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

## REMOVAL

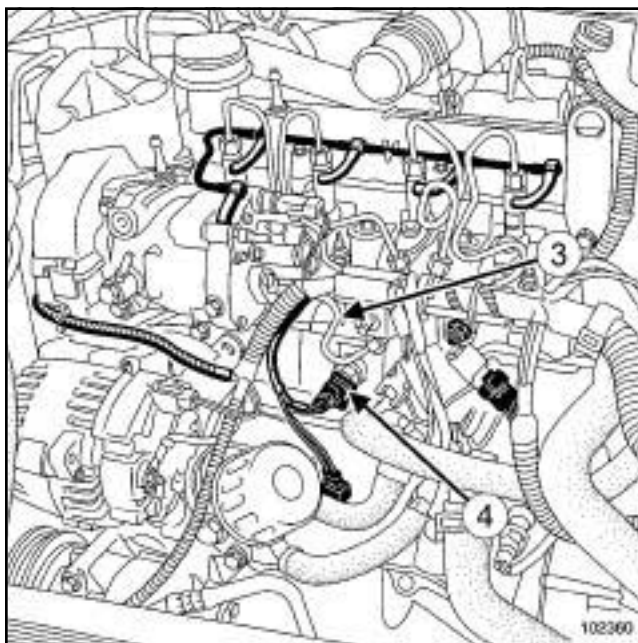
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front engine cover.



24733

- Remove the nuts (1) from the dipstick guide and neck.
- Put the engine oil dipstick guide to one side (2).



102360

- Remove the « pump-rail » high pressure pipe (3) (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between pump and rail: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-19).
- Disconnect the accelerometer connector (4).

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Accelerometer: Removal - Refitting

# 13B

K9K

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Remove the accelerometer using.

### REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the accelerometer.
- Torque tighten the **accelerometer (20 N.m)** using the.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the accelerometer connector.
- Refit:
  - the « pump-rail » high pressure pipe (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe between pump and rail: Removal - Refitting**, page **13B-19**),
  - the dipstick guide.
- Torque tighten the **dipstick guide and filler neck nuts on the high pressure rail (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Program the accelerometer if replaced (see **Fault finding - Interpretation of faults**) (13B, Diesel injection).

Note:

When replacing the accelerometer, run command **RZ004** using the **Diagnostic tool** in order to carry out the necessary programming.

- Check the high pressure circuit (see **13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pipe: Check**, page **13B-18**)  
.
- Refit the engine cover.

## Pre-postheating unit: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Tightening torques

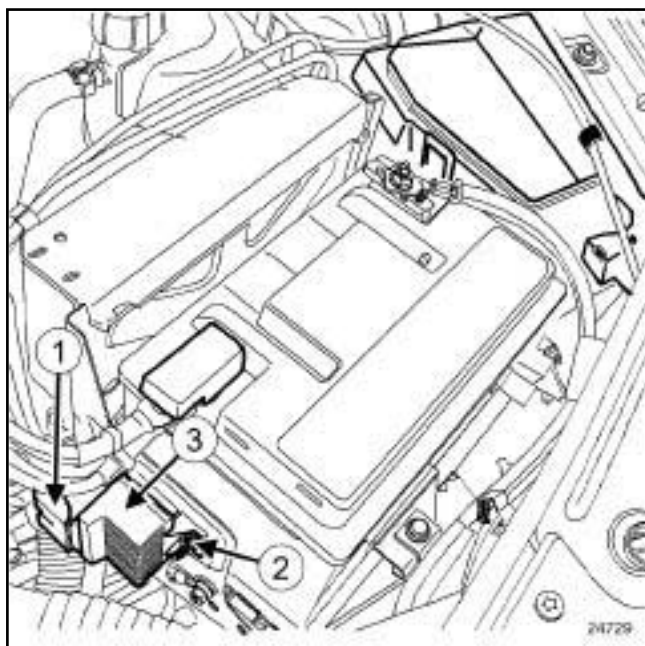
pre-postheating unit bolt	8 N.m
---------------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



24729

- Disconnect the pre-postheating unit connector (1) .
- Remove:
  - the bolt (2) from the pre-postheating unit,
  - the pre/postheating unit (3) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the pre-postheating unit.
- Tighten to torque the **pre-postheating unit bolt (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the pre-postheating unit connector.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# PREHEATING

## Heater plugs: Removal - Refitting

# 13C

K9K

### Equipment required

compressed air nozzle

hinged wrench for heater plug

### Tightening torques

heater plugs

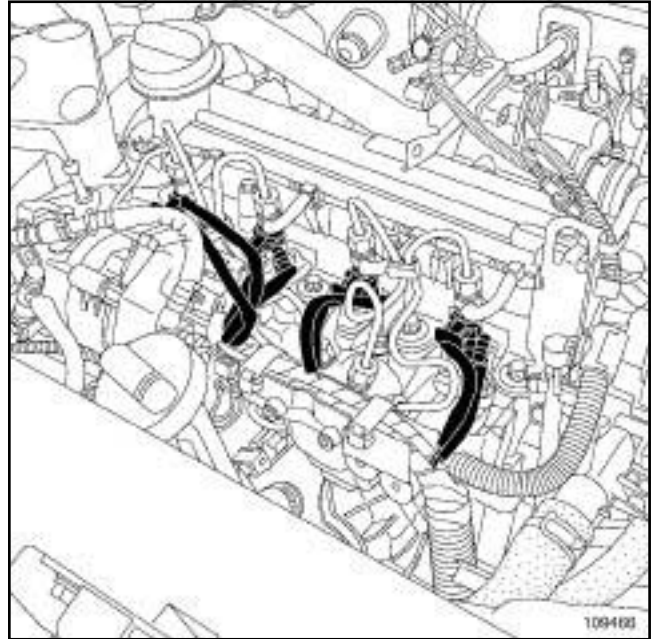
15 N.m

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION STAGE

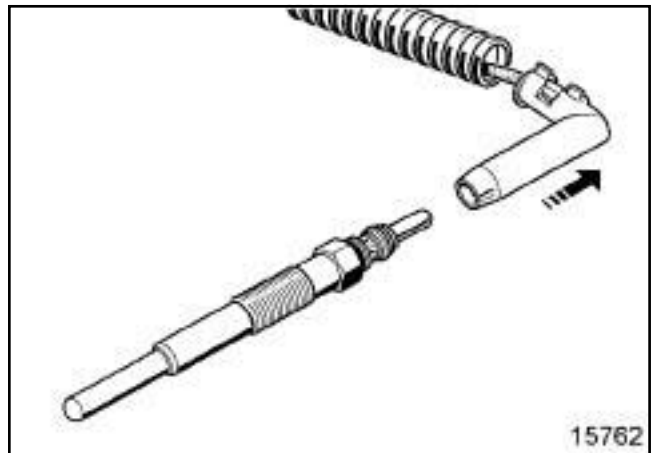
- Remove the front engine cover.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



1094103

109466



15762

15762

- Disconnect the connector from each heater plug.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

- Clean around the outside of the heater plugs with a **compressed air nozzle** to prevent any impurities from entering the cylinders.

### Note:

If the heater plugs jam, use the heater plug removal tool (see ) (Technical Note 5197A, 06A, Tools).

# PREHEATING

## Heater plugs: Removal - Refitting

13C

K9K

- Unscrew the heater plugs using a **10 mm** long socket connected to a universal joint or a **hinged wrench for heater plug**.
- Use a hose to unscrew the heater plugs completely.
- Remove the heater plugs.

### REFITTING

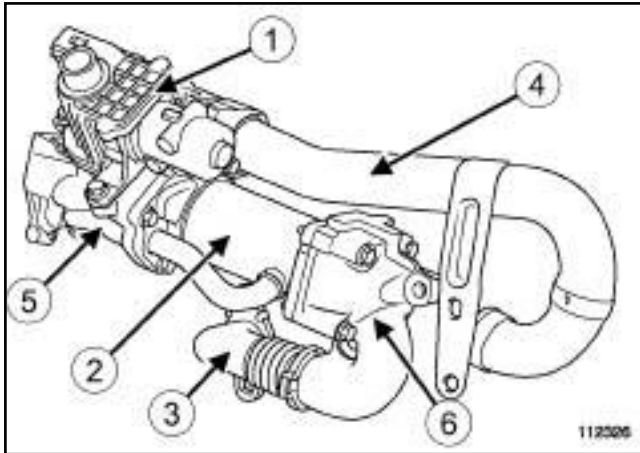
#### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Without tightening, fit the heater plugs using the hose.
- Torque tighten the **heater plugs (15 N.m)**.
- Connect the connector for each heater plug.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the engine cover.

K9K



112326

- (1) Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve
- (2) Intercooler
- (3) Exhaust gas inlet pipe
- (4) Metal air inlet tube
- (5) Intercooler bracket on the fly-wheel end
- (6) Intercooler support on the timing end

## Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

### WARNING

Keep the pipe unions away from contaminated areas.

### WARNING

To prevent impurities from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components exposed to the open air.

Note:

The fuel vapour absorber is located behind the front bumper, on the front right-hand side of the vehicle.

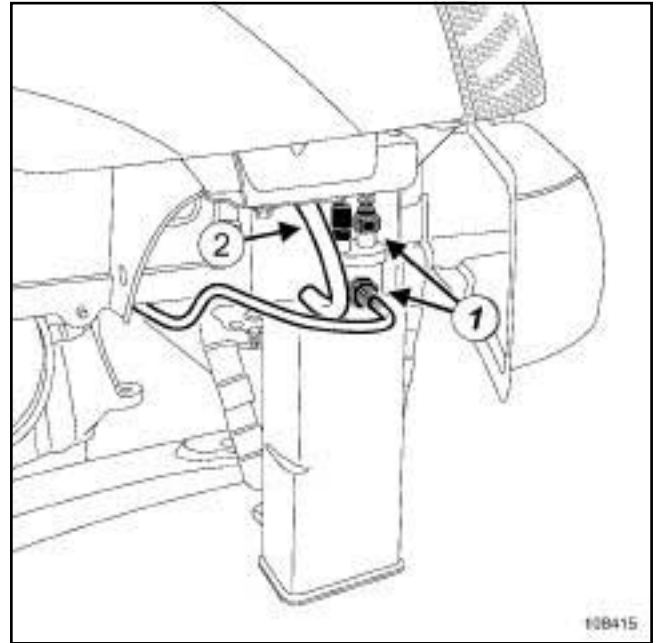
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

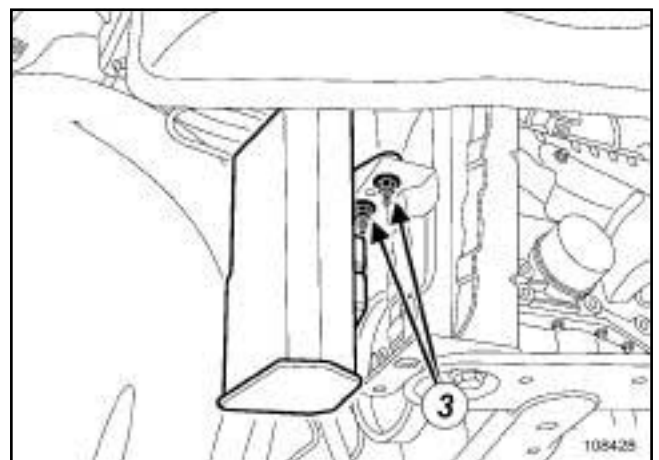
- Remove the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Move aside the front section of the front right-hand wheel arch liner.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



108415

- Disconnect:
  - the fuel vapour absorber pipes (1) ,
  - the solenoid valve connector.
- Unclip the breather pipe (2) .
- Insert the blanking plugs.



108428

- Remove:
  - the fuel vapour absorber nuts (3) ,
  - the fuel vapour absorber.

## Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting

K4M

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Remove the blanking plugs.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Refit:
  - the fuel vapour absorber,
  - the fuel vapour absorber nuts.
- Clip on the breather pipe **(2)**
- Connect:
  - the solenoid valve connector,
  - the fuel vapour absorber pipes **(1)** .

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Fit the front section of the front right-hand wheel arch liner.
- Refit the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).



K9K, and 796

### Tightening torques

exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve bolts	<b>10 N.m</b>
--	---------------

Note:

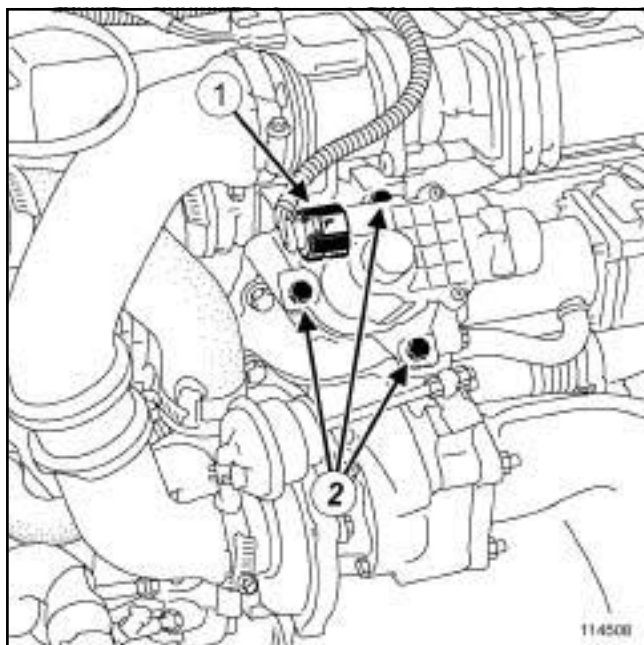
The exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve is fitted into the exhaust gas recirculation unit.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

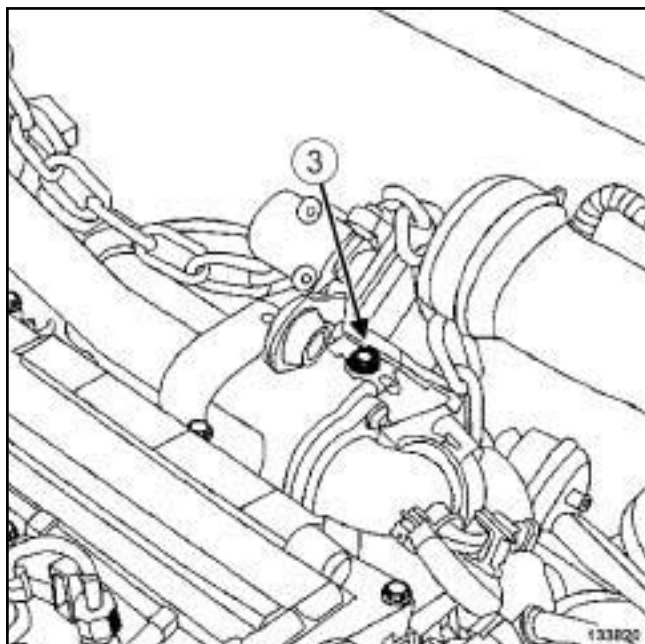


114508

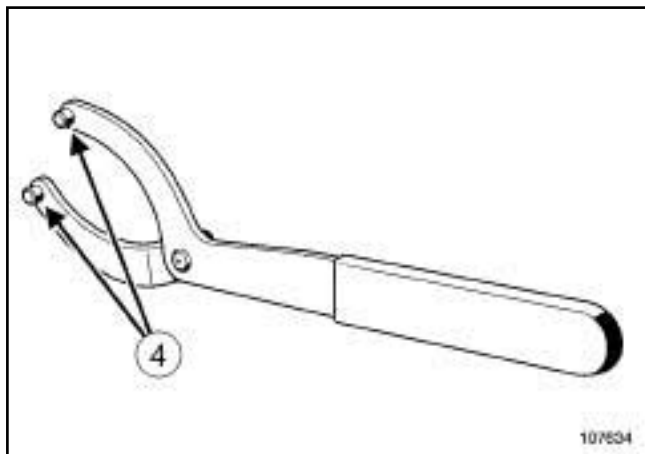
- Disconnect the connector (1) from the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve.
- Remove:
  - the bolts (2) from the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve seal.

## Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796



133820



107634

□

### Note:

Use the tool to detach the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valves jammed in their exhaust gas cooler mountings on the gearbox end.

### Remove:

- the bracket bolt (3) from the air filter unit,
- the air filter unit bracket.

Position the lugs (4) of the tool in the bracket holes of the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve.

Unlock the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve by turning it on its axis using the.

### Refit:

- the air filter unit bracket,
- the bolt on the air filter unit bracket.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- **parts always to be replaced: exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve seal.**
- Use **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve if it is being reused,
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the gearbox end.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve if it is being reused,
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the gearbox end.

### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Position the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve with a new seal.

## Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

- Torque tighten the **exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve bolts (10 N.m)**.
- Connect the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve connector.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**) .

K9K, and 796

### Tightening torques

exhaust gas cooler bolts	12 N.m
exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bolts	12 N.m

### IMPORTANT

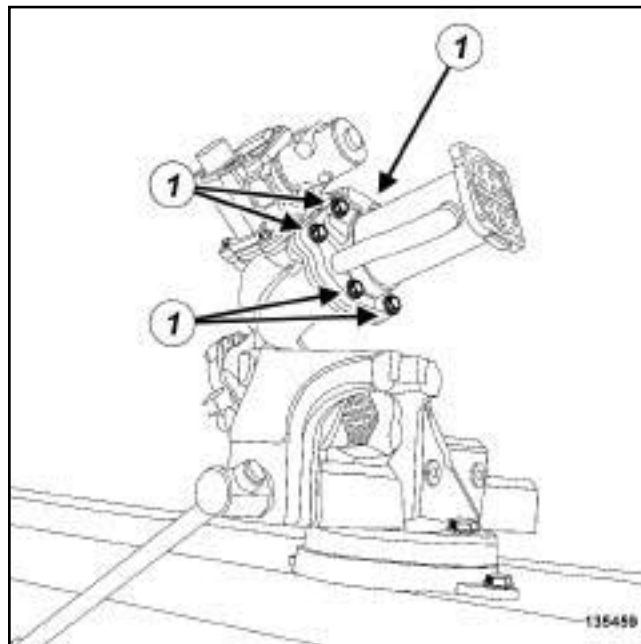
Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10),
  - the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe: Removal - Refitting**, page 14A-12),
  - the exhaust gas recirculation assembly (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 14A-9).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



135459

- Remove the following on the workbench:
  - the exhaust gas cooler bolts (1) from the exhaust gas cooler mounting at the gearbox end,
  - the exhaust gas cooler from the exhaust gas cooler mounting at the gearbox end,
  - the exhaust gas cooler seal at the gearbox end.

## REFITTING

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: exhaust gas cooler seal**

#### Note:

Take care not to damage the joint faces of the exhaust gas cooler to prevent any coolant leaks.

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

- Use **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:
  - the joint faces of the exhaust gas cooler if it is to be reused,

## Exhaust gas cooler: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

- the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the gearbox end,
- the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the timing end.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the joint faces of the exhaust gas cooler if it is to be reused,
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the gearbox end,
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the timing end.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- On the workbench, refit:
  - the exhaust gas cooler fitted with a new seal on the exhaust gas cooler mounting at the gearbox end,
  - fit without tightening the exhaust gas cooler bolts on the exhaust gas cooler mounting at the gearbox end,
  - a new exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust gas recirculation assembly,
  - fit without tightening the bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust gas recirculation assembly.

**Note:**

The exhaust gas cooler must be able to move in relation to the exhaust gas cooler mounting and the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe so that it can be adjusted correctly.

- Fit the exhaust gas recirculation assembly equipped with the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the cylinder head.
- Tighten:
  - the bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation assembly on the cylinder head,
  - the bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bracket on the cylinder head,
  - the bolts of the exhaust gas cooler on the exhaust gas recirculation mounting,
  - the bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust gas recirculation assembly,
- Remove:
  - the exhaust gas recirculation assembly bolts,
  - the bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bracket,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation assembly fitted with the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe.
- On the workbench, torque tighten:
  - the **exhaust gas cooler bolts (12 N.m)**,
  - the **exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bolts (12 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

K9K, and 796

### Special tooling required

**Ms. 583** Pipe clamps.

### Tightening torques

bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation assembly **21 N.m**

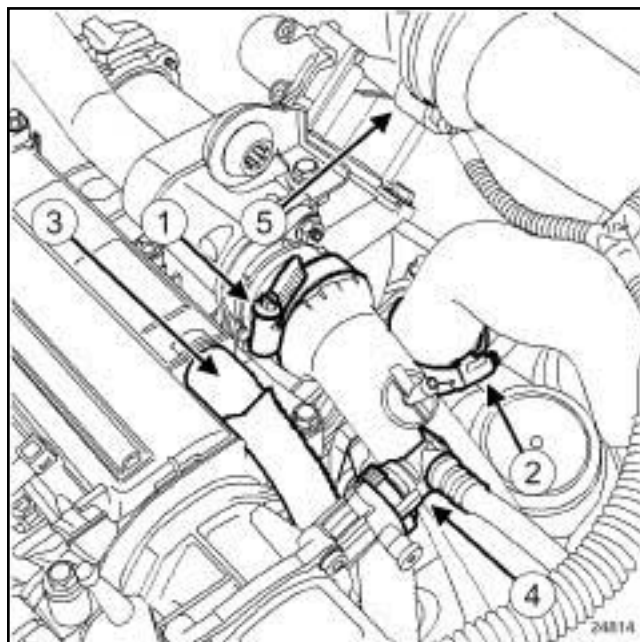
bolts on the « timing end lifting eye - air inlet metal tube assembly » **10 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

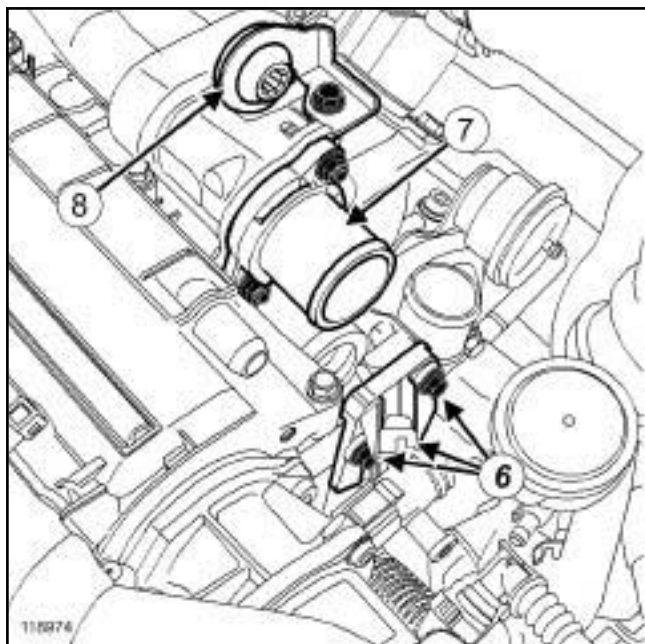
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air filter box (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6),
  - the engine undertray,
  - the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10).



24814

- Remove:
  - the clip (1) on the air pipe between the intercooler and the exhaust gas recirculation assembly,
  - the clip (2) on the air pipe between the intercooler and the turbocharger.
- Disconnect:
  - the air pipe between the intercooler and the exhaust gas recirculation assembly,
  - the air pipe between the intercooler and the turbocharger,
  - the oil vapour rebreathing pipe (3),
  - the non-return valve (4) at the vacuum pump,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve connector (5).

K9K, and 796



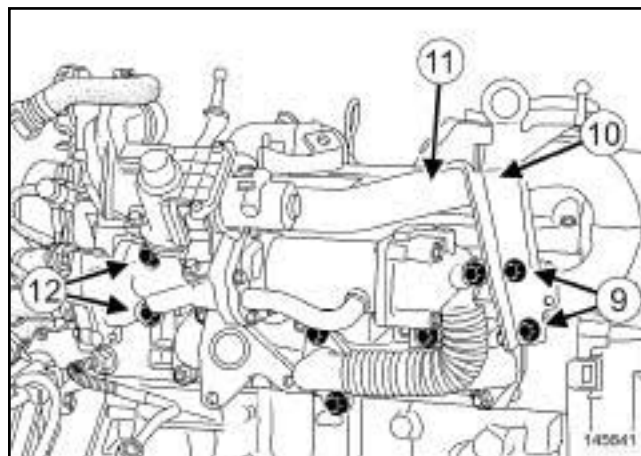
- Position the **(Ms. 583)** or the hose clamps on the coolant inlet and outlet hoses of the exhaust gas cooler.

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

- Remove:
  - the bolts **(6)** on the coolant circulation cover,
  - the coolant circulation cover,
  - the seals of the coolant circulation cover.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the bolts **(9)** from the lifting eye at the timing end,
  - the lifting eye on the timing end **(10)**,
  - the air inlet metal tube **(11)**,
  - the air inlet metal tube seals,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe (see **14A, Antipollution, Exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe: Removal - Refitting, page 14A-12**),
  - the bolts **(12)** of the exhaust gas assembly mounting,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation assembly.
- Remove the following on the workbench:
  - the air duct sleeve **(7)**,
  - the centring ring **(8)** of the air filter unit.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- On the workbench, refit:
  - the air pipe sleeve **(7)**,
  - the centring ring of the air filter unit.
- Always replace:
  - the air inlet metal tube seals,
  - the coolant circulation cover seals,
  - the turbocharger air outlet pipe seal.

## Exhaust gas recirculation assembly: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

- Use **GREY ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean the joint faces of the exhaust gas cooler mounting at the gearbox end.

**WARNING**

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the housing of the coolant circulation cover seals,
  - the exhaust gas cooler mounting joint faces on the gearbox end,
  - the housing of each air inlet metal tube seal,
  - the housing of the turbocharger air outlet pipe seal,
  - the housing of the air inlet metal tube in the cylinder head,
  - the housing of the air inlet metal tube in the exhaust gas cooler mounting on the gearbox end.

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).


**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation assembly (21 N.m)**,
  - the **bolts on the « timing end lifting eye - air inlet metal tube assembly » (10 N.m)**.
- Fill and bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**).



## Exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe: Removal - Refitting

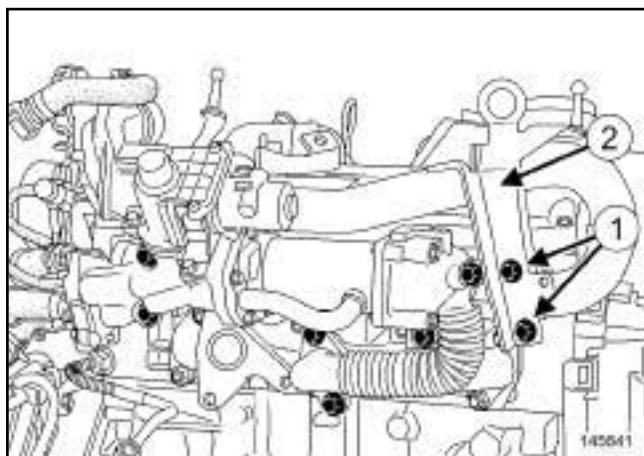
K9K, and 796

Tightening torques 	
bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bracket on the cylinder head	21 N.m
bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust manifold	36 N.m
bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust gas recirculation assembly	12 N.m
lifting eye bolts	10 N.m

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

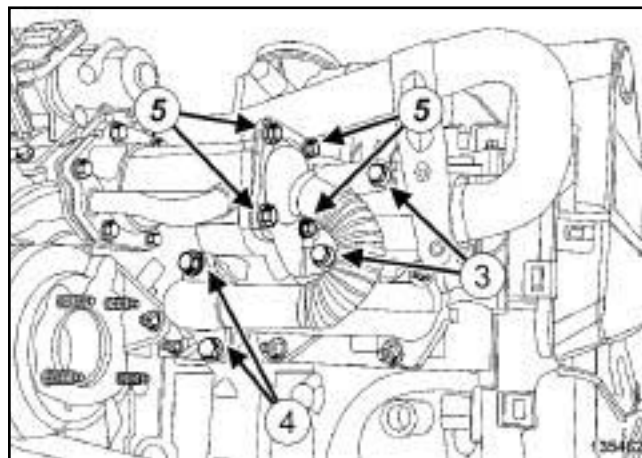
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the engine undertray.
- Remove the catalytic converter (see **19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**, page 19B-10) .



- Remove:
  - the bolts (1) from the lifting eye at the timing end,

- the timing end lifting eye (2) ,

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the bolts (3) of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bracket from the cylinder head,
  - the bolts (4) of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe from the exhaust manifold,
  - the bolts (5) of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe from the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe,
  - the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe,
  - the seal between the exhaust gas rigid pipe and the exhaust gas manifold,
  - the seal between the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe and the exhaust gas cooler.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- 

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

## Exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

- Clean using **ABRASIVE PADS** :
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas recirculation assembly,
  - the exhaust manifold seal face.

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) (04B, Consumables - Products) and **CLEAN CLOTHS** to degrease:
  - the exhaust manifold joint face,
  - the joint face of the exhaust gas recirculation assembly.
- parts always to be replaced: Exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe.**
- parts always to be replaced: Exhaust gas recirculation pipe seal.**
- parts always to be replaced: exhaust gas recirculation pipe bolt**

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe bracket on the cylinder head (21 N.m)**,
  - the **bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust manifold (36 N.m)**,
  - the **bolts of the exhaust gas recirculation rigid pipe on the exhaust gas recirculation assembly (12 N.m)**,
  - the **lifting eye bolts (10 N.m)**.

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K9K

### Tightening torques

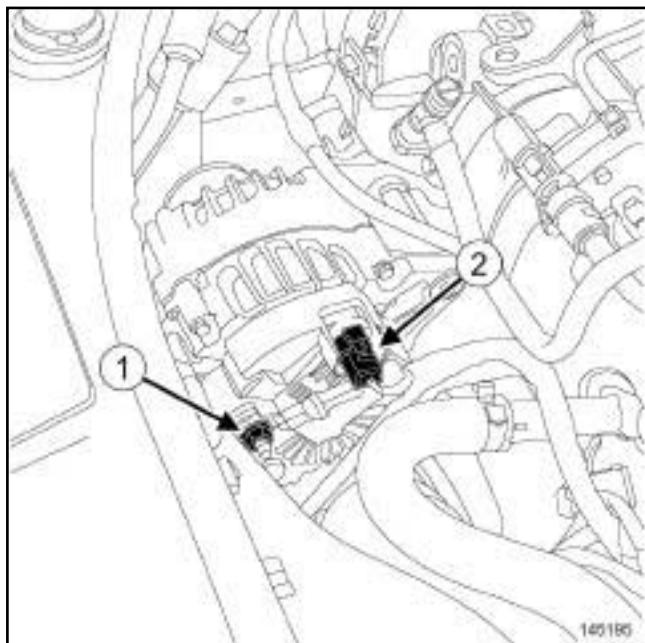
alternator bolts	21 N.m
alternator lead nut	14 N.m

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

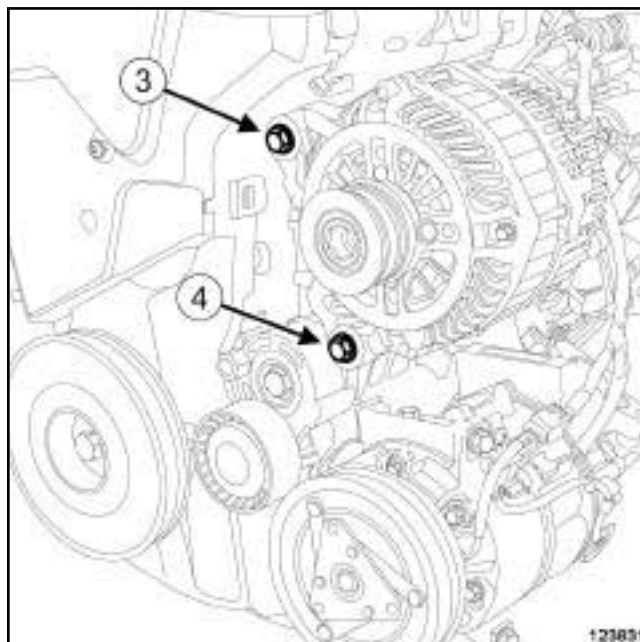
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145195

- Remove:
  - the alternator lead nut (1) ,
  - the lead from the alternator.
- Disconnect the connector (2) .

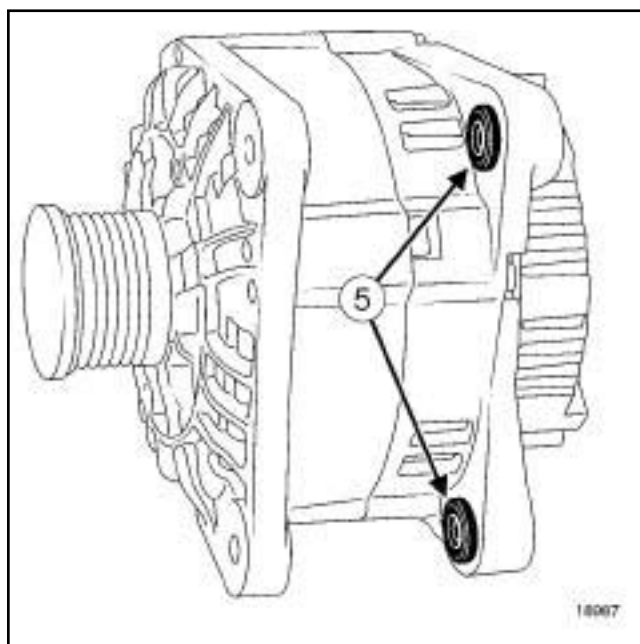


123831

- Remove the alternator upper bolt (3) .
- Loosen the alternator lower bolt (4) .
- Remove the alternator with its lower bolt.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



18907

18987

- Push in the alternator rings (5) to facilitate fitting.

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K9K

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the alternator with its lower bolt,
  - the alternator upper bolt.
- Torque tighten the **alternator bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the connector to the alternator.
- Refit the alternator lead.
- Torque tighten the **alternator lead nut (14 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING

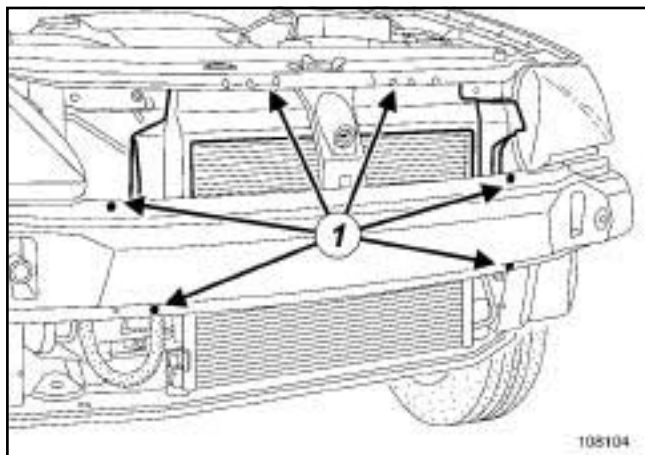
### Tightening torques

alternator bolts	21 N.m
alternator lead nut	14 N.m

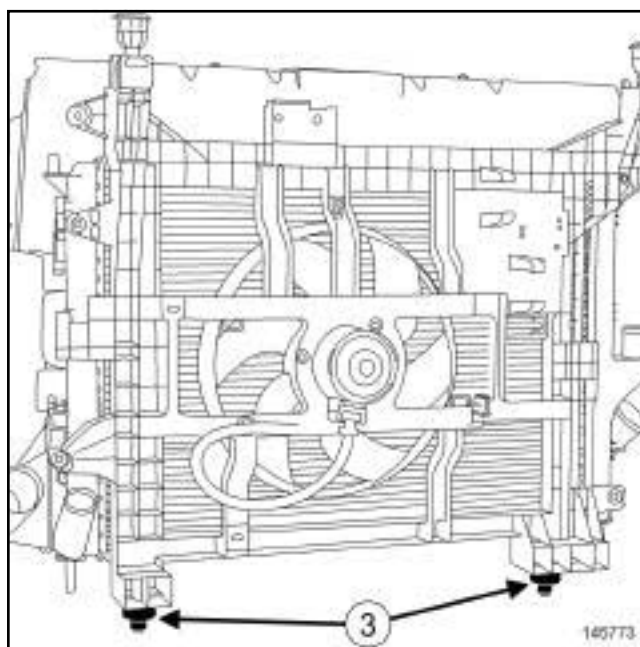
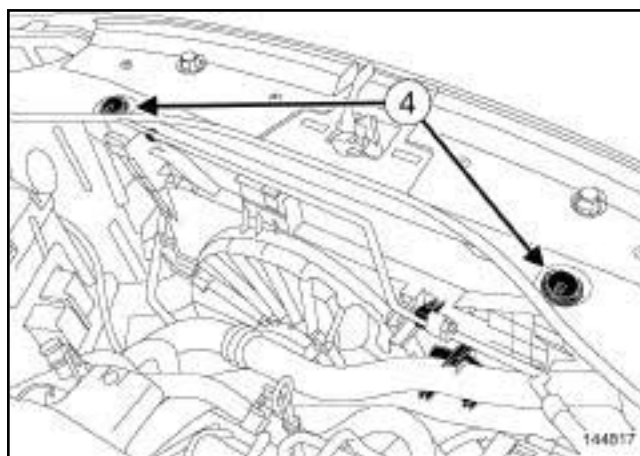
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**).



- Remove:
  - the air deflector mounting pins (1),
  - the air deflector.



- Remove the upper mountings (4) from the engine cooling fan assembly (see **19A, Cooling, Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting, page 19A-27**).
- Extract the « engine cooling fan - cooling radiator - condenser » assembly from its lower mountings (3) and slide it to the left.

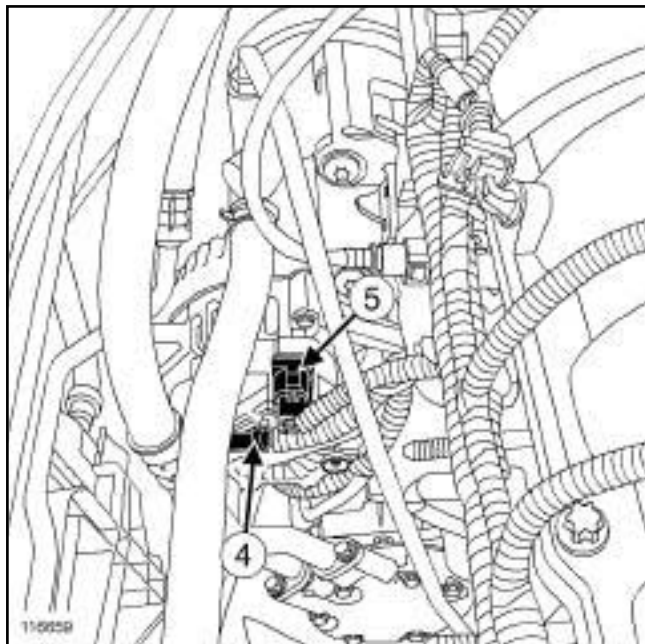
# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

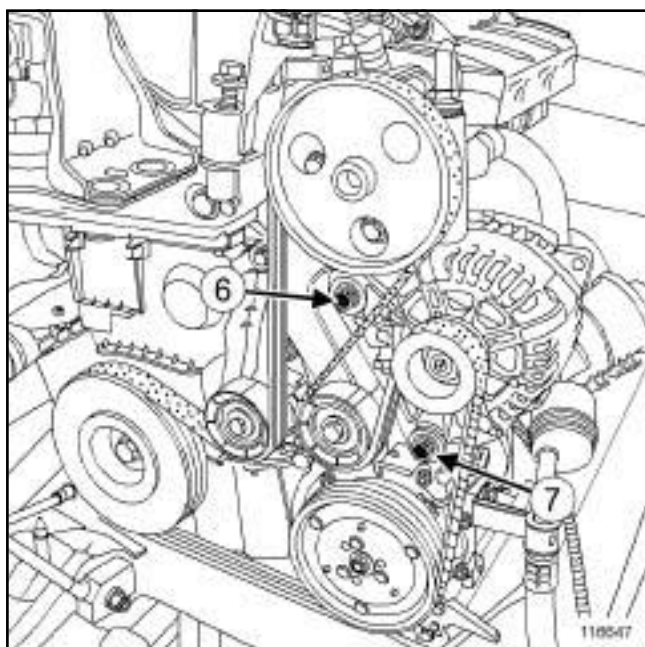
K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116659

- Remove:
  - the alternator lead nut,
  - the alternator lead (4) .
- Disconnect the alternator connector (5) .

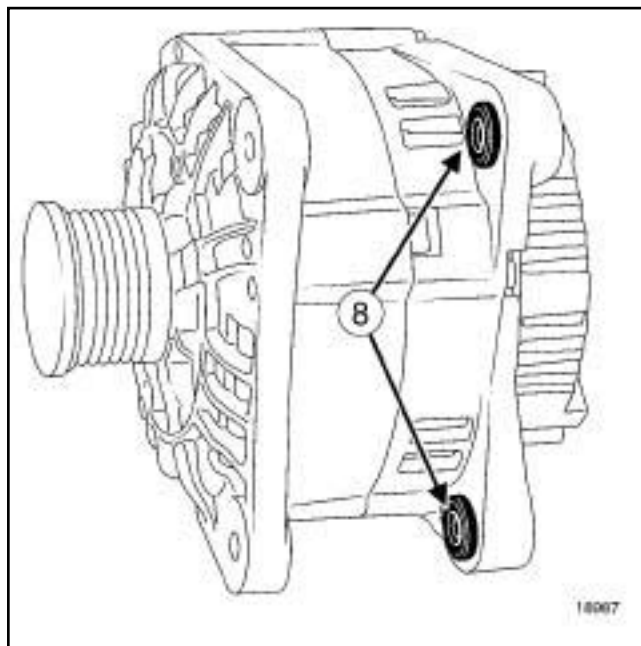


116647

- Remove the alternator upper bolt (6) .
- Loosen the alternator lower bolt (7) .
- Move the alternator away from the multifunction support using a screwdriver.
- Remove the alternator and its lower mounting bolt.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



18987

- Push the rings (8) to make fitting easier.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the alternator.
- Torque tighten the **alternator bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the connector to the alternator.
- Refit:
  - the lead to the alternator,
  - the alternator lead nut.
- Torque tighten the **alternator lead nut (14 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Slide the « engine cooling fan - cooling radiator - condenser » assembly to the right and fit it in its lower mountings.
- Refit the upper mountings of the engine cooling fan assembly (see **19A, Cooling, Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting, page 19A-27**) .
- Refit:
  - the air deflector,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**) ,

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M, and POWER ASSISTED STEERING, and AIR CONDITIONING


- the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

Tightening torques 	
alternator bolts	21 N.m
positive terminal nut on the alternator	14 N.m

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .
- 

#### IMPORTANT

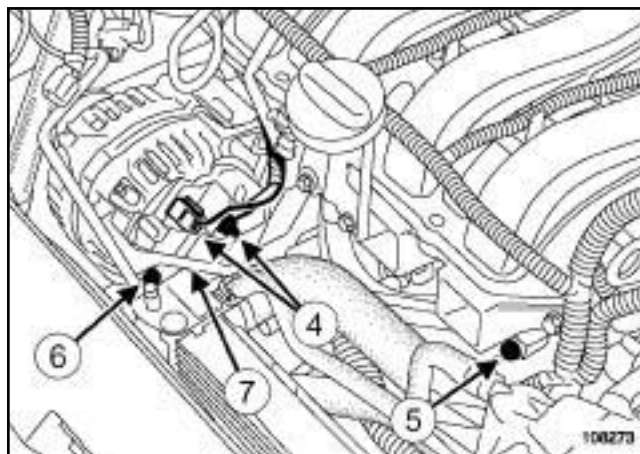
During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

#### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

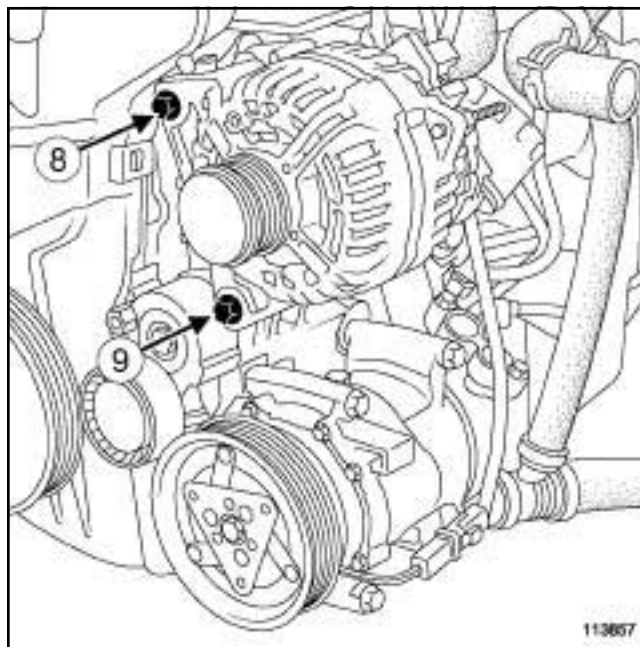
- Disconnect the fuel supply pipe union (3) on the injector rail.



108273

- Disconnect the alternator's electrical connections (4)
- Move aside the alternator wiring.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



113857

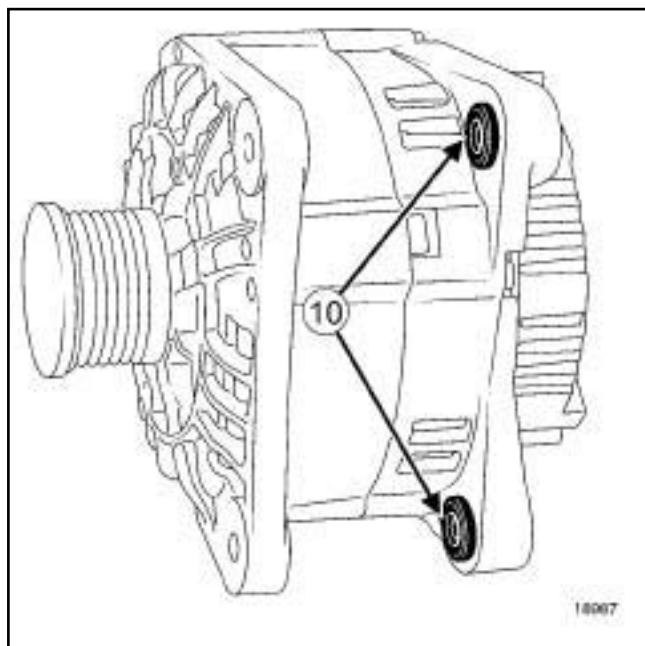
- Remove the alternator upper bolt (8) .
- Loosen the alternator lower bolt (9) .
- Move the alternator away from the multifunction support using a screwdriver.
- Remove the alternator with its lower bolt upwards.



K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



- Push the rings (10) to make fitting easier.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the alternator.
- Torque tighten the **alternator bolts (21 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the alternator electrical connections.
- Torque tighten the **positive terminal nut on the alternator (14 N.m)**.
- Connect the fuel supply pipe union on the injector rail.
- Refit:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Starter: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K9K

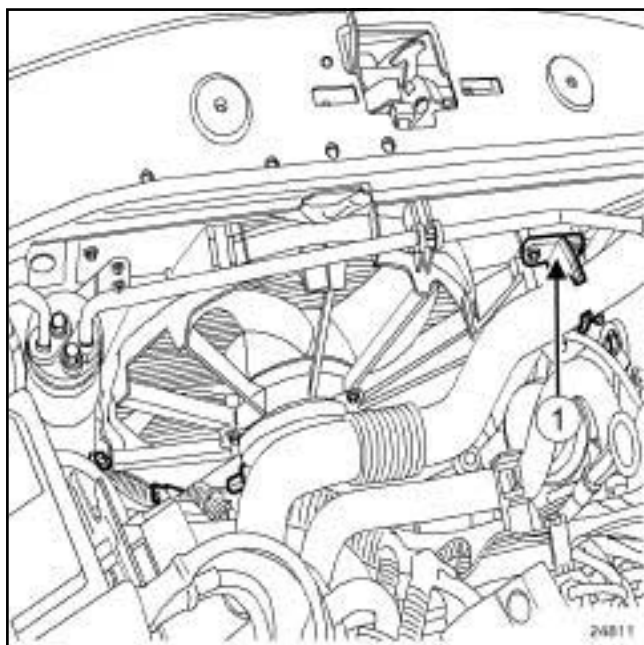
### Tightening torques

starter bolts	44 N.m
nut on the starter solenoid lead	5 N.m
starter lead nut	8 N.m

## REMOVAL

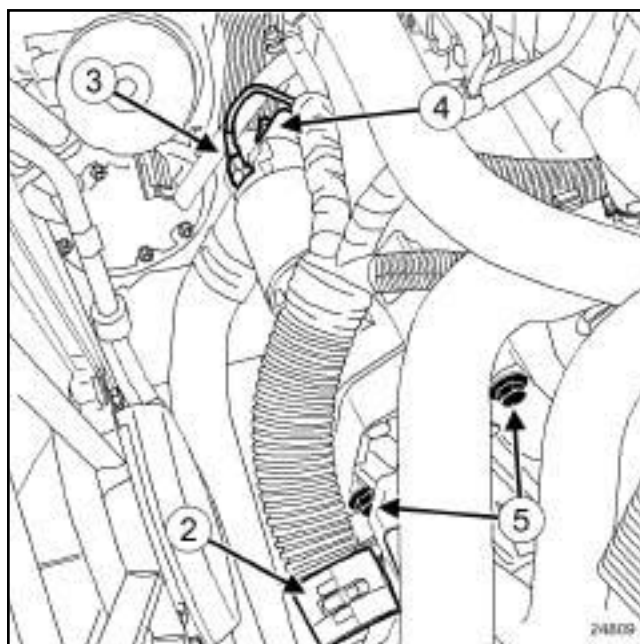
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



24811

- Unclip the intercooler duct on the fan assembly at (1).
- Move aside the intercooler duct.



24809

- Unclip the engine wiring at (2).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the nut (3) on the starter solenoid lead,
  - the nut (4) on the starter lead,
  - the starter leads,
  - the starter bolts (5),
  - the starter.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check that the starter centring dowel is in place.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the starter.
- Torque tighten the **starter bolts (44 N.m)**.
- Refit the starter leads.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **nut on the starter solenoid lead (5 N.m)**,
  - the **starter lead nut (8 N.m)**.

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Starter: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K9K

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Clip:
  - the engine wiring,
  - the intercooler duct on the fan assembly.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Starter: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M

### Tightening torques

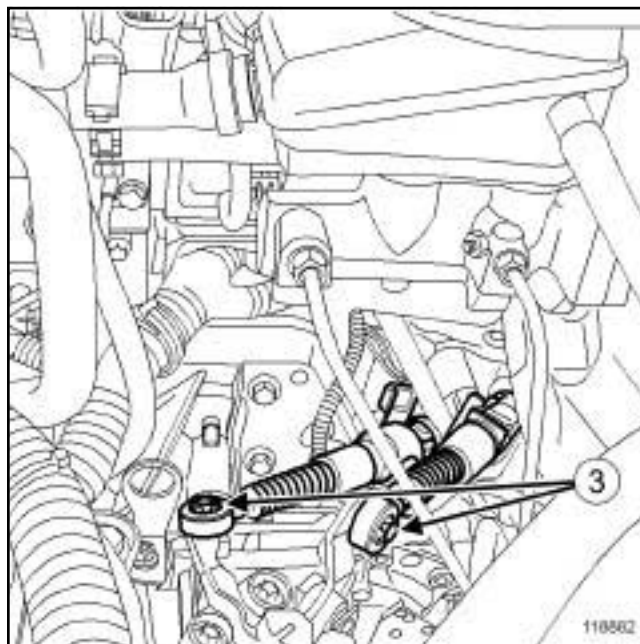
starter bolts	44 N.m
starter lead nut	8 N.m
nut on the starter sole-noid lead	5 N.m

## REMOVAL

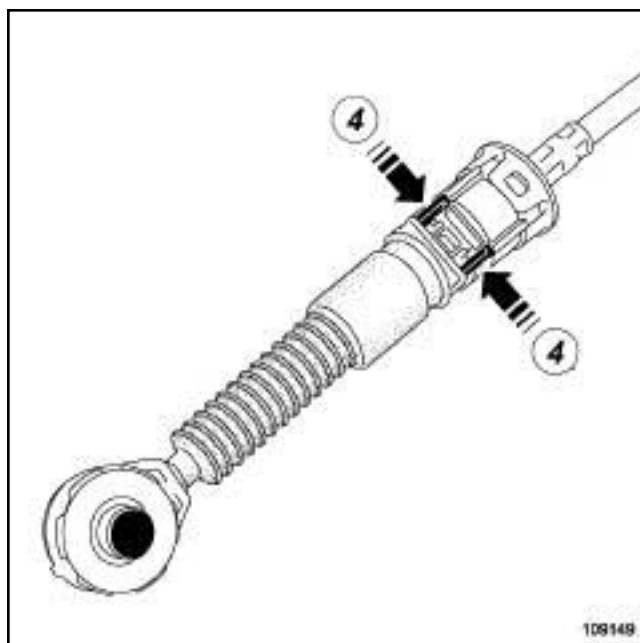
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

JR5



118882



109149

- Unclip:
  - the gear control cables on the gearbox at (3) using a screwdriver,
  - the gearbox control cable sleeve stops by pressing at (4) .

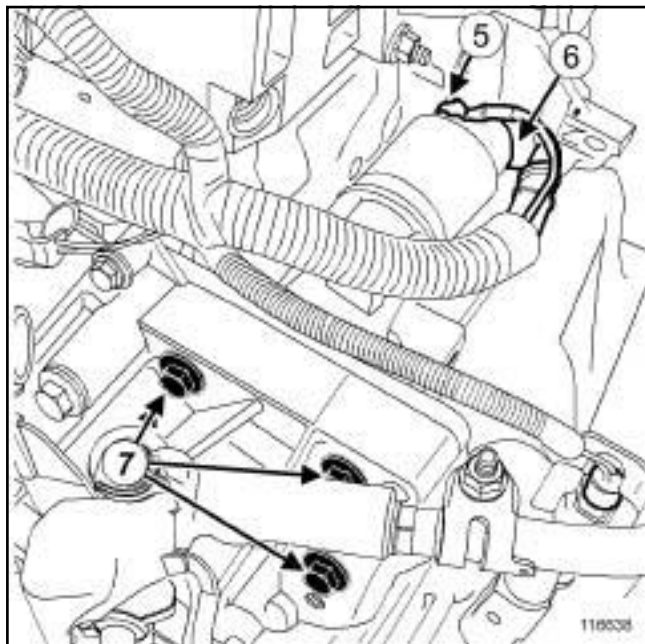
# STARTING - CHARGING

## Starter: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



Remove:

- the nut (5) on the starter solenoid lead,
- the nut (6) on the starter lead,
- the starter bolts (7) ,
- the starter from underneath the vehicle.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check that the centring dowel is in place.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

Refit:

- the starter from underneath the vehicle,
- the starter bolts.

- Torque tighten the **starter bolts (44 N.m)**.

Refit:

- the starter leads,
- the starter lead nut,
- the nut on the starter solenoid lead.

Torque tighten:

- the **starter lead nut (8 N.m)**,
- the **nut on the starter solenoid lead (5 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

JR5

Clip:

- the gearbox control cable sleeve stops on the gearbox,
- the control cables onto the gearbox.

- Refit the air resonator (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M

### Equipment required

pneumatic or electric wrench

torque wrench

open-ended spanner for torque wrench

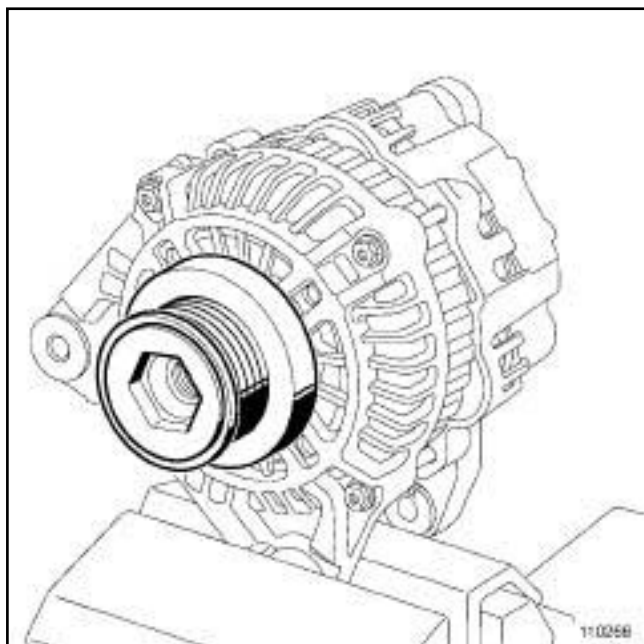
### Tightening torques

alternator pulley	80 N.m
-------------------	--------

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) .
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting, page 11A-2**) ,
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting, page 16A-1**) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION FOR ALTERNATOR PULLEY



- Unclip the alternator pulley protector (if equipped).
- Place the alternator in a vice jaw.

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator pulley: Removal - Refitting

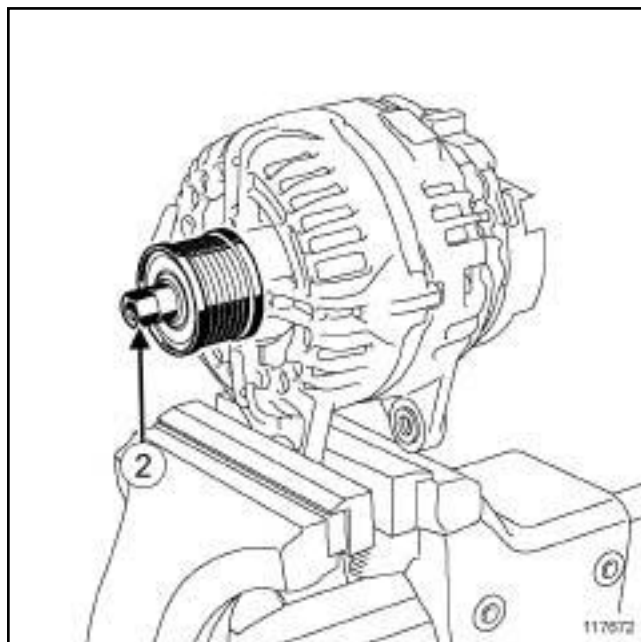
# 16A

K4M

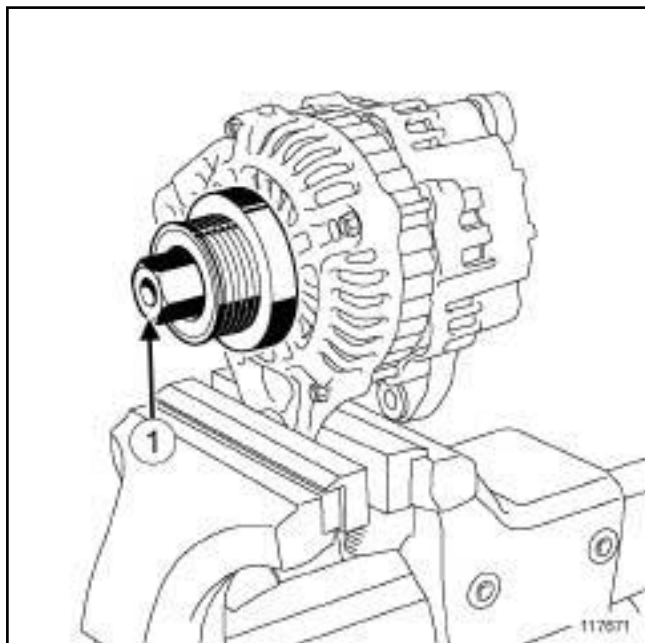
Mot. 1732



110276



117672



117671

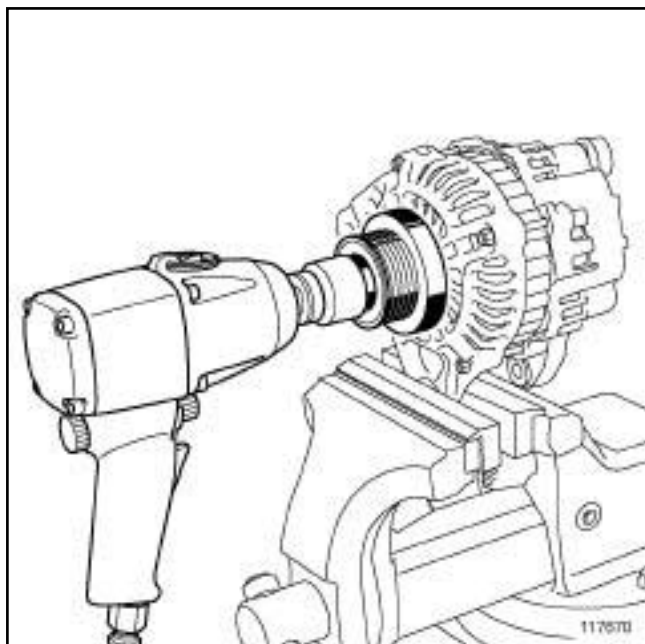
- Position the hexagonal socket (1) or the splined socket (2) from the kit in the alternator pulley (depending on the version).

# STARTING - CHARGING

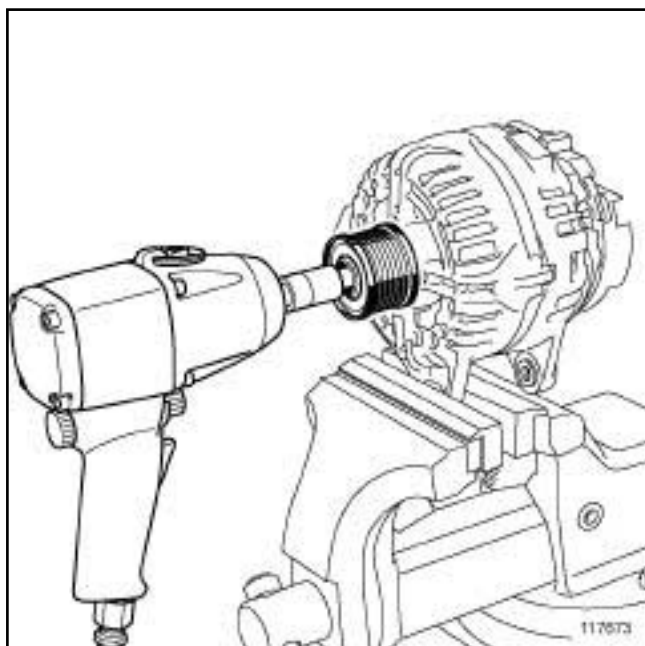
## Alternator pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K4M



117670



117673

□

Note:

Always use a pneumatic or electric impact wrench to loosen the alternator pulley

Loosen the alternator pulley using a **pneumatic or electric wrench**.

□

Remove:

- the tools,

- the alternator pulley.

### III - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

□ parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt

parts always to be replaced: Accessories fixed roller

parts always to be replaced: Accessories belt tensioning roller

parts always to be replaced: Accessories tensioning roller bolt

parts always to be replaced: Alternator pulley



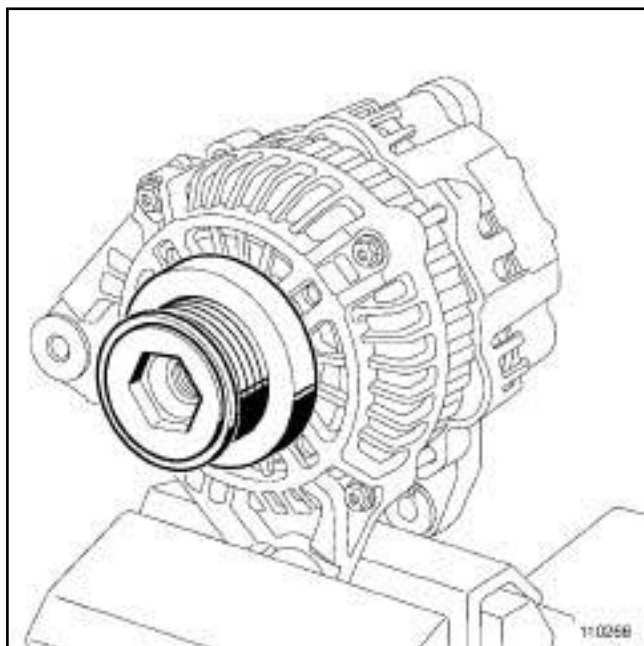
# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator pulley: Removal - Refitting

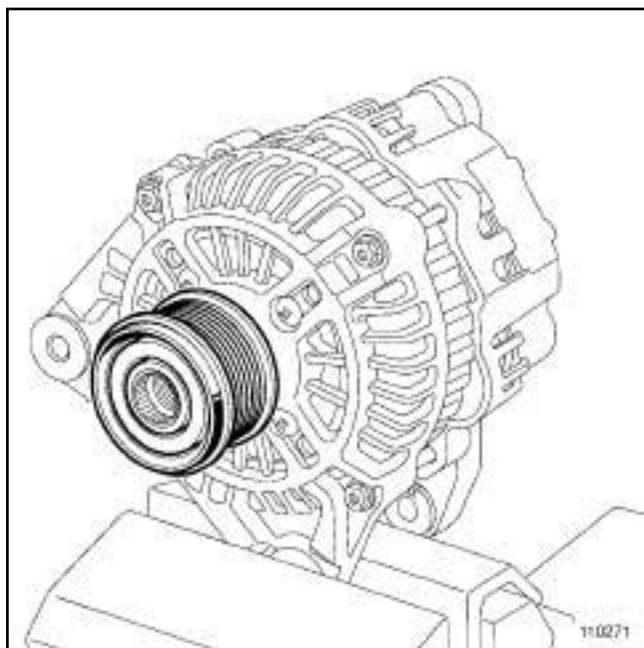
# 16A

K4M

### IV - REFITTING OPERATION FOR THE ALTERNATOR PULLEY

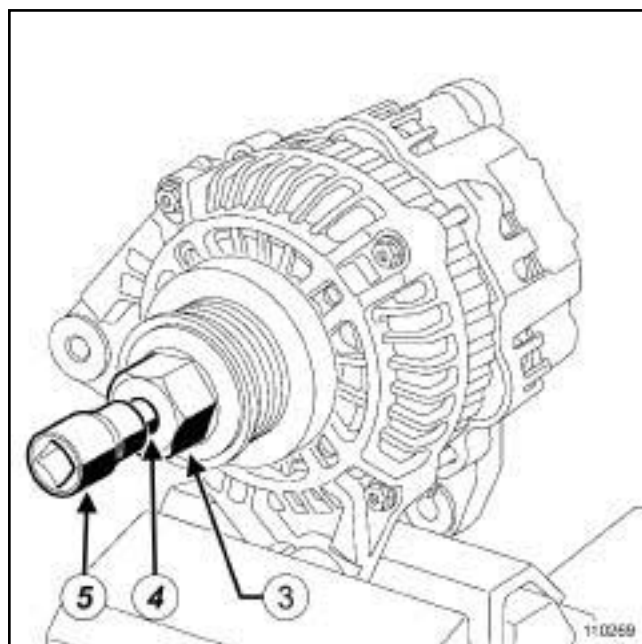


110266

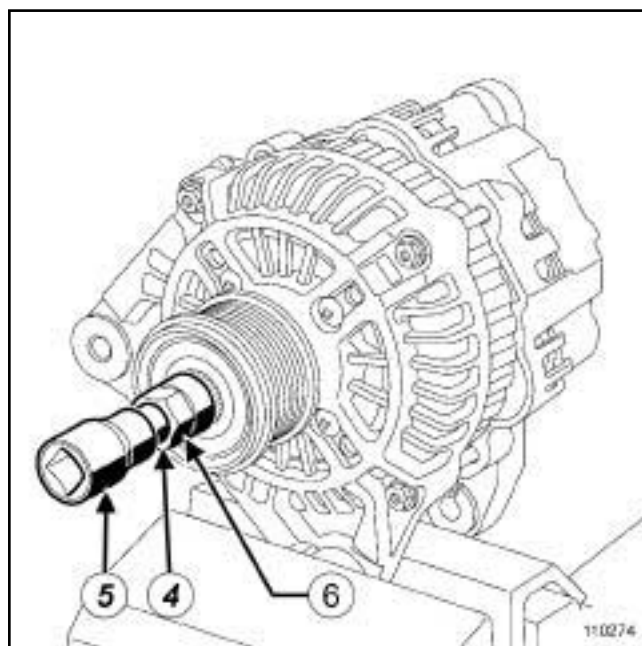


110271

- Tighten the new alternator pulley.



110269

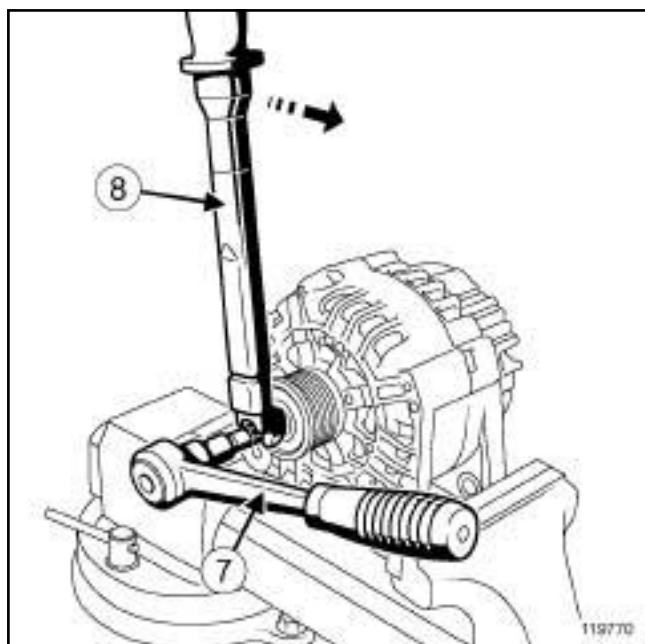


110274

#### □ Position:

- the hexagonal socket (3) or the splined socket (6) in the alternator pulley (depending on the version),
- the end piece (4) in the recess of the alternator rotor,
- the end piece holder (5) on the end piece.

K4M



119770

- Immobilise the alternator rotor using the spanner (7) .
- Torque tighten the **alternator pulley (80 N.m)** using the **torque wrench (8)** equipped with a **15mm open-ended spanner for torque wrench**.
- Remove the tools.
- Clip the new protector onto the alternator pulley (if equipped).

#### **V - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit:
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page 16A-1) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) .

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K9K

### Tightening torques

alternator pulley nut	80 N.m
-----------------------	--------

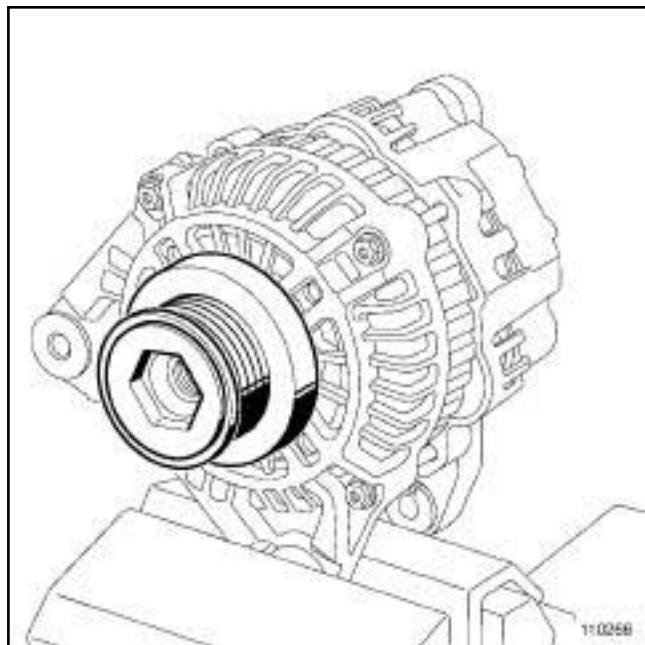
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

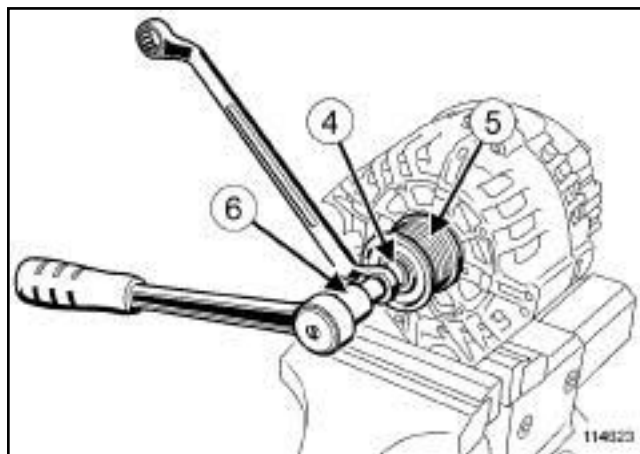
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page **11A-2**),
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page **16A-1**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Unclip the alternator pulley protector (if equipped).



- Place the alternator in a vice jaw.



- Fit:
  - the splined socket (4) of the free wheel pulley (5),
  - the end piece and holder assembly (6) of the alternator shaft.
- Immobilise the splined socket (4).
- Loosen the alternator shaft.
- 

#### Note:

Do not use a screwdriver to remove or refit the pulley. A damaged or deformed front bearing can lead to damage to the alternator.

- Remove the free wheel pulley.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

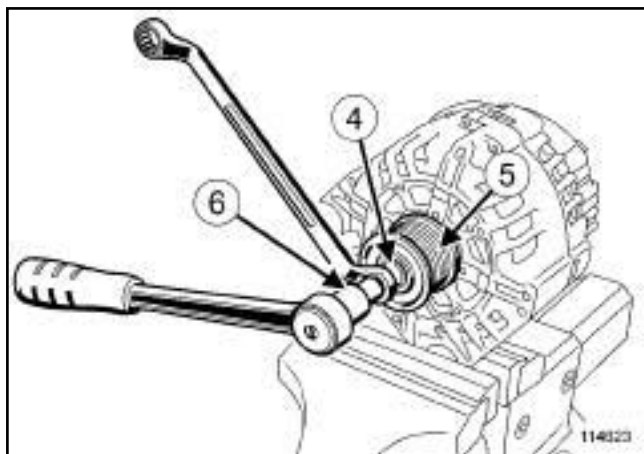
- Refit the pulley to the alternator shaft

# STARTING - CHARGING

## Alternator pulley: Removal - Refitting

# 16A

K9K



- Fit:
  - the splined socket (4) of the free wheel pulley (5) ,
  - the end piece and holder assembly (6) of the alternator shaft.
- Immobilise the splined socket (4) .
- Torque tighten the **alternator pulley nut (80 N.m)**.
- Turn the pulley by hand to check that the rotor turns easily.
- Clip on the alternator pulley protector (if equipped).

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the alternator (see **16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**, page 16A-1) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# IGNITION

## Coils: Removal - Refitting

# 17A

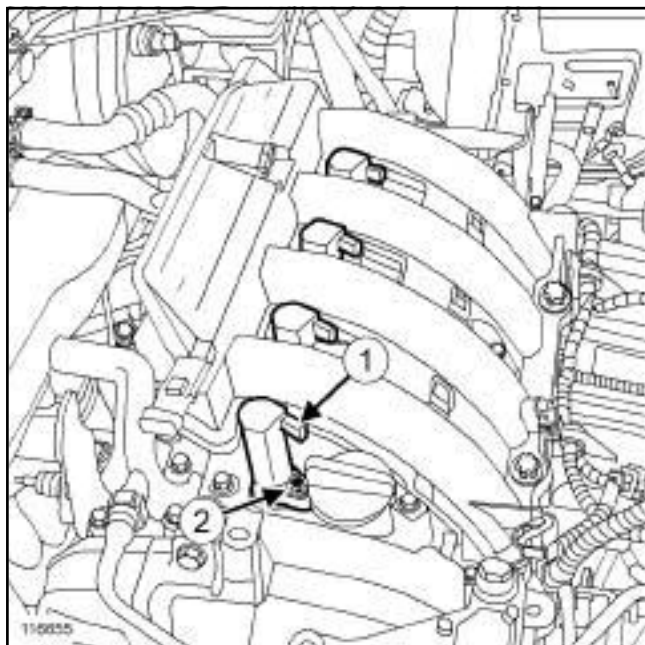
K4M

### Tightening torques

ignition coil bolts	14 N.m
---------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

### REMOVAL OPERATION



116655

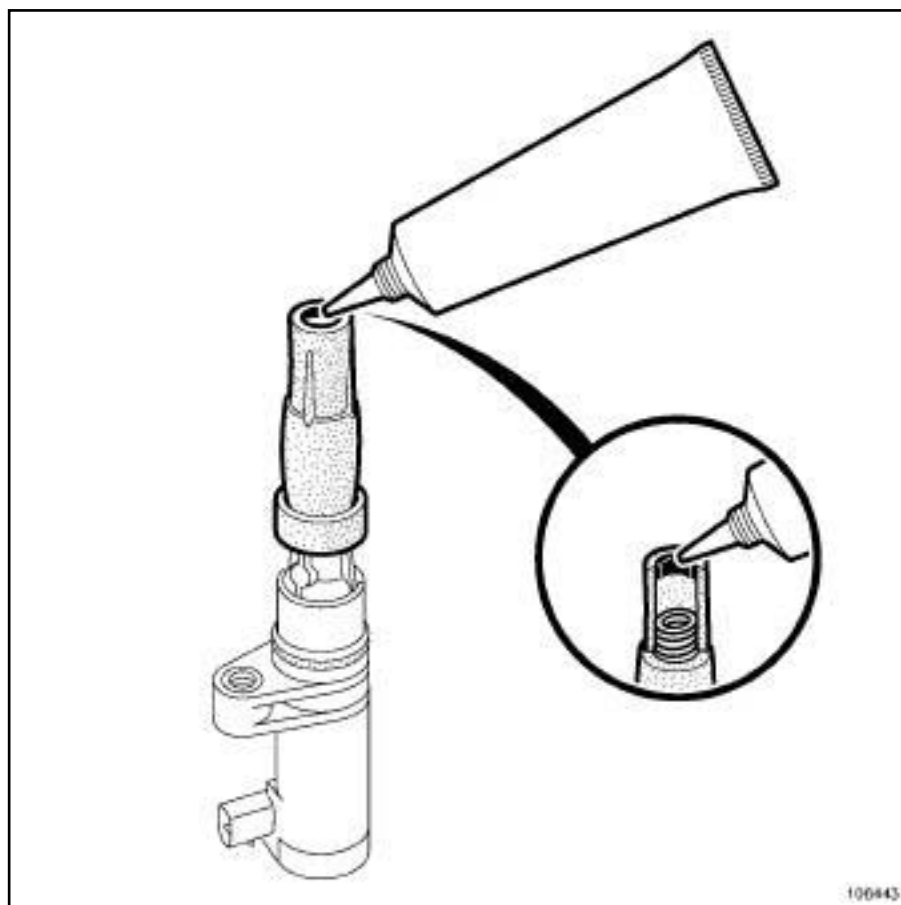
- Disconnect the connectors (1) from the ignition coils.
- Remove:
  - the ignition coil bolts (2) ,
  - the ignition coils.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the **ignition coil bolts**.
- If necessary, replace the ignition coil O-rings.

K4M



106443

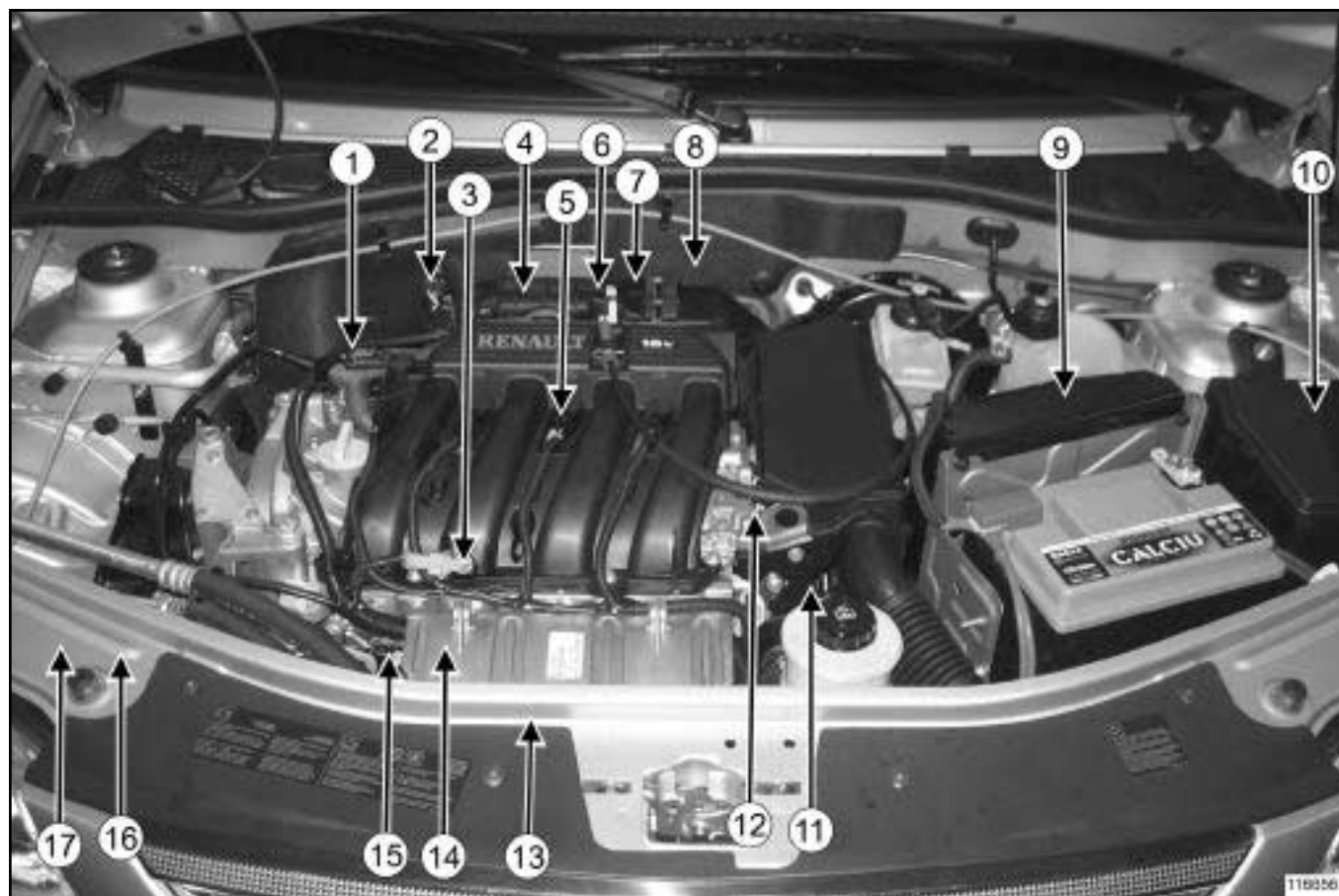
- When refitting the ignition harness, it is essential to apply a bead of **FLUOSTAR 2L 2 mm** in diameter around the inner edge of the high-tension caps on the side of the spark plugs and coil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables-Products).

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the ignition coils,
  - the new ignition coil bolts.
- Torque tighten the **ignition coil bolts (14 N.m)**.
- Connect the ignition coil connectors.

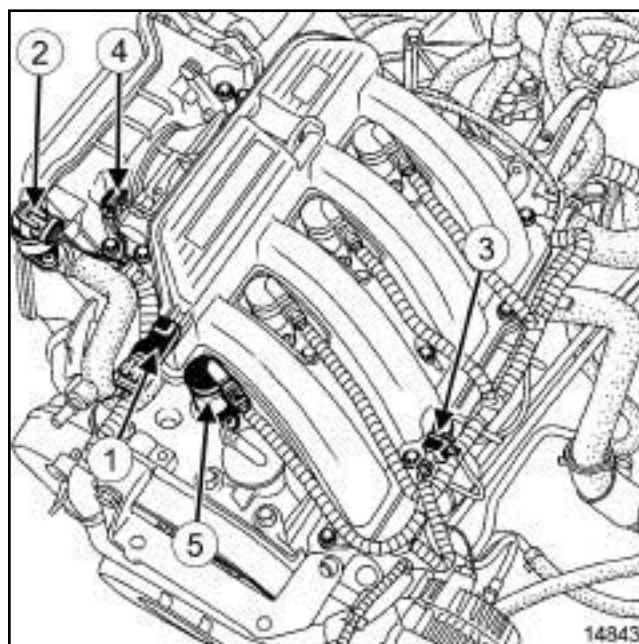
## Petrol injection: List and location of components

K4M



116656

- (1) Air pressure sensor
- (2) Idle speed stepper motor
- (3) Air temperature sensor
- (4) Throttle position potentiometer
- (5) Ignition coil
- (6) Throttle valve
- (7) Upstream oxygen sensor
- (8) Downstream oxygen sensor
- (9) Injection computer
- (10) Relay unit
- (11) Crankshaft position sensor
- (12) Coolant temperature sensor
- (13) Pinking sensor
- (14) Injectors
- (15) Injector rail
- (16) Fuel vapour recirculation solenoid valve
- (17) Petrol vapour absorber



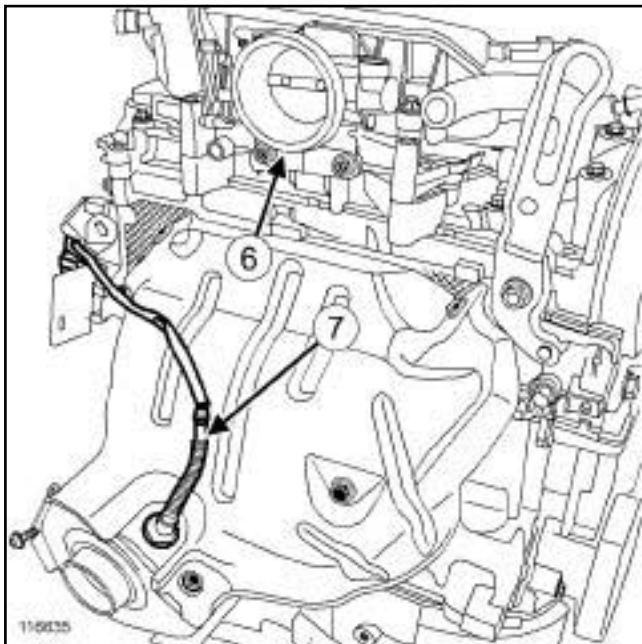
14843

- (1) Air pressure sensor
- (2) Idle speed stepper motor
- (3) Air temperature sensor

## Petrol injection: List and location of components

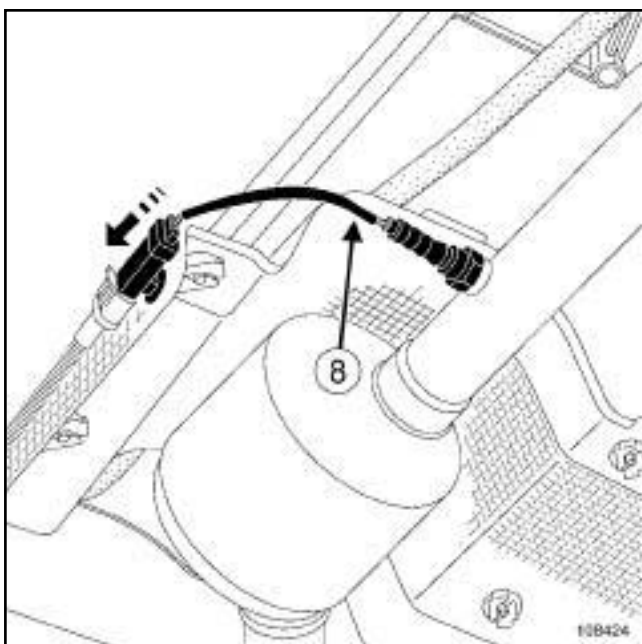
K4M

- (4) Throttle position potentiometer
- (5) Ignition coil



116635

- (6) Throttle valve
- (7) Upstream oxygen sensor



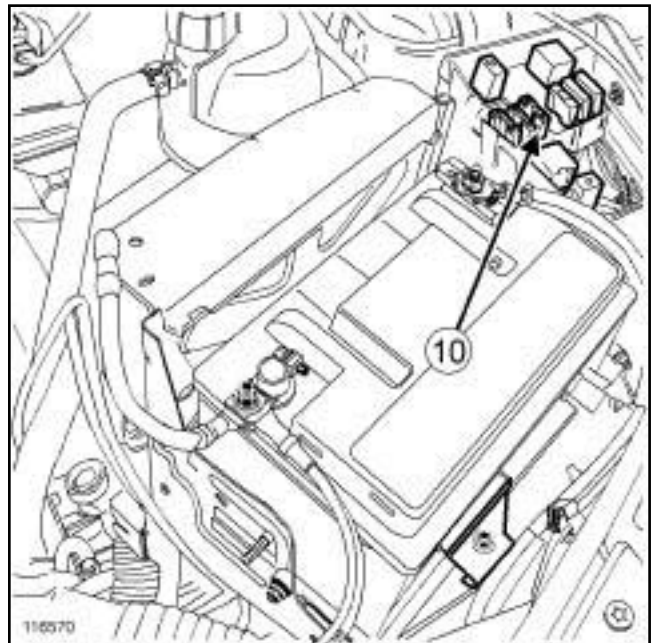
108424

- (8) Downstream oxygen sensor



145183

- (9) Injection computer



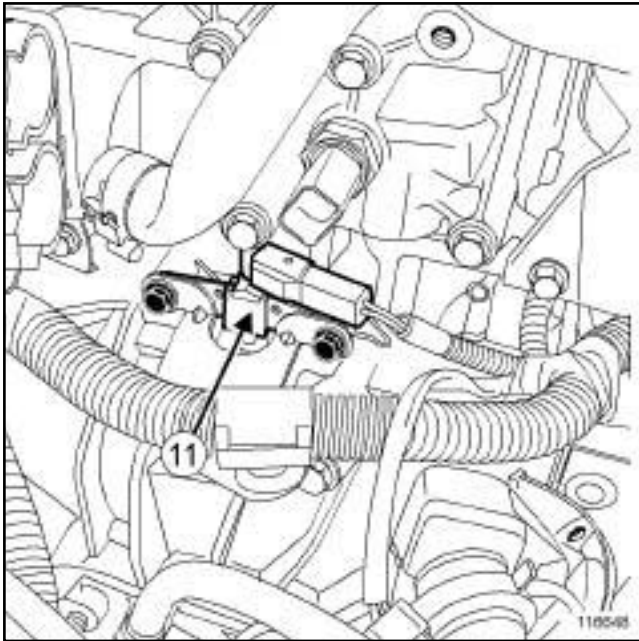
116570

- (10) Relay unit



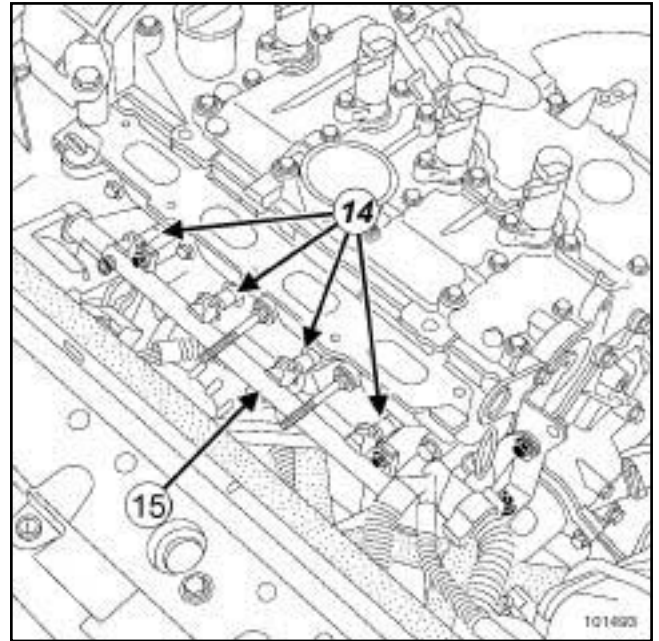
## Petrol injection: List and location of components

K4M



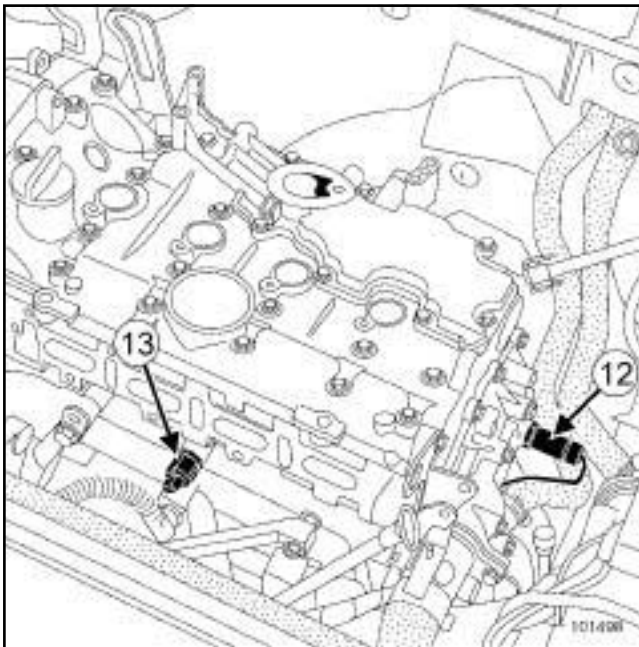
116648

(11) Crankshaft position sensor



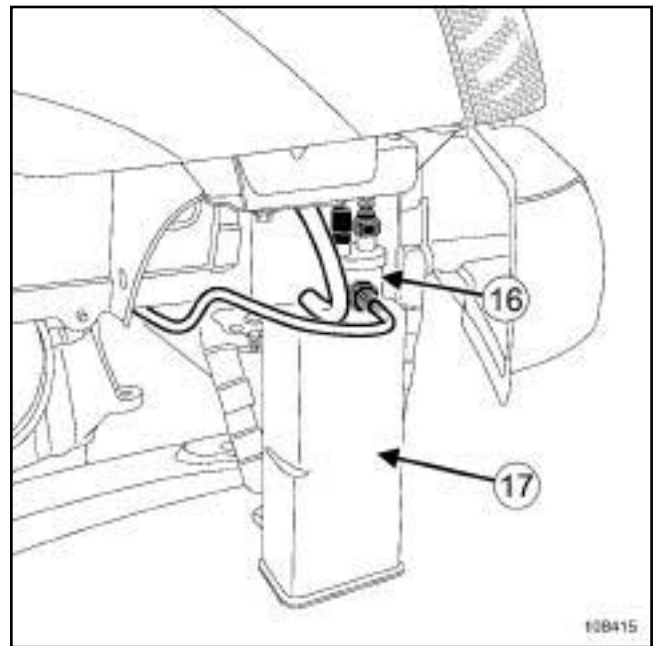
101493

(14) Injectors  
(15) Injector rail



101498

(12) Coolant temperature sensor  
(13) Pinking sensor



108415

(16) Fuel vapour recirculation solenoid valve  
(17) Petrol vapour absorber

# PETROL INJECTION

## Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting

# 17B

K4M

### Tightening torques

upstream oxygen sensor	45 N.m
downstream oxygen sensor	45 N.m

### WARNING

Do not use any product designed to improve the electrical contact in the injection computer and oxygen sensor connectors or on the bodies of the oxygen sensors.

Failure to respect this advice causes the oxygen sensor to malfunction and results in failure to comply with the emission control standard.

### WARNING

If the connections are corroded, repair the wiring (see **Wiring: Precautions for repair**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### 1 - Upstream oxygen sensor

Remove:

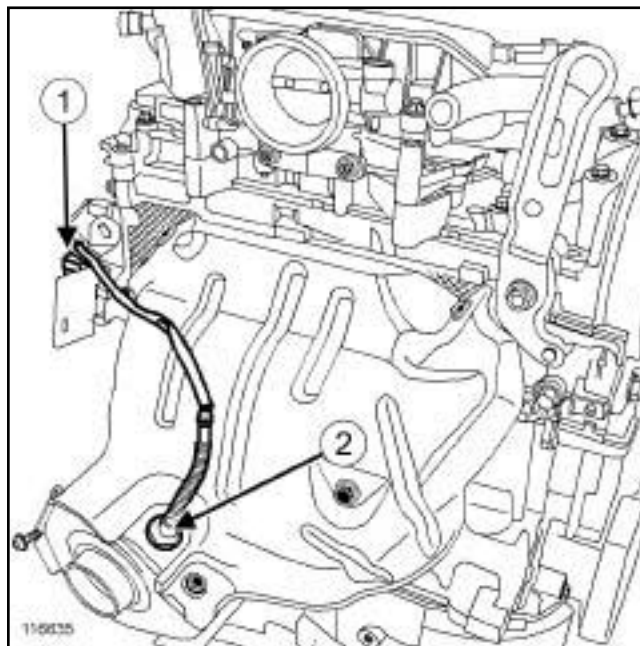
- the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2),
- the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6).

#### 2 - Downstream oxygen sensor

Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### 1 - Upstream oxygen sensor

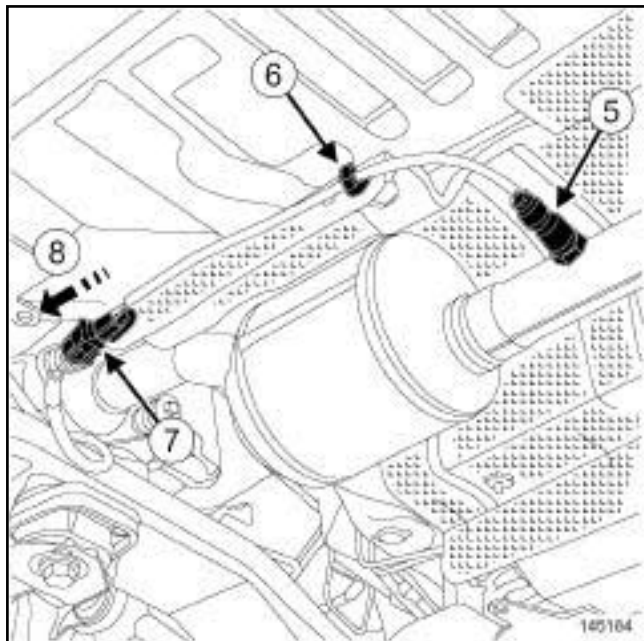


116635

- Disconnect the upstream oxygen sensor connector (1).
- Unclip the upstream oxygen sensor wiring.
- Remove the upstream oxygen sensor (2) using the.

K4M

## 2 - Downstream oxygen sensor



145184

- Unclip the wiring from the downstream oxygen sensor at (6) .
- Remove the downstream oxygen sensor connector (7) from its mounting by sliding it (8) .
- Disconnect the downstream oxygen sensor connector.
- Remove the downstream oxygen sensor (5) using the.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

#### 1 - Upstream oxygen sensor

- Refit the upstream oxygen sensor.
- Torque tighten the **upstream oxygen sensor (45 N.m)** using the.
- Attach the upstream oxygen sensor wiring.
- Connect the upstream oxygen sensor connector.

#### 2 - Downstream oxygen sensor

- Refit the downstream oxygen sensor.
- Torque tighten the **downstream oxygen sensor (45 N.m)** using the tool.
- Connect the downstream oxygen sensor connector.
- Refit the downstream oxygen sensor connector in its support.

- Clip on the downstream oxygen sensor wiring at (6) .

### II - FINAL OPERATION

#### Upstream oxygen sensor

- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the air resonator (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

## Throttle valve potentiometer: Removal -Refitting

K4M

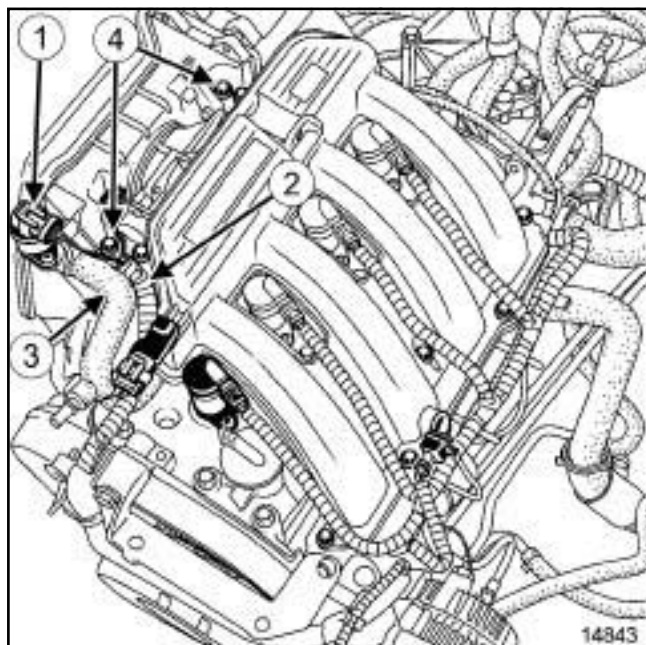
### Tightening torques

throttle valve potentiometer bolts	2.4 N.m
air filter unit bolts	9 N.m

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

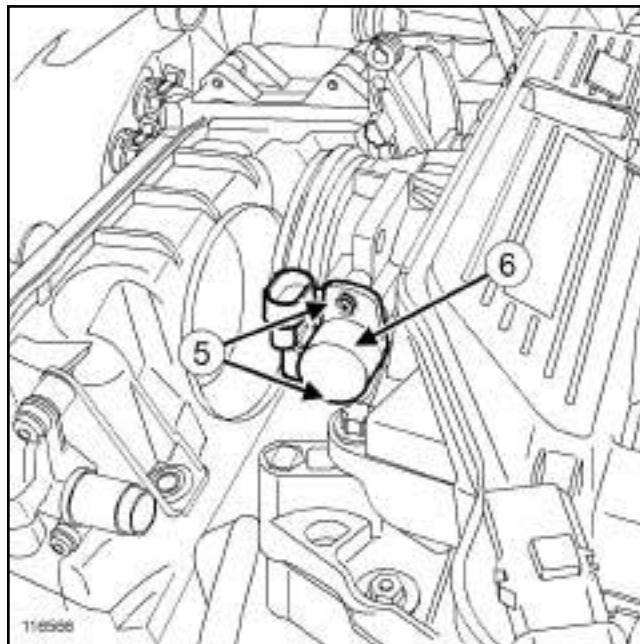
- Remove the air resonator (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .



14843

- Disconnect:
  - the connector (1) from the idle speed regulation stepping motor,
  - the connector (2) from the throttle valve potentiometer,
  - the petrol vapour recirculation pipe (3) .
- Remove the two bolts (4) from the air filter unit.
- Remove the air filter unit from the throttle valve.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116566

- Remove:
  - the two bolts (5) from the throttle valve potentiometer,
  - the throttle valve potentiometer (6) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the throttle valve potentiometer,
  - the two throttle valve potentiometer bolts.
- Torque tighten the **throttle valve potentiometer bolts (2.4 N.m)** using the tool.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the air filter unit in place.
- Refit the two air filter unit bolts.
- Torque tighten the **air filter unit bolts (9 N.m)**.
- Connect:
  - the petrol vapour recirculation pipe,
  - the connector from the throttle valve potentiometer,
  - the idle speed regulation stepping motor connector.
- Refit the air resonator (see 12A, **Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

## Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

injection computer nuts **8 N.m**

### WARNING

Do not use any product designed to improve the electrical contact in the injection computer and oxygen sensor connectors or on the bodies of the oxygen sensors.

Failure to respect this advice causes the oxygen sensor to malfunction and results in failure to comply with the emission control standard.

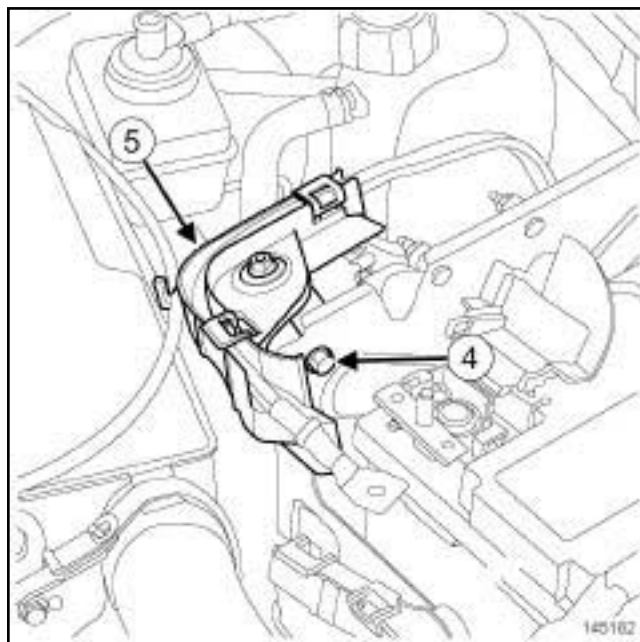
### WARNING

If the connections are corroded, repair the wiring (see **Wiring: Precautions for repair**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

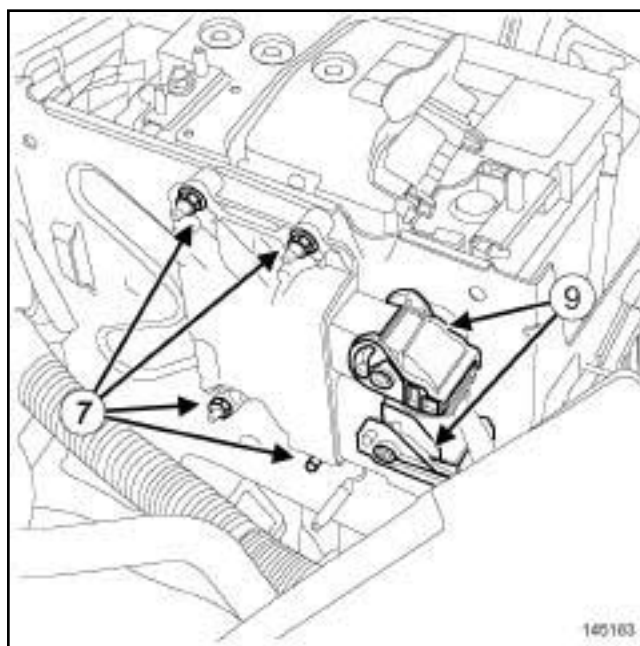
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



145182

- Remove the bolt (4) from the channel (5) .
- Move aside the channel.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145183

- Disconnect the two injection computer connectors (9) .
- Remove:
  - the injection computer nuts (7) ,
  - the injection computer.

## Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting

K4M

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the injection computer.
- Torque tighten the **injection computer nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the two connectors of the injection computer.

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the channel.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

## III - WHEN REPLACING THE INJECTION COMPUTER

- The computer supplied as a spare part is not operational (also known as "blank").
- After replacing the injection computer, program it using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Technical Note 9869A, Procedure for programming and reprogramming the computer**).
- Carry out the configuration and/or necessary programming (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (17B, Petrol injection).

## Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

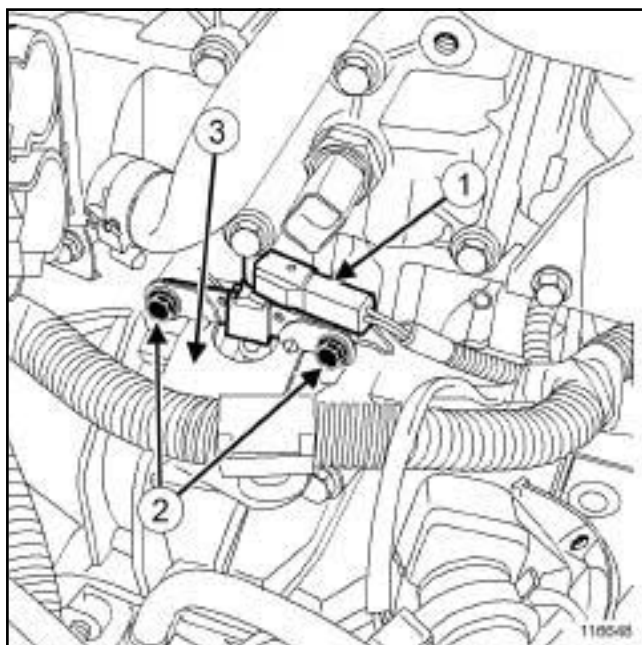
crankshaft position sensor bolts **8 N.m**

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116648

- Disconnect the crankshaft position sensor connector **(1)** .
- Remove the two bolts **(2)** from the crankshaft position sensor.
- Move aside the engine wiring harness mounting support **(3)** .
- Remove the crankshaft position sensor.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the crankshaft position sensor.
- Refit the engine wiring harness mounting support.
- Refit the two bolts of the crankshaft position sensor.
- Torque tighten the **crankshaft position sensor bolts (8 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

### III - WHEN REPLACING THE CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

- Program the flywheel target:
  - perform a deceleration with injection cut-off in second, third, fourth or fifth gear between **3500** and **3000 rpm**, for at least **2 seconds**,
  - perform a deceleration with injection cut-off in second, third, fourth or fifth gear between **2400** and **2000 rpm**, for at least **3 seconds**.
- Use the **Diagnostic tool** to check that this programming has been successfully completed, **ET060 Flywheel signal with engine running**.
- Read the fault codes.
- Repair if necessary.
- Clear the fault codes.
- Check that the vehicle is working correctly.

## Injector rail - Injectors: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Tightening torques

injector rail bolts	<b>9 N.m</b>
injector rail protector nuts	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

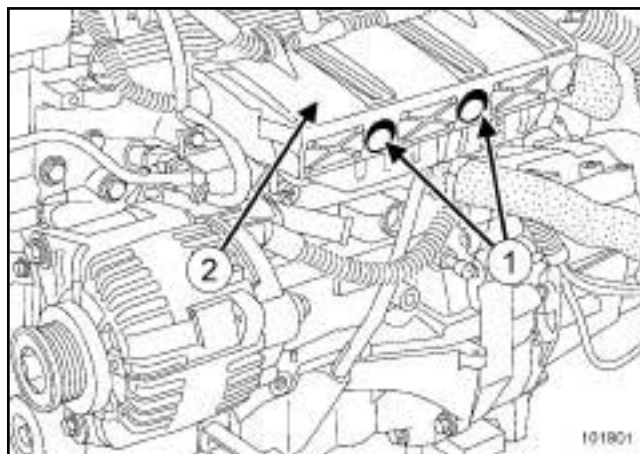
### IMPORTANT

Be careful when removing the injectors or the injection rail as there will be a quantity of fuel in the rail and the union.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

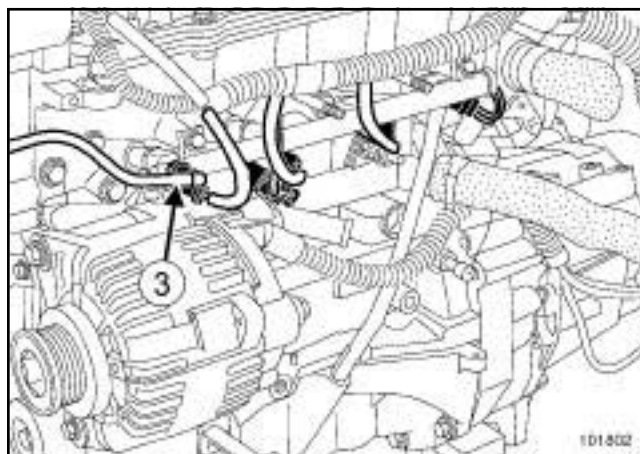
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



101801

- Remove:

- the two nuts (1) from the injector rail protector,
- the injector rail protector (2) .



101802

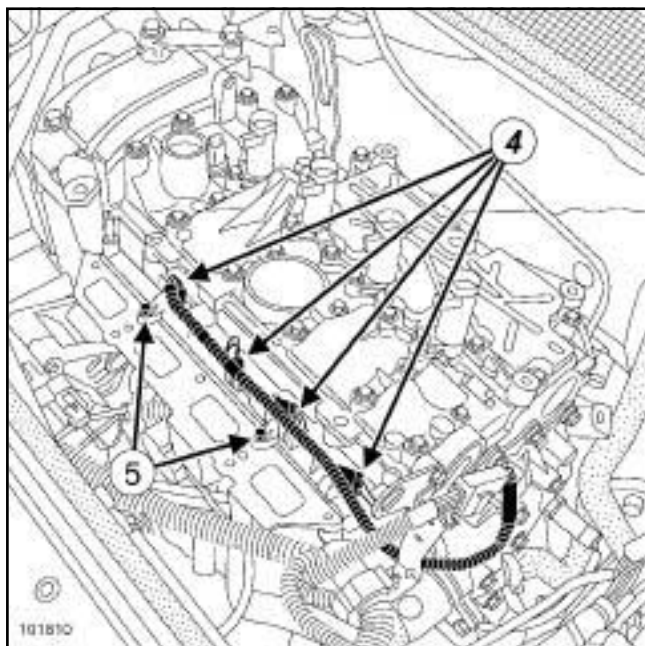
- Disconnect the fuel supply pipe union (3) on the injector rail.
- Fit blanking plugs.



## Injector rail - Injectors: Removal - Refitting

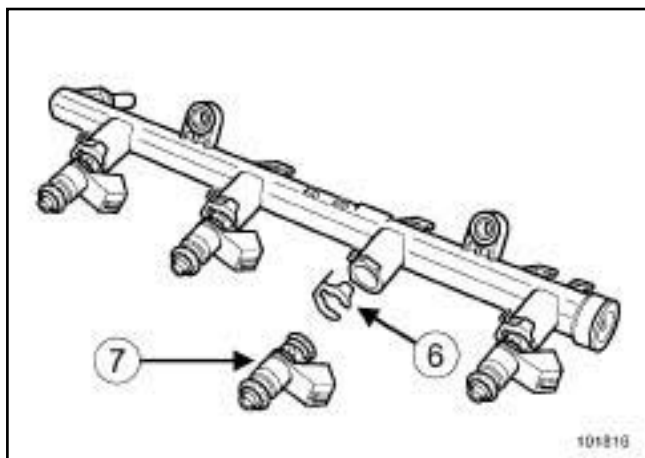
K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



101810

- Disconnect the injector connectors (4) .
- Remove:
  - the injector rail bolts (5) ,
  - the « injector rail-injector » assembly by pulling it carefully towards the front of the vehicle.



101816

- Remove:
  - the retaining clips (6) from the injectors,
  - the injectors (7) .
- Insert the blanking plugs.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: injector clip on injector rail.
- parts always to be replaced: injector seal.
- Refit:
  - new seals on each injector,
  - the injectors on the injector rail,
  - a new clip on each injector.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

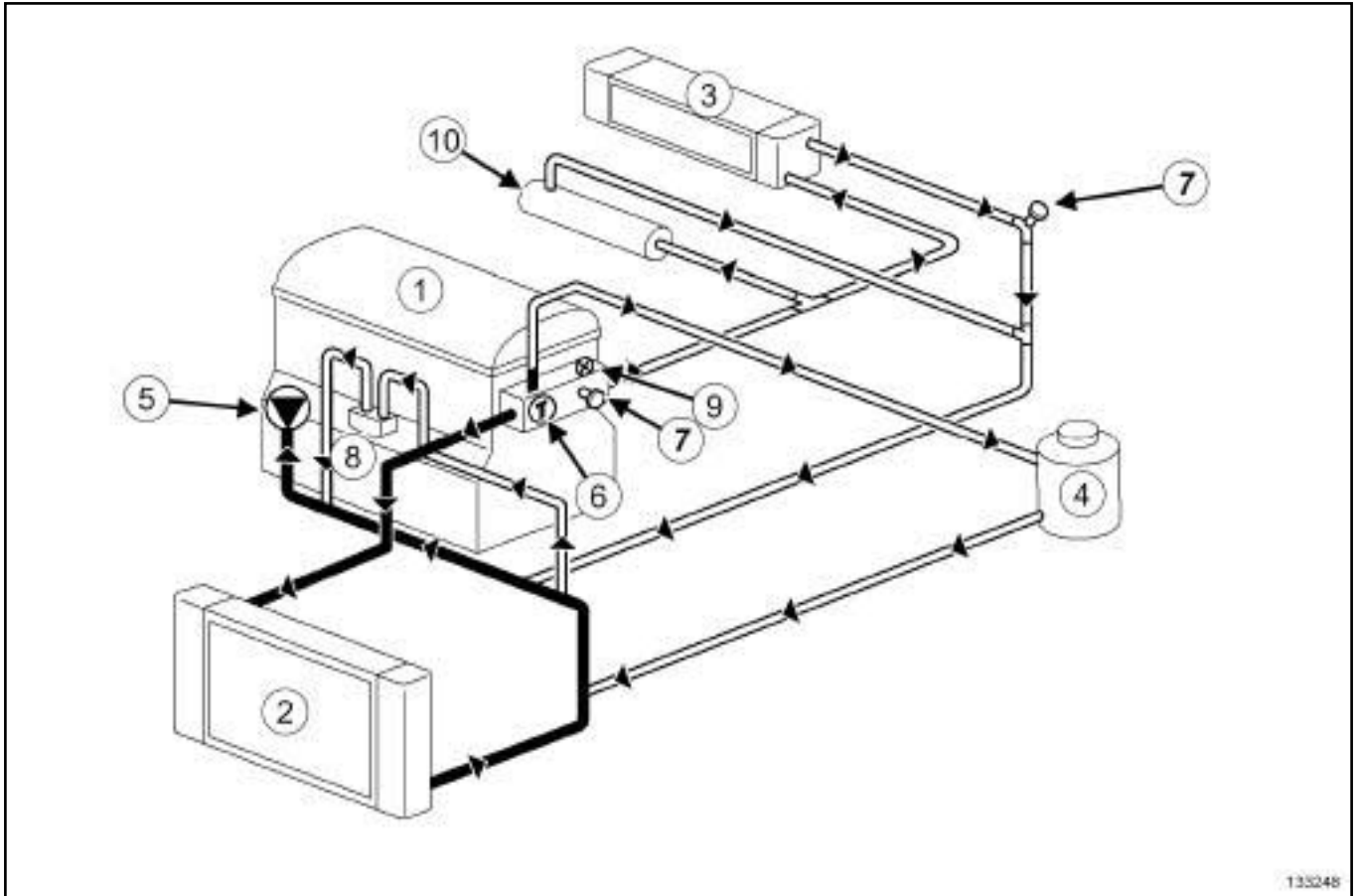
- Remove the blanking plugs.
- Fit the « injector rail-injector » assembly.
- Torque tighten the **injector rail bolts (9 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect:
  - the injector connectors,
  - the fuel supply union onto the injector rail,
- Refit the injector rail protector.
- Torque tighten the two **injector rail protector nuts (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

## Engine cooling system: Operating diagram

K9K, and 796



133248

133248

- |      |                          |
|------|--------------------------|
| (1)  | Engine                   |
| (2)  | Cooling radiator         |
| (3)  | Heater radiator          |
| (4)  | Expansion bottle         |
| (5)  | Water pump               |
| (6)  | Thermostat               |
| (7)  | Bleed screw              |
| (8)  | Oil-water heat exchanger |
| (9)  | Temperature switch       |
| (10) | EGR                      |

## Engine cooling system: Specifications

Vehicles in the current range have cooling systems with the following basic specifications:

- hermetically-sealed pressurised circuit (expansion chamber valve),
- circuit using a type "D" coolant,
- passenger compartment heating system via a "heater matrix" type radiator under the dashboard.

### I - GRADE AND QUANTITY OF COOLANT

Engine	Quantity (litres)	Grade
K4M	Approximately 5.45 (version with AC) Approximately 4.5 (version without AC)	<b>GLACEOL RX (TYPE D)</b>  Use coolant only.
K9K		

#### Special notes:

- protection down to **-25°C ± 2** for cold and temperate countries,
- protection down to **-40°C ± 2** for very cold countries

### II - THERMOSTAT

Engine	Start of opening (°C)	End of opening (°C)
K4M	89	99 ± 2
K9K		

## Engine cooling system: Check

### IMPORTANT

When working in the engine compartment, take care as the radiator fan(s) may start up unexpectedly (risk of being cut).

To avoid any risk of serious burns when the engine is hot:

- do not open the expansion bottle cap,
- do not drain the cooling system,
- do not open the bleed screw(s).

### Note:

There are two procedures for checking the cooling system:

- the procedure using the
- the procedure using the

### Expansion bottle cap valve rating:

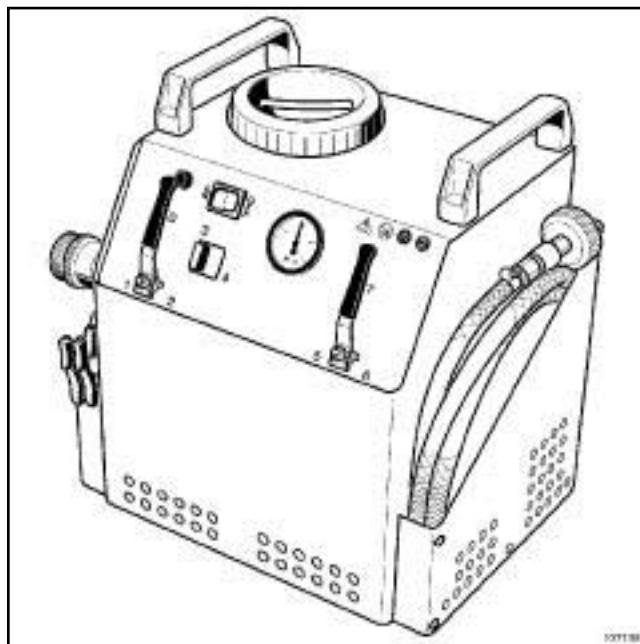
Expansion bottle cap with ...	Valve rating
... a brown circle	1.2 bar
... a yellow marking	1.4 bar
... a white marking	1.6 bar
... a grey marking	1.8 bar

### I - CHECKING THE COOLING SYSTEM USING THE TOOL (MOT. 1700)

#### WARNING

If the coolant is leaking from the expansion bottle cap, replace the valve.

### 1 - Checking the expansion bottle cap valve



107138

- Use the cooling system filling and diagnostic tool. Consult the user's manual for this tool (see **Cooling system filling and diagnostic tool: Use**) (Technical Note 3857A, 19A, Cooling).

### 2 - Checking the sealing of the cooling circuit

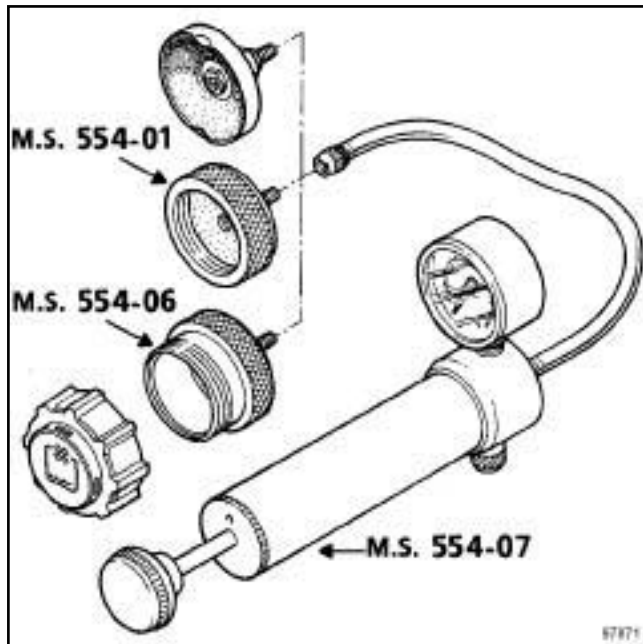
- Use the cooling system filling and diagnostic tool. Consult the user's manual for this tool (see **Cooling system filling and diagnostic tool: Use**) (Technical Note 3857A, 19A, Cooling).

### II - CHECKING THE COOLING SYSTEM USING THE TOOL (MS. 554-07)

#### WARNING

If the coolant is leaking from the expansion bottle cap, replace the valve.

## 1 - Checking the expansion bottle cap valve



97871

- Fit onto the tester, the adapter (**Ms. 554-06**).
- Fit the expansion bottle cap to the adapter (**Ms. 554-06**).

## Note:

The pressure should not drop; if it does, look for the leak.

- Pump with the, the pressure should stabilise at the expansion bottle cap valve rating with a test tolerance of  $\pm 0.1$  bar.

## 2 - Checking the sealing of the cooling circuit

- Replace the expansion bottle cap with the adapter (**Ms. 554-01**).
- Connect on the adapter (**Ms. 554-01**) the tool.
- Pump with the to put the cooling circuit under pressure.
- Stop pumping at **0.1 bar** below the valve rating for the expansion bottle cap valve.

## Note:

The pressure should not drop; if it does, look for the leak.

- Gradually unscrew the union of the to decompress the cooling system then remove the adapter (**Ms. 554-01**) and refit the expansion bottle cap.

## Engine cooling circuit: List and location of components

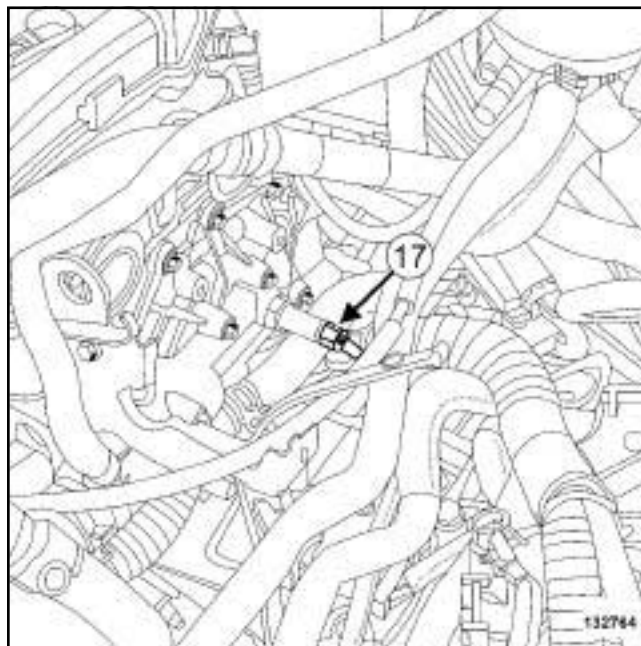
K4M

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

The engine cooling system is composed of:

- an engine cooling fan assembly (see 19A, **Cooling, Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-27) ,
- a cooling radiator (see 19A, **Cooling, Cooling radiator: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-9) ,
- a coolant pump (see 19A, **Cooling, Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-13) ,
- a thermostat (see 19A, **Cooling, Thermostat: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-19) ,
- a water chamber (see 19A, **Cooling, Water chamber: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-22) ,
- a coolant pump inlet pipe (see 19A, **Cooling, Coolant pump inlet pipe: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-34) ,
- an expansion bottle (see 19A, **Cooling, Expansion bottle: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-38) ,
- a coolant temperature sensor (see 19A, **Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-40) .

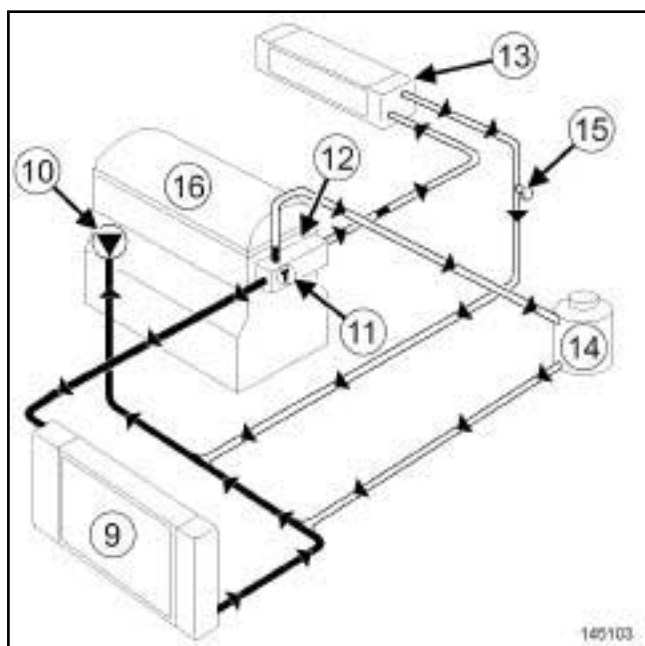
- (14) Expansion bottle
- (15) Bleed screw
- (16) Engine



132764

- (17) Coolant temperature sensor

### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS



145103

- (9) Cooling radiator
- (10) Water pump
- (11) Thermostat
- (12) Water chamber
- (13) Heater radiator

## Cooling system: Draining - Refilling

## Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1448</b>	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.
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<b>Car. 1363</b>	Set of trim removal levers.
------------------	-----------------------------

## Equipment required

coolant recovery tray

compressed air nozzle

**IMPORTANT**

When working in the engine compartment, take care as the radiator fan(s) may start up unexpectedly (risk of being cut).

To avoid any risk of serious burns when the engine is hot:

- do not open the expansion bottle cap,
- do not drain the cooling system,
- do not open the bleed screw(s).

**I - DRAINING**

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the expansion bottle cap,
  - the engine undertray.
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Position the **coolant recovery tray** under the vehicle.
- Remove the cooling radiator bottom hose clip using theoror (**Mot. 1448**).
- Open the cooling system by removing the cooling radiator bottom hose using the tool (**Car. 1363**).
- Use a **compressed air nozzle** to blow air into the system through the expansion bottle opening to remove as much coolant as possible.

**II - CLEANING**

- Fill the cooling system with water through the expansion bottle.
- Let the water run until the water collected from the cooling radiator bottom hose becomes clear.

- Use a **compressed air nozzle** to blow air into the system through the expansion bottle opening to remove as much coolant as possible.
- Refit the cooling radiator bottom hose.

**III - FILLING****Note:**

There are two procedures for filling the cooling system:

- the method using the tool, is recommended by Renault. It saves a considerable amount of time because it does not require the cooling system bleed screws to be opened,
- the procedure without a special tool.

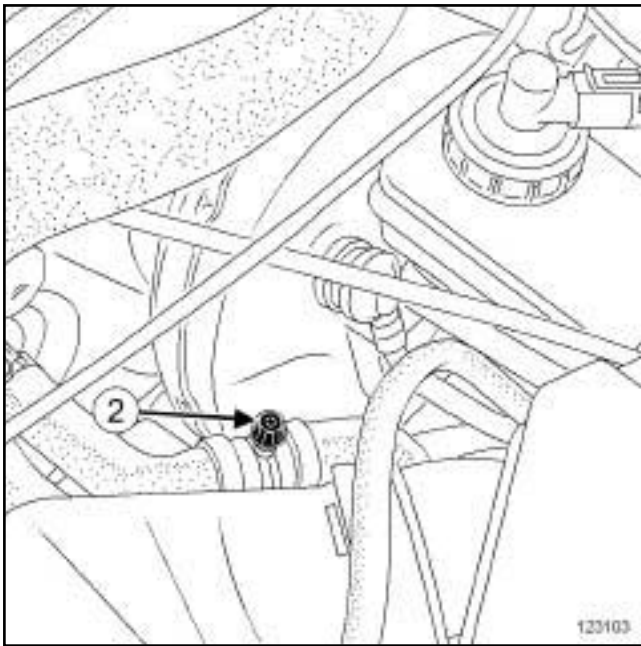
**1 - Filling procedure with the tool (Mot. 1700)**

- Fill the cooling system with engine coolant recommended by the manufacturer (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) using the tool. Consult the user's manual for this tool (see ) (Technical Note 3857A, 19A, Cooling).

**2 - Filling method without special tools****WARNING**

It is essential to open all of the bleed screws to remove as much as air as possible in the cooling system. Failure to perform this procedure may prevent the cooling system from filling properly and may damage the engine.

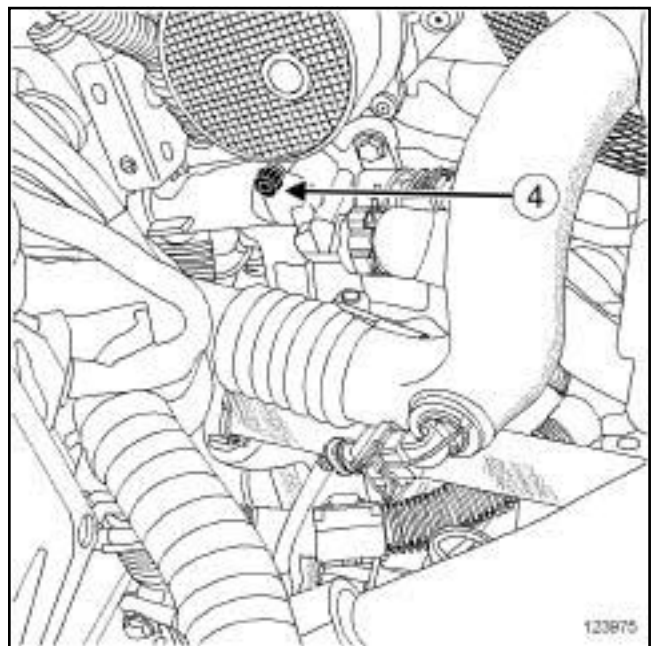
K4M



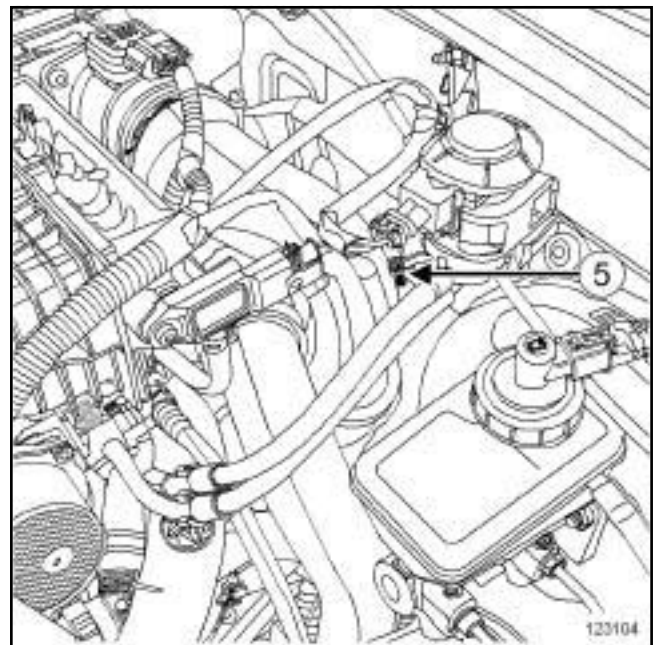
123103

- Open the bleed screw (2) .

K9K



123975



123104

- Open the bleed screws (4) and (5) .

- Fill the cooling system with engine coolant recommended by the manufacturer (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) via the expansion bottle until it overflows.
- Close all the bleed screws as soon as the coolant starts to flow in a continuous stream.



## Cooling system: Draining - Refilling

- Pressurise the system using the tool to check that there are no leaks (see **19A, Cooling, Engine cooling system: Check**, page **19A-3**).
- Refit the expansion bottle cap.
- Clean any surfaces soiled by the coolant.

**IV - BLEEDING****WARNING**

Do not open the bleed screw whilst the engine is running; this would damage the engine.

Start the engine.

**K4M**

- Maintain the engine speed at **2,500 rpm** until the engine cooling fan starts for the third time (time required for automatic degassing).

**K9K**

- Maintain the engine speed at **1500 rpm** varying the engine speed rapidly (until the maximum engine speed is reached) 2 to 3 times approximately every **2 minutes** until the engine cooling fan starts for the second time.

- Check that the heating is operating correctly.
- Let the engine cool until it reaches a coolant temperature below **50°C**.
- Make sure the coolant fluid level is at the « Maximum » mark.
- Refit the expansion bottle cap.

**V - FINAL OPERATION**

- Remove the **coolant recovery tray**.
- Refit the engine undertray.
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).

## Cooling radiator: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1448</b>	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.
<b>Car. 1363</b>	Set of trim removal levers.

### IMPORTANT

When working in the engine compartment, take care as the radiator fan(s) may start up unexpectedly (risk of being cut).

To avoid any risk of serious burns when the engine is hot:

- do not open the expansion bottle cap,
- do not drain the cooling system,
- do not open the bleed screw(s).

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### WARNING

When carrying out a repair that requires a complete change, it is essential to flush the circuit with clean water, blast compressed air through the circuit to drive out the water, fill and bleed the circuit and then measure the effective protection.

The criteria to be met are:

- protection down to **-25°C ± 2** for cold and temperate countries,
- protection down to **-40°C ± 2** for "extreme cold" countries.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

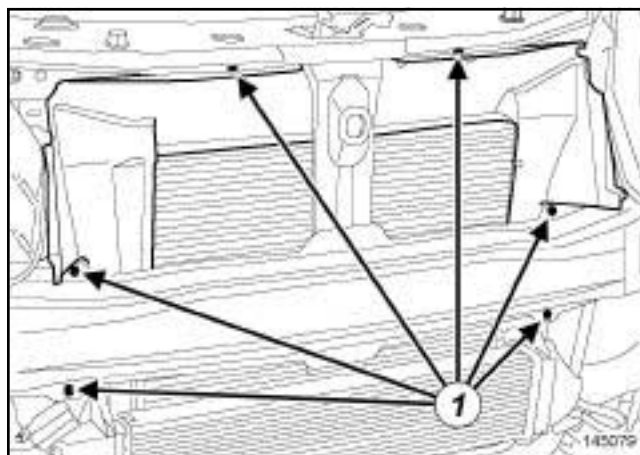
- Position the vehicle on a lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),

- the injector rail protector (see **13B, Diesel injection, Injector rail: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-25) ,
- the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) ,
- the fan assembly (see **19A, Cooling, Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-27) .

- Drain the engine cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6)

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### AIR CONDITIONING

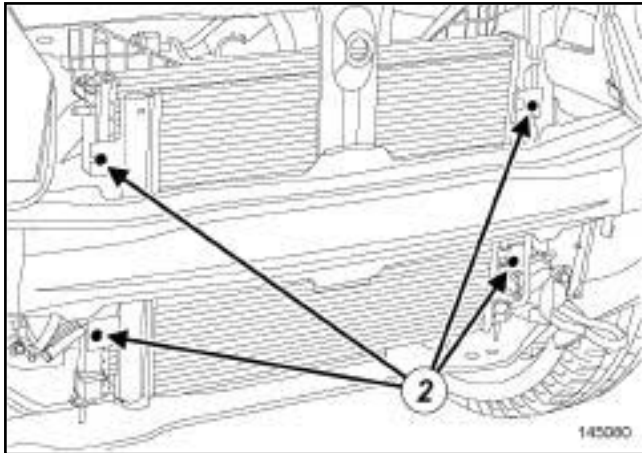


145079

- Remove:
  - the air deflector mounting pins (1) ,
  - the air deflector.
- Attach the condenser to the front impact cross member using a safety strap.

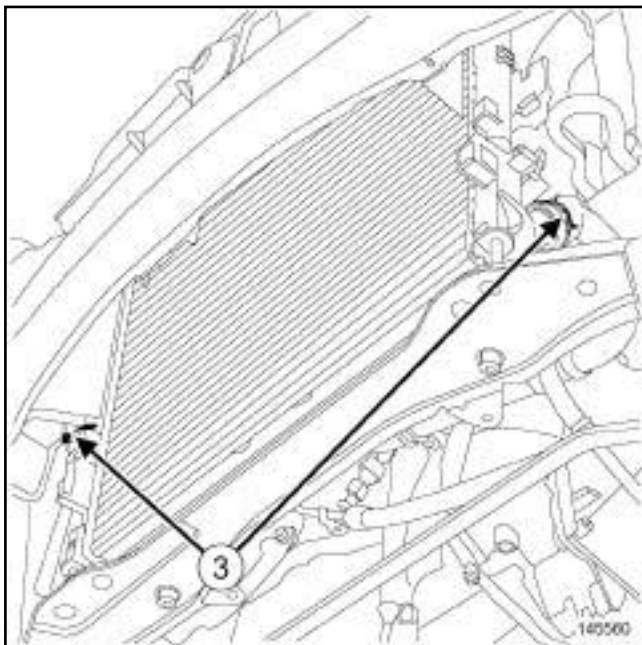
## Cooling radiator: Removal - Refitting

K4M



145080

- Remove the condenser bolts (2) .



145560

- Remove the cooling radiator hose clips (3) using the tool (**Mot. 1448**).
- Disconnect the cooling radiator hoses using the (**Car. 1363**).
- Remove the engine cooling radiator from above the vehicle.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the cooling radiator hose clips.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Refill and bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

## Cooling radiator: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1448** Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

### IMPORTANT

When working in the engine compartment, take care as the radiator fan(s) may start up unexpectedly (risk of being cut).

To avoid any risk of serious burns when the engine is hot:

- do not open the expansion bottle cap,
- do not drain the cooling system,
- do not open the bleed screw(s).

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### WARNING

When carrying out a repair that requires a complete change, it is essential to flush the circuit with clean water, blast compressed air through the circuit to drive out the water, fill and bleed the circuit and then measure the effective protection.

The criteria to be met are:

- protection down to **-25°C ± 2** for cold and temperate countries,
- protection down to **-40°C ± 2** for "extreme cold" countries.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

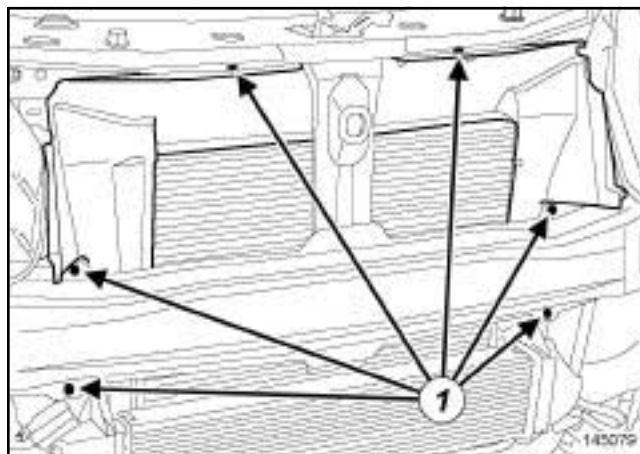
- Position the vehicle on a lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),

- the engine cover,
- the air intake sleeve,
- the intercooler (see **12B, Turbocharging, Intercooler: Removal - Refitting**, page 12B-8),
- the fan assembly (see **19A, Cooling, Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 19A-27).

- Drain the engine cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### AIR CONDITIONING

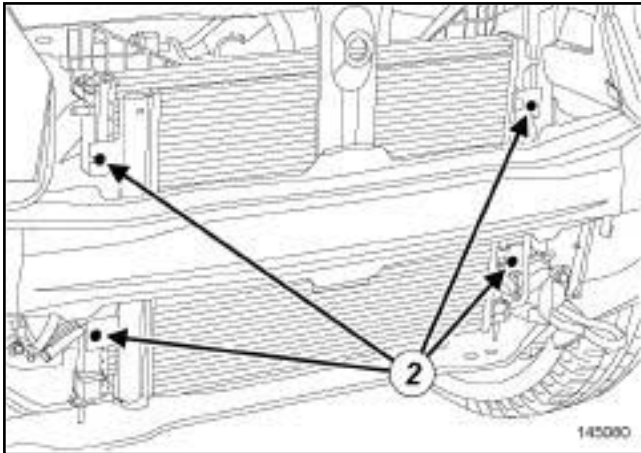


145079

- Remove:
  - the air deflector mounting pins (1),
  - the air deflector.
- Attach the condenser to the front impact cross member using a safety strap.

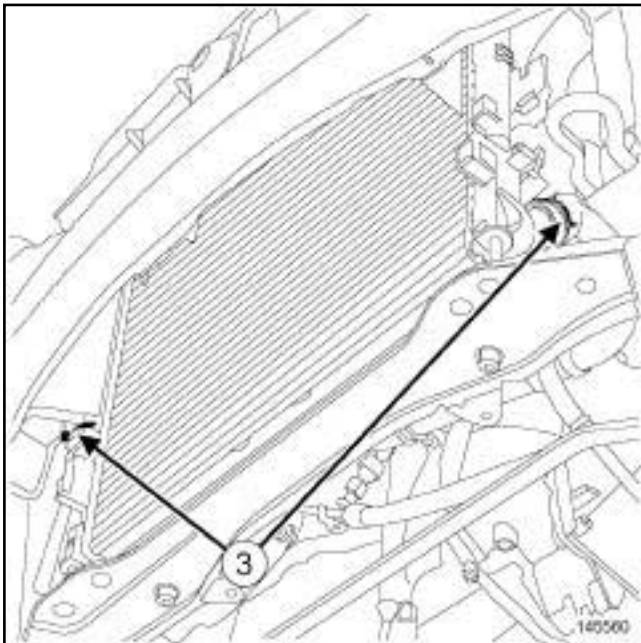
## Cooling radiator: Removal - Refitting

K9K



145080

- Remove the condenser bolts (2) .



145560

- Remove the cooling radiator hose clips (3) using the tool (Mot. 1448).
- Disconnect the cooling radiator hoses using the (Car. 1363).
- Remove the engine cooling radiator from above the vehicle.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION


- Always replace the cooling radiator hose clips.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Refill and bleed the cooling system (see 19A, **Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

## Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

Tightening torques 	
bolts of the coolant pump	10 N.m
inner timing cover bolts	9 N.m
alternator bolts	21 N.m

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear heat protective gloves during the operation.

### IMPORTANT

The circuits are designed to be pressurised, so be careful at high temperatures (risk of serious burns).

Do not remove the cap from the expansion bottle while the engine is hot.

Take care when carrying out a repair under the bonnet, as the radiator fan(s) may start to operate without warning.

Do not open the bleed screw(s) with the engine running.

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

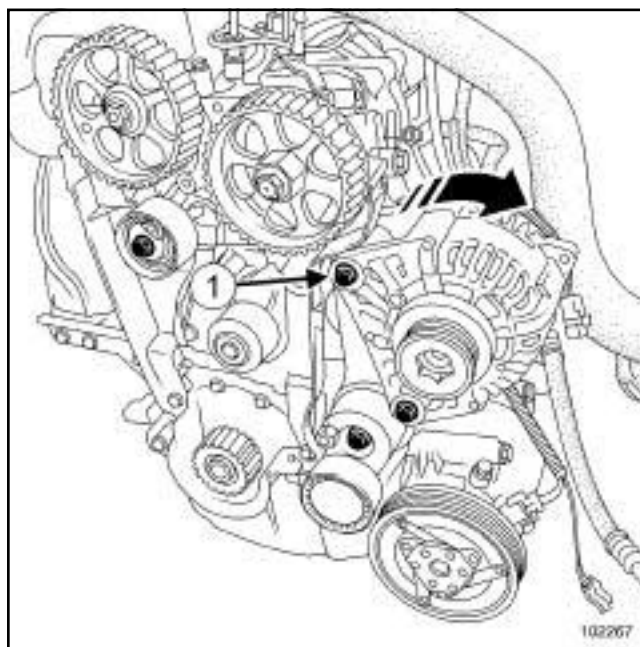
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the engine undertray bolts,

- the engine undertray.

- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Drain the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) .

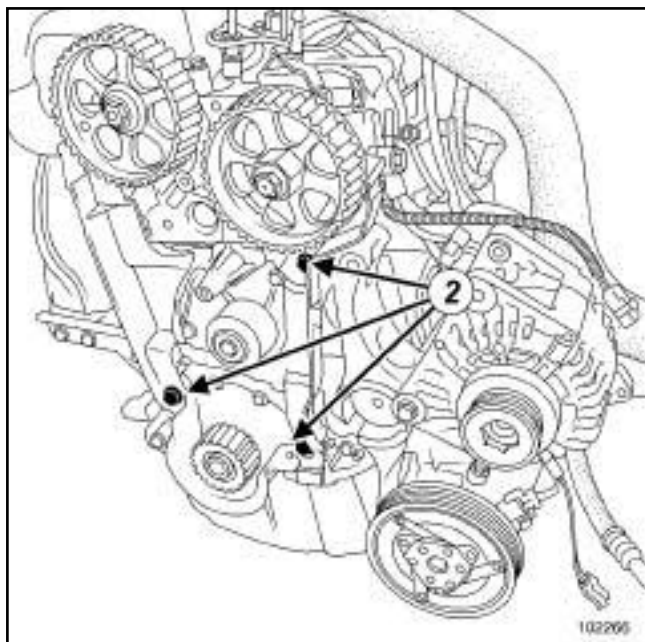


102267

- Disconnect the electrical connections from the alternator.
- Remove the alternator upper bolt (1) .
- Loosen the alternator lower bolt.
- Tilt the alternator forward.

## Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting

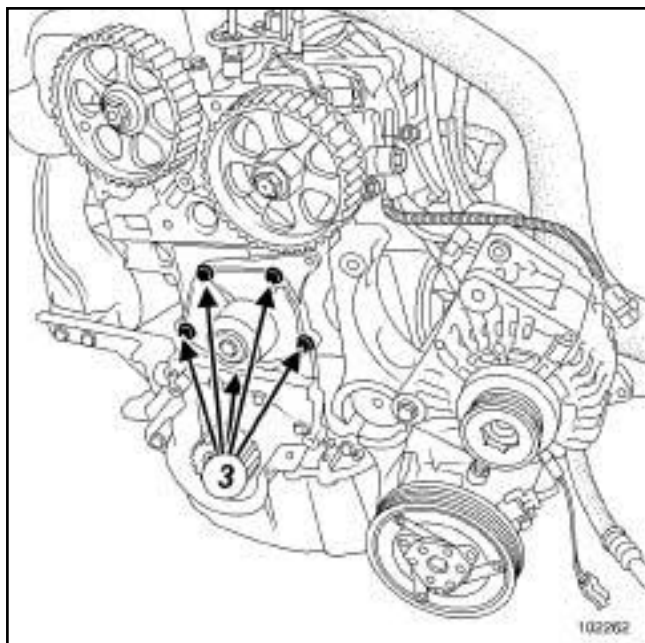
K9K, and 796



102266

- Remove:
  - the inner timing cover bolts (2) ,
  - the inner timing cover.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



102262

- Remove:
  - the coolant pump bolts (3) ,
  - the coolant pump,
  - the coolant pump seal.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: coolant pump seal.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the coolant pump sealing face if it is to be reused,
  - the cylinder block gasket face.

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Apply **SUPER CLEANER FOR JOINT FACES** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the areas to be cleaned.
- Leave for approximately ten minutes.
- Remove the residue using a wooden spatula.
- Complete the cleaning of the parts using an abrasive pad.

#### WARNING

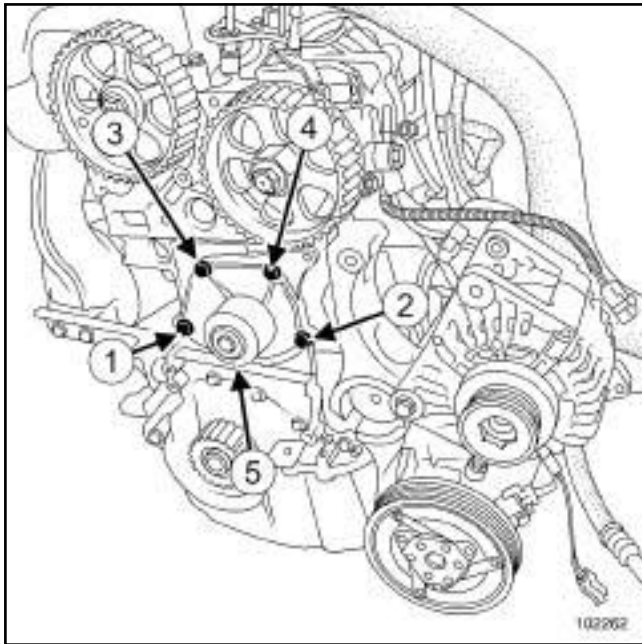
To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease the joint faces.
- Always replace the coolant pump seal.

## Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

## II - REFITTING OPERATION



102262

- Refit:
  - the coolant pump fitted with a new seal,
  - the coolant pump bolts.
- Torque tighten in order (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) the bolts of the coolant pump (10 N.m).
- Apply one or two drops of FRENETANCHE (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the coolant pump bolts.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the inner timing cover.
- Tighten to torque the inner timing cover bolts (9 N.m).
- Refit the alternator.
- Torque tighten the alternator bolts (21 N.m).
- Connect the alternator electrical connections.
- Refit:
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) .
- Fill the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine cover.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .



## Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Tightening torques

coolant pump M8 bolt	<b>27 N.m</b>
coolant pump M6 bolts	<b>10 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

When working in the engine compartment, take care as the radiator fan(s) may start up unexpectedly (risk of being cut).

To avoid any risk of serious burns when the engine is hot:

- do not open the expansion bottle cap,
- do not drain the cooling system,
- do not open the bleed screw(s).

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### WARNING

When carrying out a repair that requires a complete change, it is essential to flush the circuit with clean water, blast compressed air through the circuit to drive out the water, fill and bleed the circuit and then measure the effective protection.

The criteria to be met are:

- protection down to **-25°C ± 2** for cold and temperate countries,
- protection down to **-40°C ± 2** for "extreme cold" countries.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

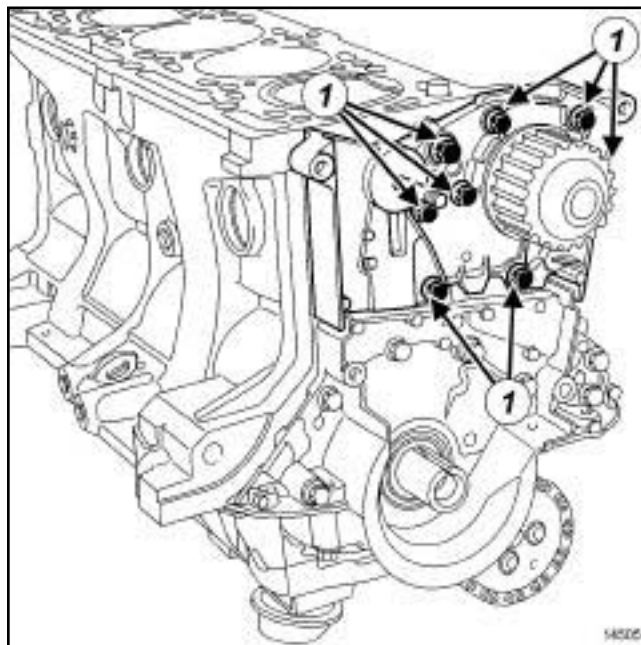
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),

- the accessories belt (see 11A, **Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,

- the timing belt (see 11A, **Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) .

- Drain the cooling system (see 19A, **Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



14505

- Remove:
  - the coolant pump bolts (1) ,
  - the coolant pump.

## Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

**IMPORTANT**

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

**IMPORTANT**

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

**WARNING**

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

- Use **SUPER CLEANING AGENT FOR JOINT FACES** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:

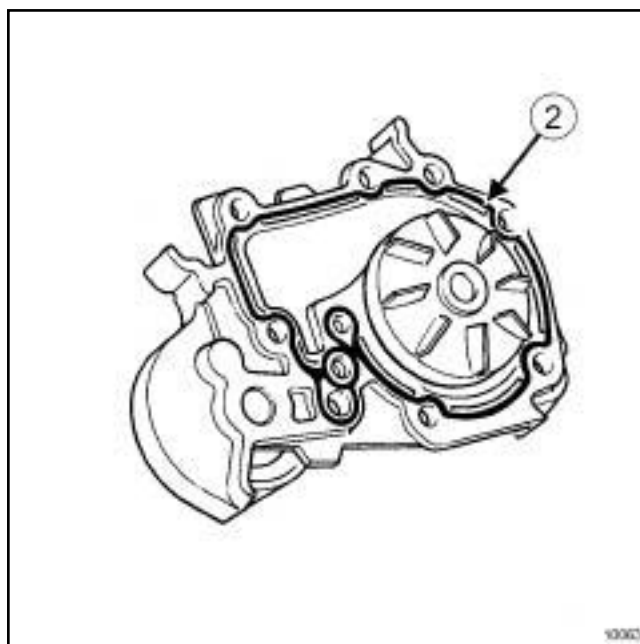
- the coolant pump sealing face if it is to be reused,
- the cylinder block gasket face.

- Apply the product to the surfaces to be cleaned.
- Leave for approximately ten minutes.
- Remove the residue using a wooden spatula.
- Complete the cleaning of the parts using an abrasive pad.

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease the joint faces.



10063

**WARNING**

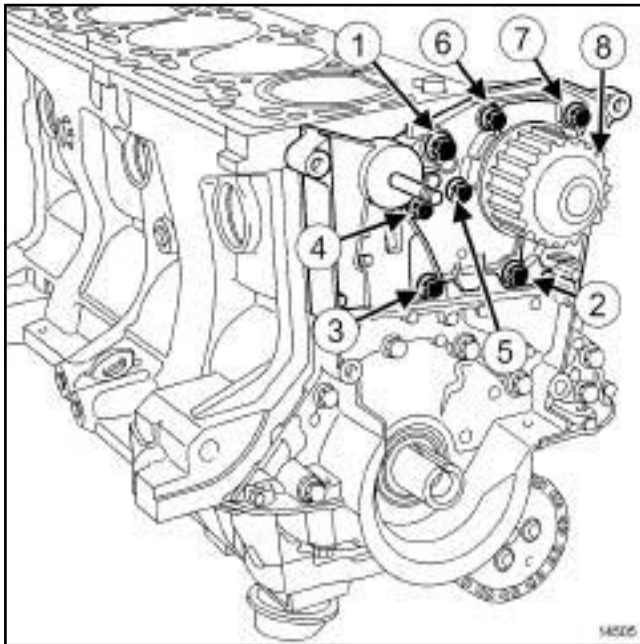
Applying excess sealant could cause it to be squeezed out when parts are tightened. A mixture of sealant and fluid could damage certain components (engine, radiator, etc.).

- Apply at (2) a bead of **RESIN ADHESIVE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) **0.6 to 1 mm** wide.

## Coolant pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M

## II - REFITTING OPERATION



14505

- Apply one to two drops of **FRENETANCHE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the coolant pump bolts (1) and (4) .
- Refit the coolant pump.
- Fit the coolant pump bolts in order until contact is made.
- Torque tighten in order:
  - the **coolant pump M8 bolt (27 N.m)** (1) .
  - the **coolant pump M6 bolts (10 N.m)** (2) to (8) .

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the timing belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-17) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**, page 11A-2) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Fill the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

**Thermostat: Removal - Refitting**

K9K

- The thermostat is integral with the coolant outlet unit. The coolant outlet unit must be replaced to replace it (see **19A, Cooling, Water chamber: Removal - Refitting**, page **19A-22**).

K4M

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1448** Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

### IMPORTANT

When working in the engine compartment, take care as the radiator fan(s) may start up unexpectedly (risk of being cut).

To avoid any risk of serious burns when the engine is hot:

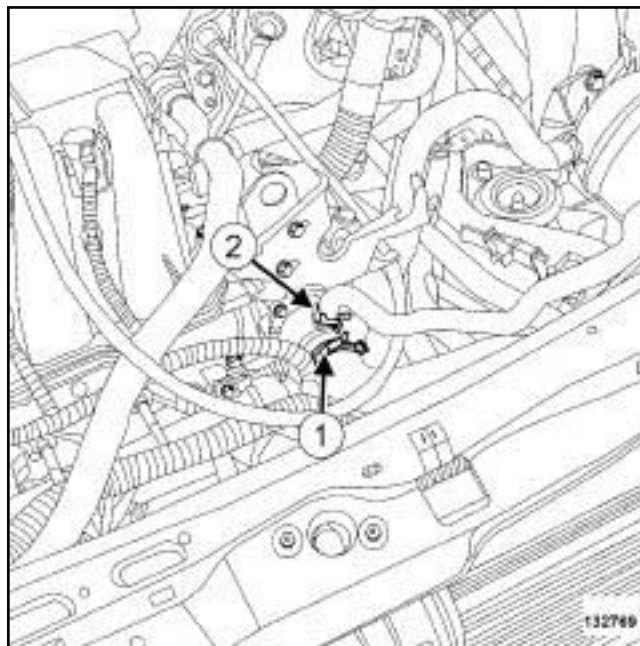
- do not open the expansion bottle cap,
- do not drain the cooling system,
- do not open the bleed screw(s).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

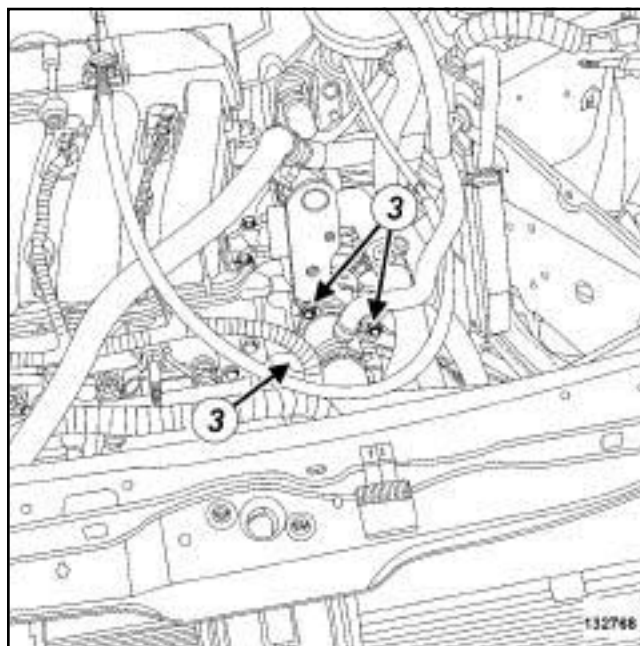
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) ,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Drain the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



132769

- Using the **(Mot. 1448)** or remove:
  - the cooling radiator top hose clip (1) ,
  - the clip (2) from the expansion bottle hose.
- Disconnect from the thermostat cover:
  - the cooling radiator top hose,
  - the expansion bottle hose.

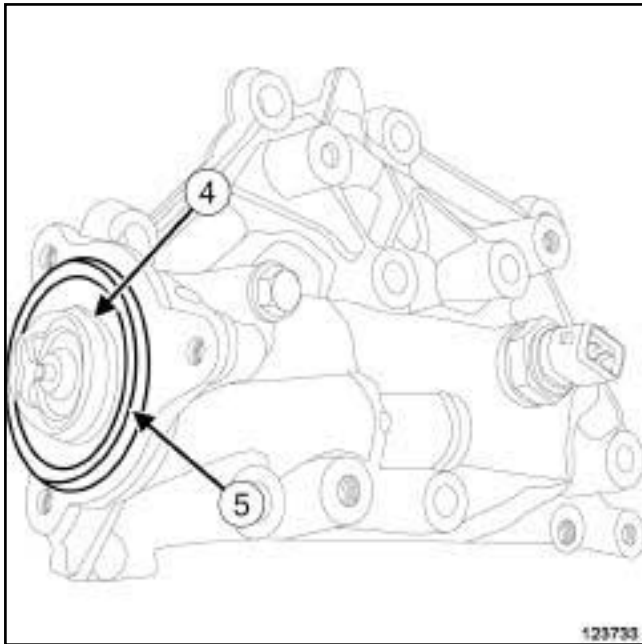


132768

- Remove:
  - the thermostat cover bolts (3) ,

K4M

- the thermostat cover.



Remove:

- the thermostat (4) ,
- the thermostat seal (5) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease the thermostat housing.
- The thermostat seal must be replaced.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - a new seal on the thermostat,
  - the thermostat,
  - the thermostat cover.
- Connect the following to the thermostat cover:
  - the expansion bottle hose,
  - the cooling radiator top hose.
- Using the **(Mot. 1448)** ororfit:
  - the expansion bottle hose clip,
  - the cooling radiator top hose clip.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Fill and bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page **19A-6**) .
- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-2**) .

## Water chamber: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

### Tightening torques

water chamber bolts	11 N.m
expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

The circuits are designed to be pressurised, so be careful at high temperatures (risk of serious burns). Do not remove the cap from the expansion bottle while the engine is hot.

Take care when carrying out a repair under the bonnet, as the radiator fan(s) may start to operate without warning.

Do not open the bleed screw(s) with the engine running.

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

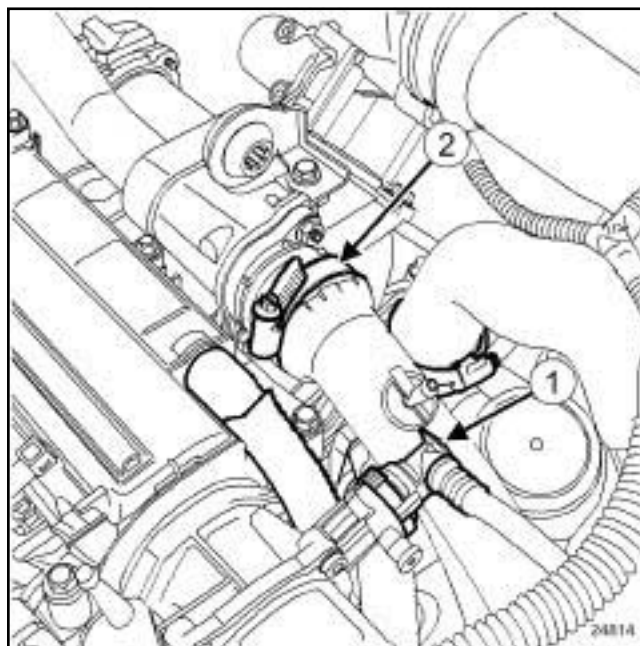
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Drain the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6).
- Remove:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6),

- the expansion bottle nuts.

- Move aside the expansion bottle.

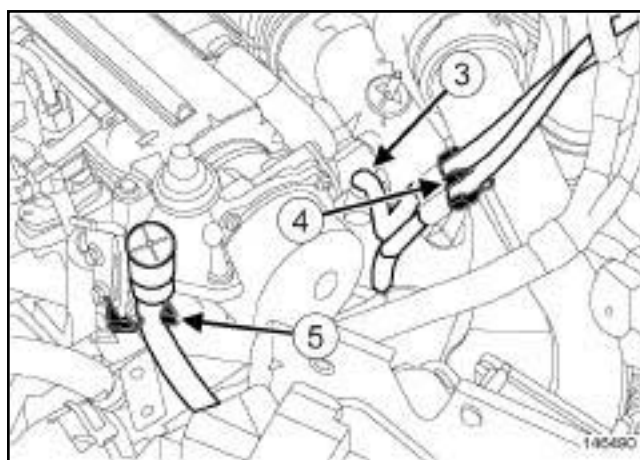


24814

- Disconnect:

- the union (1) on the vacuum pump,

- the air duct between the intercooler and the EGR assembly at (2).



146490

- Disconnect the EGR solenoid valve pipe at (3).

- Unclip:

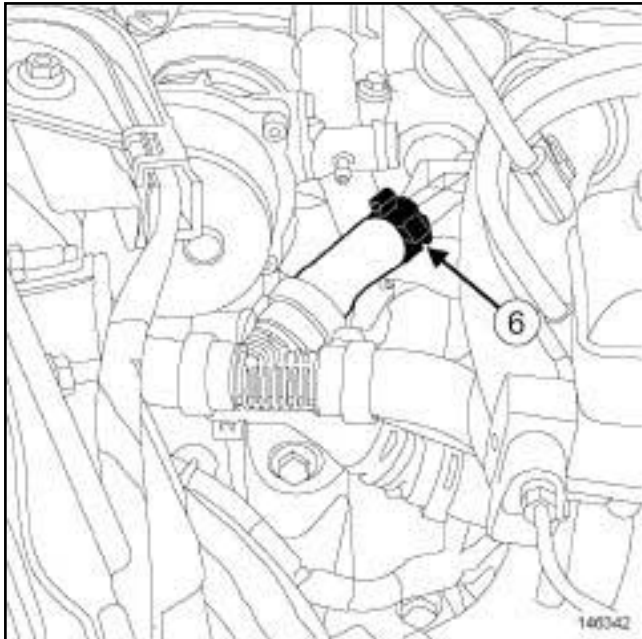
- the EGR solenoid valve pipes at (4),

- the gearbox breather pipe at (5).

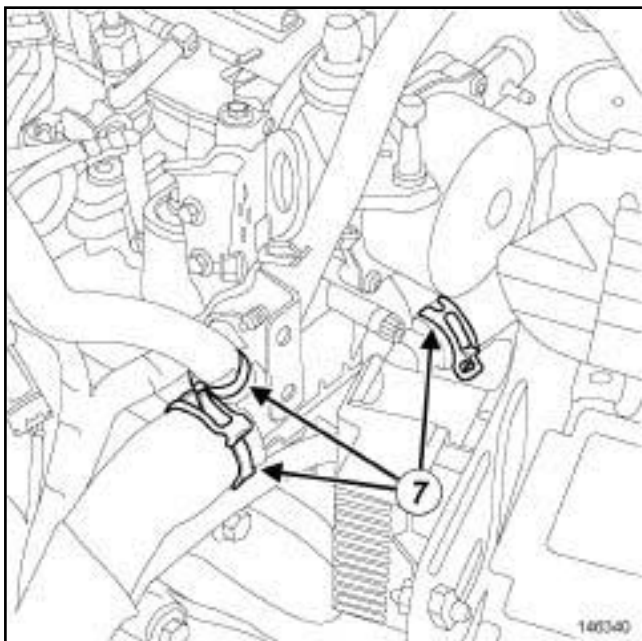
- Move aside the air duct between the intercooler and the EGR assembly.

## Water chamber: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

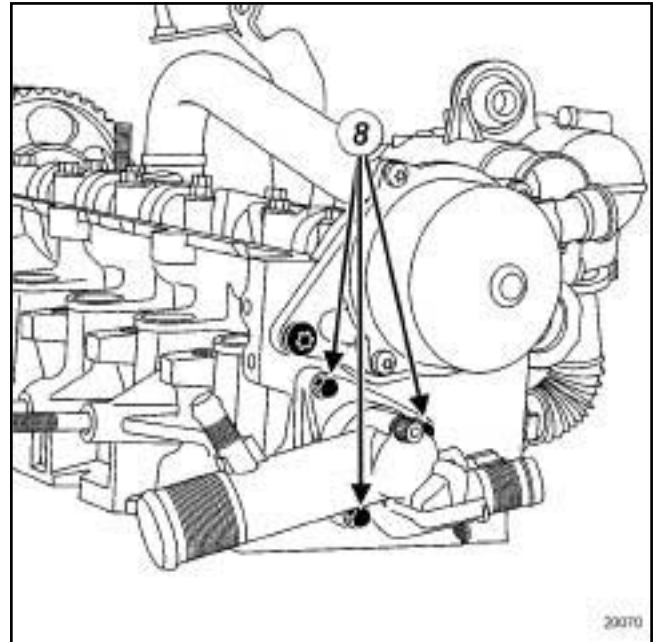


- Disconnect the EGR assembly outlet pipe at (6) .
- Move the EGR assembly outlet pipe aside.
- Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector.



- Disconnect the cooling hoses on the water chamber at (7) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the water chamber bolts (8) ,
  - the water chamber,
  - the water chamber seal.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Cylinder head coolant outlet unit seal.**
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) to clean and degrease:
  - the cylinder head joint face,
  - the water chamber seal housing if it is to be reused.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.



## Water chamber: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - a new water chamber seal in the water chamber housing,
  - the water chamber.
- Torque tighten the **water chamber bolts (11 N.m)**.
- Connect:
  - the cooling hoses to the water chamber,
  - the coolant temperature sensor connector,
  - the EGR assembly outlet pipe,
- Position the air duct between the intercooler and the EGR assembly.
- Connect:
  - the air duct on the EGR assembly,
  - the union to the vacuum pump.
- Connect the EGR solenoid valve pipe to the vacuum pump.
- Clip on:
  - the breather pipe from the gearbox,
  - the EGR solenoid valve pipes.
- Position the expansion bottle.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the engine cover.
- Fill and bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

## Water chamber: Removal - Refitting

K4M

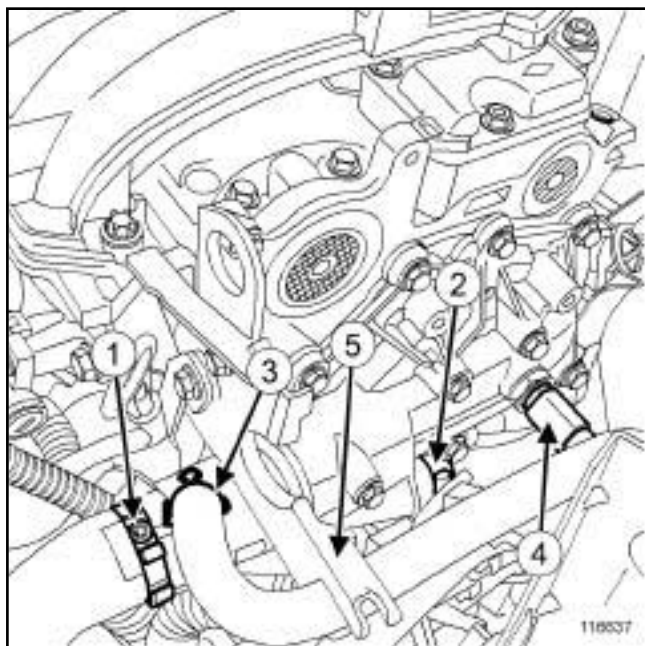
### Tightening torques

coolant outlet unit bolts (initial torque)	4 N.m
water chamber bolts	12 N.m

## REMOVAL

### I - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

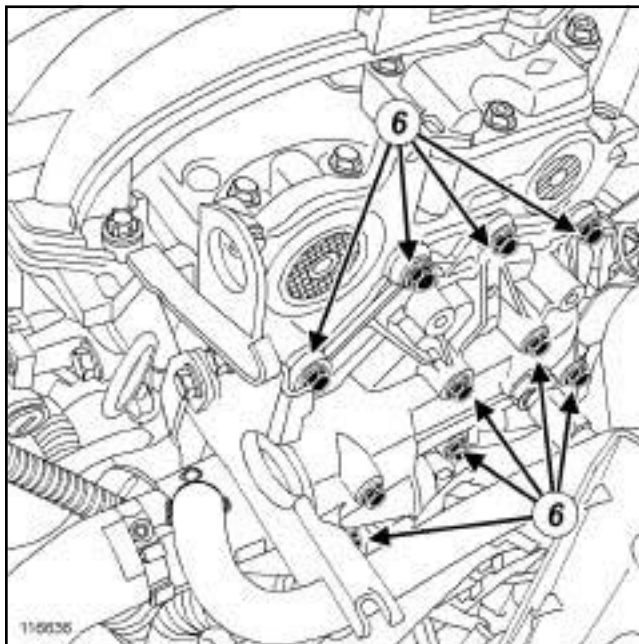
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .
- Drain the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .



116637

- Disconnect:
  - the radiator top hose (1) from the water chamber,
  - the passenger compartment heater hose (2) ,
  - the expansion bottle hose (3) ,
  - the coolant temperature sensor (4) .
- Unclip the hoses from their support at (5) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



116636

- Remove:
  - the water chamber bolts (6) ,
  - the water chamber.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Cylinder head coolant outlet unit seal

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

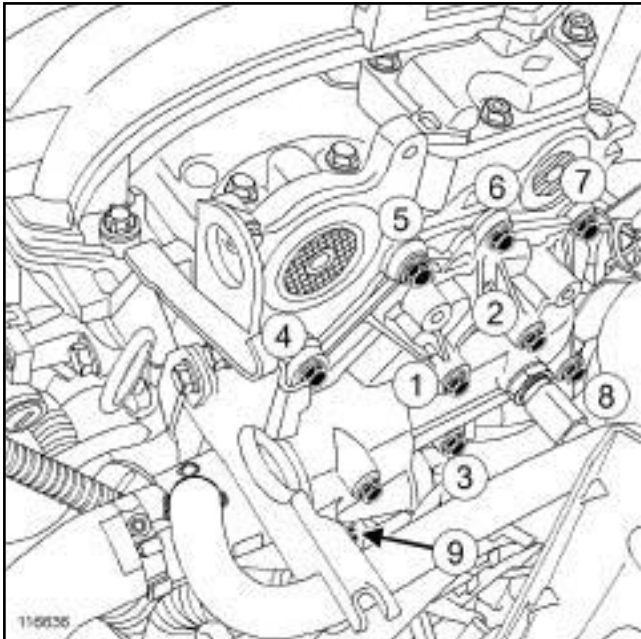
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the cylinder head joint face,
  - the water chamber joint face, if being reused.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the water chamber.

## Water chamber: Removal - Refitting

K4M



116636

- Screw on the water chamber bolts without tightening them.
- Torque tighten in order:
  - the **coolant outlet unit bolts (initial torque) (4 N.m)**,
  - the **water chamber bolts (12 N.m)**.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Connect:
  - the coolant temperature sensor,
  - the expansion bottle hose,
  - the passenger compartment heater hose,
  - the top hose to the water chamber.
- Refit the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .
- Fill the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

## Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

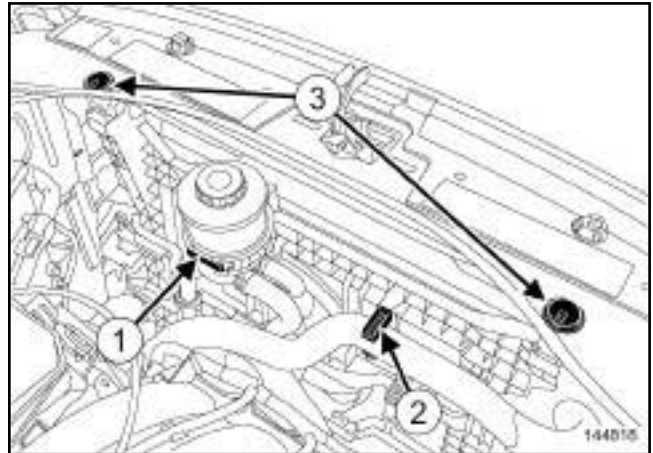
K4M

## REMOVAL

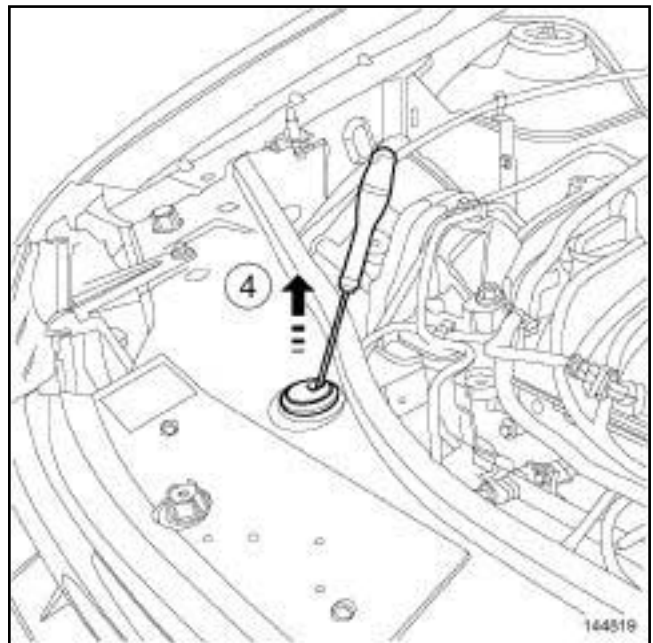
## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the injector rail protector (see **13B, Diesel injection, Injector rail: Removal - Refitting**, page 13B-25) ,
  - the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



144818



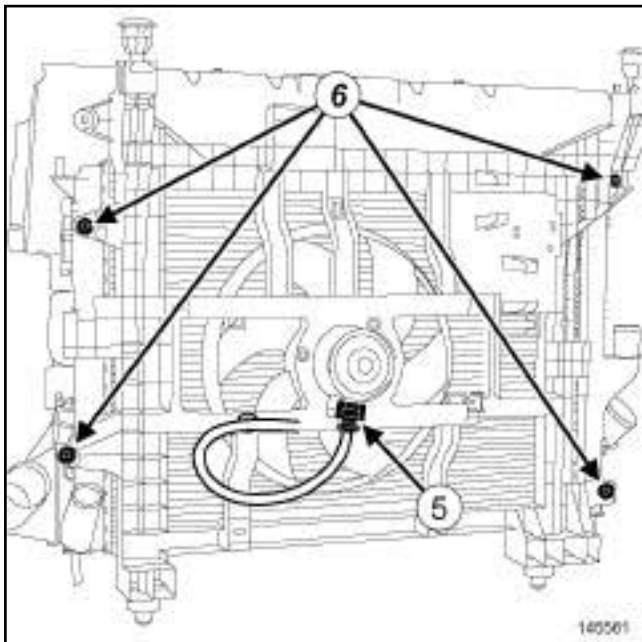
144819

- Unclip:
  - the power-assisted steering hoses on the fan assembly,
  - the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir from its support at (1) ,
  - the engine coolant hose at (2) .
- Press on the clips of the centring pins (3) on the engine cooling fan assembly using a screwdriver and pull them according to the direction of the arrow (4) .
- Secure the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir to the engine.
- Remove the power assisted steering fluid reservoir bracket.

## Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

K4M

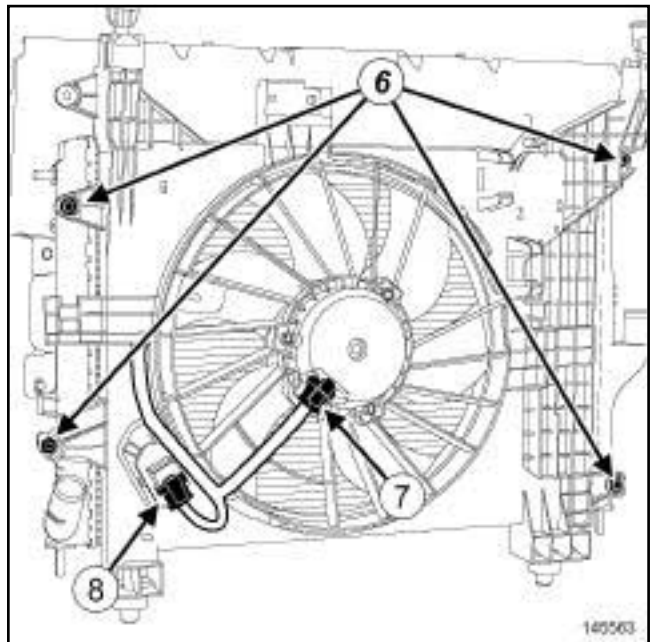
### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



145561

- Disconnect the cooling fan assembly connector (5) .
- Unclip the engine cooling fan assembly wiring.
- Move aside the wiring of the engine cooling fan assembly.
- Remove the engine cooling radiator bolts (6) .

### AIR CONDITIONING

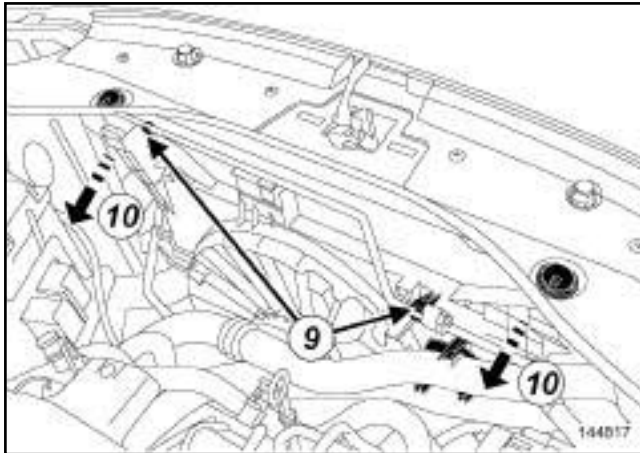


145563

- Disconnect:
  - the engine cooling fan assembly connector (7) ,
  - the engine cooling fan assembly resistor connector (8) .
- Unclip the engine cooling fan assembly wiring.
- Move aside the wiring of the engine cooling fan assembly.
- Remove the engine cooling radiator bolts (6) .

## Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

K4M



- Unclip the « condenser - expansion valve » connecting pipe at (9) .

### WARNING

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

- Pull the fan assembly according to the arrows (10) passing it under the « condenser - expansion valve » connecting pipe.

### Note:

Do not damage the cooling unit vanes (radiator, condenser, etc.) during handling.

- Remove the engine cooling fan assembly from above the vehicle.

### In the event of replacement

- Remove from the fan assembly:
  - the power-assisted steering hose clips,
  - the wiring clip.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### In the event of replacement

- Refit on the fan assembly:
  - the power-assisted steering hose clips,
  - the wiring clip.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### III - CHECKING THE OPERATION OF THE FAN UNIT

- Start the engine.
- Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector.
- Check the operation of the fan assembly.
- Connect the coolant temperature sensor connector.
- Switch off the engine.

## Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

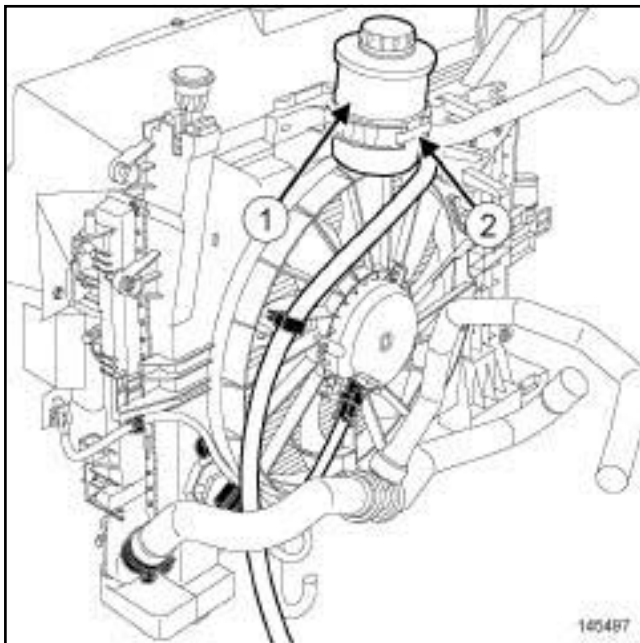
K9K

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

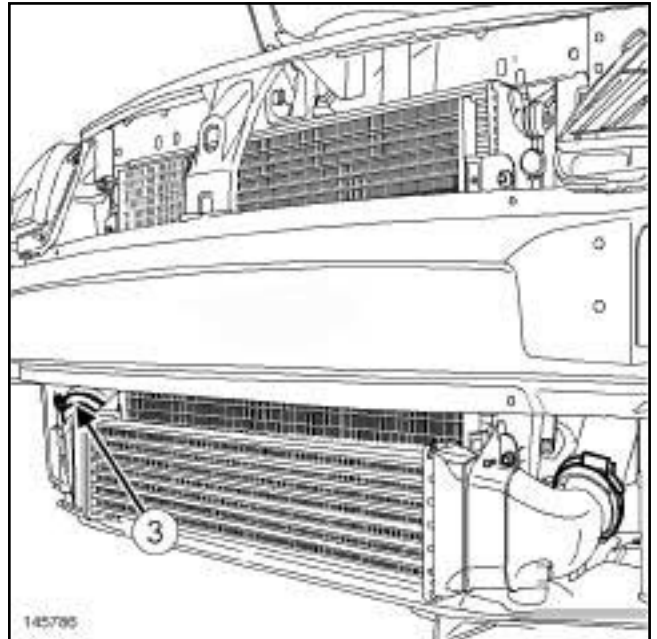
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air intake sleeve,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).

## STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



145497

- Unclip:
  - the power-assisted steering hoses on the fan assembly,
  - the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir (1) from its support at (2) .
- Secure the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir to the engine.
- Remove the power assisted steering fluid reservoir bracket.



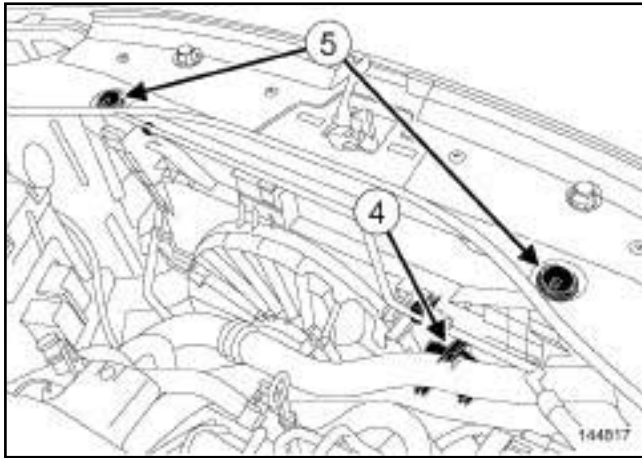
145786

- Disconnect the intercooler duct at (3) .

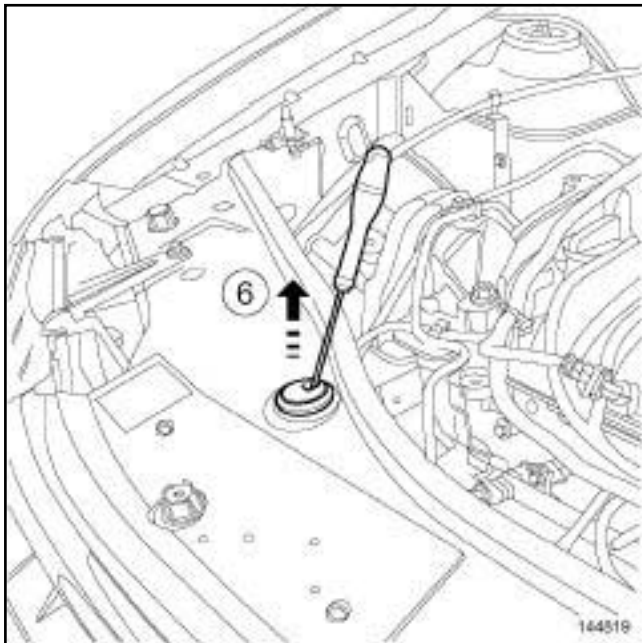
## Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



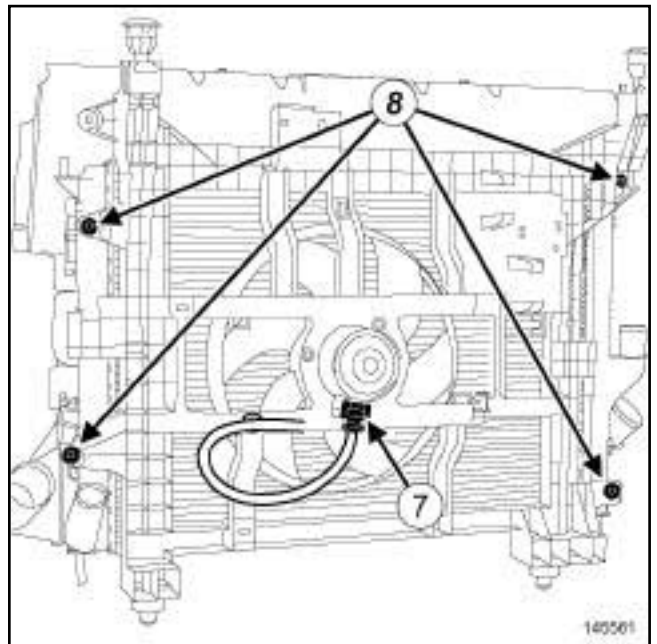
144817



144819

- Unclip the following from the support (4) :
  - the intercooler duct on the fan assembly,
  - the engine coolant hose.
- Press on the clips of the centring pins (5) on the engine cooling fan assembly using a screwdriver and pull them according to the direction of the arrow (6) .

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



145561

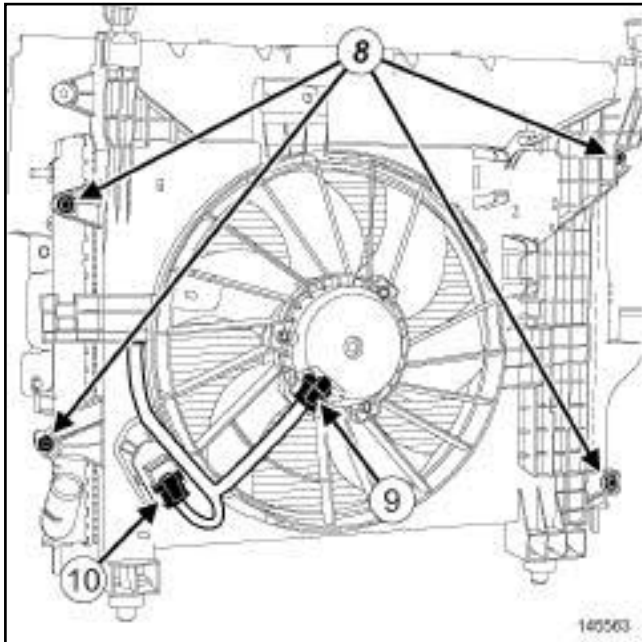
- Disconnect the cooling fan assembly connector (7) .
- Unclip the engine cooling fan assembly wiring.
- Move aside the wiring of the engine cooling fan assembly.
- Remove the engine cooling radiator bolts (8) .



## Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

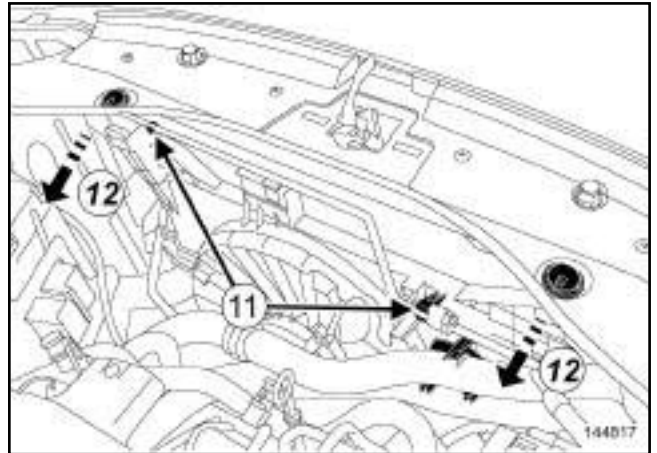
K9K

## AIR CONDITIONING



145563

- Disconnect:
  - the engine cooling fan assembly connector (9) ,
  - the engine cooling fan assembly resistor connector (10) .
- Unclip the engine cooling fan assembly wiring.
- Move aside the wiring of the engine cooling fan assembly.
- Remove the engine cooling radiator bolts (8) .



144817

- Unclip the « condenser - expansion valve » connecting pipe at (11) .

**WARNING**

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

- Pull the fan assembly according to the arrows (12) passing it under the « condenser - expansion valve » connecting pipe.

**Note:**

Do not damage the cooling unit vanes (radiator, condenser, etc.) during handling.

- Remove the engine cooling fan assembly from above the vehicle.

**In the event of replacement**

- Remove from the fan assembly:
  - the power-assisted steering hose clips,
  - the wiring clip,
  - the support of the intercooler duct and coolant hose on the fan assembly.

**Engine cooling fan assembly: Removal - Refitting**

K9K

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION****In the event of replacement**

- Refit on the fan assembly:
  - the power-assisted steering hose clips,
  - the wiring clip,
  - the support of the intercooler duct and coolant hose on the fan assembly.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**


- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

**III - CHECKING THE OPERATION OF THE FAN UNIT**

- Start the engine.
- Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector.
- Check the operation of the fan assembly.
- Connect the coolant temperature sensor connector.
- Switch off the engine.

## Coolant pump inlet pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

Tightening torques 	
coolant pump inlet pipe bolt	22 N.m
accelerometer	20 N.m

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear heat protective gloves during the operation.

### IMPORTANT

The circuits are designed to be pressurised, so be careful at high temperatures (risk of serious burns).

Do not remove the cap from the expansion bottle while the engine is hot.

Take care when carrying out a repair under the bonnet, as the radiator fan(s) may start to operate without warning.

Do not open the bleed screw(s) with the engine running.

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

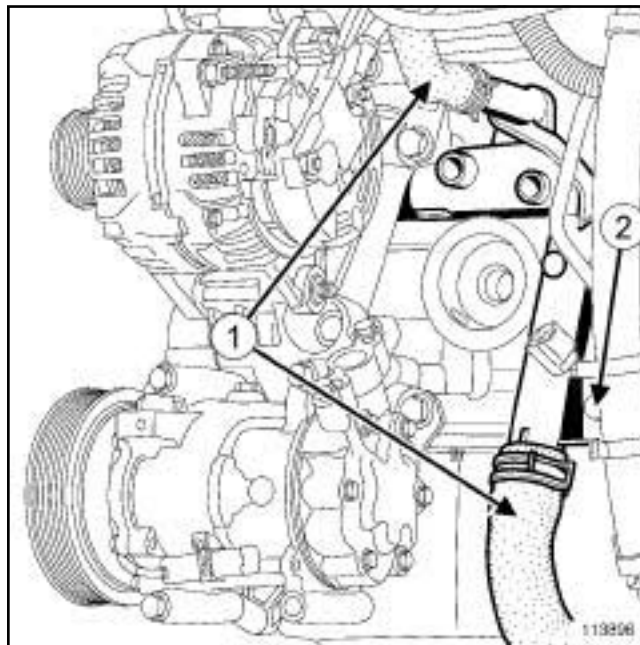
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.

- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Drain the engine cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6).
- Remove the oil-water heat exchanger (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil-coolant heat exchanger: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-37).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



113896

- Disconnect:
  - the coolant hoses (1) from the coolant pump inlet pipe,
  - the accelerometer connector.
- Remove the accelerometer using.
- Remove:
  - the water pump inlet pipe bolt (2),
  - the coolant pump inlet pipe.
  - the coolant pump inlet pipe seal.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: seal between coolant pump inlet pipe and coolant pump**

## Coolant pump inlet pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the coolant pump inlet pipe seal housing if it is being reused,
  - the seal housing in the cylinder block.

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

**WARNING**

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

- Replace the removed clips.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Refit the coolant pump inlet pipe to the cylinder block.
- Torque tighten the **coolant pump inlet pipe bolt (22 N.m)**.
- Refit the accelerometer using the tool.
- Tighten to torque the **accelerometer (20 N.m)**.
- Connect:
  - the accelerometer connector,
  - the coolant hoses onto the coolant pump inlet pipe.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit the oil-water heat exchanger (see **10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil-coolant heat exchanger: Removal - Refitting**, page 10A-37) .
- Fill the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine cover.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

## Coolant pump inlet pipe: Removal - Refitting

K4M

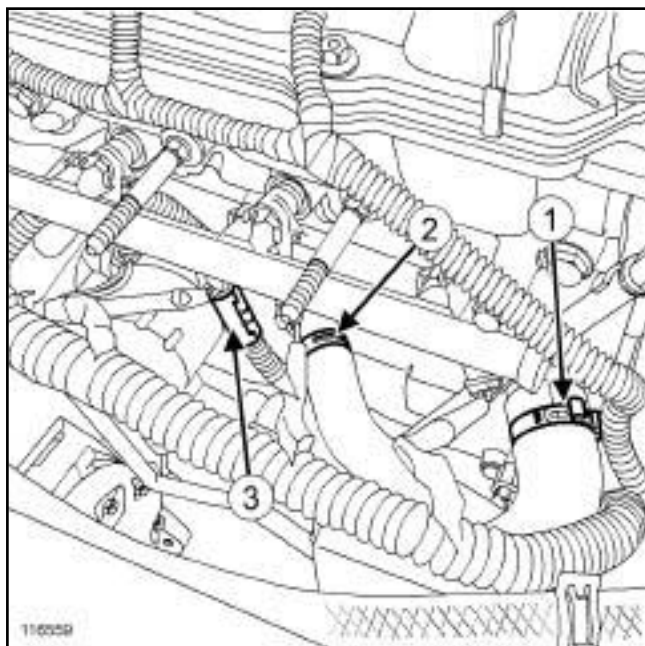
### Tightening torques

coolant pump inlet pipe bolt	22 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

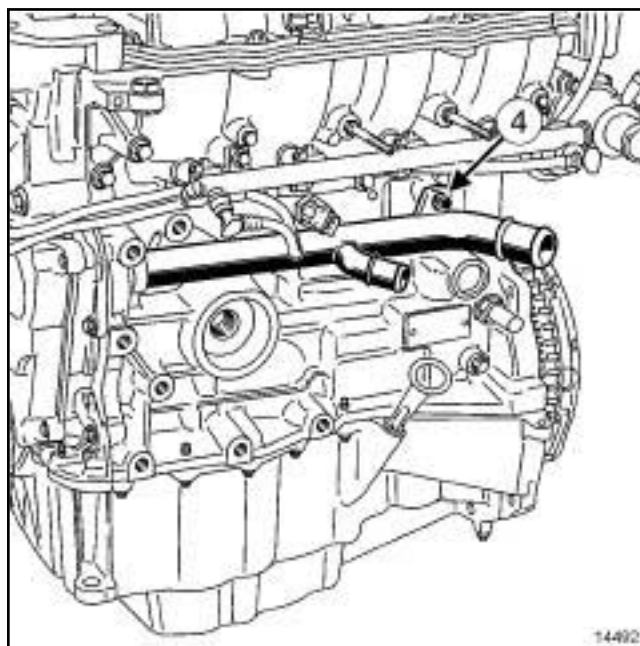
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the injector rail protector.
- Drain the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6).



116559

- Disconnect:
  - the cooling radiator bottom hose (1),
  - the heater hose (2).
- Unclip the wiring on the coolant pump inlet pipe at (3).
- Disconnect the connector from cylinder injector no. 3.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



14492  
14492

- Remove:
  - the bolt (4) from the coolant pump inlet pipe,
  - the coolant pump inlet pipe,
  - the coolant pump inlet pipe seal.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: seal between coolant pump inlet pipe and coolant pump**
- Always replace the cooling hose clips.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the coolant pump inlet pipe fitted with a new seal.
- Torque tighten the **coolant pump inlet pipe bolt (22 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect:
  - the connector to cylinder injector no. 3.
  - the heater hose on the coolant pump inlet pipe,
  - the cooling radiator bottom hose.
- Clip the wiring onto the coolant pump inlet pipe.

**Coolant pump inlet pipe: Removal - Refitting**

K4M

- Refit the injector rail protector.
- Fill the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

## Expansion bottle: Removal - Refitting

### Special tooling required

<b>Ms. 583</b>	Pipe clamps.
<b>Mot. 1448</b>	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

### Tightening torques

expansion bottle nuts	<b>8 N.m</b>
-----------------------	--------------

### IMPORTANT

The circuits are designed to be pressurised, so be careful at high temperatures (risk of serious burns).

Do not remove the cap from the expansion bottle while the engine is hot.

Take care when carrying out a repair under the bonnet, as the radiator fan(s) may start to operate without warning.

Do not open the bleed screw(s) with the engine running.

### WARNING

The coolant helps to keep the engine running properly (heat exchange).

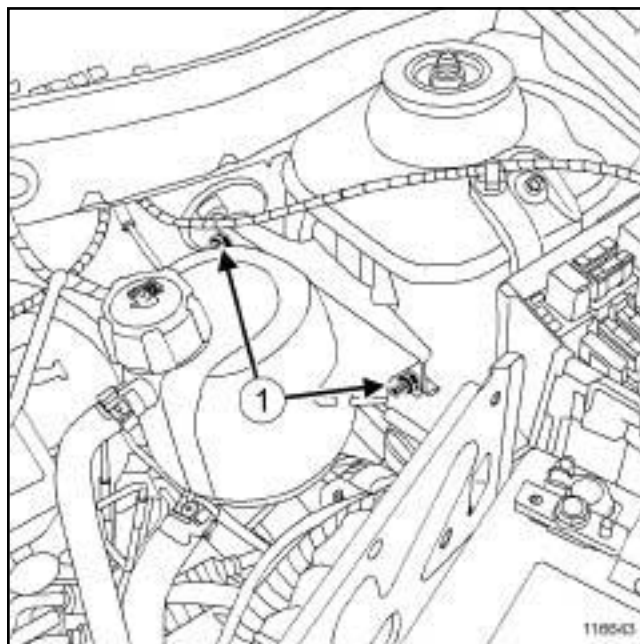
The system does not operate using pure water.

### WARNING

If the coolant is leaking from the expansion bottle cap, replace the valve.

## REMOVAL

### REMOVAL OPERATION



116643

- Remove the expansion bottle nuts (1) .
- Move aside the expansion bottle.
- Position hose clamps (**Ms. 583**) on the expansion bottle hoses.
- Remove the expansion bottle cap.
- Drain the coolant from the expansion bottle.
- Remove the following using the tool (**Mot. 1448**) or « CLIC » clip pliers:
  - the clamp of the top hose of the expansion bottle,
  - the clamp of the bottom hose of the expansion bottle.
- Disconnect:
  - the expansion bottle bottom hose,
  - the expansion bottle top hose.
- Remove the expansion bottle .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the « CLIC » type clips.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Connect:
  - the expansion bottle top hose,

## Expansion bottle: Removal - Refitting

---

- the expansion bottle bottom hose.

- Refit the following using the tool (**Mot. 1448**) or « CLIC » clip pliers:

- the clamp of the top hose of the expansion bottle,

- the clamp of the bottom hose of the expansion bottle.

- Fill the expansion bottle with coolant.
- Remove the hose clamps (**Ms. 583**).
- Refit the expansion bottle.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Top up the coolant level in the expansion bottle.
- Refit the expansion bottle cap.
- Bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .



## Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Tightening torques

expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m
-----------------------	-------

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

The circuits are designed to be pressurised, so be careful at high temperatures (risk of serious burns).

Do not remove the cap from the expansion bottle while the engine is hot.

Take care when carrying out a repair under the bonnet, as the radiator fan(s) may start to operate without warning.

Do not open the bleed screw(s) with the engine running.

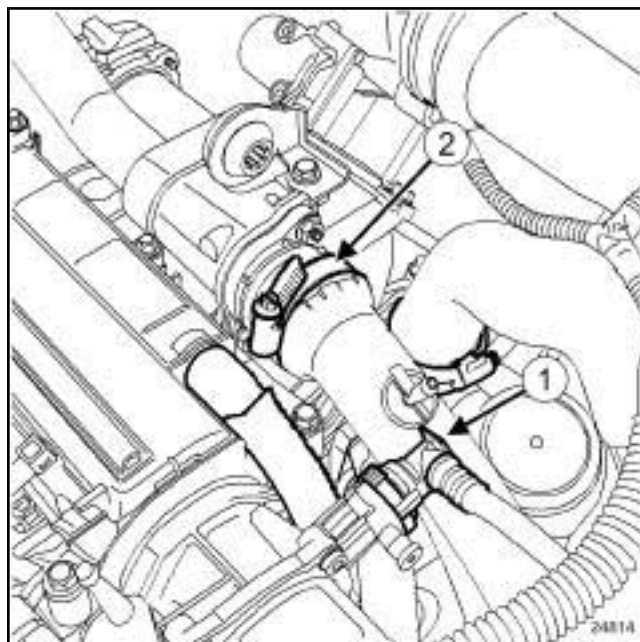
### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

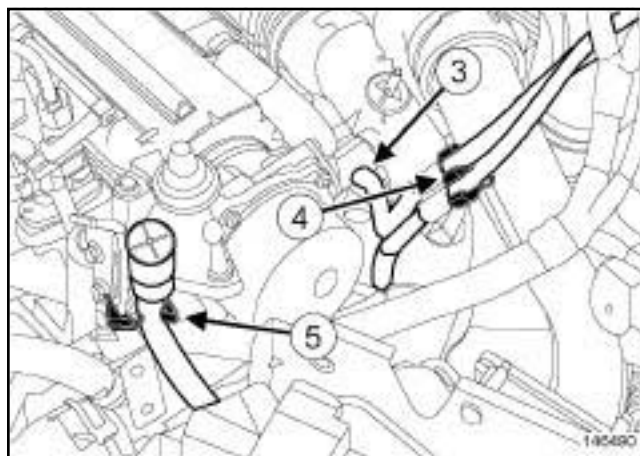
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) .
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-6) ,
  - the expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle.



24814

- Disconnect:
  - the union (1) on the vacuum pump,
  - the air duct between the intercooler and the EGR assembly at (2) .

K9K, and 796



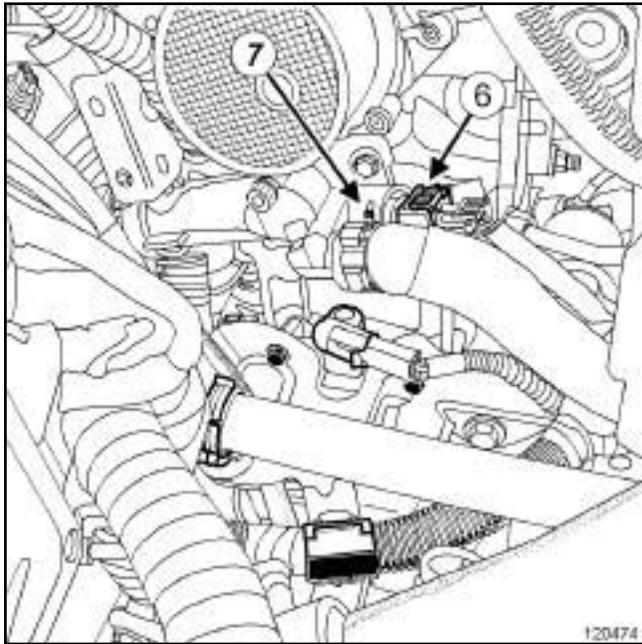
146490

- Disconnect the EGR solenoid valve pipe at (3) .
- Unclip:
  - the EGR solenoid valve pipes at (4) ,
  - the gearbox breather pipe at (5) .
- Move aside the air duct between the intercooler and the EGR assembly.

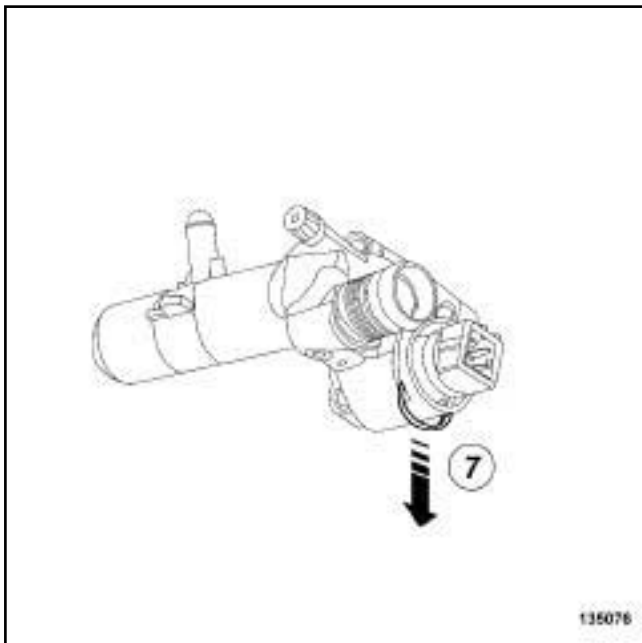
## Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



120474



135076

- Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector (6) .
- Remove:
  - the coolant temperature sensor retaining clip (7) ,
  - the coolant temperature sensor,
  - the coolant temperature sensor O-ring.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: coolant temperature sensor seal.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) to clean and degrease:
  - the mating face of the coolant temperature sensor if it is to be reused,
  - the coolant outlet unit.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - a new coolant temperature sensor seal on the coolant temperature sensor,
  - the coolant temperature sensor,
  - the coolant temperature sensor clip.
- Connect the coolant temperature sensor connector.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Position the air duct between the intercooler and the EGR assembly.
- Connect:
  - the air duct on the EGR assembly,
  - the union to the vacuum pump.

K9K, and 796

- Connect the EGR solenoid valve pipe to the vacuum pump.
- Clip on:
  - the breather pipe from the gearbox,
  - the EGR solenoid valve pipes.

- Position the expansion bottle.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**) ,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine cover.

**Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**

K9K

- Perform the following operations:
  - top up the cooling system,
  - bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

## Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Tightening torques

coolant temperature sensor	30 N.m
----------------------------	--------

### IMPORTANT

The circuits are designed to be pressurised, so be careful at high temperatures (risk of serious burns).

Do not remove the cap from the expansion bottle while the engine is hot.

Take care when carrying out a repair under the bonnet, as the radiator fan(s) may start to operate without warning.

Do not open the bleed screw(s) with the engine running.

### WARNING

Before the operation, protect the electrical accessories to prevent any risk of short circuiting and protect the belts to avoid damaging them.

### WARNING

The coolant helps to keep the engine running properly (heat exchange).

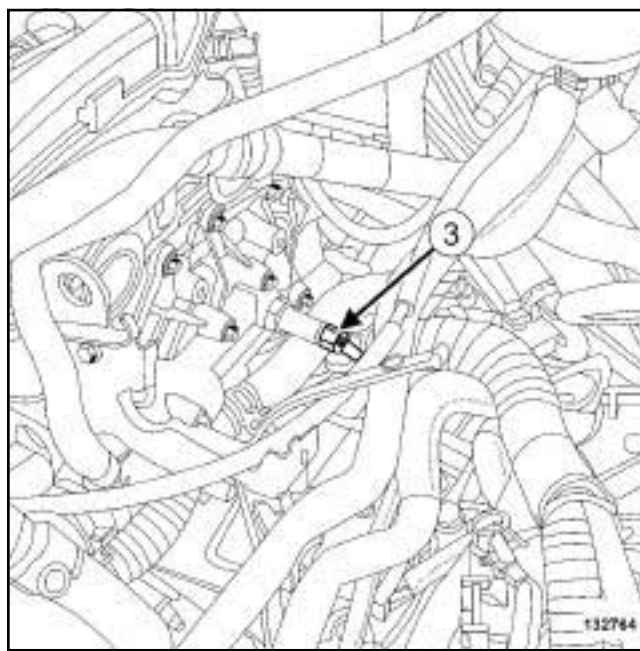
The system does not operate using pure water.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-2**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



132764

- Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector (3).
- Remove the coolant temperature sensor.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- 

Note:

Apply 1 to 2 drops of **FRENETANCHE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the coolant temperature sensor thread (only if the sensor is to be reused).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease the mating face of the coolant temperature sensor on the water chamber.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the coolant temperature sensor.
- Torque tighten the **coolant temperature sensor (30 N.m)**.
- Connect the coolant temperature sensor connector.

**Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**

K4M

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit the air resonator (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**, page 12A-2) .
- Perform the following operations:
  - top up the coolant level,
  - bleed the cooling system (see **19A, Cooling, Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**, page 19A-6) .

# EXHAUST

## Exhaust: List and location of components

---

**19B**

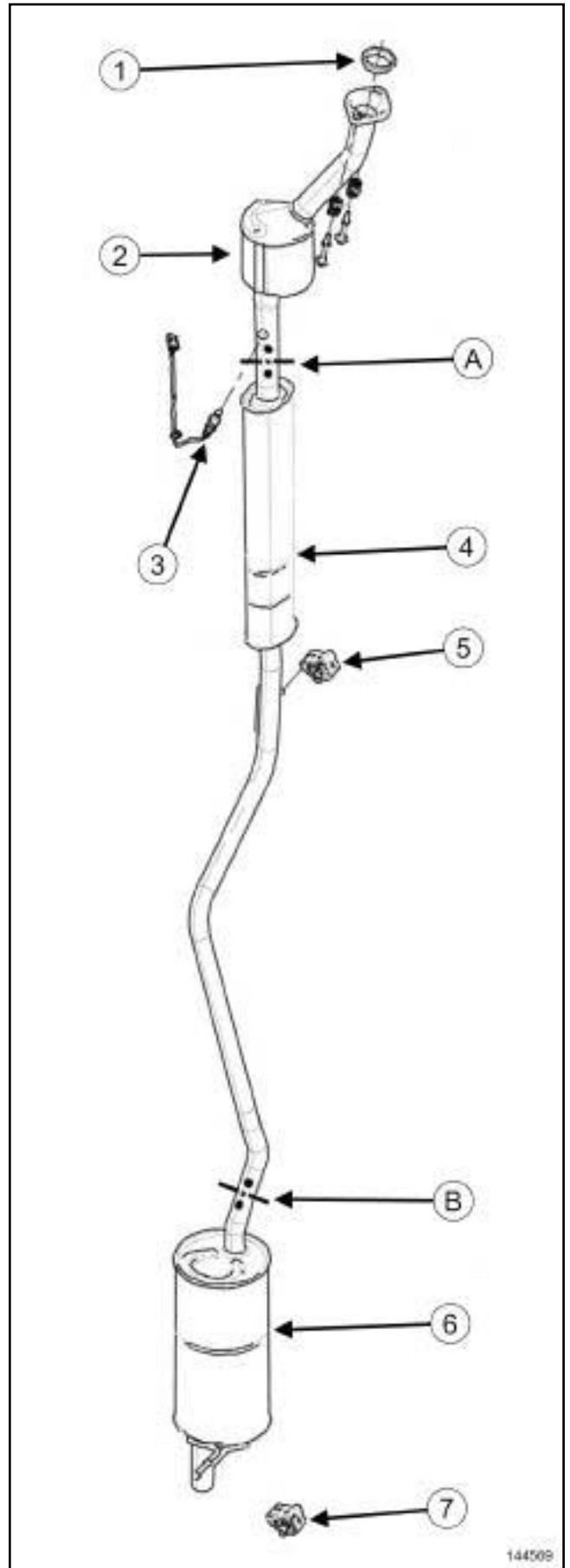
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# EXHAUST

## Exhaust: List and location of components

# 19B

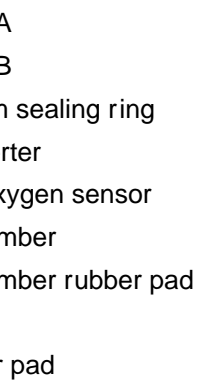
K4M



144509

## Exhaust: List and location of components

---

- (A) Area to be cut A
  - (B) Area to be cut B
  - (1) Exhaust system sealing ring
  - (2) Catalytic converter
  - (3) Downstream oxygen sensor
  - (4) Expansion chamber
  - (5) Expansion chamber rubber pad
  - (6) Silencer
  - (7) Silencer rubber pad
- 

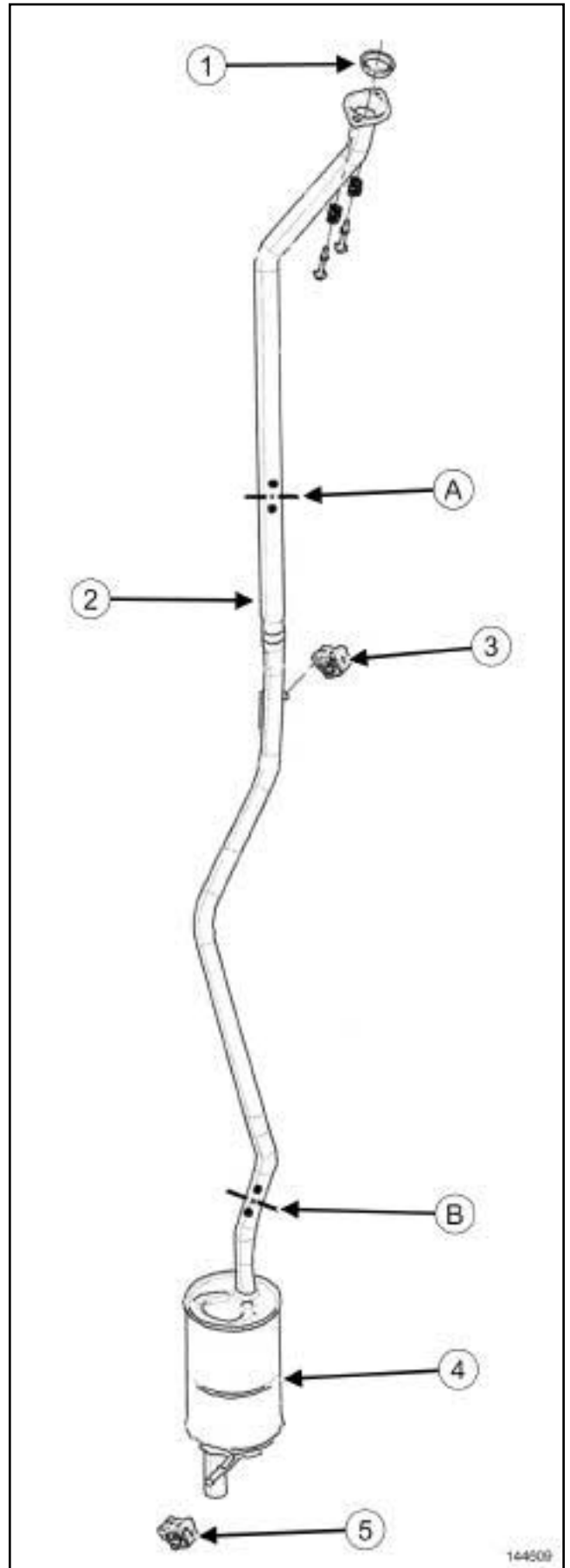


# EXHAUST

## Exhaust: List and location of components

# 19B

K9K



144509

144609

## Exhaust: List and location of components

---

- (A) Area to be cut A
- (B) Area to be cut B
- (1) Exhaust system sealing ring
- (2) Intermediate pipe
- (3) Intermediate pipe rubber pad
- (4) Silencer
- (5) Silencer rubber pad



## Exhaust: Precautions for the repair

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1199-01</b>	Exhaust pipe cutter (diameter 35/50 mm and diameter 50/65mm). Complete kit in a case.
---------------------	---

### Equipment required

component jack

## I - PARTS AND CONSUMABLES FOR THE REPAIR

### 1 - Parts always to be replaced:

- the exhaust sleeve (if fitted)
- the seal or sealing ring on the connection between the catalytic converter or catalytic pre-converter and the rest of the exhaust system
- the exhaust clip(s) (if fitted)

### 2 - Consumables (see Part number in Technical Note 5068, 04B, Consumables - Products):

- exhaust mastic
- surface cleaner
- grey abrasive pads

## II - ADVICE TO OBSERVE

### IMPORTANT

Do not park and run the engine in a place where combustible substances and materials such as grass or leaves can come into contact with the hot exhaust system.

### IMPORTANT

Catalytic converters contain ceramic fibres, these are contained within a closed unit, and cannot disperse. Drilling or cutting catalytic converters is prohibited.

1 - During removal and refitting, the catalytic converter or catalytic pre-converter must not receive any knocks or impacts as this could damage it.

2 - The whole exhaust pipe is made of stainless steel.

3 - After working on the bracket between the catalytic converter or catalytic pre-converter and the rest of the exhaust system, ensure that the connection is perfectly sealed.

To do this:

- clean the bearing faces of the connection using **GREY ABRASIVE PADS**,
- degrease the bearing faces of the connection using **SURFACE CLEANER** and clean cloths,
- always replace the seal or sealing ring on the connection.

## III - SPECIAL NOTES ON THE SINGLE UNIT EXHAUST PIPE

### 1 - Cutting the single unit exhaust pipe

The exhaust pipe is a « single unit type » .

To replace different parts of the exhaust system it must be cut.

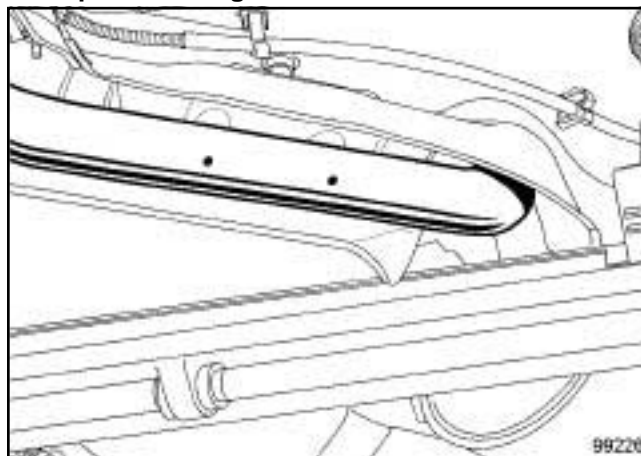
To do this be sure to carry out these precautions in the following order:

- correctly identify the area to be cut, as explained below,
- use the cutting tool correctly (**Mot. 1199-01**),
- position the exhaust sleeve correctly.

### 2 - Identifying the area of the exhaust system to be cut

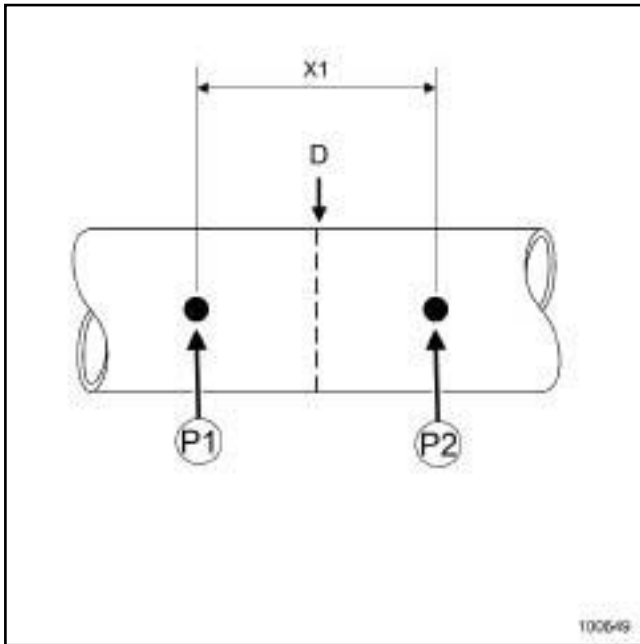
Two marks made on the exhaust system define the area to be cut (see **Exhaust: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (see MR for vehicle concerned, 19B, Exhaust).

### Example of cutting area



99226

## Exhaust: Precautions for the repair

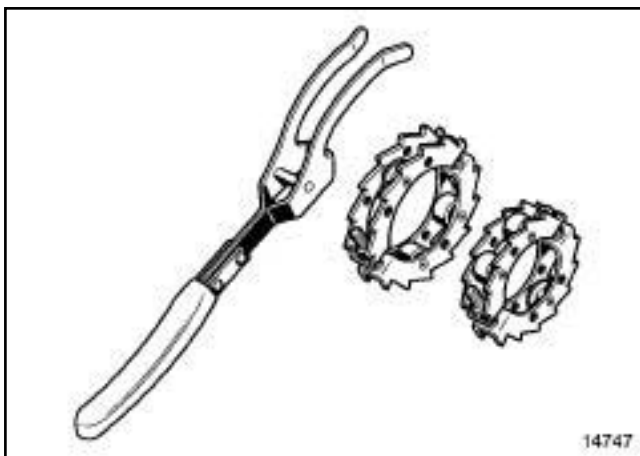


100649

Before cutting the exhaust system, draw a line (**D**) between the two marks (**P1**) and (**P2**).

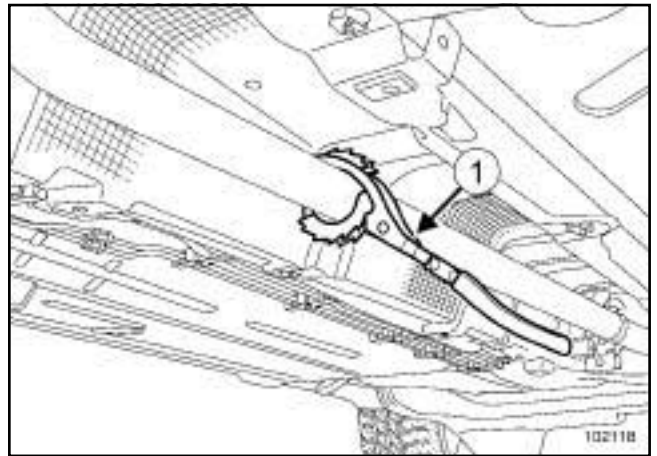
The distance between the two marks on the exhaust pipe is (**X1**) : **80 mm**.

### 3 - Operate tool Mot. 1199-01



14747

14747



102118

Fit the (**Mot. 1199-01**) (**1**) on the exhaust pipe.

Tighten the two bolts on the tool until they touch the pipe in order to clamp the tool onto the pipe.

Turn the cutting tool using the handle and pressing it against the pipe (as indicated in the diagram above).

Tighten the two bolts on the tool whilst cutting, until the pipe is completely cut.

#### Note:

Do not over-tighten the tool onto the pipe to avoid deforming it.

Once the pipe is cut, file and deburr the end of the pipe to be used on the vehicle again.

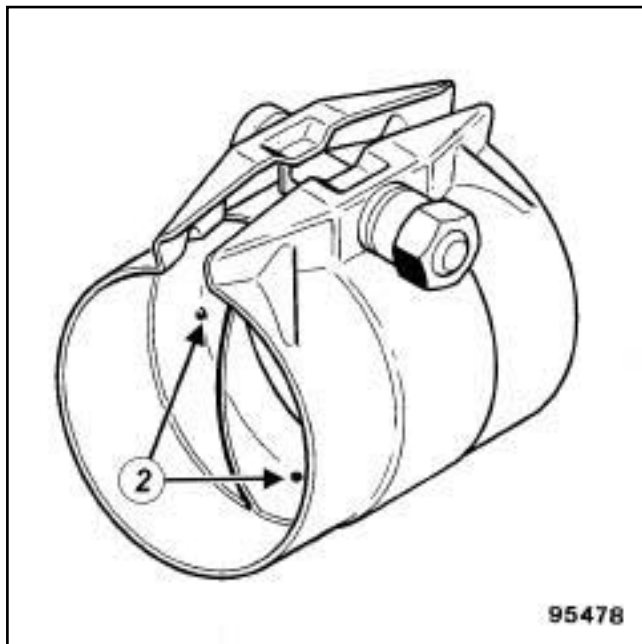
### 4 - Positioning the exhaust sleeve

#### WARNING

Do not reuse an old exhaust sleeve.

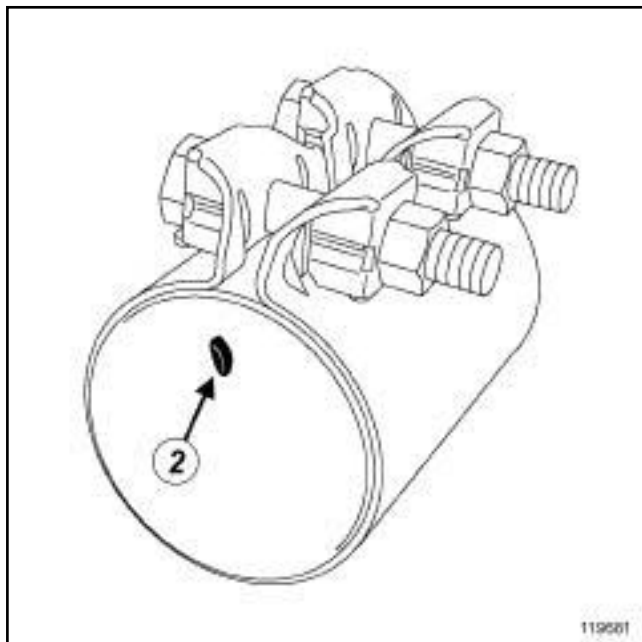
## Exhaust: Precautions for the repair

### Exhaust sleeve with 1 bolt



95478

### Exhaust sleeve with 2 bolts



119681

Fit the exhaust sleeve onto the part of the exhaust system fitted to the vehicle.

Position the pipe onto the lugs (2) inside the exhaust sleeve.

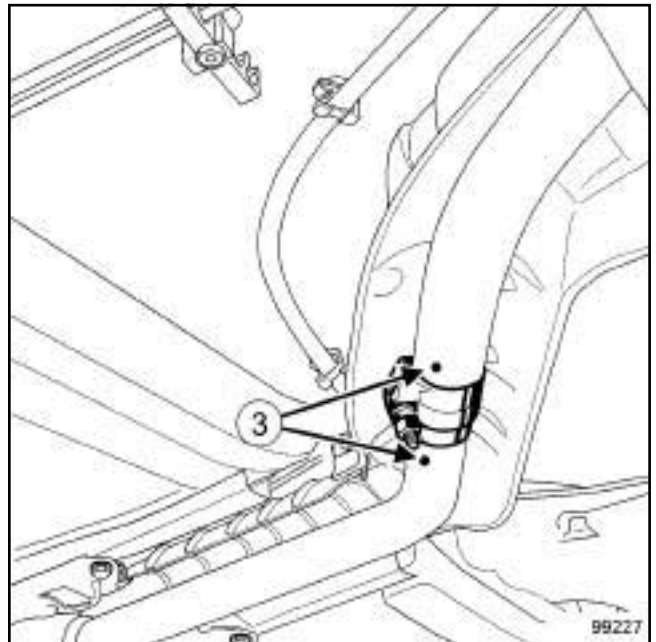
Tighten the exhaust sleeve bolt(s) slightly (depending on the version).

Position the second part of the exhaust system under the vehicle, fitting it in the exhaust sleeve.

#### Note:

If necessary, use a **component jack** to lift and hold the heavy and bulky components of the exhaust system.

Position the second exhaust pipe onto the lugs inside the exhaust sleeve.



99227

Check that the two cut marks (3) are aligned (if applicable).

Position the sleeve so that there is no risk of contact between its bolt or bolts and the heat shields.

Torque tighten:

- the **exhaust sleeve nut with 1 bolt (25 N.m)** (if fitted),
- the **exhaust sleeve nuts with 2 bolts (18 N.m)** (if fitted).

Check the following and deal with if necessary:

- no underbody contact between the exhaust system and the heat shields,
- all of the heat shields are present and secure.

#### Note:

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

Start the engine.

Check that there are no leaks: deal with any leaks.

## Exhaust: Precautions for the repair

---

Note:


If there are leaks from the **EXHAUST SLEEVES WITH 1 BOLT**, apply **EXHAUST MASTIC** to the sleeve (see part no. in Technical Note 5068, 04B, Consumables - Products).

If the application of exhaust mastic does not fix the leak:

- remove and replace the used exhaust sleeve,
- check the condition of the exhaust pipes (condition of the pipe surface, deburring of the area cut, damage to the pipes).
- fit the new sleeve in accordance with the instructions given before.

## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

Tightening torques 	
turbocharger output studs	9 N.m
catalytic converter nuts on the turbocharger	28 N.m
upstream strut bolts on the engine	44 N.m
downstream strut bolt and nut on the gearbox	21 N.m
upstream strut bolts on the catalytic converter	26 N.m
downstream strut bolt on the catalytic converter	21 N.m
exhaust flange bolts	21 N.m

**IMPORTANT**

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**).

**IMPORTANT**

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

**IMPORTANT**

Catalytic converters contain ceramic fibres, these are contained within a closed unit, and cannot disperse. Drilling or cutting catalytic converters is prohibited.

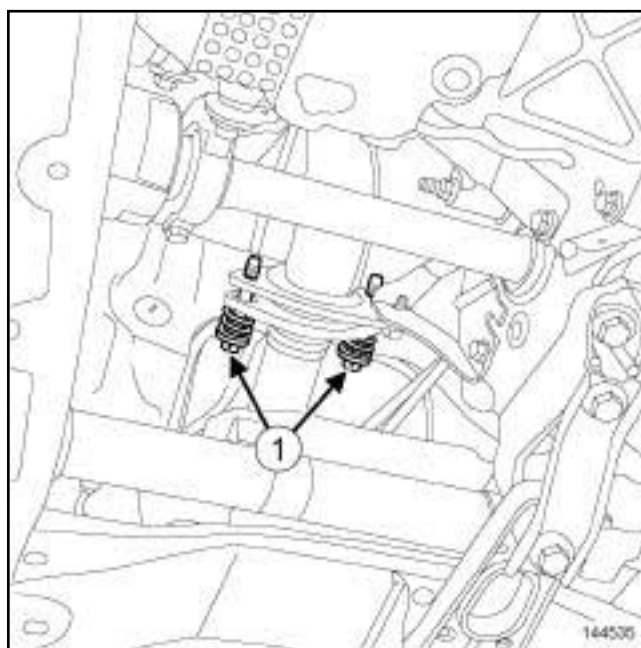
**WARNING**

To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

**REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the air filter unit (see **12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter unit: Removal - Refitting**, page **12A-6**).

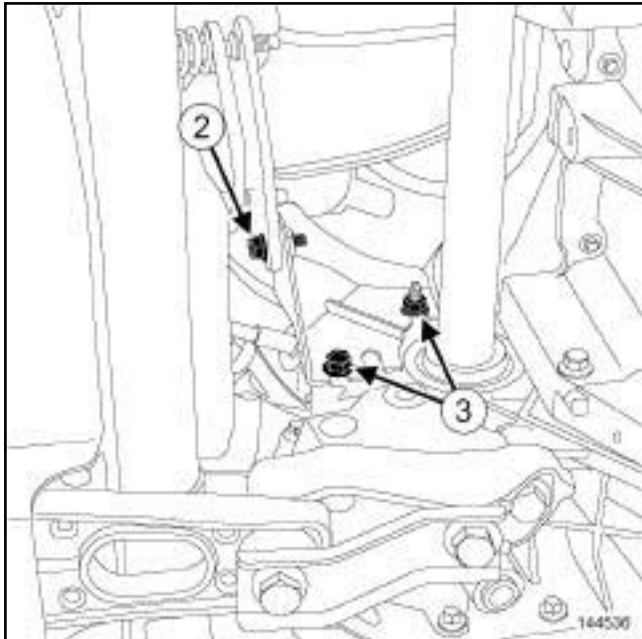
**II - REMOVAL OPERATION**

144535

- Remove the exhaust flange bolts (1).
- Withdraw the exhaust pipe.
- Attach the exhaust pipe to the front left-hand lower arm.

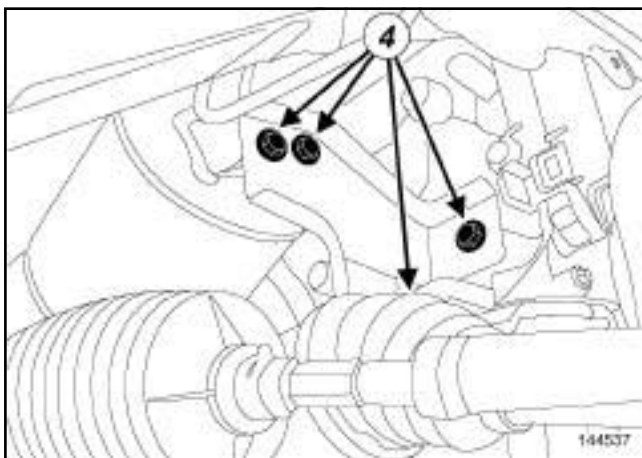
## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796



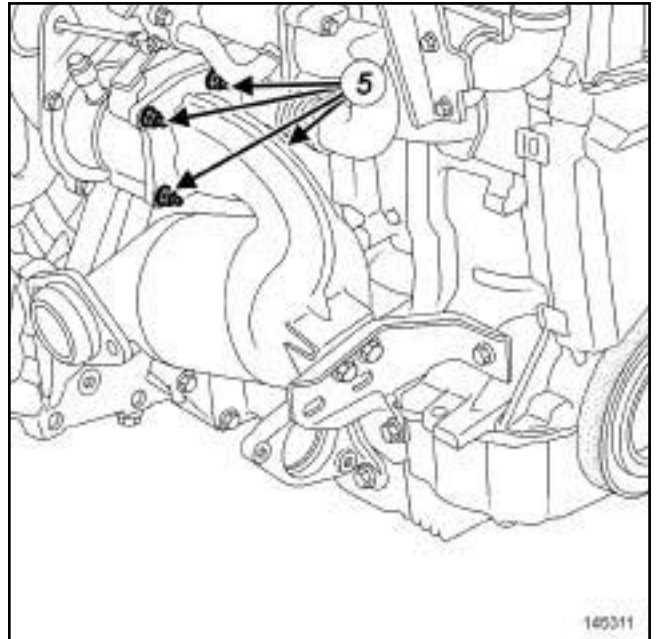
144536

- Remove the bolt from the downstream strut on the catalytic converter (2) .
- Loosen the downstream strut bolt and nut on the gearbox (3) .
- Remove the downstream strut.



144537

- Remove:
  - the bolts of the upstream strut (4) ,
  - the upstream strut.



145311

145311

- Remove the catalytic converter nuts on the turbocharger (5) .



144820

- Remove:
  - the catalytic converter (6) ,
  - the seal between the turbocharger and the catalytic converter,
  - the exhaust flange sealing ring.



## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- Use **ABRASIVE PADS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean the joint face of:

- the intermediate pipe,
- the catalytic converter in case of reuse,
- the turbocharger.

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** and **CLEAN CLOTHS** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to degrease the joint face of:

- the intermediate pipe,
- the catalytic converter in case of reuse,
- the turbocharger.



109399

- Always replace the exhaust flange sealing ring.
- parts always to be replaced: seal between turbocharger and catalytic converter**

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

**Note:**

If a stud loosens during this operation, coat it with **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

Torque tighten the **turbocharger output studs (9 N.m)**.

- Fit:

- a new seal between the turbocharger and the catalytic converter,
- the catalytic converter on the turbocharger.

- Pretighten in order:

- the bolt and nut of the upstream strut on the engine,
- the downstream strut bolt and nut on the gearbox,
- the upstream strut bolts on the catalytic converter,
- the downstream strut bolt on the catalytic converter,
- the catalytic converter nuts on the turbocharger.

- Torque tighten in order:

- the **catalytic converter nuts on the turbocharger (28 N.m)**,
- the **upstream strut bolts on the engine (44 N.m)**,
- the **downstream strut bolt and nut on the gearbox (21 N.m)**,
- the **upstream strut bolts on the catalytic converter (26 N.m)**,
- the **downstream strut bolt on the catalytic converter (21 N.m)**.

- Make sure there is no contact between the catalytic converter and the turbocharger oil return pipe.

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

- Torque tighten the **exhaust flange bolts (21 N.m)**.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Check:

- that all the exhaust pipe heat shields are in place and properly attached,
- that there is no contact with the underbody.

- Start the vehicle.

## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and 796

- Check that there are no leaks and deal with them if necessary.

## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1199-01** Exhaust pipe cutter (diameter 35/50 mm and diameter 50/65mm). Complete kit in a case.

### Equipment required

component jack

### Tightening torques

bolt of the exhaust flange	<b>21 N.m</b>
oxygen sensor	<b>45 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**).

### IMPORTANT

Wear cut-resistant gloves during the operation.

### IMPORTANT

Catalytic converters contain ceramic fibres, these are contained within a closed unit, and cannot disperse. Drilling or cutting catalytic converters is prohibited.

### WARNING

To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

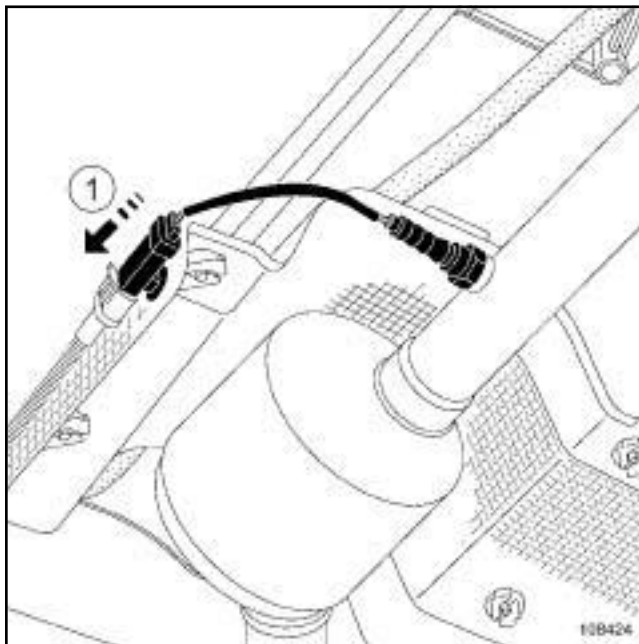
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

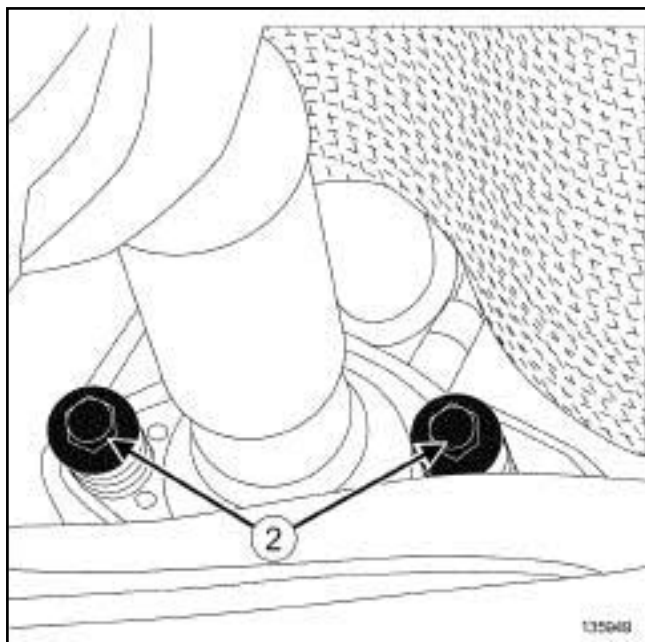


108424

- Remove the downstream oxygen sensor connector from its mounting by sliding it (1).
- Disconnect the downstream oxygen sensor connector.
- Put a **component jack** under the catalytic converter.
- Locate the area of the catalytic converter to be cut (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: List and location of components**, page **19B-1**).
- Use the tool (**Mot. 1199-01**) to cut the exhaust pipe in the area to be cut (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**).

## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION



135949

 Remove:

- the exhaust flange bolts (2) ,
- the catalytic converter,
- the exhaust flange ring.

## IF REPLACING THE CATALYTIC CONVERTER

- 
- Remove the downstream oxygen sensor on the catalytic converter (see ) .

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

**WARNING**

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- 
- Clean the bearing faces of the catalytic converter using
- ABRASIVE PADS**
- (see
- Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**
- ) (04B, Consumables - Products).

- 
- Degrease the bearing faces of the catalytic converter using
- SURFACE CLEANER**
- and clean cloths (see
- Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**
- ) (04B, Consumables - Products).



109399

- 
- parts always to be replaced: ring between exhaust manifold and catalytic converter

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

 Refit:

- the downstream oxygen sensor (if replacing the catalytic converter),
- the catalytic converter.

- 
- Fit a new After-Sales sleeve between the catalytic converter and the expansion chamber (see
- 19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**
- , page
- 19B-6**
- ) .

**IMPORTANT**

Position the « nut and bolt securing the sleeve » assembly so that the assembly cannot come into contact with the underbody.

- 
- Tighten the sleeve bolt while guiding the exhaust pipe to ensure correct alignment.

 Torque tighten:

- the **bolt of the exhaust flange (21 N.m)**,
- the **oxygen sensor (45 N.m)**.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- 
- Connect the battery (see
- Battery: Removal - Refitting**
- ) (80A, Battery).

 Check:

- that all the exhaust pipe heat shields are in place and properly attached,
- that there is no contact with the underbody.

- 
- Start the vehicle.

## Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting

---

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

---

- Check that there are no leaks and deal with them if necessary.

## Expansion chamber: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

## Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1199-01</b>	Exhaust pipe cutter (diameter 35/50 mm and diameter 50/65mm). Complete kit in a case.
<b>Mot. 1857</b>	Pliers for removing exhaust pipe rubber mounting bushes

## Equipment required

component jack

## IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**) .

## WARNING

To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

## IMPORTANT

Wear heat protective gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Place a **component jack** under the expansion chamber.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Locate the areas of the expansion chamber to be cut (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: List and location of components**, page **19B-1**) .
- Cut the exhaust pipe using the tool (**Mot. 1199-01**) in the designated areas to be cut (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**)

- Remove the rubber pad from the expansion chamber using the tool (**Mot. 1857**).

## Note:

If the rubber pad is damaged, replace the rubber pad.

- Remove the expansion chamber.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the expansion chamber,
  - the expansion chamber rubber pad.
- Fit new after-sales sleeves (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**) .

## IMPORTANT

Position the « nut and bolt securing the sleeve » assembly so that the assembly cannot come into contact with the underbody.

- Torque tighten the sleeve bolts while supporting the exhaust pipe to ensure alignment.

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Check:
  - all the exhaust pipe heat shields are in place and properly attached.
  - that there is no contact with the underbody,
- Start the vehicle.
- Check that there are no leaks and deal with them if necessary.

## Intermediate pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1199-01</b>	Exhaust pipe cutter (diameter 35/50 mm and diameter 50/65mm). Complete kit in a case.
<b>Mot. 1857</b>	Pliers for removing exhaust pipe rubber mounting bushes

### Equipment required

component jack

### Tightening torques

exhaust sleeve bolts **25 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**)

### WARNING

To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

### IMPORTANT

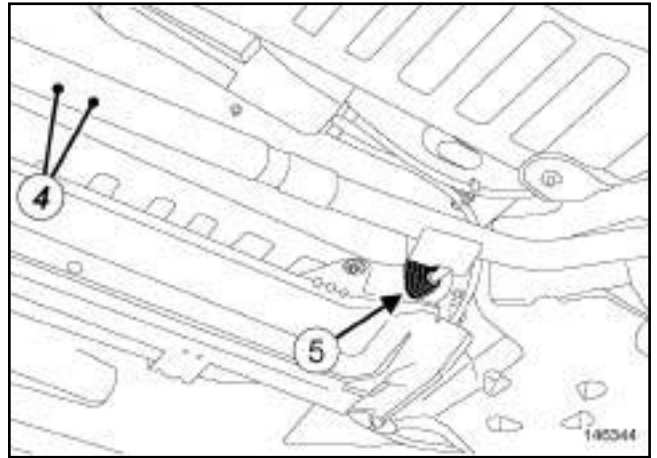
Wear heat protective gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

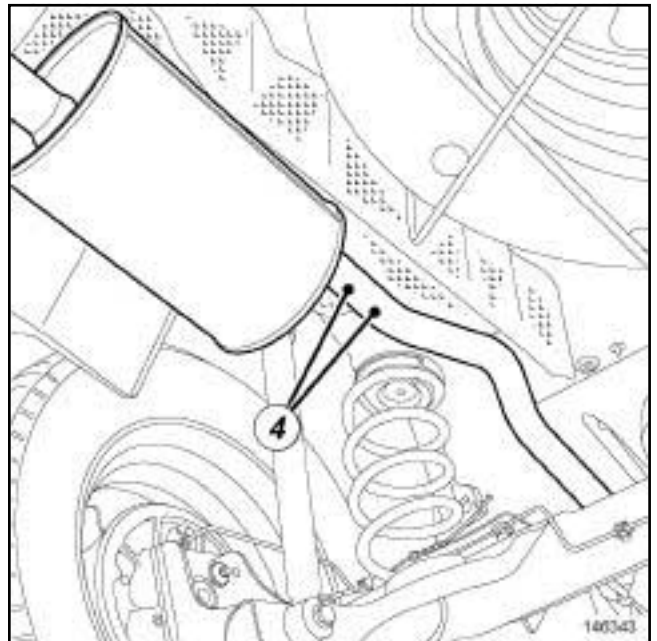
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Fit a **component jack** under the intermediate pipe.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



146344



146343

- Cut the exhaust pipe using the tool (**Mot. 1199-01**) in the centre of the areas to be cut (**4**) (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**).
- Remove the rubber mounting bush (**5**) from the intermediate pipe using the tool (**Mot. 1857**).

#### Note:

If the rubber mounting bush is damaged, it must always be replaced.

- Remove the intermediate pipe.

## Intermediate pipe: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the intermediate pipe.
- Refit the exhaust sleeves (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**).

**WARNING**

Make sure:

- that the sleeve nut-bolt tightening assembly is vertical, with the nut facing downwards, to prevent any risk of underbody contact,
- that you position the new component in a way that the cutting area marks are aligned,
- that the two marks are flush with the two ends of the sleeve,
- that an old sleeve is not reused.

- Torque tighten the **exhaust sleeve bolts (25 N.m)**.
- Refit the rubber mounting bush of the intermediate pipe.

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Check:
  - that all the exhaust pipe heat shields are in place and properly attached,
  - that there is no contact with the underbody.



# EXHAUST

## Silencer: Removal - Refitting

# 19B

4X2 TRANSMISSION

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1199-01</b>	Exhaust pipe cutter (diameter 35/50 mm and diameter 50/65mm). Complete kit in a case.
<b>Mot. 1857</b>	Pliers for removing exhaust pipe rubber mounting bushes

### Equipment required

component jack

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**) .

### WARNING

To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

### IMPORTANT

Wear heat protective gloves during the operation.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Place a **component jack** under the silencer.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Locate the area of the silencer to be cut (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: List and location of components**, page **19B-1**) .
- Use the tool (**Mot. 1199-01**) to cut the exhaust pipe in the area to be cut (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**) .

- Remove the rubber pad from the silencer using the tool (**Mot. 1857**).

#### Note:

If the rubber pad is damaged, replace the rubber pad.

- Remove the silencer.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the silencer,
  - the silencer rubber pad.
- Fit a new After-Sales exhaust sleeve (see **19B, Exhaust, Exhaust: Precautions for the repair**, page **19B-6**) .

### IMPORTANT

Position the « nut and bolt securing the sleeve » assembly so that the assembly cannot come into contact with the underbody.

- Tighten the sleeve while relieving the exhaust to ensure alignment.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Check:
  - that all the exhaust pipe heat shields are in place and properly attached,
  - that there is no contact with the underbody.
- Start the vehicle.
- Check that there are no leaks and deal with them if necessary.

# TANK

## Fuel tank: Draining

# 19C

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1311-08** Union for taking fuel pressure measurements.

### Equipment required

pneumatic transfer pump for fuels

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

### WARNING

To prevent impurities from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components exposed to the open air.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

## DRAINING

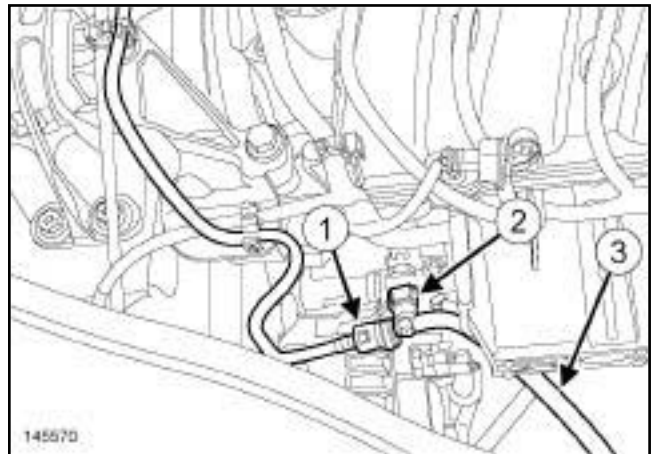
### I - DRAINING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### II - DRAINING OPERATION

K4M

- Disconnect the fuel supply union from the injector rail (1).



145570

- Fit a T-union (**Mot. 1311-08**) at (2).
- Connect a **pneumatic transfer pump for fuels** to the T-union outlet (3).

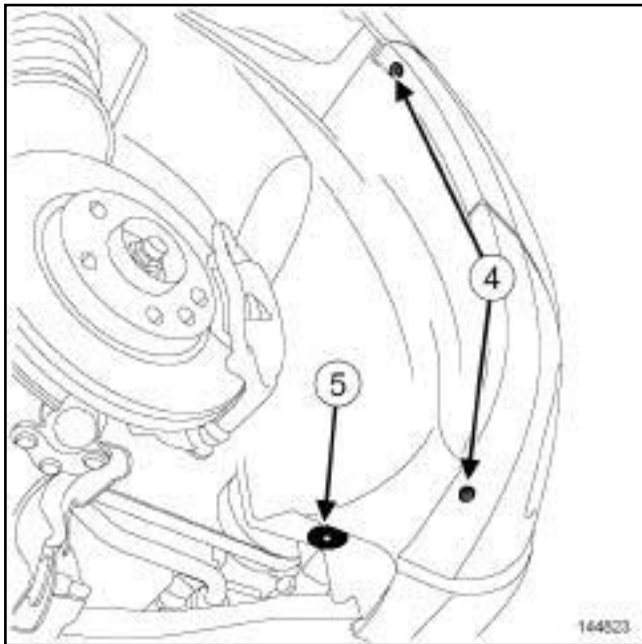
K9K

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

# TANK

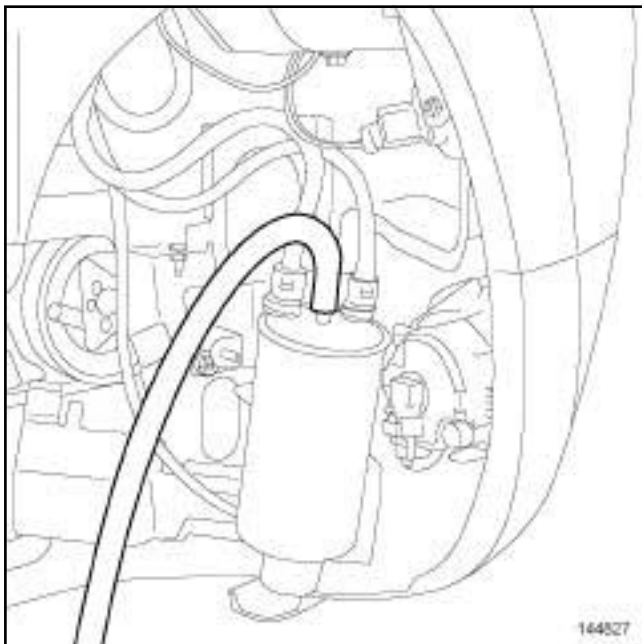
## Fuel tank: Draining

# 19C



144823

- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner bolts (4) ,
  - the clip of the wheel arch liner (5) ,
  - the diesel filter protector (see ) .
- Disconnect the fuel outlet pipe from the fuel filter.



144827

- Connect a **pneumatic transfer pump for fuels** to the fuel filter.
- 
- Prepare for fuel outflow.

- Drain the fuel tank.

### REFITTING


- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# TANK

## Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting

# 19C

4X2 TRANSMISSION

Tightening torques 	
fuel tank bolts	21 N.m
exhaust pipe bolts on the catalytic converter	21 N.m
catalytic converter bolts on the exhaust manifold	21 N.m
earth cable nut on the body	8 N.m

This method describes the removal - refitting procedure for the plastic tank

### IMPORTANT

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

### IMPORTANT

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (nitrile type) for this operation.

### WARNING

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

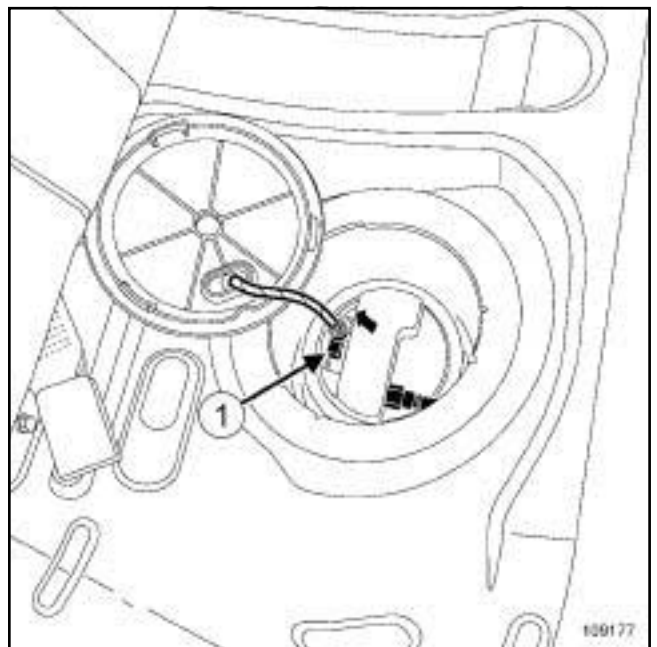
### WARNING

To prevent impurities from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components exposed to the open air.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Drain the tank (see **19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining**, page **19C-1**).
- Tilt the rear bench seat base (see ) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners).



109177

- Remove the access flap to the fuel level sensor module on the floor.
- Disconnect the connector (1) from the fuel pump.

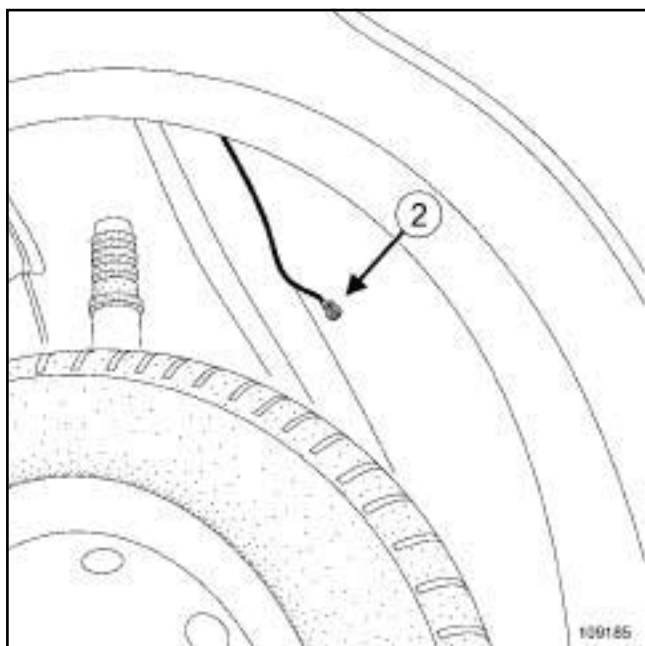
# TANK

## Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting

# 19C

4X2 TRANSMISSION

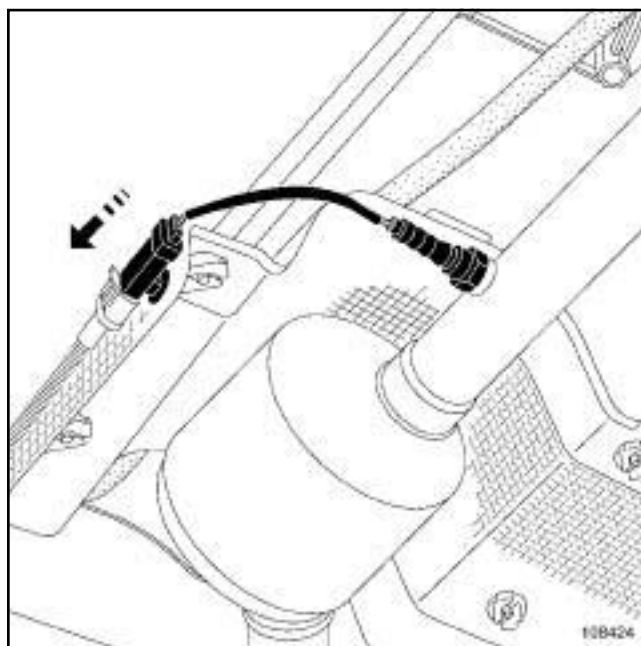
K4M



109185

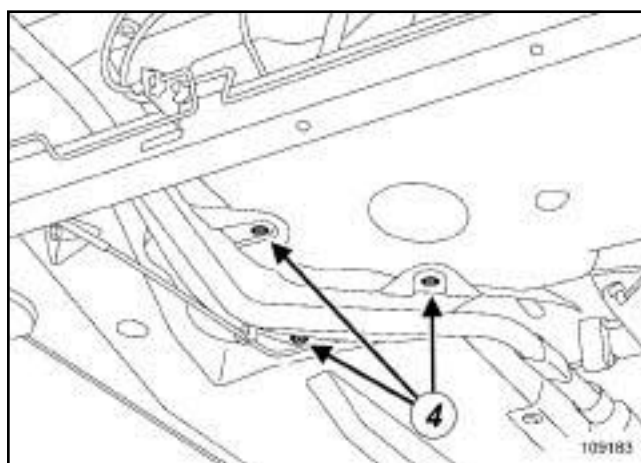
- Remove the body earth cable at (2) .

K4M



108424

- Remove the oxygen sensor connector by sliding it from its support (in the direction of the arrow).
- Disconnect the oxygen sensor connector.



109183

- Remove:
  - the heat shield pins (4) ,
  - the fuel tank heat shield.

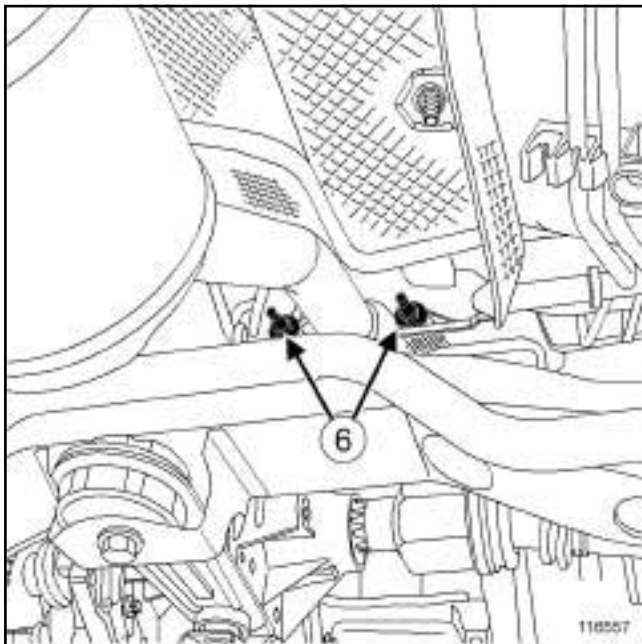
# TANK

## Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting

# 19C

4X2 TRANSMISSION

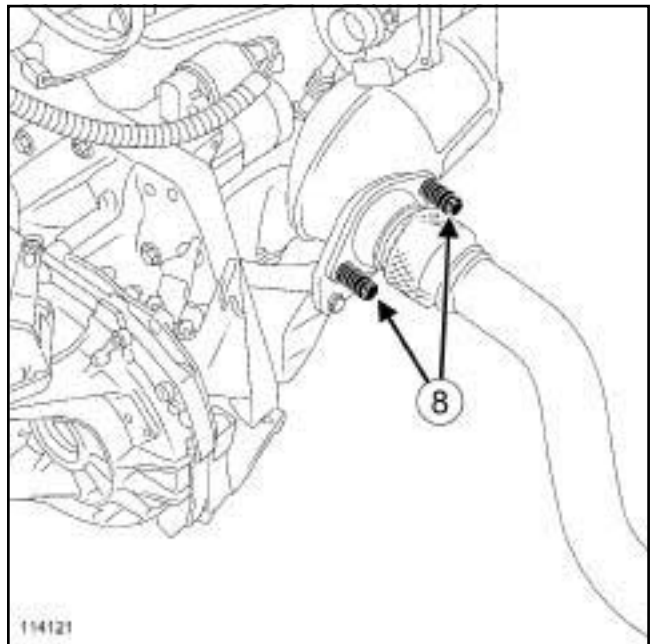
K4M



116557

- Remove the catalytic converter mountings (6) on the exhaust manifold.
- Detach the exhaust line assembly on the left-hand side.
- Attach the front section of the exhaust line assembly to the front lower arm on the left-hand side.

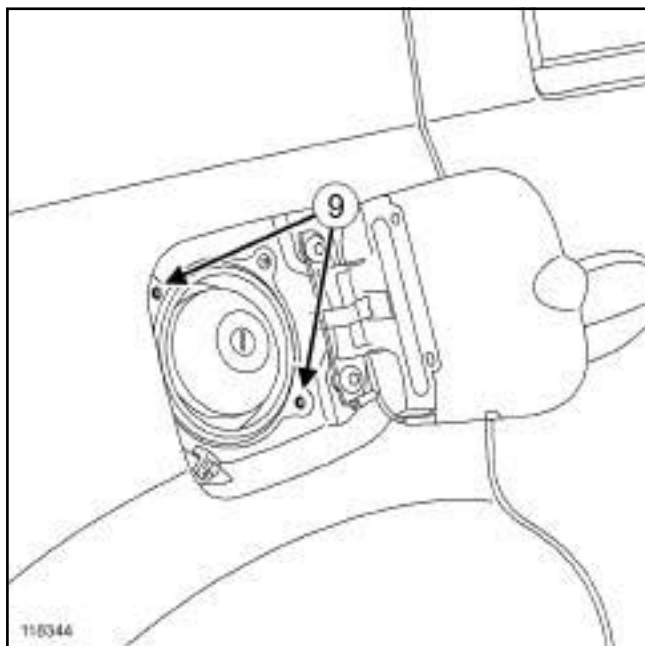
K9K



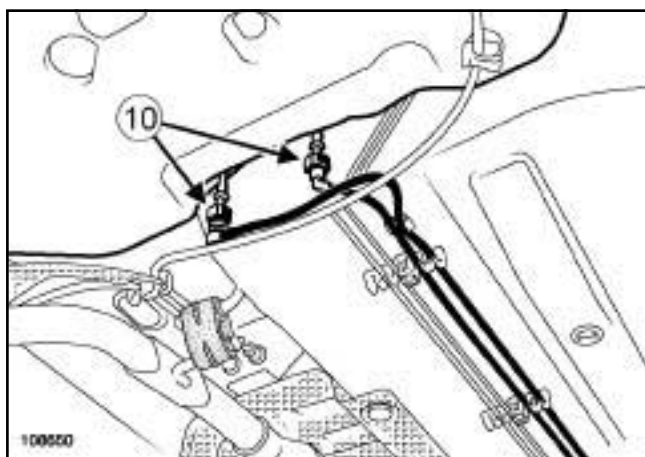
114121

- Remove the exhaust pipe mountings (8) from the catalytic converter.
  - Place the exhaust line assembly on the left-hand side.
  - Attach the front section of the exhaust line assembly to the front lower arm on the left-hand side.
- 
- Unclip the parking brake cables from:
    - the fuel tank,
    - on the body.

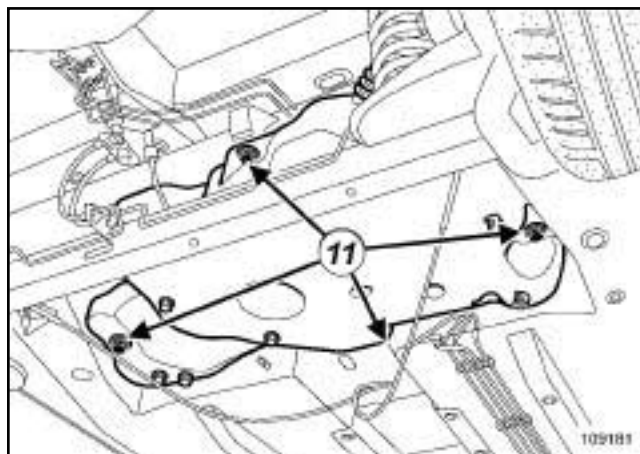
4X2 TRANSMISSION

**II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

- Remove the bolts (9) from the filler neck.



- Disconnect the snap-on unions (10) from the tank outlet pipes.
- Remove the external fuel filter (if fitted to the vehicle) (see **Fuel filter: Removal - Refitting**).




Note:

This operation requires two people.

- Remove the bolts (11) from the fuel tank.
- Lower the tank slightly.
- Remove the fuel tank.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- It is essential to replace the sealing ring between the exhaust manifold and the catalytic converter.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**


Note:

This operation requires two people.

# TANK

## Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting

# 19C

### 4X2 TRANSMISSION

- Refit the fuel tank.
- Refit the fuel tank bolts.
- Torque tighten the **fuel tank bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the external fuel filter (if fitted to the vehicle) (see **Fuel filter: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Reconnect the snap-on unions to the tank outlet fuel pipes.
- Refit the filler neck bolts.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Clip the parking brake cables:
  - onto the body,
  - onto the fuel tank.

### K9K

- Refit the exhaust system assembly onto the catalytic converter.
- Torque tighten the **exhaust pipe bolts on the catalytic converter (21 N.m)**.

### K4M

- Refit the exhaust system assembly onto the exhaust manifold.
- Torque tighten the **catalytic converter bolts on the exhaust manifold (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the oxygen sensor connector.
- Refit:
  - the oxygen sensor connector to its support,
  - the earth cable on the body.
- Torque tighten the **earth cable nut on the body (8 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the fuel tank heat shield,
  - the heat shield pins.
- Reconnect the fuel level sensor module connector.
- Refit the access flap for the fuel level sensor module on the floor.
- Refit the rear bench seat base (see ) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners).

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



## Fuel level sensor module: Removal - Refitting

K4M or K9K

## Special tooling required

<b>Car. 1363</b>	Set of trim removal levers.
<b>Mot. 1397</b>	Universal spanner for removing fuel gauge nuts.

**IMPORTANT**

During this operation, be sure to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing red hot objects close to the working area,
- be careful of fuel splashes when disconnecting the union.

**IMPORTANT**

Wear goggles with side protectors for this operation.

**IMPORTANT**

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

**WARNING**

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

**REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Tilt the rear bench seat base.

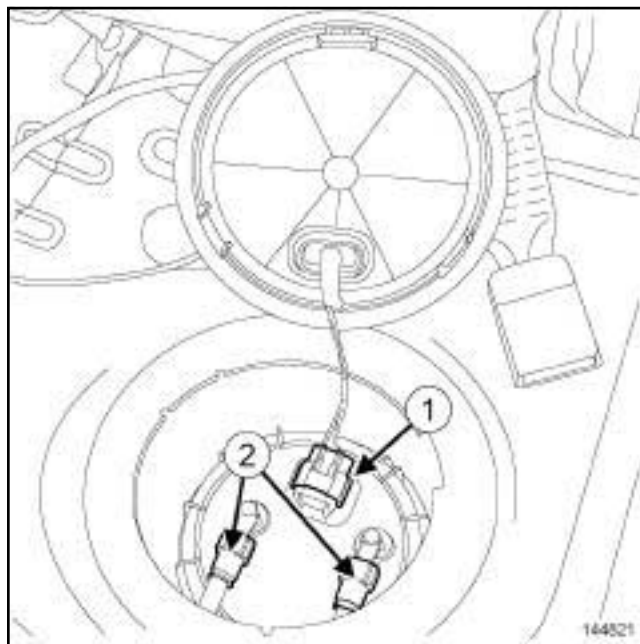
**II - REMOVAL OPERATION**

- Remove the blanking cover from the inspection flap using the tool (**Car. 1363**).

## Note:

Make provisions for the flow of fuel from the fuel supply and return pipes.

K9K



144821

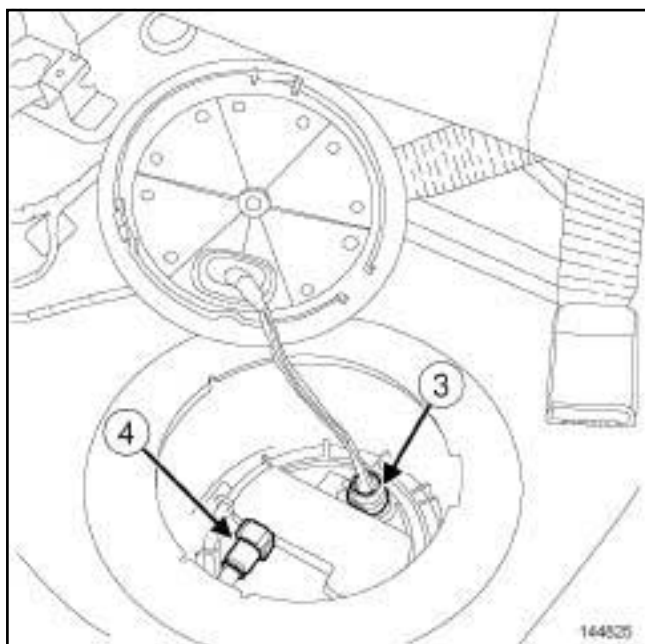
 Disconnect:

- the connector (1) ,
- the unions (2) .

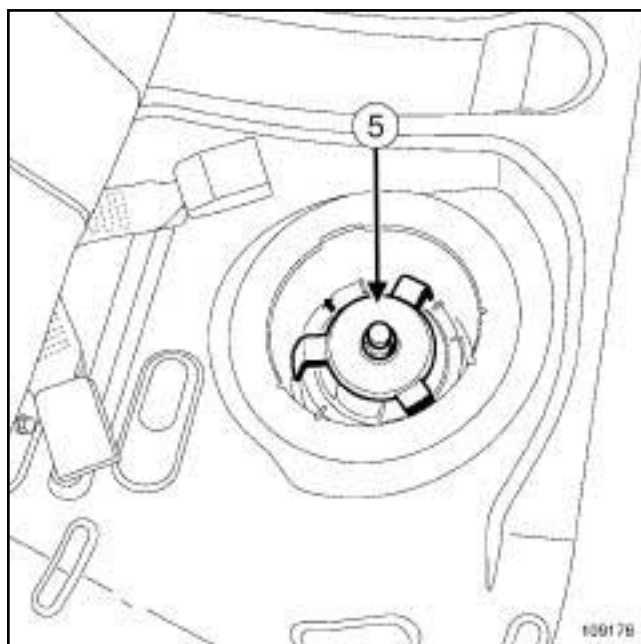
## Fuel level sensor module: Removal - Refitting

K4M or K9K

K4M



- Disconnect:
  - the connector (3) ,
  - union (4) .



- Remove the nut from the fuel level sensor module using the tool (**Mot. 1397**) (5) ,
- Let the fuel drain from the fuel level sensor module.
- Remove:
  - the fuel level sensor module, taking care not to damage the float,
  - the fuel level sensor module seal.

**WARNING**

To prevent the tank from deforming, refit the fuel sender unit nut to the tank well immediately.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

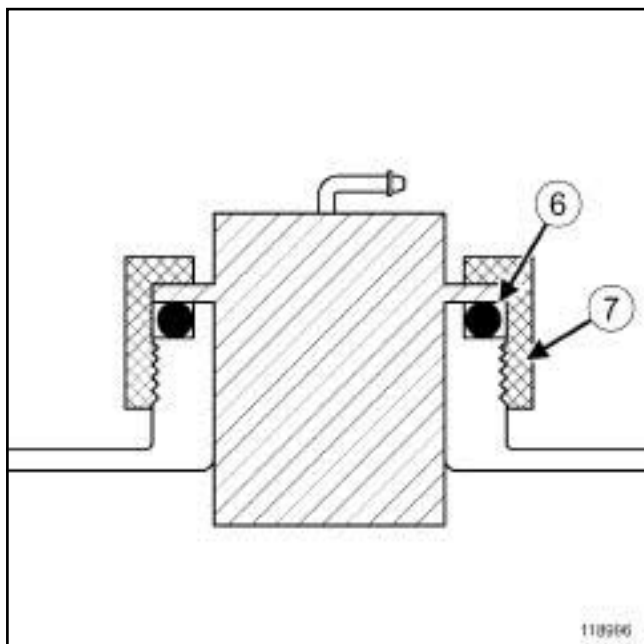
- parts always to be replaced: Fuel level sensor module nut
- parts always to be replaced: Fuel level sensor module seal

## Fuel level sensor module: Removal - Refitting

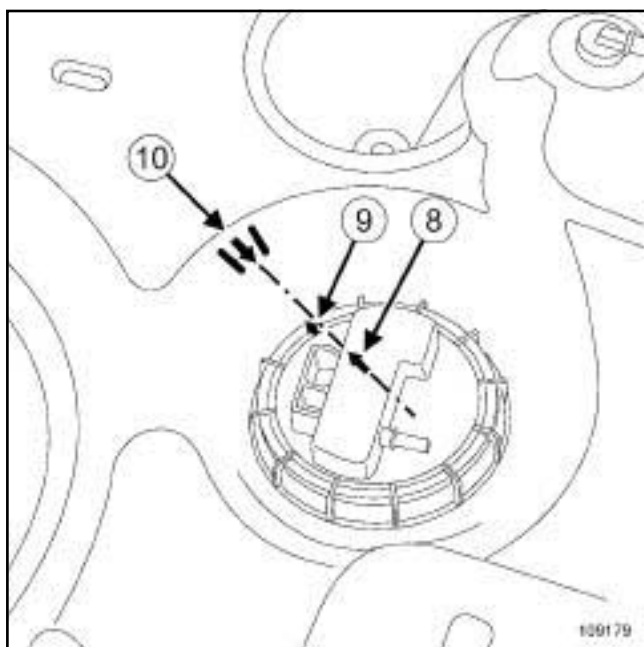
K4M or K9K

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

K4M



118996



109179

 Position:

- the new seal (6) in the neck correctly,
- the fuel level sensor module on the fuel tank. A lug on the fuel level sensor module and a recess in the fuel tank ensure correct positioning in the fuel tank;

the mark (8) on the fuel level sensor module must be positioned opposite the mark on the fuel tank (10).

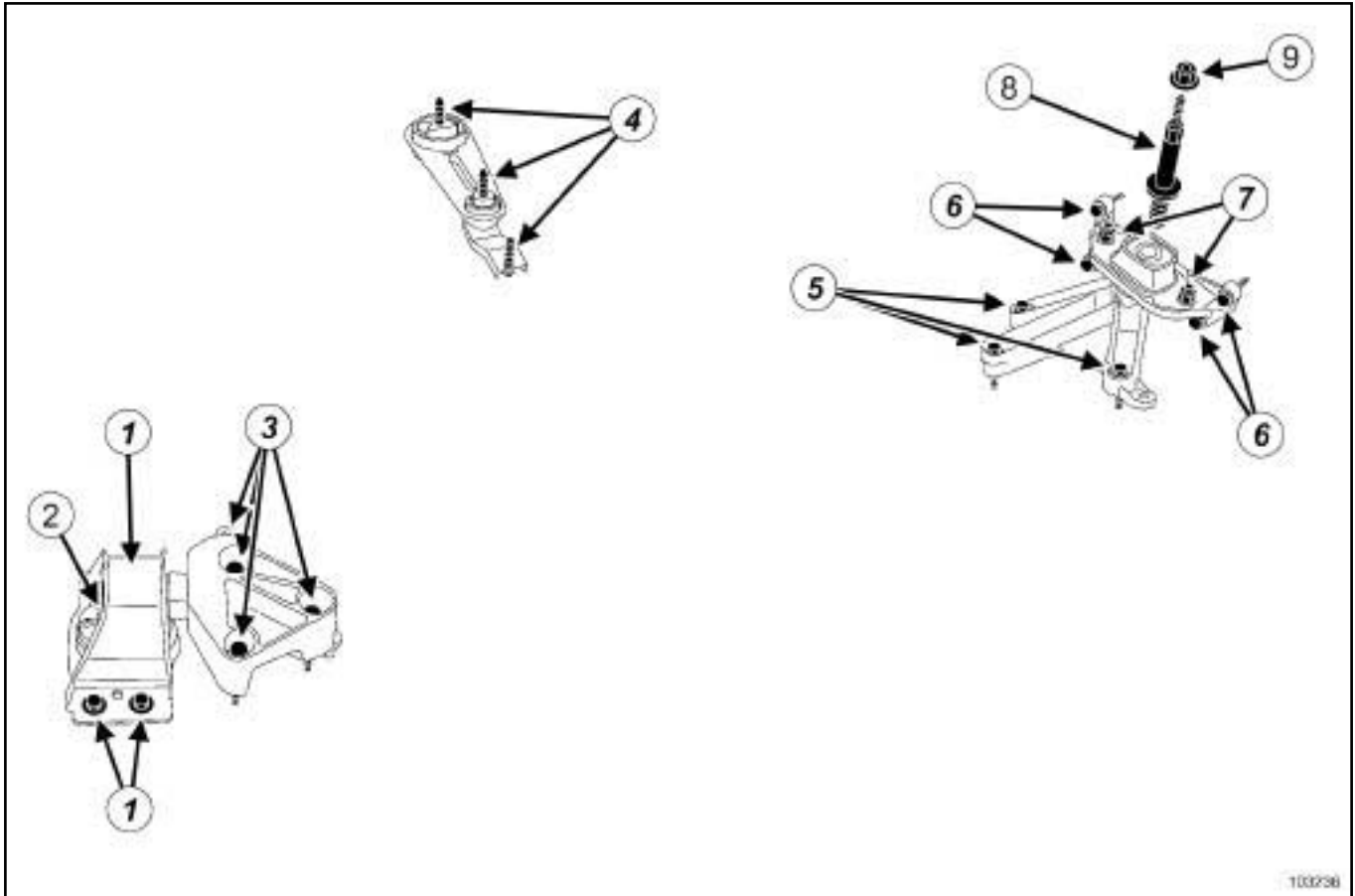
- Press the fuel level sensor module by hand (to prevent the seal from moving) and finger tighten the nut on the fuel tank.
- Then use the tool (**Mot. 1397**) to tighten the nut of the fuel level sensor module to the mark on the fuel tank.

K4M

- Tighten the nut (7) until the mark (9) on the nut is located opposite the mark (10) on the fuel tank using the tool (**Mot. 1397**).

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

K9K



103236

103236

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(1)	Right-hand suspended mounting support bolt on the body	62
(3)	Right-hand suspended mounting support bolt on the engine	62
(5)	Left-hand mounting bolt on the gearbox	62
(6)	Left-hand rubber pad mounting bolt on the body	21
(7)	Left-hand rubber pad bolt on the mounting	105
(8)	Stud on the gearbox mounting	180
(9)	Gearbox mounting nut on the rubber pad	62

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(4)	Engine tie-bar bolt	180

### Special tooling required

<b>Mot. 1453</b>	Engine anchorage support with multiple adjustments and retaining straps.
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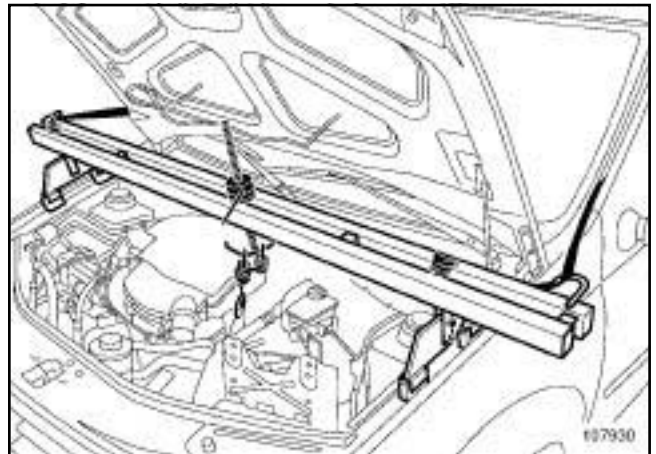
### Tightening torques

bolts mounting the left-hand suspended mounting on the gearbox	<b>62 N.m</b>
bolt of the power-assisted steering pipe on the left-hand suspended mounting	<b>21 N.m</b>
stud on the gearbox support	<b>180 N.m</b>
left-hand rubber pad mounting bolts on the body	<b>21 N.m</b>
rubber pad nuts on the left-hand suspended mounting	<b>105 N.m</b>
nut of the gearbox support on the rubber pad	<b>62 N.m</b>

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

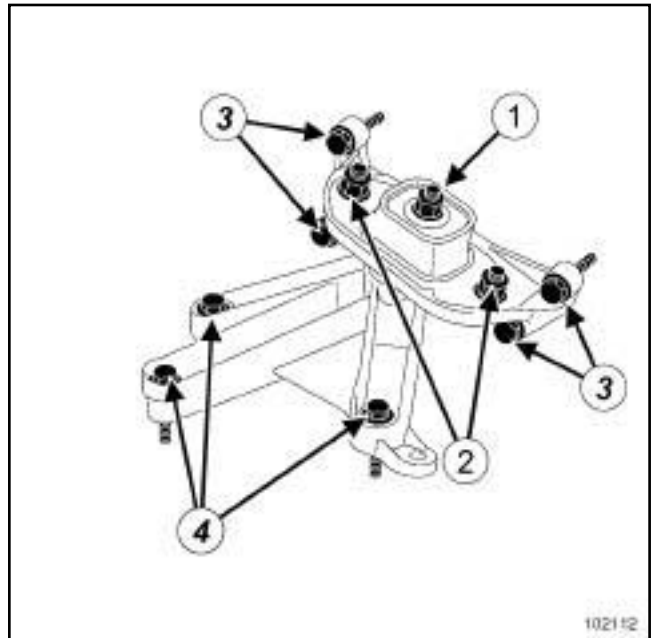
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the air inlet sleeve,
  - the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery),
  - the battery tray,
  - the injection computer (see **17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**, page **17B-7**),
  - the engine undertray.



107930

- Fit the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) with the retaining belt, taking the flywheel end lifting eye as an anchoring point.
- Mark the position of the left-hand suspended engine mounting on the body.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



102112

- Remove the nut (1) from the gearbox support on the rubber pad.
- Strike the gearbox stud with a copper hammer to separate the engine and gearbox assembly from the body.
- Remove:
  - the nuts (2) from the rubber pad,
  - the rubber pad,

## Left-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting

- the bolts (3) from the left-hand rubber pad mounting on the body,
- the left-hand rubber pad mounting,
- the power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the suspended mounting (if fitted to the vehicle),
- the left-hand suspended mounting bolts (4) on the gearbox,
- the left-hand suspended mounting on the gearbox.

- the battery tray,
- the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting** (80A, Battery)),
- the air intake sleeve.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the self-locking nuts.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:

- the left-hand suspended mounting on the gearbox,
- the power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the suspended mounting (if fitted to the vehicle),
- the left-hand rubber pad mounting,
- the rubber pad,
- the rubber pad nuts on the left-hand suspended mounting,
- the gearbox support nut on the rubber pad.

- Torque tighten:

- the **bolts mounting the left-hand suspended mounting on the gearbox (62 N.m)**,
- the **bolt of the power-assisted steering pipe on the left-hand suspended mounting (21 N.m)**,
- the **stud on the gearbox support (180 N.m)**,
- the **left-hand rubber pad mounting bolts on the body (21 N.m)**,
- the **rubber pad nuts on the left-hand suspended mounting (105 N.m)**,
- the **nut of the gearbox support on the rubber pad (62 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**).

- Refit:

- the engine undertray,
- the injection computer (see **17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting, page 17B-7**),

K9K

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1453** Engine anchorage support with multiple adjustments and retaining straps.

### Tightening torques

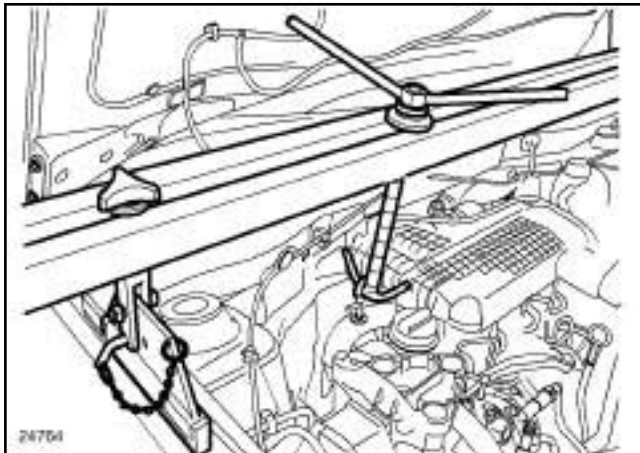
right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the engine	<b>62 N.m</b>
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right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the body	<b>62 N.m</b>
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## REMOVAL

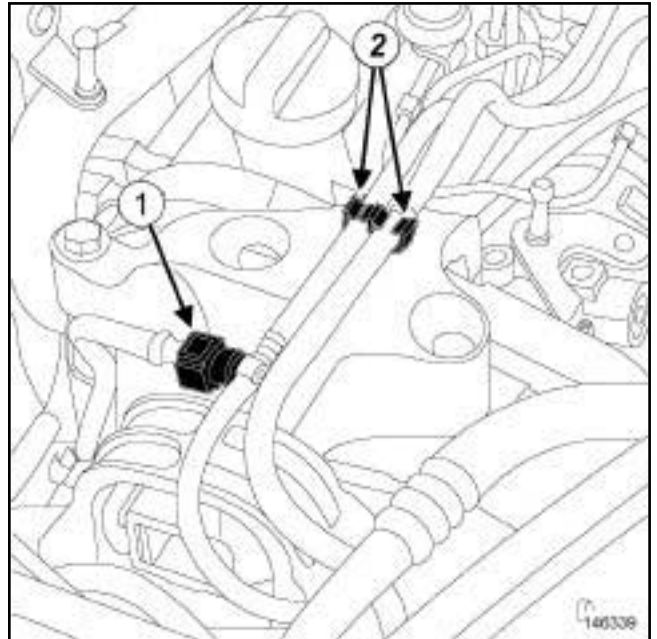
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front engine cover.



24764

- Fit the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) with the retaining belt, taking the timing end lifting eye as an anchoring point.

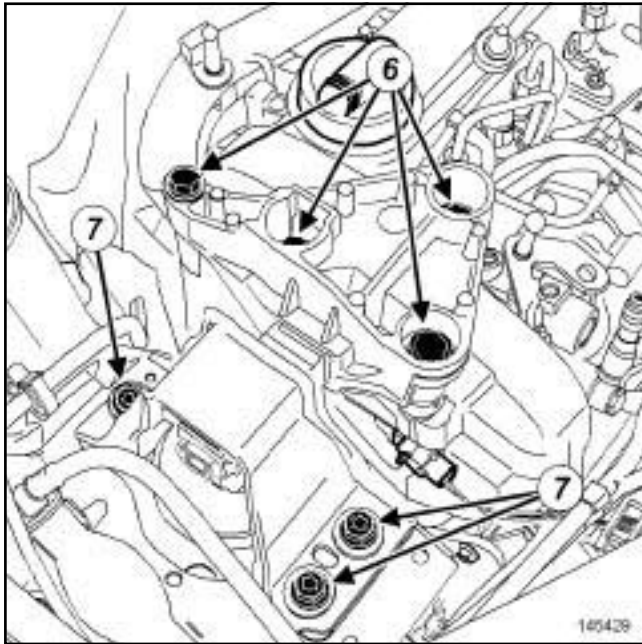


146339

- Disconnect the fuel pipe at (1) ,
- Insert the blanking plugs.
- Unclip the fuel pipes at (2) ,
- Move the fuel pipes aside.

K9K

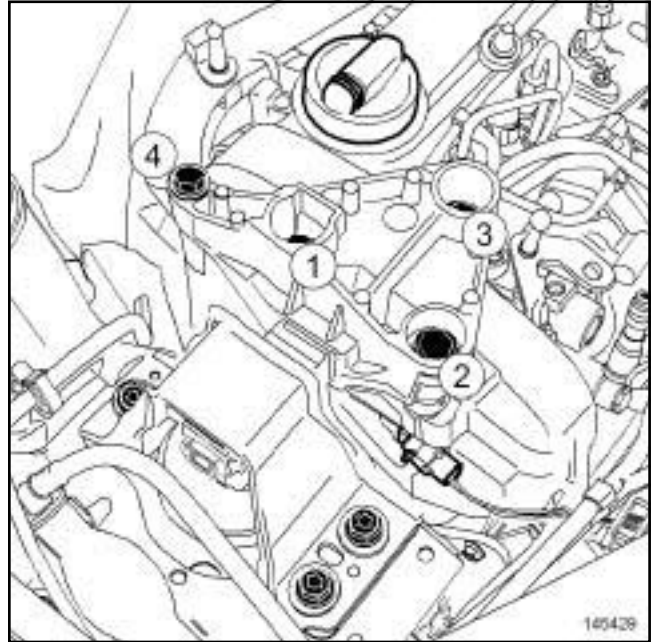
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Mark the position of the right-hand suspended engine mounting on the body.
- Remove:
  - the bolts (6) from the right-hand suspended engine mounting on the engine,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts (7) on the body,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION



- Refit:
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting observing the marks made on the body during removal,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the engine,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the body.
- Torque tighten in order the **right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the engine (62 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten the **right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the body (62 N.m)**.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Position the fuel pipes.
- Clip on the fuel pipes at (2) .
- Remove the blanking plugs.
- Connect the fuel pipe at (1) .
- Remove the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) and the retaining strap.
- Refit the engine cover.



K4M

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1453** Engine anchorage support with multiple adjustments and retaining straps.

### Tightening torques

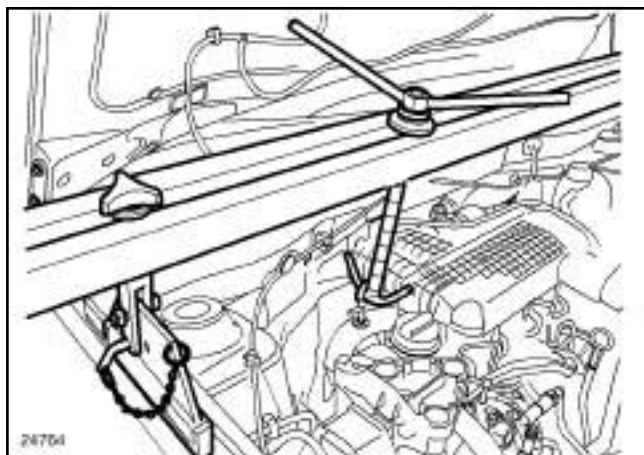
right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the engine	<b>62 N.m</b>
--	---------------

right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the body	<b>62 N.m</b>
--	---------------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

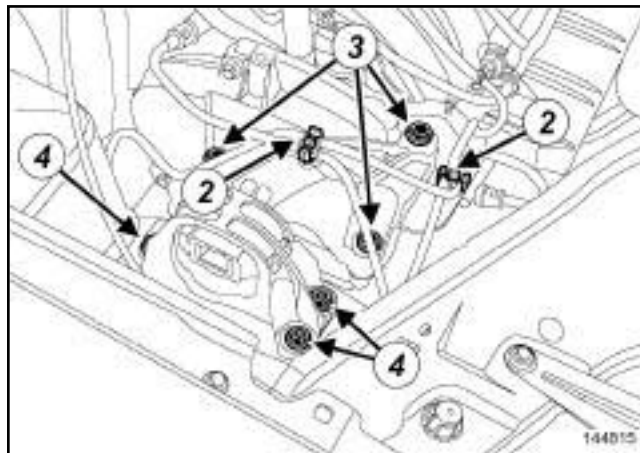
- Remove the front engine cover.



24764

- Fit the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) with the retaining belt, taking the timing end lifting eye as an anchoring point.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



144815

- Detach at (2) :
  - the fuel supply pipe,
  - the petrol vapour recirculation pipe.
- Mark the position of the right-hand suspended engine mounting on the body.
- Remove:
  - the bolts (3) from the right-hand suspended engine mounting on the engine,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts (4) on the body,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting observing the marks made on the body during removal,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the engine,
  - the right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the body.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the engine (62 N.m)**,
  - the **right-hand suspended engine mounting bolts on the body (62 N.m)**.
- Clip:
  - the fuel supply pipe,
  - the petrol vapour recirculation pipe.

# ENGINE MOUNTING

## Right-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting

**19D**

K4M

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**).
- Refit the engine cover.

# ENGINE MOUNTING

## Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting

# 19D

### Tightening torques

rear suspended engine mounting bolt on the subframe	105 N.m
rear suspended engine mounting bolts on the gearbox	105 N.m

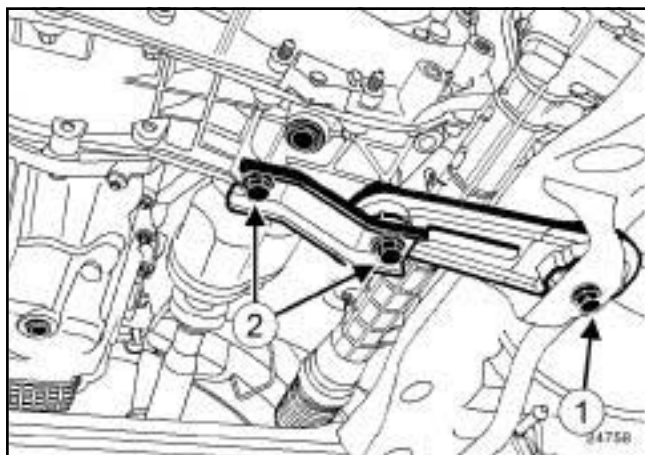
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

JR5



24758

- Remove:
  - the rear suspended engine mounting bolt (1) from the subframe,
  - the rear suspended engine bolts (2) from the gearbox,
  - the rear suspended engine mounting.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the rear suspended engine mounting,
  - the rear suspended engine mounting bolts.
- Torque tighten:
  - the rear suspended engine mounting bolt on the subframe (105 N.m),
  - the rear suspended engine mounting bolts on the gearbox (105 N.m).

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the engine undertray.
- Tighten the engine undertray bolts.

# RENAULT

## 2 Transmission

20A CLUTCH

21A MANUAL GEARBOX

29A DRIVESHAFTS

---

**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 2

## Contents

### Pages

<b>20A</b>	<b>CLUTCH</b>		<b>29A</b>	<b>DRIVESHAFTS</b>	
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	Clutch: Specifications	20A-2		Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting	29A-4
	Pressure plate - Disc: Removal - Refitting	20A-4		Relay shaft bearing: Removal - Refitting	29A-6
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<b>21A</b>	<b>MANUAL GEARBOX</b>			Front right-hand driveshaft gaiter, gearbox side: Removal - Refitting	29A-11
	Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling	21A-1		Front left-hand driveshaft gaiter, gearbox side: Removal - Refitting	29A-16
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	Input shaft lip seal: Removal - Refitting	21A-25			
	Reverse gear switch: Removal - Refitting	21A-26			

---

## Clutch: Precautions for the repair

---

### Before removing the clutch, check:

- The direction of fitting for the clutch plate.

### Before refitting the clutch, check:

- The flywheel friction track (no scratches or blue stains),
- The crankshaft bearing (no sticking),
- The engine and gearbox seals (replace if necessary),
- The sliding action of the clutch plate on the output shaft,
- The guide of the thrust bearing and clutch fork (no wear or scratches).

### **WARNING**

To prevent the clutch from juddering or slipping, do not grease the output shaft or the clutch plate hub.

### During refitting:

Check the direction of the clutch plate.

Centre the clutch plate using theor.

Gradually torque tighten the clutch pressure plate bolts.

### After refitting, check:

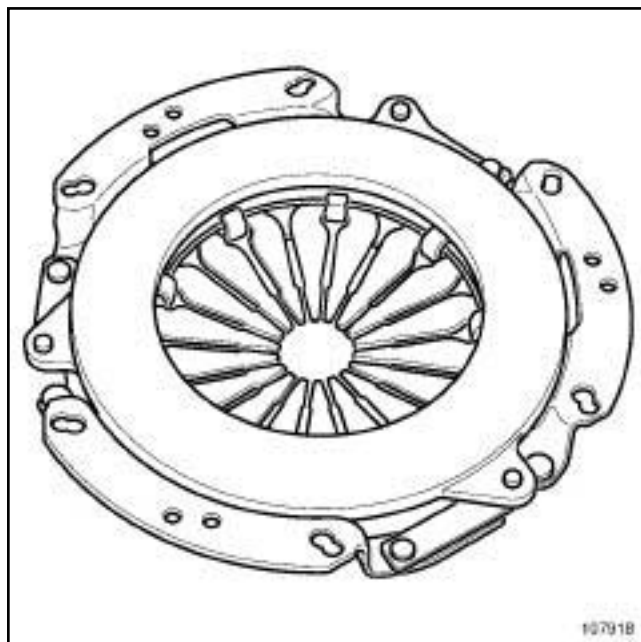
- The clutch play (for a cable operated vehicle),
- Bleeding of the hydraulic circuit (for vehicles with hydraulic controls).

# CLUTCH

## Clutch: Specifications

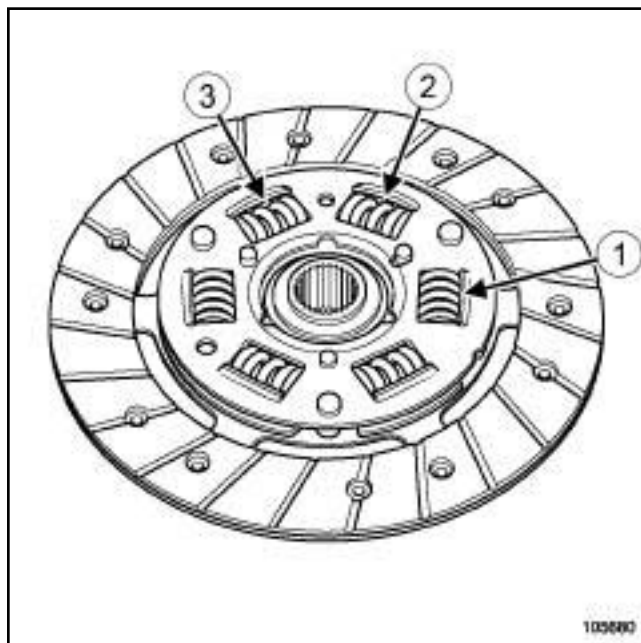
# 20A

K4M or K9K



107918

Drive plate



105680

Plate external diameter: **200 mm**

Plate thickness: **7.5 mm**

Number of splines: **26**

Spring colour (1) : **Grey**

Spring colour (2) : **Green**

Spring colour (3) : **Lilac blue**

K4M

Pressure plate

# CLUTCH

## Clutch: Specifications

# 20A

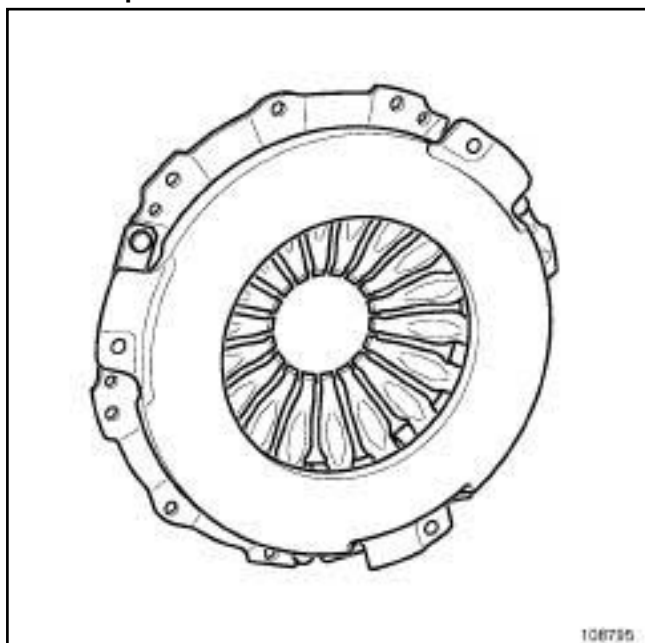
K4M or K9K

Colours of the springs (4) : Red and black.

Colour of spring (5) : Grey.

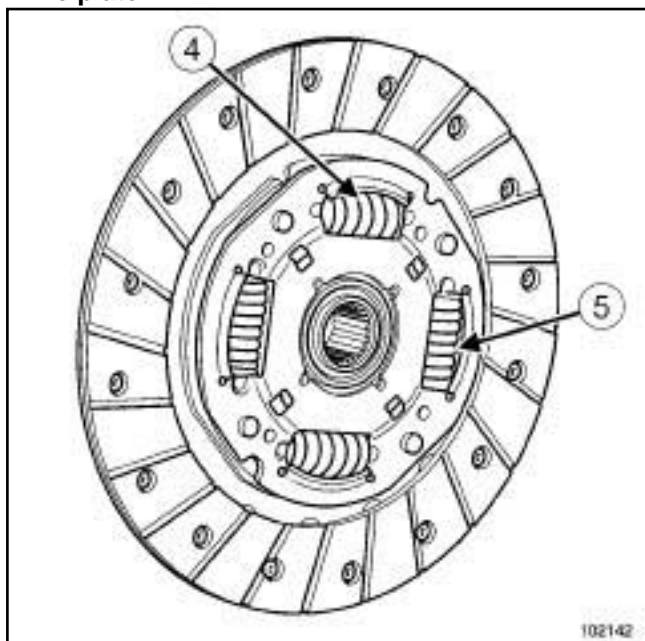
K9K

### Pressure plate



108735  
108795

### Drive plate



102142  
102142

Plate outer diameter: **215 mm**.

Plate thickness: **6.9 mm**.

Number of grooves: **26**.



K4M

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

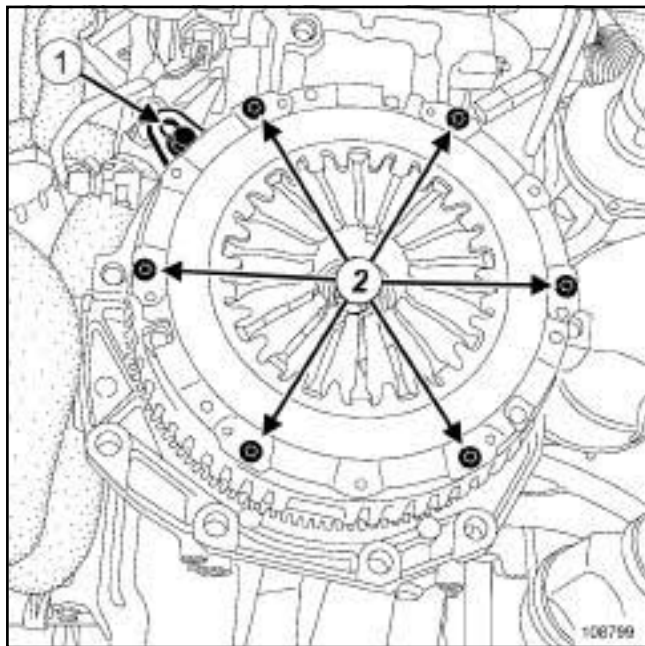
- (see **20A, Clutch, Clutch: Precautions for the repair**, page **20A-1**) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**, page **21A-4**) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



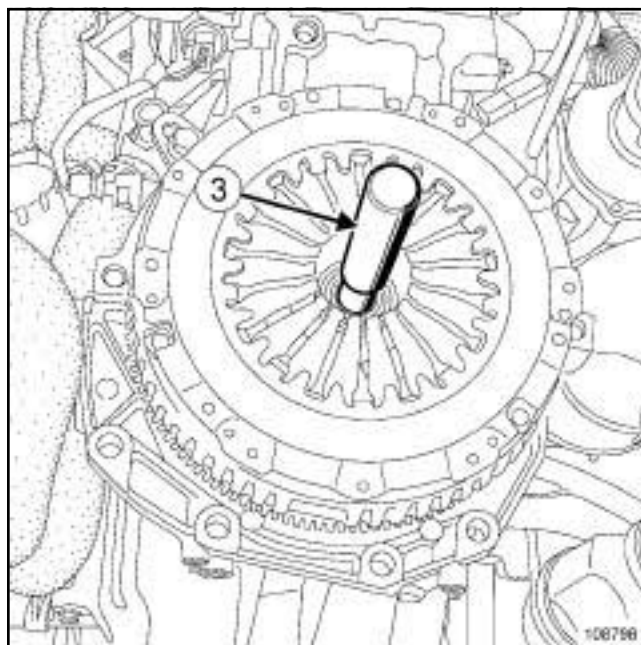
- Lock the engine using the (1) .
- Remove:
  - the clutch pressure plate bolts (2) .
  - the clutch pressure plate,
  - the friction plate.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Replace any faulty parts.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the flywheel friction face,
  - the clutch shaft splines.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION



- Position the clutch plate.
- Centre the clutch plate using theor (3) .
- Gradually tighten the clutch pressure plate bolts radially.
- Remove the tool.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**, page **21A-4**) .

K9K

### Tightening torques

pressure plate bolts	15 N.m
----------------------	--------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

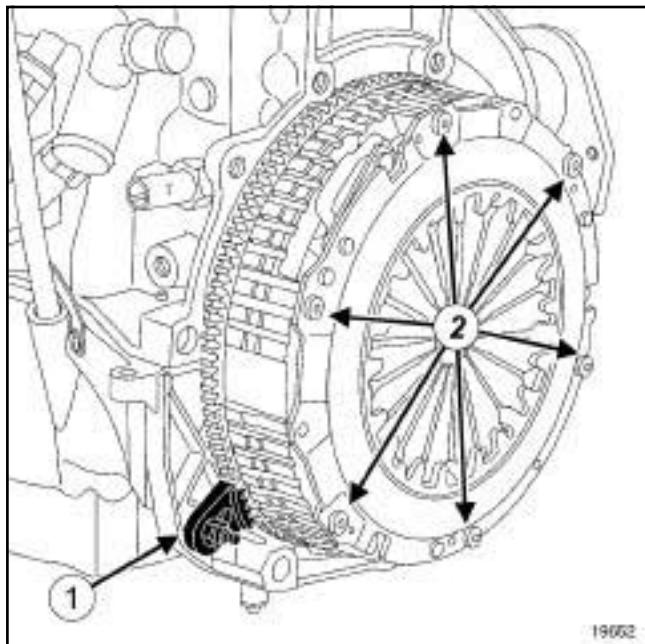
- (see 20A, Clutch, Clutch: Precautions for the repair, page 20A-1) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the gearbox (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting, page 21A-4) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Lock the engine using the (1) .
- Remove:
  - the clutch pressure plate bolts (2) .
  - the clutch pressure plate,
  - the friction plate.

## REFITTING

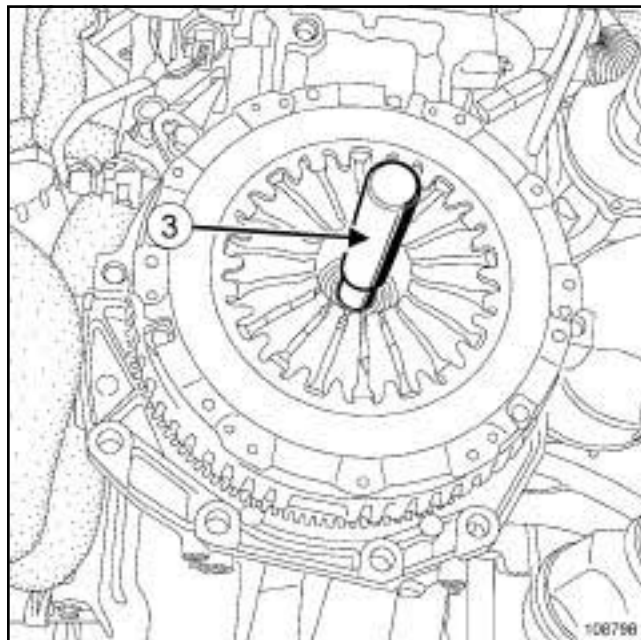
### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Replace any faulty parts.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean and degrease:
  - the flywheel friction face,
  - the clutch shaft splines.

### WARNING

Do not grease the clutch shaft splines.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION



108798

- Position the clutch plate.
- Centre the clutch plate using their (3) .
- Tighten the clutch pressure plate mounting bolts gradually and radially.
- Torque tighten the clutch **pressure plate bolts (15 N.m)** in a radial pattern.
- Remove the tool.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the gearbox (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting, page 21A-4) .

## Clutch thrust bearing: Removal - Refitting

JR5

### Tightening torques

clutch thrust bearing bolts on the clutch housing	<b>21 N.m</b>
---	---------------

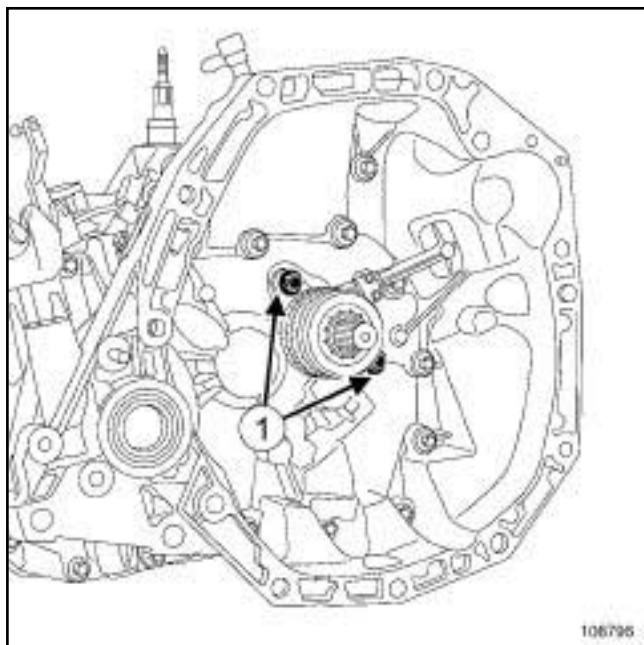
The thrust bearing is connected to the clutch slave cylinder.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

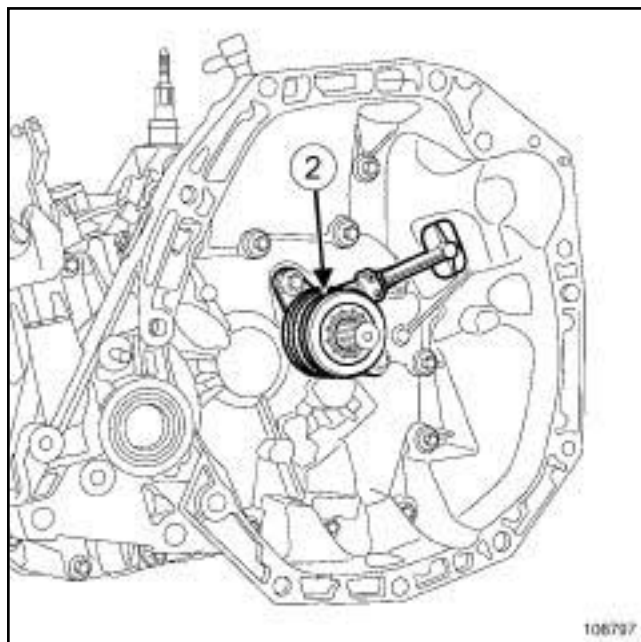
- Drain the brake reservoir using a syringe to remove the clutch thrust bearing and control.
- Remove the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**, page 21A-4).

### II - REMOVAL



108796

- Remove the two clutch thrust bearing bolts (1) on the clutch housing.



108797

108797

- Remove the clutch thrust bearing (2).

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the clutch thrust bearing.
- 

#### Note:

To obtain optimum bleeding, prefill the clutch thrust bearing when refitting.

### II - REFITTING

- Refit a new clutch thrust bearing.
- Torque tighten the **clutch thrust bearing bolts on the clutch housing (21 N.m)**.

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the slave cylinder, do not coat the gearbox output shaft with grease.

Never operate the system while the slave cylinder is removed.

### III - FINAL OPERATION


- Refit the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting**, page 21A-4).
- Bleed the clutch control (see **Clutch circuit: Bleed** (37A, Mechanical component controls)).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling

# 21A

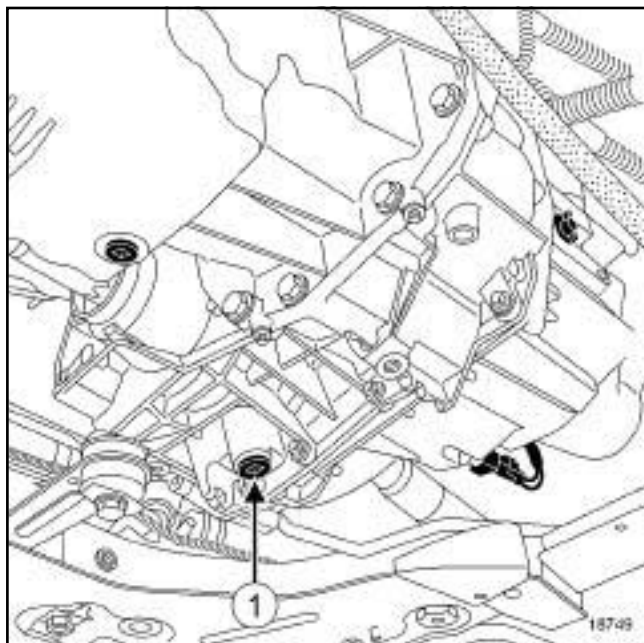
JR5

Tightening torques 	
drain plug	22 N.m

Type of gearbox	Capacity (litres)
JH1	2.8
JH3	
JR5	2.5

### DRAINING

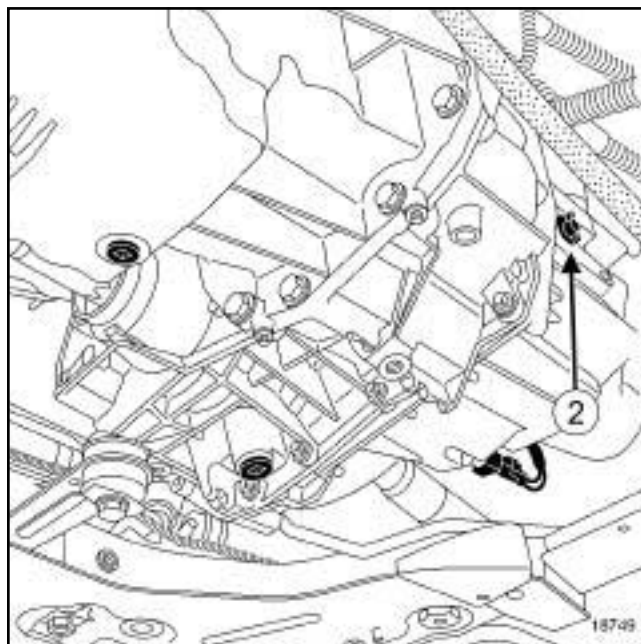
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (O2A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Fit the oil recovery tray under the gearbox.



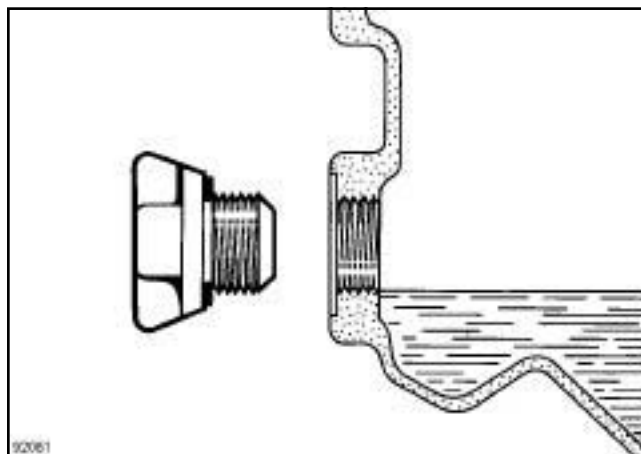
- Remove the drain plug (1) .
- Allow the oil to flow into the oil recovery tray.

### FILLING

- It is essential to replace the drain plug seal.
- Refit the drain plug fitted with a new seal.
- Torque tighten the **drain plug (22 N.m)**.



- Remove the filler cap (2) .



- Fill the gearbox up to the level of the opening with oil recommended by the manufacturer (see **Manual gearbox oil: Specifications**) (Technical Note 6012A, 04, Lubricants).
- Refit the filler cap.
- Wipe any oil run-off with a cloth.
- Remove the oil recovery tray.
- Refit the engine undertray.

## Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting

JR5

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (MR 388, 02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Drain the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .

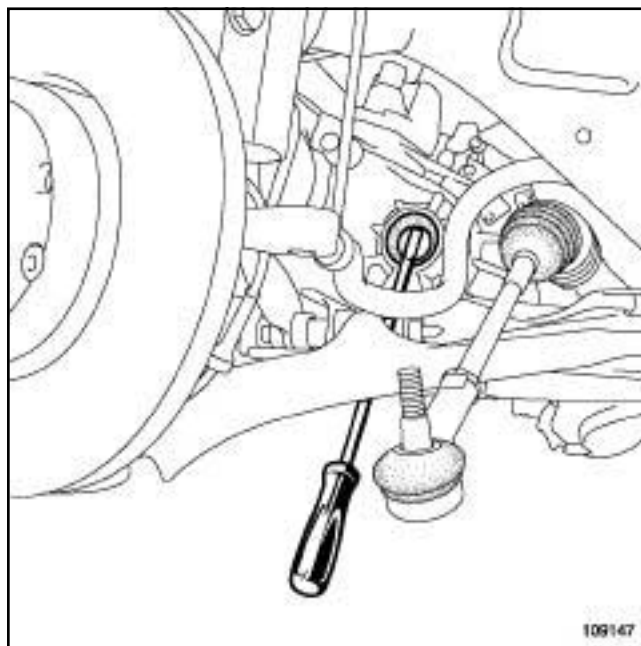
#### 1 - When replacing the differential output seal on the left-hand side

- Remove:
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front left-hand wheel driveshaft (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-1) (29A, Driveshafts).

#### 2 - When replacing the differential output seal on the right-hand side

- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel driveshaft (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-4) (29A, Driveshafts).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



109147

- Tap the base of the lip seal using a drift punch and a small hammer to release it and cause it to turn in its housing.
- Withdraw the lip seal using a screwdriver, taking care not to damage the differential housing.

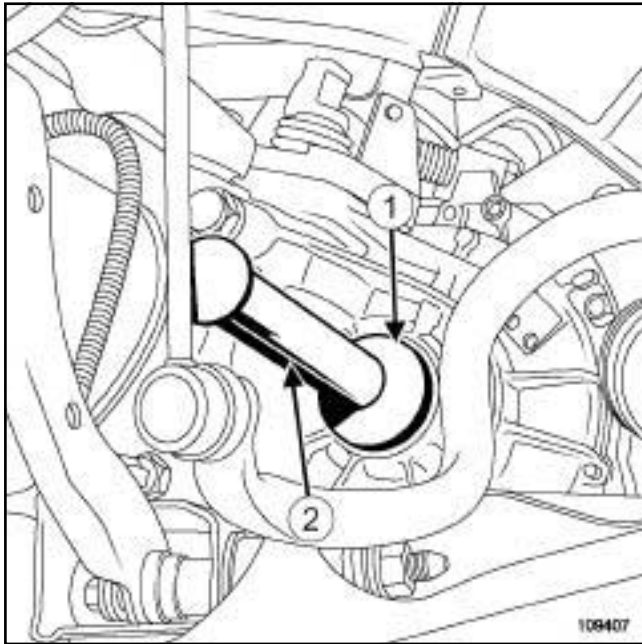
### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Differential output seal.**

JR5

II - REFITTING OPERATION



- Refit the differential output seal using the tool (1) with **A** on the right-hand side, and **B** on the left-hand side.
- Tap the tool with a copper hammer (2) to fit the new differential output seal fully.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Top up the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling, page 21A-1**).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

K9K, and JR5

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1453** Engine anchorage support with multiple adjustments and retaining straps.

### Equipment required

component jack

### Tightening torques

stud on the engine **8 N.m**

stud on the gearbox **8 N.m**

gearbox stud nuts **44 N.m**

upper and lower gearbox bolts **44 N.m**

power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the sub-frame **21 N.m**

power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox mounting **21 N.m**

power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox **21 N.m**

earth strap bolts on the gearbox **21 N.m**

expansion bottle nuts **8 N.m**

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent the vehicle from falling, lash it to the vehicle lift using a strap.

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

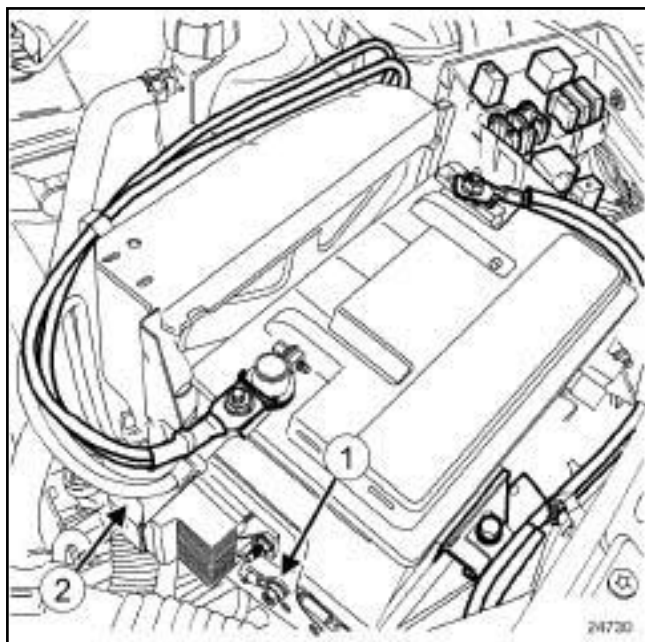
- (see **Manual gearbox: Precautions for the repair**) ,
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) .

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

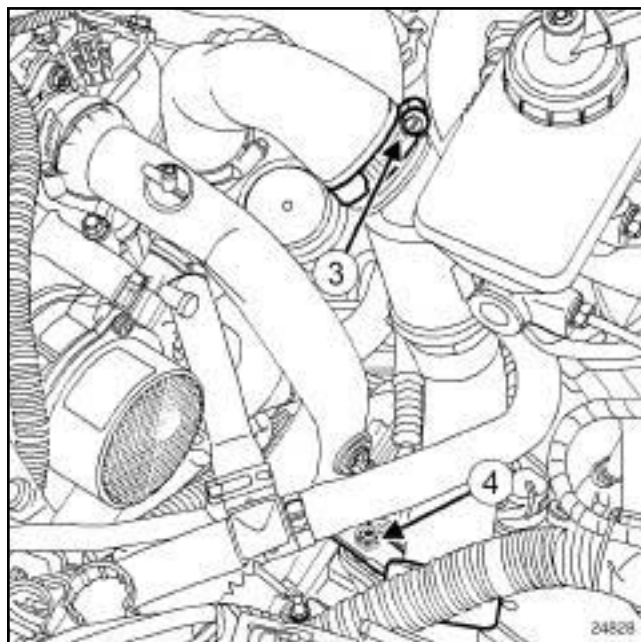
# 21A

K9K, and JR5



24730

- Remove:
  - the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery),
  - the battery tray,
  - the earth strap nut (1) ,
  - the injection computer (see **Diesel injection computer: Removal - Refitting**) (13B, Diesel injection),
  - the wiring mounting on the injection computer support.
- Move the engine harness aside.
- Disconnect:
  - the pre-postheating unit connector (2) ,
  - the vehicle speed sensor connector.
- Remove:
  - the vehicle speed sensor protective cover,
  - the expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle from its support.

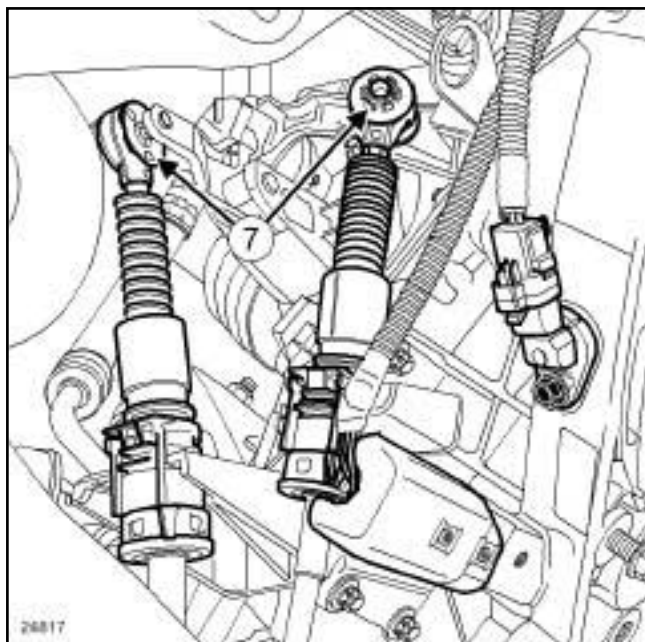


24828

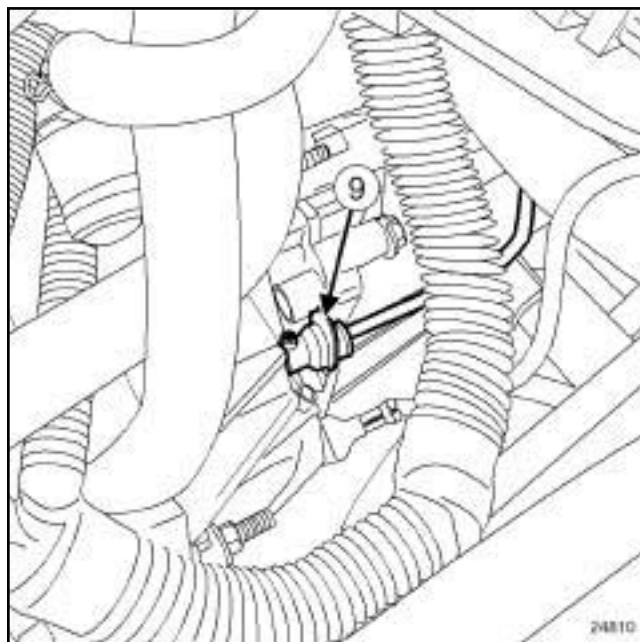
- Remove:
  - the clip (3) on the air pipe between the turbocharger and the intercooler,
  - the air pipe nut (4) on the gearbox,
  - the air pipe clip on the intercooler,
  - the air pipe between the turbocharger and the intercooler.
- Remove the wiring mountings on the gearbox.
- Move away the engine wiring around the gearbox.
- Remove:
  - the crankshaft position sensor (see **Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**) (13B, Petrol injection),
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).



K9K, and JR5



24817



24810

- Press on the clip (9) and disconnect the clutch control pipe on the clutch slave cylinder.

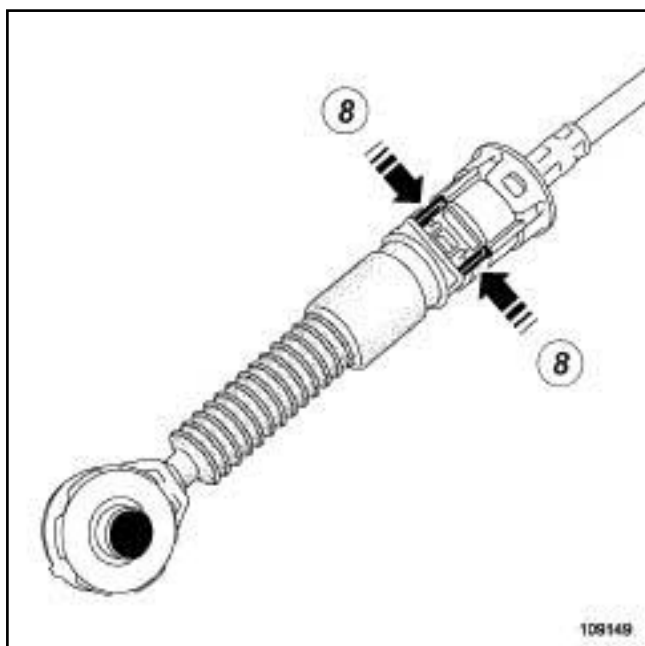
### WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

- Recover the brake fluid in a container.
- Fit blanking plugs into openings.
- Remove the engine undertray.
- Drain the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**).

### 1 - LEFT-HAND SIDE OF VEHICLE:

- Remove the front left-hand wheel arch side liner.
- Uncouple the front left-hand driveshaft from the gearbox (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-1).



109149

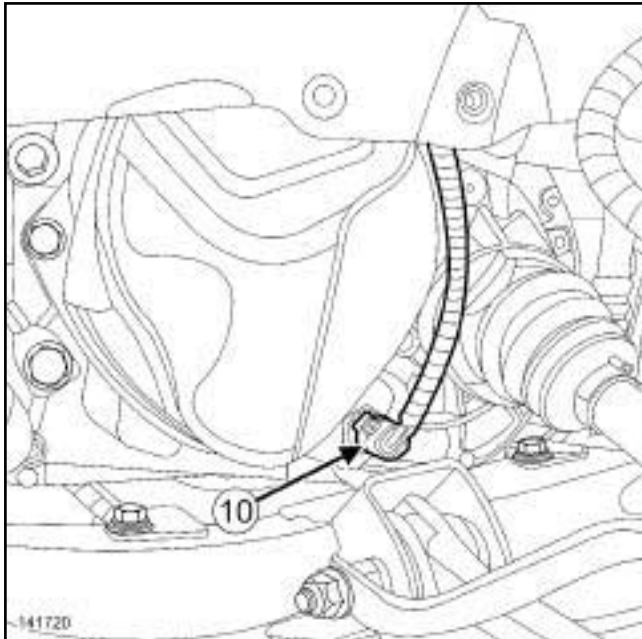
- Unclip:
  - the gear control cables on the gearbox at (7),
  - the gearbox control cable sleeve stops by pressing at (8).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

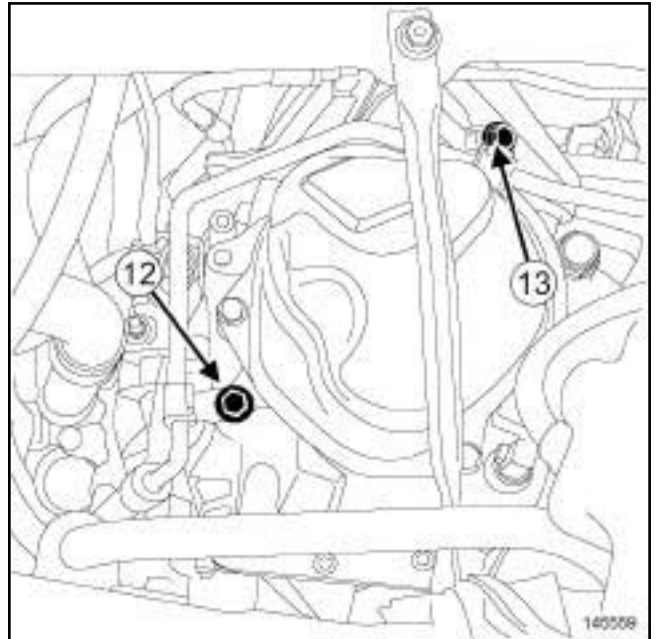
# 21A

K9K, and JR5

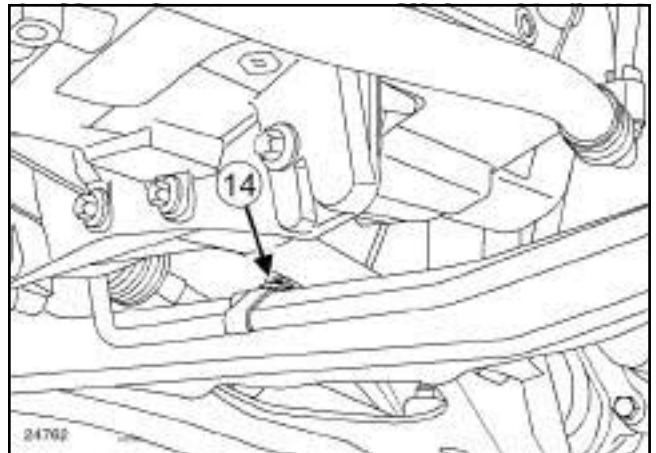


141720

- Disconnect the reverse gear connector (10) .

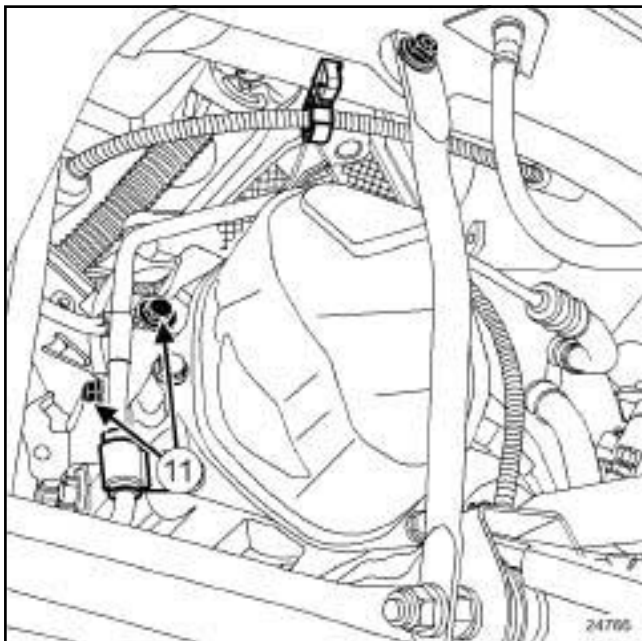


145559



24762

- Remove:
  - the bolt (12) from the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox,
  - the bolt (13) from the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox mounting,
  - the bolt (14) from the power-assisted steering pipe on the subframe.



24766

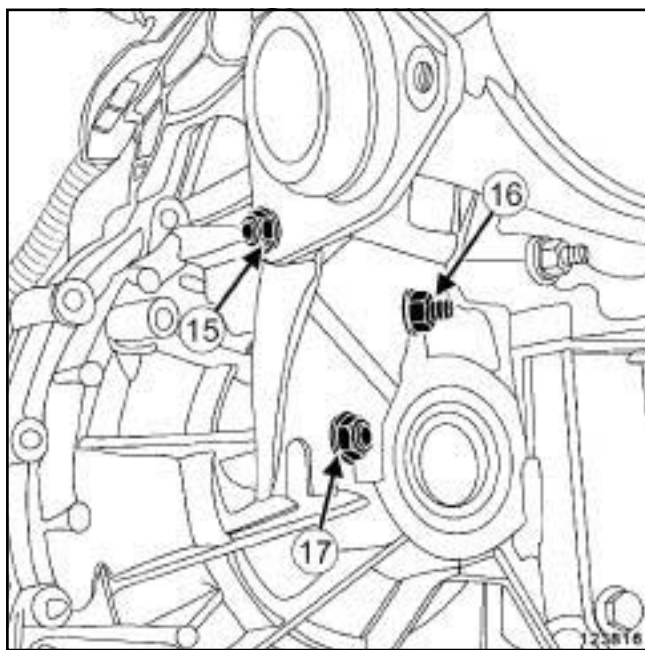
- Remove the earth strap bolts (11) on the gearbox.

### 2 - RIGHT-HAND SIDE OF VEHICLE

- Remove the front right-hand wheel arch side liner.
- Uncouple the front right-hand wheel driveshaft from the gearbox (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page **29A-4**) .

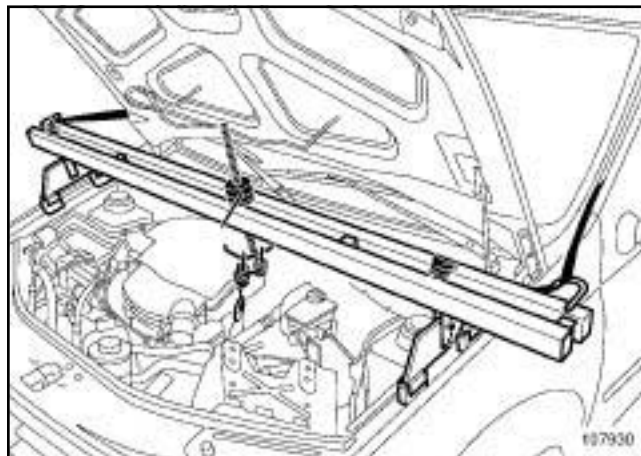
K9K, and JR5

- Remove the steering box bolts on the subframe.
- Attach the steering rack to the body.
- Remove:
  - the lower engine tie-bar (see **Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**) (19D, Engine mounting),
  - the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
  - the starter (see **Starter: Removal - Refitting**) (16A, Starting - Charging).

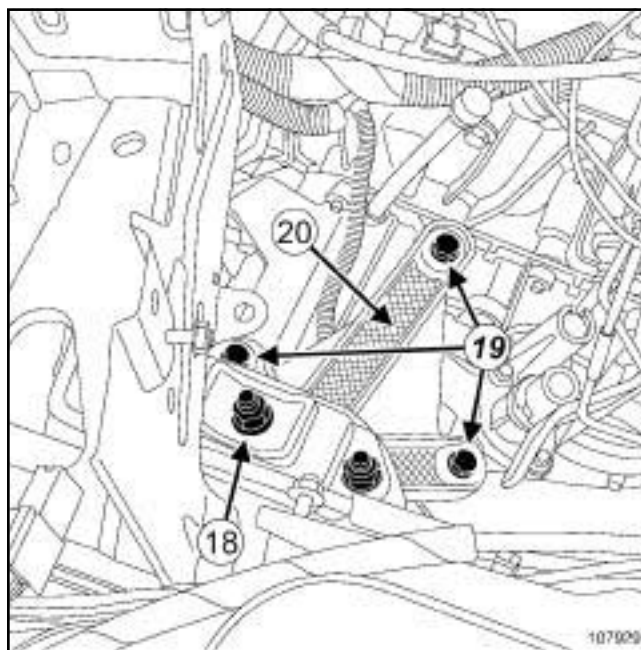


- Remove the bolt (15) from the catalytic converter downstream strut.
- Undo:
  - the nut (16) from the catalytic converter downstream strut,
  - the bolt (17) of the catalytic converter downstream strut.
- Remove the catalytic converter downstream strut.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

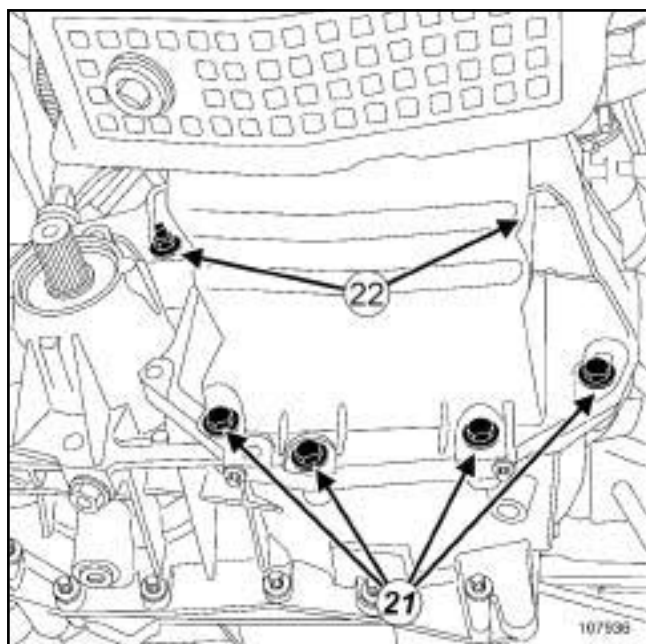


- Fit the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) with the retaining belt, taking the flywheel end lifting eye as an anchoring point.



- Remove:
  - the suspended mounting nut (18) on the rubber pad,
  - the bolts (19) from the gearbox suspended mounting,
  - the gearbox suspended mounting (20) ,
  - the gearbox upper bolts.
- Fit a **component jack** under the gearbox.

K9K, and JR5



107936

- Remove:
  - the gearbox lower bolts (21) ,
  - the gearbox stud nuts (22) ,
  - the gearbox.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check for leaks from the input shaft, replace the guide tube if necessary (see 21A, **Manual gearbox, Input shaft lip seal: Removal - Refitting**, page 21A-25) .
- Always replace:
  - the differential outlet seals,
  - the clutch thrust bearing.
- Remove:
  - the differential output seals (see 21A, **Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting**, page 21A-2) .
  - the clutch thrust bearing (see 20A, **Clutch, Clutch thrust bearing: Removal - Refitting**, page 20A-6)
- Refit:
  - new differential output seals (see 21A, **Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting**, page 21A-2) .

- a new clutch thrust bearing (see 20A, **Clutch, Clutch thrust bearing: Removal - Refitting**, page 20A-6) .

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the slave cylinder, do not coat the gearbox output shaft with grease.

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the clutch slave cylinder, do not coat the gearbox output shaft with grease.

#### Note:

If a stud is loosened during this operation, coat the stud with **HIGH RESISTANCE THREAD-LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) . .

Torque tighten:

- the **stud on the engine (8 N.m)**,
- the **stud on the gearbox (8 N.m)**.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Check that the engine - gearbox centring rings are in place and correctly positioned.
- Couple the gearbox to the engine.
- Refit the gearbox stud nuts.
- Torque tighten the **gearbox stud nuts (44 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the gearbox lower bolts,
  - the gearbox upper bolts.
- Torque tighten the **upper and lower gearbox bolts (44 N.m)**.
- Remove the **component jack**.
- Refit the left-hand suspended engine mounting (see **Left-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Remove the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

K9K, and JR5

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the catalytic converter downstream strut (see **Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**),
  - the starter (see **Starter: Removal - Refitting**) (16A, Starting - Charging),
  - the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
  - the engine tie-bar (see **Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**) (19D, Engine mounting),
  - the steering box (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly).
- Connect the vehicle speed sensor connector.
- Refit:
  - the vehicle speed sensor protective cover,
  - the crankshaft position sensor (see **Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

### IV - RIGHT-HAND SIDE OF THE VEHICLE

- Couple the front right-hand wheel driveshaft, on the gearbox side (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-4).
- Refit the front right-hand wheel arch side liner.

### V - LEFT-HAND SIDE OF THE VEHICLE

- Refit:
  - the power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the subframe,
  - the bolt for the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox mounting,
  - the power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the subframe (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox mounting (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the earth strap bolts on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten the **earth strap bolts on the gearbox (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the reverse gear connector.

- Couple the front left-hand wheel driveshaft, on the gearbox side (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-1).
- Refit the front left-hand wheel arch side liner.
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**).
- Top up the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1).
- Refit the engine undertray.
- Connect the clutch control pipe to the clutch slave cylinder.
- Bleed the clutch control circuit (see **Clutch circuit: Bleed**) (37A, Mechanical component controls).
- Refit:
  - the gearbox control cable sleeve stops on the gearbox,
  - the gear control cables to the gearbox.
- Refit:
  - the wiring on the gearbox,
  - the wiring mounting on the injection computer mounting,
  - the injection computer (see **Diesel injection computer: Removal - Refitting**) (13B, Diesel injection),
  - the earth strap mounting nut,
- Connect the preheating unit connector.
- Refit:
  - the air pipe between the turbocharger and the intercooler,
  - the air pipe clip on the intercooler,
  - the air pipe nut on the gearbox,
  - the clip on the air pipe between the turbocharger and the intercooler.
- Refit the expansion bottle on its support.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the battery tray,
  - the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

K4M, and JR5

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1453** Engine anchorage support with multiple adjustments and retaining straps.

### Equipment required

component jack

### Tightening torques

stud on the engine	<b>8 N.m</b>
stud on the gearbox	<b>8 N.m</b>
gearbox stud nuts	<b>44 N.m</b>
upper and lower gearbox bolts	<b>44 N.m</b>
stay bolt on the cylinder block	<b>21 N.m</b>
stay nut on the exhaust manifold	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the sub-frame	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox mounting	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox	<b>21 N.m</b>
earth strap bolts on the gearbox	<b>21 N.m</b>
expansion bottle nuts	<b>8 N.m</b>
earth strap nut on the injection computer support	<b>8 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **Manual gearbox: Precautions for the repair**) ,
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

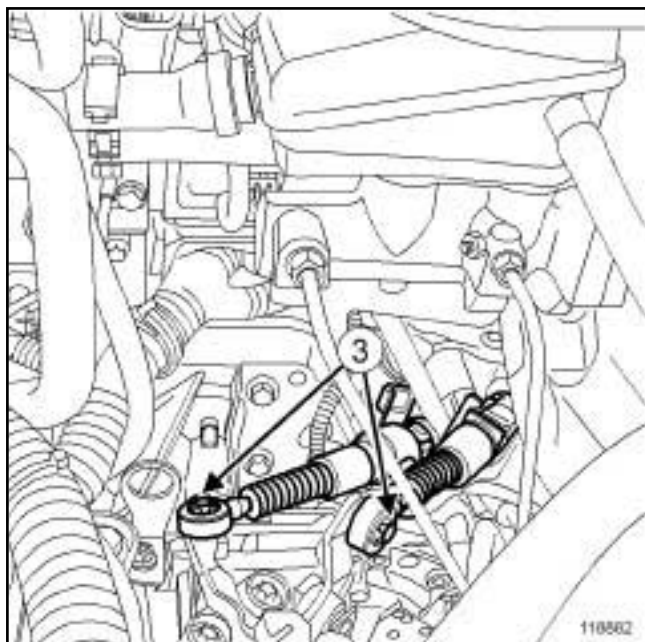
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

### IMPORTANT

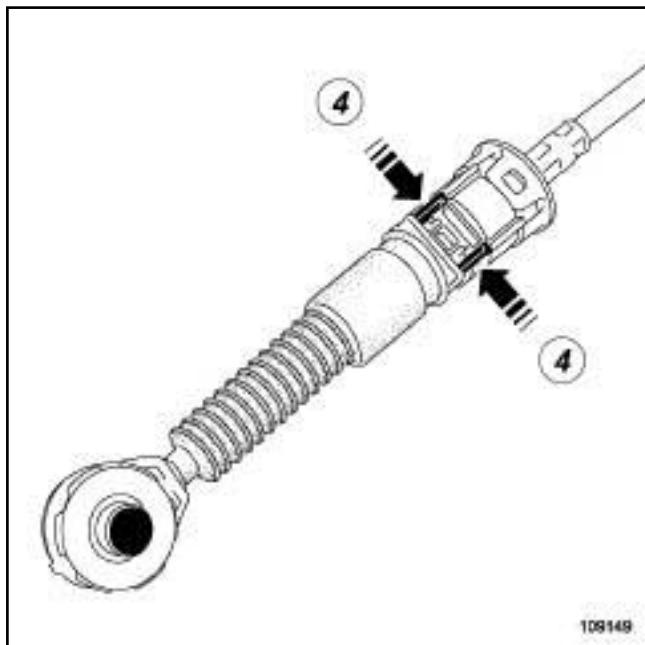
To prevent the vehicle from falling, lash it to the vehicle lift using a strap.

- Remove:
  - the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery),
  - the battery tray,
  - the earth strap nut on the injection computer mounting,
  - the air resonator (see **Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**) (12A, Fuel mixture),
  - the injection computer (see **Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**) (17B, Petrol injection),
  - the wiring mounting on the injection computer mounting.
  - the wiring mounting on the gearbox,
- Move the engine harness aside.
- Remove the expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle from its support.
- Disconnect the vehicle speed sensor connector.
- Remove:
  - the crankshaft position sensor (see **Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

K4M, and JR5

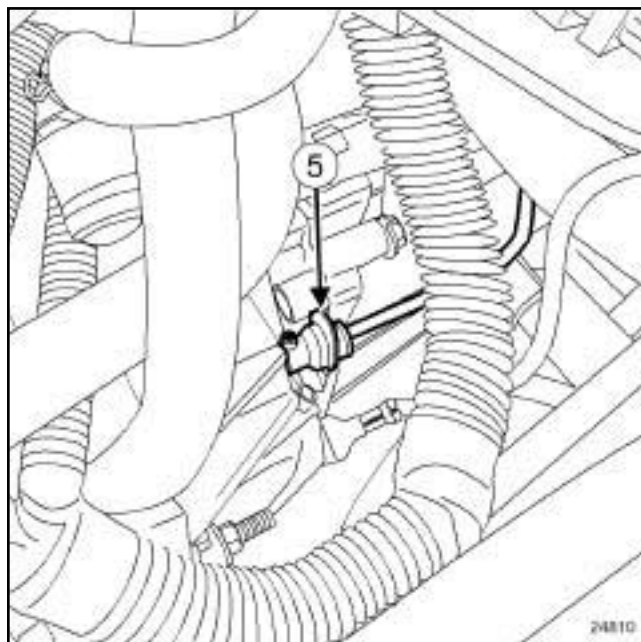


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- Unclip:
  - the gear control cables on the gearbox at (3) ,
  - the gearbox control cable sleeve stops by pressing at (4) .



24810

- Press the clip (5) and disconnect the clutch control pipe on the clutch slave cylinder by pressing on the retaining clip.

### WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

- Recover the brake fluid in a container.
- It is essential to place blanking plugs on the pipe openings.
- Remove the engine undertray.
- Drain the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) .

### 1 - LEFT-HAND SIDE OF VEHICLE:

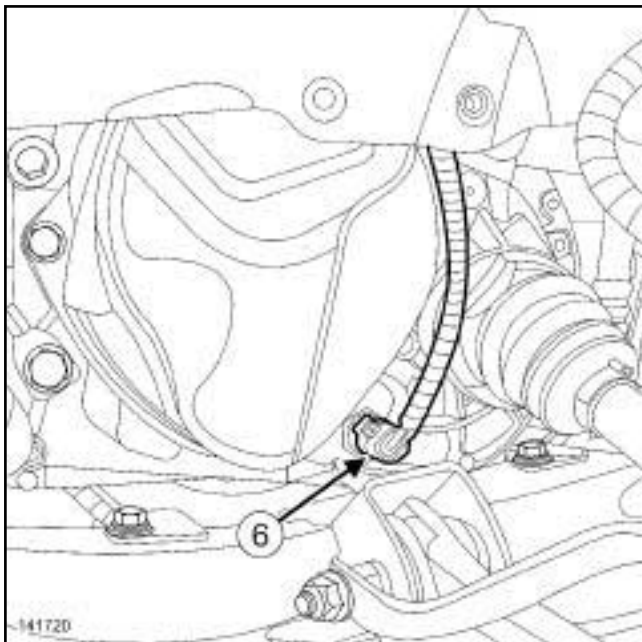
- Remove the front left-hand wheel arch side liner.
- Uncouple the front left-hand driveshaft from the gearbox (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-1) .

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

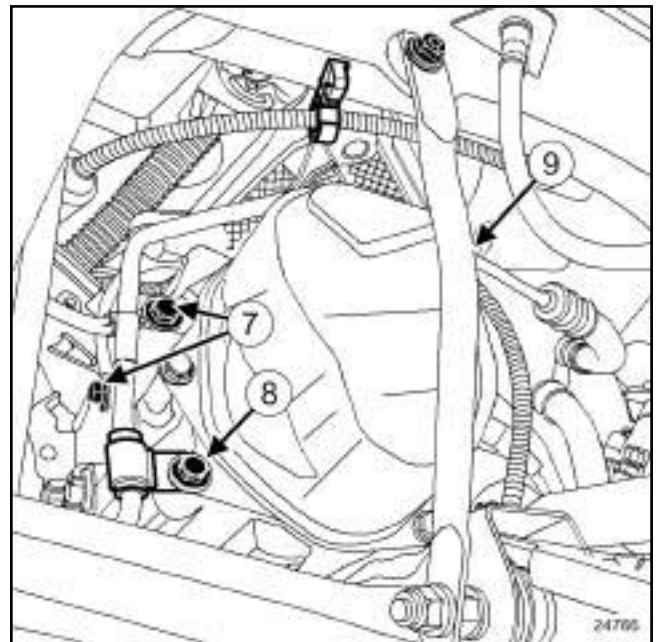
# 21A

K4M, and JR5

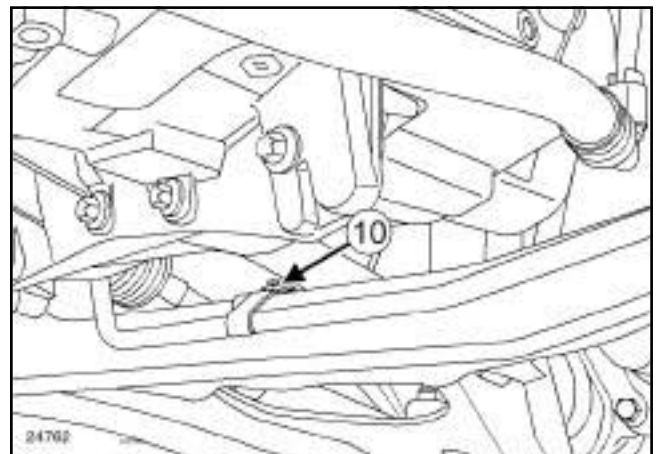


141720

- Disconnect the reverse gear connector (6) .



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24762

- Remove:
  - the earth strap bolts (7) on the gearbox,
  - the bolt (8) from the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox,
  - the bolt (9) from the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox mounting,
  - the bolt (10) from the power-assisted steering pipe on the subframe.



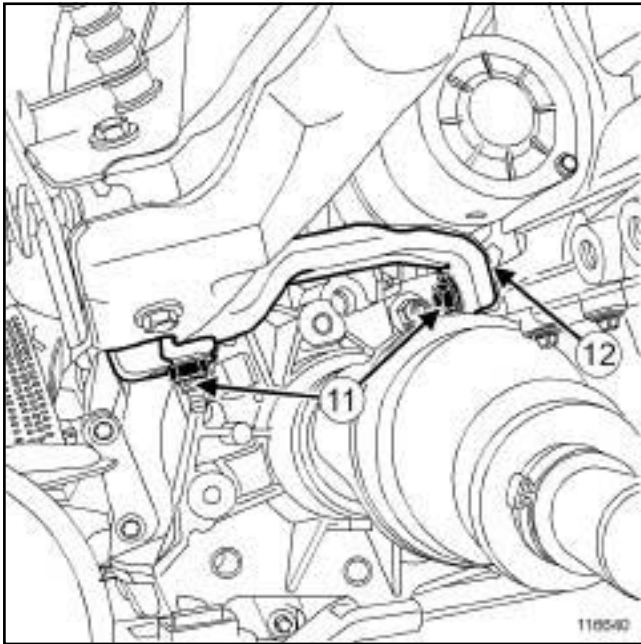
# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

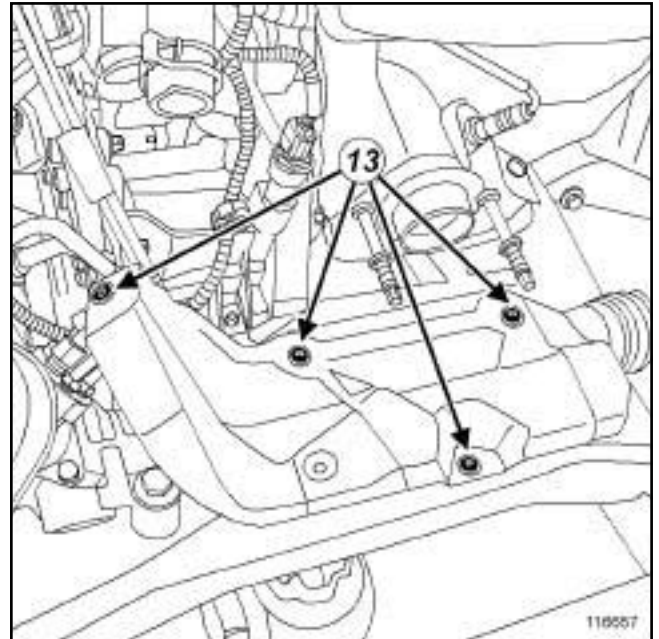
# 21A

K4M, and JR5

### 2 - RIGHT SIDE OF VEHICLE



- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch side liner,
  - the mountings (11) of the stay between the exhaust manifold and the cylinder block,
  - the stay (12) .
- Uncouple the front right-hand wheel driveshaft from the gearbox (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page **29A-4**) .

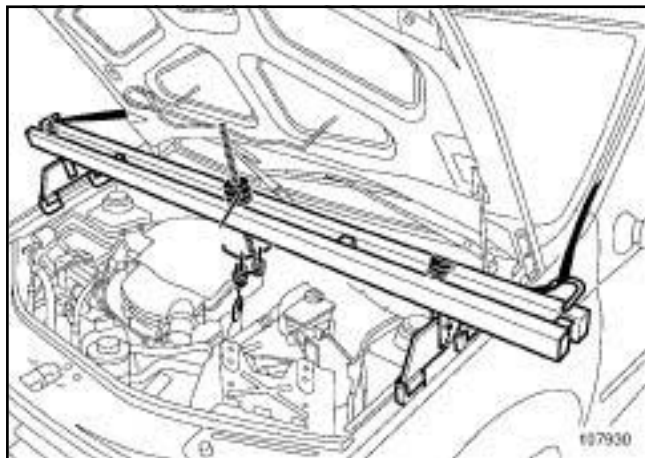


- Remove:
  - the bolts (13) from the steering box heat-resistant protector,
  - the heat shield,
  - the steering box bolts on the subframe.
- Attach the steering rack to the body.
- Remove:
  - the lower engine tie-bar (see **Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**) (19D, Engine mounting),
  - the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
  - the starter (see **Starter: Removal - Refitting**) (16A, Starting - Charging).

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

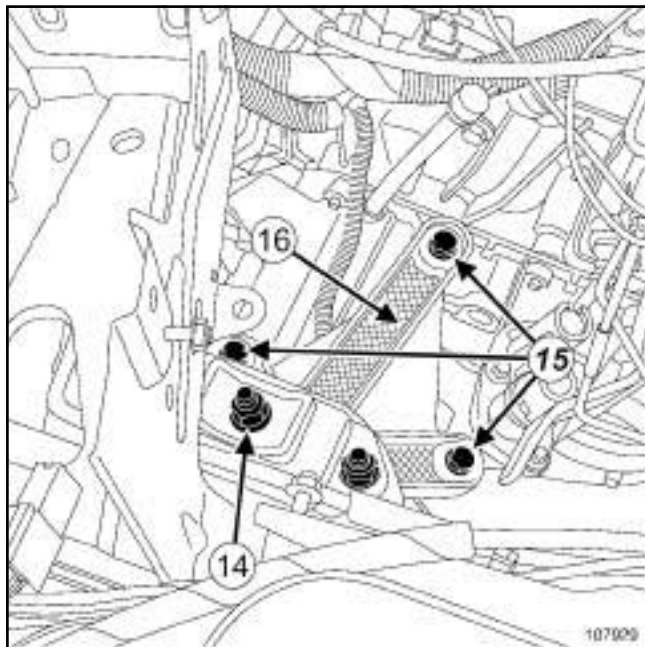
K4M, and JR5

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



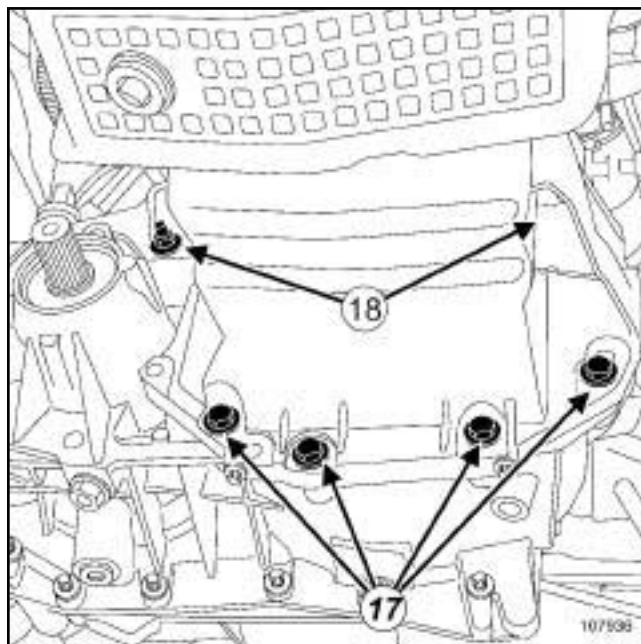
107930

- ❑ Fit the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**) with the retaining belt, taking the flywheel end lifting eye as an anchoring point.



107929

- ❑ Remove:
  - the suspended mounting nut (**14**) on the rubber pad,
  - the bolts (**15**) from the gearbox suspended mounting,
  - the suspended mounting (**16**) from the gearbox,
  - the gearbox upper bolts.
- ❑ Fit a **component jack** under the gearbox.



107936

- ❑ Remove:
  - the gearbox lower bolts (**17**),
  - the gearbox stud nuts (**18**),
  - the gearbox.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Check for leaks from the input shaft, replace the guide tube if necessary (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Input shaft lip seal: Removal - Refitting**, page **21A-25**).
- ❑ Always replace:
  - the differential output seals,
  - the clutch thrust bearing.
- ❑ Remove:
  - the differential output seals (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting**, page **21A-2**),
  - the clutch thrust bearing (see **20A, Clutch, Clutch thrust bearing: Removal - Refitting**, page **20A-6**).
- ❑ Refit:
  - new differential output seals (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting**, page **21A-2**).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

K4M, and JR5

- a new clutch thrust bearing (see **20A, Clutch, Clutch thrust bearing: Removal - Refitting**, page 20A-6) .

### WARNING

Do not grease the clutch shaft splines.

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the clutch slave cylinder, do not coat the gearbox output shaft with grease.

Note:

If a stud is loosened during this operation, coat the stud with **HIGH STRENGTH THREADLOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) .

Torque tighten:

- the **stud on the engine (8 N.m)**,
- the **stud on the gearbox (8 N.m)**.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Check that the engine - gearbox centring rings are in place and correctly positioned.
- Couple the gearbox to the engine.
- Refit the gearbox stud nuts.
- Torque tighten the **gearbox stud nuts (44 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the gearbox lower bolts,
  - the gearbox upper bolts.
- Torque tighten the **upper and lower gearbox bolts (44 N.m)**.
- Remove the **component jack**.
- Refit the left-hand suspended engine mounting (see **Left-hand suspended engine mounting: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Remove the engine support tool (**Mot. 1453**).

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the starter (see **Starter: Removal - Refitting**) (16A, Starting - Charging),

- the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
- the lower engine tie-bar (see **Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**) (19D, Engine mounting),
- the steering box (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
- the steering box heat shield.

## 1 - RIGHT SIDE OF VEHICLE

- Couple the front right-hand wheel driveshaft, on the gearbox side (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-4) .
- Refit the stay between the exhaust manifold and the cylinder block.
- Torque tighten in order:
  - the **stay bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m)**,
  - the **stay nut on the exhaust manifold (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the front right-hand wheel arch side liner.

## 2 - LEFT SIDE OF VEHICLE

- Refit:
  - the power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the subframe,
  - the bolt for the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox mounting,
  - the power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the subframe (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox mounting (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pipe bolt on the gearbox (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the earth strap bolts on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten the **earth strap bolts on the gearbox (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the reverse gear connector.
- Couple the front left-hand wheel driveshaft, on the gearbox side (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-1) .
- Refit the front left-hand wheel arch side liner.

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Manual gearbox: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

K4M, and JR5

- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**).
- Top up the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1).
- Refit the engine undertray.
- Connect the clutch control pipe to the clutch slave cylinder.
- Bleed the clutch control circuit (see **Clutch circuit: Bleed**) (37A, Mechanical component controls).
- Refit:
  - the gearbox control cable sleeve stops on the gearbox,
  - the gear control cables to the gearbox.
- Refit the front wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Connect the vehicle speed sensor connector.
- Refit:
  - the crankshaft position sensor (see **Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**),
  - the expansion bottle on its support.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the wiring mounting on the gearbox,
  - the wiring mounting on the injection computer mounting,
  - the injection computer (see **Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**) (17B, Petrol injection),
  - the air resonator (see **Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**) (12A, Fuel mixture),
  - the earth strap nut onto the injection computer support.
- Torque tighten the **earth strap nut on the injection computer support (8 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the battery tray,
  - the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## 5th gear housing: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

JR5

### Equipment required

oil recovery tray

### Tightening torques

5th gear housing bolts	25 N.m
front left-hand axle sub-frame tie-rod bolt	21 N.m
the nut of the front left-hand axle subframe tie-rod	21 N.m

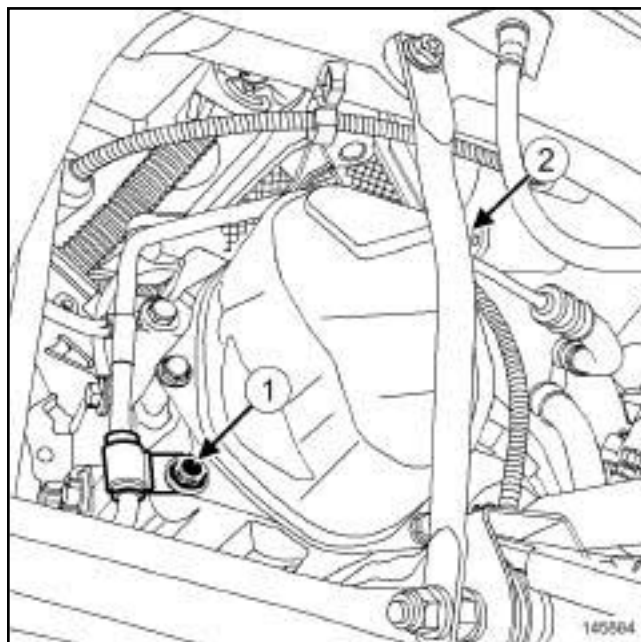
### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **Manual gearbox: Precautions for the repair**) ,
- see **Vehicle: Precautions for repair** (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

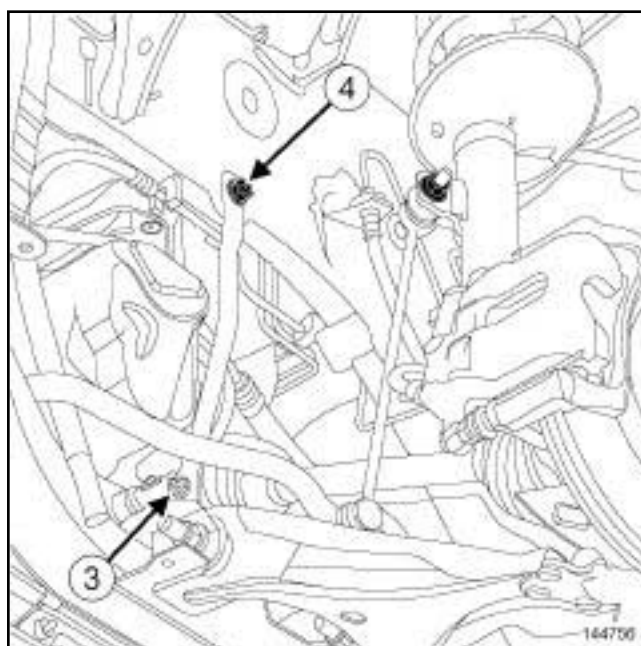
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Drain the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page **21A-1**) (21A, Manual gearbox).
- Remove the front left-hand wheel arch side liner.



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#### Remove:

- the bolt (1) mounting the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox,
- the bolt (2) mounting the power-assisted steering pipe on the gearbox support.



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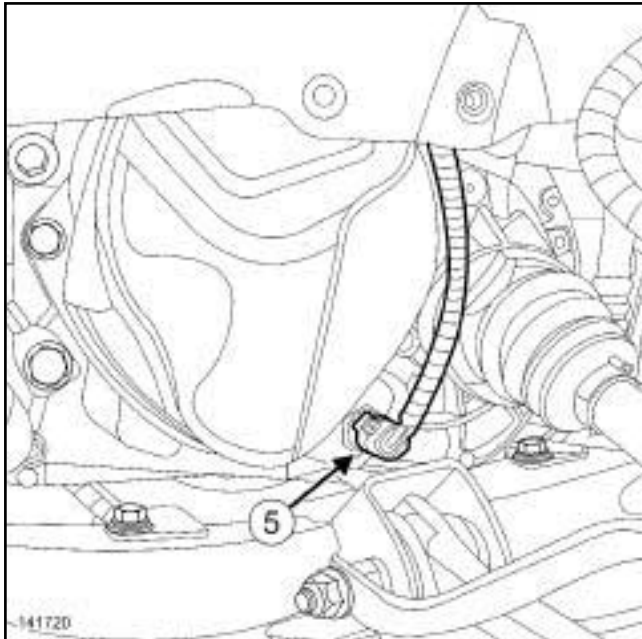
- Loosen the nut (3) on the tie rod of the front left-hand axle subframe.
- Remove the bolt (4) from the tie rod of the front left-hand axle subframe.
- Move the tie rod away from the front left-hand axle subframe.

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## 5th gear housing: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

JR5

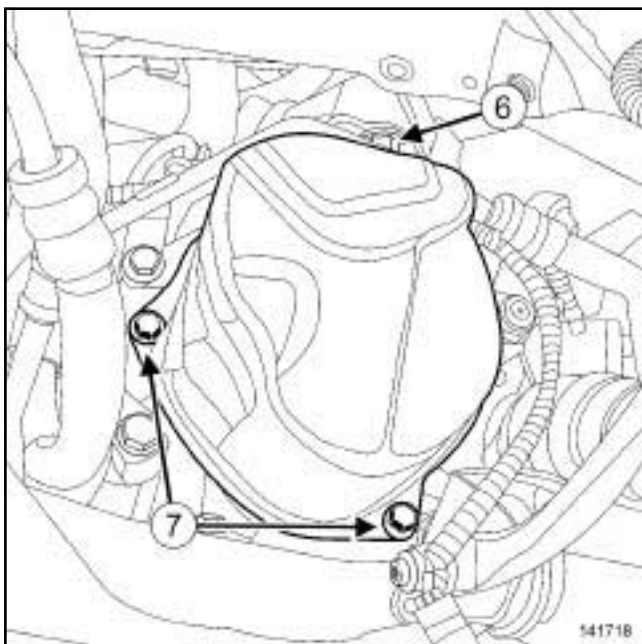


141720

- ❑ Disconnect the connector (5) from the reverse gear switch.

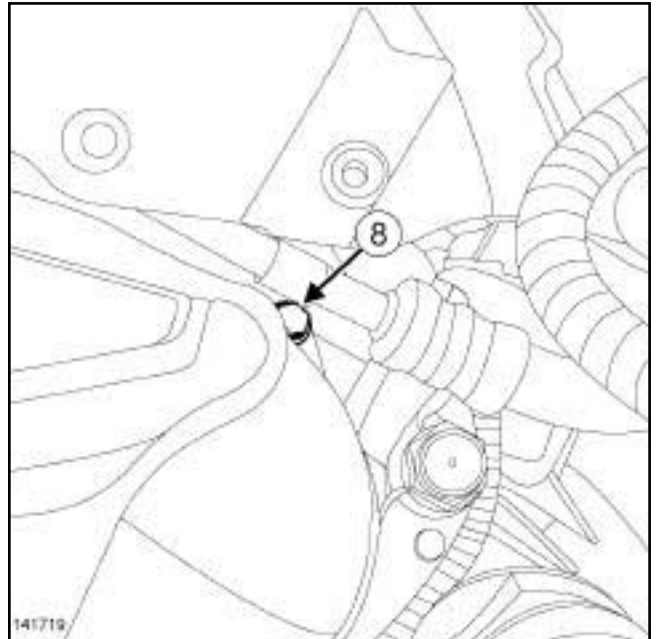
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- ❑ Fit an **oil recovery tray** under the 5th gear housing.



141718

- ❑ Unclip the wiring (6) of the reverse gear switch on the 5th gear housing.
- ❑ Remove the bolts (7) from the 5th gear housing.



141719

- ❑ Remove:
  - the bolt (8) of the 5th gear housing,
  - the 5th gear housing,
  - the seal of the 5th gear housing.

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: 5th gear housing seal.**

#### WARNING

Do not scrape the joint faces of the aluminium, any damage caused to the joint face will result in a risk of leaks.

#### WARNING

To ensure proper sealing, the gasket surfaces must be clean, dry and not greasy (avoid any finger marks).

- ❑ Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) to clean and degrease the joint face of:
  - the 5th gear housing,
  - the mechanism housing.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ❑ Refit the 5th gear housing equipped with a new seal.
- ❑ Torque tighten the **5th gear housing bolts (25 N.m)**.

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## 5th gear housing: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

JR5

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **front left-hand axle subframe tie-rod bolt (21 N.m)**,
  - the **nut of the front left-hand axle subframe tie-rod (21 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Fill and check the gearbox oil level (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page **21A-1**).

JR5

### Special tooling required

**Bvi. 1170** Extractor tool for 5th gear hub on primary shaft.

**Bvi. 1175** Fixed 5th gear mounting bolt.

### Tightening torques

input shaft nut **190 N.m**

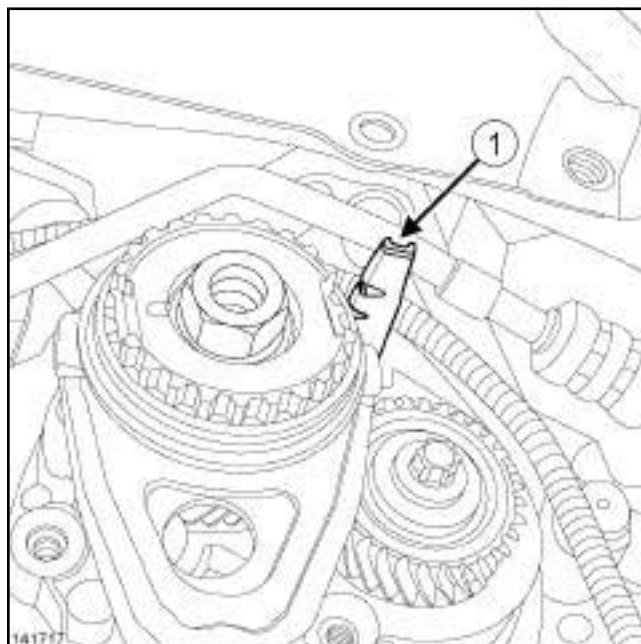
output shaft bolt **80 N.m**

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front left-hand wheel arch side liner.
- Drain the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .
- Remove:
  - the front axle subframe (see **Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting**) (31A, Front axle components),
  - the 5th gear housing (see **21A, Manual gearbox, 5th gear housing: Removal - Refitting**, page 21A-18) .

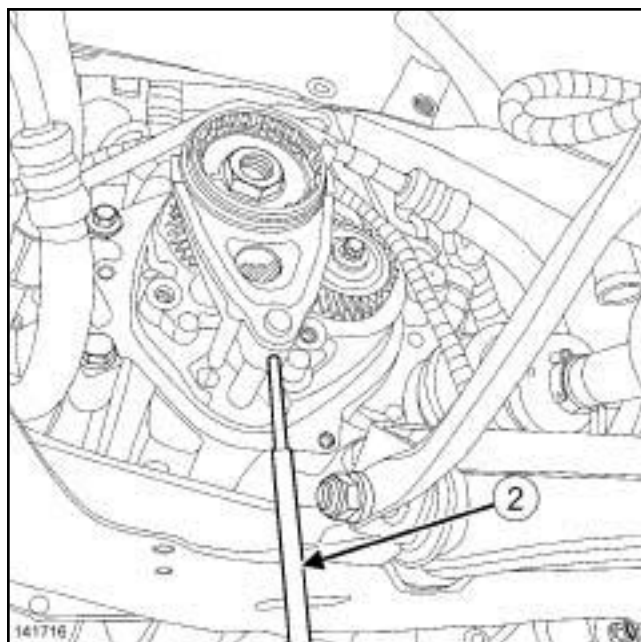
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



141717

#### Note:

Take care not to damage the fifth gear lubrication neck (1) during the entire operation.

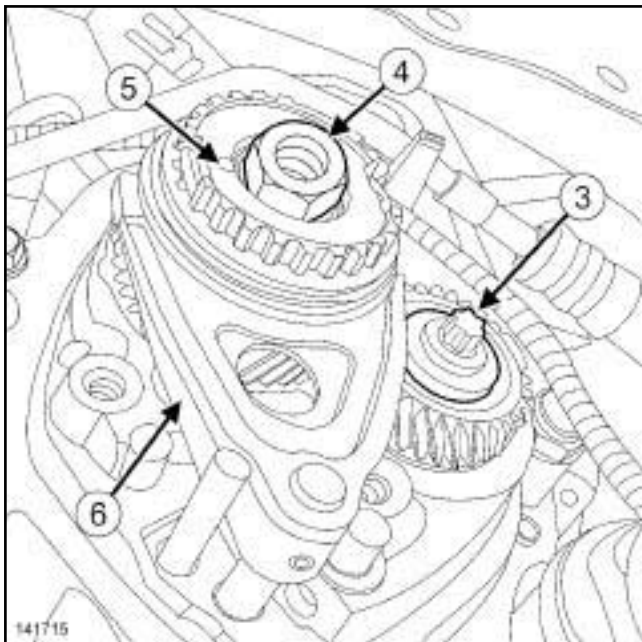


141716

- Remove the pin from the fifth gear fork using the tool (2) .
- Engage first gear using the gear lever.



JR5



141715

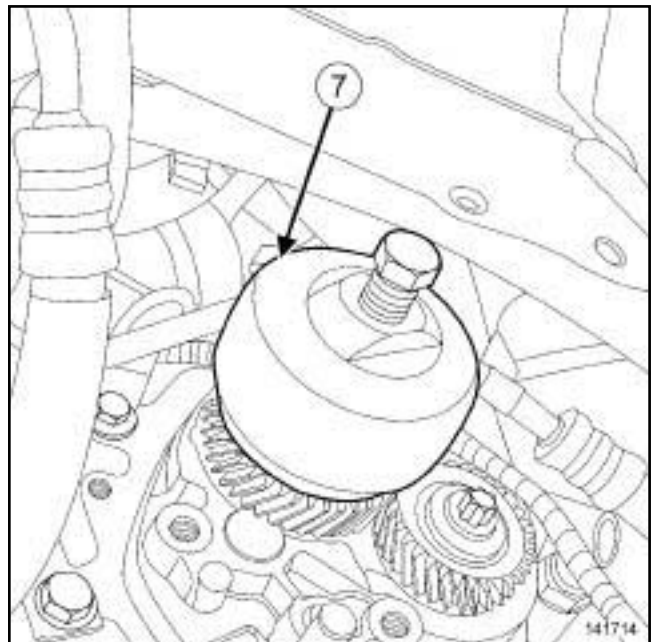
- ☐ Engage fifth gear by moving the fifth gear fork.

Note:

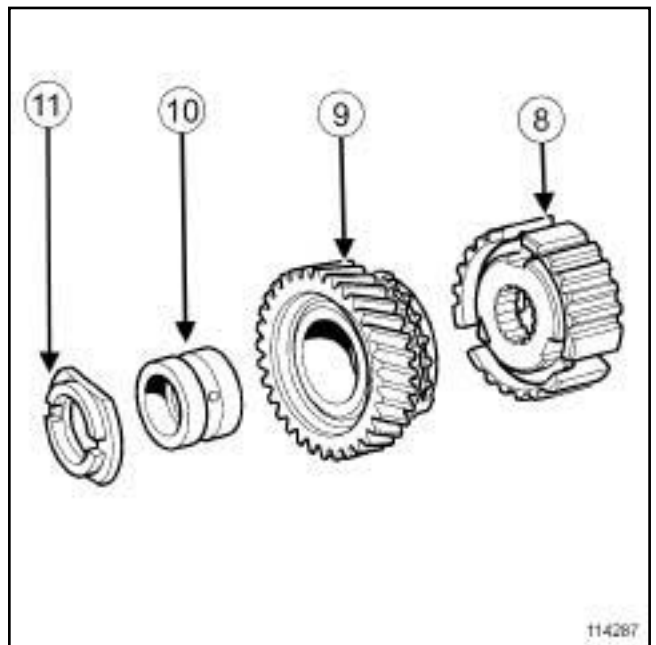
The purpose of this operation is to lock the gear-box shafts in order to facilitate loosening.

- ☐ Remove:

- the output shaft bolt (3) ,
- the input shaft nut (4) ,
- the washer (5) of the input shaft nut,
- the fifth gear fork and selector rod (6) .



141714



114287

- ☐ Position the (Bvi. 1170) (7) .

Note:

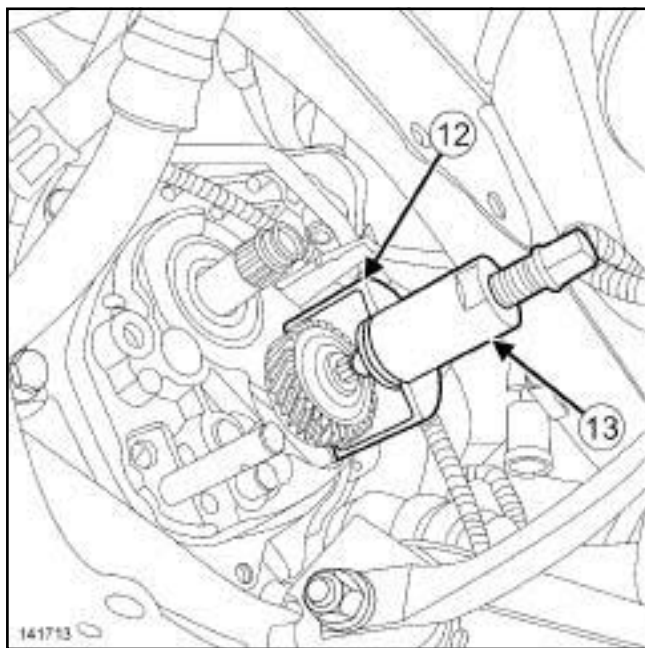
Turn the tool (Bvi. 1170) in order to position the splines of the tool selector rod opposite the fifth gear hub.

- ☐ Remove:

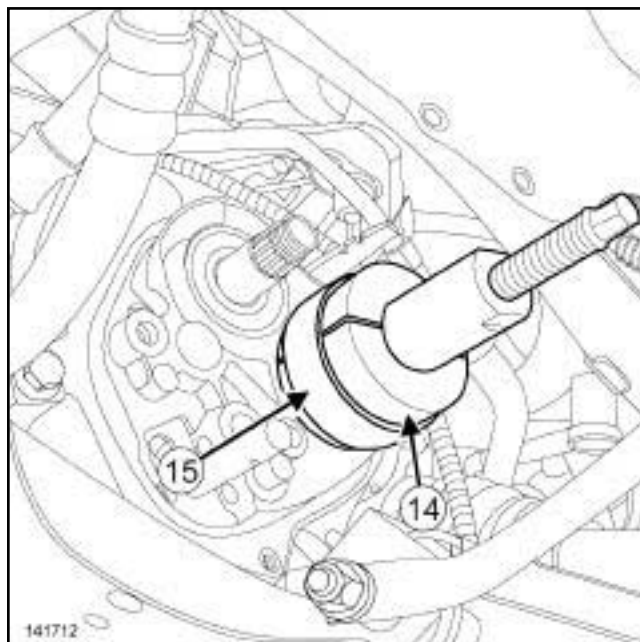
- the fifth gear hub fitted with its synchroniser springs (8) ,

JR5

- the fifth idle gear fitted with its synchroniser ring (9)
- the idle gear supporting ring (10),
- the lock washer (11).



- Refit the output shaft bolt, screwing it in a few turns.
- Fit:
  - a half-shell of the tool (12) under the fifth gear pinion,
  - the (13) on the half-shell of the tool.



- Fit the other half-shell (14) and the ring of the tool (15).
- Remove the fifth gear pinion.

### REFITTING

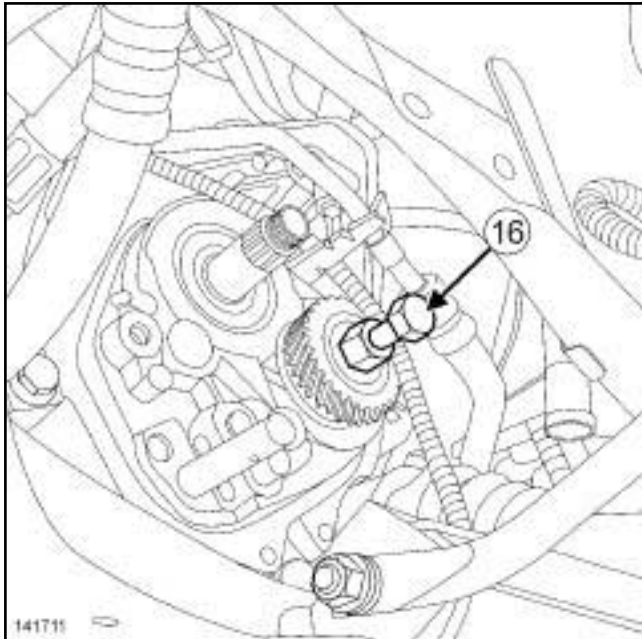
#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace:
  - the input shaft nut,
  - the washer of the input shaft nut,
  - the output shaft bolt,
  - the pin of the fifth gear fork.
- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean the ends of the gearbox shaft.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Put several drops of **FRENETANCHE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) on the splines of the fifth gear pinion.

JR5



141711

- Top up the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling, page 21A-1**).
  - Carry out a function test.
- 
- Refit the fifth gear pinion using the tool **(16)** (**Bvi. 1175**).
  - Remove the tool (**Bvi. 1175**).
  - On the input shaft, refit:
    - the lock washer,
    - the idle gear supporting ring,
    - the fifth idle gear fitted with its synchroniser ring,
    - the fifth gear hub fitted with its synchroniser springs.
  - Refit:
    - the fifth gear fork and selector rod,
    - a new washer for the input shaft nut,
    - a new nut for the input shaft,
    - a new bolt for the output shaft.
  - Change into fifth gear by moving the fifth gear fork.
  - Torque tighten:
    - the **input shaft nut (190 N.m)**,
    - the **output shaft bolt (80 N.m)**.
  - Put the gearbox in neutral.
  - Fit a new pin for the fifth gear fork using the tool.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Input shaft lip seal: Removal - Refitting

21A

JR5

- Replace the lip seal after having opened the gearbox (see **Clutch housing bearing: Removal - Refitting**) (Technical Note 6029A, 21A, Manual gearbox).

# MANUAL GEARBOX

## Reverse gear switch: Removal - Refitting

# 21A

JR5

### Special tooling required

<b>Bvi. 1934</b>	Socket for removing/refitting reverse gear switch
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### Tightening torques

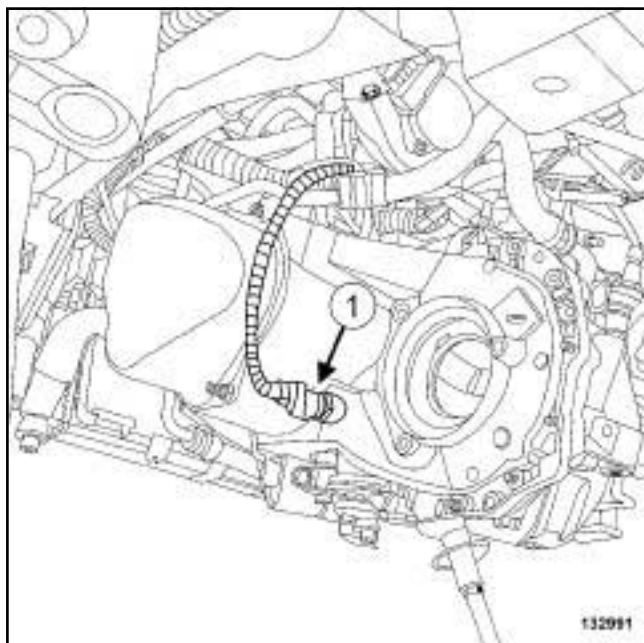
reverse gear switch	<b>23 N.m</b>
---------------------	---------------

## REMOVAL

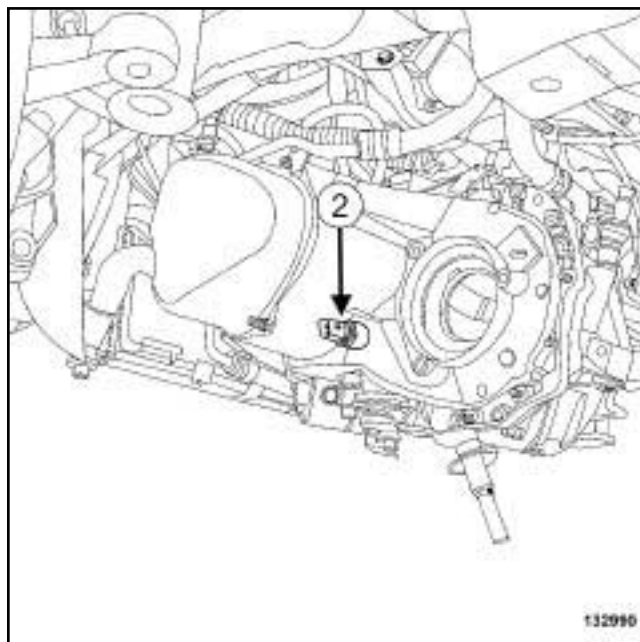
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Disconnect the connector (1) from the reverse gear switch.



- Remove the reverse gear switch (2) using the (**Bvi. 1934**).

#### Note:

Seal the housing of the reverse gear switch while replacing the part.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Apply some **SILICONE ADHESIVE SEALANT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to the threading of the reverse gear switch.
- Refit the reverse gear switch using the (**Bvi. 1934**).
- Torque tighten the **reverse gear switch (23 N.m)**.
- Connect the reverse gear switch connector.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Fill the gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling, page 21A-1**).
- Refit the engine undertray.

## Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting

JR5

### Special tooling required

<b>Emb. 880</b>	Pin extractor tool.
<b>Tav. 1813</b>	Extraction claw for clip secured type driveshafts

### Tightening torques

shock absorber base bolts	<b>105 N.m</b>
hub nut	<b>280 N.m</b>
track rod end nut	<b>37 N.m</b>

### WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

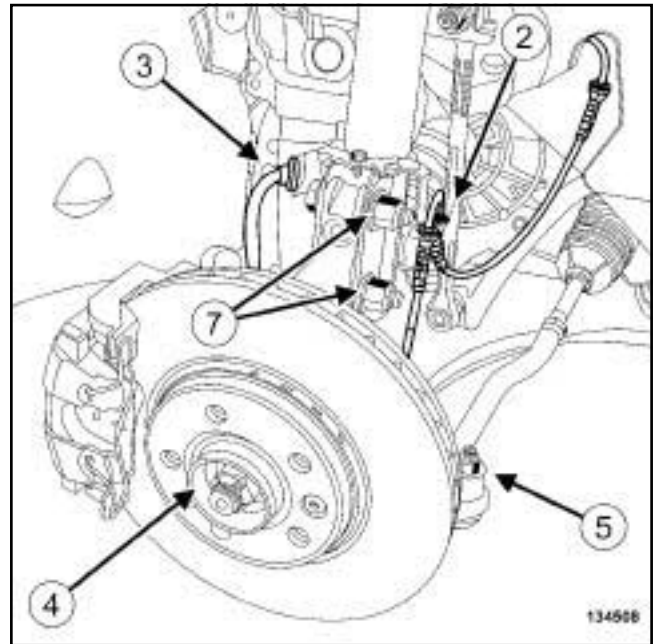
- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

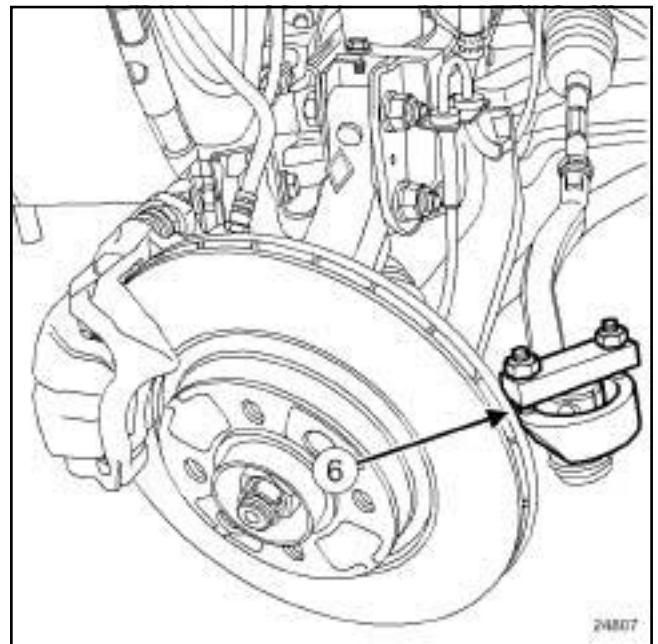
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Drain the manual gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



134508

- Unclip:
  - the wiring of the front left-hand wheel speed sensor at (2),
  - the brake hose of the front left-hand wheel at (3).
- Remove:
  - the hub nut (4), using the,
  - the track rod end nut (5).



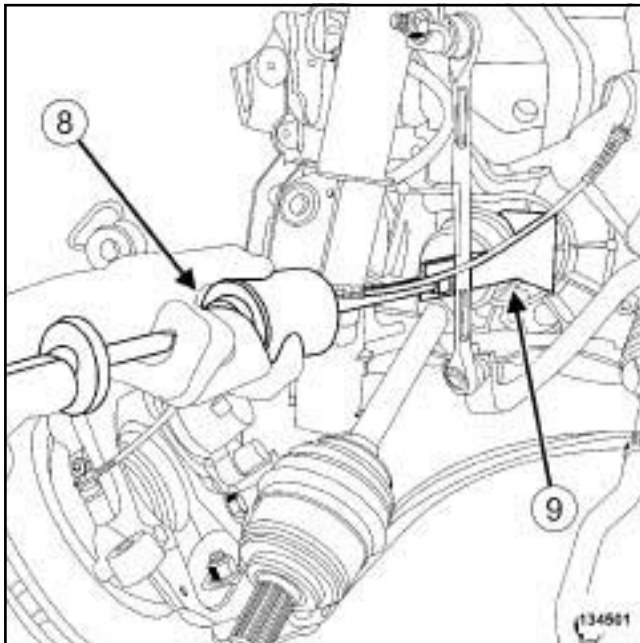
24807

- Remove the left-hand track rod end using the tool (6)

## Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting

JR5

- Remove the bolts (7) from the base of the left-hand shock absorber.
- Push back the front left-hand driveshaft from the stub axle carrier using the tools and.
- Pivot the stub axle carrier to separate the driveshaft from the stub axle carrier.



- Extract the front left-hand driveshaft from the gear-box using the tool (Emb. 880) (8) fitted with the tool (Tav. 1813) (9) .
- Remove:
  - the front left-hand driveshaft.
  - the left-hand differential output seal (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting, page 21A-2) .

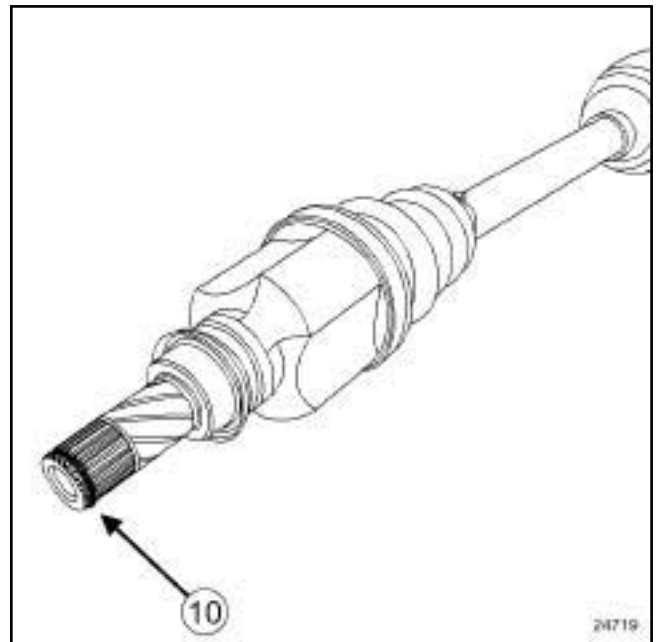
### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Do not refit a driveshaft if the lip seal mating face is damaged.

- Check the condition of the lip seal mating face on the driveshaft.



- Always replace the driveshaft circlip (10) .

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the left-hand differential output seal (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting, page 21A-2) .
- Engage the drive shaft splines in the differential grooves as straight as possible so as not to damage the seal.
- Insert the drive shaft splines in the hub grooves.

#### Note:

The driveshaft must fit freely into the stub axle carrier until it protrudes enough for the hub nut to be fitted.

- Refit the shock absorber base bolts.
- Torque tighten the shock absorber base bolts (105 N.m).
- Refit the hub nut.
- Torque tighten the hub nut (280 N.m) using the tool.
- Refit the track rod end.
- Torque tighten the track rod end nut (37 N.m).
- Clip:
  - the wiring of the front left-hand wheel speed sensor at (2) ,
  - the brake hose of the front left-hand wheel at (3) .

## Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting

JR5


## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Fill and check the manual gearbox oil level (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .



## Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting

JR5

Tightening torques 	
driveshaft relay bearing bracket bolts	21 N.m
shock absorber base bolts	105 N.m
hub nut	280 N.m
track rod ball joint nut	37 N.m

### WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

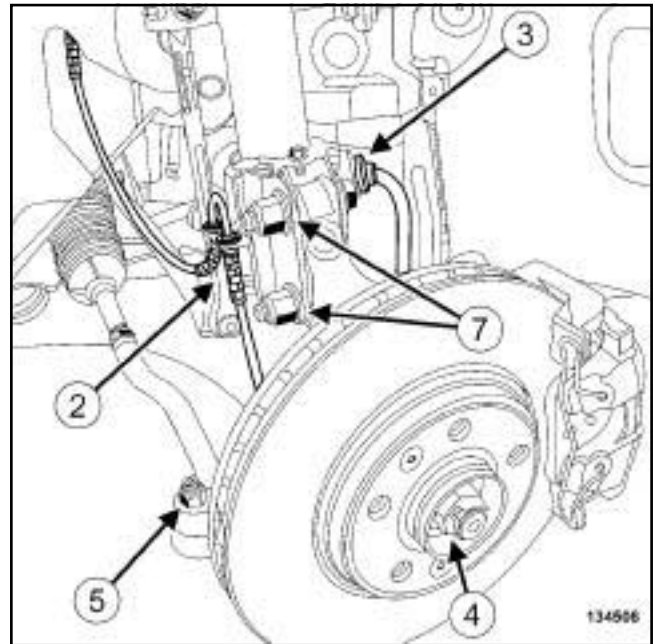
- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the engine undertray.
- Drain the manual gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



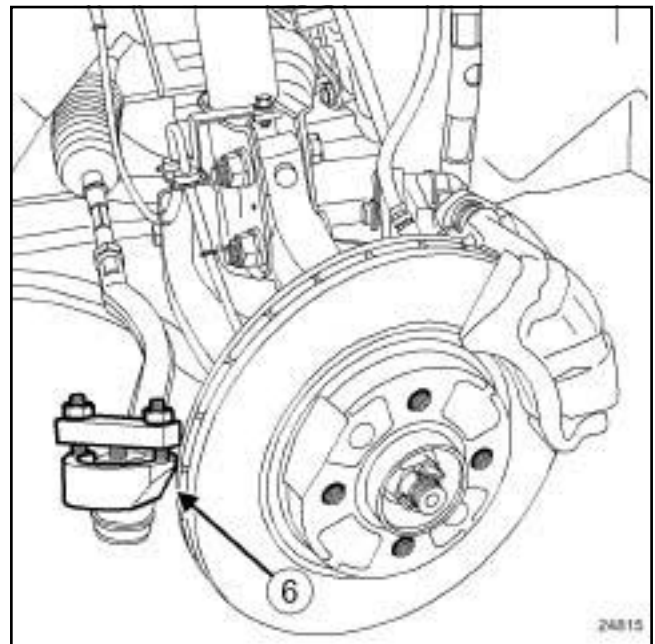
134506

#### Unclip:

- the wiring from the front right-hand wheel speed sensor at (2) ,
- the brake hose of the front right-hand wheel at (3) .

#### Remove:

- the hub nut (4) using the,
- the right-hand track rod ball joint nut (5) .



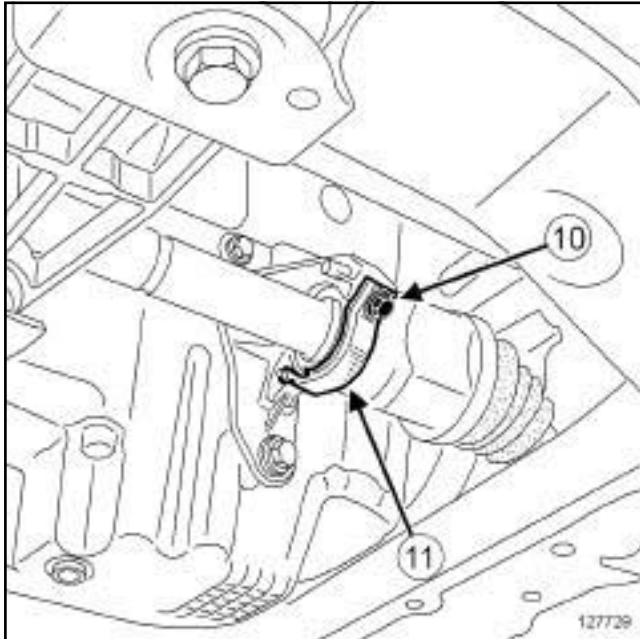
24815

- Remove the ball joint from the right-hand track rod using the tool (6) .

## Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting

JR5

- Remove the bolts from the base of the right-hand shock absorber (7).
- Push back the front right-hand driveshaft from the stub axle carrier using the tools and.
- Pivot the stub axle carrier to separate the driveshaft from the stub axle carrier.



127729

- Remove the bolt (10) from the driveshaft relay bearing bracket.
- Pivot the driveshaft relay bearing bracket (11).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand driveshaft from the gearbox,
  - the right-hand differential output seal (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting, page 21A-2).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the condition of the lip seal mating face on the driveshaft.

#### WARNING

Do not refit a driveshaft if the lip seal mating face is damaged.

- parts always to be replaced: Front wheel hub nut.
- parts always to be replaced: relay bearing bracket bolt.

- Refit a new right-hand differential output seal (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Differential output seal: Removal - Refitting, page 21A-2).
- Clean and grease the driveshaft relay bearing bore into which the bearing is inserted with **BR2+ GREASE** (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Engage the driveshaft splines with the differential splines as straight as possible, so as to not damage the seal.
- Insert the drive shaft splines in the hub grooves.

#### Note:

The driveshaft must fit freely into the stub axle carrier until it protrudes enough for the hub nut to be fitted.

- Refit the relay bearing bracket.
- Torque tighten the **driveshaft relay bearing bracket bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the bolts to the shock absorber base.
- Torque tighten the **shock absorber base bolts (105 N.m)**.
- Refit the hub nut.
- Torque tighten the **hub nut (280 N.m)** using the tool.
- Refit the track rod ball joint.
- Torque tighten the **track rod ball joint nut (37 N.m)**.
- Clip:
  - the wiring of the front right-hand wheel speed sensor,
  - the brake hose of the front right-hand wheel.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see Wheel: Removal - Refitting) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Fill and check the manual gearbox oil level (see 21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling, page 21A-1).

## Relay shaft bearing: Removal - Refitting

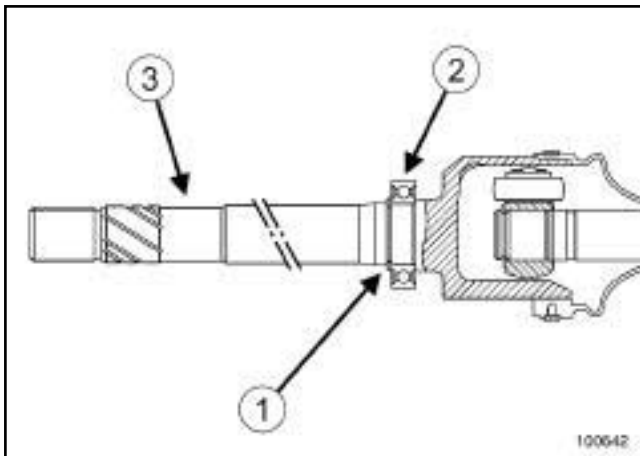
JR5

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the engine undertray bolts,
  - the engine undertray.
- Drain the manual gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
  - the front right-hand wheel driveshaft (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-4) .
- Extract the deflector using a press and an extractor.

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



100642

- Remove the rubber ring (1) of the relay bearing (2) .

## Note:

Do not scratch the mating face of the lip seal on the relay shaft (3) .

- Extract the relay shaft bearing (2) using a press and an extractor.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Relay shaft bearing.**
- parts always to be replaced: relay bearing rubber ring.**
- Clean and degrease the bore of the relay bearing with **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Lubricate the mating face of the driveshaft receiving the deflector and the relay shaft bearing.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit a new relay shaft bearing to the relay shaft.
- Fit the bearing to the end using a tube, so that it rests on the inner bush of the bearing.
- Refit a new rubber ring for the relay bearing.

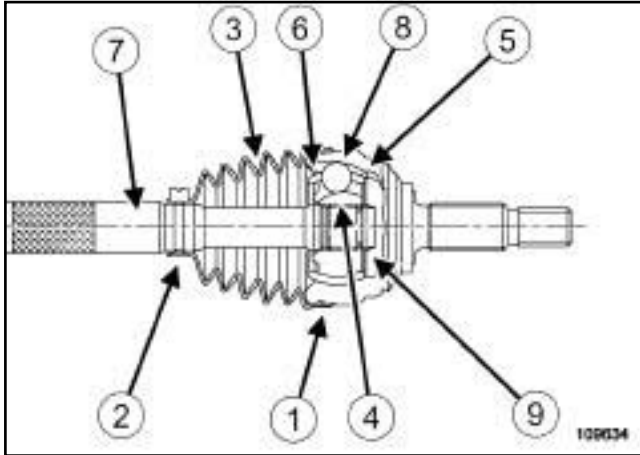
## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Fit a new deflector to the relay shaft.
- Fit the deflector to the end using a tube, so that it rests on the surface of the deflector.
- Clean and grease the bearing hole into which the bearing will be inserted.
- Refit:
  - the front right-hand driveshaft (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page 29A-4) ,
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Fill up the manual gearbox (see **21A, Manual gearbox, Manual gearbox oils: Draining - Filling**, page 21A-1) .
- Refit the engine undertray.

JR5

### Special tooling required

Emb. 880 Pin extractor tool.



109634

- (1) Big securing clip
- (2) Small securing clip
- (3) Driveshaft gaiter
- (4) Ball hub
- (5) Stub axle bowl
- (6) Ball race
- (7) Driveshaft
- (8) Balls
- (9) Lock ring

### IMPORTANT

Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

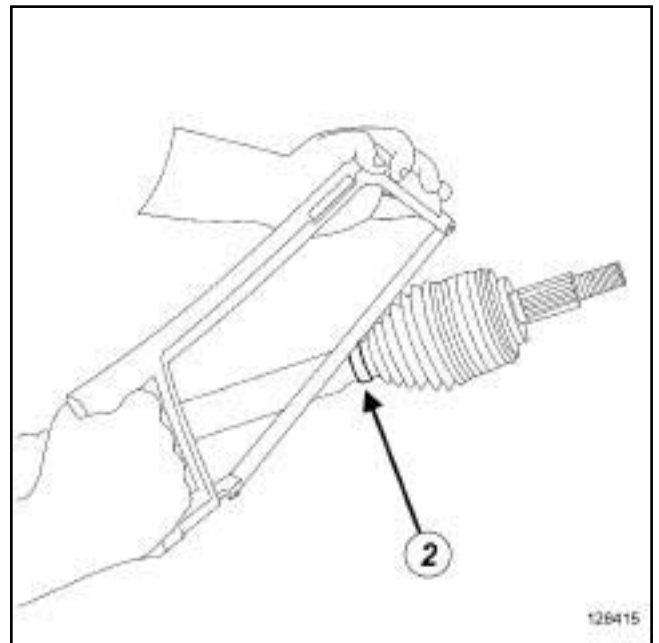
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front driveshaft on the side concerned (see 29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-4) or (see 29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-1) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



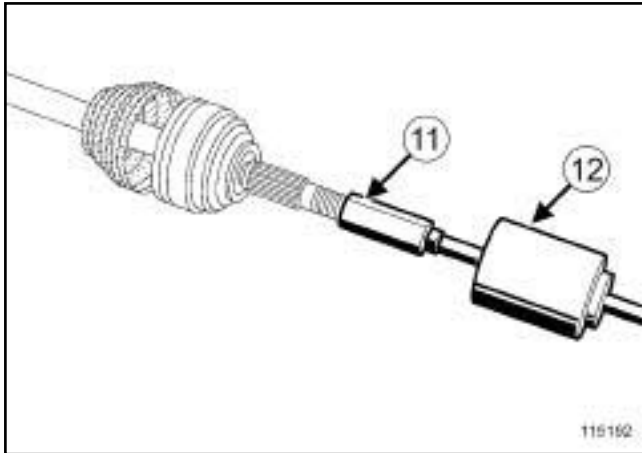
93034



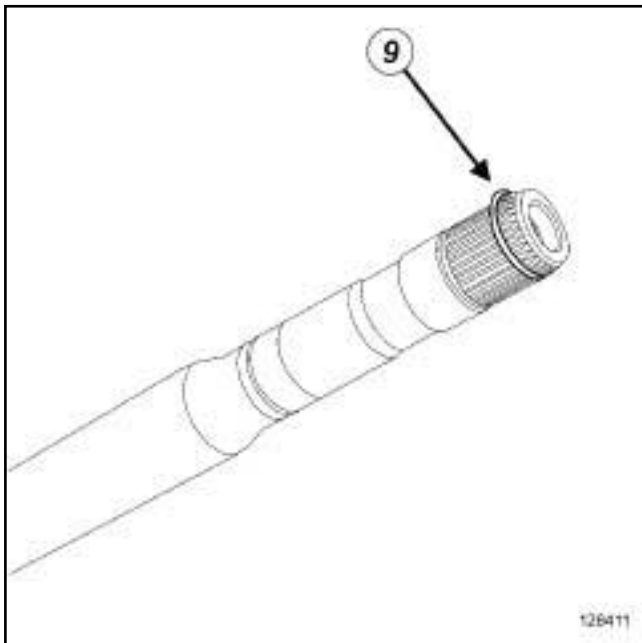
128415

- Cut the big securing clip (1) and the small securing clip (2) using cutting pliers or a metal saw, taking care not to damage the stub axle bowl and the driveshaft.

JR5



- ❑ Pull out the stub axle bowl using the (11) and the extractor (Emb. 880) (12) .



- ❑ Remove:
  - the locking ring (9) ,
  - the driveshaft gaiter (3) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



#### WARNING

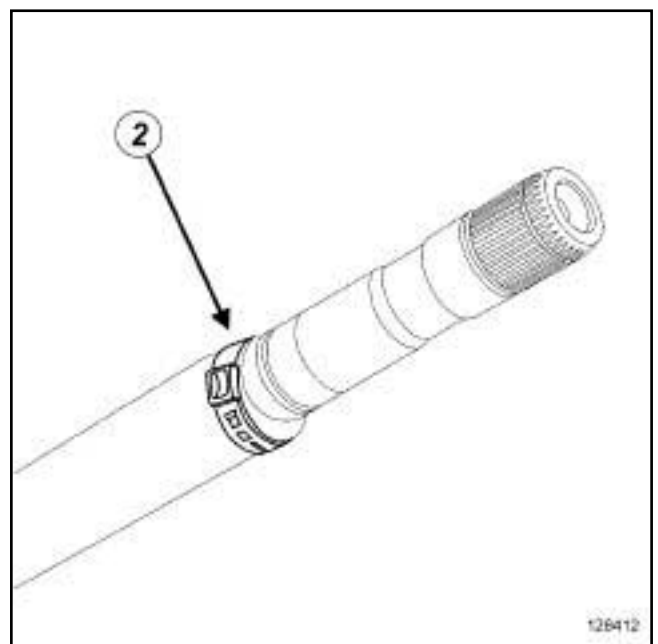
Never use thinner to clean the components.

#### Note:

It is essential to use the prescribed volume of grease (see ) .

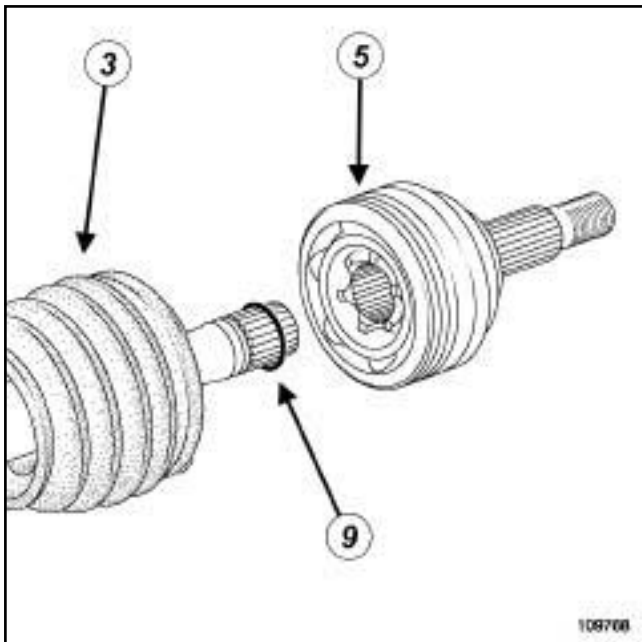
- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: Front driveshaft gaiter, wheel side.**
- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: wheel side front driveshaft seal locking ring.**
- ❑ Always replace:
  - the small securing clip,
  - the big securing clip.
- ❑ Use a **CLEANING STATION** to clean the driveshaft and the stub axle bowl.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION



- ❑ Fit the small tightening clip (2) to the driveshaft.

JR5



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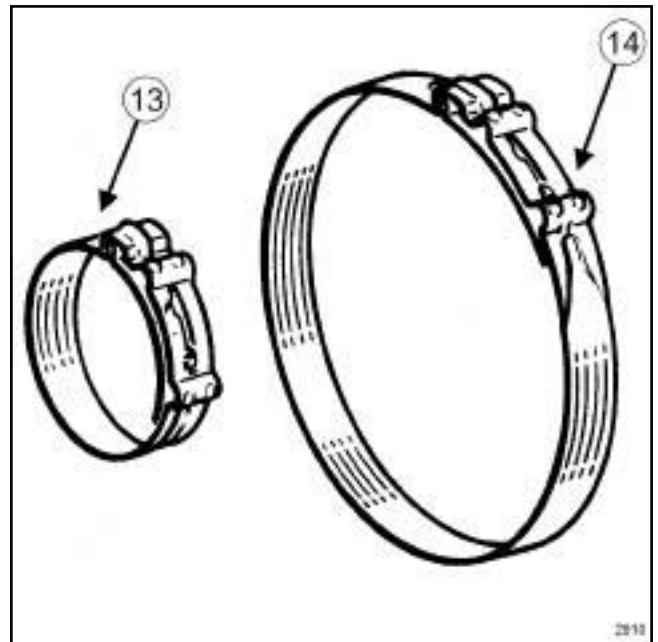
- Lightly lubricate the driveshaft using the **GREASE** supplied with the gaiter to facilitate its fitting.
- Fit the gaiter (3) onto the driveshaft.
- Refit:
  - the new lock ring (9) ,
  - the stub axle bowl (5) to the driveshaft by tapping the stub axle bowl using a brass drift until the lock ring clicks into place behind the ball hub.
- Spread the quantity of grease around the gaiter and the stub axle bowl.
- Insert the lips of the gaiter into the grooves of the stub axle bowl and driveshaft.

Note:

Check that the gaiter lip is correctly positioned in the groove of the driveshaft.

- Move the seal by hand to check that the edges are positioned correctly.
- Insert a smooth rod with a rounded end between the gaiter and the stub axle bowl to regulate the amount of air inside the joint.
- Fit:
  - the small securing clip on the driveshaft gaiter,
  - the big securing clip on the driveshaft gaiter.

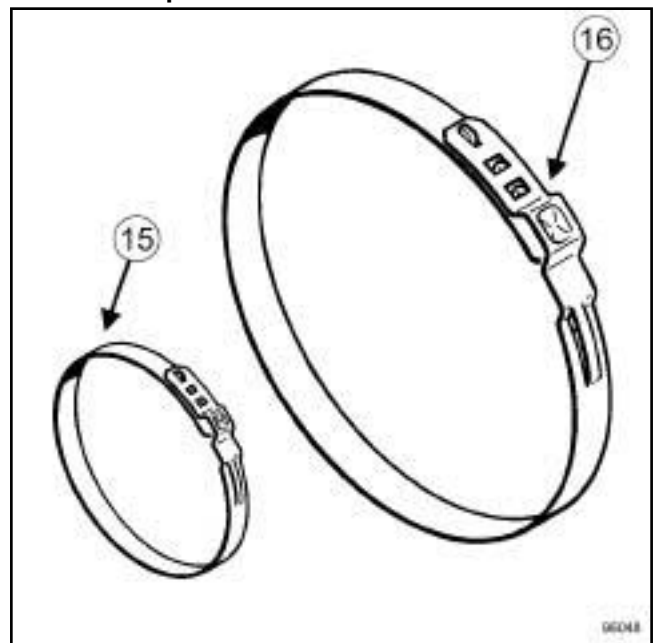
### CAILLEAU « click » clips



2910

- Tighten the small clip (13) and the big clip (14) until they click, using the tool.

### OETIKER clips

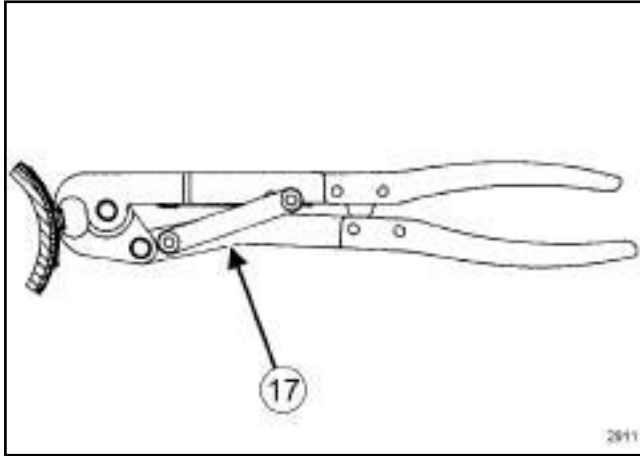


96048

- Tighten the small clip (15) and the big clip (16) using the tool.

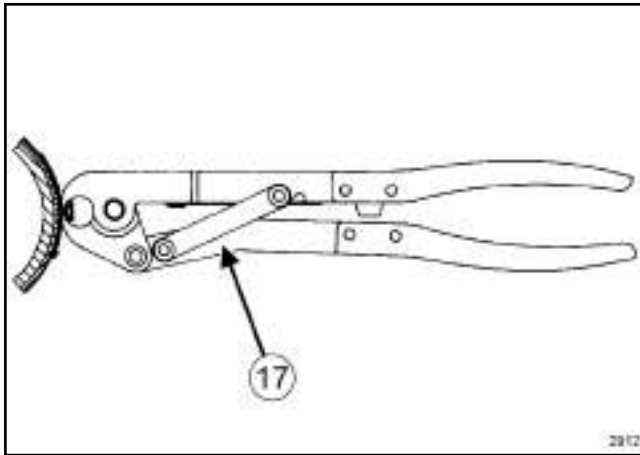
JR5

### Position 1 - Pre-tightening and positioning of the clip



- Put the linkage (17) in the lower position, and close the pliers fully. The pre-tightened clip slides onto the gaiter and can be positioned.

### Position 2 - Tightening



- Put the linkage (17) in the upper position, and close the pliers fully.

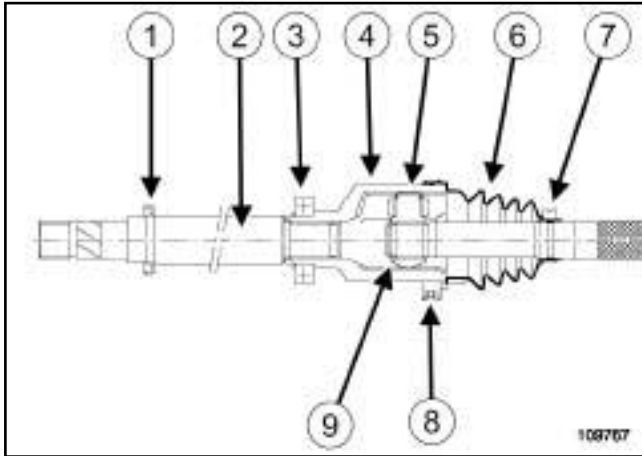
### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the driveshaft on the side concerned (see 29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-4) or (see 29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-1) .

JR5

### Equipment required

parts washer



109767

- (1) Deflector
- (2) Driveshaft
- (3) Relay shaft bearing
- (4) Driveshaft yoke sleeve
- (5) Spider
- (6) Driveshaft gaiter
- (7) Small securing clip
- (8) Big securing clip
- (9) Lock ring

### IMPORTANT

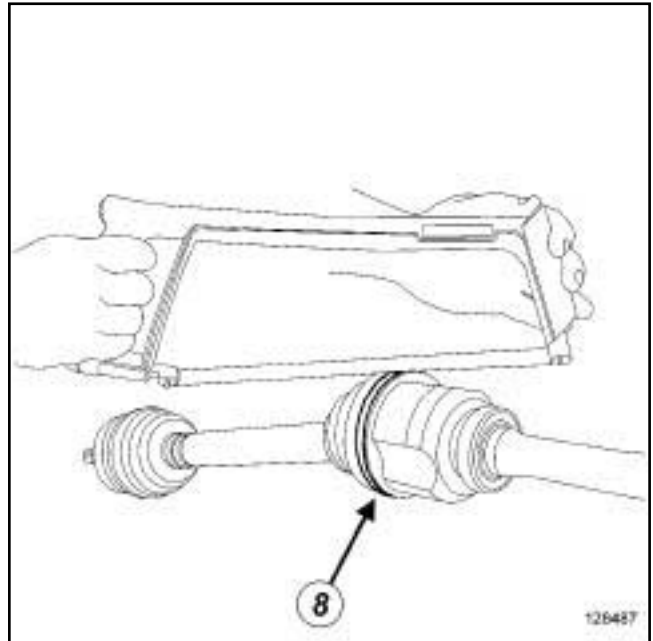
Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

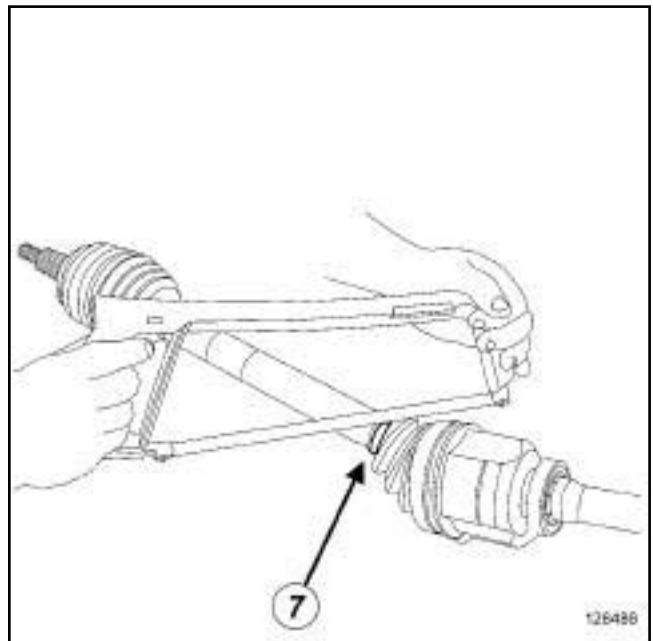
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front right-hand driveshaft (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting**, page **29A-4**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



128487

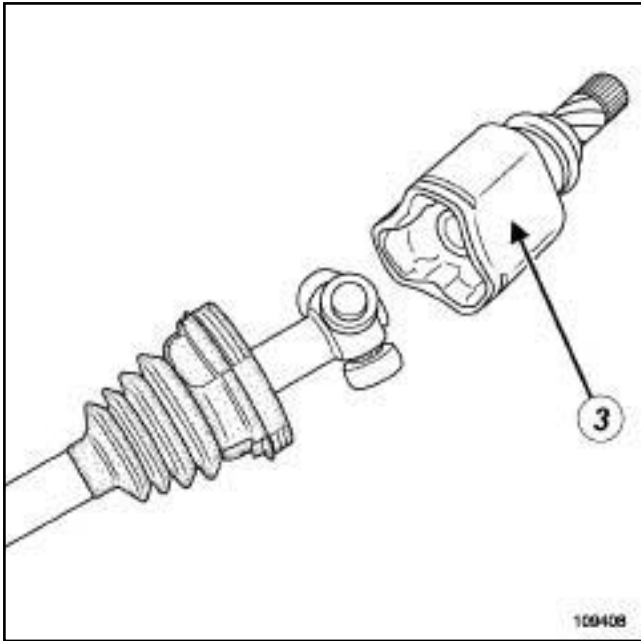


128486

- Cut the big securing clip (8) and the small securing clip (7) using cutting pliers or a metal saw, taking care not to damage the yoke sleeve or the driveshaft.
- Push back the gaiter to release the driveshaft yoke sleeve.



JR5



109408

- ❑ Remove the driveshaft yoke sleeve (3) .

Note:

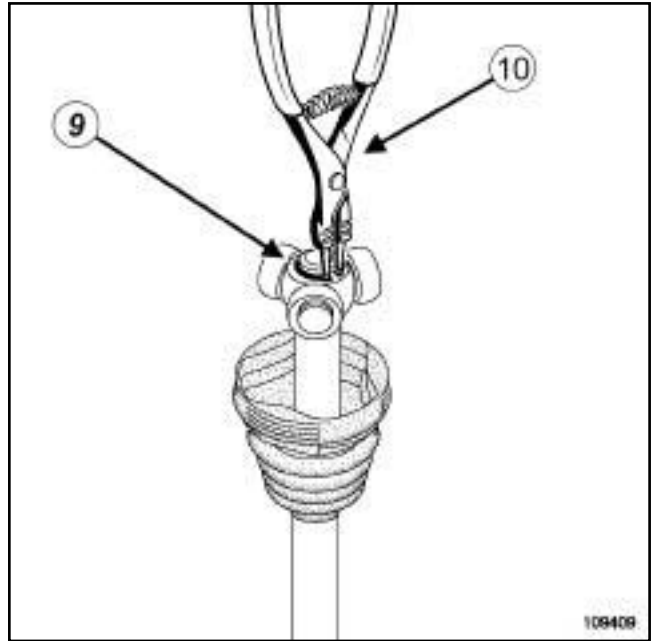
- Since the driveshaft yoke sleeve does not have a stop tab, it can be removed without being forced.

- Do not remove the rollers from their respective bushings as the rollers and needles are matched and should never be interchanged.

- ❑ Remove as much grease as possible from inside the yoke sleeve.

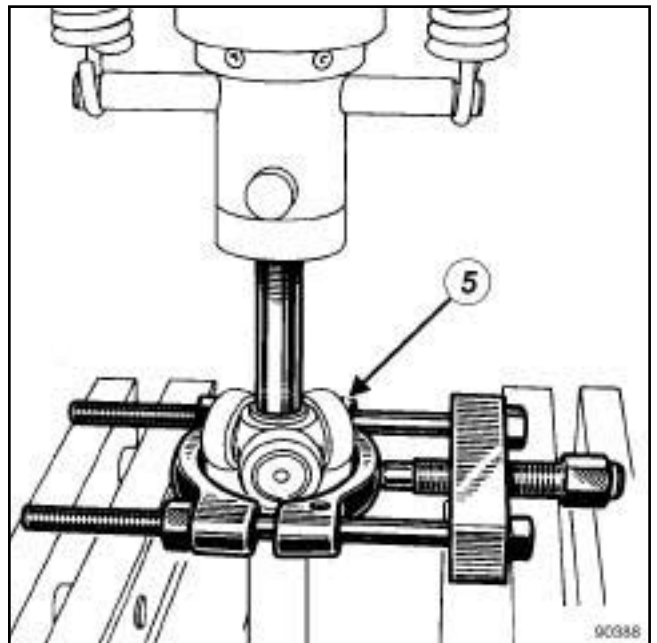
Note:

Never use thinner to remove grease.



109409

- ❑ Remove the lock ring (9) using **circlip pliers** (10) .



90388

- ❑ Extract the spider (5) using a **press** and a **releasing type extractor**.

Note:

Mark the position of the spider before extracting it.

- ❑ Remove the driveshaft gaiter from the driveshaft.

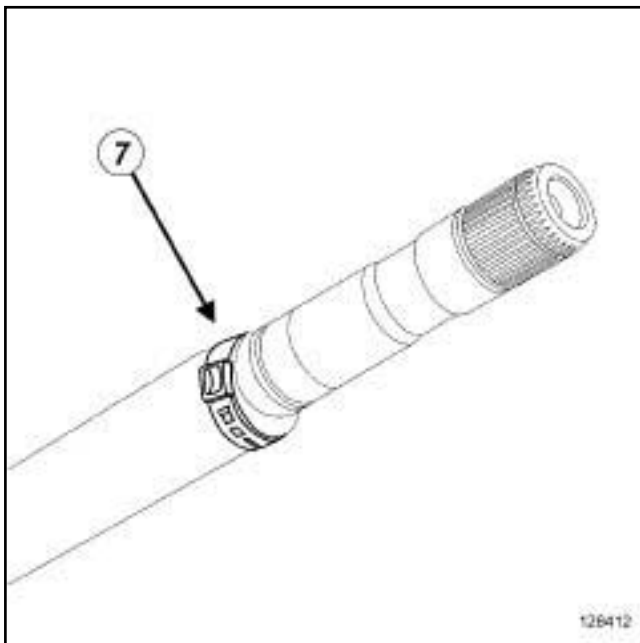
JR5

### REFITTING

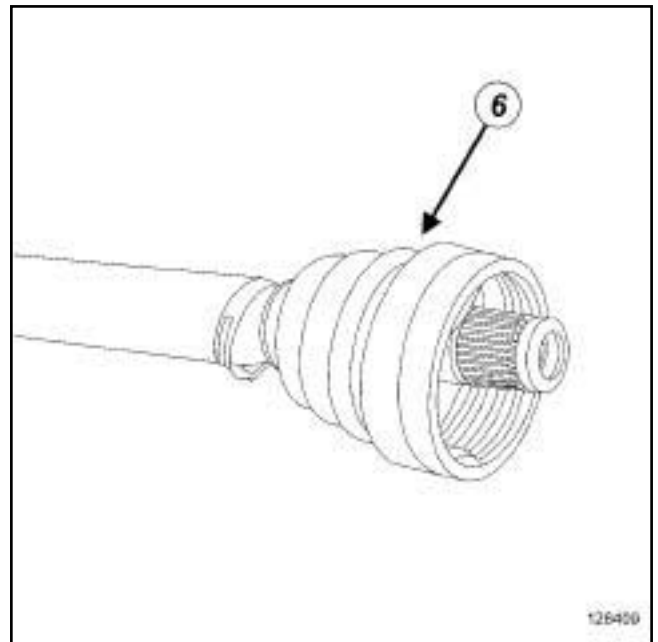
#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Front right-hand driveshaft gaiter, gearbox side.
- parts always to be replaced: gearbox side front driveshaft seal locking ring.
- Always replace:
  - the big securing clip,
  - the small securing clip.
- Use a **parts washer** to clean the driveshaft, the spider and the driveshaft yoke sleeve.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

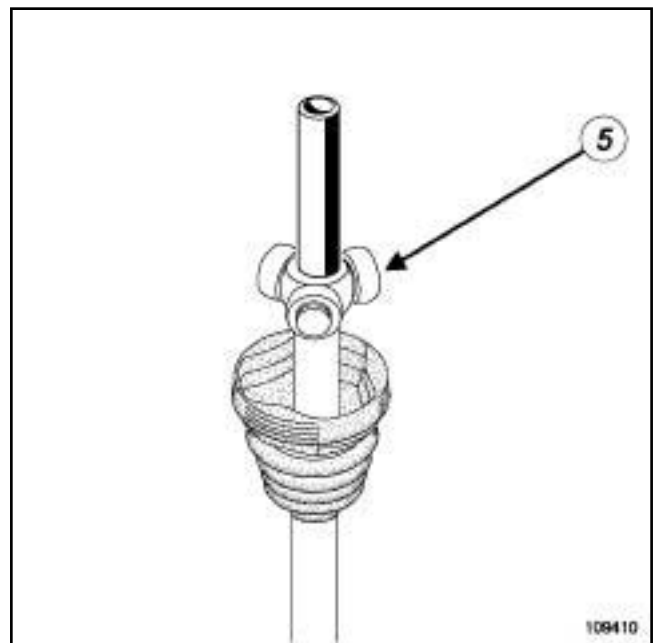


- Fit the small tightening clip (7) to the driveshaft.
- Lightly lubricate the driveshaft using the **GREASE** supplied with the gaiter to facilitate its fitting.



128409

- Refit the gaiter (6) onto the driveshaft.
- Insert the gaiter lip into the groove of the driveshaft.



109410

- Refit the spider (5) in the position marked during removal.
- Refit a new lock ring using **circlip pliers**.
- Divide the quantity of grease between the gaiter and the driveshaft yoke sleeve.
- Fit the driveshaft yoke sleeve onto the spider.

JR5

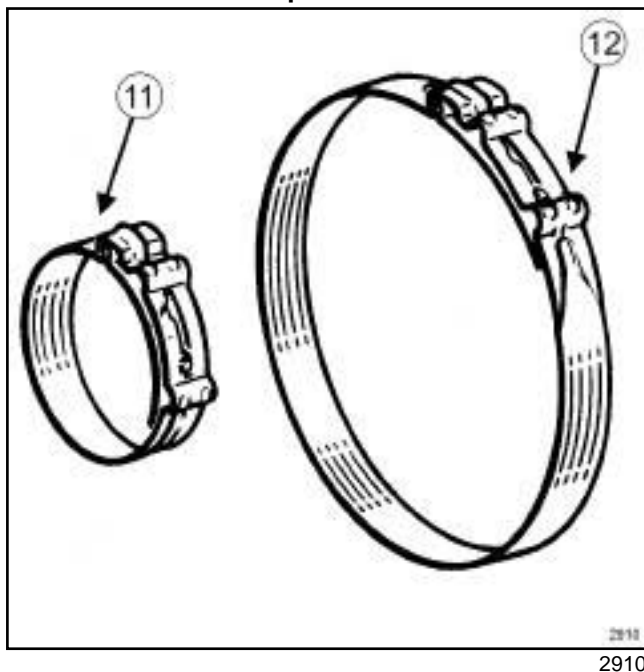
- Position the gaiter lip into the groove of the yoke sleeve.

Note:

Check that the gaiter lip is correctly positioned in the groove of the driveshaft.

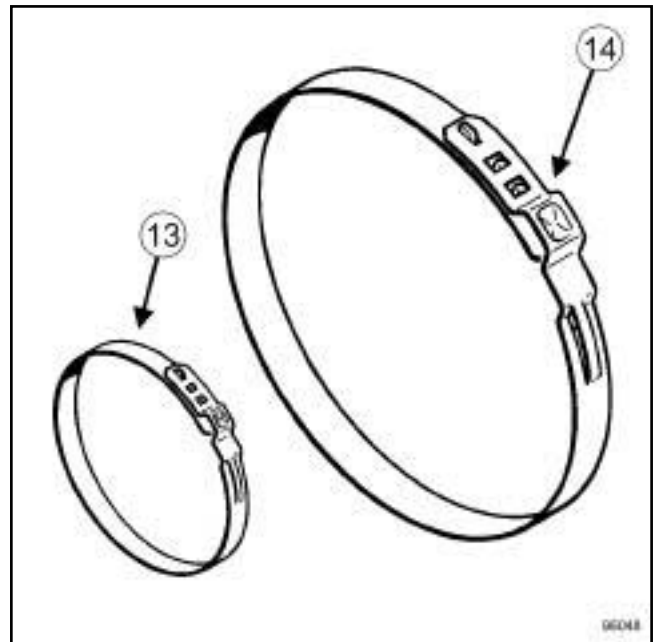
- Fit:
  - the small securing clip on the driveshaft gaiter,
  - the big securing clip on the driveshaft gaiter.

### CAILLEAU « click » clips



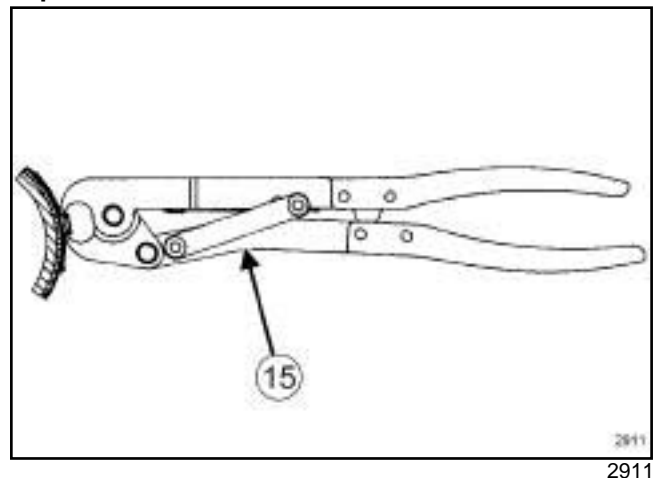
- Tighten the small clip (11) and the big clip (12) until they click, using the tool.

### OETIKER clips



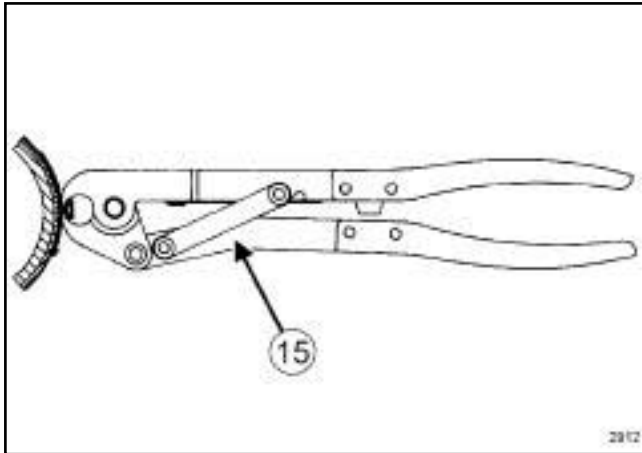
- Tighten the small clip (13) and the big clip (14) using the tool.

### Position 1 - Pre-tightening and positioning of the clip



- Put the linkage (15) in the lower position, and close the pliers fully. The pre-tightened clip slides onto the gaiter and can be positioned.

JR5

**Position 2 - Tightening**

- Put the linkage (15) in the upper position, and close the pliers fully.

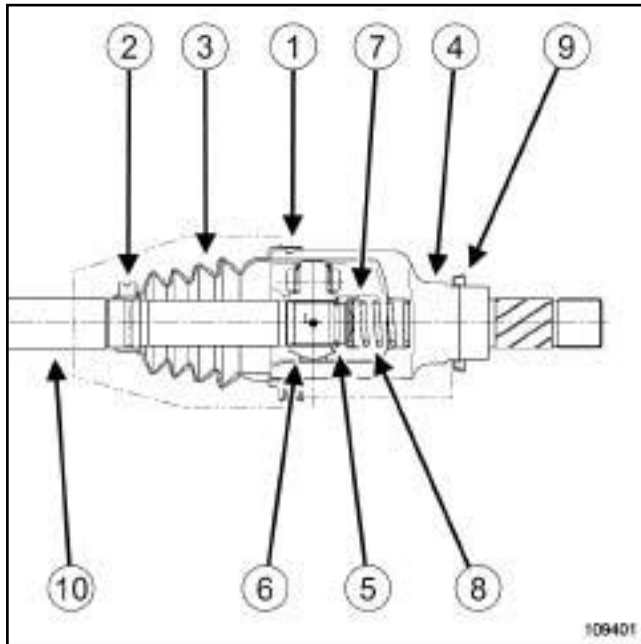
**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit the front right-hand driveshaft (see 29A, Driveshafts, Front right-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-4) .

JR5

### Equipment required

parts washer



- |      |                        |
|------|------------------------|
| (1)  | Big securing clip      |
| (2)  | Small securing clip    |
| (3)  | Driveshaft gaiter      |
| (4)  | Driveshaft yoke sleeve |
| (5)  | Lock ring              |
| (6)  | Spider                 |
| (7)  | Cup                    |
| (8)  | Cup spring             |
| (9)  | Deflector              |
| (10) | Driveshaft             |

### IMPORTANT

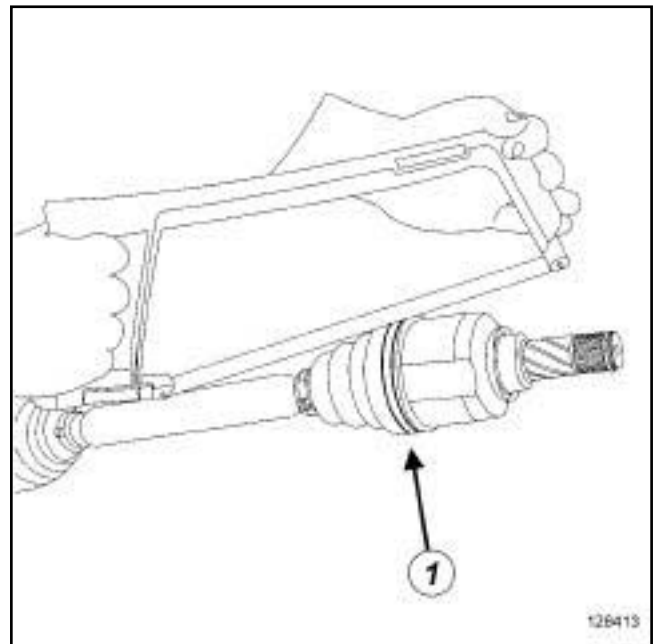
Wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type) for this operation.

## REMOVAL

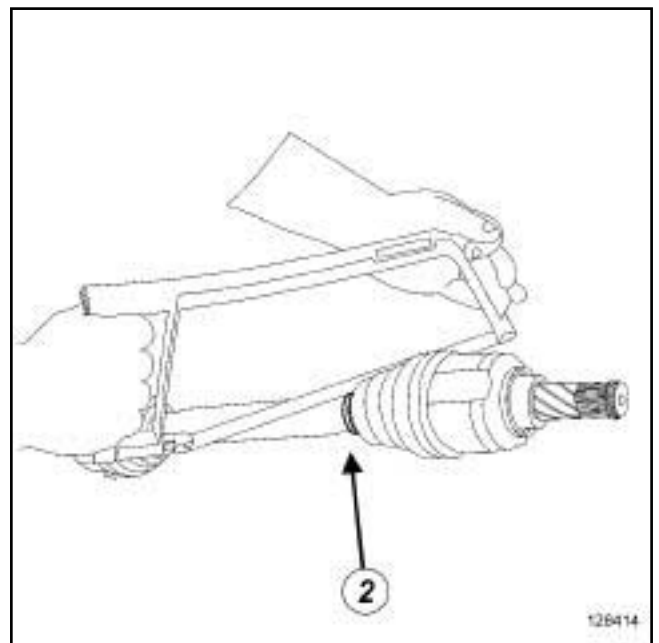
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front left-hand driveshaft (see **29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-1**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



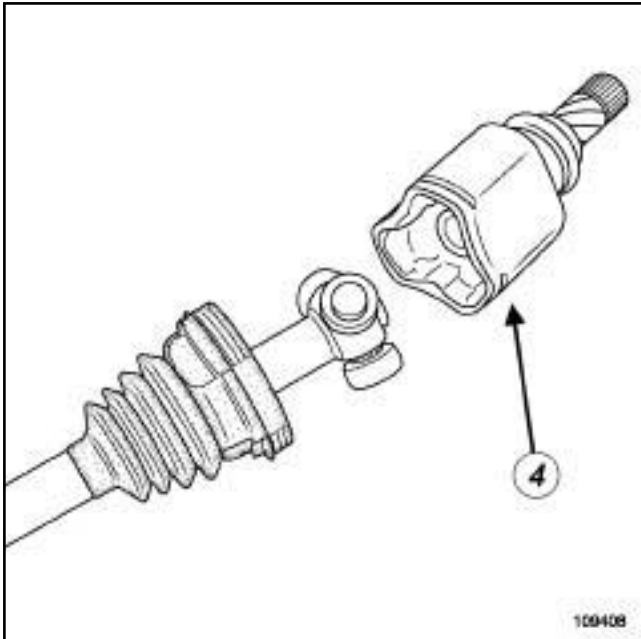
128413



128414

- Cut the big securing clip (1) and the small securing clip (2) using cutting pliers or a metal saw, taking care not to damage the yoke sleeve or the driveshaft.
- Push back the driveshaft gaiter to release the driveshaft yoke sleeve.

JR5



109408

- Remove the driveshaft yoke sleeve (4) .

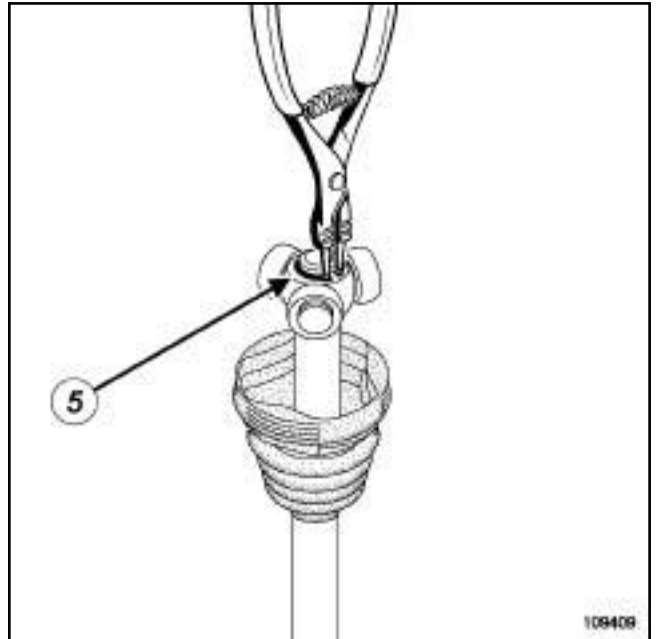
Note:

- Since the driveshaft yoke sleeve does not have a stop tab, it can be removed without being forced,
- do not remove the rollers from their respective bushings as the rollers and needles are matched and should never be interchanged.

- Remove as much grease as possible.

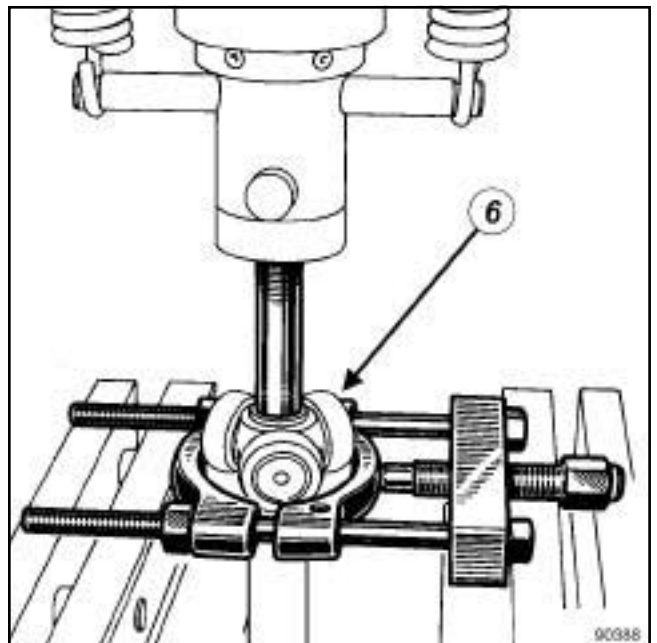
Note:

Never use thinner to remove grease.



109409

- Remove the lock ring (5) using **circlip pliers**.



90388

- Remove the spider (6) using a press and a releasing type extractor.

Note:

Mark the position of the spider before extracting it.

- Remove:
  - the gaiter from the driveshaft,
  - the cup equipped with the cup spring.

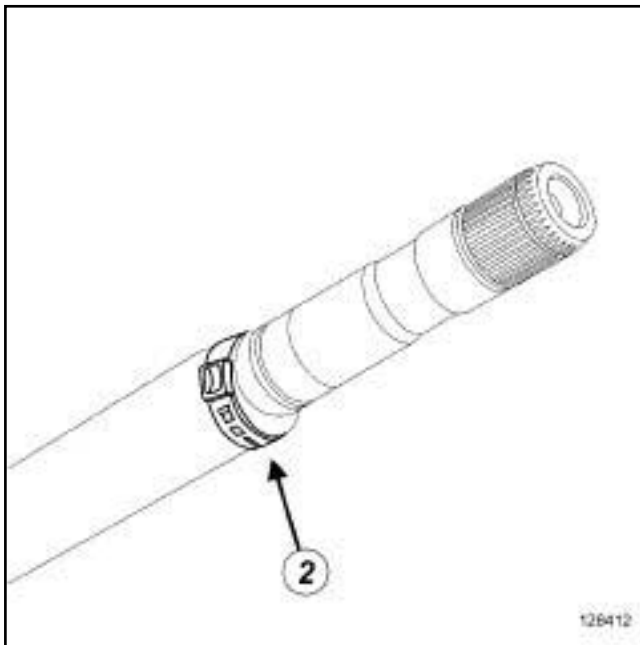
JR5

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

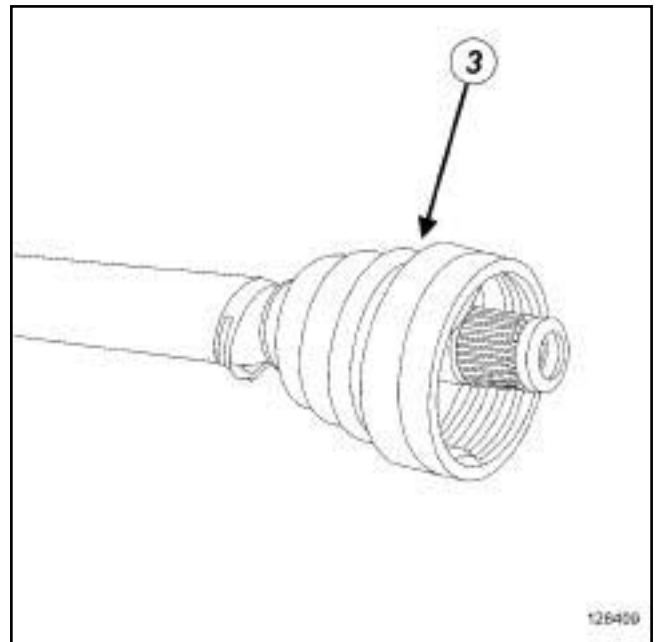
- parts always to be replaced: Front left-hand driveshaft gaiter, gearbox side.
- parts always to be replaced: gearbox side front driveshaft seal locking ring.
- Always replace:
  - the cup,
  - the cup spring,
  - the big securing clip,
  - the small securing clip.
- Use a **parts washer** to clean the driveshaft, the spider and the driveshaft yoke sleeve.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION



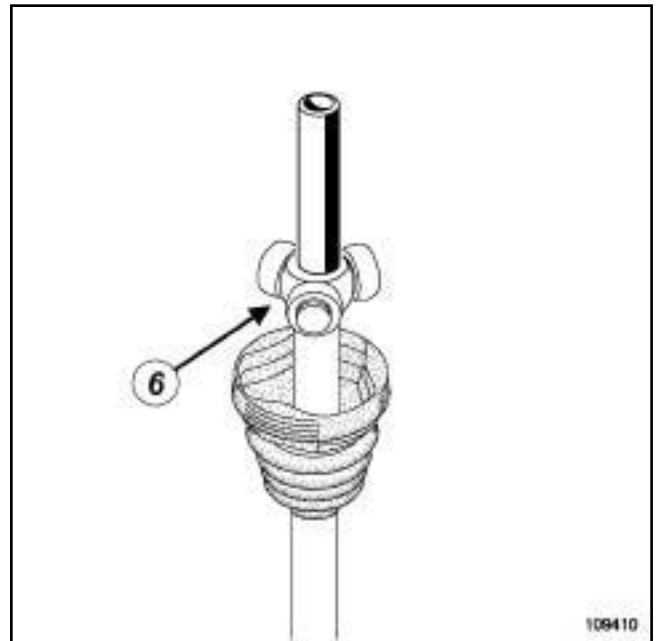
128412

- Fit the small tightening clip (2) to the driveshaft.
- Lightly lubricate the driveshaft using the **GREASE** supplied with the gaiter to facilitate its fitting.



128409

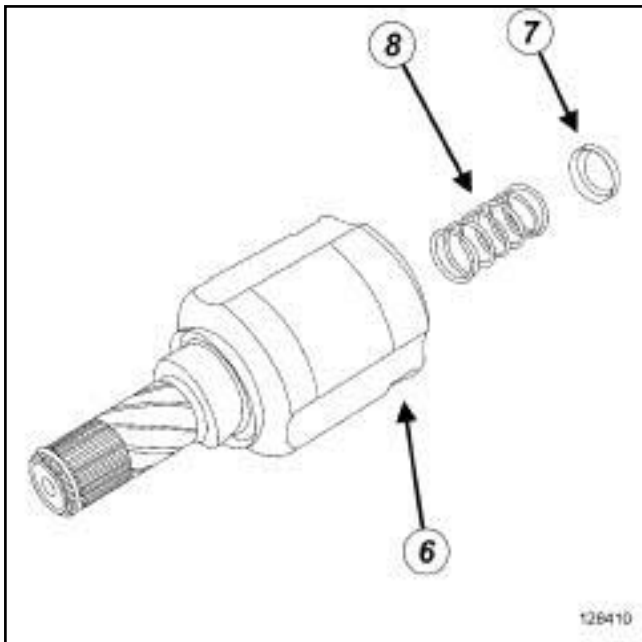
- Refit the gaiter (3) onto the driveshaft.
- Insert the gaiter lip into the groove of the driveshaft.



109410

- Refit:
  - the spider (6) in the position marked during removal,
  - a new lock ring using **circlip pliers**.

JR5

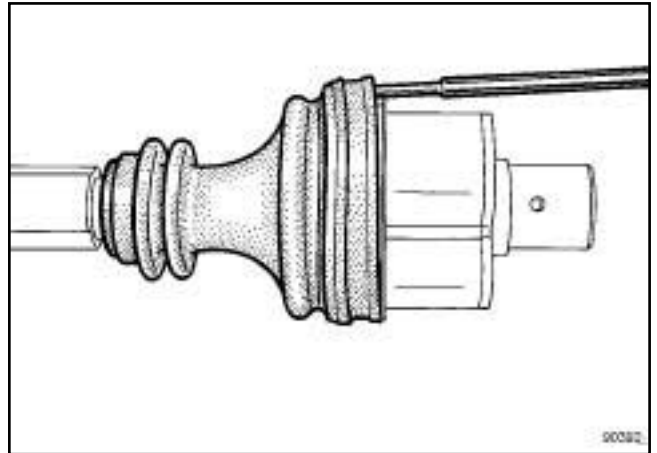


126410

- Refit:
  - the cup (7) onto the cup spring (8) ,
  - the cup spring equipped with the cup into the drive-shaft yoke sleeve (6) .
- Divide the quantity of grease between the driveshaft gaiter and the yoke sleeve.
- Fit the driveshaft yoke sleeve onto the spider.
- Position the driveshaft gaiter lip into the groove of the yoke sleeve.

**Note:**

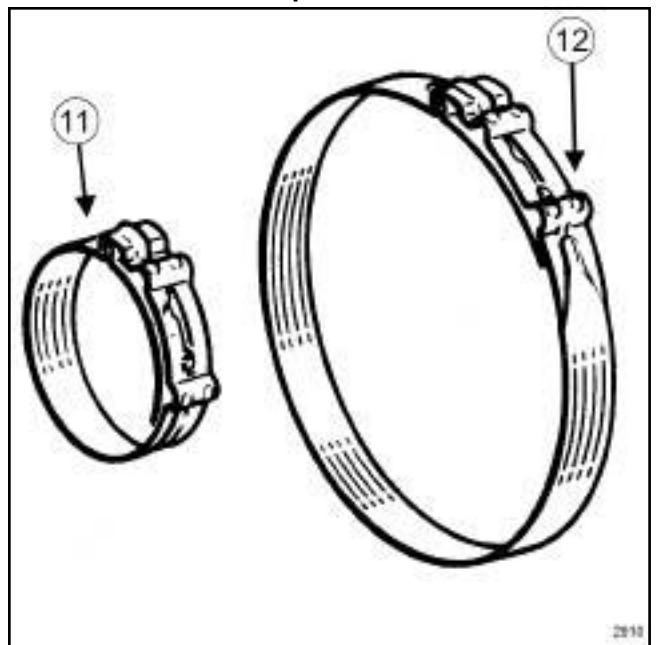
Check that the gaiter lip is correctly positioned in the groove of the driveshaft.



90392

- Insert a smooth rod with a rounded end between the gaiter and driveshaft to control the amount of air inside the joint.
- Fit:
  - the small securing clip on the driveshaft gaiter,
  - the big securing clip on the driveshaft gaiter.

**CAILLEAU « click » clips**



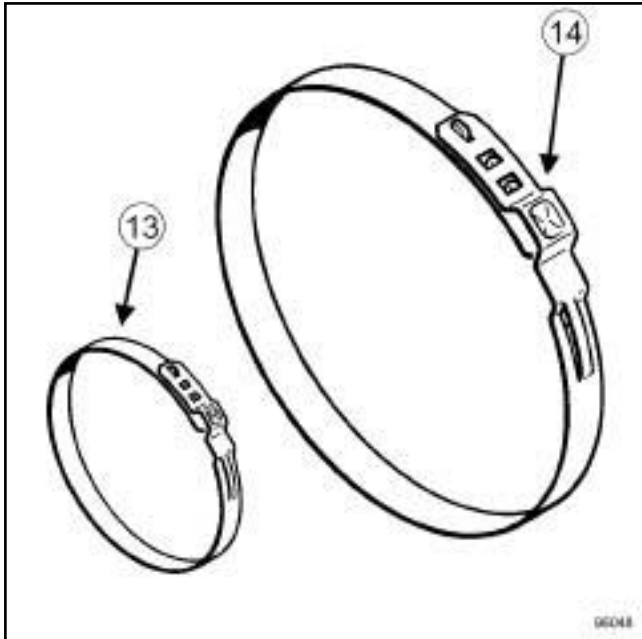
2910

- Tighten the small clip (11) and the big clip (12) until they click, using the tool.



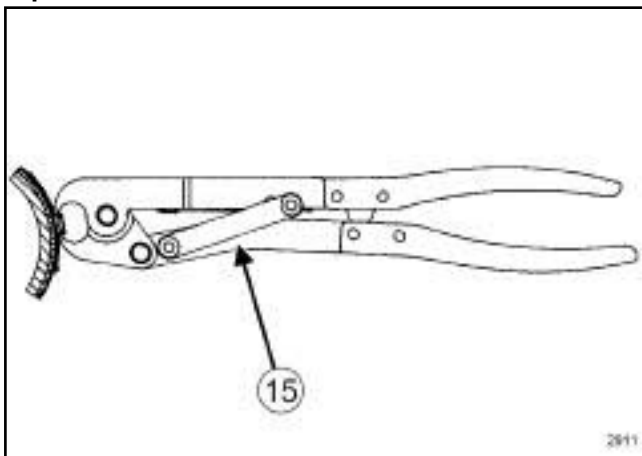
JR5

### OETIKER clips



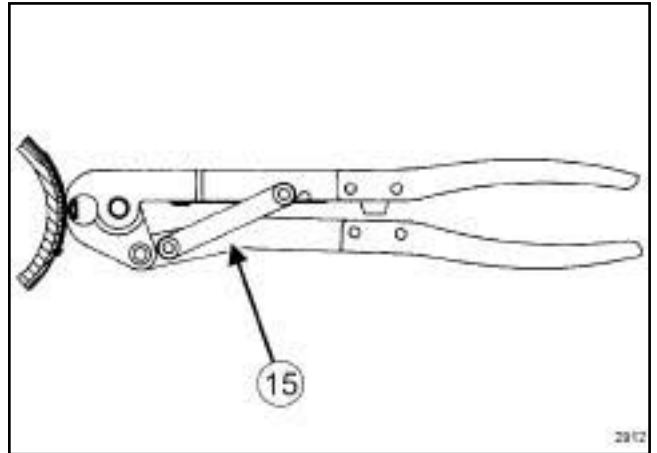
- Tighten the small clip (13) and the big clip (14) using the tool.

### Position 1 - Pre-tightening and positioning of the clip



- Put the linkage (15) in the lower position, and close the pliers fully. The pre-tightened clip slides onto the gaiter and can be positioned.

### Position 2 - Tightening



- Put the linkage (15) in the upper position, and close the pliers fully.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front left-hand driveshaft (see 29A, Driveshafts, Front left-hand driveshaft: Removal - Refitting, page 29A-1) .

# RENAULT

## 3 Chassis

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**31A FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS**

**33A REAR AXLE COMPONENTS**

**35A WHEELS AND TYRES**

**36A STEERING ASSEMBLY**

**36B POWER ASSISTED STEERING**

**37A MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS**

**38C ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 3

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## 38C ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

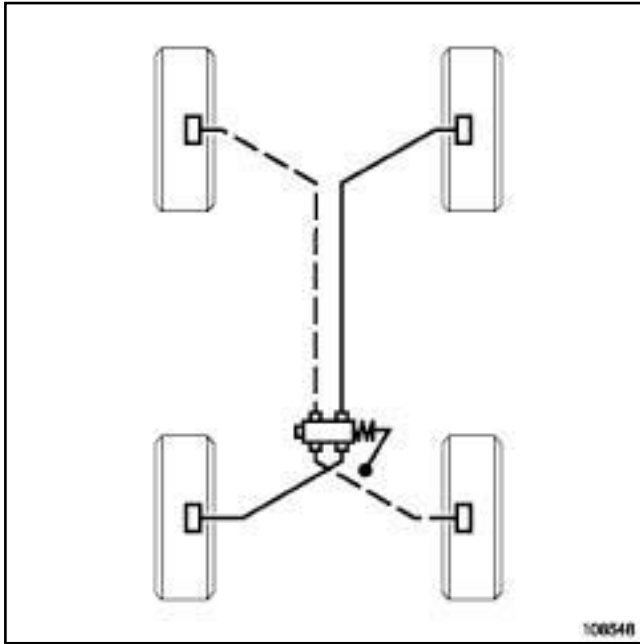
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# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Brake circuit: Operating diagram

# 30A

« X » braking system with load-sensitive compensator

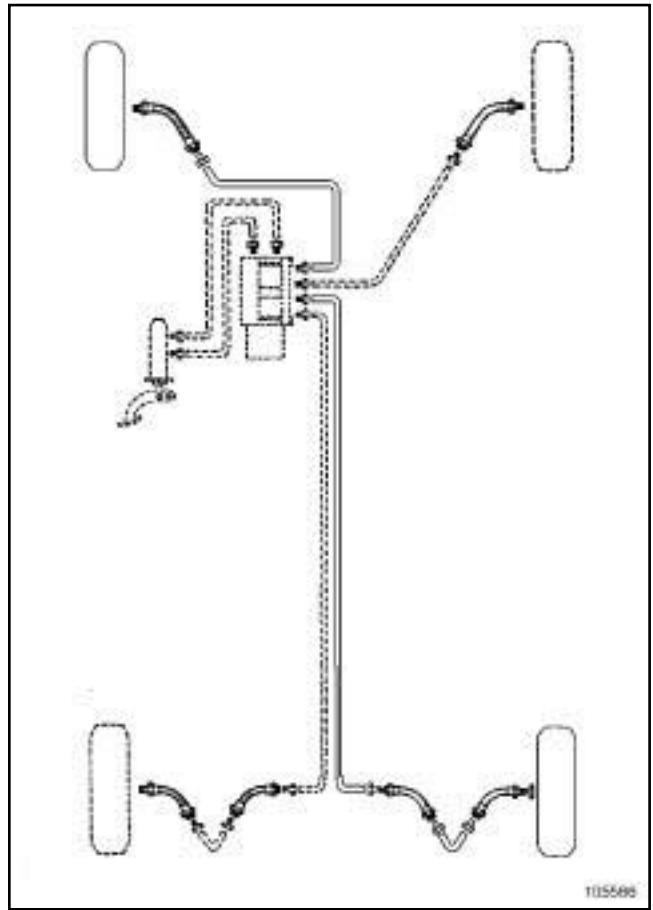


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### IMPORTANT

This is a diagram of the general principle, do not use it as a reference for take-off points or circuit allocation. When replacing components in a vehicle's braking circuit, always mark the pipes before removing them.

« X » braking system with ABS



105586

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### IMPORTANT

This is a diagram of the general principle, do not use it as a reference for take-off points or circuit allocation. When replacing components in a vehicle's braking circuit, always mark the pipes before removing them.

## Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair

## I - SAFETY

## 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

The brake regulation circuit must be free of all hydraulic and electrical faults.

In case of incorrect handling, the brake fluid can cause serious injury and damage. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for brake fluid.

To prevent dust from entering the master cylinder reservoir and the brake circuit, the plug must be removed just before filling and closed immediately afterwards,

## 2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Do not press on the brake pedal during work on the brake system.

If, during work on the brake system, any damage on any part is observed, it must be repaired before driving the vehicle again.

Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Ensure any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle is cleaned off.

Use brake fluids that comply with the Renault standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**)

Check the brake fluid levels in the braking circuit and the bleeding device.

Check that the pressure of the bleeding device is between **1.5 bar and 2 bar**.

## II - CLEANLINESS

## 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

## 2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Fit blanking plugs recommended for the Siemens K9K injection system at the end of each pipe and in all the openings of the disconnected components of the brake circuit.

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

**WARNING**

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

Do not allow friction materials to come into contact with grease, oil or other lubricants and cleaning products which are mineral oil based.

## III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

When replacing brake pads, always replace the pads on the other side as well.

When replacing a disc, always replace the disc on the opposite side.

When replacing brake discs, you must replace the brake pads.

**WARNING**

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components, regardless of the position of the wheels.

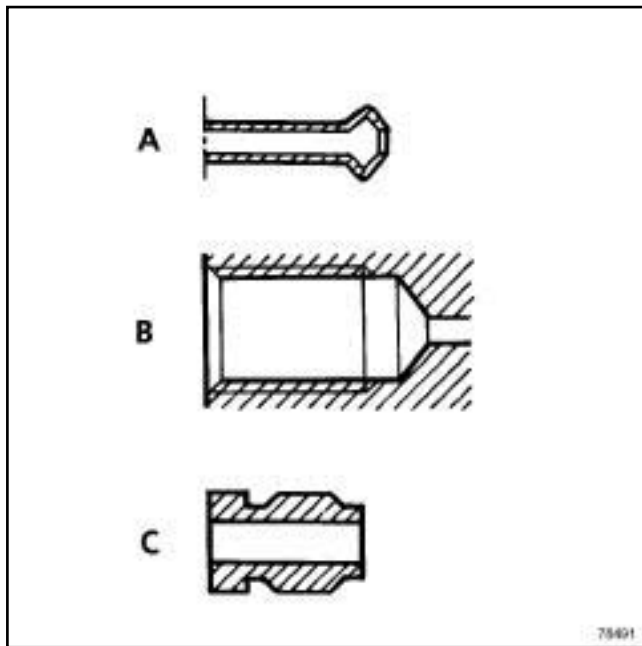
**IMPORTANT**

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

Always replace the rigid brake pipe clips.

Reminder:

- The pipes between the master cylinder, callipers and the hydraulic assembly are connected using threaded unions with a metric thread.
- Therefore, only parts specified in the Parts Catalogue for this vehicle should be used.



78491

Parts identification:

- shape of steel or copper pipe end piece (A),
- shape of connecting points on components (B),
- shape of unions (C): **11 mm** hexagonal.

Precautions to be taken before and during the brake circuit bleeding operation:

- use brake fluid which conforms to the Renault standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products),
- check the brake fluid levels in the brake circuit and the bleeding device,
- the braking regulation circuit must be free from all hydraulic and electrical faults,
- check that the pressure of the bleeding device is between **1.5 bars and 2 bars**.



### Equipment required

pedal press

brake circuit bleeding device

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair**, page **30A-2**).

This procedure must be applied after one of the following components has been removed or replaced:

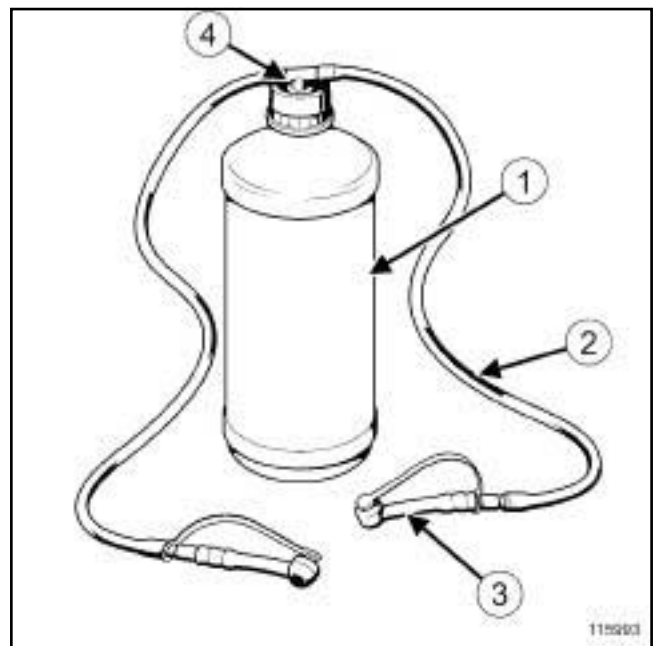
- the master cylinder,
- the brake fluid,
- the hydraulic unit,
- a rigid pipe,
- a hose,
- the reservoir,
- a calliper.

### WARNING

Switch off the vehicle ignition so as not to activate the hydraulic unit solenoid valves when bleeding the brake circuit.

### WARNING

The level must be between the « MIN » and « MAX » markings on the reservoir.



115993

115993

- Use locally produced containers to collect the used brake fluid.

Front and rear callipers:

- 2 washer fluid containers (1) (1 litre),
- 4 mm diameter transparent pipes (2),
- 4 pipettes (3),
- 2 T-unions (4).

### Note:

The new hydraulic unit is pre-filled.

When working on one of the following components, position a **pedal press** to limit the outflow of brake fluid and prevent any air from entering the master cylinder and the circuits downstream of the master cylinder:

- hydraulic unit,
- pipes between the hydraulic unit and brake callipers,
- brake hoses,
- brake calliper.

Remove the **pedal press** before carrying out the braking system bleeding procedure.

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the vehicle ignition.

- ❑ Connect the **brake circuit bleeding device** (after having received Renault approval) to the master cylinder reservoir (see the instructions for the equipment).
- ❑ Pressurise the brake circuit.
- ❑ Adjust the pressure to between **1.5 bar <math>P < 2 \text{ bar}</math>** for **3 minutes** to stabilise it in the braking circuit.
- ❑ Close the circuit between the bleed screw and brake fluid reservoir without dumping the pressure.

**Note:**

The circuit between the bleed screw and brake fluid reservoir is closed in different ways depending on the type of equipment used:

- valve,
- switch.

- ❑ Fit the bleed containers to the four bleed screws of the callipers.
  - ❑ Undo the calliper bleed screws:
    - front left-hand,
    - front right-hand,
    - rear left-hand,
    - rear right-hand.
  - ❑ Open the circuit between the bleed screw and brake fluid reservoir and allow the liquid to run until all the air bubbles have been released.
  - ❑ Tighten the bleed screws in the following order:
    - front left-hand,
    - front right-hand,
    - rear left-hand,
    - rear right-hand.
  - ❑ Undo the calliper bleed screw:
    - front left-hand,
    - allow the fluid to run until all the air bubbles have been released,
    - tighten the bleed screw on the calliper.
  - ❑ Carry out the previous operation on the callipers:
    - front right-hand,
    - rear left-hand,
    - rear right-hand.
  - ❑ Close the bleed screw to dump the pressure in the brake circuit.
- ❑ Remove the **brake circuit bleeding device** from the master cylinder reservoir.
  - ❑ Check pedal travel and resistance. If it is not correct, finish bleeding the brake circuit with the help of a second operator. Start the bleed operation by bleeding the calliper that is the furthest away from the master cylinder:
    - hold down the brake pedal,
    - open the circuit bleed screw to release the air from the brake circuit,
    - close the circuit bleed screw,
    - release the brake pedal.
  - ❑ Top up the brake fluid level in the reservoir, if necessary. Check the sealing of the front and rear bleed screws and ensure that the sealing covers are in place (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque**, page 30A-6) .
  - ❑ During a road test, trigger braking regulation to confirm that the brake pedal travel is correct.
  - ❑ Clean off any traces of brake fluid on the vehicle using **BRAKE CLEANING PRODUCT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**)

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Brake circuit: Tightening torque

**30A**

### I - FRONT AND REAR BRAKES

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Front calliper bleed screw	6
Rear cylinder bleed screw	6
Front calliper inlet brake hose	17
Rear cylinder inlet brake pipes	14
Brake hose on brake pipe	14
Front brake guide pin bolt	34
Brake pipe on compensator	14
Brake pipe on master cylinder	14
Brake pipe on hose	14
Disc bolt	14
Cylinder bolt on brake back-plate	14

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Calliper support bolt	107

### II - BRAKE CONTROL

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Brake servo nut	21
Master cylinder nuts	21
Master cylinder outlet pipe	14
Hydraulic unit bolt on its mounting	8
Hydraulic unit pipe unions	14
Parking brake lever nuts	21
Hydraulic unit mounting bolt on body	21
Compensator bolt	12

### Equipment required

compressed air nozzle

### Tightening torques

brake pipe bolts	<b>8 N.m</b>
------------------	--------------

underbody unions (female/male)	<b>6 N.m</b>
-----------------------------------	--------------

This procedure applies to copper pipes diameter **4.7 mm**.

#### Note:

This procedure does not apply to:

- hybrid pipes (pipe + hose),
- pipes with diameters **6 mm** and **8 mm**.

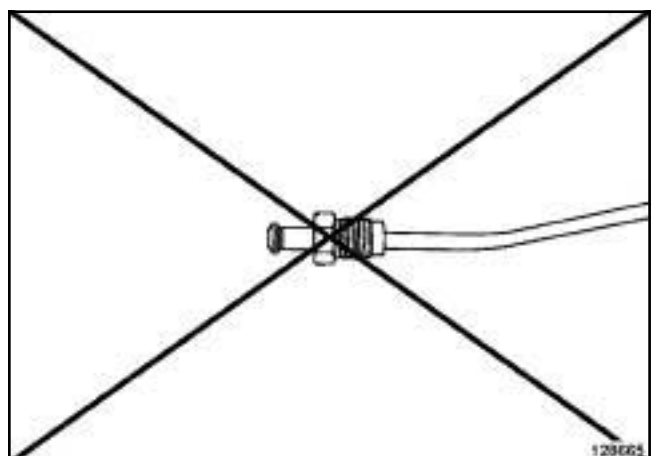
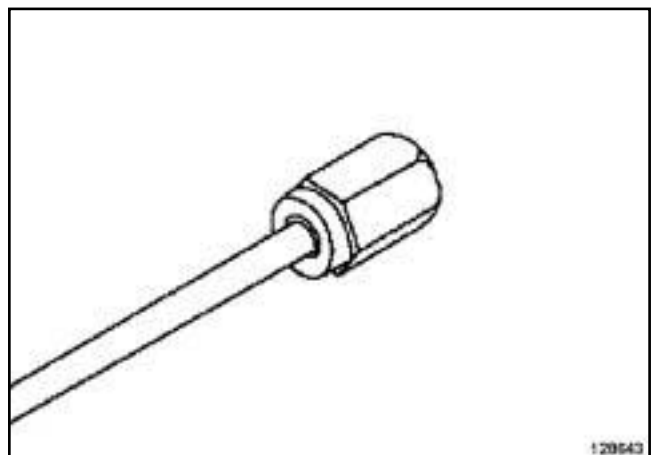
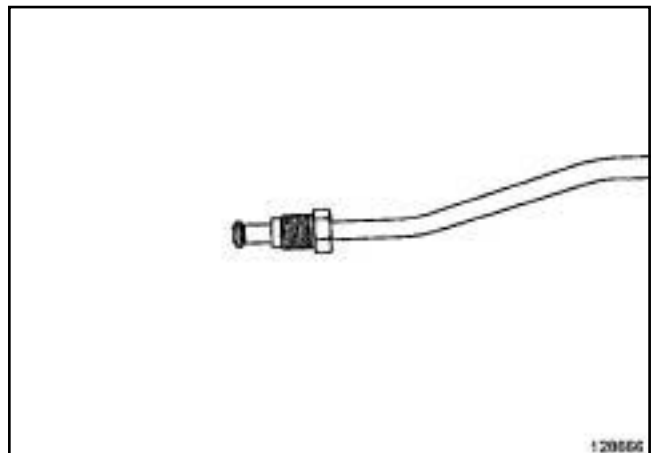
## REPAIR

### I - PIPE PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

To avoid causing a breakdown in hydraulic brake circuit , do not squash or bend the rigid pipe when cutting.

- Cut the pipe to the recommended length using a tube cutter (see **Garage equipment catalogue**).



- Put the nuts or bolts on the pipe before forming the rivets.

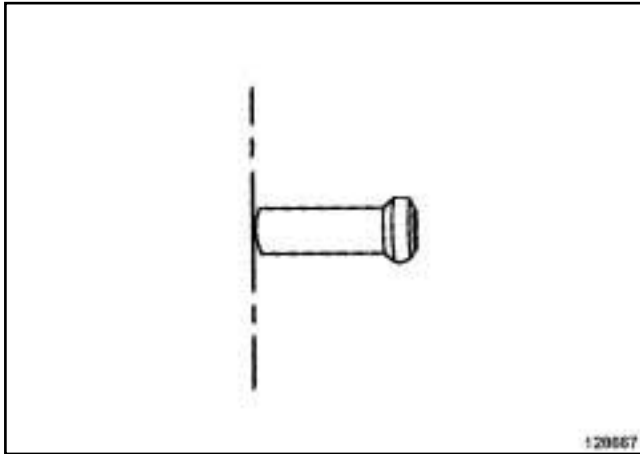
### II - MAKING THE RIVETS

#### Note:

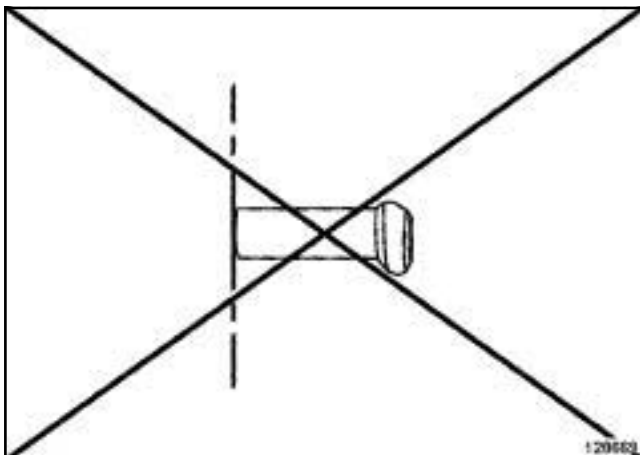
To make the rivets, fit the rivet press in a vice.

- Fit the pipe in the rivet press (see **Garage Equipment Catalogue**).
- Adjust the length of the pipe to be shaped.
- Torque tighten the press end piece (**40 N.m**).

### III - CHECKING THE RIVETS

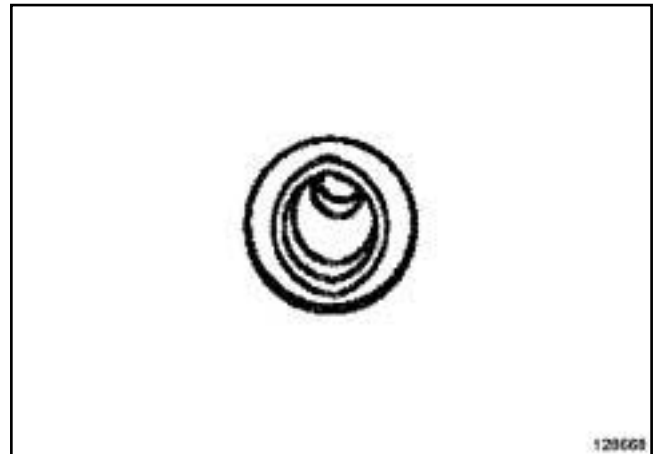


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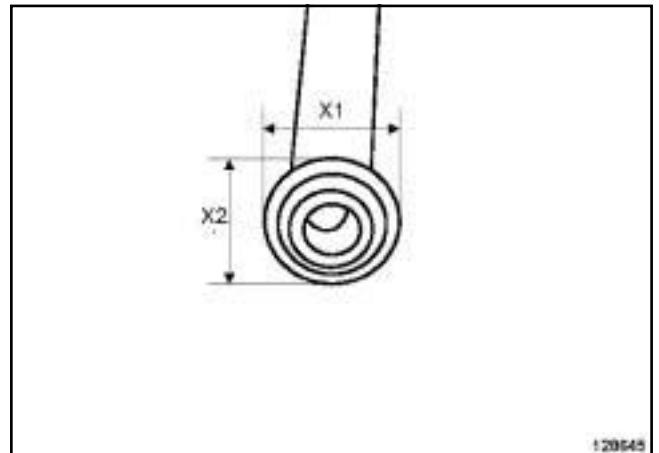
128669

- Visually inspect:
  - the uniformity of the rivets' diameter,
  - the rivet centring in relation to the pipe shaft.



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- Visually check that the internal diameter of the pipe is not oval-shaped.



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- Check that the diameter of the end panel is not oval shaped using a sliding calliper.

Correct diameter if  $(X1) = (X2)$

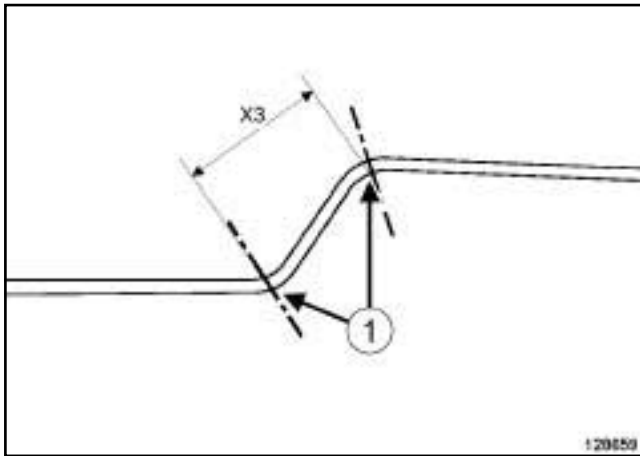
### IV - PREPARATION OF THE PIPE BEFORE BENDING

- 

Note:

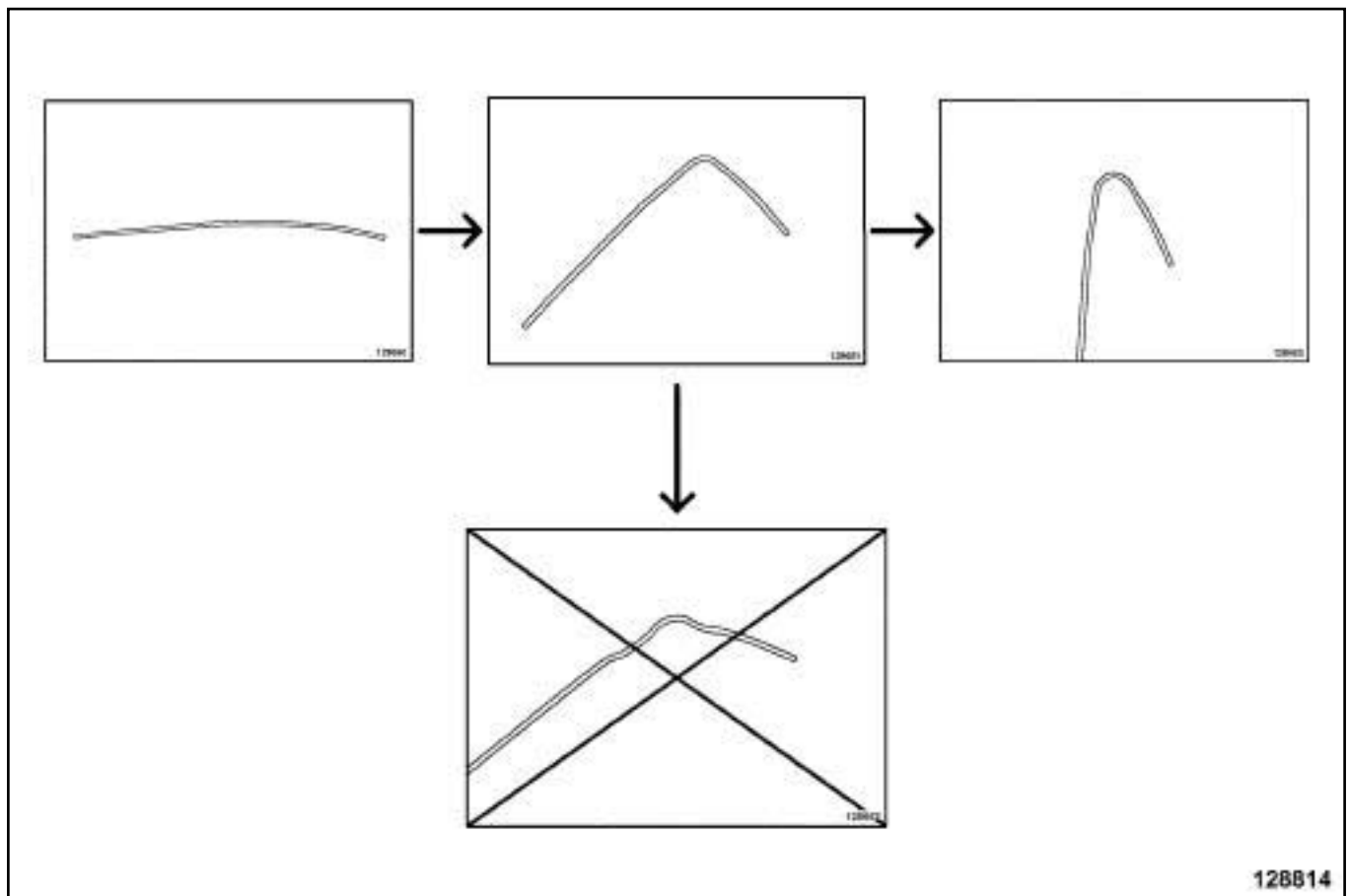
Impurities may spread inside the pipe while the rivets are being made.

- Blow inside the pipe in both directions using a **compressed air nozzle**.
- Put plugs on the bolts or nuts at the ends of the pipe.
- Put the original pipe on a flat base plate that is the length of the pipe.



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- Measure the dimensions (**X3**) (in mm) curve after curve, between each curve radius « centre » (**1**) of the old pipe.



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**WARNING**

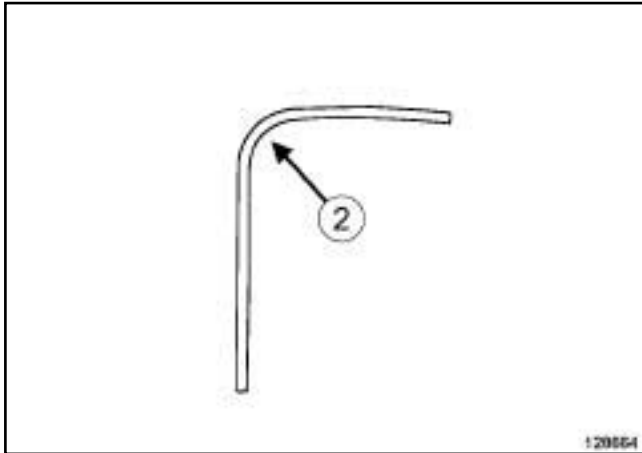
To avoid weakening the pipe, either bend once or bend progressively by increasing the bend (that is, by continually decreasing the curve radius). Do not install a rigid pipe on a vehicle that may have been bended and then unbended alternatively to reach the correct curve radius.

**Note:**

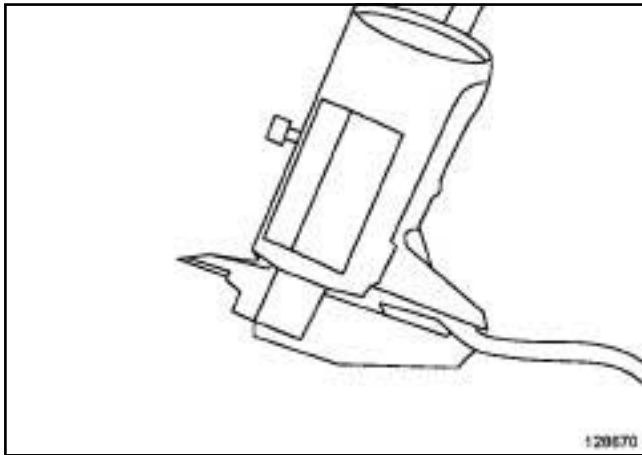
During the bending operation, the required angle should be passed slightly in order to compensate for material elasticity.

- Shape the pipe using a bender, curve after curve, while respecting the original shape of the pipe.

### V - CHECKING BENDING



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- ❑ Check the out-of-roundness of the outer diameter at the centre of the curve radius (2) using a sliding caliper (the out-of-roundness of the outer diameter is correct if it is less than 10% flattening):
  - nominal diameter of the pipe: **4.75 mm**,
  - minimum diameter after bending: **4.30 mm**.

### VI - REFITTING THE PIPE



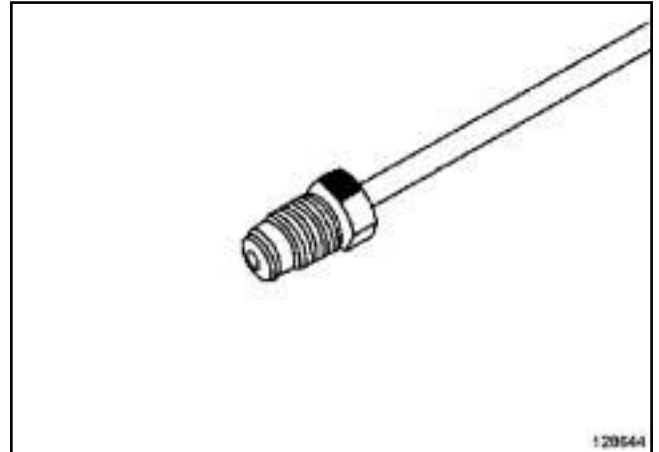
Note:

When refitting the rigid brake pipe:

- respect the original routing as much as possible,
- adjust the pipe routing by hand when fitting inside the clips.

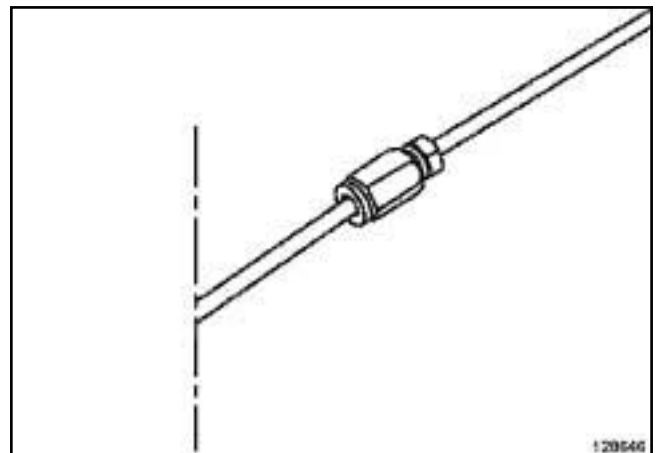
#### WARNING

Contact points between the rigid brake pipe and the surrounding components could cause damage to the pipe. In order to avoid these contacts, adjust the pipe routing by hand.



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- ❑ Torque tighten the **brake pipe bolts (8 N.m)**.



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- ❑ Torque tighten the **underbody unions (female/male) (6 N.m)**.



### **BRAKE FLUID REPLACEMENT INTERVAL**

Our braking technology, and in particular the disc brakes (hollow pistons which conduct little heat, have a low volume of fluid in the cylinder, sliding callipers avoiding the need for a fluid reserve in the least cooled area of the wheel), has allowed us to prevent the risk of « vapour lock » as far as possible, even with heavy braking (mountainous area). However, current brake fluids are subject to minor deterioration during the first months of use due to slight humidity intake. This is why it is recommended that you change the brake fluid: see **maintenance booklet for the vehicle**.

#### **1 - Topping up the level**

Wear of the brake pads will result in a gradual drop in the fluid level in the reservoir.

Do not top up the fluid, as the level will rise again when the pads are next changed. The brake fluid level must not fall below the minimum mark.

#### **2 - Approved brake fluid**

Mixing two incompatible brake fluids in the brake circuit may lead to:

- serious risk of leakage due mainly to deterioration of the cups,
- deterioration in the operation of the ESP system.

To prevent such risks, it is essential to use only brake fluids that comply with the RENAULT standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) .

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Brake: Specifications

30A

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Front brakes (mm)		
Piston diameter	54	
Disc diameter	280	269
Disc thickness	24	22
Minimum disc thickness (1)	21.8	19.8
Maximum disc run-out	0.07	
Brake lining thickness (including backplate)	17.8	17.4
Minimum brake lining thickness (including backplate)	7.5	8.1
Rear brakes (mm)		
Piston diameter	19	
Drum diameter	228.5	
Maximum drum wear diameter	229.5	
Thickness of primary brake lining	4.9	
Thickness of secondary brake lining	4.9	
Master cylinder (mm)		
Diameter	22.2	
Stroke	36	

(1) Brake discs cannot be reground. If they are too heavily worn or scratched they must be replaced.

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Steering: Tightening torque

**30A**

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Steering column nut	21
Universal joint bolt	21
Track rod end nut	37
Axial ball joint	34

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Wheel alignment lock nut	53
Steering box bolt	180

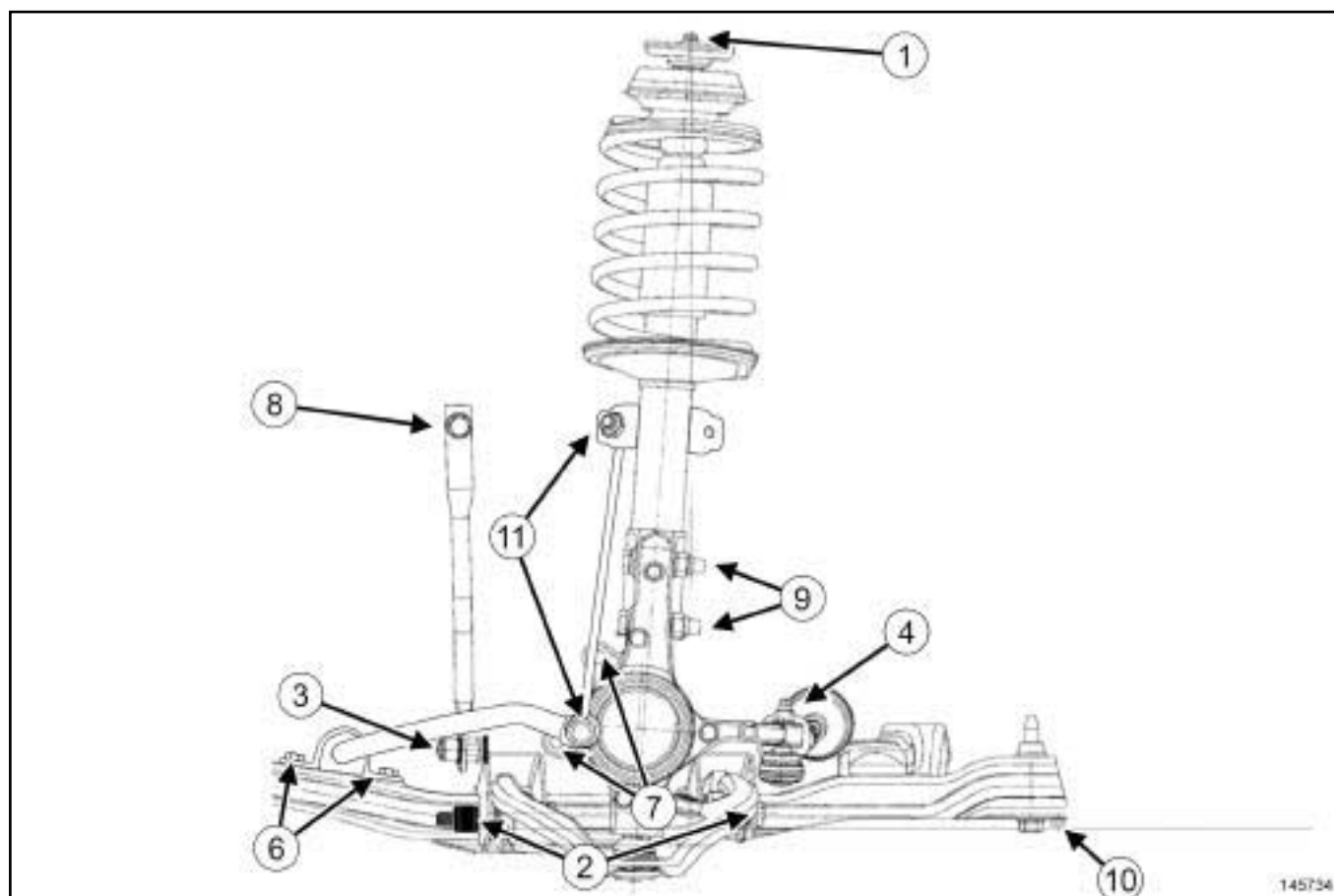
Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Pressure switch on high pressure pipe	12
High and low pressure pipe union on steering rack	21
High pressure pipe union on the steering pump	21
Low pressure pipe bolt on the sub-frame	21
Power assisted steering pump bolt on the support	21

- Lock the slip plates of the lift.
- Position the vehicle on a lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) .
- Check the condition of the following components:
  - track rods,
  - axial ball joint linkages,
  - subframe,
  - lower arm rubber bushes,
  - lower arm ball joints (see **31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm ball joint: Check**, page **31A-41**) ,
  - shock absorbers,
  - tyres,
- Check:
  - the tyre size (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Tyres: Identification**, page **35A-8**) ,
  - the tyre inflation pressure (see **Tyre pressure: Identification**) .
- Put the vehicle in the VODM position (vehicle in running order) (see **Underbody heights: Adjustment value**) :
  - tank full,
  - vehicle empty (without luggage, etc.).
- Consult:
  - the front axle geometry values (see **Front axle assembly: Adjustment values**) ,
  - the rear axle geometry values (see **Rear axle assembly: Adjustment values**) .
- Refer to the user manual for the geometry tester.
- Check the geometry using the geometry tester.
- If there is an inconsistency between the manufacturer's values and the measured values:

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Front axle system: Tightening torque

# 30A



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No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(2)	Lower arm bolt	180
(3)	Subframe tie-rod lower bolt	21
(6)	Anti-roll bar bearing bolt	21
(7)	Calliper support bolt	107
	Front sub-frame bolt	110
	Steering box bolt on the subframe	180
(10)	Front subframe bracket bolt	44

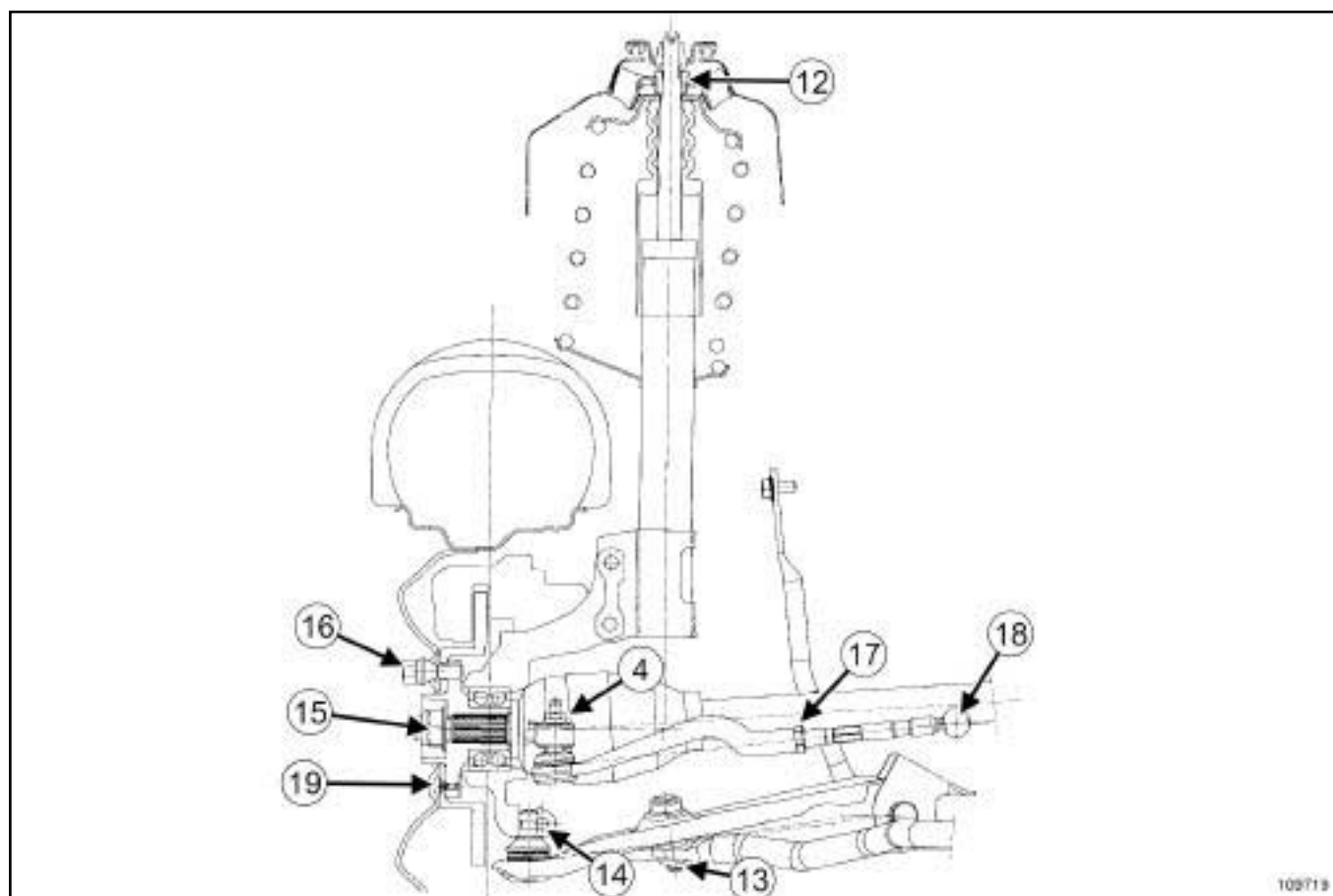
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No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(1)	« Spring - shock absorber » assembly nut on the body	44
(4)	Track rod end nut	37
(8)	Subframe tie-rod upper bolt on the side member	21
(9)	Shock absorber bolt on the hub carrier	105

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Front axle system: Tightening torque

# 30A



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109719

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(12)	Shock absorber nut for spring cup	62
(14)	Lower arm ball joint bolt or nut	62
(15)	Driveshaft nut	280
(16)	Wheel bolts	105
(18)	Axial ball joint mounting on the steering rack	34
(19)	Disc bolt	14

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(12)	Anti-roll bar tie-rod nuts	21
(17)	Wheel alignment lock nut	53

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Front axle system: Adjustment

# 30A

### Equipment required

flywheel immobiliser

### Tightening torques

wheel alignment adjustment lock nuts **53 N.m**

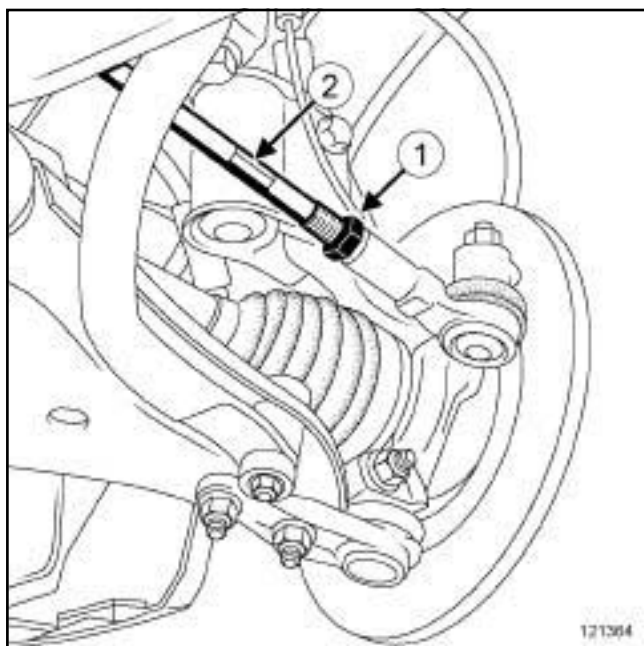
## I - ADJUSTMENT PREPARATION STAGE

- Check the geometry (see **30A, General information, Axle assemblies: Check**, page 30A-15) .

## II - ADJUSTMENT OPERATION

### 1 - Wheel alignment

- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Lock the steering wheel using a **flywheel immobiliser**.
- Adjust the wheel alignment by rotating the track rod sleeves.



121364

- Loosen the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut (1) .
- Turn the track rod sleeve (2) to the required value.
- After adjustment, torque tighten the **wheel alignment adjustment lock nuts (53 N.m)**.

### 2 - Castor angle

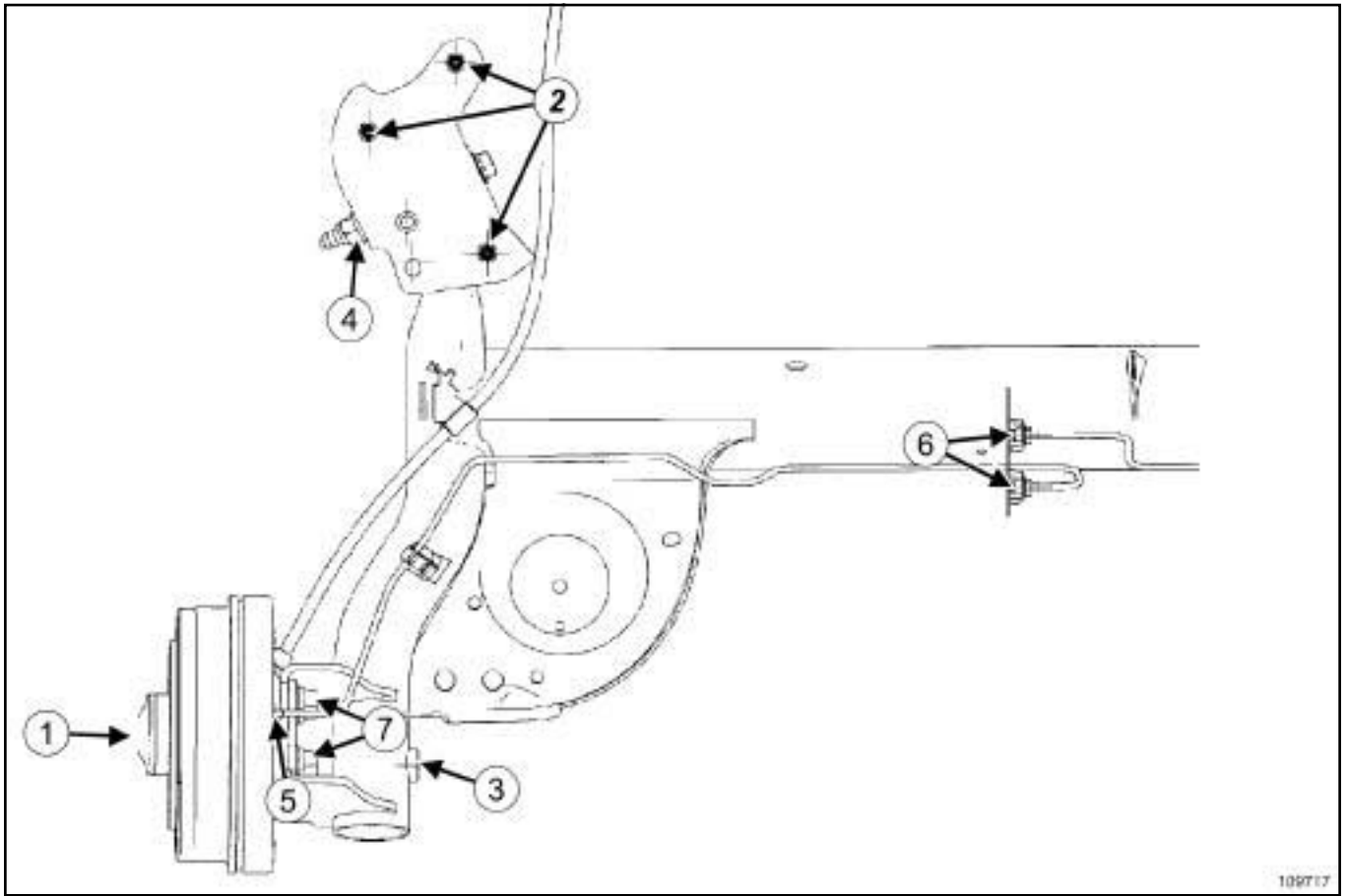
- Not adjustable.

### 3 - Camber

- Not adjustable.

### 4 - Pivot

- Not adjustable.



109717

109717

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(4)	Rubber bush nut	125
(5)	Rigid brake pipe on brake cylinder	14
(6)	Rigid pipe union on hose	14

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(1)	Drum nut	280
(2)	Bearing bolt	105
(3)	Shock absorber lower bolt	162
(7)	Brake back-plate bolts on the rear axle	105
	Wheel speed sensor bolt	6.5



## Front axle components: Precautions for the repair

## I - SAFETY

## 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

## 2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Do not press on the brake pedal during work on the brake system.

If, during work on the brake system, any damage on any part is observed, it must be repaired before driving the vehicle again.

Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Ensure any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle is cleaned off.

In case of incorrect handling, the brake fluid can cause serious injury and damage. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for brake fluid.

## II - CLEANLINESS

## 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

## 2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

**WARNING**

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

Do not allow friction materials to come into contact with grease, oil or other lubricants and cleaning products which are mineral oil based.

## III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

## 1 - Bearing, hub carrier

**WARNING**

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

**WARNING**

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target on the bearing.

When removing a hub, it is essential to replace the bearing with a new one.

**WARNING**

Do not press the bearing's internal bush so as to avoid damaging the bearing (very high shrink-fitting force).

It is essential to check the condition of the hub and bearing surface and the hub carrier bore before refitting the bearing.

Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:

- the new bearing's internal and external surfaces which are in contact with the hub carrier and the hub,
- the hub carrier surfaces in contact with the new bearing,
- the hub surfaces in contact with the new bearing.

Always check the surface condition of the hub carrier before refitting the "hub - bearing" assembly.

Clean the surfaces of the hub carrier that are in contact with the "hub - bearing" assembly using **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products)

Replace any component whose contact surfaces have deep scratches or cracks.

## Front axle components: Precautions for the repair

### 2 - Suspension spring

When replacing the spring, ensure that the positioning and orientation of the spring and the tool cups are correct.

When replacing a spring, always replace the spring on the opposite side.

If a shock absorber is replaced, the shock absorber on the opposite side must also be replaced.

Check that the spring compressor tool is operating correctly.

In the interests of safety, do not leave a spring compressed in the spring compressor tool.

During assembly and removing operations, the surface and the protection paint must not be damaged.

There must be no impacts during operations. Any handling hooks and tightening or positioning clamps should be equipped with rubber or plastic in order to avoid damage on the springs.

It is recommended to replace springs if:

- the paint is damaged,
- the spring has dents in it.

They are not usually symmetrical in shape and care should be taken to assemble them the right way round. This can be done using the coloured marking's position.

#### **WARNING**

To prevent the suspension spring from prematurely breaking, do not damage the anti-corrosion protection.

### 3 - Anti-roll bar

During assembly and removing operations, the surface and the protection paint must not be damaged.

There must be no impacts during operations. Any handling hooks, tightening or positioning clamps should be equipped with rubber or plastic parts so as to avoid damaging the anti roll bar.

It is recommended to replace the anti-roll bar if:

- the paint is damaged,
- the anti-roll bar has dents in it.

#### **Note:**

the most critical and sensitive zones are in the main elbows.

### 4 - Front axle

#### **WARNING**

To prevent any damage, do not use the lower arm as support for the lifting system.

Check the condition of all the gaiters before refitting. Always replace any damaged components with new ones.

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

### Tightening torques

guide pin bolt	34 N.m
----------------	--------

When replacing brake pads, be sure to replace the pads on the opposite side.

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

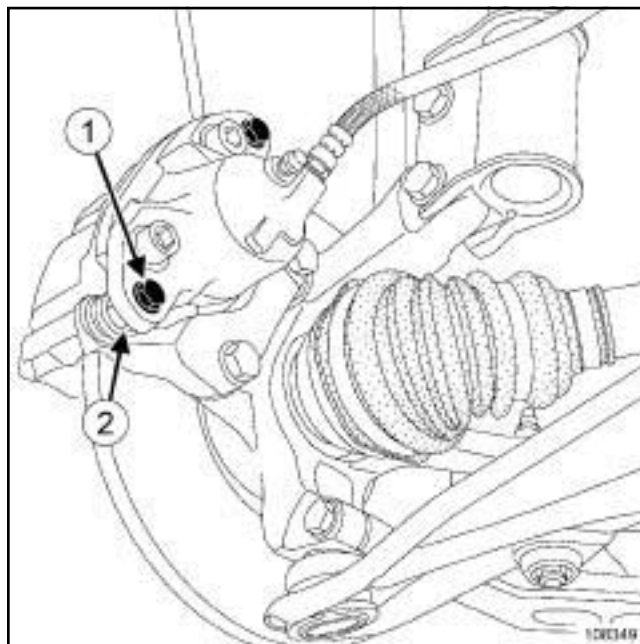
- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

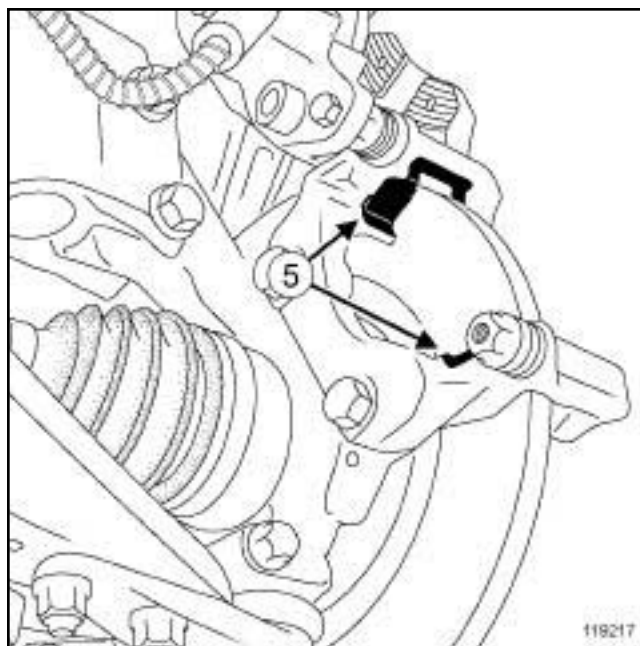
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Unlock the steering column.
- Remove the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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- Remove the guide pin lower bolt (1) while holding the nut (2).
- Pivot the front brake calliper upwards.
- Remove the front brake pads.



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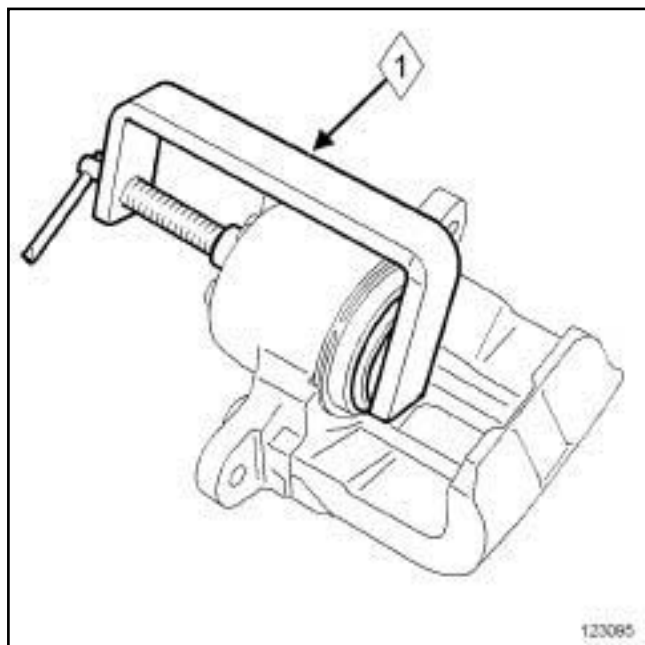
119217

- Remove the noise reducing fins (5).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the thickness of the front brake pads (see **30A, General information, Brake: Specifications**, page **30A-13**).
- Clean using a wire brush and **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products):
  - the front brake calliper mountings,
  - the front brake callipers,
  - the brake discs.



123095

- Push the piston (after coating it with grease from the repair kit) using the (1) until it is at the end of its bore.
- parts always to be replaced: Front brake calliper guide pin bolt.**
- Always replace the noise-reducing fins.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the noise-reducing fins.
- Install the brake pads starting from the inside.
- Tilt the calliper downwards to return it to its original position.
- Refit a new guide pin bolt.
- Torque tighten the **guide pin bolt (34 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake hose: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

### Equipment required

pedal press

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### WARNING

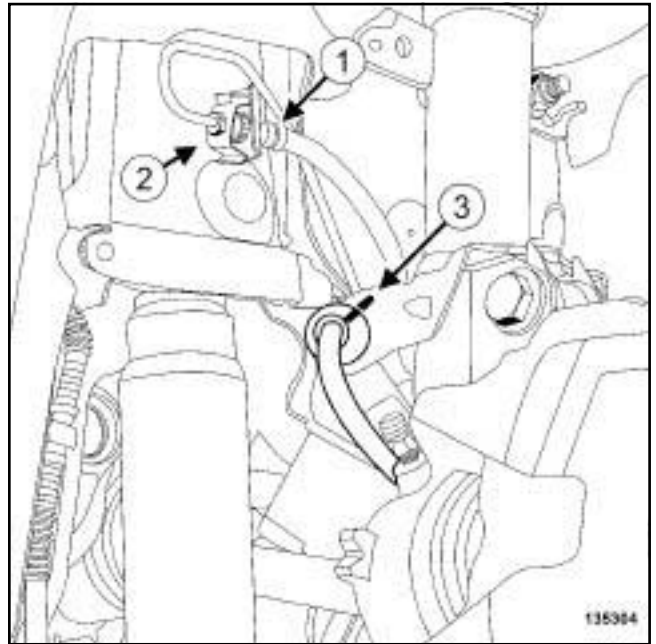
Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**).
- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



135304

- Loosen the hose union (1) on the rigid pipe union.
- Remove the retaining (2) fork from the hose.
- To avoid the premature damage of the brake hose by friction, observe the following procedure before unclipping the hose:
  - Set the wheels straight ahead.
  - Mark the position of the cap on the base of the shock absorber using a permanent marker.
- Unclip the brake hose cap (3) from the shock absorber base.
- Loosen the hose union on the brake calliper.
- Remove the brake hose.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

### WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake hose: Removal - Refitting

31A

- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Refit the brake hose at the calliper end.
- Torque tighten the brake hose (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque, page 30A-6**)
- Clip the brake hose cap on to the base of the shock absorber, aligning the marks made using a permanent marker.
- Refit:
  - the brake hose on the rigid pipe union,
  - the hose retaining fork.
- Torque tighten the brake hose union on the rigid pipe union. (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque, page 30A-6**)

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**) .
- Remove the **pedal press** from the brake pedal.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4**) .

### Equipment required

pedal press

### Tightening torques

guide pin upper bolt	34 N.m
brake hose on the calliper	17 N.m

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

Note:

The callipers supplied as spare parts are pre-filled with brake fluid.

## REMOVAL

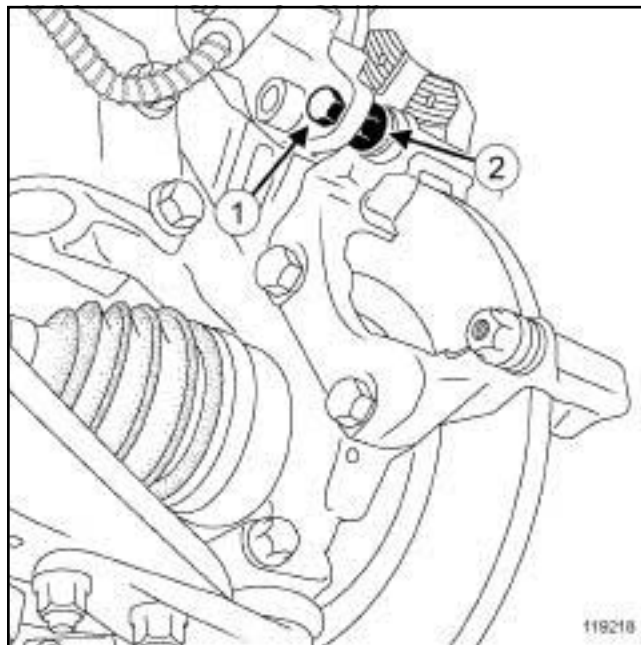
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Fit the **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Unlock the steering column.

- Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Release the brake hose from the front brake calliper.
- Remove the brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-3**).



119218

- Remove the guide pin upper bolt (1) while holding the nut (2).
- Remove:
  - the front brake calliper from the hose,
  - the front brake calliper.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the condition of the gaiter and the calliper piston.
- Replace any faulty parts (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper: Repair, page 31A-9**).
- Clean using a wire brush and **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products):
  - the calliper supports,
  - the callipers.

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake calliper: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

- Always replace the guide pin bolts each time they are removed.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Without using a tool, screw the calliper to the brake hose as tightly as possible.
- Refit the guide pin upper bolt.
- Torque tighten the **guide pin upper bolt (34 N.m)**.
- Refit the brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-3**) .
- Torque tighten the **brake hose on the calliper (17 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the tool **pedal press**.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4**) .
- Refit the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**) .

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.



### Equipment required

pedal press

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### WARNING

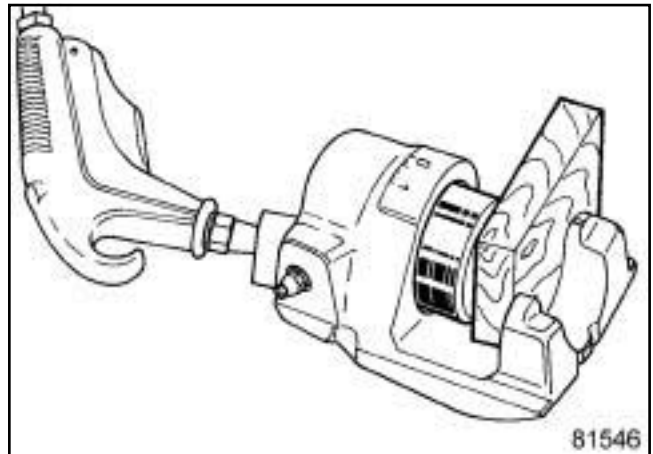
Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REPAIR

### I - REPAIR PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Position the **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove:
  - the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the front brake calliper (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-7**).

### II - REPAIR OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



81546

- Remove the piston using compressed air, making sure to insert a wooden block between the calliper and the piston to avoid damaging it. Any trace of impact on the end panel will render the piston unfit for use.

- Remove the dust seal.



81545

- Remove the rectangular section seal from the calliper groove with a round edged spring blade (feeler gauge).

### WARNING

The whole calliper must systematically be replaced if there are any scratches in the calliper bore.

- Clean the parts using methylated spirit.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED** Refit:

- the new rectangular section seal in the calliper groove,
- the piston (after having smeared it with the grease supplied in the repair kit) using the,
- the dust seal.

**II - FINAL OPERATION.** Refit:

- the brake calliper (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-7**),
- the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).

 Remove the **pedal press**.**IMPORTANT**

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

 Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4**).

### Tightening torques

front brake calliper support bolts	105 N.m
guide pin upper bolt	34 N.m

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### WARNING

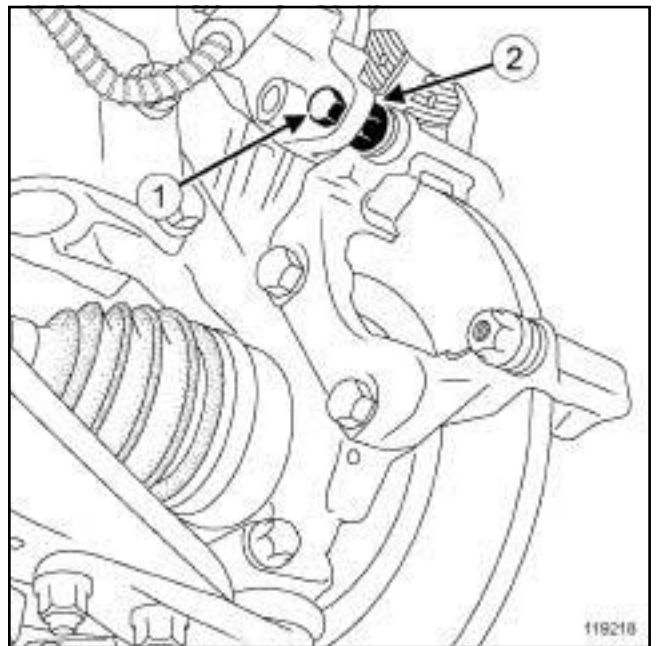
In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

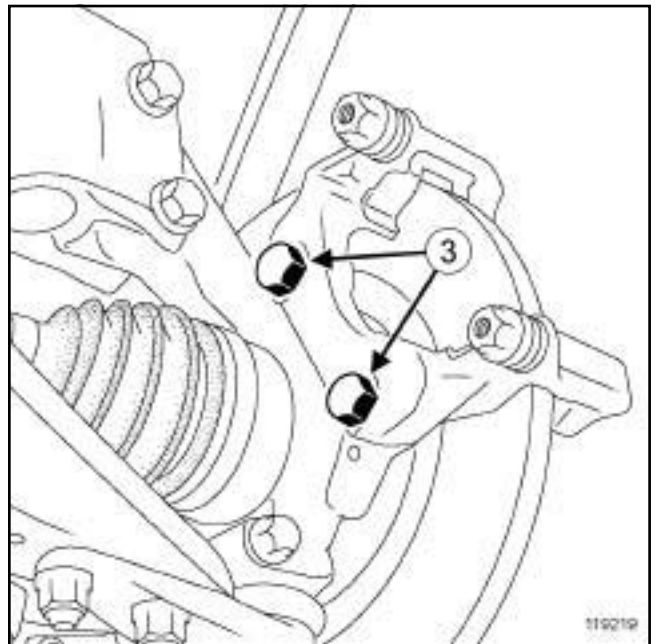
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Unlock the steering column.
- Remove:
  - the front wheel on the side in question (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the front brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-3**).



119218

- Remove the guide pin upper bolt (1) while holding the nut (2).
- Suspend the front brake calliper from the suspension spring.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



119219

- Remove:
  - the two front brake calliper mounting bolts (3),
  - the front brake calliper mounting.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Clean using a wire brush and **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products):
  - the front brake calliper mounting,
  - the front brake calliper,
  - the hub carrier.
- parts always to be replaced: Front brake calliper mounting bolt**
- Coat the calliper mounting bolts with **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) before fitting them.
- parts always to be replaced: Front brake calliper guide pin bolt.**

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Refit:
  - the front brake calliper mounting,
  - the front brake calliper mounting bolts.
- Torque tighten the **front brake calliper support bolts (105 N.m)**.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit the guide pin upper bolt.
- Torque tighten the **guide pin upper bolt (34 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the front brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-3**).
  - the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**)

**IMPORTANT**

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

## Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting

### WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

#### Tightening torques

bolts of the front brake disc protector	7 N.m
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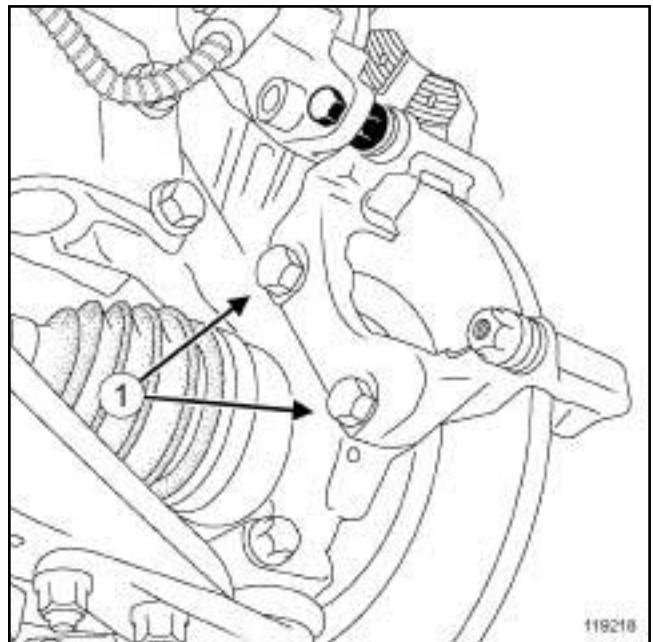
#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the front brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-3**),
  - the front brake disc (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-15**).

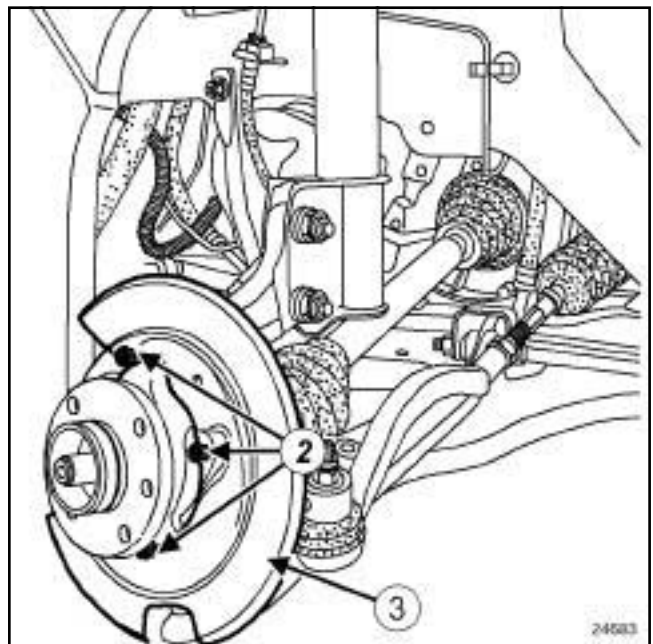


119218

119218

- Remove the calliper mounting bolts (1).
- Attach the « calliper mounting - brake calliper » assembly to the suspension spring.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



24683

24683

- Remove:
  - the front brake disc protector bolts (2),
  - the front brake disc protector (3).

## Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting

## WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Using a wire brush and **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) clean the hub carrier.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the brake disc protector.
- Torque tighten the **bolts of the front brake disc protector (7 N.m)**.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front brake disc (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-15**),
  - the « calliper mounting - brake calliper » assembly (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-11**),
  - the front brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-3**),
  - the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

**IMPORTANT**

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

### Equipment required

indelible pencil

parts washer

Brake discs cannot be reground. If there is excessive scoring or wear, they will need to be replaced (see **30A, General information, Brake: Specifications**, page **30A-13**).

### IMPORTANT

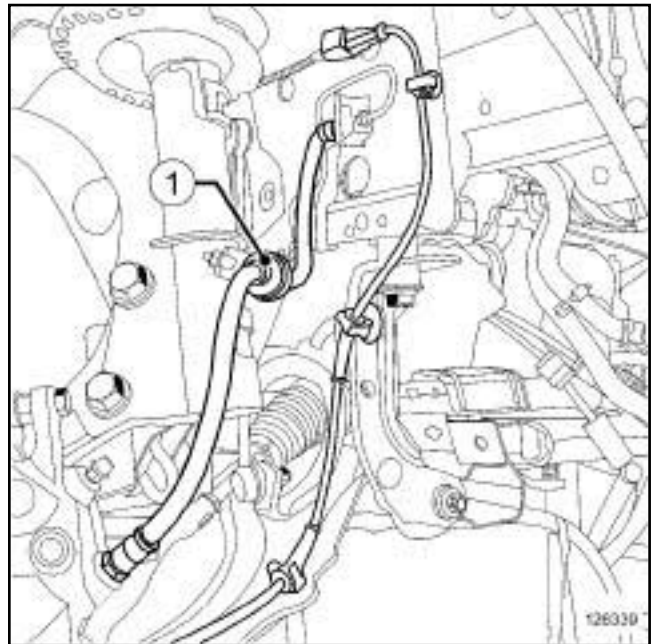
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair**, page **30A-2**) (30A, General information),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Remove the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).



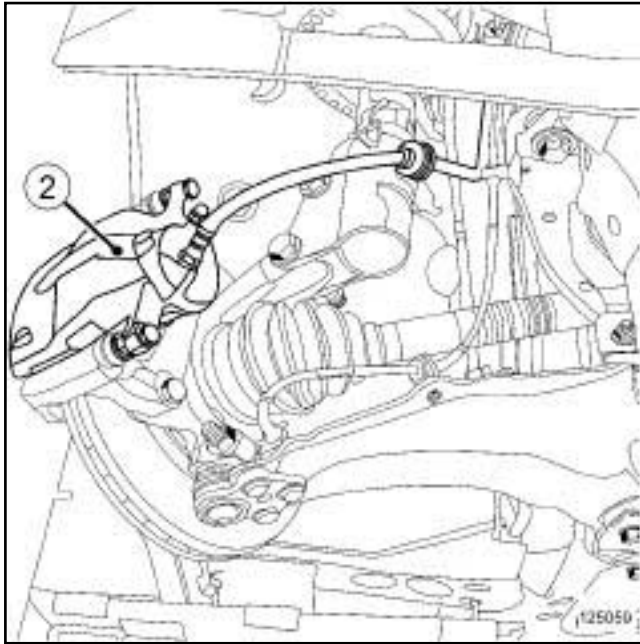
126339

- Mark the position of the cap (1) on the base of the shock absorber using a **indelible pencil**.
- Unclip the cap (1) from the base of the shock absorber.

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting

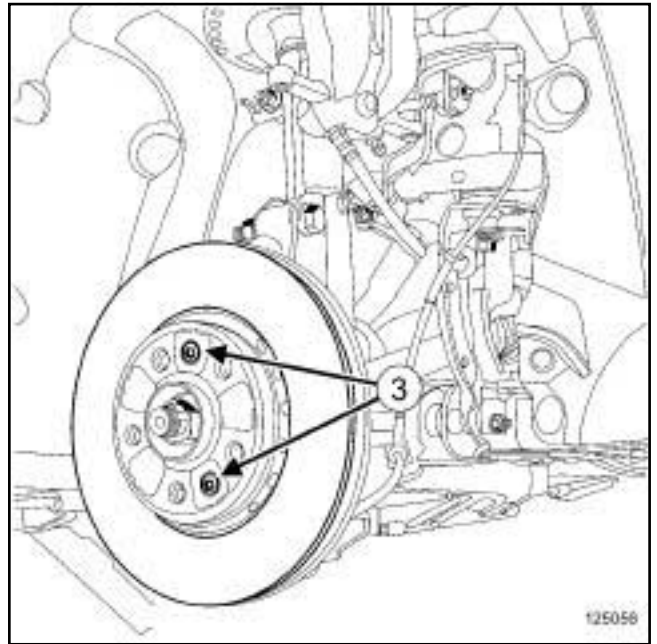
# 31A



125059

- Remove the brake pads (see 31A, **Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-3)
- Remove the "brake calliper mounting - brake calliper" assembly (2) (see 31A, **Front axle components, Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-11) .
- Hang the "brake calliper mounting - brake calliper" assembly (2) on the suspension spring.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



125056

- Remove:
  - the brake disc bolt or bolts (3) ,
  - the brake disc.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Clean the brake discs using a **parts washer**.
- Dry the surface of the discs.
- Clean the mating faces of the disc on the hub using a wire brush and **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- parts always to be replaced: Front brake disc bolt**

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the brake disc with new bolts.
- Torque tighten the new disc mounting bolts (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque**, page 30A-6)



# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the "brake calliper mounting - brake calliper" assembly (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-11**) .
- Refit the brake pads (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-3**)
- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Clip the cap on the base of the shock absorber while aligning the marks made with a **indelible pencil**.

#### **WARNING**

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

- Refit the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .

#### **IMPORTANT**

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

- Advise the customer to run-in the brake pads (no harsh braking).

### I - PREPARATION OPERATION FOR CHECK

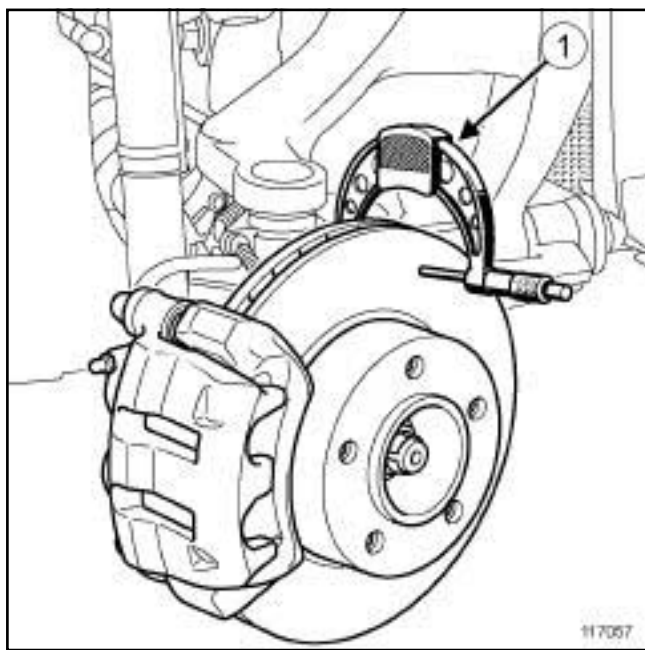
Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

Remove the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

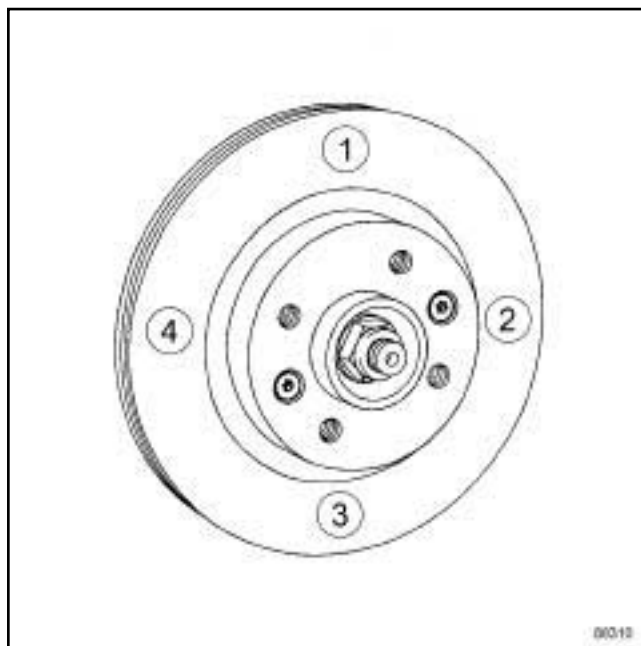
### II - CHECKING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

Note:

Use a Palmer type tool to check the thickness of the disc.



Position the Palmer tool (1) to measure the disc thickness.



88310

Measure the thickness of the disc at 4 points in order (90° apart).

Compare the values with those recommended by the manufacturer (see **30A, General information, Brake: Specifications**, page 30A-13) .

### III - FINAL OPERATION

Replace the discs if necessary (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-15) .

Refit the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Equipment required

pedal press

#### Tightening torques

brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit **14 N.m**

brake pipe unions on the master cylinder **14 N.m**

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

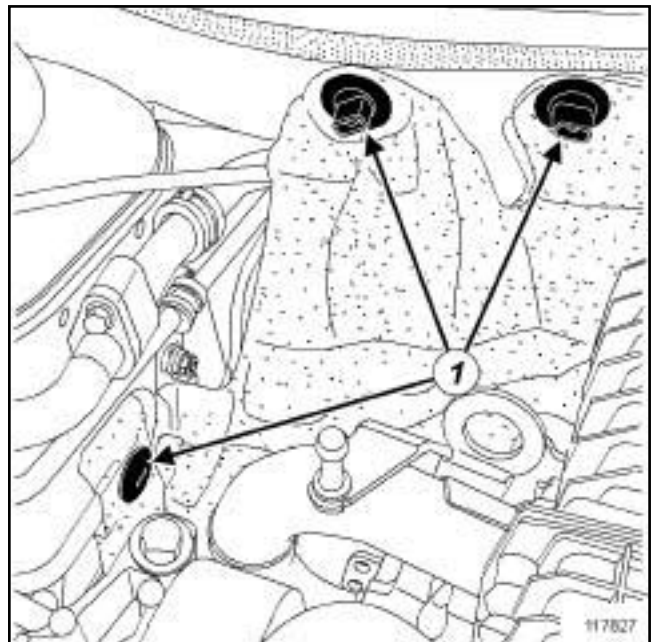
#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

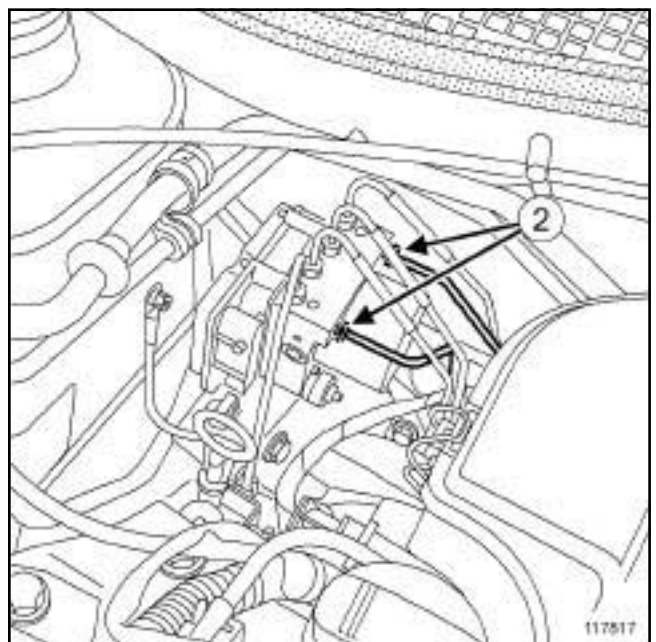
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



117827

- Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

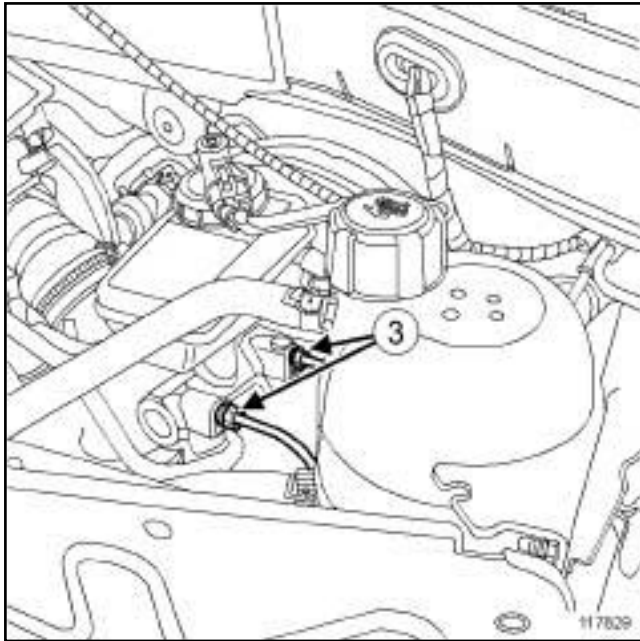
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



117817

- Undo the brake pipe unions (2) on the hydraulic unit.
- Detach the brake pipes.

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



117829

- Undo the brake pipe unions (3) on the master cylinder.
- Remove the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and master cylinder.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and master cylinder.
- Clip the brake pipes onto the bulkhead.
- Screw on:
  - the brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit,
  - the brake pipe unions on the master cylinder.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m)**,
  - the **brake pipe unions on the master cylinder (14 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the soundproofing on the bulkhead (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the soundproofing mounting clips,
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Remove the **pedal press**.

- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4) .

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Equipment required

pedal press

#### Tightening torques

brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit **14 N.m**

brake pipe unions on the underbody unions **14 N.m**

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

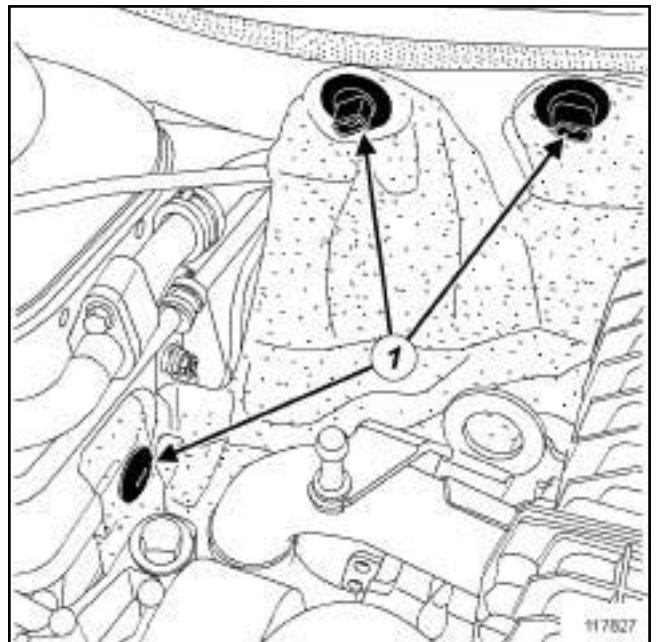
#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

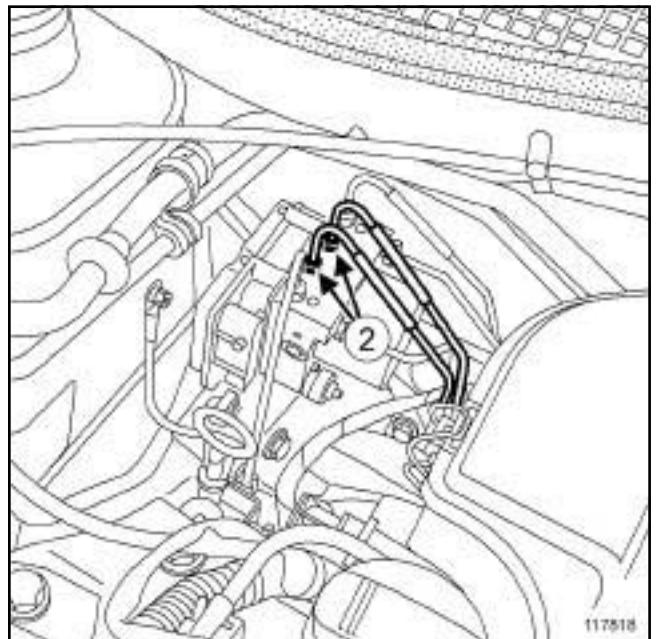
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



117827

- Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

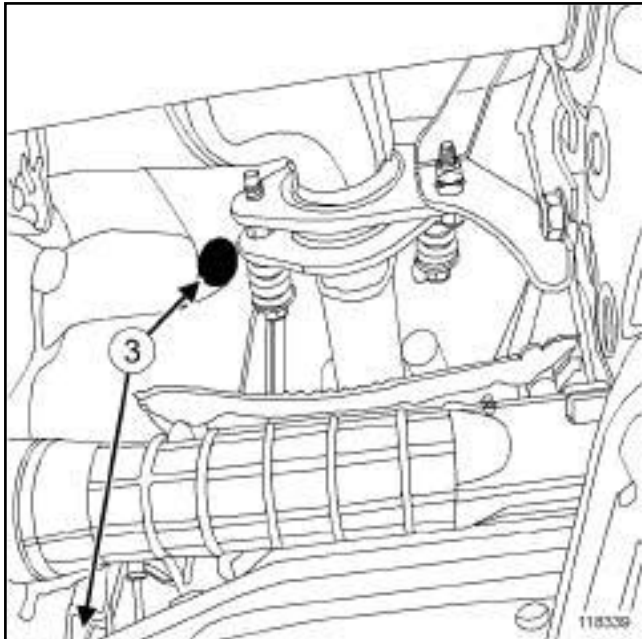
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



117818

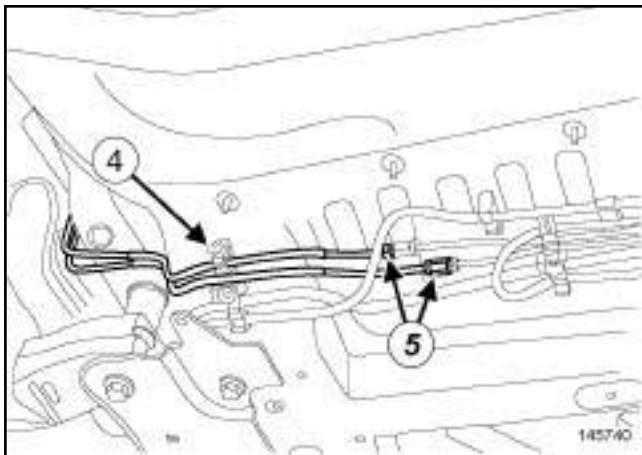
- Unscrew the brake pipe unions (2) on the hydraulic unit.

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



118339

- Remove the two bulkhead soundproofing clips (3) .
- Move aside the soundproofing to reveal the underbody pipe unions.



145740

- Detach the brake pipes from their clips (4) .
- Unscrew the pipe unions (5) on the hydraulic unit.
- Remove the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and underbody unions.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and underbody unions.
- Screw on:
  - the brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit,

- the brake pipe unions on the underbody unions.

- Torque tighten:

- the **brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m)**,
- the **brake pipe unions on the underbody unions (14 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Fit the bulkhead soundproofing.
- Refit:
  - the soundproofing mounting clips (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Remove the **pedal press**.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4) .

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Equipment required

pedal press

#### Tightening torques

brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit **14 N.m**

brake pipe union on the brake hose **14 N.m**

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

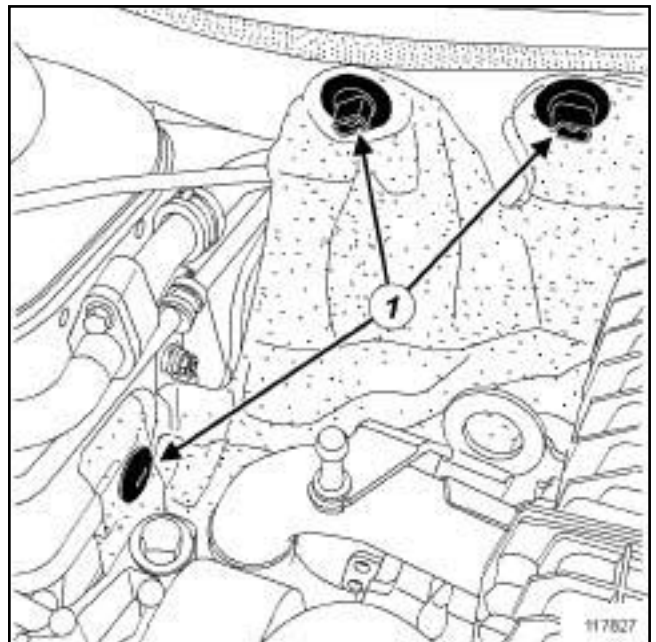
#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

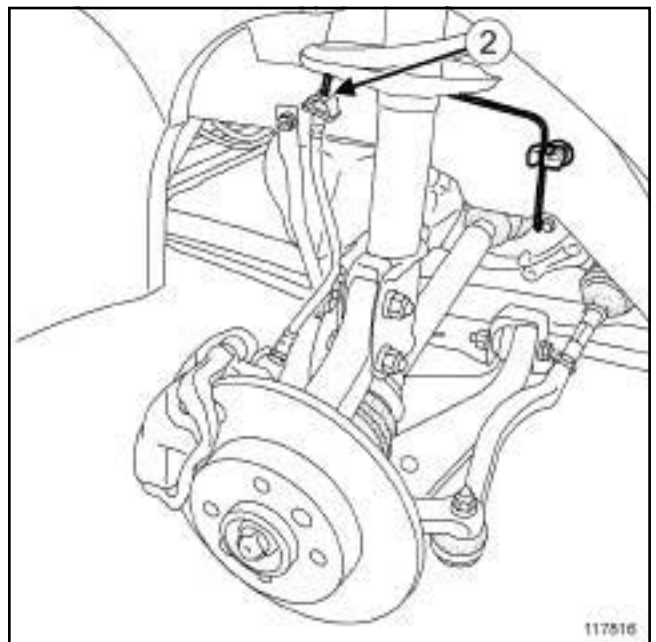
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove:
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



117827

- Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

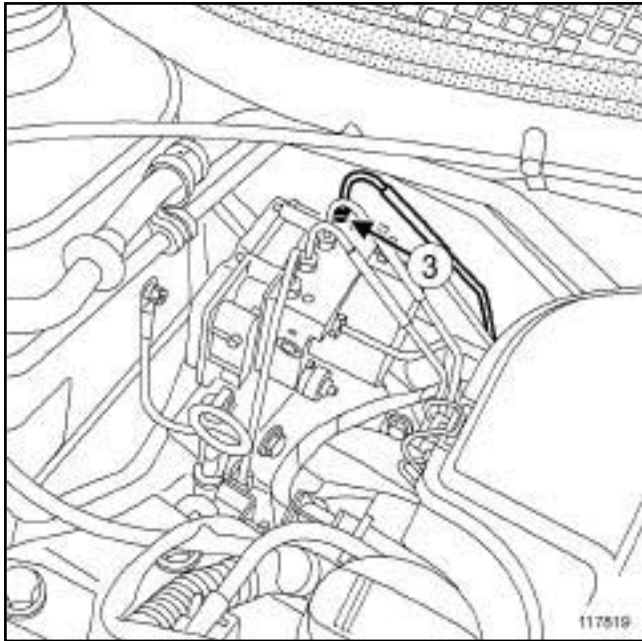
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



117816

- Undo the brake pipe union (2) on the brake hose.
- Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- Detach the brake pipe.

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



117819

- Undo the brake pipe union (3) on the hydraulic unit.
- Remove the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and front left-hand brake hose.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the brake pipe between the hydraulic unit and front left-hand brake hose.
- Attach the brake pipe.
- Refit:
  - the brake pipe union on the front left-hand brake hose,
  - the brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m)**,
  - the **brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m)**.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the bulkhead soundproofing.
- Refit:
  - the soundproofing clips (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Remove the **pedal press**.

- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4) .
- Refit the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1)



### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Equipment required

pedal press

#### Tightening torques

brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit **14 N.m**

brake pipe union on the brake hose **14 N.m**

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

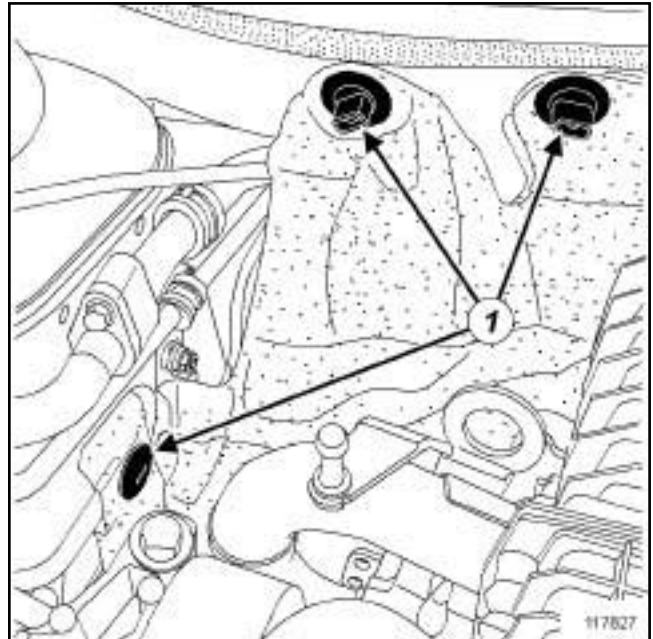
#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

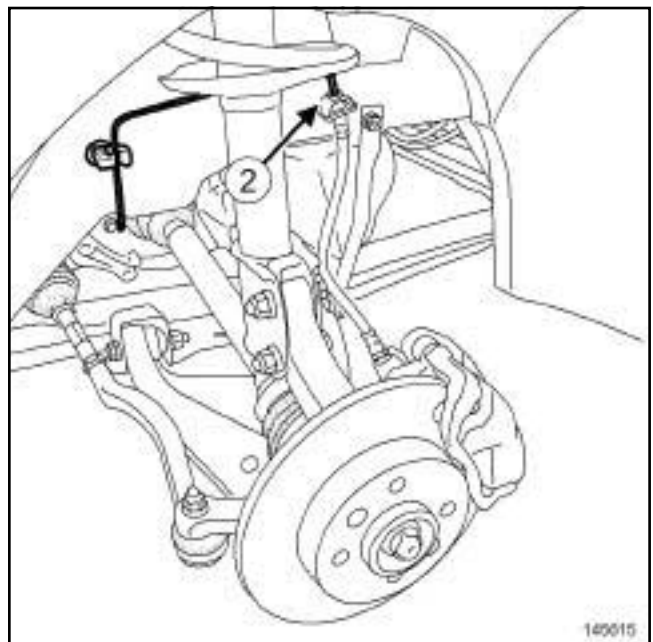
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Fit a **pedal press** in order to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



117827

- Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

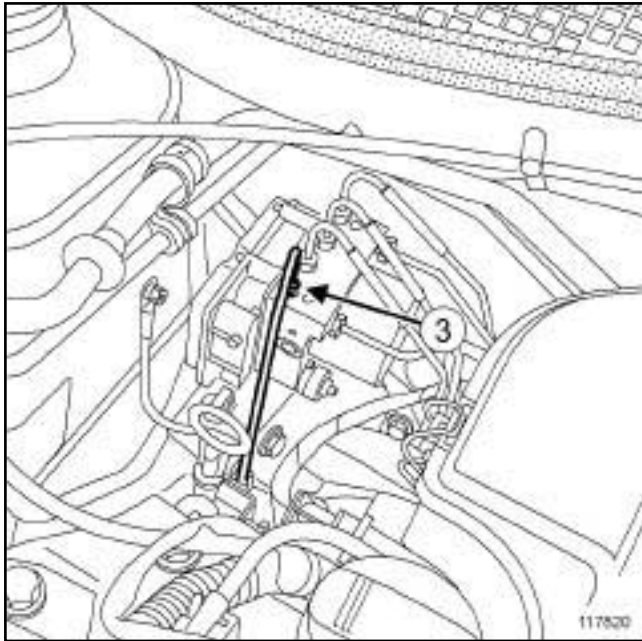


145015

145615

- Undo the brake pipe union (2) on the brake hose.
- Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- Detach the brake pipe.

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



117820

- Undo the brake pipe union (3) on the hydraulic unit.
- Remove the brake pipe between the hydraulic unit and front right-hand brake hose.

## REFITTING


### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the brake pipe between the hydraulic unit and front right-hand brake hose.
- Attach the brake pipe.
- Refit:
  - the brake pipe union on the front right-hand brake hose,
  - the brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m)**,
  - the **brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the bulkhead soundproofing.
- Refit:
  - the soundproofing clips (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Remove the **pedal press**.

- Bleed the braking circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4) .
- Refit the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

Tightening torques 	
shock absorber base bolts	105 N.m
nut or bolt of the lower ball joint	62 N.m
track rod end nut	37 N.m
hub nut	280 N.m
brake calliper mounting bolts	105 N.m

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair**, page **31A-1**),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

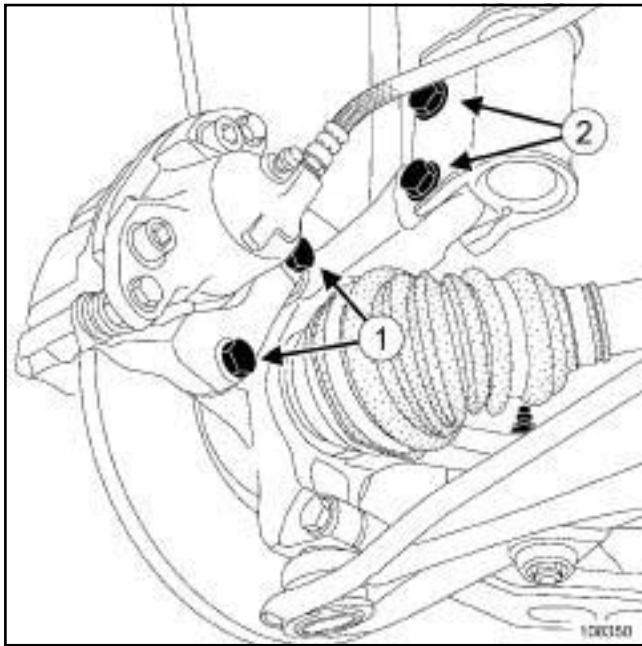
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Unlock the steering column.
- Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

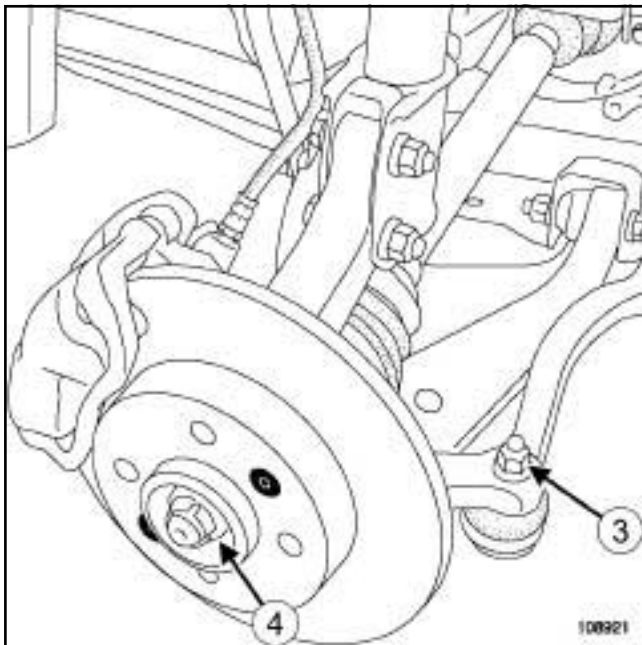
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

- Remove the wheel speed sensor (depending on the vehicle equipment) (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page **38C-7**).



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- Remove the front brake calliper mounting bolts (1).
- Suspend the «calliper - front brake calliper mounting » assembly on the suspension spring.

### WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

### Remove:

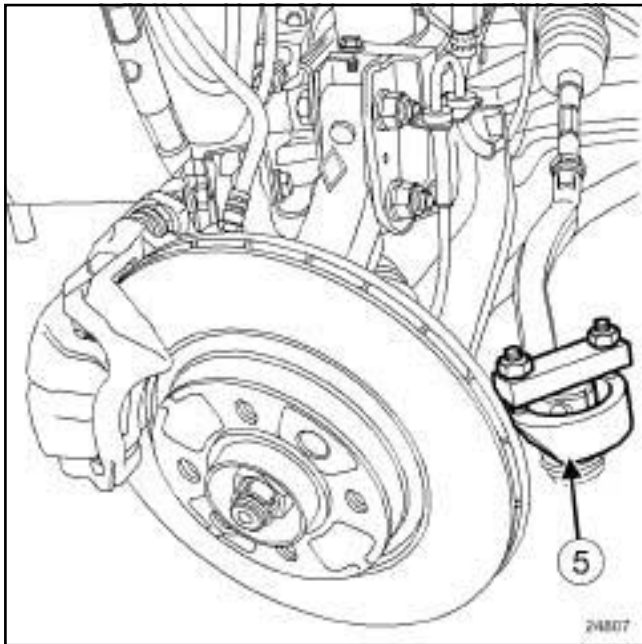
- the hub nut (4) using the,
- the front brake disc (see 31A, **Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-15).

### WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

- Remove the front brake disc protector (see 31A, **Front axle components, Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-13).

### Remove:

- the track rod end nut (3),
- the nut or bolt of the lower ball joint,
- the shock absorber base bolts (2).



24807

- Extract the track rod end using the (5) .
- Push back the front driveshaft from the stub axle carrier using the tools and.
- Remove the front driveshaft hub carrier.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Front wheel hub nut
- parts always to be replaced: Track rod end nut
- parts always to be replaced: Front driveshaft lower arm ball joint nut
- parts always to be replaced: front shock absorber lower nut

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front driveshaft hub carrier,
  - the track rod end,
  - the shock absorber base bolts
  - the lower arm ball joint,

#### WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

- Refit the brake disc protector (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-13) .
- Refit:
  - the brake disc (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-15) ,
  - the hub nut.
- Use **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see ) (04B, Consumables - Products) to coat the threading of the calliper mounting bolts.
- Refit:
  - the « calliper - front brake calliper mounting » assembly
  - the front brake calliper mounting bolts.

#### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

- Refit the wheel speed sensor (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting, page 38C-7) .
- Torque tighten:
  - the shock absorber base bolts (105 N.m),
  - the nut or bolt of the lower ball joint (62 N.m),
  - the track rod end nut (37 N.m),
  - the hub nut (280 N.m),
  - the brake calliper mounting bolts (105 N.m).

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1) .

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

## Front hub carrier bearing: Removal - Refitting

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair**, page **31A-1**).

### WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

### WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

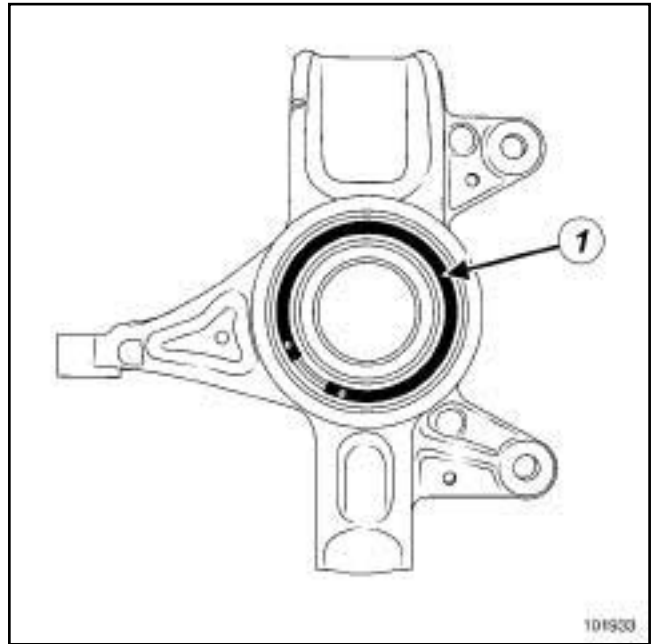
- Remove the front wheel speed sensor (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting**, page **38C-7**).

- Remove:

- the front brake disc (see **31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-15**),

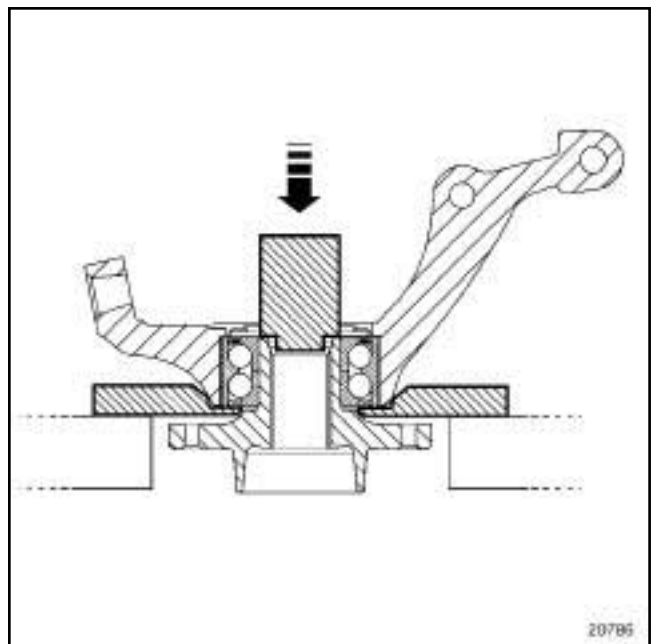
- the front driveshaft hub carrier (see **31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft hub carrier: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-27**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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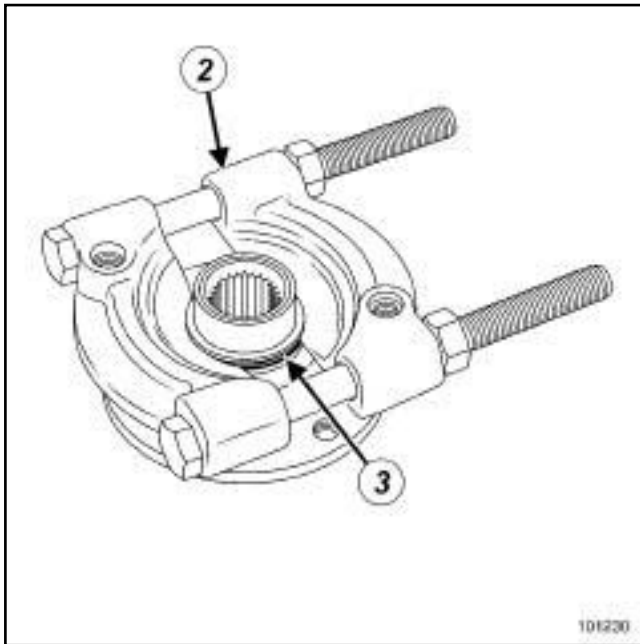
- Remove the elastic ring (1) from the front driveshaft hub carrier.



20786

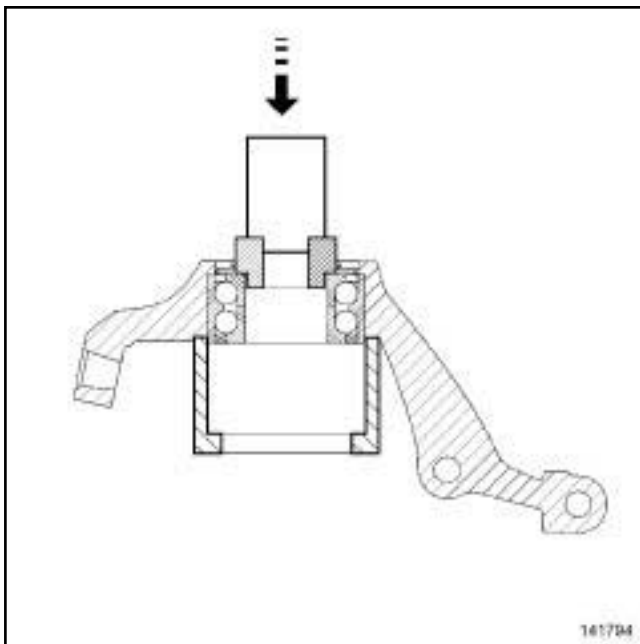
- Remove the hub with a press, applying pressure with a tube with an external diameter of **42 mm**.

## Front hub carrier bearing: Removal - Refitting



101230

- Place the extractor jaws (2) in the groove of the internal bush (3) .
- Remove the internal bush from the hub, applying pressure on the hub with a tube with an external diameter of **42 mm**.



141794

- Remove the bearing from the front hub carrier by applying pressure to the inner bush with a tube with an external diameter of **75 mm**.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Front hub carrier bearing.
- parts always to be replaced: Front stub axle carrier bearing rubber ring.

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target on the bearing.

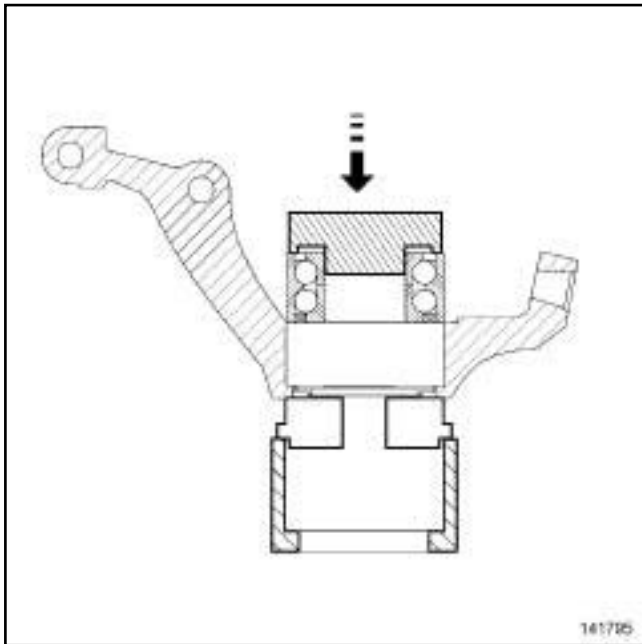
#### WARNING

Do not press the bearing's internal bush so as to avoid damaging the bearing (very high shrink-fitting force).

- Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see ) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:
  - the internal and external surfaces of the bearing, in contact with the hub carrier and the hub,
  - the hub carrier surfaces in contact with the bearing,
  - the hub surfaces in contact with the bearing.
- Check the condition of the hub surface and the bore of the hub carrier in contact with the bearing.
- Replace any component whose contact surfaces have deep scratches or cracks.

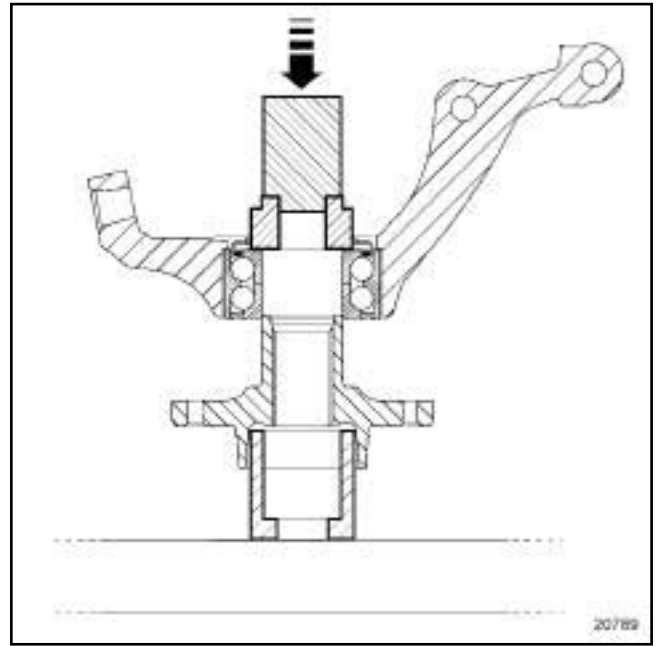
## Front hub carrier bearing: Removal - Refitting

### II - REFITTING OPERATION



141795  
141795

- Apply a fitting force of **50,000 N** to ensure that the bearing is correctly fitted on the hub carrier shoulder.



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- Refit:

- the hub using a tube with an external diameter of **55 mm**,
- the elastic ring on the front driveshaft hub carrier.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target (3) on the bearing.

- Position the sensor target on the bearing towards the vehicle interior.
- Apply pressure to the external bush with a tube with an external diameter of **80 mm** and an internal diameter of **75 mm** (old bearing).



### Equipment required

indelible pencil  
spring compressor

### Tightening torques

internal nut of the shock absorber rod	<b>62 N.m</b>
shock absorber nut on the body	<b>44 N.m</b>
shock absorber base bolts	<b>105 N.m</b>
brake hose mounting bolt	<b>8 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

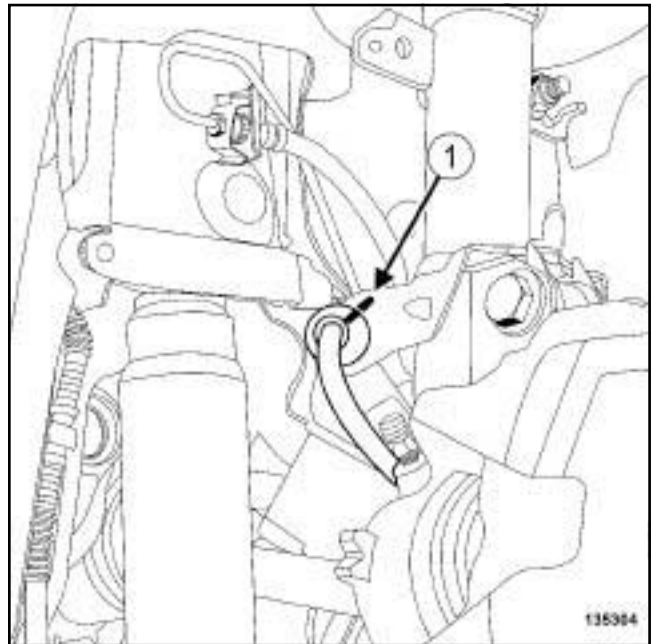
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see ) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Unlock the steering column.
- Remove the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).
- 

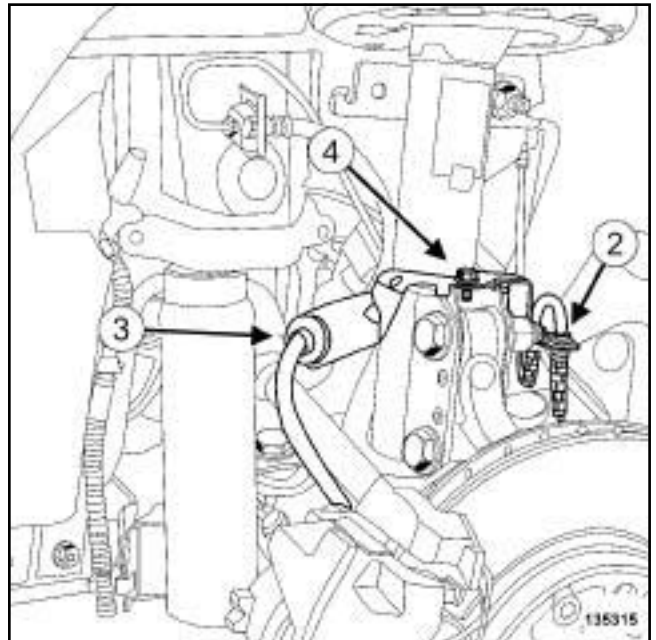
Note:

Make sure the colours of the springs and shock absorbers are identical with the spare parts.



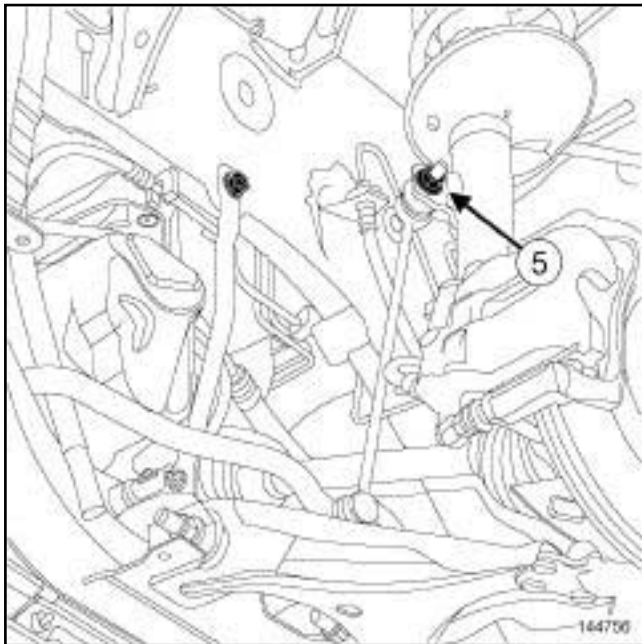
135304

- Mark the position of the cap on the base of the shock absorber using a **indelible pencil (1)**.



135315

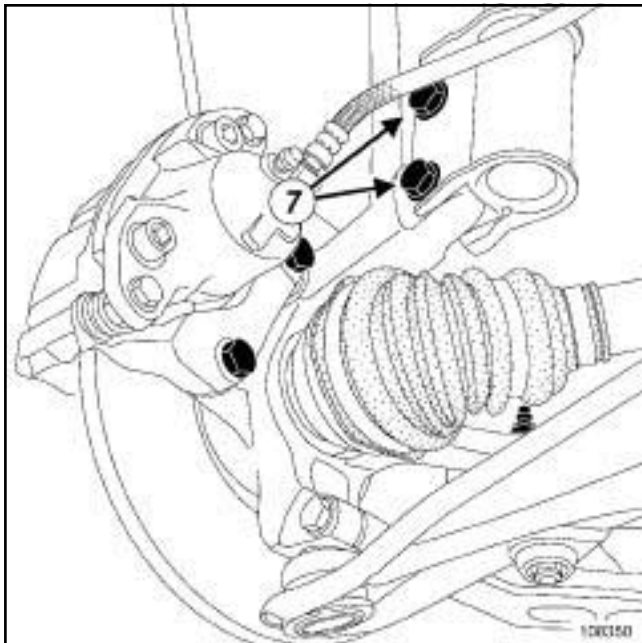
- Unclip:
  - the wiring (2) of the wheel speed sensor from the brake hose mounting,
  - the cap (3) of the brake hose mounting.
- Remove:
  - the bolt (4) of the brake hose mounting,
  - the brake hose mounting.



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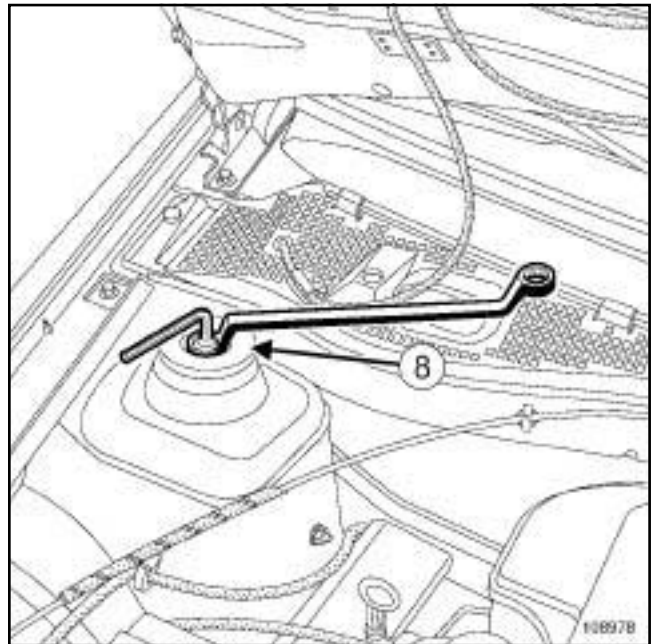
- Remove the nut (5) of the anti-roll bar tie-rod on the shock absorber.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



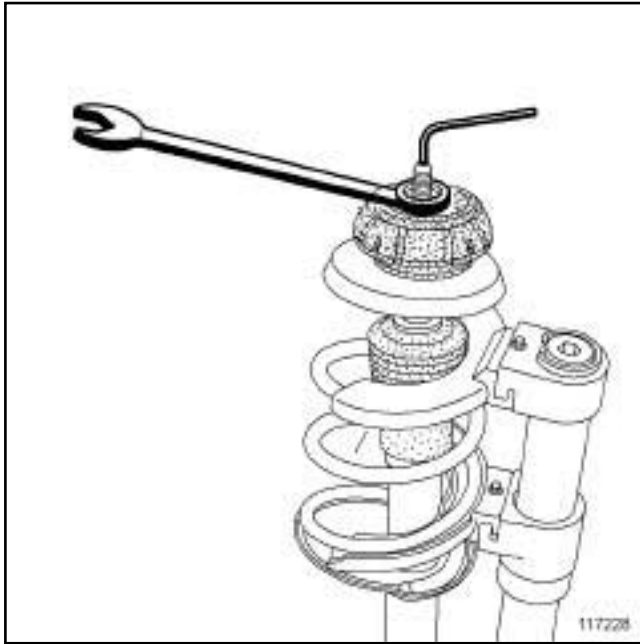
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- Remove the shock absorber base bolts (7) .
- Remove the shock absorber base from the stub axle carrier using the hub carrier for support.
- Attach the hub carrier to the body.



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- Remove:
  - the shock absorber cage with a male Allen key and a ring spanner,
  - the cage (8) ,
  - the « spring - shock absorber » assembly.
- Place the appropriate cups on the **spring compressor** and position the assembly on the spring.
- Detach the spring from the cups by compressing the spring.



117228

- Remove the shock absorber rod with a male Allen key and a ring spanner.
- Separate the various components which make up the « spring/shock absorber » assembly.

### REFITTING

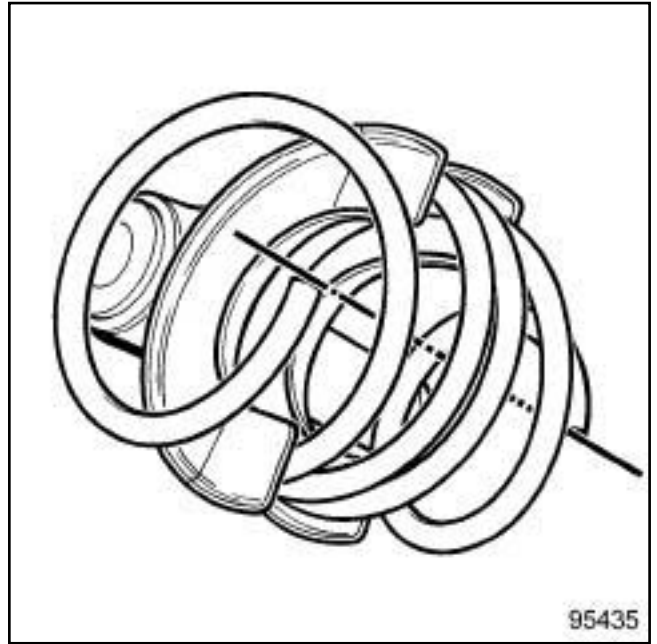
#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

Note:

When removing or refitting springs, you must not strike the springs, as this could damage their surface treatments.

- If necessary, replace any faulty filter unit components (see **31A, Front axle components, Filter unit assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-38**)
- parts always to be replaced: front shock absorber rod nut**
- parts always to be replaced: Filter unit assembly**
- parts always to be replaced: front anti-roll bar tie-rod nut**
- parts always to be replaced: front shock absorber lower nut**

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION



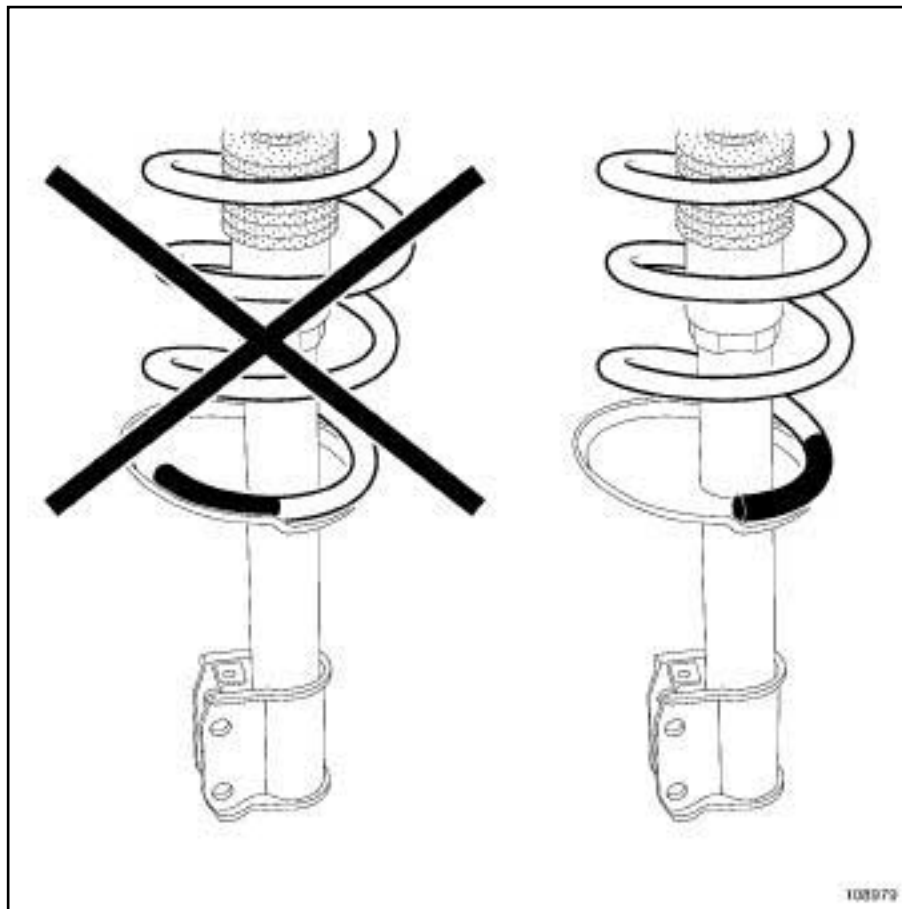
95435

95435

- Place the **spring compressor** in a vice.

Note:

When replacing the spring for easier fitting, ensure that the positioning and orientation of the spring and the tool cups are correct.

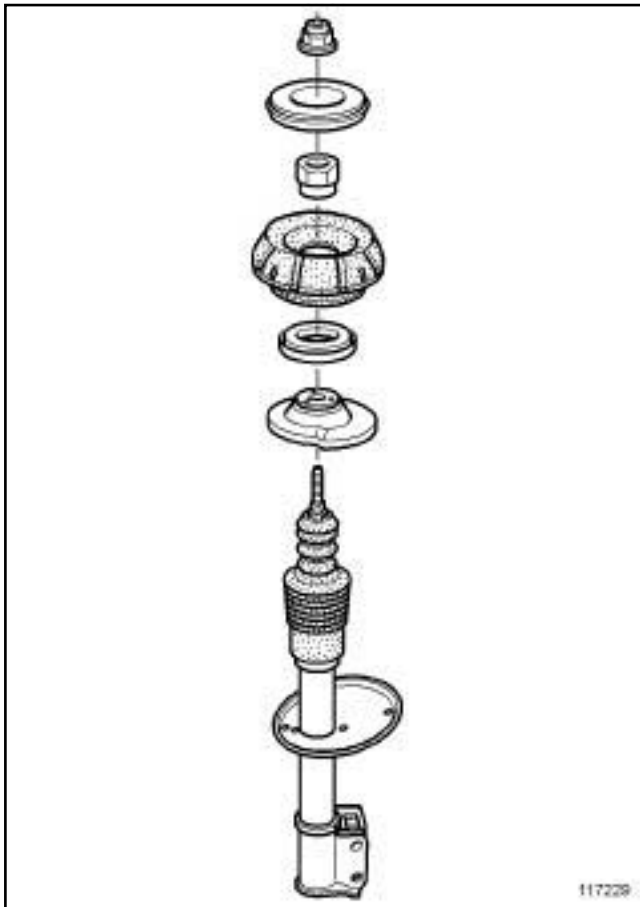


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- Insert the spring in the neck of the cup.

|



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- Respect the order and direction of fitting for the constituent parts.
- Torque tighten the **internal nut of the shock absorber rod (62 N.m)**.
- Decompress the spring.
- Remove the spring compressor.
- Refit:
  - the « spring/shock absorber » assembly,
  - the shock absorber turret (**8**) using an Allen key and a ring spanner,
  - the shock absorber base on the hub carrier.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **shock absorber nut on the body (44 N.m)**,
  - the **shock absorber base bolts (105 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the brake hose mounting.
- Torque tighten the **brake hose mounting bolt (8 N.m)**.
- Clip the brake hose cap onto the support.
- Clip the speed sensor onto the support.
- Refit the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

### IMPORTANT

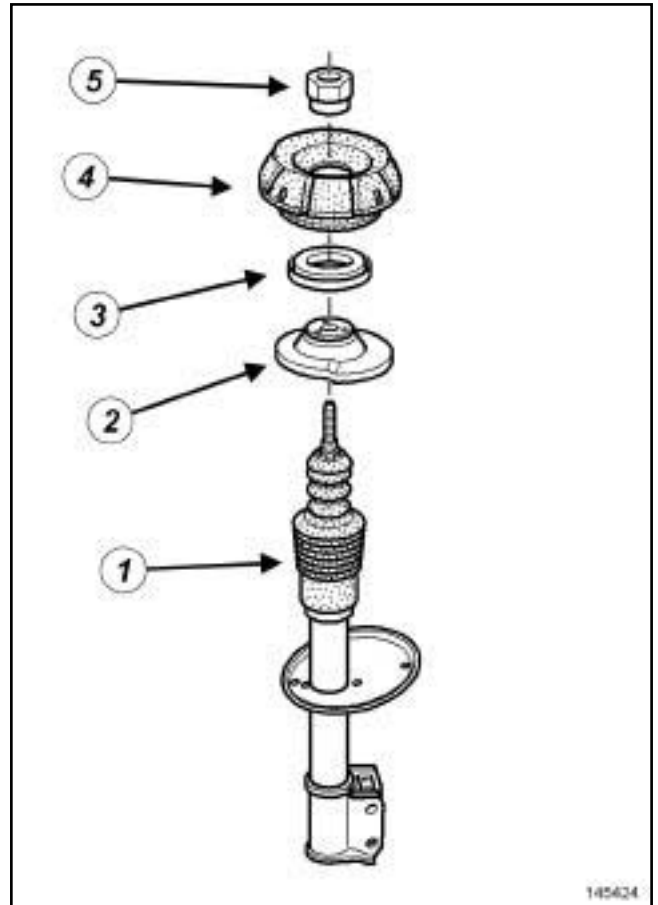
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair**, page **31A-1**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
  - the shock absorber (see **31A, Front axle components, Front shock absorber and spring: Removal - Refitting**, page **31A-33**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- |     |                     |
|-----|---------------------|
| (1) | Front impact stop   |
| (2) | Upper cup           |
| (3) | Shock absorber stop |
| (4) | Front filter unit   |
| (5) | Spacer              |

- Separate the various components of the « spring - shock absorber » assembly.
- Visually check the condition of the component parts of the filter unit.
- All faulty components must always be replaced.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Fit the components in the order indicated in the illustration.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### Tightening torques

front and rear bolts mounting the lower arm on the subframe	<b>180 N.m</b>
lower arm ball joint nut	<b>62 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

### WARNING

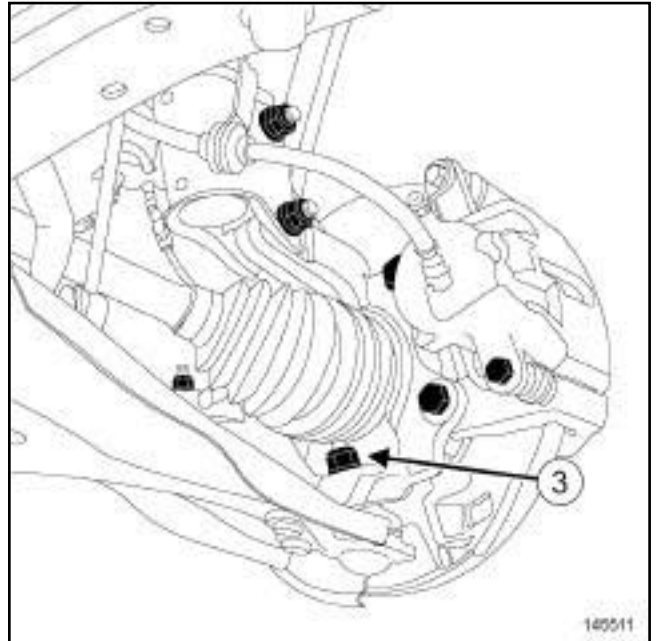
Do not use the lower arm for support with a lifting system.

## REMOVAL

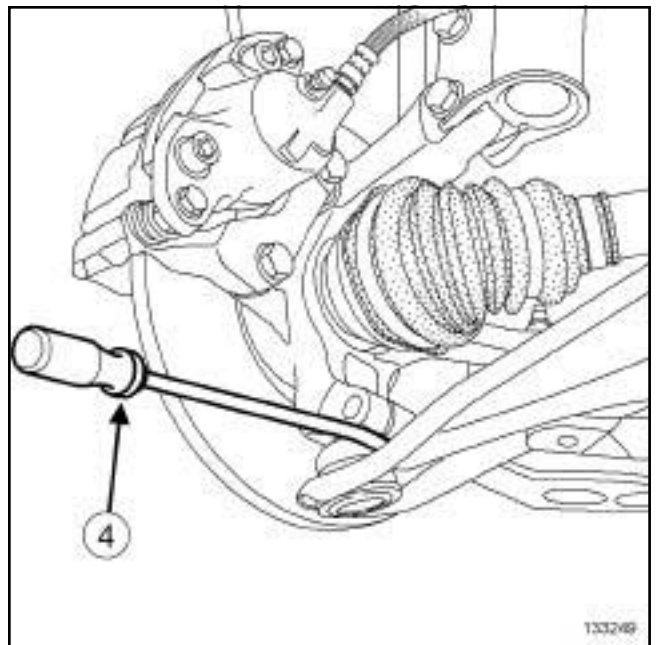
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Unlock the steering column.
- Remove:
  - the front wheel on the side in question (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the front wheel arch side liner.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



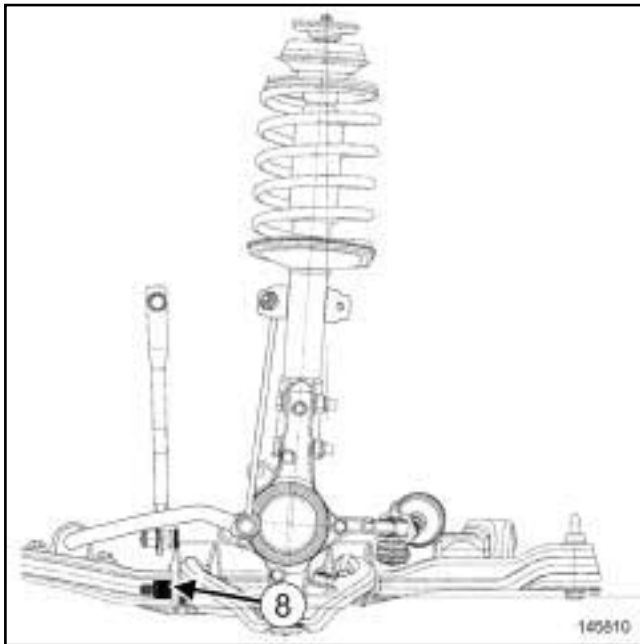
- Remove the lower arm ball joint nut (3).
- Remove the lower arm ball joint.



- 

### Note:

If the lower ball joint is stuck in the stub axle carrier and it will not come out, extract the ball joint using an angled lever (4) as illustrated in the diagram.



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Remove:

- the lower arm front and rear bolts (8) ,
- the lower arm.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Front driveshaft lower arm bolt**
- Always replace the lower arm nuts.
- Position the heads of the lower arm bolts so that they face the rear of the vehicle.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the lower arm,
  - the lower arm ball joint in its housing.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **front and rear bolts mounting the lower arm on the subframe (180 N.m)**,
  - the **lower arm ball joint nut (62 N.m)**.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front wheel arch side liner,

- the front wheel on the side in question (see 35A, **Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

- Check the values of the axle assemblies (see **Front axle assembly: Adjustment values**) .



## Front driveshaft lower arm ball joint: Check

### CHECK

#### CHECKING THE FRONT DRIVESHAFT LOWER ARM BALL JOINT

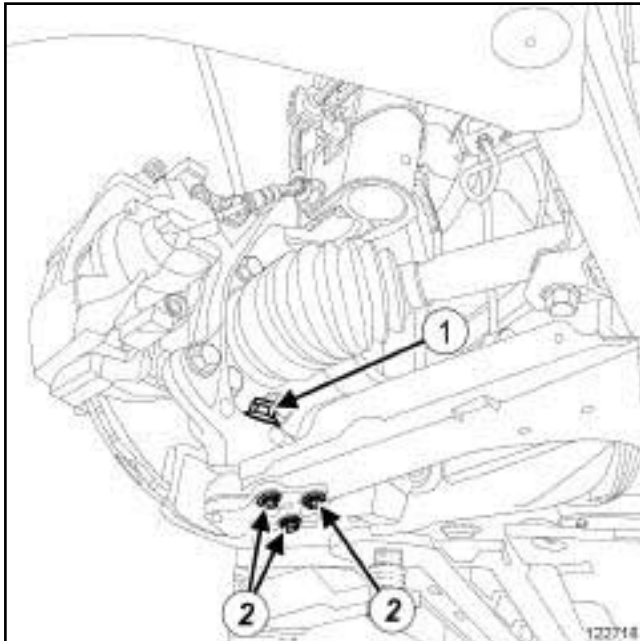
- ❑ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

#### 1 - Check the condition of the lower arm ball joint gaiter

- ❑ Check:
  - the gaiter crimping on the front driveshaft lower arm ball joint,
  - that the gaiter is not torn.

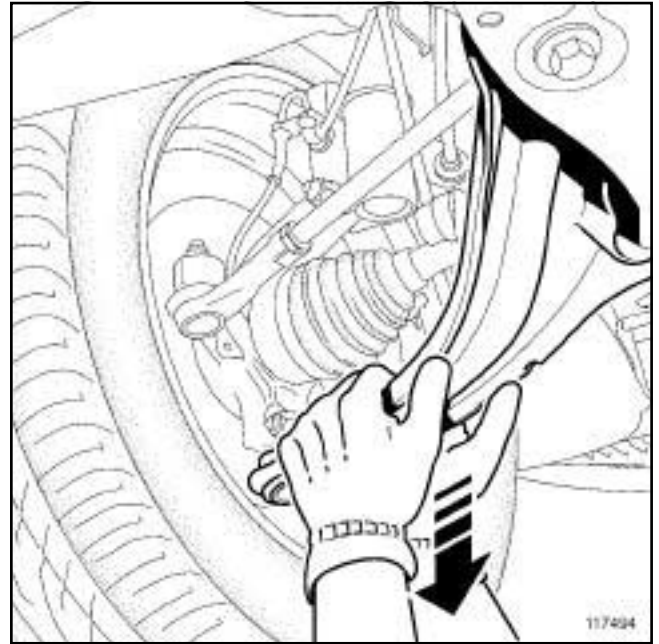
If the lower arm ball joint gaiter of the front driveshaft is in poor condition or not crimped, replace the lower arm of the front driveshaft (see **31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-39) .

#### 2 - Check the fitting of the lower arm ball joint



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#### 3 - Checking the play of the lower arm ball joint



- ❑ Check that there is no play in the front driveshaft lower arm ball joint:
  - from a position underneath the vehicle,
  - using both hands, hold the front driveshaft lower arm as close as possible to the wheel,
  - push downwards several times.

If there is play in the front driveshaft lower arm ball joint, replace the front driveshaft lower arm (see **31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-39) .

- ❑ Check:
  - the "front driveshaft lower arm ball joint - front driveshaft lower arm bolt - front driveshaft hub carrier" assembly is correctly positioned,
  - the tightening torque of the lower arm ball joint nut (1) for the front driveshaft (see **30A, General information, Front axle system: Tightening torque**, page 30A-16) ,
  - that the rivets of the lower arm ball shaft for the front driveshaft are held in place (2) .

122718


# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

Special tooling required	
<b>Mot. 1390</b>	Support for removal - refitting of engine - gearbox assembly
<b>Tav. 1747</b>	Threaded rods for carrying out subframe operations.

Equipment required	
safety strap(s)	

Tightening torques 	
subframe bolts	<b>110 N.m</b>
bracket bolts	<b>44 N.m</b>
steering box bolts	<b>180 N.m</b>
steering box heat shield bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the subframe	<b>21 N.m</b>
upper bolt of the sub-frame tie-rod	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair**, page **31A-1**),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### WARNING

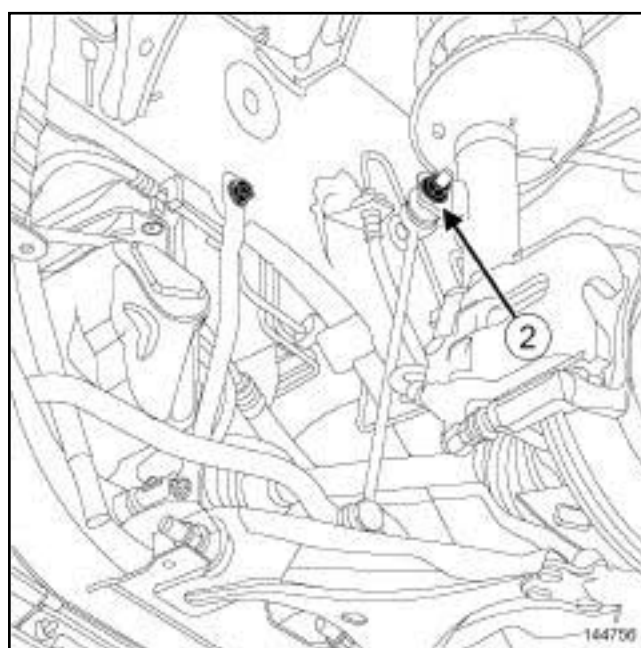
To prevent any damage, do not use the lower arm as support for the lifting system.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).
- Strap the cooling radiator on the front upper cross member.
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).
- Remove:
  - the wheel arch liner clips,
  - the wheel arch liners,
  - the engine undertray.



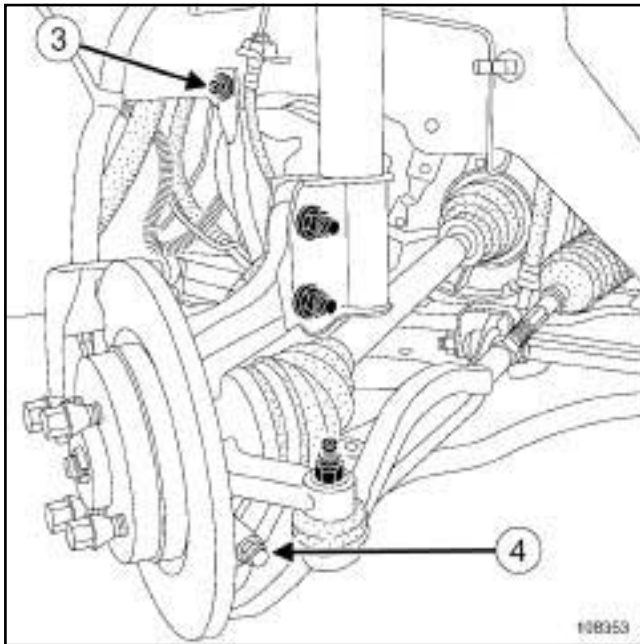
144756

- Remove the anti-roll bar nuts (2).

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

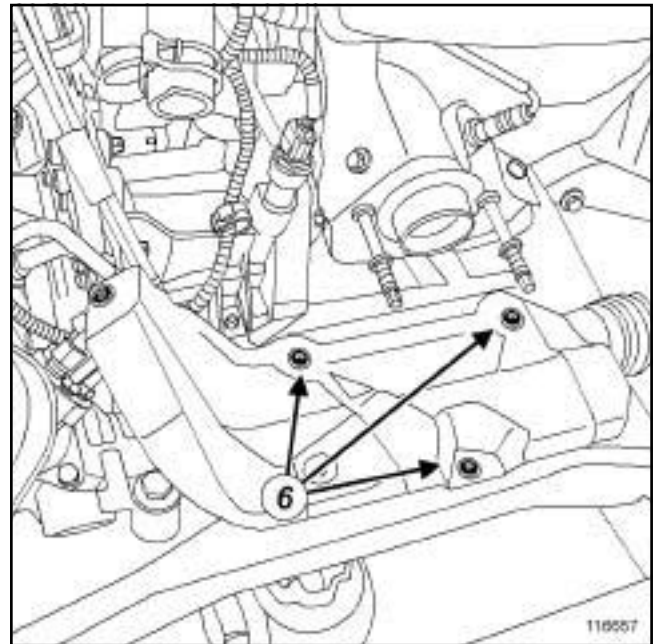
## Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting

# 31A



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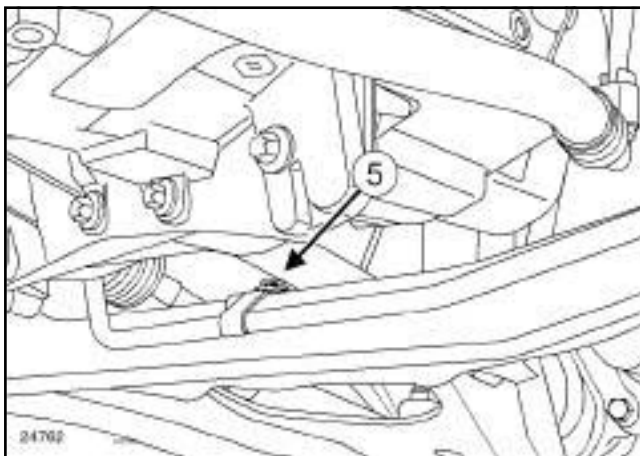
- Remove:
  - the subframe tie-rod upper bolts (3) ,
  - the bolts or nuts (4) of the lower ball joints.
- Remove the lower ball joints.



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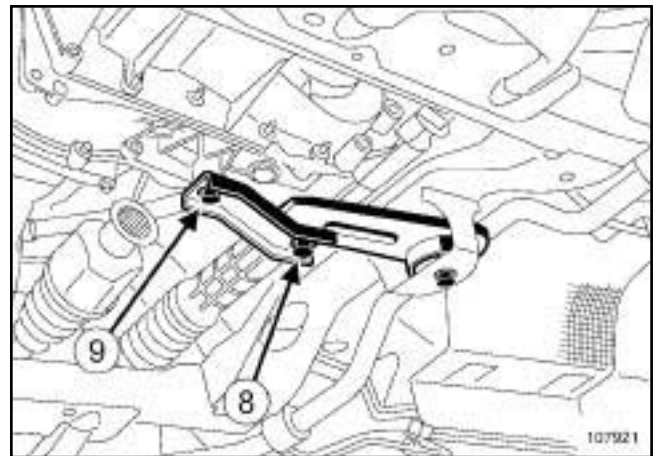
- Remove the heat shield bolts (6) on the steering box.
- Remove:
  - the steering box heat shield,
  - the steering box bolts on the subframe.
- Attach the steering box on the body.

### POWER ASSISTED STEERING



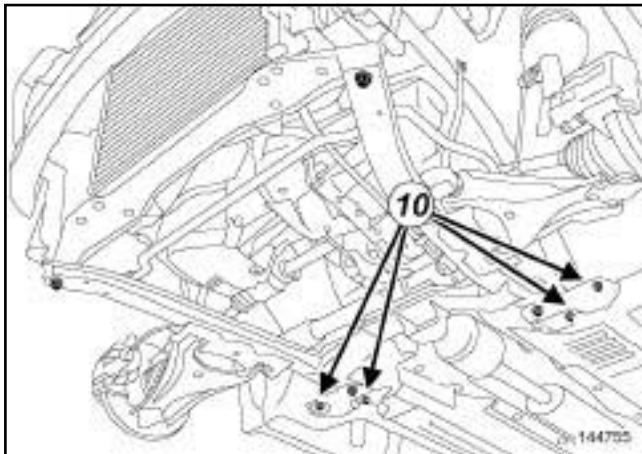
24762

- Remove the bolt (5) of the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe on the subframe.



107921

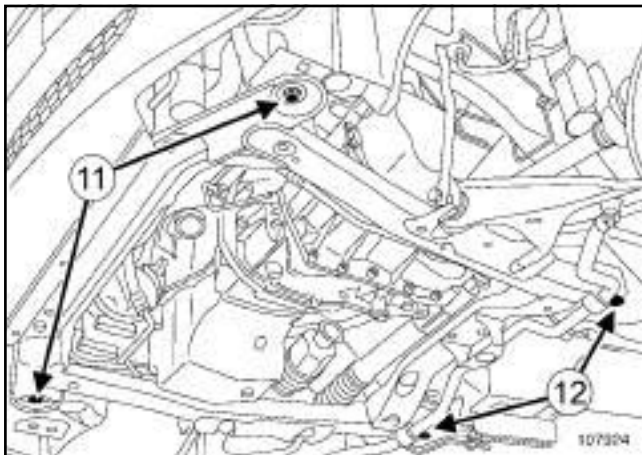
- Remove:
  - the engine tie-bar bolt (8) on the gearbox,
  - the engine tie-bar retaining bracket bolt (9) ,
  - the retaining bracket.



144755

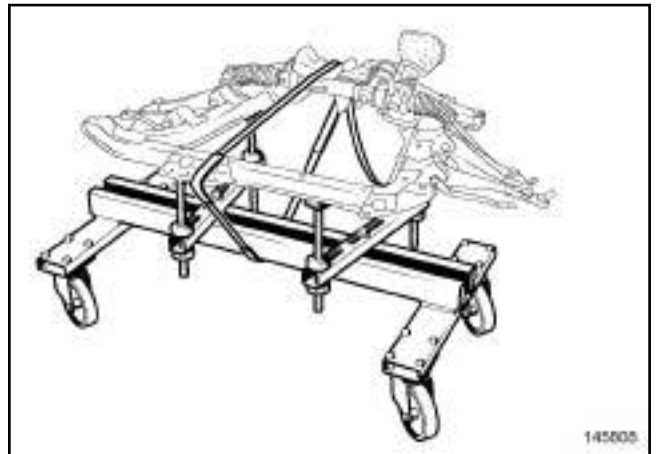
- Remove the bolts (10) of the front axle subframe brackets.
- Unclip the oxygen sensor wiring on the heat shield.
- Position the (Mot. 1390) under the sub-frame.
- Lower the lift and adjust the pads to ensure that the subframe is secure on the tool.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



107924

- Remove bolts (11) and (12) from the subframe on the body.
- Remove the brackets.



145808

- Strap the subframe to (Mot. 1390).
- Raise the lift to separate the subframe from the body.
- Remove the sub-frame fittings.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Front sub-frame bolt.
- Degrease the contact surface areas of the sub-frame and the body using **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

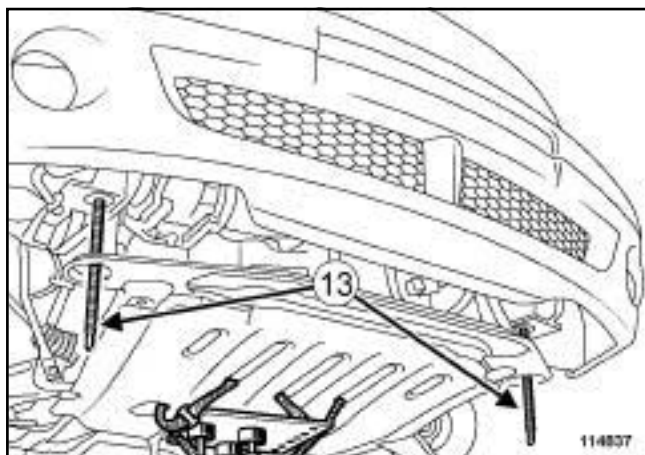
#### WARNING

To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

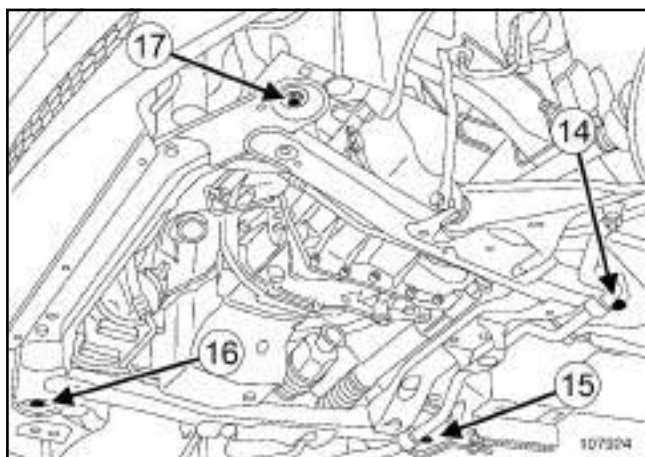
#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the subframe equipment.
- Position the subframe using (Mot. 1390).



114837

- Fit two M12 threaded rods (13) of tool (**Tav. 1747**) in the position of the subframe front bolts to guide the subframe when it is being refitted.
- Refit the brackets.
- Refit the subframe.



107924

- Tighten the subframe bolts in order until contact.
- Torque tighten in order the **subframe bolts (110 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten the **bracket bolts (44 N.m)**.
- Remove the **safety strap(s)**.
- Raise the lift.
- Refit the steering box on the subframe.
- Torque tighten the **steering box bolts (180 N.m)**.
- Refit the steering box heat-resistant protection.
- Torque tighten the **steering box heat shield bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Clip the oxygen sensor wiring onto the heat shield.

- Refit the rear suspended engine mounting (see **Lower engine tie-bar: Removal - Refitting**) (19D, Engine mounting).
- Refit the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe on the subframe.
- Torque tighten the **power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the subframe (21 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the lower ball joints in the hub carrier (see **31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting**, page 31A-39) ,
  - the subframe tie rods.
- Torque tighten the **upper bolt of the subframe tie-rod (21 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the wheel arch liners.
- Refit the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).


### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the **safety strap(s)** from the cooling radiator.
- Refit the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- Check the values of the axle assemblies (see ) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

# FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS

## Front anti-roll bar: Removal - Refitting

# 31A

Tightening torques 	
anti-roll bar tie rod nuts	44 N.m
anti-roll bar bearing bolts	21 N.m

### Anti-roll bar specifications:

No.	Ø of the bar in mm
Black	20

### IMPORTANT

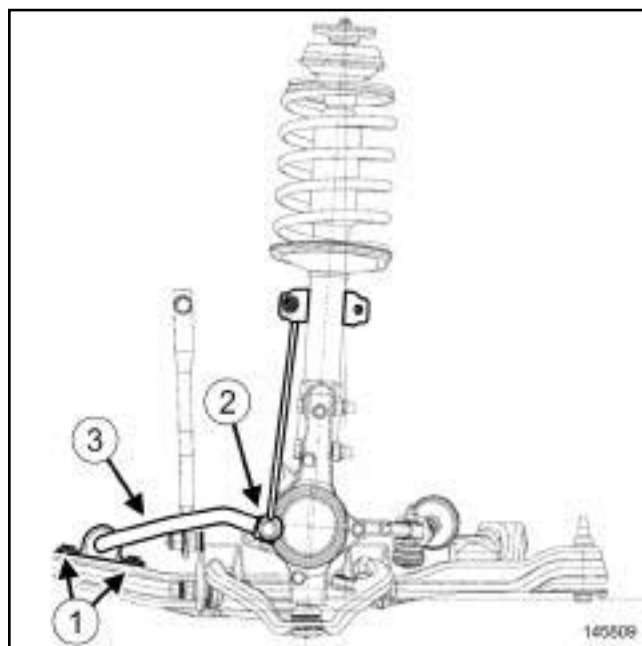
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1),
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front wheel arch side liners.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145809

- Remove:
  - the anti-roll bar bearing bolts (1),
  - the nuts (2) from the anti-roll bar tie rods,
  - the anti-roll bar.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Clean the surfaces of the subframe resting against the anti-roll bar bearings using **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- parts always to be replaced: front anti-roll bar tie-rod nut**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **anti-roll bar tie rod nuts (44 N.m)**,
  - the **anti-roll bar bearing bolts (21 N.m)**

## Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair

### I - SAFETY

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Ensure any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle is cleaned off.

### II - CLEANLINESS

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 1 - Braking

Replace all the brake pads on one axle at the same time. Never mix brake pads of different brands or quality.

Lightly coat the threading on the support linkage with **GREASE BR 2 +** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

The brake mechanism components are different on the left and right-hand sides, so it is essential not to confuse them. On the left-hand brake: the bolt thread has a right-hand thread. On the right-hand brake: the bolt has a left-hand thread.

Adjust the brake pads by depressing the brake pedal repeatedly.

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid brake imbalance, both drums must be of the same diameter. Regrinding one drum necessitates regrinding of the opposite drum.

#### 2 - Rear brake drums, rear brake pads

Remove all dust from the drums and the backplates using brake cleaner.

To ensure the wheel speed sensor operates correctly, do not mark the sensor target on the drum's magnetic ring gear.

#### 3 - Suspension spring

When replacing the spring, ensure that the positioning and orientation of the spring and the spring compressor tool cups are correct.

Check that the spring compressor tool is operating correctly.

#### WARNING

To prevent the suspension spring from prematurely breaking, do not damage the anti-corrosion protection.

In the interests of safety, do not leave a spring compressed in the spring compressor tool.

#### 4 - Rear axle

The shock absorber mountings are only to be tightened with the vehicle wheels on the ground.

Always replace the shock absorber upper mounting nut.

#### WARNING

To prevent any damage, do not use the rear axle as support for the lifting system.

#### WARNING

To prevent the components of the rear axle from deteriorating (rubber bushes, brake hoses, etc.) do not remove the two shock absorbers at the same time. Proceed one side at a time.

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting

# 33A

### REAR BRAKE BOSCH: 9 INCHES

Replace all the brake pads on one axle at the same time. Never mix brake pads of different brands or qualities.

#### IMPORTANT

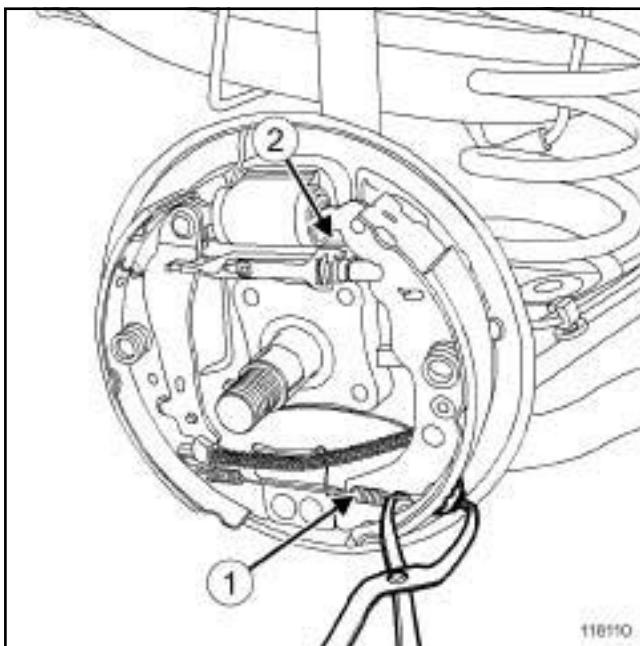
Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair**, page 30A-2) .

### REMOVAL

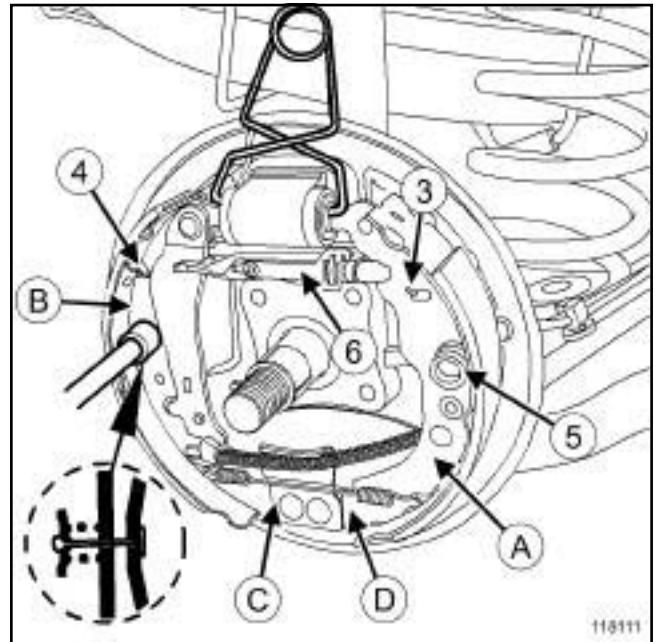
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Release the parking brake.
- Remove:
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page 33A-7) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove the lower spring (1) then the upper spring (2) using brake shoe pliers.



118111

- Place pliers on the slave cylinder pistons.
- Remove:
  - the spring (3) on the incremented automatic compensation system,
  - the retaining spring (4) from the trailing shoe linkage,
  - the side retaining springs (5) while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate,
  - the linkage (6) .
- Alternately remove each shoe base (D) from the fixed bridge piece (C) .
- Remove:
  - the leading shoe (A) ,
  - the trailing shoe (B) .
- Uncouple the parking brake cable from the parking brake lever.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove any dust from the brake drums and back-plates using **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



- Lightly grease the support linkage thread.

**Note:**

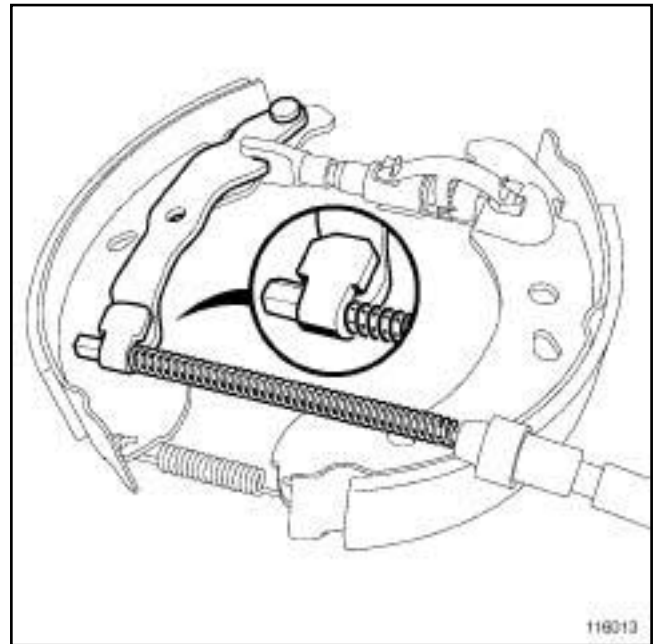
The brake mechanism components are different on the left and right-hand sides, so it is important not to confuse them.

On the left-hand brake: the bolt has a right-hand thread.

On the right-hand brake: the bolt has a left-hand thread.

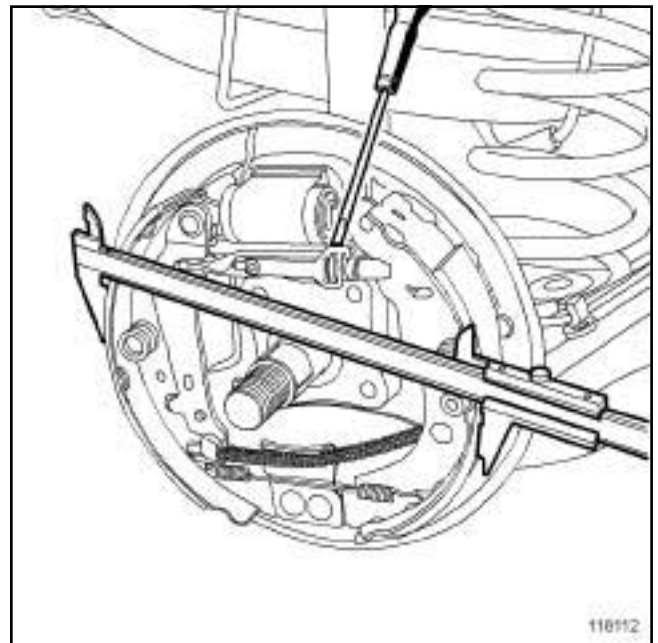
### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the linkage to the trailing shoe while holding it together with its spring,
  - the incremented automatic compensation system spring to the linkage,
  - the parking brake cable to the parking brake lever,
  - the leading shoe,
  - the incremented automatic compensation system spring to the leading shoe.
- Fit the leading shoe/trailing shoe assembly to the back-plate.
- Refit:
  - the upper spring,
  - the lower spring,
  - the side retaining springs while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate.
- Remove the pliers from the slave cylinder pistons.



118013

- Check that the parking brake cable is correctly positioned on the parking brake lever.



118112

- Using a screwdriver, adjust the diameter of the shoes with the linkage to obtain a diameter of **227.5 mm ± 0.1**.
- Carry out the same adjustment on the other side.
- Adjust the handbrake if the lever stops between the first and second positions of the parking brake lever's travel (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Adjustment**, page **37A-30**).

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting

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**33A**

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-7**) .
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**) .
- Adjust the brake pads by depressing the brake pedal repeatedly.
- Check that the incremented compensation system is working properly (characteristic «click» from the drums when the brake pedal is repeatedly depressed).

### Equipment required

pedal press  
parts washer

### Tightening torques

brake cylinder bolt(s)	<b>14 N.m</b>
brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder	<b>14 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair**, page **30A-2**).

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

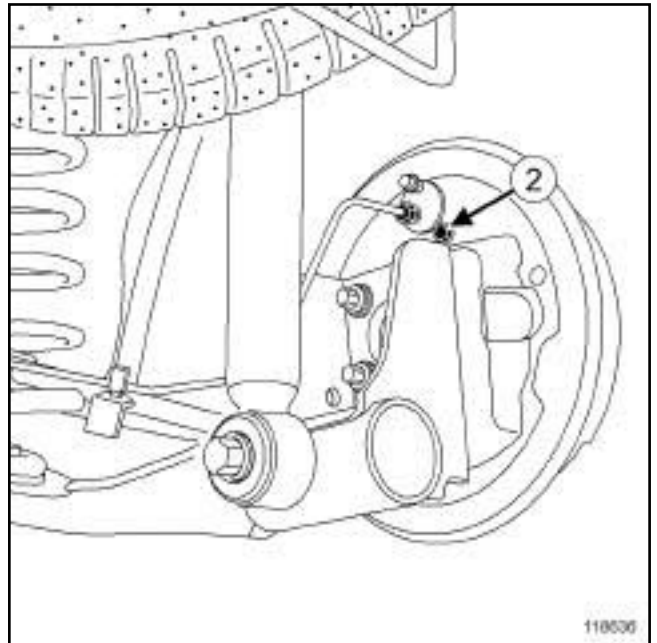
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**).
- Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Release the parking brake.
- Remove:
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
  - the brake drum (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-7**),
  - the side retaining springs while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-2**),
  - the upper return spring using brake shoe pliers (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-2**).
- Detach the pin from the spring of the wear compensation system on the leading shoe.

- Separate the shoes.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Unscrew the rigid pipe union from the slave cylinder (be prepared for brake fluid running out).
- Fit a cap on the brake pipe union.



118636

- Remove the rear brake cylinder bolt (2) on the brake back-plate.
- Remove the rear brake cylinder.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove any dust from the brake drums and back-plates using a **parts washer**.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the rear brake cylinder on the brake back-plate,
  - the rear brake cylinder bolt(s) on the brake back-plate.
- Torque tighten the **brake cylinder bolt(s) (14 N.m)**.
- Remove the plug from the brake pipe union.
- Refit the brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder.
- Torque tighten the **brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder (14 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Attach the pin from the spring of the wear compensation system on the leading shoe.
- Refit:
  - the upper return spring using brake shoe pliers (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-2**) ,
  - the side retaining springs while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-2**) ,
  - the brake drum (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-7**) ,
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) ,
  - the **pedal press**.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**) .
- Adjust the rear brake linings by repeatedly depressing the brake pedal.

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting

# 33A

### Equipment required

parts washer

### Tightening torques

rear brake drum nut **280 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair**, page **30A-2**).

### IMPORTANT

The two brake drums should be the same diameter.  
Regrinding one drum necessitates regrinding of the opposite drum.

When replacing a brake drum, it is essential to replace the drum on the opposite side as well.

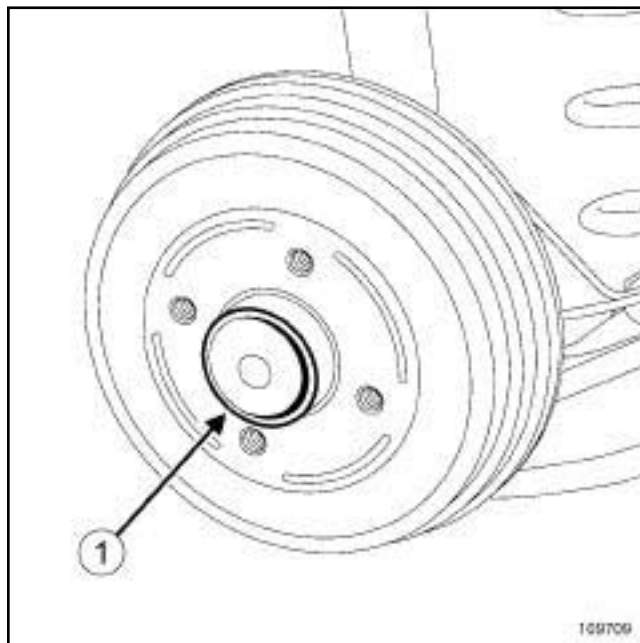
When replacing a brake drum, it is essential to replace the brake linings as well.

## REMOVAL

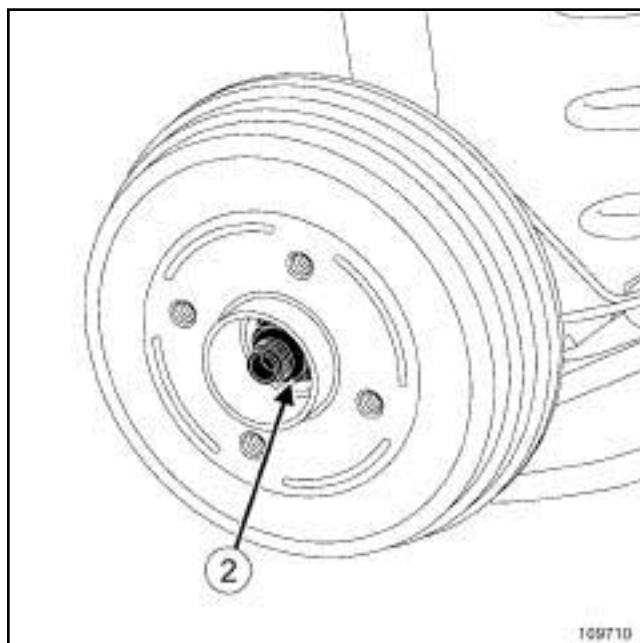
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Release the parking brake.
- Remove the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove the caps from the drums (1).



- Remove:
  - the rear brake drum nuts (2),
  - the rear brake drums using the tools and, if necessary.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the internal diameter of the drum.

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting

# 33A

- Always replace the brake drum nuts.
- parts always to be replaced: rear drum cap.**
- Replace any faulty parts.
- Using a **parts washer**, clean:
  - the brake drum linings,
  - the drum,
  - the stub axle.

**Note:**

Do not apply grease to the following components:

- drum,
- stub axle,
- nut,
- rear drum cap.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Adjust the parking brake if the lever stops between the first and second positions of the parking brake lever's travel (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-29**) .
- Refit:
  - the rear brake drums,
  - the rear brake drum nuts,
  - the drum caps.
- Torque tighten the **rear brake drum nut (280 N.m)** by turning the drum while tightening the nut.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .
- Adjust the brake linings by repeatedly depressing the brake pedal.

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Rear brake drum: Description

# 33A

### Equipment required

sliding calliper

### I - PREPARATION OPERATION FOR CHECK

Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

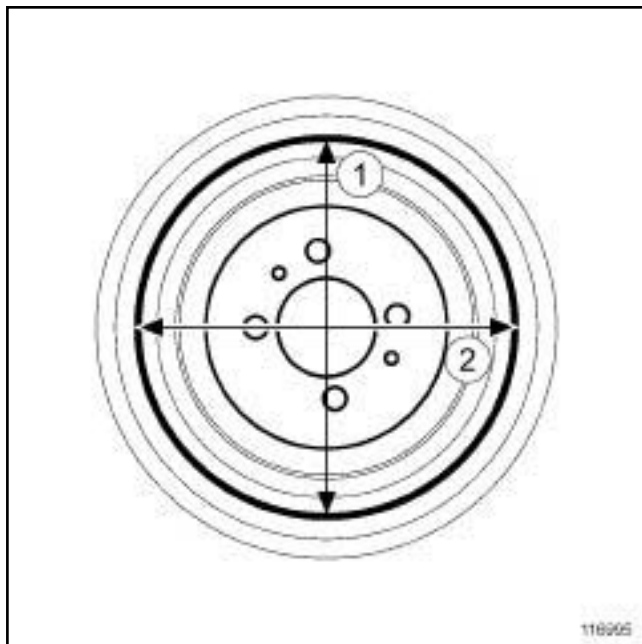
Remove:

- the rear wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
- the rear brake drum (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page 33A-7) .

### II - TEST OPERATION

Note:

To check the internal diameter of the drum, use a **sliding calliper** type tool for drums.



116995

Position the **sliding calliper** to measure the internal diameters of the brake drum.

Measure the interior diameters of the brake drum on the perpendicular axes (1) and (2) .

Compare the values with those recommended by the manufacturer (see **30A, General information, Brake: Specifications**, page 30A-13) .

### III - FINAL OPERATION

Replace the rear drums if necessary (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page 33A-7) .

Refit the rear wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Rigid brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

# 33A

### Equipment required

pedal press

### Tightening torques

rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders **14 N.m**

rigid brake pipe unions on the rear brake hoses **14 N.m**

The pipes have a rigid and a flexible section.

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1**).

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the wheel speed sensor cable:

- Do not tension the cable,
- Do not twist the cable,
- Check that there is no contact with the surrounding components,
- Do not use tools that may damage the cable.

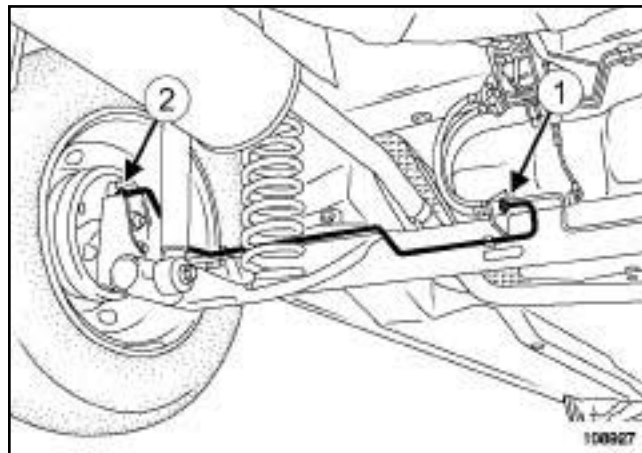
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Fit the **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit the amount of brake fluid running out.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

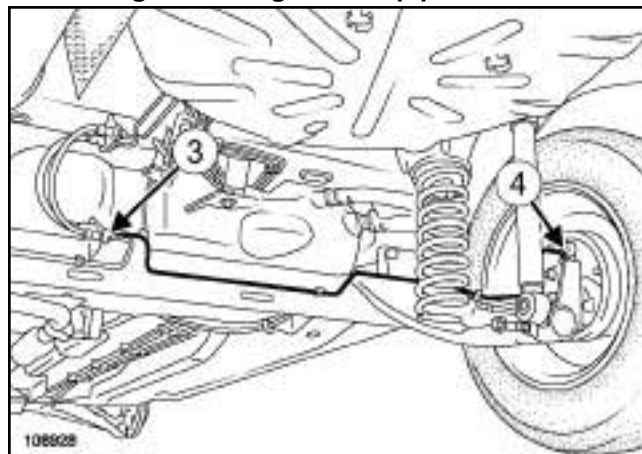
#### 1 -Rear left-hand rigid brake pipe



108927

- Unscrew:
  - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear axle (1),
  - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder (2).
- Unclip the rear axle rigid brake pipe.
- Remove the rear left-hand rigid brake pipe.

#### 2 - Rear right-hand rigid brake pipe



108928

- Unscrew:
  - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear axle brake hose (3),
  - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder (4).
- Unclip the rear axle rigid brake pipe.
- Remove the rear right-hand rigid brake pipe.



## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the rigid brake pipe mounting clips.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the rear rigid brake pipes in their original positions.
- Clip the rear rigid brake pipes on the rear axle.
- Fit without tightening:
  - the rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders,
  - the rigid brake pipe unions on the rear brake hoses.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders (14 N.m)**,
  - the **rigid brake pipe unions on the rear brake hoses (14 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the tool **pedal press** from the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**).

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Shock absorber: Removal - Refitting

# 33A

4X2 TRANSMISSION

### Equipment required

component jack

### Tightening torques

shock absorber lower bolt **162 N.m**

shock absorber upper nut **14 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1**).

During removal, note the colours of the springs to ensure the conformity of the parts for refitting.

### WARNING

To prevent any suspension asymmetry, replace both of the shock absorbers on the same axle.

### WARNING

To prevent the components of the rear axle from deteriorating (rubber bushes, brake hoses, etc.) do not remove the two shock absorbers at the same time. Proceed one side at a time.

### WARNING

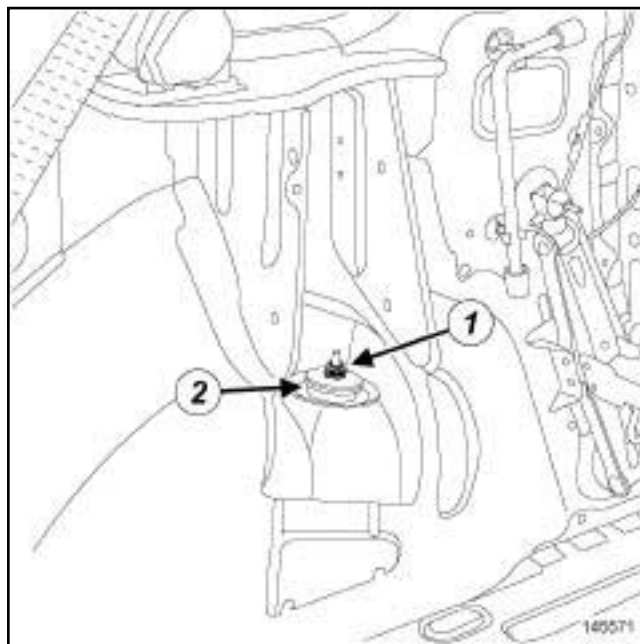
To prevent any damage, do not use the rear axle as support for the lifting system.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

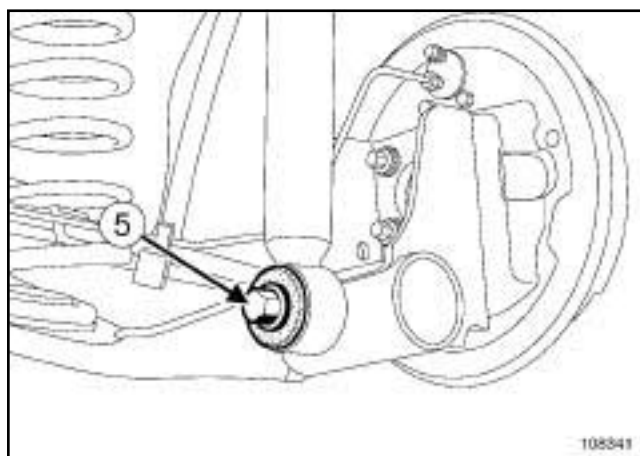
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the rear wheel arch trim (see ) (71A, Body internal trim).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145571

- In the luggage compartment, with wheels on the ground, remove:
  - the nut (1),
  - the rubber bush (2).
- Raise the lift.
- Using a block, bring the **component jack** into contact under the rear axle, near the shock absorber.



108341

108341

- Remove:
  - the shock absorber lower bolt (5),
  - the shock absorber.
- Repeat the operation on the opposite side.

# REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

## Shock absorber: Removal - Refitting

# 33A

4X2 TRANSMISSION

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the rear shock absorber lower bolt .  
**parts always to be replaced: Rear shock absorber upper nut.**

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the shock absorber, positioning the shock absorber head in its housing,
  - the shock absorber lower bolt.
- Lower the lift until the wheels touch the ground.
- Align the shock absorber head with the drill hole in the boot.
- Refit:
  - the rubber bush,
  - the new shock absorber upper nut.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **shock absorber lower bolt (162 N.m)** with the tool **component jack** in place,
  - the **shock absorber upper nut (14 N.m)** whilst holding the bolt head, with the wheels on the ground.
- Repeat these operations on the shock absorber on the opposite side.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the rear wheel arch trim (see **Rear wheel arch trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).

## Rear suspension spring: Removal - Refitting

4X2 TRANSMISSION

### Equipment required

component jack

### Tightening torques

shock absorber lower bolt **162 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1**).

### WARNING

To prevent the components of the rear axle from deteriorating (rubber bushes, brake hoses, etc.) do not remove the two shock absorbers at the same time. Proceed one side at a time.

### WARNING

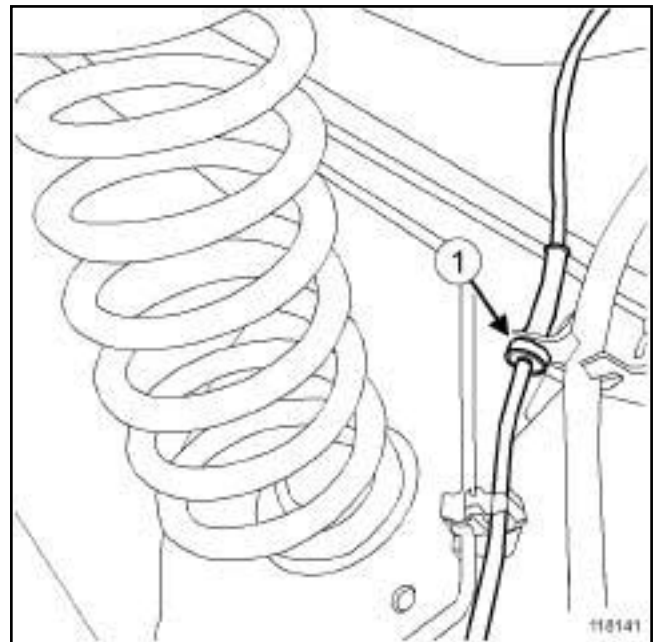
To prevent any damage, do not use the rear axle as support for the lifting system.

During removal, note the colours of the springs to ensure the conformity of the parts for refitting.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

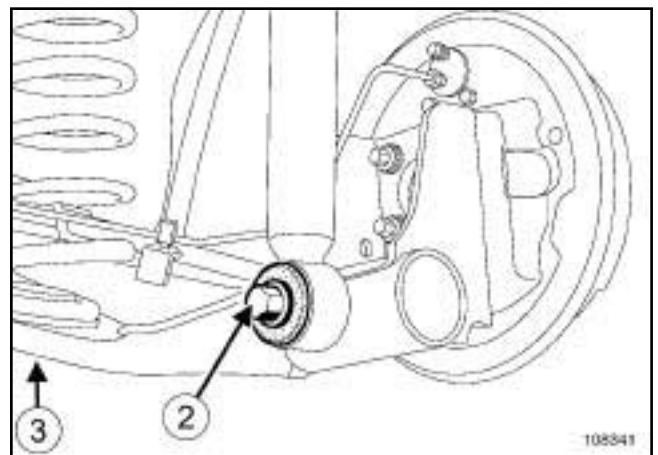
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).



118141

- Unclip the wheel speed sensor wiring at (1).

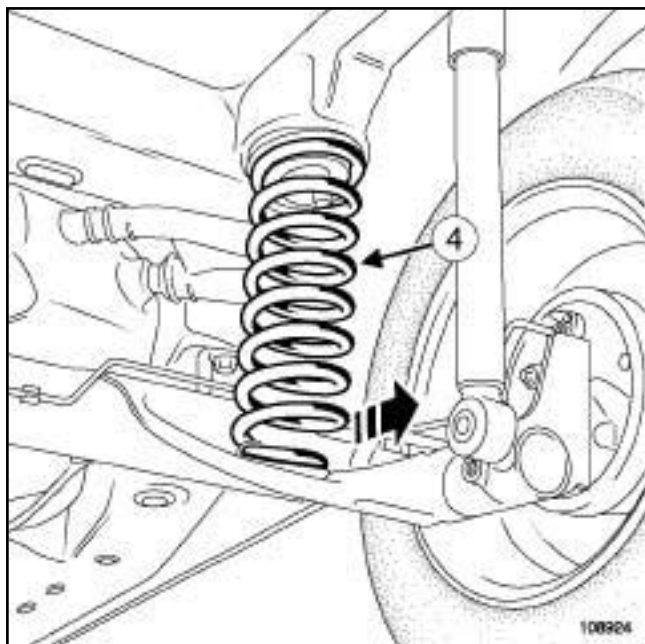
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



108341

- Bring the **component jack (3)** into contact, using a shim, under the spring cup, without forcing it.
- Mark the position where the spring is fitted.
- Remove the lower bolt (2) from the shock absorber.

4X2 TRANSMISSION



108924

- Remove the spring (4) with its lower mounting by removing the **component jack**.

Note:

If the upper mounting is unclipped, replace it.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the rear shock absorber lower bolt.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the lower mounting on the rear axle (positioning the guide correctly),
  - the spring with its upper mounting in the marked location, starting at the top.
- Bring the **component jack** into contact, using a shim, under the spring cup.
- Compress the rear axle so that the shock absorber lower bolt can be refitted.
- Refit the shock absorber lower bolt.
- Torque tighten the **shock absorber lower bolt (162 N.m)**.
- Remove the tool **component jack**.
- Refit the wheel speed sensor wiring.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the rear wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- Repeat these operations on the opposite side.

## Rear axle rubber bearing: Removal - Refitting

### IMPORTANT

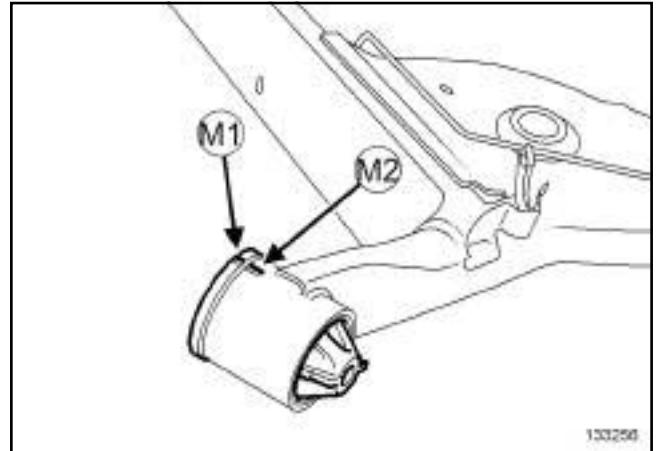
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair**, page **33A-1**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).
  - the rear brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-7**).
  - the complete rear axle (see **33A, Rear axle components, Complete rear axle system: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-19**).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

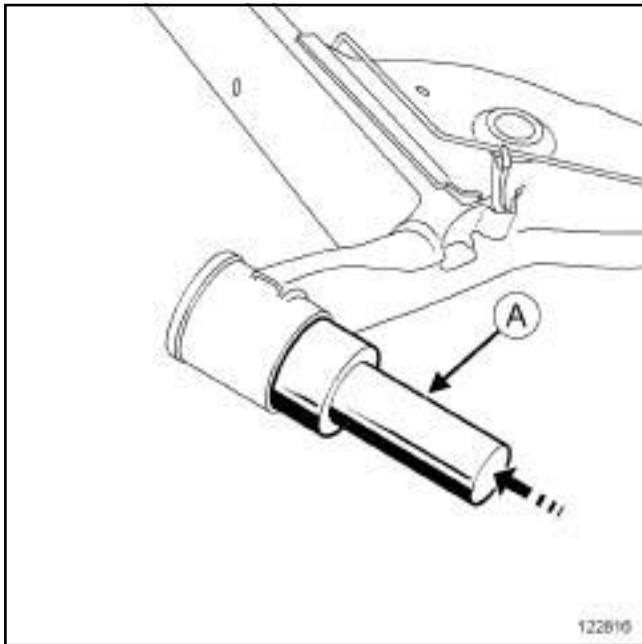


- Before removing the rear rubber bearing, mark the position of the rubber bearing in the bore of the rear axle arm bushing:
  - make marks **(M1)** and **(M2)** on the rear axle arm bushing and on the rubber bearing,
  - copy the mark **(M1)** from the used rubber bearing onto the new one.

#### Note:

These marks are necessary to ensure correct refitting, and to avoid premature wear of the rubber bearings and good road holding for the vehicle.

## Rear axle rubber bearing: Removal - Refitting



122816

- Fit the joint castor (A) of the.
- Remove the rubber bearing from the rear axle by hitting with a hammer on the bush castor (A) of the tool.

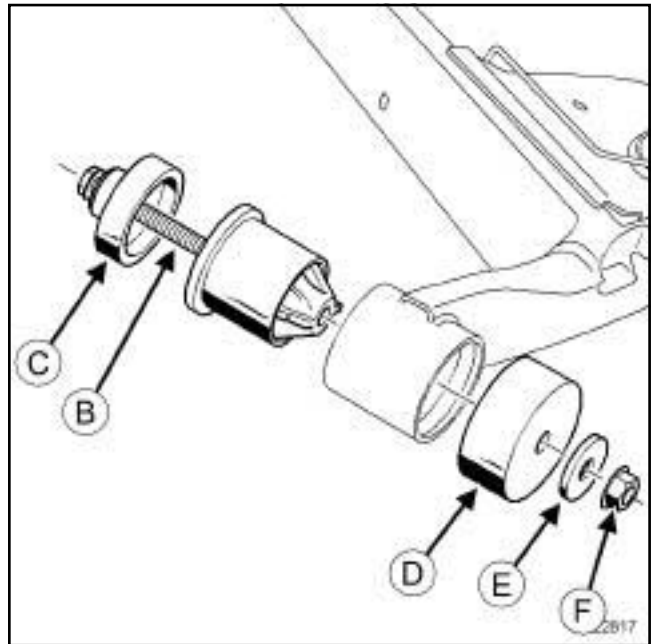
### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Rear axle rubber bearing.

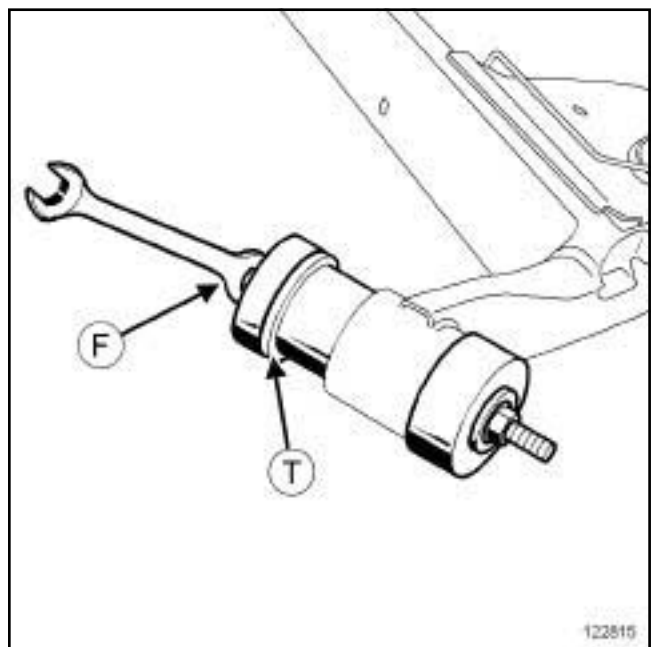
#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Position the rubber bearing in the bore of the rear axle arm bushing so that the marks (M1) and (M2) are aligned.



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- To refit the rear axle rubber bearings use:
  - the threaded rod (B) ,
  - the cover (C) ,
  - the cover (D) ,
  - the anti-friction washer (E) ,
  - the nut (F) , of the



122815

- Position the used for refitting.
- Tighten the nut (F) of the tool until the rubber bearing face (T) is set right up against the rear axle arm bushing.

## Rear axle rubber bearing: Removal - Refitting

---

Check that the marks (*M1*) and (*M2*) are correctly aligned.

Remove the tool.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

Refit:

- the complete rear axle (see **33A, Rear axle components, Complete rear axle system: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-19**),

- the rear brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-7**).

Adjust the rear axle (see **Rear axle system: Adjustment**).

Refit the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**).



4X2 TRANSMISSION

### Equipment required

pedal press

component jack

safety strap(s)

### Tightening torques

bearing bolts **105 N.m**

rigid pipe unions on the brake cylinders **14 N.m**

rigid pipe unions on the hoses **14 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1**).

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

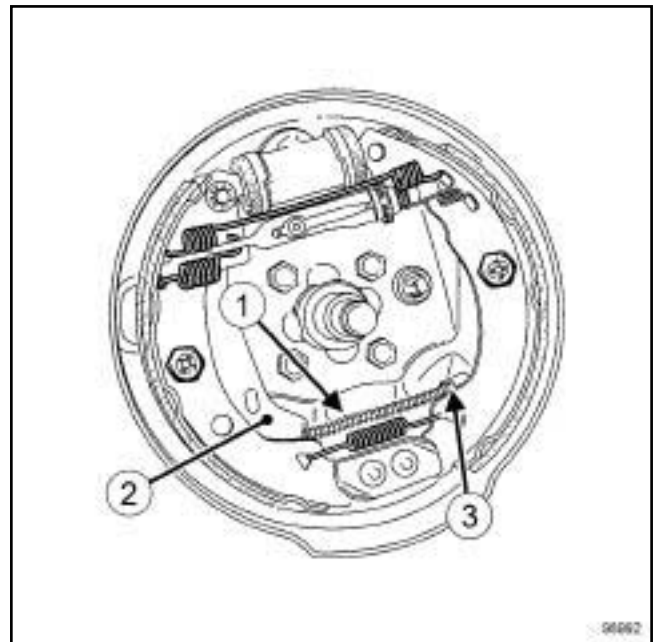
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Release the parking brake.
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**).
- Fit the **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

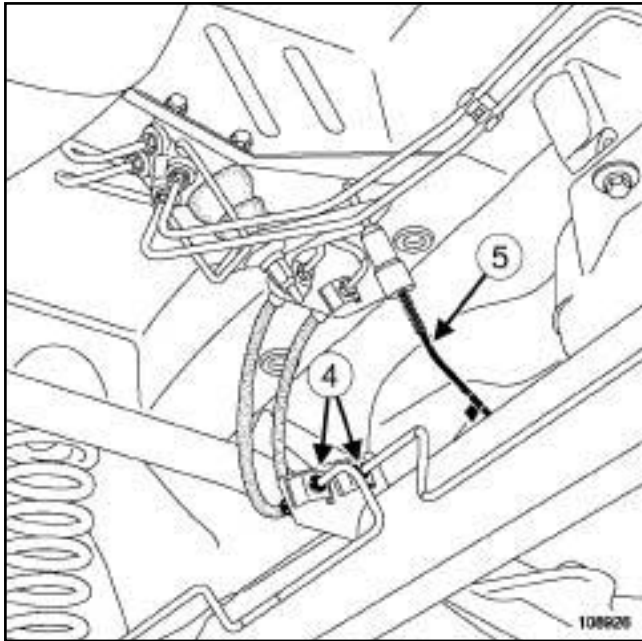
- Remove the brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-7**).



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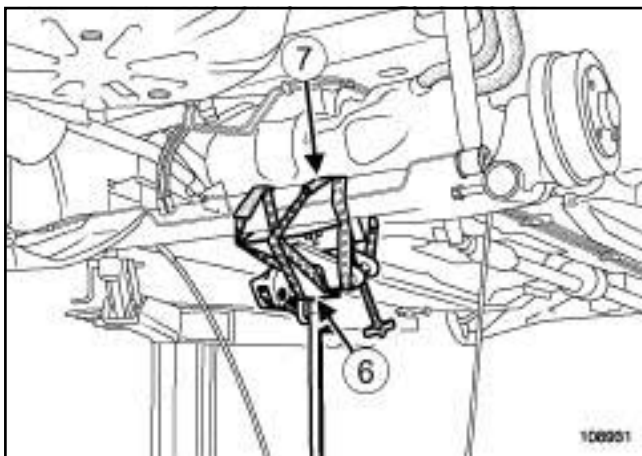
- Take out the parking brake cables (1) by pushing the lever (2) using pliers and a screwdriver.
- Unclip:
  - the parking brake cable sleeves (3) from the brake back-plates,
  - the wheel speed sensors (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Detach the rear axle wheel speed sensors (if fitted to the vehicle).

4X2 TRANSMISSION



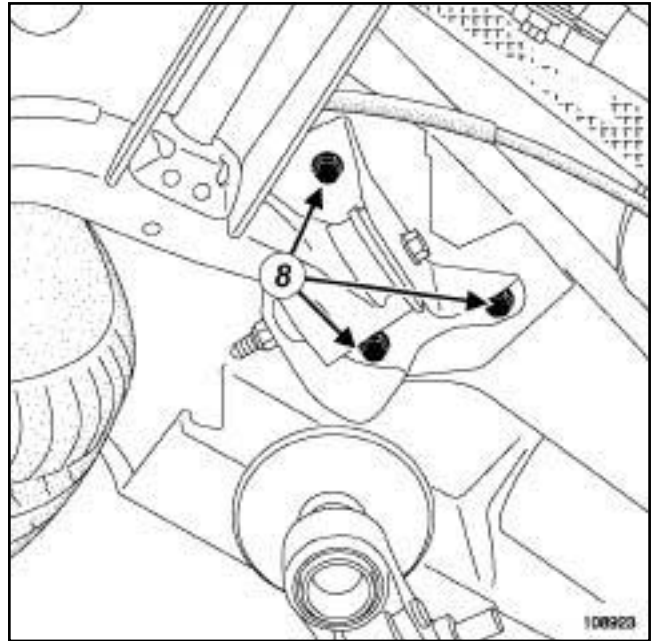
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- Unscrew the unions of the rigid pipes on the flexible brake pipes (4) .
- Detach the compensator rod (5) from the rear axle (if fitted to vehicle).
- Remove the rear suspension springs (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear suspension spring: Removal - Refitting**, page 33A-14) .
- Undo the rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders.



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- Place the **component jack** (6) at the centre of the rear axle.
- Lash the rear axle to the **component jack** using a **safety strap(s)** (7) .



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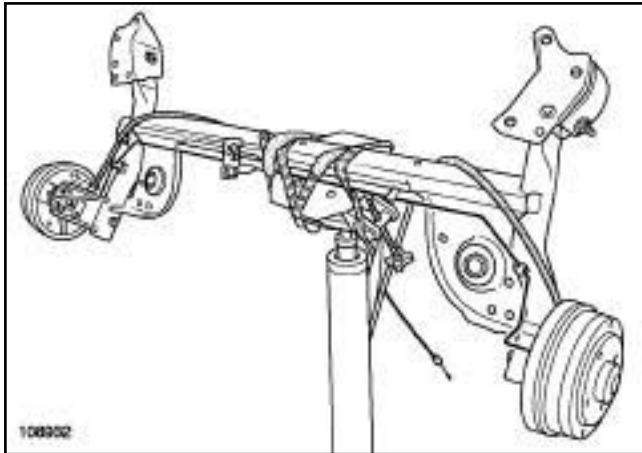
- Loosen the bearing bolts (8) .
- Lower the rear axle with the **component jack**.
- Remove:
  - the rear axle from the **component jack**,
  - the rear axle equipment.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the bolts of the rubber bearings.

4X2 TRANSMISSION



- Strap the rear axle onto the **component jack**.
- Position the rear axle under the vehicle.
- Coat the threads of the bearing bolts with **HIGH STRENGTH THREADLOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Position the bearing locators opposite the centring holes.
- Refit the bolts starting with the left-hand bearing.
- Insert the brake pipes into their housing.
- Attach the compensator rod (5) to the rear axle (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Retighten the rigid brake pipe unions on the hoses.
- Remove the **safety strap(s)** and the **component jack**.
- Refit the brake back-plates.
- Torque tighten the **bearing bolts (105 N.m)**.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **rigid pipe unions on the brake cylinders (14 N.m)**,
  - the **rigid pipe unions on the hoses (14 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the rear suspension springs (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear suspension spring: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-14**) ,
  - the parking brake cables.
- Check that the parking brake cable stops are properly inserted in their housing.

- Refit the brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page **33A-7**) .
- Refit the cables and the wheel speed sensors (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Connect the parking brake control unit cables to the compensator.
- Adjust the rear axle (see **Rear axle system: Adjustment**) .

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .
- Remove the **pedal press**.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**) .

# WHEELS AND TYRES

## Wheel: Removal - Refitting

# 35A

The removal - refitting procedure is the same for all wheels.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Release the parking brake.
- Remove the trim.
- Position the wheel so that the valve is at the top.
- Mark the position of the wheel on the hub.

**Note:**

This mark is required in order to:

- Note the original position of the wheel on the hub,
- perform the balancing operation.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Loosen the wheel bolts with the wheel on the ground.

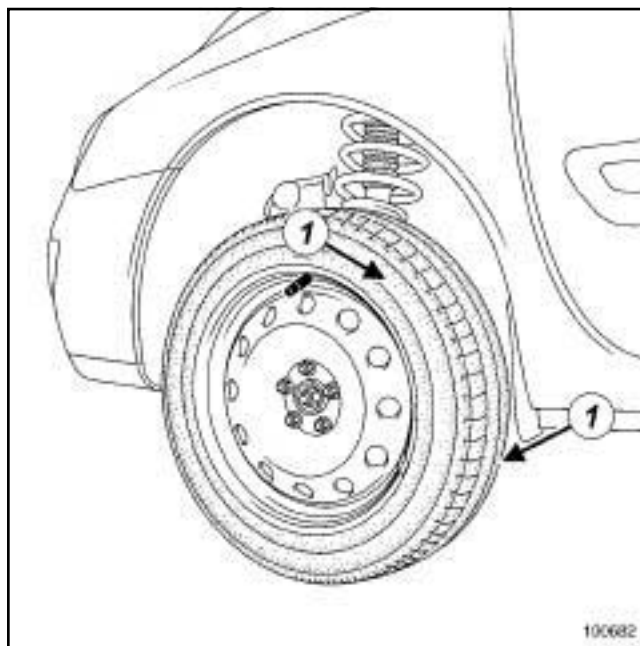
**Note:**

Use sockets with protective sheaths in order to avoid scratching the alloy wheel rims.

- Raise the lift.
- Remove:
  - the wheel bolts,
  - the wheel.

#### If the wheel cannot be removed after the bolt has been undone:

- Position all the wheel bolts.
- Tighten the wheel bolts to bring all the bolt heads into contact with the wheel.
- Undo the wheel bolts by one turn.

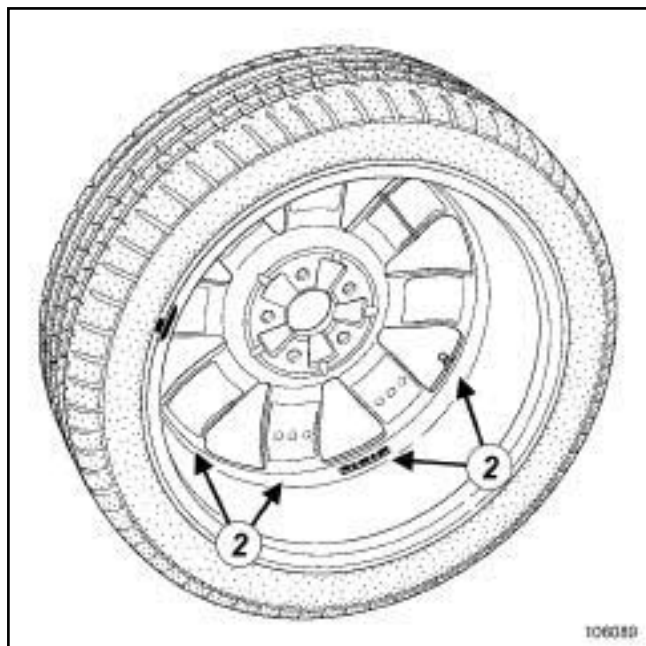


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- Strike around the edge of the tyre walls (1) several times using a mallet on the inner and outer surfaces of the wheel to detach the wheel.
- Remove:
  - the wheel bolts,
  - the wheel.

*If this procedure does not work:*



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- Strike the inner surface of the wheel (2) using a mallet and a wooden block to detach it.

Note:

Do not strike the surface of the wheel using excessive force as this may damage it.

- Remove:
  - the wheel bolts,
  - the wheel.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Clean the hub carrier using a wire brush.

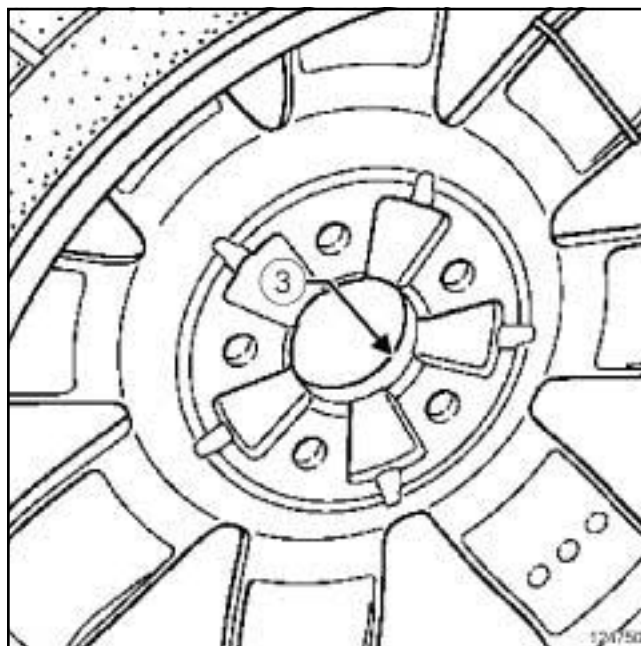
Note:

there are two types of wheel bolts for alloy and steel wheel rims; do not swap them.

- Check the condition of the tyre.
- Do not move or remove the balance weights.

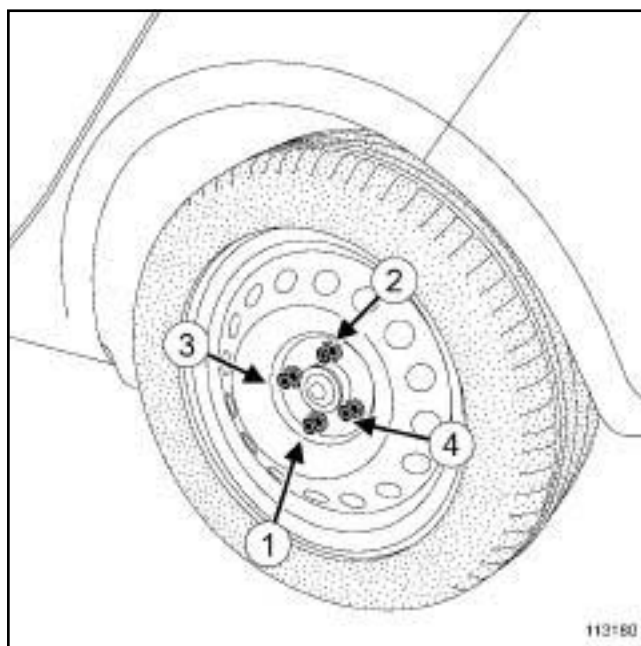
#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clean the mating surfaces between the wheel and the hub carrier using a wire brush.



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- Coat the wheel-mating face (3) with **COPPER ANTI-SEIZE AGENT** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Align the mark on the wheel with the mark made on the hub when it was removed.
- Fit the wheel to the vehicle, positioning the valve at the top.
- Insert the wheel bolts.



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- Tighten the wheel bolts to bring all the bolt heads into contact with the wheel.

# WHEELS AND TYRES

## Wheel: Removal - Refitting

# 35A

- Pretighten the wheel bolts to **30 N.m**, with the wheel suspended, starting with the bolts at the bottom.
- Rotate the wheel through **180°** to bring the valve into the bottom position.
- Position the vehicle on its wheels.

Note:

Use sockets with protective sheaths in order to avoid scratching the alloy wheel rims.

- Torque tighten the wheel bolts in order (see **30A, General information, Front axle system: Tightening torque**, page **30A-16**) (30A, General information).
- Refit the trim piece.

## Wheel: Balancing

### I - PREREQUISITES FOR WHEEL BALANCING

- Wheel balancing is a measurement operation.

Several conditions must be met to achieve a reliable result in a single operation.

The wheel balancer must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

It is essential to calibrate the balancer according to the frequency recommended by the manufacturer.

Do not grease the threaded shaft.

Check the condition of the supports, centring components and mountings.

Replace any faulty parts (see manufacturer's instructions).

The wheel and the wheel balancer must be clean.

#### Driver's perception

- If the wheels are not correctly balanced this causes the steering wheel and/or the vehicle floor to vibrate.

These vibrations appear between **54 mph (90 km/h)** and **90 mph (150 km/h)**.

### II - BALANCING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Adjust the tyre pressure (see **Tyre pressure: Identification**).

- Always carry out a road test for a minimum distance of **1 mile (2 km)** before balancing the wheels, in order to remove any flat spots on the tread caused by the vehicle being immobilised.

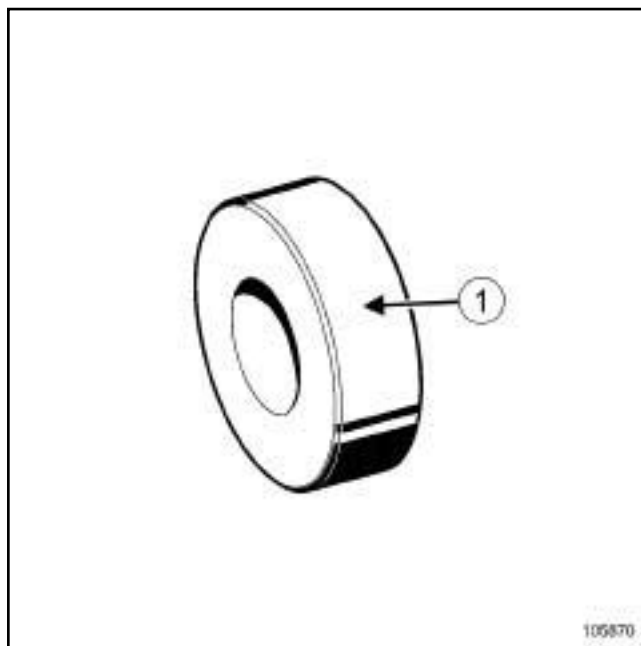
- Actions to be carried out immediately after the test drive:

- Position the vehicle on a two-post vehicle lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**),

- raise the vehicle,

- leave the four wheels hanging free,

- release the parking brake.



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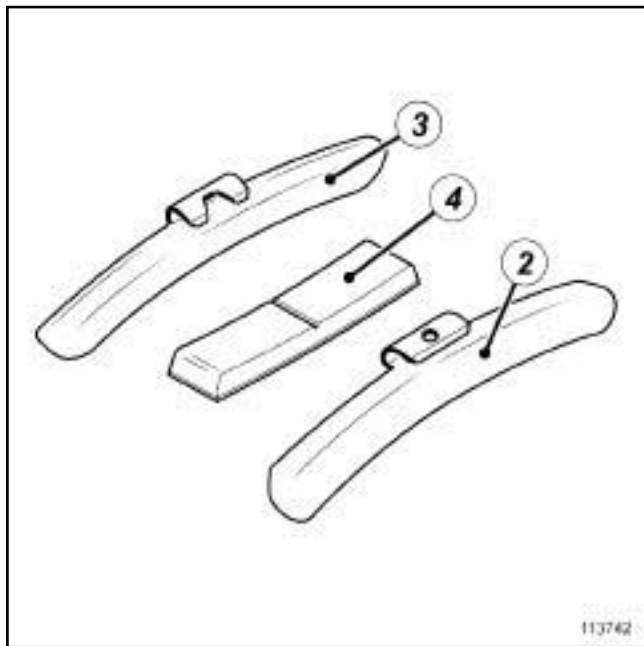
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#### Note:

The ring is available from the supplier of the equipment used.

To reproduce the exact vehicle wheel assembly, use a ring (1) of diameter:

- 66 mm**
- There are three types of weight:



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- (2) Steel wheel with flange
- (3) Alloy wheel with flange
- (4) Alloy wheel without flange

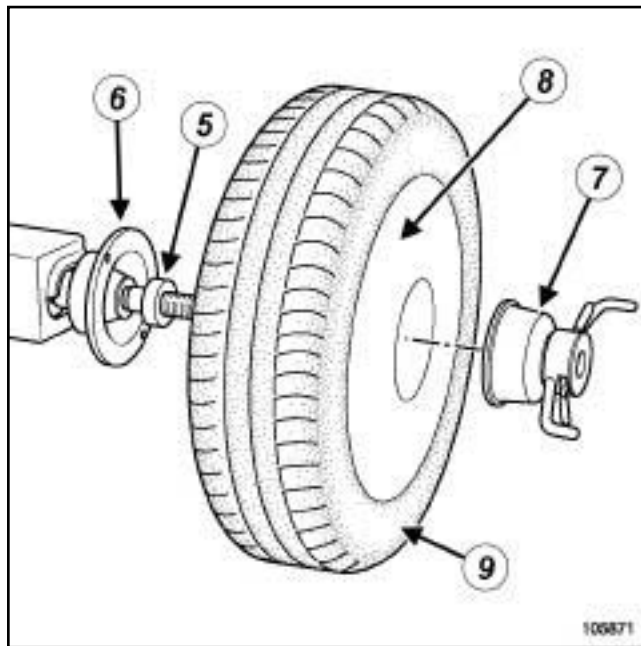
❑ In some countries, the use of lead weights is forbidden; in this case it is recommended to use **ZAMAK** weights instead.

Only use weights provided by the Parts Department.

- ❑ Remove the wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- ❑ Always clean the wheel, disc, and hub bearing surfaces.

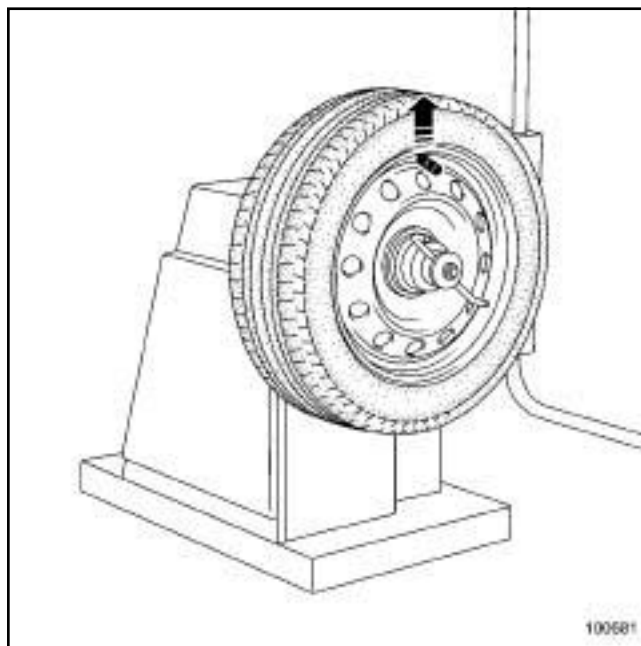
### III - PROCEDURE FOR BALANCING THE WHEEL IN QUESTION

- ❑ Make sure that the wheel balancer bearing surface and all the centring equipment (ring, thrust plate, etc.) are kept clean.
- ❑ Try not to scratch the (alloy) wheel rim with the wheel tightening device.



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- ❑ The wheel is fitted on the wheel balancer as follows:
  - (5) ring,
  - (6) wheel balancer back-plate,
  - (7) wheel tightening device (certain alloy wheels require a device 200 mm in diameter to ensure that the wheel has been correctly tightened),
  - (8) outer wheel plane,
  - (9) wheel.



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- ❑ Place the wheel on the wheel balancer, with the valve at the top, then lock the wheel in place.
- ❑ Remove any stones trapped in the tyre tread.



## Wheel: Balancing

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- Enter the specific wheel parameters when starting the wheel balancer.
- Start the wheel balancer and check the wheel balance, which should be **0 g** on each plane of the wheel.
- If this is not the case, remove the old wheel balancing weights and repeat the wheel balancing procedure, checking that the wheel balance equals **0** on each wheel plane.

### **WARNING**

To avoid detachment of the balance weights, use only weights which correspond to the vehicle wheel rims.

### **IV - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

# WHEELS AND TYRES

## Tyre: Precautions for the repair

**35A**

### I - CLEANLINESS

Clean:

- the tyre bead,
- the tyre bead/wheel rim contact surface.

Remove any grit trapped in the tyre treads.

Clean the bearing surfaces on:

- the wheels,
- the discs,
- the hubs.

### II - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **WARNING**

If checking the pressure when hot, increase the tyre inflation pressure by **0.2** to **0.3** bar above the recommended pressure.

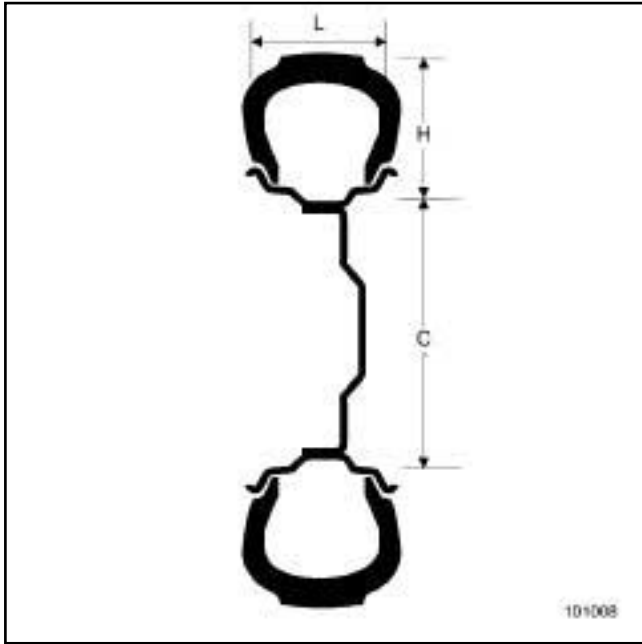
#### **WARNING**

In order to remove any flat spots on the tread after the vehicle has stopped, it is essential to carry out a road test for a minimum distance of **1 mile (2 km)** before balancing the wheels.

#### **WARNING**

To avoid detachment of the balance weights, use only weights which correspond to the vehicle wheel rims

Example of a tyre identification mark: **205/65 R 15 91 V**.



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Speed code table:

Code	Maximum speed in mph (km/h)
R	170
S	180
T	190
U	200
H	210
V	240
ZR	above 240
W	270
Y	300

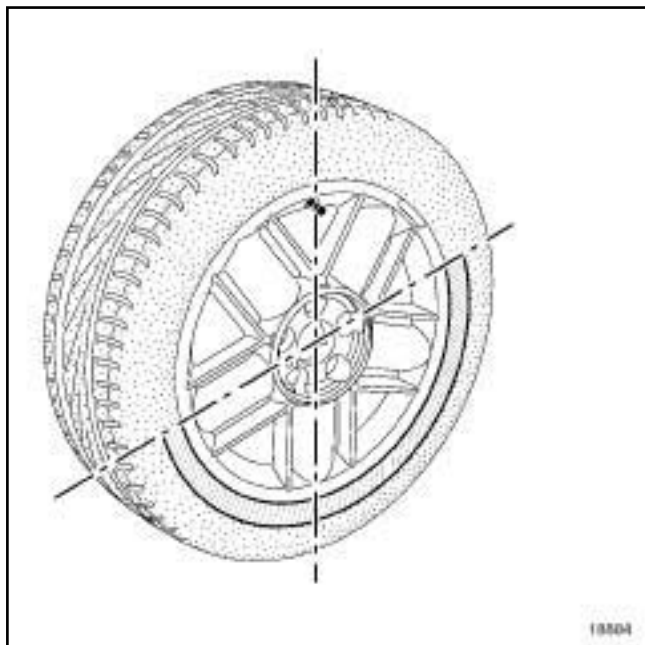
205	Tyre width in mm (L)
65	Height/width ratio
R	Radial structure
15	Internal diameter in inches (c)
91	Load index
V	Speed code

### REMOVAL

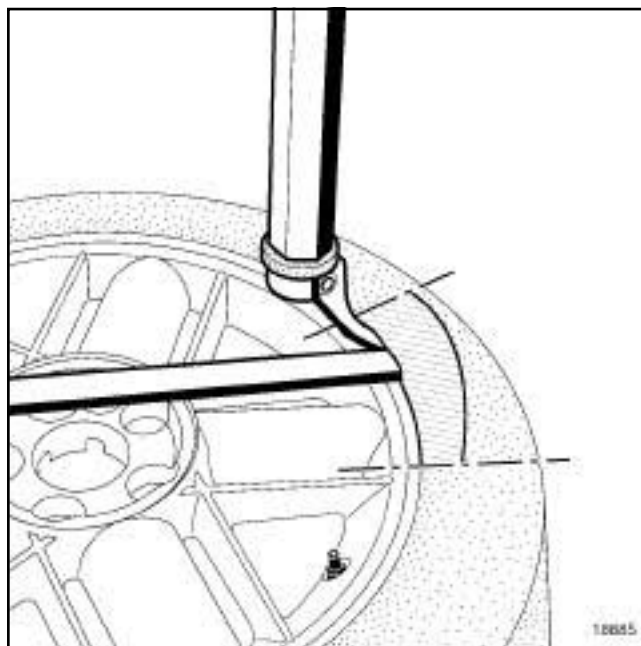
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the wheel in question (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the balance weights,
  - the valve mechanism.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Detach:
  - the bead from the outside of the tyre, starting with the side opposite the valve,
  - the bead from the inside of the tyre.



- Position the tyre lever approximately **15 cm** from the valve on the outside of the wheel rim in order to remove the exterior bead from the tyre.
- Remove the exterior bead of the tyre, finishing at the valve.
- Position the tyre lever approximately **15 cm** from the valve on the outside of the wheel rim in order to remove the bead from inside the tyre.
- Remove the interior bead of the tyre, finishing at the valve.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lubricate the two tyre beads correctly using the **TYRE PASTE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Engage the lower tyre bead approximately **15 cm** after the valve.
- Finish fitting the tyre at the valve.
- Fit the exterior bead approximately **15 cm** after the valve using the tyre lever.
- Inflate the tyre to **3.5 bar** to press the tyre beads against the wheel rim.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the valve mechanism.
- Inflate the tyre to the recommended pressure (see **Tyre pressure: Identification**) .

Note:

It is not necessary to drive the vehicle before and after a new wheel is balanced.

- Balance the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Balancing**, page **35A-4**) .
- Refit the wheel in question (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .

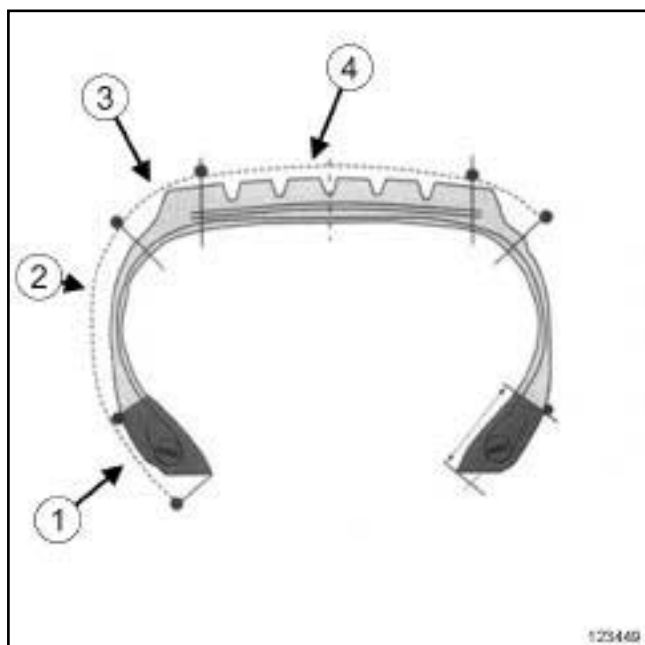
### Perforation

There are two types of perforation:

- single perforation: perforation caused by nail etc. not requiring a reinforced tyre boot and which can be repaired when the tyres are cold,
- damage: rubber detachment etc. requiring repair and reinforcement of damaged plies.

This repair method only covers single perforations.

### Tyre areas



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### Areas which cannot be repaired:

- tyre bead (1) ,
- shoulder (3) .

### Areas which can be repaired:

- sidewall (2) ,
- crown (4) .

### Perforation table \*

	Area	
	Crown: max Ø in mm	Sidewall: max Ø in mm
LV speed rating less than or equal to T	6	3
LV speed rating greater than or equal to H	6	0

LCV load index less than or equal to 121	6	3
HGV load index 122 to 177 (inc.)	10	3

LV: Light Vehicle

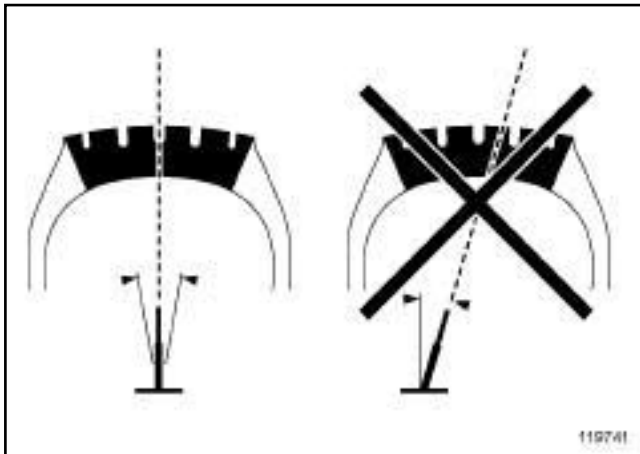
LCV: Light Commercial Vehicle

HGV: Heavy Goods Vehicle

\* If the diameter of the puncture is greater than these figures, replace the tyre.

The tyre cannot be repaired if:

- a compulsory marking has been worn away (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Tyres: Identification**, page **35A-8**) ,
- the interior of the tyre shows signs of under-inflation or overloading,
- the rubber shows signs of chemical damage (hydrocarbons and other corrosive substances),
- incorrect and irreversible repairs have previously been made to the tyre,
- the carcass has been damaged,
- cuts or circumferential wear (cracks) are visible on the interior or exterior of the tyre,
- the tyre bead has been damaged (ply visible),
- the tyre's bead wires are visible, damaged or deformed,
- the tyre shows an irregular wear pattern which may impair vehicle handling,
- the repair requires two tyre boots to be overlapped,
- the manufacturer has expressly prohibited any repairs, in writing,
- there is damage to the shoulder area (junction between the sidewall and the crown),
- the angle of the perforation channel (hole) is greater than 15°.



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### Tyre inflation kit

using the tyre inflation kit, supplied with vehicles or available from retailers, will leave a film on the inner surface of the tyre.

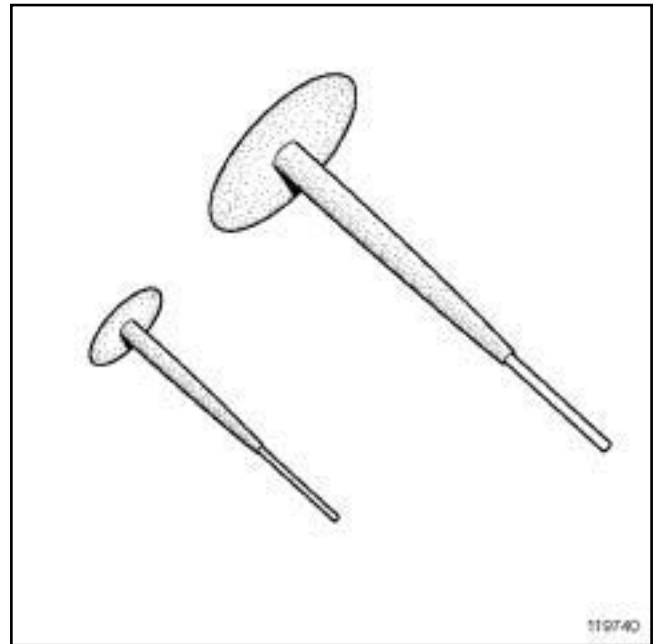
Before carrying out the repair, clean the inner surface of the tyre and the valve with water.

If the tyre cannot be cleaned in this way, contact the tyre supplier for details of cleaning products which can be used.

## REPAIR

### I - REPAIR PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- Inflate the tyre.
- Locate the perforation on the exterior of the tyre and mark it with chalk.
- Remove the tyre.
- Locate the perforation on the interior of the tyre and mark it with chalk.
- Remove the foreign body which caused the puncture.
- Determine the direction of the perforation channel.
- Determine the size of the hole:
  - measure the size of the foreign body,
  - measure the extent of the damage to the tyre.

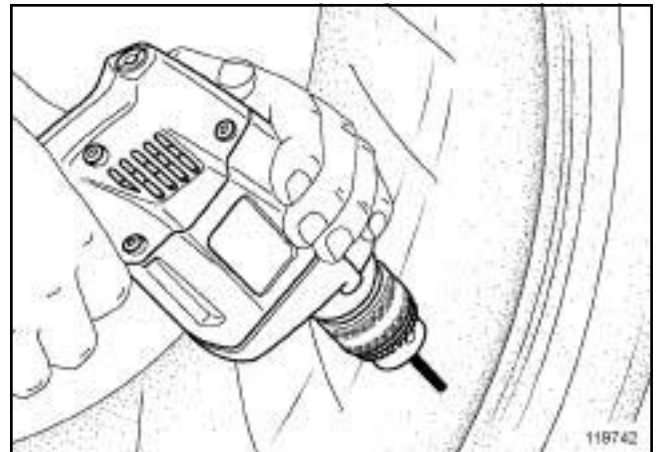


119740

119740

- Choose the size of plug (mushroom type plug) depending on the size of the hole.

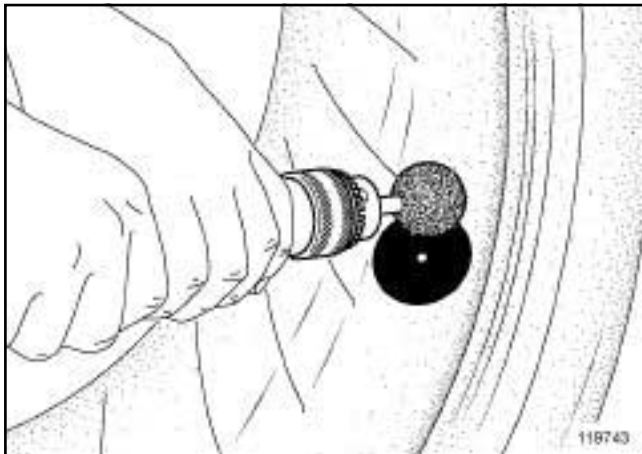
### II - REPAIR OPERATION



119742

119742

- Use a drill fitted with a suitable bit, perpendicular to the surface of the tyre, to bore the interior then the exterior of the perforation channel.



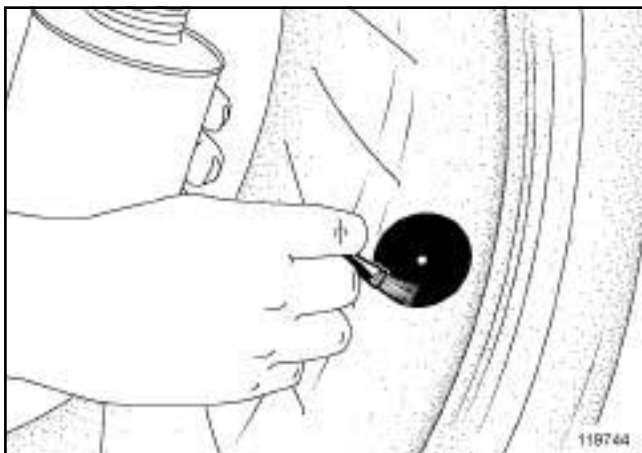
119743

- ❑ Carefully scrape the rubber seal around the perforation, to the size of the base of the plug (mushroom type plug).

**Note:**

If the rubber seal is damaged during this operation, replace the tyre.

- ❑ Remove any dust and remaining particles of rubber using a clean, dry cloth.

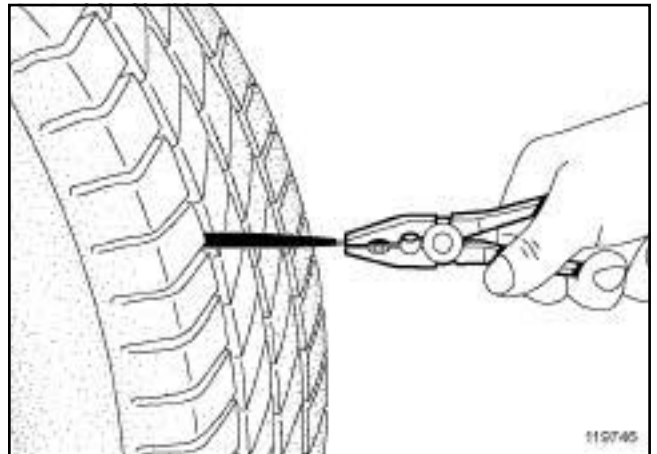


119744

- ❑ Apply the solution to the scraped surface.

**Note:**

Respect the required drying time for the solution.



119745

- ❑ Fit the (mushroom type) plug via the interior of the tyre by pulling on it using pliers.
- ❑ Press gently on the base of the mushroom plug, inside the tyre.
- ❑ Refit the tyre.
- ❑ Inflate the tyre (see **Tyre pressure: Identification**).



119747

- ❑ Cut the protruding end of the stalk without pulling on it.
- ❑ Check the tyre seal.

### III - FINAL OPERATION.

- ❑ Balance the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Balancing**, page 35A-4).
- ❑ Refit the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1).



### IDENTIFICATION

#### 1 - Marking

There are two types of identification marking on the wheel rims:

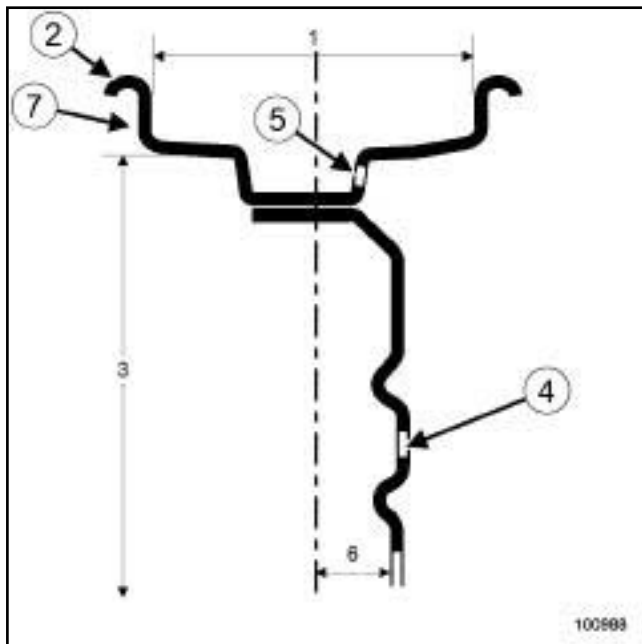
- engraved marking for steel wheel rims,
- cast marking for alloy wheel rims.

The marking gives the main dimensional specifications of the wheel rim.

This marking may be:

- complete, for example **6 J 15 5 CH 36**,
- simplified, for example **6 J 15**.

	Wheel type	6 J 15
1	Width (in inches)	6
2	Rim edge profile	J
3	Nominal diameter (in inches)	15
4	Number of holes	5
5	Anchorage profile of the tyre	CH
6	Offset (in mm)	36



100988

There are 3 types of wheel rim edges (2) :

- those with two flat edges,
- those with two raised edges,
- those with one flat edge and one raised edge.

#### 2 - Installation diameter for the wheel bolts

#### 3 - Rim run-out

The maximum run-out is measured at the wheel rim edge (7) .

#### 4 - Out-of-roundness

The maximum out-of-round value is measured on the tyre bead bearing surface.

## Emergency spare wheel carrier: Removal - Refitting

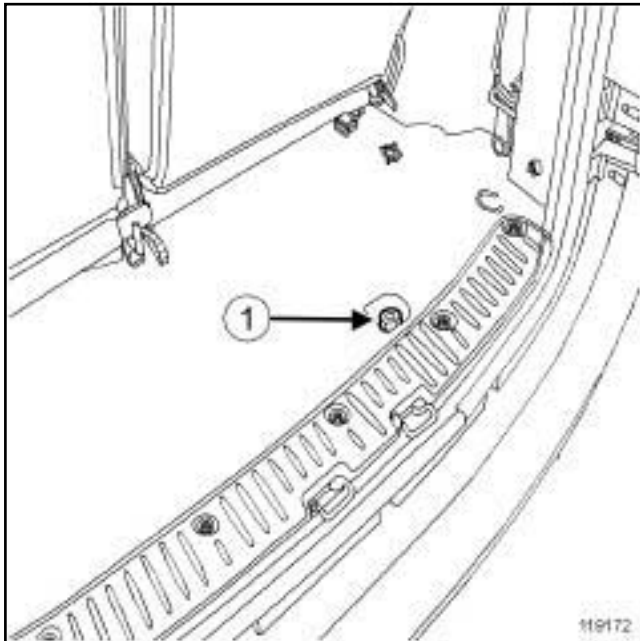
4X2 TRANSMISSION

### REMOVAL

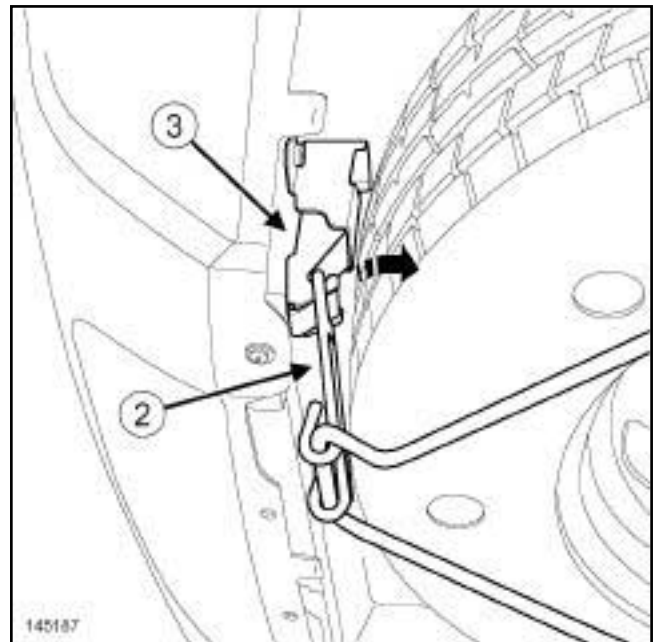
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

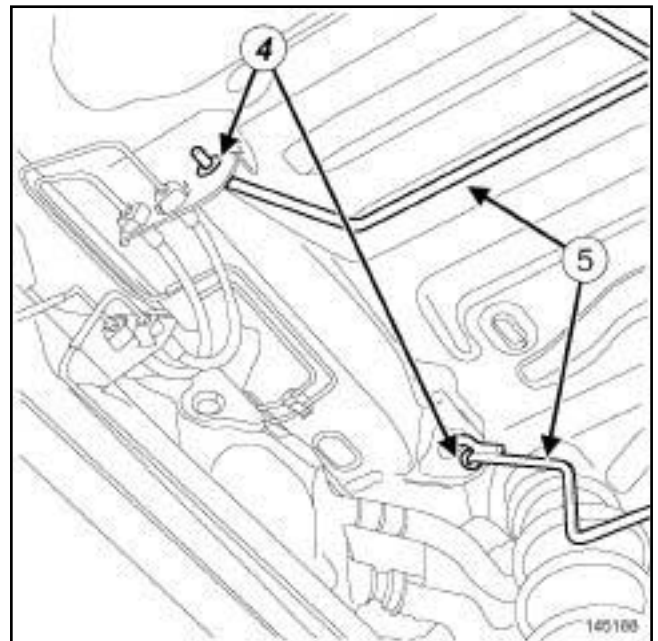
#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- In the luggage compartment, loosen the mounting bolt (1) on the emergency spare wheel carrier hook.



- Unhook the handle (2) of the emergency spare wheel carrier from the hook (3) in the direction of the arrow.
- Tilt the emergency spare wheel carrier downwards while holding the emergency spare wheel.
- Remove the emergency spare wheel.



- Remove:
  - the lock washers (4)
  - the two arms (5) of the emergency spare wheel carrier,
  - the emergency spare wheel carrier.

4X2 TRANSMISSION

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the lock washers.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the arms of the emergency spare wheel carrier on the body mountings.
- Refit the lock washers **(4)**
- Refit the emergency spare wheel in the carrier.
- Tilt the emergency spare wheel carrier upwards.
- Clip the handle of the emergency spare wheel carrier onto the hook.

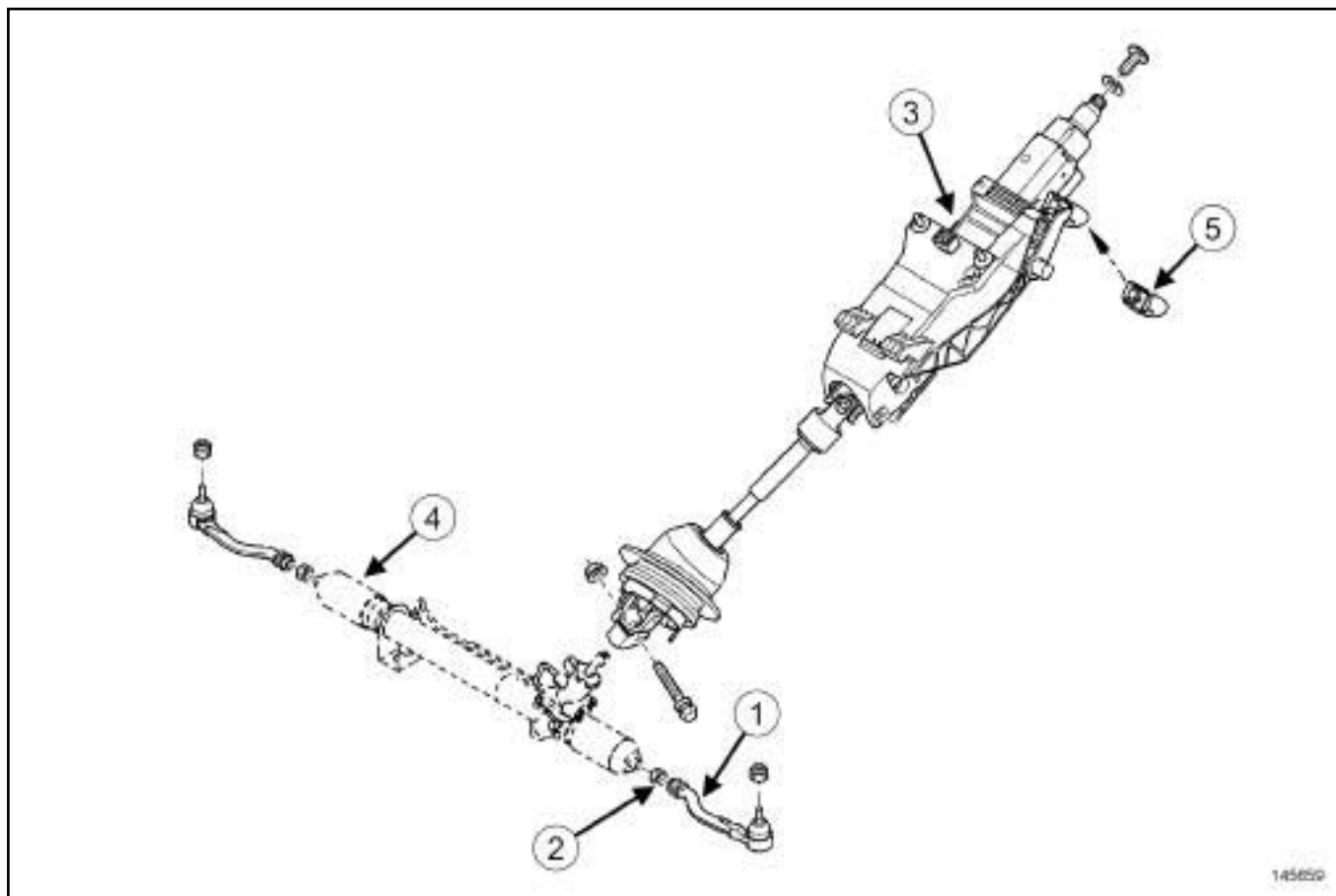
#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Tighten the mounting bolt on the hook of the emergency spare wheel carrier.

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering: List and location of components

**36A**



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- |     |                                  |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| (1) | Track rod                        |
| (2) | Axial ball joint linkage         |
| (3) | Steering column                  |
| (4) | Steering box gaiter              |
| (5) | Steering column adjustment lever |

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering: Precautions for the repair

# 36A

### I - SAFETY

#### 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

#### 2 - Instruction to be followed during the operation

##### IMPORTANT

Wear protective gloves during the operation.

##### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### II - CLEANLINESS

#### 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Use a cover to protect any chassis elements that may be contaminated with power-assisted steering fluid.

#### 2 - Instruction to be followed during the operation

Clean around the power-assisted steering system using **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

### III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

To ensure correct operation and performance of the system, do not attempt to repair any components other than those supplied in After-Sales.

To ensure the quality of the repair, only use the tooling recommended by the manufacturer.

#### 1 - Power assisted steering circuit:

##### a - Power-assisted steering fluid

Only use the fluid recommended by the manufacturer, in order to ensure correct system performance (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

##### b - Blanking plugs

To prevent impurities from entering the power assisted steering circuit, use blanking plugs on the various dismantled parts.

### 2 - Seals

To ensure a sound power-assisted steering circuit seal, replace the power-assisted steering pipe seals each time a pipe is removed.

### 3 - Steering column

##### WARNING

In order not to damage the steering wheel or steering column, the steering wheel-column foolproofing devices must be aligned.

Do not rest the steering column on the adjustment handle.

Do not handle the steering column by the adjustment handle or by the wiring.

Manoeuvre the «steering column - intermediate shaft » assembly by holding each section (one hand on the column and the other on the intermediate shaft). If the steering column is not handled correctly, there is a risk that the steering column or intermediate shaft could fall, which could destroy the system.

Always replace the steering column if it is dropped or in the event of an impact.

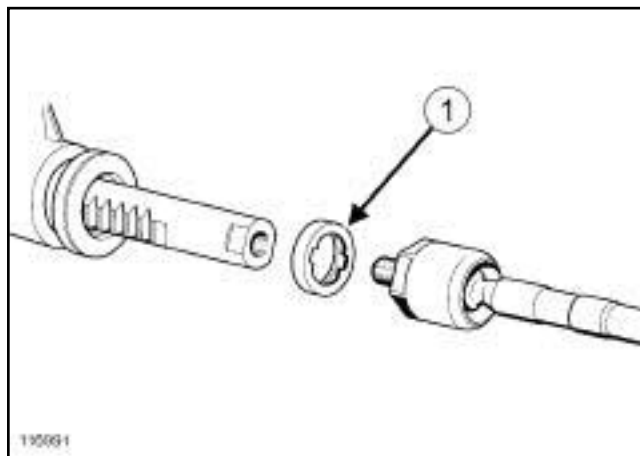
### 4 - Steering box

The steering box should not be carried by the gaiters or pipes, as this may damage them.

When the vehicle is positioned with the wheels suspended, the steering rack must not be subjected to violent movements from lock to lock.

Risks: Damage to the teeth of the steering rack and pinion may cause a **safety risk** relating to the steering unexpectedly locking.

### 5 - Axial ball joint



116991

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering: Precautions for the repair

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**36A**

The axial ball joint limiters (1) are colour coded for fool-proofing purposes. When removing or replacing the axial ball joint, check that the limiter with the correct colour code is refitted.

### **6 - Power-assisted steering pump**

Do not run the engine without steering fluid in the circuit.

### **7 - Pump assembly**

Do not run the engine without steering fluid in the circuit.

### **8 - Wiring harnesses**

Ensure that the electrical wiring is clean and correctly routed.

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Track rod: Removal - Refitting

# 36A

### Tightening torques

track rod ball joint nut	37 N.m
wheel alignment adjusting lock nut	53 N.m

### IMPORTANT

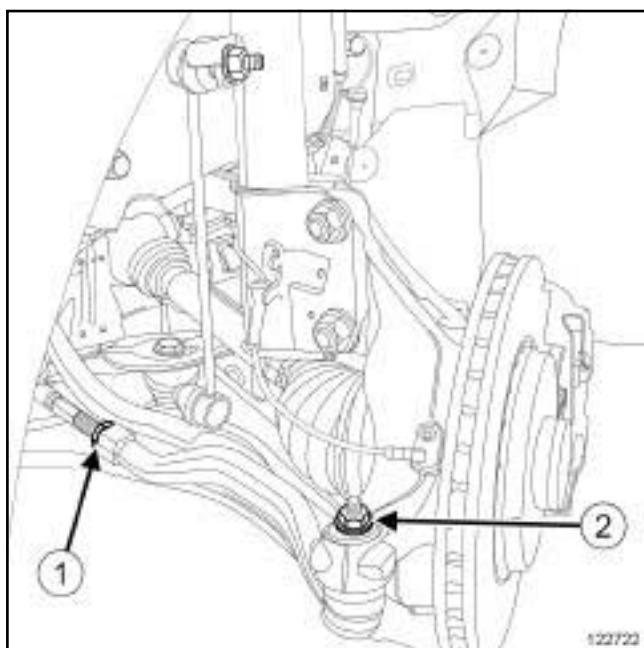
Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair**, page 36A-2) .

## REMOVAL

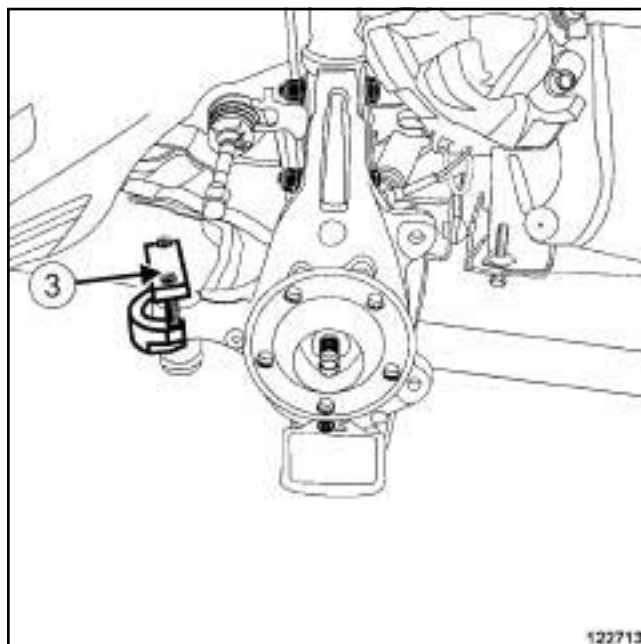
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Loosen the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut (1) .
- Remove the track rod ball joint nut (2) .



122713  
122713

- Extract the ball joint using (3) .
- Unscrew the track rod anti-clockwise and note the number of turns for refitting.
- Remove the track rod.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Screw the track rod back in place by the number of turns noted during removal.
- Fit the track rod end in the hub carrier.
- Refit the track rod ball joint nut.
- Tighten to torque:
  - the **track rod ball joint nut (37 N.m)**,
  - the **wheel alignment adjusting lock nut (53 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- Check the axle geometry (see **30A, General information, Axle assemblies: Check**, page 30A-15) .
- If necessary, adjust the geometry of the axle assemblies (see **30A, General information, Front axle system: Adjustment**, page 30A-18) .

### Tightening torques

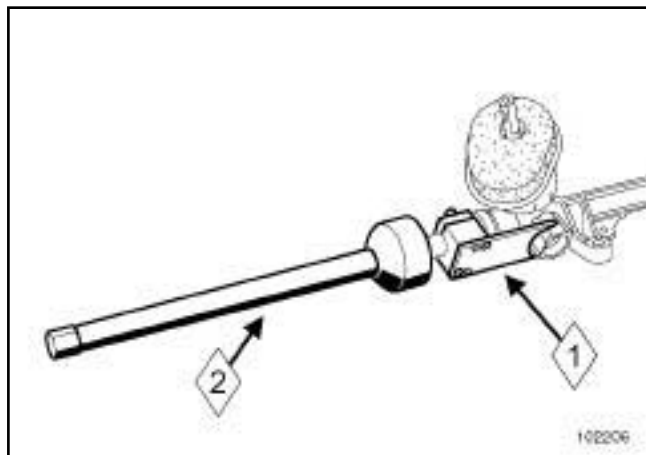
axial ball joint	80 N.m
------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

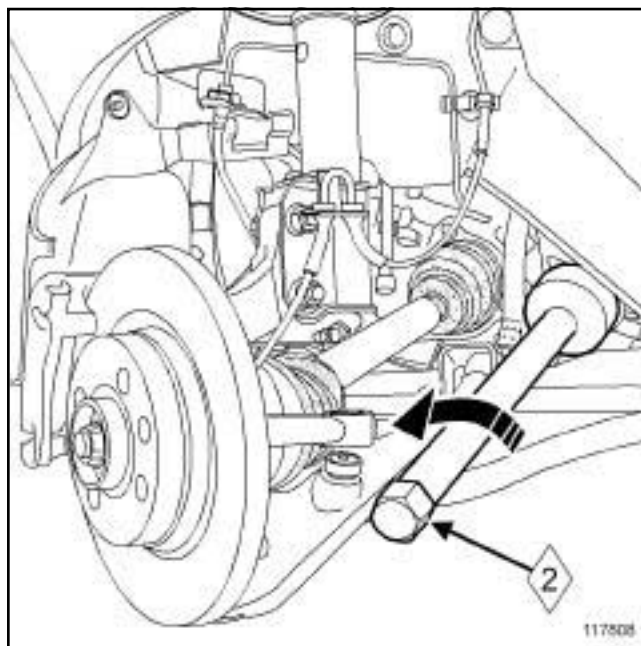
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1).
- Remove the track rod (see **36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-4).
- Remove the steering box gaiter (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering box gaiter: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-9).
- Unlock the steering column.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



102206

- Set up the (1) on the steering rack, at the pinion end.



117808

117808

- Unlock the axial ball joint using tool (2).
- Remove the axial ball joint.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

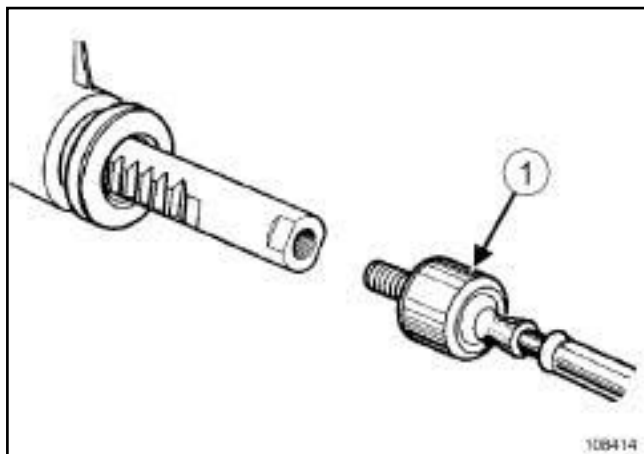
- 

#### Note:

Take care not to deform the gaiters: they could be irreparably damaged.



## II - REFITTING OPERATION



108414

- Coat the threading of the axial ball joint with **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) .
- Refit the axial ball joint (1) .
- Torque tighten the **axial ball joint (80 N.m)** using the tool.
- Remove the
- Coat the following with **SILICONE GREASE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) ,
  - the steering rack,
  - the axial ball joint.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the steering box gaiter (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering box gaiter: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-9**) ,
  - the track rod (see **36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-4**) ,
  - the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**) .
- Check the front axle geometry (adjust if necessary) (see **Front axle assembly: Adjustment values**) .

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering column: Removal - Refitting

# 36A

### Tightening torques

universal joint bolt	21 N.m
steering column nuts	21 N.m

### IMPORTANT

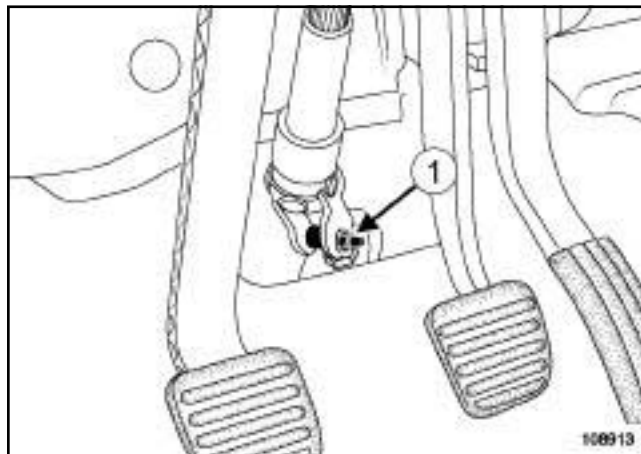
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair**, page 36A-2) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

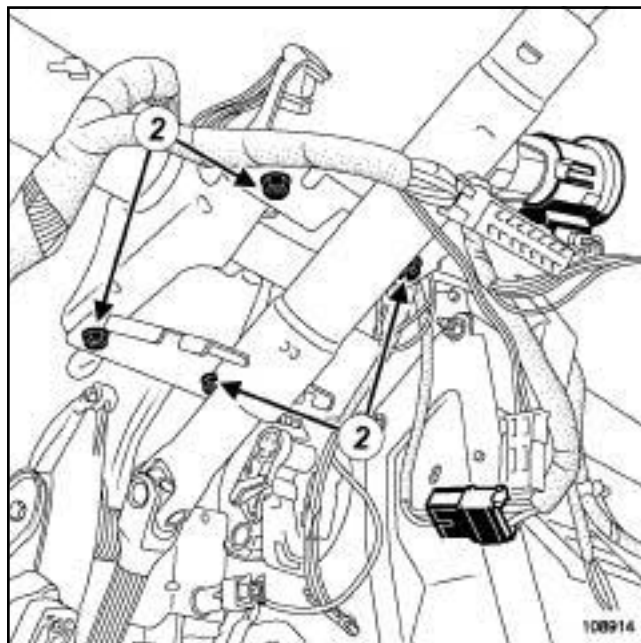
- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-13) ,
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108913

- Remove the steering column universal joint bolt (1) .



108914

- Remove:
  - the steering column bolts (2) ,
  - the steering column.
- Remove the ignition switch (see **Ignition switch: Removal - Refitting**) (82A, Immobiliser).

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Steering shaft yoke bolt parts always to be replaced: Steering shaft yoke nut parts always to be replaced: Steering wheel bolt

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering column: Removal - Refitting

# 36A

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the ignition switch (see **Ignition switch: Removal - Refitting**) . (82A, Immobiliser).
- Refit a new cam nut for the universal joint on the steering column
- Lock the cam nut in its housing (opening on the universal joint).
- Refit:
  - the steering column,
  - the universal joint bolt,
  - the bolts on the steering column.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **universal joint bolt (21 N.m)**,
  - the **steering column nuts (21 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the steering wheel (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-13) ,
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and seat belt pretensioners),
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

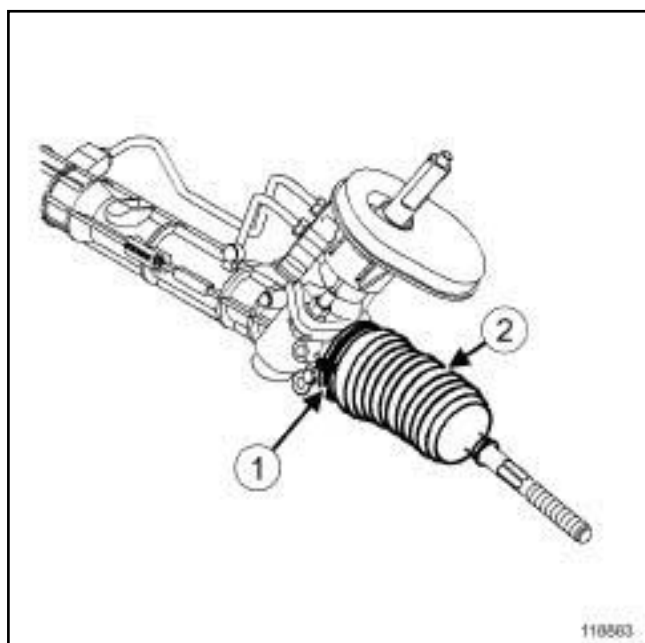
## Steering box gaiter: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the track rod (see **36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-4) ,
  - the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



118883

- Note:

When removing the steering gaiter, blast the gaiter surfaces with compressed air to eliminate any impurities that could enter the steering box.

- Cut the gaiter retaining clip (1) .
- Remove the gaiter (2) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace:
  - the steering box gaiter,

- the retaining clip.

- Clean the contact surfaces between the steering box and the gaiter using **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Use **SILICONE GREASE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to coat the mating face of the gaiter on the axial ball joint to prevent the gaiter from twisting.

Note:

Be sure to centre the steering to ensure the air in the gaiters is equalised.

Note:

Be careful not to damage the gaiters: risk of irreversible damage.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the new steering box gaiter,
  - the new retaining clip.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut,
  - the track rod (see **36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-4) ,
  - the wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- Check the axle geometry (see **30A, General information, Axle assemblies: Check**, page 30A-15) .
- If necessary, adjust the geometry of the axle assemblies (see **30A, General information, Front axle system: Adjustment**, page 30A-18) .

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Bulkhead seal: Removal - Refitting

# 36A

### IMPORTANT

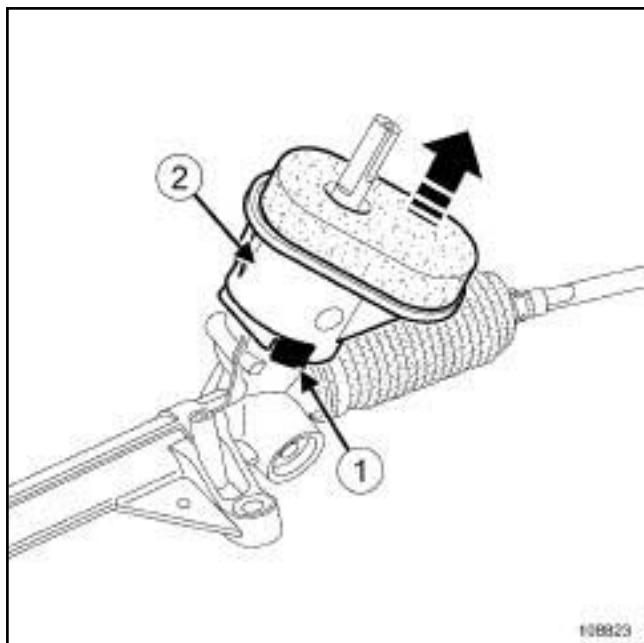
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair**, page 36A-2) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the engine undertray.
- Remove the steering box (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108823

- Unclip the bulkhead seal at (1) using a flat-blade screwdriver.
- Remove the bulkhead seal (2) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the bulkhead seal in its original position.
- Clip the bulkhead seal onto the steering box.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

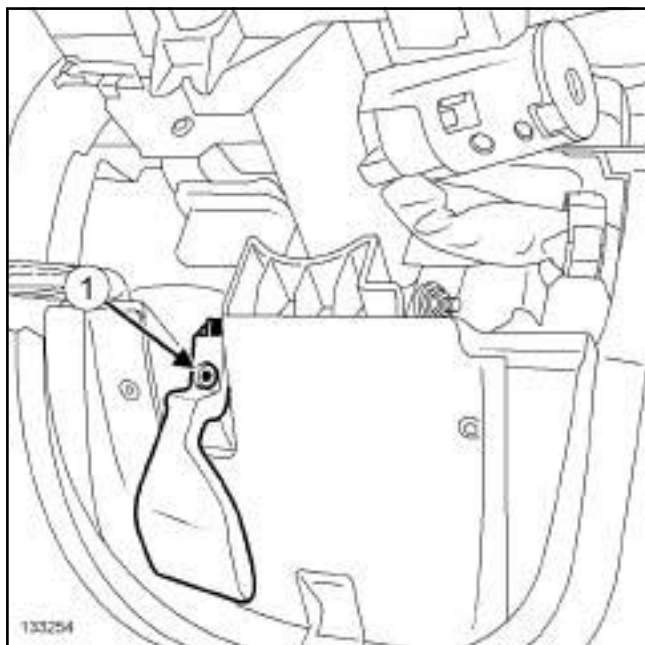
- Refit the steering box (see **Steering box: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Refit:
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

### REMOVAL

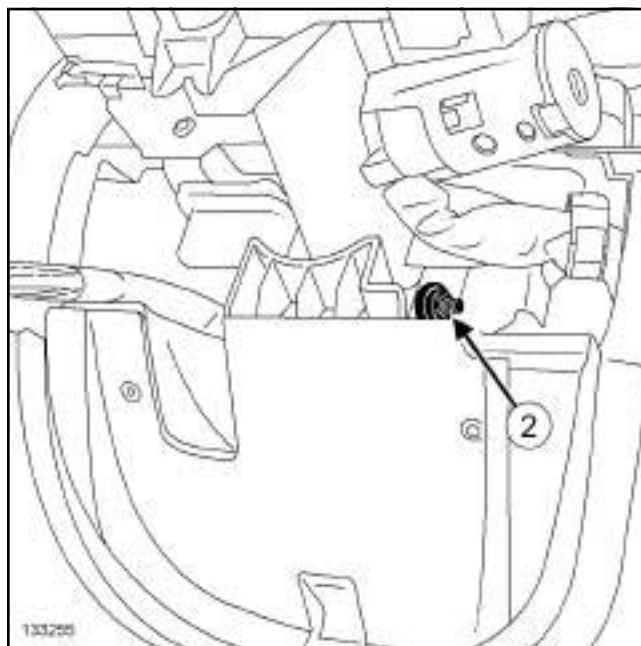
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see ) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the bolts on the steering wheel lower cover,
  - the half covers under the steering wheel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the immobiliser ring.
- Disconnect the various connectors.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove:
  - the bolt (1) of the adjustment handle,
  - the adjustment handle.

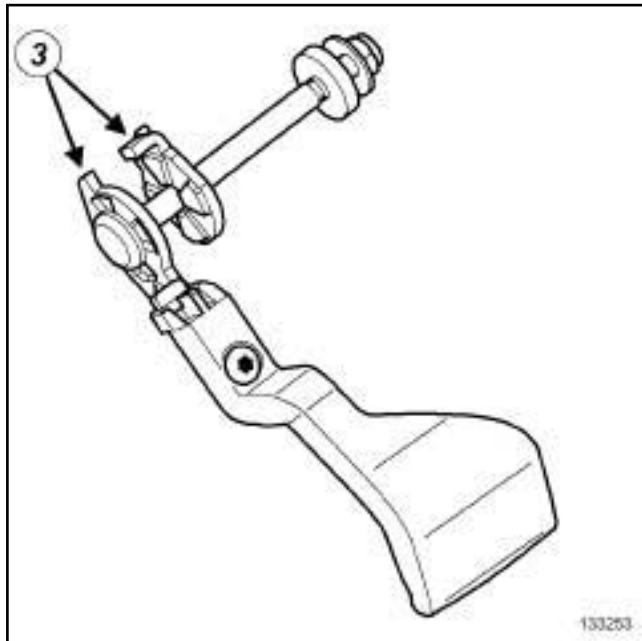


133255

- Note:**  
Note the position of the locking mechanism before removal.
- Remove:
  - the nut (2) of the adjustment handle shaft,
  - the needle bearing,
  - the « adjustment handle shaft - locking mechanism » assembly.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



133253

Note:

When refitting the handle shaft, ensure that the two notched segments (3) are correctly positioned.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

Refit:

- the « adjustment handle shaft - locking mechanism » assembly,
- the needle bearing,
- the nut of the adjustment handle shaft,
- the adjustment handle,
- the bolt of the adjustment handle.

Note:

The amount of effort required to operate the handle shaft is determined by how much it is tightened. Test to determine the correct tightening.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

Connect the various connectors.

Refit:

- the immobiliser ring,
- the half covers under the steering wheel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
- the bolts on the steering wheel lower cover.

Connect the battery (see ) (80A, Battery).

# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting

# 36A

### Tightening torques

new steering wheel bolt	44 N.m
-------------------------	--------

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair**, page 36A-2) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

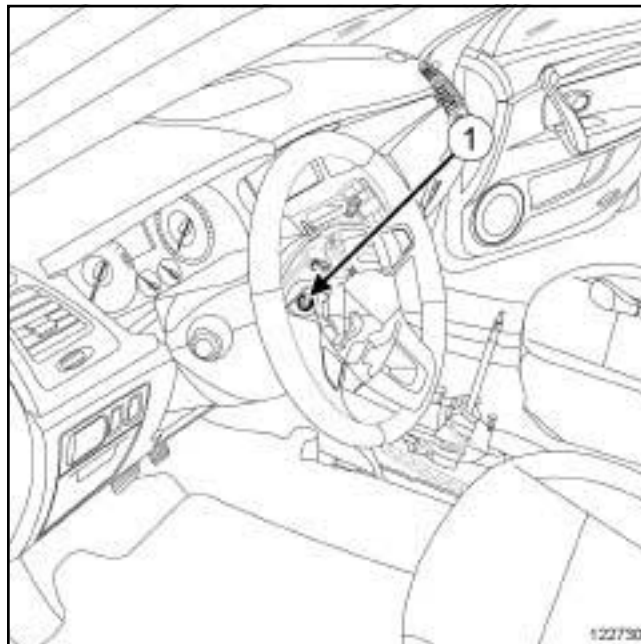
- Apply the procedure for deactivating the safety systems. (see **Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**)
- 

### WARNING

Incorrect wheel alignment may damage the rotary switch.

- Remove the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) .
- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Disconnect the connectors.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove the steering wheel bolt (1) .

### WARNING

To ensure that the electronic systems operate correctly, do not damage the locking systems of the connectors.

- Remove the steering wheel.
- 

### WARNING

To prevent damaging the rotary switch, do not turn the mobile section of the rotary switch.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: **Steering wheel bolt.**

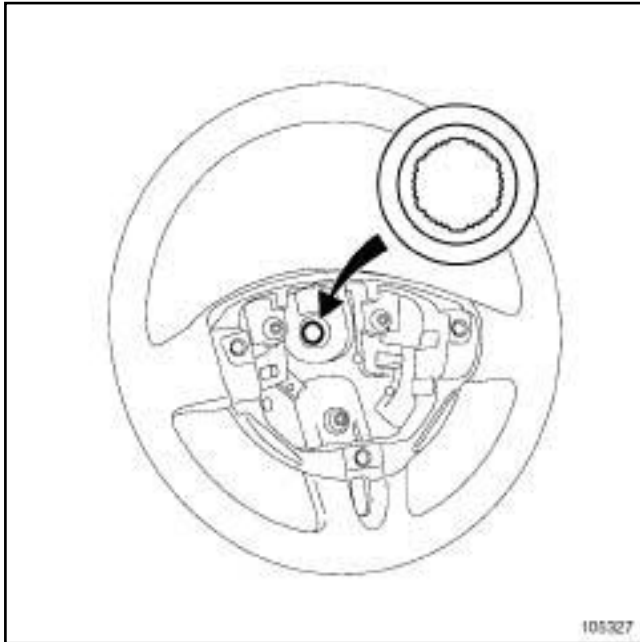


# STEERING ASSEMBLY

## Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting

36A

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



#### WARNING

In order not to damage the steering wheel or steering column, the steering wheel-column fool-proofing devices must be aligned.

- Refit the steering wheel.
- Connect the connectors.
- Refit the new steering wheel bolt.
- Torque tighten the **new steering wheel bolt (44 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) .

### IV - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check the operation of the rotary switch:
  - turn the steering wheel to the left until it stops,
  - turn the steering wheel to the right until it stops,
  - check that there are no faults on the instrument panel.

## Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

K4M – K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### Tightening torques

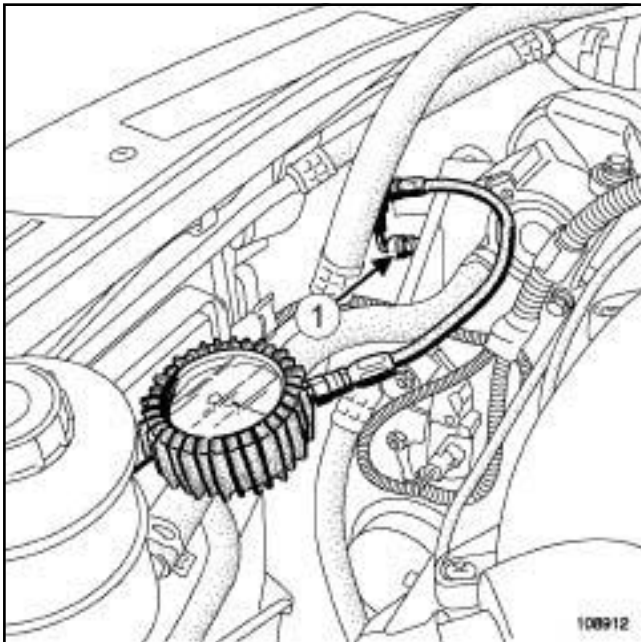
pressostat	12 N.m
power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure union	21 N.m

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.
- Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump oil inlet pipe to restrict the flow.
- 

#### Note:

Protect the alternator from escaping power assisted steering fluid.

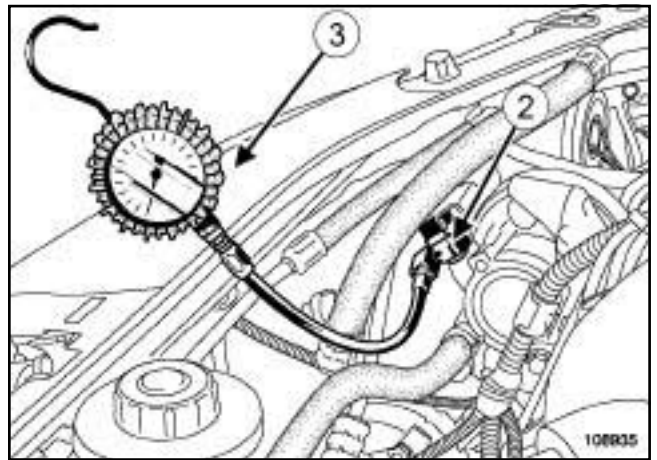
K4M



108912

- Disconnect the pressure switch connector.
- Remove the pressostat.
- Fit their place of the pressostat (1) .
- Connect the to the.

K9K



108935

- Remove the high pressure pipe union mounting from the power-assisted steering pump outlet.
- Fit the (2) between the power-assisted steering pump and the power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure union.
- Connect the (3) and the to the.
- Remove the hose clamp.
- Lower the vehicle.
- Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the power-assisted steering system, do not keep the steering at full lock.

- Set the vehicle wheels straight ahead.
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the fluid in the reservoir.
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

## Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

K4M – K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

- Check:
  - the power-assisted steering pump pressure with the steering wheel straight and not being used; the value should not exceed **5 to 7 bar**,
  - the power-assisted steering pump pressure with the steering wheel turned as far as it will go; the maximum value should be **79 to 86 bar**.
- Switch off the engine.
- Raise the vehicle.
- Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump oil inlet pipe to restrict the flow.
- Remove the then its adapter.

### WARNING

Be sure to replace the O-rings removed from the power-assisted steering unions.

K4M

- Remove the and its union.
- Refit the pressostat.
- Torque tighten the **pressostat (12 N.m)**.
- Connect its connector.

K9K

- Remove the and its union.
- Refit the power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure pipe union.
- Torque tighten the **power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure union (21 N.m)**.
- Remove the hose clamp.
- Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.

- Set the vehicle wheels straight ahead.

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the power-assisted steering system, do not keep the steering at full lock.

- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the fluid in the reservoir.
- Refit:
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- Check that there are no leaks.
- Refit the engine undertray.

## Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

### Tightening torques

bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly	<b>25 N.m</b>
---	---------------

bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly	<b>25 N.m</b>
---	---------------

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the power-assisted steering pump assembly mountings.
- Fit a hose clamp on the flexible pipe of the power-assisted steering pump assembly.

**Note:**

Prepare for oil escaping from the power-assisted steering system.

- Remove the bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
- Disconnect the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
- Fit the between the power-assisted steering pump assembly and the power-assisted steering pump assembly outlet high pressure pipe union.
- Refit the high pressure pipe union mounting bolt and of the to the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
- Torque tighten the **bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly (25 N.m)**.
- Connect the pressure gauge of the to the using union "C".
- Remove the hose clamp.

- Lower the vehicle.
- Fill up the power assisted steering oil circuit (type: **ELF RENAULTMATIC D2**).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Fill the oil to the correct level in the reservoir (if necessary).
- Check the pressure of the power-assisted steering pump assembly with the steering wheel at full lock: the maximum value should be **90 bar**.
- Switch off the engine.
- Raise the vehicle.
- Fit a hose clamp on the flexible pipe of the power-assisted steering pump assembly.

**Note:**

Be sure to replace the O-rings removed from the power-assisted steering unions.

- Remove:
  - the pressure gauge of the and its union "C",
  - the mounting bolt of the and of the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
- Reconnect the high pressure pipe union to the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
- Refit the high pressure pipe union mounting bolt to the power assisted steering pump assembly.
- Torque tighten the **bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly (25 N.m)**.
- Remove the hose clamp.
- Fill up the power assisted steering oil circuit (type: **ELF RENAULTMATIC D2**).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Fill the oil to the correct level in the reservoir (if necessary).
- Check that there are no leaks.
- Refit:
  - the power-assisted steering pump assembly mountings,

## Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### Special tooling required

**Ms. 583** Pipe clamps.

### Tightening torques

power-assisted steering pump bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pump high pressure union	<b>21 N.m</b>
power assisted steering pump support bolt on the sump	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe support mounting bolt	<b>21 N.m</b>

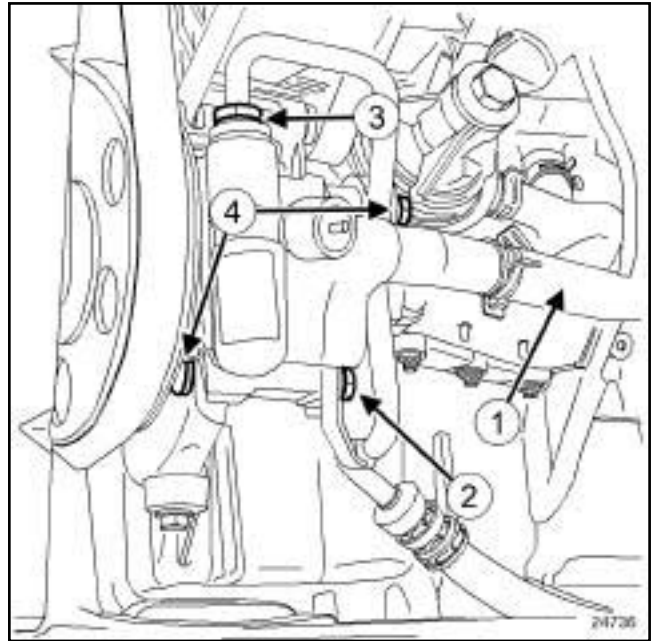
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **02A, Lifting equipment, Vehicle: Towing and lifting**).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**),
  - the engine undertray,
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the accessories belt (see **Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**) (11A, Top and front of engine).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Fit the hose clamps on the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power assisted steering pump.
- Remove the hydraulic input hose clip on the pump using the.

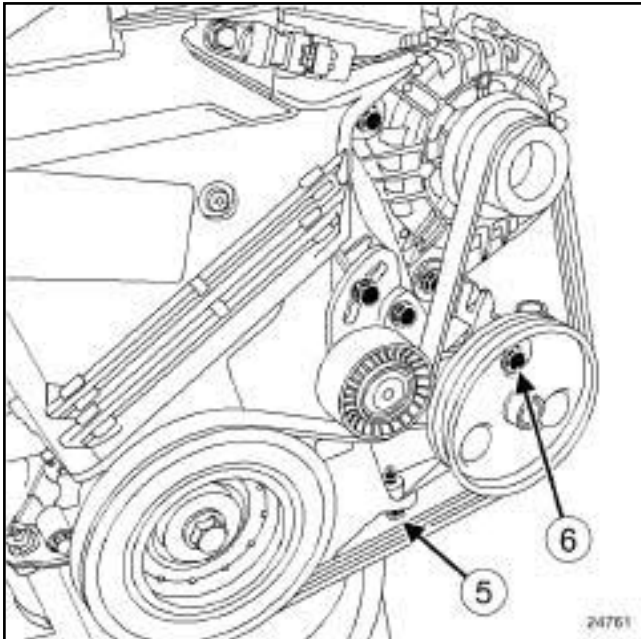


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- Disconnect the inlet hose (1) .
- Remove the bolt (2) from the high pressure pipe support on the power-assisted steering pump.
- Unscrew the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe union (3) .
- Disconnect the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe.
- Fit plugs to the pipe and power assisted steering pump openings to prevent impurities from entering.
- Remove the power-assisted steering pump bolts (4) on the multifunction support.

## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



24761

### Remove:

- the bolt (5) of the power-assisted steering pump support on the sump,
- the power-assisted steering pump bolt (6) on the multifunction support,
- the power-assisted steering pump.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

□

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

#### Refit:

- the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the power-assisted steering pump support mounting bolt on the sump.
- Remove the plugs from the pipe openings.
- Screw the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump.

- Refit the high pressure pipe support bolt on the power-assisted steering pump.

#### Note:

Tighten to torque first the two bolts on the accessories belt side, then the bolts on the other side.

#### Torque tighten:

- the **power-assisted steering pump bolts (21 N.m)**,
- the **power-assisted steering pump high pressure union (21 N.m)**,
- the **power assisted steering pump support bolt on the sump (21 N.m)**,
- the **power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe support mounting bolt (21 N.m)**.

- Connect the inlet hose on the power-assisted steering pump.

- Refit the hydraulic inlet hose clip on the power-assisted steering pump using the.

- Remove the hose clamps (**Ms. 583**) on the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power assisted steering pump.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the accessories belt (11A, Top and front of engine) (see **Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**).

- Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (see 04B, Consumables - Products).

- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.

- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.

- Top up the fluid in the reservoir.

- Check that there are no leaks.

- Refit the engine undertray.

## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and AIR CONDITIONING

### Special tooling required

**Ms. 583** Pipe clamps.

### Tightening torques

power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multi-function support	<b>21 N.m</b>
--	---------------

high pressure union on the power-assisted steering pump	<b>21 N.m</b>
---	---------------

high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block	<b>21 N.m</b>
---	---------------

injector rail protector nuts	<b>21 N.m</b>
------------------------------	---------------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **02A, Lifting equipment, Vehicle: Towing and lifting**).
- Remove:
  - the accessories belt (see **11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**),
  - the injector rail protector.

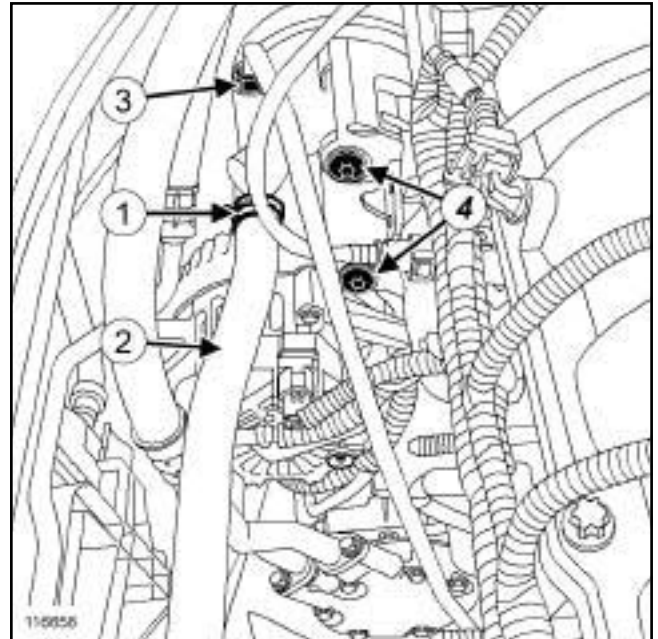
#### WARNING

Protect the alternator from escaping power assisted steering fluid.

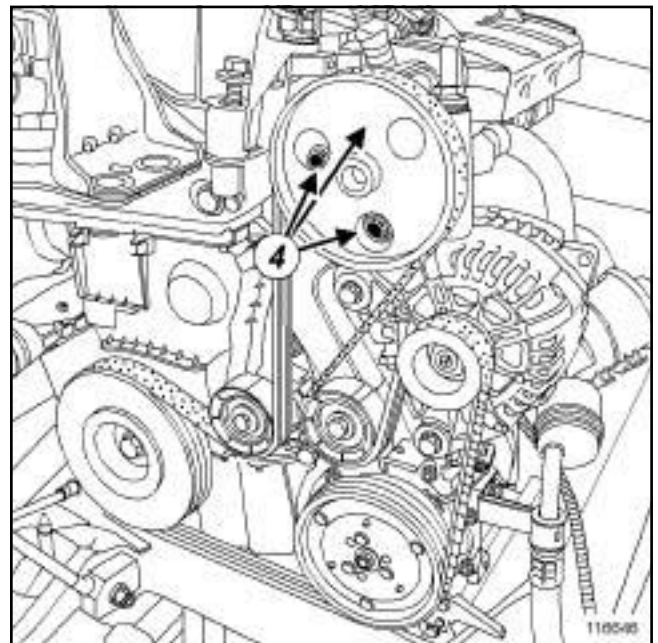
- Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Fit hose clamps (**Ms. 583**) on the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power-assisted steering pump.



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- Remove the hydraulic inlet hose clip (1) on the power-assisted steering pump using the tool.
- Disconnect the inlet hose (2) .
- Disconnect the pipe connecting the « dehydrator reservoir and the expansion valve » on the motor-driven fan assembly.
- Remove:
  - the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block,
  - the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe union (3) .



## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and AIR CONDITIONING

- Disconnect the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe.
- Fit plugs to the pipe and power-assisted steering pump openings to prevent impurities from entering.
- Remove:
  - the bolts **(4)** from the power-assisted steering pump on the multifunction support,
  - the power-assisted steering pump towards the motor-driven fan assembly.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

**WARNING**

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support.
- Remove the plugs from the pipe openings.
- Refit:
  - the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block.
- Torque tighten:

**Note:**

Tighten to torque first the two bolts on the accessories belt side, then the bolts on the other side.

- the **power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support (21 N.m)**,
- the **high pressure union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m)**,
- the **high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m)**.
- Clip the pipe connecting the « dehydrator reservoir and the expansion valve » on the motor-driven fan assembly.
- Connect the inlet hose on the power-assisted steering pump.
- Refit the hydraulic inlet hose clip on the power-assisted steering pump using the.
- Remove the hose clamps **(Ms. 583)** from the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power-assisted steering pump.

## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and AIR CONDITIONING

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the injector rail protector,
  - the accessories belt (see **Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**) (see 11A, Top and front of engine).
- Torque tighten the **injector rail protector nuts (21 N.m)**.
- Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (see 04B, Consumables - Products).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the level of oil in the reservoir.
- Check that there are no leaks.

## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

### Special tooling required

**Ms. 583** Pipe clamps.

### Tightening torques

power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multi-function support	<b>21 N.m</b>
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high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump	<b>21 N.m</b>
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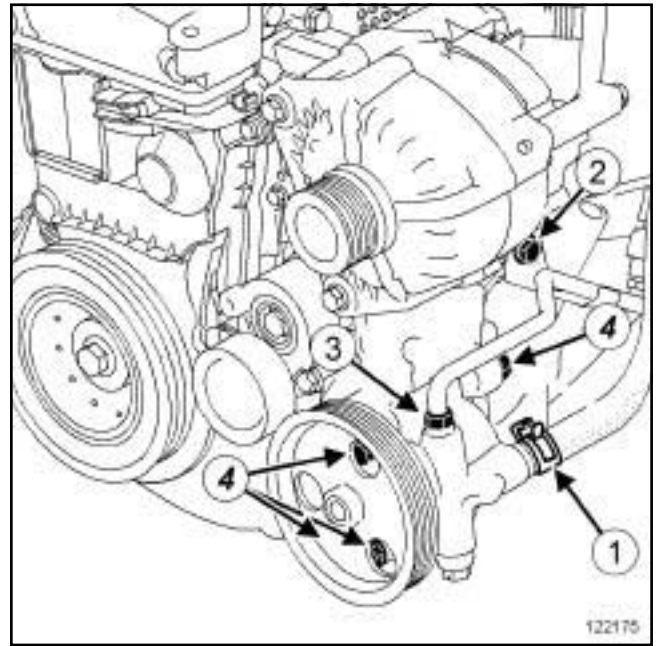
high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the cylinder block	<b>21 N.m</b>
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the accessories belt (see **Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**) (11A, Top and front of engine),
  - the engine undertray.
- Fit a hose clamp (**Ms. 583**) to the power-assisted steering pump inlet low pressure pipe.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



122175

- Remove the clip (1) from the power-assisted steering pump low pressure pipe using the.
- Disconnect the low pressure hydraulic pipe from the power-assisted steering pump.
- Remove:
  - the high pressure pipe bracket bolt (2) on the cylinder block,
  - the high pressure pipe union (3) from the power-assisted steering pump.
- Detach the high pressure pipe from the power-assisted steering pump.
- Fit plugs to the pipe and power-assisted steering pump openings to prevent impurities from entering.
- Remove:
  - the bolts (4) from the power-assisted steering pump on the multifunction support,
  - the power-assisted steering pump.

## Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

**WARNING**

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

 Refit:

- the power-assisted steering pump,
- the power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support.

 Remove the plugs in the pipe openings. Refit:

- the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the cylinder block.

**Note:**

Torque tighten the bolts on the accessories belt side first, then the bolt on the other side.

 Torque tighten:

- the **power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support (21 N.m)**,
  - the **high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m)**,
  - the **high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the low pressure pipe to the power-assisted steering pump.
- Refit the low pressure pipe clip on the power-assisted steering pump using the.
- Remove the hose clamp (**Ms. 583**) from the low pressure hydraulic pipe of the power-assisted steering pump.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

 Refit:

- the engine undertray,
- the accessories belt (see **Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**) (11A, Top and front of engine),
- the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .

Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products),

Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.

Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.

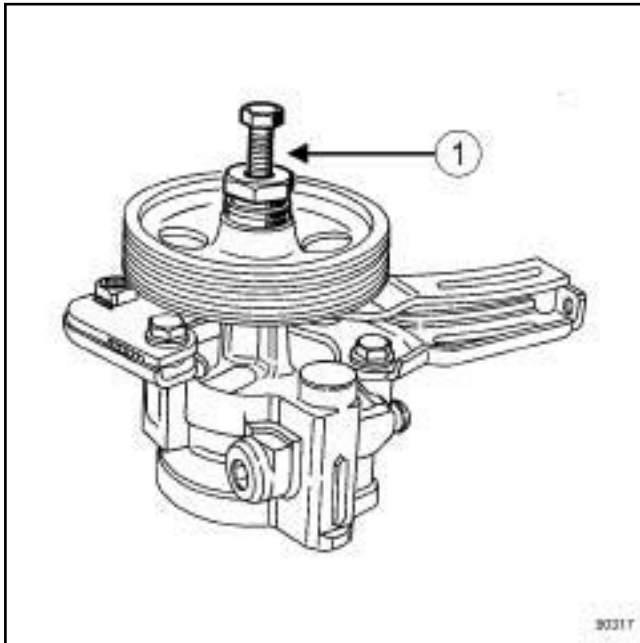
Top up the fluid in the reservoir.

Check that there are no leaks.

Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

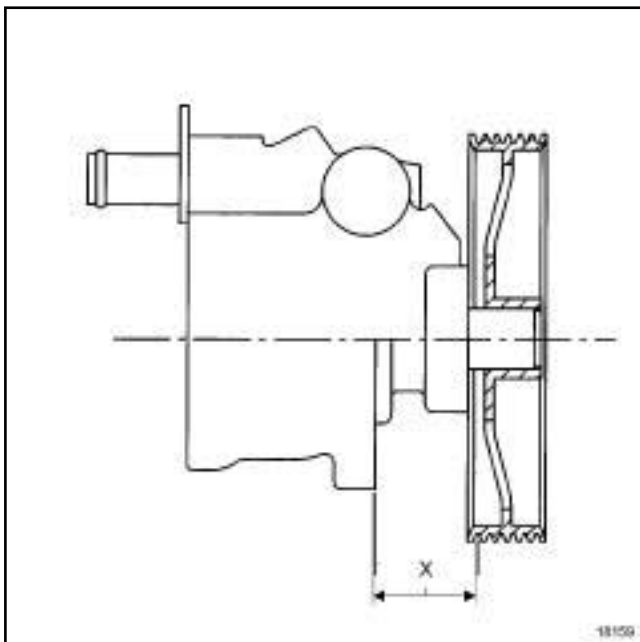
**REMOVAL**

- ❑ Remove the power assisted steering pump (see 36B, Power assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting, page 36B-5).
- ❑ Use the press with a jaw extractor.

**REFITTING**

90317

- ❑ Fit the pulley using the (1) until you reach the measured fitting dimension (lubricate the threading and the pressure point on the pulley thoroughly).



18159

- ❑ Follow the pulley fitting dimension measurement, **X=25.4 mm ± 0.4**.

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1448** Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

### Tightening torques

pump assembly bolts	<b>21 N.m</b>
power-assisted steering pump assembly nut	<b>21 N.m</b>
high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the pump assembly	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

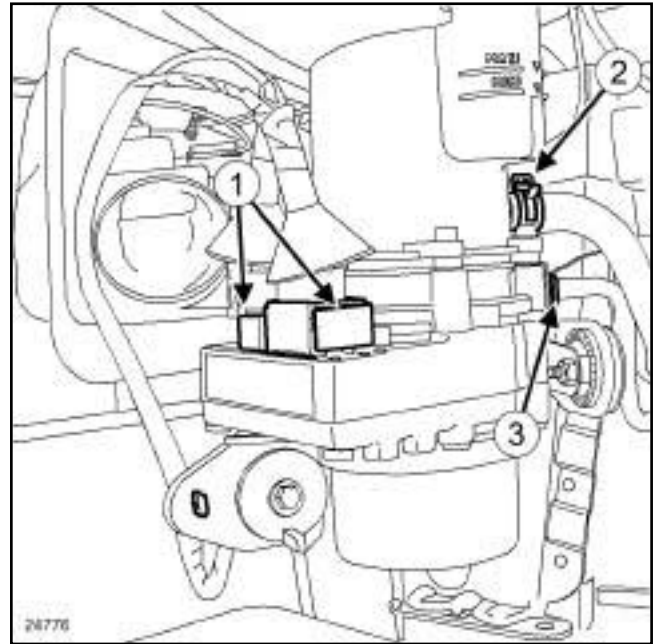
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair**, page **36A-2**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

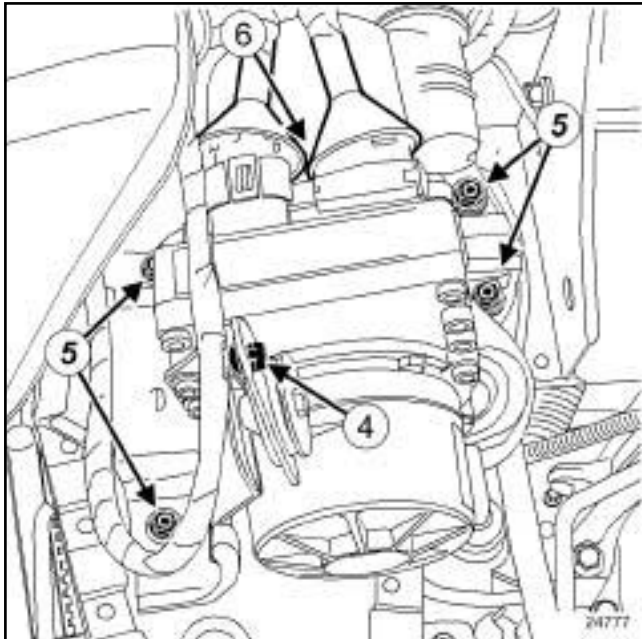
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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- Disconnect the pump assembly connectors (1).
- Undo the low pressure pipe clip (2) on the pump assembly reservoir using their (**Mot. 1448**).
- Disconnect the low pressure pipe and drain the pump assembly reservoir.
- Remove the high pressure pipe bracket bolt (3) from the pump assembly.
- Disconnect the high pressure pipe from the pump assembly.
- Fit plugs to the pipes and pump assembly openings to prevent any impurities from entering the circuit.

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING



24777

- Unclip the power-assisted steering pump assembly wiring at (4) .
- Remove:
  - the bolts (5) from the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
  - the nut (6) ,
  - the pump assembly with its mounting.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the O-ring of the high pressure pipe.

Note:

The power-assisted steering pump assembly is sold with its mounting.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the pump assembly with its mounting.
- Refit the power-assisted steering pump assembly mounting nut and bolts.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **pump assembly bolts (21 N.m)**,
  - the **power-assisted steering pump assembly nut (21 N.m)**.

- Remove the plugs from the pipes and pump assembly openings.
- Connect the high pressure pipe fitted with new seals to the pump assembly.
- Refit the bolt securing the high pressure pipe bracket on the pump assembly.
- Torque tighten the **high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the pump assembly (21 N.m)**.
- Connect the low pressure pipe to the pump assembly reservoir using theor (**Mot. 1448**).
- Clip the pump assembly wiring.
- Connect the pump assembly connectors.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine stopped.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Fill the oil to the correct level in the reservoir (if necessary).
- Check that there are no leaks.
- Refit:
  - the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
- When replacing the pump assembly, program the power-assisted steering pump assembly computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (36B, Power-assisted steering).

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K4M

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1448** Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

### Tightening torques

low pressure pipe union on the steering box **21 N.m**

low pressure pipe bracket bolt on the sub-frame **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe union on the steering box **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe bolt on the steering box **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe bolt on the gearbox suspended mounting **21 N.m**

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.

#### 1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir

- Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

#### 2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

- Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump supply pipe.

Remove:

- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

#### 3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box

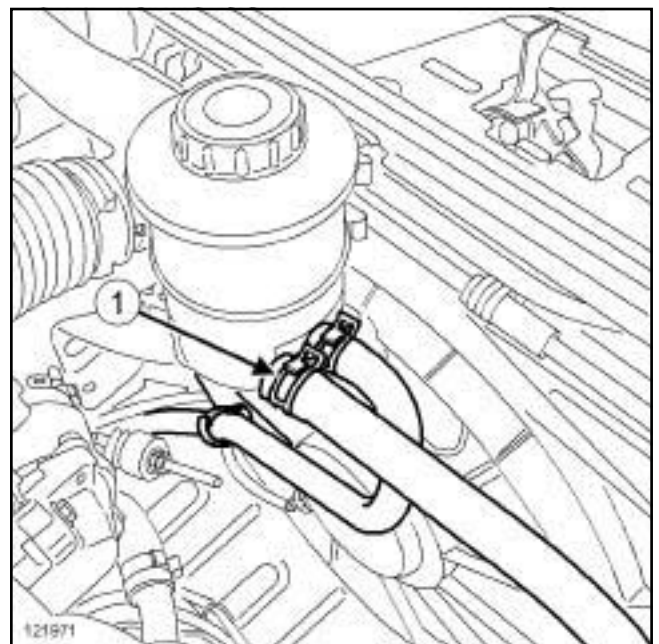
- Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

Remove:

- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

### 1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir



121971

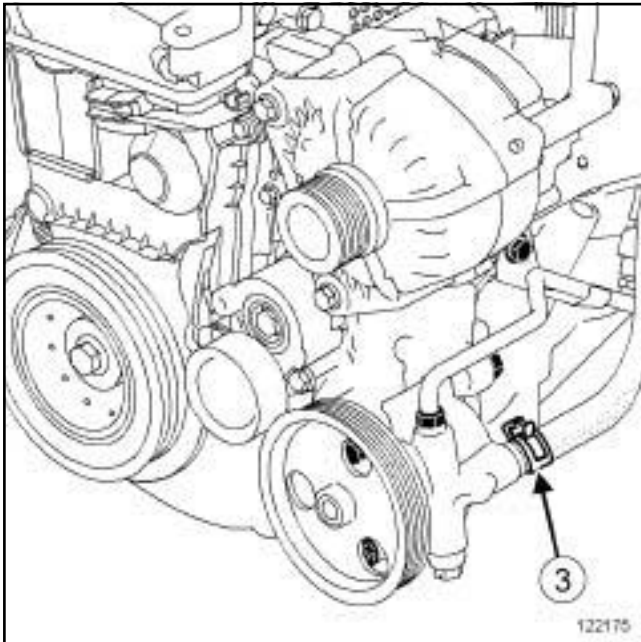
- Loosen the low pressure pipe clip (1) on the reservoir using tool (**Mot. 1448**).
- Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.



## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K4M

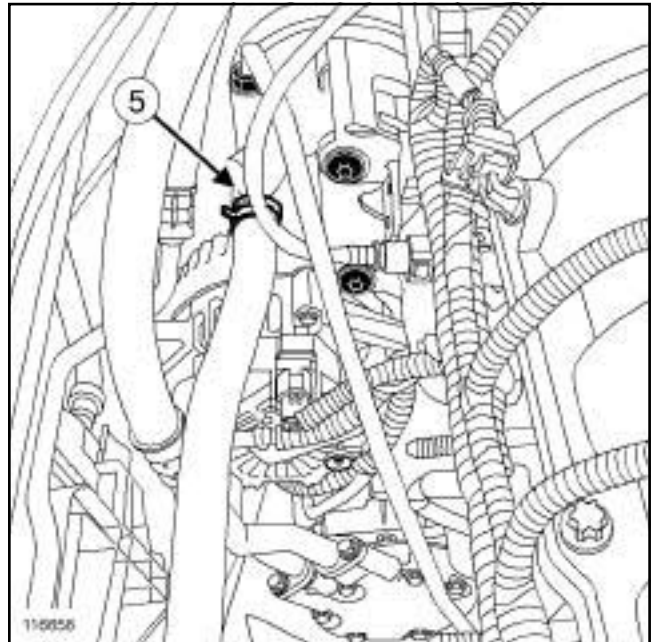
### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



122175

- Loosen the clip (3) using tool (Mot. 1448),
- Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

### AIR CONDITIONING



116658

- Loosen the clip (5) using tool (Mot. 1448).
- Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.
- Remove the low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir.

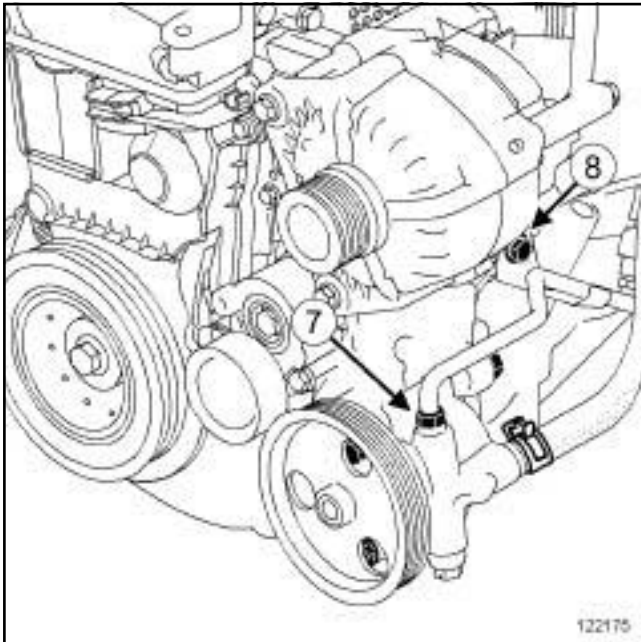
### 2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

- Disconnect the pressure switch connector.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K4M

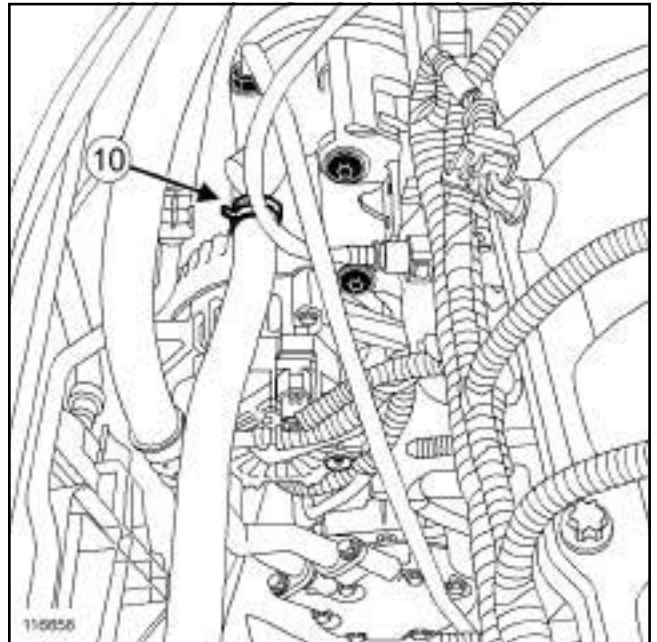
### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



122175

- Remove the high pressure pipe bolt (8) from the multifunction support.
- Remove:
  - the high pressure pipe union (7) on the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

### AIR CONDITIONING

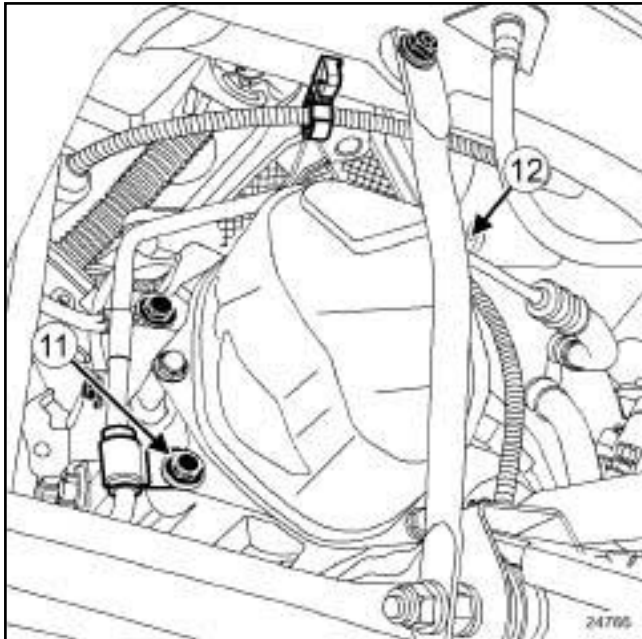


116658

- Remove:
  - the high pressure pipe union (10) on the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

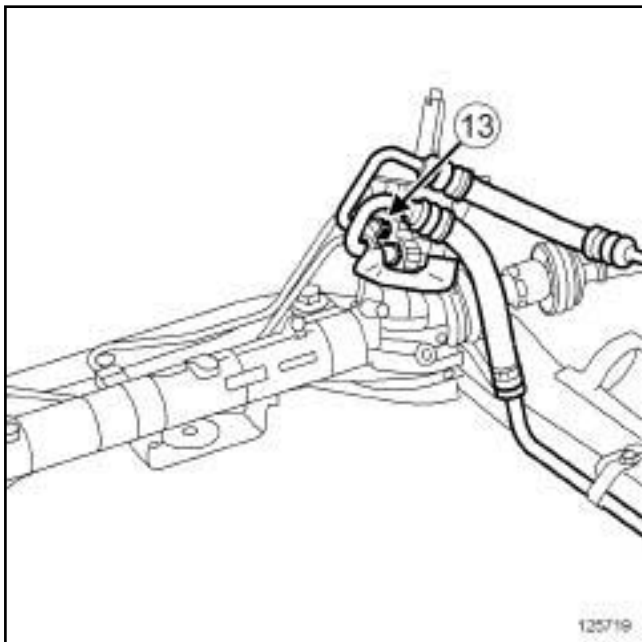
K4M



24766

❑ Remove:

- the bolt (11) on the high pressure pipe on the gear-box,
- the bolt (12) on the high pressure pipe on the gear-box suspended mounting.



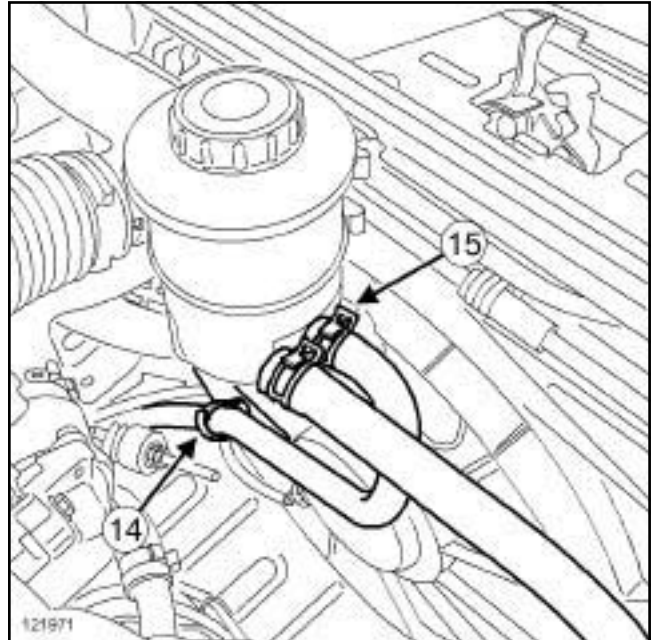
125719

❑ Remove:

- the heat-resistant protector bolts,
- the steering box heat shield,
- the high pressure pipe union (13) on the steering box,

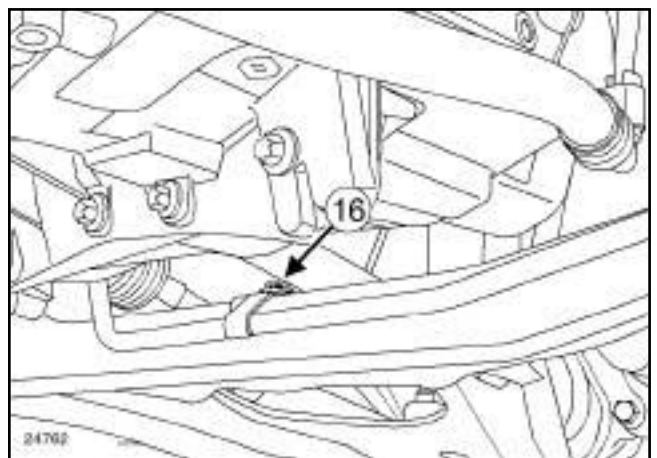
- the high pressure pipe on the steering box,
- the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe.

**3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box**



121971

- ❑ Unclip the low pressure pipe at (14) .
- ❑ Loosen the clip (15) using tool (Mot. 1448).
- ❑ Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.



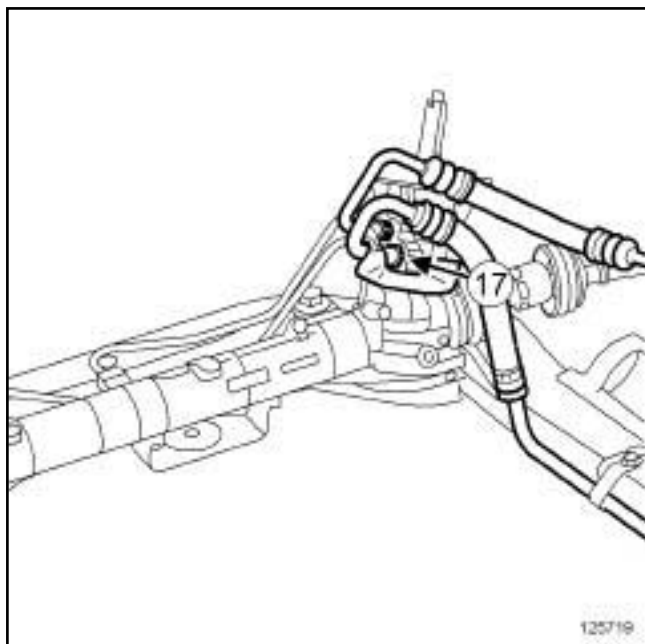
24762

❑ Remove:

- the bolt (16) on the low pressure pipe bracket on the sub-frame,
- the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
- the heat shield.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K4M



125719

### ❑ Remove:

- the low pressure pipe union (17) on the steering box,
- the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Always replace the O-rings on the power-assisted steering pipes.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

#### 1 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box

##### ❑ Refit:

- the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box,
- the low pressure pipe union on the steering box,
- the bolt on the low pressure pipe bracket on the sub-frame,

##### ❑ Torque tighten:

- the **low pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m)**,
- the **low pressure pipe bracket bolt on the sub-frame (21 N.m)**.

##### ❑ Refit:

- the steering box heat shield,
- the heat-resistant protector bolts,
- the low pressure pipe on the reservoir,
- the clip using the **(Mot. 1448)**.

- ❑ Clip the low pressure pipe onto the fan unit mounting.

#### 2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

##### ❑ Refit:

- the high pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box,
- the high pressure pipe union on the steering box,
- the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the high pressure pipe bolt on the suspended mounting of the gearbox,
- the high pressure pipe bolt on the gearbox.

##### ❑ Torque tighten:

- the **high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m)**,
- the **high pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m)**
- the **high pressure pipe bolt on the steering box (21 N.m)**
- the **high pressure pipe bolt on the gearbox suspended mounting (21 N.m)**.

##### ❑ Refit:

- the heat-resistant protector from the steering unit.
- the bolts on the heat shield.

- ❑ Connect the pressostat connector.

#### 3 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir

##### ❑ Refit:

- the low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir,
- the low pressure pipe to the power-assisted steering pump,
- the low pressure pipe on the reservoir,
- the clips using the **(Mot. 1448)**.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K4M

## III - FINAL OPERATION

 Refit:

- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
- the engine undertray,

 Remove the hose clamp. Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).**WARNING**

To avoid damaging the power-assisted steering system, do not keep the steering at full lock.

- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the power-assisted steering fluid level if necessary.
- Check that there are no leaks.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### Special tooling required

**Mot. 1448** Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

### Tightening torques

high pressure pipe union on the steering box **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe bolts on the gearbox **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe bolt on the power-assisted steering pump assembly **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump **21 N.m**

high pressure pipe clamp bolt on the power-assisted steering pump **21 N.m**

low pressure pipe union on the steering box **21 N.m**

### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

Remove:

- the engine cover,
- the engine undertray.

**1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir**

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

**2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box**

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump supply pipe.

### AIR CONDITIONING

Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

Remove:

- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1),
- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

**3 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir**

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump supply pipe.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K9K

## AIR CONDITIONING

- Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

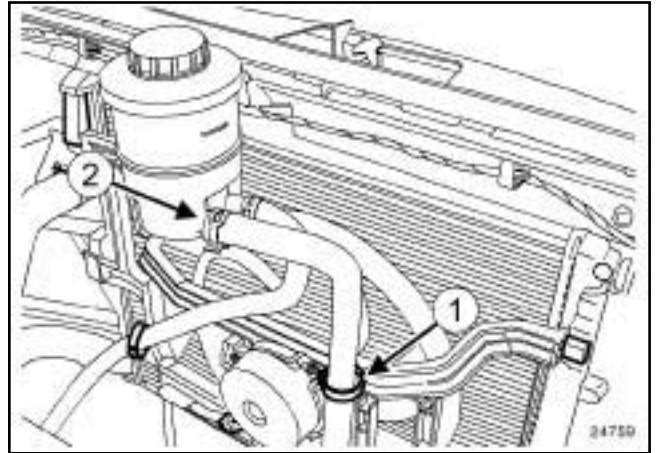
- Remove:

- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),

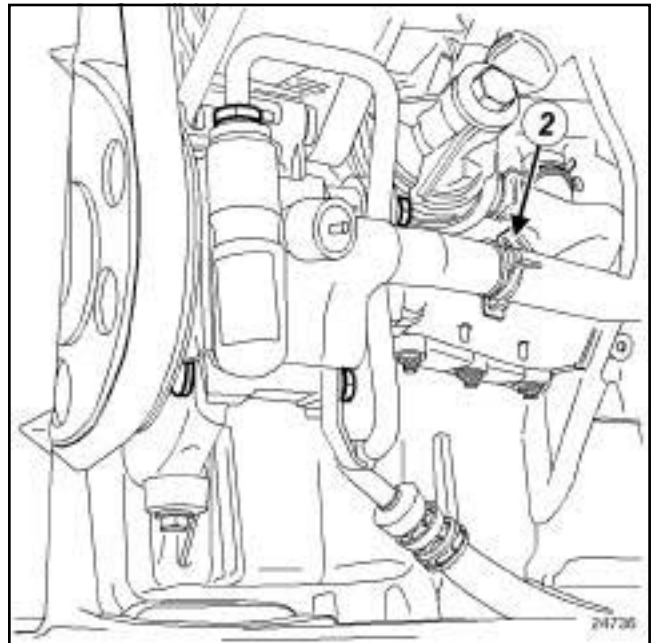
## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

## 1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir

## STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



24759



24736

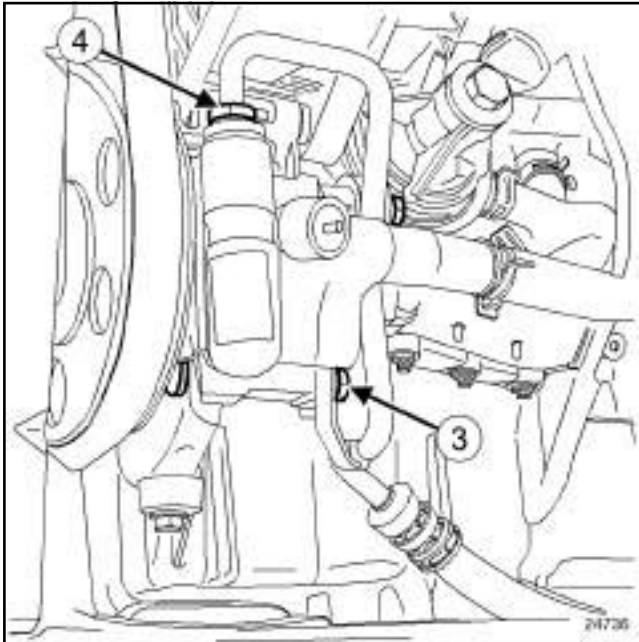
- Unclip the low pressure pipe at (1) .
- Loosen the clips (2) using tool (**Mot. 1448**).
- Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump and on the reservoir.
- Remove the low pressure pipe.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K9K

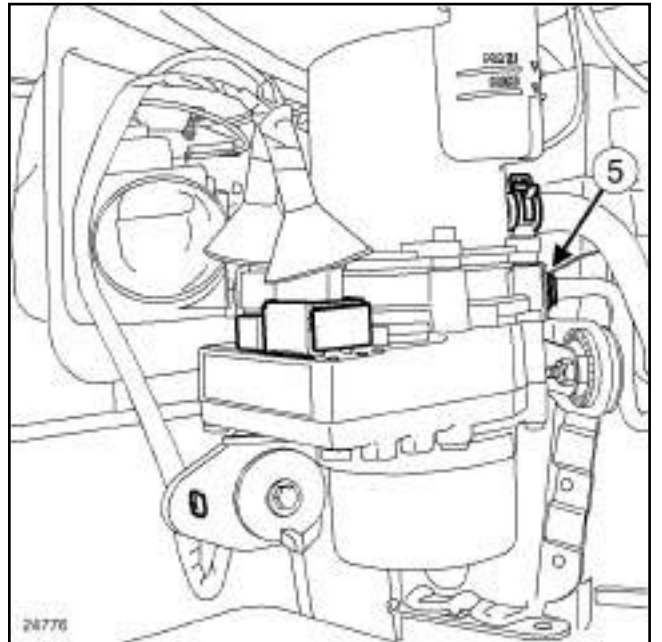
2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

### STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



- Remove:
  - the high pressure pipe clamp bolt (3) on the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the high pressure pipe union (4) .
- Disconnect the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

### AIR CONDITIONING

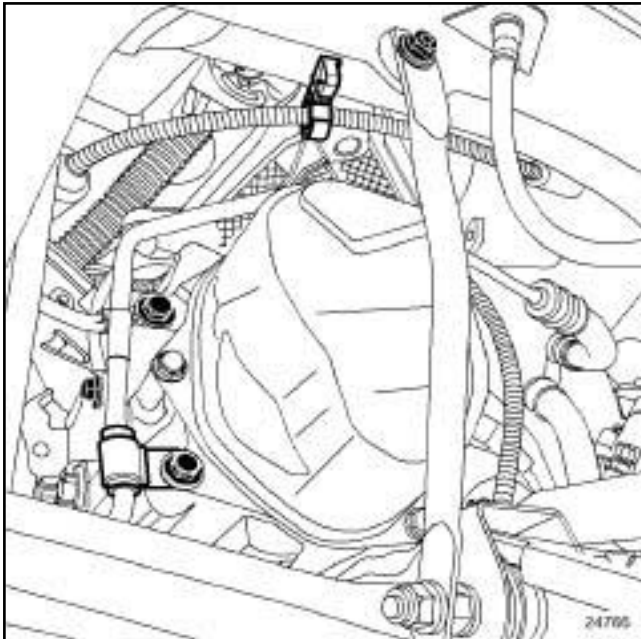


- Remove:
  - the high pressure pipe bolt (5) on the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
  - the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.



## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

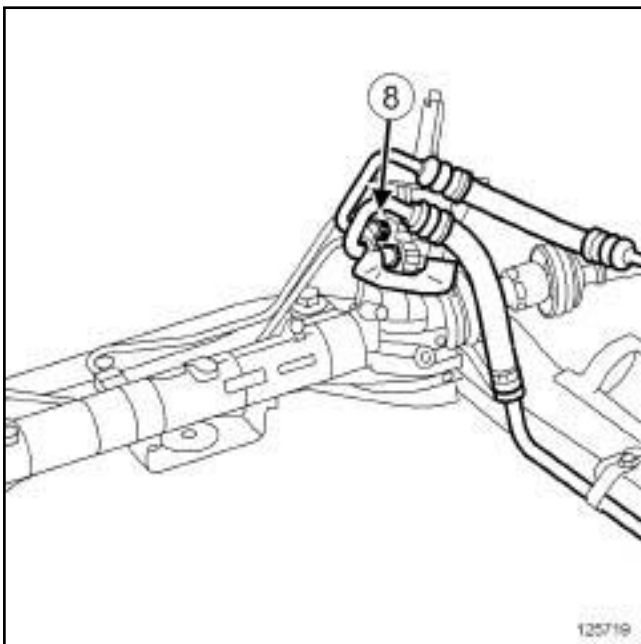
K9K



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Remove:

- the high pressure pipe bolt (6) on the gearbox suspended mounting,
- the bolt (7) on the high pressure pipe on the gearbox,
- the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
- the heat shield.



125719

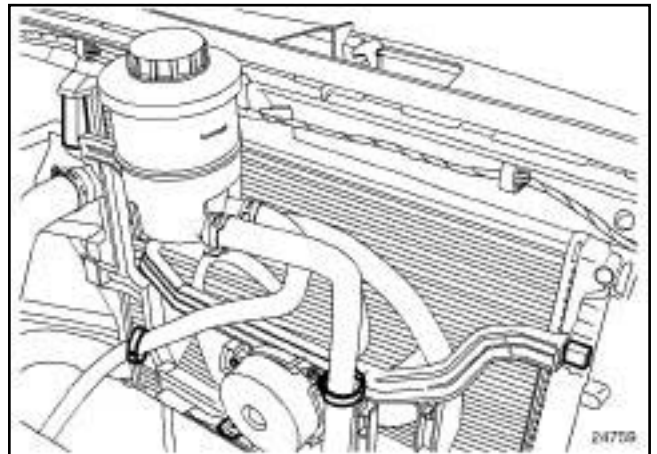
Remove:

- the high pressure pipe union (8) on the steering box,

- the high pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box.

**3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the power-assisted steering box**

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



24759

- Unclip the low pressure pipe at (9) .

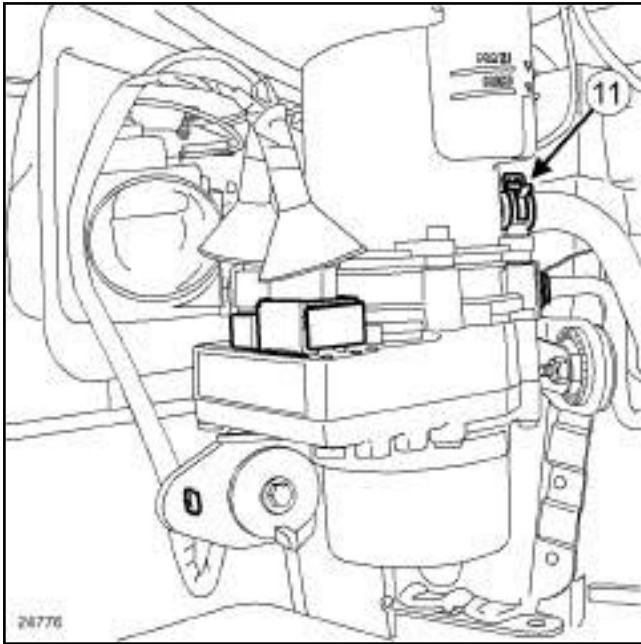
Remove:

- the clip (10) using the (Mot. 1448),
- the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

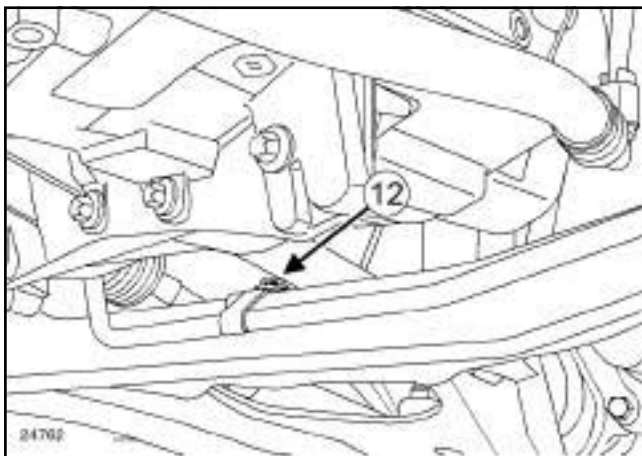
K9K

### AIR CONDITIONING



Remove:

- the clip (11) using the **(Mot. 1448)**,
- the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.



Remove:

- the low pressure pipe clamp (12) bolt on the sub-frame,
- the heat shield bolts,
- the heat shield.



125719

Remove:

- the low pressure pipe union (13) on the steering box,
- the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the O-rings on the power-assisted steering pipes.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

##### 1 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the power-assisted steering box

Refit:

- the low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir,
- the clips using the **(Mot. 1448)**.

- Clip the low pressure pipe onto the fan unit mounting.

## Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K9K

**2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box**

- Refit:
  - the high pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box,
  - the high pressure pipe union on the steering box.
- Torque tighten the **high pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the high pressure pipe bolts on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten the **high pressure pipe bolts on the gearbox (21 N.m)**.

**AIR CONDITIONING**

- Refit:
  - the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
  - the high pressure pipe bolt on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly (21 N.m)**,
  - the **high pressure pipe bolt on the power-assisted steering pump assembly (21 N.m)**.

**STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION**

- Refit:
  - the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
  - the high pressure pipe clamp bolt on the power-assisted steering pump.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m)**,
  - the **high pressure pipe clamp bolt on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m)**.

**3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box**

- Refit:
  - the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box,
  - the low pressure pipe union on the steering box,
- Torque tighten the **low pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the low pressure pipe on the reservoir,
  - the clip using the **(Mot. 1448)**.

**STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION**

- Clip the low pressure pipe onto the fan unit mounting.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit:
  - the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1),
  - the engine undertray,
  - the engine cover.
- Remove the hose clamp.
- Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with **ELF RENAULT MATIC D2** oil (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- Top up the power-assisted steering fluid level if necessary.
- Check that there are no leaks.

### I - SAFETY

#### 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

#### 2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Using a mixture of two incompatible brake fluids in the brake circuit may give rise to:

- serious risk of leakage due mainly to deterioration of the cups,
- degradation of the ESP system.

To avoid such risks, only ever use brake fluids which comply with the RENAULT standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### WARNING

Switch off the vehicle ignition so as not to activate the hydraulic unit solenoid valves when bleeding the brake circuit.

Reminder:

- The pipes between the master cylinder, the callipers, and the hydraulic unit are connected using threaded unions with a metric thread.
- Therefore, only parts specified in the Parts Catalogue for this vehicle should be used.

#### IMPORTANT

To ensure that the ABS and ESP systems operate correctly, check that the underbody brake pipes are clipped in place and are not crossed.

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

If, during work on the brake system, any damage on any part is observed, it must be repaired before driving the vehicle again.

### II - CLEANLINESS

#### 1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

#### 2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

To avoid contaminating the brake circuit, do not allow the brake circuit components to drop on the ground.

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 1 - Master cylinder - brake servo

Always replace the master cylinder seals.

Check that the brake servo seal is in place. Replace the seal if it is damaged.

Always replace the master cylinder - brake servo assembly when the master cylinder leaks into the brake servo. The brake servo becomes unusable when the rubber diaphragm is contaminated with brake fluid.

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid breaking the connection between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal, check that the safety clevis pin is locked onto the brake servo pushrod by tilting it from the top downwards.

#### 2 - Brake hose

#### WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

## Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

### Tightening torques

nuts on the brake servo	<b>21 N.m</b>
rigid brake pipe unions on the master cylinder	<b>14 N.m</b>

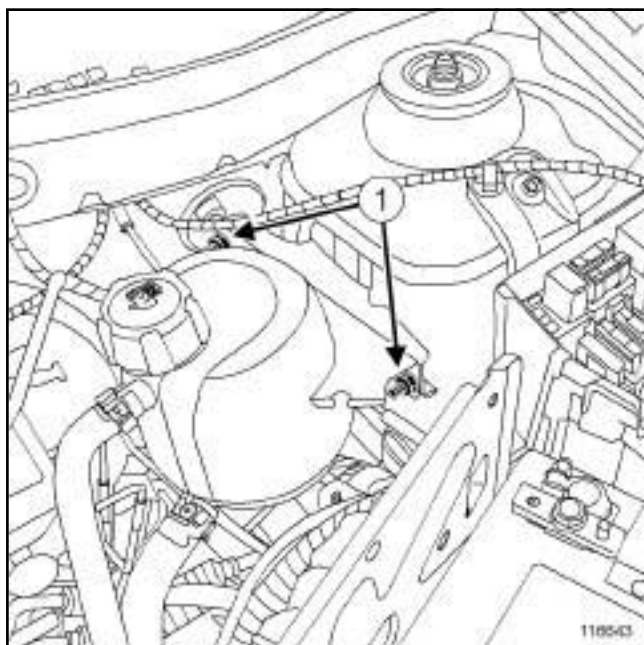
### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

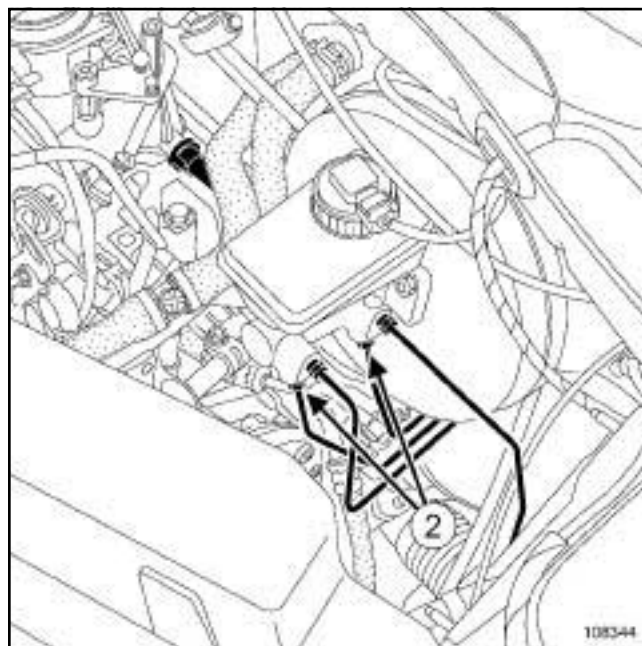


116643

- Remove the expansion bottle nuts (1) .
- Move aside the expansion bottle, without emptying it.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

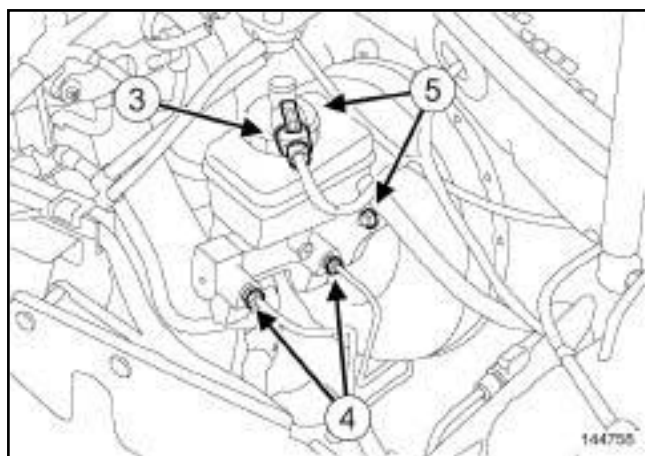
WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



108344

- Remove the rigid brake pipe unions at (2) and mark their position.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

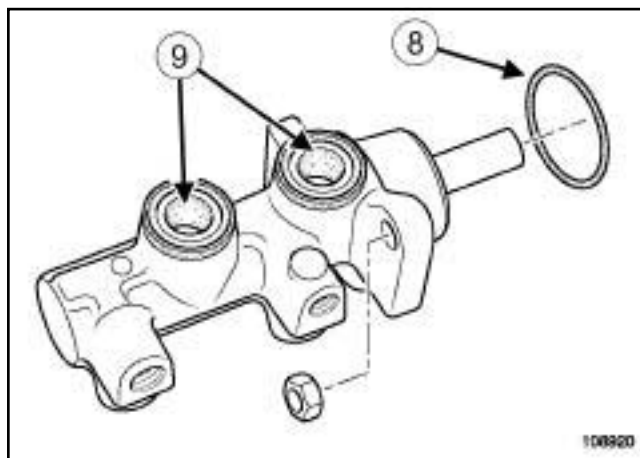


144758

- Disconnect the brake fluid level sensor connector (3).
- Remove the brake fluid filler cap.
- Drain the brake fluid reservoir with a syringe.
- Place a container under the master cylinder to collect the brake fluid.
- Disconnect the supply pipe of the clutch master cylinder.
- Remove:
  - the brake fluid reservoir,
  - the rigid brake pipe unions (4) from the master cylinder and mark their position,
- Remove:
  - the master cylinder nuts on the brake servo (5),
  - the brake master cylinder.
- Fit blanking plugs on the openings of the master cylinder and the brake pipes.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



108920

- parts always to be replaced: Master cylinder seal on brake fluid reservoir side (9).**
- parts always to be replaced: Master cylinder seal on brake servo side (8).**

#### Note:

It is essential to replace the master cylinder/brake servo assembly when the master cylinder leaks into the brake servo.

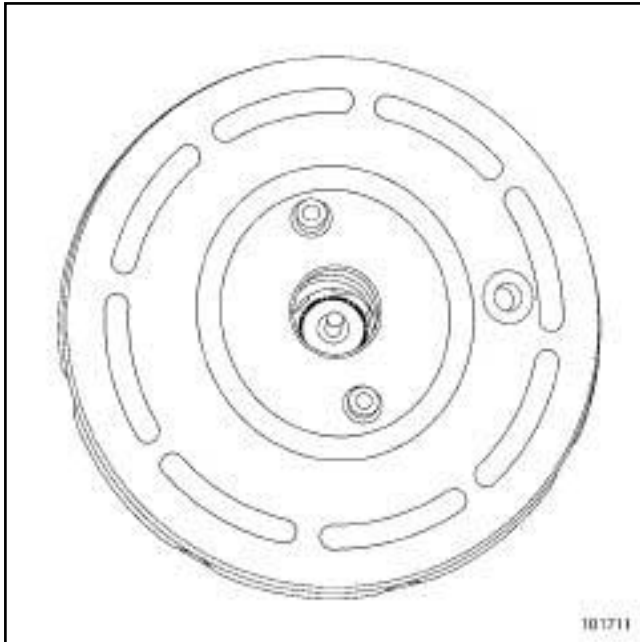
The brake servo becomes unusable when the rubber membrane is contaminated with brake fluid.

- Remove the blanking plugs.

## Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

## II - REFITTING OPERATION



101711

- Line up the master cylinder with the brake servo so that the pushrod goes into the master cylinder housing.
- Torque tighten the **nuts on the brake servo (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the rigid brake pipe unions.
- Torque tighten the **rigid brake pipe unions on the master cylinder (14 N.m)**.
- Snap the brake fluid reservoir onto the master cylinder correctly at **(9)**.
- Connect the brake fluid level sensor connector.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the expansion bottle.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Refit the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Perform the following operations:
  - fill up the brake fluid reservoir,
  - bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4),
  - bleed the clutch circuit (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch circuit: Bleed**, page 37A-37).

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

### Equipment required

pedal press

### Tightening torques

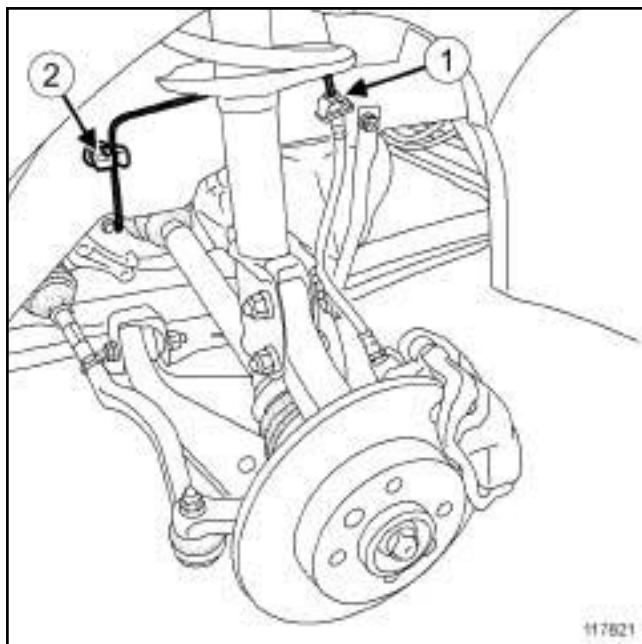
brake pipe union on the master cylinder **14 N.m**

brake pipe union on the brake hose **14 N.m**

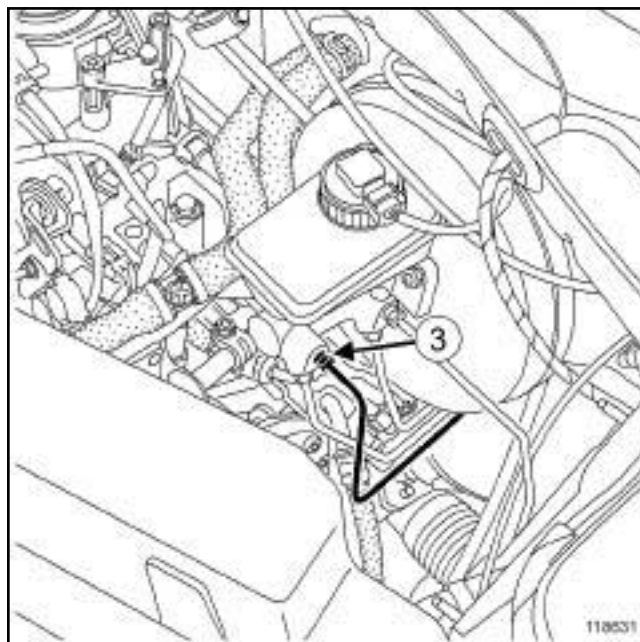
## REMOVAL

### REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Fit a **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit outflow.
- Remove:
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) .
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



- Unscrew the brake pipe union (1) on the brake hose.
- Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- Unclip the brake pipe from its clip (2) .



- Unscrew the brake pipe union (3) from the master cylinder.
- Remove the soundproofing clips on the bulkhead (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Move aside the soundproofing (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Unclip the brake pipe from its clip.
- Remove the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front right-hand brake hose.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front right-hand brake hose.
- Refit the brake pipe on the retaining bracket.
- Clip the brake pipe into its clip.
- Screw the brake pipe union on the front right-hand brake hose.
- Screw the brake pipe union on the master cylinder.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **brake pipe union on the master cylinder (14 N.m)**,
  - the **brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m)**.



LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the soundproofing on the bulkhead (if fitted to the vehicle).
  - the soundproofing clips,
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the front right-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .
- Remove the **pedal press**.
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**) .

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

### Equipment required

pedal press

### Tightening torques

brake pipe union on the master cylinder **14 N.m**

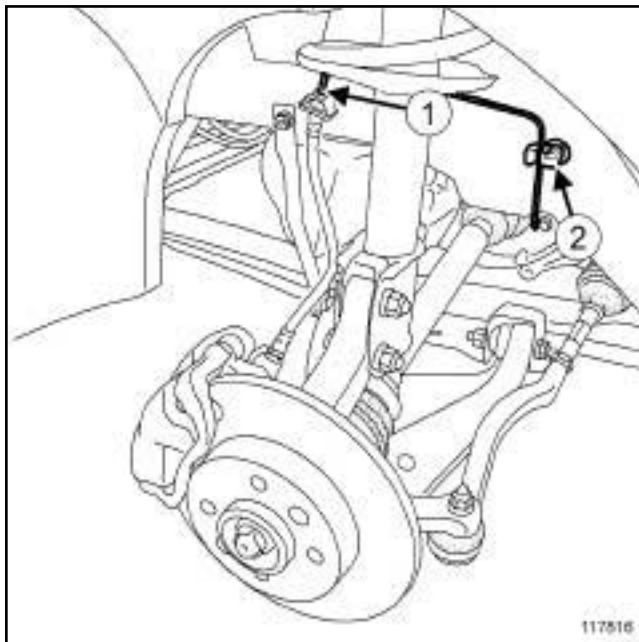
brake pipe union on the brake hose **14 N.m**

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

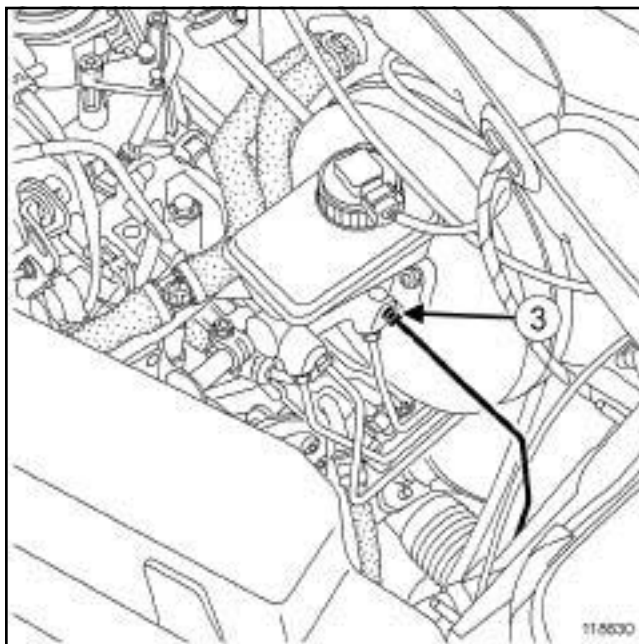
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Fit a **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit outflow.
- Remove:
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



117816

- Unscrew the brake pipe union (1) from the brake hose.
- Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- Unclip the brake pipe from its clip (2) .



118630

- Unscrew the brake pipe union (3) from the master cylinder.
- Remove the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front left-hand brake hose.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING STAGE FOR THE PART IN QUESTION

- Refit the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front left-hand brake hose.
- Refit the brake pipe on the retaining bracket.
- Clip the brake pipe into its clip.
- Screw the brake pipe union on the front left-hand brake hose.
- Screw the brake pipe union on the master cylinder.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **brake pipe union on the master cylinder (14 N.m)**,
  - the **brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m)**.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**) .

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

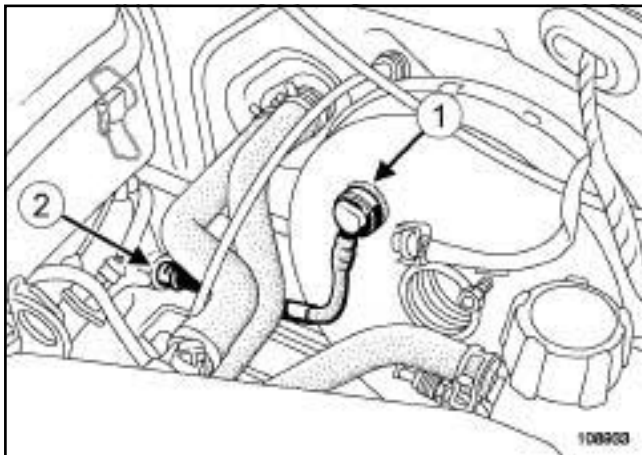
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

K9K

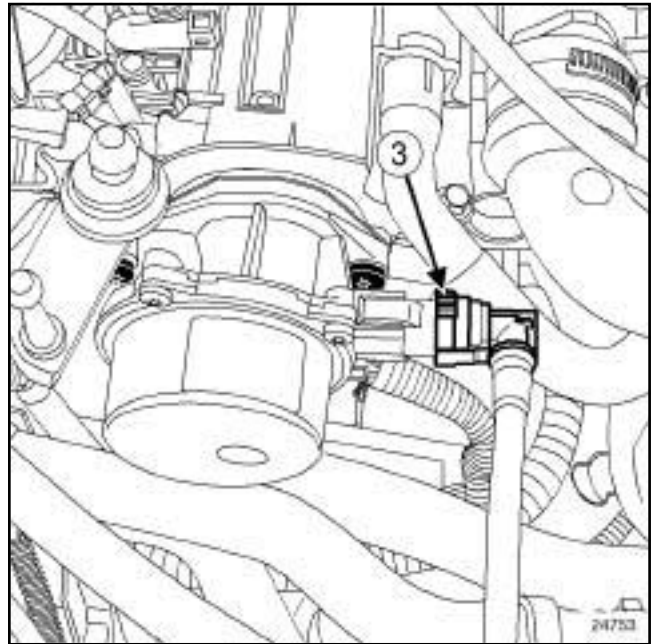
- Remove the engine cover.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Disconnect the non-return valve at (1) on the brake servo.
- Pull and turn the non-return valve to release it from the rubber sealing washer.

K9K

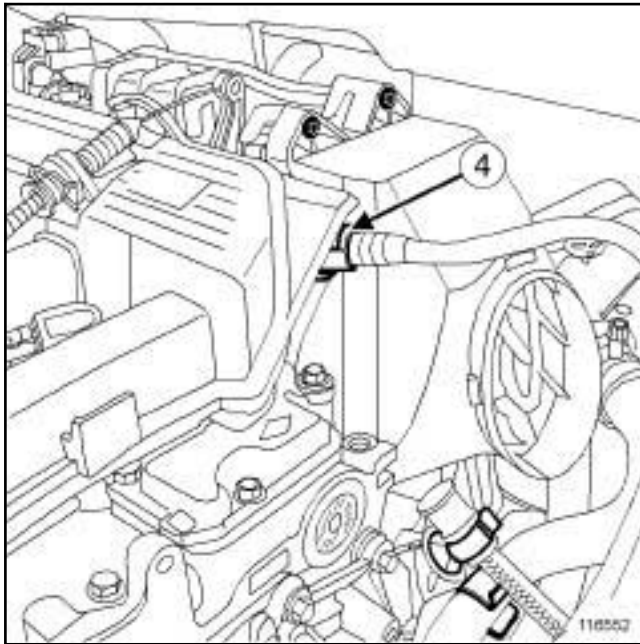


24753

- Disconnect the non-return valve at (3) on the vacuum pump.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

K4M



- Disconnect the non-return valve at (4) on the inlet distributor.

- Remove the non-return valve.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the condition of the sealing washer and the non-return valve.
- Replace any faulty parts.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the non-return valve.

K4M

- Connect the non-return valve to the inlet distributor.

K9K

- Connect the non-return valve at the vacuum pump,

- Connect the non-return valve to the brake servo.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

K9K

- Refit the engine cover.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques 

brake servo nuts	21 N.m
------------------	--------

**IMPORTANT**

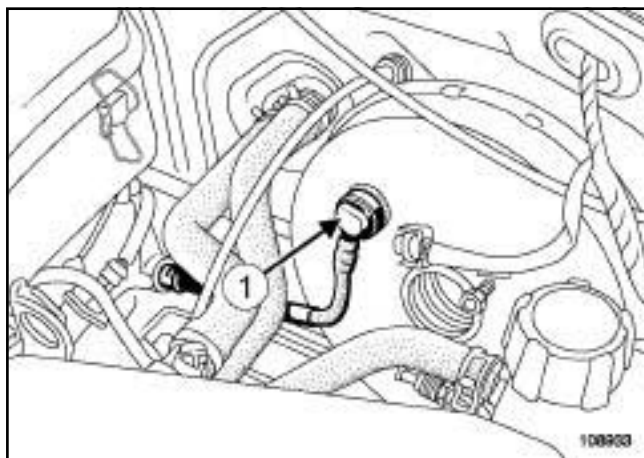
To avoid a loss of braking efficiency, do not bend the brake servo pipe.

**WARNING**

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

**REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

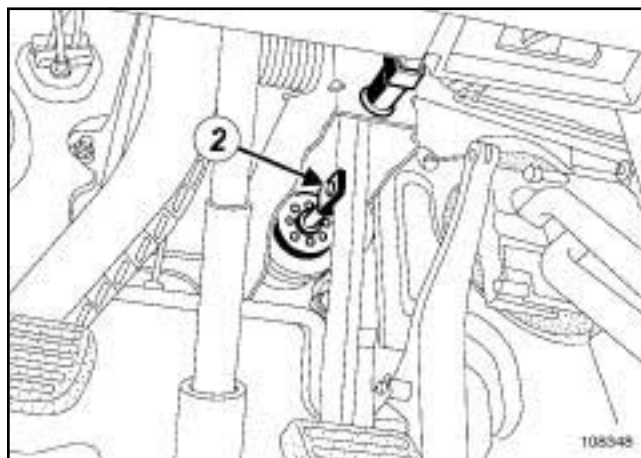
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



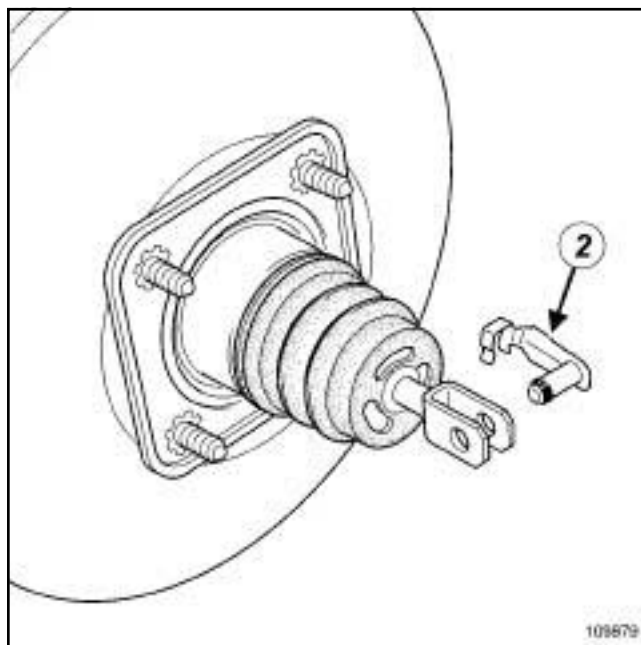
108933

- Remove:

- the master cylinder (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-2**),
- the non-return valve (1) at the servo.

**II - REMOVAL OPERATION**

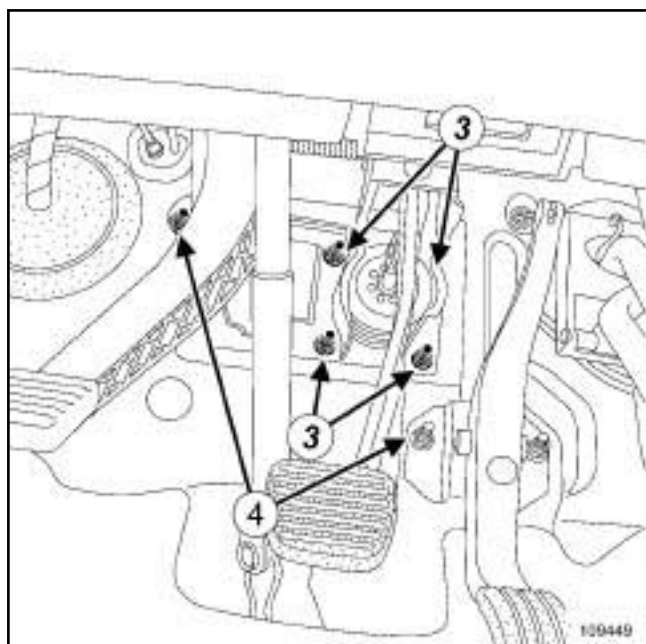
108348



109879

- Tilt the connecting piece upwards and remove the safety clevis pin (2) between the brake servo push-rod and the brake pedal on the passenger compartment side.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

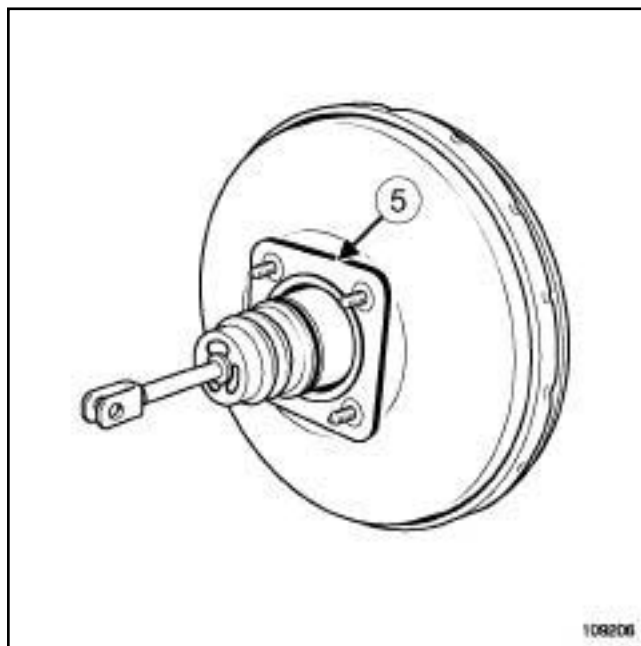


109449

- Remove the special nuts (4) for the insulating foam.
- Gently move the insulating foam aside.
- Remove:
  - the brake servo nuts (3), on the passenger compartment side (the nuts mounting the pedal mounting to the servo),
  - the brake servo.

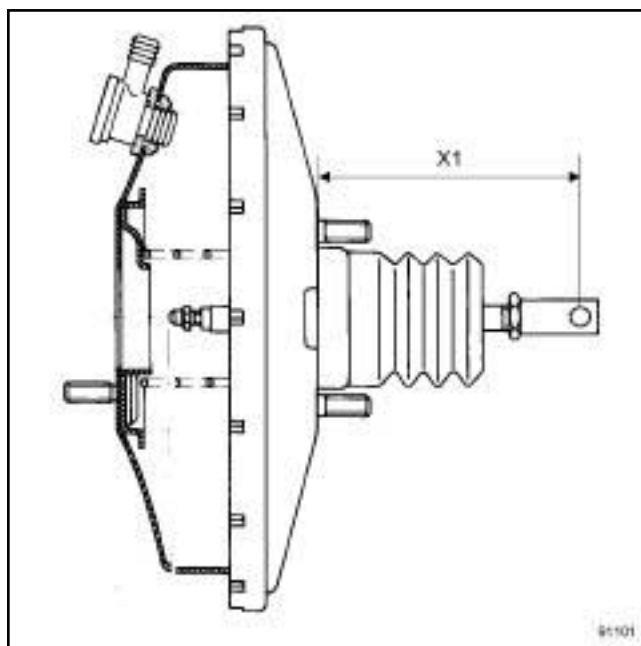
## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



109206

- Check that the brake servo seal (5) is present; replace the seal if it is faulty.
- parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.**



91101

- Before refitting, check the following dimension (X1) =  $144.5 \text{ mm} \pm 0.5$ .

## Brake servo: Removal - Refitting

## LEFT-HAND DRIVE

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the brake servo.
- Torque tighten the **brake servo nuts (21 N.m)**.
- The shaft connecting the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal must be refitted from right to left, and from top to bottom.
- Refit:
  - the insulating foam,
  - the special nuts for the insulating foam.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the non-return valve at the brake servo,
  - the master cylinder (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-2**) .

**IMPORTANT**

To avoid breaking the connection between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal, check that the safety clevis pin is locked onto the brake servo pushrod by tilting it from the top downwards.

- Adjust the brake light switch (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-26**) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



K9K

### Tightening torques

the vacuum pump bolts	21 N.m
-----------------------	--------

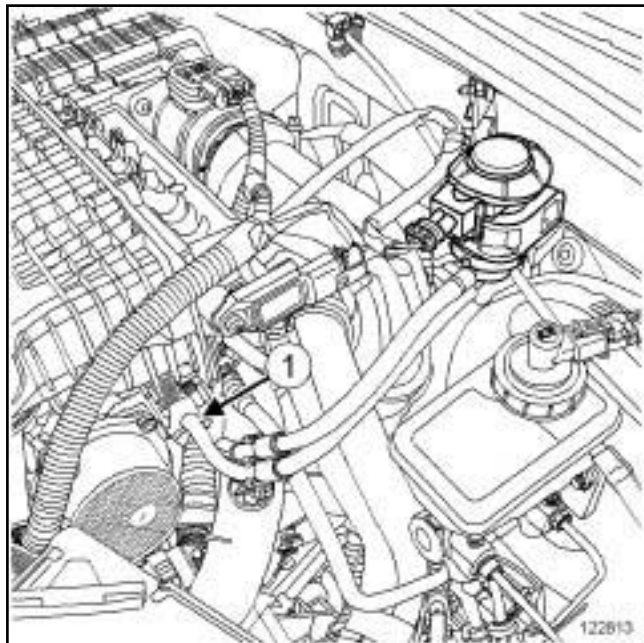
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the engine cover
  - the air inlet duct.
- Gently move the air filter box aside to access the vacuum pump.

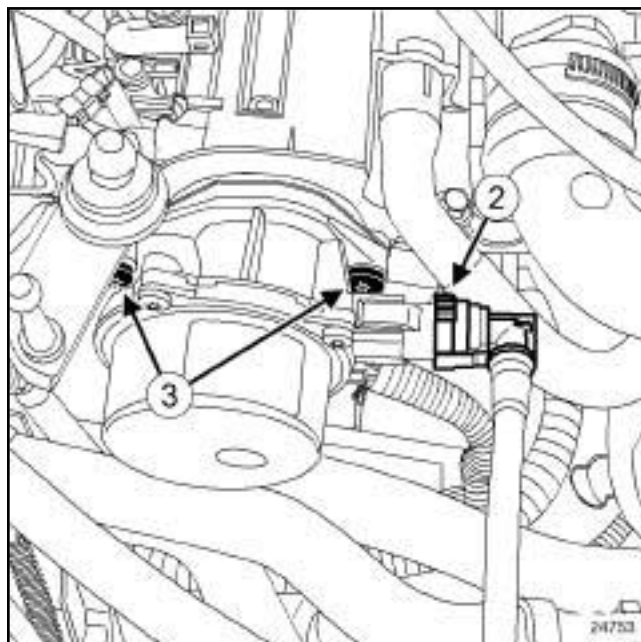
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

K9K, and 796



122813

- Disconnect the turbocharger control solenoid valve pipe (1) from the vacuum pump.



24753

- Disconnect the non-return valve (2) from the vacuum pump.
- Remove:
  - the vacuum pump bolts (3) on the cylinder head,
  - the vacuum pump.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Clean the vacuum pump bearing surface on the cylinder head.
- parts always to be replaced: Brake servo vacuum pump seal.**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the vacuum pump fitted with a new seal,
  - the vacuum pump bolts.
- Torque tighten **the vacuum pump bolts (21 N.m)** on the cylinder head.
- Connect the non-return valve to the vacuum pump.

K9K, and 796

- Connect the turbocharger control solenoid valve pipe to the vacuum pump.

## Vacuum pump: Removal - Refitting

K9K

### III - FINAL OPERATION

Refit:

- the air filter unit,
- the air inlet duct,
- the engine cover.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

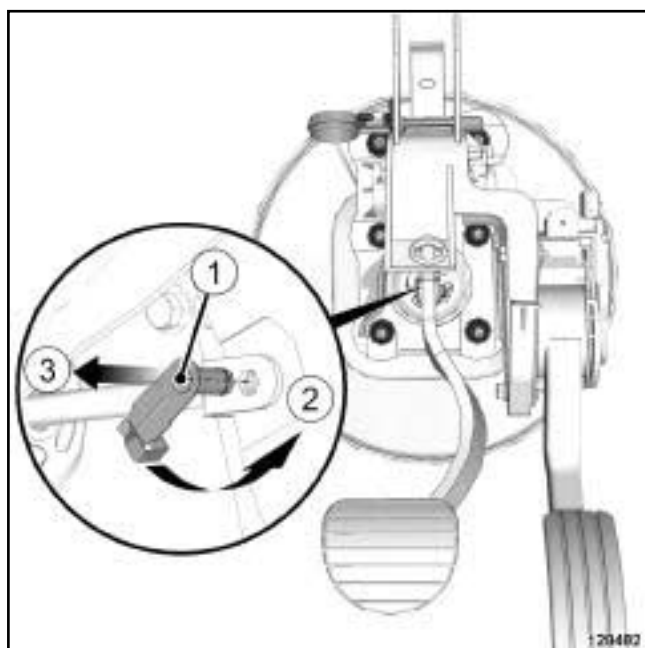
Tightening torques 

pedal yoke nuts	21 N.m
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## REMOVAL

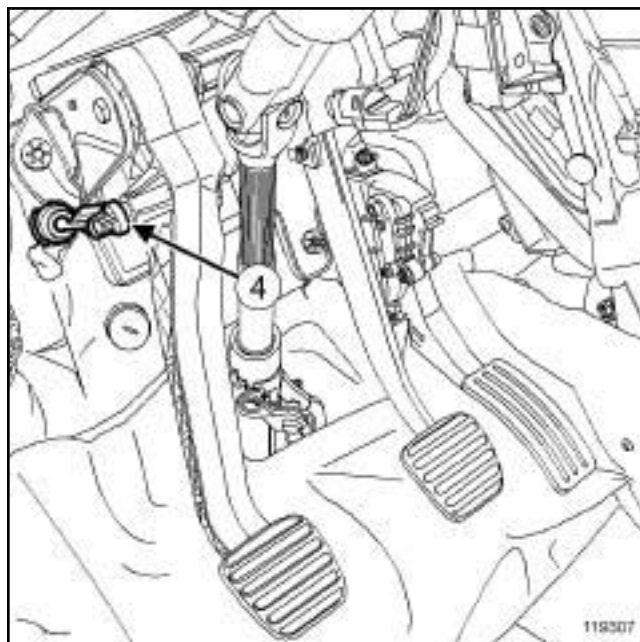
## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Remove the brake pedal switch (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-27) .



128482

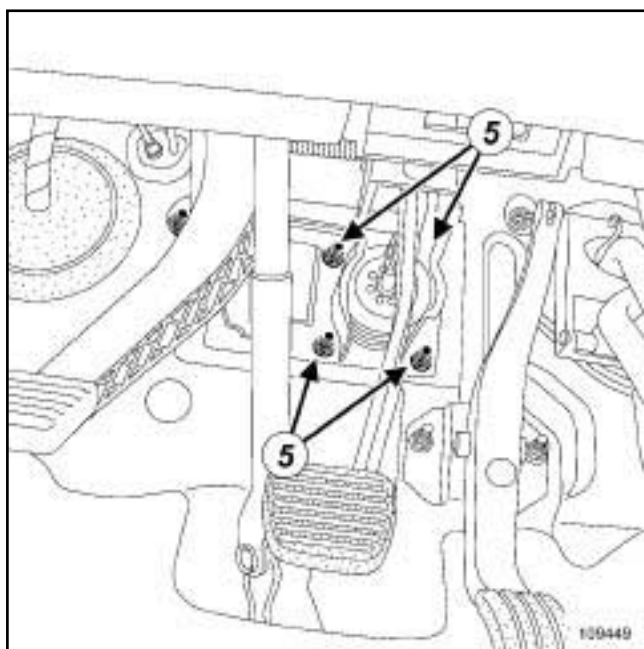
- ❑ Remove the connecting shaft (1) between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
  - unlock the shaft in accordance with (2) ,
  - extract the shaft in accordance with (3) .



119307

- ❑ Uncouple the master cylinder ball joint (4) from the clutch pedal.
- ❑ Remove the two retaining clips from the pedal insulation and the insulating foam.
- ❑ Remove the pedal insulation (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ❑ Gently move aside the insulating foam.
- ❑ Disconnect the steering column and the steering box (see 36A, **Steering assembly, Steering column: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-7) .

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

**II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

109449

- Remove the pedal yoke nuts (5) .
- Cut the insulating foam to extract the pedal yoke, if necessary.
- Remove the pedal yoke.
- In the event of replacement, remove the brake pedal (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-26) .

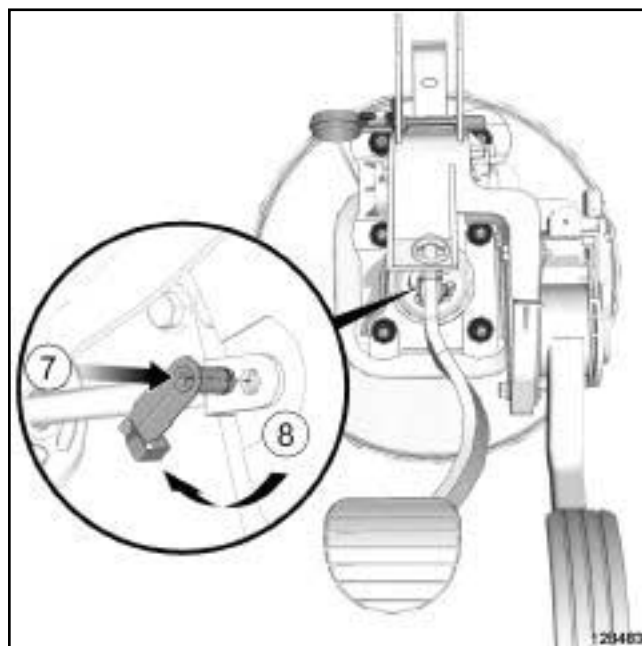
**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Always replace the **parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.**
- Coat the shaft with **MOLYCOTE 33M** grease (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

**II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**

- In the event of replacement, refit the brake pedal (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-26) .
- Refit the pedal yoke.
- Torque tighten the **pedal yoke nuts (21 N.m)**.

- Couple the steering column and the steering box (see 36A, **Steering assembly, Steering column: Removal - Refitting**, page 36A-7) .



128483

- Refit a new connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod (pre-lubricated):
  - insert the shaft in accordance with (7) ,
  - lock the shaft in accordance with (8) .

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit:
  - the pedal insulation (if fitted to the vehicle),
  - the brake pedal switch (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-27) .
- Check that the whole clutch system operates correctly.

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

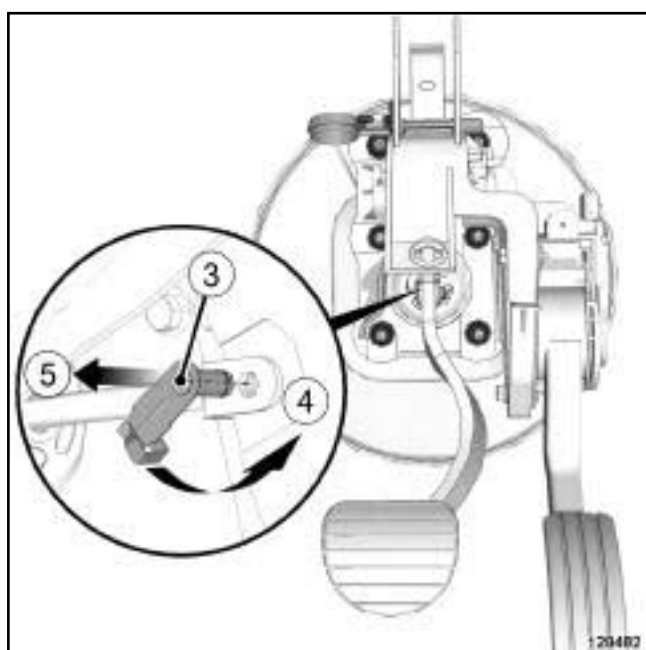
### Tightening torques

pedal yoke nuts	21 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

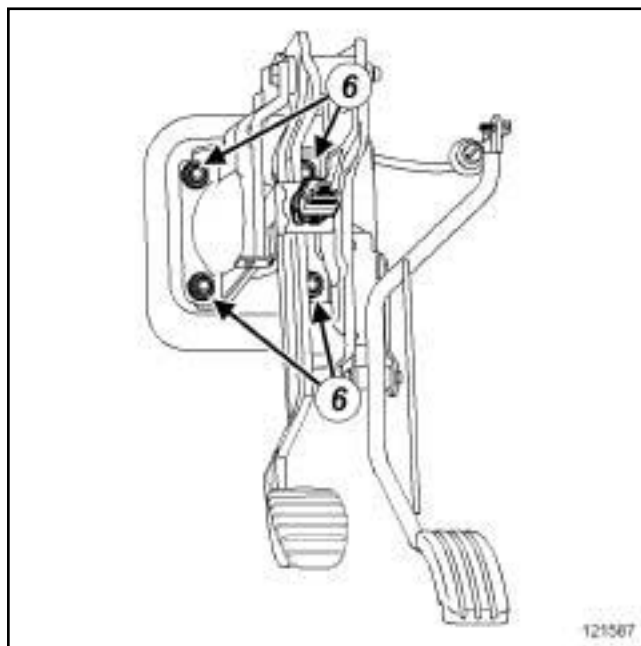
- Remove the brake pedal switch (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-27) .



128482

- Remove the connecting shaft (3) between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
  - unlock the shaft in accordance with (4) ,
  - extract the shaft in accordance with (5) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



121587

121587

- Remove:
  - the nuts (6) of the pedal yoke,
  - the pedal yoke.
- In the event of replacement, remove:
  - the brake pedal (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-26) ,
  - the accelerator pedal (see 37A, **Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-20) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the **parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.**
- Coat the shaft with **MOLYCOTE 33M** grease (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

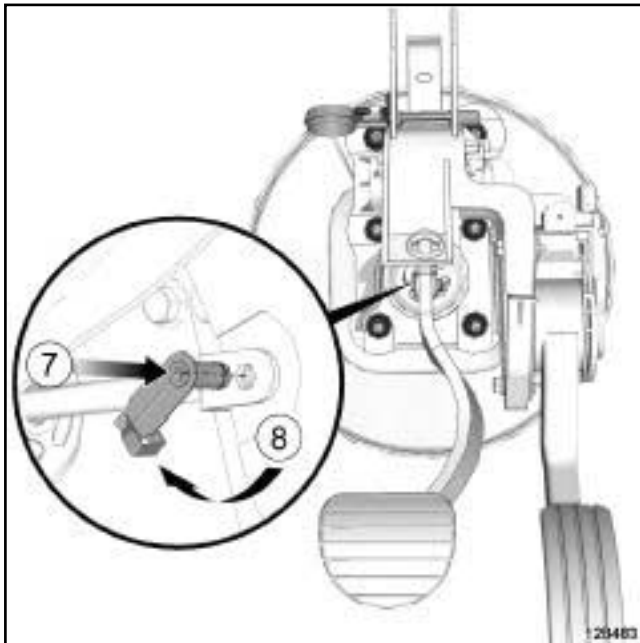
## Pedal yoke: Removal - Refitting

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

## II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- In the event of replacement, refit:
  - the accelerator pedal (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-20**),
  - the brake pedal (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-26**).
- Refit the pedal yoke.
- Torque tighten the **pedal yoke nuts (21 N.m)**.

## III - FINAL OPERATION



128483

- Refit a new connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
  - insert the shaft in accordance with (7),
  - lock the shaft in accordance with (8).
- Refit the brake pedal switch (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-27**).

K9K – K4M, and 4X4 TRANSMISSION

**Equipment required**

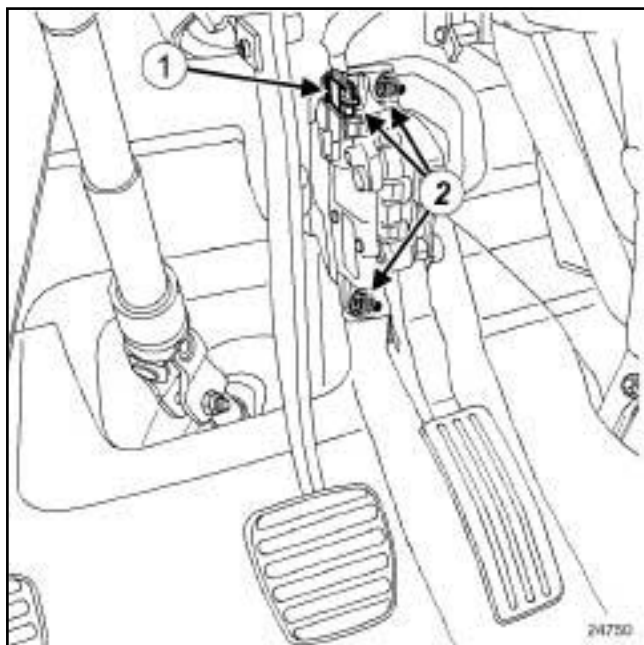
Diagnostic tool

**Tightening torques** 

accelerator pedal bolts

**8 N.m****REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Switch off the ignition.

**II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

24750

- Disconnect the accelerator pedal potentiometer connector (1) .
- Remove:
  - the accelerator pedal bolts (2) on the pedal mounting,
  - the accelerator pedal.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**

- Refit:
  - the accelerator pedal,
  - the accelerator pedal bolts on the pedal mounting.
- Torque tighten the **accelerator pedal bolts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the accelerator pedal potentiometer connector.

**II - FINAL OPERATION**

- Using the **Diagnostic tool**, check that the accelerator assembly operates correctly.

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

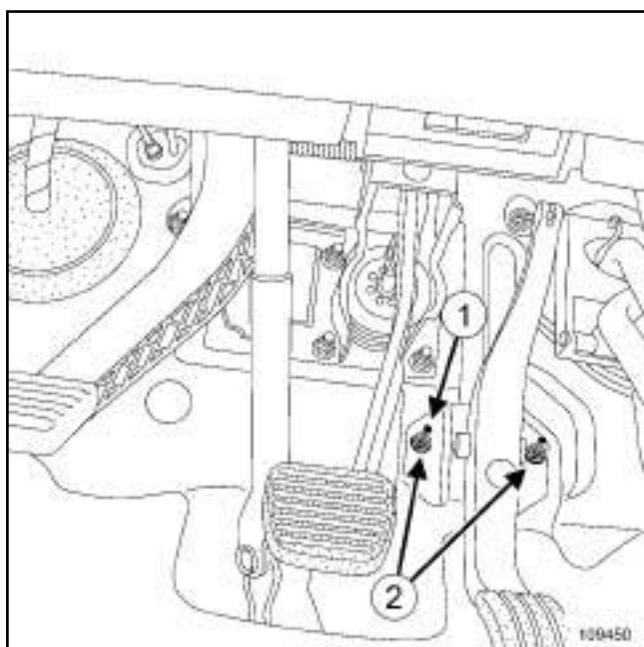
### Tightening torques

pedal mounting nuts	21 N.m
---------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

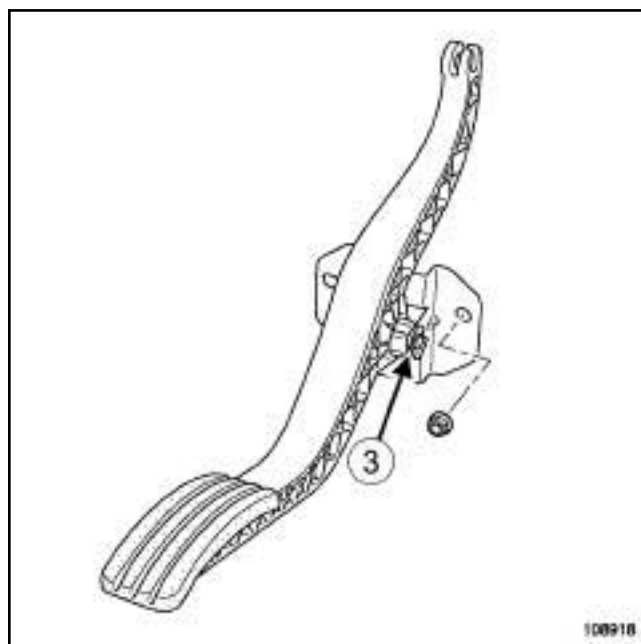
### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

#### LEFT-HAND DRIVE



109450

- Undo the special nut (1) for the insulating foam on the left-hand nut of the accelerator pedal mounting.
- Remove:
  - the nuts (2) of the accelerator pedal mounting,
  - the mounting - accelerator pedal assembly.



108918

- Remove:
  - the accelerator cable on the pedal side by holding it upwards and sliding the end piece of the cable towards the centre console,
  - the circlip (3) using a screwdriver,

#### Note:

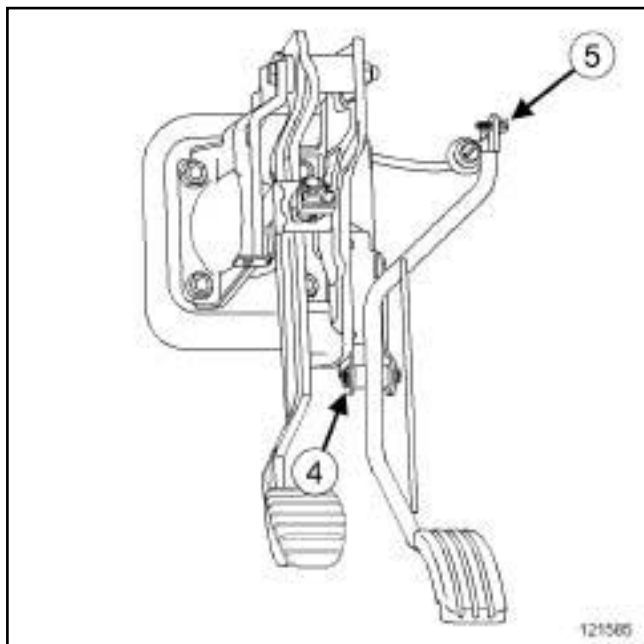
Note the fitting direction of the shaft in relation to the pedal mounting.

- Remove:
  - the pedal shaft,
  - the accelerator pedal.



K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



121585

- Extract the clip (5) from the accelerator cable on the pedal.

#### Note:

Note the fitting direction of the shaft in relation to the pedal mounting.

#### Remove:

- the circlip (4) using a screwdriver,
- the accelerator pedal shaft,
- the accelerator pedal.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Coat the shaft with **MOLYCOTE 33M** grease (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

#### Note:

Refit the shaft in relation to the pedal mounting in the position noted during the removal operation.

#### Note:

Do not hit the pedal assembly shaft with a hammer to get it back into place.

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

### LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- Refit on the accelerator pedal mounting:
  - the pedal,
  - the pedal shaft,
  - the circlip.
- Refit the accelerator cable end piece on the hole on top of the accelerator pedal by sliding it from right to left and by guiding the cable into the groove of the pedal.
- Position the mounting - accelerator pedal assembly on the centre console.
- Refit the accelerator pedal mounting nuts.
- Torque tighten the **pedal mounting nuts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the insulating foam,
  - the special nut for the insulating foam on the left-hand nut of the accelerator pedal.

### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- Refit the accelerator pedal on its mounting.
- Refit:
  - the accelerator pedal shaft,
  - the circlip on the accelerator pedal shaft,

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

- the accelerator cable clip on the pedal.



### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Check that the whole accelerator system operates correctly.

# MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

## Accelerator pedal cable: Removal - Refitting

# 37A

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

### REMOVAL

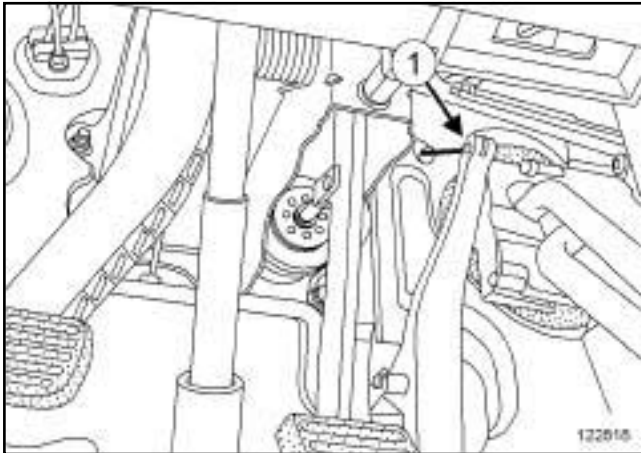
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

##### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- ❑ Remove the brake fluid reservoir (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-2) .

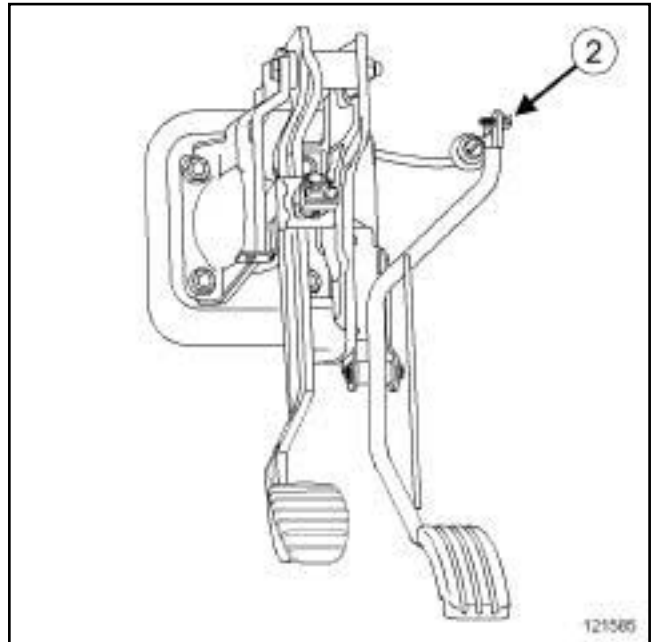
#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

##### LEFT-HAND DRIVE



- ❑ Disconnect the accelerator pedal cable at (1) .

##### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



- ❑ Extract the clip (2) from the accelerator cable on the pedal.
- ❑ Push the accelerator cable sheath stop into the engine compartment.

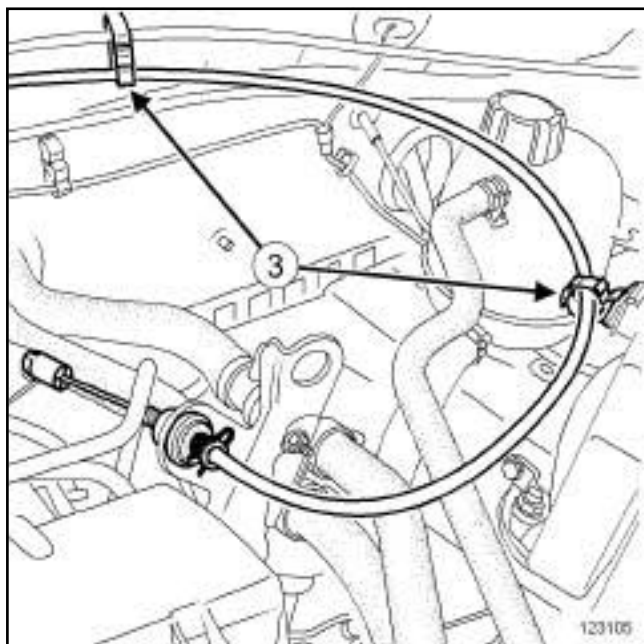
# MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

## Accelerator pedal cable: Removal - Refitting

# 37A

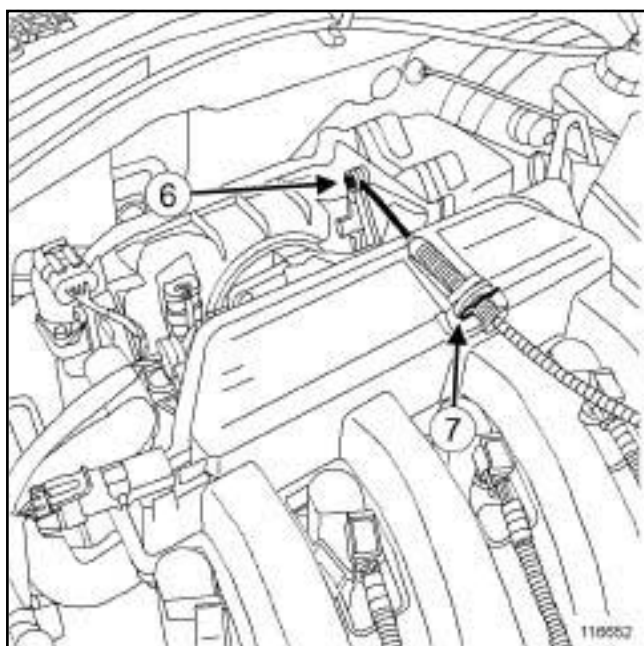
K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



123105

- Unclip the accelerator cable at (3) .



116652

- Disconnect the throttle valve accelerator cable at (6) .
- Remove the adjusting clip (7) from the accelerator cable.
- Remove the accelerator cable from the inlet distributor.

- Remove the accelerator pedal cable via the engine compartment.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Pass the accelerator pedal cable into the passenger compartment via the engine compartment.
- Clip the accelerator pedal cable sheath stop onto the bulkhead.

#### LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- Position the accelerator pedal cable in the pedal notch.

#### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- Refit the accelerator pedal cable clip to the pedal.

- Refit the accelerator pedal cable to the inlet distributor.

#### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- Clip on the accelerator pedal cable at (3) .

- Refit:
  - the accelerator pedal cable on the throttle valve,
  - the accelerator cable adjusting clip.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Adjust the accelerator pedal cable by fully depressing the accelerator pedal.

#### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- Refit the brake fluid reservoir (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-2) .
- Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4) .

### Tightening torques

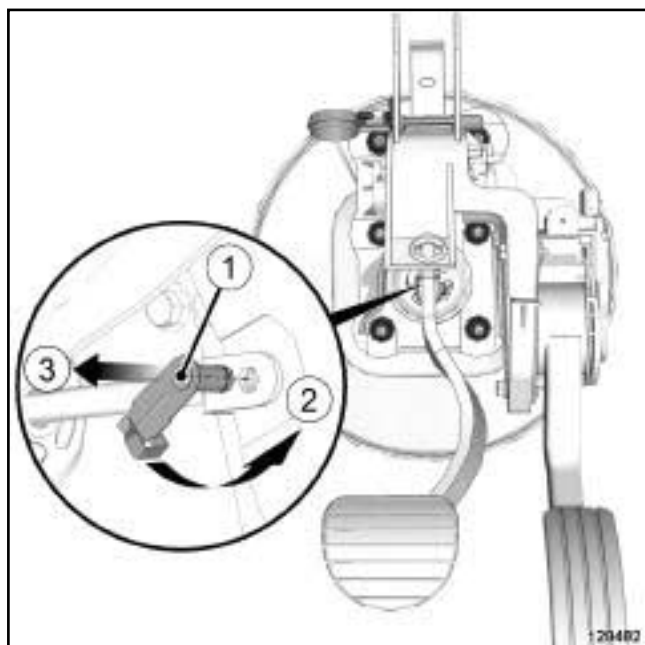
brake pedal shaft nut	16 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the brake pedal brake light switch (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-27) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove the connecting shaft (1) between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
  - unlock the shaft in accordance with (2) ,
  - extract the shaft in accordance with (3) .
- Remove the brake pedal.

## REFITTING

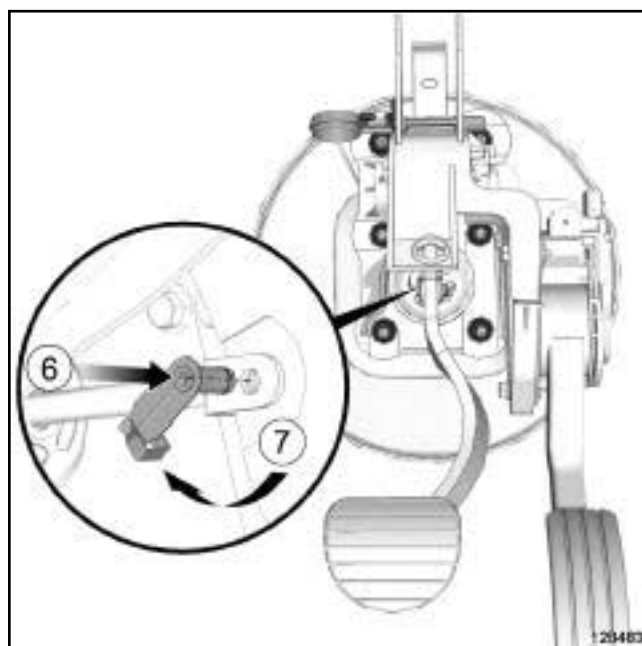
### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the **parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.**
- Check the condition of the parts.
- Replace any faulty parts.

- Coat the shaft with **MOLYKOTE 33M** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) grease (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the brake pedal,
  - the brake pedal shaft.
- Torque tighten the **brake pedal shaft nut (16 N.m)**.



- Refit a new connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
  - insert the shaft in accordance with (6) ,
  - lock the shaft in accordance with (7) .

### III - FINAL OPERATION

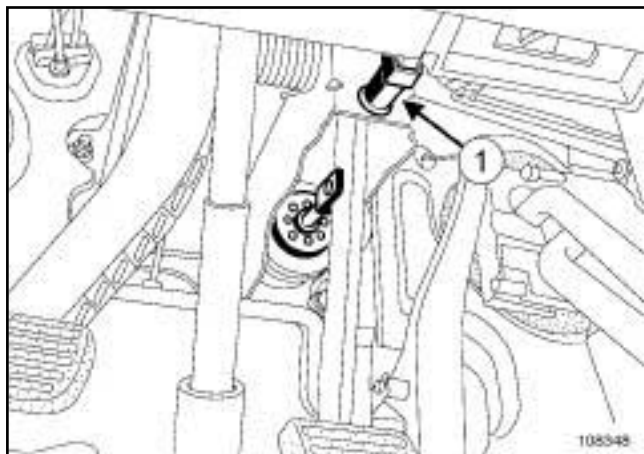
- Refit the brake light switch (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page 37A-27) .

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the dashboard lower trim (depending on the equipment level).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

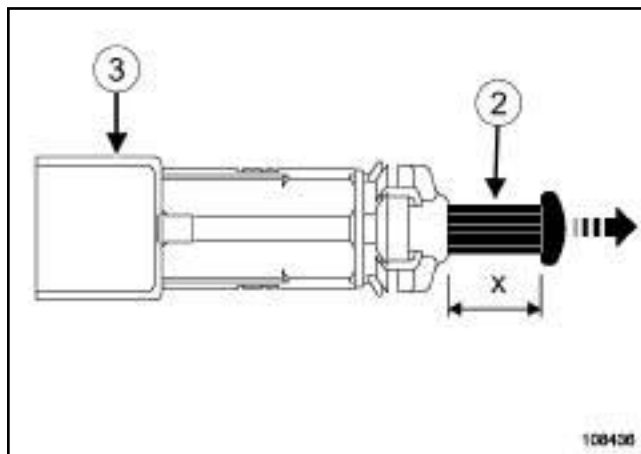


- Disconnect the brake light switch connector.
- Turn the brake light switch (1) a quarter of a turn anti-clockwise.
- Remove the brake light switch.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

When removing and refitting or when replacing the brake light switch



- 

#### WARNING

Handle the switch (3) with care.

Only operate the piston (2) to adjust the dimension (x) .

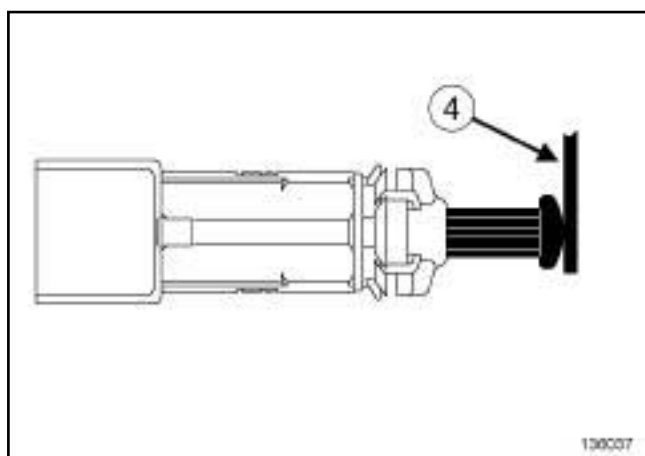
The switch must be replaced:

- if the piston (2) is separated from the switch (3)
- if more than three adjustments to dimension (x) are necessary during the operation.

- Measure the dimension (x) of the piston (2) . If dimension (x) is less than **13 mm**, carefully pull the end of the piston to adjust dimension (x) to between **13 mm** minimum and **14 mm** maximum.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Depress the brake pedal by hand.
- Position the brake light switch on the pedal assembly.
- Lock the brake light switch by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise.



136037

**Note:**

To adjust the position of the piston of the brake light switch, place a **2 mm** thick shim (4) between the piston crown of the brake light switch and the brake pedal.

- Carefully support the return of the brake pedal (shim in place).

**Note:**

The brake light switch has an automatic adjustment feature which adapts to the position of the pedal.

The automatic adjustment makes a clicking noise when in operation.

- Connect the brake light switch connector.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Check that the brake light switch is operating correctly:
  - depress the brake pedal to switch on the lights,
  - release the brake pedal to switch off the lights.
- Refit the dashboard lower trim (depending on the equipment level).

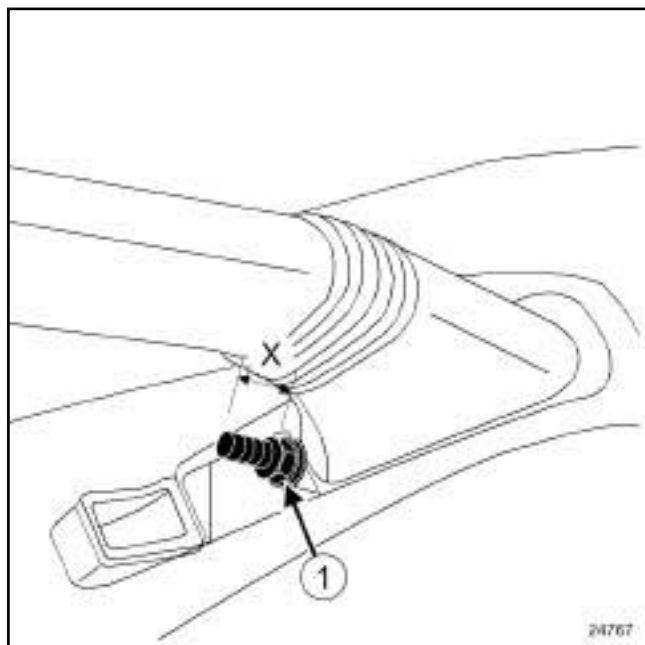
### Tightening torques

parking brake lever nuts	8 N.m
--------------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

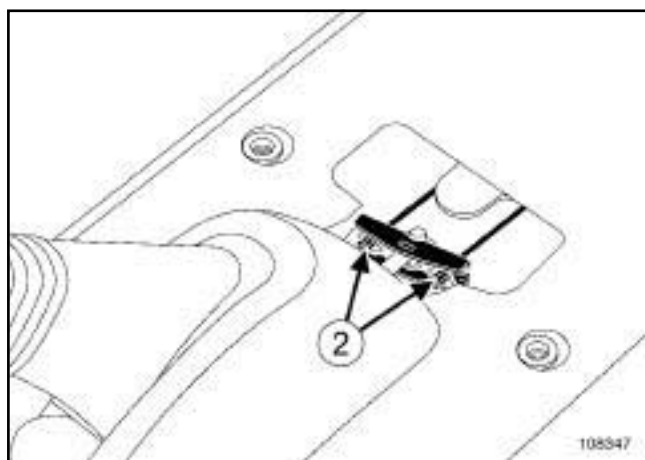
- Remove the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).



24767

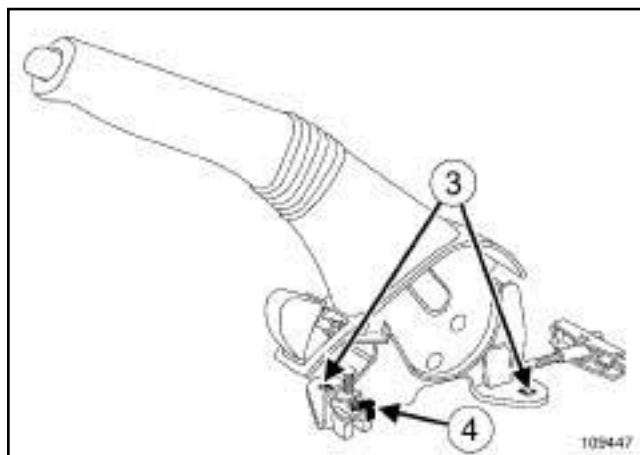
- Undo the handbrake adjusting nut (1), marking the dimension (X) =  $16\text{ mm} \pm 0.30$ , to detach the cables at the compensator.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



108347

- Unclip the two cables (2).



109447

109447

- Remove nuts (3).
- Lift the parking brake lever slightly to be able to disconnect the parking brake switch connector (4).
- Remove the parking brake lever.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the parking brake lever,
  - the two cables at the compensator,
  - the parking brake lever nuts.
- Connect the connector on the parking brake switch.
- Tighten the parking brake adjusting nut, observing the dimension X =  $16\text{ mm} \pm 0.30$ .
- Torque tighten the **parking brake lever nuts (8 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the connector on the parking brake switch.
- Adjust the parking brake if the lever stops between the first and second positions of the parking brake lever's travel (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Adjustment**, page 37A-30).
- Refit the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).



## Parking brake lever: Adjustment

---

A poorly adjusted parking brake:

- prevents correct operation of the automatic compensation system for the brake shoes,
- causes premature wear of brake shoes.

### ADJUSTMENT

#### I - ADJUSTMENT PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) .
- Apply the parking brake five times to condition the cables for normal use.
- Put the parking brake lever into the released position.
- Check that the rear wheels turn freely. If they do not, check the following components and if necessary repair:
  - the parking brake cables,
  - the calliper piston,
  - the automatic compensation system,
  - calliper
- Remove the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**) .

#### II - OPERATION FOR ADJUSTMENT OF PART CONCERNED

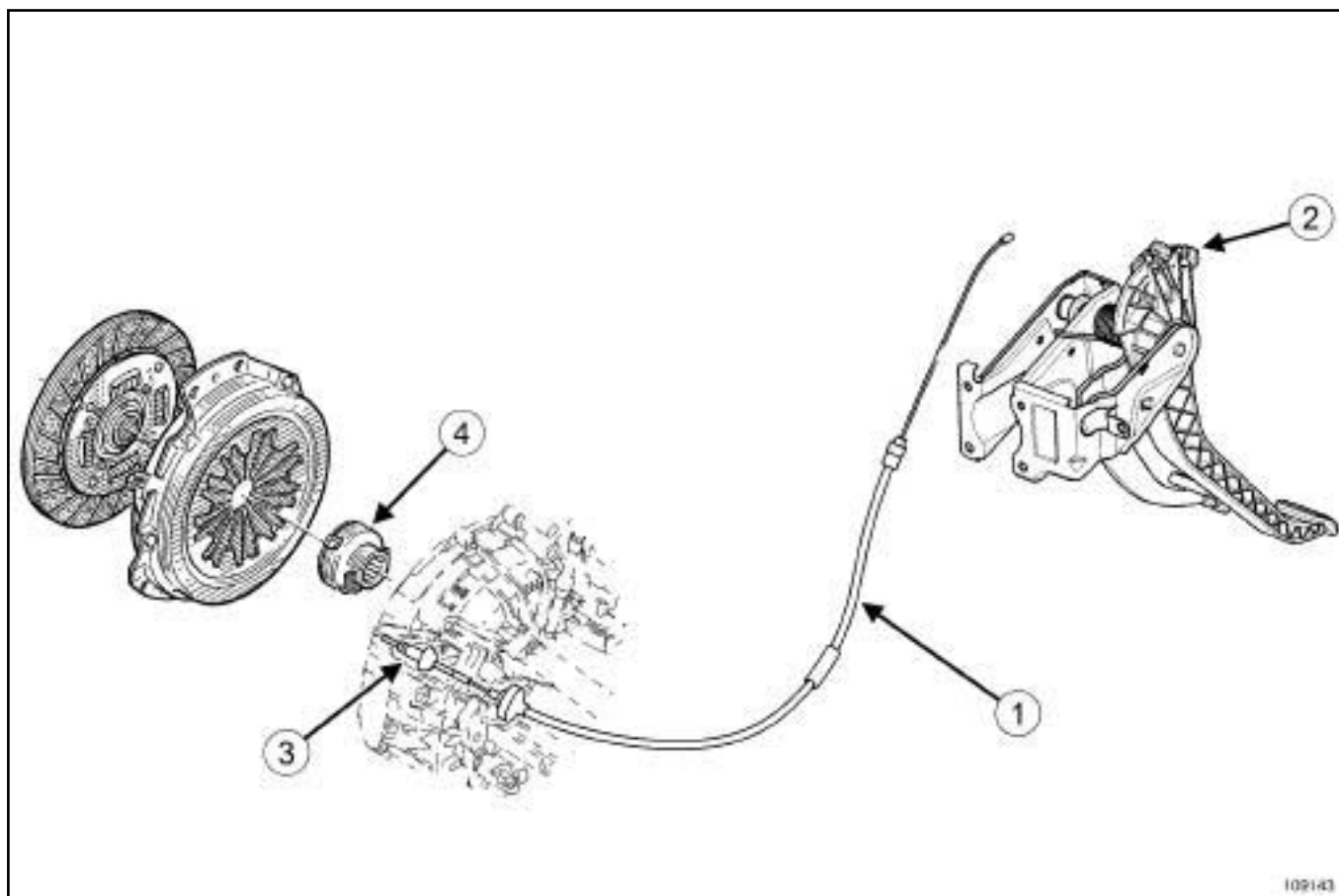
# MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

## Clutch control: List and location of components

# 37A

### 1. Cable clutch control

No.	Description
(1)	Clutch cable
(2)	Clutch pedal
(3)	Clutch fork
(4)	Clutch thrust bearing



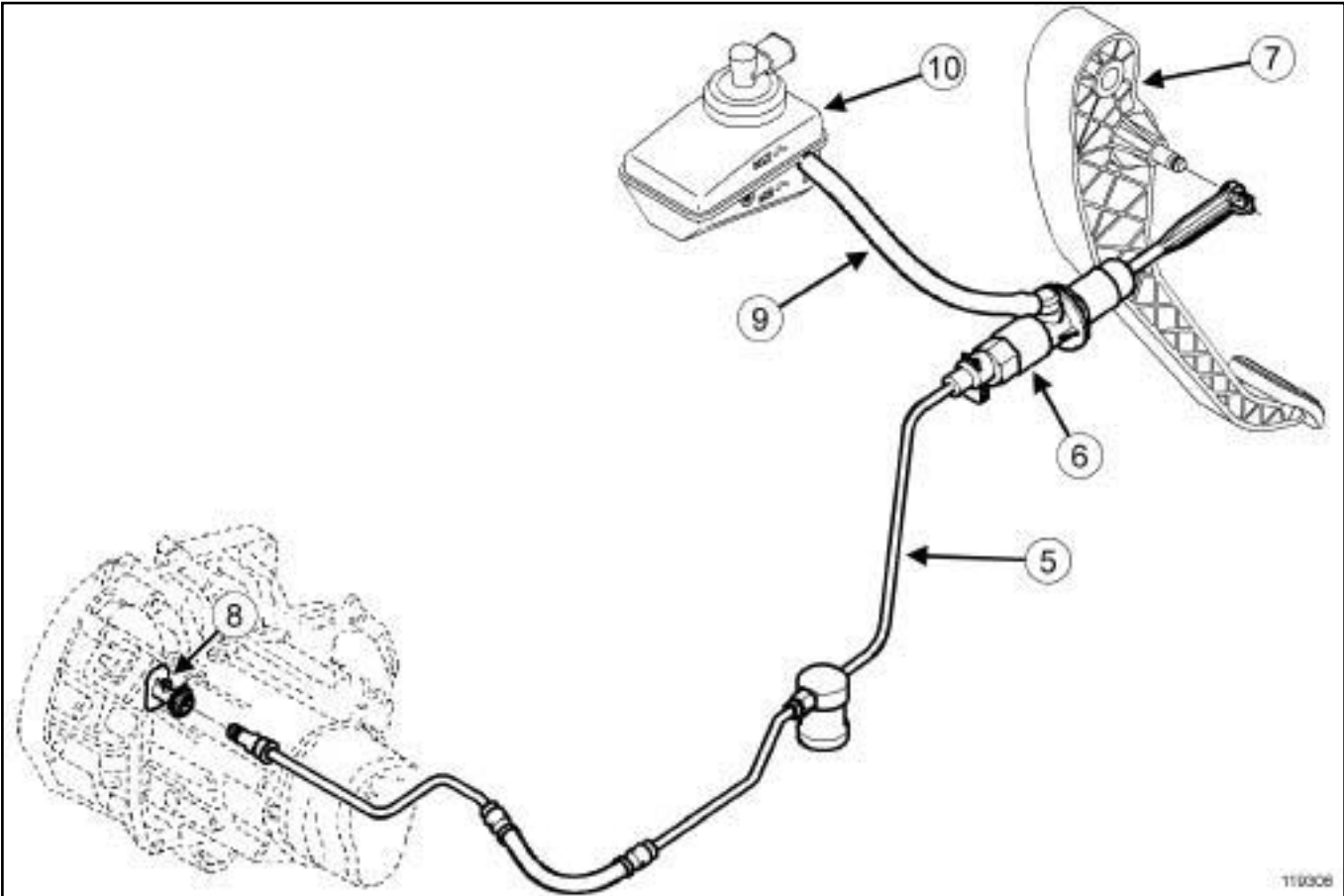
This control has no automatic compensation.

### 2. Hydraulic clutch control

No.	Description
(5)	Slave cylinder supply pipe (engine compartment)
(6)	Master cylinder (engine compartment/passenger compartment connection)
(7)	Clutch pedal
(8)	Slave cylinder (on gearbox)
(9)	Master cylinder supply pipe (engine compartment)
(10)	Brake fluid reservoir

**MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS**  
**Clutch control: List and location of components**

**37A**



119306

119306

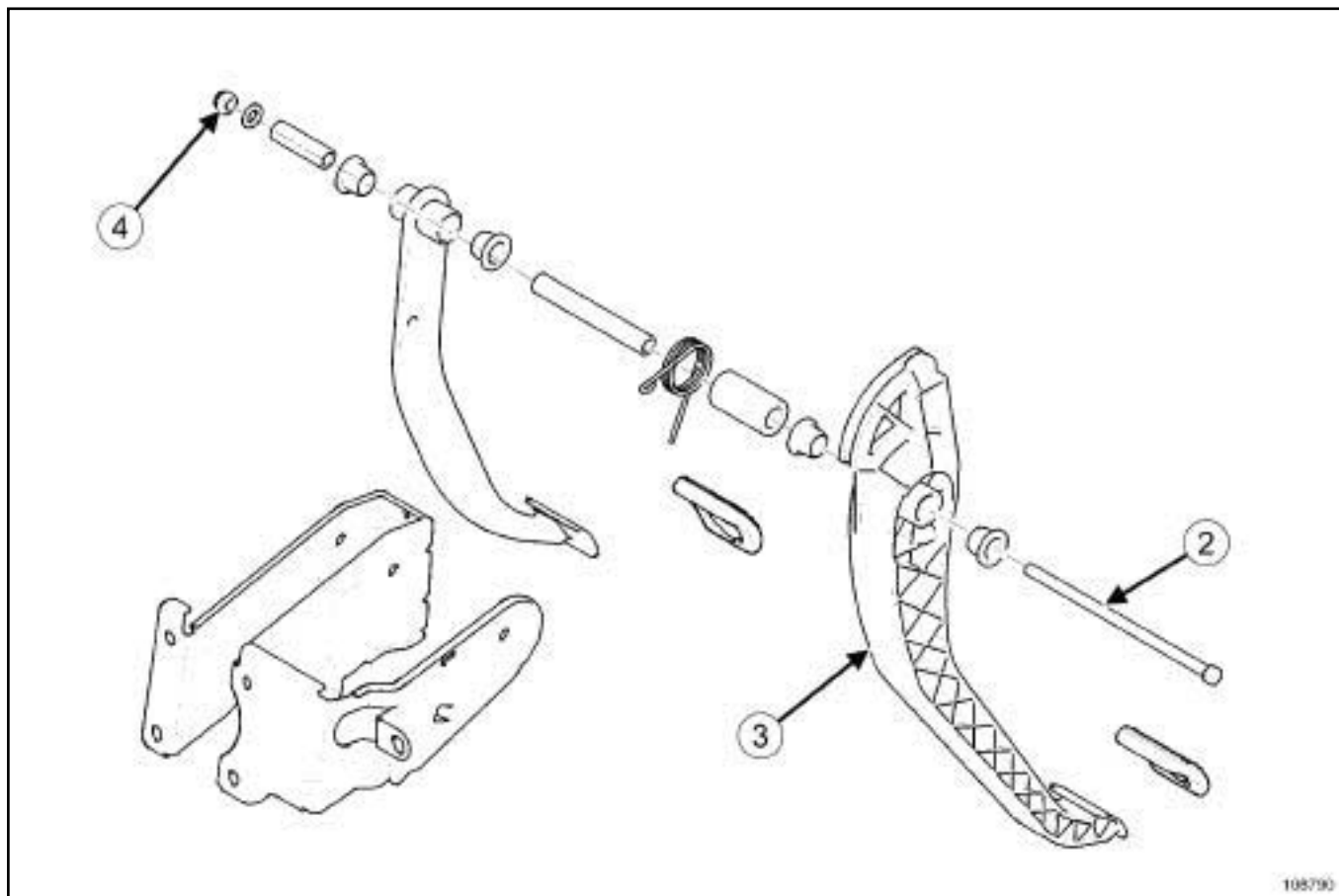
LEFT-HAND DRIVE

### Tightening torques

pedal shaft nut	21 Nm
-----------------	-------

### REMOVAL

#### I - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108790

108790

- Remove the nut (4) from the pedal shaft (2) .
- Pull the shaft (2) to free the clutch pedal.
- Remove the clutch pedal (3) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Coat the shaft with **MOLYCOTE 33M** grease (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

#### Note:

Do not hit the shaft with a hammer to get it to go back into place.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the pedal shaft.
- Refit the pedal shaft nut.
- Torque tighten the **pedal shaft nut (21 Nm)**.
- Check that the whole clutch system operates correctly.

## Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

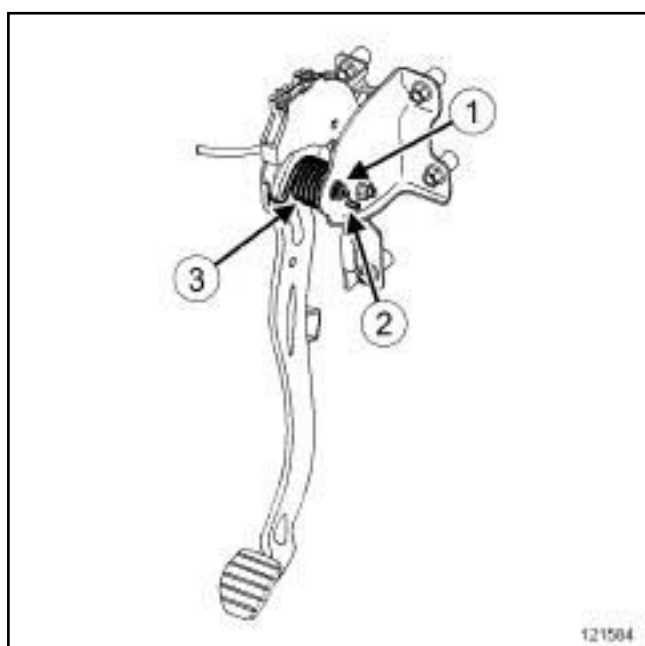
### Tightening torques

clutch shaft nut	16 Nm
------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Remove the cable from its slot, lifting the pedal and placing the cable perpendicular to the pedal.



121584

- Remove the nut (1) from the pedal assembly shaft.
- Remove the shaft to release the clutch pedal.
- Extract the spring (3) from its housing (2) on the clutch pedal support.
- Remove the clutch pedal.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATIONS OPERATION

- Check the condition of the components.
- Replace any faulty parts.
- Coat the shaft with **MOLYCOTE 33M** grease (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Place the clutch pedal in position with its spring.

#### Note:

Do not hit the shaft with a hammer to get it to go back into place.

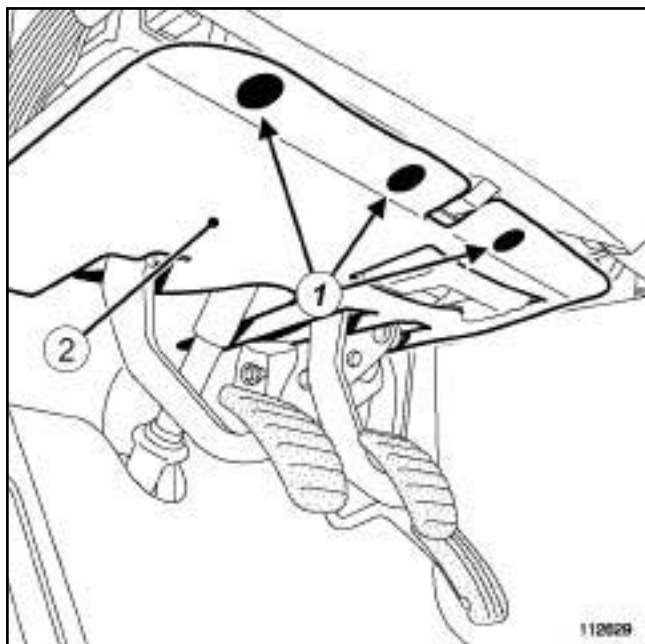
- Refit:
  - the clutch pedal shaft,
  - the clutch pedal shaft nut.
- Torque tighten the **clutch shaft nut (16 Nm)**.
- Fit the cable in its notch, on the clutch pedal.

### III - FINAL OPERATION.

- Check that the cable fits perfectly in the groove provided for it on the pedal.
- Check and adjust the clutch control cable clearance if necessary (see **Clutch control: Adjustment**).
- Check that the whole clutch system operates correctly.

### REMOVAL

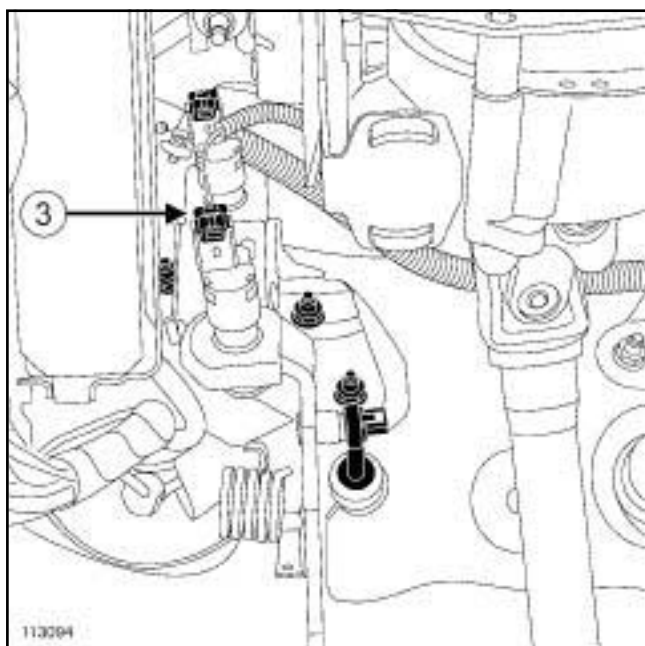
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



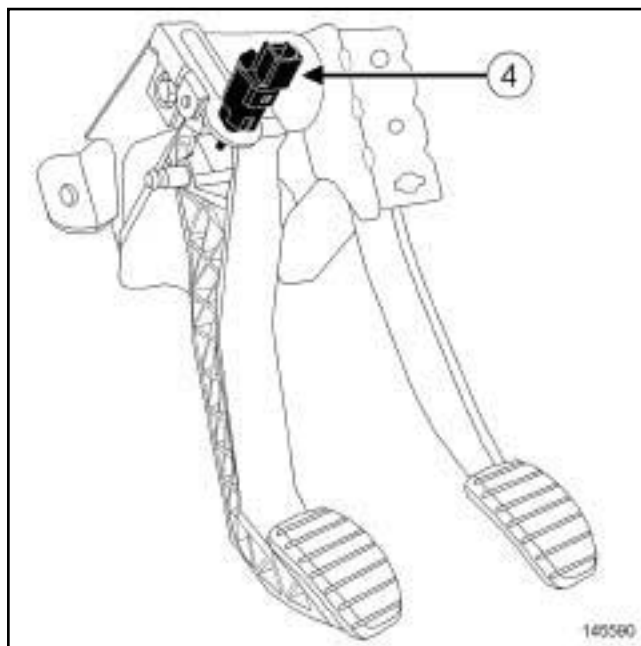
Remove:

- the driver side dashboard lower trim clips (1) ,
- the driver side dashboard lower trim (2) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



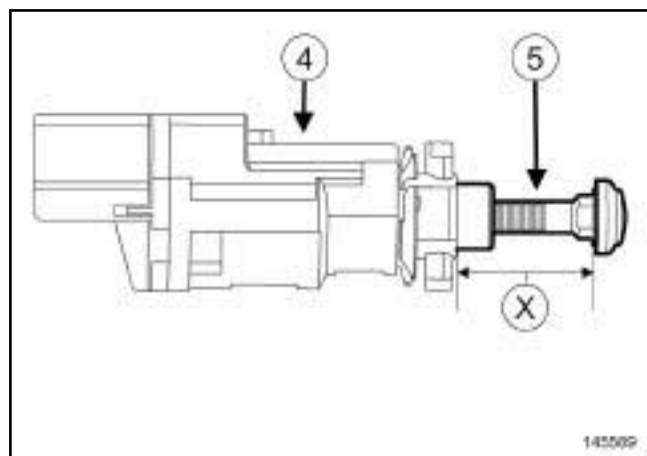
- Disconnect the connector (3) from the clutch pedal switch.



- Turn the clutch pedal switch (4) one quarter of a turn anti-clockwise.
- Remove the clutch pedal switch (4) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the clutch switch (4) :

- handle the switch with care,
- only activate the piston during the adjustment phase,
- do not perform more than 3 adjustments to dimension (X),
- do not separate the piston from the switch.

Replace the switch:

- if the piston is separated from the switch
- if more than 3 consecutive adjustments to dimension (X) have been performed.

- Measure dimension (X) of the piston (5) . If the dimension is less than **20 mm**, carefully pull on the end of the piston to adjust the dimension between **20 mm minimum** and **22 mm maximum**.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Depress the clutch pedal by hand.
- Position the clutch pedal switch on the pedal assembly.
- Lock the clutch pedal switch by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise.

- At the same time, carefully return the clutch pedal.

#### Note:

The clutch pedal switch has an automatic adjustment feature, adapting to the pedal position.

The automatic adjustment makes a clicking noise when in operation.

- Connect clutch switch connector.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the driver side dashboard lower trim.

## Clutch circuit: Bleed

JR5

## Equipment required

brake circuit bleeding device

hydraulic circuit bleed syringe

Bleed in the event of:

- dead travel,
- pedal at mid-travel,
- pedal to the floor,
- poor gear changing.

## I - PRECAUTIONS DURING REPAIR

## Risks relating to contamination.

- The hydraulic clutch system is very sensitive to contamination. The risks caused by contamination are:
  - impossible to change gears,
  - damage to or destruction of the clutch system,
  - leaks on the hydraulic circuit.

All the operations on the hydraulic clutch circuit system must be carried out under excellent cleanliness conditions. This ensures that no impurities enter the hydraulic circuit during the operation.

The cleanliness principles apply to all components of the hydraulic clutch circuit.

Items causing contamination are:

- metal or plastic swarf,
- fibres:
  - cardboard,
  - brushes,
  - paper,
  - clothing,
  - cloth,
  - dust and particles in the air,
  - etc.

## Cleaning cloths.

- Use lint-free cleaning cloths (see **Products recommended for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

Each cloth must only be used once.

There are two types of equipment used to bleed the clutch circuit:

- ARC50 via the brake fluid reservoir.
- Syringe via the bleed hole located on the clutch slave cylinder.

There are two procedures used to bleed the clutch circuit:

- If no parts of the hydraulic clutch circuit are removed:
  - Carry out the bleed operation using the ARC50 via the brake fluid reservoir or using a new syringe via the bleed hole located on the clutch slave cylinder.
- If no parts of the hydraulic clutch circuit are removed:
  - Only carry out the bleed operation using a new syringe by injecting the brake fluid via the bleed hole on the clutch slave cylinder.

## Note:

- Even the tiniest air bubble in the circuit can cause faulty operation (pedal failing to return properly, crunching sound when changing gear, etc.).
- Incorrect bleeding can lead to incorrect detection of faults and unnecessary part replacements.

## Consumables required for the repair:

- Bleed the clutch circuit using approved (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) brake fluid (04B, consumables - products).

## II - PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.

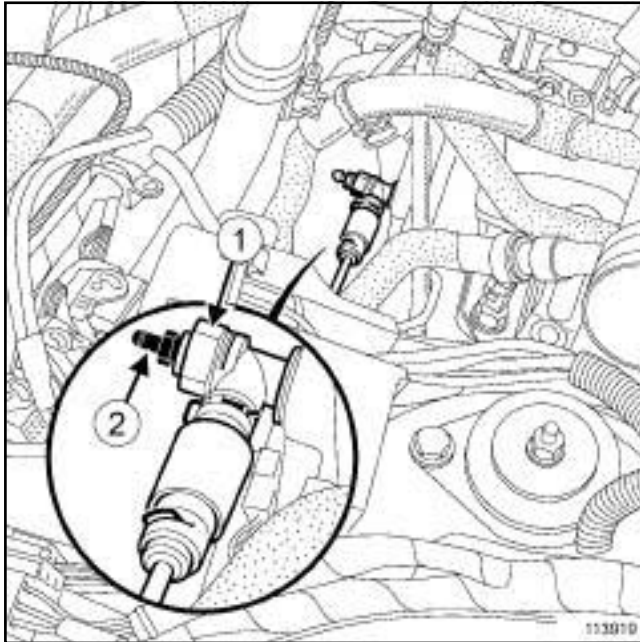


## Clutch circuit: Bleed

JR5

There are several versions of bleed screw:

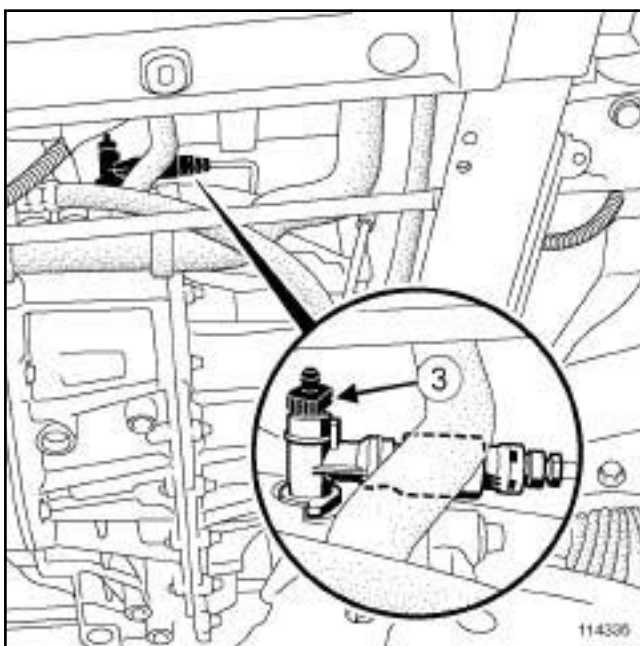
### Screw type bleed screw.



113919

- To open the bleed screw, hold the plastic union (1) using a ring spanner and undo the bleed screw (2) .

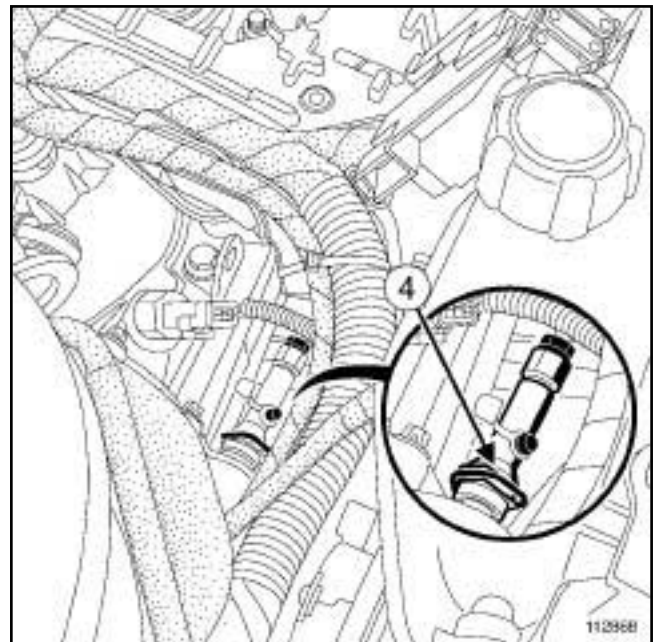
### Half-turn bleed screw.



114335

- To open the bleed screw, fully turn the bleed screw (3) by hand.

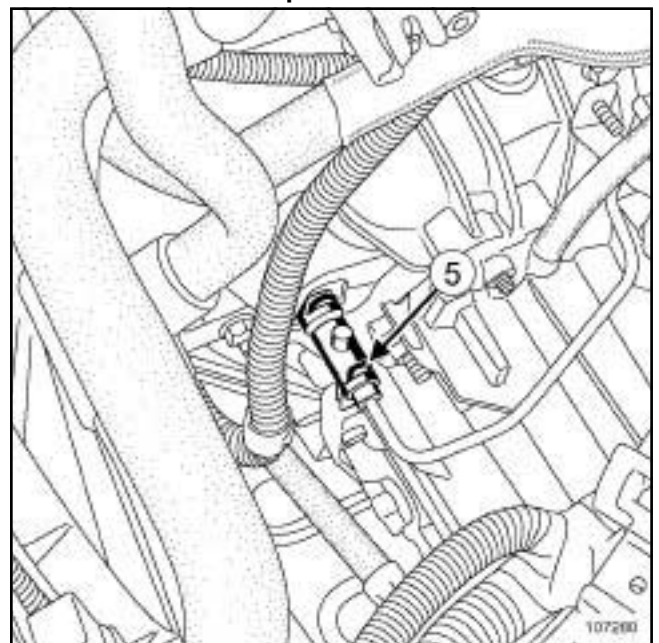
### Bleed screw with a clip.



112868

- To open the bleed screw, press and hold the clip (4) while pulling by one notch.

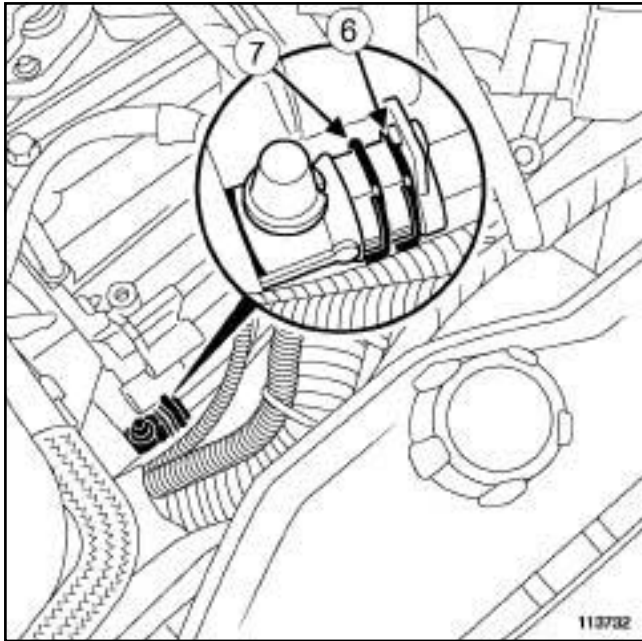
### Bleed screw with a clip.



107280

- To open the bleed screw, lift the clip (5) while pulling by one notch.

JR5

**Bleed screw with two clips.**

113732

- To open the bleed screw, lower the clip (6) and lift the clip (7) while pulling by one notch.

**III - BLEED PROCEDURE IF NO PARTS OF THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT ARE REMOVED****1 - Bleed using the ARC50.**

- Keep the clutch pedal in the upper position using a strap attached to the steering wheel to ensure continuity of the hydraulic circuit during the bleed operation.

**Note:**

Take care not to disrupt the adjustment of the clutch start of travel switch.

- Connect the **brake circuit bleeding device** (after having received Renault approval) to the master cylinder reservoir (see the instructions for the equipment).
- Remove the bleed plug from the clutch slave cylinder.
- Connect a transparent pipe to the bleed hole running to an empty container placed under the bleed hole.
- Open the bleed screw.
- Open the circuit between the bleeding device and the brake fluid reservoir.
- Let the brake fluid run until all air bubbles have been released.
- Stop the bleeding device to dump the pressure in the clutch circuit.
- Close the bleed screw.
- Remove the transparent pipe from the bleed hole.
- Refit the bleed plug.
- Top up the brake fluid level in the master cylinder reservoir after disconnecting the bleed device.
- Disengage and engage the clutch quickly around twenty times.
- Check that the clutch system is operating correctly.
- Repeat the bleed operation if necessary.
- Check the adjustment of the switch. (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-35**) (37A, mechanical control elements).

JR5

**2 - Bleed using a new syringe.**

- Keep the clutch pedal in the upper position using a strap attached to the steering wheel to ensure continuity of the hydraulic circuit during the bleed operation.

Note:

Take care not to disrupt the adjustment of the clutch start of travel switch.

- Remove the bleed plug from the clutch slave cylinder.
- Connect a transparent pipe of sufficient length to the bleed hole (at least thirty centimetres) in order to place it at the same height as the reservoir.
- Open the bleed screw.
- Fill the brake fluid master cylinder reservoir until brake fluid flows out of the bleed screw.

Note:

The transparent pipe must remain at the same height as the master cylinder reservoir to prevent air from entering inside the clutch circuit.

- Connect a new **hydraulic circuit bleed syringe** filled with a useful volume of **60 ml** of approved brake fluid to the end of the transparent pipe.
- Slowly inject the entire contents of the syringe into the hydraulic clutch circuit without injecting any of the air from the top section of the syringe.
- Close the bleed screw.
- Remove the transparent pipe from the bleed hole.
- Refit the bleed plug.
- Top up the brake fluid level in the master cylinder reservoir.
- Disengage and engage the clutch quickly around twenty times.
- Check that the clutch system is operating correctly.
- Repeat the bleed operation if necessary.
- Check the adjustment of the switch. (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-35**) (37A, mechanical control elements).

**IV - BLEED PROCEDURE IF PARTS OF THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT ARE REMOVED.****WARNING**

The master cylinder pipe must be disconnected from its take-off point on the brake fluid reservoir, to avoid any foreign matter penetrating inside the hydraulic brake circuit.

**WARNING**

Prepare for the flow of fluid and protect the surrounding components.

Note:

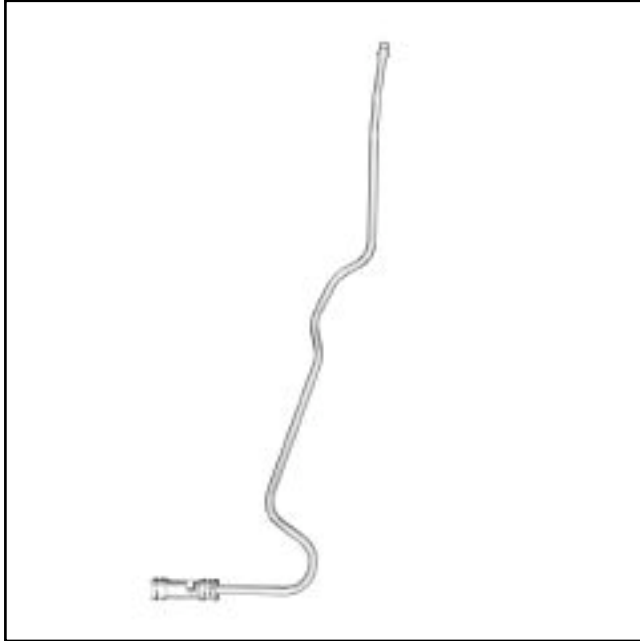
Prefill the hydraulic circuit pipe equipped with a filter.

Position the filter head facing downwards to ensure that it fills.

JR5

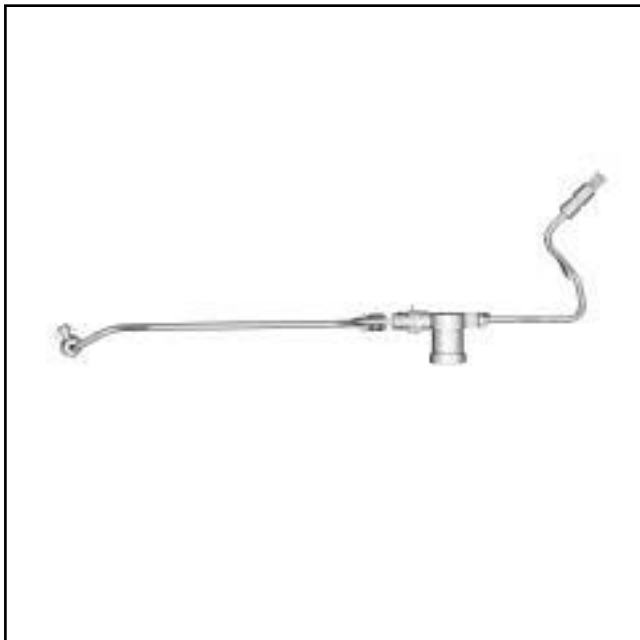
There are several versions of pipe with and without a filter:

**Pipe without filter.**



141812

**Filling position for pipe with filter.**



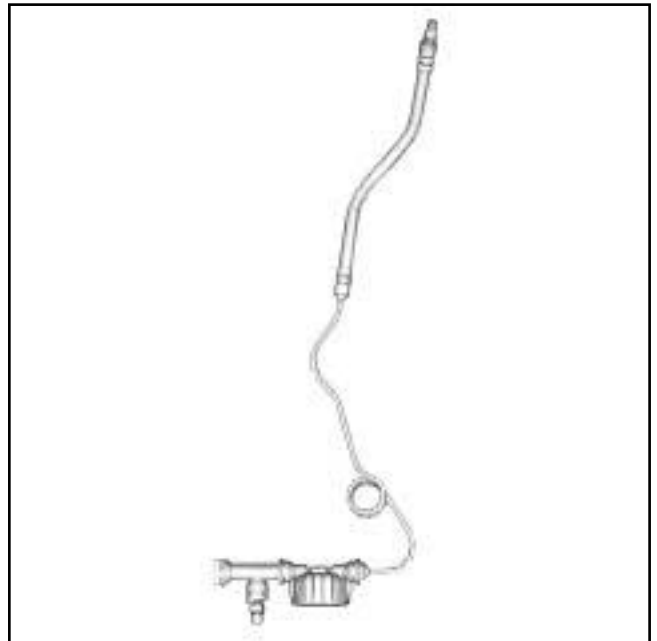
141811

**Filling position for pipe with filter.**



141810

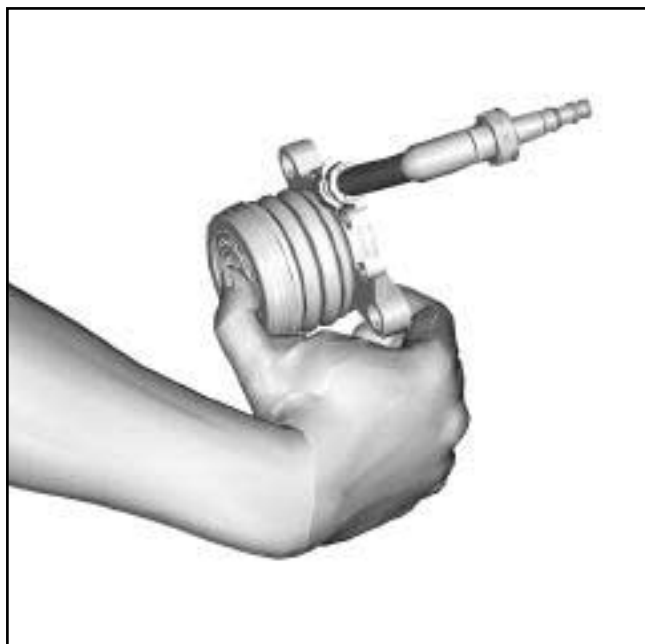
**Filling position for pipe with filter.**



141813

- Prefill the clutch pipe using the syringe.
- Plug the prefilled pipe on the master cylinder end to stop any brake fluid from escaping.

JR5



141809

- Prefill the hydraulic tappet using the new syringe (by gravity).
- Refit the part(s) concerned.

#### V - BLEED PROCEDURE AFTER A REMOVING A COMPONENT OF THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT.

- Keep the clutch pedal in the upper position using a strap attached to the steering wheel to ensure continuity of the hydraulic circuit during the bleed operation.

#### Note:

Take care not to disrupt the adjustment of the clutch start of travel switch.

- Remove the bleed plug from the clutch slave cylinder.
- Connect a transparent pipe of sufficient length to the bleed hole (at least thirty centimetres) in order to place it at the same height as the reservoir.
- Open the bleed screw.
- Fill the brake fluid master cylinder reservoir until brake fluid flows out of the bleed screw.

#### Note:

The transparent pipe must remain at the same height as the master cylinder reservoir to prevent air from entering inside the clutch circuit.

- Connect a new syringe containing **60 ml** of approved brake fluid to the end of the transparent pipe.
- Slowly inject the entire contents of the syringe into the hydraulic clutch circuit without injecting any of the air from the top section of the syringe.
- Close the bleed screw.
- Remove the transparent pipe from the bleed hole.
- Refit the bleed plug.
- Top up the brake fluid level in the master cylinder reservoir.
- Disengage and engage the clutch quickly around twenty times.
- Check that the clutch system is operating correctly.
- Repeat the bleed operation if necessary.
- Check the adjustment of the switch. (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal switch: Removal - Refitting**, page **37A-35**) (37A, mechanical control elements).

JR5

### VI - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the engine undertray.
- Remove the vehicle from the two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

# MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

## Clutch master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

# 37A

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

### Tightening torques

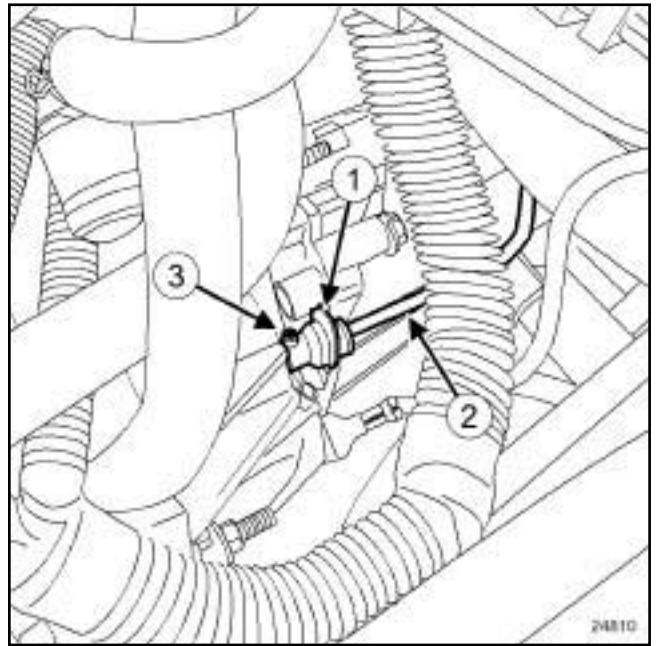
expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m
-----------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.
- Remove the two expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle.
- Disconnect the brake fluid level sensor connector from the reservoir.
- Remove the brake fluid filler cap.
- Drain the brake fluid reservoir using a syringe until the fluid level is below the clutch master cylinder supply orifice on the brake fluid reservoir.
- Place a cloth under this orifice.
- Disconnect the clutch master cylinder supply pipe from the brake fluid reservoir.
- Fit plugs into the openings.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Place a cloth under the clutch slave cylinder.
- Remove the plug from the bleed hole (3) .
- Press the clip (1) .

### WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

- Pull out the clutch control pipe (2) one notch to free the bleed hole.

### Note:

Expect some brake fluid to run out.

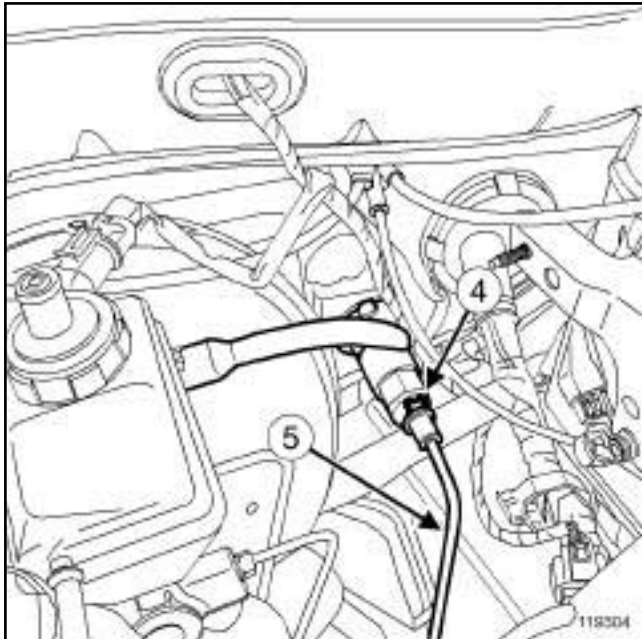
- Connect a transparent pipe to the bleed hole (3) and place an empty container under the bleed hole.
- Depress the clutch pedal with your hand (to drain the clutch master cylinder and the clutch pipe).

# MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

## Clutch master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

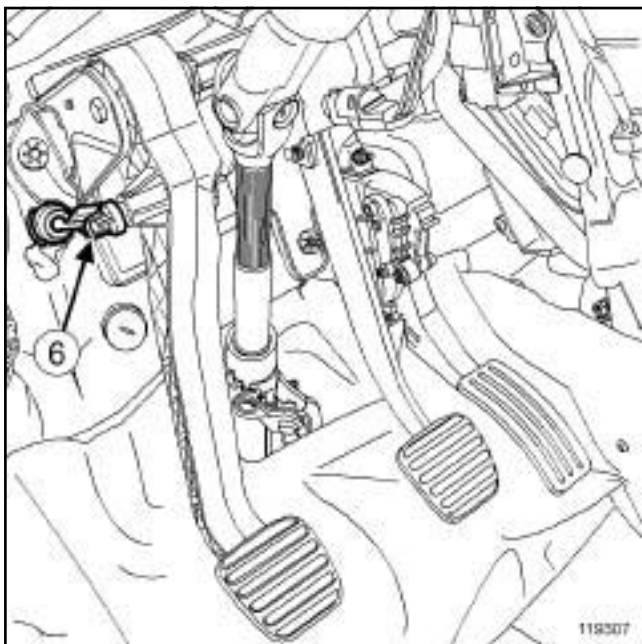
# 37A

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE



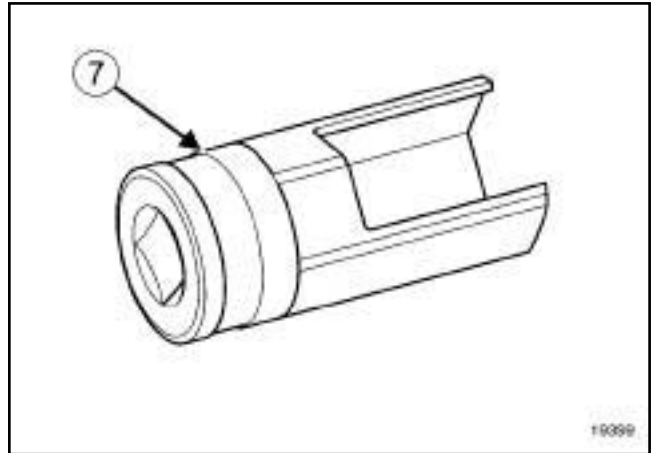
119304

- Remove the retaining clip (4) of the clutch master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe on the clutch master cylinder.
- Place a cloth under the clutch master cylinder.
- Disconnect the pipe (5) from the clutch master cylinder.
- Fit plugs into the openings.



119307

- Disconnect the clutch master cylinder ball joint (6) from the clutch pedal in the passenger compartment.



19399

- Remove the clutch master cylinder from the bulkhead by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise in the engine compartment (bayonet type mounting) using the tool (7) or.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the condition of the seals.

#### Note:

The clutch master cylinder has a foolproofing device; it only fits in one position.

#### WARNING

Do not use the take-off pipes as a support when fitting.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the clutch master cylinder by turning it a quarter of a turn anti-clockwise (bayonet type mounting) using the tool.
- Refit the clutch master cylinder ball joint on the clutch pedal in the passenger compartment.
- Remove the plugs from the openings.
- Refit the clutch master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe on the clutch master cylinder.



# MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

## Clutch master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

# 37A

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- Press the clutch master cylinder clip.

**Note:**

Lubricate both ends of the supply pipe with brake fluid to facilitate fitting on the brake fluid reservoir take-off pipe.

- Refit the pipe between the clutch master cylinder and the brake fluid reservoir.

**Note:**

As you lock the clutch control pipe, you should hear a safety click.

- Refit the clutch master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe on the slave cylinder.
- Remove the transparent tube from the bleed hole.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Remove the plugs from the openings.
- Refit the clutch master cylinder supply pipe on the brake fluid reservoir.
- Refit the expansion bottle.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the correct level.
- Bleed the clutch circuit (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch circuit: Bleed**, page **37A-37**).

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

### Tightening torques

expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m
-----------------------	-------

#### Note:

Each time an operation is carried out on the hydraulic clutch system, bleed the circuit at the following locations:

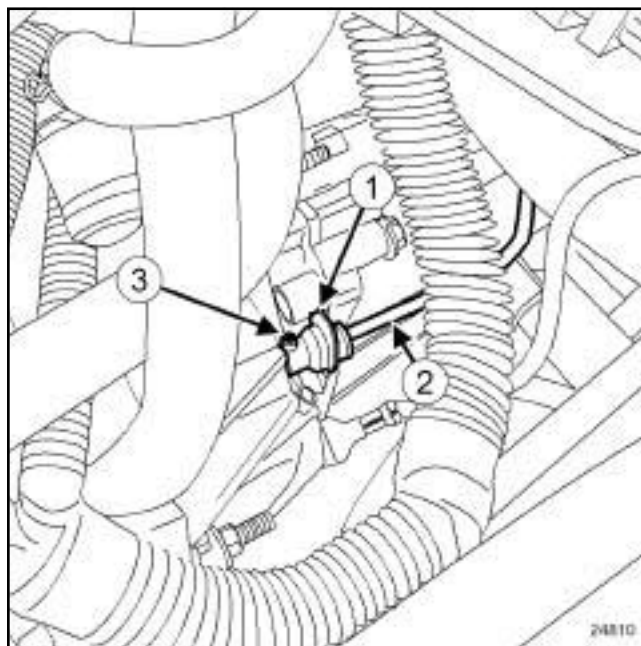
- between the reservoir and the bleed hole,
- between the bleed hole and the clutch thrust bearing,
- for long pedal travel.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (O2A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the engine undertray.
- Remove the two expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle.
- Disconnect the brake fluid level sensor connector from the reservoir.
- Remove the brake fluid filler cap.
- Drain the brake fluid reservoir until the fluid level is below the master cylinder supply aperture.
- Remove the plug from the bleed hole.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Place a cloth under the clutch slave cylinder.
- Press the clip (1) .

#### WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

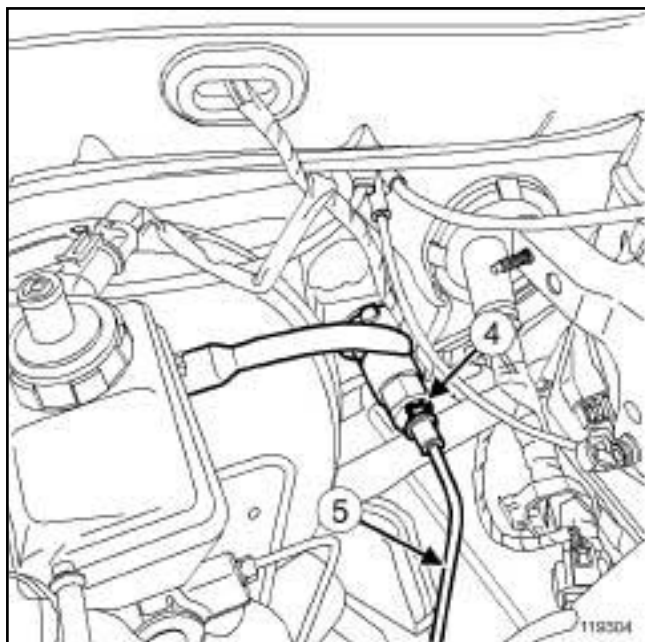
- Pull out the clutch control pipe (2) by one notch to free the bleed hole.

#### Note:

Expect some brake fluid to run out.

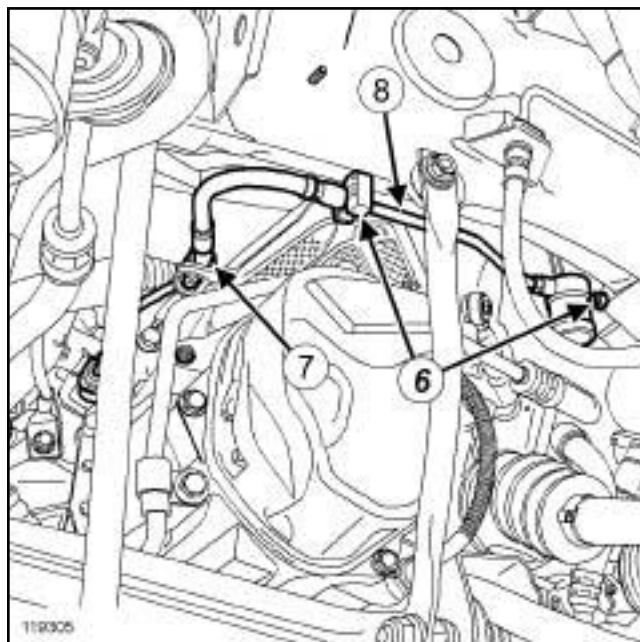
- Connect a transparent pipe to the bleed hole (3) and place an empty container under the bleed hole.
- Depress the clutch pedal with your hand (to drain the master cylinder and the clutch pipe).
- Press the slave cylinder clip (1) .
- Uncouple the pipe (2) from the slave cylinder and place plugs on all the openings.

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE



119304

- Remove the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe retaining clip (4) on the master cylinder.
- Place a cloth under the master cylinder.
- Disconnect the pipe (5) on the master cylinder in the engine compartment.
- Fit plugs into the openings.



119305

- Unclip:
  - the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe from the body (6) ,
  - the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe from the gearbox at (7) .
- Remove the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe (8) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check the condition of the seals.
- Remove the plugs from the openings.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe.
- Clip the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe:
  - on the gearbox,
  - on the body.
- Connect the pipe to the master cylinder in the engine compartment.
- Refit the clip securing the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe to the master cylinder.

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- Connect the pipe to the slave cylinder.


**Note:**

As you lock the clutch control pipe, you should hear a safety click.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the expansion bottle.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the correct level.
- Bleed the clutch circuit (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch circuit: Bleed**, page **37A-37**).
- Refit the engine undertray.

JR5

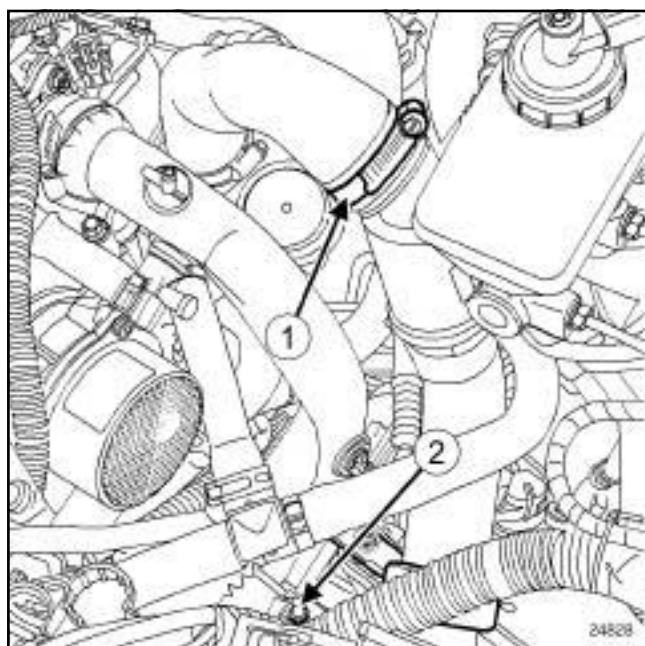
Tightening torques 	
gear control unit bolts	21 N.m
exhaust pipe mountings	21 N.m
expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle from its support.

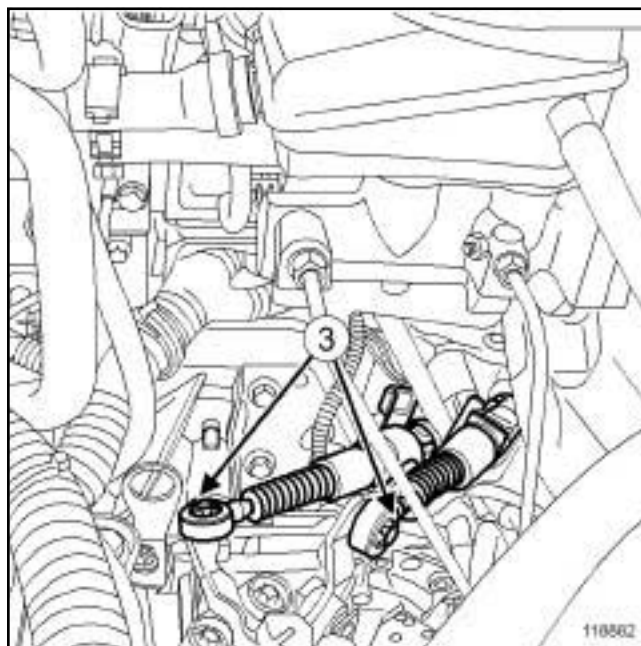
K9K



24828

- Disconnect the air duct between the turbocharger and the intercooler at (1) .
- Remove the air duct nut (2) on the gearbox.
- Move aside the air duct.

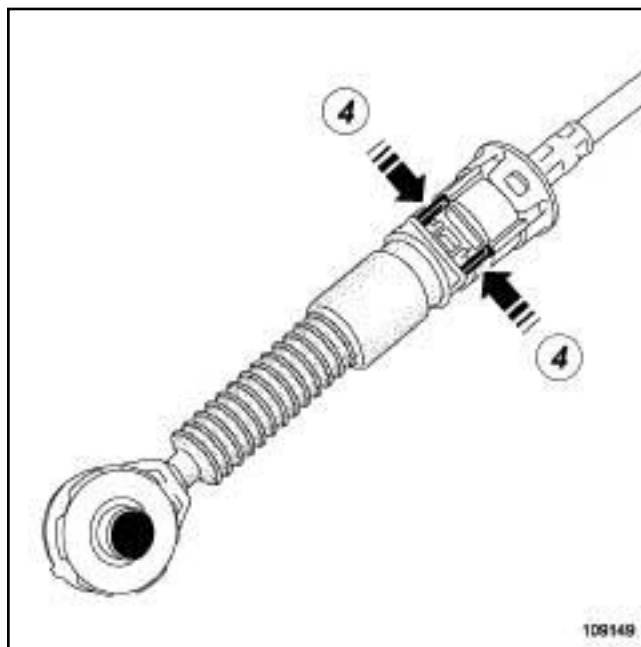
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



110862

118882

- Unclip the gear control cables on the gearbox at (3) .



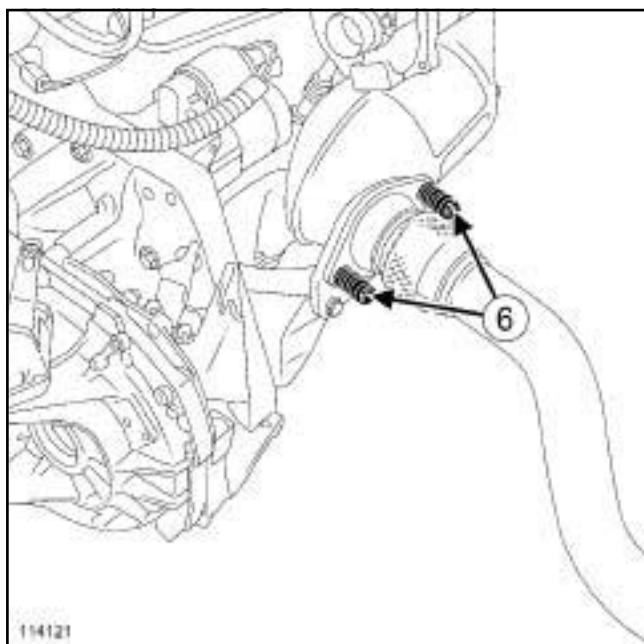
109149

109149

- Detach the gear control cable sleeve stops from the gearbox by pressing at (4) .

JR5

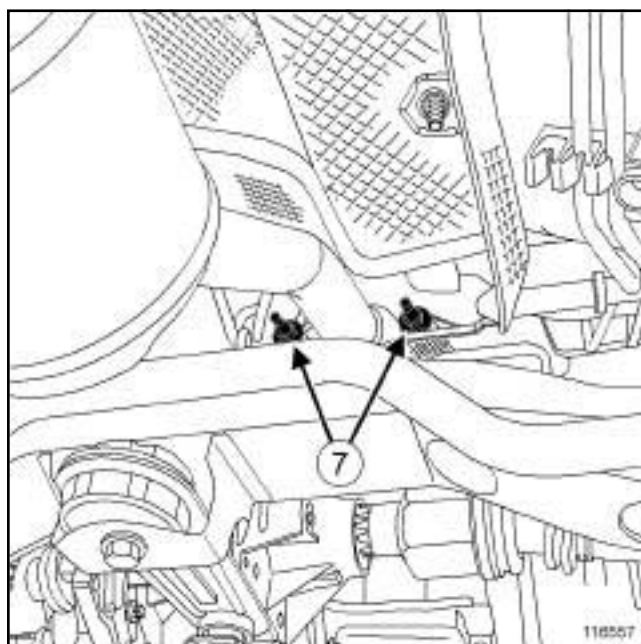
K9K



114121

- Remove the exhaust pipe mountings (6) from the catalytic converter.

K4M

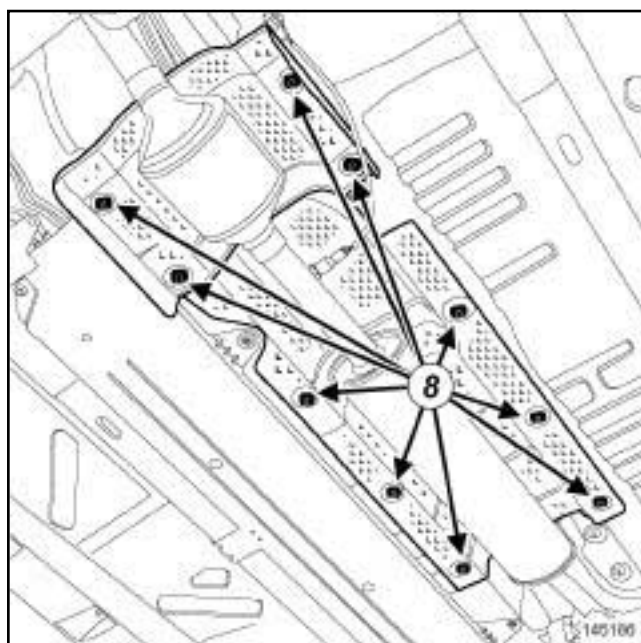


116557

- Remove the exhaust pipe mountings (7).

- Move aside the exhaust pipe.

K4M



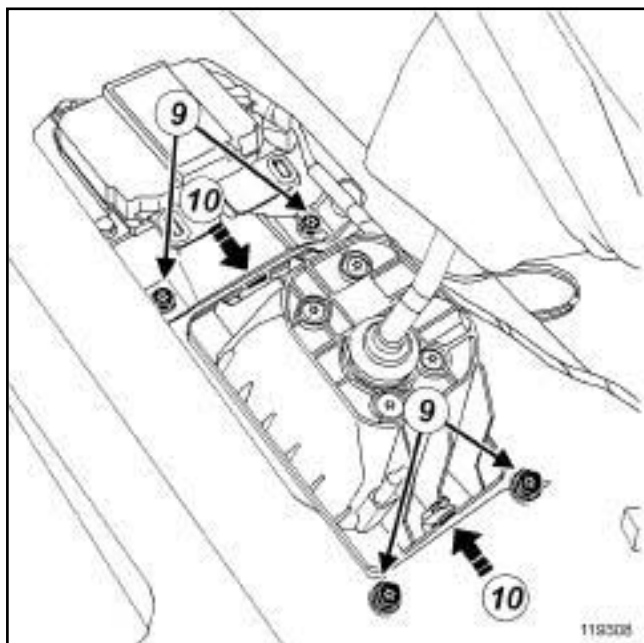
145186

- Remove:
  - the nuts (8) from the heat shield,

JR5

- the heat shield.

- Remove the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).



119308

- Remove the gear control unit bolts (9) .
- Unclip the gear selection unit from the floor at (10) .
- Lower the gearbox control unit so it is resting on the exhaust.
- Remove the gear control unit by feeding it out between the exhaust and the tunnel.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

Note:

The external control unit and the control levers on the gearbox must be in the neutral position to facilitate attachment of the control cables to the gearbox.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Position the gear control unit.
- Clip the gear control unit onto the floor.

- Torque tighten the **gear control unit bolts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

K4M

- Refit:
  - the heat shield,
  - the heat shield nuts,
- Refit the exhaust pipe mountings on the catalytic converter.
- Torque tighten the **exhaust pipe mountings (21 N.m)**.
- Clip:
  - the gear control cable sheath stops on the gearbox,
  - the control cables to the gearbox.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

K9K

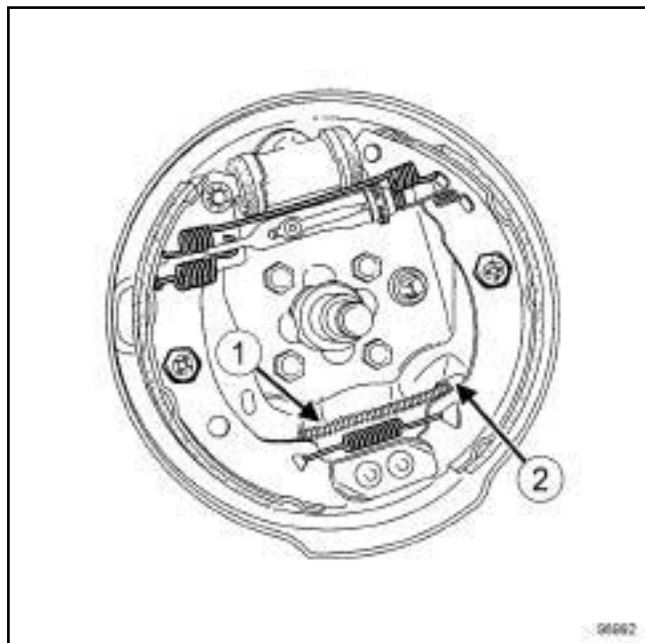
- Refit the air duct nut on the gearbox.
- Connect the air duct between the turbocharger and the intercooler at (1) .
- Refit the expansion bottle on its support.
- Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### REMOVAL

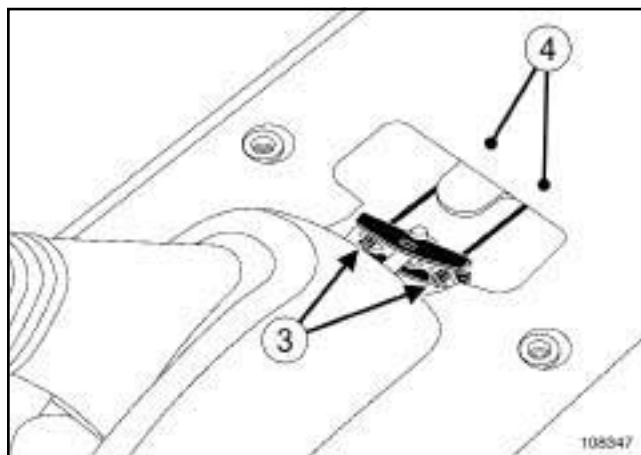
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the central console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1),
  - the rear brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page 33A-7).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove the parking brake cable (1) from the lever using pliers and a screwdriver.
- Unclip the parking brake cable sheath (2) from the drum back-plate.



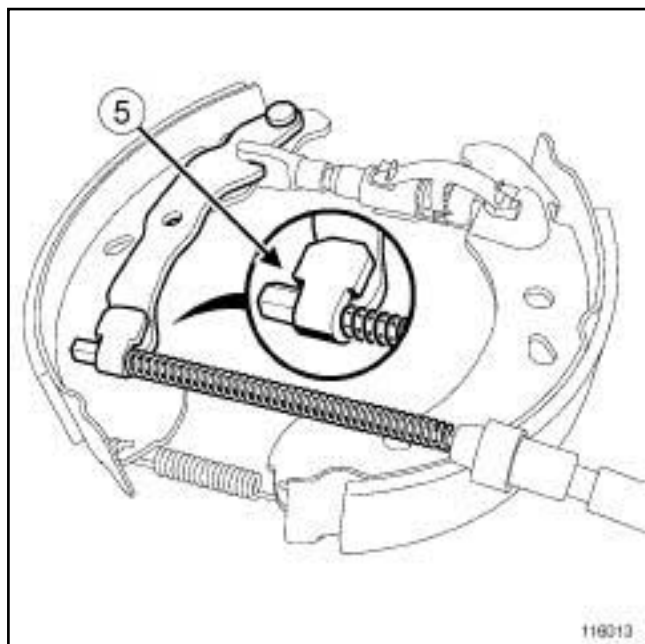
- Unclip:
  - the cables (3) from their housing,
  - the sheaths from their stop on the body (4) using pliers,
- Unclip the parking brake cables from their guides.
- Remove the parking brake cables.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the parking brake cables.
- Hook the parking brake cables onto their guides.





116013

- Reattach the parking brake cable sheath onto the drum back-plate.
- Refit the parking brake cable back into the lever housing using a pair of pliers and a screwdriver.
- Check that the cables (5) are correctly positioned on the levers.
- Reattach the sheath to its stop on the bodywork.
- Clip on:
  - the cables (3) to the control lever,
  - the sheaths to their stop on the body (4) .
- Adjust the parking brake cables (see **37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Adjustment**, page 37A-30) .

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the rear brake drums (see **33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting**, page 33A-7) ,
  - the rear wheels (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page 35A-1) ,
  - the central console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

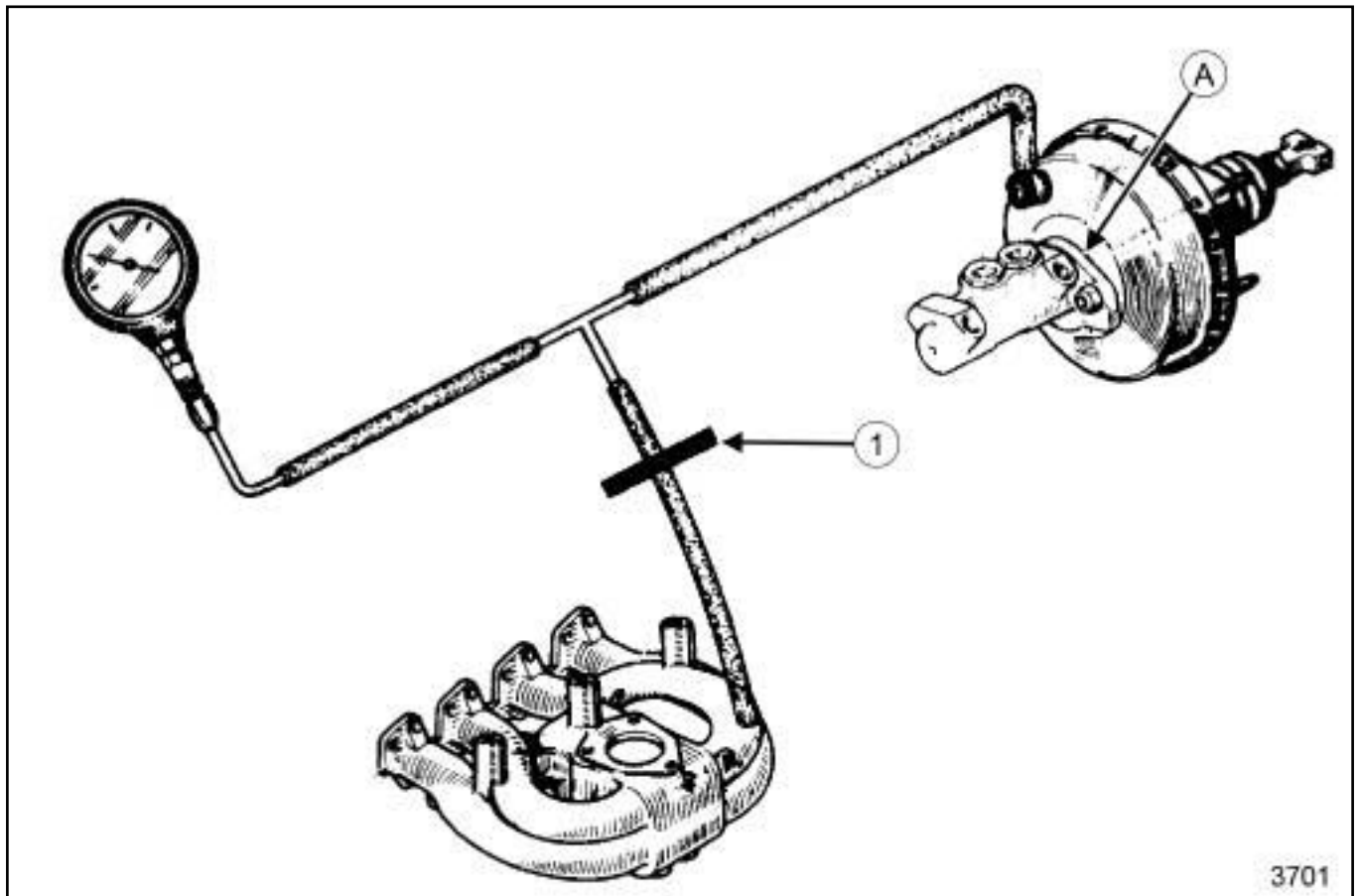
## Brake servo: Check

## Special tooling required

Ms. 583

Pipe clamps.

## CHECKING THE SEALS



3701

3701

- When checking the brake servo seals, ensure that there is a perfect seal between this and the master cylinder. If there is a leak here, replace the seal (A).

The brake servo seals must be checked when fitted on the vehicle and when the hydraulic circuit is operational.

- Connect the between the brake servo and the vacuum source (inlet manifold) with a « T » union and the shortest possible pipe.
- Let the engine idle for approximately 10 minutes.
- Press the pipe between the « T » union and the vacuum source using the (Ms. 583) (1).

If the vacuum drops by more than **33 mbar** in **15 seconds**, there is a leak either:

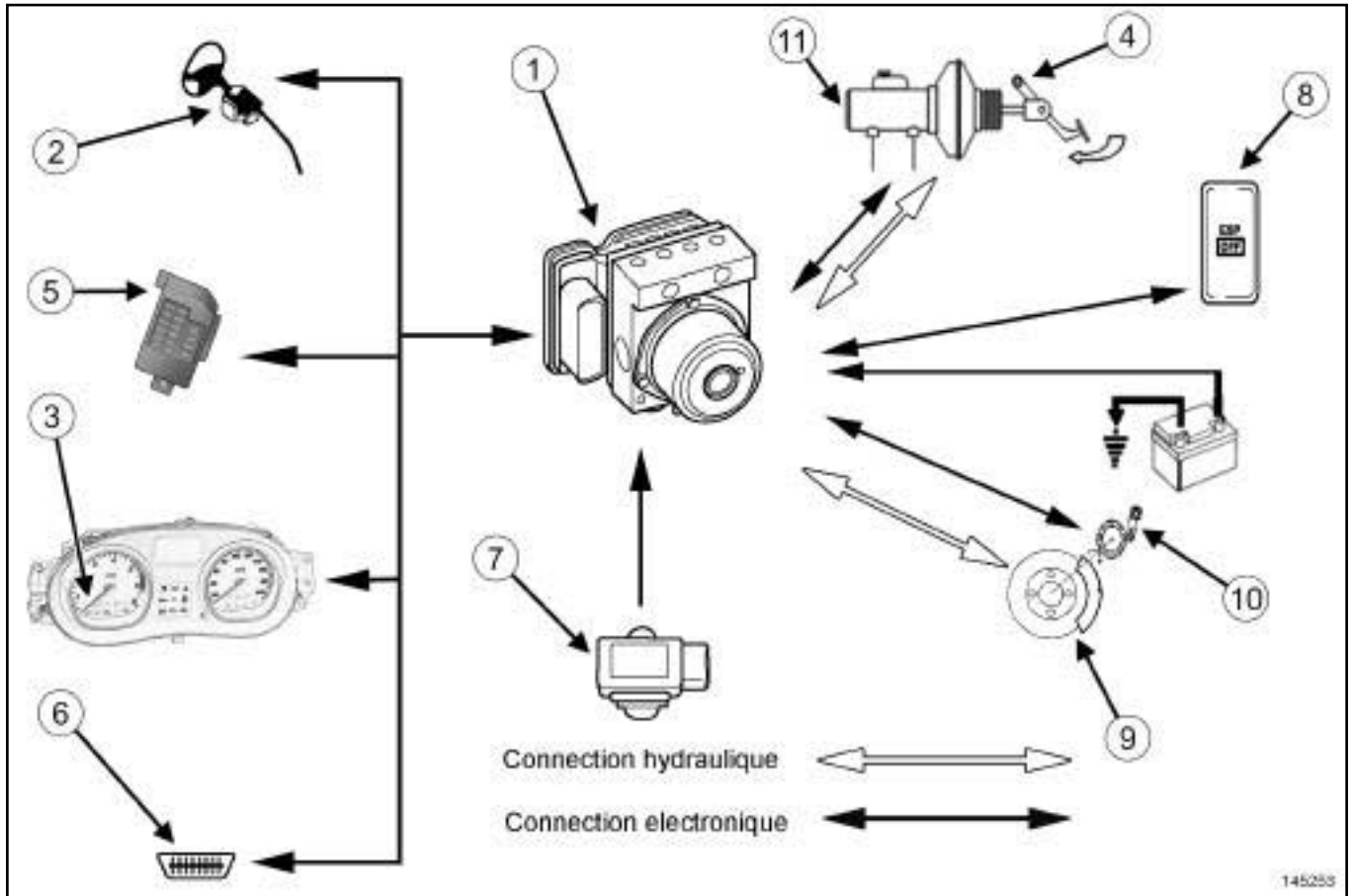
- at the non-return valve (replace it),
- at the pushrod diaphragm (if this is the case, you should replace the brake servo).

If the brake servo is not operational, the braking system will operate but the force required at the pedal to obtain the equivalent deceleration as for assisted braking is considerably higher.

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

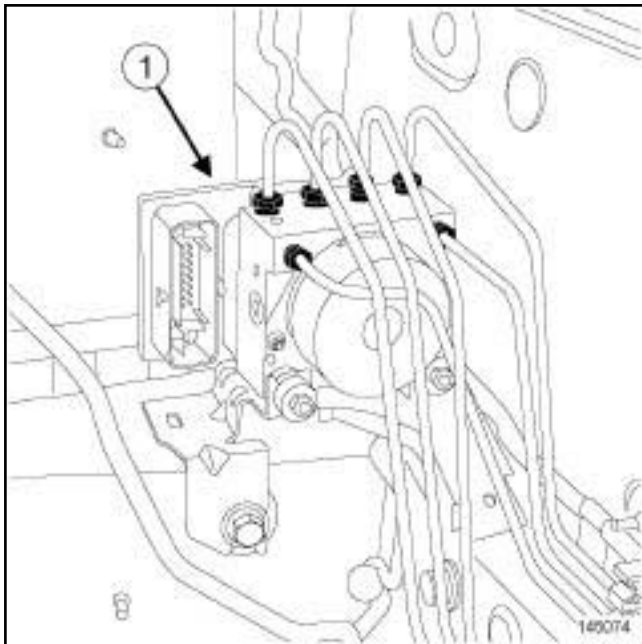
## ABS: List and location of components

# 38C

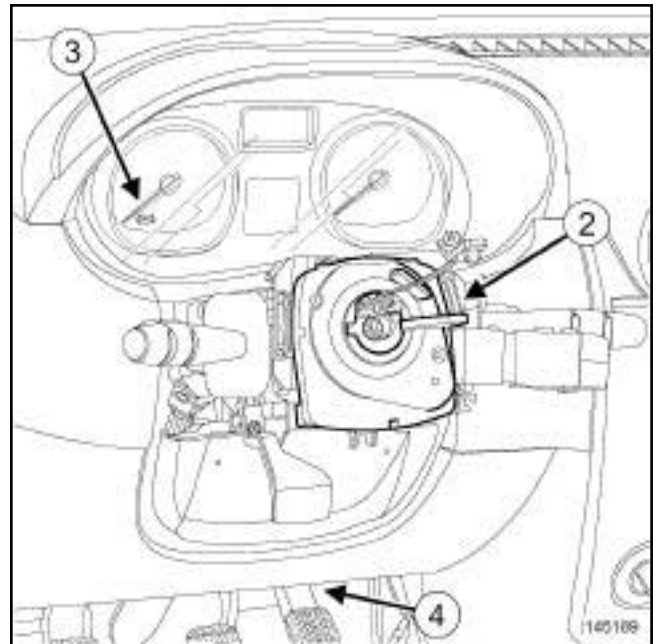


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145253



145074



145189

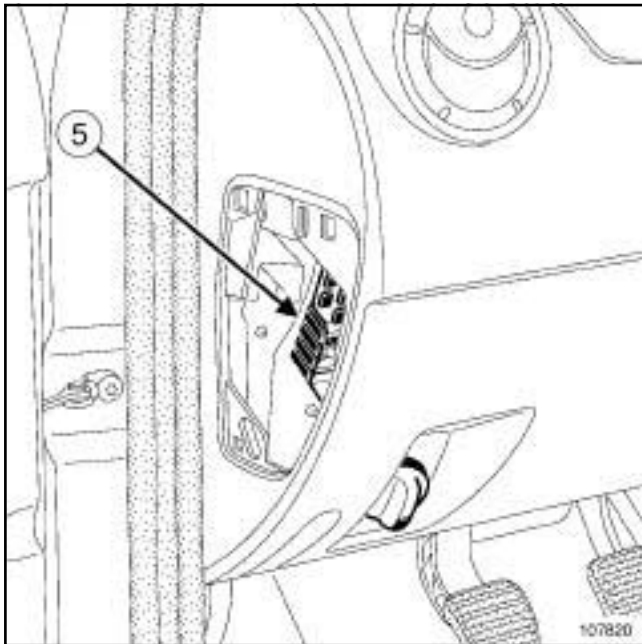
(1) Hydraulic unit

- (2) Steering wheel angle sensor
- (3) ABS warning light on the instrument panel
- (4) Brake lights switch

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

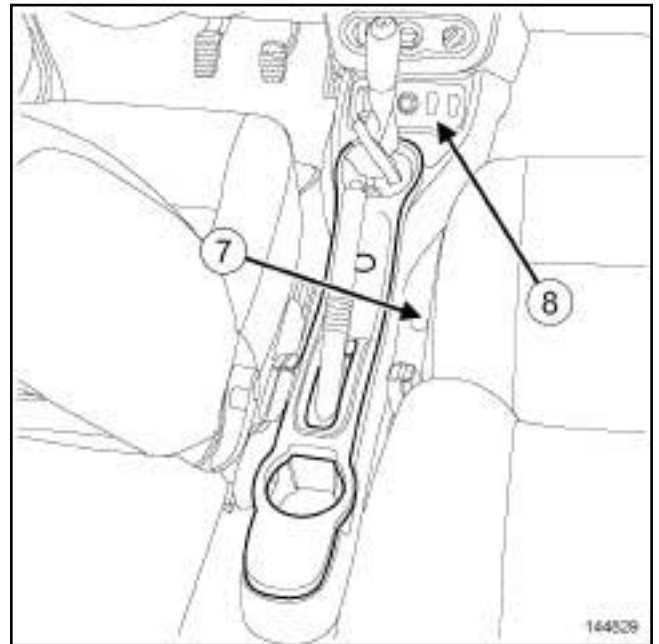
## ABS: List and location of components

# 38C



107820

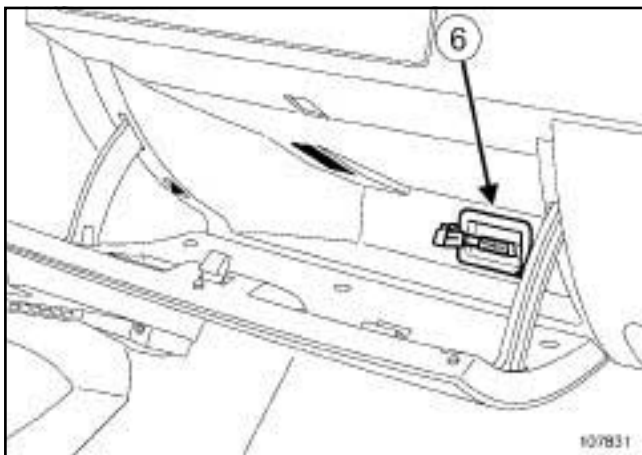
(5) Fuse box



144829

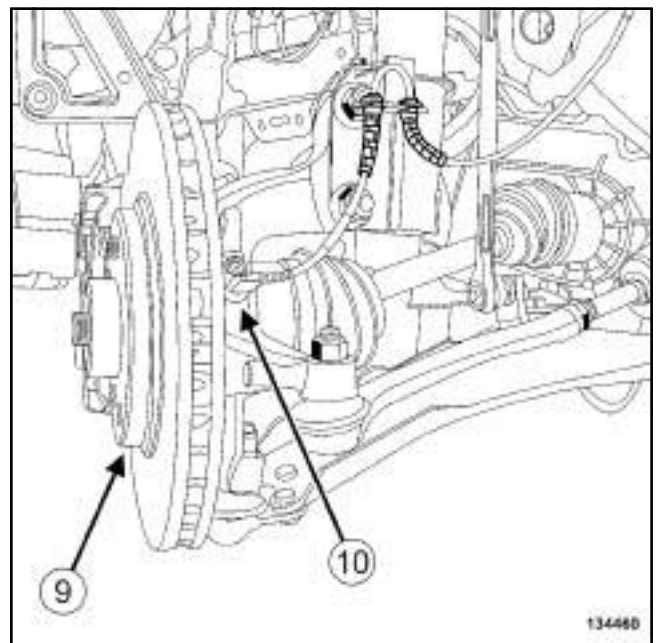
(7) Lateral acceleration and yaw speed sensor

(8) ESP deactivation switch



107831

(6) Diagnostic socket



134460

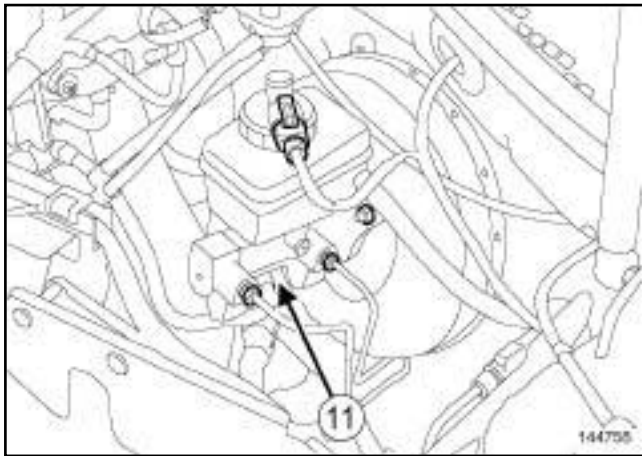
(9) Brake disc with instrumented bearing

(10) Wheel speed sensor

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## ABS: List and location of components

**38C**



144758

(11) Master cylinder

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## ABS: Precautions for the repair

# 38C

### Equipment required

pedal press

Diagnostic tool

### I - SAFETY

- If a lift must be used for an operation, respect the safety instructions (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

- Protect any bodywork components which could be damaged by brake fluid with covers.

- to ensure there is no risk of sparks, do not place any metallic objects on the battery.

- Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Carefully clean any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle.

### II - CLEANLINESS

- Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

- If a component is being replaced by a new one, do not remove the new component from its packaging until its is ready to be fitted onto the vehicle.

#### WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

### III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

- During an operation which requires the braking circuit to be opened, position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.

- After any operation on the ABS, it is essential to confirm the repair with a road test and a check using the **Diagnostic tool**.

#### 1 - Yaw speed and lateral acceleration sensor

The sensor must be fitted facing the vehicle's direction of travel (as shown by the arrow).

Be sure to replace any sensor which has sustained an impact.

#### 2 - Hydraulic unit

##### WARNING

Switch off the vehicle ignition so as not to activate the hydraulic unit solenoid valves when bleeding the brake circuit.

#### 3 - Wheel speed sensor

##### WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target on the bearing.

##### WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.

- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

#### 4 - Brake servo

##### IMPORTANT

To avoid breaking the connection between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal, check that the safety clevis pin is locked onto the brake servo pushrod by tilting it from the top downwards.

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting

# 38C

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Equipment required

pedal press

#### Tightening torques

hydraulic brake unit bolts on the support	8 N.m
---	-------

rigid brake pipe unions on the hydraulic brake unit	13 N.m
---	--------

hydraulic brake unit earth wire nut	8 N.m
-------------------------------------	-------

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system, ABS: Precautions for the repair**, page **38C-4**),
- (see ) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

#### WARNING

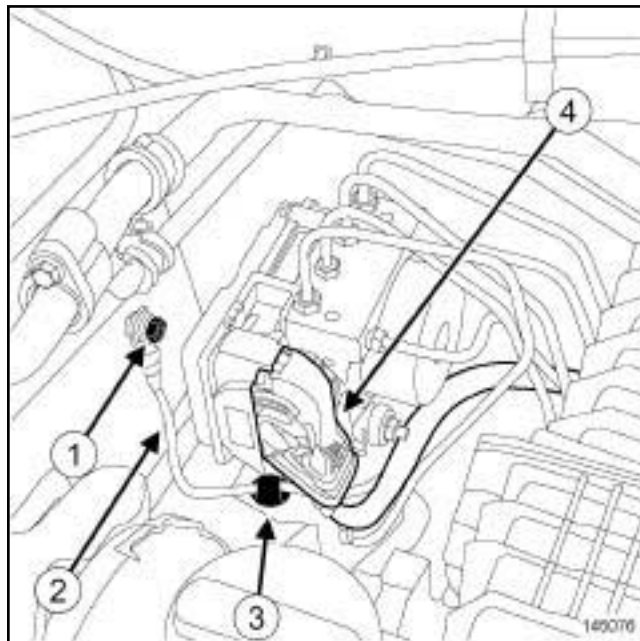
Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

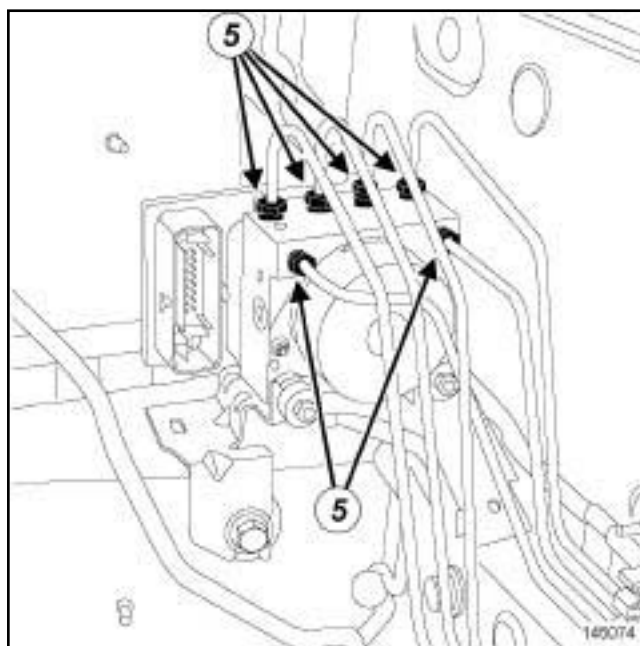
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Position the **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- Remove the soundproofing clips from the bulkhead.
- Move the soundproofing away from the bulkhead to access the hydraulic brake unit.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145076

- Remove:
  - the hydraulic brake unit earth wire nut (1),
  - the hydraulic brake unit earth wire (2).
- Unclip the earth wire from the hydraulic brake unit at (3).
- Disconnect the hydraulic brake unit connector (4).



145074

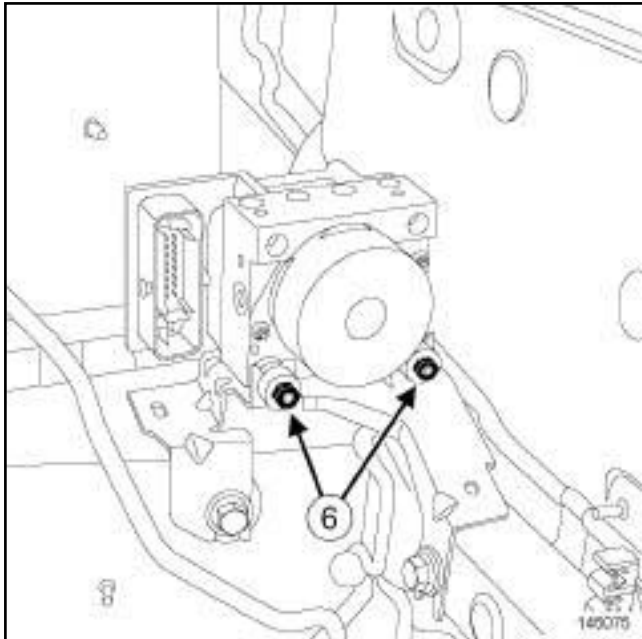
- Unscrew the rigid pipe unions (5) from the hydraulic brake unit.
- Fit blanking plugs on the openings of the hydraulic unit and brake pipes.

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting

# 38C

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



145075

Remove:

- the hydraulic brake unit bolts (6) from its mounting,
- the hydraulic brake unit.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

#### WARNING

To prevent any premature wear, ensure that there is no contact between the rigid pipe and the body.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Torque tighten:

- the **hydraulic brake unit bolts on the support (8 N.m)**,
- the **rigid brake pipe unions on the hydraulic brake unit (13 N.m)**,

- the **hydraulic brake unit earth wire nut (8 N.m)**.

Bleed the brake circuit (see **30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed**, page 30A-4) .



## Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Tightening torques

front wheel speed sensor bolt	7 N.m
-------------------------------	-------

#### IMPORTANT

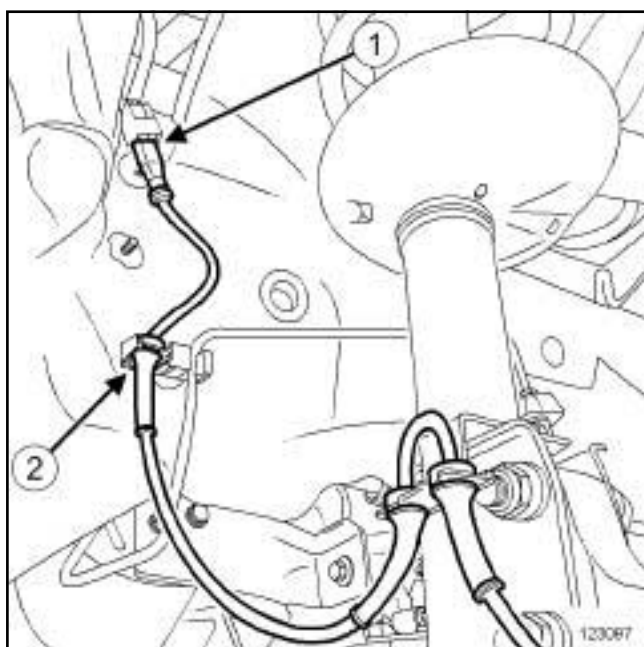
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system, ABS: Precautions for the repair**, page **38C-4**).

### REMOVAL

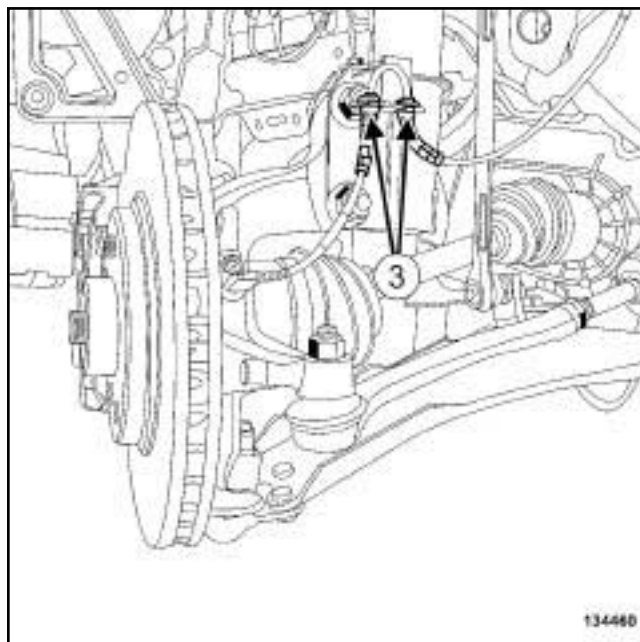
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the front wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
  - the front wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

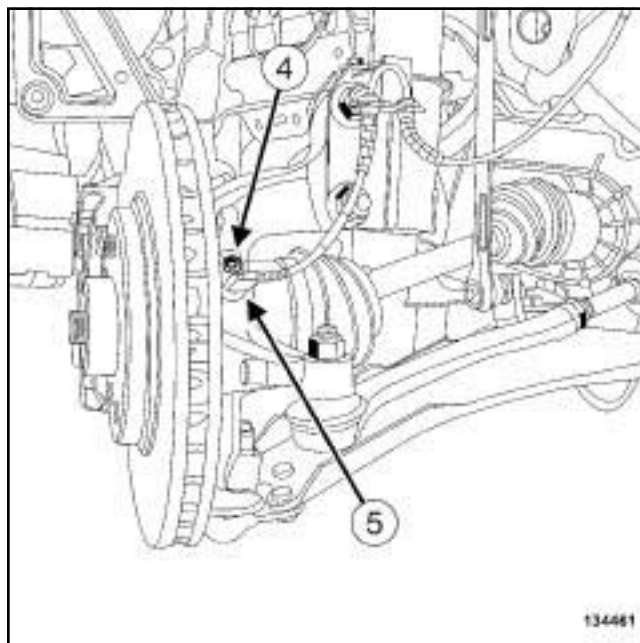


- Disconnect the front wheel speed sensor connector (1).
- Unclip the front wheel speed sensor wiring at (2).



134460

- Unclip the front wheel speed sensor wiring at (3).



134461

- Remove:
  - the front wheel speed sensor bolt (4),
  - the front wheel speed sensor (5).

## Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## REFITTING

**WARNING**


To avoid damaging the wheel speed sensor cable:

- Do not tension the cable,
- Do not twist the cable,
- Check that there is no contact with the surrounding components,
- Do not use tools that may damage the cable.

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **front wheel speed sensor bolt (7 N.m)**.

## Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

Tightening torques 	
rear wheel speed sensor protective screen nuts	14 N.m
wheel speed sensor bolt	7 N.m

#### IMPORTANT

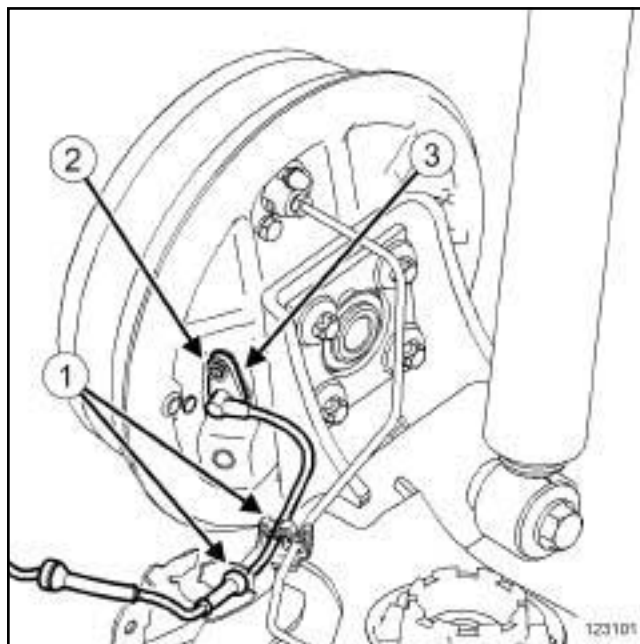
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system, ABS: Precautions for the repair**, page **38C-4**).

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

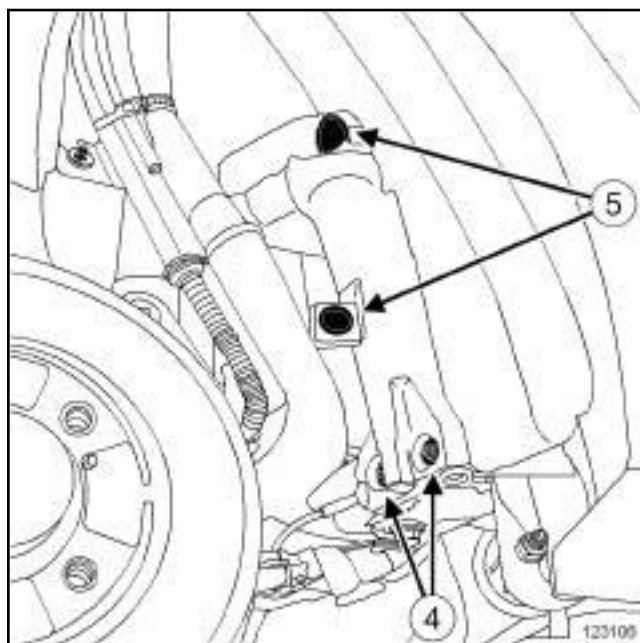
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the rear wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting**, page **35A-1**).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



123101

- Detach the rear wheel speed sensor at (1).
- Remove the rear wheel speed sensor bolt (2) on the brake back-plate.
- Disconnect the rear wheel speed sensor (3) from the brake back-plate retaining bracket.



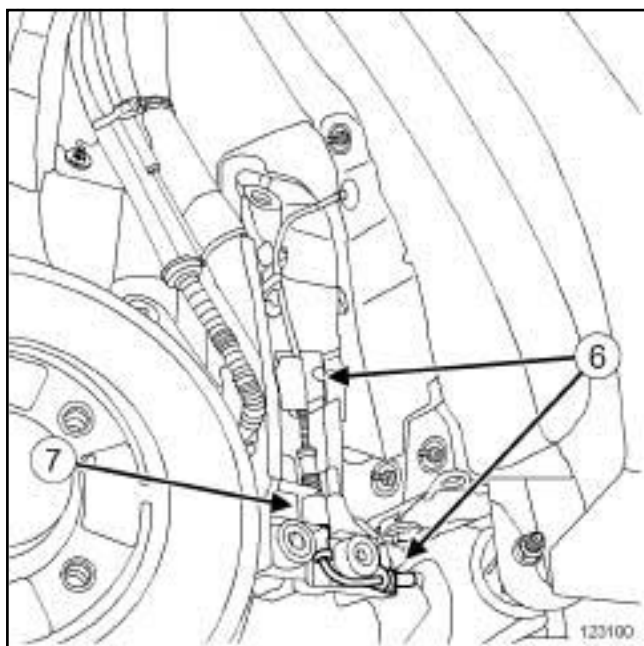
123106

- Remove:
  - the nuts (4) from the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen,

## Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting

### ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

- the clips (5) from the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen.



123100

- Pull away and slightly fold down the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen.
- Detach the rear wheel speed sensor at (6) .
- Disconnect the wheel speed sensor connector (7) on the rear ABS wiring.
- Remove the rear wheel speed sensor.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the wheel speed sensor cable:

- Do not tension the cable,
- Do not twist the cable,
- Check that there is no contact with the surrounding components,
- Do not use tools that may damage the cable.

- Connect the wheel speed sensor connector on the rear ABS wiring.
- Clip the wheel speed sensor onto the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen.

Refit:

- the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen on the body,
- the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen nuts,
- the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen clips.

Torque tighten the **rear wheel speed sensor protective screen nuts (14 N.m)**.

Refit the rear wheel speed sensor on the brake back-plate retaining bracket.

Refit the rear wheel speed sensor bolt.

Torque tighten the **wheel speed sensor bolt (7 N.m)**.

Clip on the rear wheel speed sensor.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

Refit the rear wheel (see **35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1**) .

# RENAULT

## 6 Air conditioning

61A HEATING

62A AIR CONDITIONING

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 6

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	Heating resistors: Removal - Refitting	61A-26			
	Passenger compartment fan assembly control unit: Removal - Refitting	61A-28			
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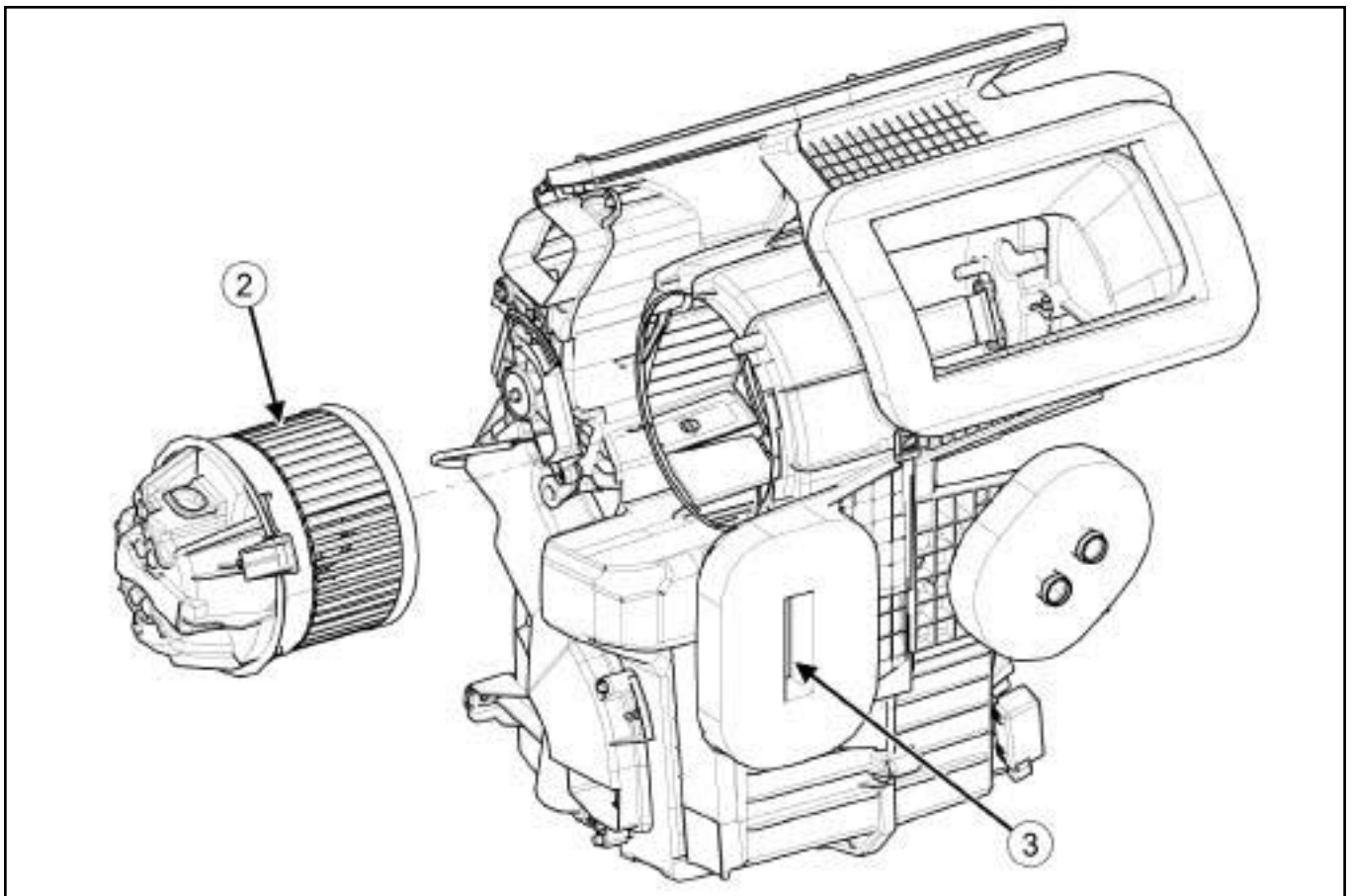
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## Heating: List and location of components



107799

### VALEO distribution unit

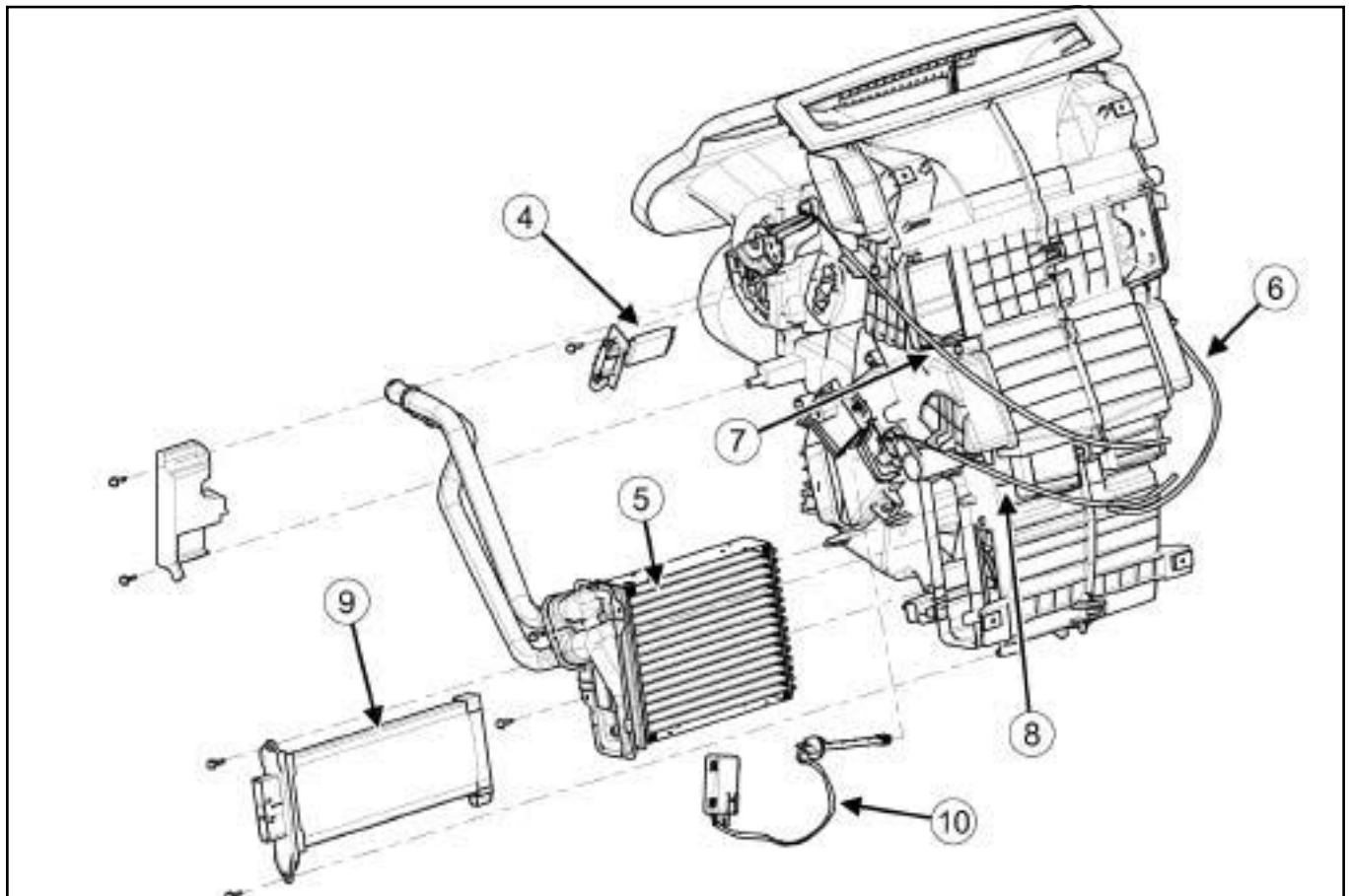


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# HEATING

## Heating: List and location of components

**61A**

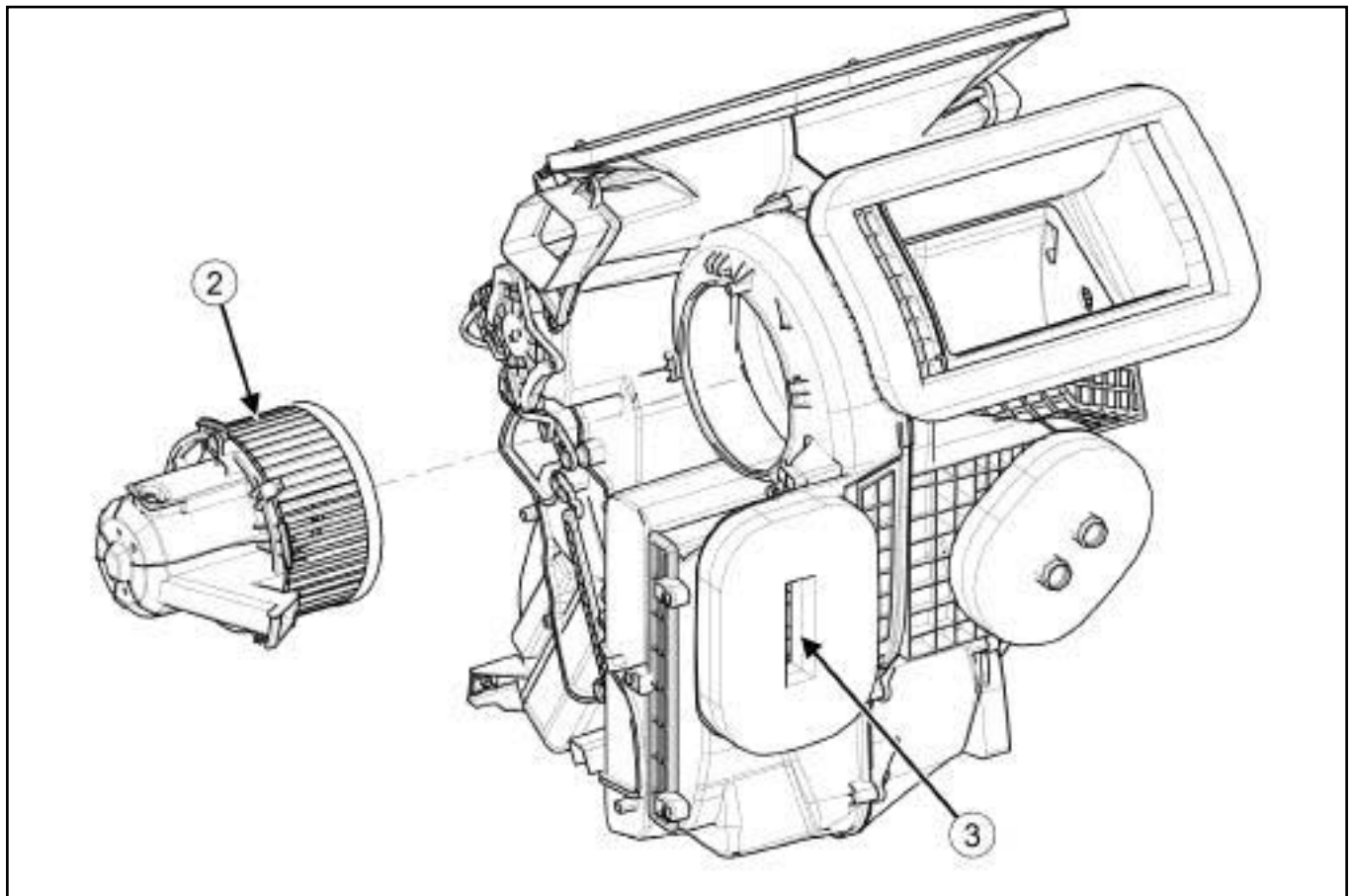


143997



## Heating: List and location of components

### BEHR distribution unit

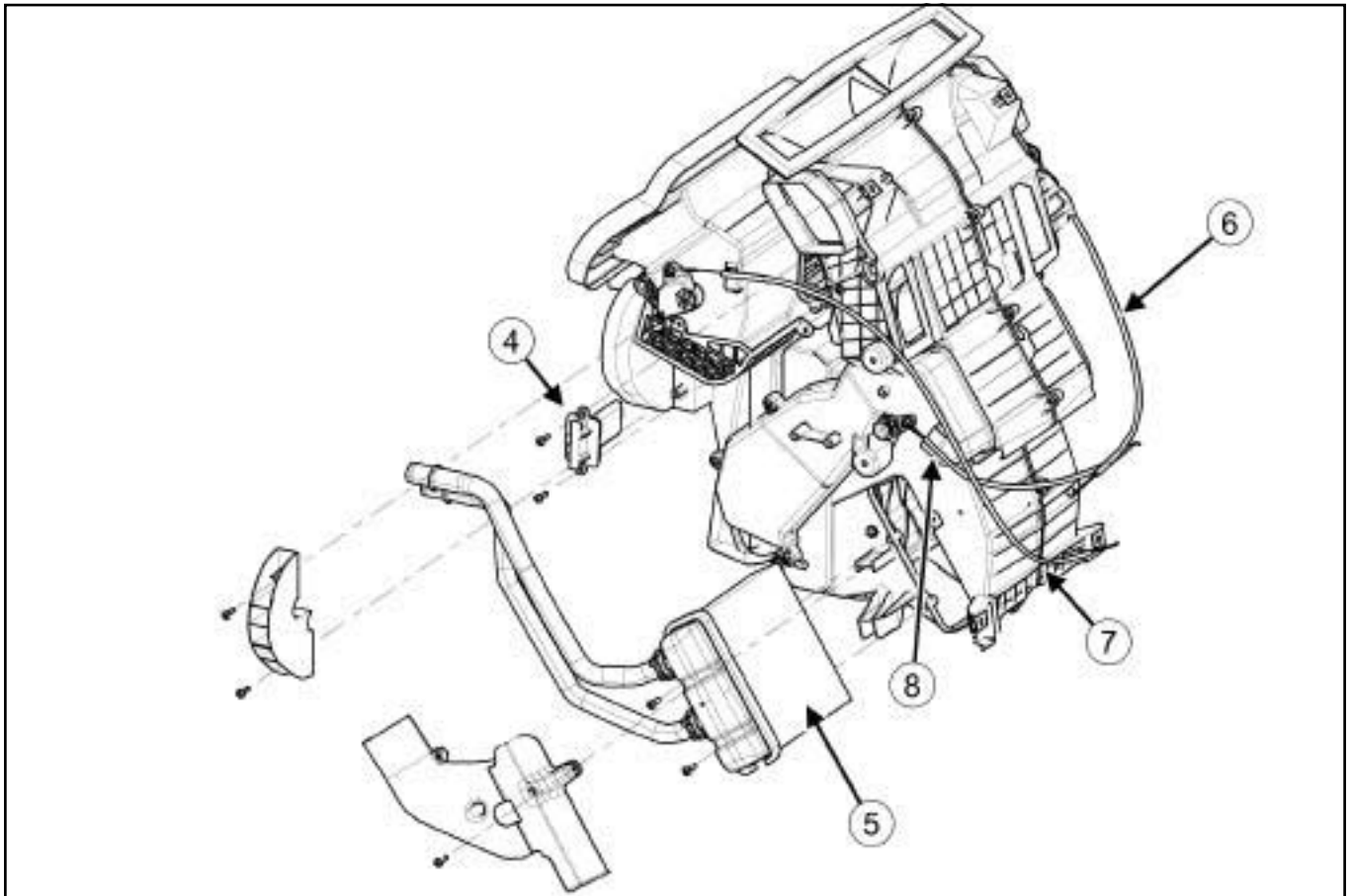


143995

# HEATING

## Heating: List and location of components

**61A**

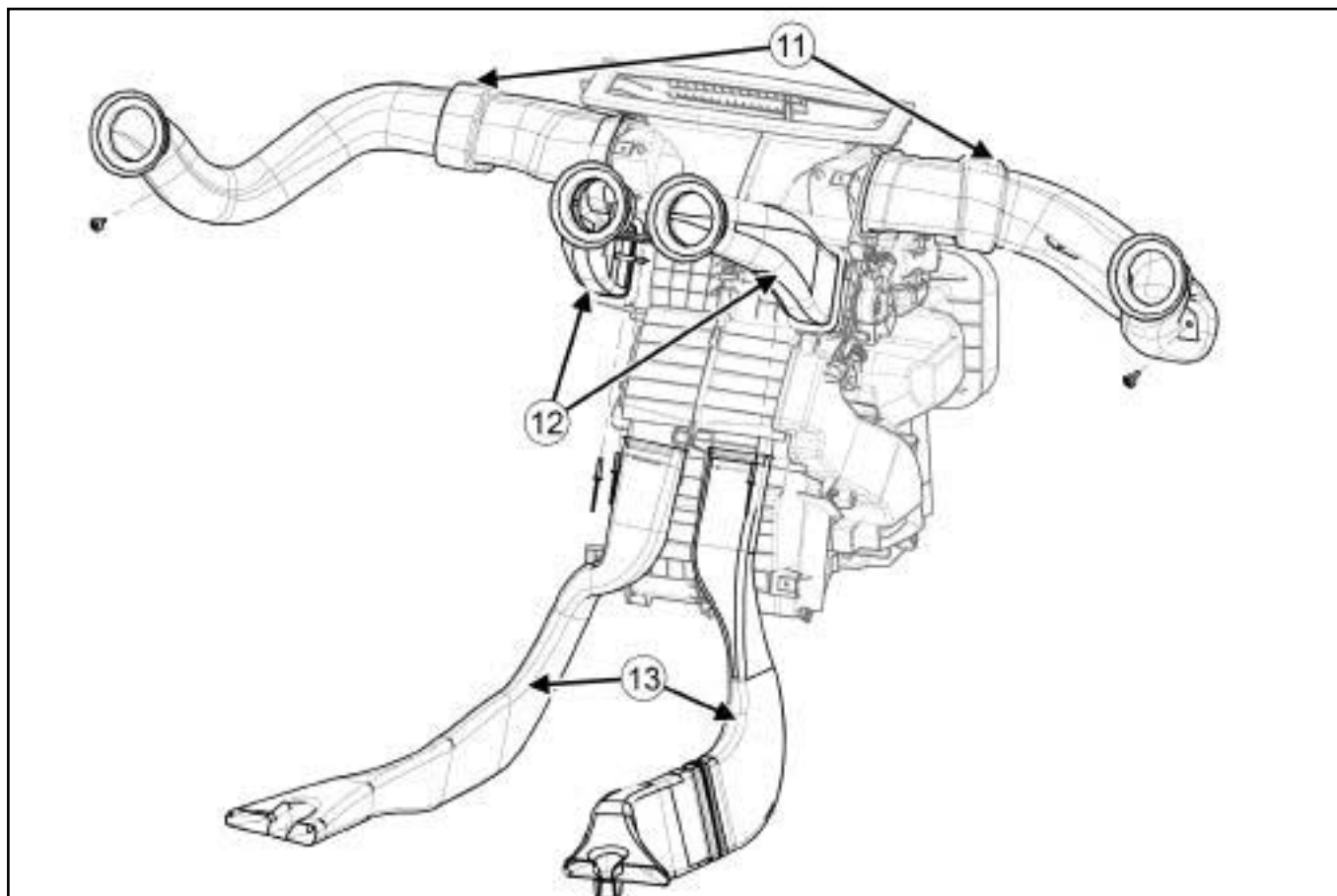


143998

# HEATING

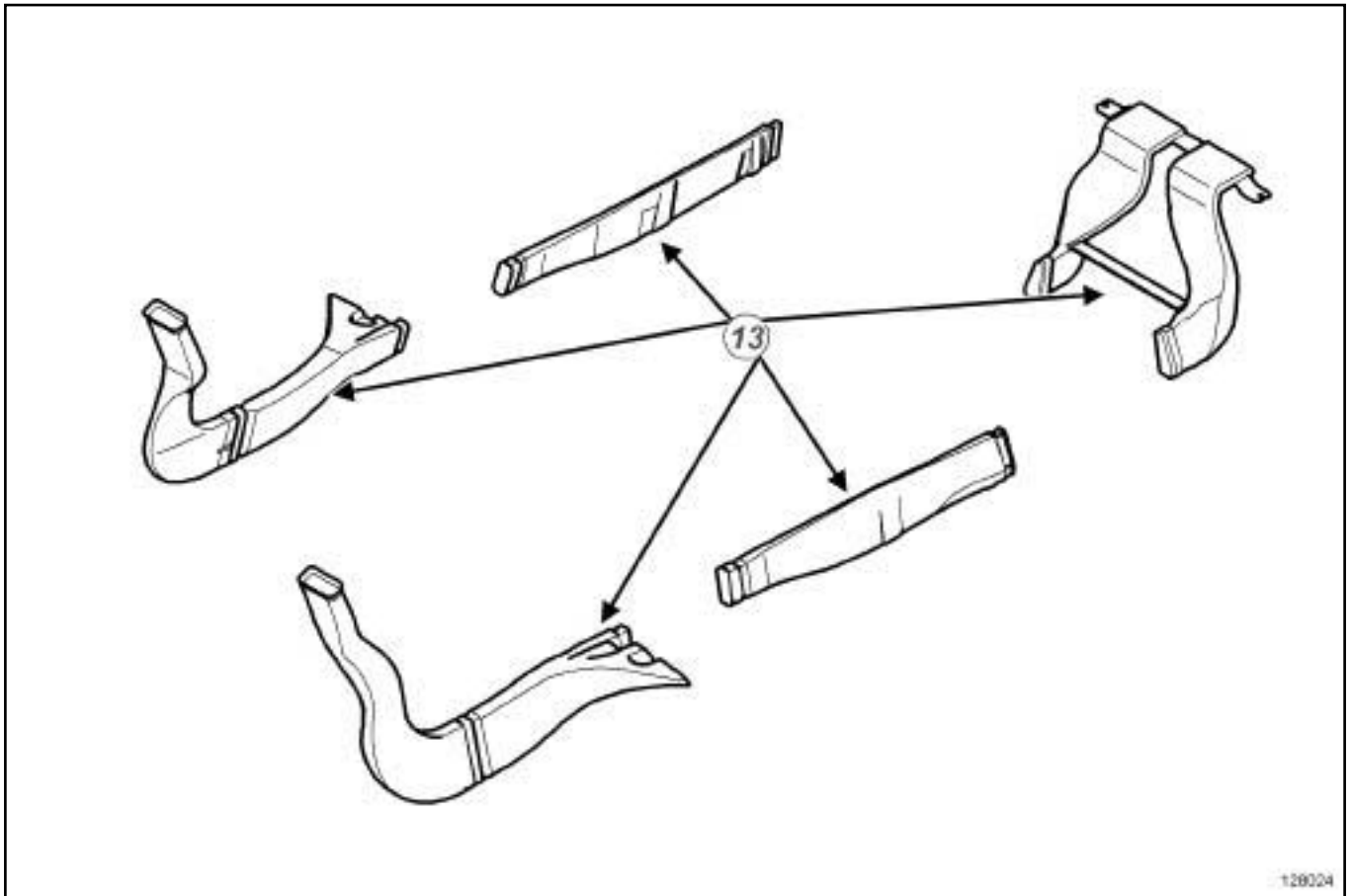
# 61A

## Heating: List and location of components



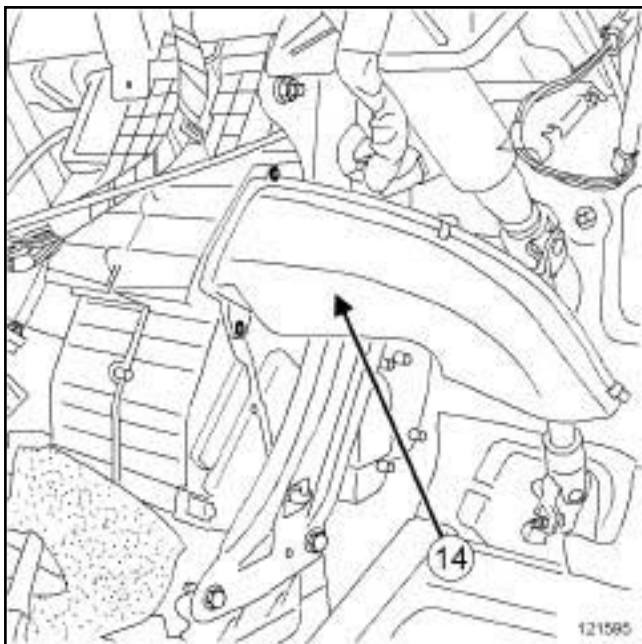
143996

## Heating: List and location of components



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128024



121595

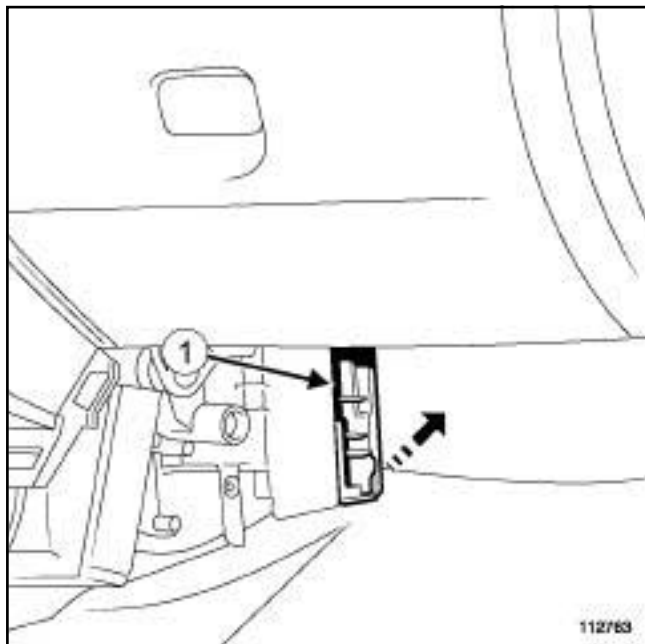
1	Control panel	(see 61A, Heating, Control panel: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-29)
2	Passenger compartment fan assembly	(see 61A, Heating, Fan assembly: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-24)

## Heating: List and location of components

3	Expansion valve	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Expansion valve: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-16)
4	Passenger compartment fan assembly control unit	(see 61A, Heating, Passenger compartment fan assembly control unit: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-28)
5	Heater matrix	(see 61A, Heating, Heater matrix: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-21)
6	Air distribution cable	(see 61A, Heating, Air distribution cable: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-13)
7	Recirculation control cable	(see 61A, Heating, Recirculation control cable: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-11)
8	Air mixing cable	(see 61A, Heating, Air mixing cable: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-15)
9	Heating resistors (VALEO type)	(see 61A, Heating, Heating resistors: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-26)
10	Evaporator sensor (VALEO type)	(see Evaporator sensor: Removal - Refitting)
11	Front side air distribution duct	(see 61A, Heating, Front air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-9)
12	Front central air distribution duct	
13	C-pillar air distribution duct	(see 61A, Heating, Rear air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting, page 61A-10)
14	A-pillar air distribution duct	(see Front footwell air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting)

**Cabin filter: Removal - Refitting**

AIR CONDITIONING

**REMOVAL****OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

112763

- Unclip the passenger compartment filter (1) .

**Note:**

Foreign bodies (leaves, insects etc.) are likely to accumulate in the passenger compartment filter.

Remove the cabin filter with care so as to prevent foreign bodies getting into the evaporator.

- Remove the cabin filter.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATIONS OPERATION**

- Check for foreign bodies in the cabin filter housing, and clean thoroughly if necessary.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**

- Refit the cabin filter.
- Clip on the cabin filter.

## Front air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting

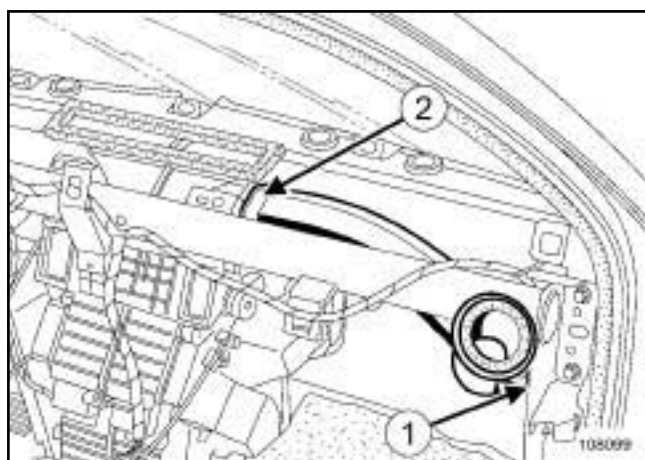
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's frontal airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the storage compartment,
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

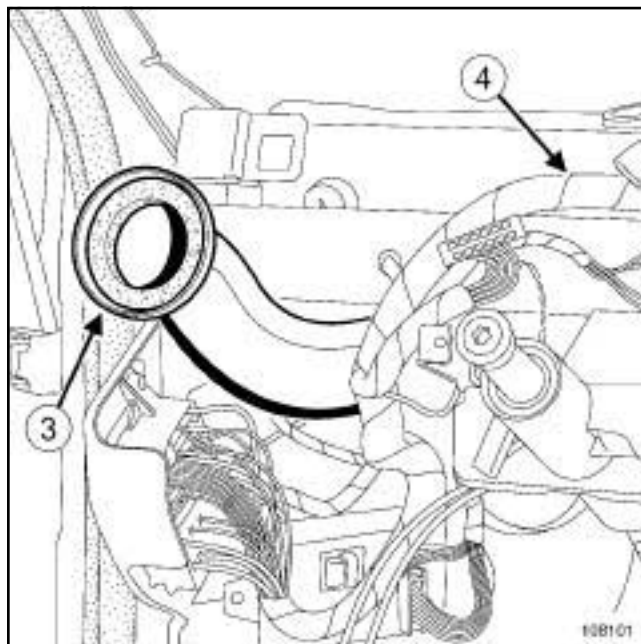
## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

## 1 - Front right-hand air distribution duct



- Remove:
  - the aerial cable clip on the front right-hand air distribution duct,
  - the front right-hand air distribution duct bolt (1) .
- Pull out the front right-hand air distribution duct at (2)

## 2 - Front left-hand air distribution duct



- Remove the front left-hand air distribution duct bolt (3) .
- Pull out the front left-hand air distribution duct at (4) .

## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

## Rear air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting

## REAR SEATS AIR DUCT

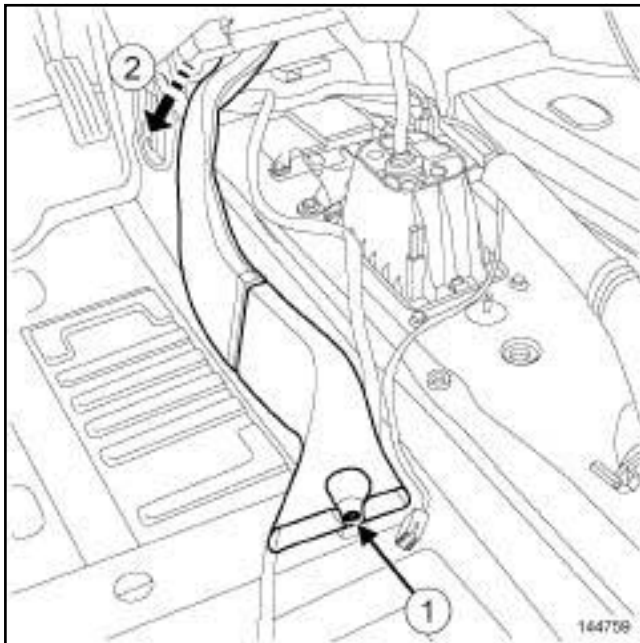
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the central console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
  - the front seats (see **Front seat assembly: Exploded view**) (75A, Front seat frames and mechanisms),
  - the floor carpet partially (see **Floor trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim).

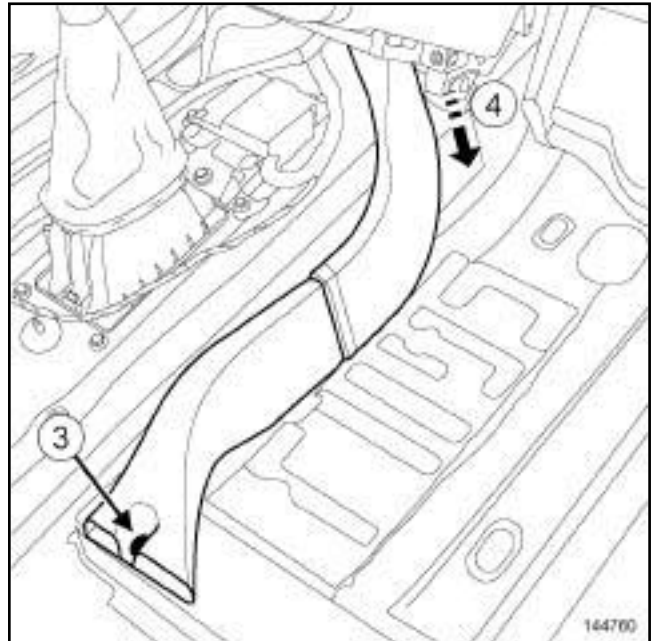
## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

## 1 - Rear left-hand air distribution duct



- Remove the clip (1) using an unclipping tool.
- Remove the rear left-hand air distribution duct at (2)

## 2 - Rear right-hand air distribution duct



- Remove the clip (3) using an unclipping tool.
- Remove the rear right-hand air distribution duct at (4) .

## REFITTING

## REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



## Recirculation control cable: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING or STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

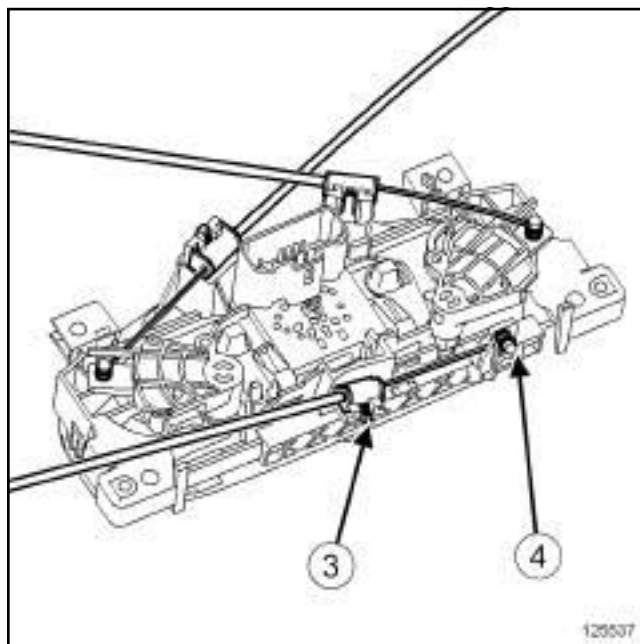
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel)
  - the storage compartment,
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
- Turn the air recirculation switch to the air recirculation position.
- Disconnect the air conditioning control panel connector.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

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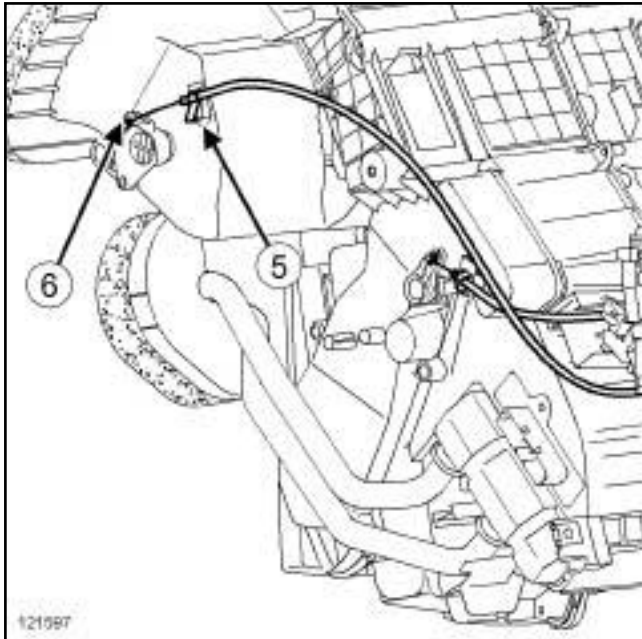
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125537

- Remove the sheath stop by moving the tab (3) to one side.
- Extract the recirculation control cable (4) from the control panel.

## Recirculation control cable: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING or STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



121597

- Unclip the cable sleeve stop (5) from the distribution unit.
- Extract the end of the air recirculation control cable (6) .
- Remove the air recirculation control cable.

**REFITTING**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Check that the air recirculation flap is in the recirculation position.
- Check that the recirculation control can move along its whole stroke.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

## Air distribution cable: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING or STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

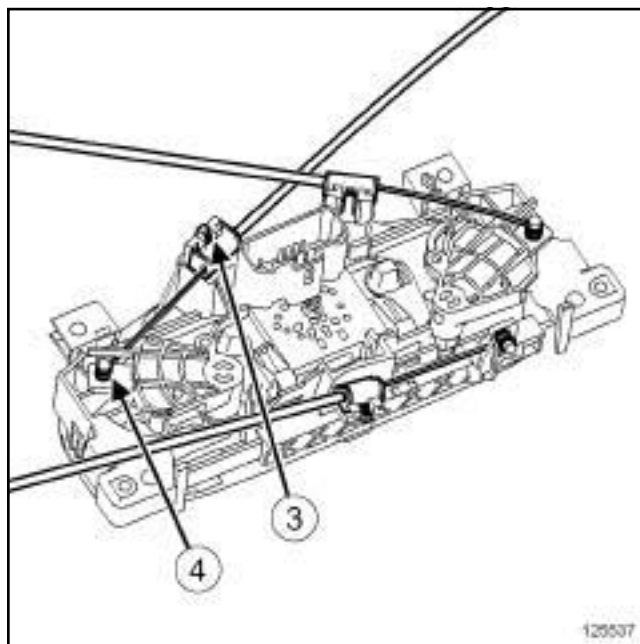
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Turn the air distribution control to the air vent position on the dashboard,
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the storage compartment,
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
- Disconnect the climate control panel connector .

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

H79



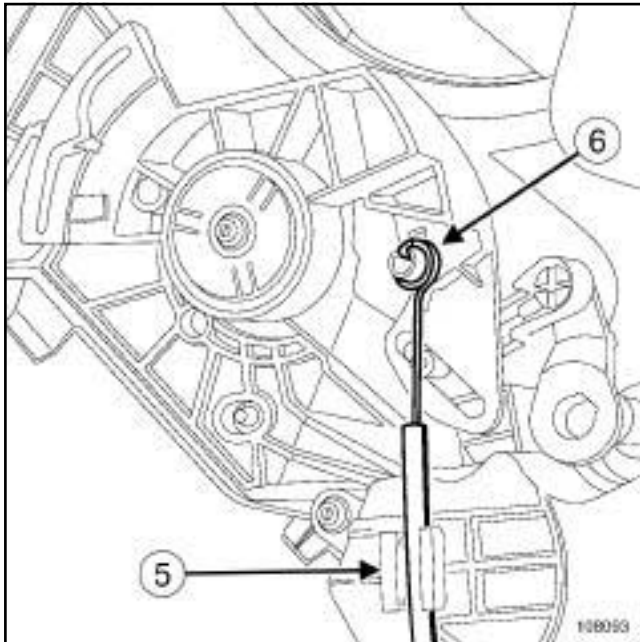
125537

- Remove the sheath stop by moving the tab (3) to one side.
- Extract the air distribution cable (4) from the air conditioning control panel.

## Air distribution cable: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING or STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

## LEFT-HAND DRIVE



108093

- Unclip the cable sleeve stop (5) from the distribution unit.
  - Extract the end of the air distribution cable (6) .
- 
- Remove the air distribution cable.

**REFITTING**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Check that the air distribution control can move along its whole stroke.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

## Air mixing cable: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING or STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

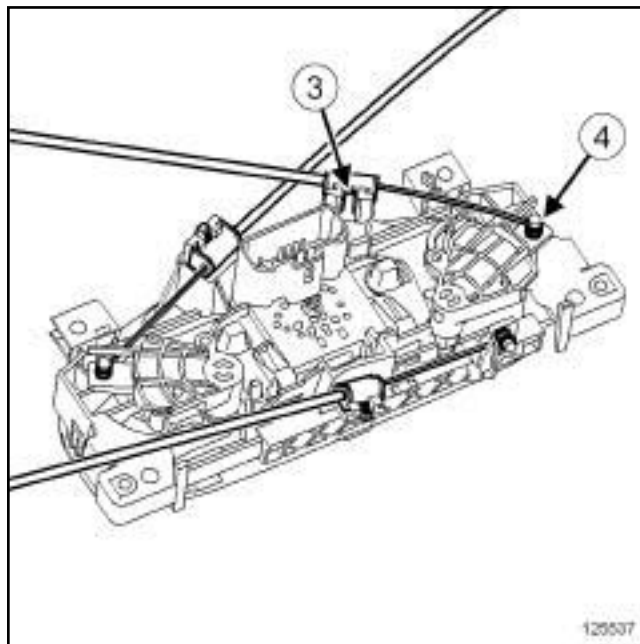
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Turn the heating and air conditioning mixing control to the hottest position.
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the storage compartment,
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
- Disconnect the climate control panel connector .

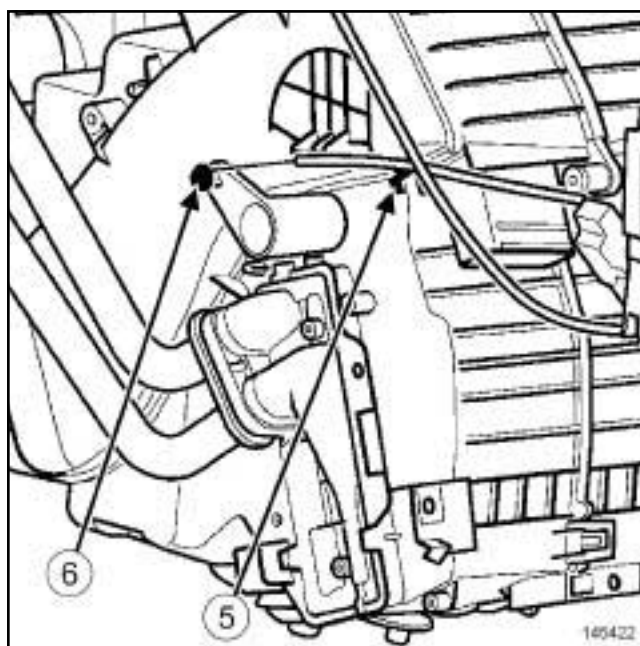
## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

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- Remove:
  - the sheath stop by moving the tab (3) to one side,
  - the air mixing cable (4) from the control panel.



145422

- Unclip the distribution unit cable sleeve stop (5) .
- Extract the end of the air mixing cable (6) .

## Air mixing cable: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING or STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

- Remove the air mixing cable.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Check that the air mixing control can move along its whole stroke.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

### Special tooling required

Ms. 583 Pipe clamps.

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

### AIR CONDITIONING

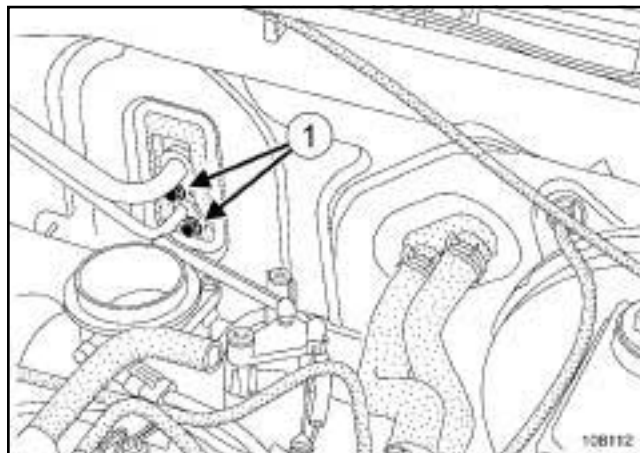
#### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Air conditioning: Precautions for the repair**).

#### Note:

Use blanking plugs for the fuel circuits with part numbers **77 01 208 229** or **77 01 476 857** to plug any openings exposed to the open air. They must be clean. Do not use any which have already been used to plug a fuel circuit.

- Drain the coolant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**).
- Move aside the engine compartment bulkhead soundproofing.



108112

- Remove the bolts (1) from the pipe unions on the expansion valve.

#### WARNING

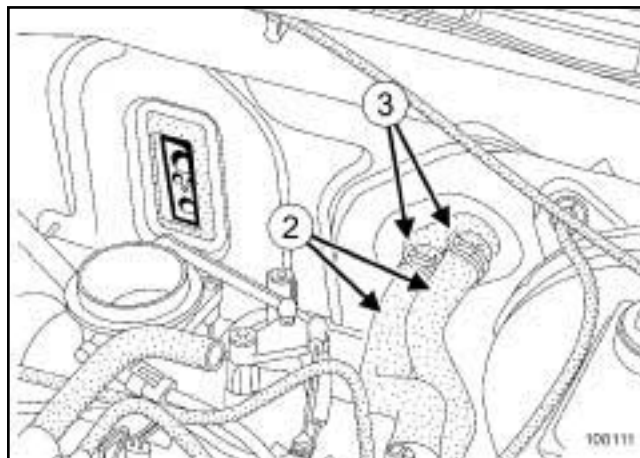
In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

- Disconnect the expansion valve pipes.

#### WARNING

To prevent moisture from entering the system, place plugs on the cold loop components which are open to the air.

- Fit plugs into the openings.



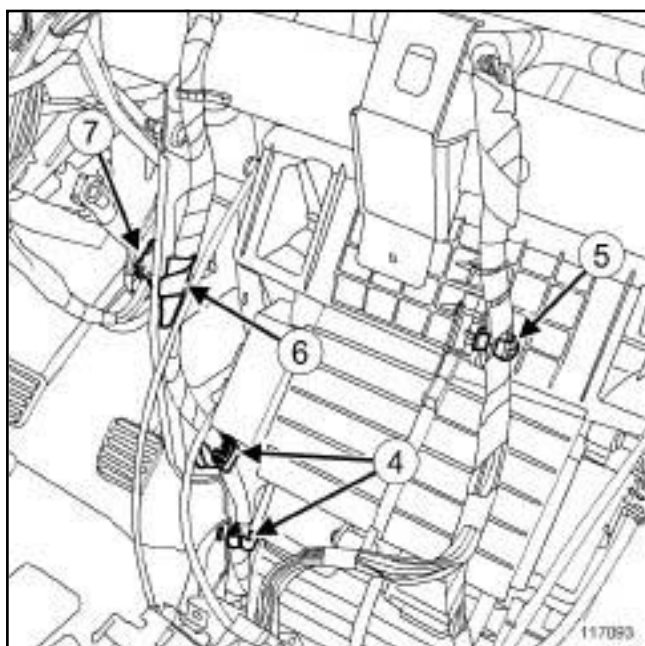
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- Fit hose clamps (**Ms. 583**) at (2).
- Remove the clips (3) from the heater hoses.
- Disconnect the heater hoses.

## Distribution unit: Removal - Refitting

 Remove:

- the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
- the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
- the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
- the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
- the storage compartment,
- the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
- the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
- the front air distribution ducts (see **61A, Heating, Front air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting**, page 61A-9),
- the steering column (see **Steering column: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly).



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 Unclip:

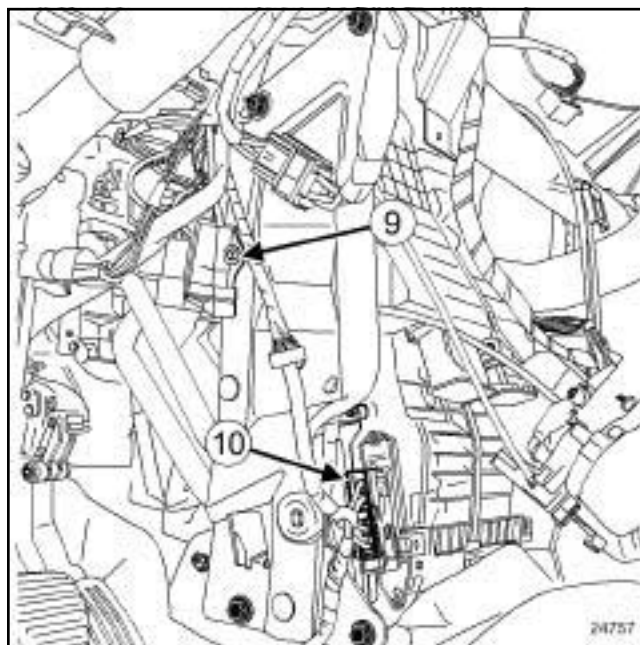
- the wiring at (4),
- the wiring on the distribution unit at (5).

 Unclip the wiring at (6).

## LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- Unclip the ignition switch connector (7) from its mounting.

## DIESEL VEHICLE



24757

 Remove:

- the heating resistor relay mounting bolt (9),
- the heating resistor relay mounting.

- Disconnect the connector (10) from the heating resistor unit.

- Remove the dashboard cross member (see **Dashboard cross member: Removal - Refitting**) (42A, Upper front structure).

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

 Disconnect:

- the air conditioning control panel connector,
- the passenger compartment fan assembly connector,
- the passenger compartment fan assembly resistor unit connector.



## Distribution unit: Removal - Refitting

## REAR SEATS AIR DUCT

- Separate the C-pillar air distribution ducts from the distribution unit.
- Put a container in place to recover the coolant.
- Remove:
  - the distribution unit,
  - the distribution unit control panel.
- Remove from the distribution unit:
  - the air recirculation control cable,
  - the air distribution cable,
  - the air mixing cable,
  - the passenger compartment blower unit,
  - the passenger compartment blower unit control unit,
  - the heater matrix pipes,
  - the heater matrix,
  - the evacuation ring.

## AIR CONDITIONING

- Remove the expansion valve.

## DIESEL VEHICLE

- Remove the heating resistors.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check that the parts are in good condition and replace any defective parts, if necessary.

**WARNING**

To avoid any leaks, check that the pipe surface is sound before positioning the new seal. The surface must be clean and scratch free.

- Always replace the seals between the heater matrix pipes and the heater matrix.

- Refit on the distribution unit:

- the heater matrix,
- the heater matrix pipes,
- the passenger compartment fan assembly control unit,
- the passenger compartment blower unit,
- the air mixing cable,
- the air distribution cable,
- the air recirculation control cable,
- the trim kit,
- the evacuation ring,
- the control panel.

## DIESEL VEHICLE

- Refit the heating resistors.

## AIR CONDITIONING

- Refit the expansion valve.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the distribution unit.

## REAR SEATS AIR DUCT

- Connect the C-pillar air distribution ducts onto the distribution unit.

- Refit:

- the dashboard cross member (see **Dashboard cross member: Removal - Refitting**) (42A, Upper front structure),
- the distribution unit bolts.

- Connect:

- the connector of the passenger compartment fan assembly resistor unit,
- the passenger compartment fan assembly connector,
- the air conditioning control panel connector.

## Distribution unit: Removal - Refitting

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the floor carpet.

## Note:

Check that the floor carpet reaches under the accelerator pedal end-stop.

## DIESEL VEHICLE

- Connect the heating resistor connector.
- Refit:
  - the heating resistor relay mounting,
  - the heating resistor relay mounting bolt.
- Clip on:
  - the starter switch connector on its mounting.
  - the wiring at (6) .
- Clip:
  - the wiring on the distribution unit at (5) ,
  - the wiring at (4) .
- Refit:
  - the steering column (see **Steering column: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the front air distribution ducts (see **61A, Heating, Front air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting**, page 61A-9) ,
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the storage compartment,
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and seat belt pretensioners).
- Connect the heater hoses.
- Refit the clips on the heater hoses.

- Remove the hose clamps (**Ms. 583**).

## AIR CONDITIONING

- Replace the seals.
- Lubricate the seals using recommended air conditioning oil to make fitting easier.
- Fit the pipe unions on the expansion valve.
- Refit the pipe union bolts on the expansion valve.
- Position the engine compartment bulkhead sound-proofing.
- Consult the refrigerant and oil quantity values before filling the circuit (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page 62A-9) .
- Fill the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) .
- Check for leaks (see **Refrigerant circuit: Check**) .
- Check that the air conditioning is operating correctly (see **Air conditioning: Check**) .
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Fill the cooling circuit (see **Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**) (19A, Cooling).
- Bleed the cooling circuit (see **Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**) (19A, Cooling).
- Check the cooling circuit (see **Engine cooling system: Check**) (19A, Cooling).

## Heater matrix: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

## Special tooling required

<b>Ms. 583</b>	Pipe clamps.
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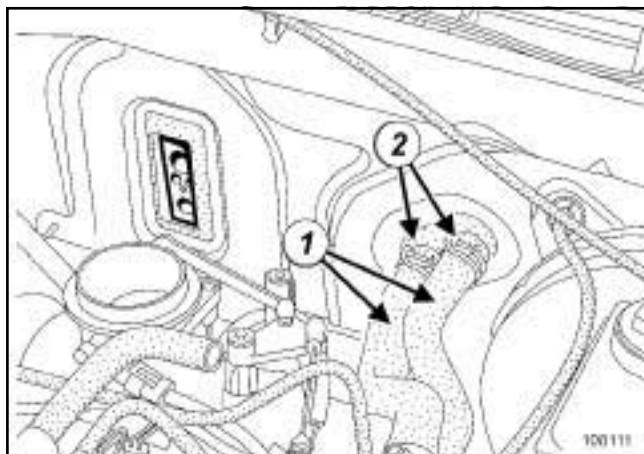
Tightening torques 

upper nuts of the strut	<b>21 N.m</b>
lower bolts of the strut	<b>21 N.m</b>

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

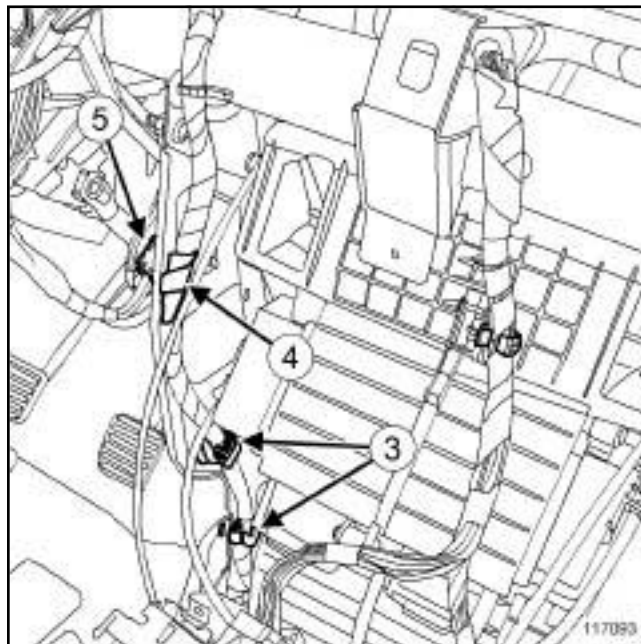
- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).



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- Fit hose clamps (**Ms. 583**) at (1) .
- Remove the clips (2) from the heater hoses.
- Disconnect the heater hoses.
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the storage compartment,

- the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
- the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

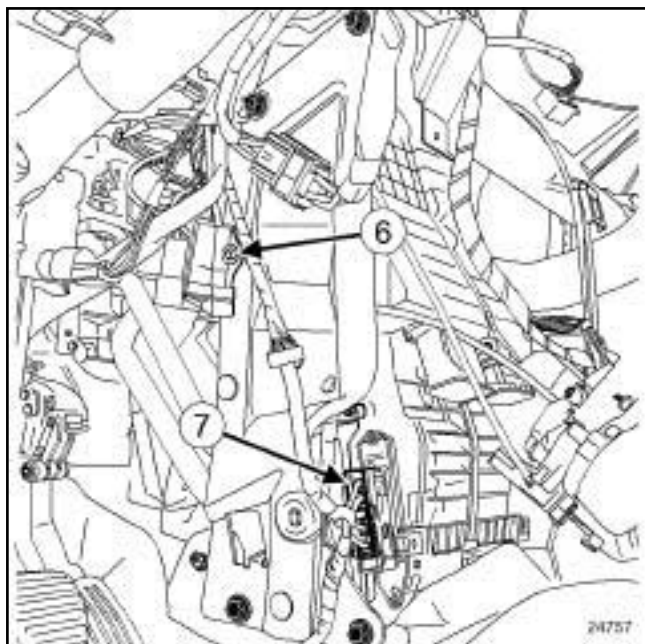


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- Unclip the wiring at (3) .
- Unclip:
  - the wiring at (4) ,
  - the ignition switch connector (5) from its mounting.

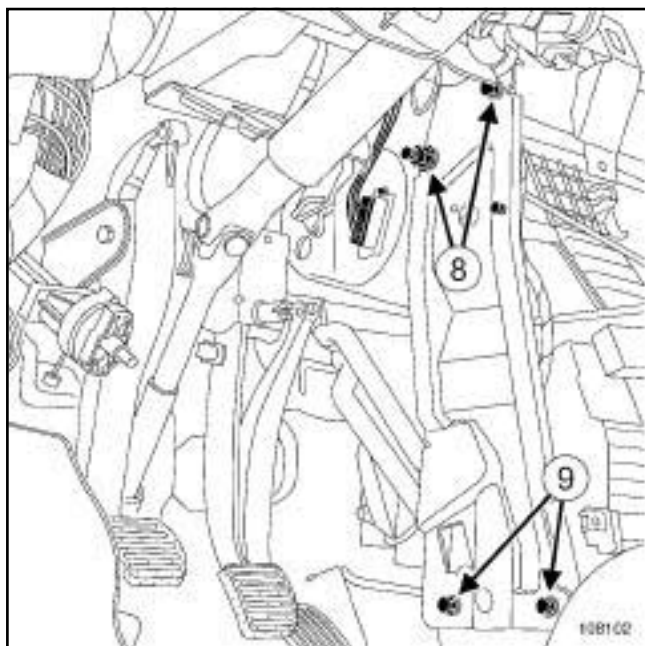
## Heater matrix: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE



24757

- Remove:
  - the heating resistor relay mounting bolt (6) ,
  - the heating resistor relay mounting.
- Disconnect the connector (7) from the heating resistor.
- Partially lift the floor carpet to access the strut bolt.
- Mark the position of the strut on the body before removing it.



108102

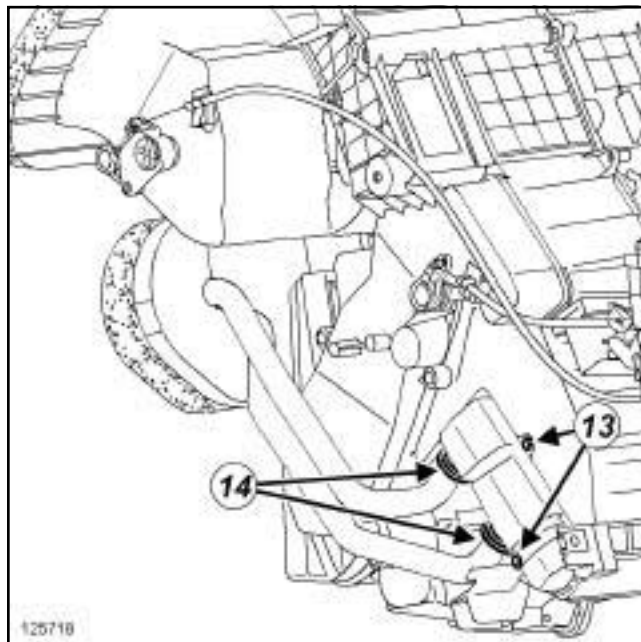
- Remove:
  - the two upper nuts (8) from the strut,

- the two lower bolts (9) from the strut,
- the stay.

- Put a container in place to recover the coolant.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

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125718

- Remove:
  - both heater matrix bolts (13) ,
  - the heater matrix pipe clips (14) using a screwdriver.

- Remove the heater matrix.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace the seals between the pipes and the heater matrix.

**WARNING**

To avoid any leaks, check that the pipe surface is sound before positioning the new seal. The surface must be clean and scratch free.

## Heater matrix: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

## II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the heater matrix.

H79

- Refit:
  - the heater matrix,
  - the heater matrix bolts.
- Position the heater matrix pipes on the heater matrix.
- Refit the heater matrix pipe clips.

## III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the strut,
  - the two lower bolts on the strut, respecting the marking made during the removal operation,
  - the two upper nuts to the strut,
- Torque tighten:
  - the **upper nuts of the strut (21 N.m)**,
  - the **lower bolts of the strut (21 N.m)**.
- Position the floor carpet.

Note:

Check that the floor carpet reaches under the accelerator pedal end-stop.

- Connect the heating resistor connector.
- Refit:
  - the heating resistor relay mounting,
  - the heating resistor relay mounting bolt.
- Clip on:
  - the starter switch connector on its mounting.
  - the wiring onto the strut.
- Clip the wiring onto the strut.
- Refit:
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the storage compartment,

- the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
- the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
- the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly).
- the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and seat belt pretensioners).
- Fit the heater hoses.
- Refit the clips on the heater hoses.
- Remove the hose clamps (**Ms. 583**).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Fill the cooling circuit (see **Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**) (19A, Cooling).
- Bleed the cooling circuit (see **Cooling system: Draining - Refilling**) (19A, Cooling).
- Check the cooling circuit (see **Engine cooling system: Check**) (19A, Cooling).
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

## Fan assembly: Removal - Refitting

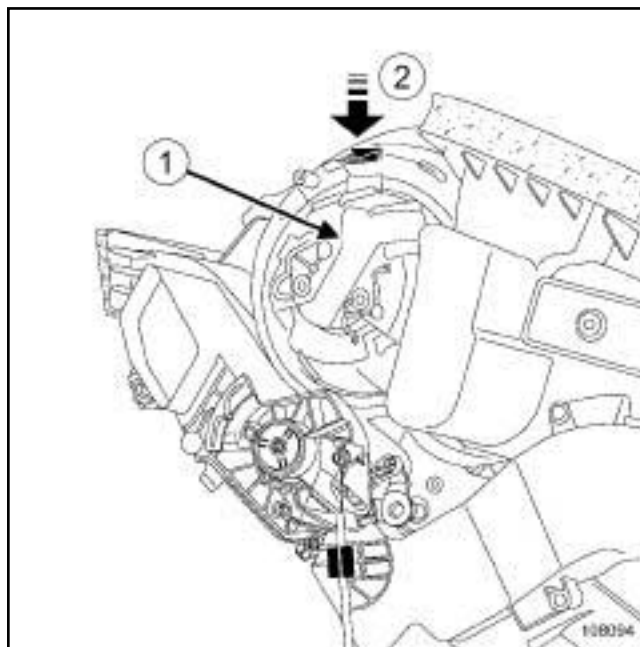
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

## LEFT-HAND DRIVE



- Disconnect the fan assembly connector (1) .
- Press the tab (2) , and turn the fan assembly a quarter of a turn clockwise.
- Remove the fan assembly.

## REFITTING

- 

## Note:

A sharp snap will be heard when the fan assembly is refitted.

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

## Heating resistor relays: Removal - Refitting

Note:

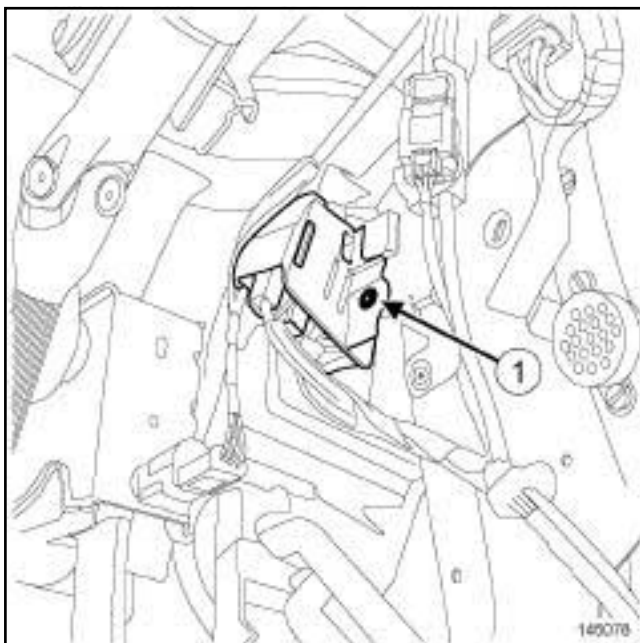
Do not remove the dashboard.

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

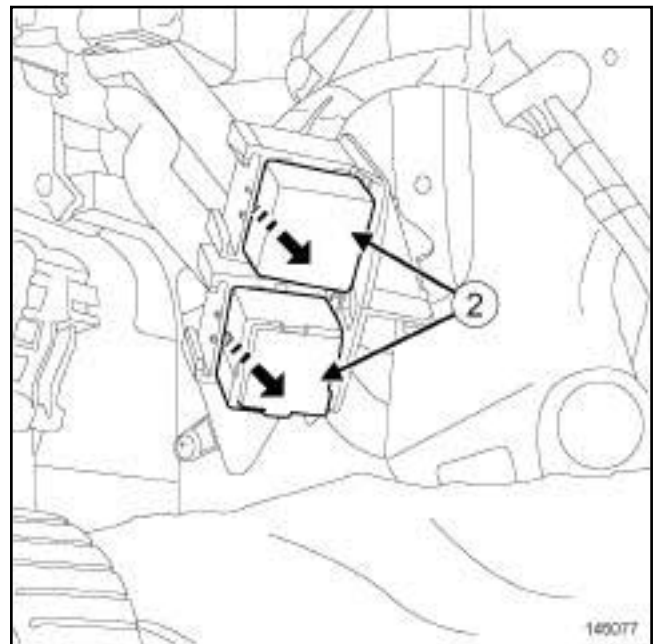
- Unclip the soundproofing under the dashboard using unclipping pliers.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145078

- Remove the bolt from the heating resistor relay unit (1).
- Remove the heating resistor relay unit support from its support.



145077

- Remove the heating resistor relays (2) in the direction of the arrows.

## REFITTING

## REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

## Heating resistors: Removal - Refitting

Tightening torques 

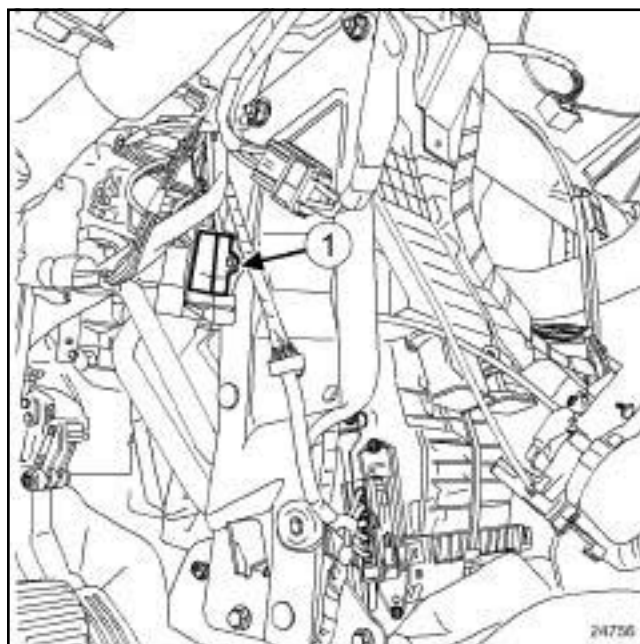
lower bolts of the strut	21 N.m
upper nuts of the strut	21 N.m

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

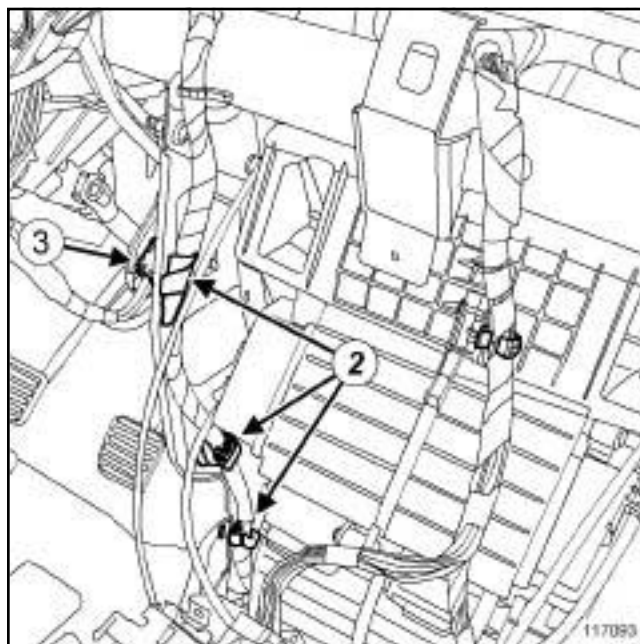
- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel)
  - the storage compartment,
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

## LEFT-HAND DRIVE



24756

- Remove:
  - the heating resistor relay mounting bolt (1) ,
  - the heating resistor relay mounting.

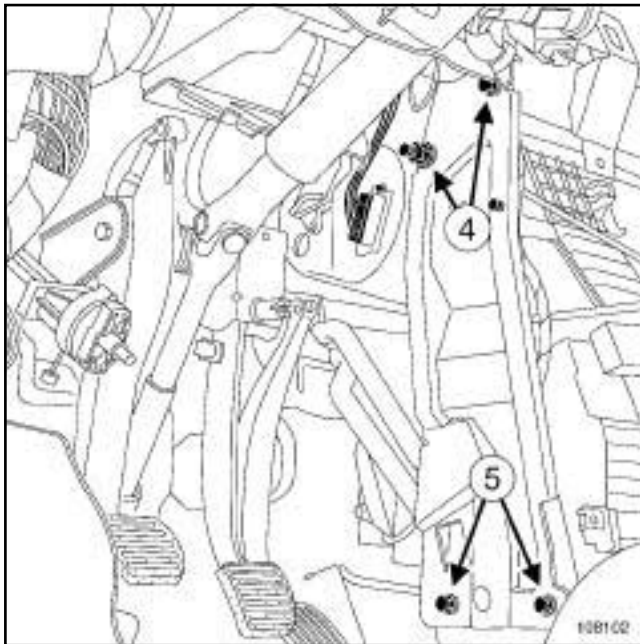


117093

- Unclip:
  - the wiring at (2) ,
  - the ignition switch connector (3) from its mounting.



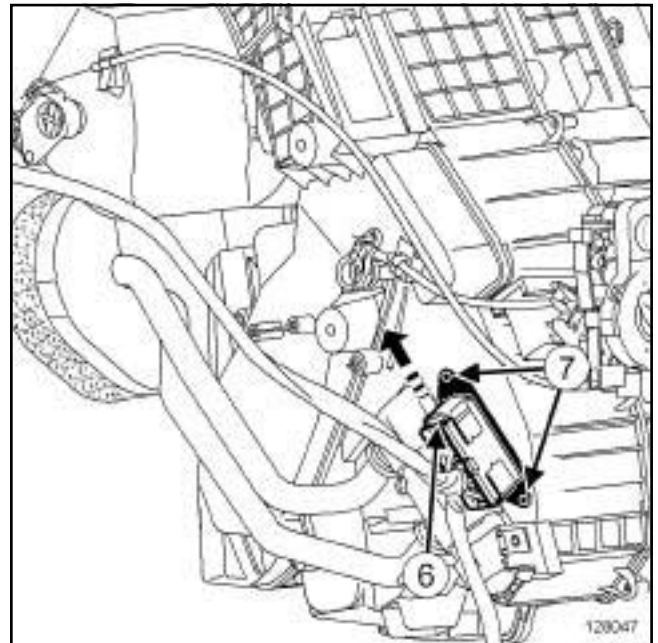
## Heating resistors: Removal - Refitting



108102

- Partially lift the floor carpet to access the strut bolts.
- Make a mark between the strut and the panel welded on to the tunnel to ensure correct geometry when refitting.
- Remove:
  - the upper nuts (4) from the strut,
  - the lower bolts (5) from the strut,
  - the stay.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION



128047

- Disconnect the heating resistor connector (6) in the direction of the arrow.
- Remove:
  - the heating resistor bolts (7),
  - the heating resistor.

## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **lower bolts of the strut (21 N.m)**,
  - the **upper nuts of the strut (21 N.m)**.
- Check that the floor carpet reaches under the accelerator pedal end-stop.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

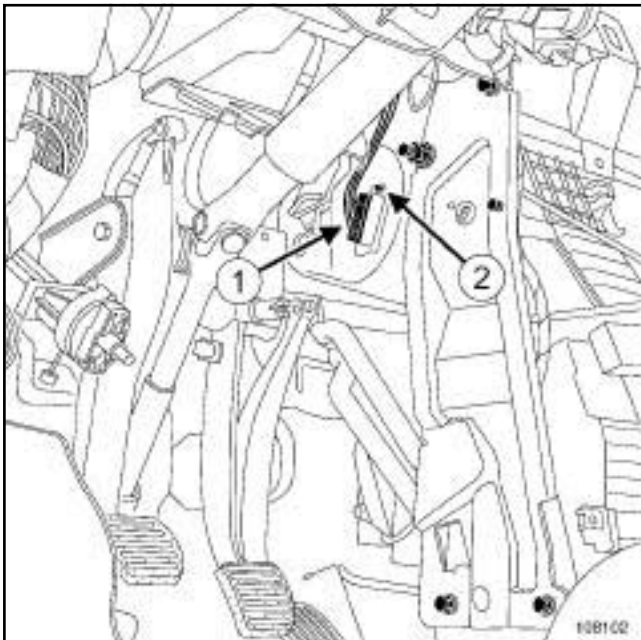
**Note:**

It is not necessary to remove the dashboard to remove the passenger compartment fan assembly control unit.

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove the lower trim of the dashboard (depending on the equipment level).



108102

- Disconnect the connector (1) from the passenger compartment fan assembly control unit.
- Remove:
  - the bolt (2) from the passenger compartment fan assembly control unit,
  - the passenger compartment fan assembly control unit.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

## Control panel: Removal - Refitting

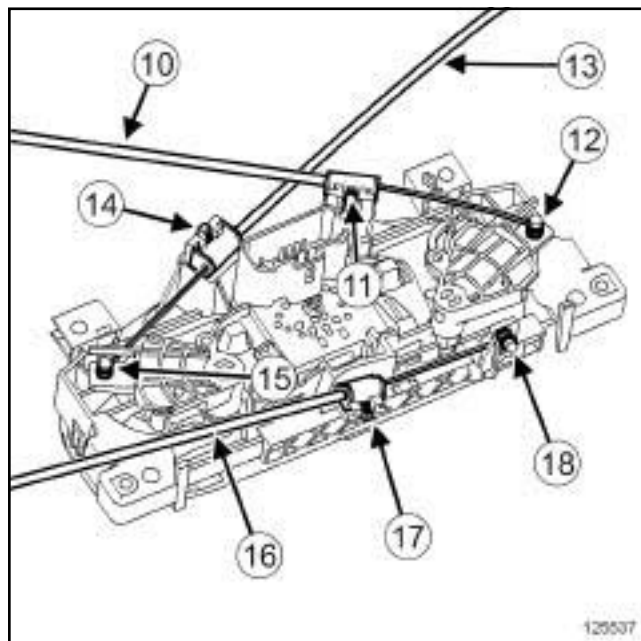
## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the storage compartment,
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Instrument panel),
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
- Place:
  - the air mixing control to the hottest position,
  - the air distribution control to the air vent position on the dashboard,
  - the air recirculation switch to the air recirculation position.
- Disconnect the climate control panel connector .

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

H79



125537

125537

- For the air mixing cable (10) , remove:
  - the sheath stop by moving the tab (11) to one side,
  - the control panel cable at (12) .
- For the air distribution control cable (13) , remove:
  - the sheath stop by moving the tab (14) to one side,
  - the control panel cable at (15) .
- For the air recirculation cable (16) , remove:
  - the sheath stop by moving the tab (17) to one side,
  - the control panel cable at (18) .

- Remove the climate control control panel.

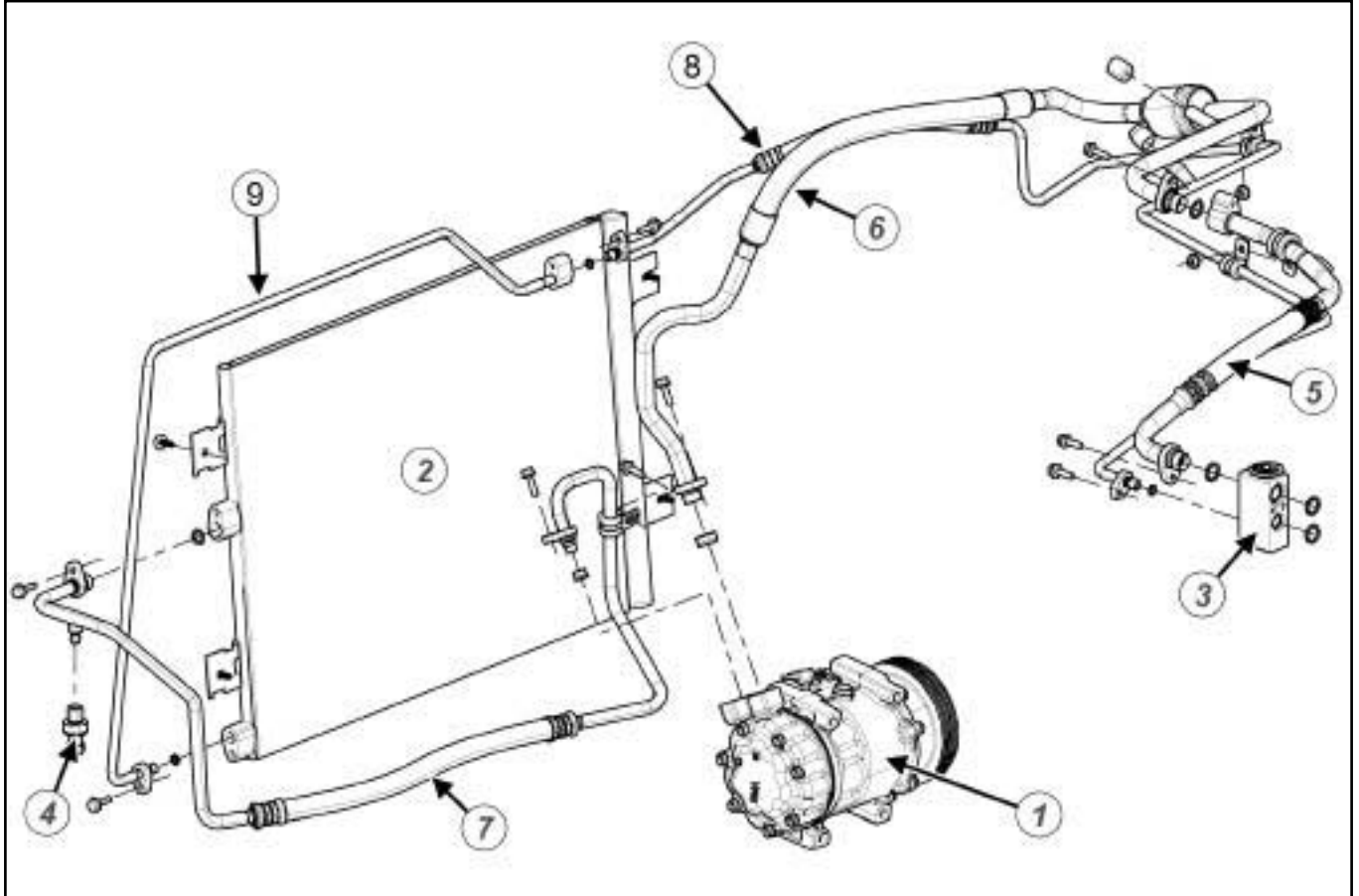
## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Check that the controls can be moved to their fullest extent.
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

Note:

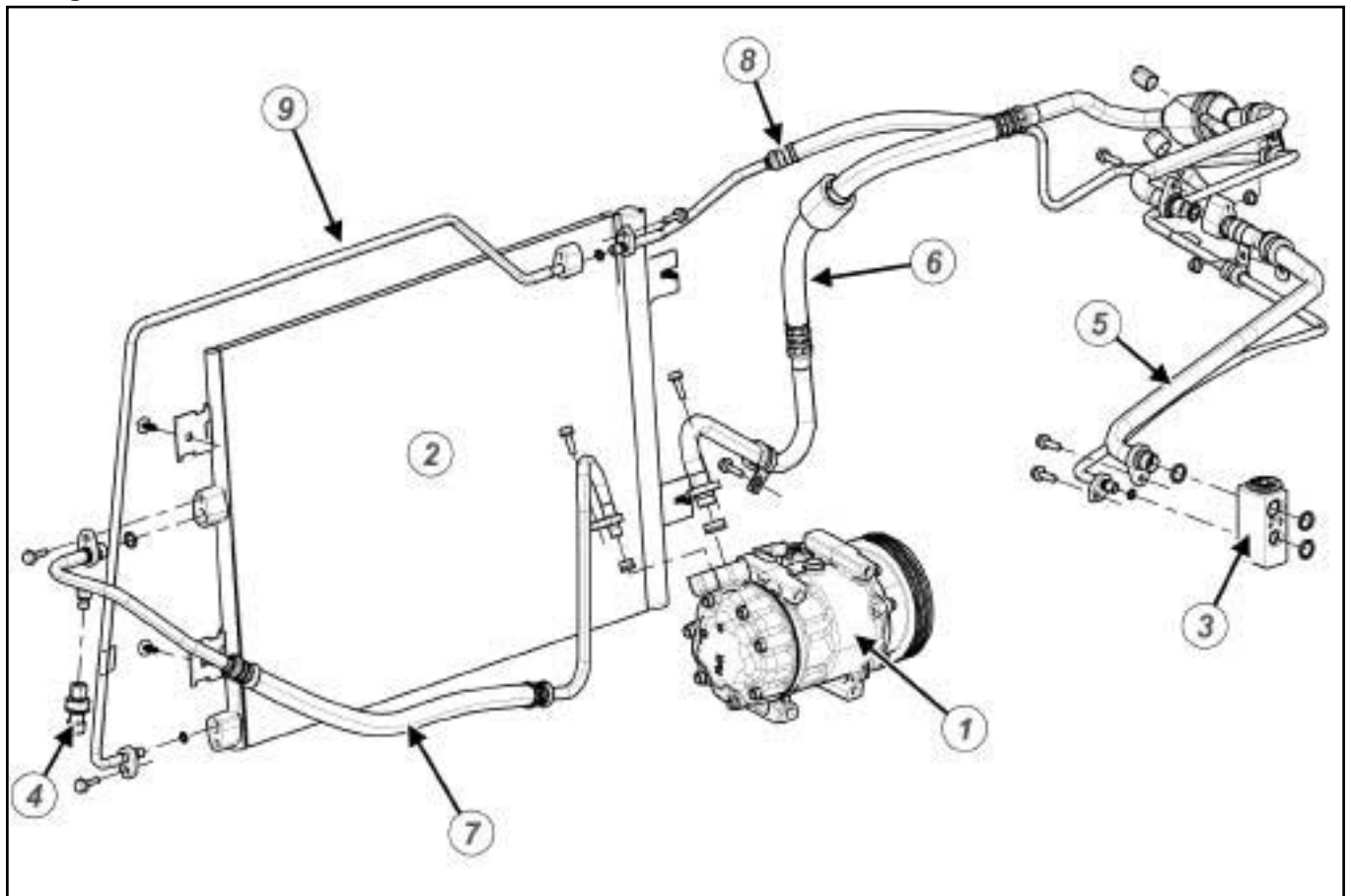
The pictures show the fittings present on Logan.

### Fitting A



143987

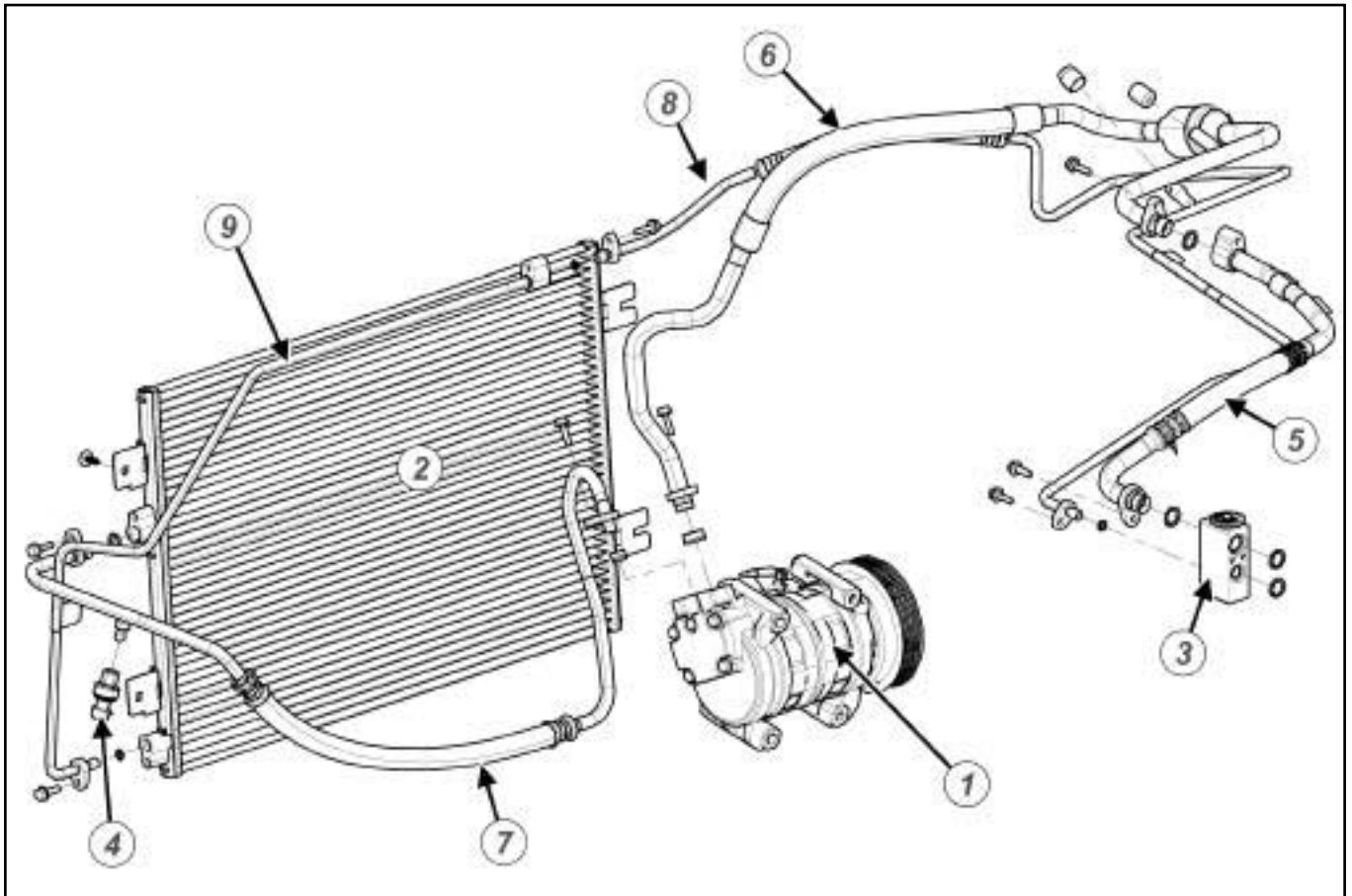
### Fitting B



143988

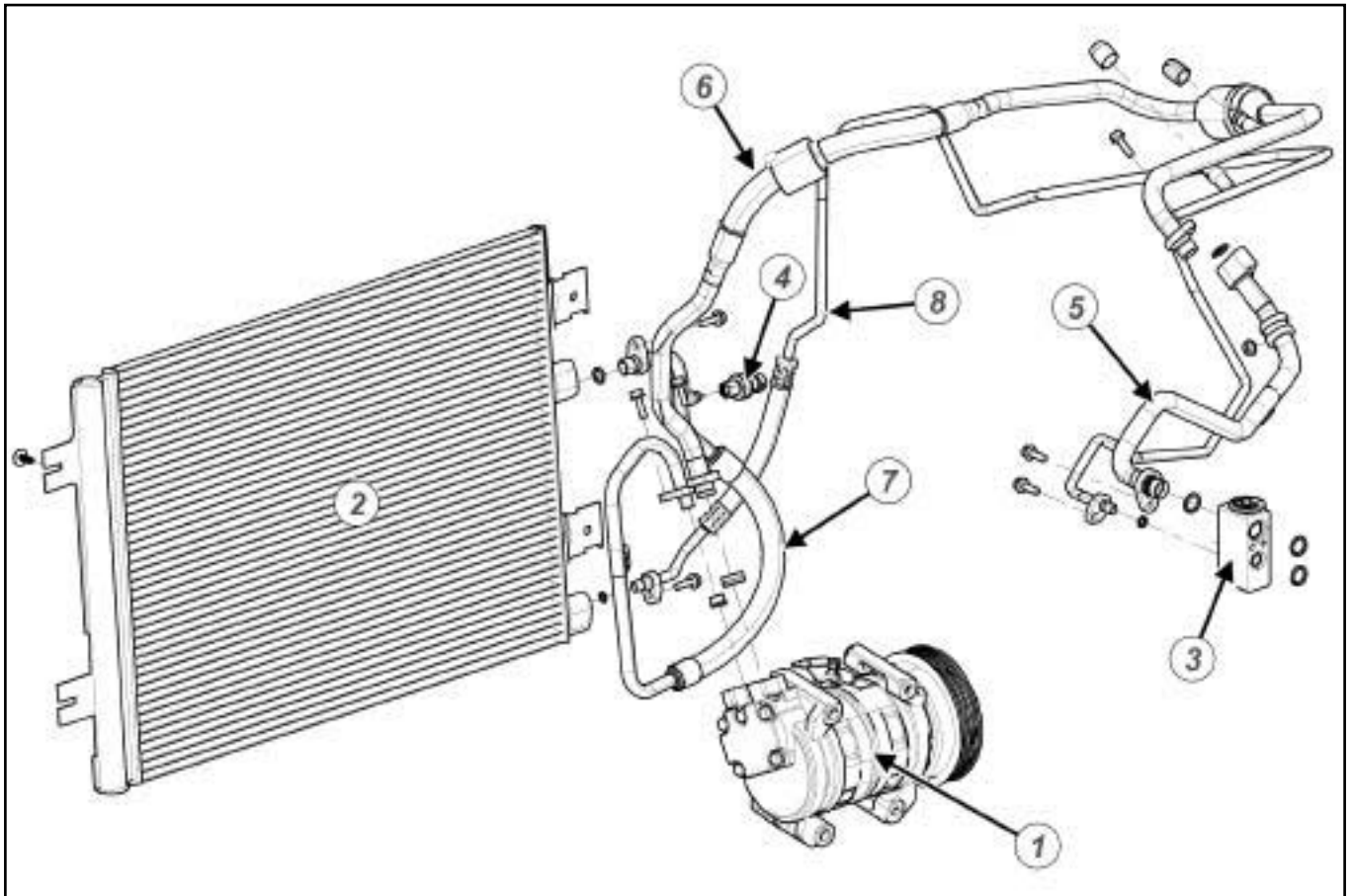
## Air conditioning: List and location of components

### Fitting C



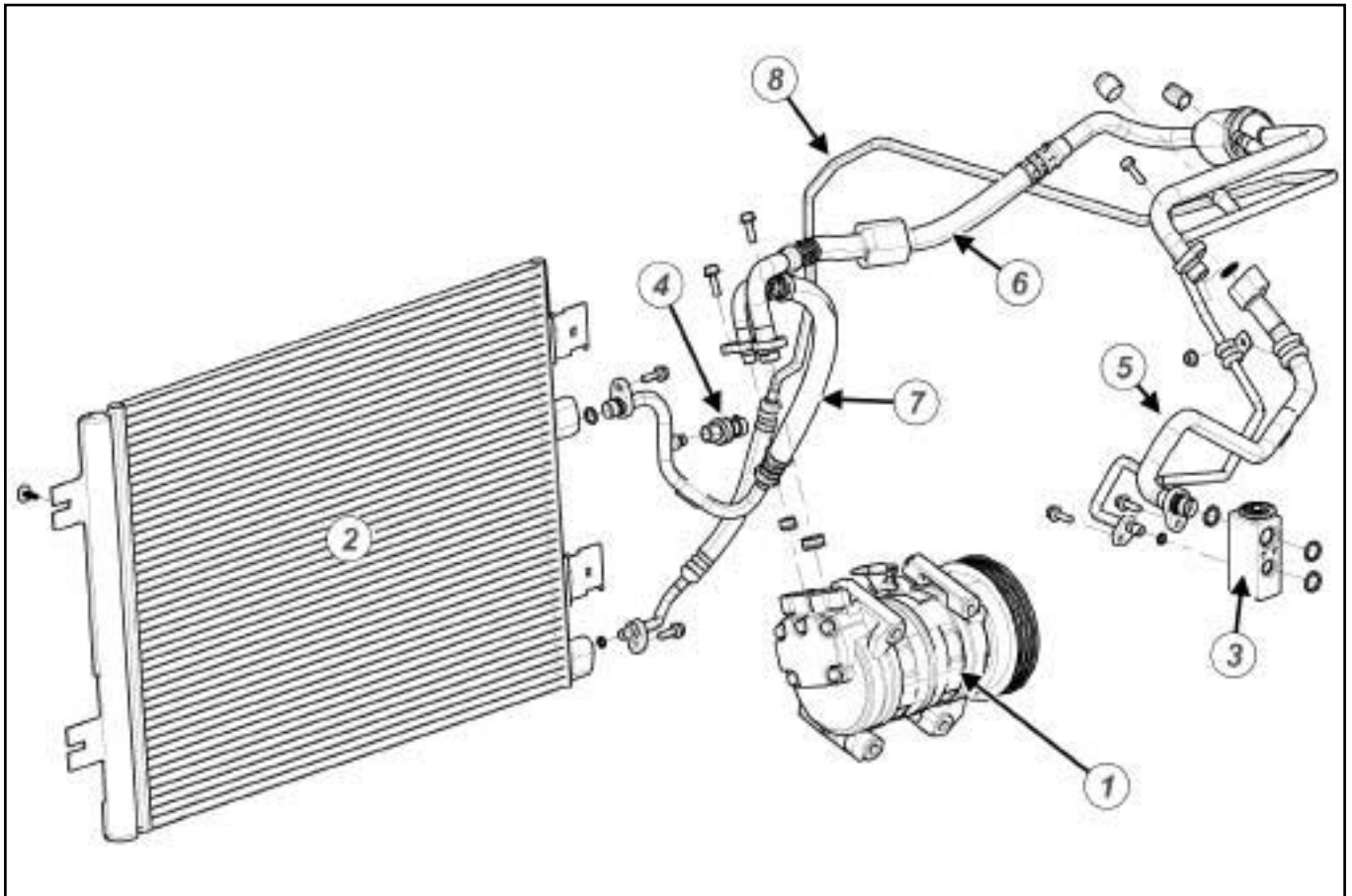
143991

### Fitting D



143990

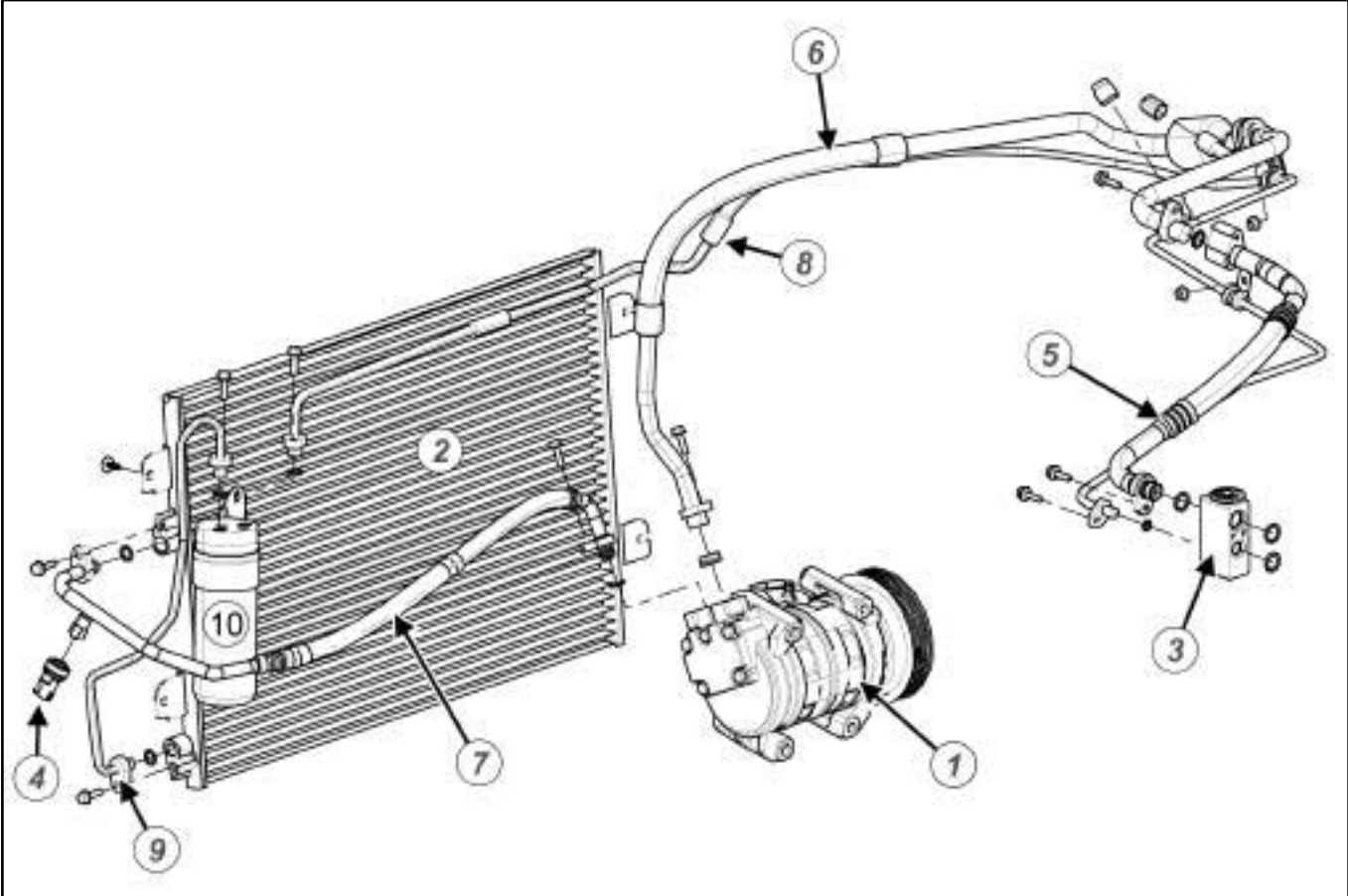
### Fitting E



143993



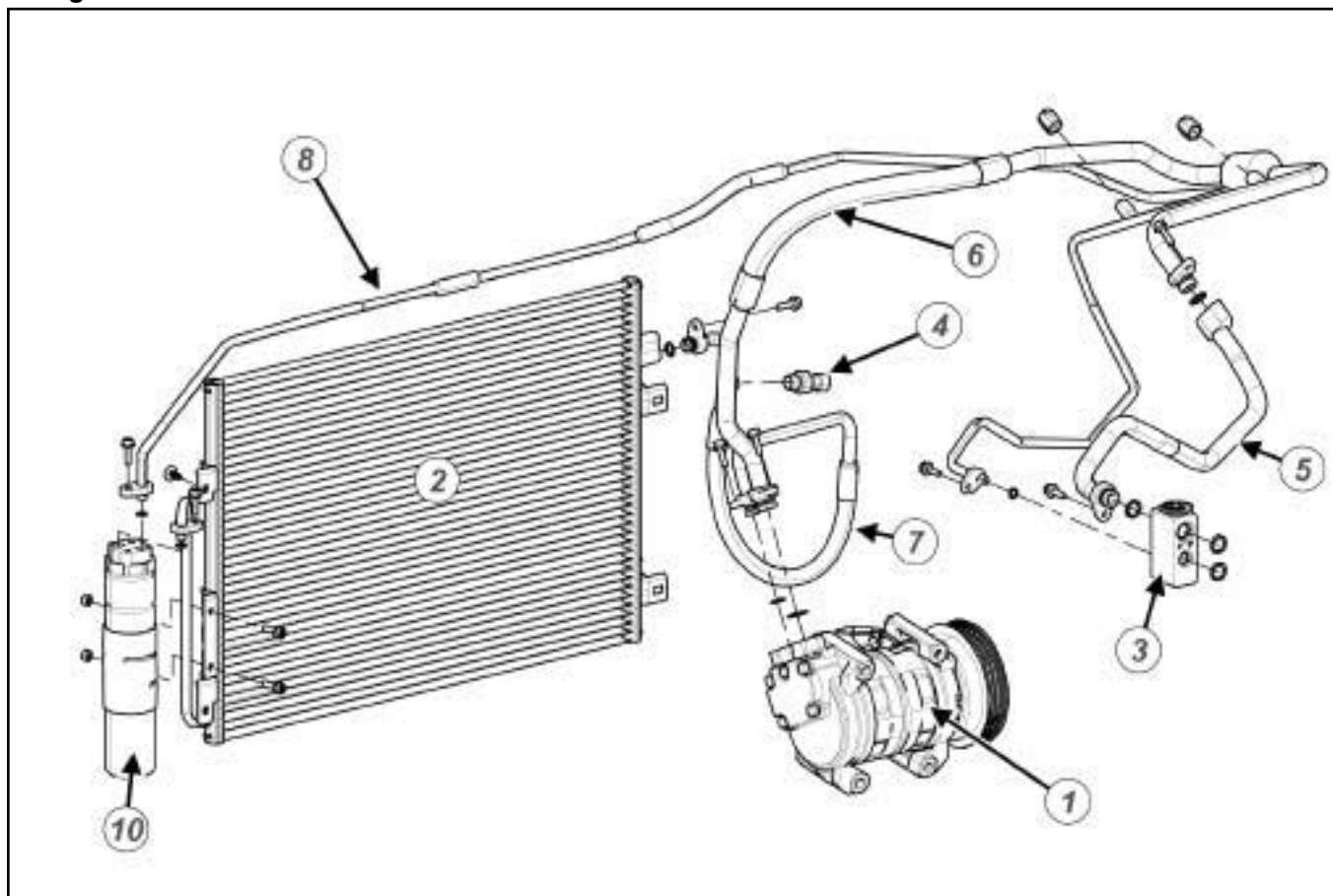
Fitting F



143989

## Air conditioning: List and location of components

### Fitting G



143992

1	Compressor	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Compressor: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-12)
2	Condenser	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Condenser: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-10)
3	Expansion valve	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Expansion valve: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-16)
4	Pressure sensor	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-23)
5	Expansion valve/intermediate pipe connecting pipe	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-21)
6	Intermediate pipe - compressor connecting pipe	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-21)
7	Condenser - compressor connecting pipe	(see 62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting, page 62A-21)

## Air conditioning: List and location of components

<b>8</b>	Intermediate pipe - expansion valve connecting pipe (fittings A, B, and C)	(see <b>62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 62A-21)
	Condenser - expansion valve connecting pipe (fitting D)	(see <b>62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 62A-21)
	Dehydrator reservoir - expansion valve connecting pipe (fittings F and G)	(see <b>62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 62A-21)
<b>9</b>	Condenser - intermediate pipe connecting pipe (fittings A, B, and C)	(see <b>62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 62A-21)
	Condenser - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe (fitting F)	(see <b>62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 62A-21)
<b>10</b>	Dehydrator reservoir (fittings F and G)	(see <b>Dehydrator reservoir: Removal - Refitting</b> )

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 62A

### AIR CONDITIONING

To find out the part number of the oil used (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

**Table of vehicle refrigerant capacities according to their engines and various specifications:**

Engine	Refrigerant capacity (g)	Compressor	Type of oil	Total quantity of oil in the circuit (ml orcc)
D4D	475 ± 35	SANDEN SD7V16	SANDEN SP10	135 ± 10
K4M				
K7J				
K7M				
K9K				

**Table of quantities of oil to add when replacing components:**

Operation on the air-conditioning circuit	Quantity of oil (ml or cm <sup>3</sup> )
Circuit oil change	Measure the volume recovered and add the same quantity of new oil
Split pipe or other rapid leak	<b>100</b>
Replacement of a condenser	Quantity recovered + <b>30</b>
Replacement of an evaporator	Quantity recovered + <b>30</b>
Replacement of the dehydrator reservoir	Quantity recovered + <b>15</b>
Replacement of a pipe	Quantity recovered + <b>10</b>
Removing / refitting a compressor	Quantity recovered
Replacement of a compressor	None added
Replacement of a compressor and one or more components of the heating and air conditioning system	None added
Standard replacement of a compressor	Top up as necessary
Standard replacement of a compressor and replacement of one or more heating and air conditioning circuit components	Top up as necessary

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Condenser: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **Air conditioning: Precautions for the repair**).

### WARNING

To prevent moisture from entering the system, place plugs on the cold loop components which are open to the air.

### Note:

Use blanking plugs for the fuel circuits with part numbers **77 01 208 229** or **77 01 476 857** to plug any openings exposed to the open air. They must be clean. Do not use any which have already been used to plug a fuel circuit.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page **62A-1**).

## REMOVAL

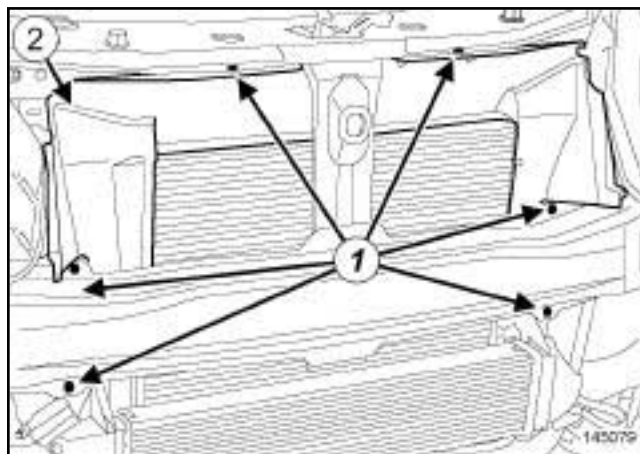
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

### WARNING

Consult the device's operating manual to avoid incorrect use.

- Drain the coolant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station**.
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).



145079

- Remove:
  - the air deflector mountings (1),
  - the air deflector (2).

### K9K

- Remove the intercooler (see ) (12B, Turbocharging).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove the bolts from the pipes on the condenser (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page **62A-1**).

### WARNING

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

- Disconnect the pipes from the condenser (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page **62A-1**).
- Fit blanking plugs on the pipe openings.
- Remove (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page **62A-1**):
  - the condenser bolts,
  - the condenser.

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Condenser: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

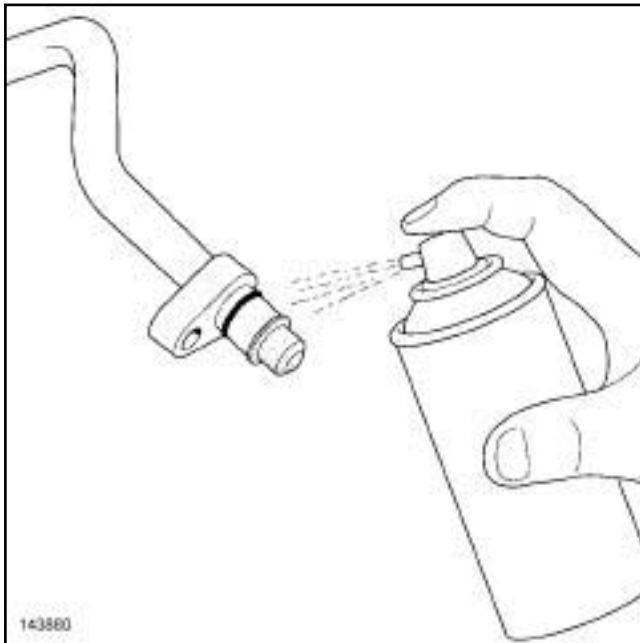
□

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

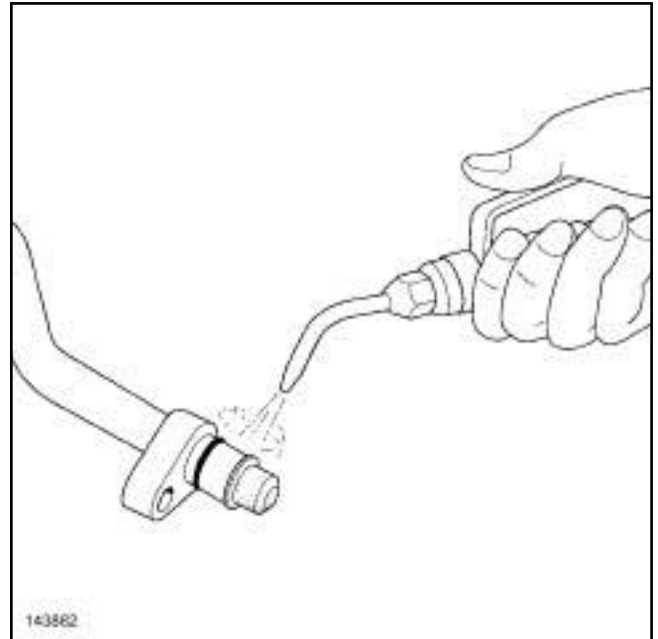
Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

- Check, and if necessary replace, the refrigerant circuit pipe seal.



143880

- Clean the surface and the seal of the pipe using **ENGINE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



143882

- Use a **compressed air gun** to blow the surface and the seal of the connecting pipe.
- Lubricate the surface of the connecting pipe and the seal with air conditioning oil (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page **62A-9**) .
- Remove the blanking plugs.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Consult the refrigerant and oil quantity values before filling the circuit (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page **62A-9**) .
- Fill the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) .
- Check that the air conditioning system is operating correctly (see **Air conditioning: Check**) .
- Check for leaks (see **Refrigerant circuit: Check**) .

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Compressor: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

### Tightening torques

compressor bolts	21 N.m
pipe union bolts	8 N.m
pipe retaining bracket bolt on the compressor	21 N.m

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety instructions and cleanliness advice and the operation recommendations before carrying out any repairs (see **Air conditioning: Precautions for repair**).

### WARNING

To prevent moisture from entering the system, place plugs on the cold loop components which are open to the air.

### Note:

Use blanking plugs for the fuel circuits with part numbers **77 01 208 229** or **77 01 476 857** to plug any openings exposed to the open air. They must be clean. Do not use any which have already been used to plug a fuel circuit.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

### WARNING

Consult the device's operating manual to avoid incorrect use.

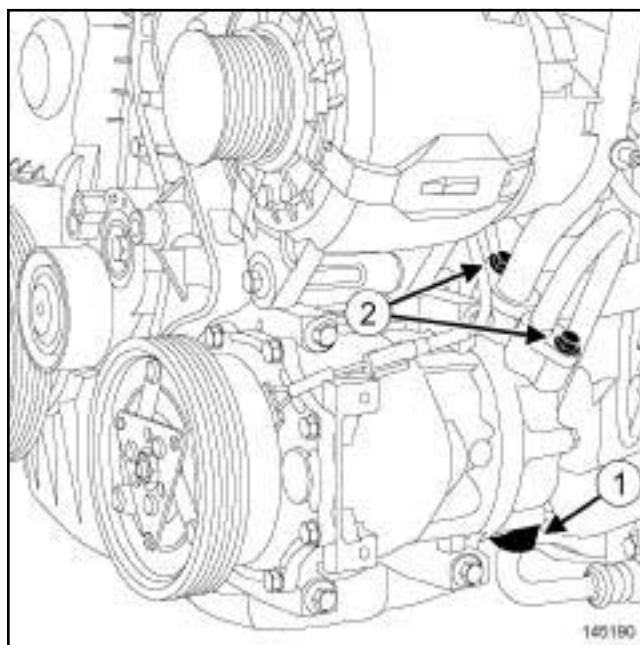
- Drain the coolant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

- Remove:

- the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the front right-hand wheel (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres),
- the accessories belt (see **Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**) (11A, Top and front of engine).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

K4M



145190

- Remove:

- the pipe retaining bracket bolt (1) on the compressor,
- the pipe union bolts (2) on the compressor.

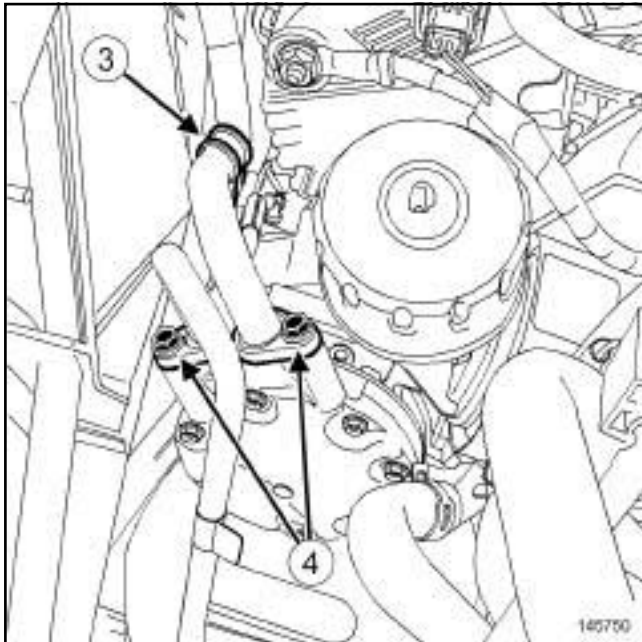
# AIR CONDITIONING

## Compressor: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

K9K



145750

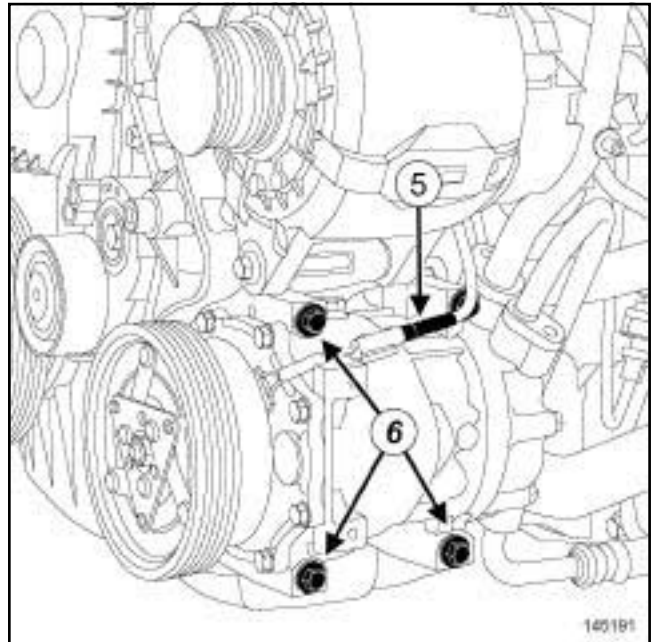
- Remove:
  - the bolt (3) from the pipe retaining clip on the compressor,
  - the pipe union bolts (4) on the compressor.

### WARNING

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

- Disconnect the compressor pipes.
- Fit blanking plugs in the pipe openings.

K4M



145191

- Disconnect the compressor connector (5) .
- Remove:
  - the compressor bolts (6) ,
  - the compressor.



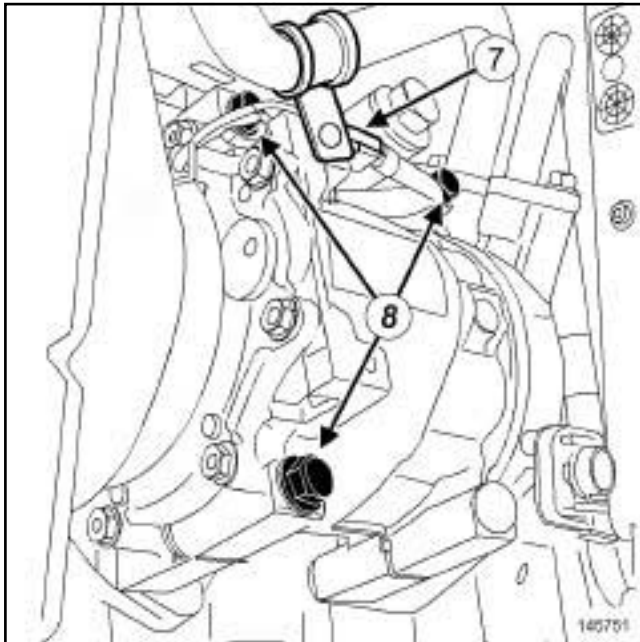
# AIR CONDITIONING

## Compressor: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

K9K



145751

- Disconnect the compressor connector (7) .
- Remove:
  - the compressor bolts (8) ,
  - the compressor.

### REFITTING

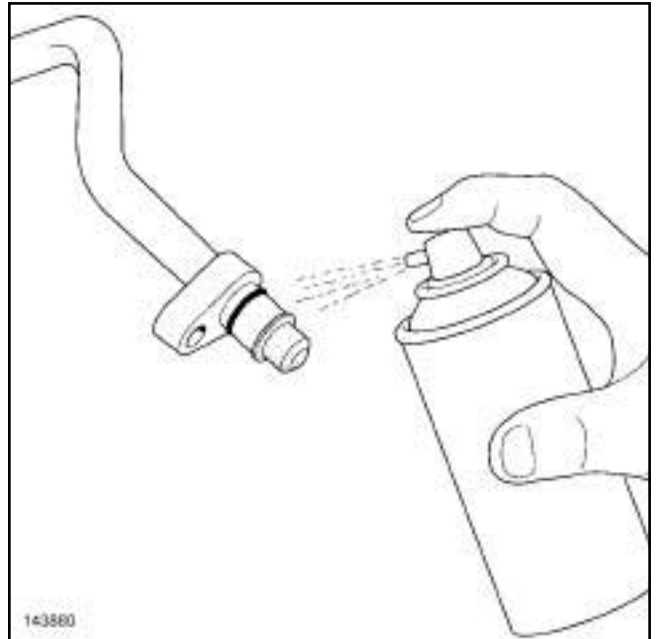
#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

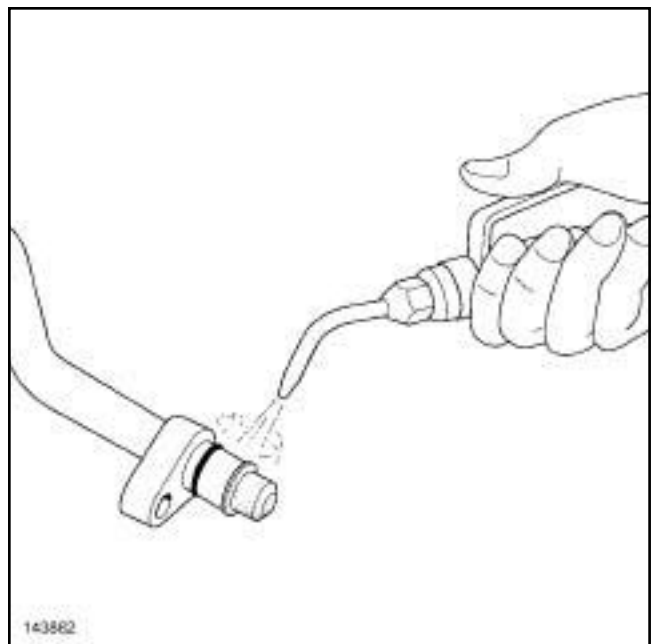
Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

- Check, and if necessary replace, the refrigerant pipe seals.



143880

- Clean the surface and the seal of the pipe using **ENGINE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



143882

- Use a **compressed air gun** to blow the surface and the seal of the connecting pipe.
- Lubricate the surface of the connecting pipe and the seal with air conditioning oil (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page 62A-9) .
- Remove the blanking plugs.

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Compressor: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

### AIR CONDITIONING

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **compressor bolts (21 N.m)**,
  - the **pipe union bolts (8 N.m)**.

#### K4M

- Torque tighten the **pipe retaining bracket bolt on the compressor (21 N.m)**.
- Consult the refrigerant and oil quantity values before filling the circuit (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page **62A-9**) .
- Fill the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) .
- Check that the air conditioning system is operating correctly (see **Air conditioning: Check**) .
- Check for leaks (see **Refrigerant circuit: Check**) .

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Expansion valve: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety instructions and cleanliness advice and the operation recommendations before carrying out any repairs (see **Air conditioning: Precautions for repair**).

### WARNING

To prevent moisture from entering the system, place plugs on the cold loop components which are open to the air.

### Note:

Use blanking plugs for the fuel circuits with part numbers **77 01 208 229** or **77 01 476 857** to plug any openings exposed to the open air. They must be clean. Do not use any which have already been used to plug a fuel circuit.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page 62A-1) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Consult the device's operating manual to avoid incorrect use.

- Drain the coolant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) .
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

K9K

- Remove the engine cover.

- Move aside the bulkhead soundproofing.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove the bolts from the pipes on the expansion valve (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page 62A-1) .

#### WARNING

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

- Disconnect the pipes from the expansion valve (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page 62A-1) .
- Fit blanking plugs on the pipe openings.
- Remove (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page 62A-1) :
  - the expansion valve bolts,
  - the expansion valve.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

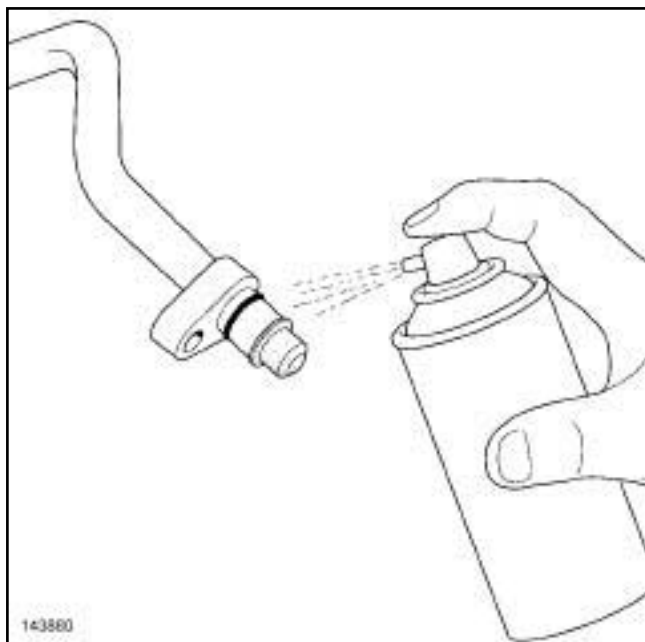
- Check, and if necessary replace, the refrigerant circuit pipe seal.

# AIR CONDITIONING

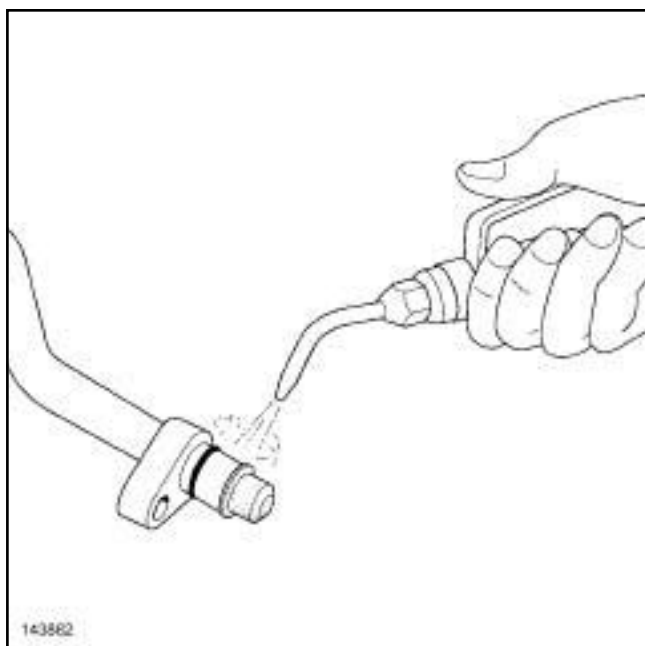
## Expansion valve: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING



- ❑ Clean the surface and the seal of the pipe using **ENGINE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



- ❑ Use a **compressed air gun** to blow the surface and the seal of the connecting pipe.
- ❑ Lubricate the surface of the connecting pipe and the seal with air conditioning oil (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page 62A-9) .
- ❑ Remove the blanking plugs.

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ❑ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

#### Note:

Gradually tighten the expansion valve bolts so that the expansion valve is uniformly positioned on the pipes.

- ❑ Consult the refrigerant and oil quantity values before filling the circuit (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page 62A-9) .
- ❑ Fill the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling** ) .
- ❑ Check that the air conditioning system is operating correctly (see **Air conditioning: Check**) .
- ❑ Check for leaks (see **Refrigerant circuit: Check**) .

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Refrigerant pipe seal: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

### Special tooling required

**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

compressed air nozzle

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see **Air conditioning: Precautions for the repair**) ,
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for the repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### WARNING

To prevent moisture from entering the system, place plugs on the cold loop components which are open to the air.

### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

### Note:

Use blanking plugs for the fuel circuits with part numbers **77 01 208 229** or **77 01 476 857** to plug any openings exposed to the open air. They must be clean. Do not use any which have already been used to plug a fuel circuit.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



#### WARNING

Consult the device's operating manual to avoid incorrect use.

- Drain the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) .
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove the connecting pipe concerned:
  - (see **Condenser - evaporator connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Condenser - expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Rear condenser - front condenser connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Evaporator - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Compressor - rear condenser connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Condenser - evaporator connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Compressor - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Dehydrator reservoir - rear expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Main expansion valve - additional expansion valve pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Expansion valve - intermediate pipe connecting pipe at the expansion valve outlet: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Dehydrator reservoir - expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Condenser - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Expansion valve - compressor connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Expansion valve - rear expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Rear expansion valve - compressor connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - (see **Compressor - condenser connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) ,

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Refrigerant pipe seal: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

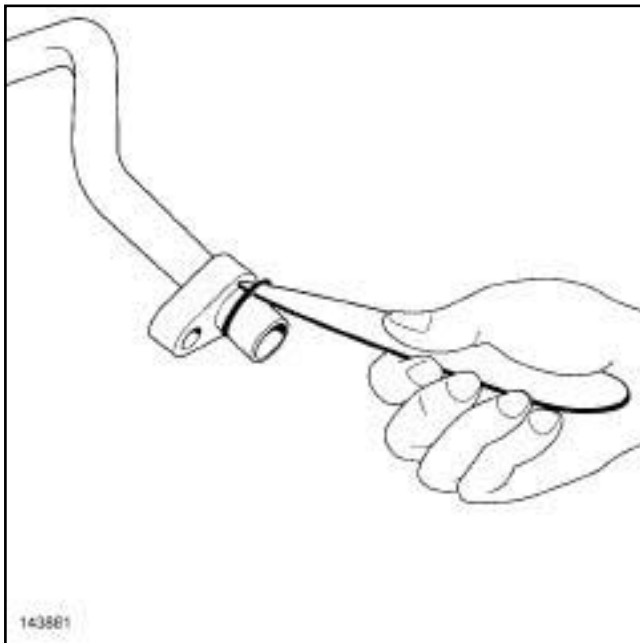
- (see **Compressor - intermediate pipe connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

□

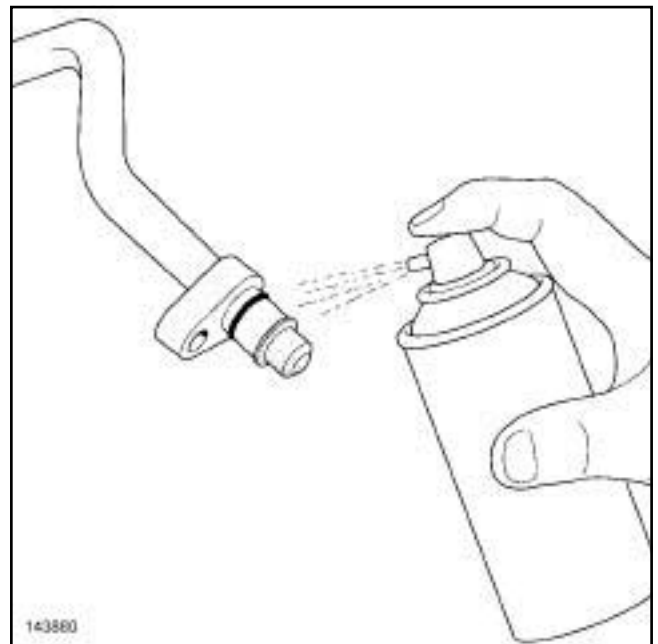
#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the surface of the air conditioning pipes when removing the seals, do not use a tool with a metallic end piece.



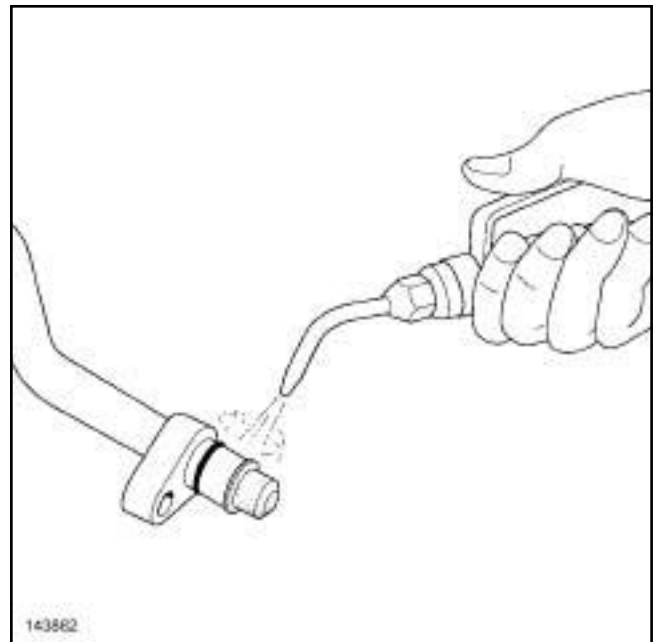
143881

- Remove the seal from the connecting pipe using the tool (**Car. 1363**).
- Fit blanking plugs.



143880

- Clean the surface of the pipe using **ENGINE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



143882

- Use a **compressed air nozzle** to blow on the surface and the seal of the connecting pipe.

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Refrigerant pipe seal: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lubricate the surface of the connecting pipe and the seal with air conditioning oil to make fitting easier (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page **62A-9**).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Remove the blanking plugs.

#### WARNING

To avoid any leaks, check that the seal and the pipe surface are in good condition. The seal and the surface must be clean and scratch free.

- Refit the seal on the connecting pipe.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the connecting pipe concerned:
  - (see **Condenser - evaporator connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Condenser - expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Rear condenser - front condenser connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Evaporator - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Compressor - rear condenser connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Condenser - evaporator connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Compressor - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Dehydrator reservoir - rear expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Main expansion valve - additional expansion valve pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Expansion valve - intermediate pipe connecting pipe at the expansion valve outlet: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Dehydrator reservoir - expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Condenser - dehydrator reservoir connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),

- (see **Expansion valve - compressor connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Expansion valve - rear expansion valve connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Rear expansion valve - compressor connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Compressor - condenser connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**),
  - (see **Compressor - intermediate pipe connecting pipe: Removal - Refitting**).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

#### Note:

A summary table gives the quantities of refrigerant in the system according to the engine types (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**, page **62A-9**).

- Perform the following operations:
  - refill the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**),
  - check for leaks (see **Refrigerant circuit: Check**).
- Check that the air conditioning system is operating correctly (see **Air conditioning: Check**).

## Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting

AIR CONDITIONING

### Equipment required

refrigerant charging station

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety instructions and cleanliness advice and the operation recommendations before carrying out any repairs (see **Air conditioning: Precautions for repair**).

### WARNING

To prevent moisture from entering the system, place plugs on the cold loop components which are open to the air.

### Note:

Use blanking plugs for the fuel circuits with part numbers **77 01 208 229** or **77 01 476 857** to plug any openings exposed to the open air. They must be clean. Do not use any which have already been used to plug a fuel circuit.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page **62A-1**) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

### WARNING

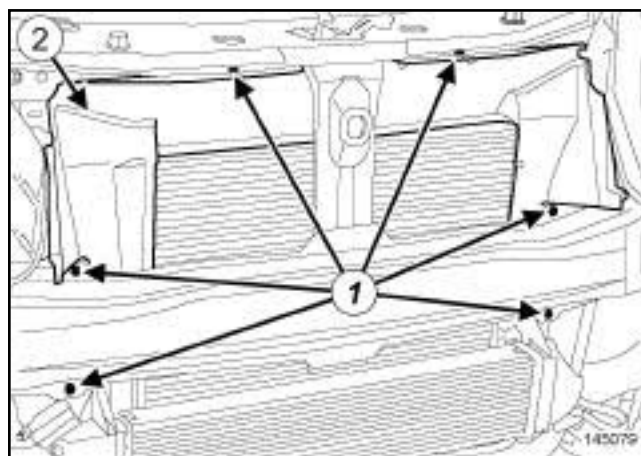
Consult the device's operating manual to avoid incorrect use.

Drain the coolant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**) .

Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

**For the pipe between the expansion valve and the condenser:**

Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).



Remove:

- the front bumper (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the air deflector mountings (1) ,
- the air deflector (2) .

**For the pipes connected to the expansion valve:**

K9K

Remove the front engine cover.

Move aside the bulkhead soundproofing.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

### WARNING

In order to avoid any refrigerant leaks, do not damage (deform, twist, etc.) the pipe.

Remove the refrigerant circuit pipe (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: List and location of components**, page **62A-1**) .

Fit blanking plugs on the pipe openings.



## Refrigerant circuit pipe: Removal - Refitting

### AIR CONDITIONING

#### REFITTING

##### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



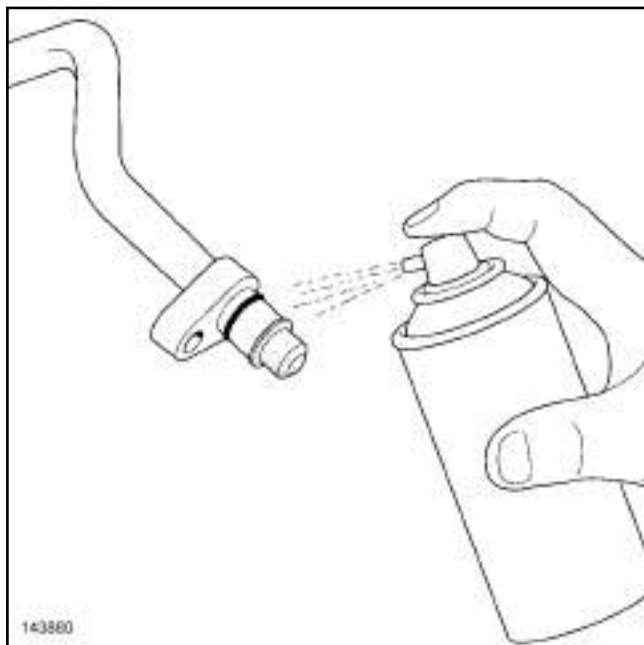
#### WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

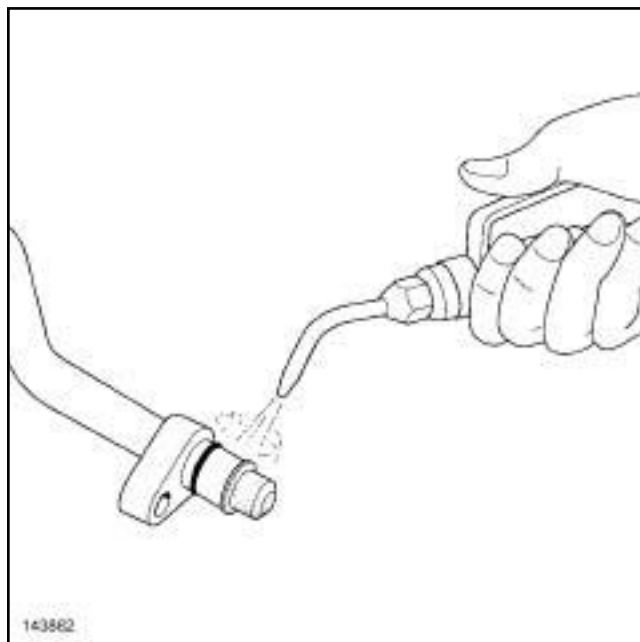
##### If removing and refitting the refrigerant circuit pipe:

- Check, and if necessary replace, the refrigerant circuit pipe seal.



143880

- Clean the surface and the seal of the pipe using **ENGINE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).



143882

143882

- Use a **compressed air gun** to blow the surface and the seal of the connecting pipe.
- Lubricate the surface of the connecting pipe and the seal with air conditioning oil (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair, page 62A-9**).
- Remove the blanking plugs.

##### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Consult the refrigerant and oil quantity values before filling the circuit (see **62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair, page 62A-9**).
- Fill the refrigerant circuit using the **refrigerant charging station** (see **Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**).
- Check that the air conditioning system is operating correctly (see **Air conditioning: Check**).
- Check for leaks (see **Refrigerant circuit: Check**).

# AIR CONDITIONING

## Pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting

# 62A

AIR CONDITIONING

### Tightening torques

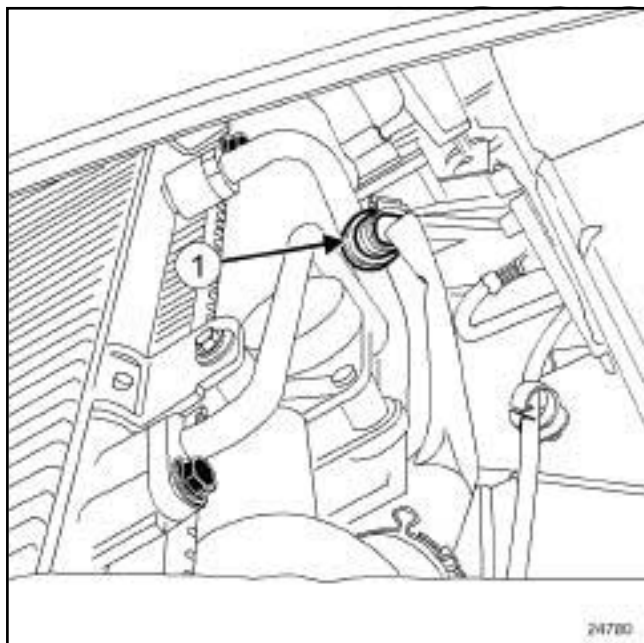
pressure sensor	9 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 388, 80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the engine cover,
  - the air intake sleeve.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



24780

- Disconnect the pressure sensor.

#### Note:

An automatic shut-off valve isolates the circuit from the outside during removal; do not drain the refrigerant from the circuit.

- Remove the pressure sensor (1) .

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the pressure sensor.
- Torque tighten the **pressure sensor (9 N.m)**.
- Connect the pressure sensor.

### II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Refit:
  - the air inlet sleeve,
  - the engine cover.
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 388, 80A, Battery).

# RENAULT

## 8 Electrical equipment

80A BATTERY

80B HEADLIGHTS

81A REAR LIGHTING

81B INTERIOR LIGHTING

81C FUSES

82A ENGINE IMMOBILISER

82B HORN

83A INSTRUMENT PANEL

84A CONTROL - SIGNALS

85A WIPING - WASHING

86A RADIO

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X79

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NOVEMBER 2009

EDITION ANGLAISE

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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**87B**

**PASSENGER COMPARTMENT CONNECTION  
UNIT**

**87D**

**ELECTRIC WINDOWS - SUNROOF**

**87G**

**ENGINE COMPARTMENT CONNECTION UNIT**

**88A**

**WIRING HARNESS**

**88C**

**AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS**

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 8

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**88C**

## **AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS**

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## Battery: Precautions for the repair

### I - SAFETY

#### 1 - DANGER: RISK FROM ACID LINKED TO HANDLING

Sulphuric acid is a highly aggressive and toxic substance which corrodes most metals.

When handling batteries, it is very important to take the following precautions:

- protect your eyes by wearing goggles,
- wear acid-proof gloves and clothing.

#### IMPORTANT

A battery contains sulphuric acid, a dangerous substance.

If acid splashes on to your clothing, rinse all contaminated areas thoroughly in water.

If it comes into contact with the skin or eyes, seek medical attention.

#### 2 - DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION LINKED TO CHARGING AND TO INCORRECT TIGHTENING OF THE TERMINALS.

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent damaging the battery or even causing it to explode, do not place any heat sources or create any sparks near a charging battery.

#### WARNING

Incorrect tightening could cause heating of contacts, starting or charging faults, sparking, or could cause the battery to explode.

When a battery is charging, oxygen and hydrogen are produced. The mixture of these two gases is explosive.

The smallest of sparks or heat sources can cause an explosion. The explosion is so strong that the battery can shatter and spray the acid into the surrounding atmosphere.

People nearby are at risk (exploded fragments, acid splashes). Acid splashes are dangerous. They also damage clothing.

Safeguarding against the danger of explosion, which can be caused by handling a battery carelessly, must be taken very seriously.

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of sparks, ensure that all electrical consumers are fully switched off.

When a battery is being charged inside a building, switch off the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery.

Do not place any metallic items on the battery as this may create a short circuit across the terminals.

Never hold a naked flame, welding gun, blowtorch, cigarette or lighted match near to a battery.

### II - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WARNING

These vehicles are equipped with a battery with low water consumption. Topping up the electrolyte is therefore prohibited.

#### WARNING

Before disconnecting the battery:

- wait for the motor-driven fan assembly to stop,
- wait for the computer to finish saving (**1 minute**).


#### WARNING

Some vehicles are only fitted with «TB» (low height) batteries. To avoid damaging the bonnet, only refit a battery which is identical to the battery originally fitted.

# BATTERY

## Battery: Removal - Refitting

# 80A

Tightening torques 	
battery bracket bolt	12 Nm
bolt on the positive battery terminal	6 N.m
negative battery terminal nut	6 N.m

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Precautions for the repair**, page **80A-1**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.

### WARNING

Before disconnecting the battery:

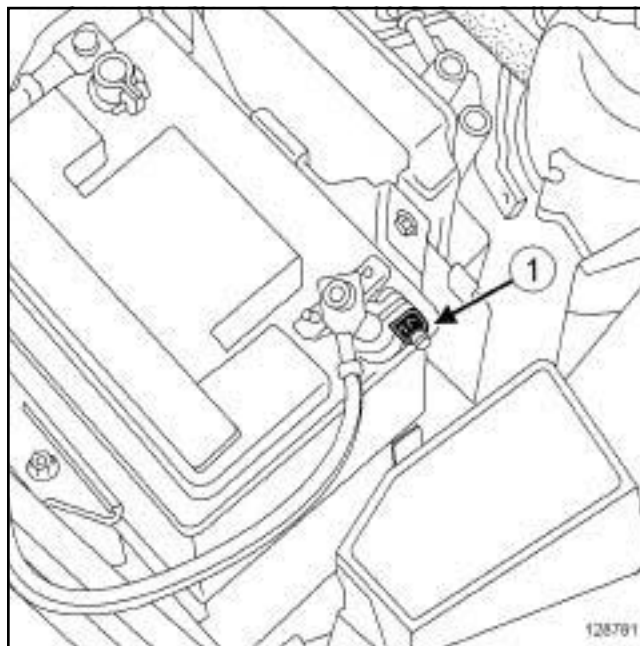
- wait for the motor-driven fan assembly to stop,
- wait for the computer to finish saving (**1 minute**).

### WARNING

The visual indicator cannot be considered reliable in After-Sales; do not use it to determine the state of the battery.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

#### 1 - DISCONNECTING



128781

- Undo the negative battery terminal nut (1).

### Note:

Mark the position of the negative battery terminal.

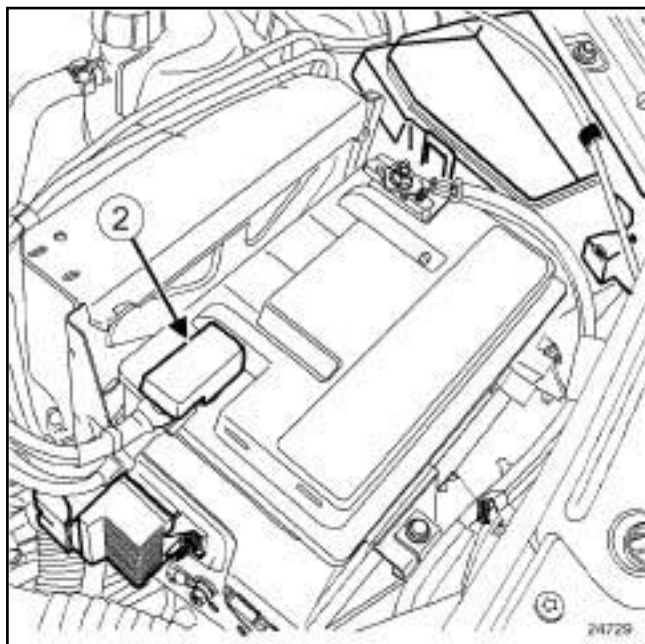
- Remove the negative battery terminal.

# BATTERY

## Battery: Removal - Refitting

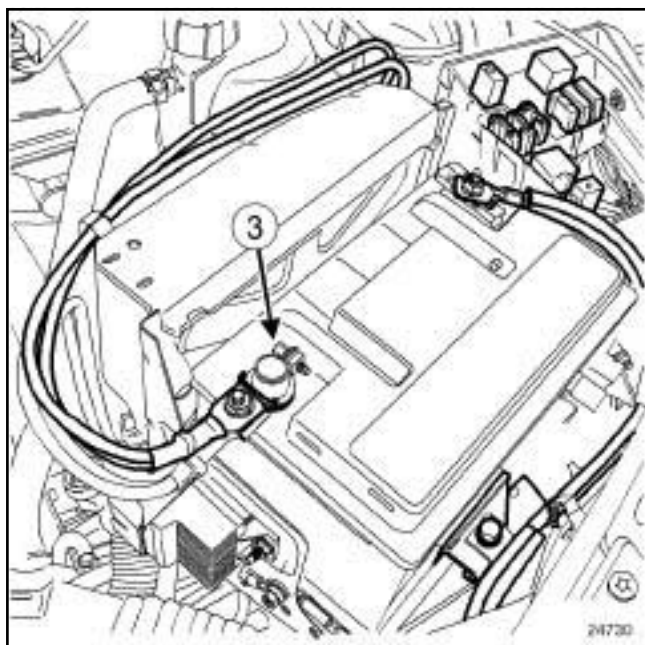
# 80A

### 2 - REMOVAL



24729

- ❑ Remove the cover (2) from the positive battery terminal.



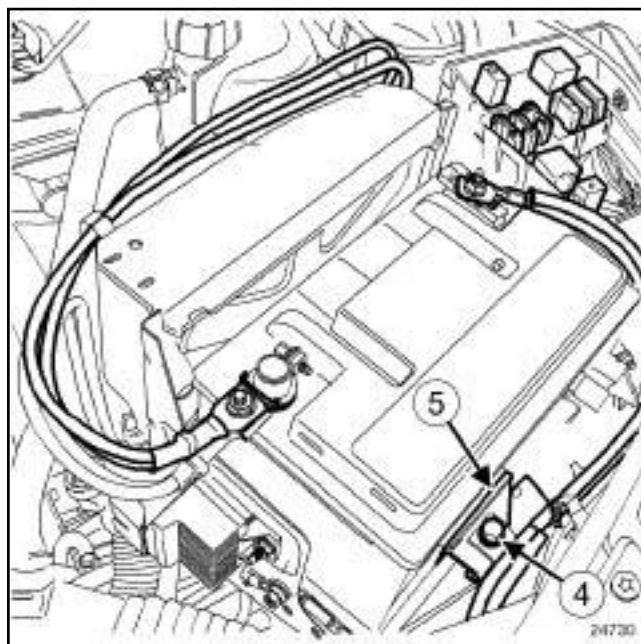
24730

- ❑ Loosen the bolt (3) of the positive battery terminal.

Note:

Mark the position of the positive battery terminal.

- ❑ Remove the positive battery terminal.



24730

- ❑ Remove:
  - the battery clamp bolt (4) ,
  - the mounting clamp (5) ,
  - the battery.

### 3 - REPLACEMENT

- ❑ Check that the battery needs replacing (see **Technical Note 6014A, Checking the charging circuit, 16A, Starting-charging, Checking the charging circuit: Tests**).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Check the battery (see **Technical Note 9860A, 80A, Battery**).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

##### 1 - REFITTING

- ❑ Position the battery in its housing.
- ❑ Refit:
  - the battery mounting clamp,
  - the battery bracket bolt.
- ❑ Torque tighten the **battery bracket bolt (12 Nm)**.

# BATTERY

## Battery: Removal - Refitting

**80A**

- Push the positive battery terminal fully onto the battery terminal post.

### **WARNING**

Poor contact may cause starting or charging faults, create sparks and cause the battery to explode (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Precautions for the repair, page 80A-1**).

- Torque tighten the **bolt on the positive battery terminal (6 N.m)**.
- Refit the positive terminal cover.

### **2 - CONNECTION**

- Push the negative battery terminal fully onto the battery terminal post.

### **WARNING**

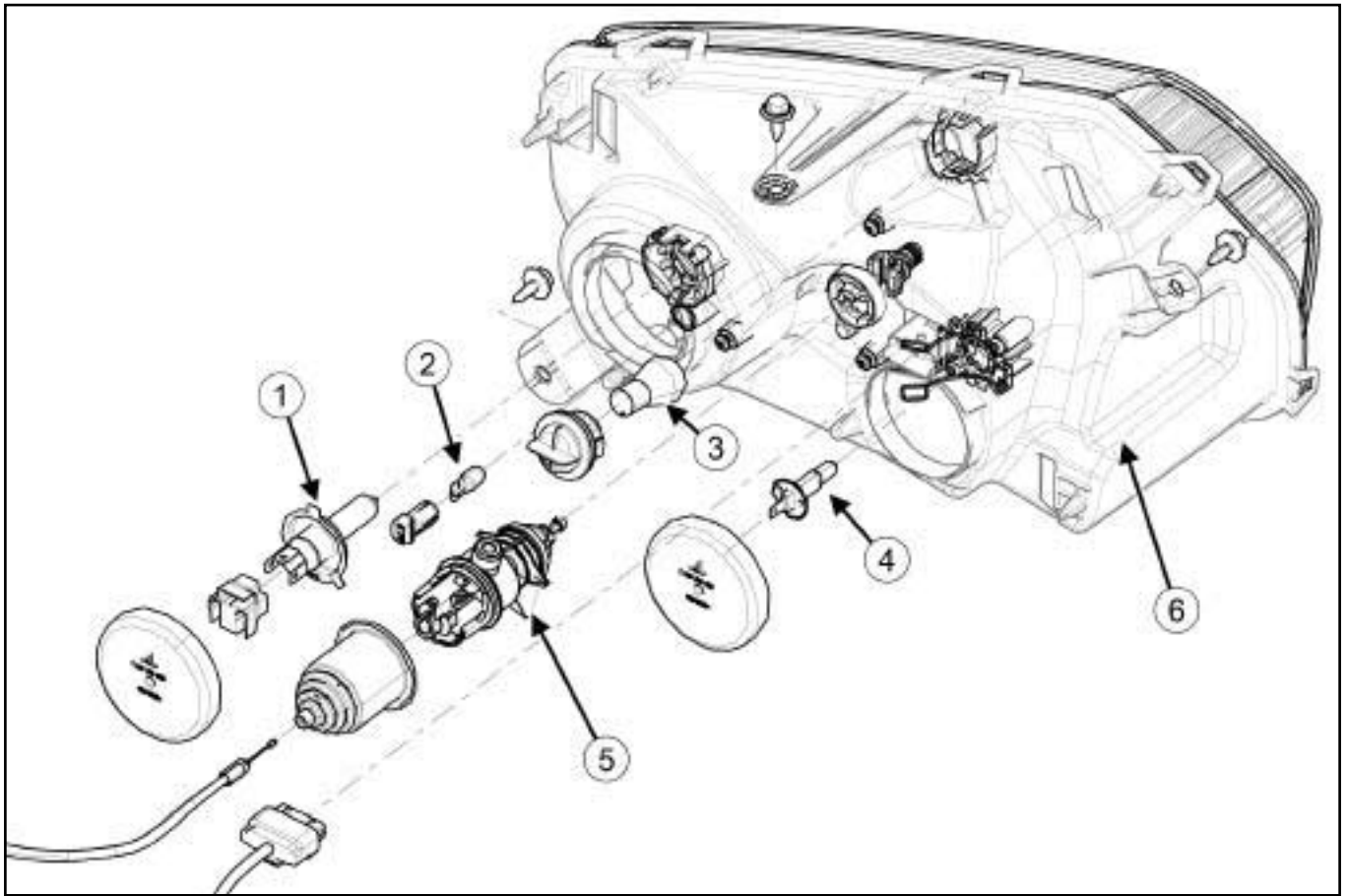
Poor contact may cause starting or charging faults, create sparks and cause the battery to explode (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Precautions for the repair, page 80A-1**).

- Torque tighten the **negative battery terminal nut (6 N.m)**.

# HEADLIGHTS

## Headlight assembly: Exploded view

# 80B



143999

1	Main beam headlight bulbs	(see <b>80B, Headlights, Headlight bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> , page <b>80B-5</b> )
2	Side light bulb	
3	Direction indicator bulb	
4	Dipped beam headlight bulb	
5	Headlight beam adjustment actuator	(see <b>80B, Headlights, Remote headlight beam adjustment actuator: Removal - Refitting</b> , page <b>80B-9</b> )
6	Headlight	(see <b>80B, Headlights, Headlight: Removal - Refitting</b> , page <b>80B-2</b> )

## Headlight: Removal - Refitting

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Disconnect the headlight connector.
- Remove (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**) :
  - the headlight beam adjustment actuator,
  - the headlight.

#### When replacing the headlight

- Remove the headlight bulbs (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### When replacing the headlight

- Refit the headlight bulbs (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Adjust the headlights (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight: Adjustment**, page **80B-3**) .

# HEADLIGHTS

## Headlight: Adjustment

# 80B

### Equipment required

headlight adjustment and checking tool

## ADJUSTMENT

### I - PREPARATION OPERATION FOR CHECK

- Place the vehicle on a level horizontal working area.
- Do not apply the parking brake.
- Check and inflate the tyres (see ) (35A, Wheels and tyres).
- Open the bonnet.
- Check:
  - that the luggage compartment is empty,
  - that the headlights are clean.

#### Note:

Do not get into the vehicle throughout the operation.

- Position the headlight beam adjustment control at 0.
- Switch on the dipped headlights.

### II - TEST OPERATION

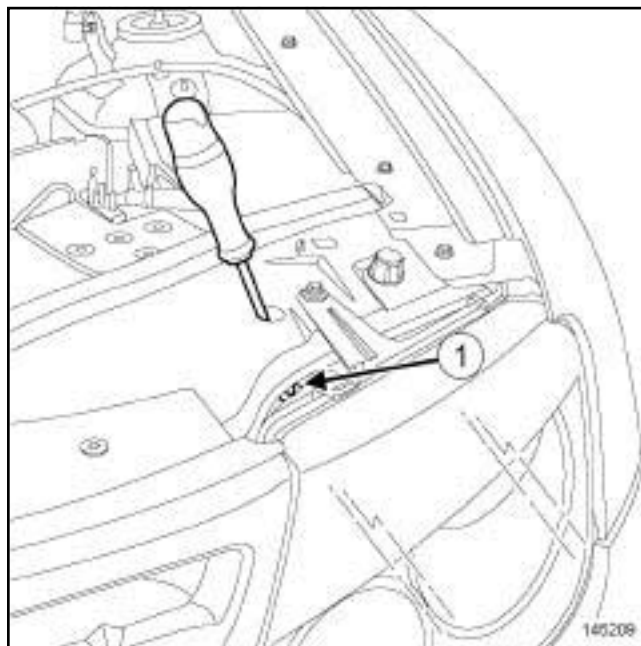
#### WARNING

Consult the device's operating manual to avoid incorrect use.

- Place the **headlight adjustment and checking tool** adjusted to **-1%** in front of the vehicle.
- Using the **headlight adjustment and checking tool**, check the headlight beam adjustment.

### III - ADJUSTMENT OPERATION

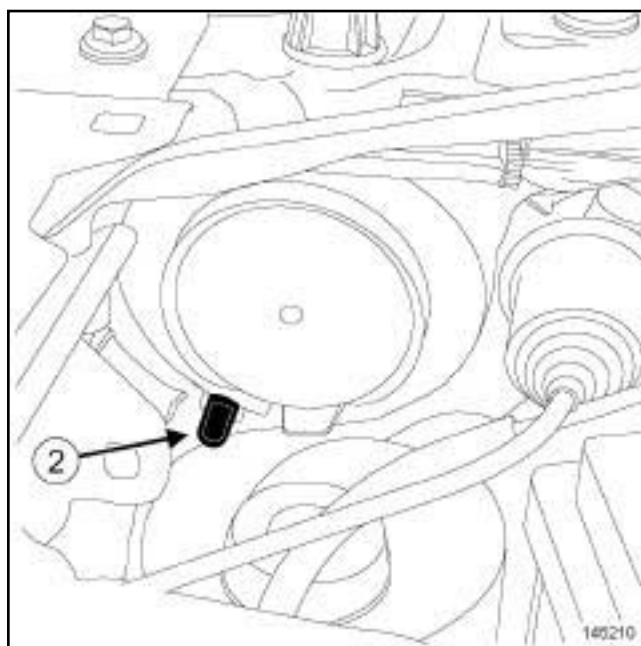
#### 1 - Beam adjustment



145209

- Use the **headlight adjustment and checking tool** to adjust the headlight beam by using the screw (1) .

#### 2 - Horizontal adjustment



145210

- Use the **headlight adjustment and checking tool** to horizontally adjust the headlight by using the screw (2) .

# HEADLIGHTS

## Headlight: Adjustment

---

**80B**

### IV - FINAL OPERATION

- Close the bonnet.





## Headlight bulb: Removal - Refitting

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

Note:

The operation for removing - refitting the bulbs does not require the headlight to be removed.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove the headlight bulbs (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- 

#### WARNING

To prevent any breakages, handle the bulb by its base. If you should touch the glass, clean it with alcohol and a lint-free cloth.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

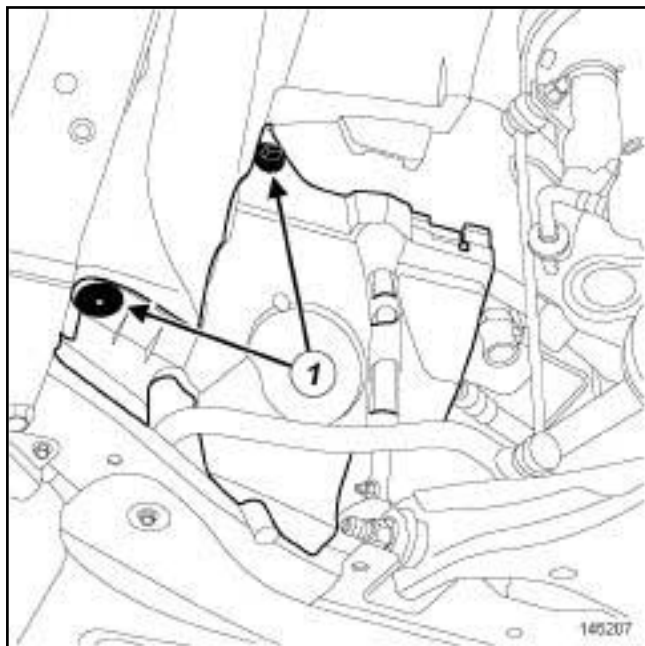
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

## Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

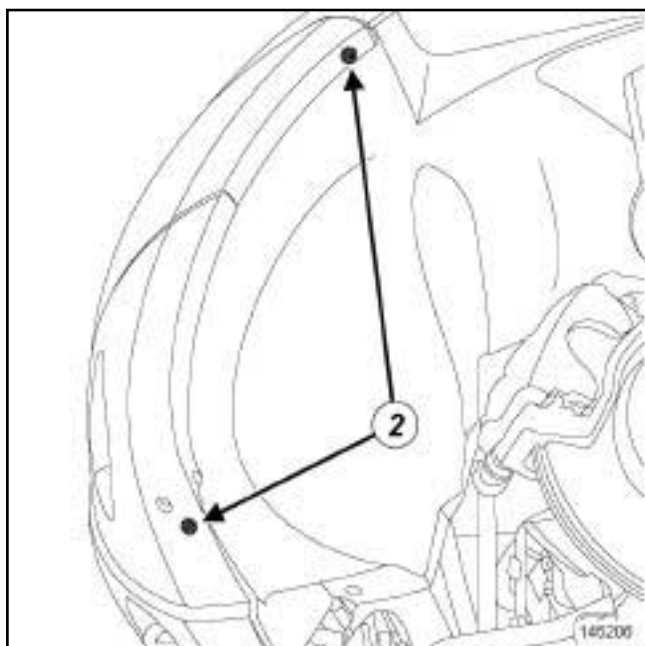
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).



145207

- Remove:

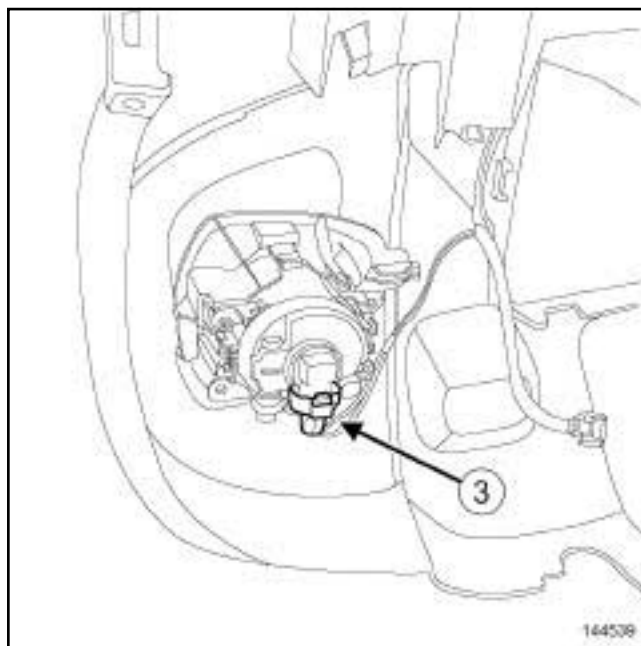
- the clips (1) ,
- the front wheel arch side liner.



145206

- Remove the bolts (2) .
- Move aside the front wheel arch liner.

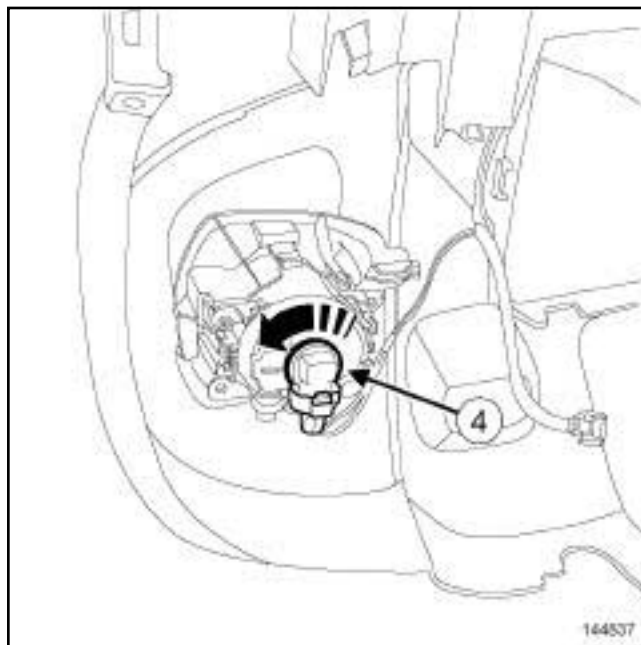
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



144539

144539

- Disconnect the front fog light connector (3) .



144837

144837

- Remove the front fog light bulb anticlockwise.

#### REFITTING

- 

Note:

When replacing a bulb, only use approved bulbs.

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

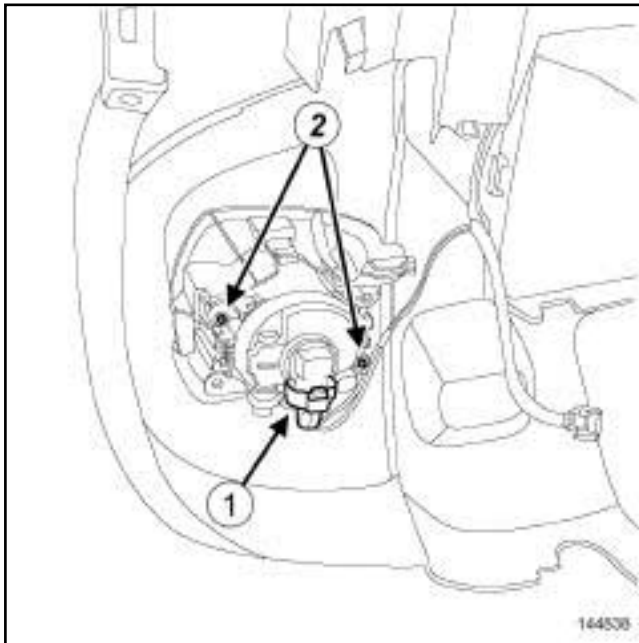
## Front fog light: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



144838

- Disconnect the front fog light connector (1) .
- Remove:
  - the bolts (2) from the front fog light,
  - the front fog light.

#### When replacing the front fog light

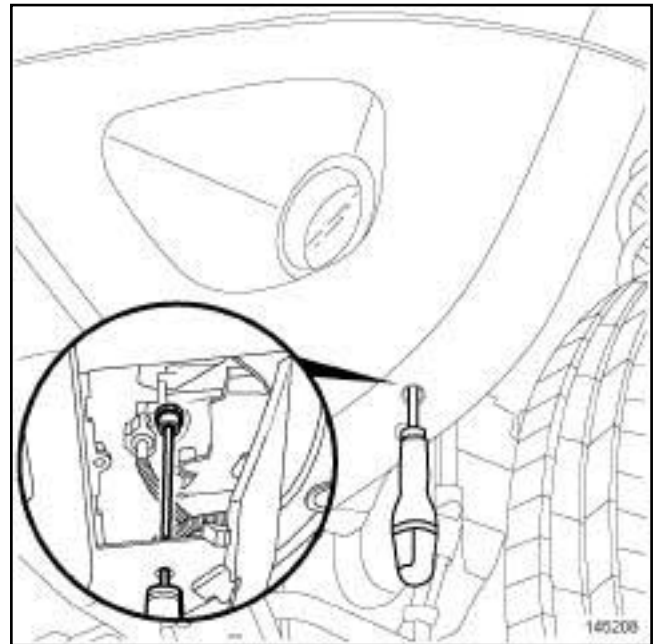
- Remove the front fog light bulb (see **80B, Headlights, Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting**, page **80B-6**) .

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

#### When replacing the front fog light

- Refit the front fog light bulb (see **80B, Headlights, Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting**, page **80B-6**) .
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



145208

- Adjust the front fog lights using a screwdriver.

# HEADLIGHTS

## Side indicator: Removal - Refitting

# 80B

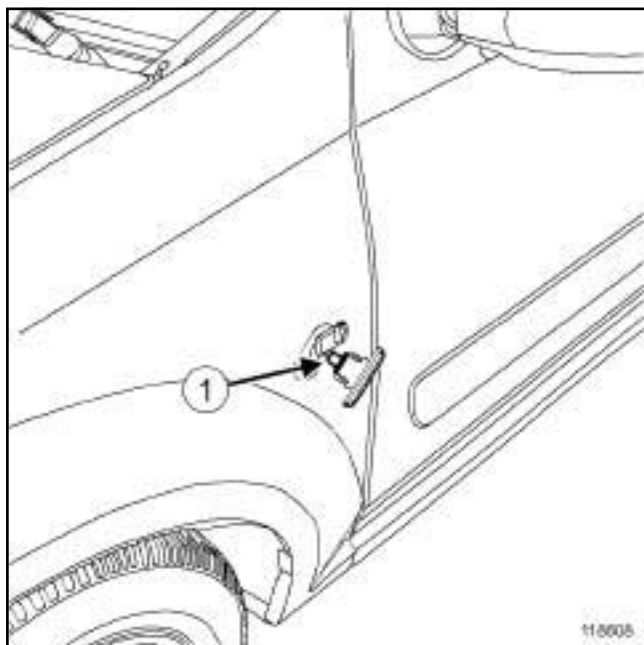
### Special tooling required

**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

## REMOVAL

### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Unclip the side indicator using the **(Car. 1363)**.



118608

- Disconnect the bulb holder connector (1) by turning it a quarter of a turn anti-clockwise.

## REFITTING

### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the bulb holder connector by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise.
- Clip on the side indicator.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Remove:
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) and (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the headlight (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**)

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove the headlight beam adjustment actuator by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**) .

### REFITTING

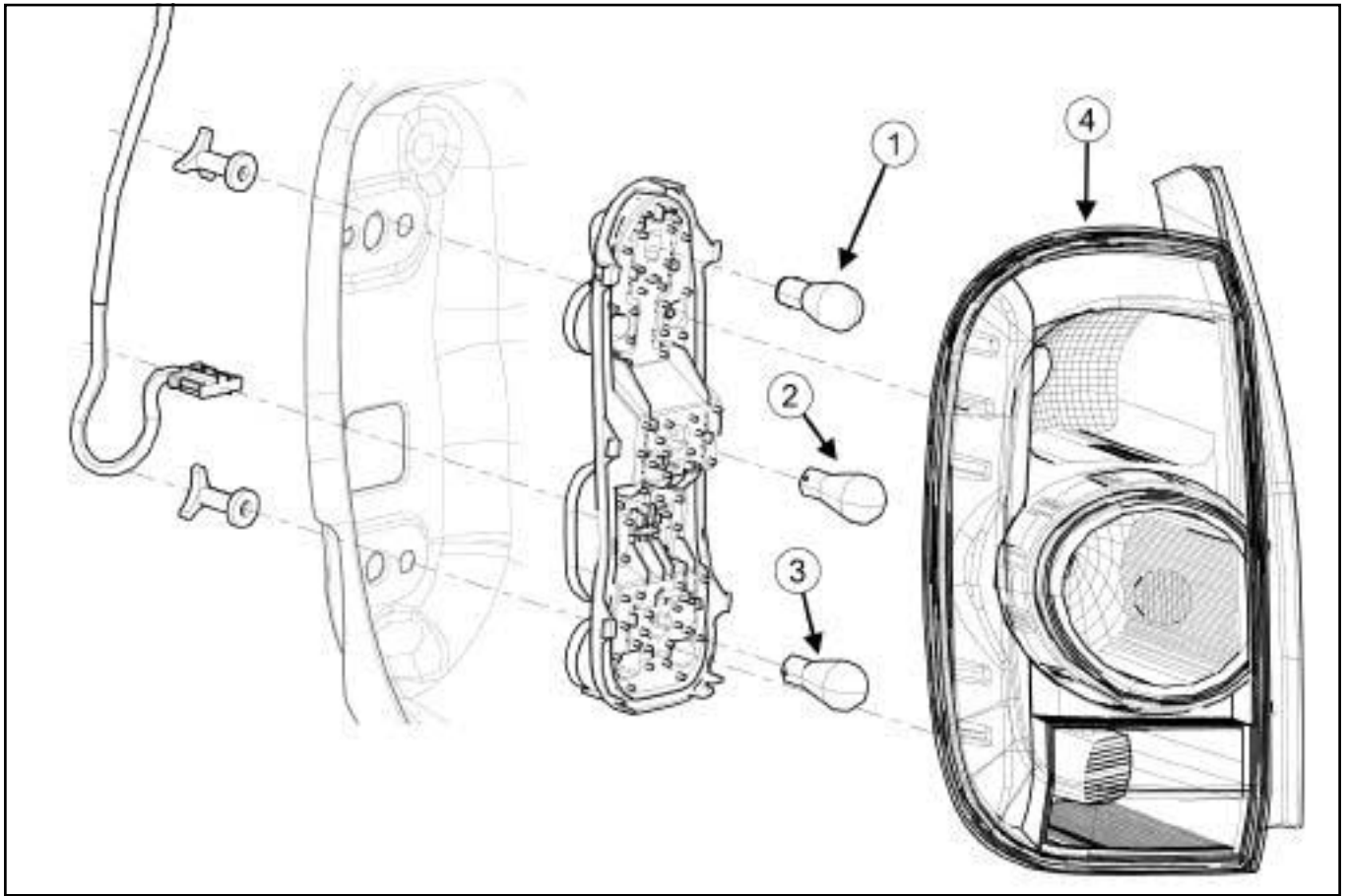
#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Adjust the headlights (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight: Adjustment**, page **80B-3**) .

# REAR LIGHTING

## Rear light assembly: Exploded view

# 81A



144000

|

1	Brake light and side light bulb	(see <b>81 A, Rear lighting, Rear light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 81A-3)
2	Direction indicator bulb	
3	Fog or reversing light bulb	
4	Rear light	(see <b>81 A, Rear lighting, Rear wing light: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 81A-2)

## Rear wing light: Removal - Refitting

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view**, page **81A-1**)

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.

#### Rear light on the wing (right-hand side)

- Remove
  - the jack cover,
  - the jack.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view**, page **81A-1**) :
  - the nuts of the rear light on the wing,
  - the rear light on the wing.
- Disconnect the connector from the rear light on the wing (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view**, page **81A-1**) .

#### When replacing the rear light on the wing

- Remove the bulbs from the rear light on the wing (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view**, page **81A-1**) .

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# REAR LIGHTING

## Rear light bulb: Removal - Refitting

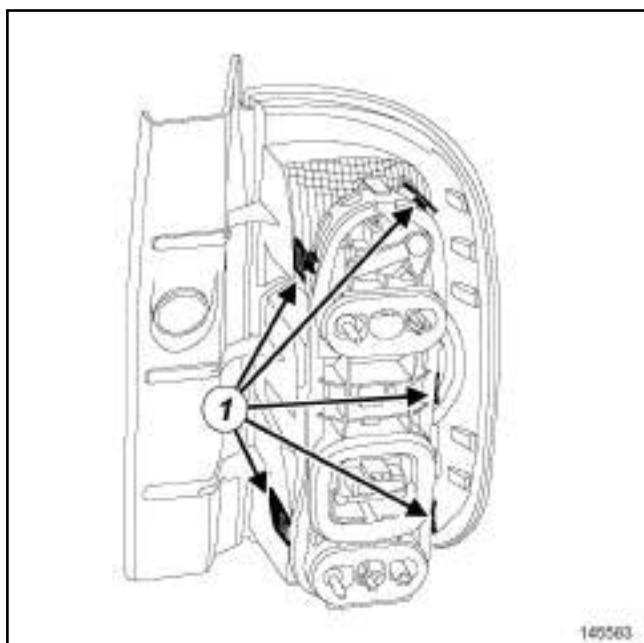
81A

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.
- Remove the rear light on the wing (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view, page 81A-1**).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145583

- Unclip the bulb holder by pressing on the clips (1).

#### 1 - Brake light and side light bulb

- Remove the brake light and side light bulb (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view, page 81A-1**).

#### 2 - Direction indicator bulb

- Remove the direction indicator bulb (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view, page 81A-1**).

#### 3 - Fog or reversing light bulb

- Remove the fog or reversing light bulb (see **81A, Rear lighting, Rear light assembly: Exploded view, page 81A-1**).

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



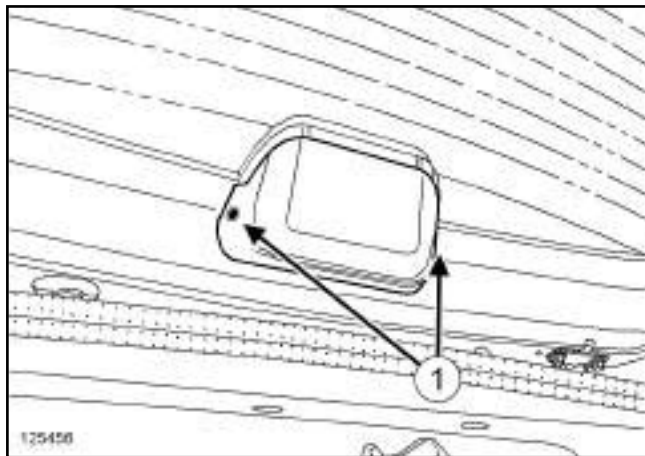
# REAR LIGHTING

## 3rd brake light: Removal - Refitting

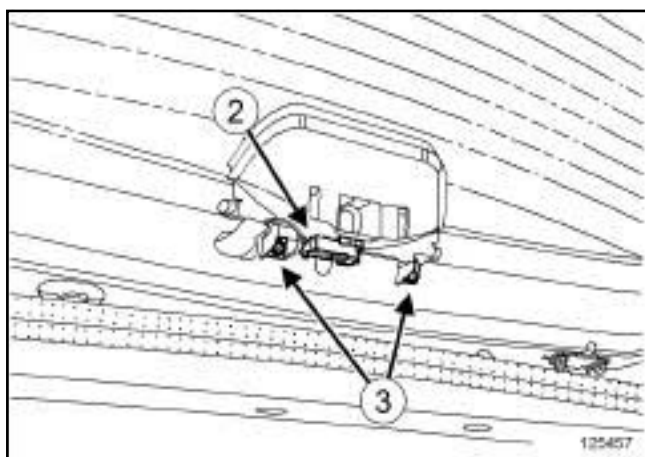
# 81A

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Unclip the high level brake light cover by pressing at (1) .



- Disconnect the high level brake light connector (2) .
- Remove:
  - the high level brake light screws (3) ,
  - the high level brake light ,
  - the high level brake light bulb (see **81A, Rear lighting, High level brake light bulb: Removal - Refitting**, page **81A-5**) .

### REFITTING

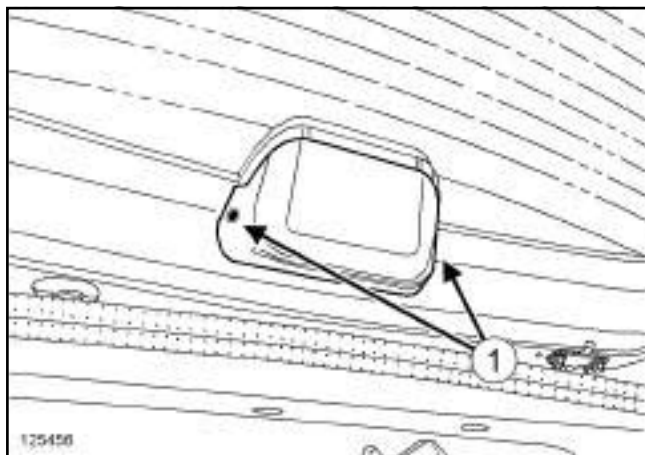
#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the high level brake light bulb (see **81A, Rear lighting, High level brake light bulb: Removal - Refitting**, page **81A-5**) ,

- the high level brake light ,
- the high level brake light screws.
- Connect the high level brake light connector.
- Clip on the high level brake light cover.

### REMOVAL

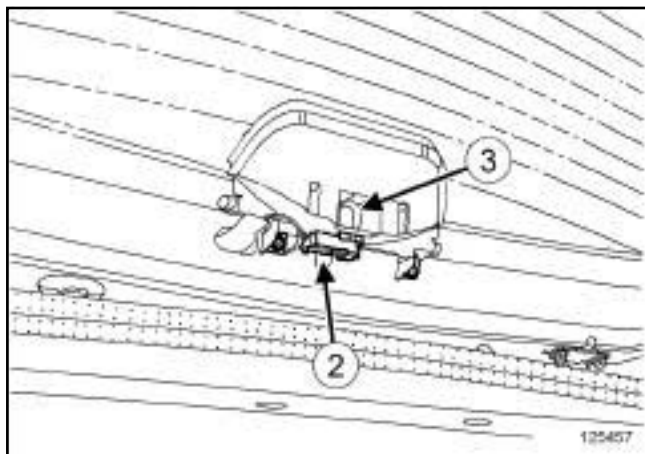
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



125456

- Unclip the high level brake light cover by pressing at (1) .
- Disconnect the high level brake light connector.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



125457

- Remove:
  - the bulb holder (2) by turning it clockwise,
  - the high level brake light bulb (3) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the high level brake light bulb,
  - the bulb holder by turning it anti-clockwise.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Connect the high level brake light connector.
- Clip on the high level brake light cover.

# REAR LIGHTING

## Number plate light: Removal - Refitting

**81A**

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Unclip the number plate light using a small flat-blade screwdriver.
- Disconnect the connector for the number plate lights.
- Remove the number plate light.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connector for the number plate lights.
- Clip on the number plate light.

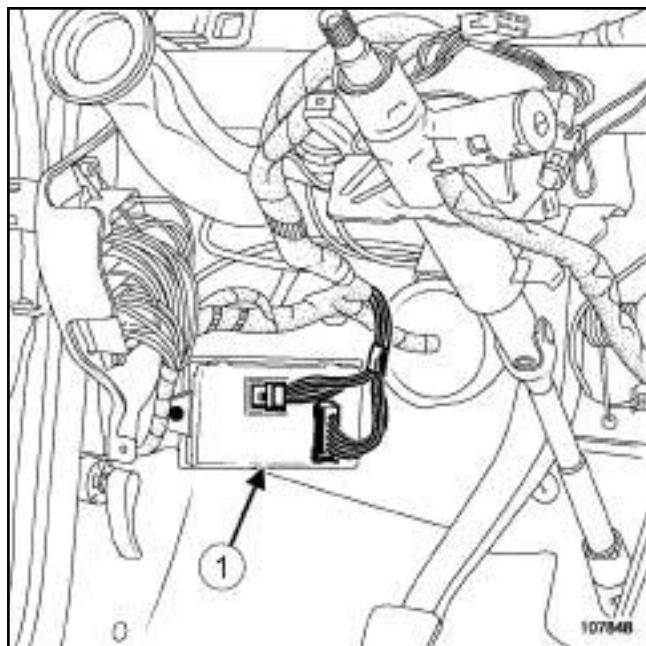
## Interior lighting: List and location of components

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	UCH
(2)	Passenger compartment fuse box
(3)	Front courtesy light
(4), (5)	Rear courtesy light
(6)	Storage compartment light
(7), (8), (9), (10)	Luggage compartment light
(11), (12)	Door switch
(13), (14), (15)	Luggage compartment switch

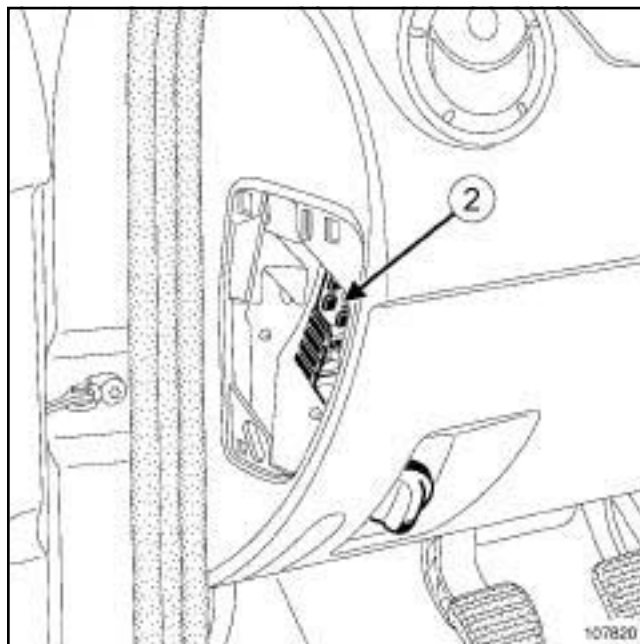
### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### 1 - UCH



UCH (1)

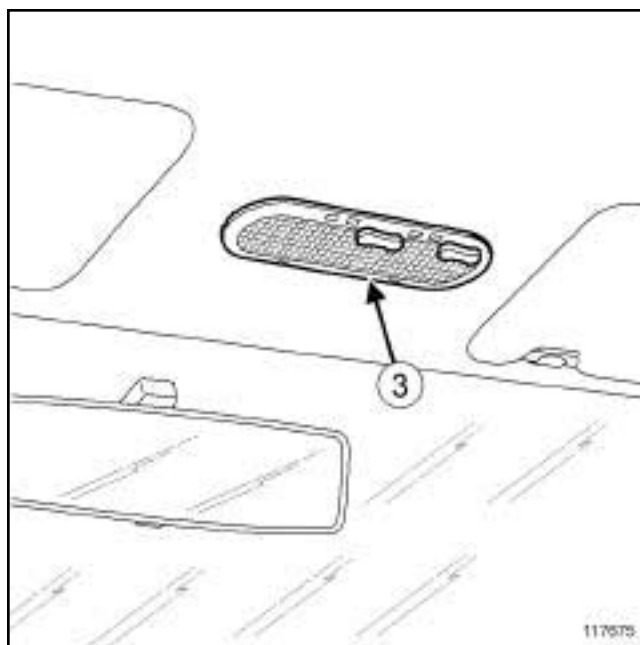
#### 2 - PASSENGER COMPARTMENT FUSE BOX



107820

Passenger compartment fuse box (2)

#### 3 - FRONT COURTESY LIGHT



117675

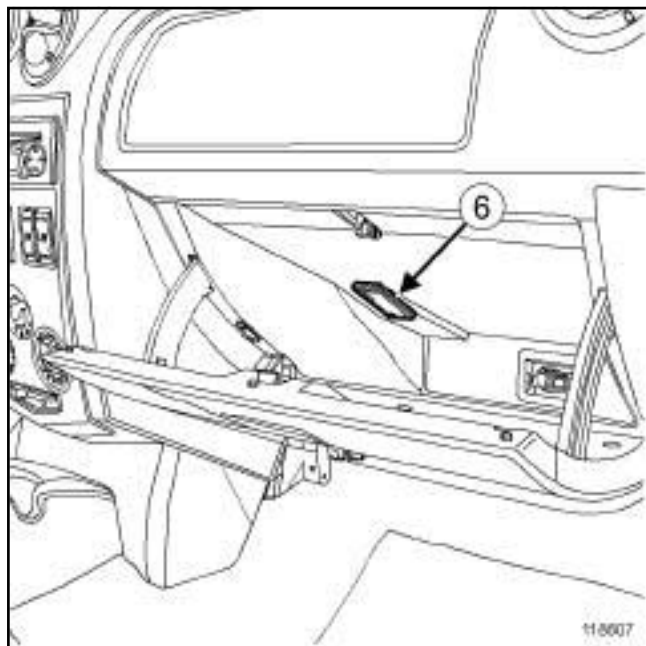
Front courtesy light (3)

# INTERIOR LIGHTING

# 81B

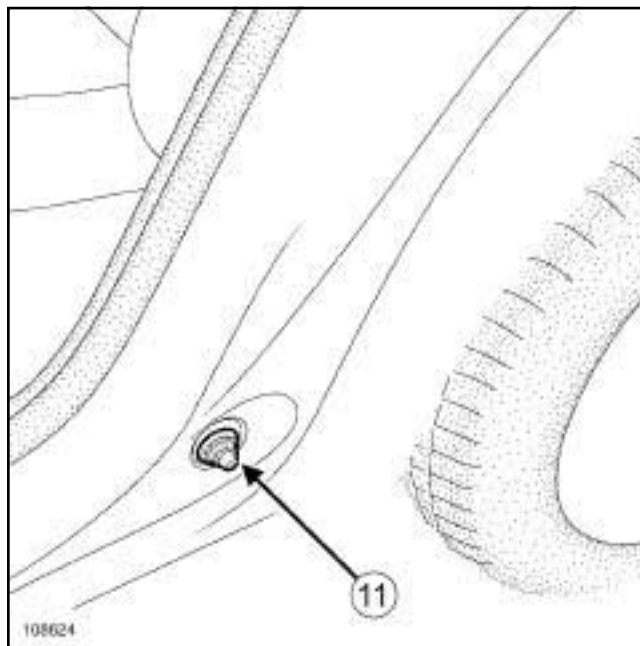
## Interior lighting: List and location of components

### 4 - STORAGE COMPARTMENT LIGHT



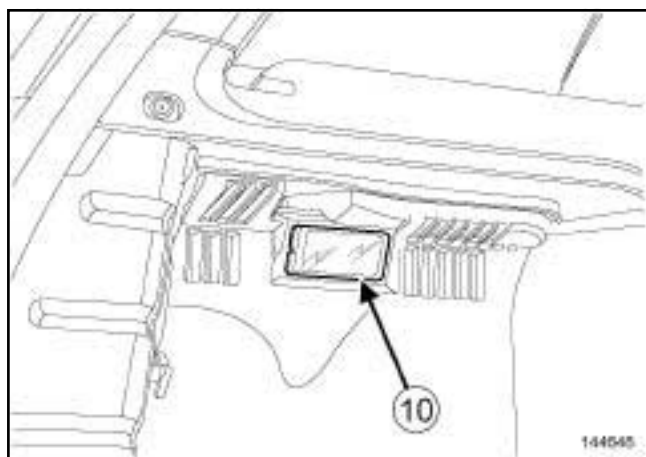
Storage compartment light (6)

### 6 - DOOR SWITCH



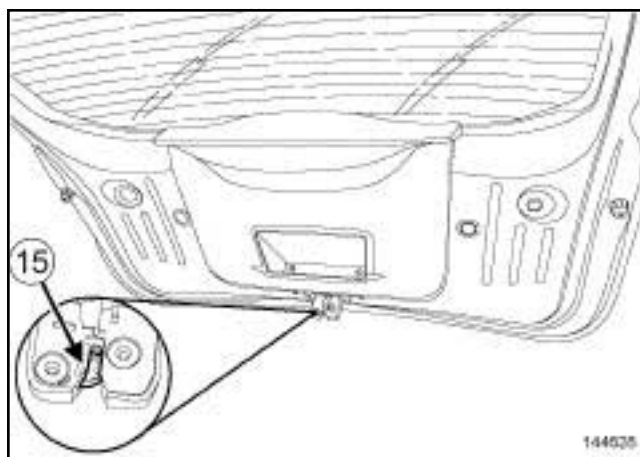
Side door switch (11)

### 5 - LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT LIGHT



Luggage compartment light (10)

### 7 - LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT SWITCH



Luggage compartment switch (15)

# INTERIOR LIGHTING

## Interior light: Removal - Refitting

# 81B

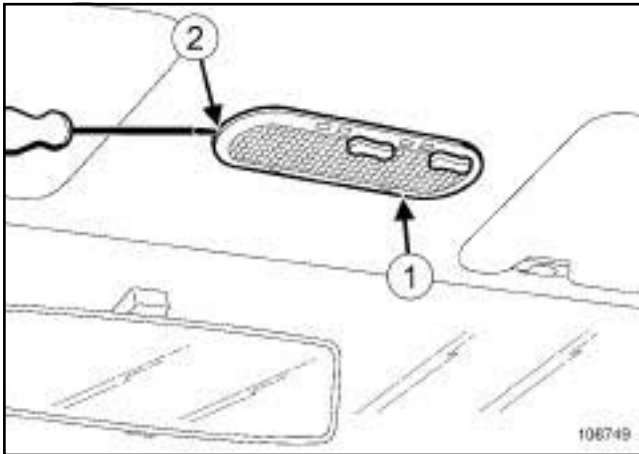
### Special tooling required

Car. 1363      Set of trim removal levers.

## REMOVAL

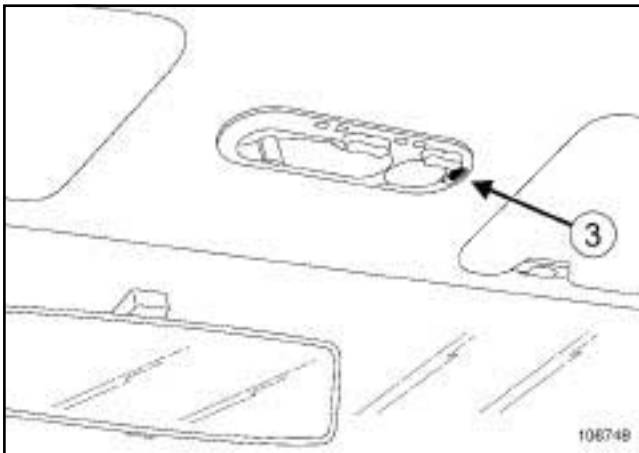
### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

#### Front courtesy light



108749

- Unclip the translucent cover (1) using a flat-blade screwdriver or tool (Car. 1363), inserting it into the notch (2) .



108748

- Press on the clip (3) using the tool (Car. 1363) to remove the courtesy light.
- Disconnect the connector.

## REFITTING

### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connector.

- Refit the courtesy light.
- Clip the translucent cover in place.

# INTERIOR LIGHTING

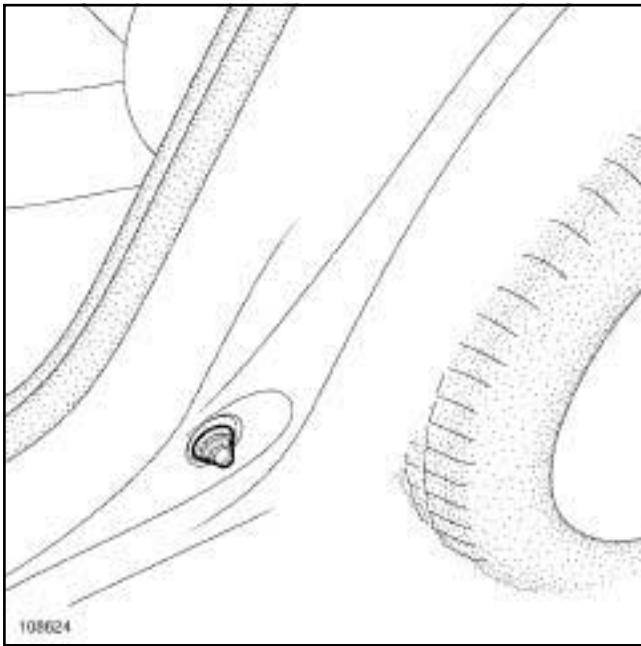
## Door switch: Removal - Refitting

# 81B

### REMOVAL

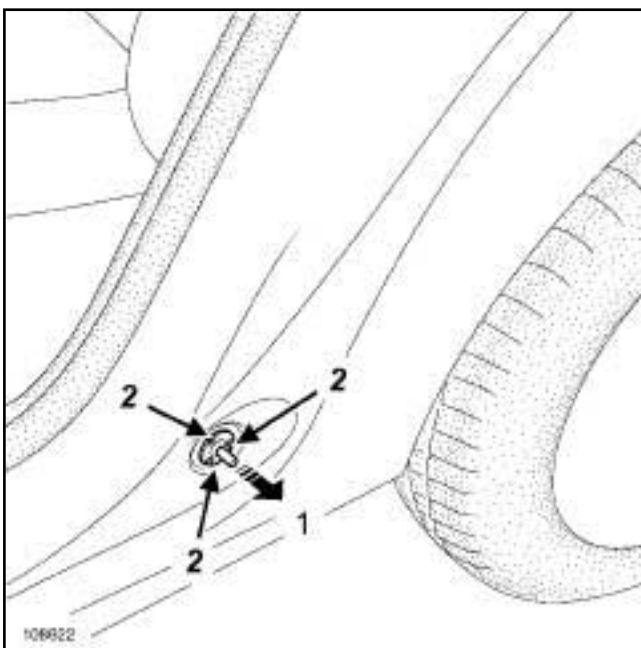
#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

##### Side door switch



108624

- Remove the sealing gaiter.



108622

- Remove the switch (1) by squeezing the three clips (2) .
- Disconnect the connector.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

##### Side door switch

- Connect the connector.
- Clip the switch.
- Refit the sealing gaiter.

## Storage compartment light: Removal - Refitting

### Special tooling required

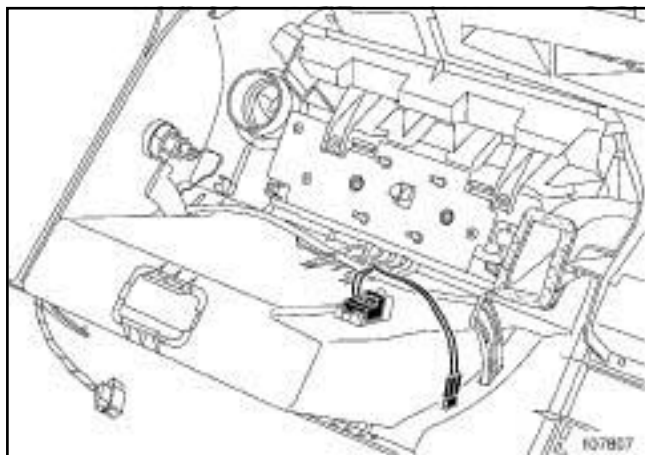
**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

Note:

It is not necessary to remove the dashboard.



107807

- Unclip the storage compartment light using the **(Car. 1363)**.
- Disconnect the storage compartment light connector.

Note:

The glove compartment light switch can also be removed.

- Unclip the storage compartment light connector.
- Disconnect the storage compartment light switch connector.

### REFITTING

#### OPERATION FOR REFITTING PART CONCERNED

Note:

When replacing a bulb, use an approved **C5W** bulb.

- Connect the storage compartment light switch connector.
- Clip the storage compartment light connector.
- Connect the storage compartment light connector.
- Clip on the storage compartment light.

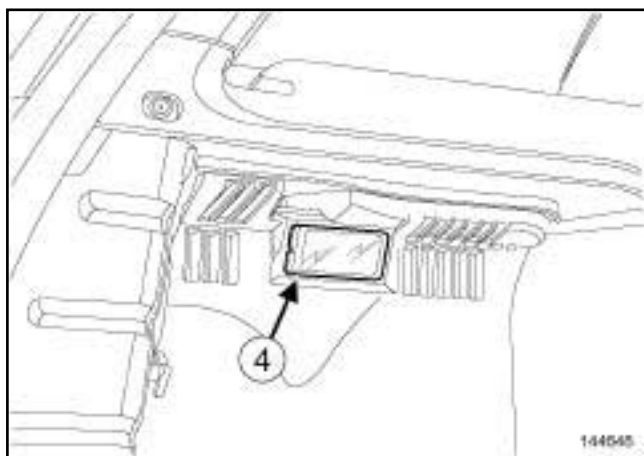


### Special tooling required

Car. 1363	Set of trim removal levers.
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## REMOVAL

### REMOVAL OPERATION



144648

- Unclip the luggage compartment light (4) using tool (Car. 1363).
- Disconnect the luggage compartment light connector.

## REFITTING

### REFITTING OPERATION

- Connect the luggage compartment light connector.
- Clip the luggage compartment light in place.

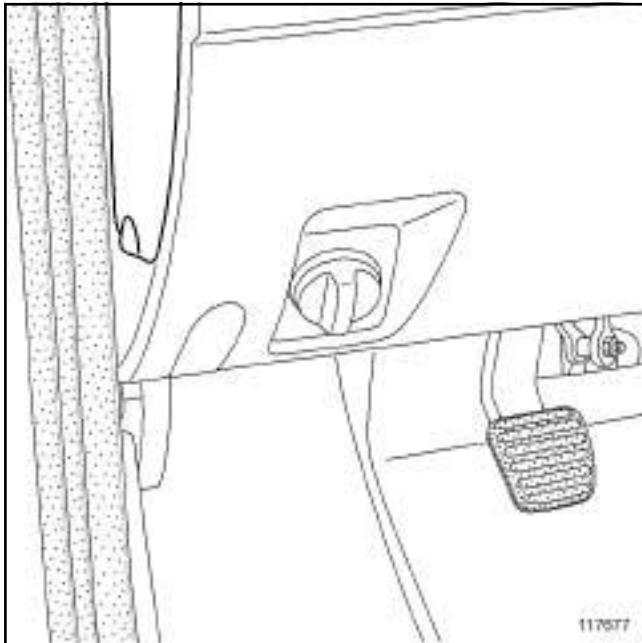
## Fuses: List and location of components

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	Passenger compartment fuse box
(2),(3)	Engine compartment fuse and relay box

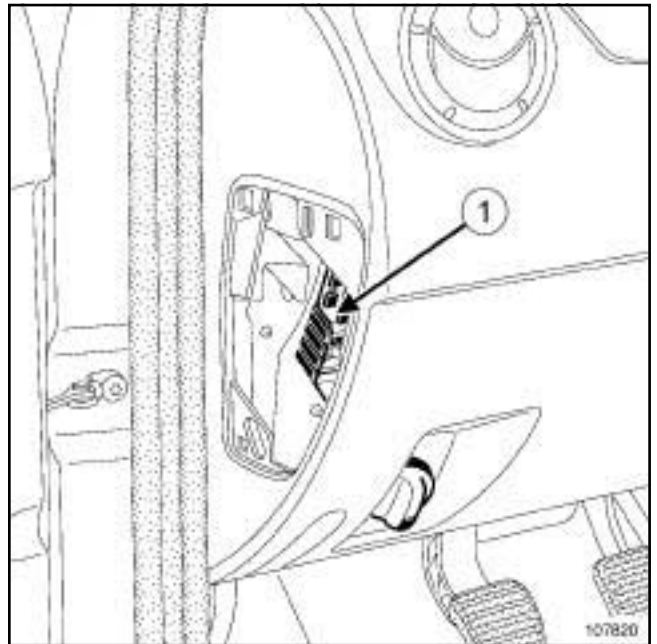
### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### 1 - PASSENGER COMPARTMENT FUSE BOX



This unit is located in the passenger compartment, on the left-hand side of the dashboard.

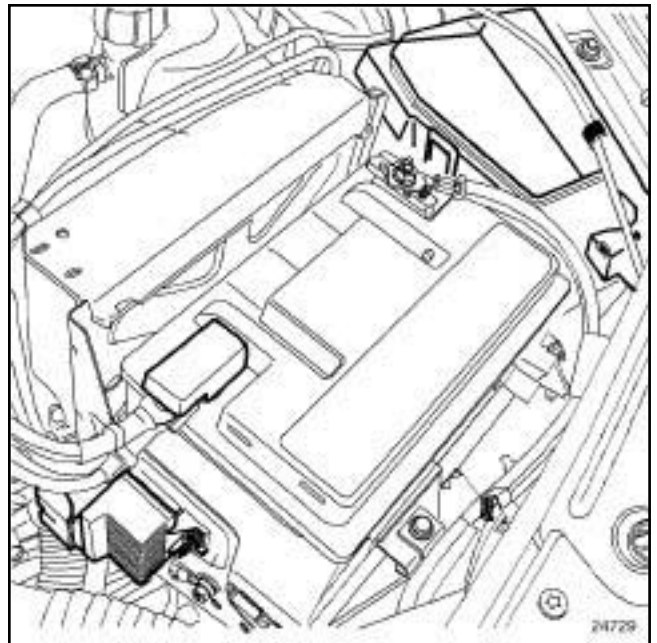
Remove the cover to access the passenger compartment fuse box.



107820

Passenger compartment fuse box (1)

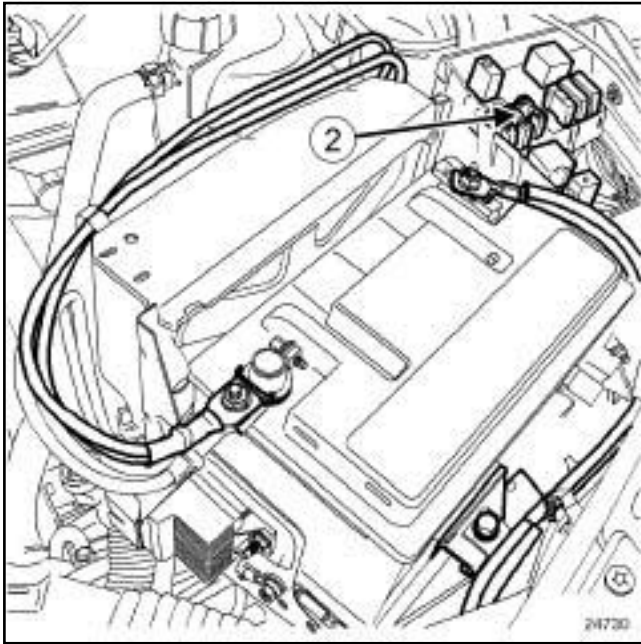
#### 2 - ENGINE COMPARTMENT FUSE AND RELAY BOX



24729

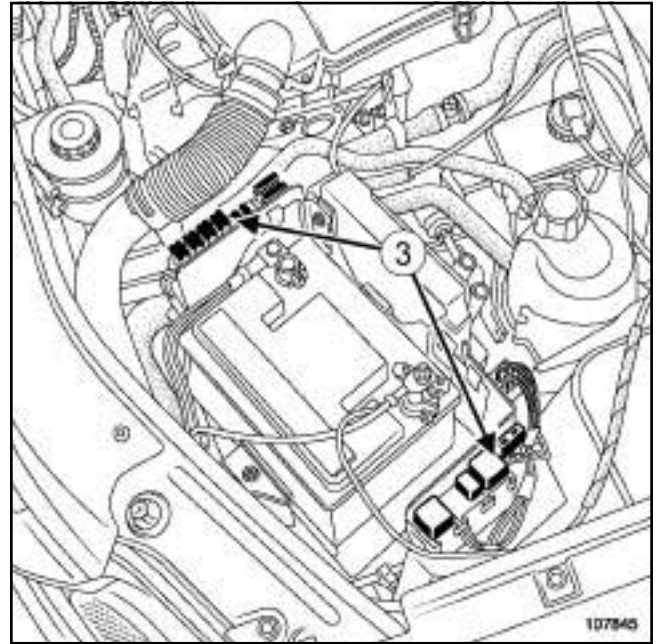
Unclip the cover to access the passenger compartment fuse and relay box.

## Fuses: List and location of components



24730

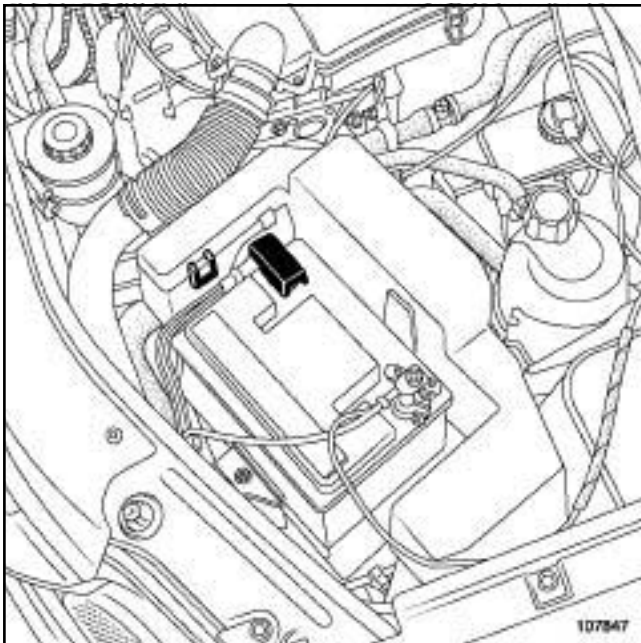
Engine compartment fuse and relay box



107845

Engine compartment fuse and relay box (3)

### 3 - OLD ENGINE COMPARTMENT FUSE AND RELAY BOX



107847

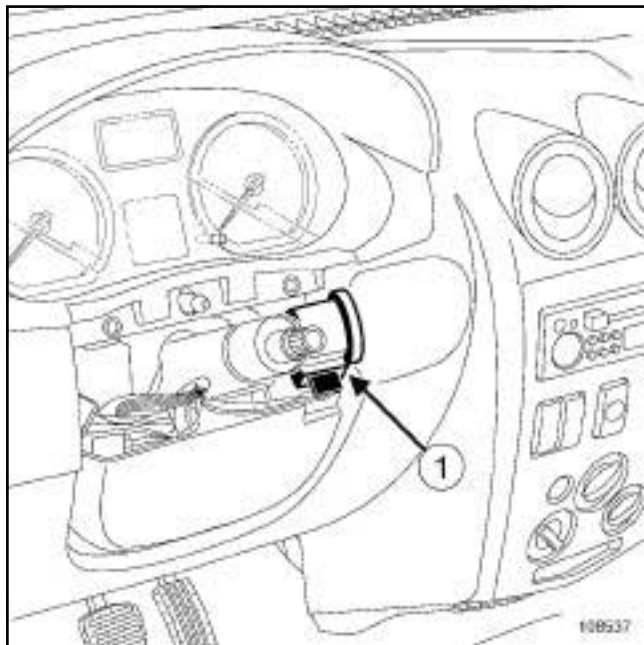
Unclip the cover to gain access to the unit.

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	Antenna/Transponder ring
(2)	Ignition switch
(3)	UCH
(4)	Ignition key

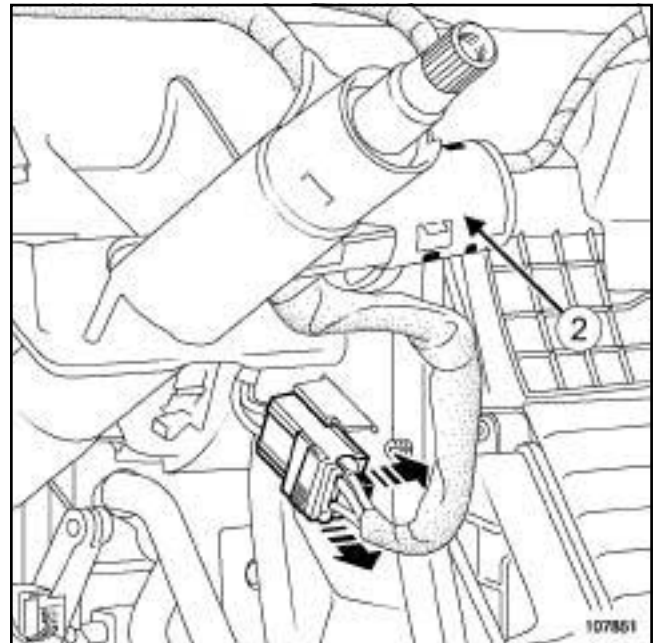
### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### 1 - ANTENNA/TRANSPONDER RING



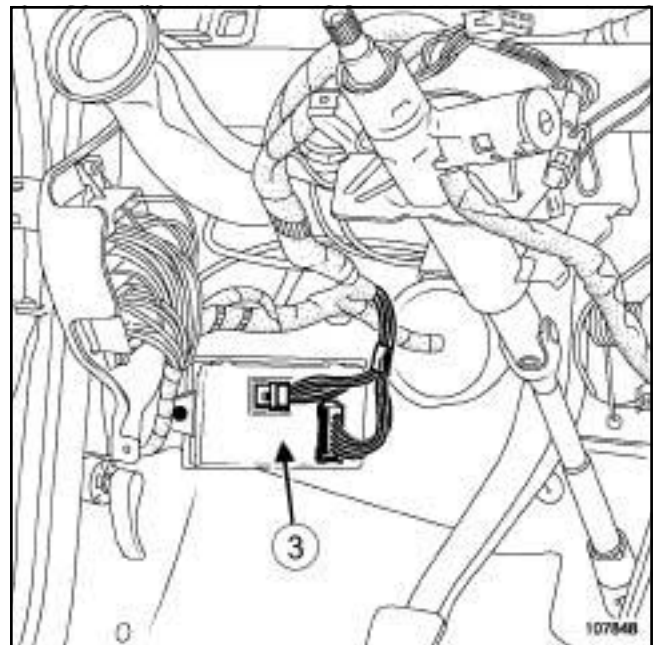
Antenna/transponder ring (1)

#### 2 - IGNITION SWITCH



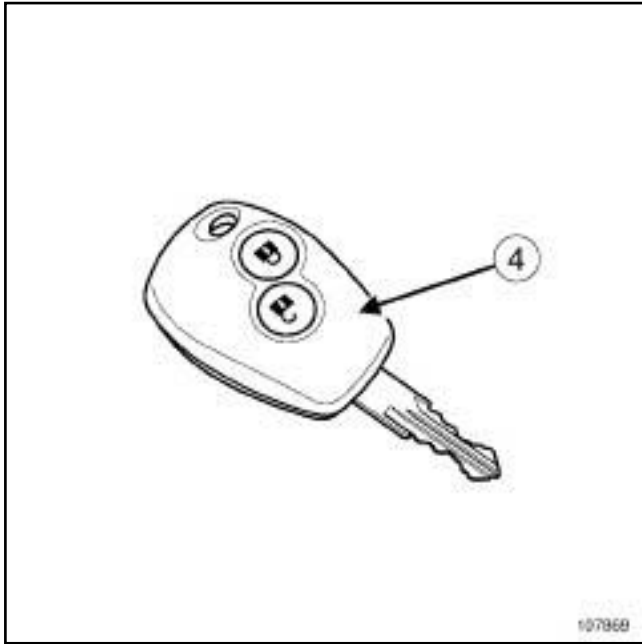
Ignition switch (2)

#### 3 - UCH



UCH (3)

### 4 - IGNITION KEY



Ignition key (4)

# ENGINE IMMOBILISER

## Ignition switch: Removal - Refitting

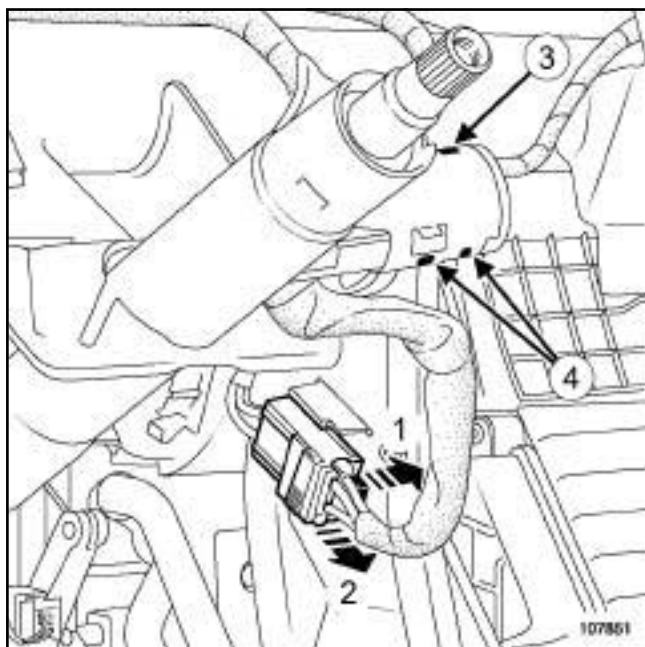
# 82A

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

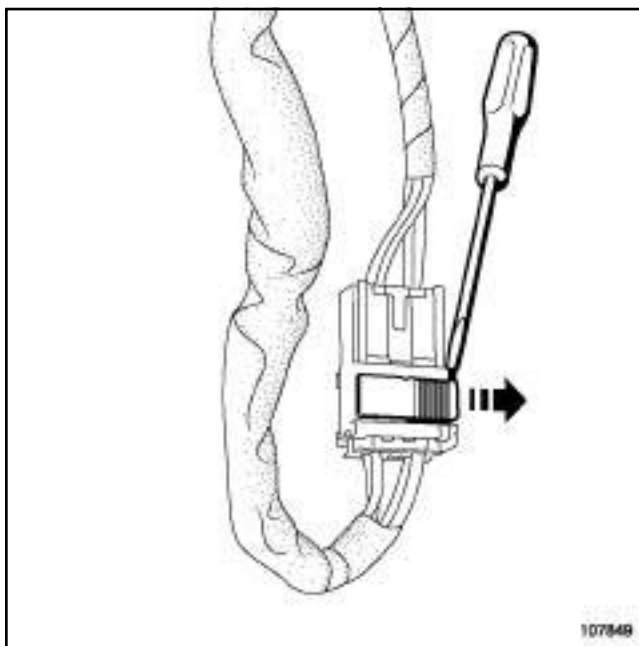
- ❑ Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).
- ❑ Remove the transponder ring (see **82A, Engine immobiliser, Transponder ring: Removal - Refitting**, page **82A-5**).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



107851

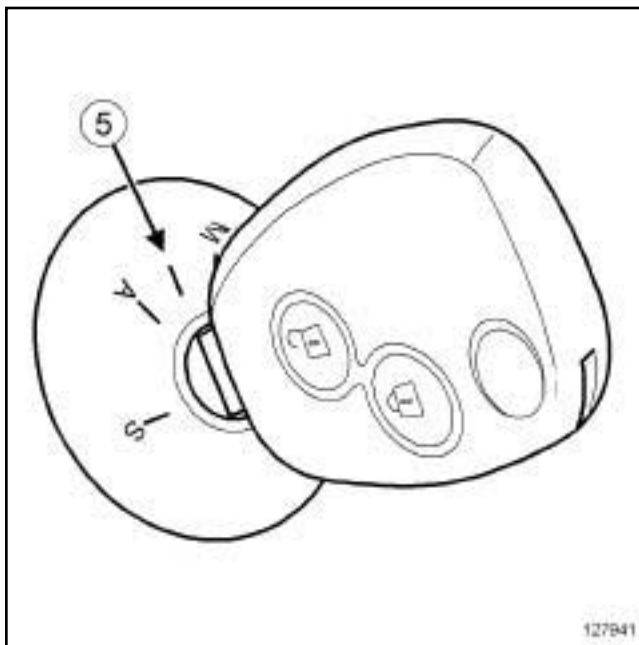
- ❑ Unclip the connector from its support at (1) and (2) from underneath the dashboard.



107849

107849

- ❑ Unclip the connector using a flat-blade screwdriver.
- ❑ Remove the bolt (3).



127941

127941

- ❑ Move the ignition key to position (5).
- ❑ Tilt the retaining lugs (4).
- ❑ Remove switch.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Always replace the switch bolt.

# ENGINE IMMOBILISER

## Ignition switch: Removal - Refitting

**82A**

- Check that the ignition key is in position (5).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the switch,
  - the switch bolt.
- Clip:
  - the connector to the switch,
  - the connector for the switch on its mounting.

### III - FINAL OPERATION.

- Refit the transponder ring (see **82A, Engine immobiliser, Transponder ring: Removal - Refitting, page 82A-5**).
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting, page 80A-2**).

# ENGINE IMMOBILISER

## Transponder ring: Removal - Refitting

# 82A

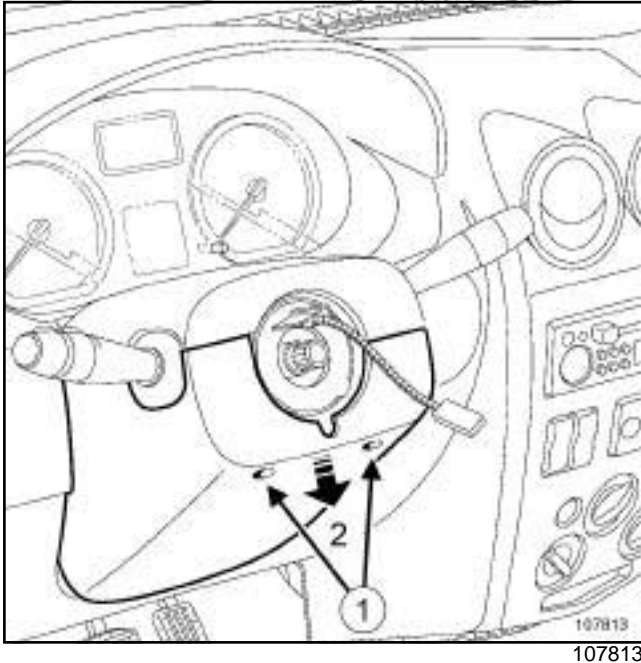
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

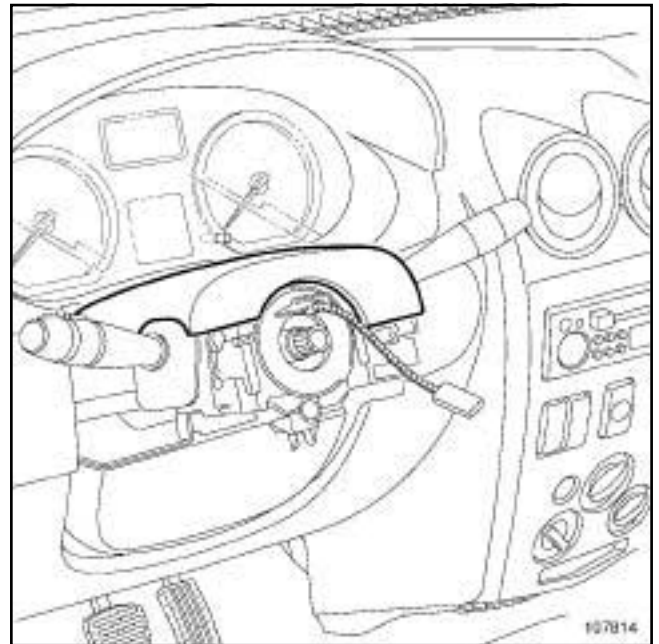
- ❑ Switch off the ignition.

Note:

The steering wheel does not need to be removed.



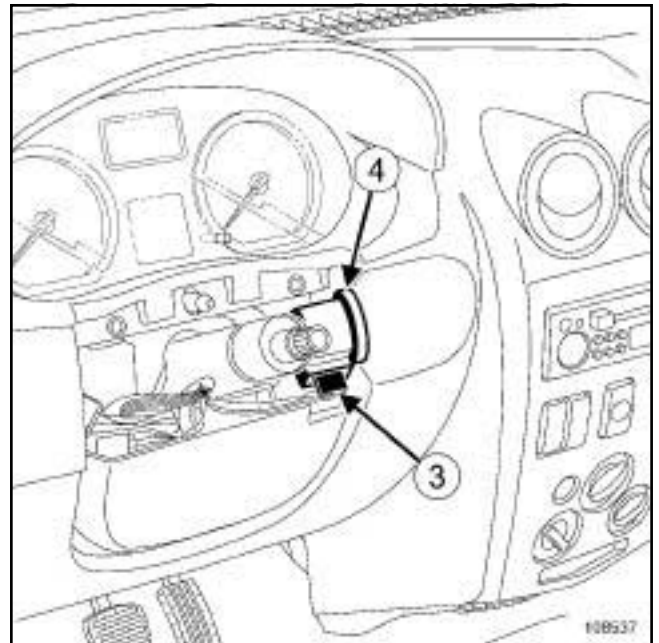
- ❑ Remove:
  - both bolts (1) ,
  - the lower half-shell at (2) .



107814

- ❑ Remove the upper half cowling.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108537

- ❑ Disconnect the connector (3) from the transponder ring (4) .
- ❑ Remove the transponder ring.



# ENGINE IMMOBILISER

## Transponder ring: Removal - Refitting

---

**82A**

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

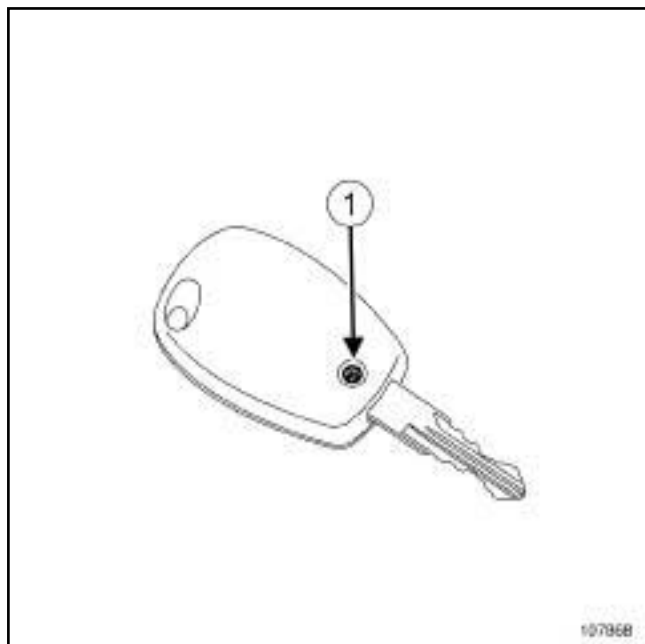
- Refit the transponder ring.
- Connect the transponder ring connector.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

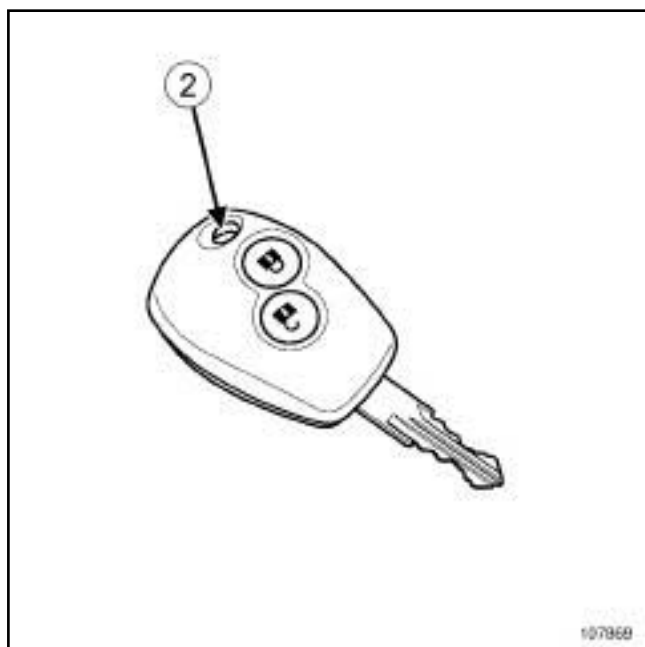
- Refit:
  - the upper half-shell,
  - the lower half-shell,
  - the two lower half-shell bolts.

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove the bolt (1) .



- Open the key with a flat-blade screwdriver at (2) .



- Remove the battery (3) using a flat-blade screwdriver.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- 

#### WARNING

To ensure that the remote control operates correctly, take care not to damage the battery contacts.

Only handle the new battery with dry, grease-free hands or wearing clean gloves to avoid any risk of dirt and oxidation on the battery.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the battery (3) respecting the polarity.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION.

- Close the key.
- Refit the bolt (1) .
- Tighten the bolt.

### Tightening torques

horn bolt	21 N.m
-----------	--------

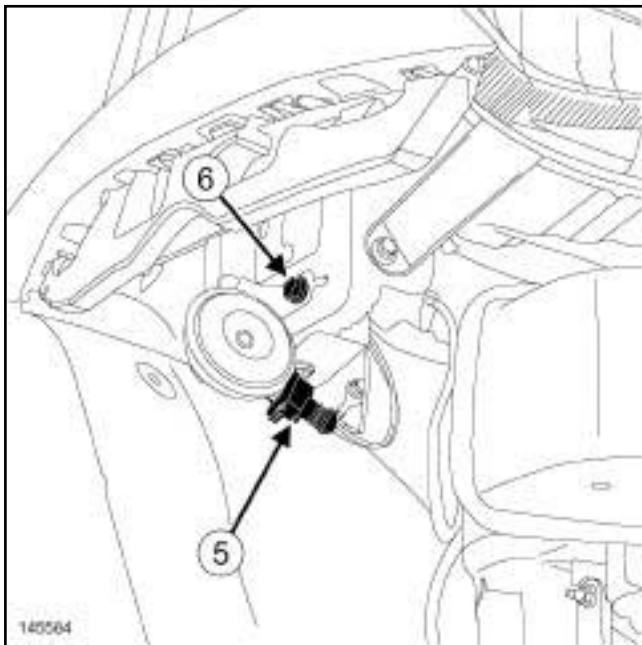
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

#### 1 - Monotonal horn



145584

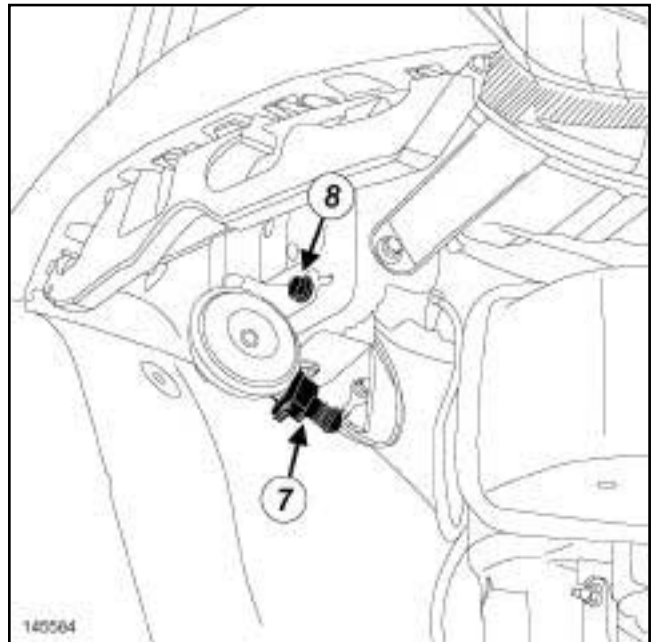
- Disconnect the connector (5).
- Remove:
  - the bolt of the monotonal horn (6),
  - the horn.

#### 2 - Bitonal horn

#### Note:

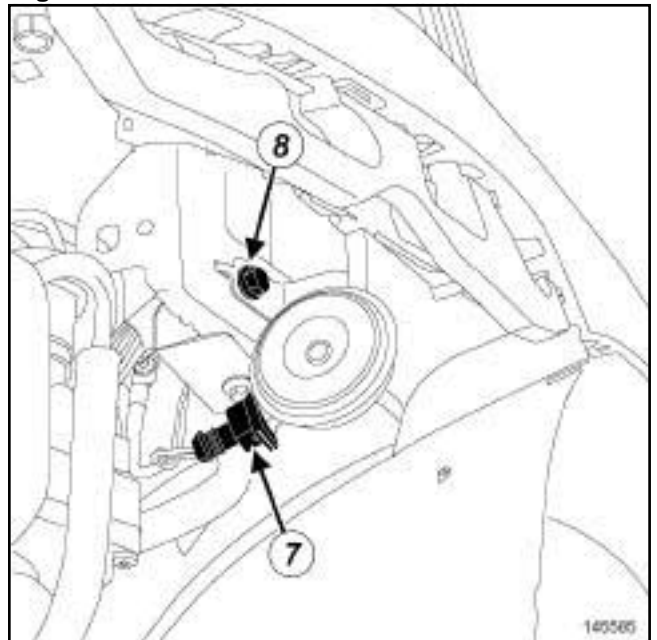
The bitonal horn is composed of two horns, which are fitted symmetrically on each side of the vehicle.

### Left-hand side



145584

### Right-hand side



145585

- Disconnect the connector of the bitonal horn (7).
- Remove:
  - the bolt of the bitonal horn (8),
  - the bitonal horn.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

## Audible warning: Removal - Refitting

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- Torque tighten the horn bolt (21 N.m).

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the front bumper.

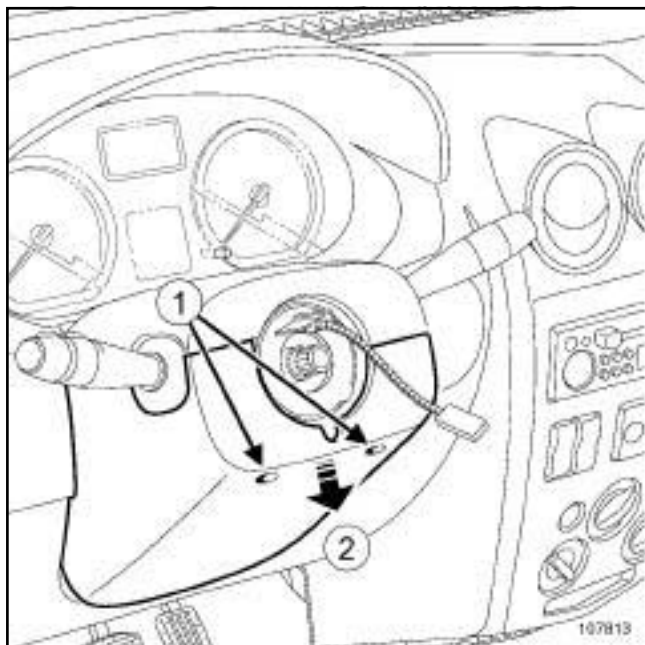
When replacing the instrument panel, the following must be noted on the warranty booklet:

- that the instrument panel has been replaced,
- the mileage indicated by the instrument panel removed.

### REMOVAL

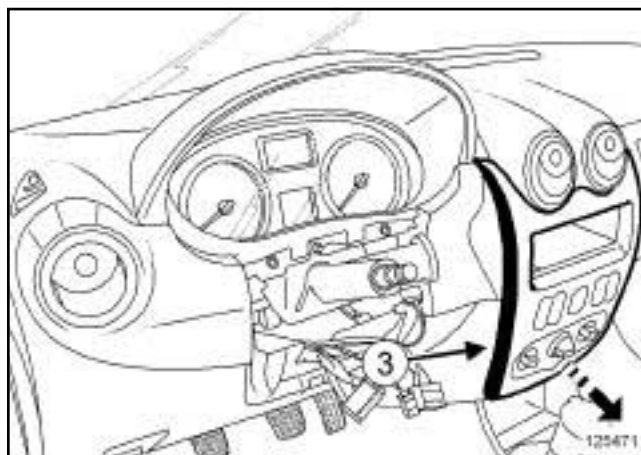
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- When replacing the instrument panel, read the mileage indicated on the instrument panel and note it in the warranty booklet (see insert in the introduction)
- Switch off the ignition.



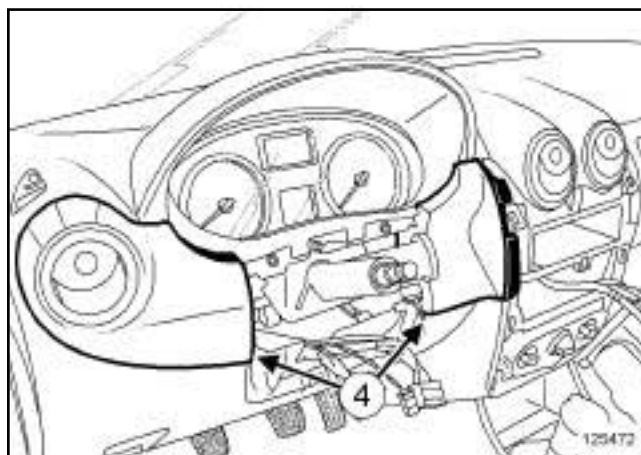
107813

- Remove the two lower bolts (1) .
- Unclip:
  - the lower half-shell in the direction of the arrow (2) ,
  - the upper half-shell.



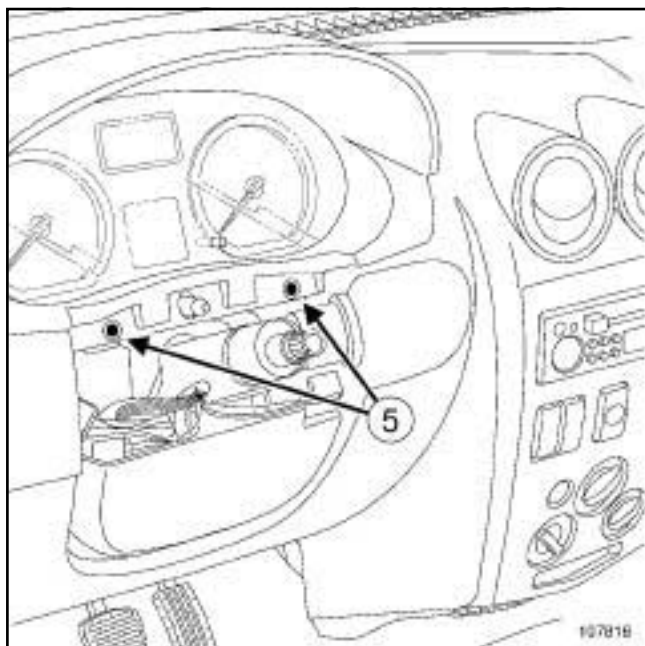
125471

- Unclip the central trim assembly (3) , starting at the bottom.



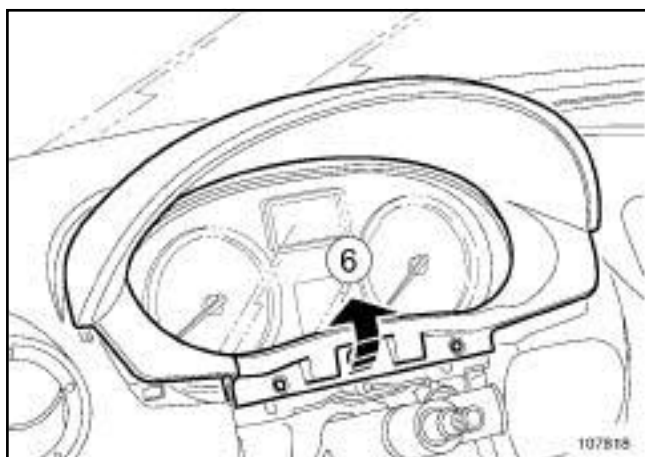
125472

- Unclip the trims (4) .

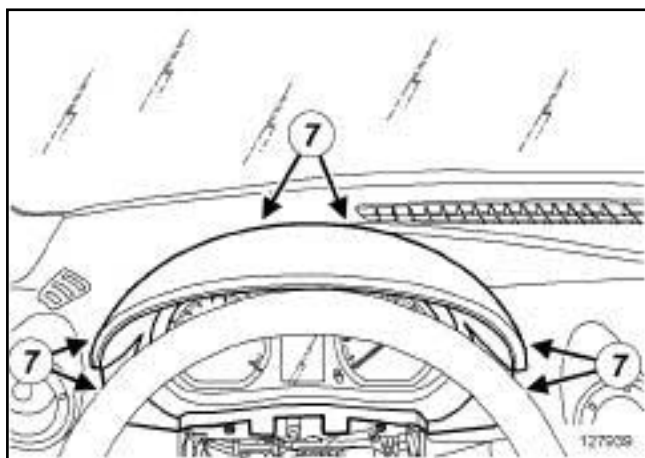


107816

- Remove the bolts (5) of the instrument panel frame.



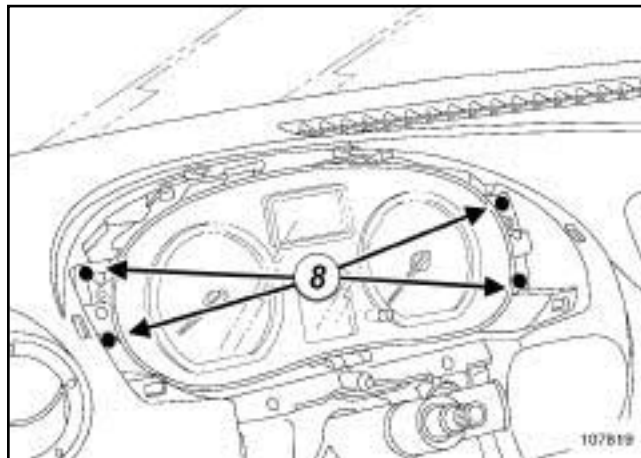
107818



127939

- Unclip the instrument panel frame at (6) and (7) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



107819

- Remove the bolts (8) from the instrument panel.
- Unclip the instrument panel.
- Disconnect the connectors from the instrument panel.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connectors to the instrument panel.
- Clip on the instrument panel.
- Refit the instrument panel bolts.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Clip in place the instrument panel frame.
- Refit the bolts of the instrument panel frame.
- Clip on:
  - the trims,
  - the centre trim.
- Clip on:
  - the upper half-shell,
  - the lower half-shell.
- Refit the two lower bolts.

#### III - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check the operation of the instrument panel.
- Set the time (see **Clock: Before/after repair procedure**) .

# CONTROL - SIGNALS

## Rotary switch: Removal - Refitting

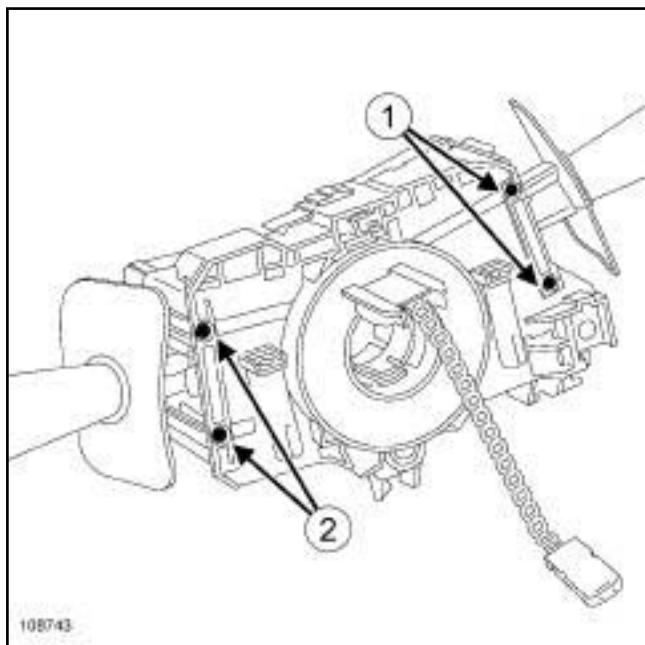
# 84A

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2).
- Remove the steering column switch assembly (see **84A, Control - Signals, Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 84A-2).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108743

- Remove:
  - the bolts (1) from the wiper stalk,
  - the bolts (2) from the lighting stalk.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Check that the rotary switch tape is correctly centred (2.5 rotations on each side).

#### Note:

If the rotary switch is being replaced, the new part is supplied ready centred with an adhesive label which will tear off when the wheel is turned for the first time (wheels must be straight when fitting).

- Ensure that the wheels are set straight ahead.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the bolts to the lighting stalk,
  - the bolts to the wiper stalk.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the steering column switch assembly (see **84A, Control - Signals, Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page 84A-2).
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2).
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

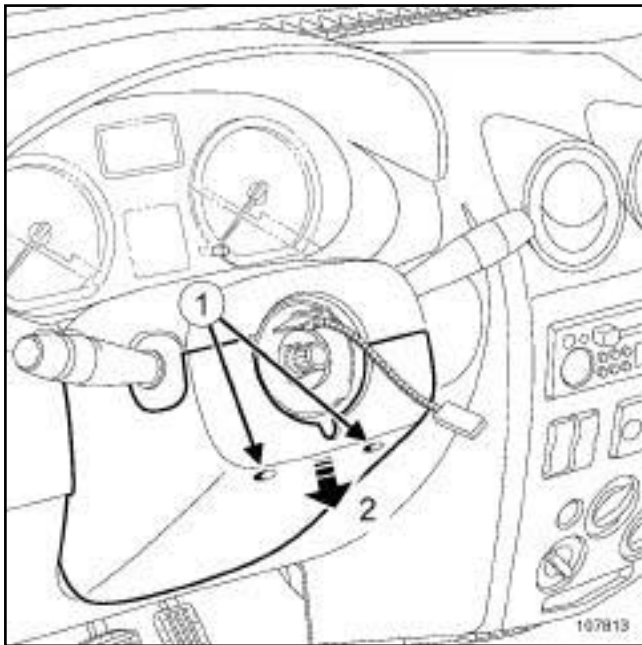
#### IV - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check the operation of the rotary switch:
  - turn the steering wheel to the left until it stops,
  - turn the steering wheel to the right until it stops,
  - bring the steering wheel back to the central position,
  - check that there are no faults on the instrument panel.

### REMOVAL

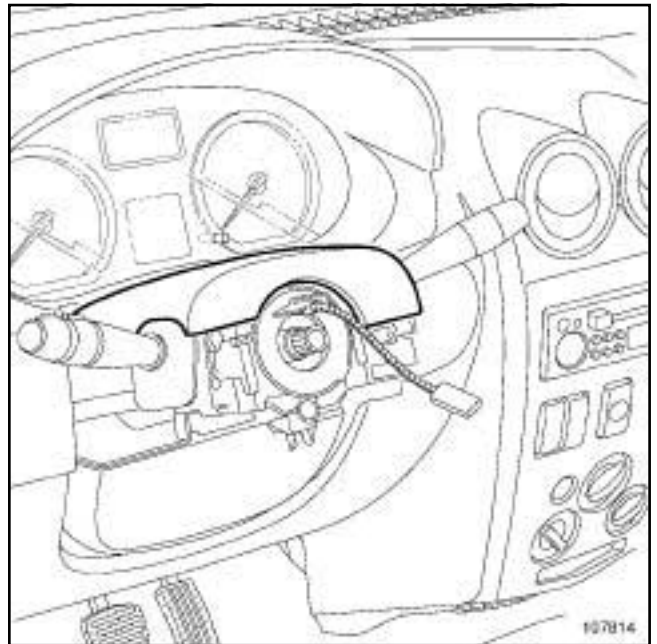
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).
- Remove:
  - the driver's frontal airbag (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**, page **88C-6**),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering).



107813

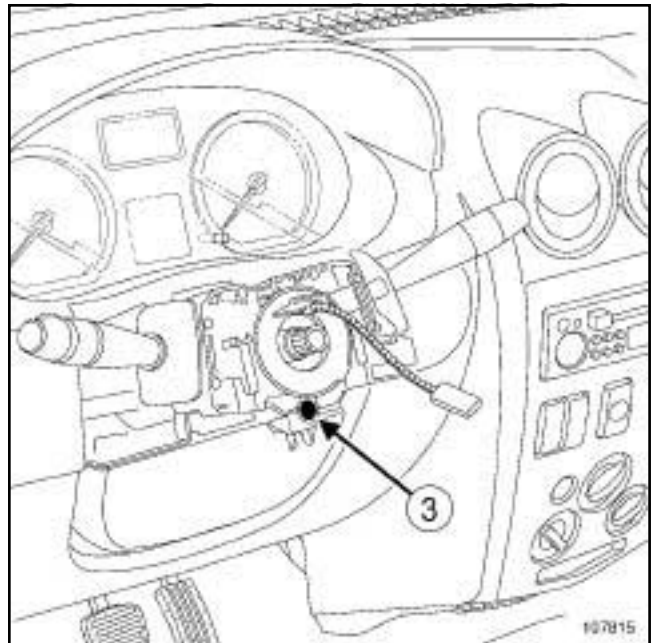
- Remove the two lower bolts (1).
- Unclip the lower half-shell in the direction of the arrow (2).



107814

- Unclip the upper half-shell.

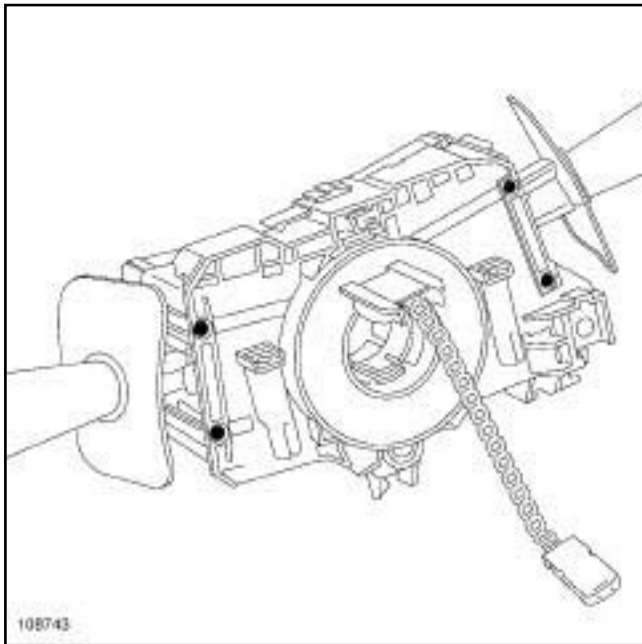
#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



107815

- Loosen the bolts (3) securing the rotary switch.
- Tap the head of a screwdriver to unlock the cone and release the steering column assembly.





108743

**Note:**

Before removing the assembly, it is essential to mark the position of the rotary switch by immobilising the rotary switch rotor with adhesive tape.

- Partially remove the steering column switch assembly to disconnect its connectors.
- Remove the steering wheel control assembly.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- The steering wheel bolt must always be replaced.
- Ensure that the wheels are still straight.
- Check that the switch tape is correctly centred (**2.5 rotations** on each side).

**Note:**

If the rotary switch is being replaced, the new part is supplied ready centred with an adhesive label which will tear off when the wheel is turned for the first time (wheels must be straight when fitting).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Engage the steering assembly on the steering column.

- Connect the various connectors.
- Remove the adhesive tape.

**Note:**

Continue refitting and do not tighten bolt until the two half-shells are refitted so that the stalks can be aligned with the instrument panel and dashboard. This operation is made easier by a cut-out section giving access to the bolt in the lower half-shell.

- Clip on:
  - the upper half-shell,
  - the lower half-shell.
- Refit the two lower bolts.
- Position the stalks in alignment with the instrument panel and dashboard.
- Tighten the bolts (**3**) securing the rotary switch.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering),
  - the driver's front airbag (see **88C, Air bag and Pre-tensioners, Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**, page 88C-6) .
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2) .
- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pre-tensioners).
- Carry out a function test on the steering column switch assembly.

#### IV - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check the operation of the rotary switch:
  - turn the steering wheel to the left until it stops,
  - turn the steering wheel to the right until it stops,
  - bring the steering wheel back to the central position,
  - check that there are no faults on the instrument panel.

|

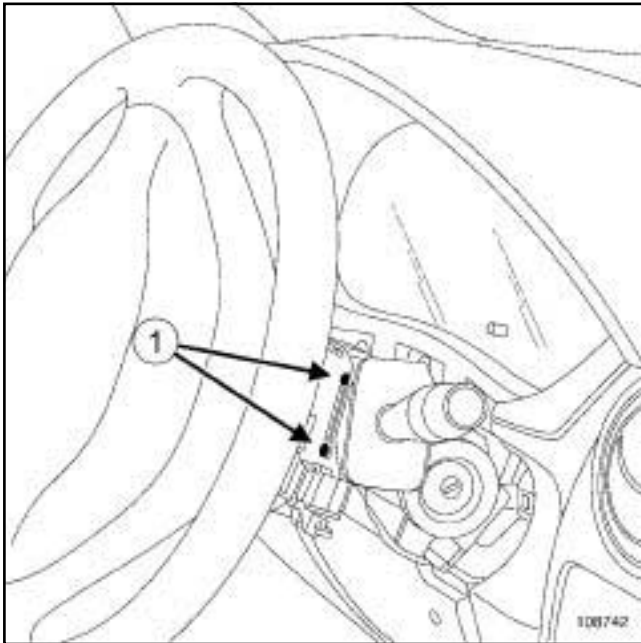
## Screen wiper switch: Removal - Refitting

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.
- Remove the transponder ring (see **82A, Engine immobiliser, Transponder ring: Removal - Refitting, page 82A-5**).

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108742

- Remove the two bolts (1) from the wiping stalk.
- Remove the wiping stalk from its support.
- Disconnect the connector.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connector.
- Refit:
  - the wiping stalk onto its support,
  - the bolts to the wiping stalk.

## II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Refit the transponder ring (see **82A, Engine immobiliser, Transponder ring: Removal - Refitting, page 82A-5**).

## Signals and lighting switch: Removal - Refitting

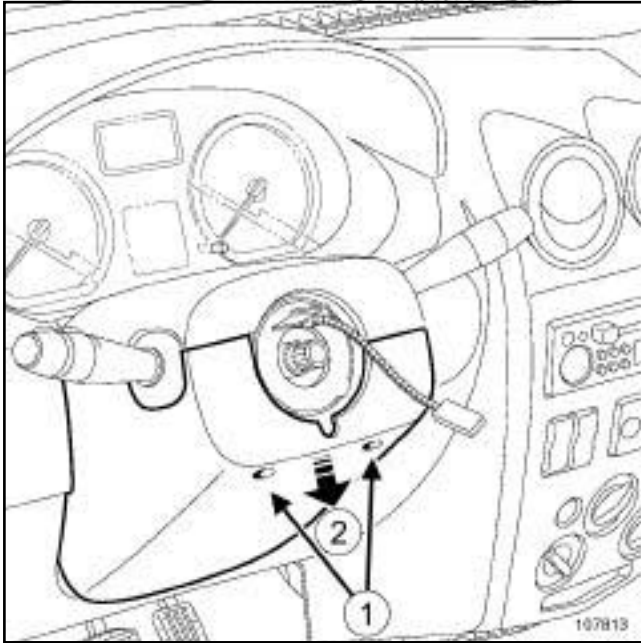
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.

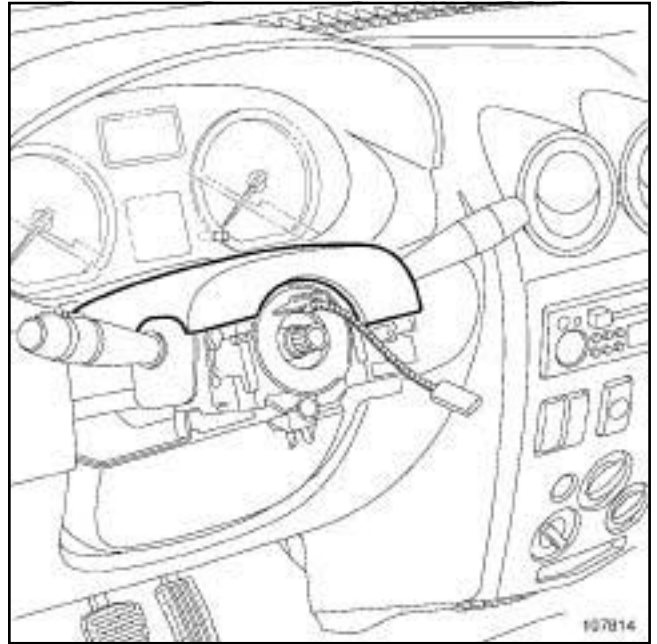
**Note:**

The steering wheel does not need to be removed.



107813

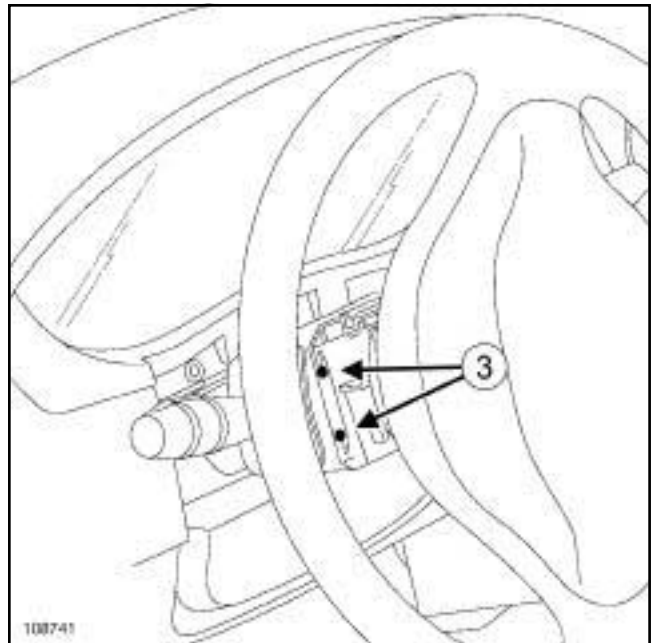
- Remove:
  - both bolts (1) ,
  - the lower half-shell at (2) .



107814

- Remove the upper half cowling.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108741

- Remove the two bolts (3) from the lighting stalk.
- Remove the lighting stalk and its mounting.
- Disconnect the connector.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connector.
- Refit:
  - the lighting stalk on its support,
  - the two bolts on the lighting stalk.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

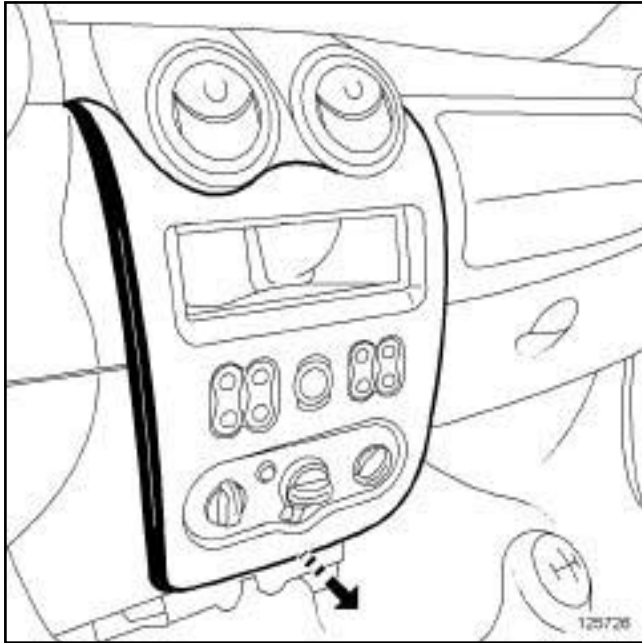
- Refit:
  - the upper half-shell,
  - the lower half-shell,
  - the two bolts of the lower half-shell.

## Hazard warning lights switch: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

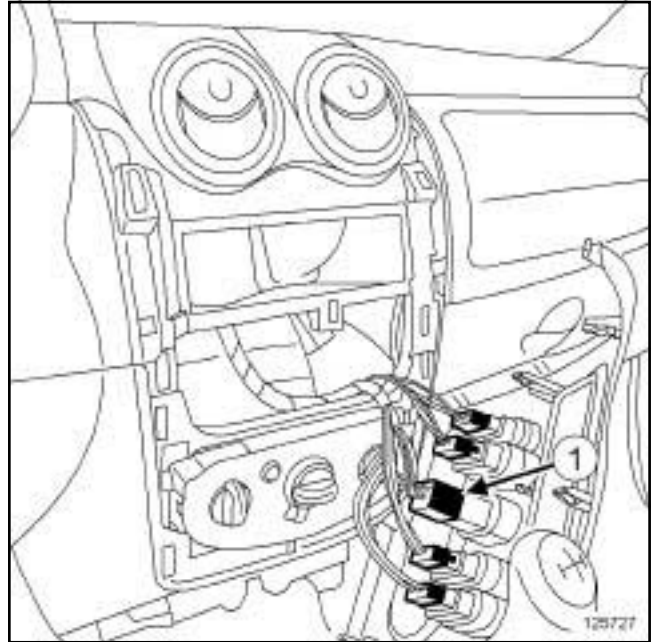
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**) .



- Unclip the central trim assembly, starting at the bottom.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Disconnect the hazard warning lights switch connector (1) .
- Unclip the hazard warning light switch by moving clips.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clip on the hazard warning light switch.
- Connect the hazard warning lights switch connector.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

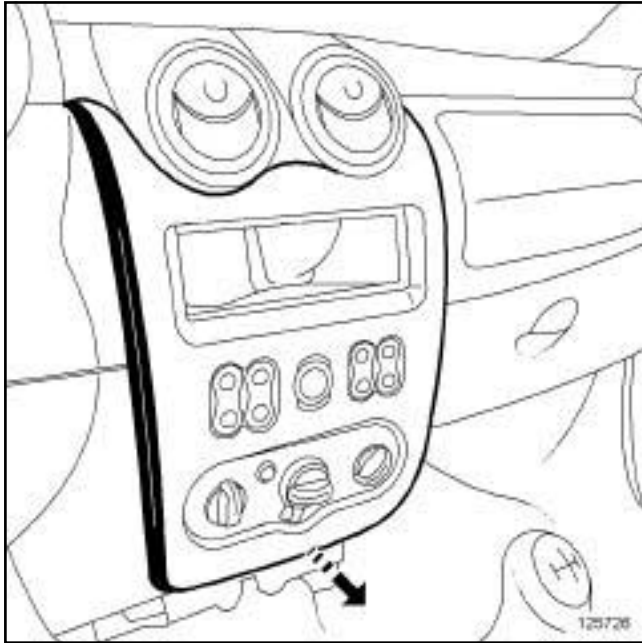
- Clip on the central trim assembly, starting at the top.
- Refit the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**) .

## Central door locking switch: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

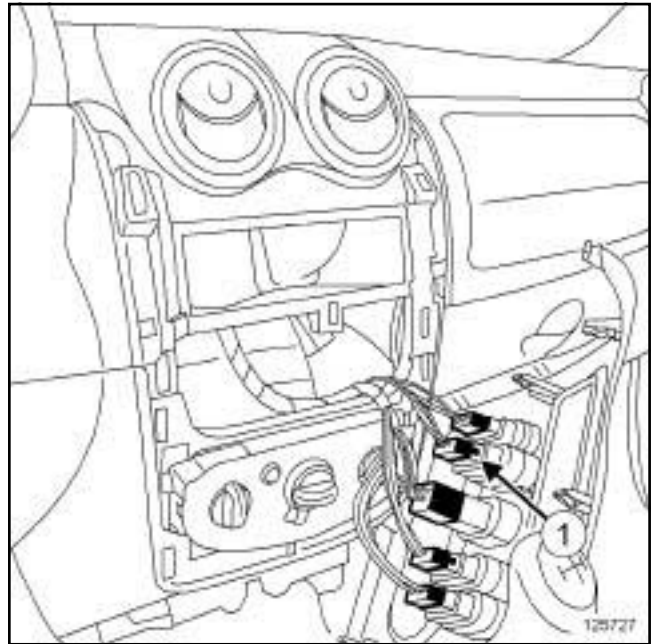
- Remove the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**) .



125726

- Unclip the central trim assembly, starting at the bottom.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



125727

- Disconnect the connector (1) from the central door locking switch.
- Unclip the central locking switch by moving clips.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

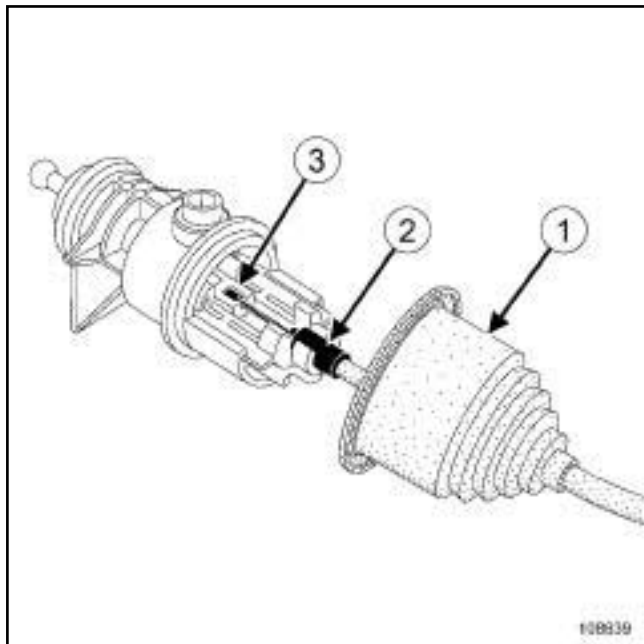
- Clip the door locking switch.
- Connect the central door locking switch connector.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Clip on the central trim assembly, starting at the top.
- Refit the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**) .

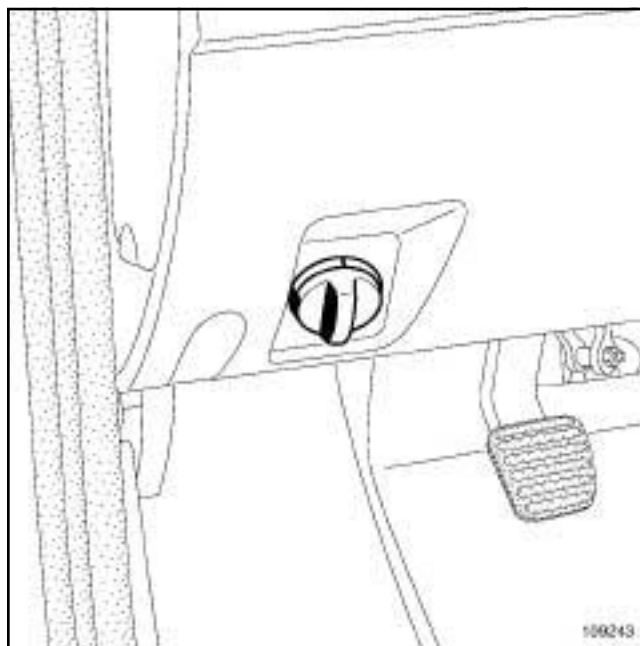
### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108639

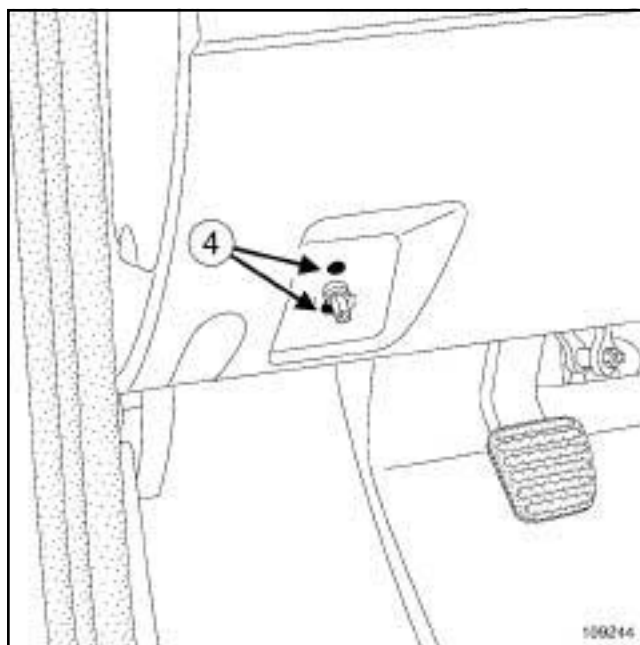
- Retract the sealing sleeve (1) from the left-hand actuator.
- Unclip the end piece of the left-hand actuator sheath (2) .
- Remove:
  - the cable (3) from the left-hand actuator,
  - the sealing sleeve (1) .
- Retract the sealing sleeve (1) from the right-hand actuator.
- Unclip the end piece of the right-hand actuator sheath (2) .
- Remove:
  - the cable (3) from the right-hand actuator,
  - the sealing sleeve (1) .
- Unpick the « cables - sheaths » assembly. Note down the position of fitting.



109243

109243

- Unclip the adjustment knob.



109244

109244

- Remove the bolts (4) .
- Remove:
  - the adjustment control through the dashboard,
  - the « control - cables - sheaths » assembly from the vehicle interior. Note down the position of fitting.



### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the « control - cables - sheaths » assembly from the vehicle interior,
  - the adjustment control,
  - the adjustment control bolts.
- Clip on the adjustment knob.
- Clip on the « cables - sheaths » assembly.
- Refit the sealing sleeves.
- Position the cable stop on the right-hand actuator.
- Pull the sheath end piece backwards and clip it onto the right-hand actuator.
- Position the right-hand actuator sealing sleeve.
- Refit the cable stop on the left-hand actuator.
- Pull the sheath end piece backwards and clip it onto the left-hand actuator.
- Position the left-hand actuator sealing sleeve.

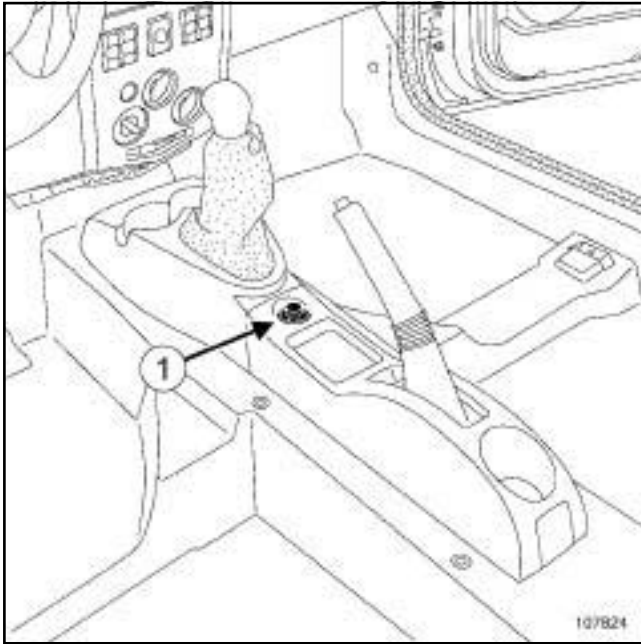
#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Adjust the headlights (see **Halogen headlight: Adjustment**) .

2 ELECTRICALLY ADJUSTABLE EXTERNAL REAR VIEW MIRRORS

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



107824

- Unclip the door mirror switch (1) .
- Disconnect the door mirror switch connector.

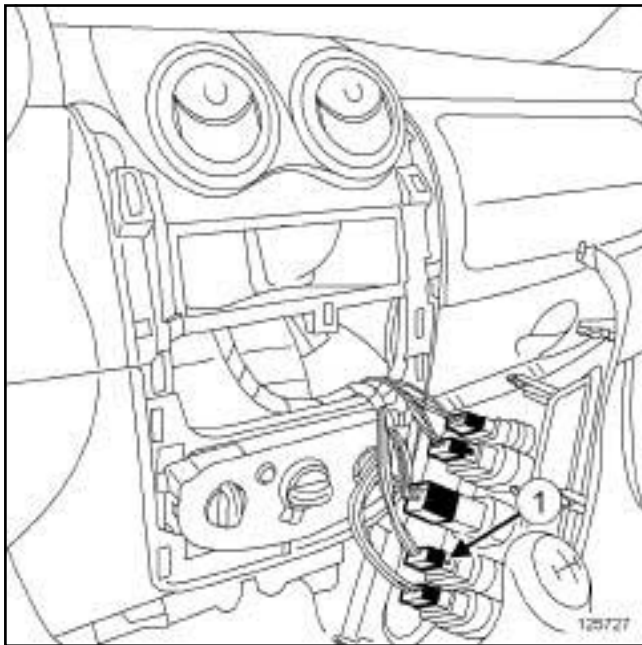
### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the door mirror switch connector.
- Clip on the door mirror switch.

**Heated rear screen switch: Removal - Refitting****REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Remove the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**).

**II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED**

125727

- Disconnect the connector (1) from the rear screen de-icing switch.
- Unclip the heated rear screen switch by moving the clips.

**REFITTING****I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED**

- Clip on the heated rear screen switch.
- Connect the connector to the heated rear screen switch.

**II - FINAL OPERATION.**

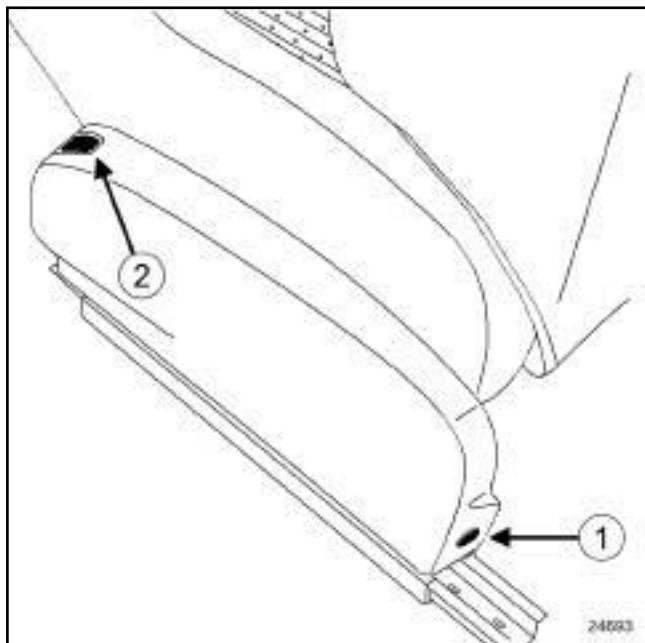
- Clip on the central trim assembly, starting at the top.
- Refit the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**).

## Heated seat pad switch: Removal - Refitting

FRONT SEAT WITH HEATING

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

 Remove:

- the bolt (1) from the exterior runner cover,
- the exterior runner cover.

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Unclip the heated seat cover switch (2) .
- Disconnect the heated seat cover switch connector.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the heated seat cover switch connector.
- Clip on the heated seat cover switch.

## II - FINAL OPERATION.

 Refit:

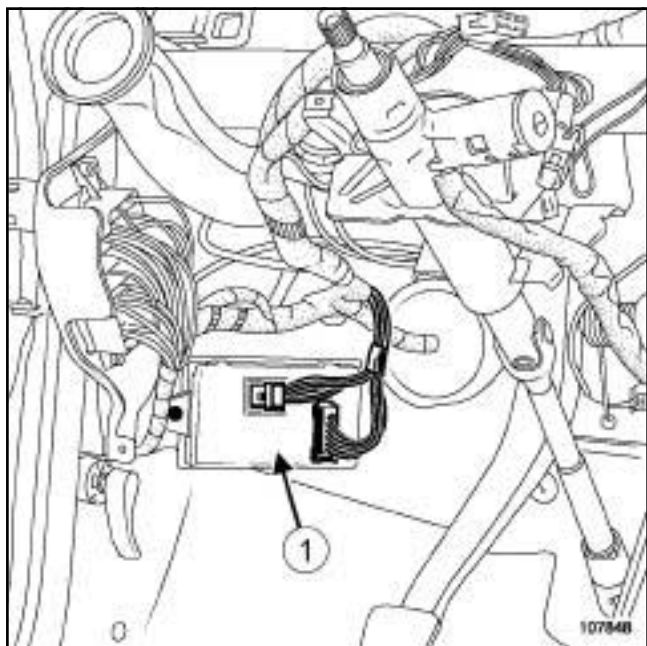
- the exterior runner cover,
- the exterior runner cover bolt.

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	UCH
(2)	Passenger compartment fuse box
(3)	Windscreen wiper switch
(4)	Windscreen wiper motor
(5)	Rear screen wiper motor
(6)	Washer pump
(7)	Windscreen washer bottle

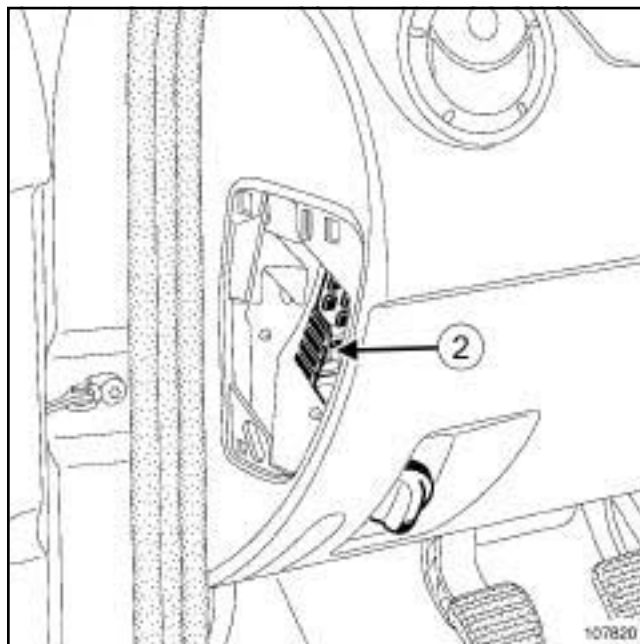
### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### 1 - UCH



UCH (1)

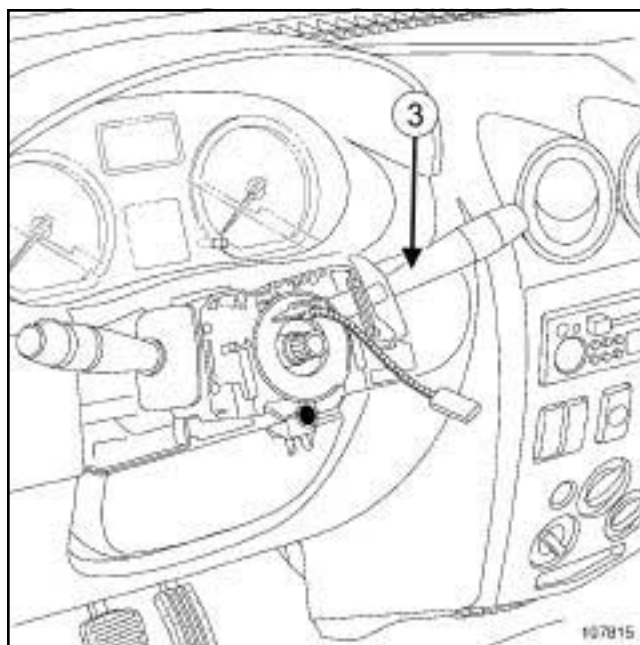
#### 2 - PASSENGER COMPARTMENT FUSE BOX



107820

Passenger compartment fuse box (2)

#### 3 - WINDSCREEN WIPER SWITCH

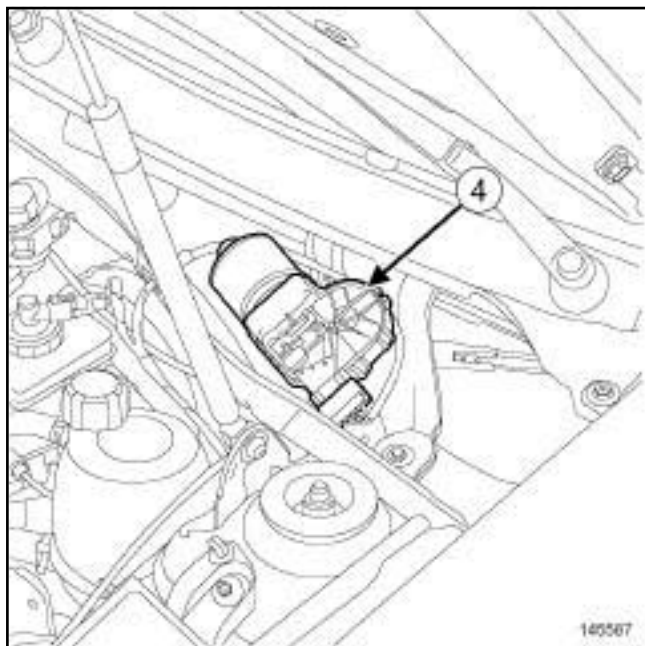


107815

Windscreen wiper switch (3)

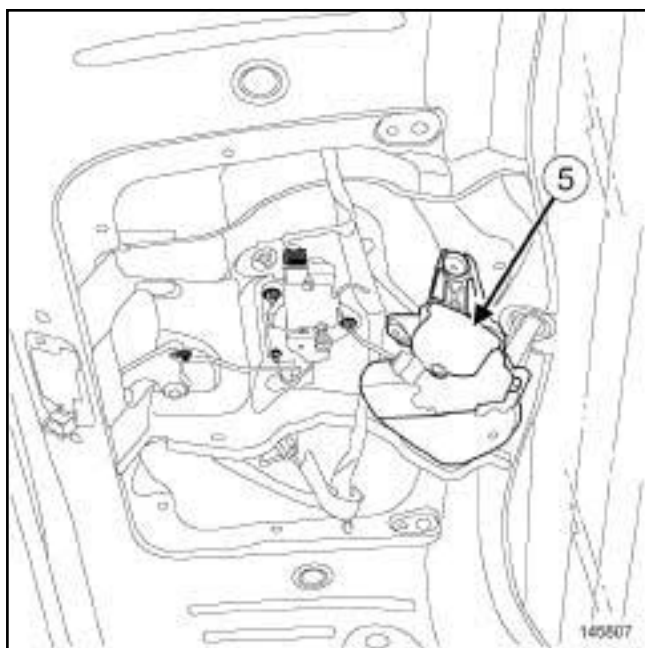
## Wiping and washing: List and location of components

### 4 - WINDSCREEN WIPER MOTOR



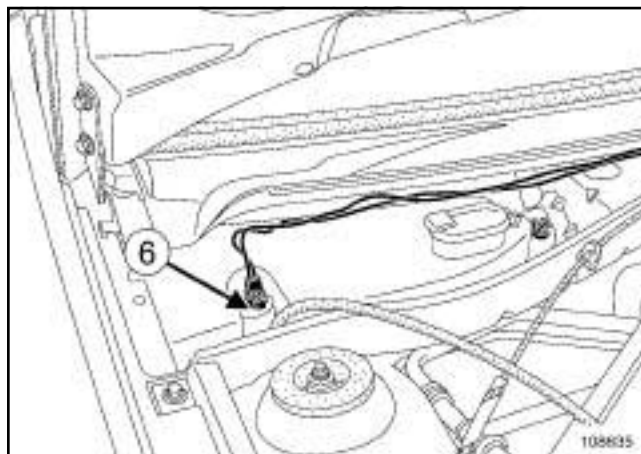
Windscreen wiper motor (4)

### 5 - REAR SCREEN WIPER MOTOR



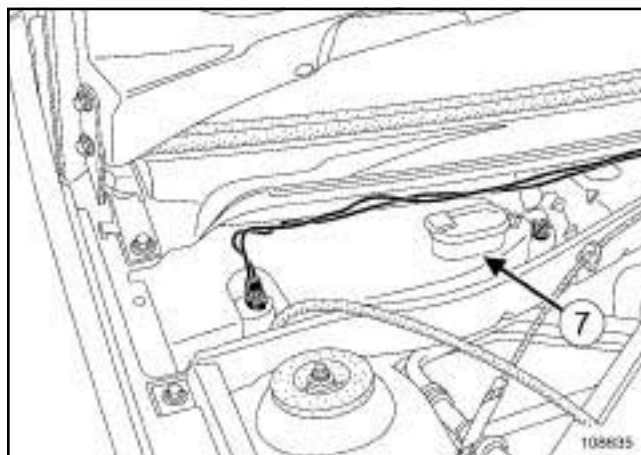
Rear screen wiper motor (5)

### 6 - WASHER PUMP



Washer pump (6)

### 7 - WINDSCREEN WASHER BOTTLE



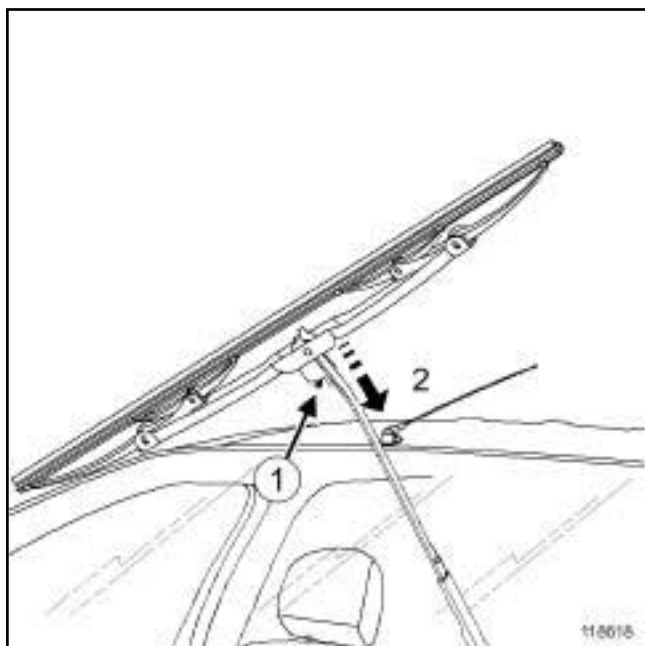
Windscreen washer bottle (7)

## Windscreen wiper blade: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- Lift the wiper arm.
- Swivel the blade so it is perpendicular to the wiper arm.



- Squeeze the clips (1) and move downwards at the same time (2) .
- Remove the blade.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clip the blade onto the wiper arm.
- Lower the wiper arm.

# WIPING - WASHING

## Windscreen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting

# 85A

### Tightening torques

wiper arm nuts	16 N.m
----------------	--------

## REMOVAL

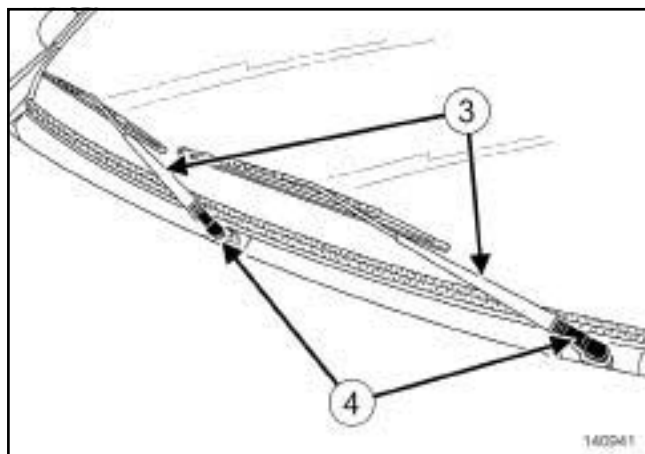
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch on the ignition.

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

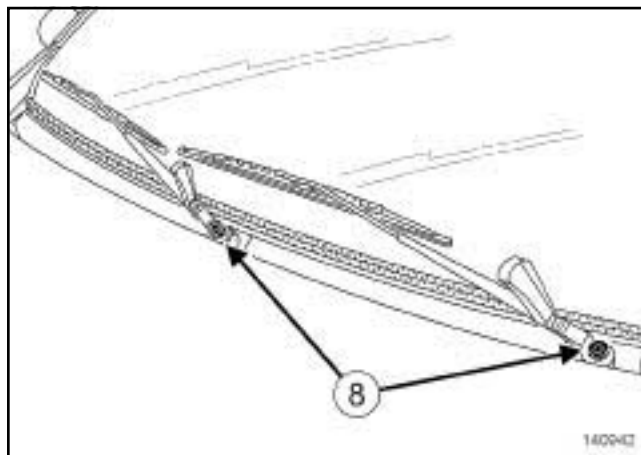
- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Switch off the ignition.



140941

- Mark the position of the wiper arms (3) .
- Fold back the nut covers (4) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



140942

- Remove the windscreen wiper arm nuts (8) .
- Remove the wiper arms using the.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Switch on the ignition.

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.


- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Refit:
  - the wiper arms in the position marked before removal,
  - the wiper arm nuts.
- Torque tighten the **wiper arm nuts (16 N.m)**.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Fit the nut covers.



## Windscreen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting

Tightening torques 	
windscreen wiper motor bolts	8 N.m
windscreen wiper motor shaft nut	16 N.m

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

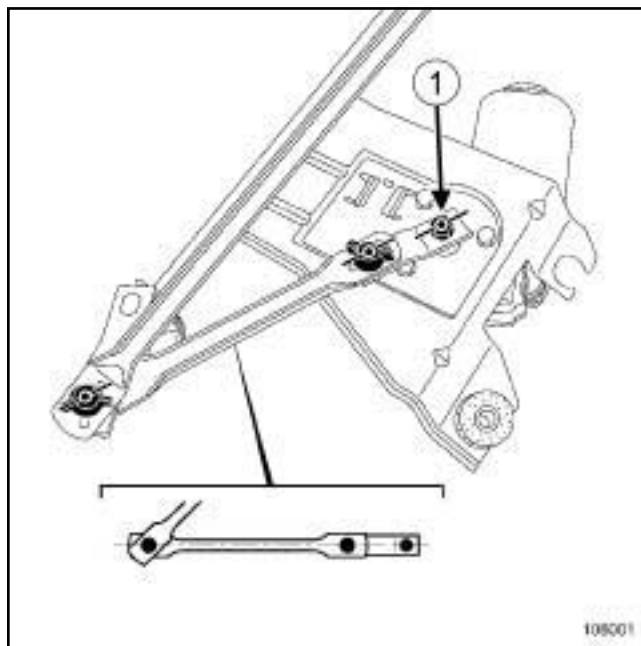
#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Remove the wiper arms (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting, page 85A-4**).
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting, page 80A-2**).
- Remove:
  - the scuttle panel grille,
  - the front windscreen wiper mechanism (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper mechanism: Removal - Refitting, page 85A-8**).

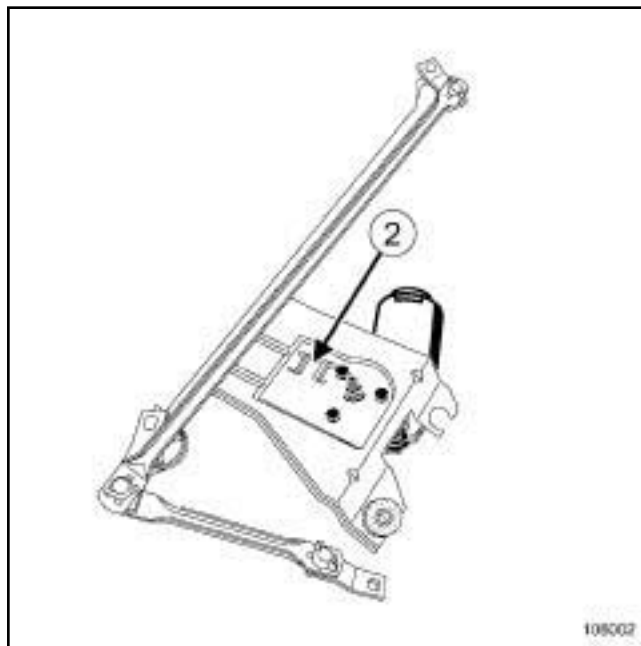
#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

##### LEFT-HAND DRIVE



108001

- Remove the windscreen wiper motor shaft nut (1).

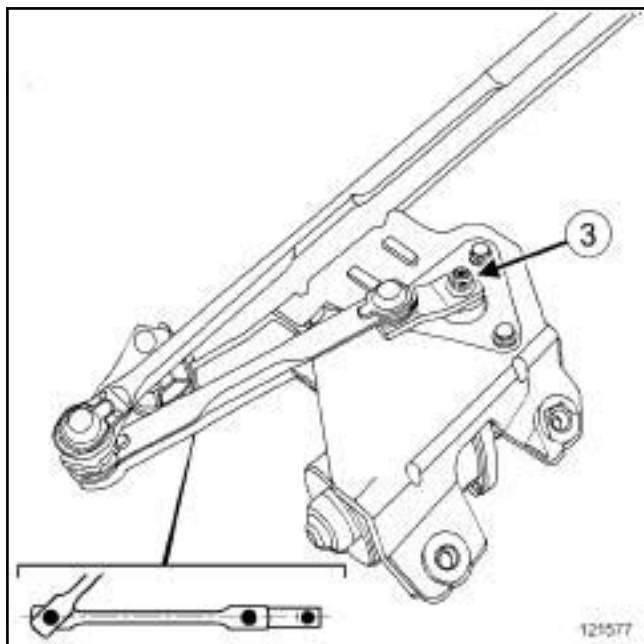


108002

108002

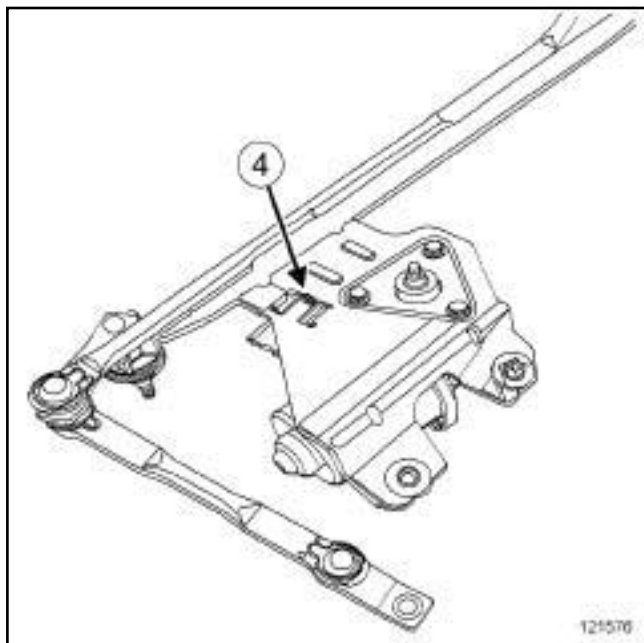
- Unclip the windscreen wiper motor connector (2).

### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



121577

- Remove the windscreen wiper motor shaft nut (3) .



121576

- Unclip the windscreen wiper motor connector (4) .

- Remove:

- the bolts from the windscreen wiper motor,
- the windscreen wiper motor.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Connect:
  - the windscreen wiper motor,
  - the battery (see 80A, **Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2) .

#### WARNING

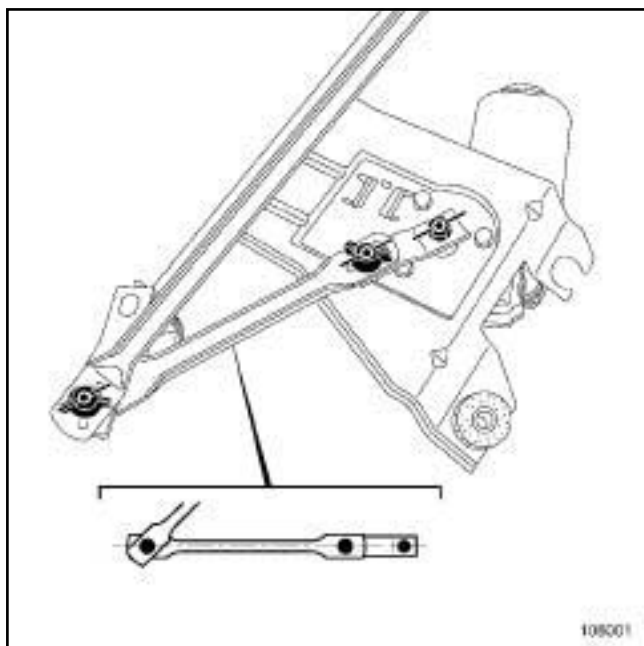
To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Disconnect:
  - the battery (see 80A, **Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2) ,
  - the windscreen wiper motor.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the windscreen wiper motor,
  - the windscreen wiper motor bolts.
- Torque tighten the **windscreen wiper motor bolts (8 N.m)**.
- Clip the windscreen wiper motor connector.

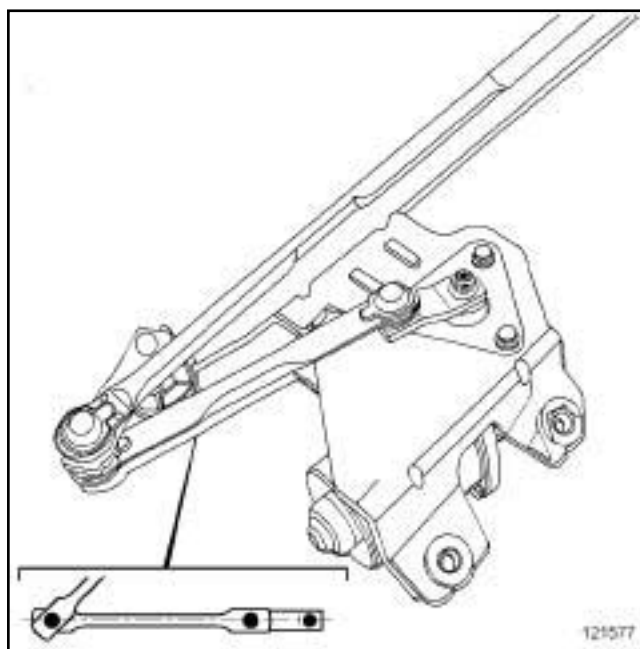
## LEFT-HAND DRIVE



108001

- Position the linkages as shown in the above illustration.

## RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



121577

- Position the linkages as shown in the above illustration.

- Refit the windscreen wiper motor shaft nut.
- Torque tighten the **windscreen wiper motor shaft nut (16 N.m)**.

**III - FINAL OPERATION**

- Refit:
  - the windscreen wiper mechanism (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper mechanism: Removal - Refitting, page 85A-8**),
  - the scuttle panel grille.
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting, page 80A-2**).

**WARNING**

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Refit the wiper arm (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting, page 85A-4**).

## Windscreen wiper mechanism: Removal - Refitting

### Tightening torques

windscreen wiper mechanism bolts	8 N.m
windscreen wiper mechanism nuts	8 N.m

## REMOVAL

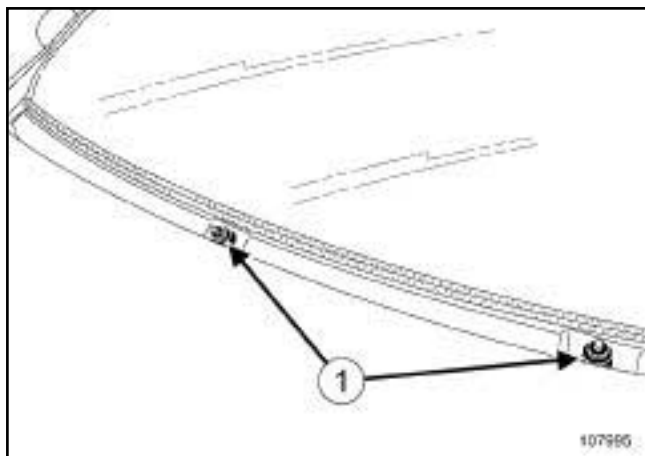
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

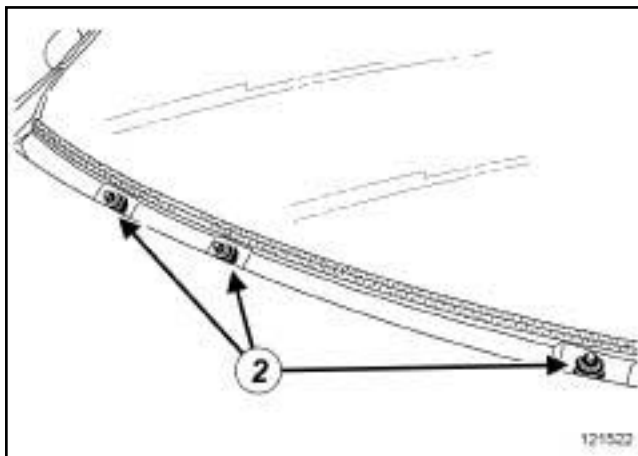
- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).
- Remove the wiper arms (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**, page **85A-4**).

### LEFT-HAND DRIVE

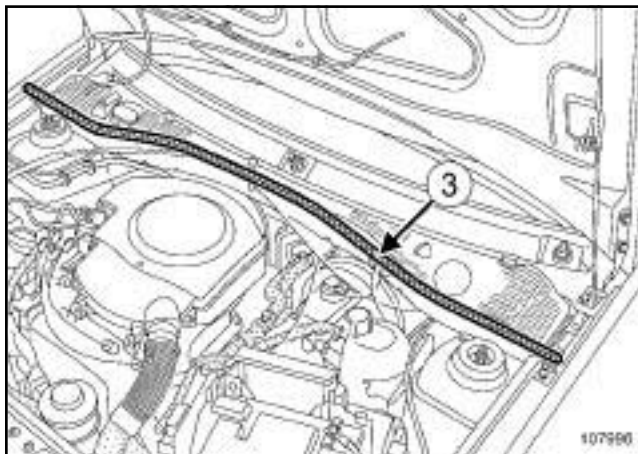


- Remove the nut covers (1).

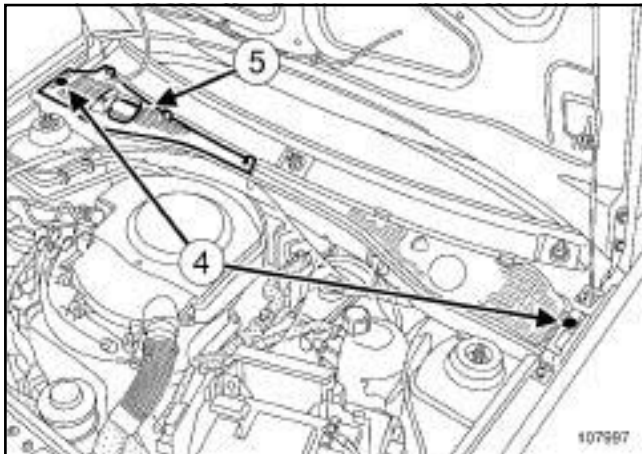
### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



- Remove the nut covers (2).



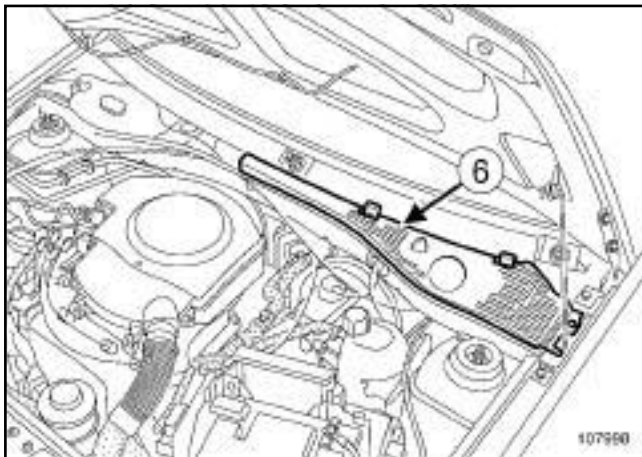
- Remove the engine compartment seal (3).



107997

❑ Remove:

- the two scuttle half-grille bolts (4) ,
- the right-hand scuttle half-grille (5) .

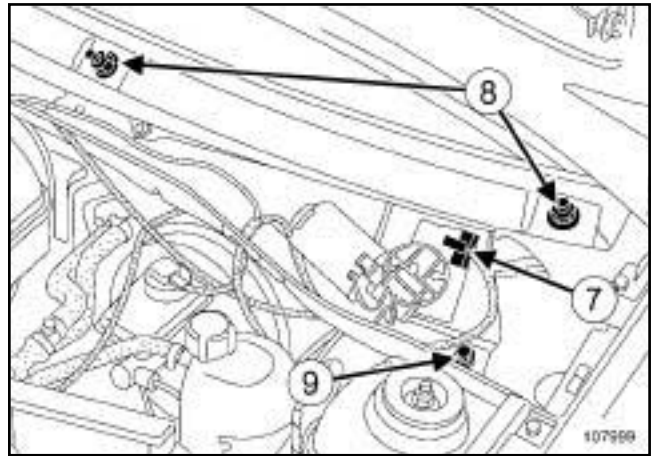


107998

- ❑ Remove the left-hand scuttle half-grille (6) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

#### LEFT-HAND DRIVE



107999

- ❑ Disconnect the windscreen wiper motor connector (7) .

**Note:**

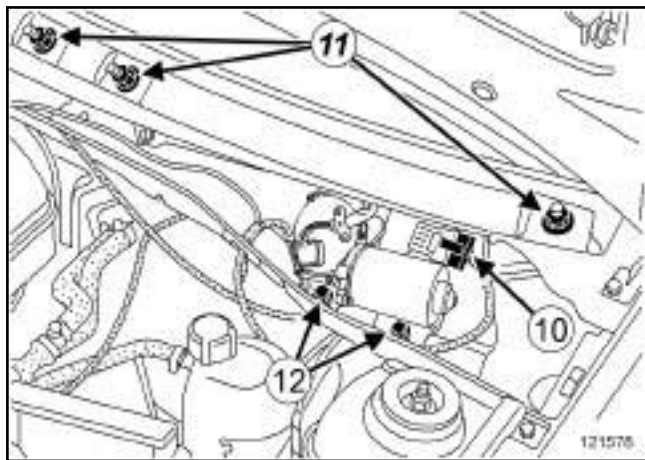
The windscreen wiper motor mechanism mountings (8) are fragile: the threads are plastic.

❑ Remove:

- the windscreen wiper mechanism bolts (8) ,
- the windscreen wiper mechanism bolt (9) ,
- the washers.

## Windscreen wiper mechanism: Removal - Refitting

### RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



- Disconnect the windscreen wiper motor connector (10) .
- Remove:
  - the windscreen wiper mechanism bolts (11) ,
  - the front windscreen wiper mechanism bolts (12) ,
  - the washers.

- Remove the windscreen wiper mechanism.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the windscreen wiper mechanism,
  - the washers,
  - the windscreen wiper mechanism bolts,
  - the windscreen wiper mechanism bolts.
- Torque tighten:
  - the **windscreen wiper mechanism bolts (8 N.m)**,
  - the **windscreen wiper mechanism nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the windscreen wiper motor connector.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the left-hand scuttle half-grille,
  - the right-hand scuttle half-grille,

- the two scuttle panel grille side bolts,
- the engine compartment seal,
- the windscreen wiper mechanism bolt covers.

- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) .

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Refit the wiper arm (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**, page **85A-4**) .

## Rear screen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting

### REAR SCREEN WIPER

#### Special tooling required

<b>Ele. 1781</b>	Tool for removing windscreen wiper arms
------------------	---

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

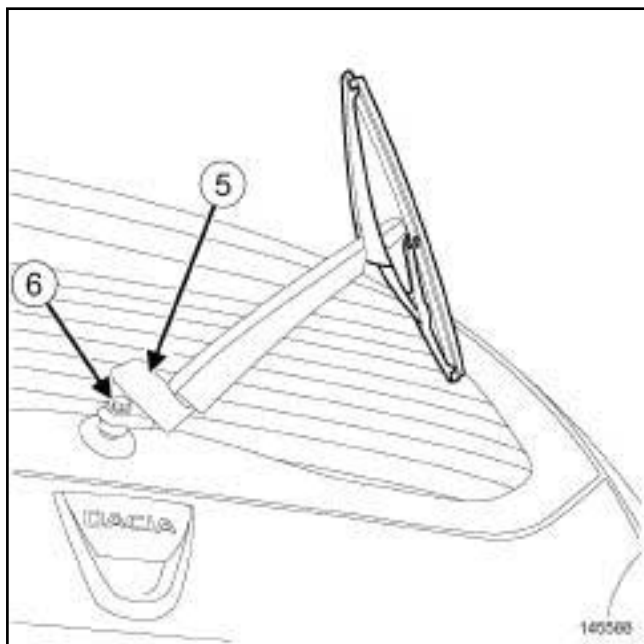
- Switch on the ignition.

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Mark the position of the wiper arm.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Pull down the nut cover (5) .
- Remove the nut (6) from the wiper arm.
- Remove the wiper arm using the (Ele. 1781).
- Remove the rear screen wiper blade (see **Rear screen wiper blade: Removal - Refitting**) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch on the ignition.

#### WARNING

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Turn the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), and then from (1) to (0).
- Switch off the ignition.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the rear screen wiper blade.
- Refit:
  - the wiper arm,
  - the wiper arm nut.
- Fit the nut cover.

## Rear screen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

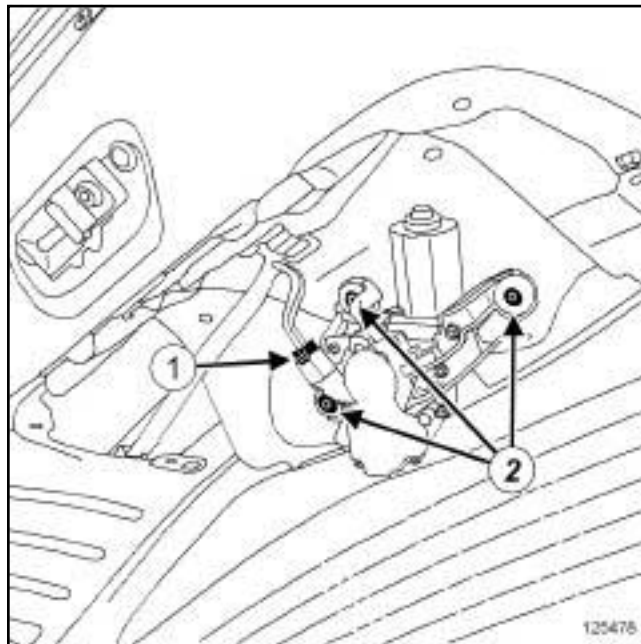
- Switch on the ignition.

**WARNING**

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Move the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), then from (1) to (0).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Remove:
  - the rear screen wiper arm (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Rear screen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**, page **85A-11**),
  - the tailgate trim (see **Tailgate trim: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 73A, Non-side opening elements trim).

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



125476

125478

- Disconnect the supply connector (1) from the rear screen wiper motor.

**Note:**

Take care not to damage the outer skin and door box section with the drill bit. Retrieve the rivet bodies in the door box section.

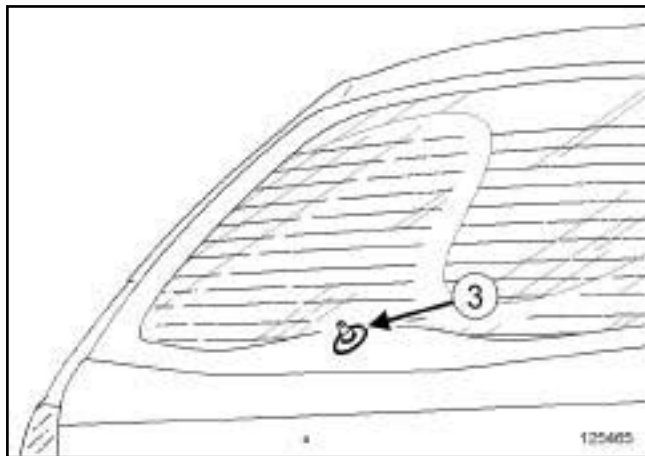
- Drill out the rivets (2) (see **MR 400, 40A, General information**).
- Remove the rear screen wiper motor.



## Rear screen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



125465

- Replace the seal (3) if necessary.

## II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Position and rivet the rear screen wiper motor (see **MR 400, 40A, General information**).
- Connect the rear screen wiper motor supply connector.

## III - FINAL OPERATION.

- Switch on the ignition.

**WARNING**

To ensure that the wiper arms can travel smoothly, the wiper motor must be initialised.

- Move the wiper stalk from (0) to (1), then from (1) to (0).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Refit:
  - the tailgate trim (see **Tailgate trim: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 73A, Non-side opening elements trim),
  - the rear screen wiper arm (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Rear screen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**, page 85A-11) .

# WIPING - WASHING

## Screen washer pump: Removal - Refitting

# 85A

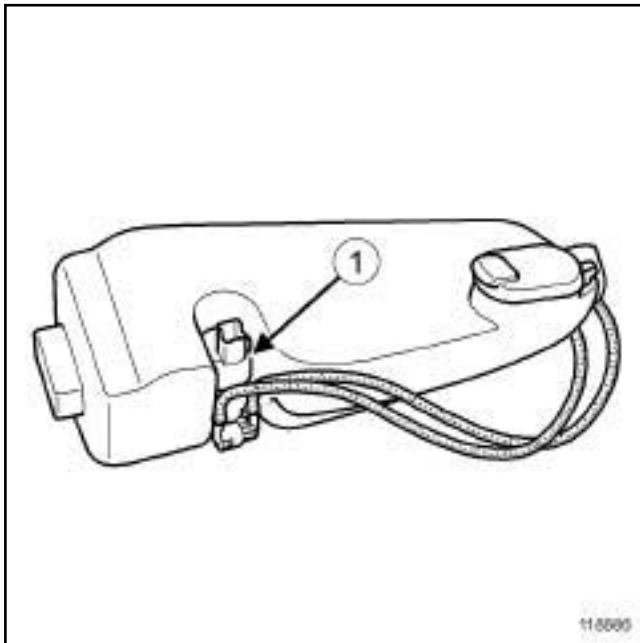
LEFT-HAND DRIVE

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the windscreen washer bottle (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen washer reservoir: Removal - Refitting**, page **85A-17**).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



118886

- Disconnect the windscreen washer pump (1) from the bottle.
- Disconnect the windscreen washer pump pipes.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the windscreen washer pump pipes.
- Fit the windscreen washer pump onto the bottle.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the windscreen washer bottle (see **85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen washer reservoir: Removal - Refitting**, page **85A-17**).

- Check that the assembly works correctly.

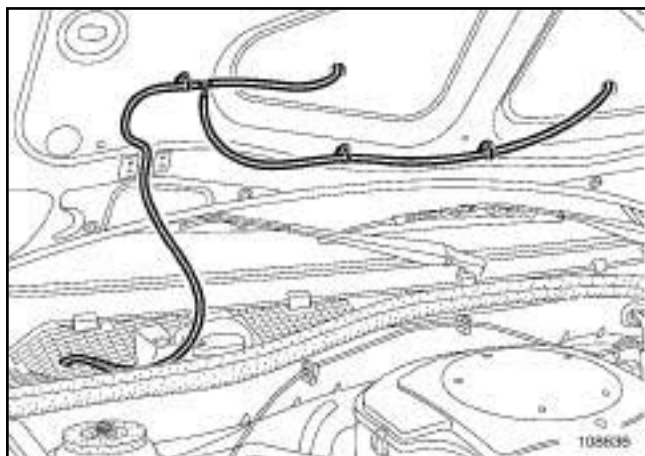
#### Note:

Adjust the position of the windscreen washer jets if necessary using a needle.

## Front screen washer jet: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

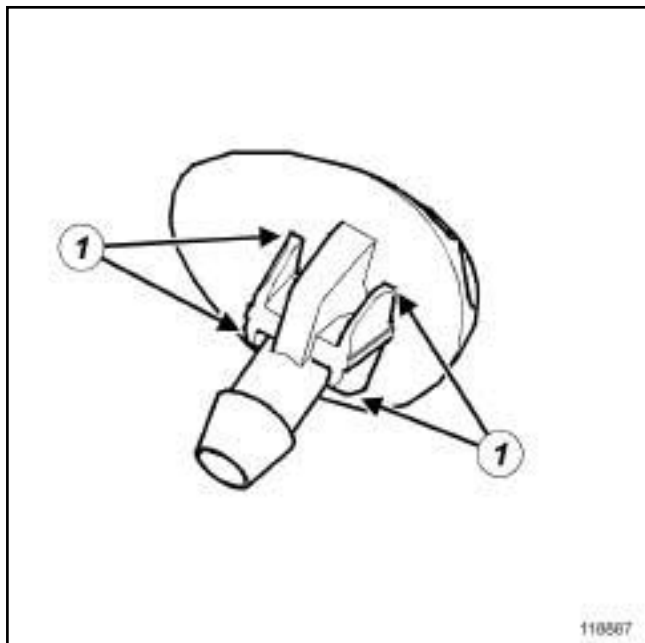
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



108636

- Disconnect the jet supply pipe.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



118887

- Unclip the windscreen washer jet by prising the clips (1) using a flat screwdriver.

**Note:**

Take care not to damage the paintwork on the bonnet.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clip the washer jet.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the jet supply pipe.
- Check that the assembly works correctly.
- Adjust the position of the rear windscreen washer jet if necessary using a needle.

# WIPING - WASHING

## Rear screen washer jet: Removal - Refitting

# 85A

REAR SCREEN WIPER

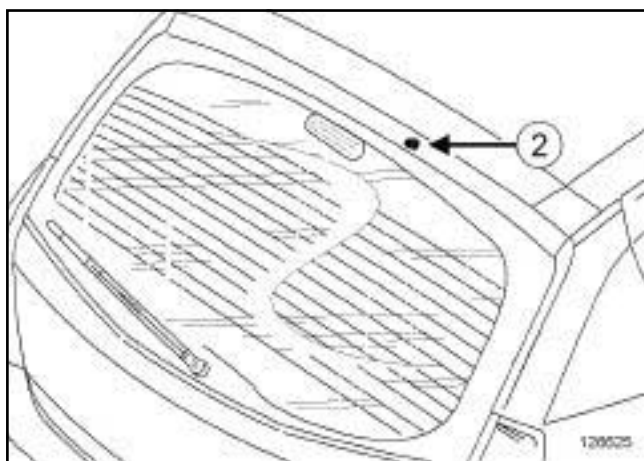
### Special tooling required

Car. 1363      Set of trim removal levers.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



126625

- Unclip the rear screen washer jet (2) using tool (Car. 1363).
- Disconnect the rear screen washer jet supply pipe.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Connect the rear screen washer jet supply pipe.
- Clip the rear screen washer jet.

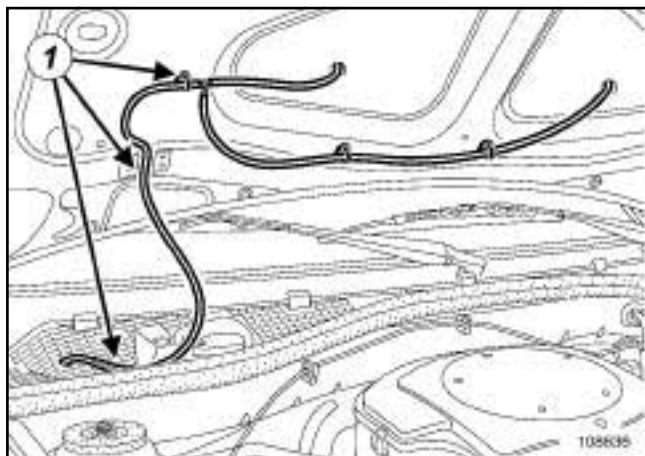
### II - FINAL OPERATION

## Windscreen washer reservoir: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

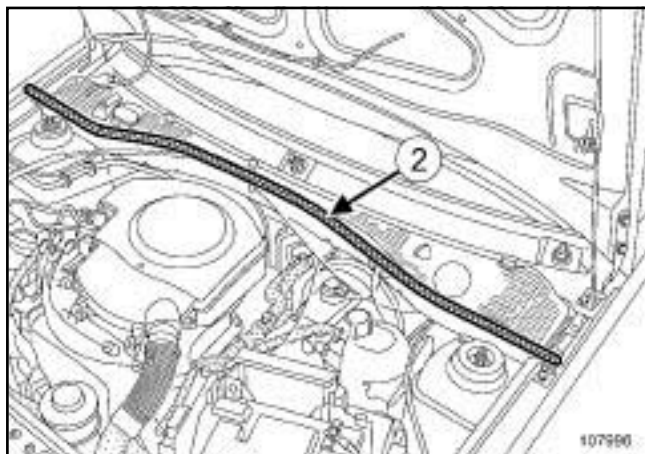
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



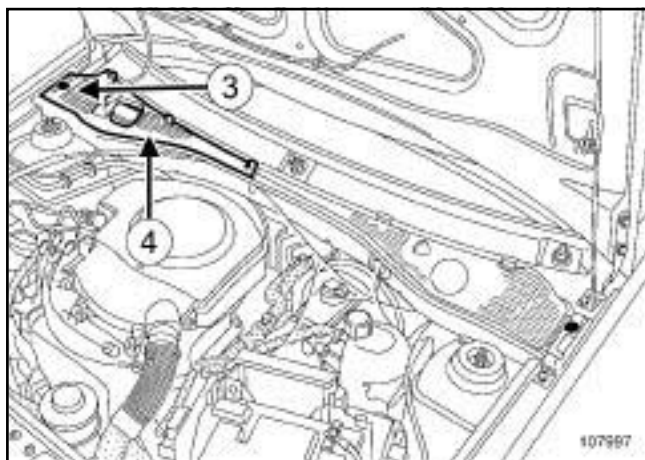
108636

- Detach the pipe at (1) .



107996

- Remove the engine compartment seal (2) .

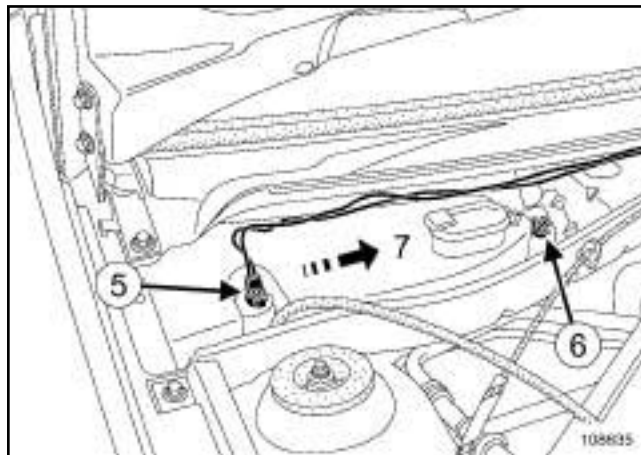


107997

- Remove:
  - the side bolt (3) from the scuttle half-grille,

- the right-hand scuttle half-grille (4) .

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108635

- Disconnect the connector (5) from the windscreen washer pump.
- Remove:
  - the bolt (6) from the windscreen washer bottle,
  - the windscreen washer bottle by pulling it in the direction of the arrow (7) .
- Drain the windscreen washer bottle.
- Disconnect the windscreen washer pump from the bottle.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the windscreen washer pump onto the bottle.
- Refit:
  - the windscreen washer bottle,
  - the windscreen washer bottle bolt.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Connect the windscreen washer pump connector.
- refit:
  - the right-hand scuttle half-grille,
  - the side bolt to the scuttle half-grille,
  - the engine compartment seal.
- Clip the pipe at (1) .
- Fill-up the windscreen washer bottle.

## Radio: List and location of components

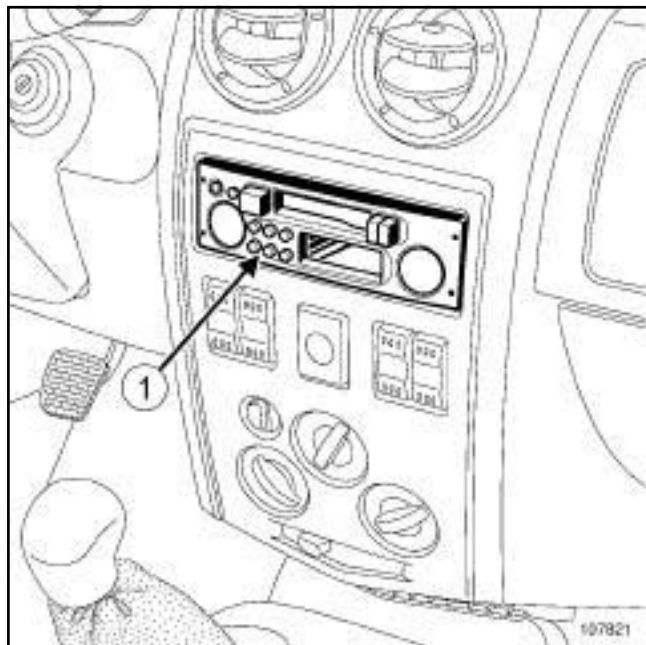
RADIO NO. 01 or RADIO NO. 02

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	Radio
(2)	Aerial
(3)	Front speakers
(4),(5)	Rear speakers

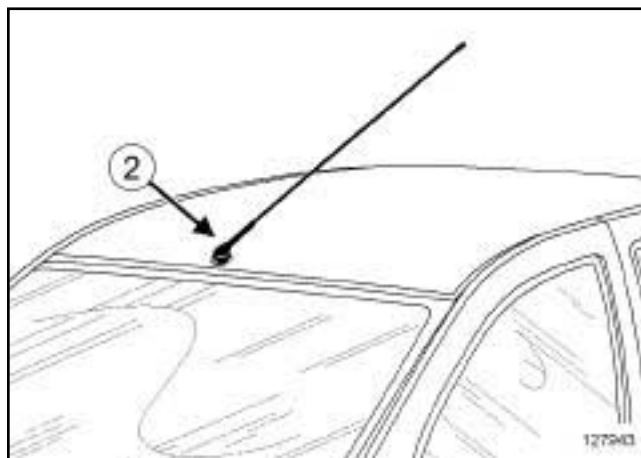
### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### 1 - RADIO



107821

#### 2 - AERIAL

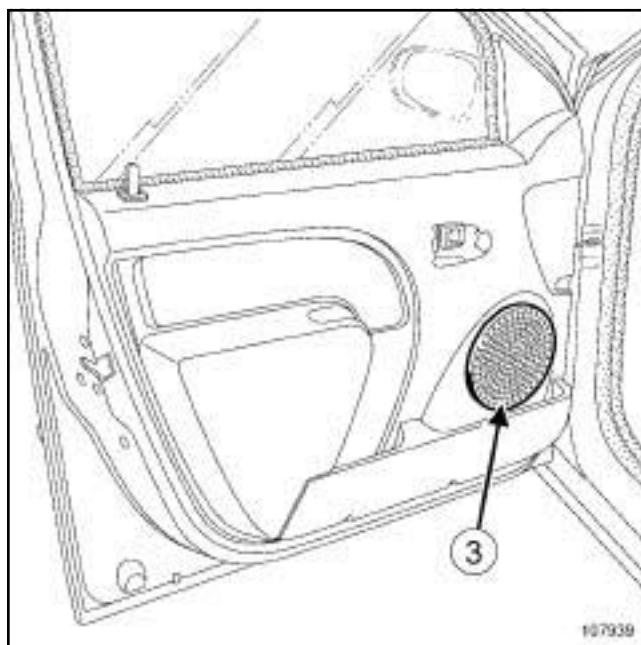


127943

127943

The radio aerial (2) is located on the roof

#### 3 - FRONT SPEAKERS



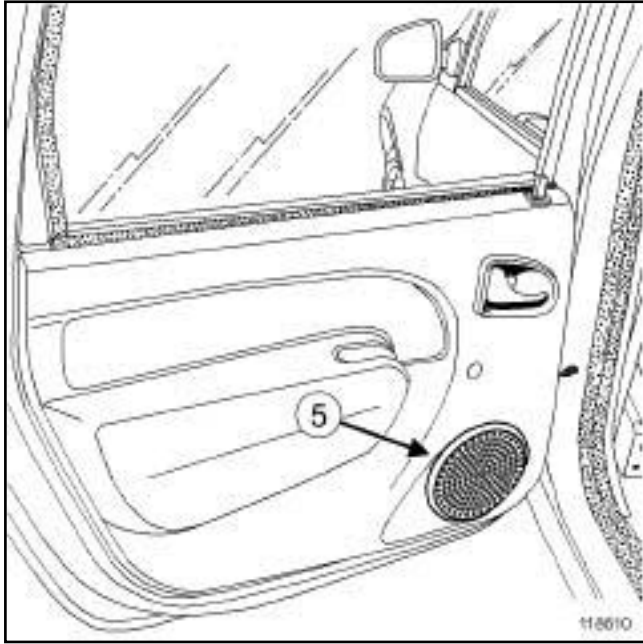
107939

107939

## Radio: List and location of components

RADIO NO. 01 or RADIO NO. 02

### 4 - REAR SPEAKERS



118610

## Radio: Removal - Refitting

RADIO NO. 01 or RADIO NO. 02

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



119085

- Remove the radio (1) using the two.

#### WARNING

To ensure correct operation:

- do not pinch the aerial cable,
- do not bend the aerial cable,
- do not force the aerial cable when refitting.

#### WARNING

To prevent any risk of noise, premature wear, short circuits, etc. after the refitting operation, mark the wiring routing and how to connect the connectors.

Mark the routing of the wiring behind the radio.

- Disconnect the connectors.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

Note:

Ensure that the ignition is switched off.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the various connectors.
- Fit the wiring in the position marked during removal.
- Refit the radio in its housing.



### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

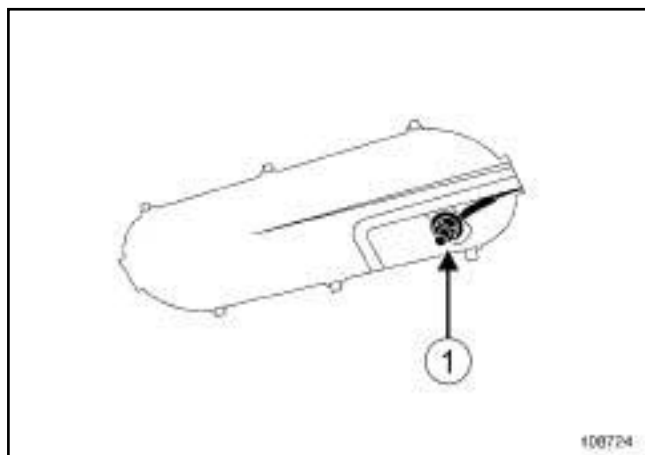
Note:

The radio aerial is located on the front roof.

Remove:

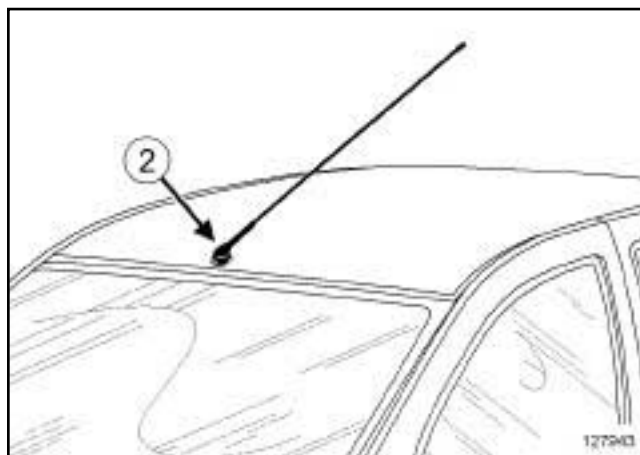
- front courtesy light (see **81B, Interior lighting, Interior light: Removal - Refitting**, page **81B-3**),
- the headlining partially (see **Headlining: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 71A, Body internal trim).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108724

- Remove the radio aerial nut (1) .
- Disconnect the connector from the radio aerial cable.



127943

- Remove the radio aerial (2) .

Note:

To remove the radio aerial cable, remove the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 57A, Interior equipment).

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the radio aerial.
- Connect the radio aerial cable connector.
- Refit the radio aerial nut.

#### FINAL OPERATION

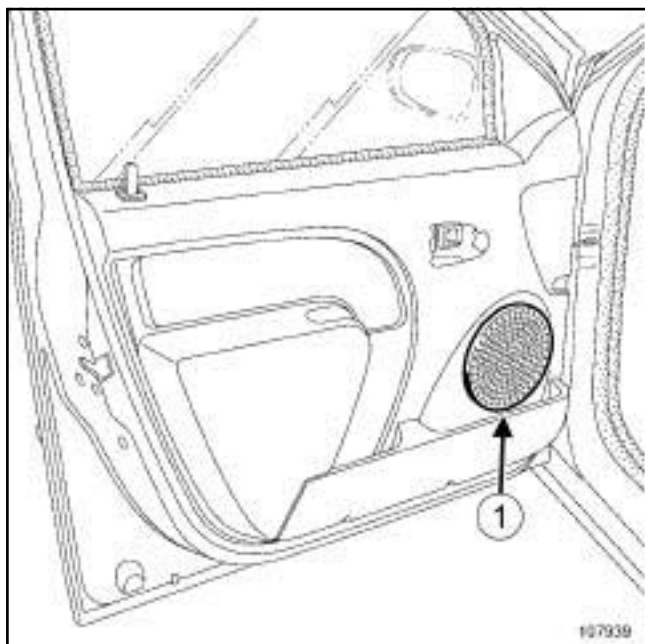
- Refit:
  - the headlining (see **Headlining: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 71A, Body internal trim),
  - front courtesy light (see **81B, Interior lighting, Interior light: Removal - Refitting**, page **81B-3**) .

## Front speakers: Removal - Refitting

RADIO NO. 01 or RADIO NO. 02

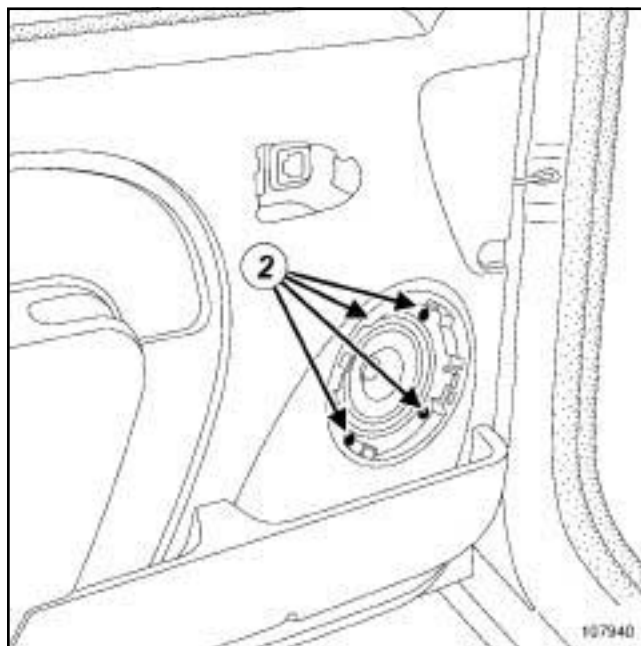
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



- Unclip the front speaker grille (1) .

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove:
  - the bolts (2) from the front speaker,
  - the front speaker.
- Disconnect the front speaker connector.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the front speaker connector.
- Refit:
  - the front speaker,
  - the front speaker bolts.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

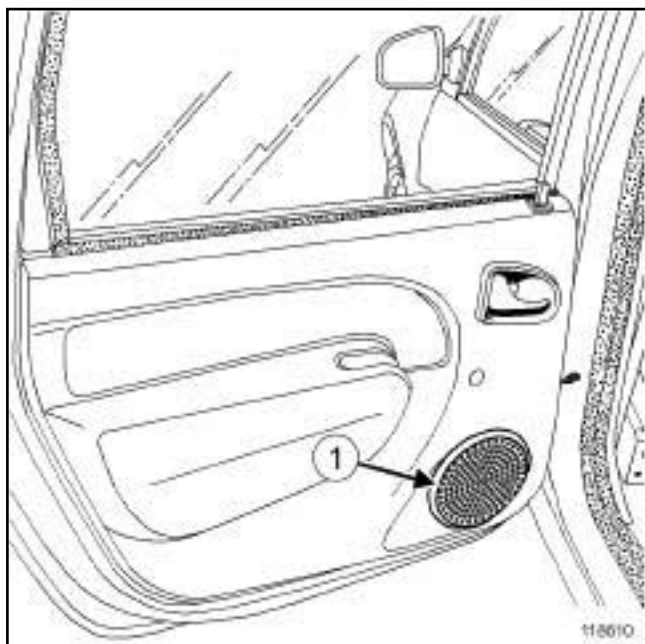
- Clip on the front speaker grille.

## Rear speakers: Removal - Refitting

RADIO NO. 01 or RADIO NO. 02

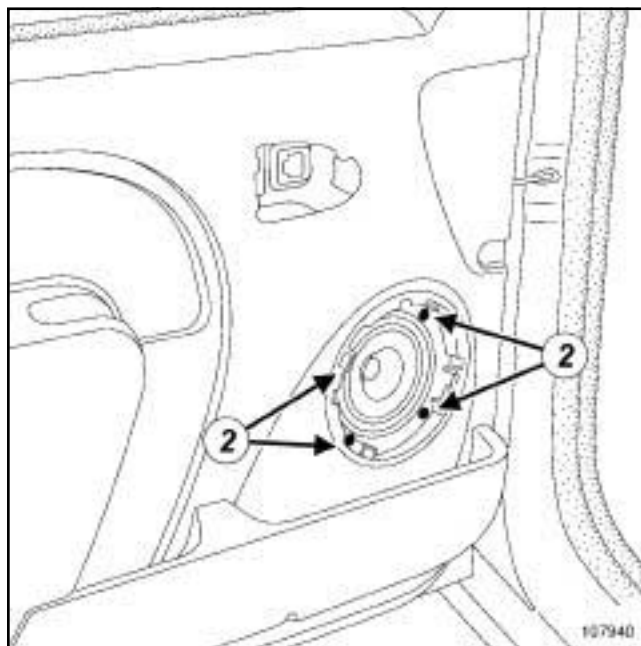
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



- Unclip the rear speaker grille (1) .

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove:
  - the bolts (2) ,
  - the speaker.
- Disconnect the connector.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connector.
- Refit:
  - the speaker,
  - the bolts.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

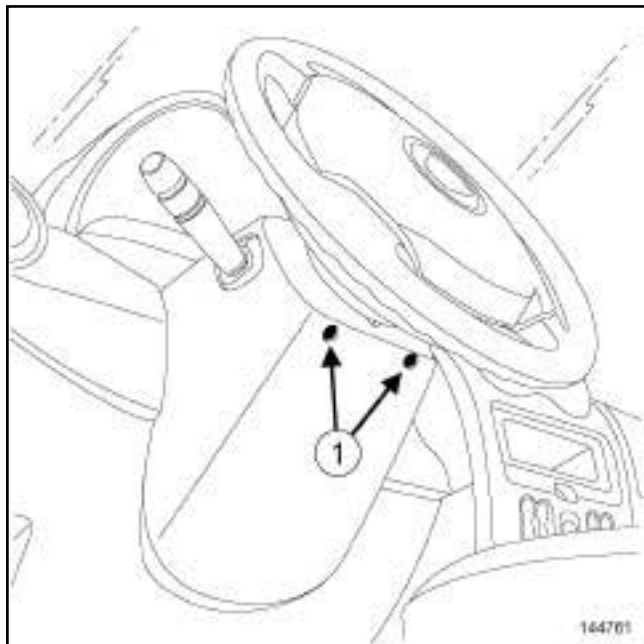
- Clip in the rear speaker grille.

## Radio control satellite: Removal - Refitting

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.



144761

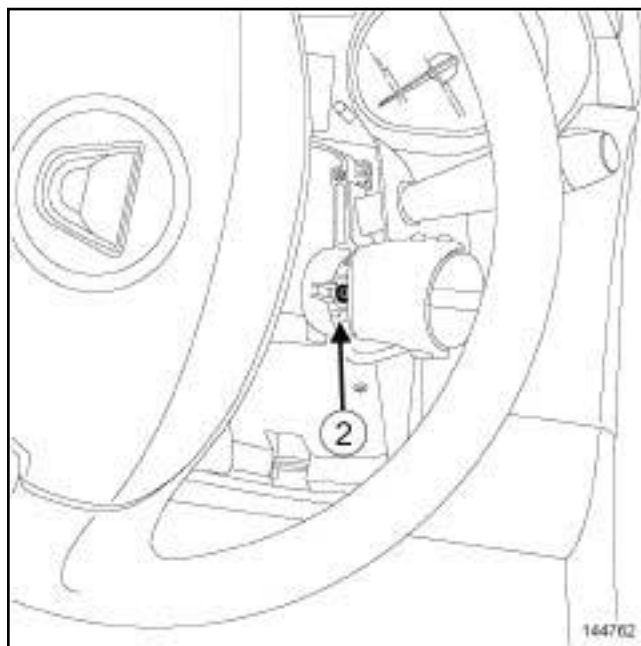
- Remove the bolts (1) from the shells under the steering wheel.
- Put the steering column into the lower position.
- Remove the upper cover.
- Place the steering column in the upper position.
- Remove the lower cover.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- 

Note:

The steering column switch assembly does not need to be removed.



144762

144762

- Remove the radio control satellite bolt (2) .
- Disconnect the radio control satellite connector.
- Remove the radio control satellite.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Connect the radio control satellite connector.
- Refit the radio control satellite.

## II - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# PASSENGER COMPARTMENT CONNECTION UNIT

## UCH: Removal - Refitting

# 87B

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

## REMOVAL

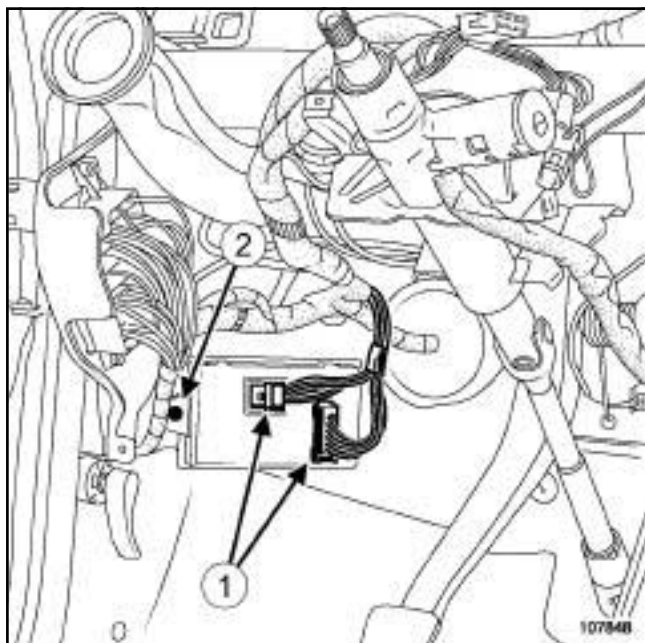
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

Note:

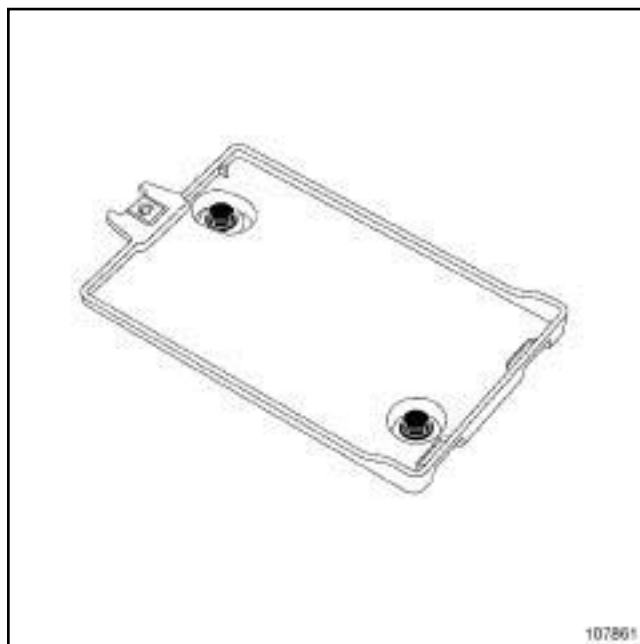
If replacing the UCH, it is essential to display the configurations using **Diagnostic tool**.

- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Disconnect the connectors (1).
- Remove:
  - the UCH bolt (2),
  - the UCH.



107861

Note:

The UCH is secured onto its mounting.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the UCH,
  - the UCH bolt.
- Connect the connectors.

### II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).
- If the UCH has to be replaced, carry out the necessary operations (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (87B, Passenger compartment connection unit).

## Electric window: List and location of components

ELECTRIC FRONT WINDOW or FRONT ONE-TOUCH ELECTRIC WINDOW – ELECTRIC FRONT WINDOW or FRONT ONE-TOUCH ELECTRIC WINDOW, and ELECTRIC REAR WINDOW

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

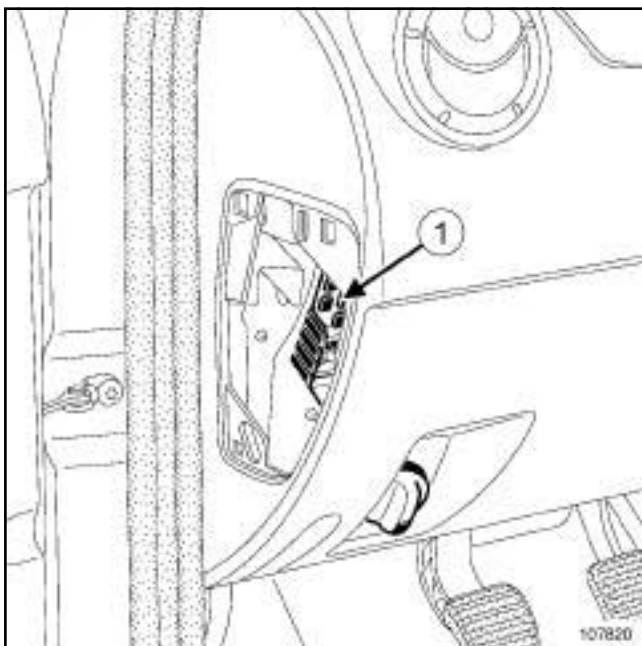
No.	Description
(1)	Passenger compartment fuse box
(2)	Front window winder switches

### ELECTRIC REAR WINDOW

No.	Description
(3)	Rear electric window switches
(4)	Child lock switch

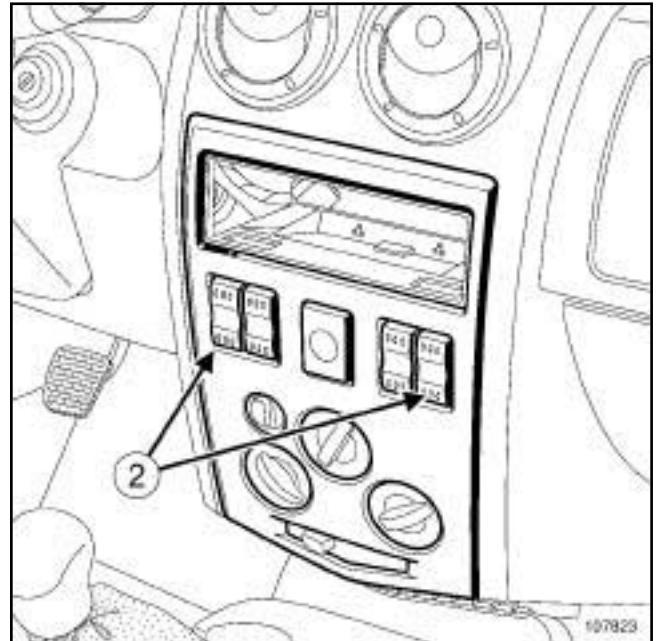
### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### 1 - PASSENGER COMPARTMENT FUSE BOX



Passenger compartment fuse box (1)

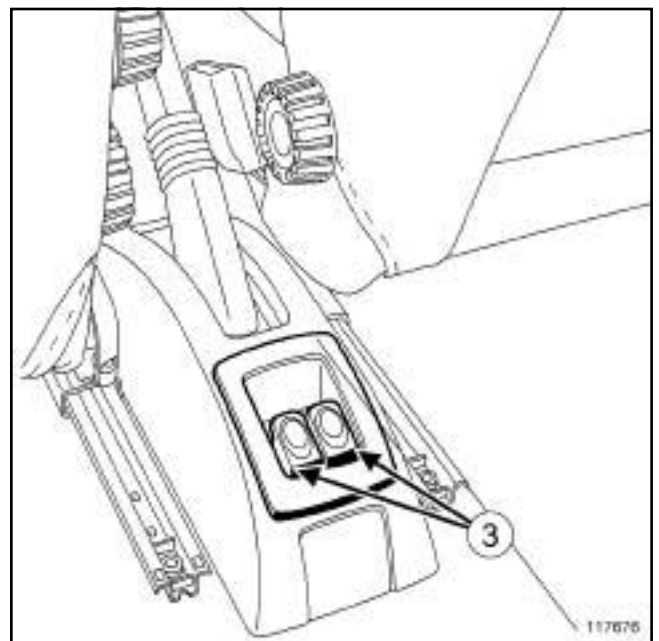
#### 2 - FRONT WINDOW WINDER SWITCHES



Front window winder switches (2)

### ELECTRIC REAR WINDOW

#### 3 - REAR WINDOW WINDER SWITCHES



Rear electric window switches (3)

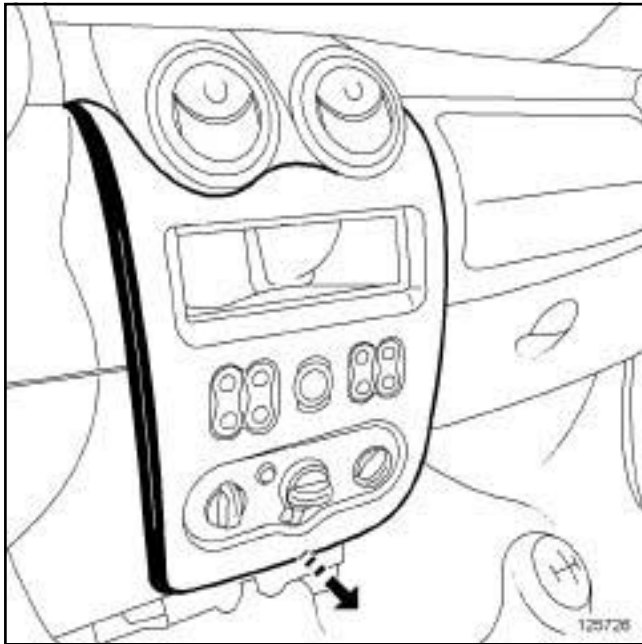
## Front electric window switch: Removal - Refitting

ELECTRIC FRONT WINDOW or FRONT ONE-TOUCH ELECTRIC WINDOW

## REMOVAL

## I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

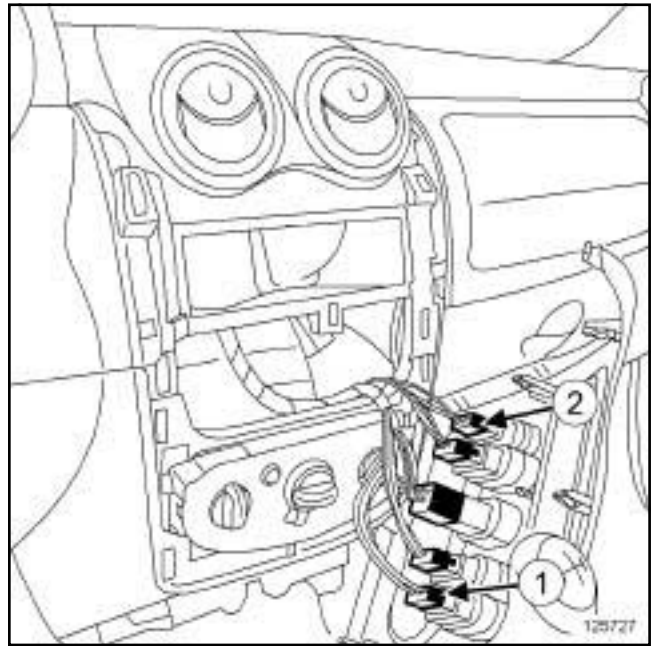
- Remove the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**).



125726

- Unclip the central trim assembly, starting at the bottom.

## II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



125727

- Disconnect the front left window winder switch connector (1) or the front right window winder switch connector (2).
- Unclip the front window winder switch by pressing the clips.

## REFITTING

## I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clip on the front window winder switch.
- Connect the connector.

## II - FINAL OPERATION

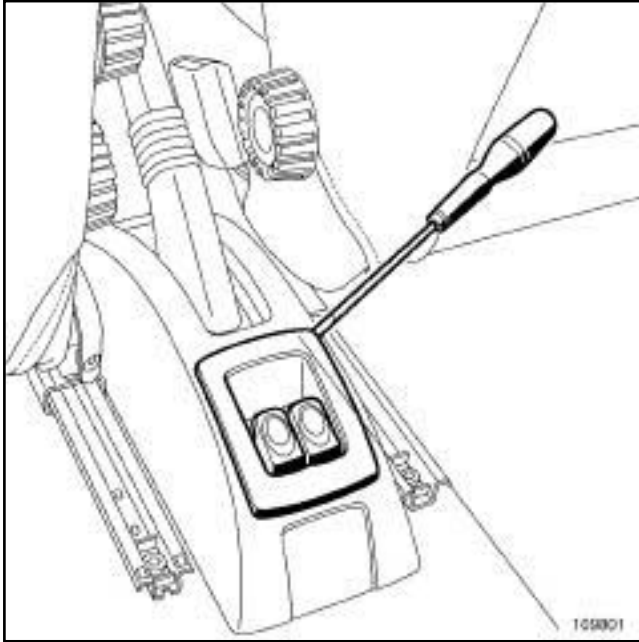
- Clip on the central trim assembly, starting at the top.
- Refit the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**).

## Rear electric window switch: Removal - Refitting

ELECTRIC REAR WINDOW

### REMOVAL

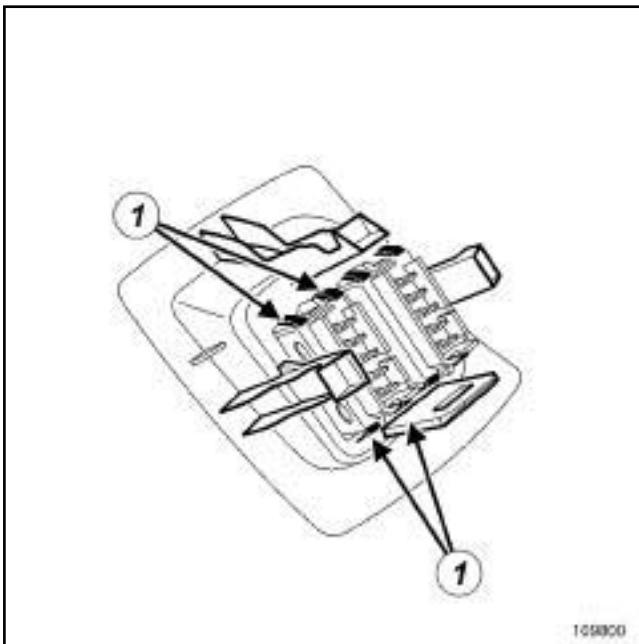
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



109801

- Unclip the rear window winder switch plate.

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



109800

- Disconnect the rear window winder switch connector.
- Unclip the rear window winder switch by pressing the clips (1) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clip on the rear window winder switch.
- Reconnect the rear window winder switch connector.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION.

- Clip on the rear window winder switch plate.



# ENGINE COMPARTMENT CONNECTION UNIT

Engine compartment connection unit: List and location of components

# 87G

## I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	New engine compartment connection unit
(2)	Old engine compartment connection unit

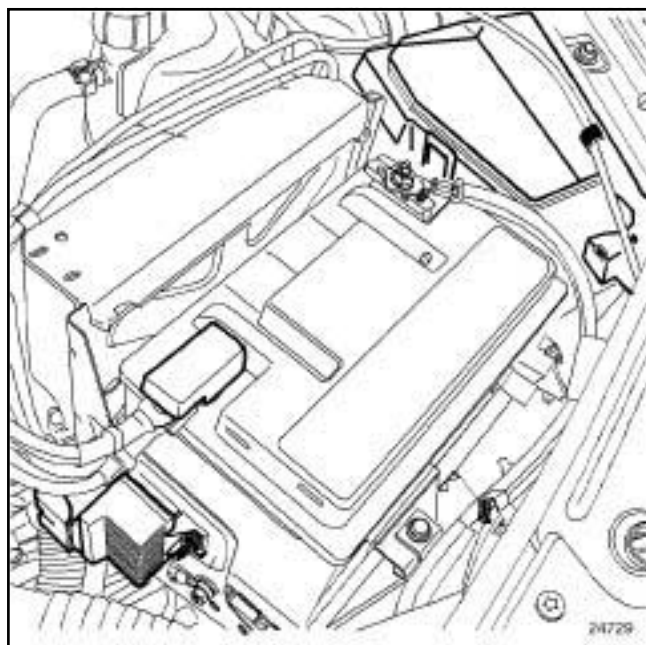
## II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

### 1 - NEW ENGINE COMPARTMENT FUSE AND RELAY BOX

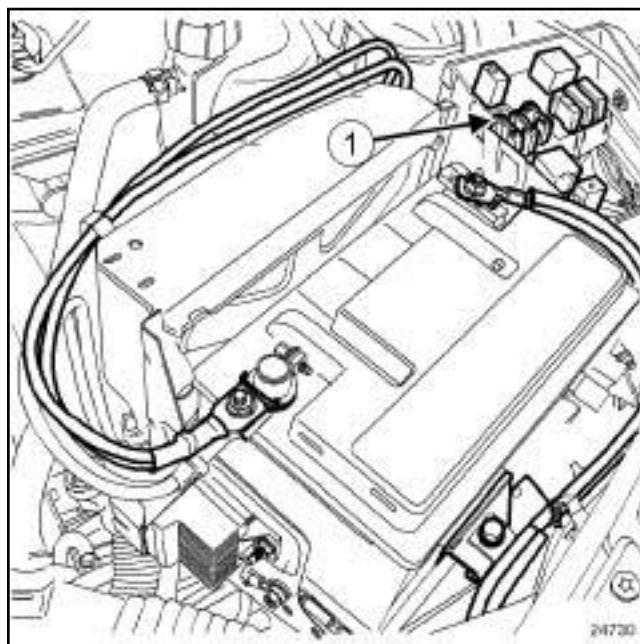
Vehicles concerned:

B90 or F90 or K90 or U90 - L90, with a sales release date after 17/05/2005

H79



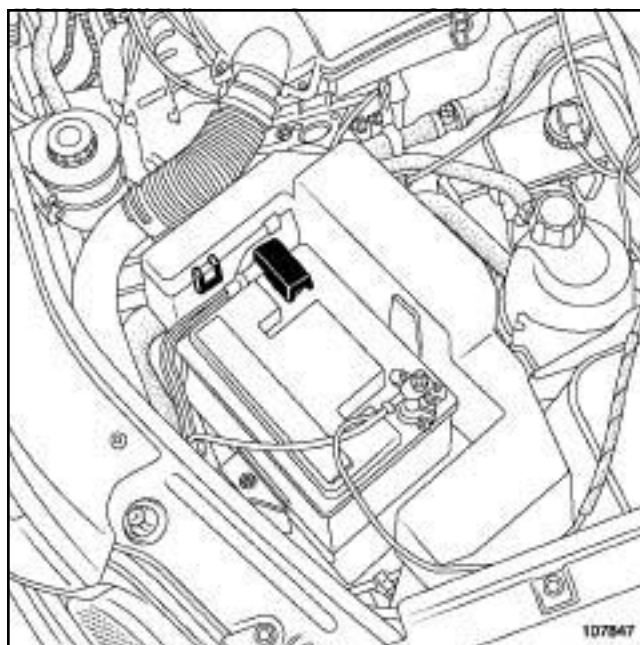
Unclip the cover to access the engine compartment connection unit.



24730

Engine compartment connection unit (1)

### 2 - OLD ENGINE COMPARTMENT FUSE AND RELAY BOX



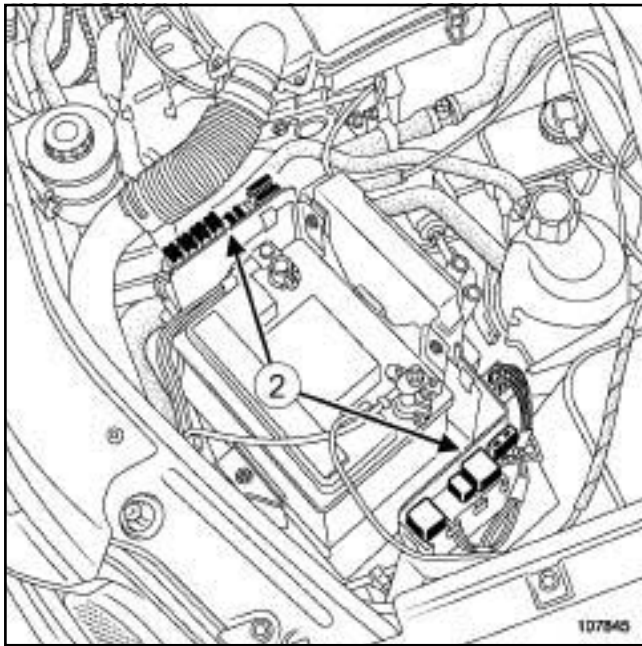
107847

Unclip the cover to access the engine compartment connection unit.

# ENGINE COMPARTMENT CONNECTION UNIT

Engine compartment connection unit: List and location of components

**87G**

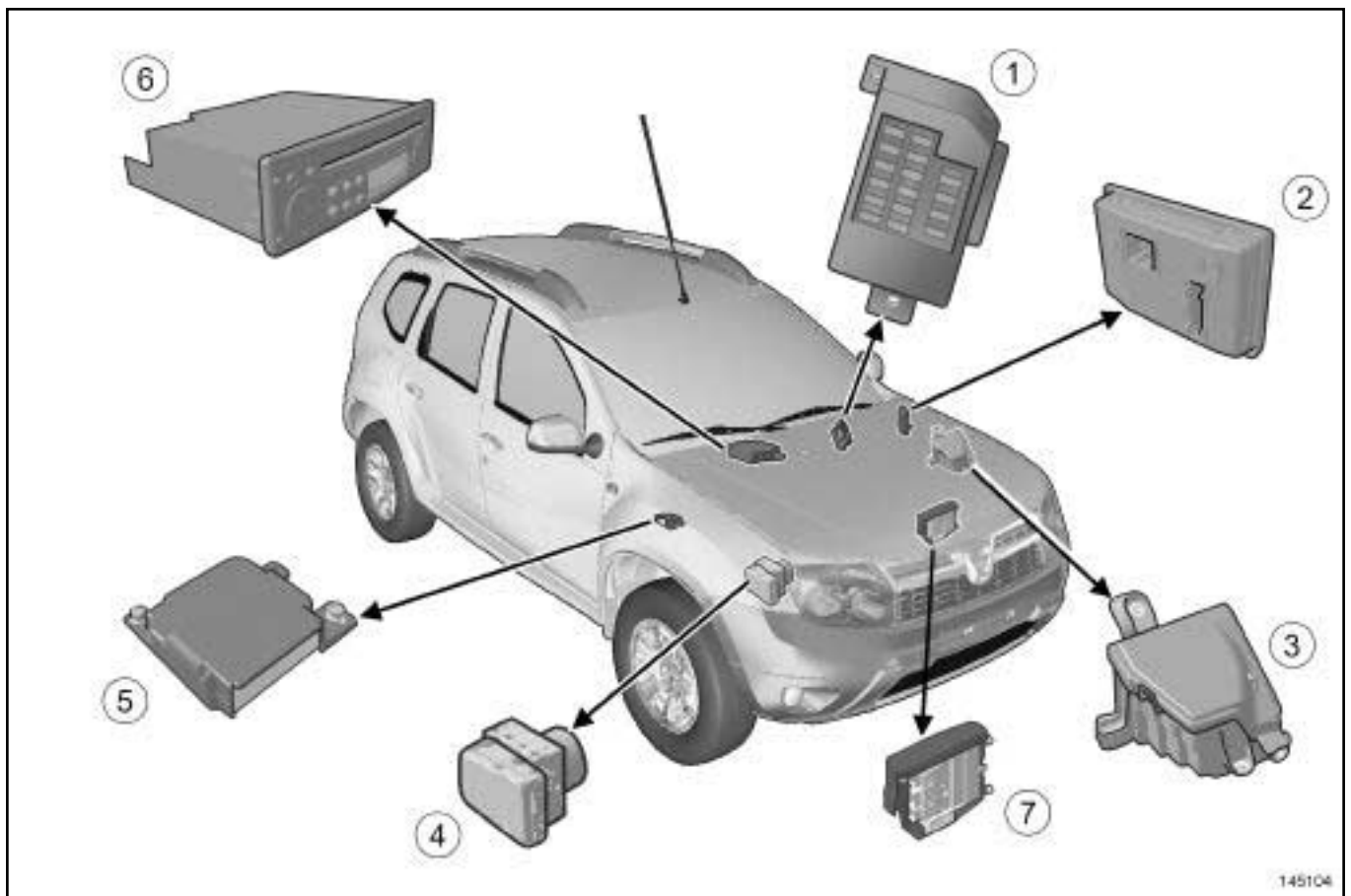


107845

Engine compartment connection unit (2)

I

No.	Description	Procedure
1	Passenger compartment fuse box	
2	UCH	(see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit, UCH: Removal - Refitting</b> , page <b>87B-1</b> ) (13B, Diesel injection)
3	Engine compartment fuse and relay box	
4	ABS-ESP computer	
5	Airbag computer	(see <b>88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting</b> , page <b>88C-4</b> )
6	Radio	(see <b>86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting</b> , page <b>86A-3</b> )
7	Injection computer	(see <b>Diesel injection computer: Removal - Refitting</b> )



145104

145104

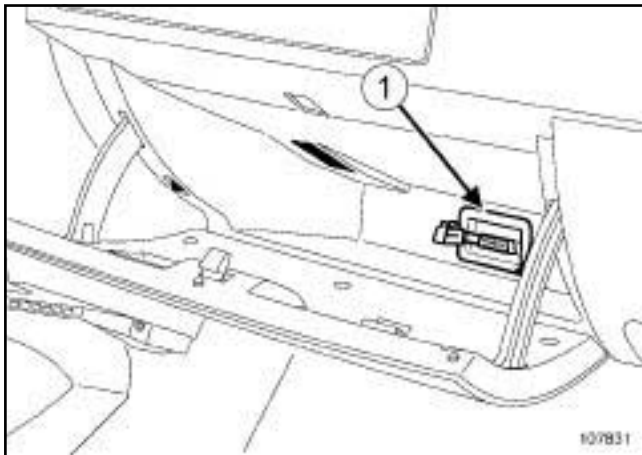
## Diagnostic socket: List and location of components

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

Mark	Description
(1)	Diagnostic socket

### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

#### DIAGNOSTIC SOCKET



107831

The diagnostic socket (1) is located in the glovebox.

## Wiring: Precautions for the repair

### I - SAFETY

#### 1 - Potentially dangerous components

Do not leave any unused +12V connectors exposed to the air without any protection (see **Connector: Sealing and locking**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

Check that there is no contact between the wiring and the fuel and brake pipes.

Avoid mounting the wiring in areas with a temperature above 100°C.

#### 2 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Before carrying out any work on the wiring, disconnect the battery.

#### WARNING

To prevent damaging the connectors, consult the disconnection procedure (see **Connector: Disconnection and reconnection**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

#### WARNING

To prevent any risk of noise, premature wear, short circuits, etc. after the refitting operation, mark the wiring routing and how to connect the connectors.

#### 3 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

#### WARNING

To prevent any damage during the removal operation, check that the wiring is free from its mountings (retaining clip, plastic clip, adhesive tape, connector, etc.).

To prevent the wiring from being damaged, check that the surrounding area is not mechanically harmful (e.g.: door windows, sharp corners, burrs, studs, etc.).

The wiring should be **at least 30 mm** away from any moving components (belt, pulley, steering column, etc.).

Depending on the surrounding area, check that the unused connectors respect the necessary sealing constraints (see **Connector: Sealing and locking**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

All of the connections (connectors) used in the engine compartment are sealed; do not remove the seal from around the connectors.

### II - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Do not connect an earth to a stud with insulating protection (paint, etc.).

Do not use more than two earth terminals on the same point.

Do not use power earths on the same point as electronic earths.

To prevent water flowing into the connectors, make a low point just on the wiring routing (just before the connector).

For connections between fixed and mobile components, secure the wiring on the fixed part.

Overlapping of the battery feed wires (positive and negative) causes disruption; they must be secured separately.

Wiring mountings:

- use plastic clips, ensuring that the colour coding is respected,
- do not use steel clips that are not protected with rubber,
- keep the clips integrated into the wiring during a replacement operation,
- do not leave steering wheel wires without protection.

Check that:

- the shunts are correctly secured,
- the connectors are correctly housed and locked.

Wiring routing:

- when it is visible it must be aesthetically pleasing, and resemble the routing marked during removal,
- prohibit wiring routing in grooves and overlaps (risk of wear through friction),
- prohibit mounting several wires on the same clip,
- do not lock the connectors or wiring in areas that are sensitive to drilling (number plate etc.).

## Front bumper wiring: Removal - Refitting

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88A, Wiring harness, Wiring: Precautions for the repair**, page **88A-3**).

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the connectors, consult the disconnection procedures (see **Connector: Disconnection and reconnection**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

## REMOVAL

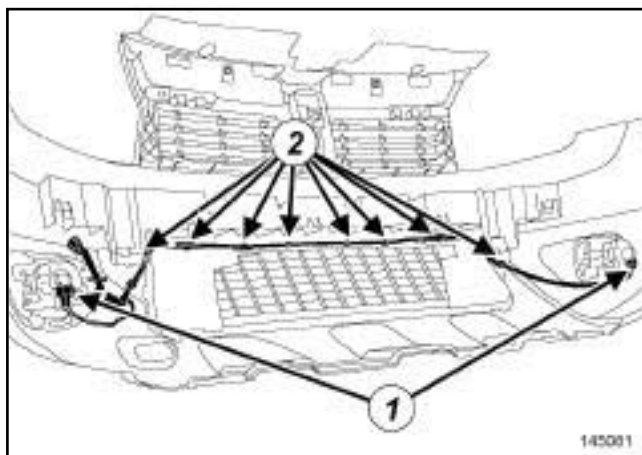
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).
- Remove the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

### WARNING

To prevent any risk of noise, premature wear, short circuits, etc. after the refitting operation, mark the wiring routing and how to connect the connectors.



145081

- Disconnect the front fog light connectors (1).

- Unclip the front bumper wiring at (2).

### WARNING

To prevent any damage during the removal operation, check that the wiring is free from its mountings (retaining clip, plastic clip, adhesive tape, connector, etc.).

- Remove the front bumper wiring.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- If replacing with more complete wiring, immobilise the unused connectors (see **Connector: Sealing and locking**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

### III - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check the operation of all front bumper electrical components.

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K4M

### Equipment required

indelible pencil

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

manual gearbox earth cable bolt	<b>24 N.m</b>
---------------------------------	---------------

earth cable nuts	<b>8 N.m</b>
------------------	--------------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (See **Wiring: Precautions for repair**) (88A, Wiring),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### IMPORTANT

To prevent any accidental triggering during an operation on or near to a passive safety component, apply the procedure for deactivating the safety systems (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners)

### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

### WARNING

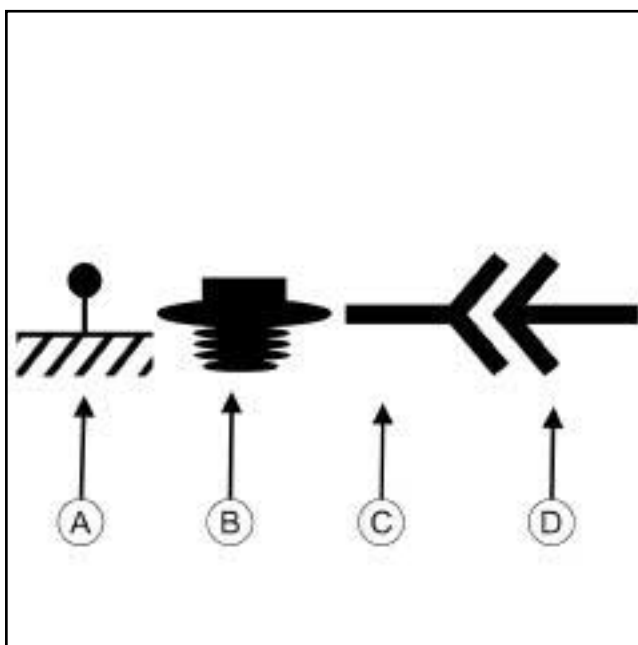
To prevent damage to the wiring harness when refitting, observe the original routing.

### WARNING

To prevent any damage to the connectors, consult the disconnection procedures (see **Connectors: Disconnection and reconnection**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

### Note:

For information on instrument connectors (see **Visu-Schéma**).



144441

- (A) Symbol for an earth
- (B) Symbol for a mounting (clip, clamp, etc.)
- (C) Symbol for a female connector (connection of 2 wires)
- (D) Symbol for a male connector (connection of 2 wires)

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

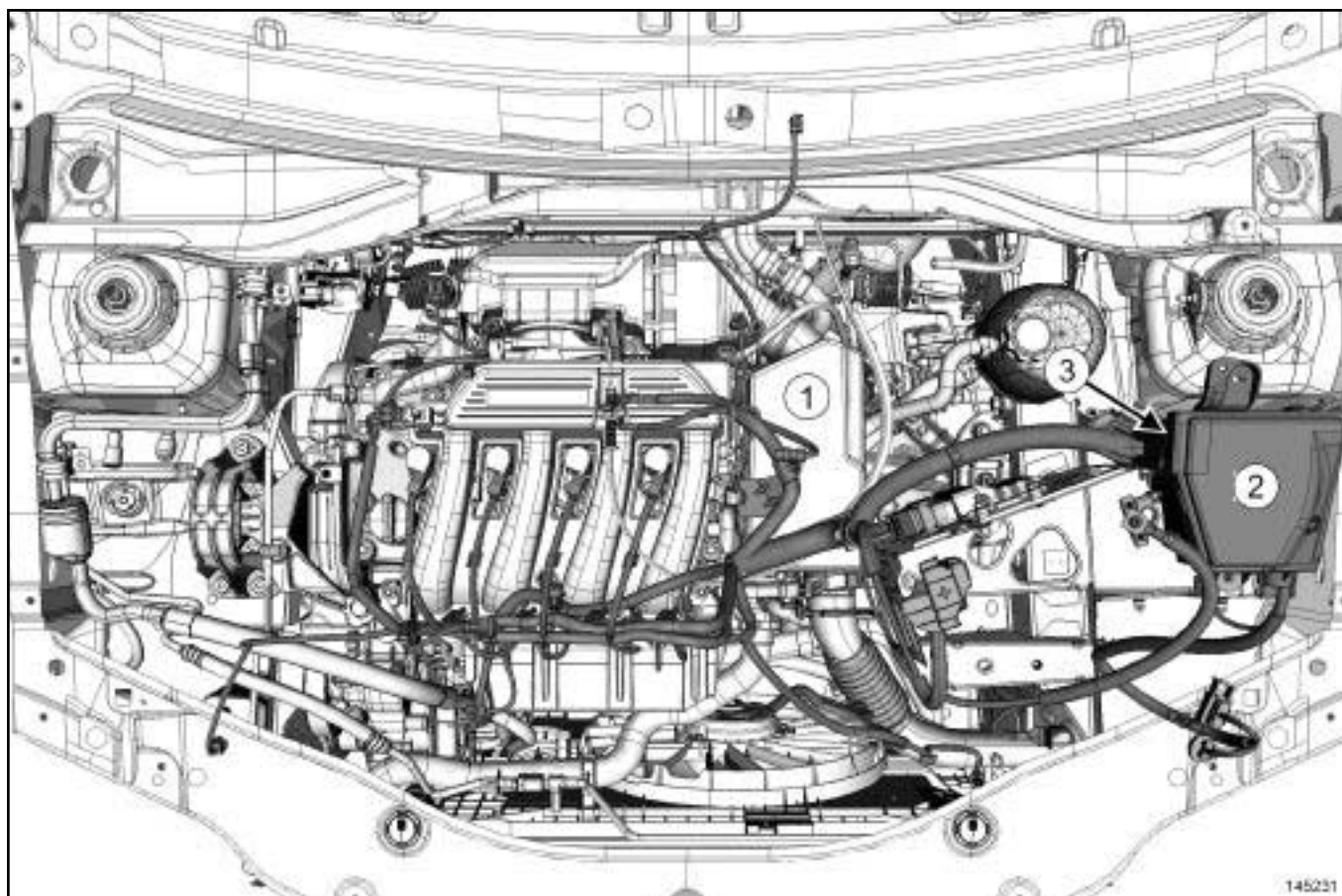
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K4M



145231

145231

### Remove:

- the air resonator (1) (see **Air resonator: Removal - Refitting**) (12A, Fuel mixture),
- the cover to access the engine compartment fuse and relay box (2) ,
- the closure component (3) of the engine compartment fuse and relay box,
- the engine undertray bolts,
- the engine undertray.

#### Note:

Mark the position of the fuses and relays before removal.

- Unclip the fuse holders and the engine harness relays from their mountings.

### **If replacing the engine wiring**

- Remove the fuses.



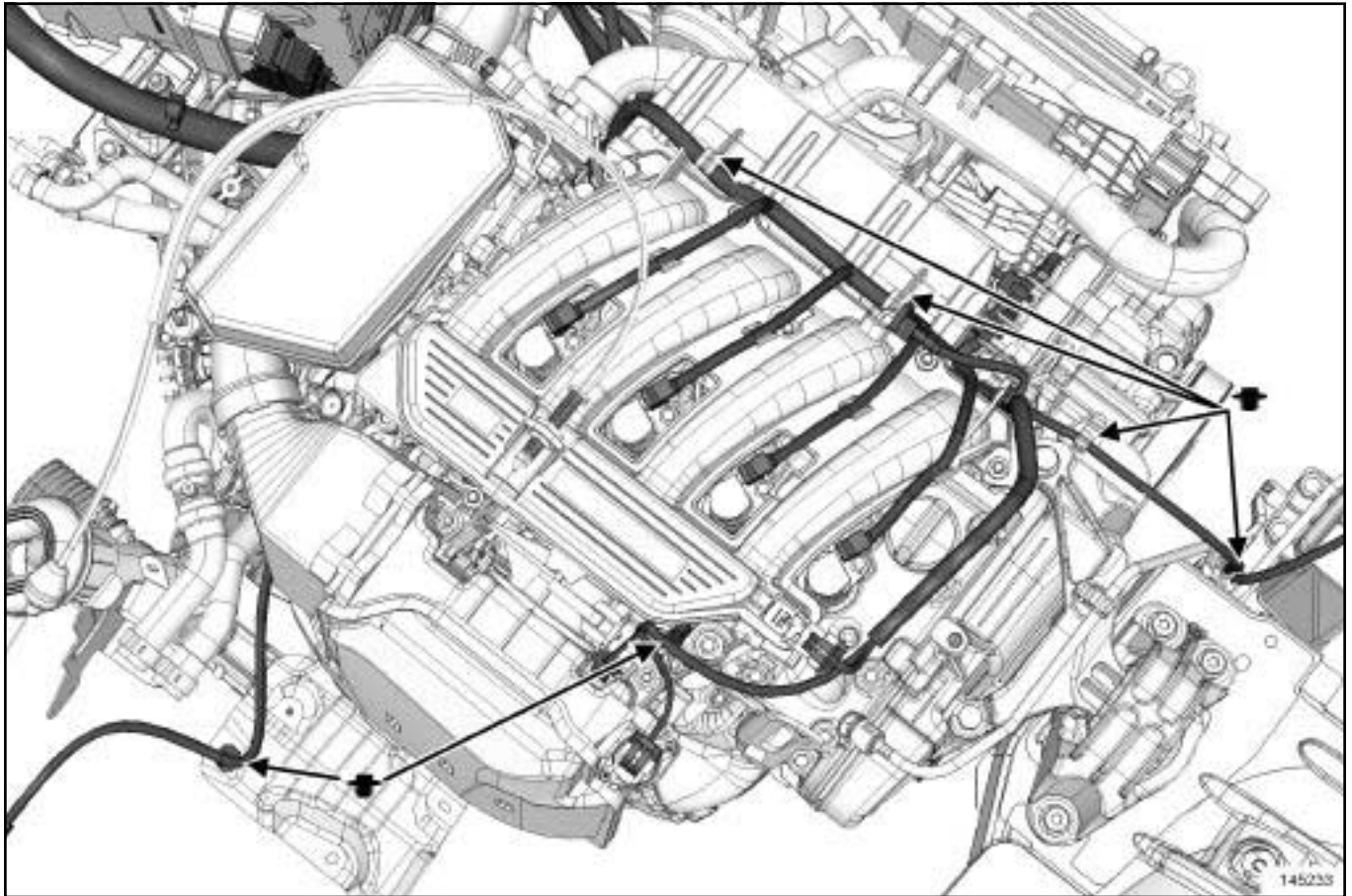
# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K4M

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



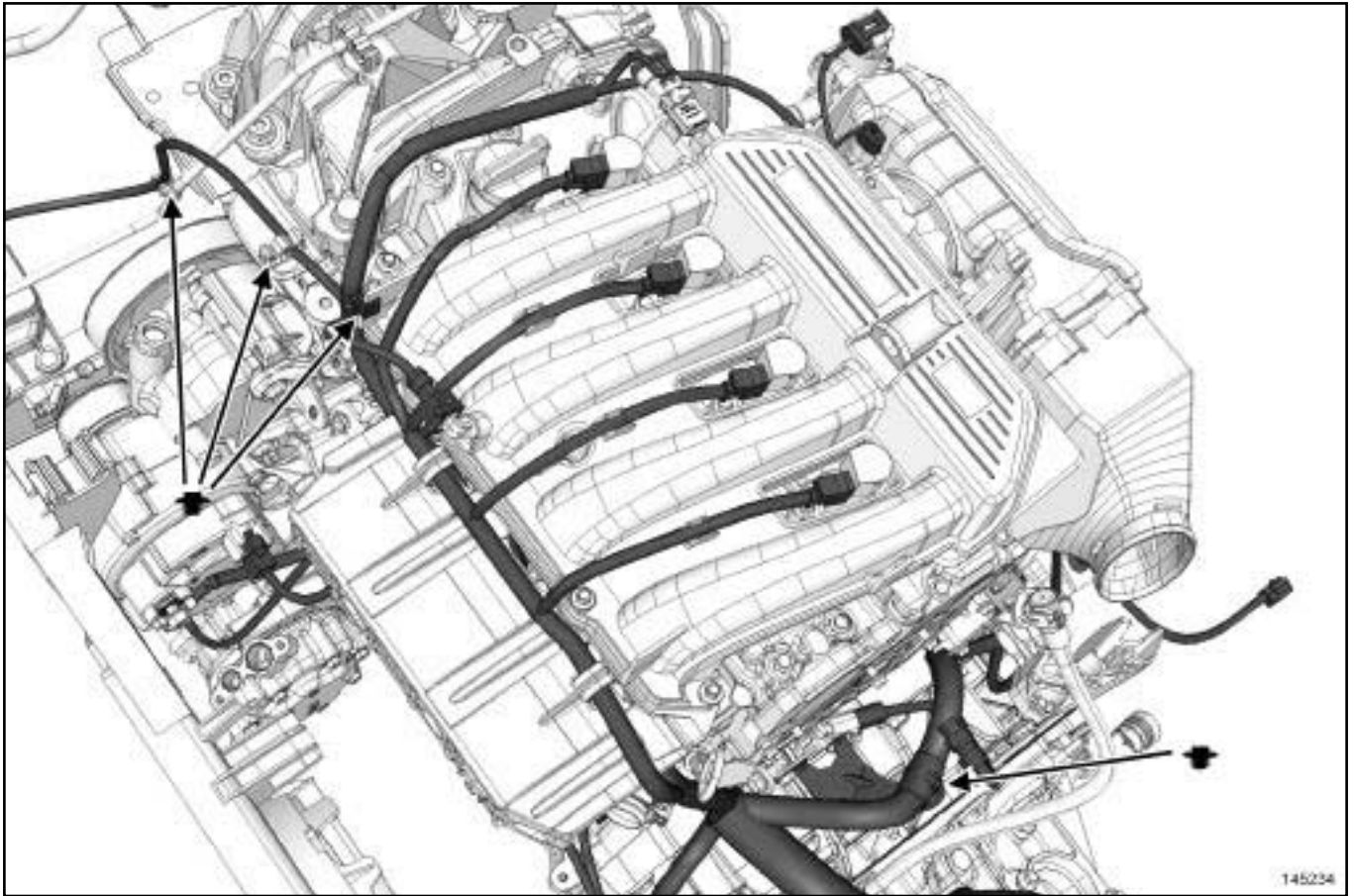
145233

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K4M



145234

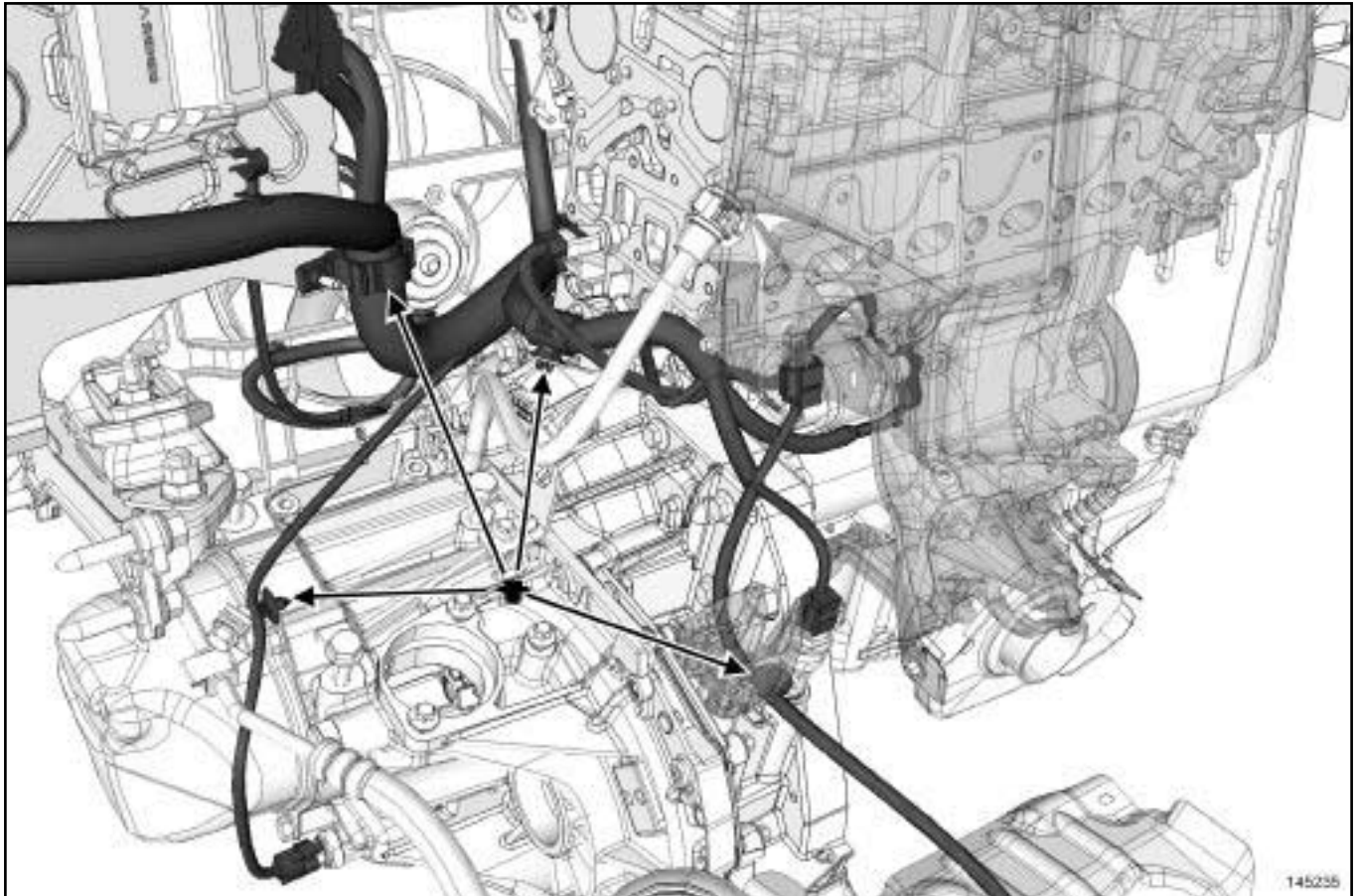
145234

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K4M



145235

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the engine wiring where indicated.

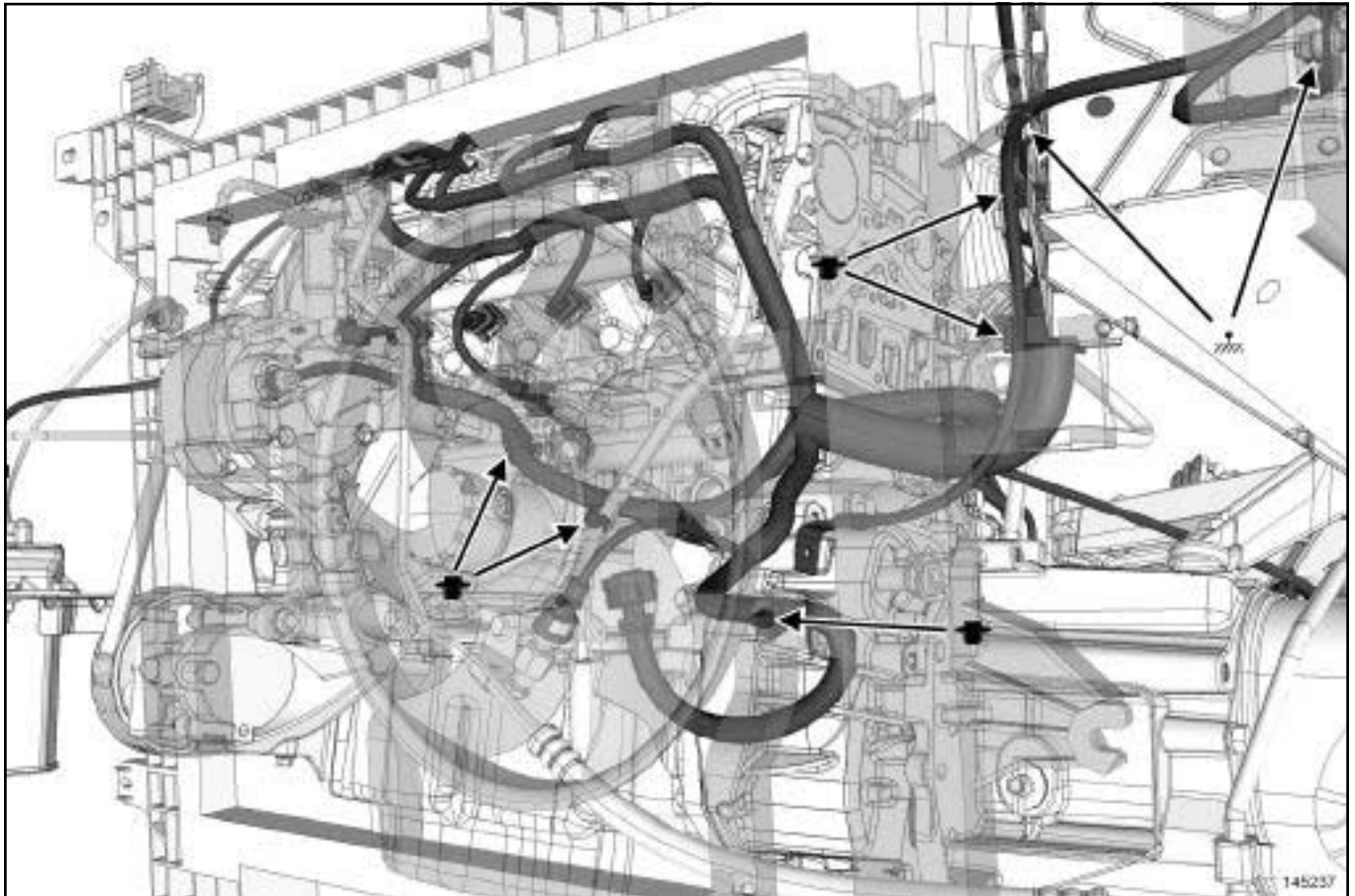
# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K4M

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



145237

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the engine wiring where indicated.

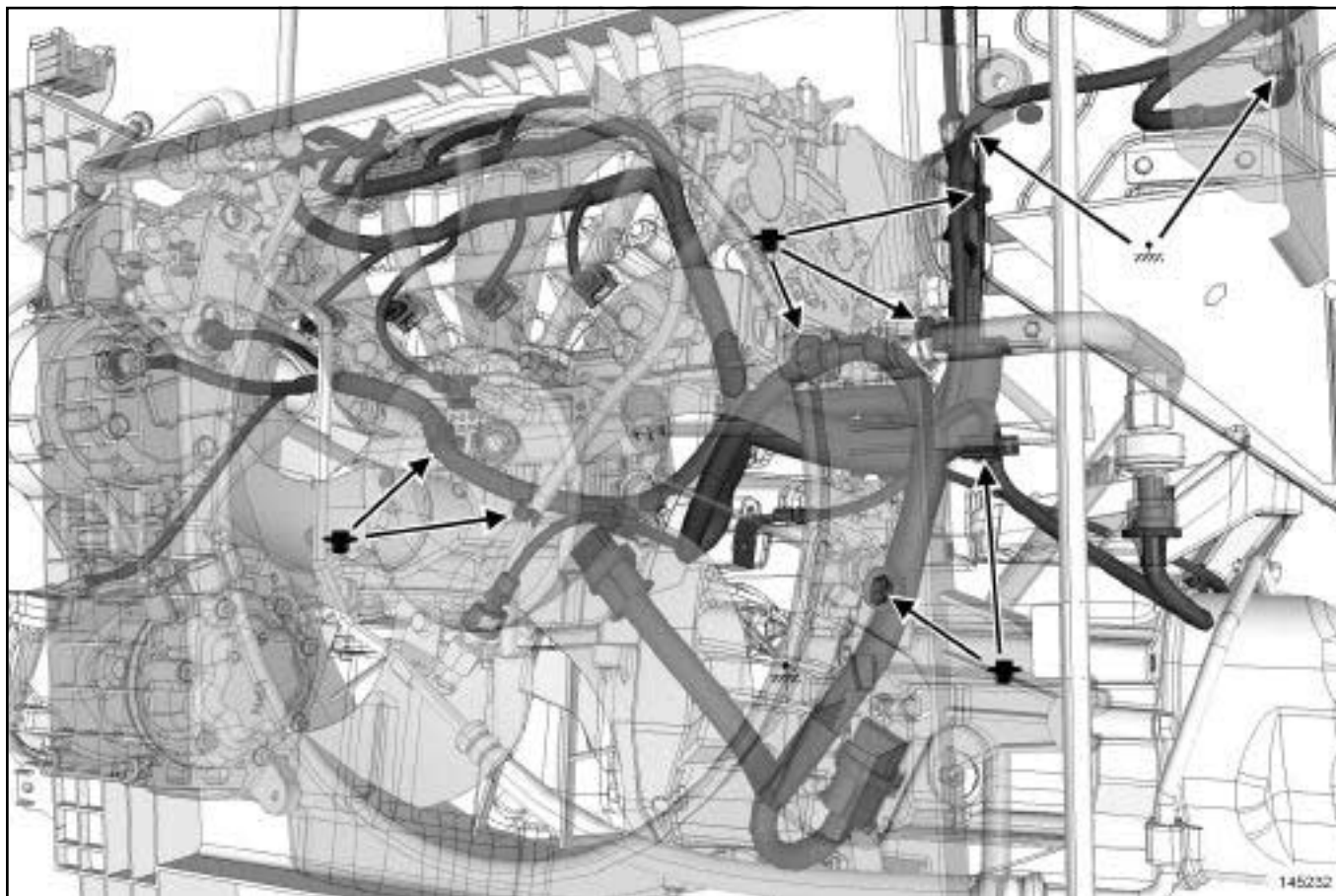
# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K4M

AIR CONDITIONING



145232

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the engine wiring where indicated.

Note:

Before removing the earth terminal, mark its position using a **indelible pencil** by drawing a line on the earth terminal and on the gearbox casing.

When reassembling, improper positioning of the earth terminal on the gearbox casing could result in damage to the earth terminal or earth wiring.

- Remove the earth terminals.

**WARNING**

To prevent any damage during the removal operation, check that the wiring is free from its mountings (retaining clip, plastic clip, adhesive tape, connector, etc.).

- Remove the engine wiring.

K4M

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### If replacing the engine wiring

- Refit the fuses.
- If replacing with a complete wiring harness, lock the unused connectors (see **Connectors: Sealing and locking**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

**Note:**

Refit the earth terminal, aligning the indelible marks on the gearbox casing.

When reassembling, improper positioning of the earth terminal on the gearbox casing could result in damage to the earth terminal or earth wiring.

- Torque tighten:
  - the **manual gearbox earth cable bolt (24 N.m)**,
  - the **earth cable nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

### III - TEST OPERATION

- Switch on the ignition.
- Connect the **Diagnostic tool**.
- Check that there are no faults.

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K9K, and 796

### Equipment required

indelible pencil

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

manual gearbox earth cable bolt	<b>24 N.m</b>
---------------------------------	---------------

earth cable nuts	<b>8 N.m</b>
------------------	--------------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (See **Wiring: Precautions for repair**) (88A, Wiring),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### IMPORTANT

To prevent any accidental triggering during an operation on or near to a passive safety component, apply the procedure for deactivating the safety systems (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners)

### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

### WARNING

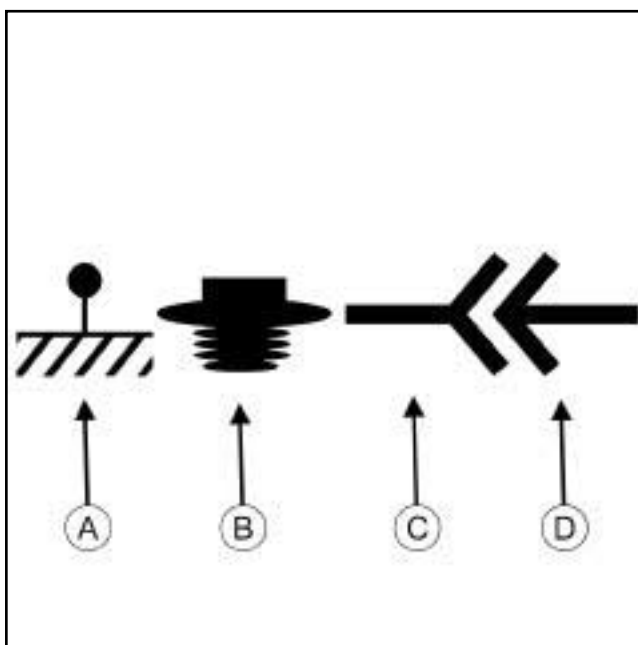
To prevent damage to the wiring harness when refitting, observe the original routing.

### WARNING

To prevent any damage to the connectors, consult the disconnection procedures (see **Connectors: Disconnection and reconnection**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

### Note:

For information on instrument connectors (see **Visu-Schéma**).



144441

- (A) Symbol for an earth
- (B) Symbol for a mounting (clip, clamp, etc.)
- (C) Symbol for a female connector (connection of 2 wires)
- (D) Symbol for a male connector (connection of 2 wires)

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

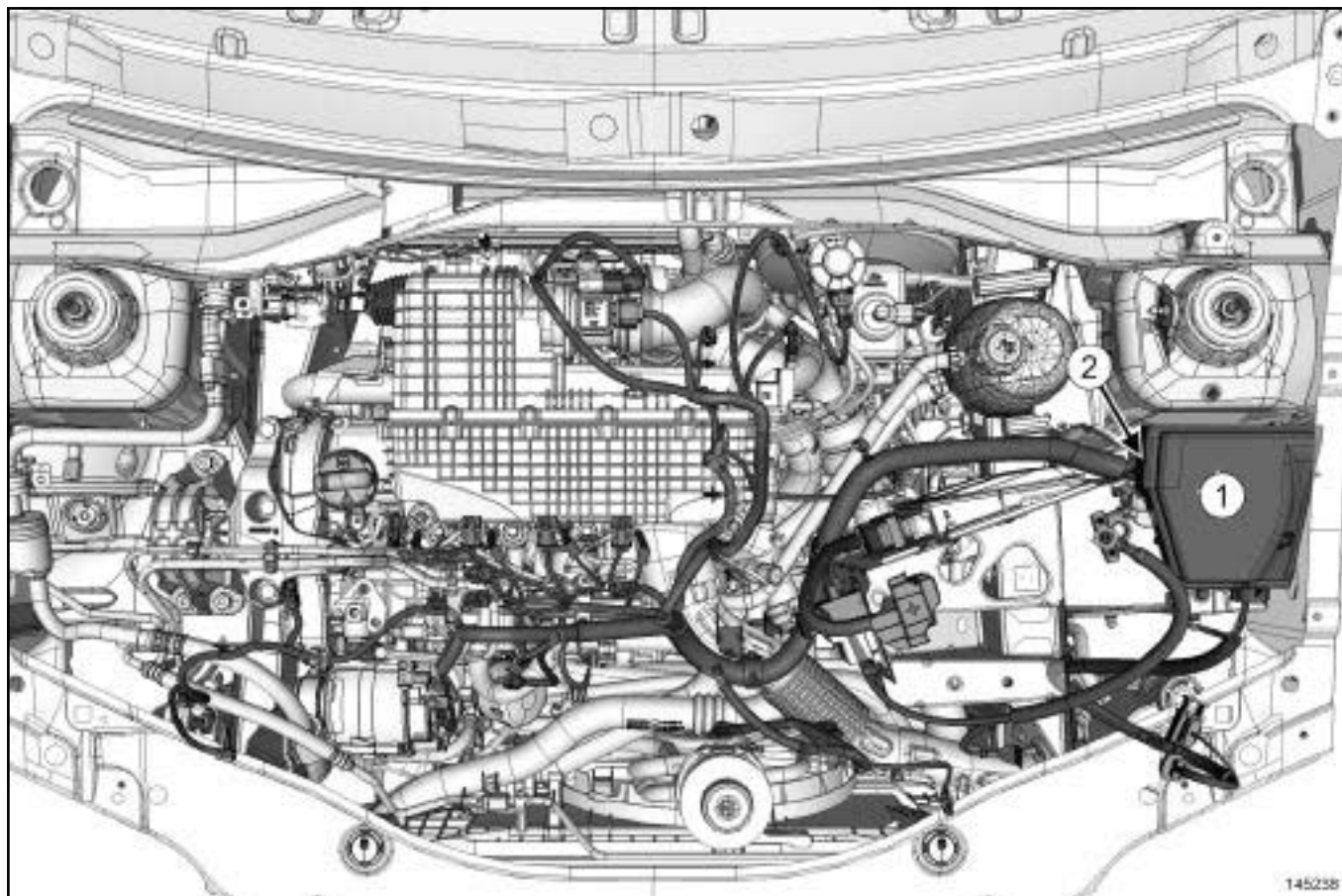
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K9K, and 796



145238

### Remove:

- the cover to access the engine compartment fuse and relay box (1) ,
- the closure component (2) of the engine compartment fuse and relay box,
- the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the right-hand headlight (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**) (80B, Headlights),
- the engine cover,
- the engine undertray bolts,
- the engine undertray.

#### Note:

Mark the position of the fuses and relays before removal.

- ### Unclip the fuse holders and the engine harness relays from their mountings.

### If replacing the engine wiring

- ### Remove the fuses.



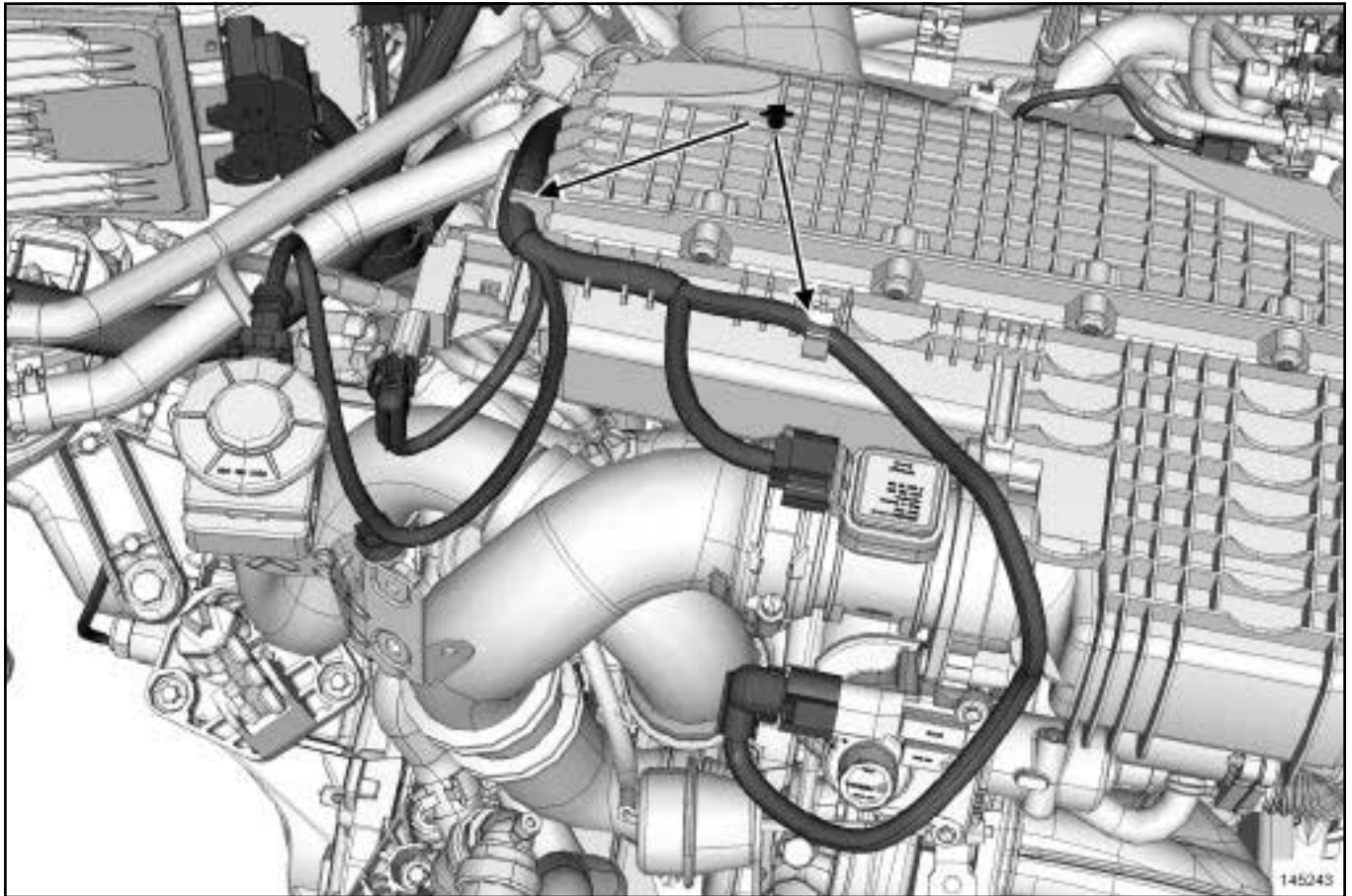
# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

88A

K9K, and 796

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145243

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the engine wiring where indicated.

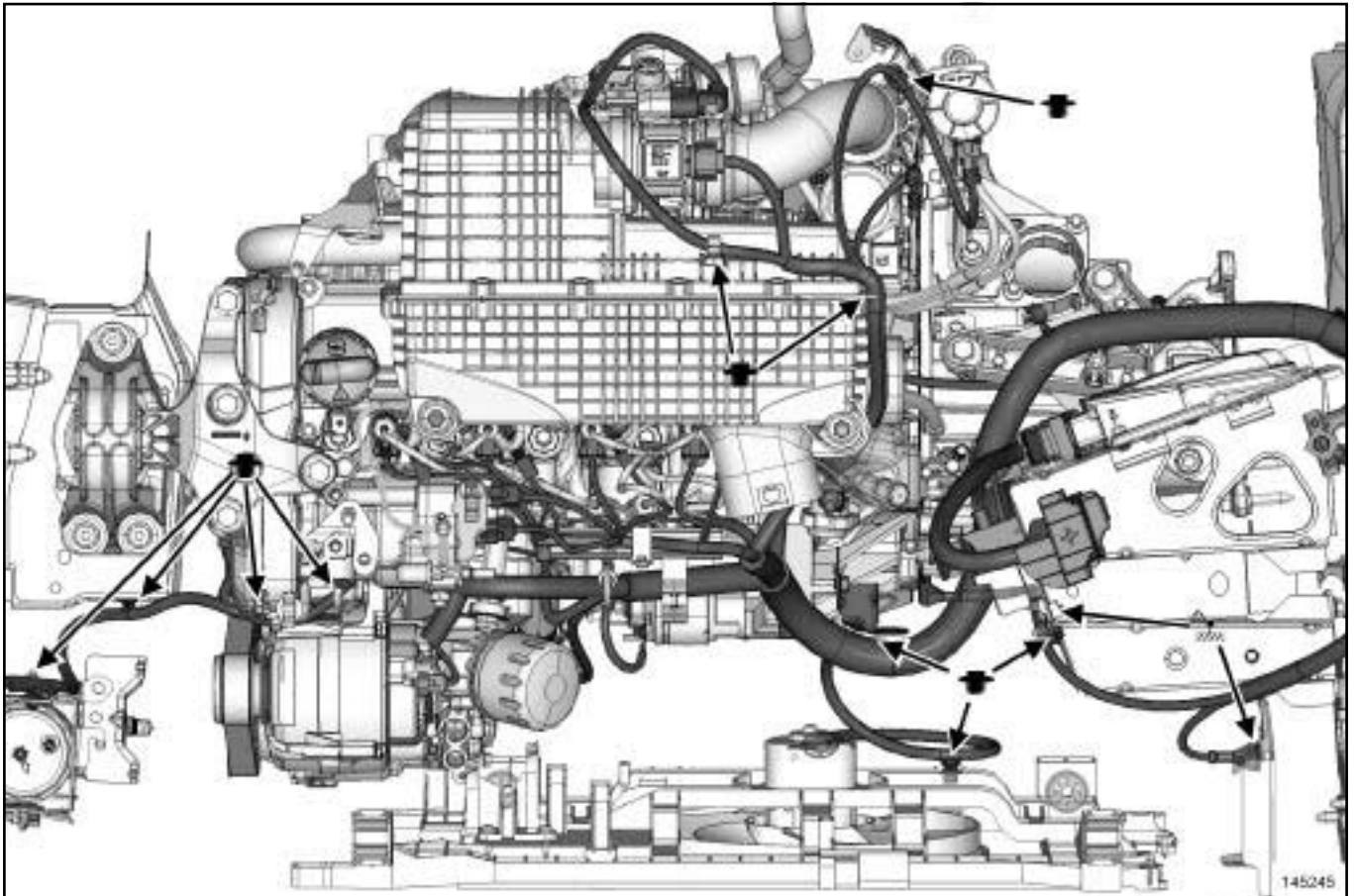
# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



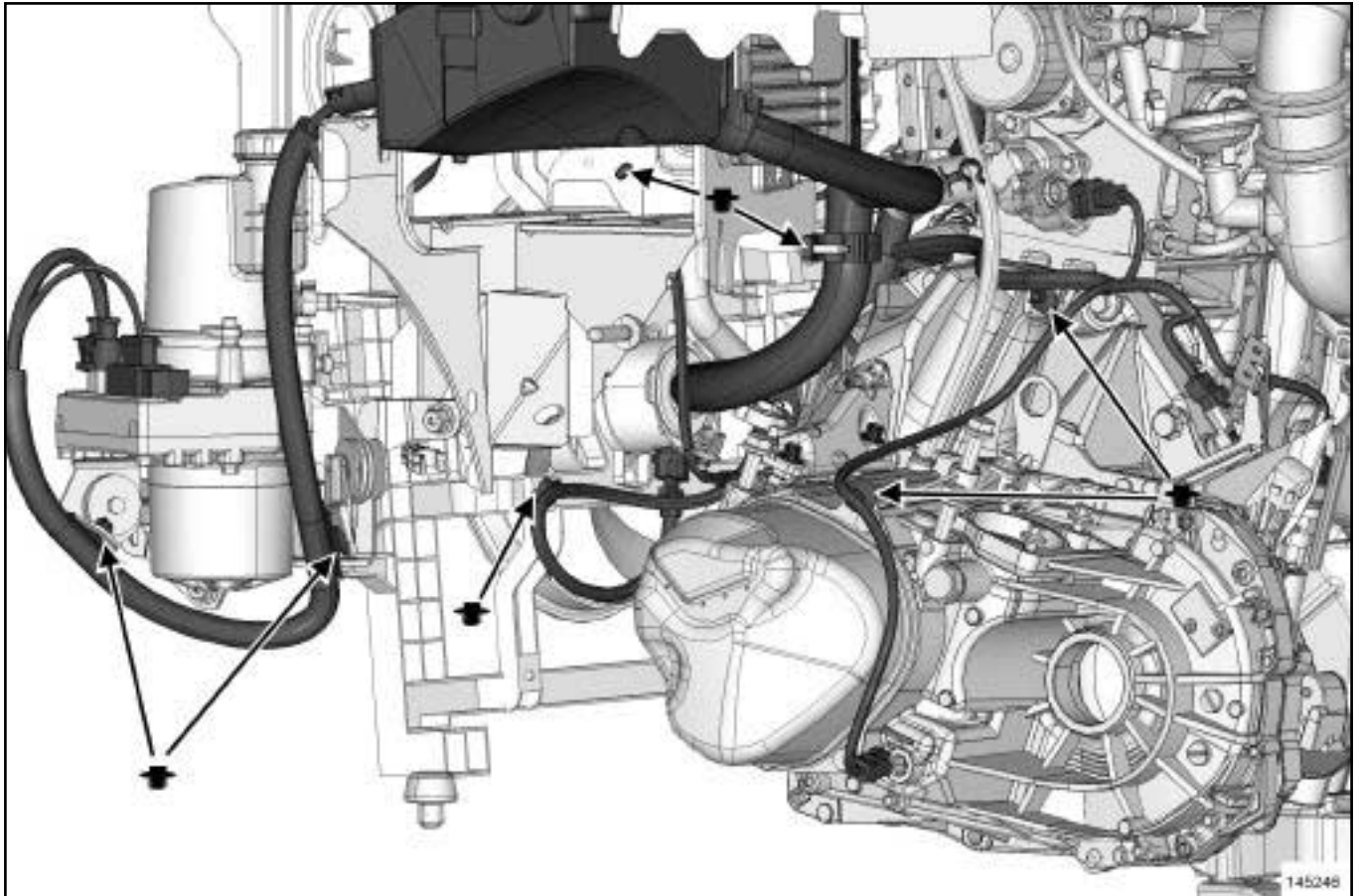
145245

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796



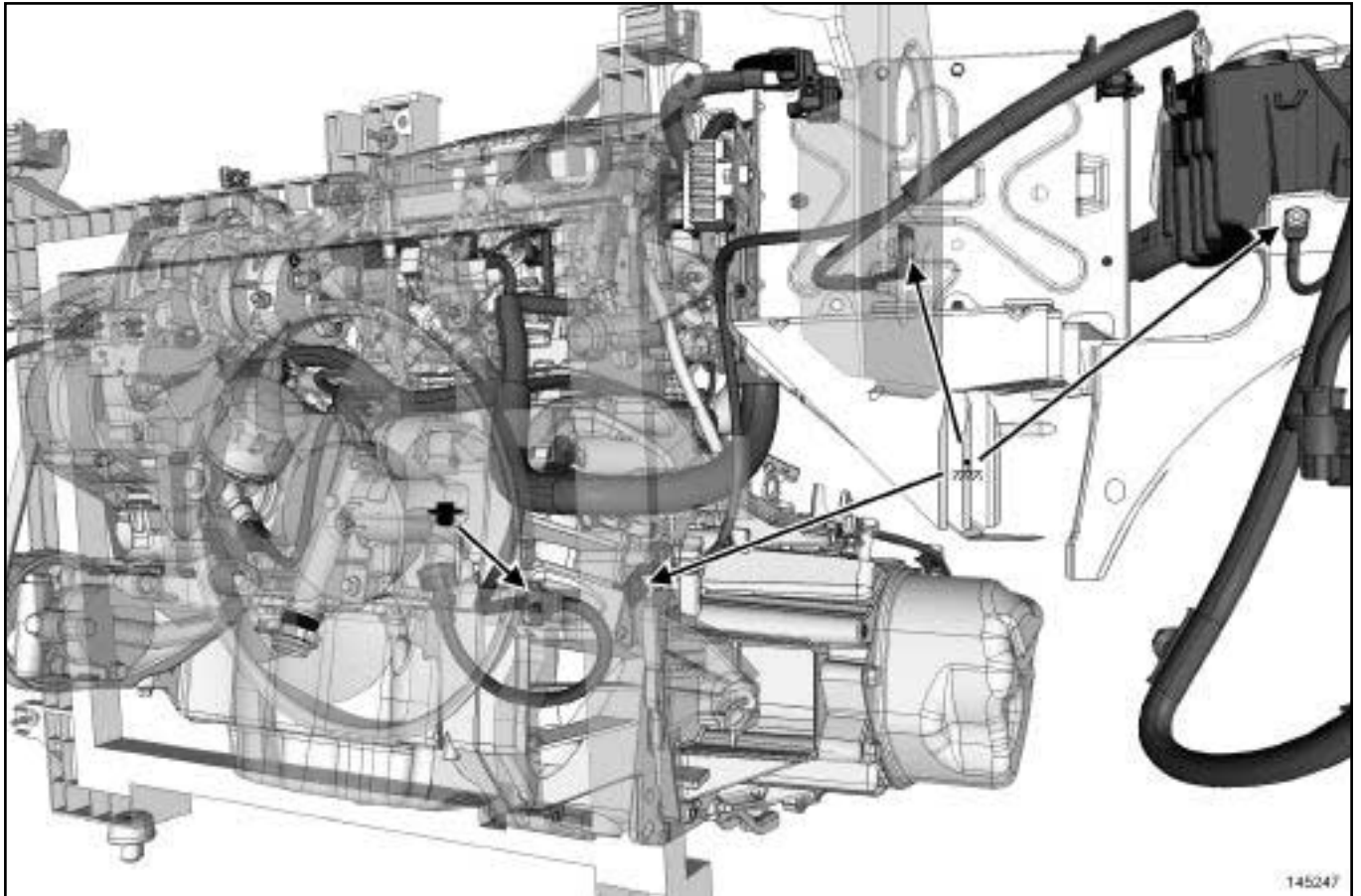
145246

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796



145247

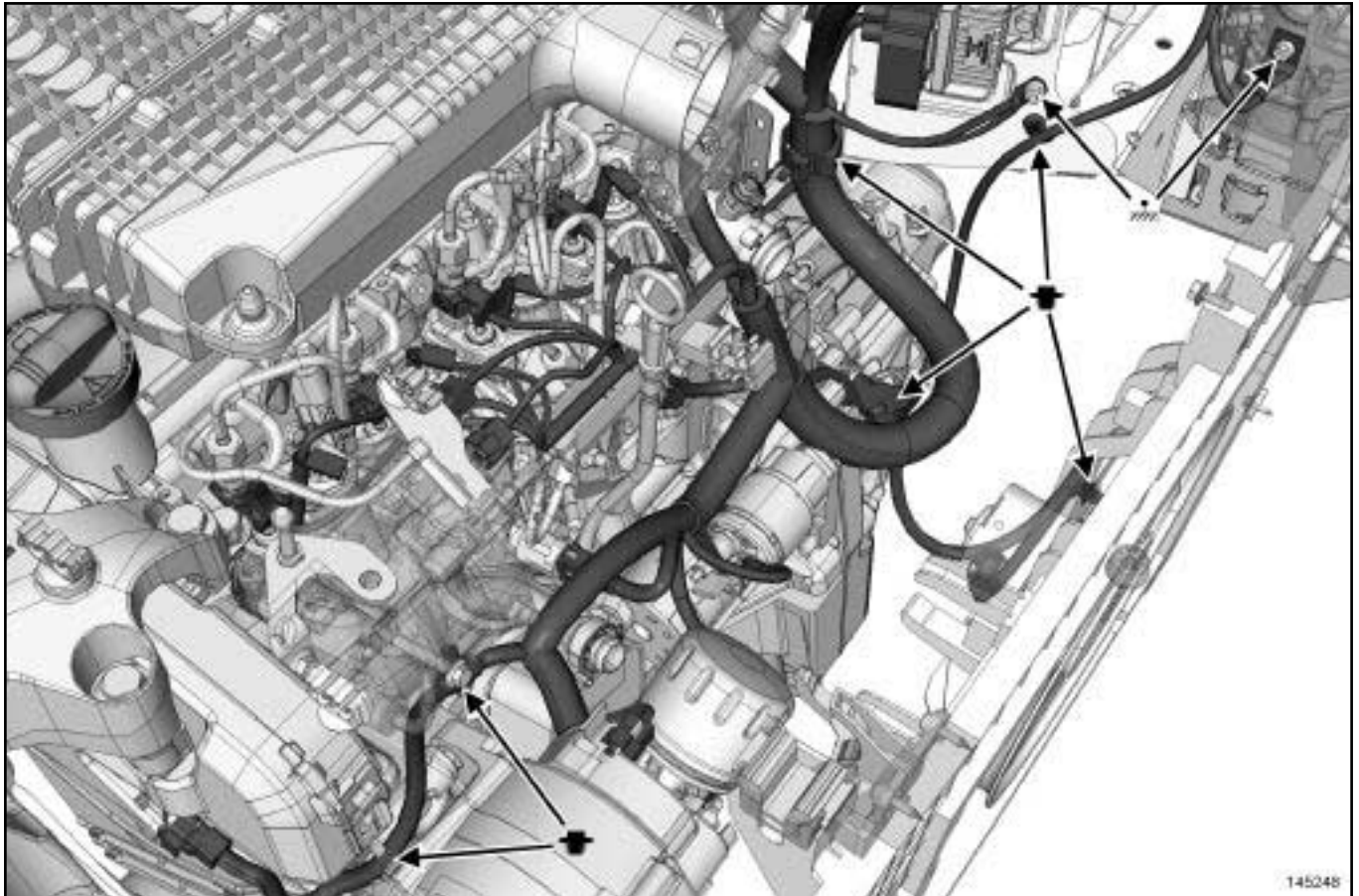
145247

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K9K, and 796



145248

145248

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the engine wiring where indicated.

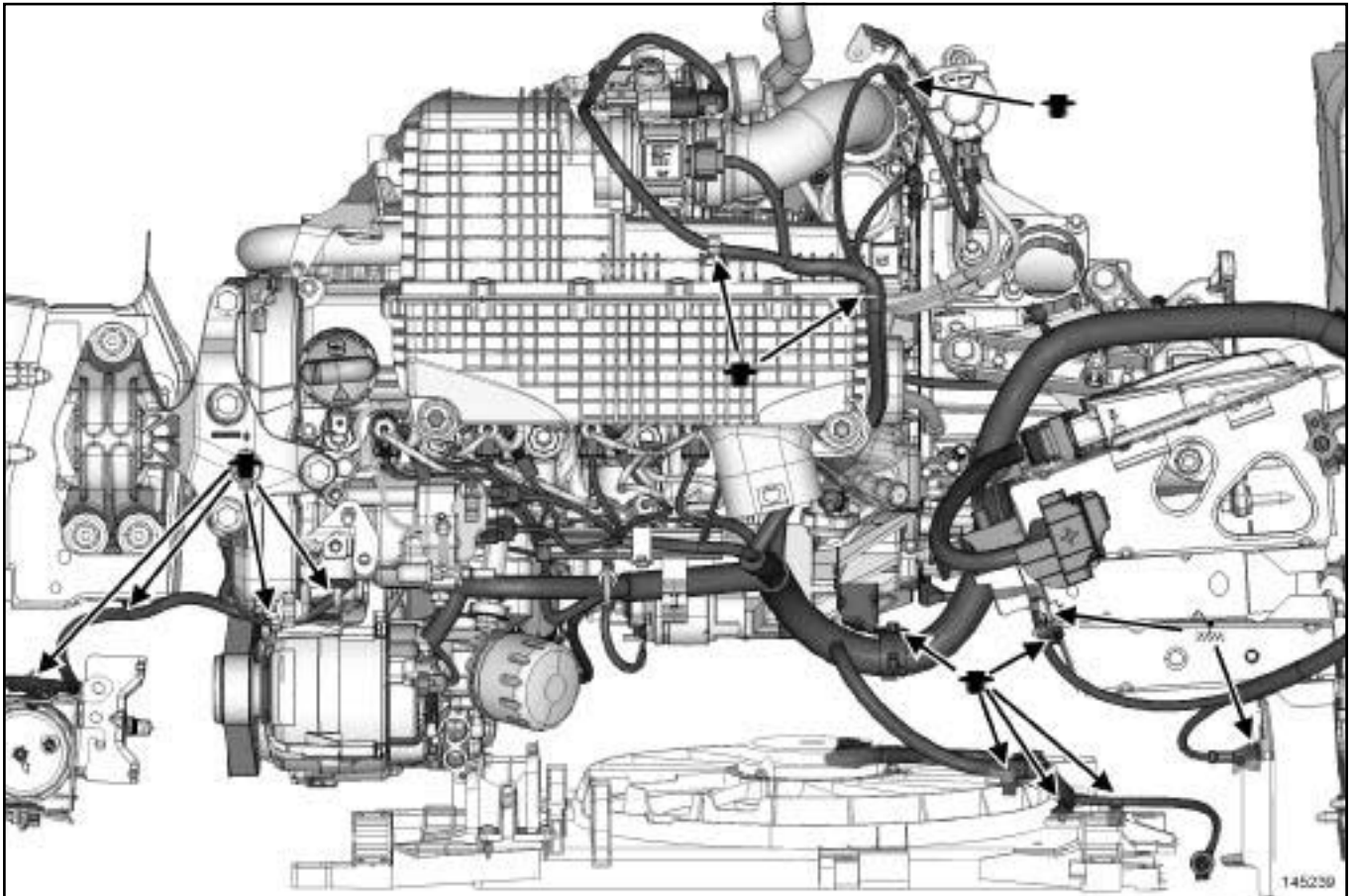
# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796

AIR CONDITIONING



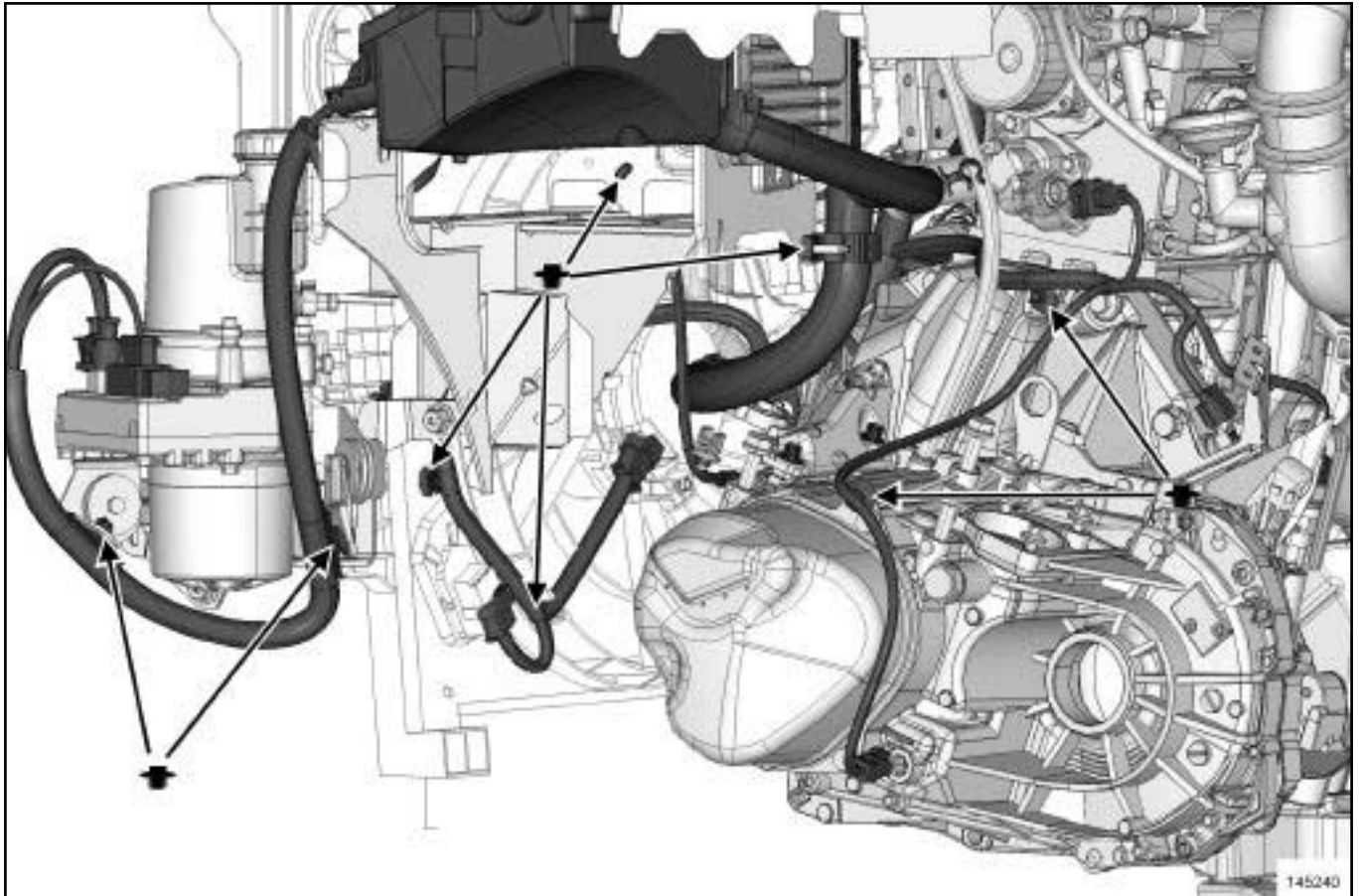
145239

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796



145240

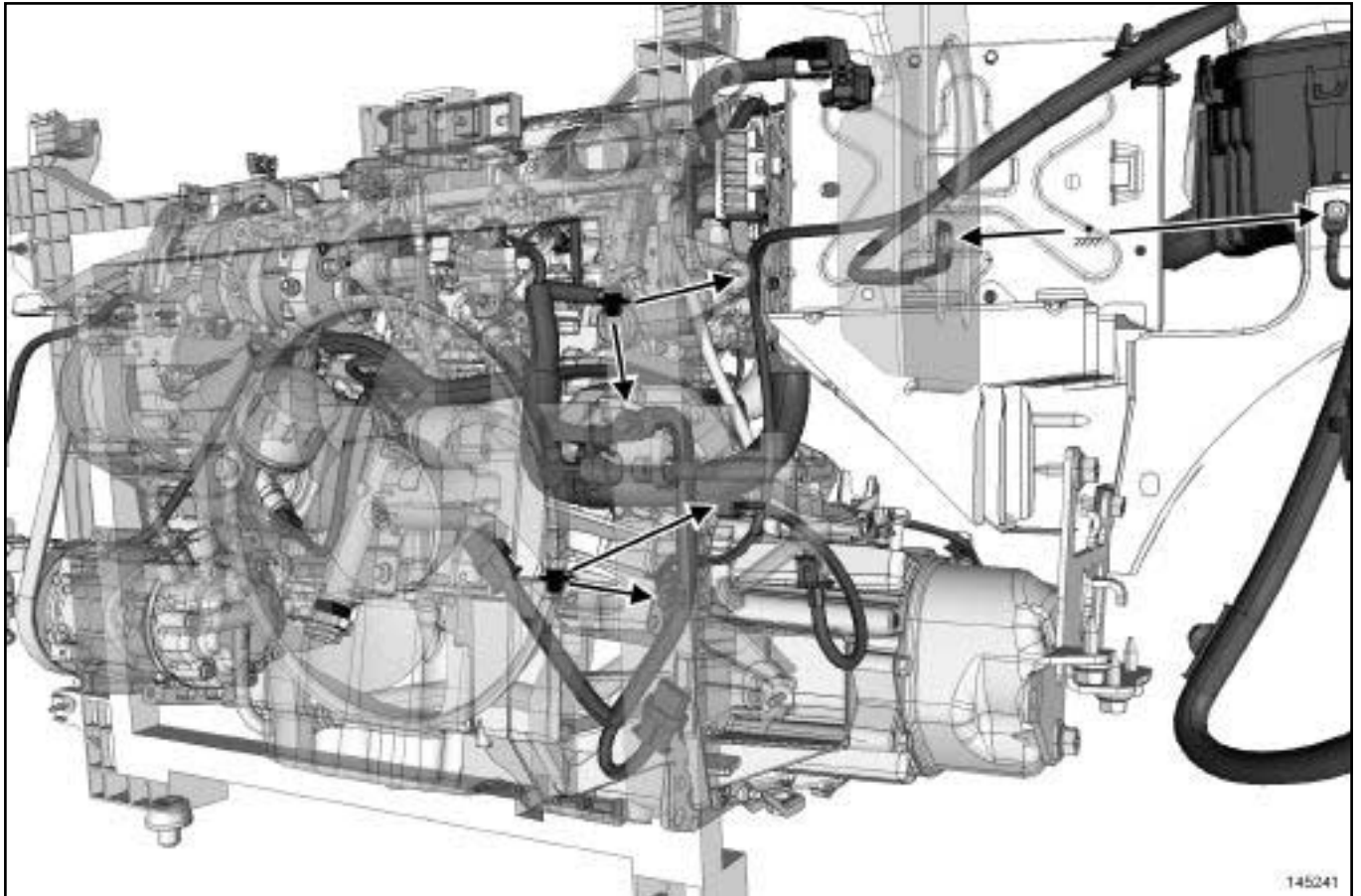


# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796



145241

145241

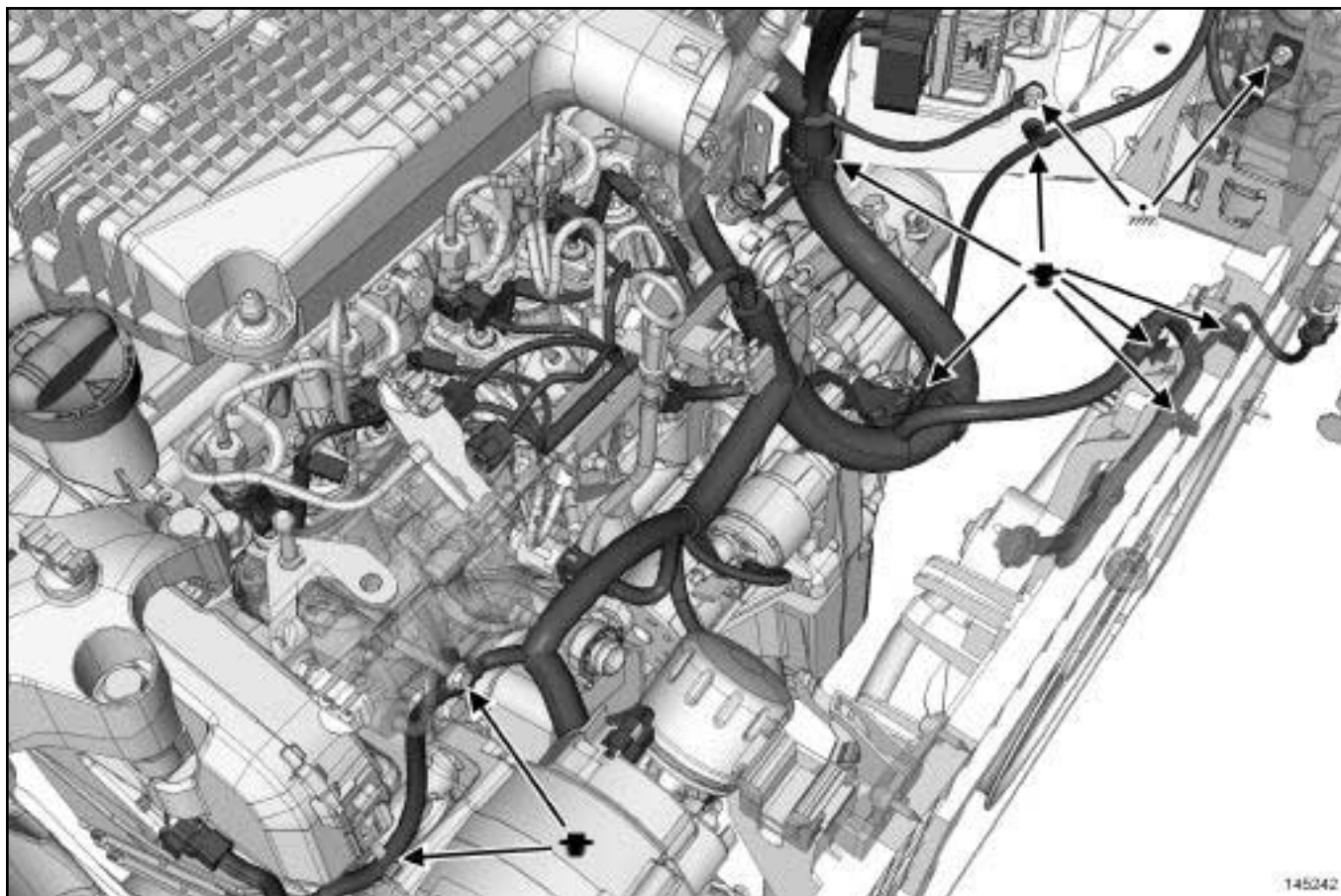


# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

# 88A

K9K, and 796



145242

145242

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the engine wiring where indicated.

Note:

Before removing the earth terminal, mark its position using a **indelible pencil** by drawing a line on the earth terminal and on the gearbox casing.

When reassembling, improper positioning of the earth terminal on the gearbox casing could result in damage to the earth terminal or earth wiring.

- Remove the earth terminals.

### WARNING

To prevent any damage during the removal operation, check that the wiring is free from its mountings (retaining clip, plastic clip, adhesive tape, connector, etc.).

- Remove the engine wiring.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### If replacing the engine wiring

- Refit the fuses.
- If replacing with a complete wiring harness, lock the unused connectors (see **Connectors: Sealing and locking**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Note:

Refit the earth terminal, aligning the indelible marks on the gearbox casing.

When reassembling, improper positioning of the earth terminal on the gearbox casing could result in damage to the earth terminal or earth wiring.

- Torque tighten:
  - the **manual gearbox earth cable bolt (24 N.m)**,

# WIRING HARNESS

## Engine wiring: Removal - Refitting

**88A**

K9K, and 796

- the **earth cable nuts (8 N.m)**.

- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

### III - TEST OPERATION

- Switch on the ignition.
- Connect the **Diagnostic tool**.
- Check that there are no faults.

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

earth nuts

8 N.m

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (See **Wiring: Precautions for repair**) (88A, Wiring),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### IMPORTANT

To prevent any accidental triggering during an operation on or near to a passive safety component, apply the procedure for deactivating the safety systems (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Air bag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners)

### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

### WARNING

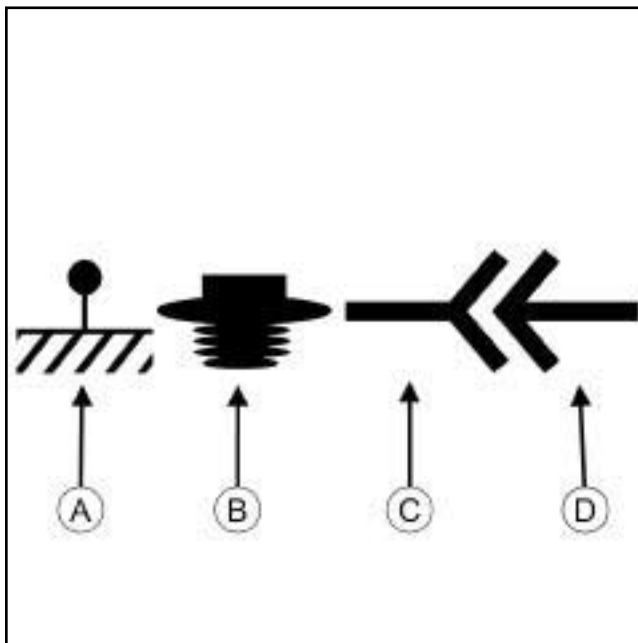
To prevent damage to the wiring harness when refitting, observe the original routing.

### WARNING

To prevent any damage to the connectors, consult the disconnection procedures (see **Connectors: Disconnection and reconnection**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

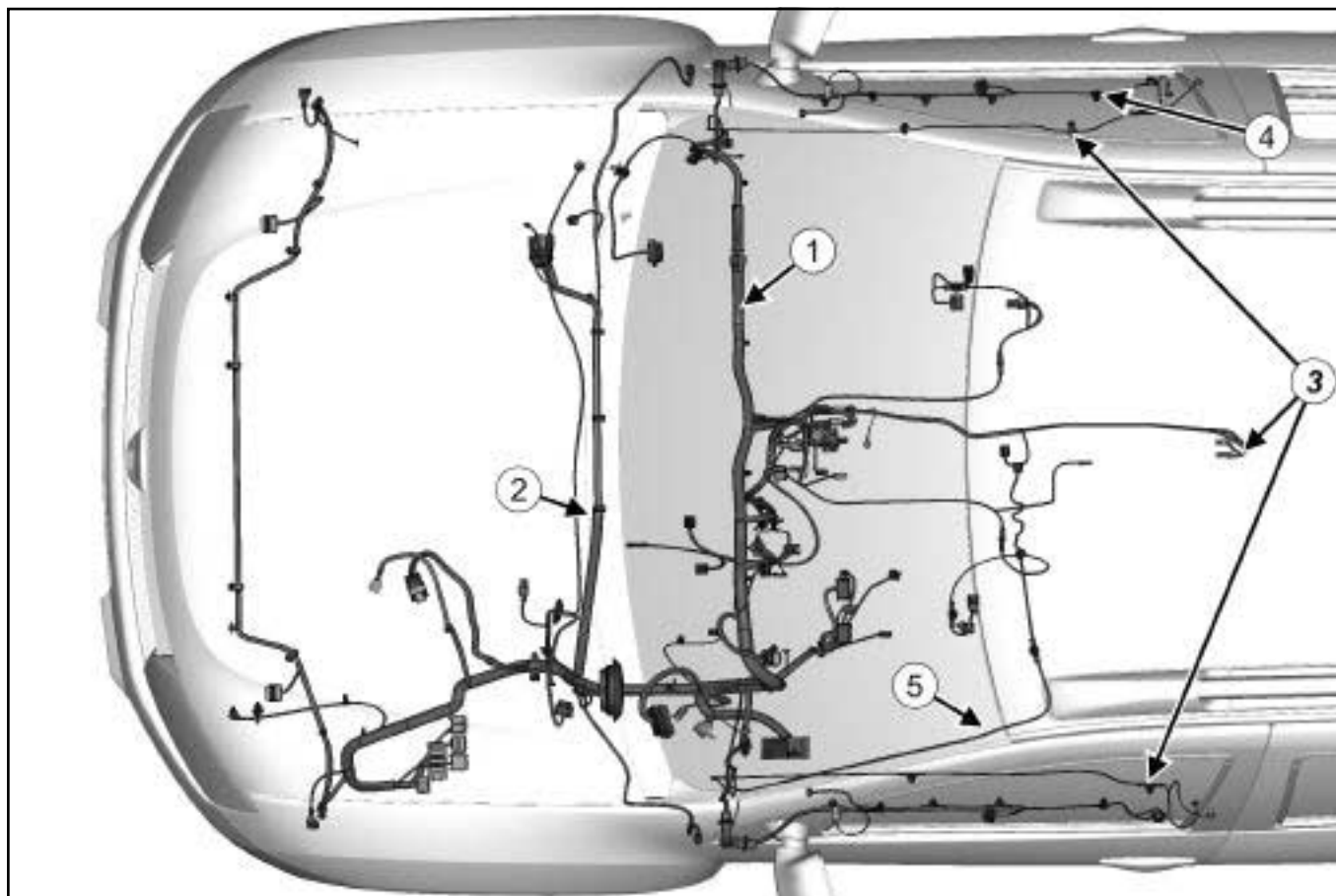
Note:

For information on instrument connectors (see **Visu-Schéma**).



144441

- (A) Symbol for an earth
- (B) Symbol for a mounting (clip, clamp, etc.)
- (C) Symbol for a female connector (connection of 2 wires)
- (D) Symbol for a male connector (connection of 2 wires)



144392

- (1) Passenger compartment front wiring section on the dashboard cross member
- (2) Passenger compartment front wiring section in the engine compartment
- (3) Passenger compartment front wiring section on the floor
- (4) Passenger compartment front wiring section in the front doors
- (5) Passenger compartment front wiring section in the roof

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

### 1 - Passenger compartment front wiring section on the dashboard cross member

- Remove the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

### 2 - Passenger compartment front wiring section in the engine compartment.

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove:
  - the scuttle panel grille,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the headlights (see **80B, Headlights, Headlight assembly: Exploded view**, page **80B-1**) (80B, Headlights),
  - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection),
  - the engine compartment fuse and relay box cover,
  - the expansion bottle (see **Expansion bottle: Removal - Refitting**) (19A, Cooling).

## Passenger compartment front wiring: Removal - Refitting

### 3 - Passenger compartment front wiring section on the floor

Remove:

- the front seats (see **Front seat assembly: Exploded view**) (75A, Front seat frames and mechanisms),
- the central console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
- the floor carpet (see **Roof trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim),
- the B-pillar trim (see **Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim).

### 4 - Passenger compartment front wiring section in the front doors

Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

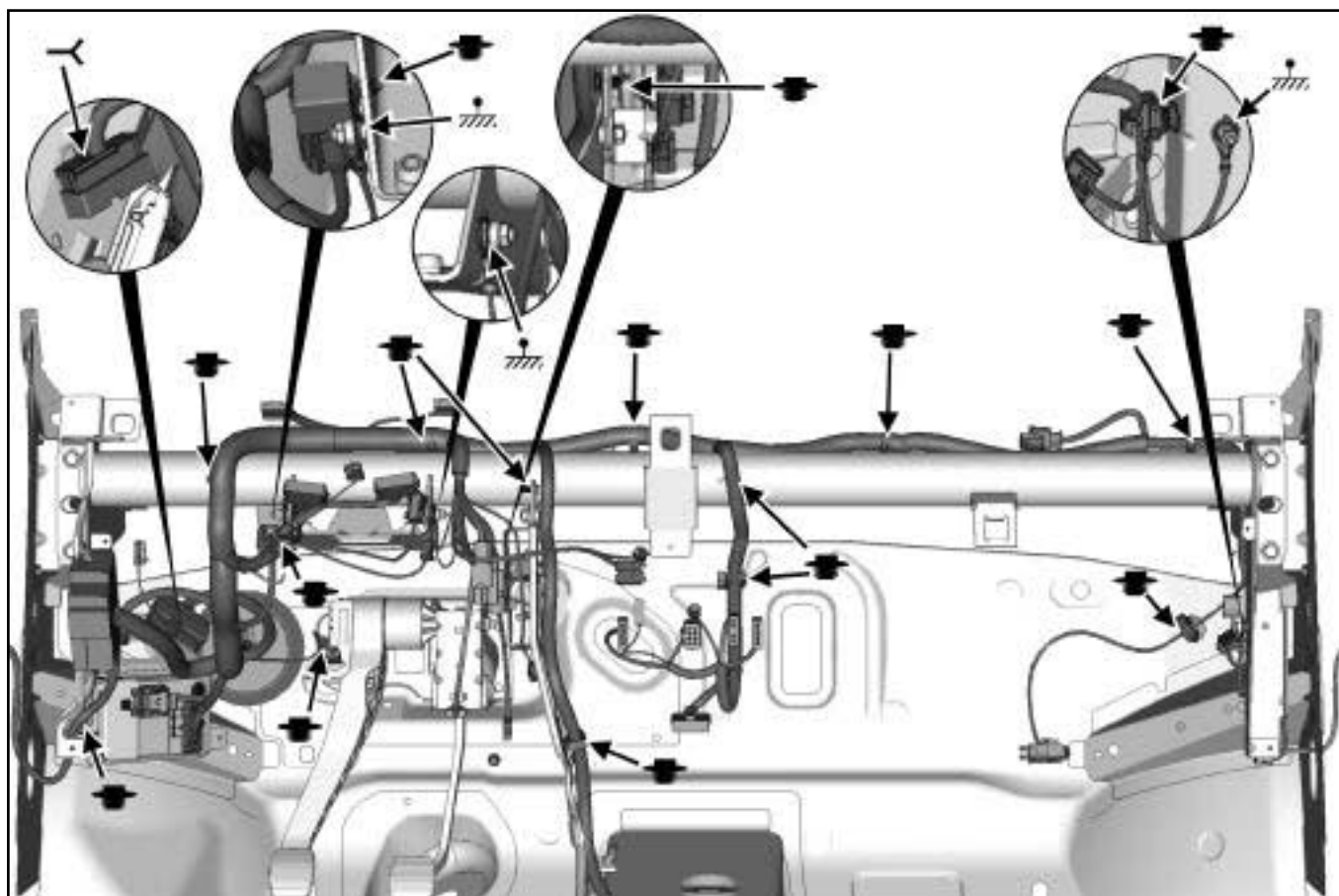
### 5 - Passenger compartment front wiring section in the roof

Remove:

- the windscreen pillar trim (see **Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim).
- the headlining partially (see **Roof trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim).

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

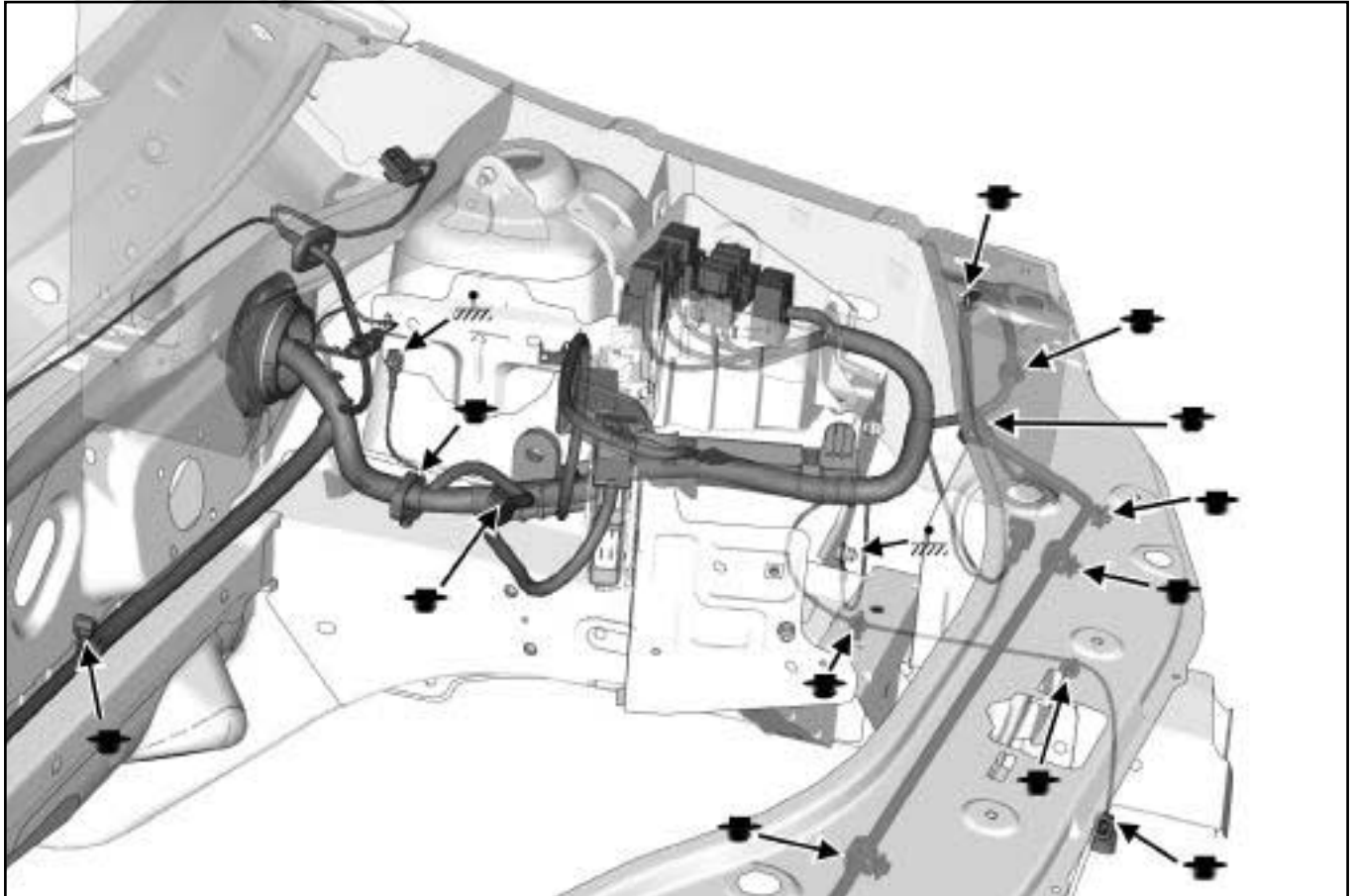
### 1 - Passenger compartment front wiring section on the dashboard cross member



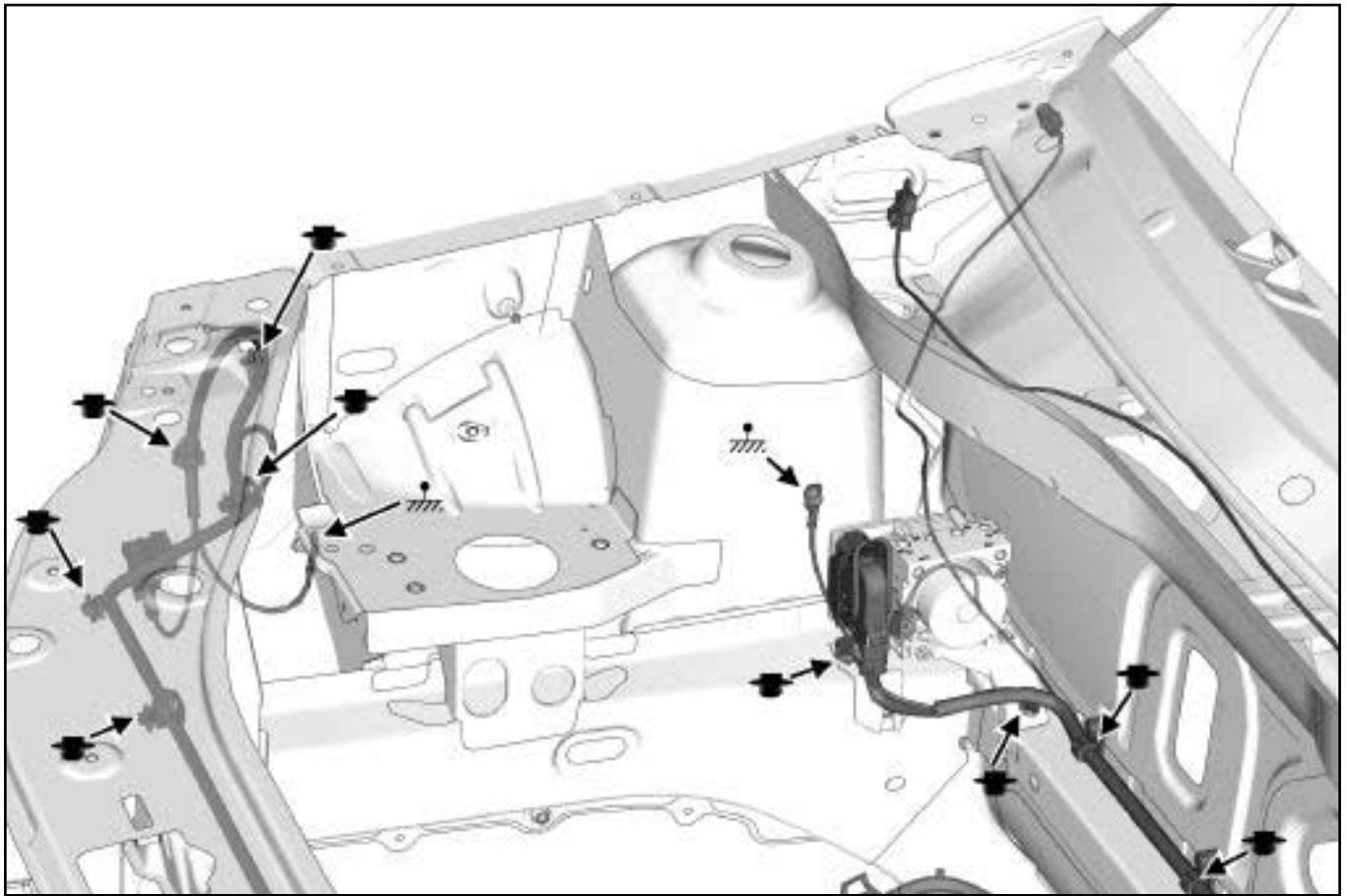
144393

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

2 - Passenger compartment front wiring section in the engine compartment



144397

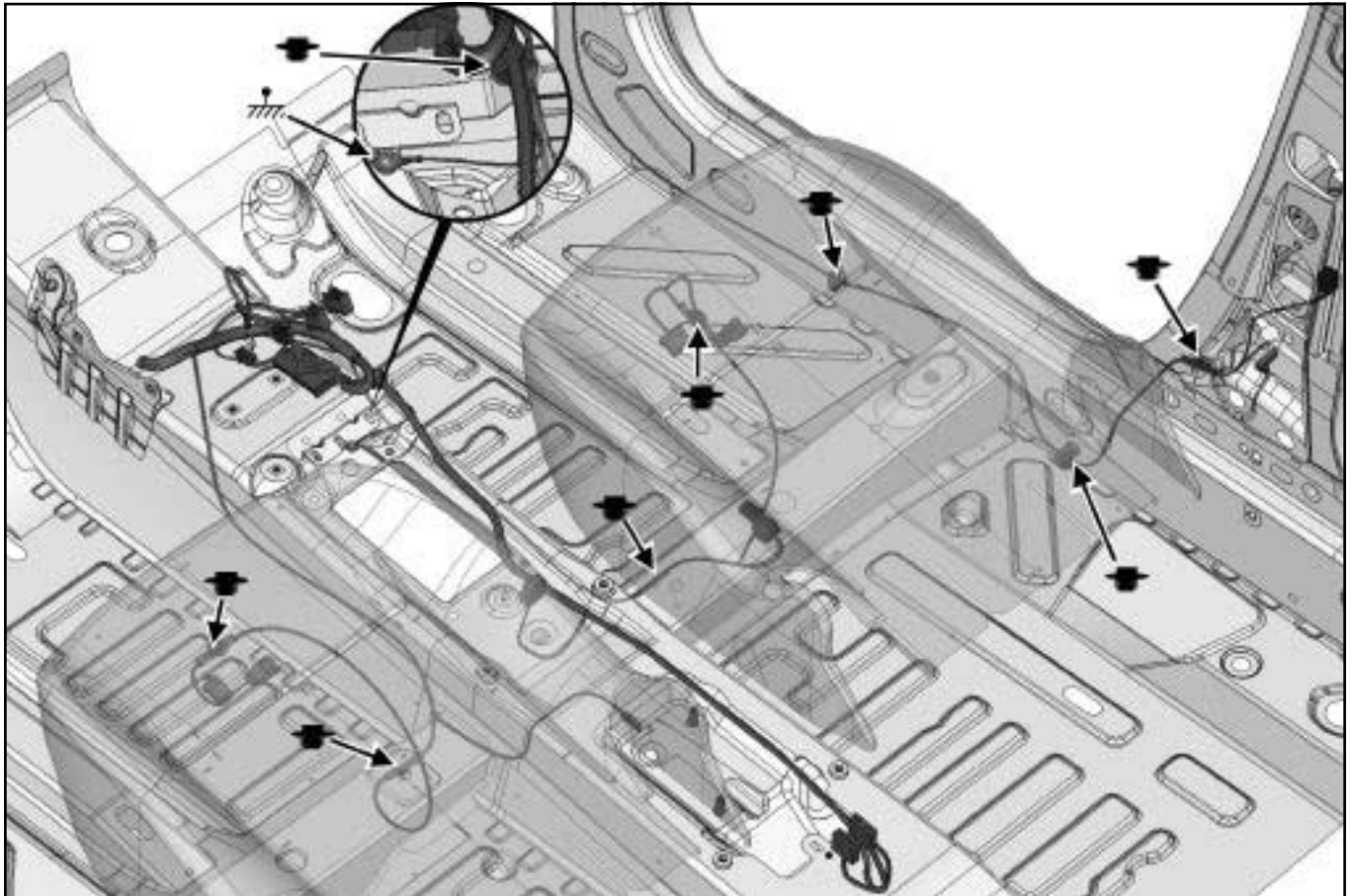


144398

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

## Passenger compartment front wiring: Removal - Refitting

### 3 - Passenger compartment front wiring section on the floor

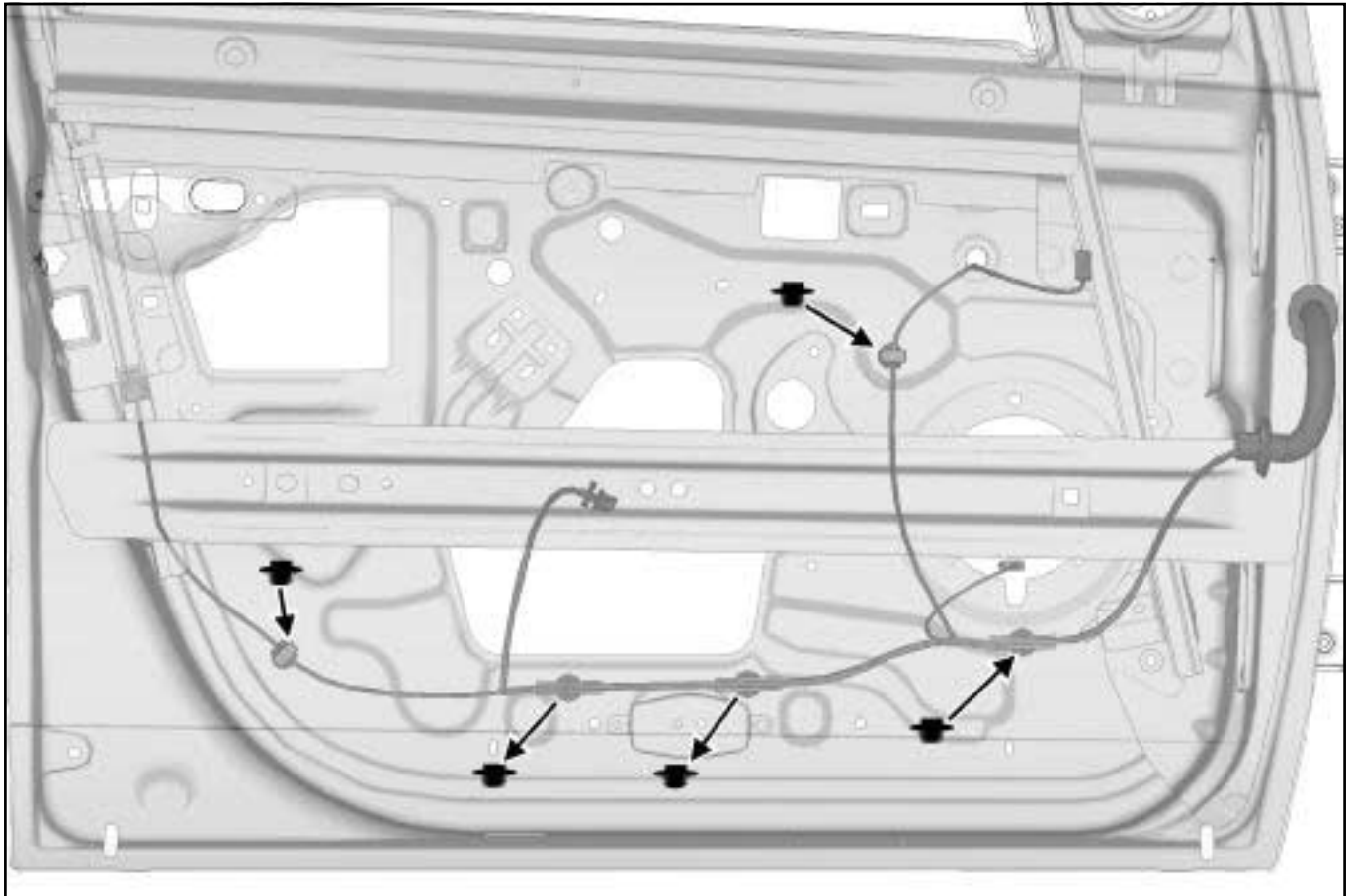


144394

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.



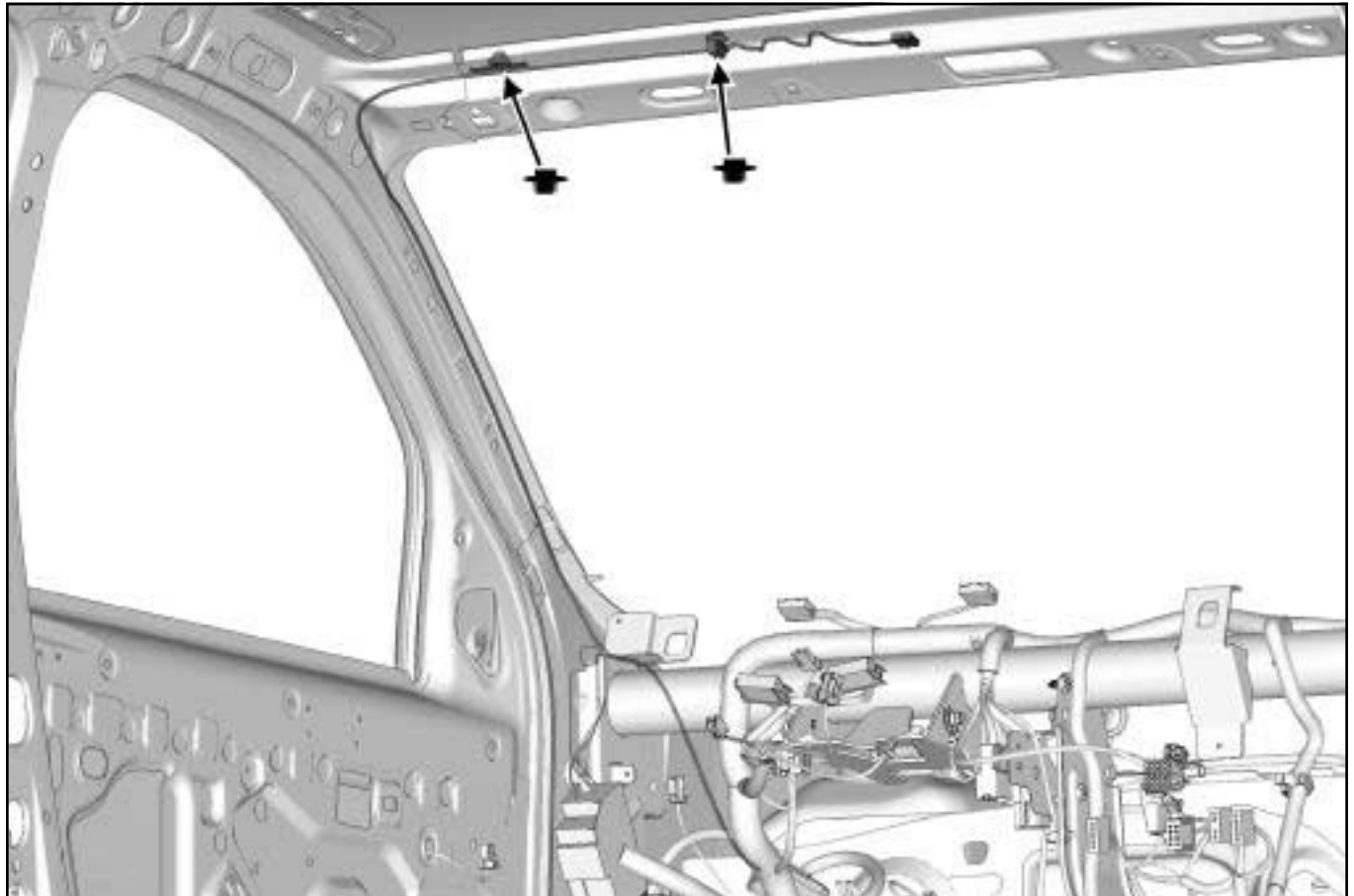
### 4 - Passenger compartment front wiring section on the floor



144396

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

### 5 - Passenger compartment front wiring section in the roof



144399

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **earth nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).
- Unlock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

### Tightening torques

earth nuts	8 N.m
------------	-------

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (See **Wiring: Precautions for repair**) (88A, Wiring),
- (see **Vehicle: Precautions for repair**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

### IMPORTANT

To prevent any accidental triggering during an operation on or near to a passive safety component, apply the procedure for deactivating the safety systems (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Air bag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners)

### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

### WARNING

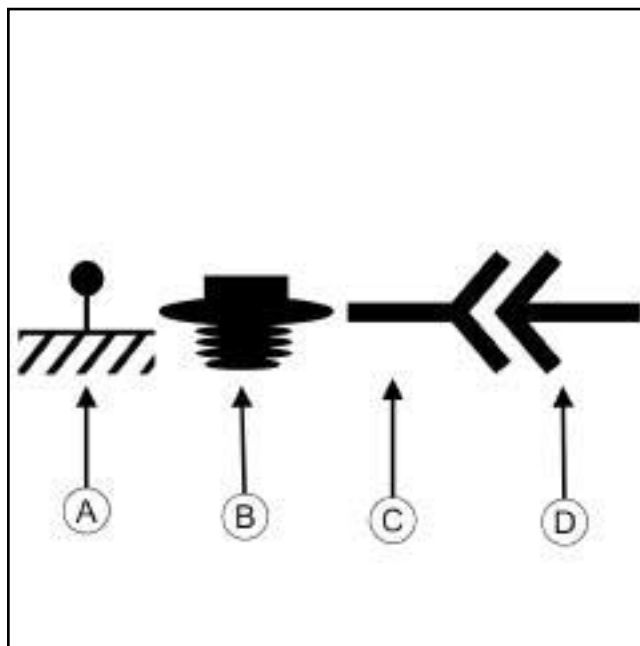
To prevent damage to the wiring harness when refitting, observe the original routing.

### WARNING

To prevent any damage to the connectors, consult the disconnection procedures (see **Connectors: Disconnection and reconnection**) (Technical Note 6015A, 88A, Wiring).

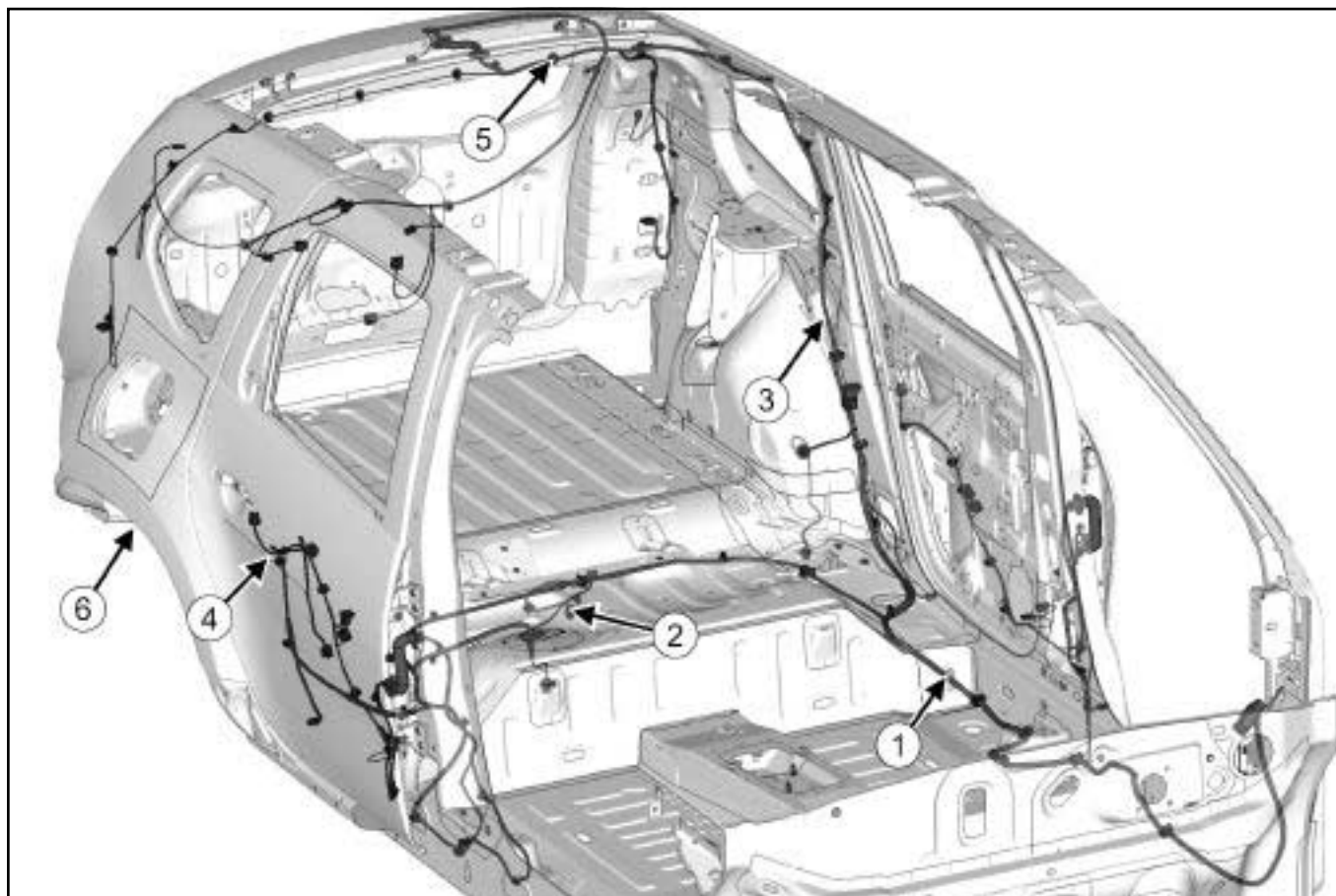
Note:

For information on instrument connectors (see **Visu-Schéma**).



144441

- (A) Symbol for an earth
- (B) Symbol for a mounting (clip, clamp, etc.)
- (C) Symbol for a female connector (connection of 2 wires)
- (D) Symbol for a male connector (connection of 2 wires)



144400

- (1) Passenger compartment rear wiring section on the floor
- (2) Passenger compartment rear wiring section under the floor
- (3) Passenger compartment rear wiring section on the body
- (4) Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the rear doors
- (5) Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the tailgate
- (6) Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the wheel arches

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

#### 1 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section on the floor

- Remove:
  - the floor carpet (see **Roof trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim),
  - the B-pillar trim (see **Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim).
- Lift up the rear bench seat base.

#### 2 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section under the floor.

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Move the fuel tank away (see **Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting**) (19C, Tank).

#### 3 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section on the body

- Remove (see **Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim):
  - the C-pillar trims,
  - the parcel shelf side trims,

## Passenger compartment rear wiring: Removal - Refitting

- the upper C-pillar trims,
- the luggage compartment side trims.

- Partially remove the headlining (see **Roof trim assembly: Exploded view**) (71A, Body internal trim).

### 4 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the rear doors

- Remove the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).

### 5 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the tailgate

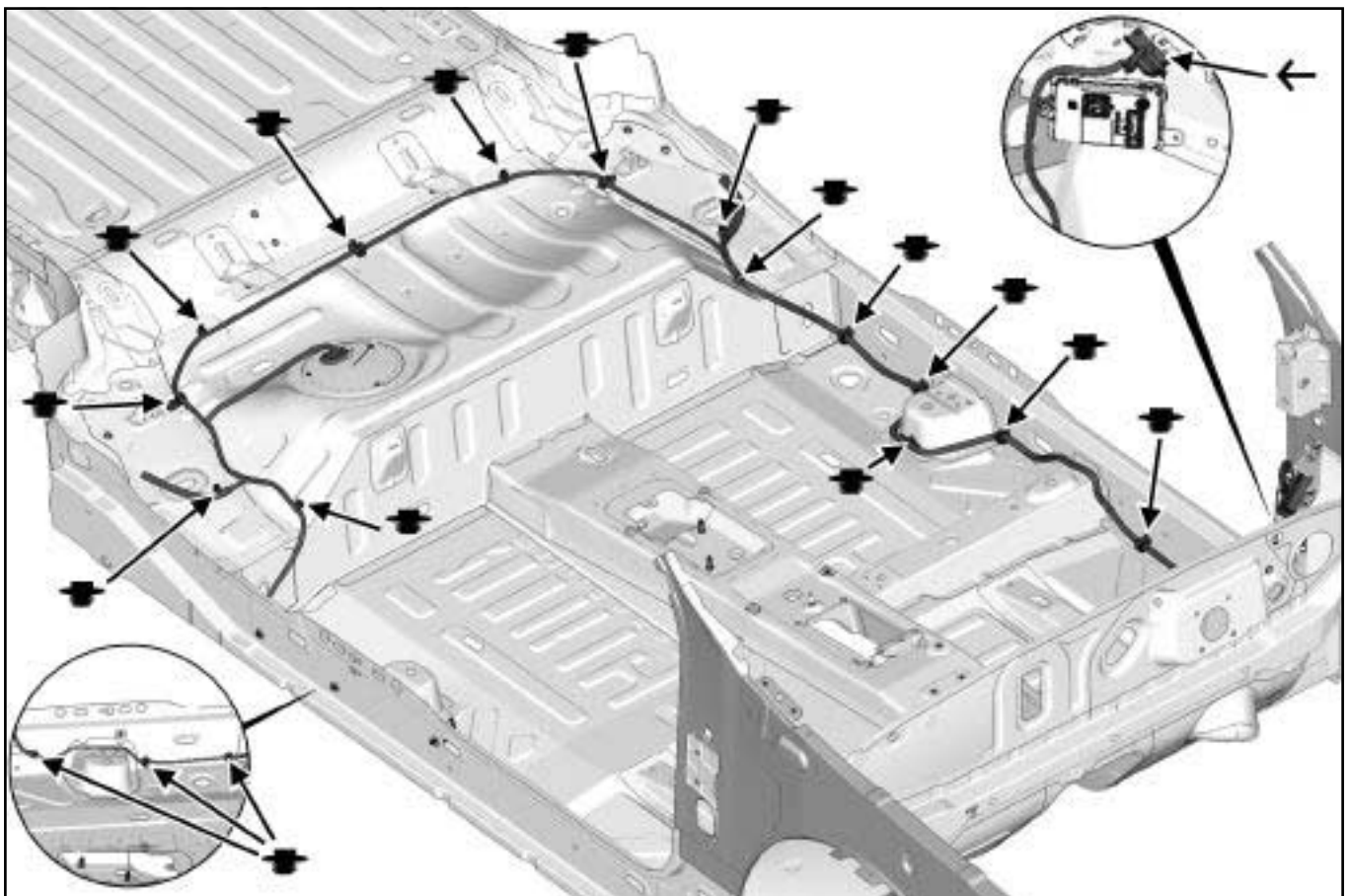
- Remove the tailgate trim (see ) (73A, Non-side opening elements trim).

### 6 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the wheel arches

- Remove:
  - the rear wheels (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres)
  - the ABS sensor cover.

## II - REMOVAL OPERATION

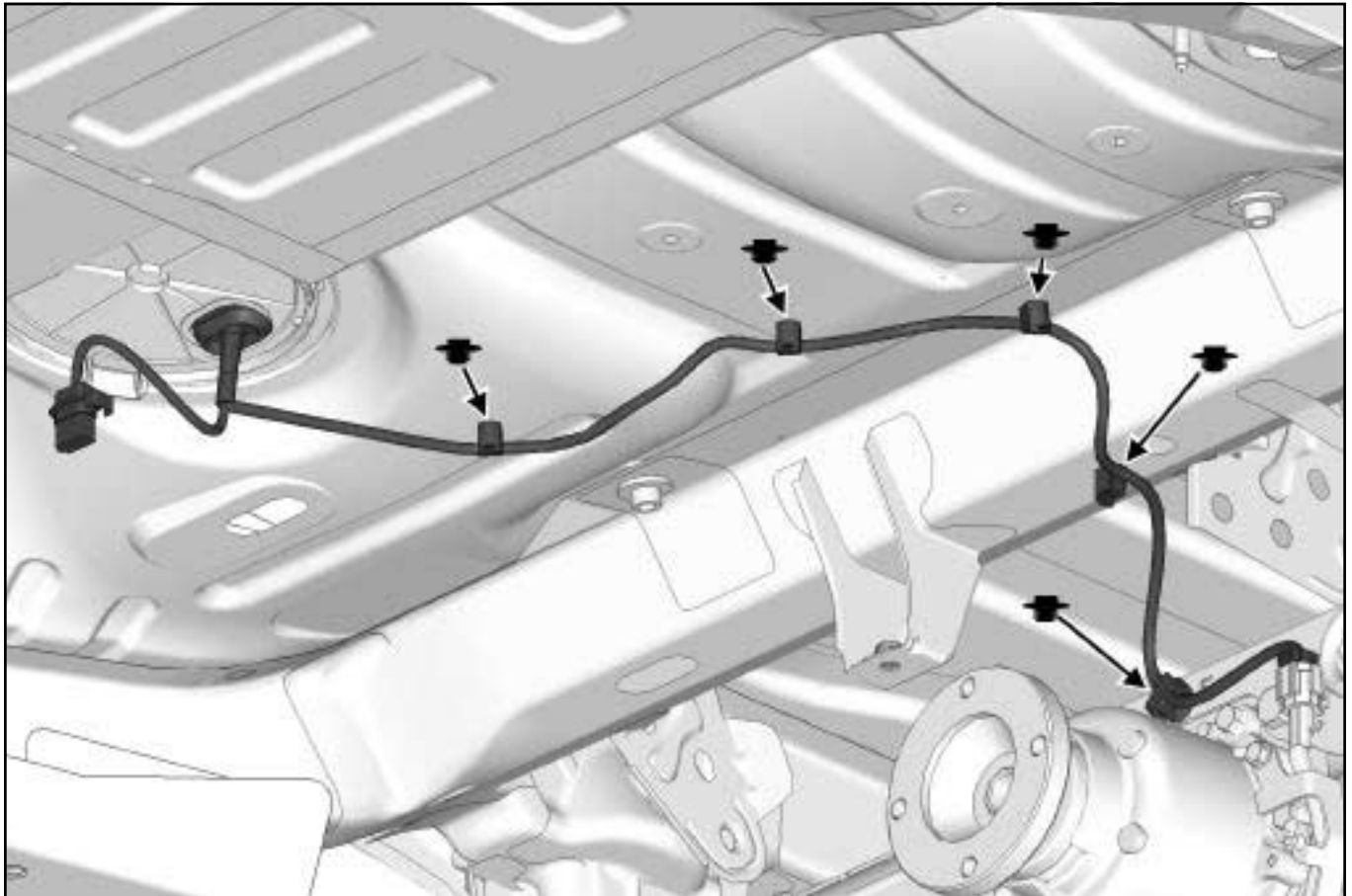
### 1 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section on the floor



144401

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

2 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section under the floor.



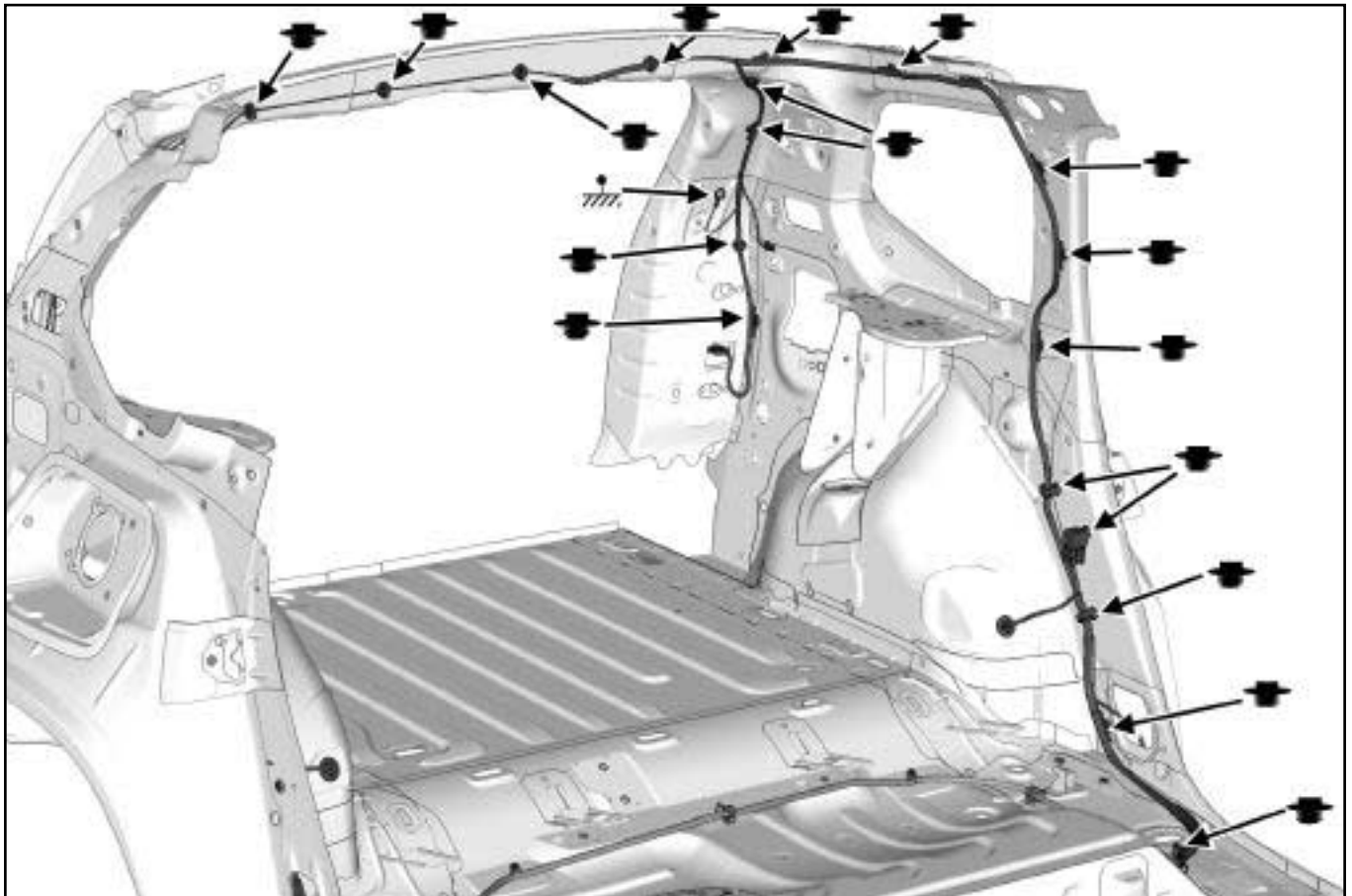
144406

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

## Passenger compartment rear wiring: Removal - Refitting

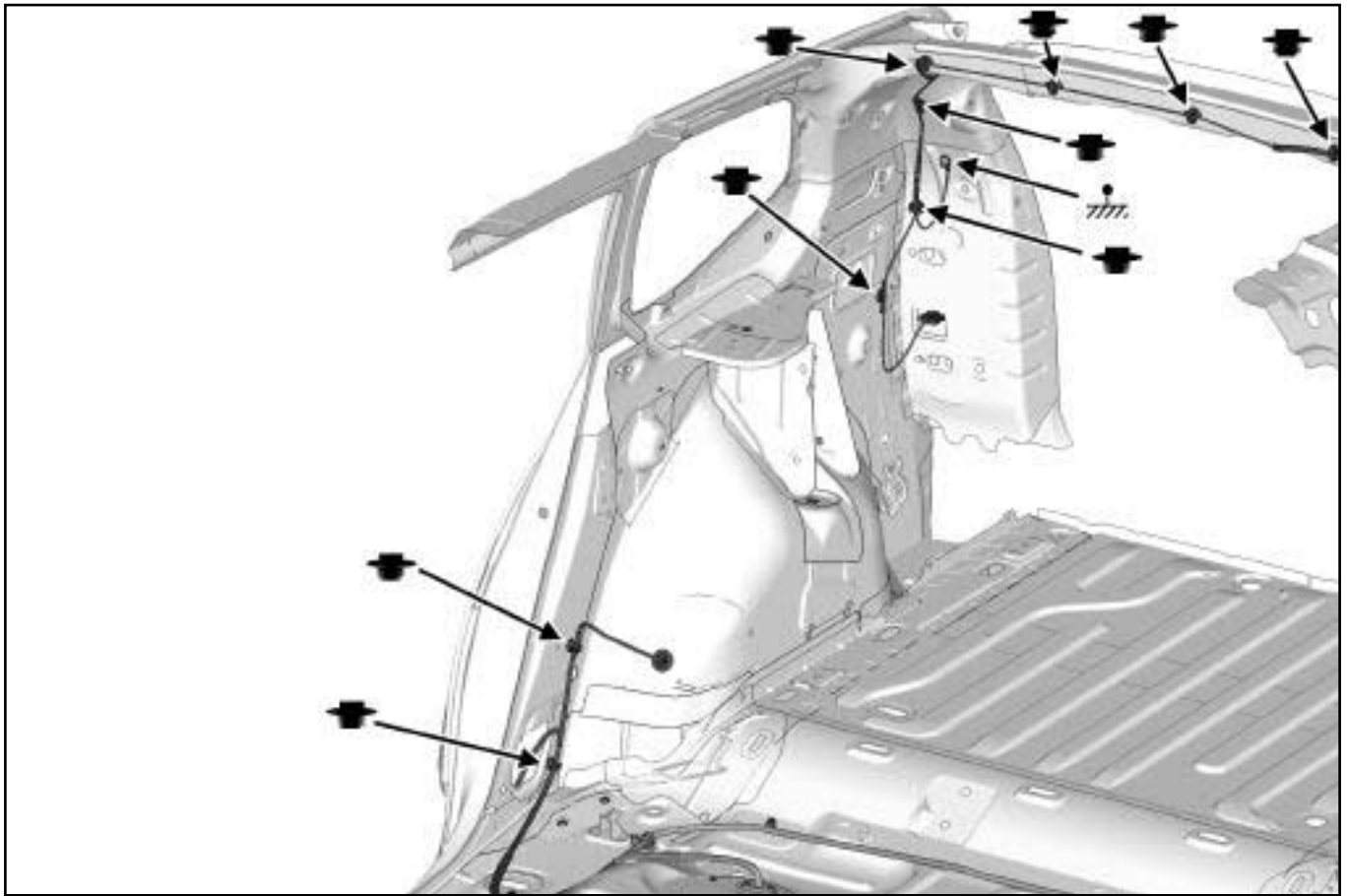
3 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section on the body

Left-hand side



144404

### Right-hand side



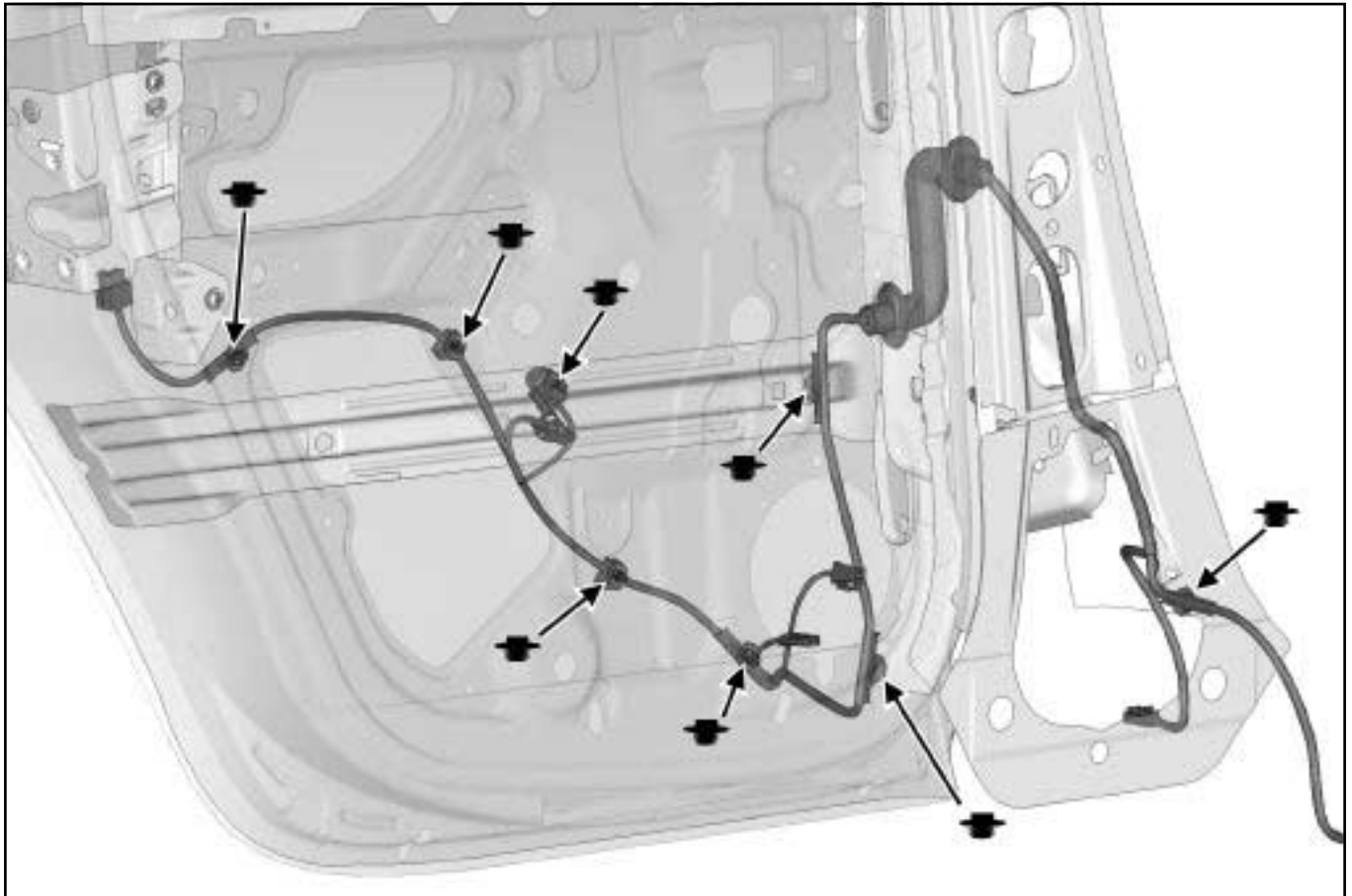
144408

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.



## Passenger compartment rear wiring: Removal - Refitting

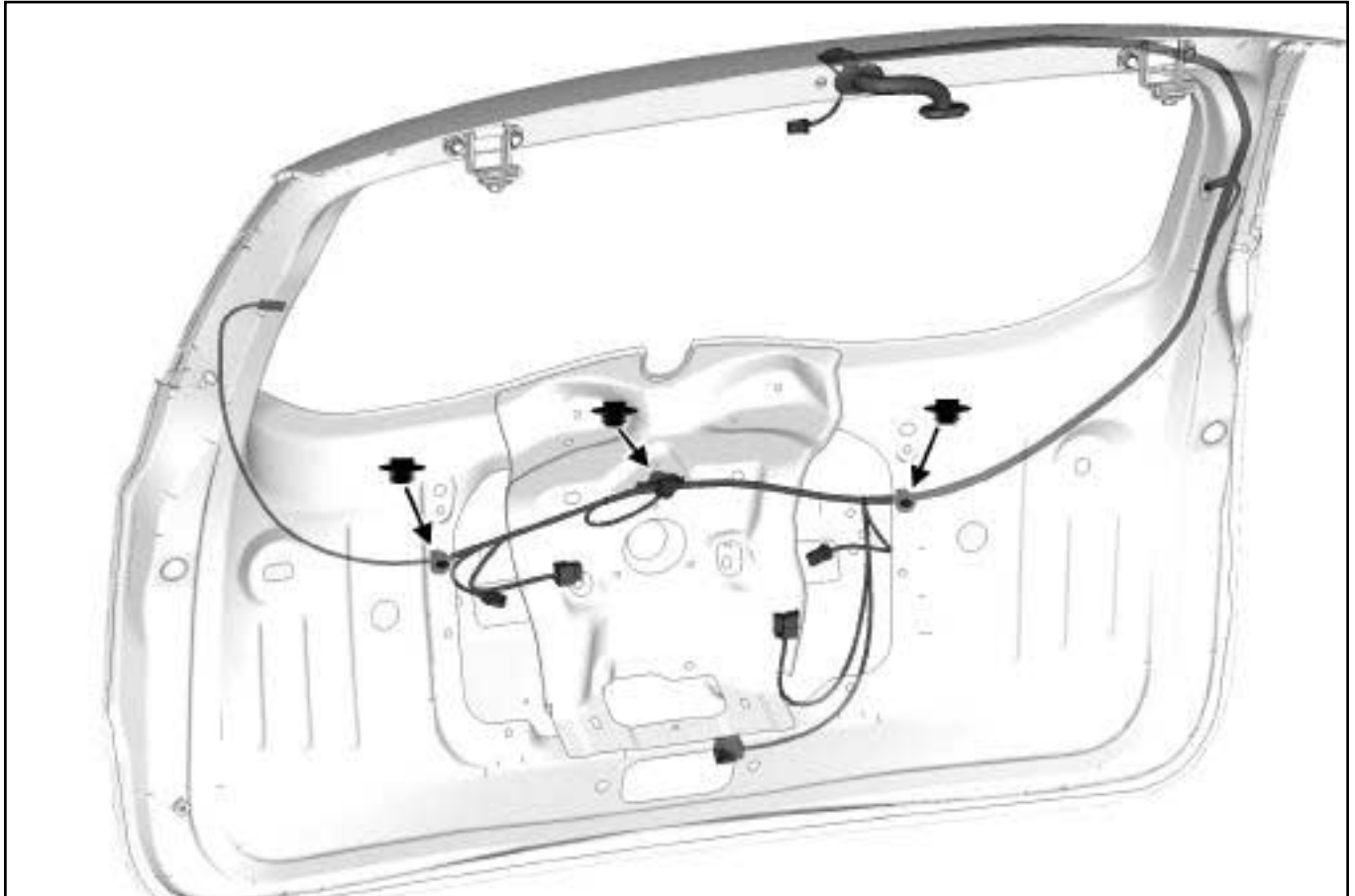
### 4 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the rear doors



144402

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

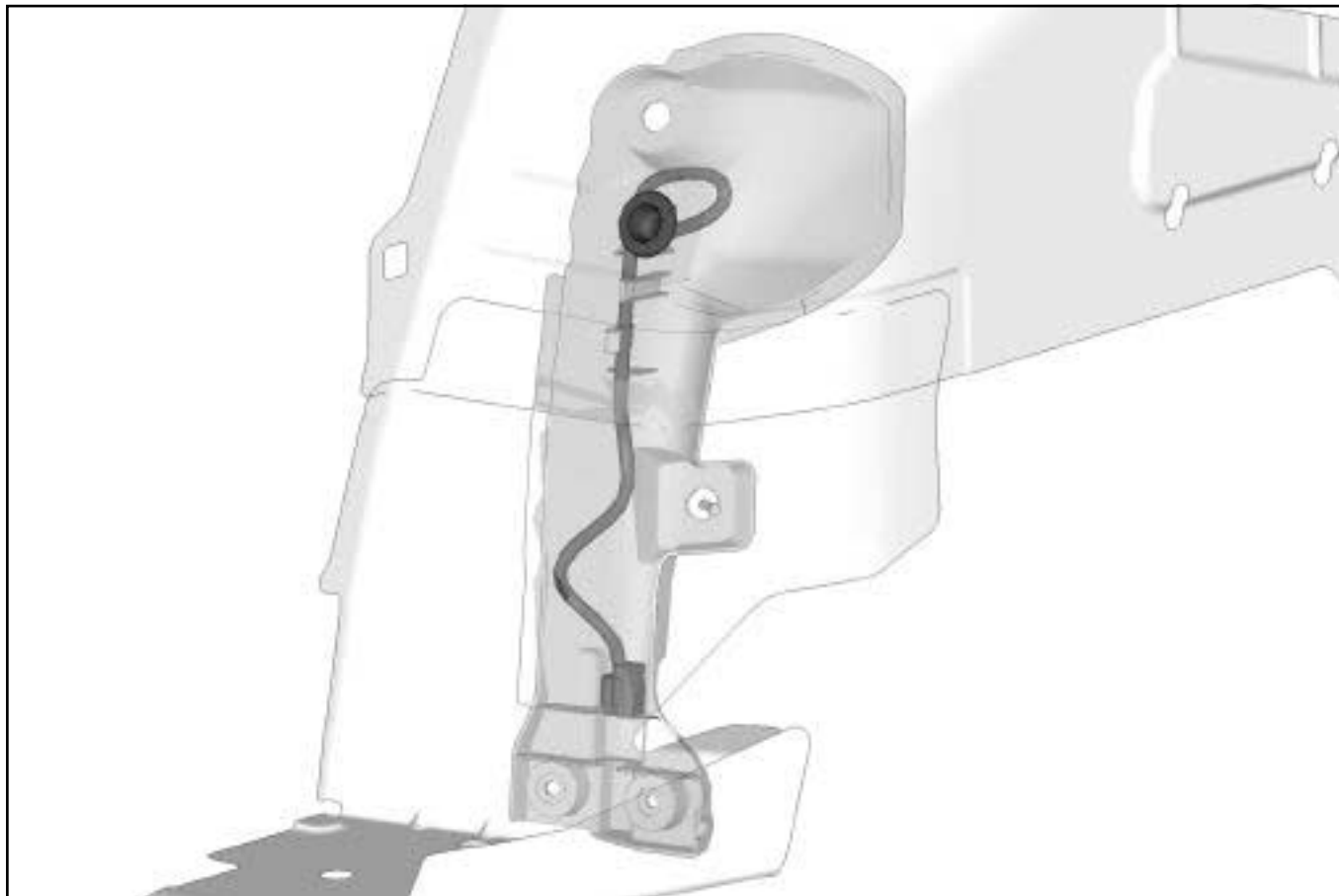
### 5 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the tailgate



144410

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

### 6 - Passenger compartment rear wiring section in the wheel arches



144459

- Disconnect all the connectors.
- Unclip the wiring section where indicated.
- Remove the earth terminals where indicated.
- Remove the wiring section.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

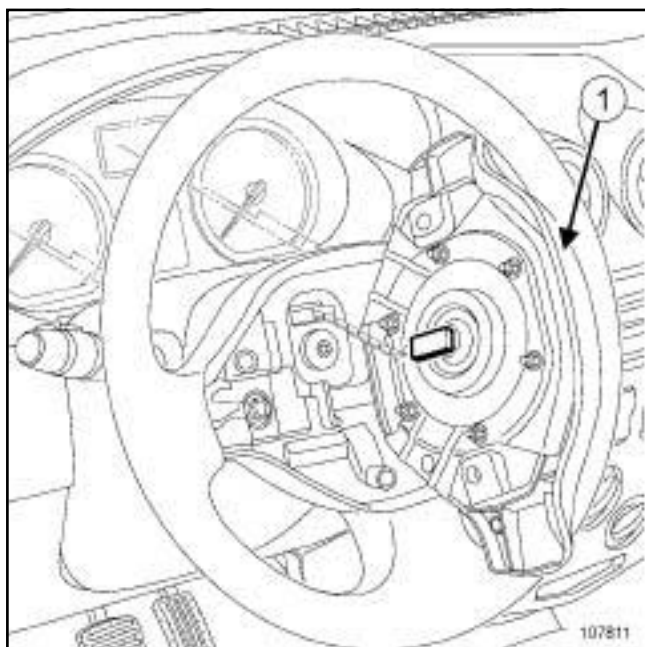
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **earth nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**) (80A, Battery).

### I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

No.	Description
(1)	Driver's front airbag
(2)	Passenger front airbag
(3)	Front side airbag
(4)	Airbag computer
(5)	Side impact sensor
(6)	Inhibitor switch

### II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

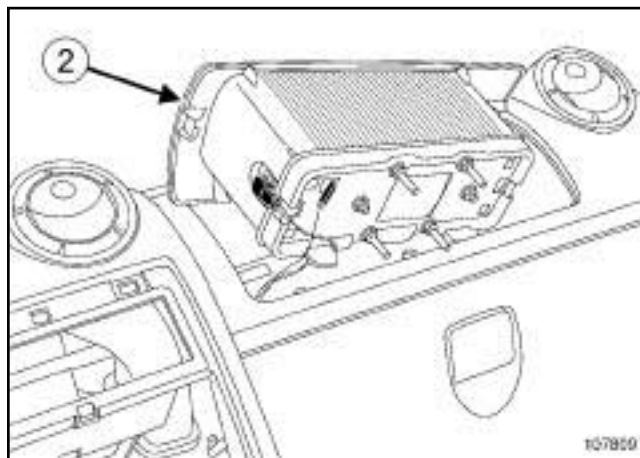
#### 1 - DRIVER'S FRONT AIRBAG



Driver's front airbag (1)

#### 2 - PASSENGER'S FRONT AIRBAG

##### PASSENGER AIRBAG

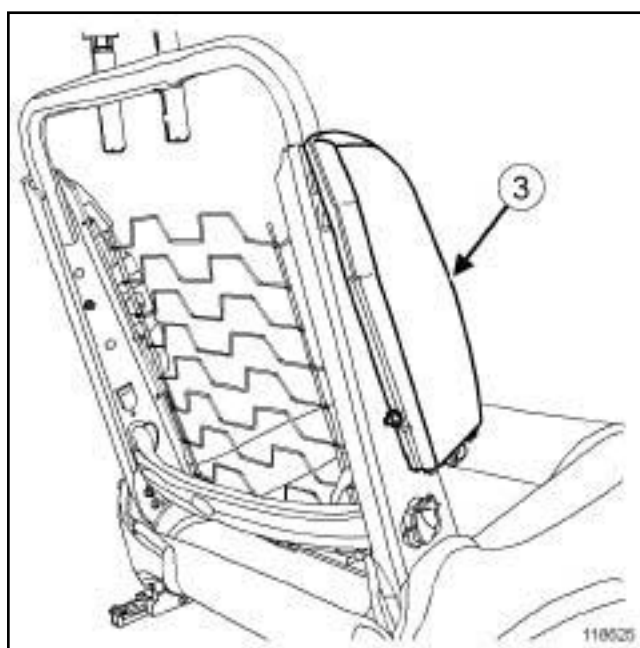


107809

Passenger front airbag (2)

#### 3 - FRONT SIDE AIRBAG

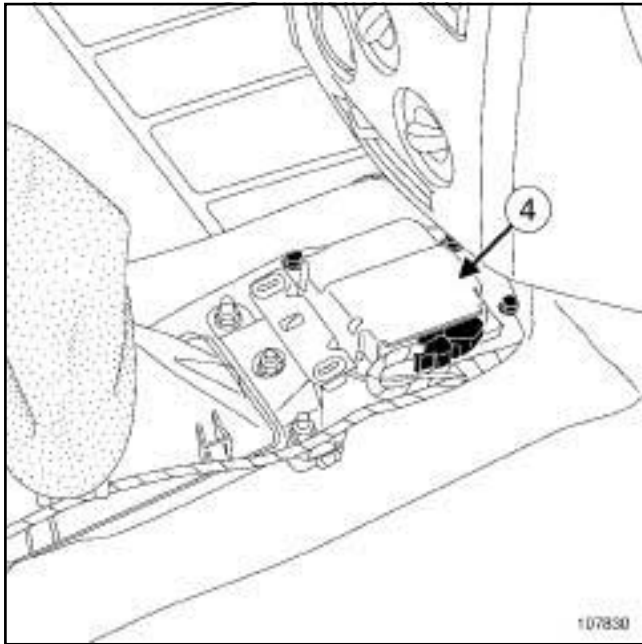
##### FRONT SIDE AIRBAG



118625

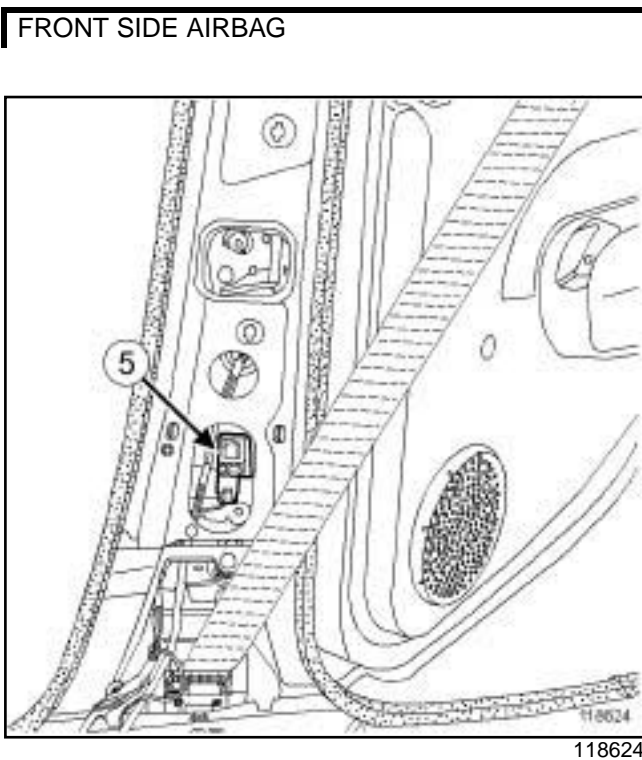
Front side airbag (3)

### 4 - AIRBAG COMPUTER



Airbag computer (4)

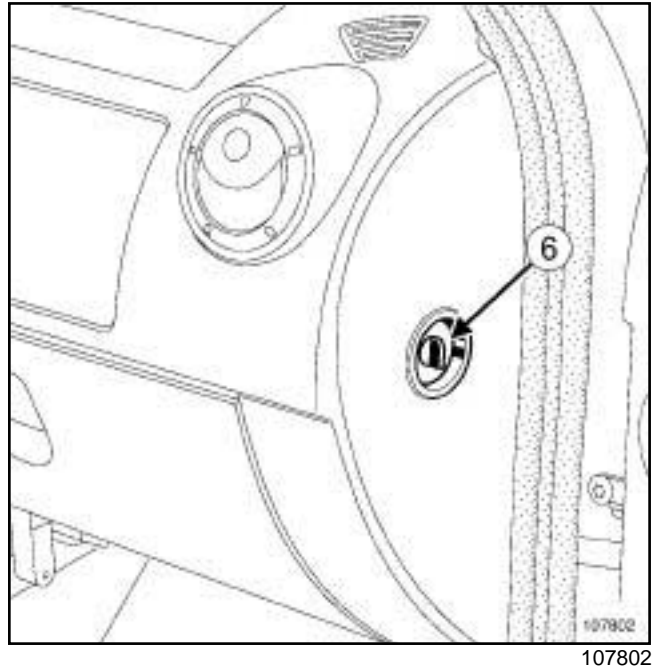
### 5 - SIDE IMPACT SENSOR



Side impact sensor (5)

### 6 - INHIBITOR SWITCH

#### PASSENGER AIRBAG



Inhibitor switch (6)

## Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### I - PRECAUTIONS FOR REPAIR

#### IMPORTANT

All operations on airbag and pretensioner systems must be carried out by qualified trained personnel.

The airbags have a pyrotechnic gas generator, with an ignition module and bag which must not be separated.

The pretensioners have a pyrotechnic gas generator and an igniter which must, under no circumstances, be separated.

#### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent any accidental triggering whilst working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool**.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

(see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

When working underneath the vehicle (on the bodywork, sill panel, etc.) or for certain operations involving removal or refitting of seat trims, it is essential to lock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** and to disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent the pyrotechnic components from being permanently deactivated or triggered (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool**.

The pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners and airbags) must be checked using the **Diagnostic tool** :

- after an accident,
- after theft or attempted theft of the vehicle,
- before selling a used vehicle.

### II - TRIGGERING OF THE SAFETY SYSTEMS

#### IMPORTANT

In order to prevent interference with the deployment of the airbags:

- do not fit a cover to the front seats,
- do not place objects in the area of deployment.

After detection of an impact, the airbag computer locks definitively and the « airbag fault » warning light is illuminated on the instrument panel. The airbag computer and the side impact sensors must always be replaced.

#### IMPORTANT

To eliminate the risk of any accident, do not reuse pyrotechnic components.

It is essential to destroy pretensioners or airbags before scrapping a vehicle or a part only (see **Airbags and pretensioners: Recycling - Destruction**).

### III - DURABILITY OF THE PYROTECHNIC COMPONENTS

The precautions which recommended that pyrotechnic components (airbags and pretensioners) were replaced 10 years after the registration of the vehicle have now been lifted.

Pyrotechnic components (airbags and pretensioners) do not therefore require any maintenance.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

airbag computer bolts **8 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair, page 88C-3**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



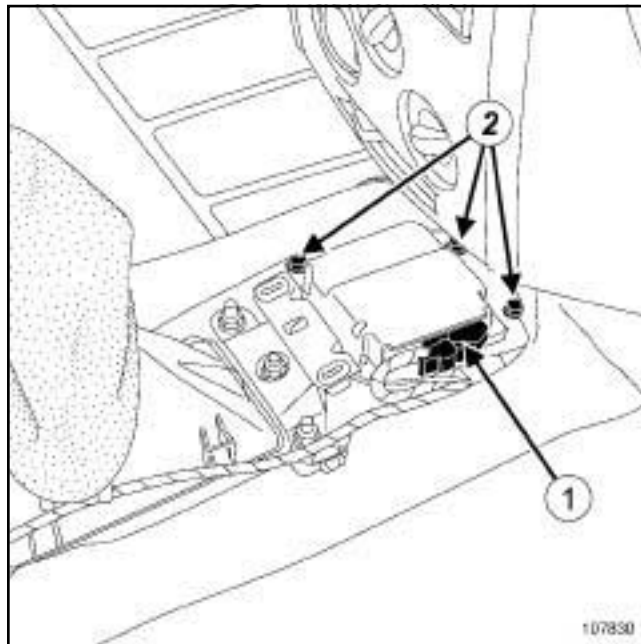
#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2).
- Remove the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



107830

- Disconnect the connector (1).
- Remove:
  - the three airbag computer bolts (2),
  - the airbag computer.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the airbag computer,
  - the three airbag computer bolts.
- Torque tighten the **airbag computer bolts (8 N.m)**.
- Connect the connector.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2).

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting

---

**88C**

- ❑ If the airbag computer is being replaced, carry out the necessary operations using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

### **IMPORTANT**

To avoid a fault with or even triggering of pyrotechnic components (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

- ❑ Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).



# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting

88C

DRIVER'S AIRBAG 1

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

#### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

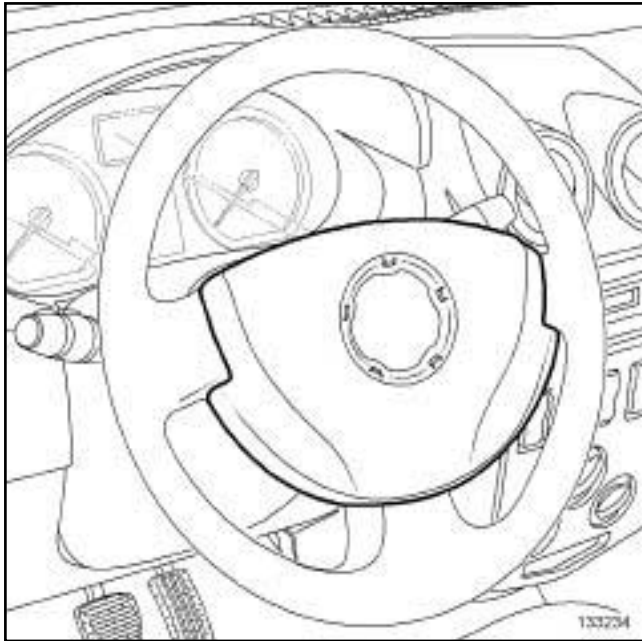
- Turn the steering wheel one quarter of a turn.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

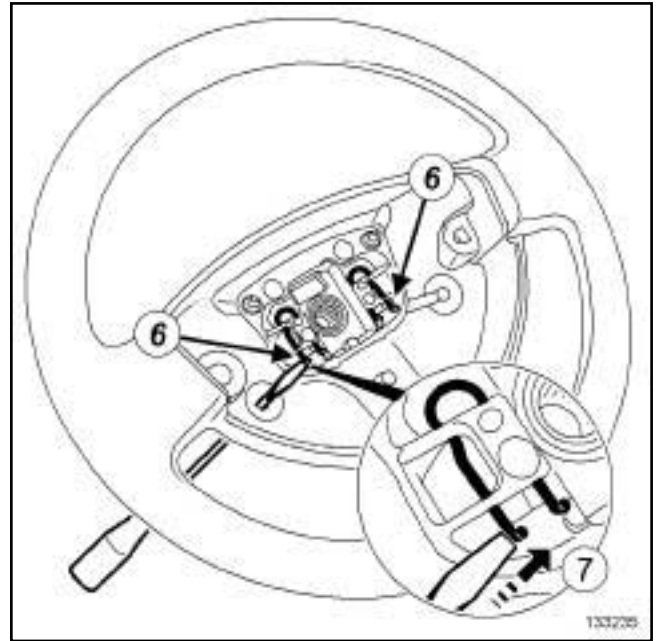
## Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting

88C

### DRIVER'S AIRBAG 1



133234



133235



133233

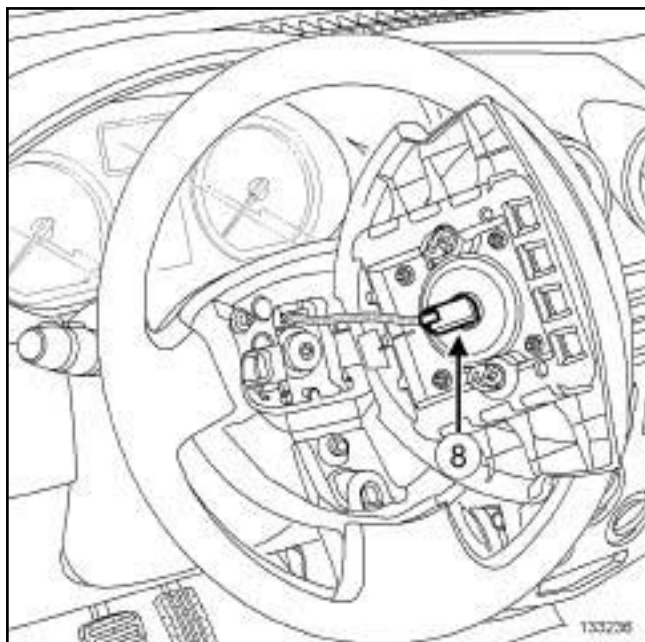
- Unclip the driver's front airbag by separating the clips (6) in the direction of the arrow (7) using a flat-blade screwdriver via the back of the steering wheel.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

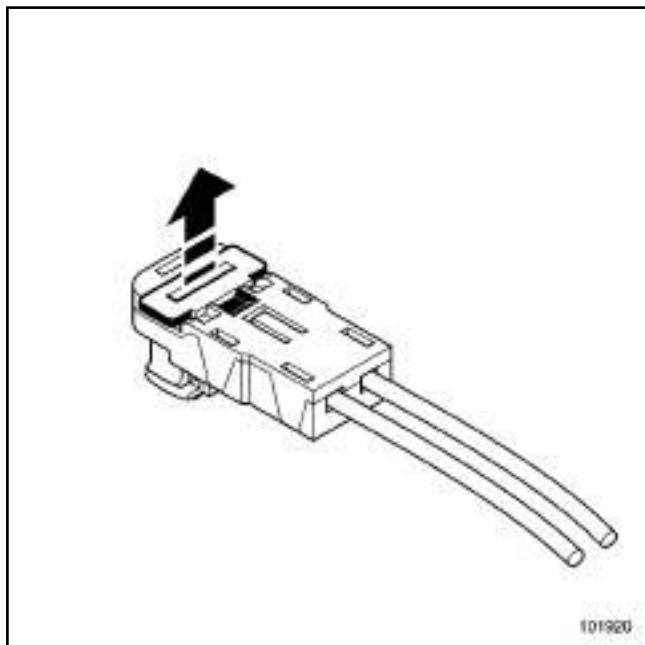
## Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

### DRIVER'S AIRBAG 1



133236



101920

□

#### Note:

The airbag has a connector which short circuits if disconnected, to prevent accidental triggering.

- Unclip the safety cover from the driver's front airbag connector.
- Disconnect the connector (8) from the driver's front airbag.

□

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent any component from being thrown upwards, store the airbag with the inflatable cushion facing upwards.

- Remove the driver's front airbag.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

□

#### IMPORTANT

After a seat belt pyrotechnic component is triggered, it is essential to replace certain parts (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page 88C-3).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the connector onto the driver's front airbag.
- Clip the safety cover onto the driver's front airbag connector.
- Refit the driver's front airbag
- Clip the driver's front airbag onto the steering wheel.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2).

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid a fault with or even triggering of pyrotechnic components (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

#### IMPORTANT

To eliminate the risk of any accident, do not reuse pyrotechnic components.

It is essential to destroy pretensioners or airbags before scrapping a vehicle or a part only (see **Airbags and pretensioners: Recycling - Destruction**).

## Passenger's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting

### PASSENGER AIRBAG

#### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

#### Tightening torques

passenger's frontal air-  
bag module nuts **8 N.m**

#### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Air bag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**).

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

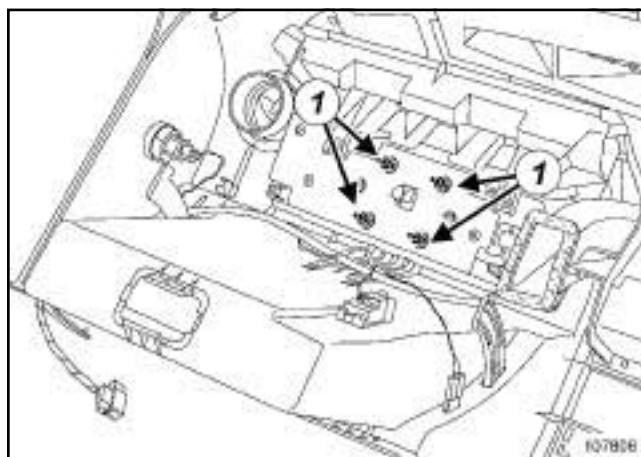
#### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).
- Remove:
  - the driver's frontal airbag (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**, page **88C-6**),

- the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
- the steering column switch assembly (see **84A, Control - Signals, Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**, page **84A-2**),
- the instrument panel (see **83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**, page **83A-1**),
- the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting**, page **86A-3**),
- the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



107806

#### WARNING

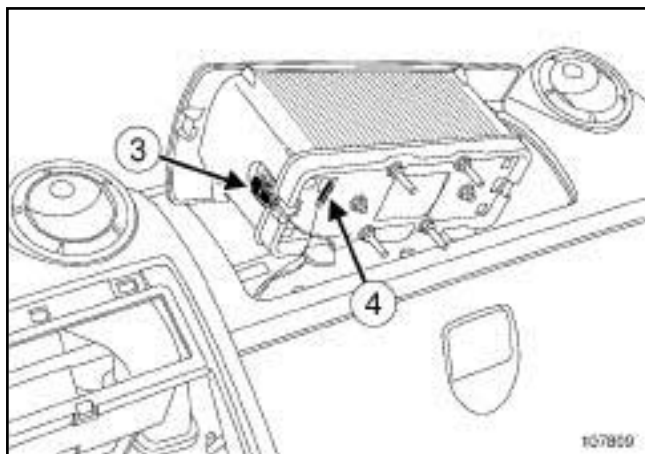
To prevent damage to the wiring harness when refitting, observe the original routing.

Mark the wiring routing at the airbag module.

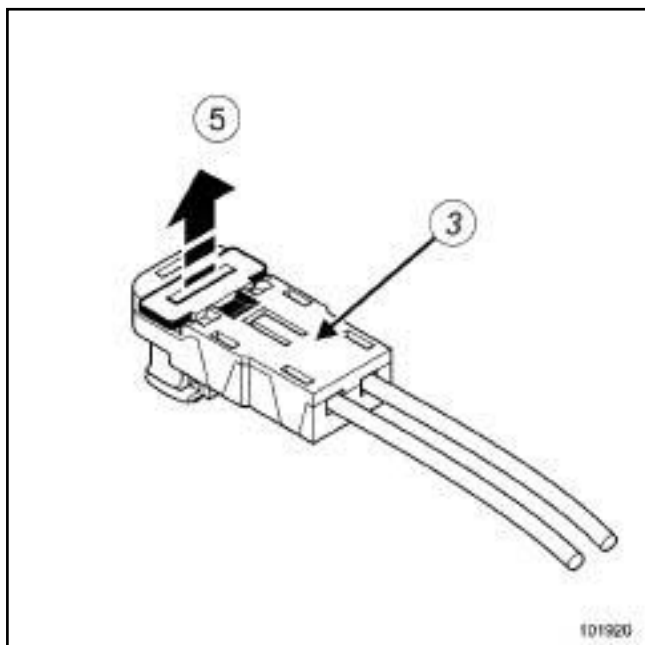
- Remove the nuts (1) of the passenger's frontal airbag module.

## Passenger's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting

### PASSENGER AIRBAG



107809



101920

- Unlock the passenger's frontal airbag connector (3) at (5) .
- Disconnect:
  - the passenger's frontal airbag module connector (3) ,
  - the earth terminal (4) .
- Remove the passenger's frontal airbag module.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



##### IMPORTANT

After a seat belt pyrotechnic component is triggered, it is essential to replace certain parts (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair, page 88C-3**) .

- parts always to be replaced: **Passenger's frontal airbag mounting on dashboard**

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



##### IMPORTANT

To prevent the airbag triggering, connect the earth wire before the igniter connector.

- Connect the following to the passenger's frontal airbag:
  - the earth terminal,
  - the passenger frontal airbag module connector.
- Lock the passenger frontal airbag connector.
- Refit:
  - the passenger's frontal airbag module,
  - the new nuts of the passenger's frontal airbag module.
- Tighten to torque the **passenger's frontal airbag module nuts (8 N.m)**.
- Refit the wiring at the passenger's frontal airbag module in the position marked during removal.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
  - the radio (see **86A, Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting, page 86A-3**) ,
  - the instrument panel (see **83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting, page 83A-1**) ,
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **84A, Control - Signals, Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting, page 84A-2**) ,

## Passenger's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting

## PASSENGER AIRBAG

- the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the driver's frontal airbag (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**, page **88C-6**).
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

**IMPORTANT**

To prevent the pyrotechnic components from being permanently deactivated or triggered (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool**.

- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

**IMPORTANT**

To eliminate the risk of any accident, do not reuse pyrotechnic components.

It is essential to destroy pretensioners or airbags before scrapping a vehicle or a part only (see **Airbags and pretensioners: Recycling - Destruction**).

## Front (chest-level) side airbag: Removal - Refitting

### FRONT SIDE AIRBAG

#### Tightening torques

side airbag nuts	10 N.m
------------------	--------

The front (chest level) side airbag is mounted on the back of each front seat at the door side.

When it inflates, the airbag tears open the cover of the module and the foam and unclips the seat cover.

#### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page 88C-3) .

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

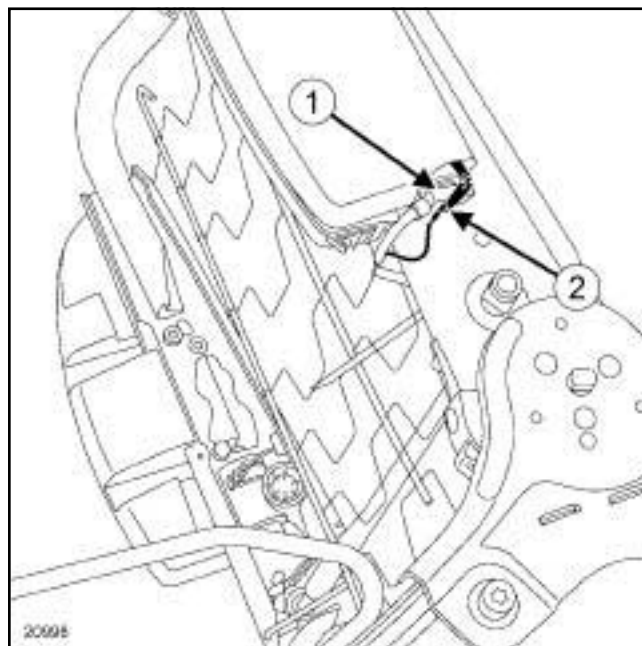
When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

#### IMPORTANT

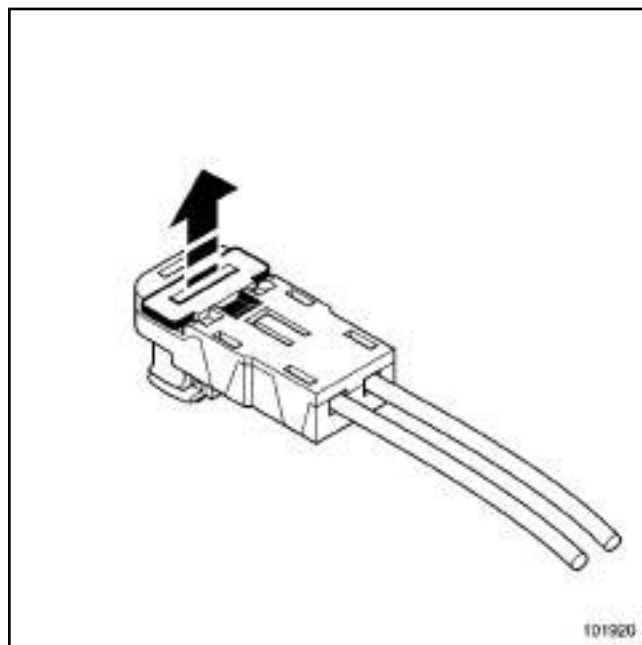
Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page 80A-2) .
- Remove:
  - the complete front seat (see **Complete front seat: Removal - Refitting**) (75A, Front seat frames and runners),
  - the front seat back trim (see **Front seatback trim: Removal - Refitting**) (77A, Front seat trim).

#### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



20998

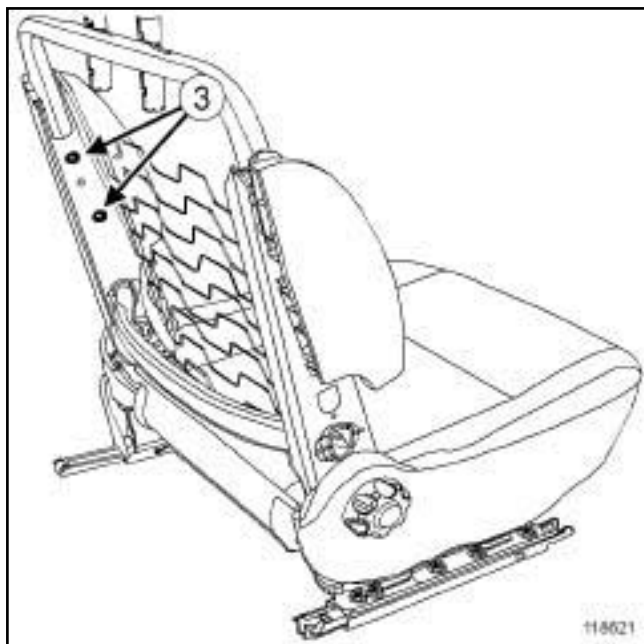


101920

- Disconnect:
  - the front side airbag connector (1) by unclipping the safety cover,
  - the earth terminal (2) .

## Front (chest-level) side airbag: Removal - Refitting

### FRONT SIDE AIRBAG



118621

- Remove:
  - the front side airbag nuts (3) ,
  - the front side airbag.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- 

#### IMPORTANT

After a seat belt pyrotechnic component is triggered, it is essential to replace certain parts.

(see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair, page 88C-3**).

- Always replace the nuts for the front chest-level airbag.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the front chest-level side airbag,
  - the new nuts of the front side airbag.
- Torque tighten the **side airbag nuts (10 N.m)**.

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent the airbag triggering, connect the earth wire before the igniter connector.

- Connect:
  - the earth terminal,
  - the front side airbag connector.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the front seat back trim (see **Front seatback trim: Removal - Refitting**) (77A, Front seat trim),
  - the complete front seat (see **Complete front seat: Removal - Refitting**) (75A, Front seat frames and runners).
- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting, page 80A-2**).

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid a fault with or even triggering of pyrotechnic components (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

- Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

#### IMPORTANT

To eliminate the risk of any accident, do not reuse pyrotechnic components.

It is essential to destroy pretensioners or airbags before scrapping a vehicle or a part only.

(see **Airbags and pretensioners: Recycling - Destruction**).



# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Side impact sensor: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

FRONT SIDE AIRBAG

### Tightening torques

side impact sensor bolt	8 N.m
-------------------------	-------

### IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair, page 88C-3**).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



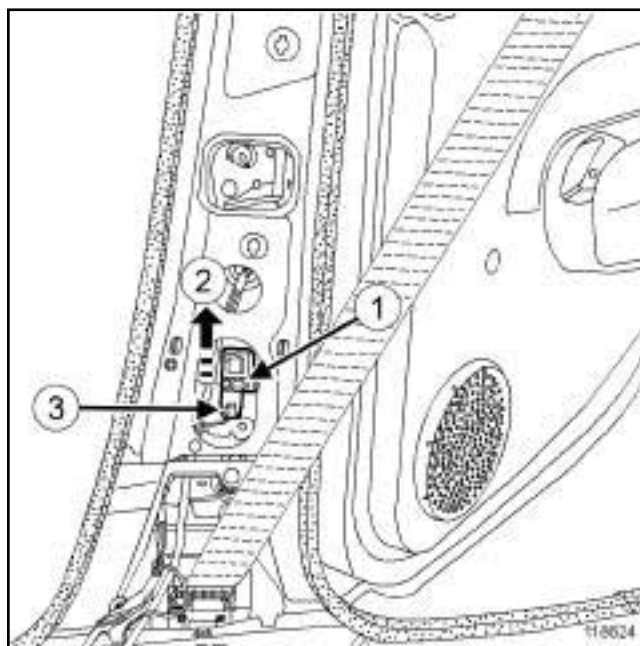
#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

- Lock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Switch off the ignition.
- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting, page 80A-2**).
- Remove the B-pillar trim (see **B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



118624

- Loosen the side impact sensor bolt (1) by 6 turns.
- Remove the side impact sensor from its housing at (2).
- Disconnect the connector (3) from the side impact sensor.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Side impact sensors**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Connect the side impact sensor connector.
- Fit the side impact sensor.
- Torque tighten the **side impact sensor bolt (8 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the B-pillar trim (see **B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Side impact sensor: Removal - Refitting

**88C**

### FRONT SIDE AIRBAG

- ❑ Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

#### **IMPORTANT**

To avoid a fault with or even triggering of pyrotechnic components (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

- ❑ Unlock the airbag computer (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Front seat belt buckle: Removal - Refitting

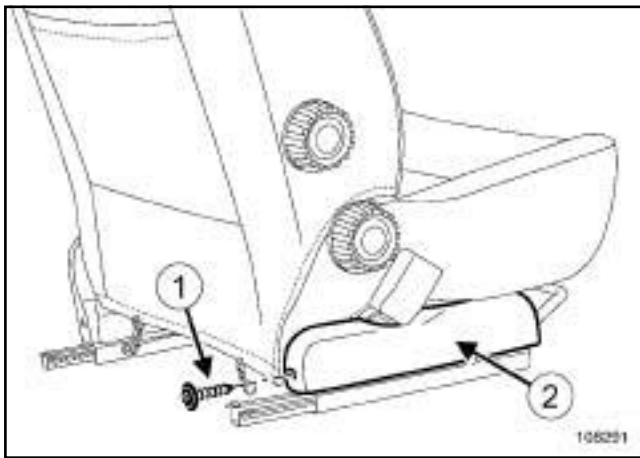
# 88C

### Tightening torques

the buckle nut	25 N.m
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## REMOVAL

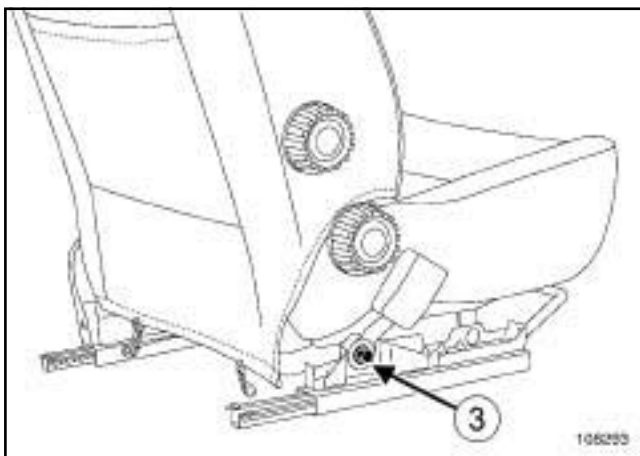
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



108291

- Remove:
  - the bolt (1) ,
  - the casing (2) .

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108293

- Remove:
  - the nut (3) ,
  - the seat belt buckle.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Coat the threads of the front seat belt buckle bolts with **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (MR 388, 04B, Parts and consumables).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the buckle nut.
- Torque tighten **the buckle nut (25 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
  - the casing
  - the cover bolt.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Rear seat belt buckle: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

### Tightening torques

bolts of the rear seat belt stalks	21 N.m
------------------------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the single unit rear bench seat base (see ).

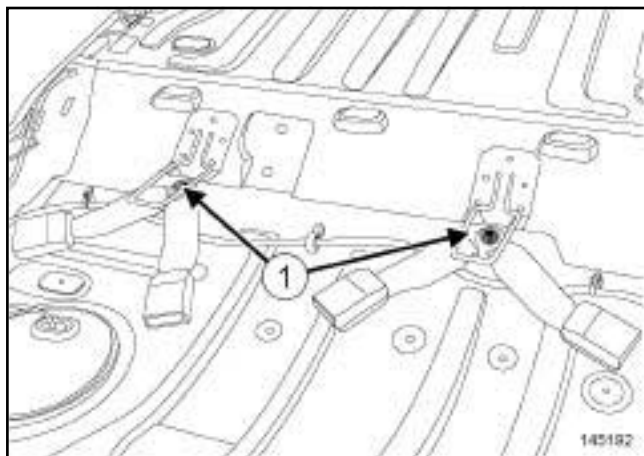
#### REAR BENCH SEAT

- Remove the single unit rear bench seatback (see ).

#### REAR BENCH FUNCTION

- Remove the 1/3 or 2/3 rear bench seatback (see ).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145192

- Remove:
  - the bolts (1) ,
  - the stalks of the rear seat belts.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Coat the threads of the rear seat belt stalk bolts using **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **bolts of the rear seat belt stalks (21 N.m)**.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Front side seat belt: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

Equipment required	
Diagnostic tool	

Tightening torques	
bolts of the height adjustment mechanism	<b>21 N.m</b>
inertia reel bolt	<b>21 N.m</b>
bolt of the seat belt return mechanism	<b>21 N.m</b>
bolt of the seat belt lower mounting	<b>21 N.m</b>

### IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see **88C, Air bag and Pretensioners, Air bag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair**, page **88C-3**).

### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

### IMPORTANT

To eliminate the risk of any accident, do not reuse pyrotechnic components.

It is essential to destroy pretensioners or airbags before scrapping a vehicle or a part only (see **Airbags and pretensioners: Recycling - Destruction**).

### Note:

The seat belt must be handled by the inertia reel mechanism (risk of damaging the strap).

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### WITH FRONT PRETENSIONER



#### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

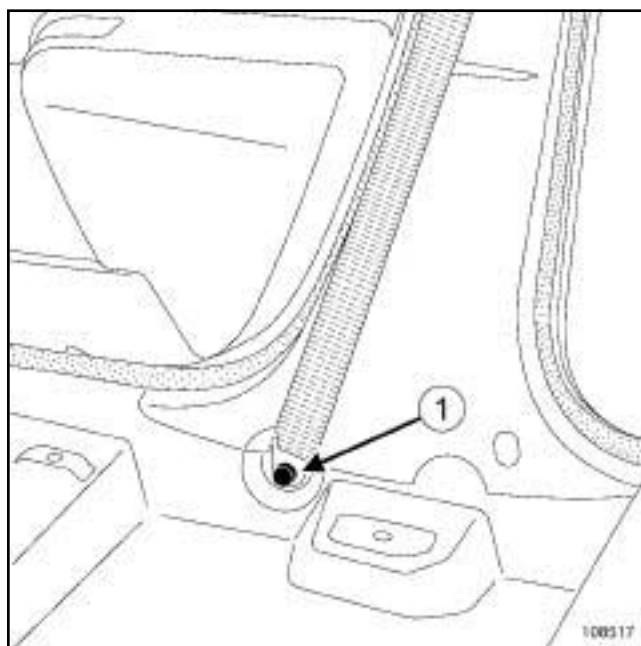
When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

- Lock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components** (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

- Switch off the ignition.

- Disconnect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



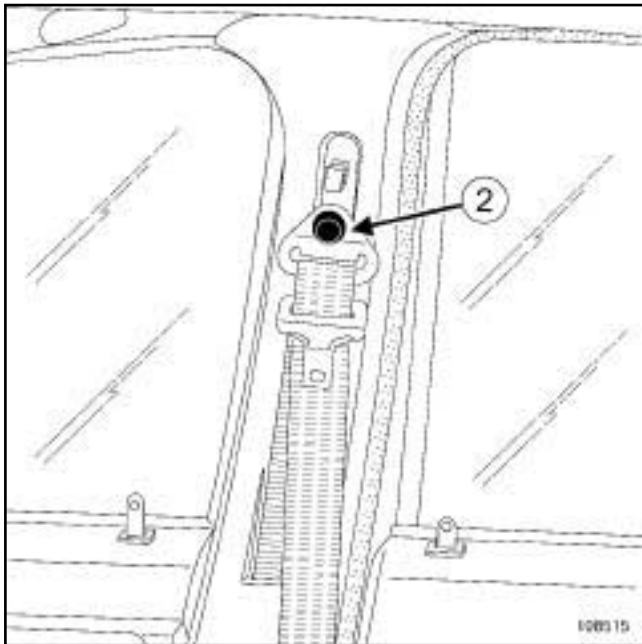
- Remove:

- the cover of the seat belt lower bolt,
- the seat belt lower bolt (1).

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Front side seat belt: Removal - Refitting

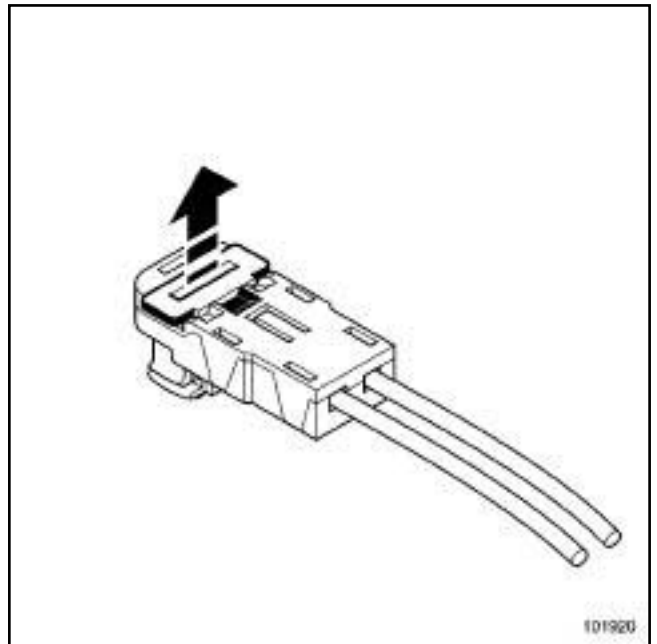
88C



108515

- Remove:
  - the cover of the seat belt upper bolt,
  - the seat belt upper bolt (2) .
- Remove the lower B-pillar trim (see **B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).

### WITH FRONT PRETENSIONER



101920

#### WARNING

To prevent any risk of noise, premature wear, short circuits, etc. after the refitting operation, mark the wiring routing and how to connect the connectors.

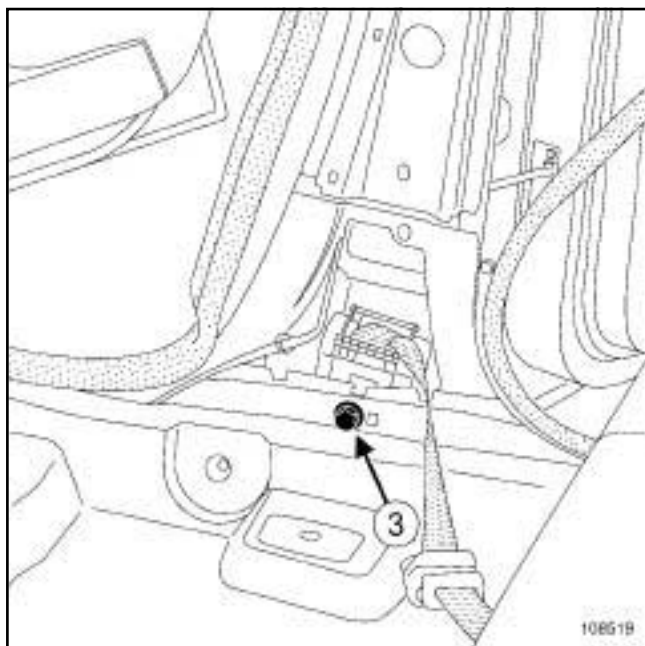
Mark the wiring routing at the front side seat belt inertia reel.

- Unclip the inertia reel connector safety clip.
- Disconnect the inertia reel connector.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Front side seat belt: Removal - Refitting

88C



108519

- Remove:
  - the bolt (3) from the inertia reel,
  - the inertia reel.
- Remove the height adjustment mechanism (depending on the vehicle equipment).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Front seat belt inertia reel bolt**
- Always replace the return mechanism bolts and the lower mounting bolts of the front side seat belt.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the height adjustment mechanism (depending on the vehicle equipment).
- Torque tighten the **bolts of the height adjustment mechanism (21 N.m)**.
- Refit:
  - the inertia reel,
  - the inertia reel bolt.
- Tighten to torque the **inertia reel bolt (21 N.m)**.

#### WITH FRONT PRETENSIONER

- Refit the wiring at the front side seat belt inertia reel in the position marked during removal
- Connect the inertia reel connector.
- Clip on the inertia reel connector safety clip.

- Refit:
  - the B-pillar trim (see **B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim),

#### Note:

Check that the seat belt is not twisted between the inertia reel and the front side seat belt return mechanism.

Refit the front side seat belt return mechanism

- Torque tighten the **bolt of the seat belt return mechanism (21 N.m)**

#### Note:

Check that the seat belt is not twisted between the front side seat belt return mechanism and the front side seat belt lower mounting.

Refit the lower mounting for the front side seat belt.

- Torque tighten the **bolt of the seat belt lower mounting (21 N.m)**.

Refit:

- the cover of the seat belt upper bolt,
- the cover of the seat belt lower bolt.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Front side seat belt: Removal - Refitting

88C

### III - FINAL OPERATION

#### WITH FRONT PRETENSIONER

- Connect the battery (see **80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**, page **80A-2**).

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid a fault with or even triggering of pyrotechnic components (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

- Unlock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

#### IMPORTANT

To eliminate the risk of any accident, do not reuse pyrotechnic components.

It is essential to destroy pretensioners or airbags before scrapping a vehicle or a part only (see **Airbags and pretensioners: Recycling - Destruction**).

### IV - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Check the correct operation by unrolling the front side seat belt by 300 mm and letting it return twice
- Check that the front side seat belt locks correctly by pulling the front side seat belt strap with increasing speed 200 to 300 mm maximum until the inertia reel locks.

#### WITH FRONT PRETENSIONER

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check that there are no faults on the instrument panel.



# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Rear side seat belt: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

### Tightening torques

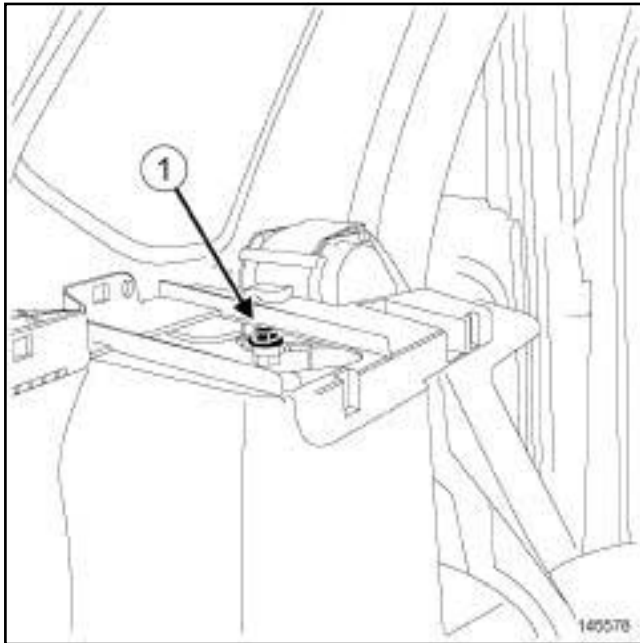
rear side seat belt bolts	21 N.m
---------------------------	--------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove (see ) :
  - the rear bench seat base,
  - the rear side seat belt lower bolt,
  - the single unit rear bench seatback.
- Remove the parcel shelf structure trim (see **Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view**) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145578

- Remove:
  - the rear side seat belt inertia reel bolt (1) ,
  - the rear side seat belt.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Coat the threads of the side seat belt bolts using **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).


### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **rear side seat belt bolts (21 N.m)**.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Rear centre seat belt: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

Tightening torques 	
rear centre seat belt bolt	21 N.m
rear centre seat belt guide bolt	21 N.m
seat belt return mechanism bolt	21 N.m

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

##### 2-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

Remove:

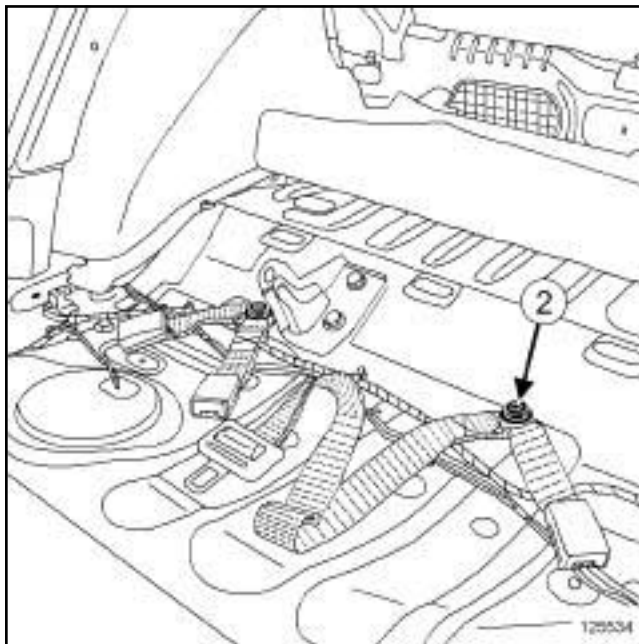
- the single unit rear bench seat base (see **Single unit rear bench seat base: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners),
- the 1/3 or 2/3 rear bench seatback (see **1/3 and 2/3 rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners) or the single unit rear bench seatback (see **Single unit rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners).

##### 3-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

- Pull down the 2/3 rear bench seatback (see **1/3 and 2/3 rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners) or the single unit rear bench seatback (see **Single unit rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners).
- Remove the rear quarter panel trim (see **Quarter panel trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

##### 2-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT



125534

Remove:

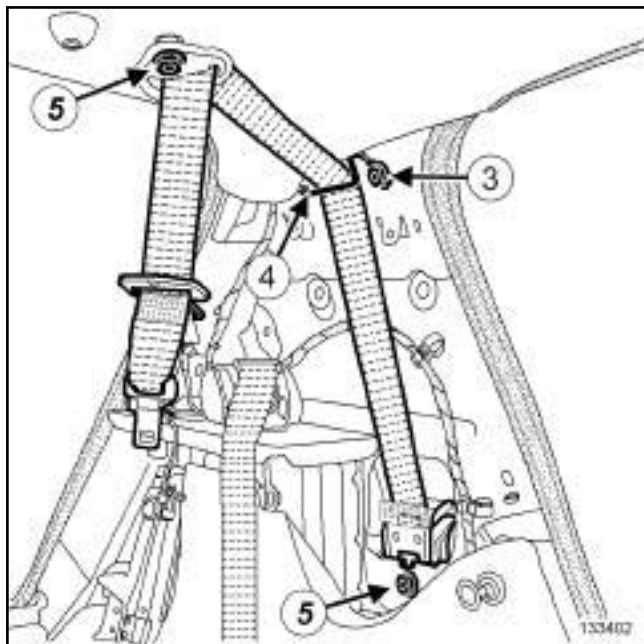
- the rear centre seat belt bolt (2) ,
- the rear centre seat belt.

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Rear centre seat belt: Removal - Refitting

# 88C

### 3-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT



133402

#### Remove:

- the rear centre seat belt guide bolt (3) ,
- the rear centre seat belt guide (4) ,
- the rear centre seat belt bolts (5) ,
- the rear centre seat belt.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

#### 3-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

- parts always to be replaced: rear centre seat belt mounting**
- Coat the threads of the rear centre seat belt return mechanism bolts with **HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Parts and consumables).

#### 2-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

- parts always to be replaced: rear centre seat belt mounting**

### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the rear centre seat belt,
  - the rear centre seat belt bolt.
- Torque tighten the **rear centre seat belt bolt (21 N.m)**.

#### 3-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

- 

#### Note:

Check that the seat belt is not twisted between the inertia reel and the rear centre seat belt return mechanism.

- Refit:
  - the rear centre seat belt guide,
  - the rear centre seat belt guide bolt.
- Torque tighten the **rear centre seat belt guide bolt (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the rear centre seat belt return mechanism.
- Torque tighten the **seat belt return mechanism bolt (21 N.m)**.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

#### 2-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

- Refit:
  - the 1/3 or 2/3 rear bench seatback (see **1/3 and 2/3 rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners) or the single unit rear bench seatback (see **Single unit rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners),

# AIR BAG AND PRETENSIONERS

## Rear centre seat belt: Removal - Refitting

88C

- the single unit rear bench seat base (see **Single unit rear bench seat base: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners).

### 3-POINT MIDDLE/REAR SEAT BELT

- Refit the rear quarter panel trim (see **Quarter panel trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).
- Fit the 2/3 rear bench seatback (see **1/3 and 2/3 rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners) or the single unit rear bench seatback (see **Single unit rear bench seatback: Removal - Refitting**) (76A, Rear seat frames and runners).

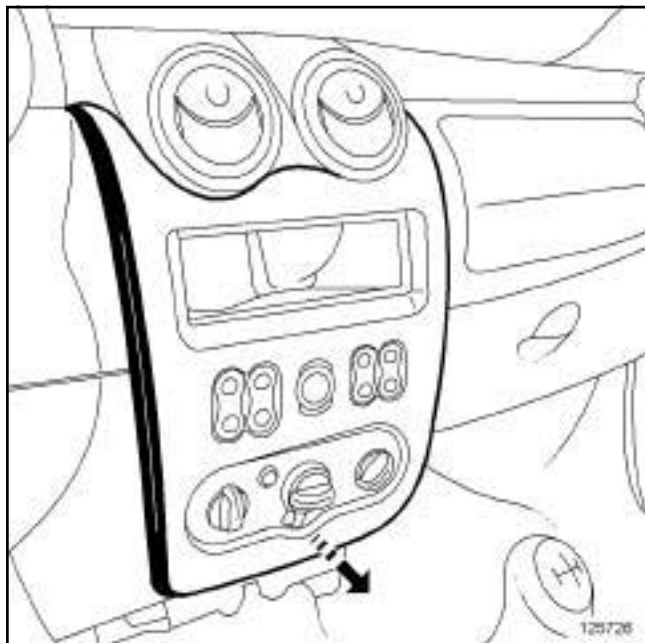
## Seat belt reminder warning light: Removal - Refitting

[WITH SEAT BELT NOT SECURED WARNING or ALOUCP

### REMOVAL

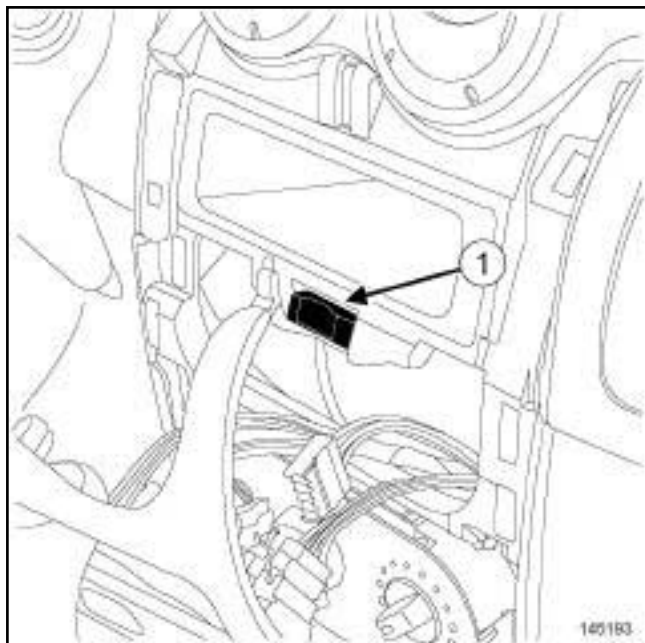
#### REMOVAL OPERATION

- Switch off the ignition.



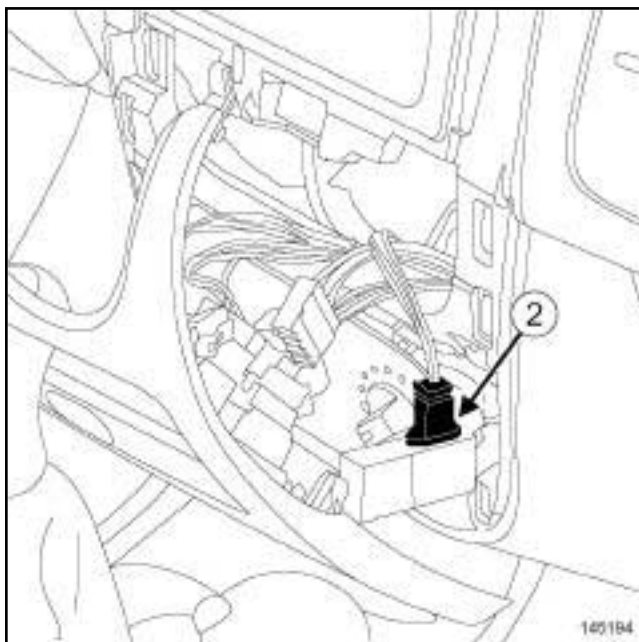
125726

- Unclip the central trim starting at the bottom.
- Remove the dashboard central trim.



145193

- Unclip the seat belt reminder warning light (1) .



145194

145194

- Disconnect the connector from the seat belt reminder warning light (2) .

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

#### CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- Check that the seat belt reminder warning light illuminates.
- Fasten the seat belts.
- Check that the warning light goes out.

# RENAULT

## 0 General vehicle information

01A VEHICLE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

01C VEHICLE BODYWORK SPECIFICATIONS

02A LIFTING EQUIPMENT

03B COLLISION

04B CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 0

## Contents

Pages

### **01A VEHICLE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Vehicle: Specifications 01A-1

### **01C VEHICLE BODYWORK SPECIFICATIONS**

Vehicle: Identification 01C-1

Vehicle panel gaps:  
Adjustment value 01C-2

### **02A LIFTING EQUIPMENT**

Vehicle: Towing and lifting 02A-1

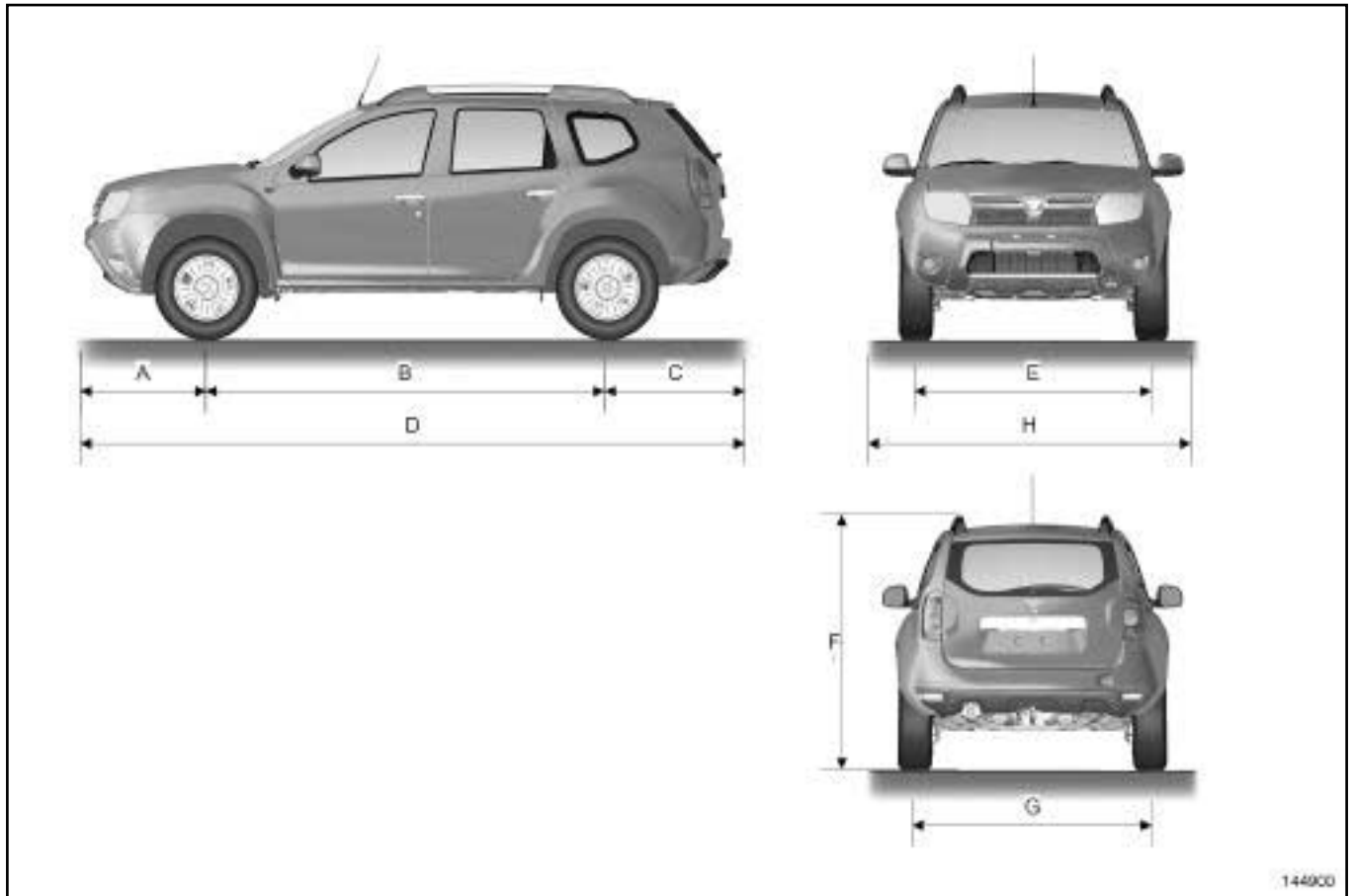
### **03B COLLISION**

Vehicle involved in an  
impact: Impact fault finding 03B-1

### **04B CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS**

Vehicle: Parts and  
consumables for the repair 04B-1

---



144900

144900

4X2 TRANSMISSION

Dimensions in metres:

<b>(A)</b>	0.822
<b>(B)</b>	2.673
<b>(C)</b>	0.820
<b>(D)</b>	4.315
<b>(E)</b>	1.560
<b>(F)</b> (unladen)	1.690
<b>(G)</b>	1.567
<b>(H)</b>	1.822



# VEHICLE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Vehicle: Specifications

# 01A

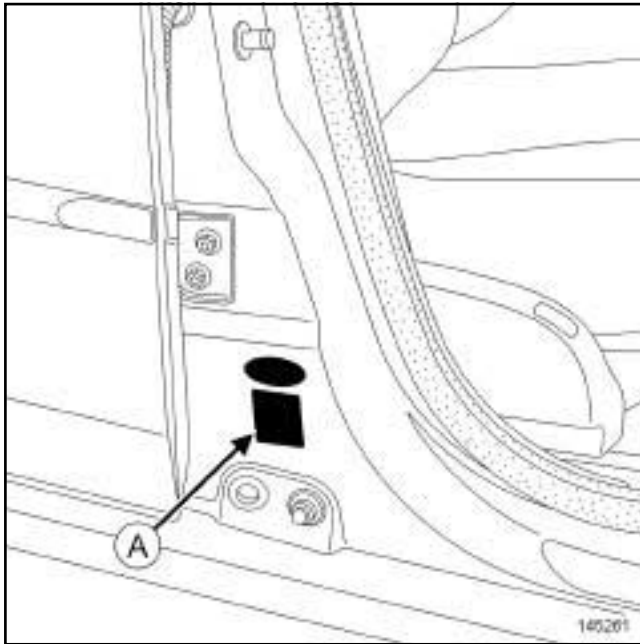
4X4 TRANSMISSION

### Dimensions in metres:

(A)	0.822
(B)	2.671
(C)	0.822
(D)	4.315
(E)	1.560
(F) (unladen)	1.682
(G)	1.570
(H)	1.822

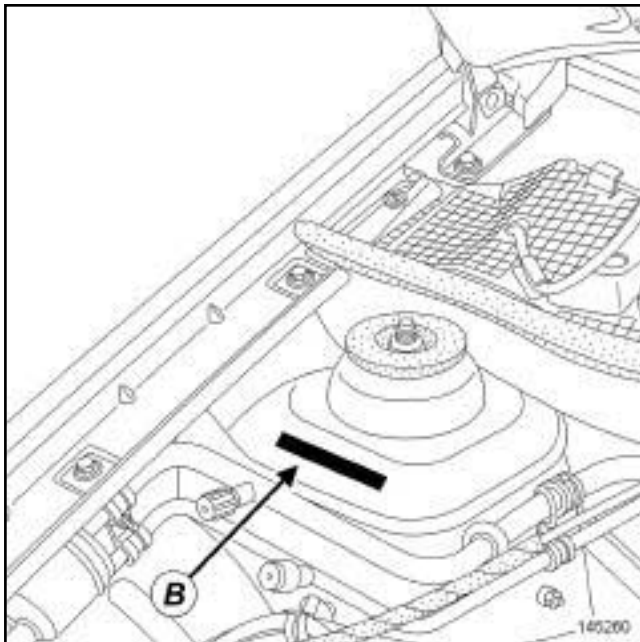
Engine			Gearbox			Emissions standard	
Engine type	Engine suffix	Cubic capacity(cc)	Gearbox type	Gearbox suffix	Transmission type		
K4M	606	1598	TL8	002	4x4	EURO 4	
	690		JR5	187	4x2	EURO 4	
K9K	796	1461	JR5	189	4x2	EURO 4	
	884		TL8	000	4x4	EURO 1	
							EURO 3
	898						EURO 4
						EURO 5	

### I - LOCATION OF VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION PLATE (A)



145261

### II - LOCATION OF THE VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (B)



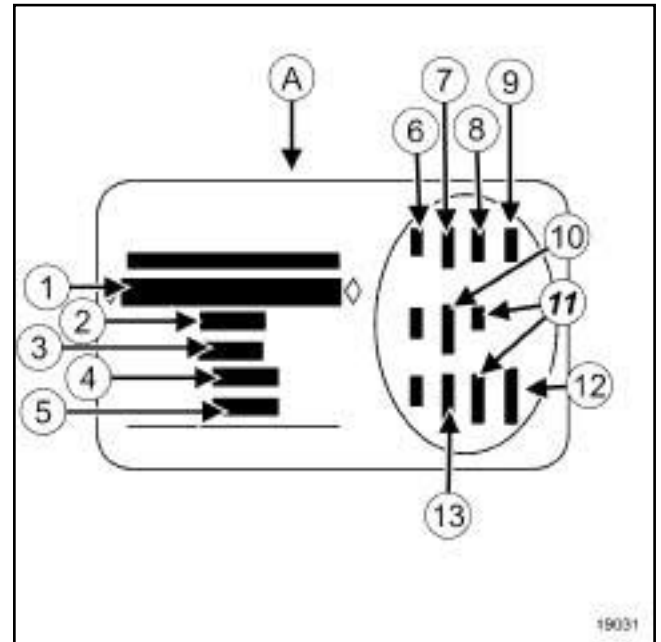
145260

**Note:**

If the complete body is being replaced, it must be marked in compliance with the current regulations.

### III - DETAILED VIEW OF THE VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION PLATE

Plate (A)



19031

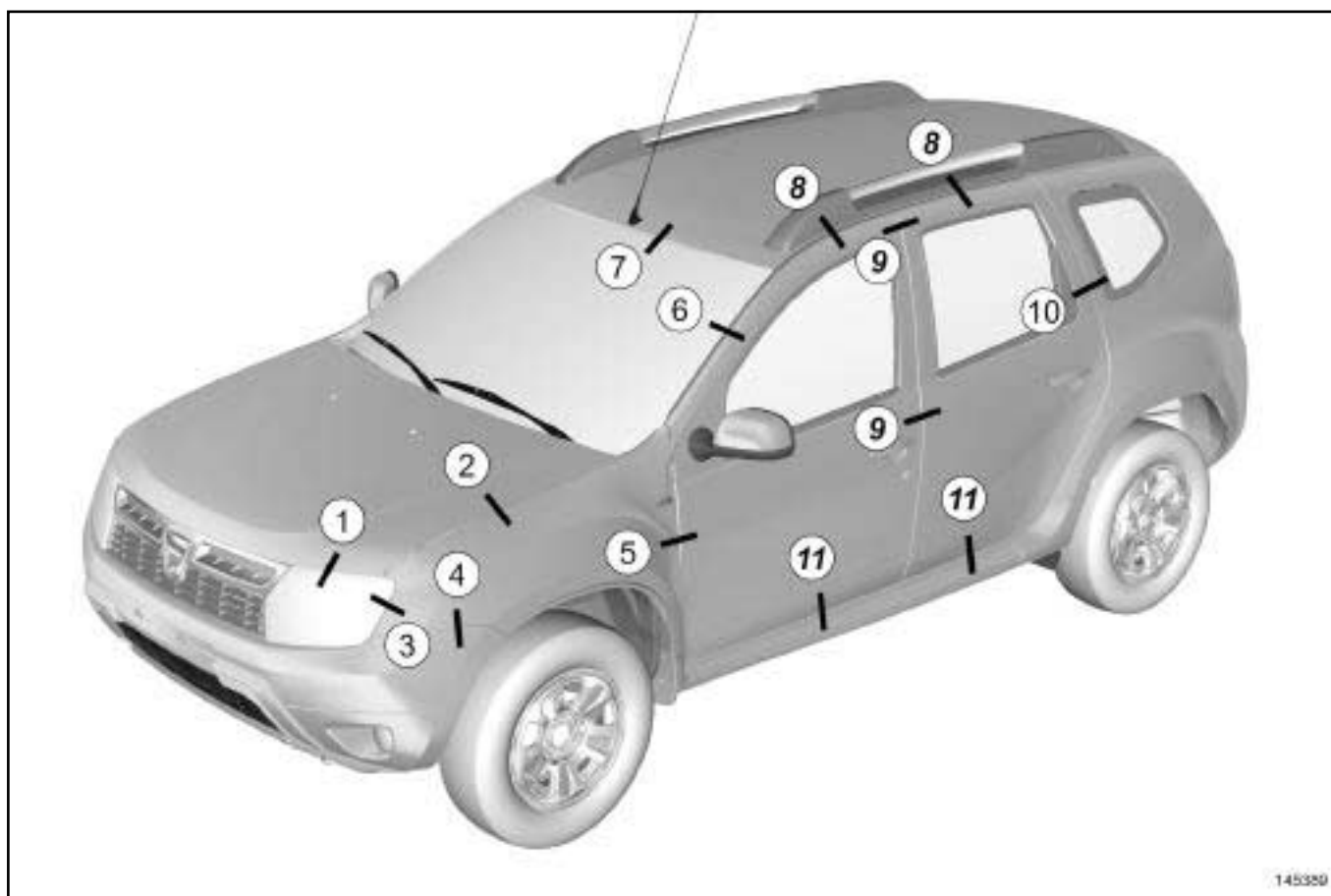
- (1) Vehicle type and type number; this information also appears on marking (B)
- (2) MGW (Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight)
- (3) GTW (Gross train weight, vehicle under load with trailer)
- (4) Maximum permissible front axle load
- (5) Maximum permissible rear axle load
- (6) Vehicle technical specifications
- (7) Paintwork reference number
- (8) Equipment level
- (9) Vehicle type
- (10) Upholstery code
- (11) Additional equipment details
- (12) Production number
- (13) Interior trim code

### WARNING

The clearance values are given for information purposes.

When adjusting clearances, certain rules have to be followed:

- maintain symmetry with respect to the opposite side,
- ensure the flush fitting is correct,
- check correct operation of the opening, and water/air-tightness.



145380

145389

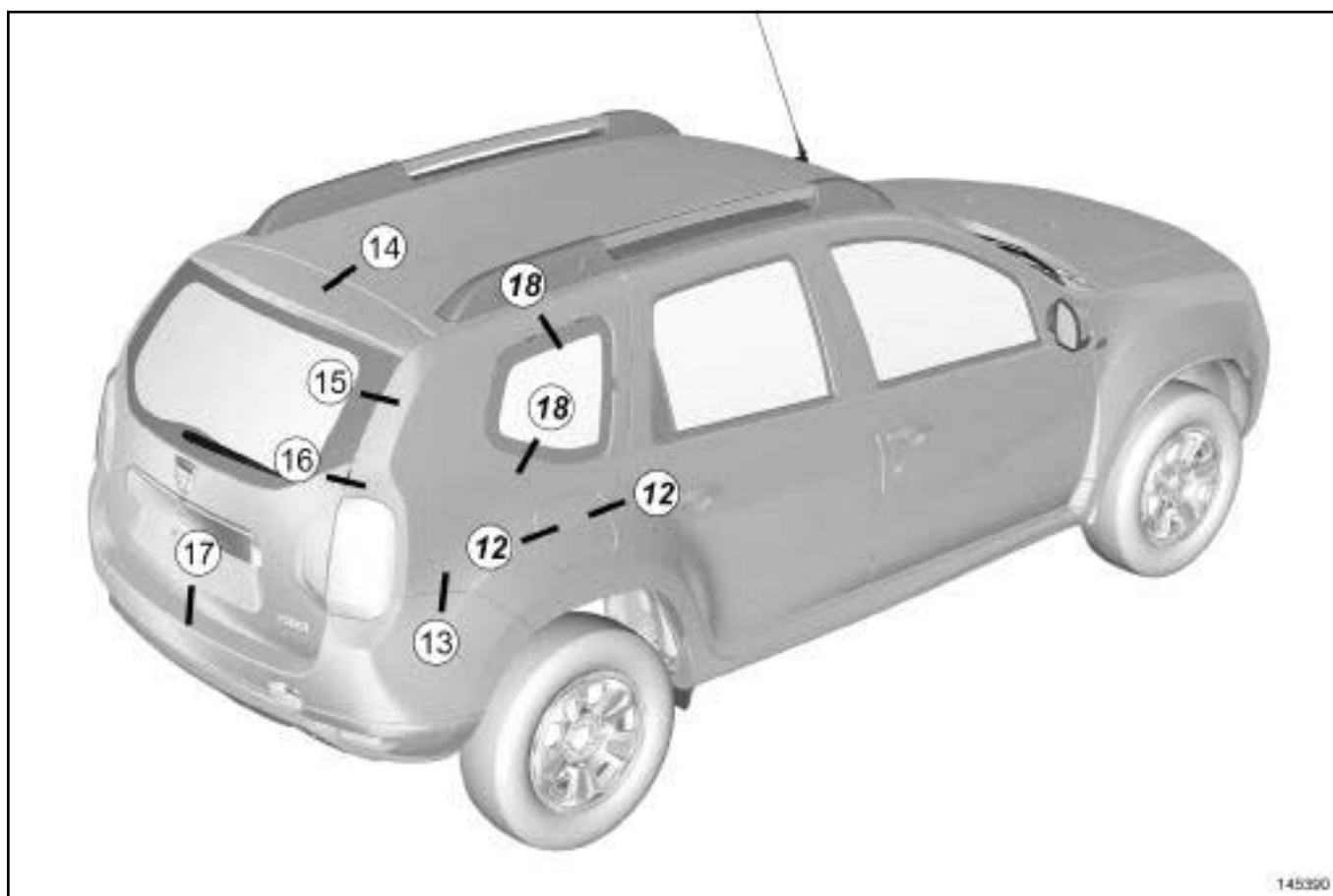
No.	Location	Clearances (mm)
(1)	bonnet / headlight	$5 \pm 2$
(2)	bonnet / front wing	$4 \pm 1.5$
(3)	headlight / front wing	$2 \pm 1.5$
(4)	front bumper / front wing	0.5
(5)	front side door / front wing	$4.5 \pm 1$
(6)	front side door / windscreen pillar	$18 \pm 1$

# VEHICLE BODYWORK SPECIFICATIONS

## Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value

# 01C

No.	Location	Clearances (mm)
(7)	windscreen / roof	4.5 ± 1
(8)	side doors / roof	18 ± 1
(9)	front side door / rear side door	4.5 ± 1
(10)	rear side door / rear wing panel	4.5 ± 1
(11)	side doors / sill panel	6 ± 2



145390

145390

No.	Location	Clearances (mm)
(12)	rear wing panel / fuel filler flap cover	3 ± 1.5
(13)	rear wing panel / rear bumper	0.5
(14)	roof / tailgate	5 ± 1
(15)	tailgate rear screen / rear wing panel	4.5 ± 2
(16)	tailgate / rear wing panel	4.5 ± 1.5
(17)	tailgate / rear bumper	7 ± 2
(18)	rear quarter panel window / rear wing panel	3 ± 1

# LIFTING EQUIPMENT

## Vehicle: Towing and lifting

# 02A

### Equipment required

safety strap(s)

### I - TOWING

#### WARNING

See the current towing regulations in each country.

Never use the driveshafts, axle assembly components or suspension components as attachment points.

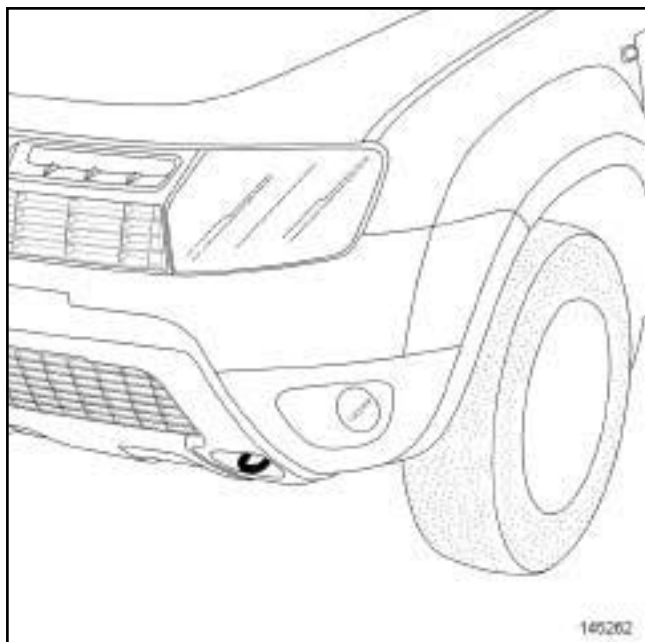
Tighten and lock the towing ring before use.

Always pull in the direction of the rod's length in order to avoid breaking it.

Vehicles fitted with automatic transmission:

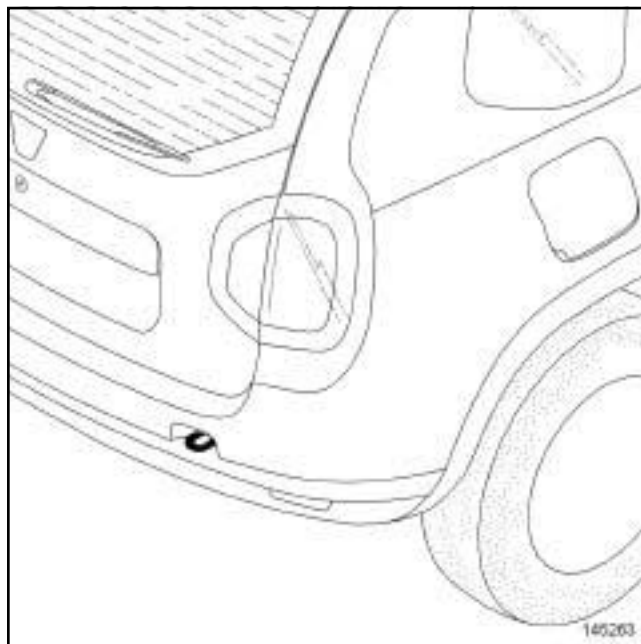
- It is preferable to transport the vehicle on a flatbed or to tow it by lifting the front wheels; as an exception, the vehicle can be towed with the wheels on the ground, but at a speed of less than 12 mph (20 km/h) over a maximum distance of **18 miles (30 km)** (with the gear lever in neutral).

### 1 - Position of front attachment point



145262

### 2 - Position of rear attachment point



145263

### II - LIFTING BY TROLLEY JACK

#### IMPORTANT

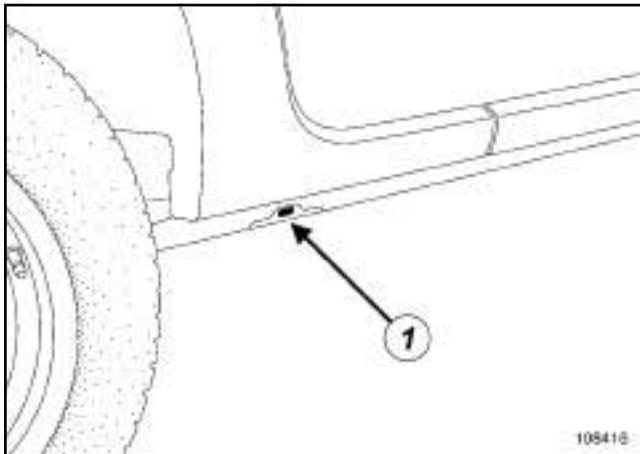
Appropriate axle stands must be used if a trolley jack is used.

#### WARNING

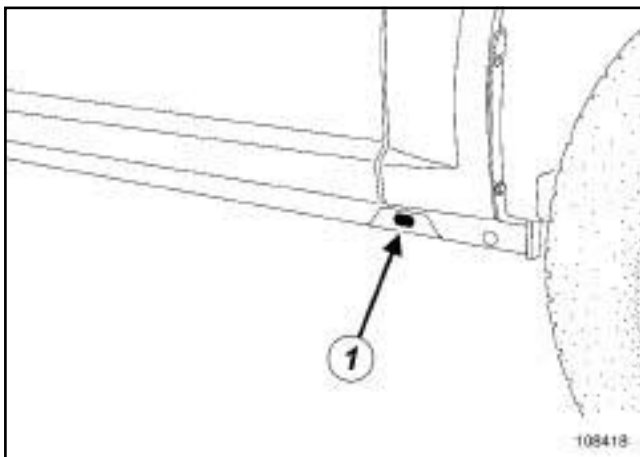
The subframe of this vehicle is protected by products providing a **6-year** anti-corrosion warranty.

Never use equipment not fitted with rubber pads, to avoid direct metal to metal contact which could damage the original protection.

The vehicle must not be raised by support points under the front suspension arms or under the rear axle.



108416



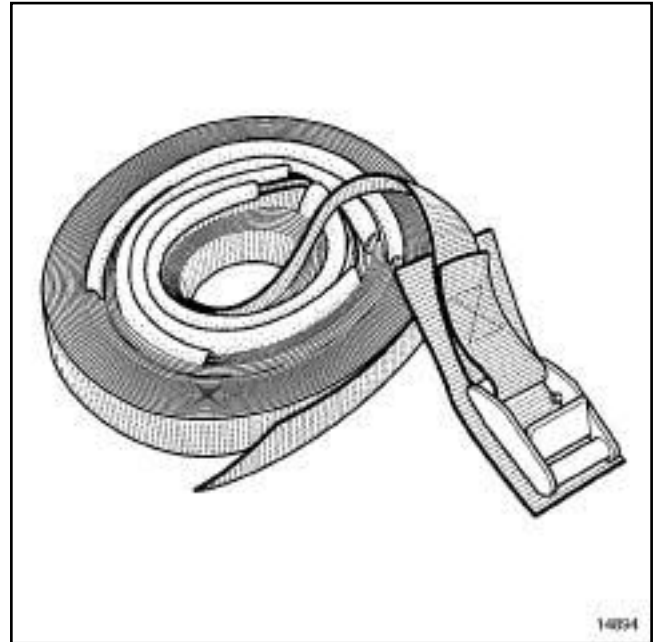
108418

To raise a front or rear wheel, use (1) as the support point.

To mount the vehicle on axle stands, the entire vehicle must be lifted on one side and axle stands must be placed under the jacking points for the tool kit jack (1).

### III - LIFTING ON A LIFT

#### 1 - Safety advice reminder



14894

If it is necessary to remove heavy components from the vehicle, it is preferable to use a four-post lift.

After removing certain components (e.g. engine and transmission assembly, rear axle, fuel tank, etc.), there is a danger that the vehicle will tip on a two post lift.

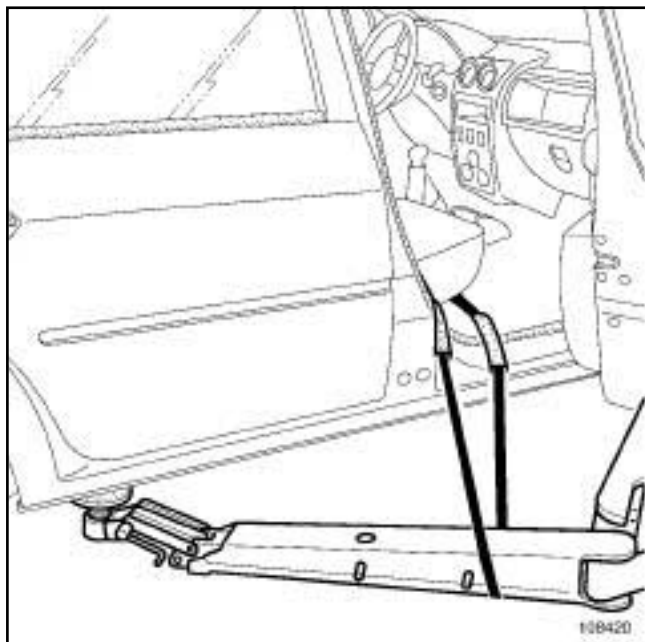
When the vehicle is raised on an underbody two post lift, fit **safety strap(s)**, part no. **77 11 172 554** available from the Parts Department.

# LIFTING EQUIPMENT

## Vehicle: Towing and lifting

# 02A

### 2 - Fitting the straps



108420

For safety purposes, the straps must always be in perfect condition; replace them if they are damaged.

When fitting the straps, check that the seats and fragile parts of the vehicle are correctly protected.

#### ***a - Tilting towards the front***

Pass the strap under the rear right-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the strap through the inside of the vehicle.

Pass the strap under the rear left-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the belt through the inside of the vehicle again.

Tighten the strap.

#### ***b - Tilting towards the rear***

Pass the strap under the front right-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the strap through the inside of the vehicle.

Pass the strap under the front left-hand arm of the lift.

Pass the belt through the inside of the vehicle again.

Tighten the strap.

### 3 - Permitted jacking points

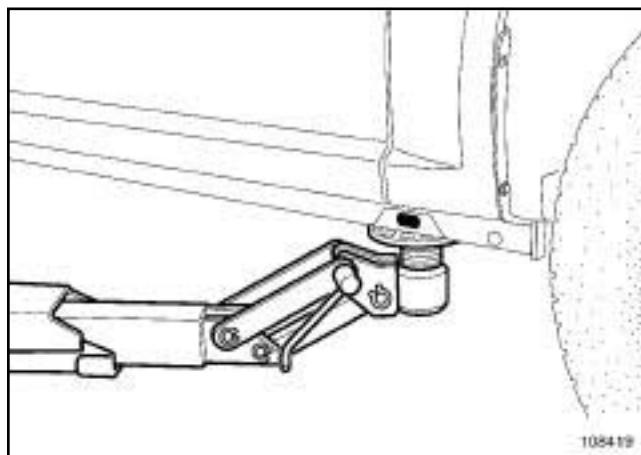
To raise the vehicle, position the pads of the lift arms as indicated below taking care not to damage the end of the front wing or the underside of the sill panel.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Only the jacking points described in this section allow the vehicle to be raised in complete safety.

Do not raise the vehicle using points other than those described in this section.

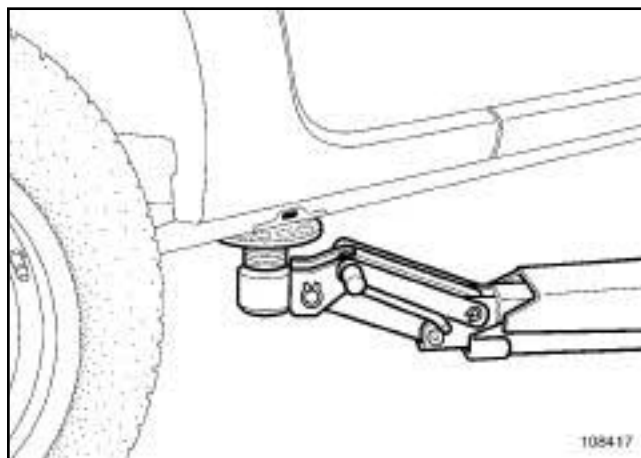
#### **At the front**



108419

Position the lift arms under the end of the sill panel body flanges.

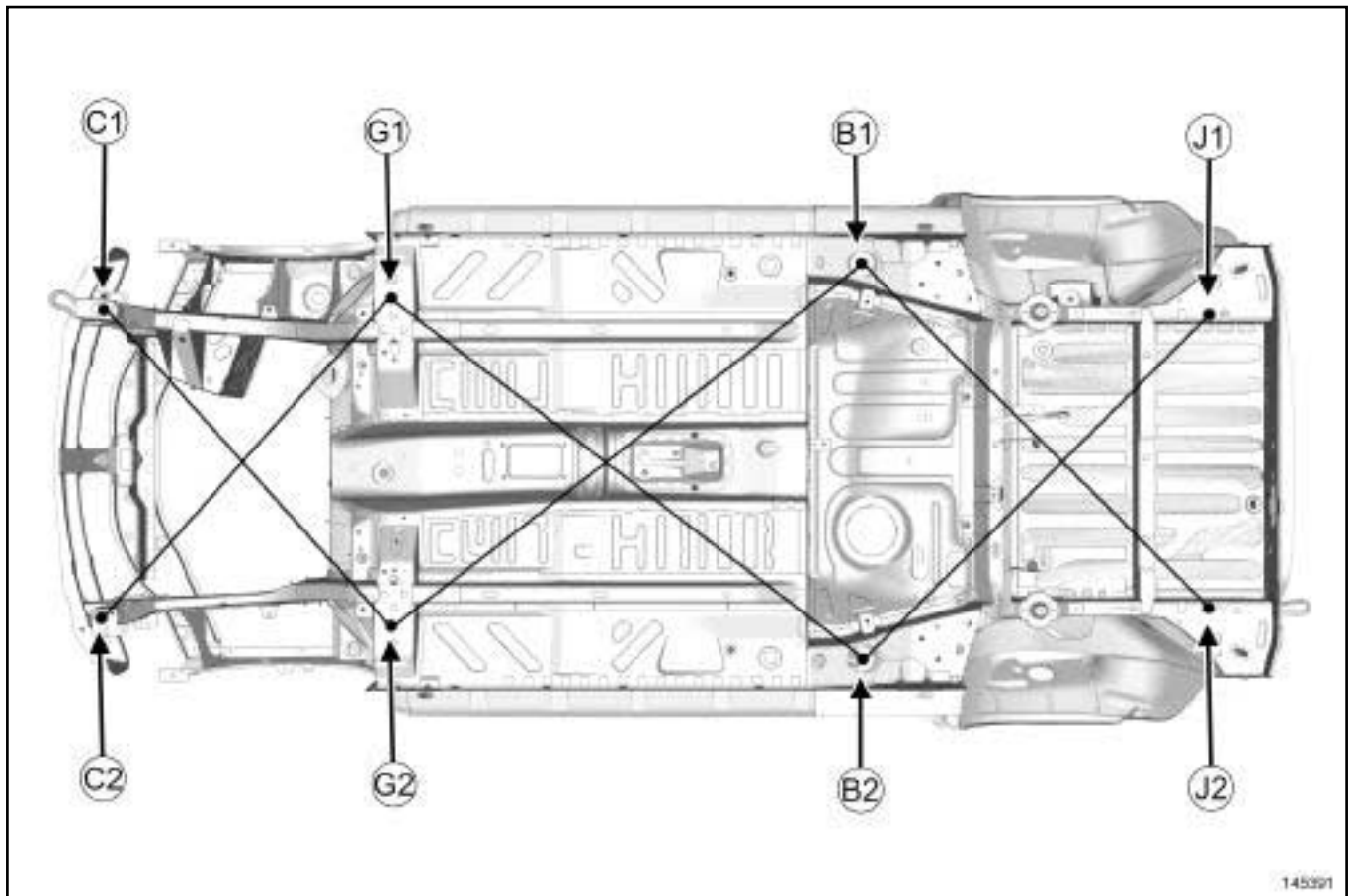
#### **At the rear**



108417

Position the lift arms under the end of the sill panel body flanges.

## Vehicle involved in an impact: Impact fault finding



145391

145391

□

**I - CHECKING THE SUBFRAME****Chronological order of checks**

## □ FRONT impact

Compare the following distances between diagonally opposite points:

-1:  $B1 - G2 = B2 - G1$

-2:  $G1 - C2 = G2 - C1$

## □ REAR impact

Compare the following distances between diagonally opposite points

-1:  $G2 - B1 = G1 - B2$

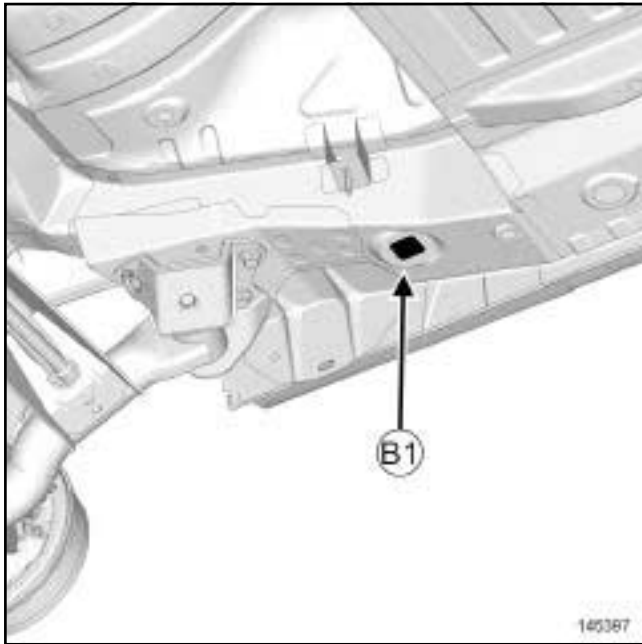
-2:  $B1 - J2 = B2 - J1$



Vehicle involved in an impact: Impact fault finding

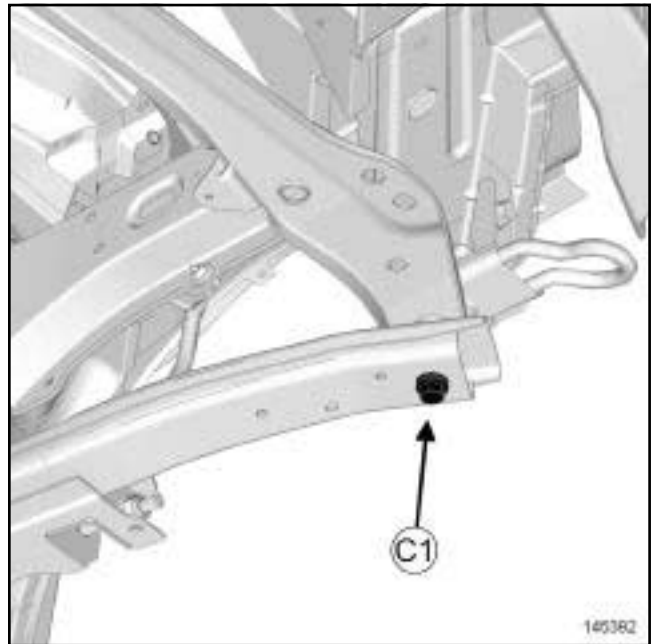
II - DETAILED VIEW OF INSPECTION POINTS

Point B1 - B2



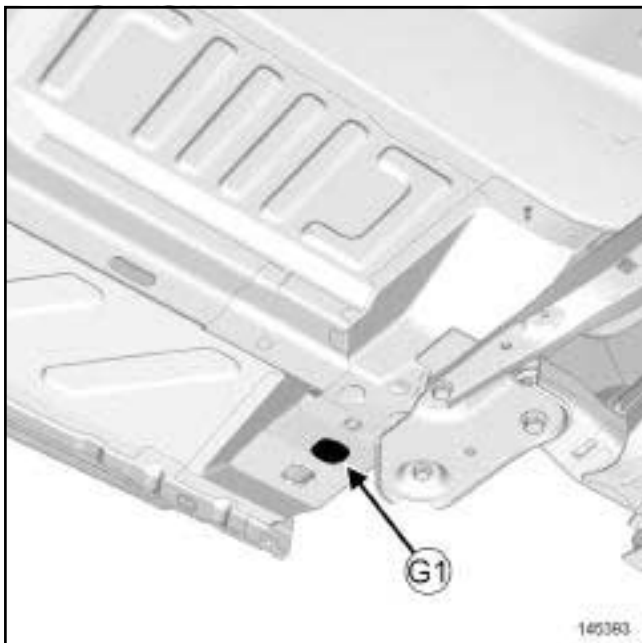
145397

Point C1 - C2



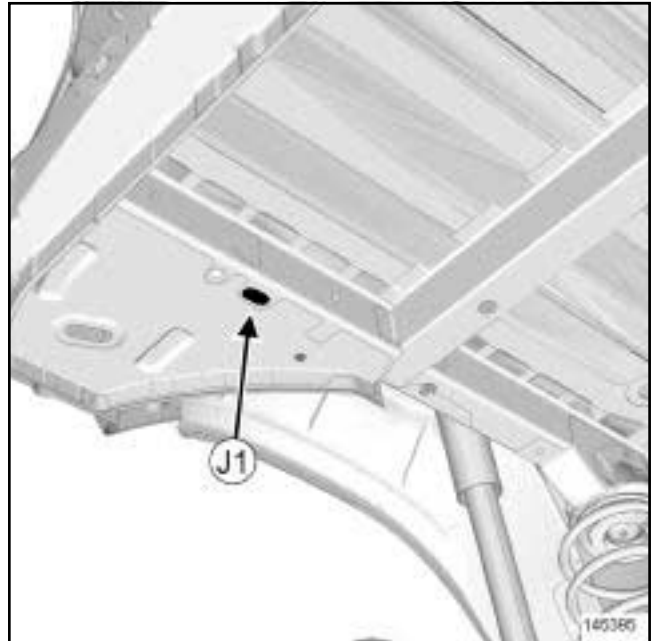
145392

Point G1 - G2



145393

Point J1 - J2



145395

□

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

### Consumables for mechanical repair:

DEFINITION	PACKAGING	PART NUMBER
<b>MECHANICAL SEALANTS</b>		
<b>SILICOR</b> sealing paste	<b>85 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 236 470</b>
<b>MASTIXO</b> Joint face seal	<b>100 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 236 172</b>
<b>BEARING SEALING KIT</b> For crankshaft bearing cap side sealing	Kit	<b>77 11 237 896</b>
<b>SILICONE ADHESIVE SEAL</b> Engine and gearbox sealing paste	<b>100 g</b> cartridge	<b>77 11 227 484</b>
<b>TRANSPARENT SEALING MASTIC</b>	<b>45 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 223 369</b>
<b>SILICOJOINT</b>	<b>90 g</b> tube	<b>77 11 236 469</b>
<b>LOCTITE ADHESIVE 597</b> Sealing paste for PXX gearboxes	Cartridge	<b>77 11 219 705</b>
<b>RESIN ADHESIVE</b> or <b>SEALING RESIN</b> Sealing resin for engine and gearbox covers	<b>25 ml</b> tube	<b>77 11 237 640</b>
<b>EXHAUST MASTIC</b> For exhaust pipe union seals	<b>1.5 kg</b> tin	<b>77 01 421 161</b>
<b>LEAK DETECTOR</b>	<b>400 ml</b> aerosol	<b>77 11 236 176</b>
<b>ADHESIVES</b>		
<b>FRENETANCHE</b> Sealing the threading at low and medium pressure	<b>50 ml</b> bottle	<b>77 11 236 471</b>
<b>HIGH-STRENGTH THREADLOCK</b> For locking bolts	<b>50 ml</b> bottle	<b>77 11 230 112</b>
<b>SEALING RESIN</b> For locking the bearings	<b>50 ml</b> bottle	<b>77 11 236 472</b>
<b>LUBRICANT CLEANERS</b>		
<b>NÉTELEC</b> Avoid bad contacts in electrical circuits	<b>150 ml</b> aerosol	<b>77 11 225 871</b>

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

# 04B

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

<b>INJECTOR CLEANER</b>	355 ml container	77 11 224 188 or 77 11 225 539
<b>CLOTH FOR INJECTION SYSTEM</b>		77 11 211 707
<b>SUPER RELEASING AGENT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 166
<b>SUPER RELEASING AGENT</b>	250 ml aerosol	77 11 420 439
<b>SUPER CLEANER FOR JOINT FACES</b> For cleaning joint faces	300 ml aerosol	77 11 238 181
<b>SURFACE CLEANER</b>	5 L container	77 01 404 178
<b>SILICONE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 168
<b>SILICONE-FREE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 167
<b>BRAKE CLEANER</b>	600 ml aerosol	77 11 422 413
	150 ml aerosol	77 11 422 414
<b>BIO BRAKE CLEANER</b>	750 ml spray bottle	77 11 427 217
<b>AIR CONDITIONING CLEANER</b>	250 ml aerosol	77 11 230 498
<b>CARBURETTOR CLEANER</b>	Aerosol	77 11 236 177
<b>IXTAR ENGINE CLEANER</b>	400 ml can	77 11 229 365
<b>GREASE</b>		
<b>BR2+ GREASE</b> For: - the lower arm bearings, - the anti-roll bar grooves, - the driveshaft splines.	1 kg pack	77 01 421 145
<b>SILICONE GREASE</b> For: - the tubular rear axle bushes, - the anti-roll bar bushes.	100 g tube	77 11 419 216
<b>COPPER ANTI-SEIZE GREASE</b> Grease for turbochargers (high temperature)	85 g tube	77 11 236 173
<b>COPPER-ALUMINIUM LUBRICANT</b> Grease for turbochargers (high temperature)	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 169
<b>GREASE</b> For driveshaft seals	180 g sachets	77 11 420 011

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

# 04B

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

<b>WHITE GREASE</b> For wheel sensors	400 ml aerosol	77 11 236 174
<b>MULTIPURPOSE GREASE</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 170
	250 ml aerosol	77 11 236 171
<b>FLUORSTAR 2L</b> Silicone-free electric sealing grease	100 g tube	82 00 168 855
LACQUER		
<b>JELT ARGENT</b> Varnish for repairing heated rear screens	5 g bottle	77 11 230 111
BRAKE		
<b>DOT 4, ISO CLASS 6, RENAULT STANDARD: 03-50-006,</b> For vehicles with and without electronic stability program (ESP)	0.5 L container	77 11 218 589
	5 L container	77 11 238 318
	25 L container	77 11 238 319
<b>DOT 4, ISO CLASS 4, RENAULT STANDARD: 03-50-005</b> Authorised for vehicles without ESP	0.5 L container	77 11 172 381
	5 L container	77 01 395 503
	25 L container	77 11 171 926
<b>DOT 4</b> Authorised for vehicles without ESP, without clutch with hydraulic tappet	0.5 L container	86 71 000 000
	5 L container	86 71 014 277
	25 L container	86 71 014 278
COOLING SYSTEM		
<b>ANTIFREEZE (TYPE D)</b>	1 L container	77 11 170 548
<b>COOLANT (TYPE D)</b>	1 L container	77 11 171 589
	2 L container	77 11 170 545
	5 L container	77 11 170 546
OIL		
<b>ENGINE OIL</b>	(see <b>Engine oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6013A, 04A, Lubricants)	
<b>GEARBOX OIL</b>	(see <b>Manual gearbox oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	
	(see <b>Automatic gearbox oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	
	(see <b>Sequential gearbox oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

## Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

<b>AXLE OIL</b>	(see <b>Rear axle oil: Specifications</b> ) (Technical Note 6012A, 04A, Lubricants)	
<b>ELF RENAULT MATIC D2</b> Oil for power-assisted steering: Pump connected, pump assembly (except Laguna III)	2 L container	77 01 402 037
<b>TOTAL POWER-ASSISTED STEERING FLUID</b> Oil for power-assisted steering: Pump assembly (Laguna III)	1 L container	no part number
<b>PLANETELF PAG 488</b>		77 11 172 668
<b>SANDEN SP 10</b> Oil for air conditioning compressor	250 ml container	77 01 419 313
<b>UNIVIS J26</b> Oil for retractable roof hydraulic system	250 ml container	77 11 172 160
<b>TYRES</b>		
<b>TYRE PASTE</b>	1 kg pack	77 11 223 052
	5 kg pack	77 11 223 053
<b>TYRE REPAIR AGENT</b>	400 ml tube	77 11 221 296
	300 ml tube	77 11 222 802
<b>BLANKING PLUG</b>		
Engine type	Injection type	Part no.
<b>F5R</b>		77 01 206 382
<b>F8Q</b>		77 01 206 340
<b>F9Q</b>		77 01 208 229
<b>G9T AND G9U</b>		77 01 208 229
<b>K9K</b>	<b>DELPHI</b>	77 01 206 804
<b>K9K</b>	<b>SIEMENS</b>	77 01 476 857
<b>M9R</b>		77 01 209 062
<b>P9X</b>		77 01 474 730
<b>ZD3</b>		77 01 208 229
<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>		
<b>GREY ABRASIVE PAD</b>		77 01 405 943

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

Consumables for bodywork repair:

HOLLOW SECTION WAX		
SPR CC	1 L container	77 11 172 672
SPR CC SPRAY	500 ml aerosol	77 11 211 654
STRUCTURAL ADHESIVE		
STRUCTURAL ADHESIVE	Kit =2 80 ml cartridges	77 11 219 885
HIGH PERFORMANCE STRUCTURAL ADHESIVE	1 195 ml cartridge	77 11 419 113
GLAZING PRODUCTS AND ADHESIVES		
MONOPAC EVOLUTION ADHESIVE KIT	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 430
MONOPAC EVOLUTION ADDITIONAL CARTRIDGE + NOZZLE	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 431
S-P KIT ADHESIVE KIT	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 432
ADDITIONAL S-P KIT CARTRIDGE + NOZZLE	310 ml cartridge	77 11 421 433
BIPAC EVOLUTION ADHESIVE KIT	2 225 ml cartridges	77 11 421 434
LINT-FREE CLOTH	Box of 340 cloths	77 11 237 262
WINDOW SEALING MASTIC	310 ml cartridge	77 11 170 222
SPECIAL ADHESIVE FOR WINDOWS		77 11 425 759
ADHESION PROMOTER For bonding double-sided adhesive tape	Cloth	77 11 423 222
MISCELLANEOUS		
DOUBLE-SIDED ADHESIVE	18 mm wide	77 11 226 308
DOUBLE-SIDED ADHESIVE	8 mm wide	77 11 427 869
FRENETANCHE	50 ml bottle	77 11 236 471
ADHESIVE PATCH		82 00 043 181
ADHESIVE PAD		77 05 042 163
SEALS		
BLACK MJ PRO (Electroweldable)	310 ml cartridge	77 11 172 676
WHITE MJ PRO II (Electroweldable)	310 ml cartridge	77 11 426 951

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

<b>PREFORMED SEALING MASTIC BEAD</b>	2.6 m roll	77 01 423 330
<b>BRUSH MASTIC</b>	1 kg pack	77 11 228 113
<b>FILLER MASTIC</b>	60 beads Ø 6 mm by 0.3 m	77 11 170 230
<b>GREASE</b>		
<b>WHITE GREASE</b>	400 ml aerosol	77 11 236 174
<b>OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISM GREASE</b>	20 g sachets	77 11 419 865
<b>SILICONE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 168
<b>SILICONE-FREE LUBRICANT</b>	500 ml aerosol	77 11 236 167
<b>SOUNDPROOFING</b>		
<b>SPR GREY EVOLUTION</b>	1 l cartridge	77 11 419 114
<b>SPR GREY EVOLUTION SPRAY</b>	400 ml aerosol	77 11 419 116
<b>SPR BLACK EVOLUTION II</b>	1 l cartridge	77 11 419 115
<b>SOUNDPROOFING PAD (3.5 Kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	Pack of 10	77 01 423 546
<b>SOUNDPROOFING PAD (6.5 Kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	Pack of 5	77 01 423 269
<b>POLISHING</b>		
<b>POLISHING LIQUID</b>	1 L container	77 11 420 288
<b>FINISHING LIQUID</b>	1 L container	77 11 420 289
<b>MASTIC</b>		
<b>Universal mastic</b>		
<b>GALAXI</b>	2.5 kg pack	77 11 172 238
<b>OPTIMAX</b>	1.23 l cartridge	77 11 172 239
<b>EXCELLENCE +</b>	960 g cartridge	77 11 423 539
For finishing plastic repair	1 kg pack	77 11 423 540
<b>Plugging mastic</b>		
<b>XFIBRE FIBREGLASS MASTIC</b>	975 kg pack	77 11 172 235
<b>STANDARD BASIX POLYESTER MASTIC</b>	1.975 kg pack	77 11 172 234
<b>ALUX ALUMINIUM MASTIC</b>	975 kg pack	77 11 172 236
<b>Sprayable mastic</b>		

# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

**04B**

<b>PIXTO SPRAYABLE POLYESTER MASTIC</b>	<b>1.5 kg tin</b>	<b>77 11 172 237</b>
<b>Finishing mastic</b>		
<b>IXTRA POLYESTER MASTIC</b>	<b>1.625 kg pack</b>	<b>77 11 172 233</b>
<b>Anti-grit mastic</b>		
<b>MAG PRO 1</b>	<b>310 ml cartridge</b>	<b>77 11 172 679</b>
<b>MAG PRO 3 (Dual component)</b>	<b>1.5 kg tin</b>	<b>77 11 218 364</b>
<b>SURFACE CLEANER</b>		
<b>HEPTANE</b>	<b>500 ml container</b>	<b>77 11 170 064</b>
<b>SOLVENT SURFACE CLEANER</b>	<b>5 L container</b>	<b>77 01 404 178</b>
<b>WATER-BASED SURFACE CLEANER</b>	<b>5 L container</b>	<b>77 11 421 337</b>
<b>ANTISTATIC THINNER (for plastic materials)</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 01 408 493</b>
<b>COMPOSITE MATERIAL REPAIR BY BONDING</b>		
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR KIT</b>		<b>77 11 170 064</b>
<b>NOZZLE FOR PLASTIC REPAIR KIT</b>		<b>77 11 423 523</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR CLEANER</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 423 517</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR PRIMER</b>	<b>150 ml bottle</b>	<b>77 11 423 518</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR ADHESIVE</b>	<b>2 x 25 ml bicomponent cartridge</b>	<b>77 11 423 519</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR CLOTH</b>	<b>90 m roller</b>	<b>77 11 423 520</b>
<b>PLASTIC REPAIR NOZZLES</b>	<b>12 nozzles</b>	<b>77 11 423 522</b>
<b>COMPOSITE MATERIAL REPAIR BY WELDING</b>		
<b>PLASTIC WELD REPAIR SET</b>		<b>77 11 425 742</b>
<b>PROTECTIVE STRIPS</b>	<b>Bag of 10 protective strips</b>	<b>77 11 425 744</b>
<b>STAINLESS STEEL MESH</b>	<b>Bag of 2 meshes</b>	<b>77 11 425 743</b>
<b>COOLER</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 425 745</b>
<b>BRUSH</b>	<b>Box of 10 brushes</b>	<b>77 11 237 793</b>
<b>WINDOW MASKING TAPE</b>		
<b>10 MM WINDSCREEN TAPE</b>		<b>77 11 171 708</b>
<b>20 MM WINDSCREEN TAPE</b>		<b>77 11 171 709</b>
<b>PROTECTIVE WELDING</b>		



# CONSUMABLES - PRODUCTS

Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair

# 04B

<b>ANTI-SPLASH SPRAY</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 218 270</b>
<b>SPECIFIED UNDERCOAT</b>		
<b>PRE-TREATMENT PRIMER WITHOUT ZINC CHROMATE (I-Alpha) + THINNER</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 420 027 (Primer)</b>
		<b>77 11 420 028 (Thinner)</b>
<b>I-PREMIA REACTIVE PRIMER (do not use on aluminium)</b>	<b>3.5 l container</b>	<b>77 11 239 243 (Primer)</b>
		<b>77 11 228 654 (Thinner)</b>
<b>I-PREMIA REACTIVE PRIMER (do not use on aluminium)</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 419 416</b>
<b>ADHÉRA SPRAY (adhesion promoter for thermoplastics)</b>	<b>400 ml aerosol</b>	<b>77 11 423 734</b>
<b>PRIMARA BLACK (adhesion promoter/primer for thermoplastics)</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 423 735</b>
		<b>77 11 171 514 (Activator)</b>
<b>PRIMARA (adhesion promoter/primer for thermoplastics)</b>	<b>1 L container</b>	<b>77 11 171 513</b>
		<b>77 11 171 514 (Activator)</b>
<b>UNDERCOAT</b>		
<b>LEVIA</b>	<b>3.5 l container</b>	<b>77 11 228 651</b>
<b>FORTIA</b>	<b>3.5 l container</b>	<b>77 11 228 650</b>

# RENAULT

## 4 Panelwork

**40A GENERAL INFORMATION**

**41A FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE**

**41B CENTRE LOWER STRUCTURE**

**41C SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE**

**41D REAR LOWER STRUCTURE**

**42A FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE**

**43A SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE**

**44A REAR UPPER STRUCTURE**

**45A TOP OF BODY**

**47A SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS**

**48A NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 4

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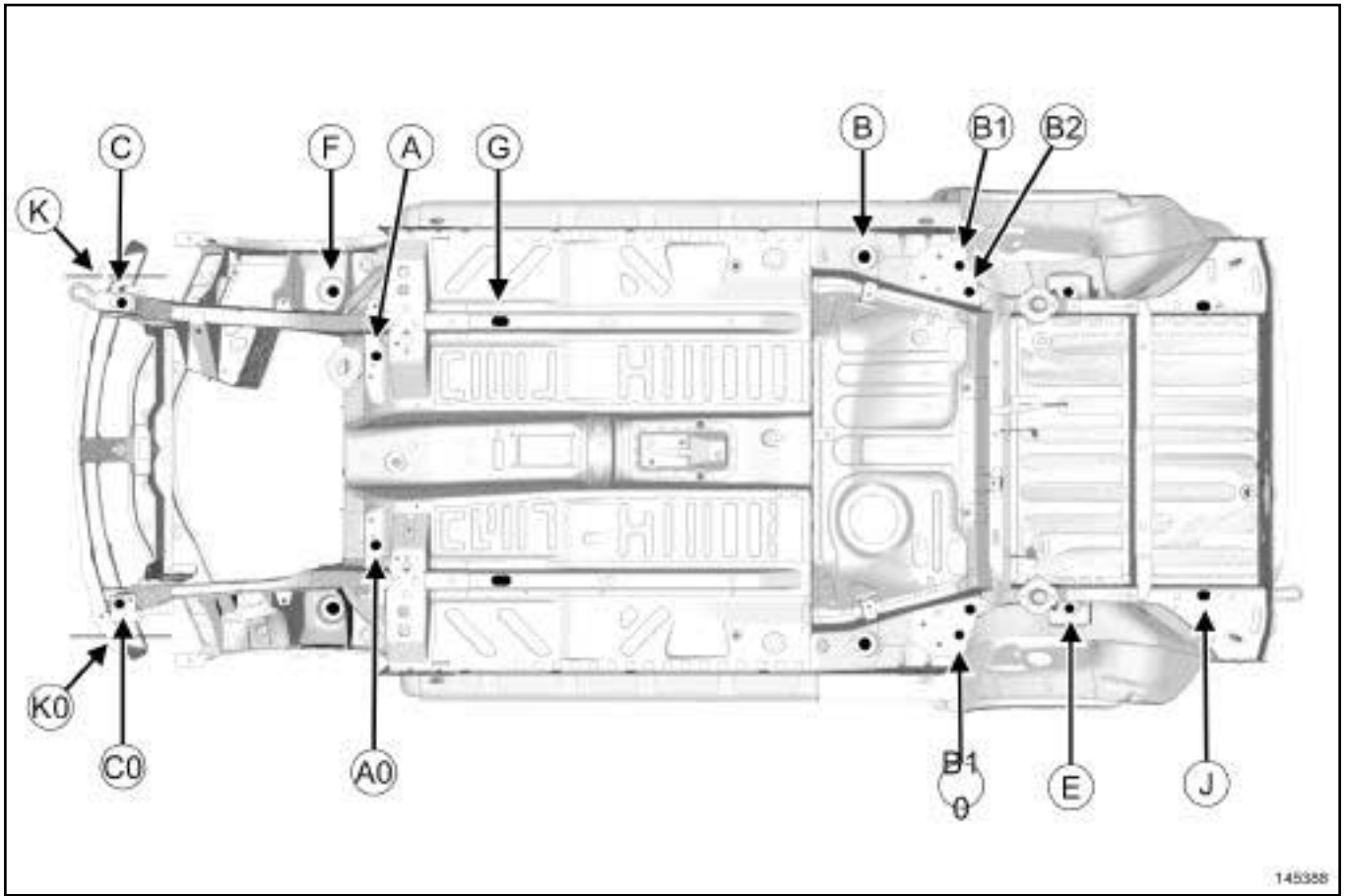
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GENERAL INFORMATION  
Subframe: Specifications

40A

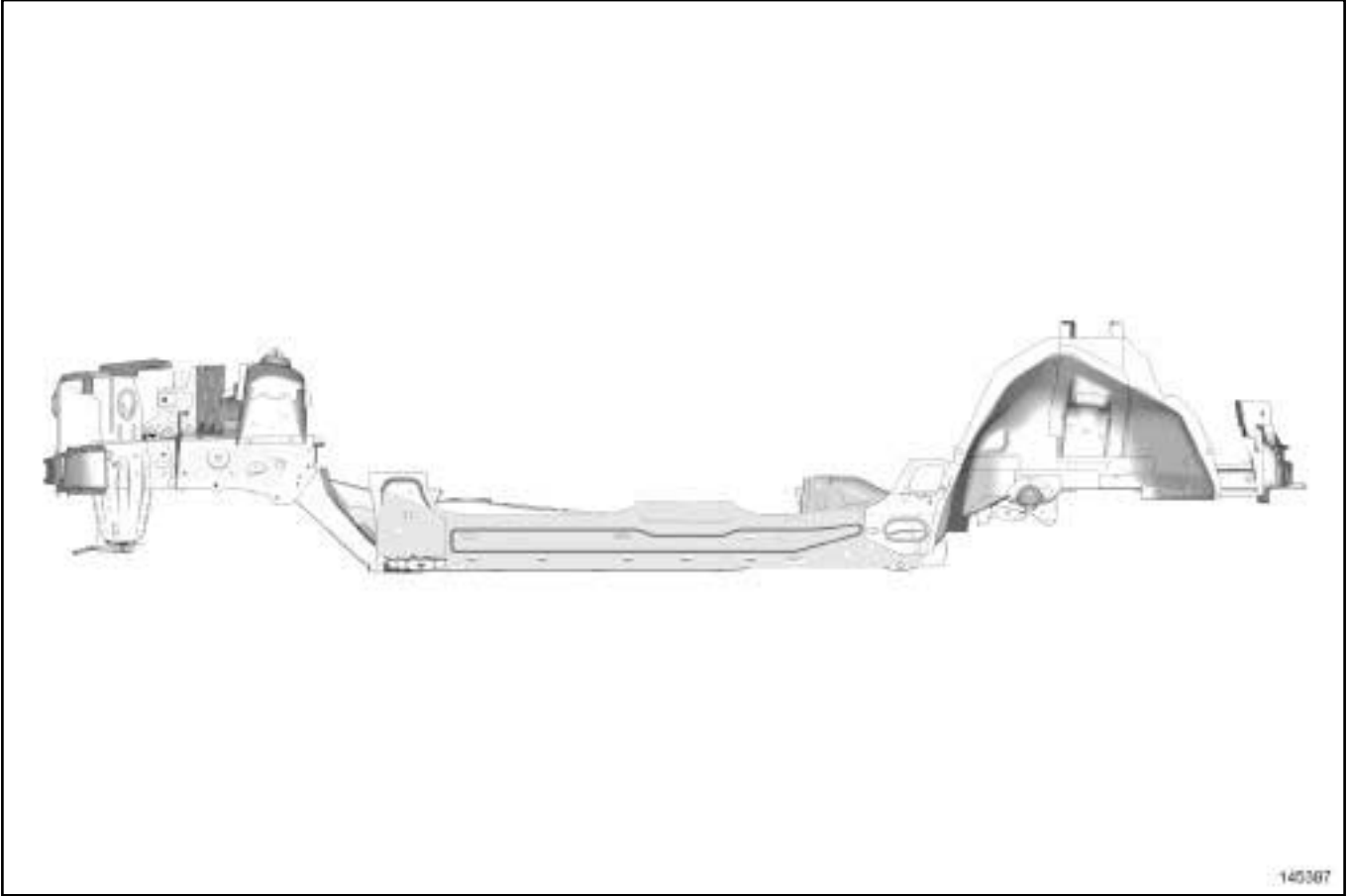


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**GENERAL INFORMATION**  
**Subframe: Specifications**

**40A**



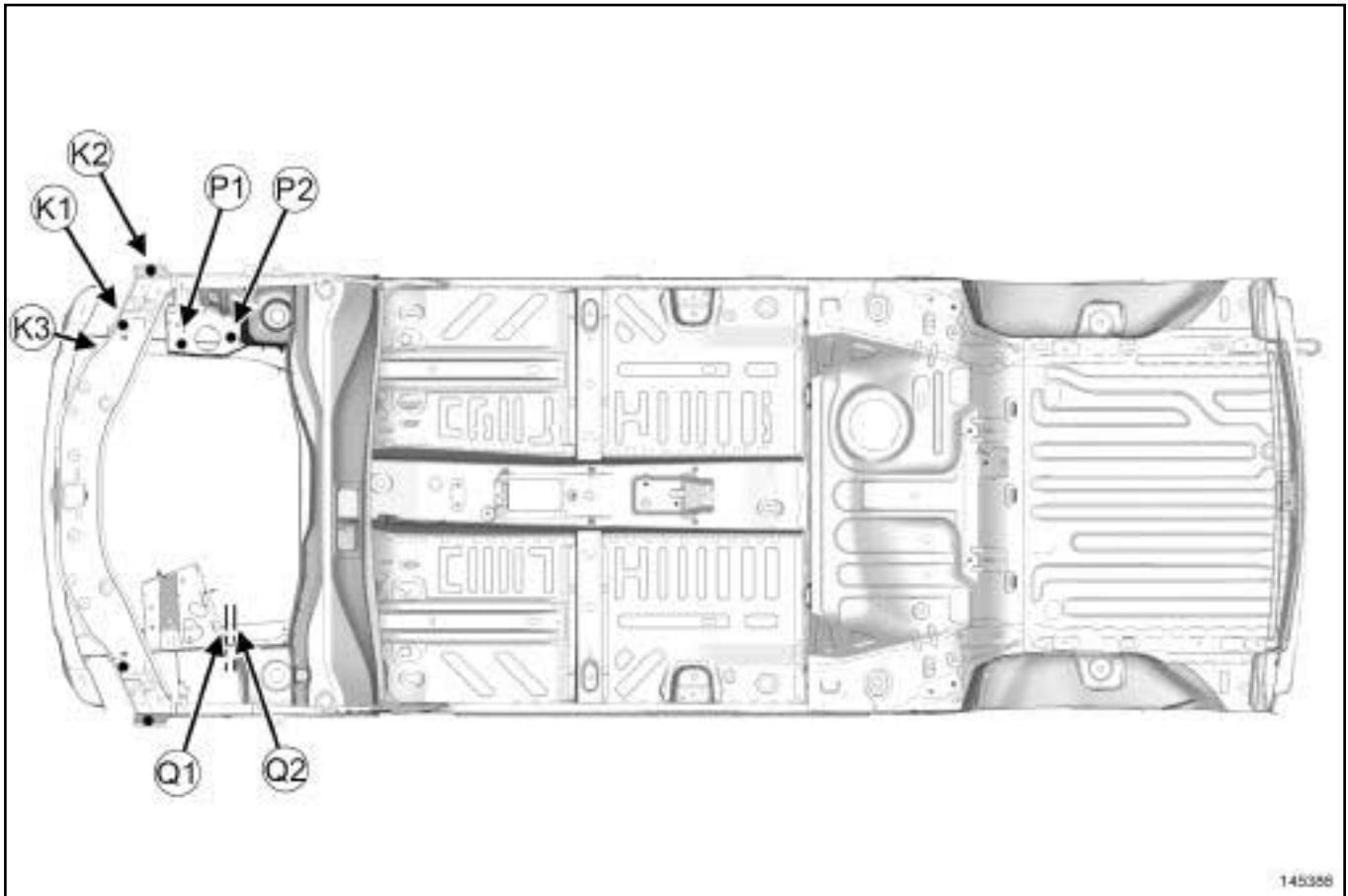
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# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Subframe: Specifications

# 40A



145386

145386

### 4x2 version

No.	Description	Dimension X (mm)	Dimension Y (mm)	Dimension Z (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Angle
A	Left front subframe rear mounting without mechanical components	301	305	78	24.7-M12	0°
Ao	Right front subframe rear mounting without mechanical components	301	305	78	24.7x29.6-M12	0°
A	Left front subframe rear mounting with mechanical components	301	305	-28	Bolt head	0°
Ao	Right front subframe rear mounting with mechanical components	301	305	-28	Bolt head	0°
B	Rear side member front leader pin	1838	622	74	30x30	0°
B1	Left-hand rear axle fixing leader pin without mechanical components	2200	600	118.5	16.2	0°
B1o	Right-hand rear axle fixing leader pin without mechanical components	2200	600	118.5	16.2x24.2	0°
B2	Rear axle rear mounting without mechanical components	2230	516	114.5	Bolt head	0°



# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Subframe: Specifications

# 40A

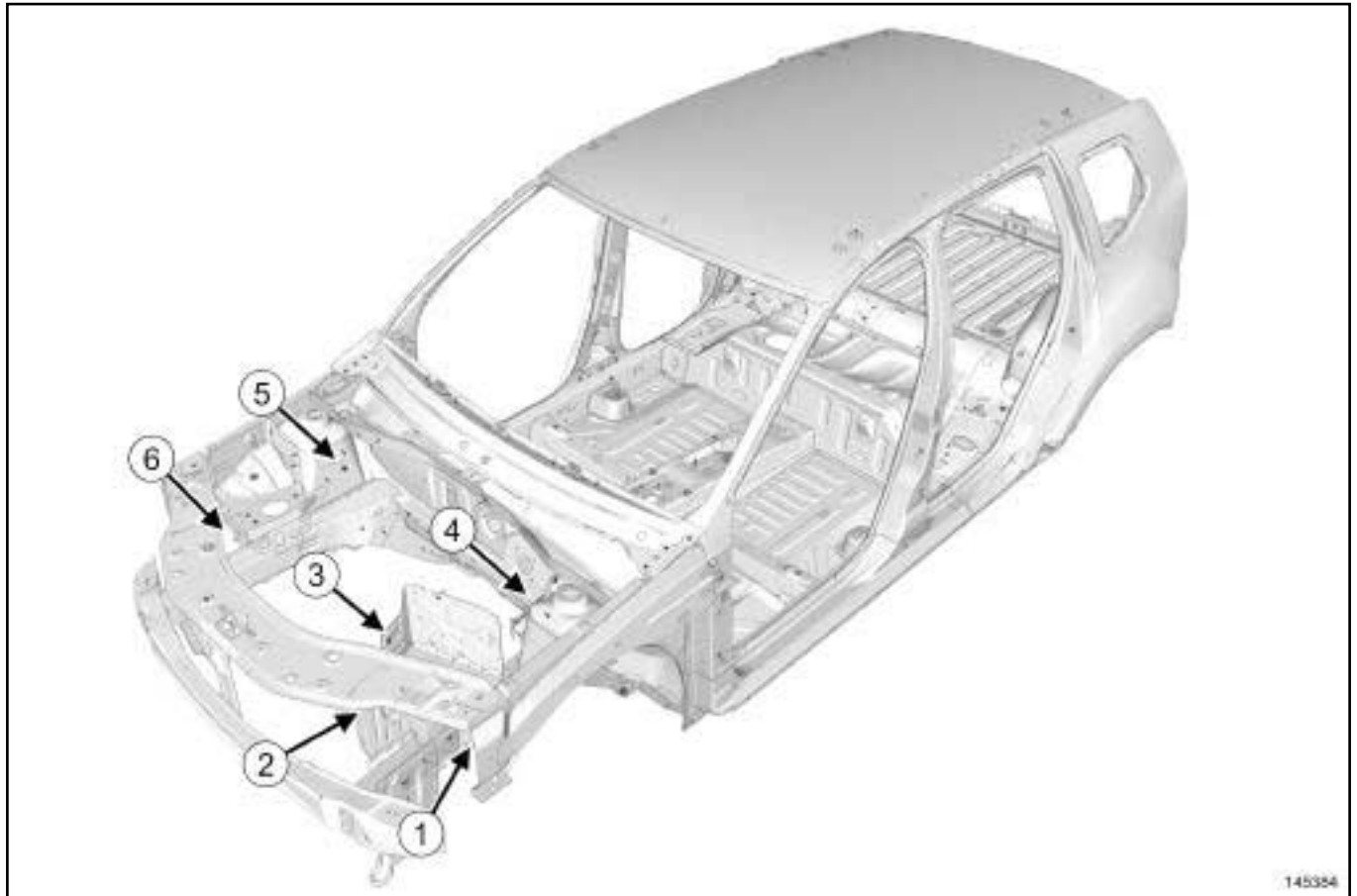
No.	Description	Dimension X (mm)	Dimension Y (mm)	Dimension Z (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Angle
C	Left front subframe front mounting without mechanical components	-502	476	82	M12	0°
Co	Right front subframe front mounting without mechanical components	-525	492	82	M12	0°
C	Left front subframe front mounting with mechanical components	-502	476	-5.5	Bolt head	0°
Co	Right front subframe front mounting with mechanical components	-525	492	-5.5	Bolt head	0°
E	Rear shock absorber upper mounting	2672.25	562.5	532.5	18.2	X: 8° Y: 0°
F	Front shock absorber upper mounting	-3	583.5	683	48	x: 0°35' y: 3°40'
G	Front side member rear leader pin, centre section	721	409	-8.5	20x50	0°
J	Rear side member rear leader pin	2809	485.5	259.5	16.2x32.2	0°
K	Front left end lower cross member	-698	565.5	314.75	14.5	90°
Ko	Front right lower end cross member	-698	566.5	314.75	12.2x16.2	90°
K1	Front upper cross member	-504	555	656	10.2x12.2	0°
K2	Bumper mountings	-421	732	403	12x12	0°
K3	Headlight mounting	581.5	420.5	458.3	8.2x16.2	90°
L	Rear left rear end cross member	3300	580	325	20.5	90°
LO	Rear right rear end cross member	3300	580	325	20x50	90°
P1	Engine mountings 1	-310	492.5	491.5	M10	180°
P2	Engine mountings 2	-150	514.5	491.5	M10	180°
Q1	Gearbox mountings 1	-283	429.5	368	M10	X: 0° y: 90° Z: 4°
Q2	Gearbox mountings 2	-254	427.3	320.5	M10	X: 0° y: 90° Z: 4°

A and B = vehicle trim height reference

|

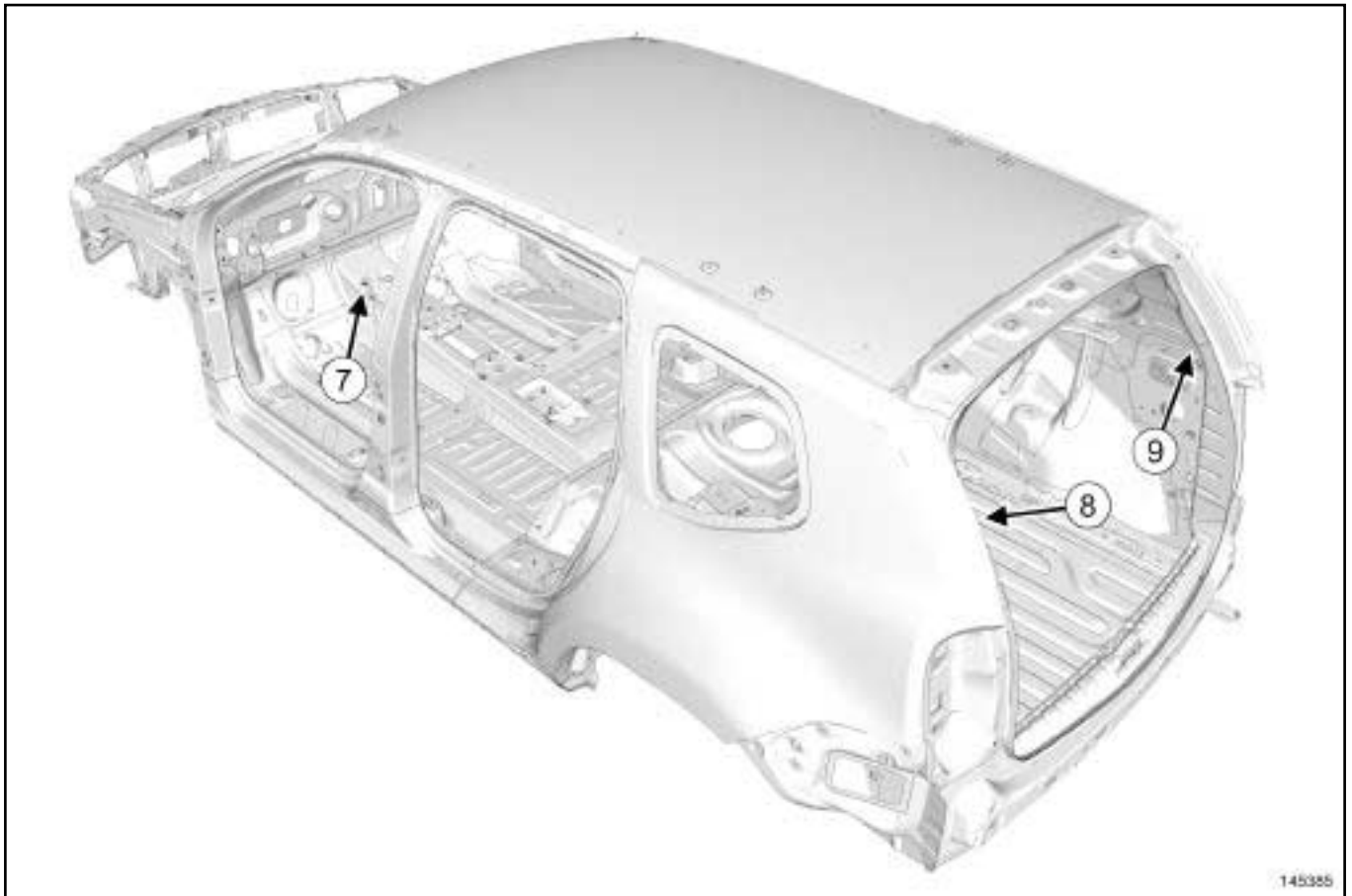
## Earths on body: List and location of components

For the earth stud fitting procedure (see ) (MR400, 40H, Bolted connections).



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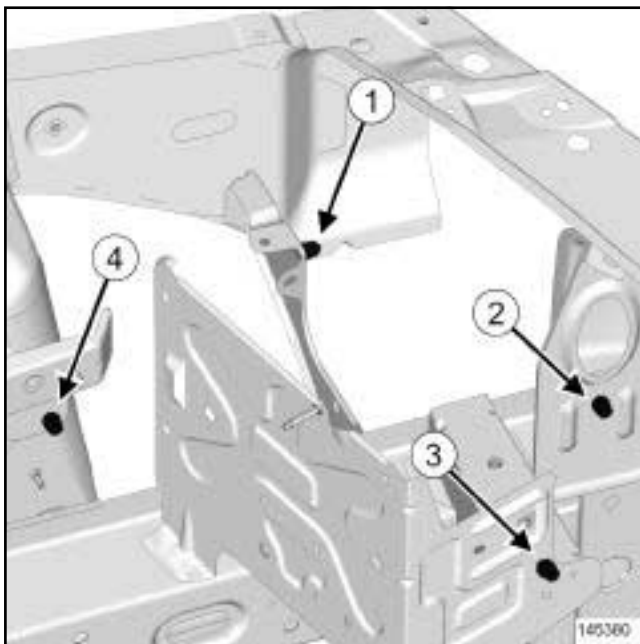
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### DETAILED VIEW OF THE EARTH POSITIONS ON THE VEHICLE

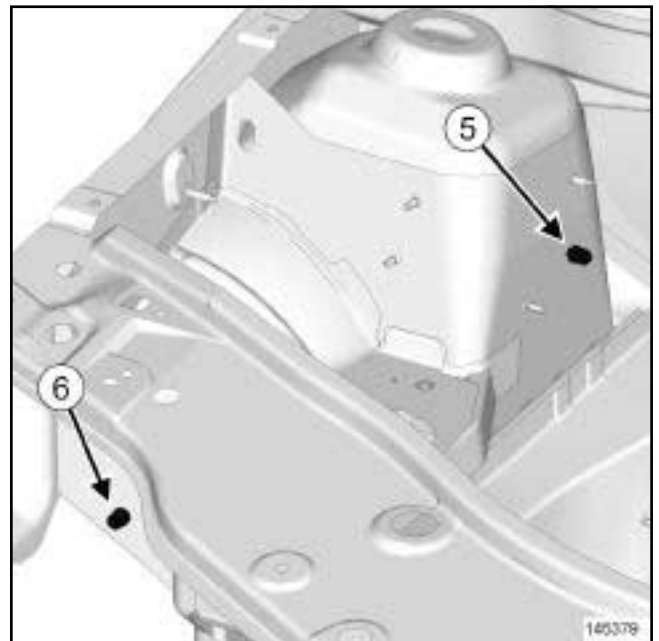


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Earth studs on:

- the front left-hand end side cross member (1) ,

- the front end panel upper cross member mounting (2) ,
- the battery tray bracket (3) ,
- the left-hand shock absorber cup height adjuster (4) .



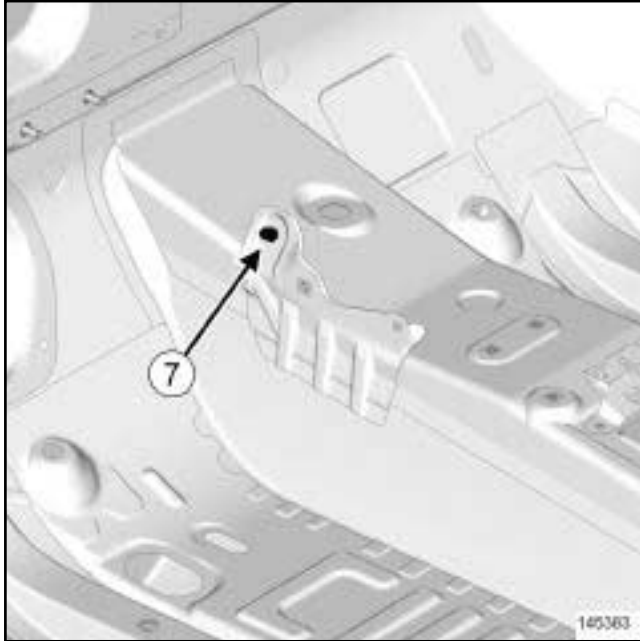
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## Earths on body: List and location of components

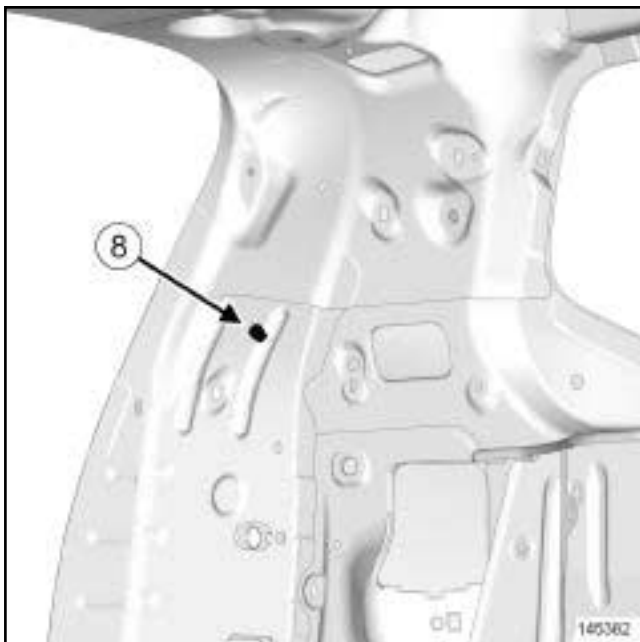
Earth studs on:

- the right-hand shock absorber cup height adjuster (5)
- the front right-hand end side cross member (6) .



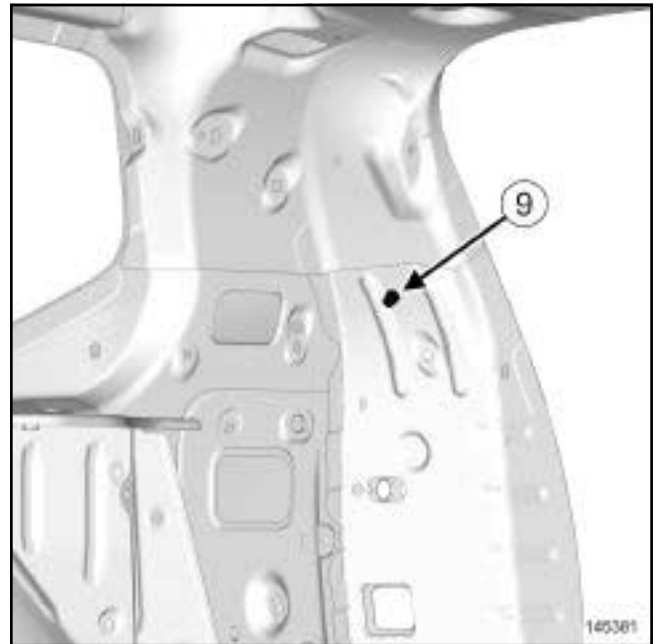
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Earth stud on the tunnel (7) .



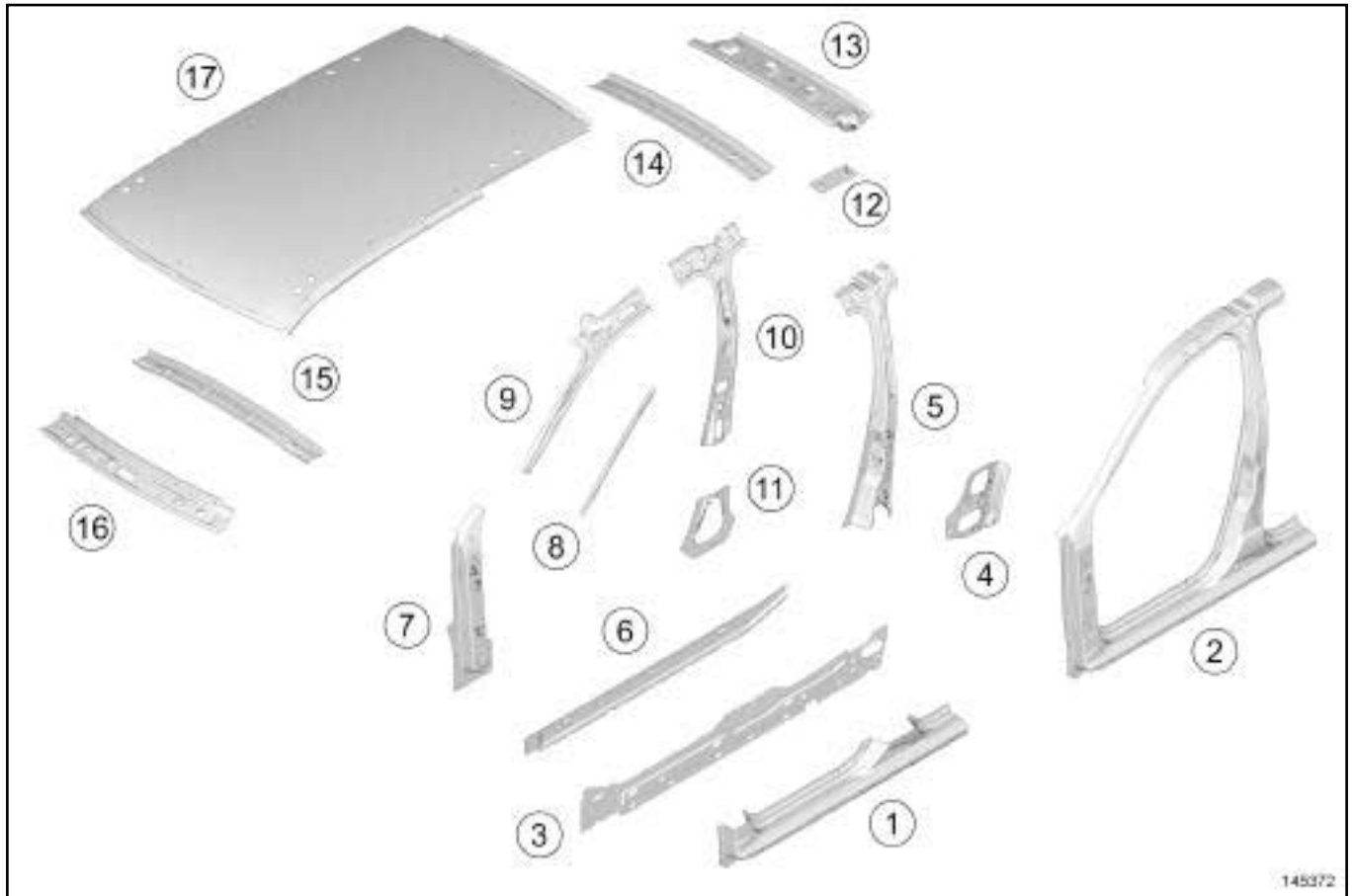
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Earth stud on left-hand light mounting lining (8) .



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Earth stud on right-hand light mounting lining (9) .



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I

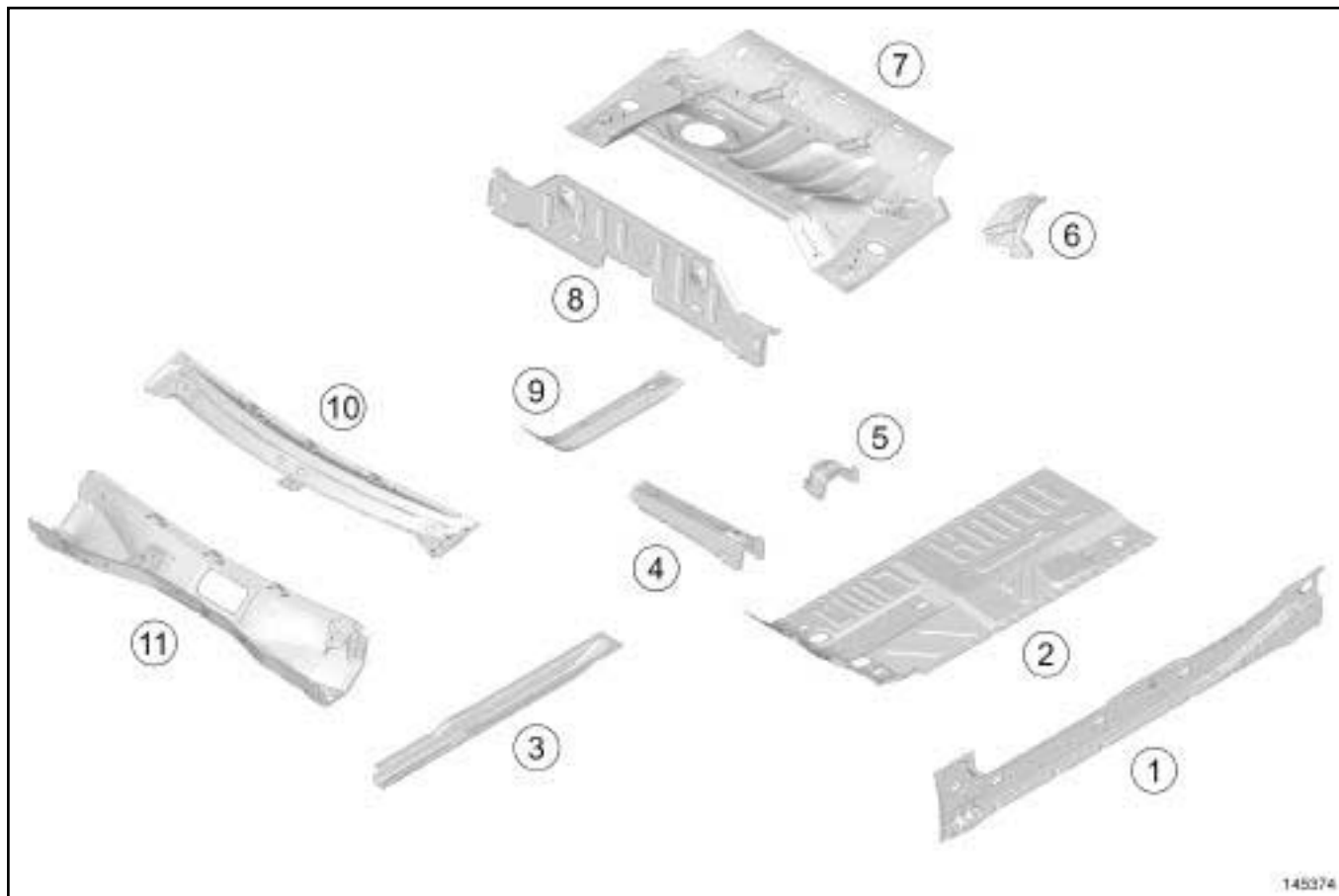
No.	Description	Reference
(1)	Sill panel	(see 41C, Side lower structure, Sill panel: Replacement, page 41C-1)
(2)	Body side, front section	(see 43A, Side upper structure, Body side, front section: Replacement, page 43A-7)
(3)	Sill panel reinforcement	(see 41C, Side lower structure, Sill panel reinforcement: Replacement, page 41C-10)
(4)	Sill panel rear reinforcement	(see 41C, Side lower structure, Sill panel rear reinforcement: Replacement, page 41C-18)
(5)	B-pillar reinforcement	(see 43A, Side upper structure, B-pillar reinforcement: Replacement, page 43A-4)
(6)	Sill pane stiffener	(see 41C, Side lower structure, Sill panel stiffener: Replacement, page 41C-14)
(7)	A-pillar reinforcement	(see 43A, Side upper structure, A-pillar reinforcement: Replacement, page 43A-1)
(8)	Double seal mounting	(see 43A, Side upper structure, Body side, front section: Replacement, page 43A-7)

# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Vehicle structure, side section: Description

**40A**

No.	Description	Reference
(9)	Windscreen pillar lining	(see <b>43A, Side upper structure, Windscreen pillar lining: Replacement</b> , page <b>43A-3</b> )
(10)	B-pillar lining	(see <b>43A, Side upper structure, B-pillar lining: Replacement</b> , page <b>43A-5</b> )
(11)	B-pillar lower lining	(see <b>43A, Side upper structure, B-pillar lower lining: Replacement</b> , page <b>43A-6</b> )
(12)	Roof bar mounting	(see <b>43A, Side upper structure, Roof bar mounting: Replacement</b> , page <b>43A-12</b> )
(13)	Roof rear cross member	(see )
(14)	Roof panel arch	(see <b>45A, Top of body, Roof panel arch: Replacement</b> , page <b>45A-5</b> )
(15)	Roof centre cross member	(see <b>45A, Top of body, Roof centre cross member: Replacement</b> , page <b>45A-4</b> )
(16)	Roof front cross member	(see <b>45A, Top of body, Roof front cross member: Replacement</b> , page <b>45A-3</b> )
(17)	Roof	(see <b>45A, Top of body, Roof: Replacement</b> , page <b>45A-1</b> )



145374

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No.	Description	Reference
(1)	Sill panel closure panel	(see 41C, Side lower structure, Sill panel closure panel: Replacement, page 41C-6)
(2)	Centre floor, side section	(see 41B, Centre lower structure, Centre floor, side section: Replacement, page 41B-1)
(3)	Centre side member	(see 41B, Centre lower structure, Centre side member: Replacement, page 41B-5)
(4)	Front cross member under front seat	(see )
(5)	Front seat rear mounting support	(see )
(6)	Front section of rear floor side reinforcement	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor, front section: Replacement, page 41D-2)
(7)	Rear floor, front section	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor, front section: Replacement, page 41D-2)
(8)	Rear floor front cross member	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor front cross member: Replacement, page 41D-8)

# GENERAL INFORMATION

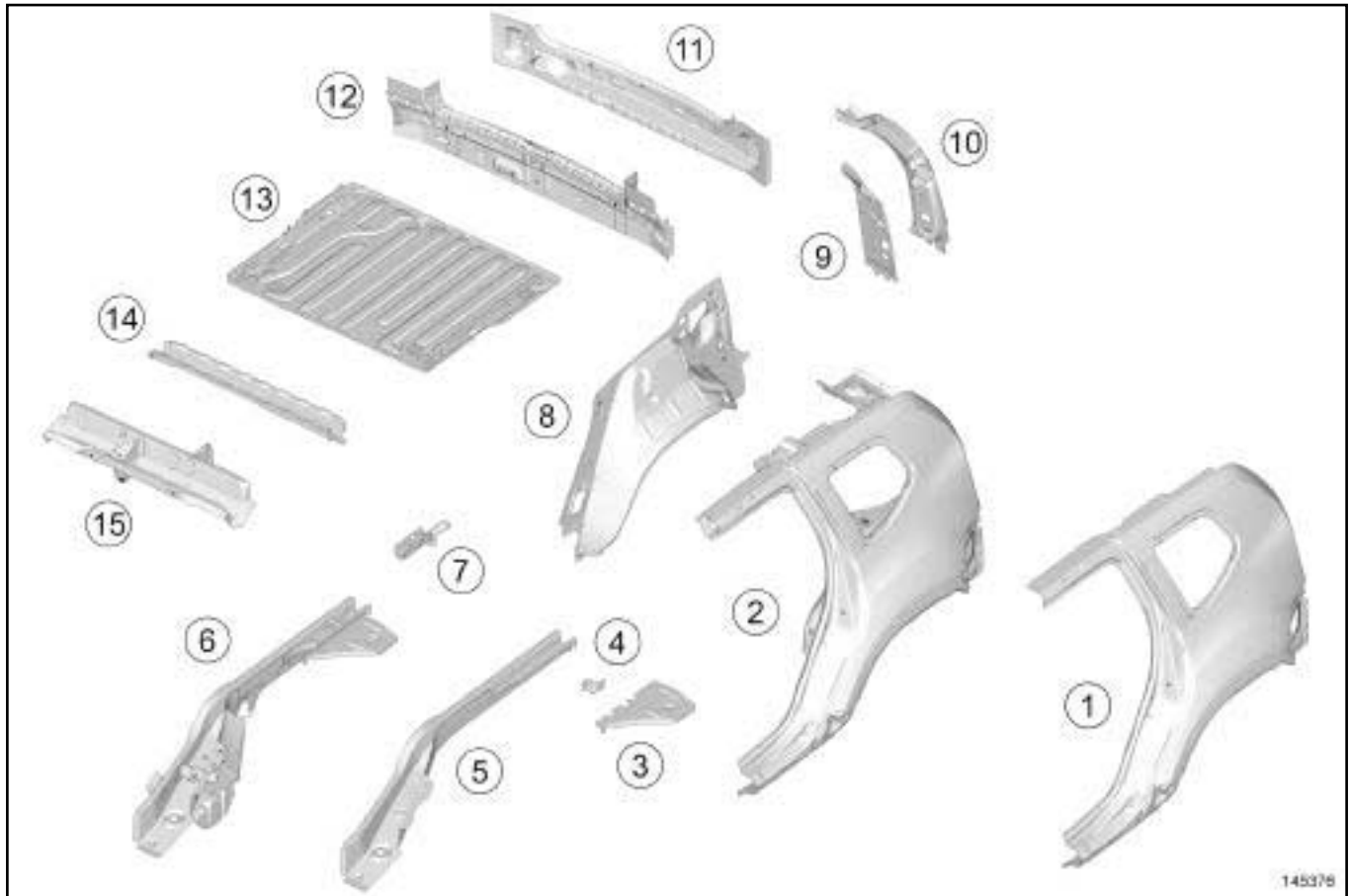
## Vehicle structure, centre section: Description

# 40A

No.	Description	Reference
(9)	Centre floor reinforcement	(see )
(10)	Windscreen aperture lower cross member	(see <b>42A, Front upper structure, Windscreen aperture lower cross member: Replacement</b> , page <b>42A-10</b> )
(11)	Heater bulkhead	(see <b>42A, Front upper structure, Heater bulkhead: Replacement</b> , page <b>42A-8</b> )



4x2 version



145376

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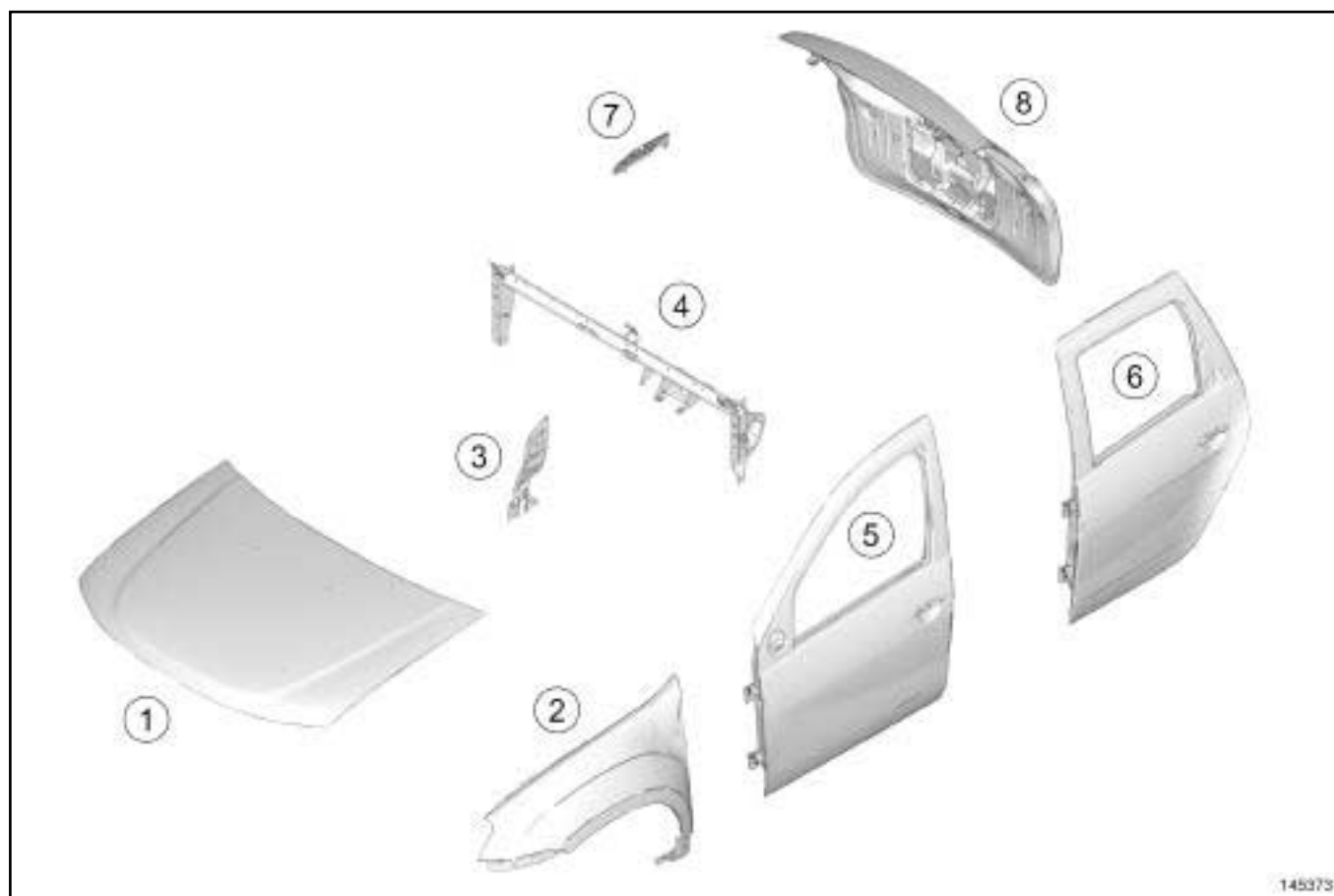
No.	Description	Reference
(1)	Rear wing panel	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Rear wing panel: Replacement, page 44A-1)
(2)	Rear half unit	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Rear half-unit: Replacement, page 44A-9)
(3)	Rear floor, side section	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor, rear side section: Replacement, page 41D-14)
(4)	Exhaust mounting support	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Exhaust mounting support: Replacement, page 41D-16)
(5)	Rear side member	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear side member: Replacement, page 41D-6)
(6)	Rear side member assembly	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear side member assembly: Replacement, page 41D-4)
(7)	Rear towing eye	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear towing eye: Replacement, page 41D-15)
(8)	Quarter panel lining	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Quarter panel lining: Replacement, page 44A-8)

# GENERAL INFORMATION

# 40A

## Vehicle structure, rear section: Description

No.	Description	Reference
(9)	Light mounting lining	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Light mounting lining: Replacement, page 44A-7)
(10)	Rear light mounting	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Rear light mounting: Replacement, page 44A-6)
(11)	Rear end panel	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Rear end panel: Replacement, page 44A-11)
(12)	Rear end panel lining	(see 44A, Rear upper structure, Rear end panel lining: Replacement, page 44A-12)
(13)	Rear floor, rear section	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor, rear section: Replacement, page 41D-11)
(14)	Rear floor reinforcement	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor reinforcement: Replacement, page 41D-1)
(15)	Rear floor centre cross member	(see 41D, Rear lower structure, Rear floor centre cross member: Replacement, page 41D-10)



145373

I

No.	Description	Reference
(1)	Bonnet	(see 48A, Non-side opening elements, Bonnet: Removal - Refitting, page 48A-1)
(2)	Front wing	(see 42A, Front upper structure, Front wing: Removal - Refitting, page 42A-2)
(3)	Dashboard cross member centre plate	(see 42A, Front upper structure, Dashboard cross member: Removal - Refitting, page 42A-11)
(4)	Dashboard cross member	(see 42A, Front upper structure, Dashboard cross member: Removal - Refitting, page 42A-11)
(5)	Front side door	(see 47A, Side opening elements, Front side door: Removal - Refitting, page 47A-1)
(6)	Rear side door	(see 47A, Side opening elements, Rear side door: Removal - Refitting, page 47A-6)
(7)	Fuel filler flap cover	(see 47A, Side opening elements, Fuel filler flap cover: Removal - Refitting, page 47A-11)
(8)	Tailgate	(see 48A, Non-side opening elements, Tailgate: Removal - Refitting, page 48A-5)

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front end lower cross member	1.45

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

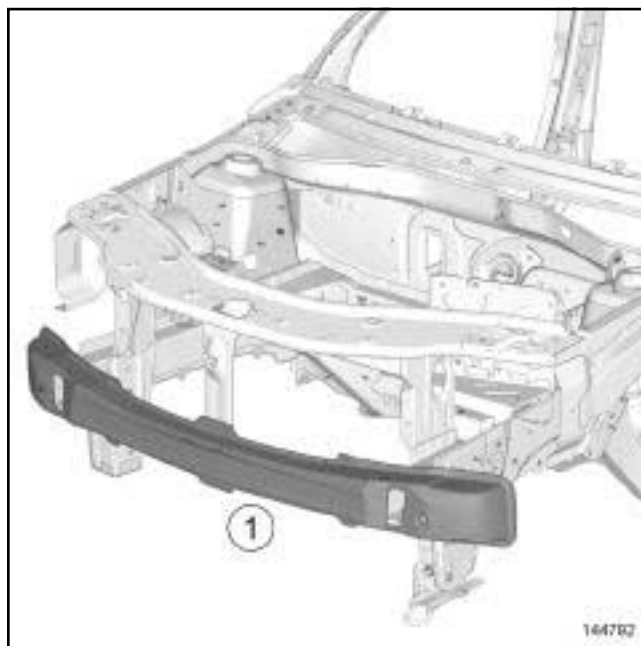
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144792

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Front end side cross member: Replacement

# 41A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front end side cross member	1.20

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

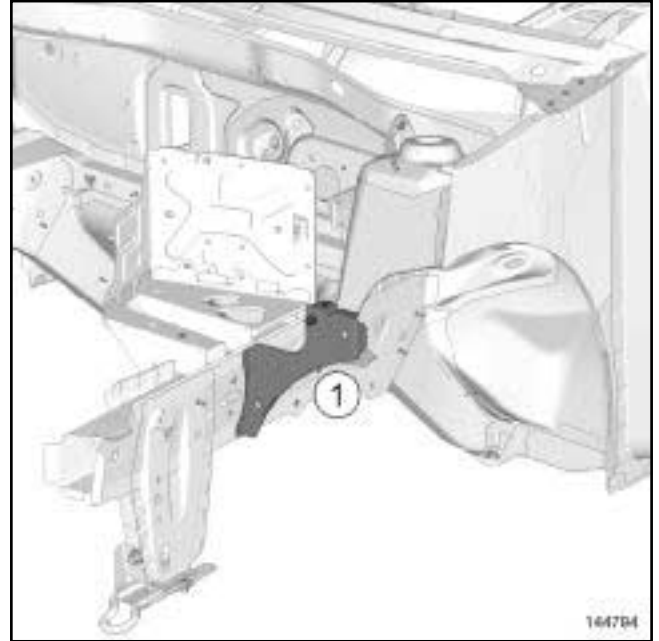
Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position

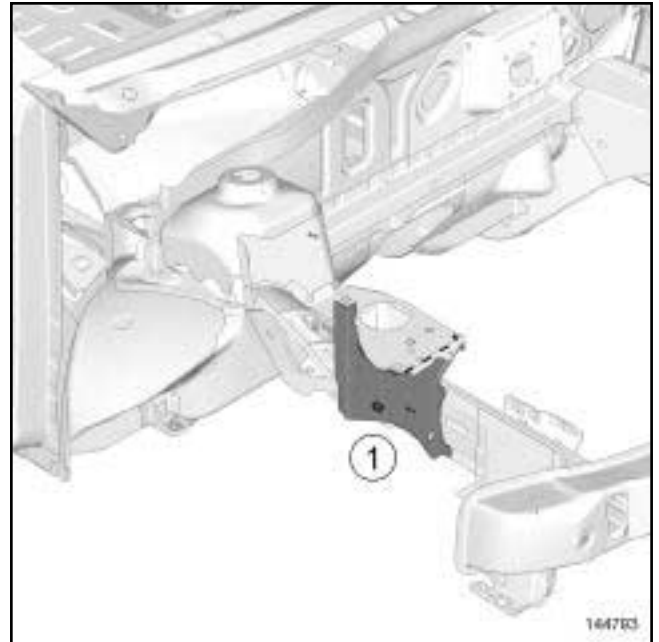
#### Left-hand side



144794

144794

#### Right-hand side

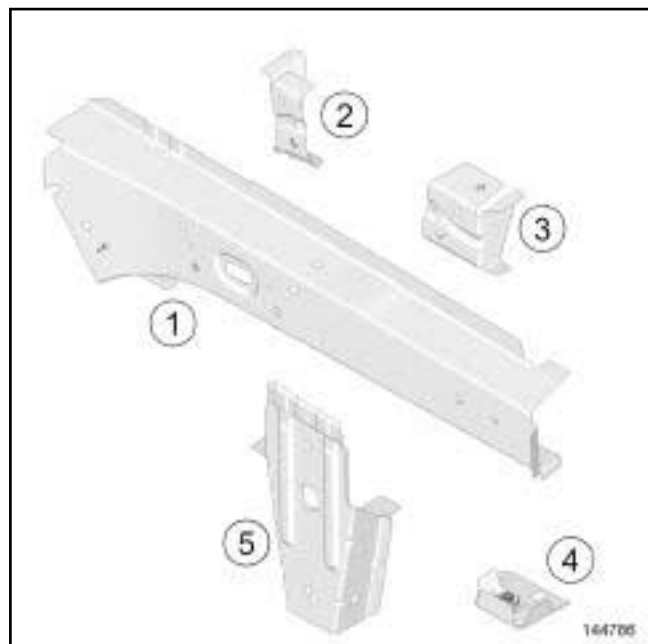


144793

144793

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

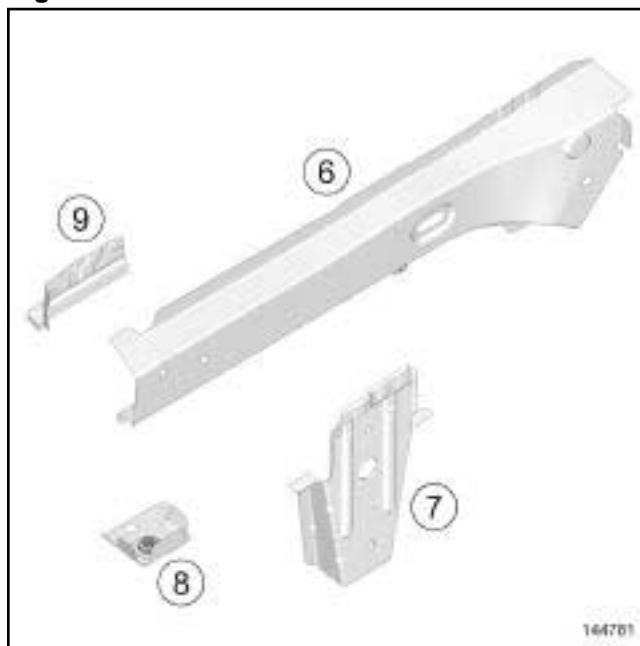
#### Left-hand side



144786

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front side member front section	1.25
(2)	Engine - gearbox assembly suspension rear reinforcement on body	2.5
(3)	Engine - gearbox assembly suspension front reinforcement on body	2.5
(4)	Front subframe mounting support plate	3
(5)	Front sub-frame front mounting unit	1.2

#### Right-hand side



144781

144781

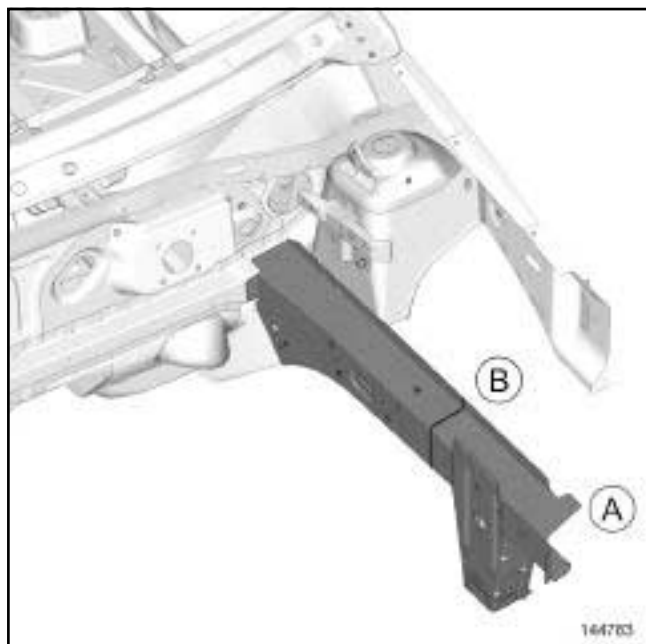
No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(6)	Front side member front section	1.25
(7)	Front sub-frame front mounting unit	1.2
(8)	Front subframe mounting support plate	3
(9)	Front tow hitch support	2.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

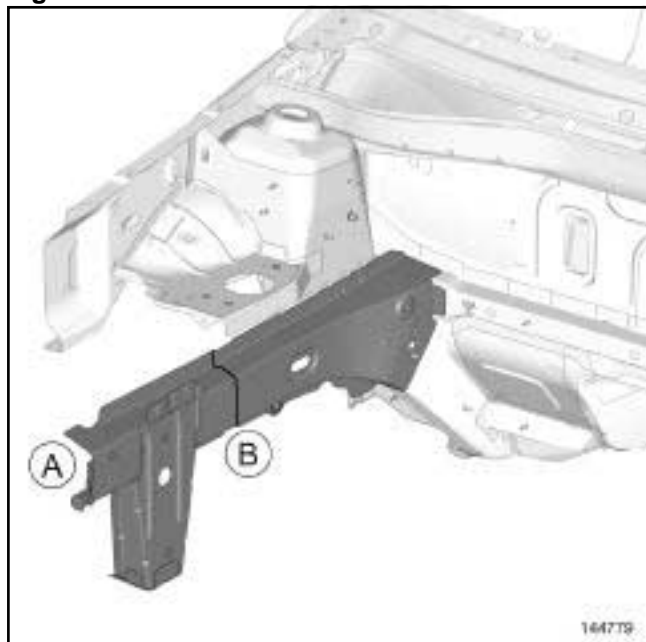
- Complete replacement
- partial replacement section A-B.

### Left-hand side



144783

### Right-hand side



144779

### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

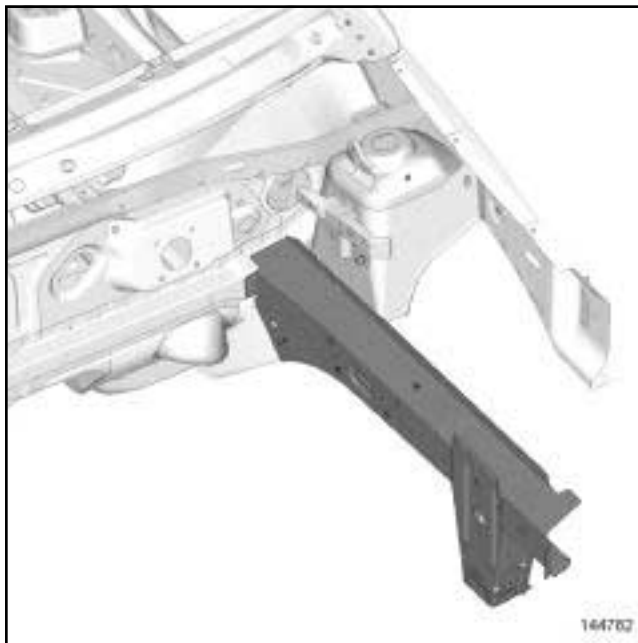
### 1 - Complete replacement

### IMPORTANT

Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

### Part in position

### Left-hand side



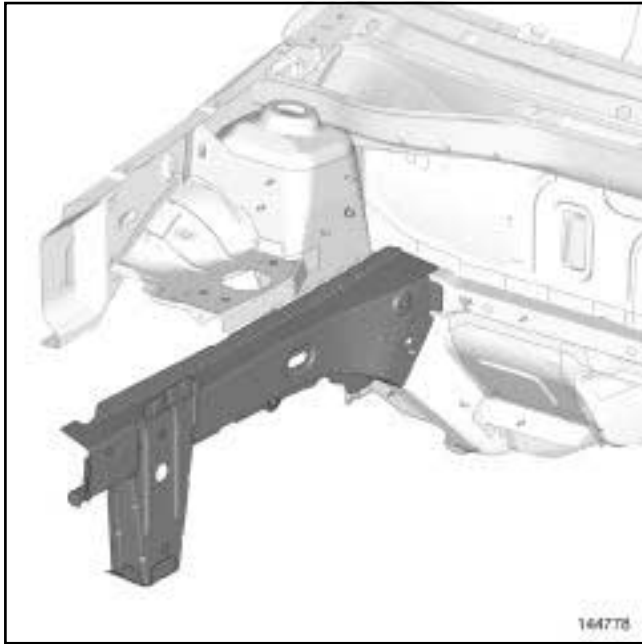
144782

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Front side member, front section: Replacement

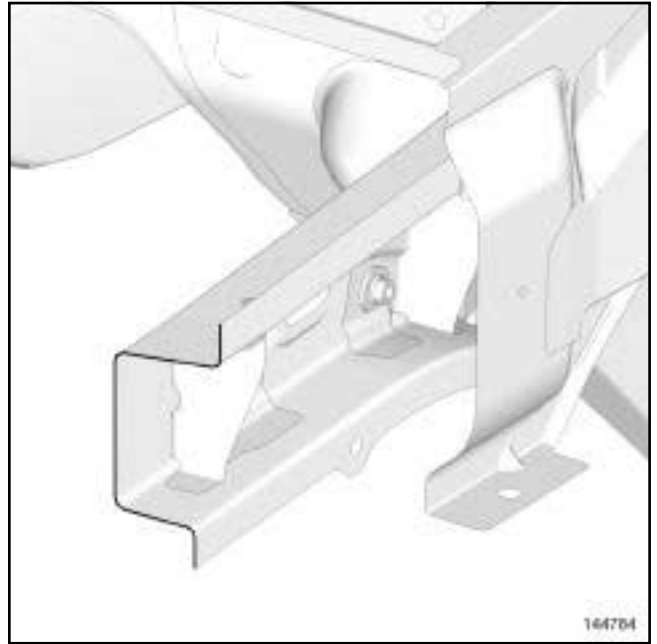
# 41A

Right-hand side



144778

Detailed view of cut B



144784

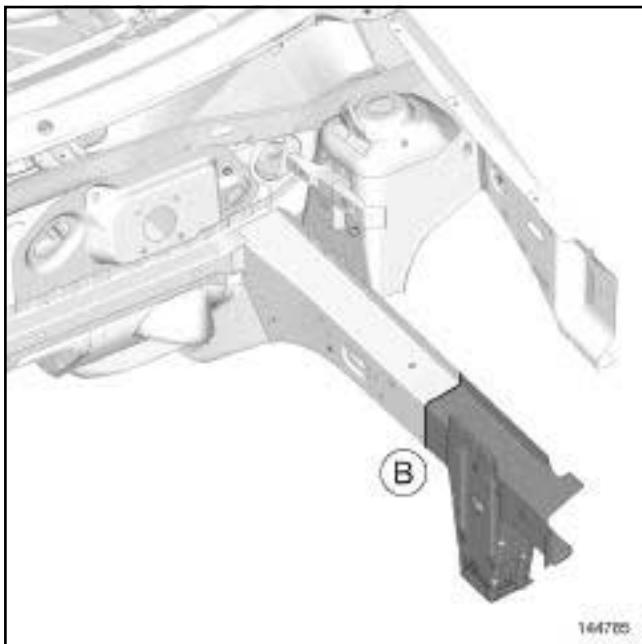
### 2 - Partial replacement section A-B

#### IMPORTANT

Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

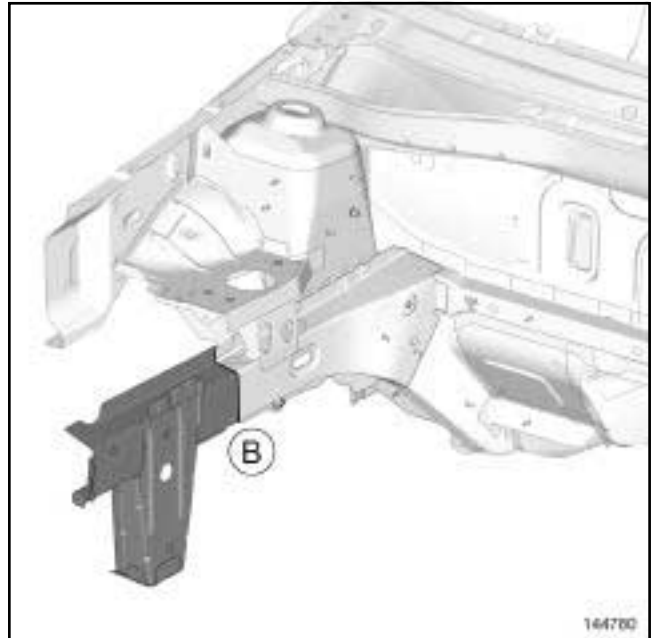
#### Part in position

Left-hand side



144785

Right-hand side



144780

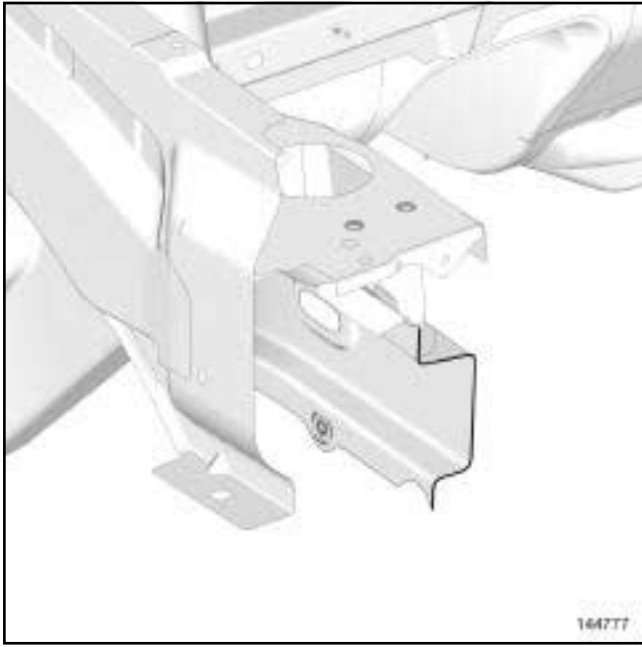


# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Front side member, front section: Replacement

**41A**

Detailed view of cut B



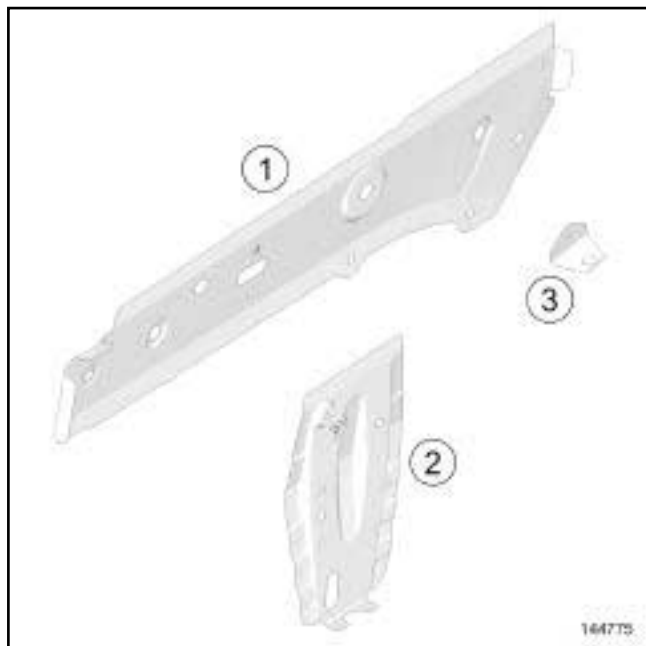
144777

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

Front section of front side member closure panel: Replacement

# 41A

## I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

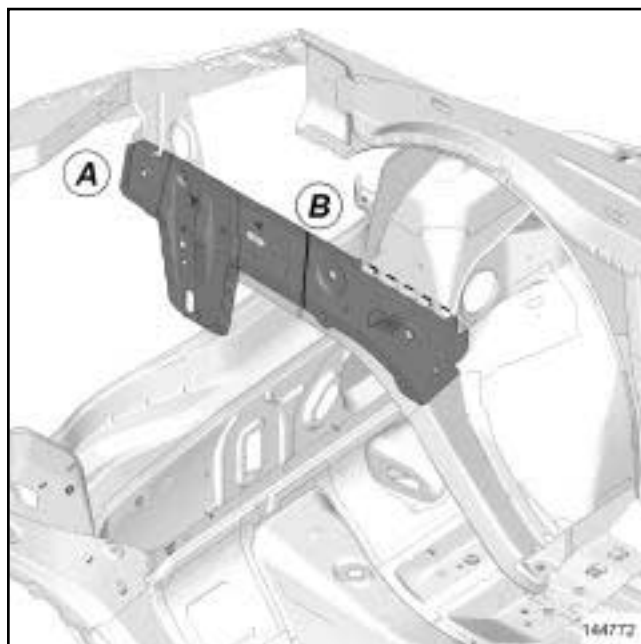


No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front closure panel component of front section front side member	1.25
(2)	Front subframe mounting front unit component	1.2
(3)	Brake hose stop bracket	2

## II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement section A-B.



### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

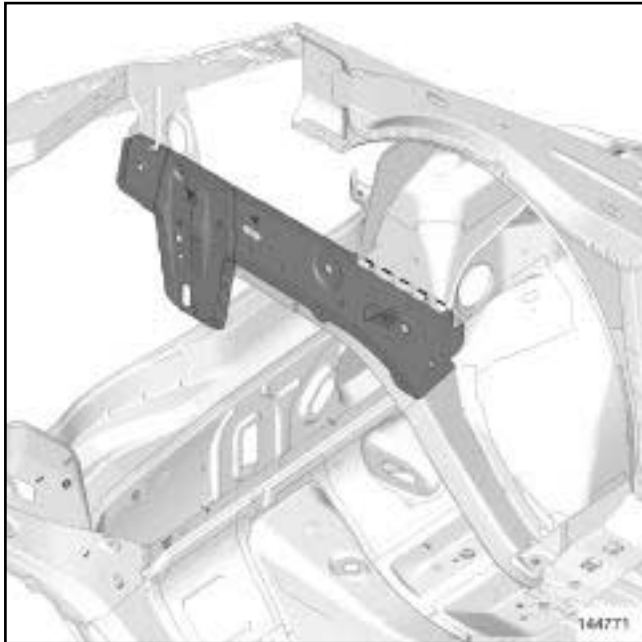
# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

Front section of front side member closure panel: Replacement

# 41A

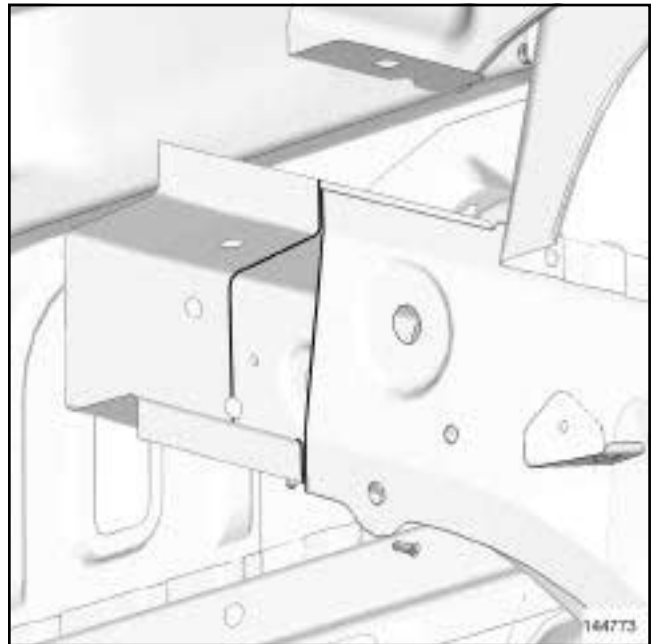
## 1 - Complete replacement

*Part in position*



144771

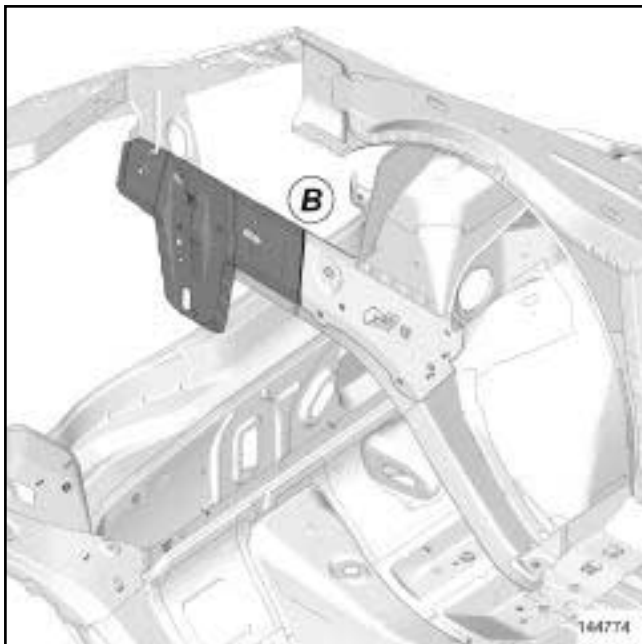
## Detailed view of cut B



144773

## 2 - Partial replacement section A-B

*Part in position*



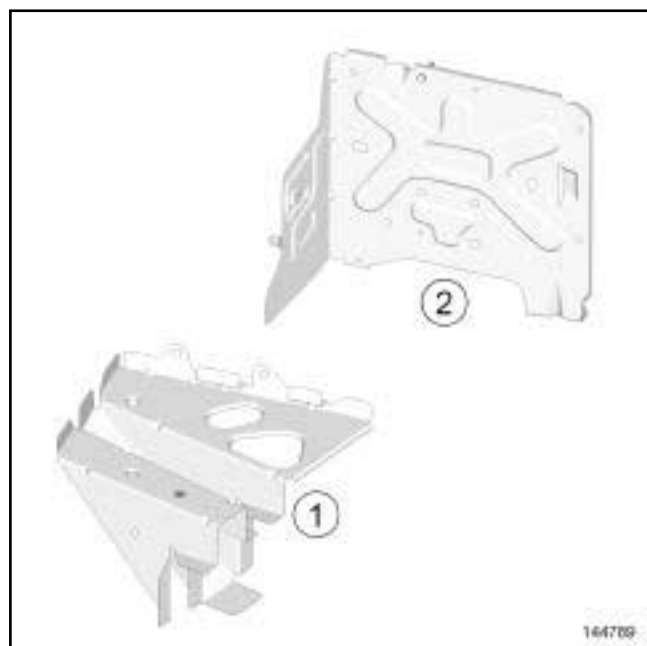
144774

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Battery tray mounting: Replacement

# 41A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144789

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Battery tray bracket	1.45
(2)	Computer mounting	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

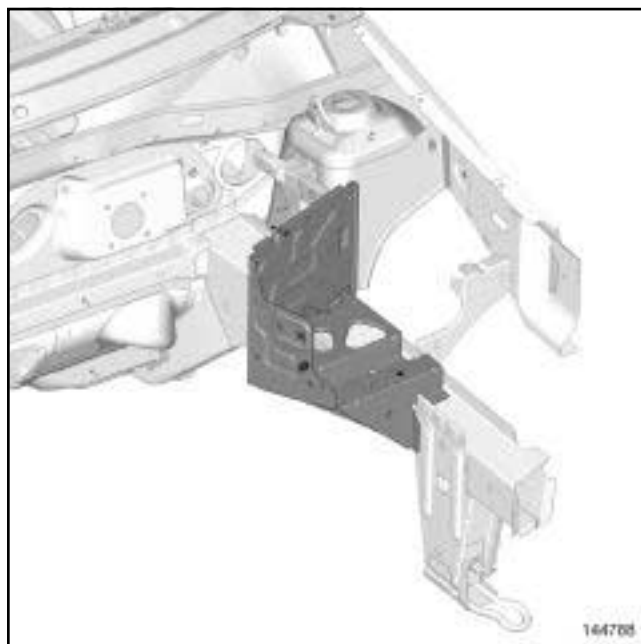
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page **40A-5**).

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144788

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Engine mounting: Replacement

# 41A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144791

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Right-hand mounting plate for engine - gearbox assembly support on body	2.5
(2)	Right-hand engine - gearbox assembly suspension support on body	2.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

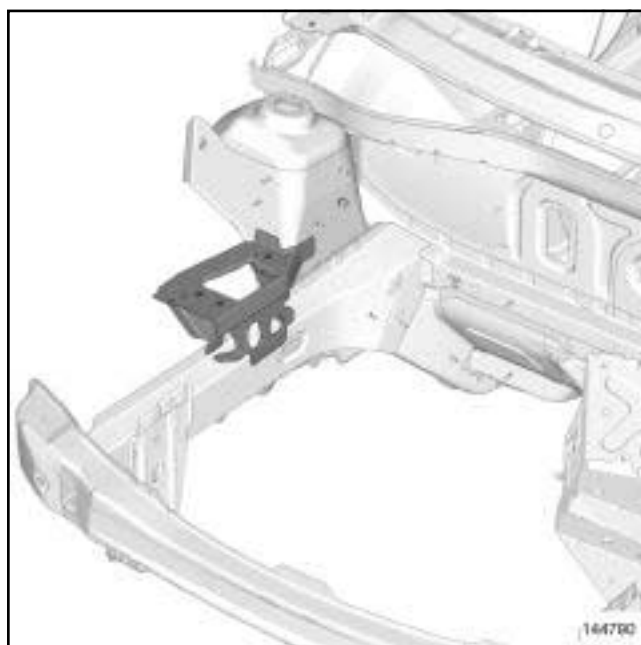
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144790

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144766

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front subframe front mounting unit	1.2
(2)	Front towing eye mounting reinforcement	2.5
(3)	Front subframe mounting support plate	3

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

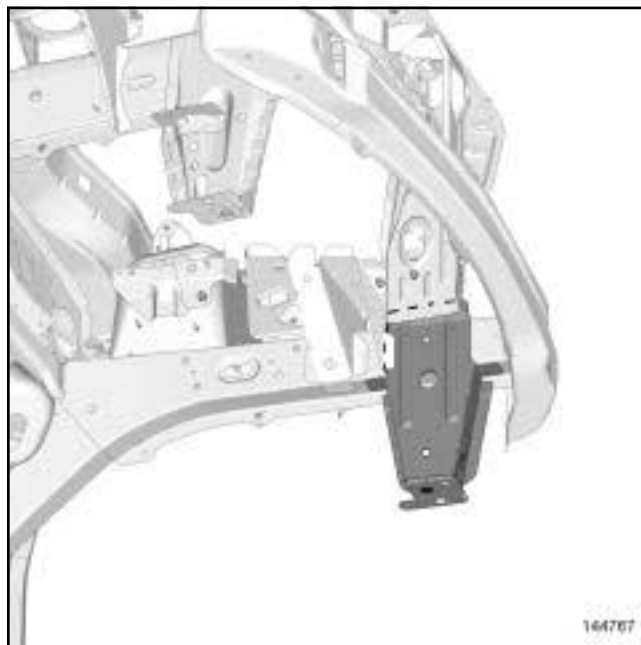
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144767

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Front half-unit: Replacement

# 41A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

#### Left-hand side



144770

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front section of front side member closure panel	1.2/1.25
(2)	Front left-hand side member	1.2/3
(3)	Battery tray bracket on body	1.8
(4)	Computer mounting	0.95
(5)	Gas tank mounting impact reinforcement	1.5
(6)	Gas tank mounting on subframe	1.4
(7)	Bonnet left-hand strut mounting reinforcement	1.5
(8)	Front left-hand shock absorber cup	2.5
(9)	Front left-hand shock absorber cup height adjuster	1.2
(10)	Rear left-hand unit of front subframe mounting	1.95

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(11)	Centre floor front left-hand rear mounting reinforcement	0.95
(12)	Centre floor front left-hand side cross member	0.95
(13)	Rear exterior unit of front axle subframe mounting	1.7
(14)	Front end side cross member	1.2

#### Right-hand side



144769

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(15)	Engine stand	2.5
(16)	Front right-hand side member	1.2/3
(17)	Front section of front side member closure panel	1.2/1.25
(18)	Front end side cross member	1.2
(19)	Front wheel arch	1.2
(20)	Front shock absorber cup height adjuster	2.5

# FRONT LOWER STRUCTURE

## Front half-unit: Replacement

# 41A

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(21)	Front shock absorber cup	2.5
(22)	Centre floor front right-hand side cross member	0.95
(23)	Rear exterior unit of front axle subframe mounting	1.7
(24)	Front subframe rear right-hand mounting reinforcement	0.95
(25)	Rear right-hand unit of front subframe mounting	1.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

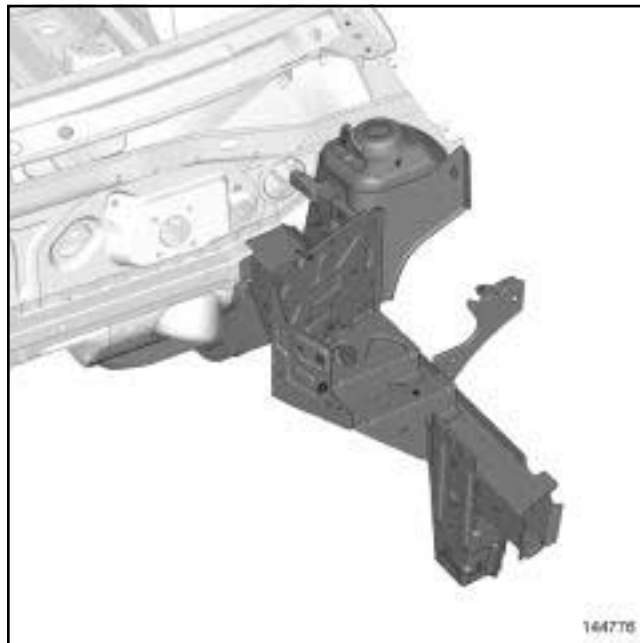
#### Complete replacement

#### IMPORTANT

Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

### Part in position

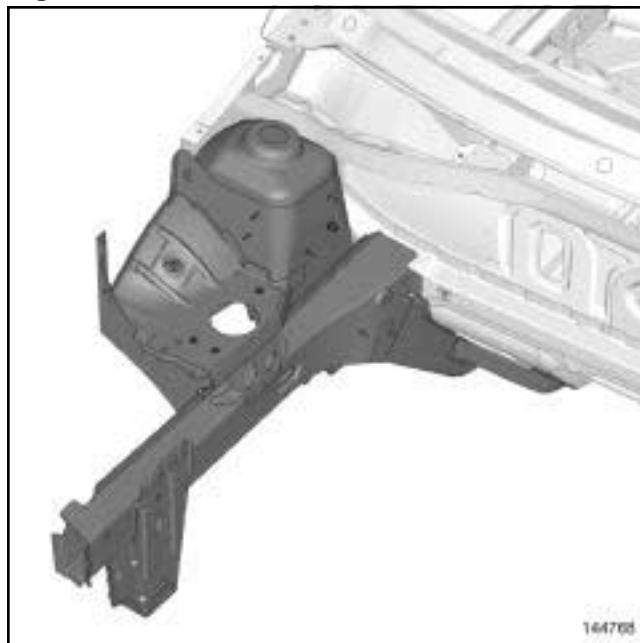
#### Left-hand side



144776

144776

#### Right-hand side



144768

144768



# CENTRE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Centre floor, side section: Replacement

# 41B

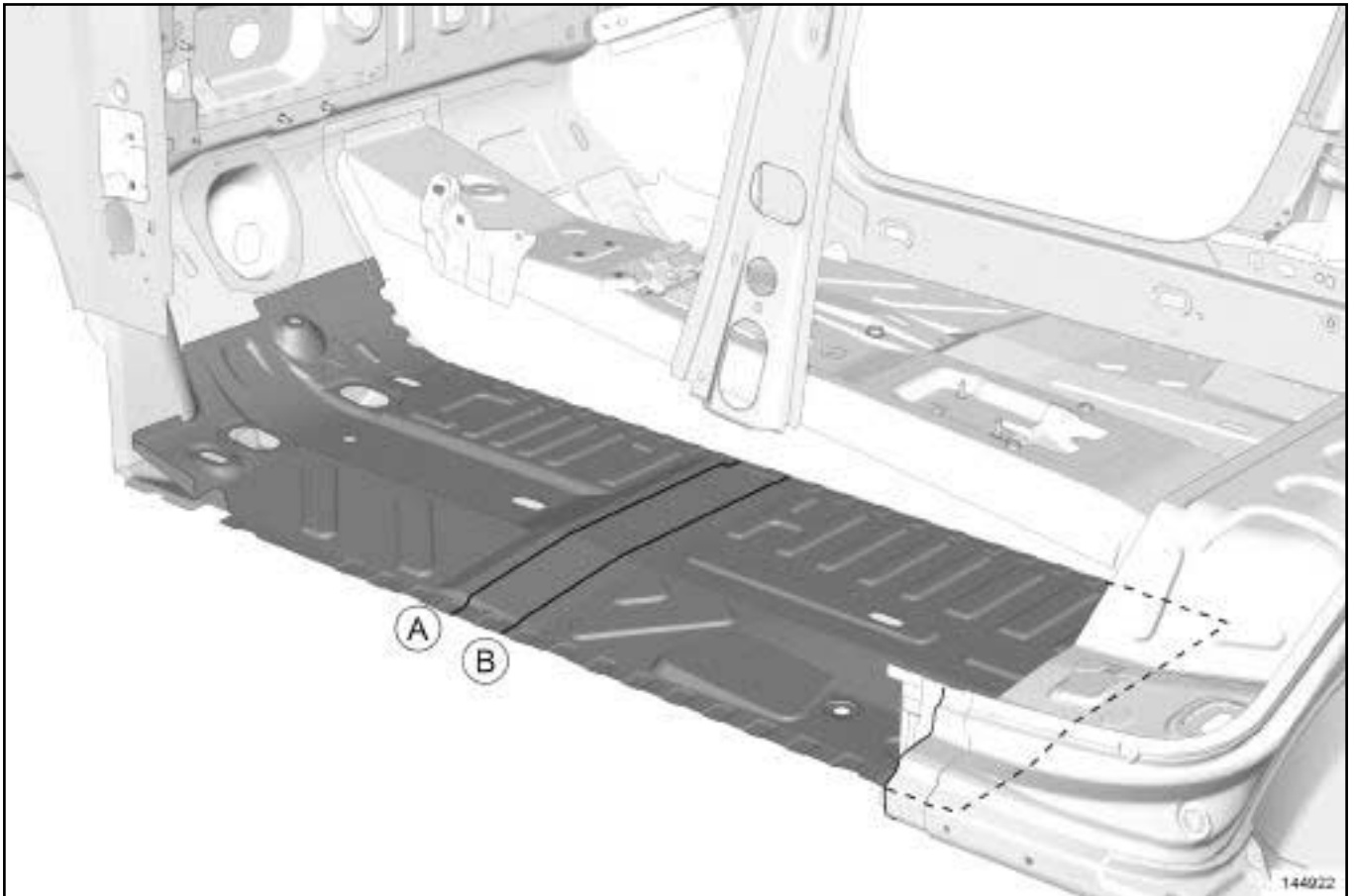
### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Centre floor, side section	0.6

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement along cut A,
- partial replacement along cut B.



#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

144922  
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

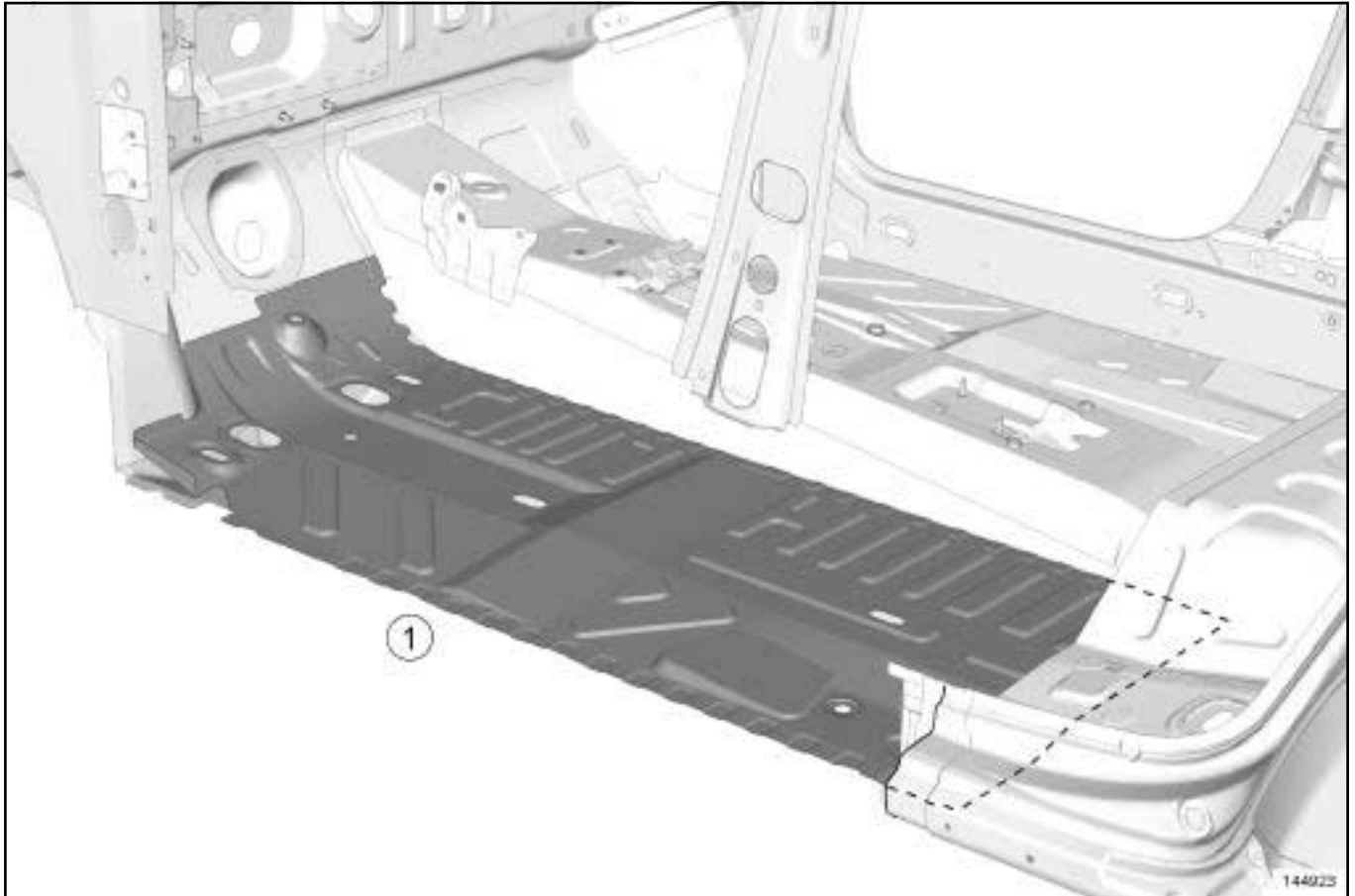
# CENTRE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Centre floor, side section: Replacement

# 41B

1 - Complete replacement

*Part in position*



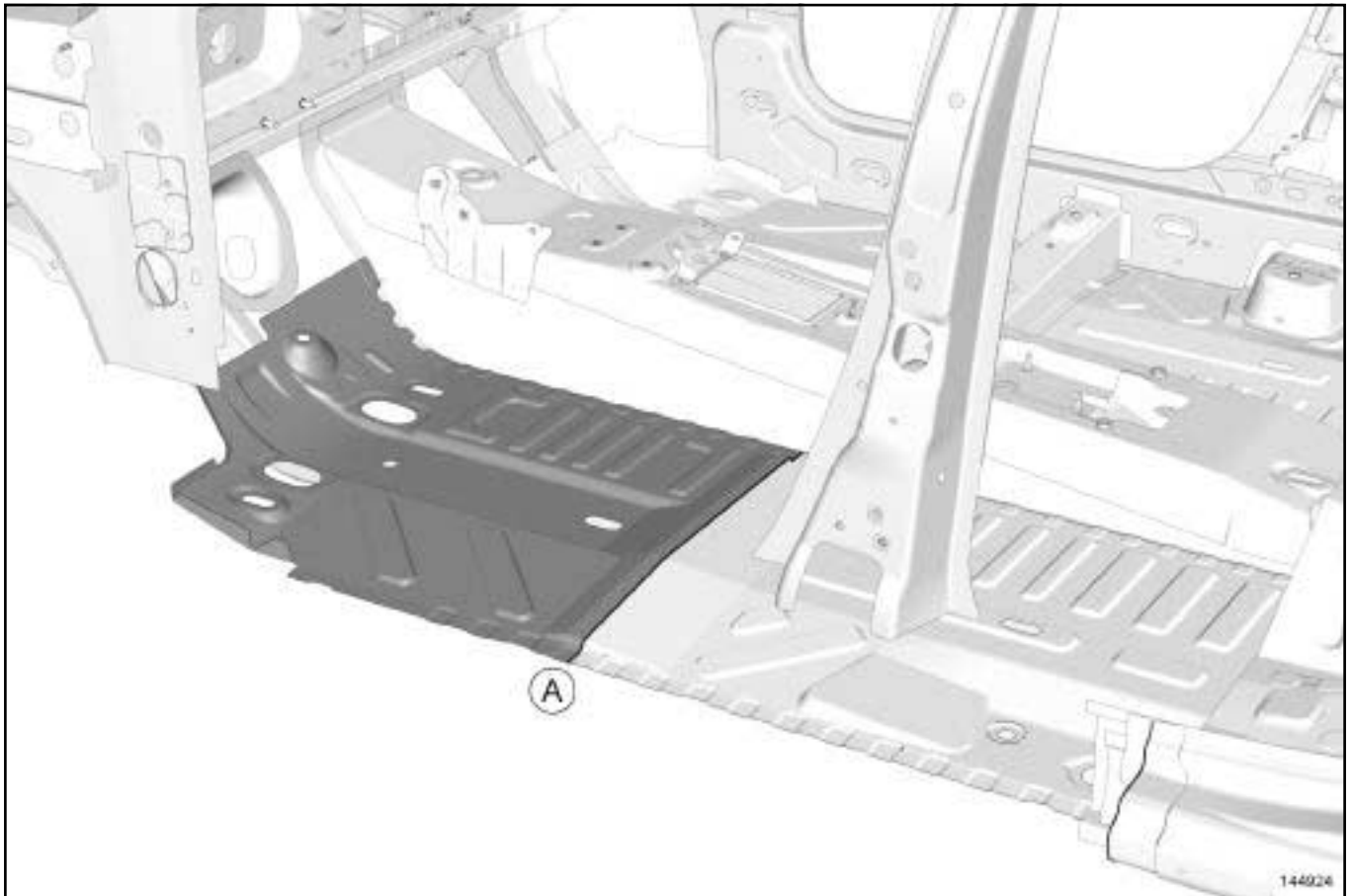
# CENTRE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Centre floor, side section: Replacement

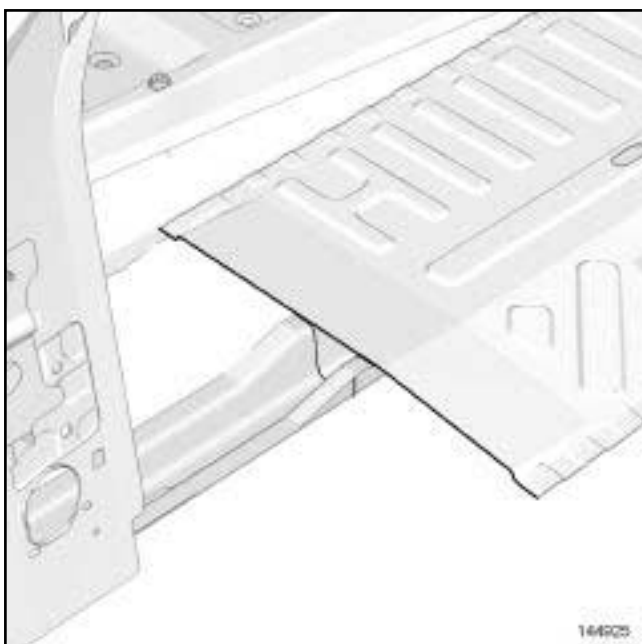
# 41B

2 - Partial replacement along cut A

*Part in position*



Detailed view A



144925

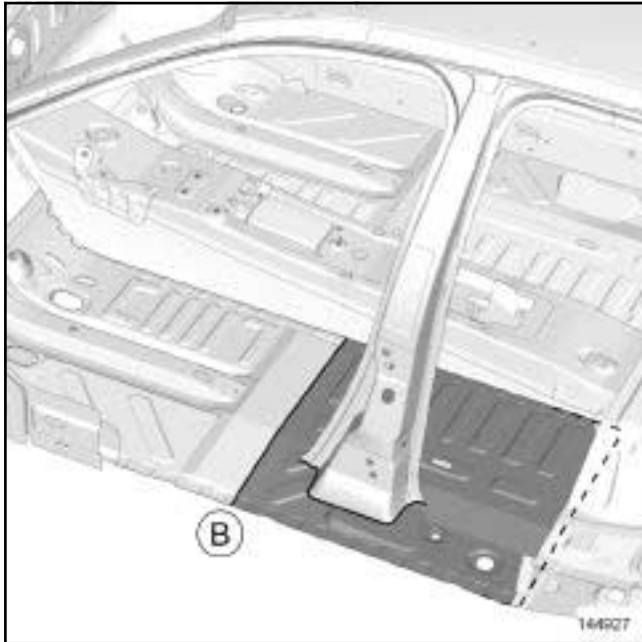
# CENTRE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Centre floor, side section: Replacement

# 41B

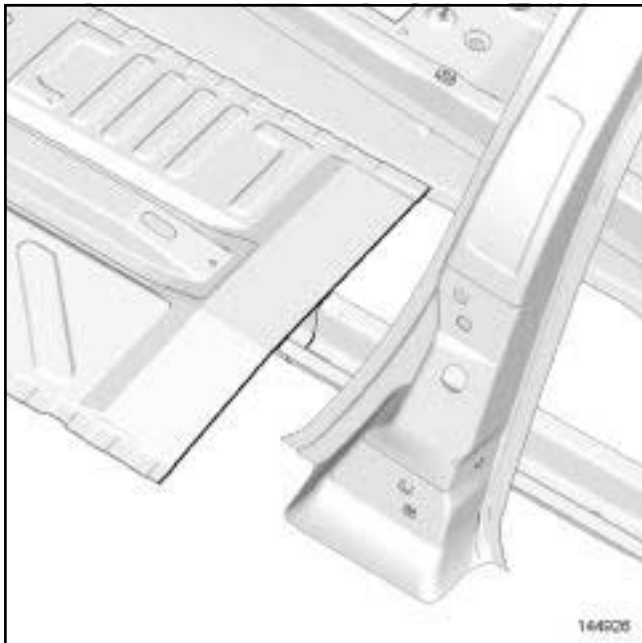
### 3 - Partial replacement along cut B

*Part in position*



144927

**Detailed view B**



144926

# CENTRE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Centre side member: Replacement

# 41B

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Centre side member	1.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

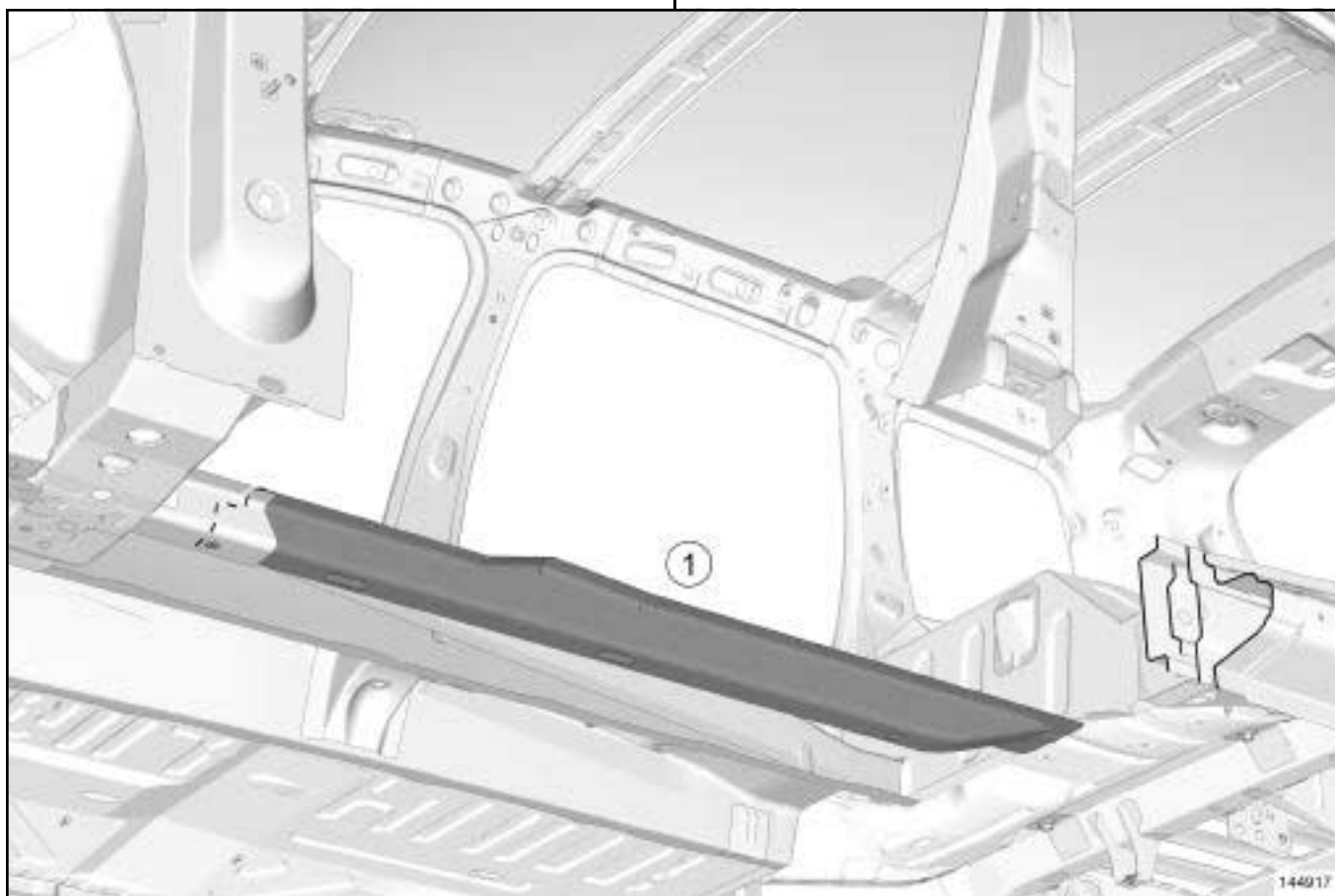
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### *Part in position*



144917

# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel: Replacement

# 41C

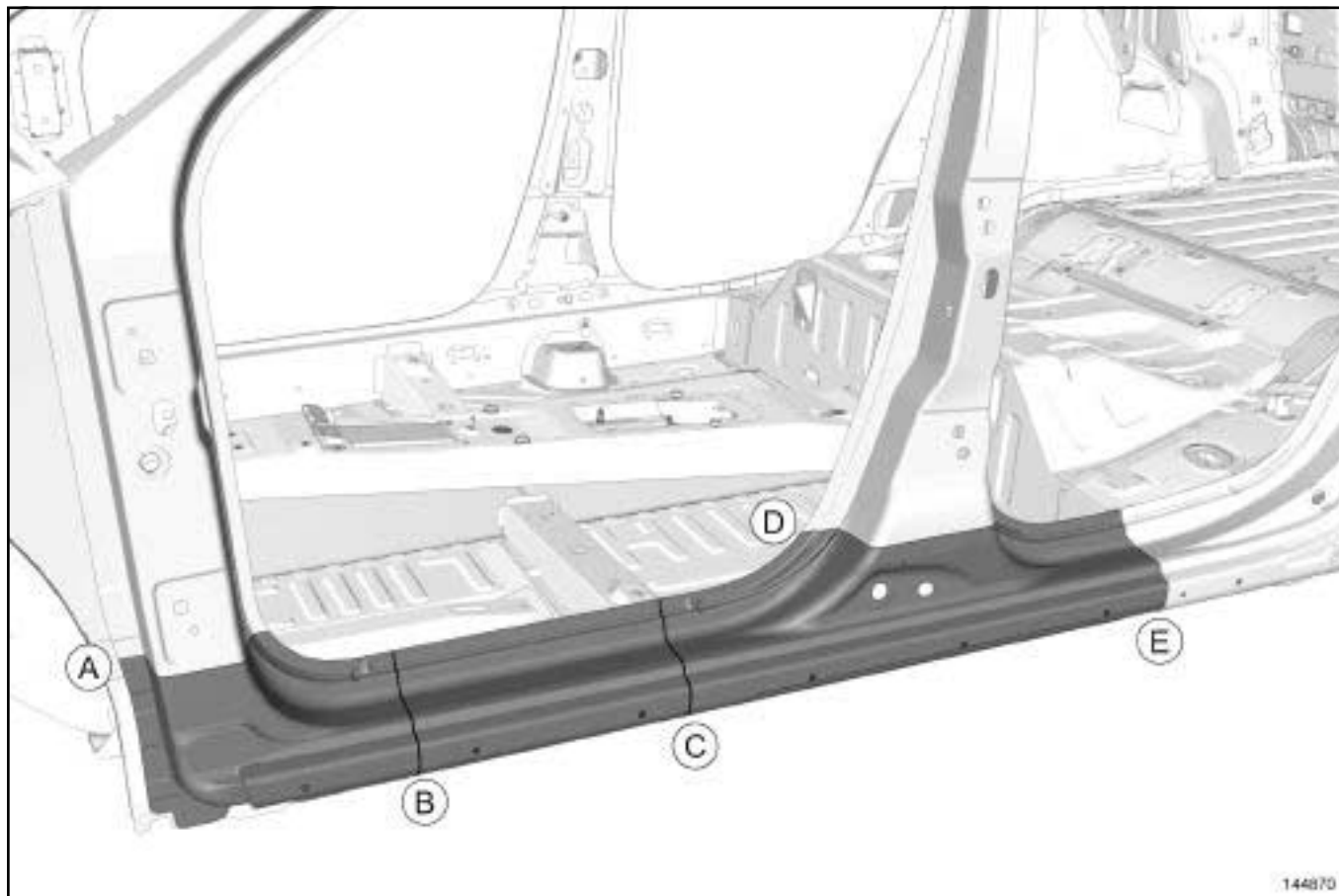
### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Sill panel	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-D-E,
- partial replacement of front end section A-C,
- partial replacement under door B-C,
- partial replacement B-D-E.



144870

144870

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

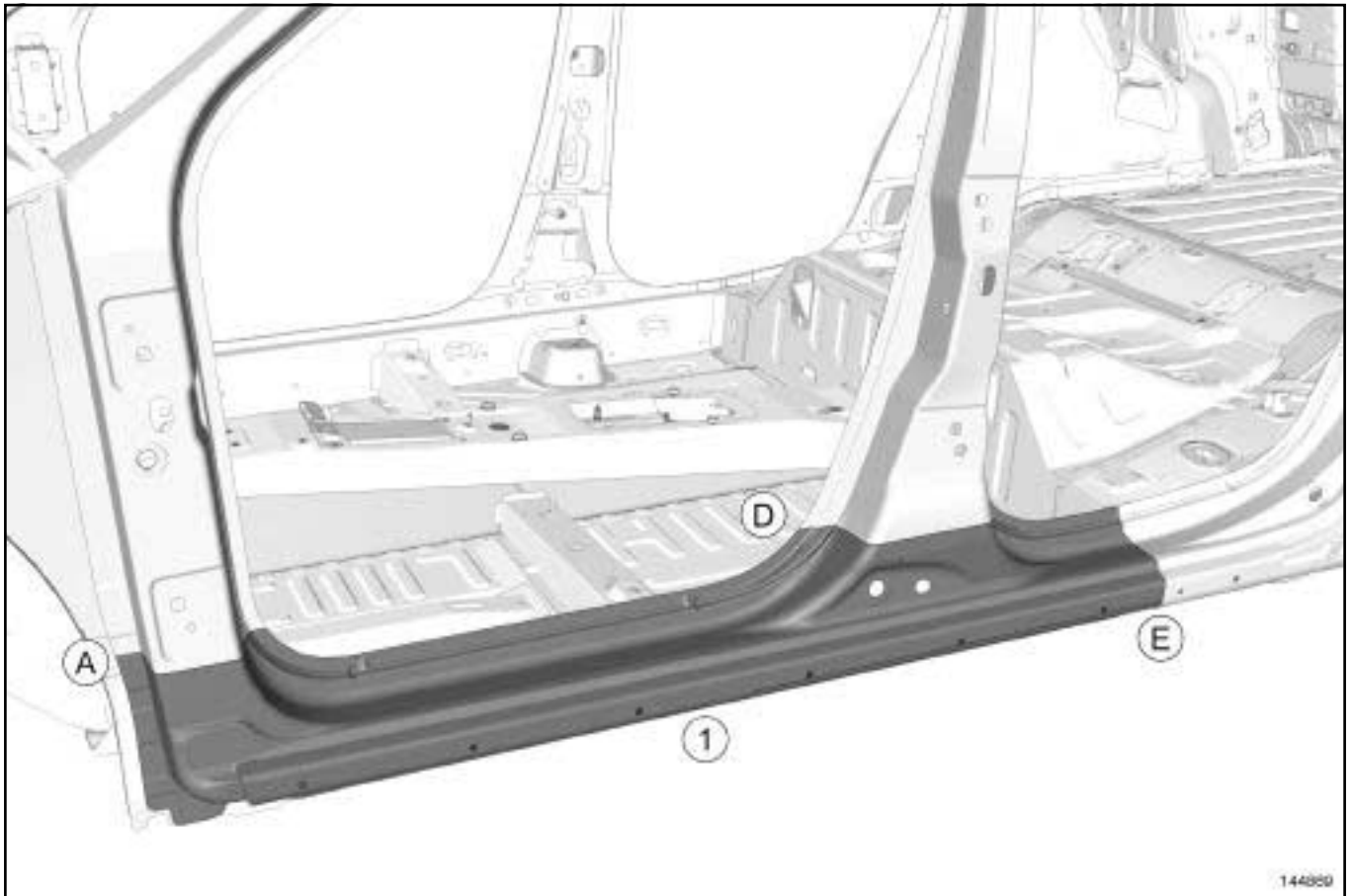
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel: Replacement

# 41C

### 1 - Complete replacement A-D-E

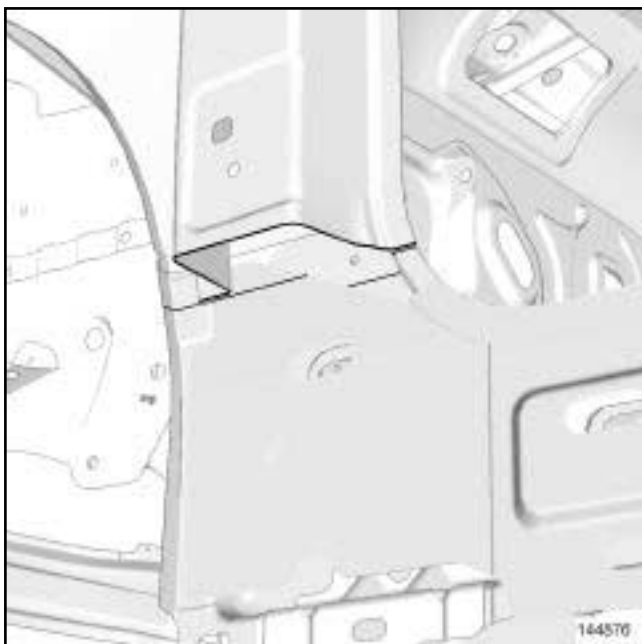
*Part in position*



144860

144869

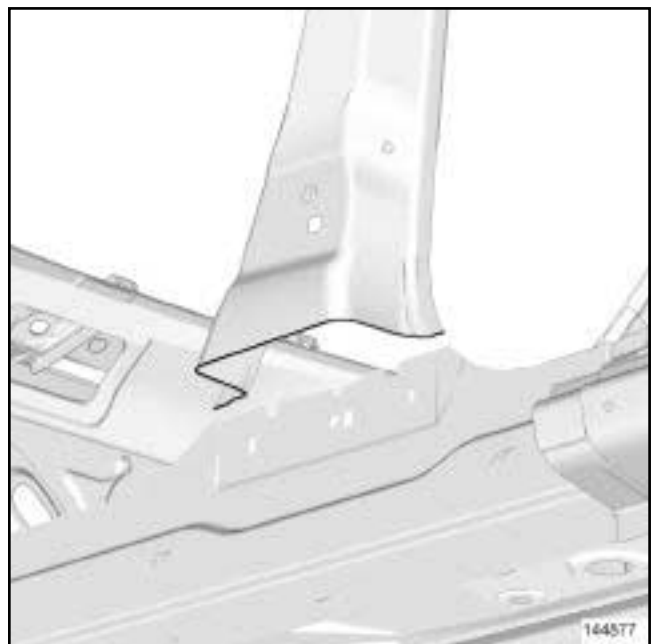
### Detailed view A



144570

144876

### Detailed view D



144577

144877

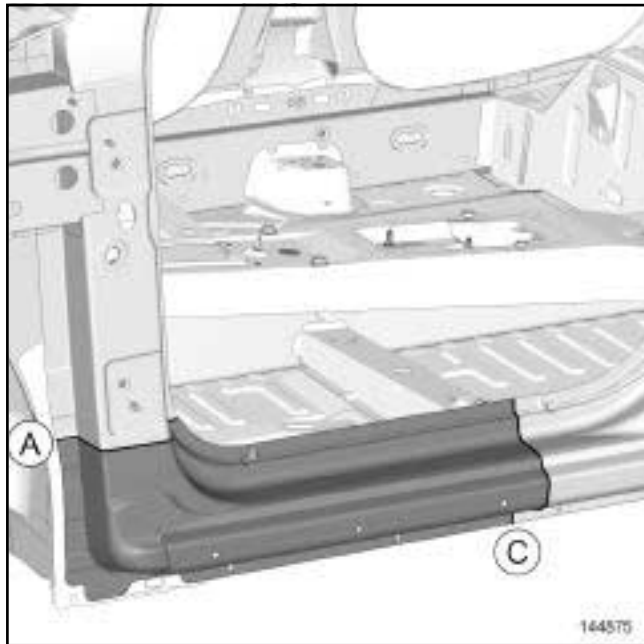
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel: Replacement

# 41C

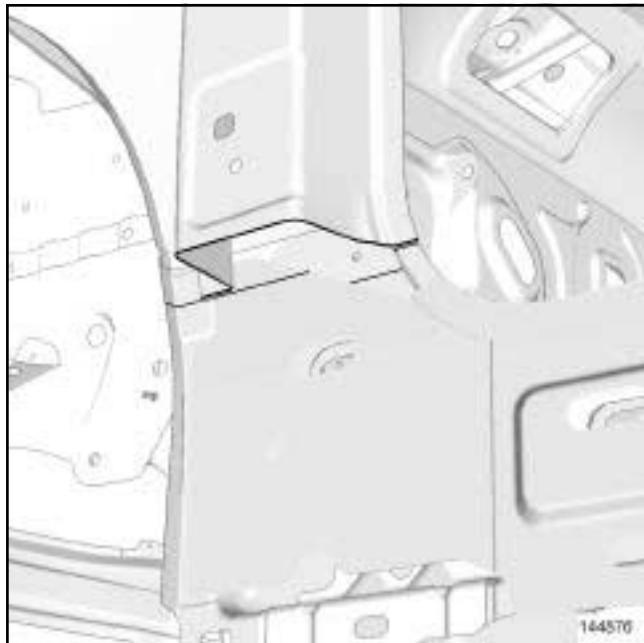
### 2 - Partial replacement of front end section A-C

*Part in position*



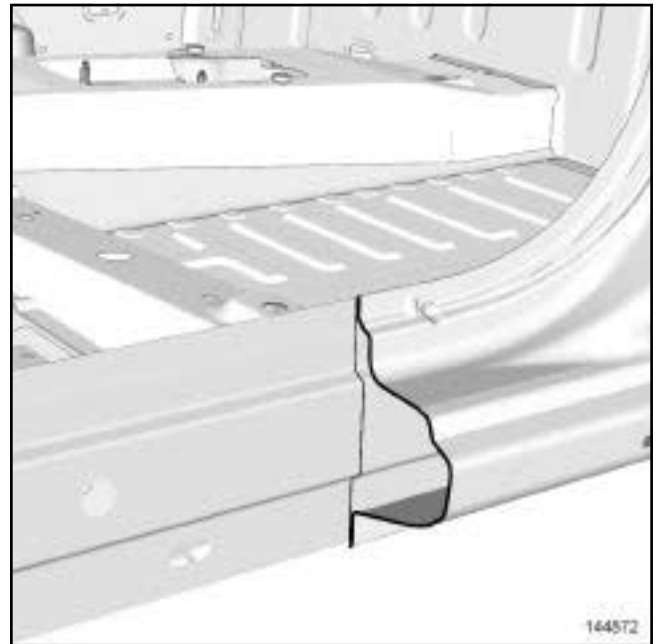
144875

**Detailed view A**



144876

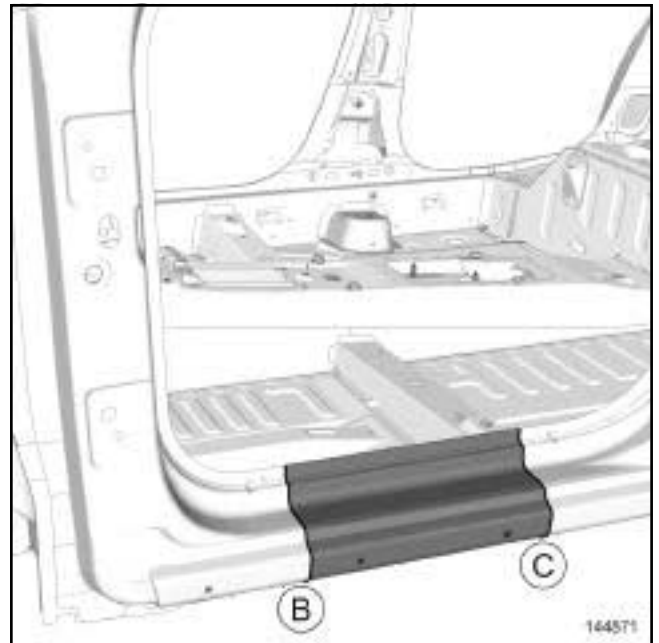
**Detailed view C**



144872

### 3 - Partial replacement section under door B-C

*Part in position*



144871

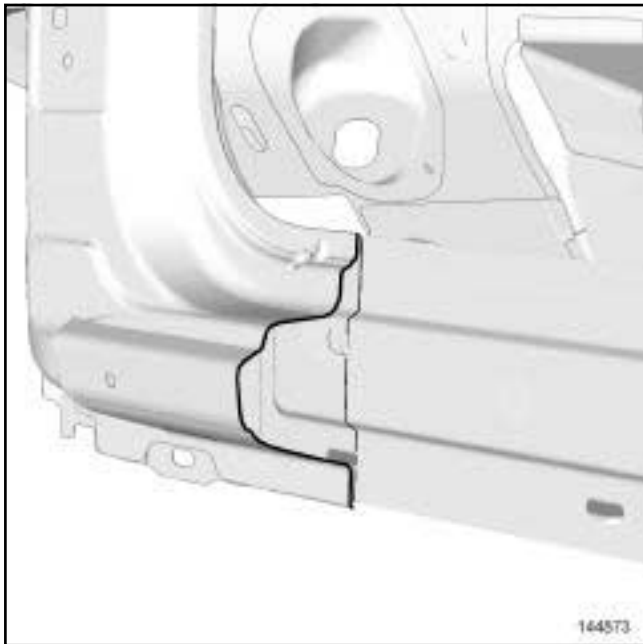


# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel: Replacement

# 41C

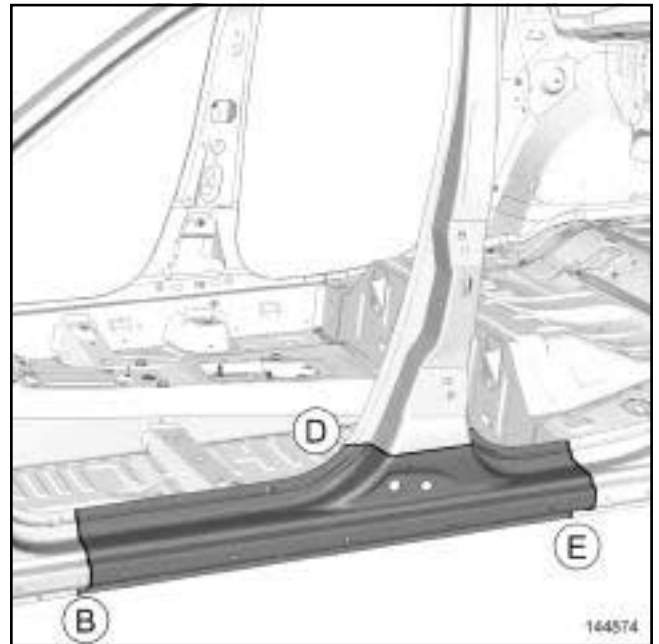
Detailed view B



144873

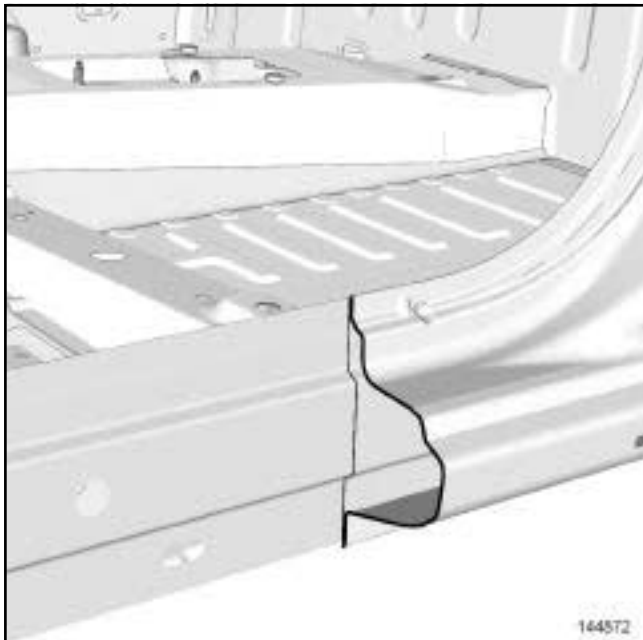
4 - Partial replacement B-D-E

*Part in position*



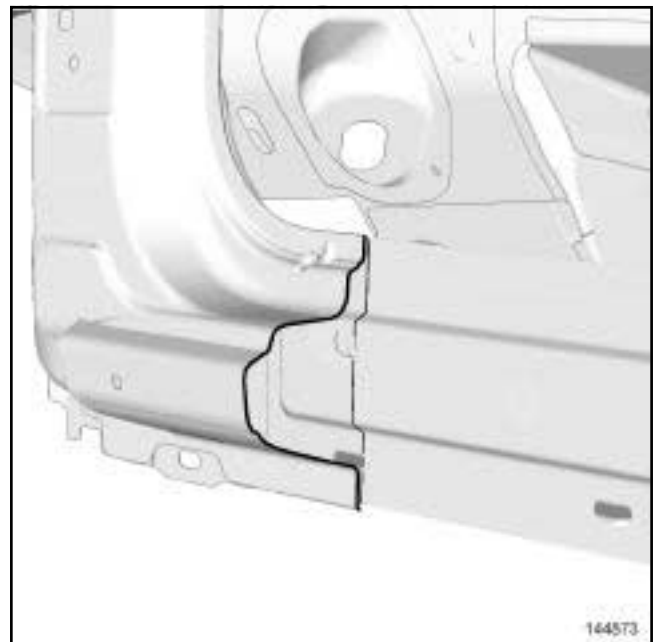
144874

Detailed view C



144872

Detailed view B



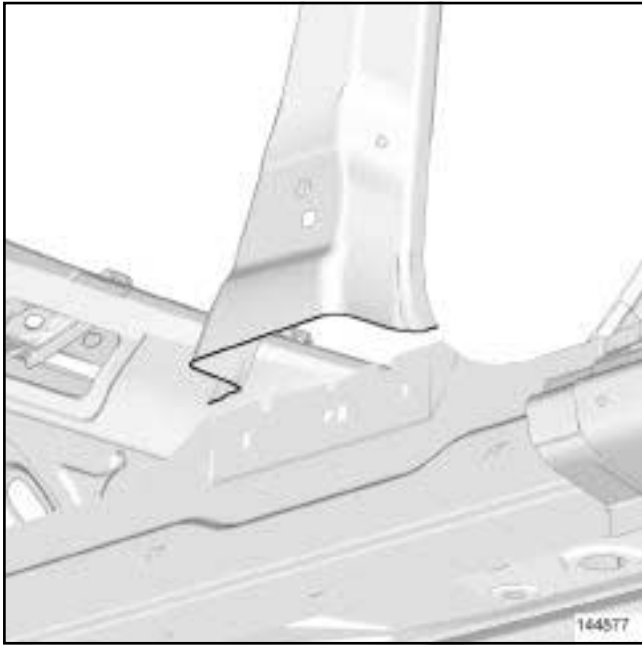
144873

# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel: Replacement

**41C**

Detailed view D



144877

# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel closure panel: Replacement

# 41C

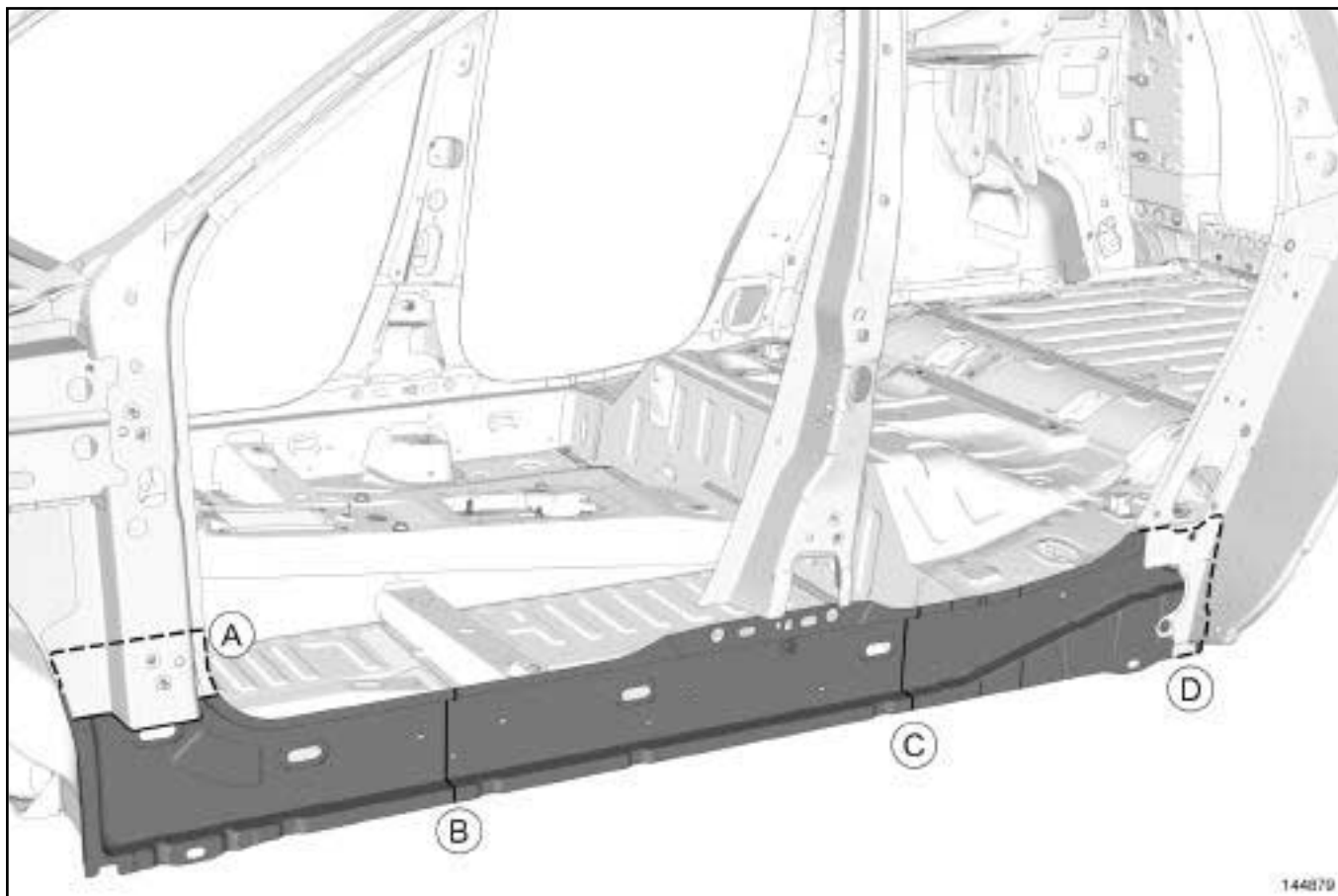
### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Sill panel closure panel	1.3

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-D,
- front section partial replacement A-C,
- rear section partial replacement B-D.



#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

144879  
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

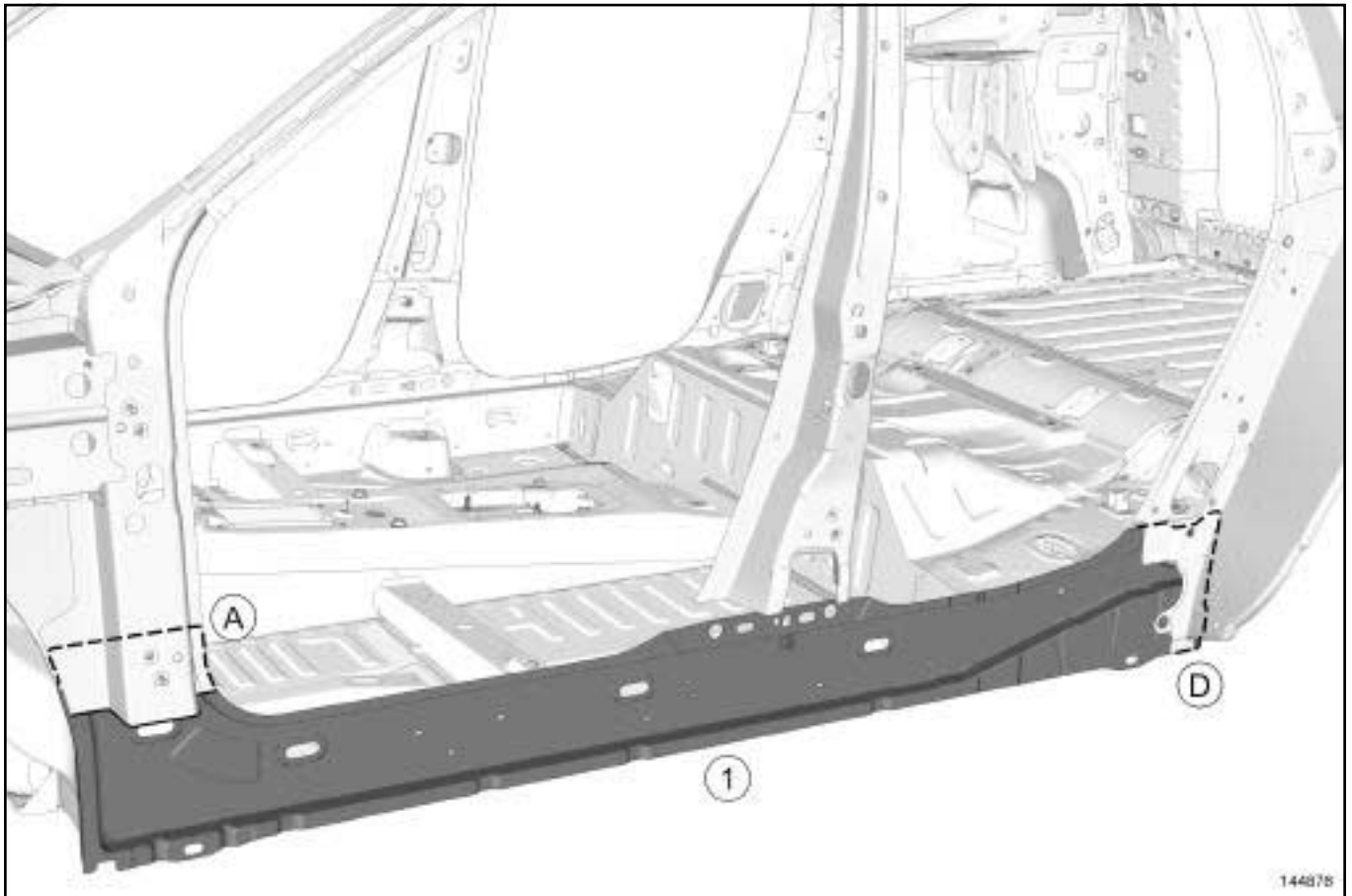
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel closure panel: Replacement

# 41C

1 - Complete replacement A-D

*Part in position*



144878

144878

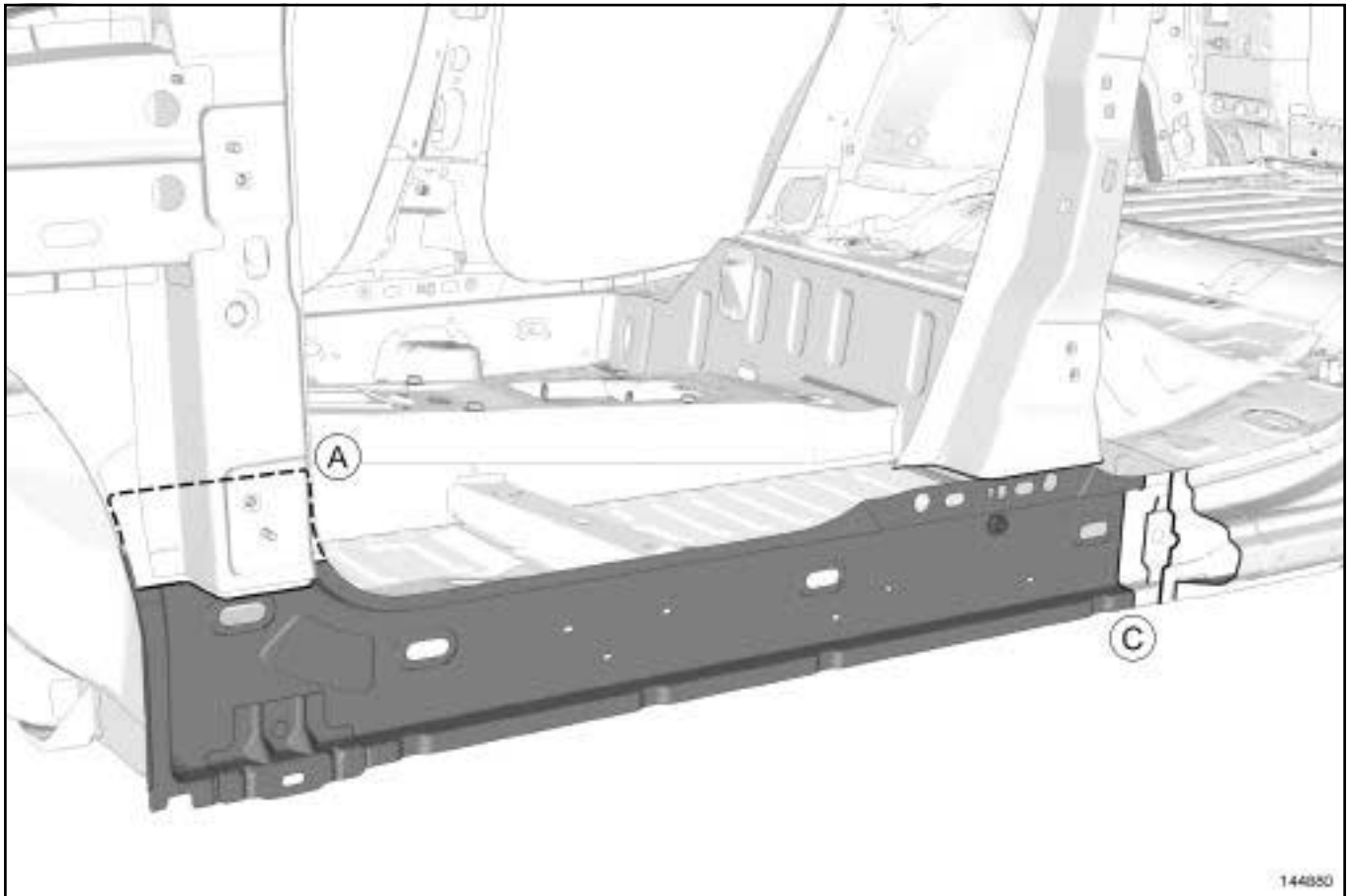
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel closure panel: Replacement

# 41C

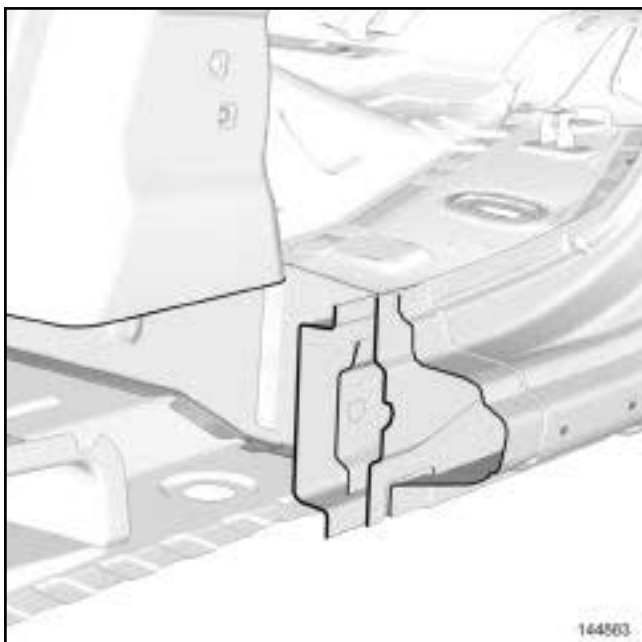
### 2 - Front section partial replacement A-C

*Part in position*



144880

### Detailed view C



144883

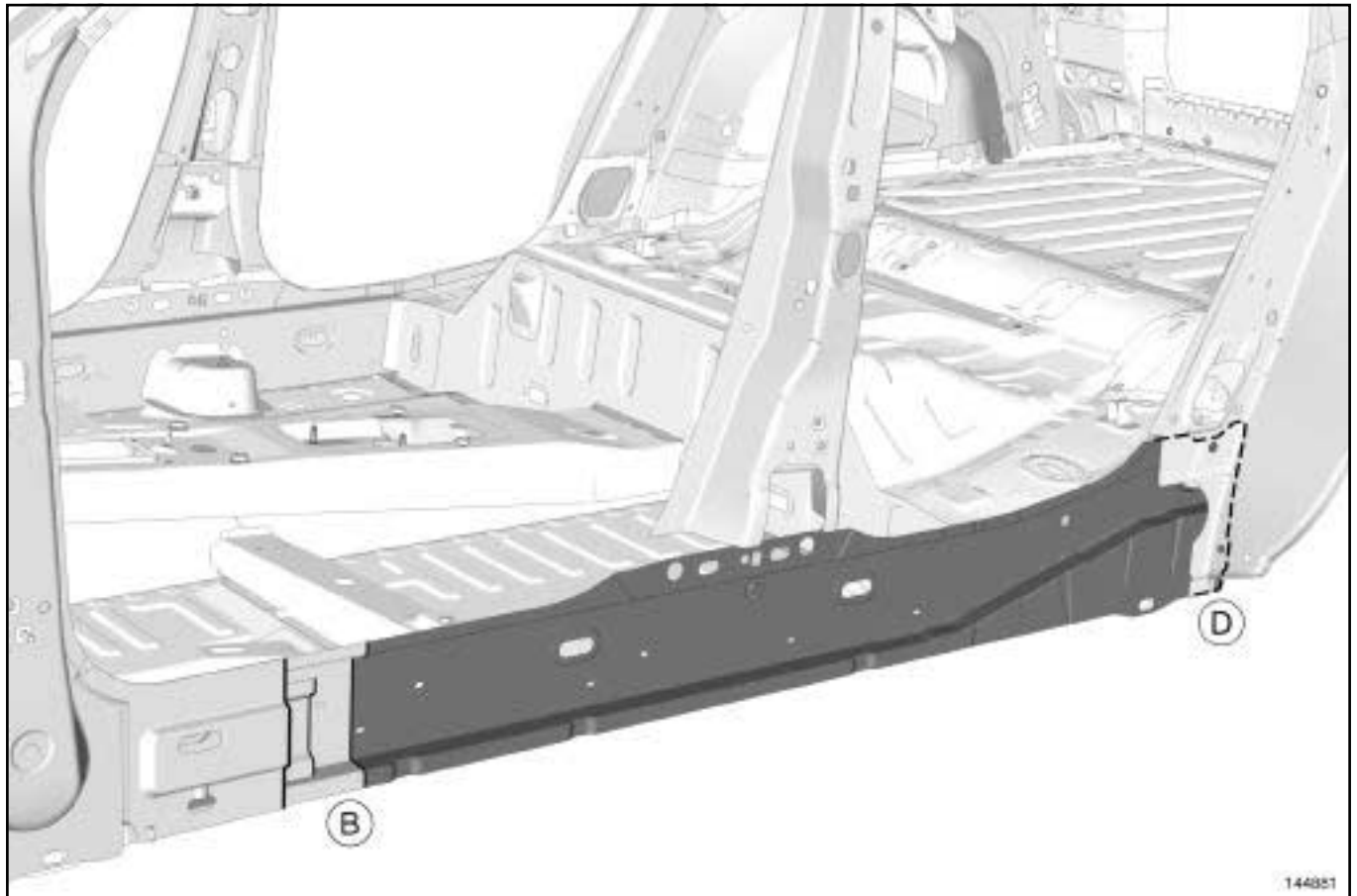
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel closure panel: Replacement

# 41C

### 3 - Rear section partial replacement B-D

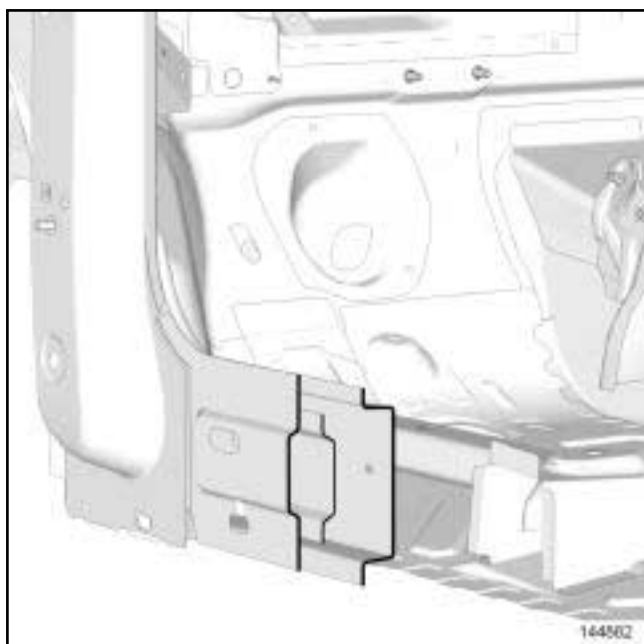
*Part in position*



144851

144881

### Detailed view B



144882

144882

# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel reinforcement: Replacement

# 41C

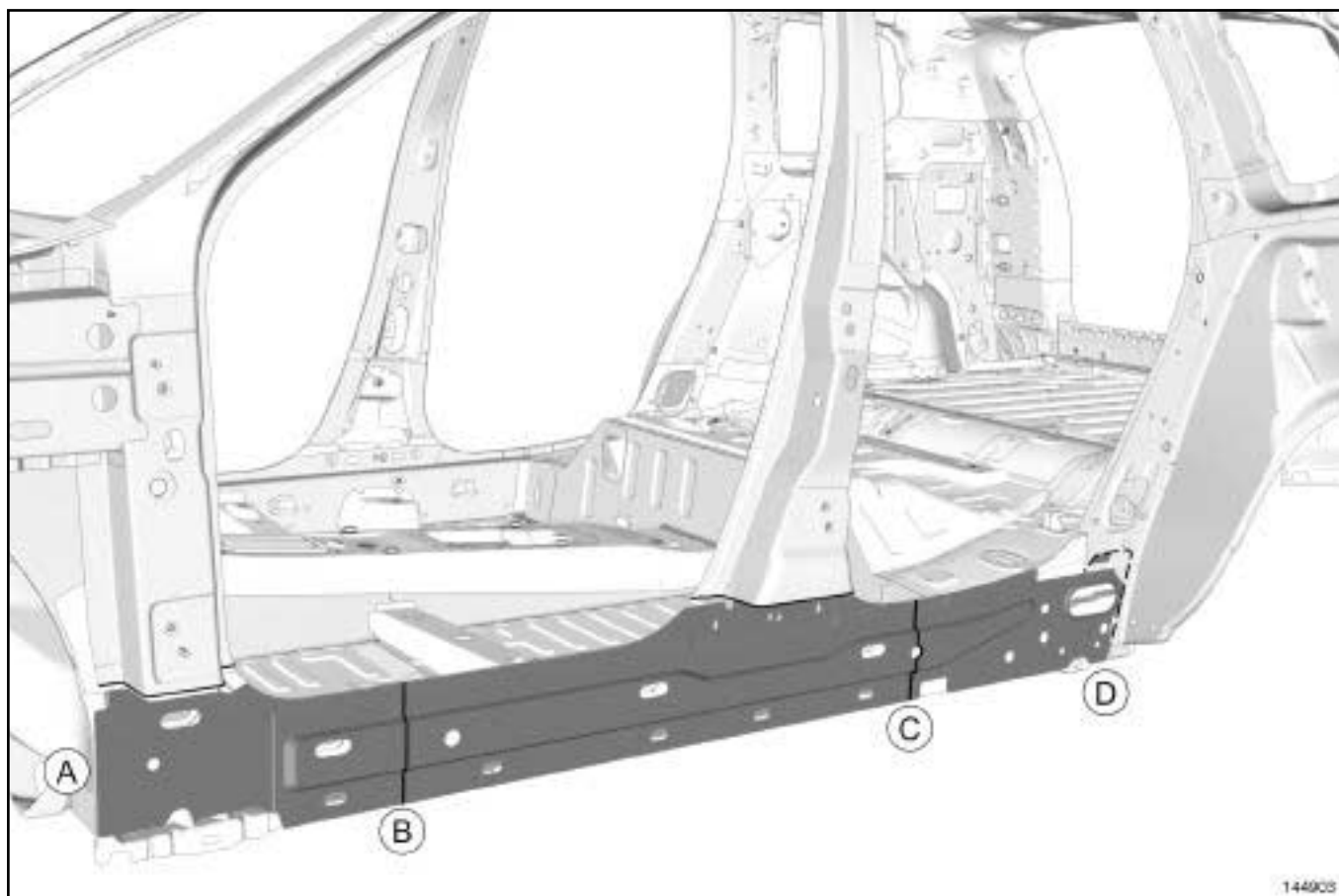
### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Sill panel reinforcement	1.2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-D,
- front section partial replacement A-C,
- rear section partial replacement B-D.



#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

144903  
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

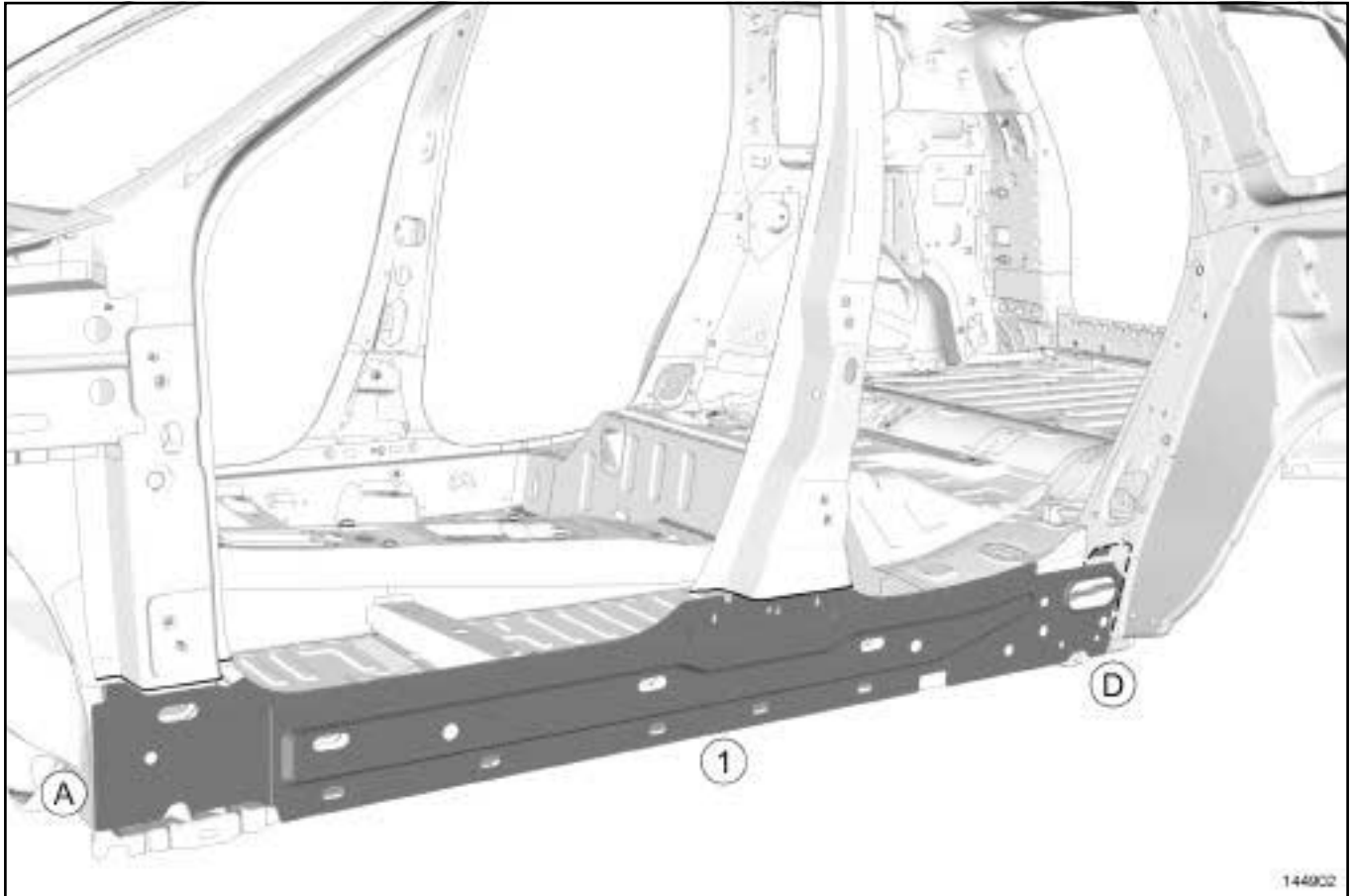
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel reinforcement: Replacement

# 41C

1 - Complete replacement A-D

*Part in position*



144902

144902



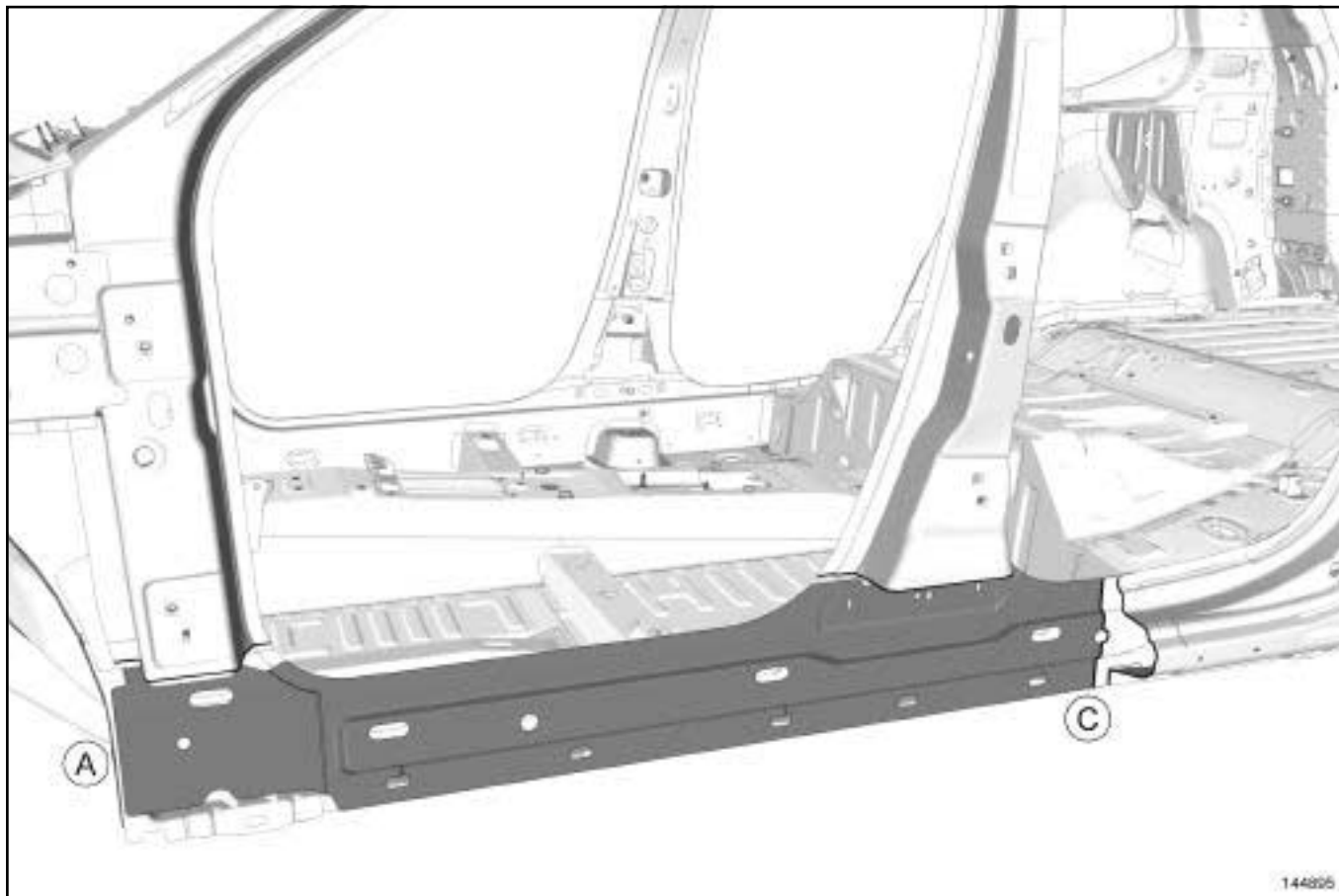
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel reinforcement: Replacement

# 41C

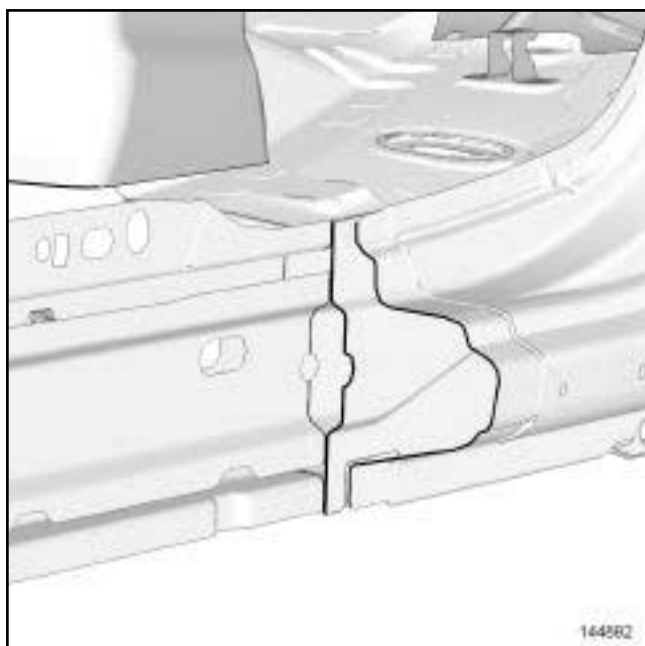
### 2 - Front section partial replacement A-C

*Part in position*



144895

### Detailed view C



144892

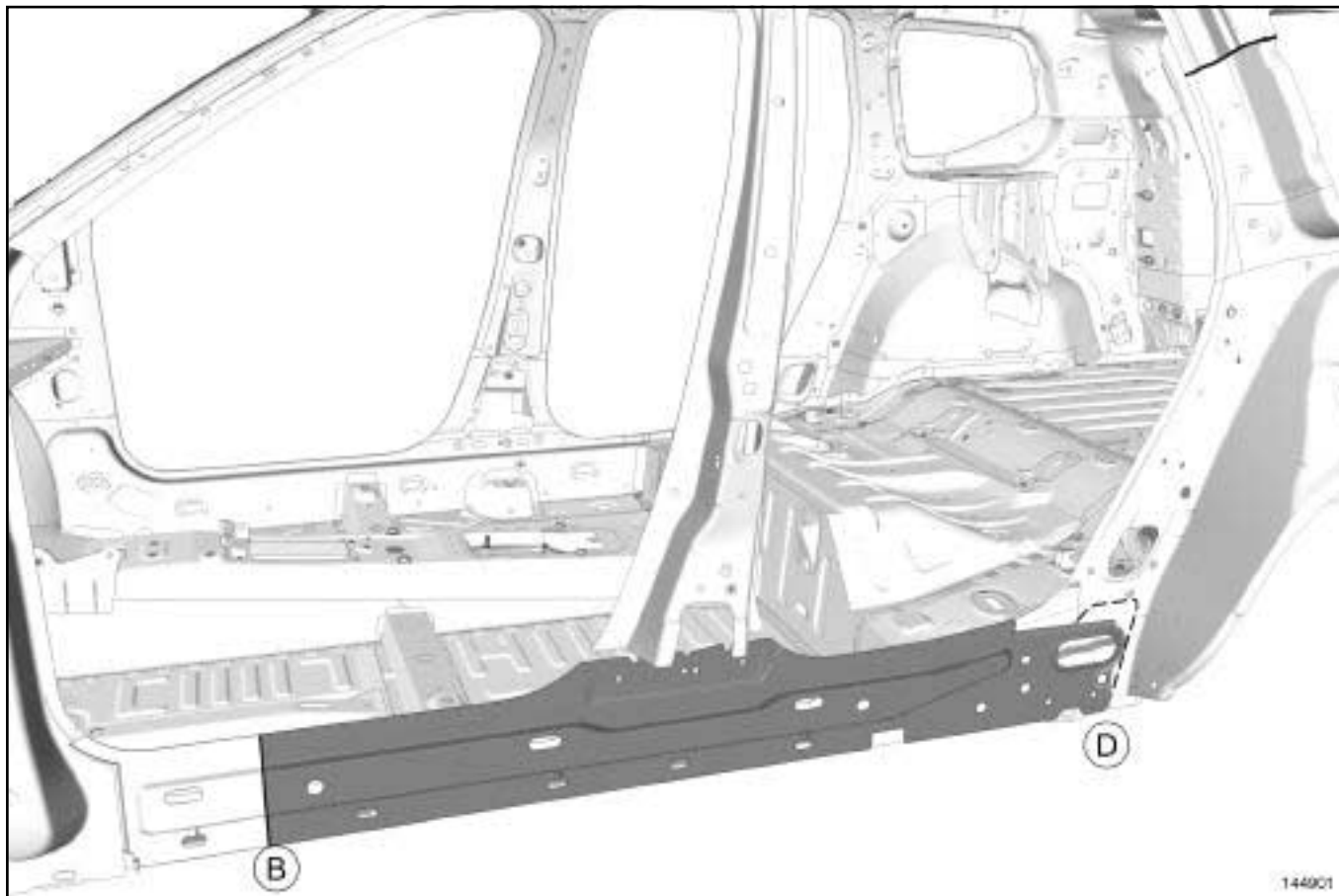
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel reinforcement: Replacement

# 41C

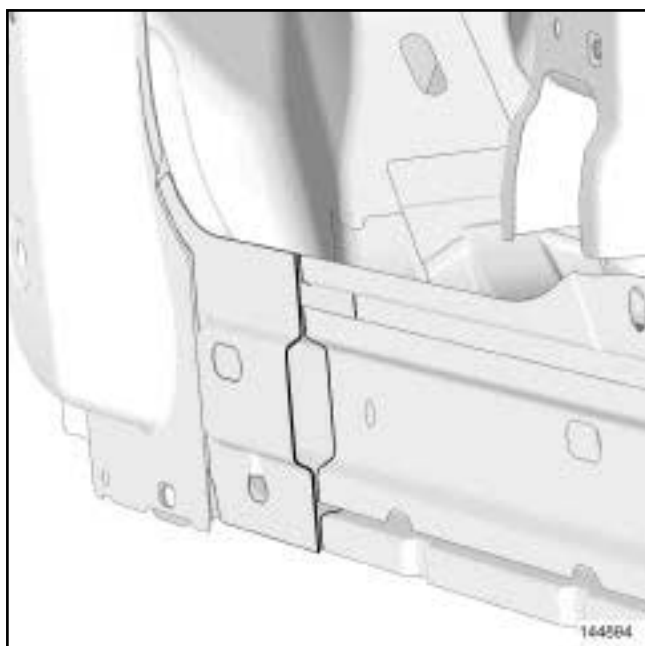
### 3 - Rear section partial replacement B-D

*Part in position*



144901

### Detailed view B



144894

# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel stiffener: Replacement

# 41C

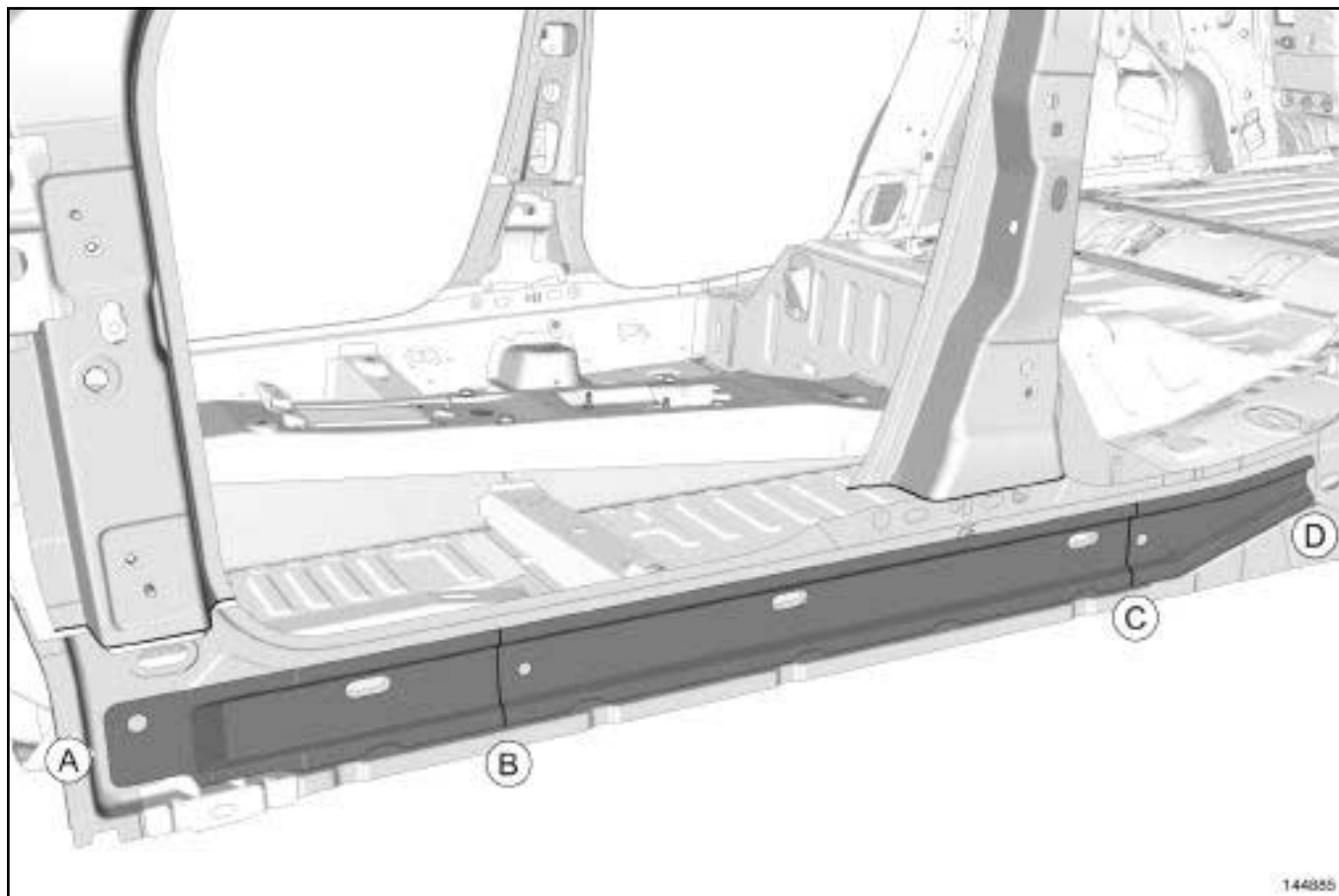
### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Sill pane stiffener	2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-D,
- front section partial replacement A-C,
- rear section partial replacement B-D.



144885

144885

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

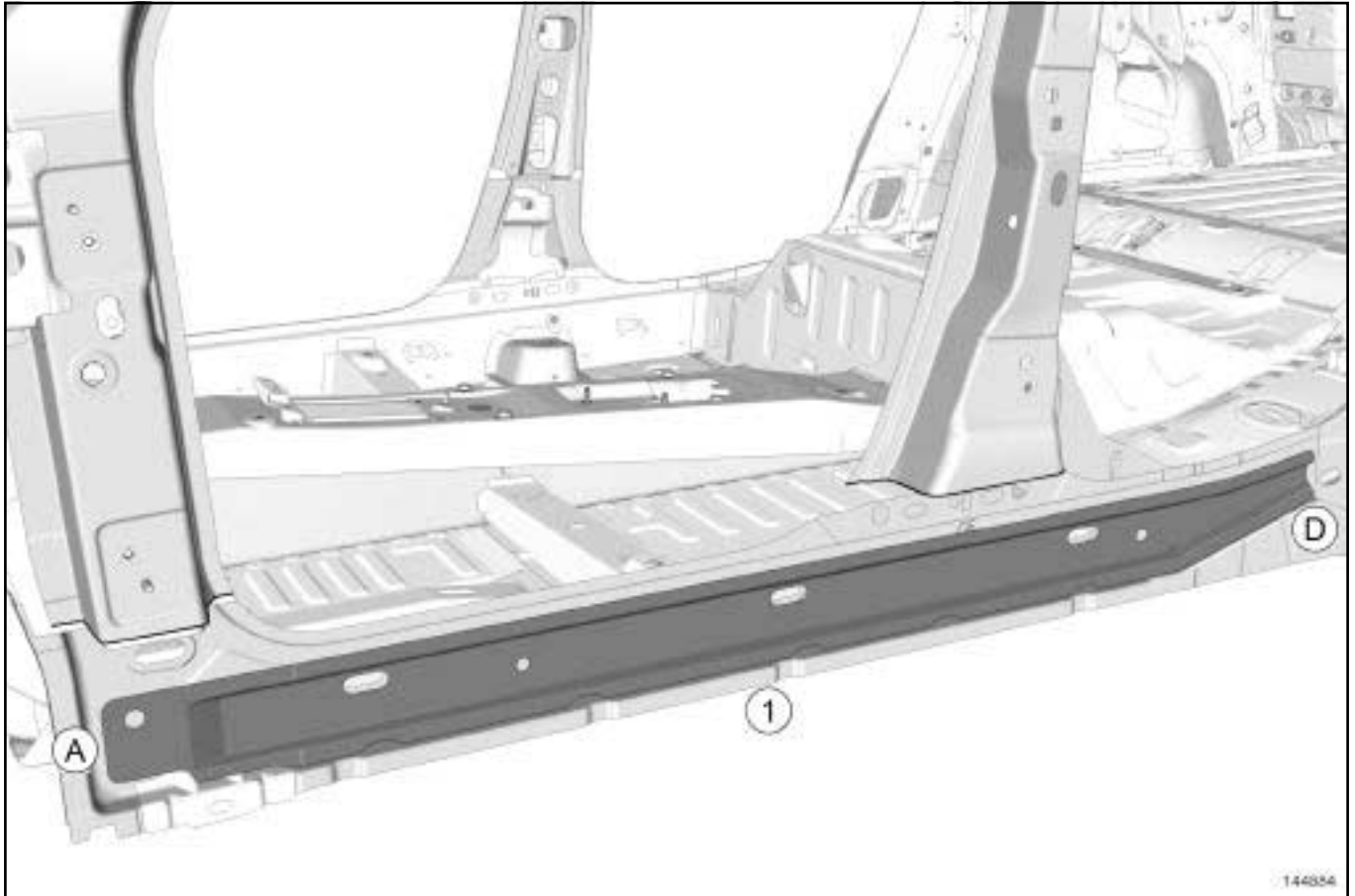
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel stiffener: Replacement

# 41C

1 - Complete replacement A-D

*Part in position*



144884

144884

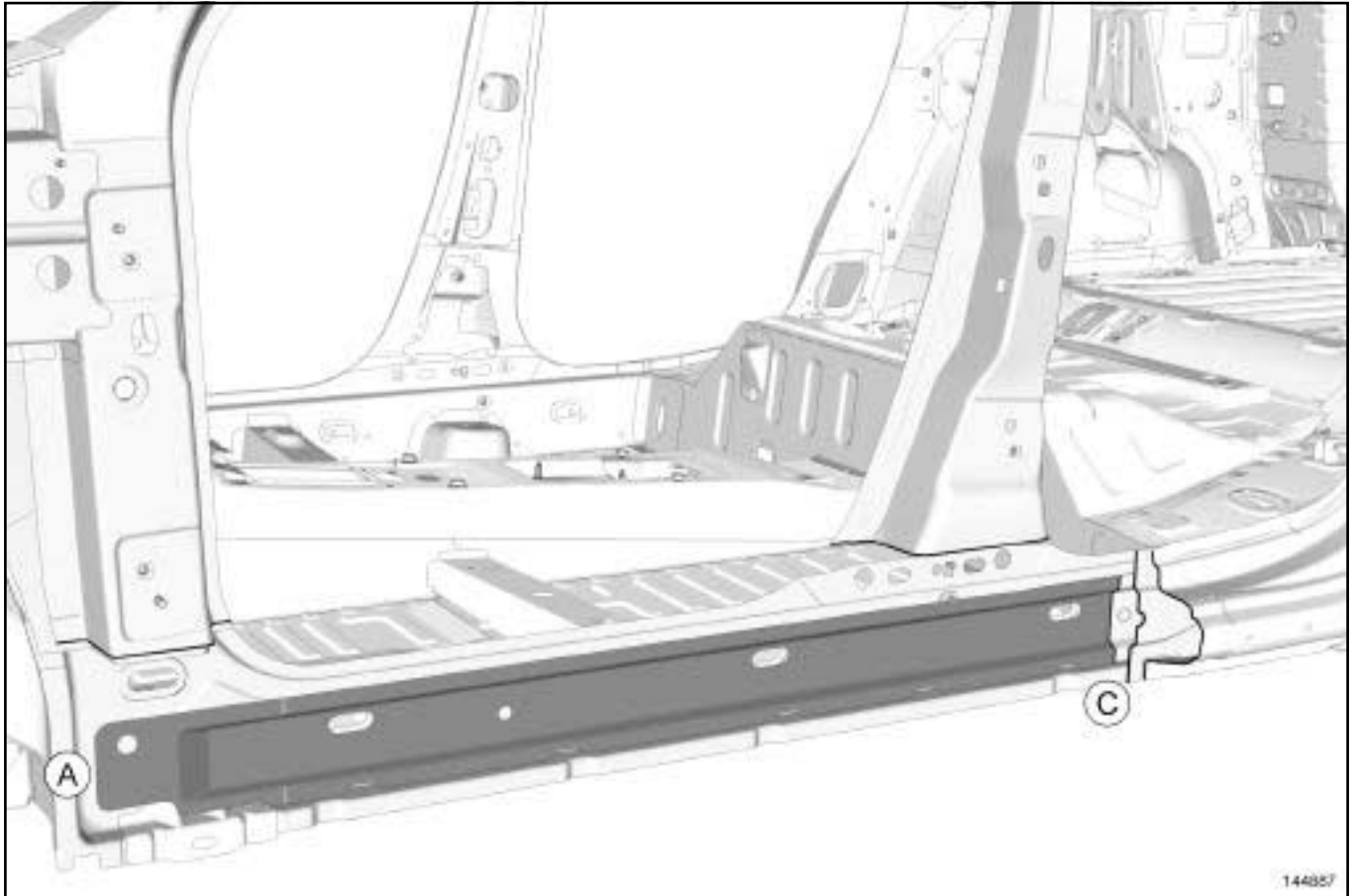
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel stiffener: Replacement

# 41C

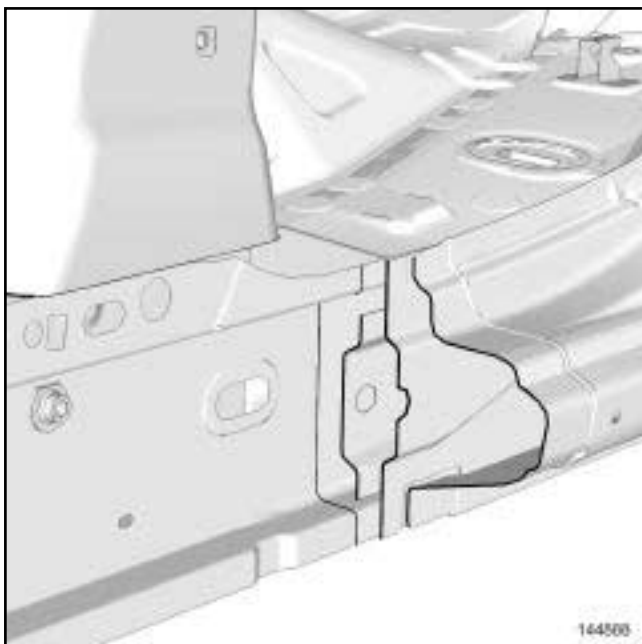
### 2 - Front section partial replacement A-C

*Part in position*



144887

### Detailed view C



144888

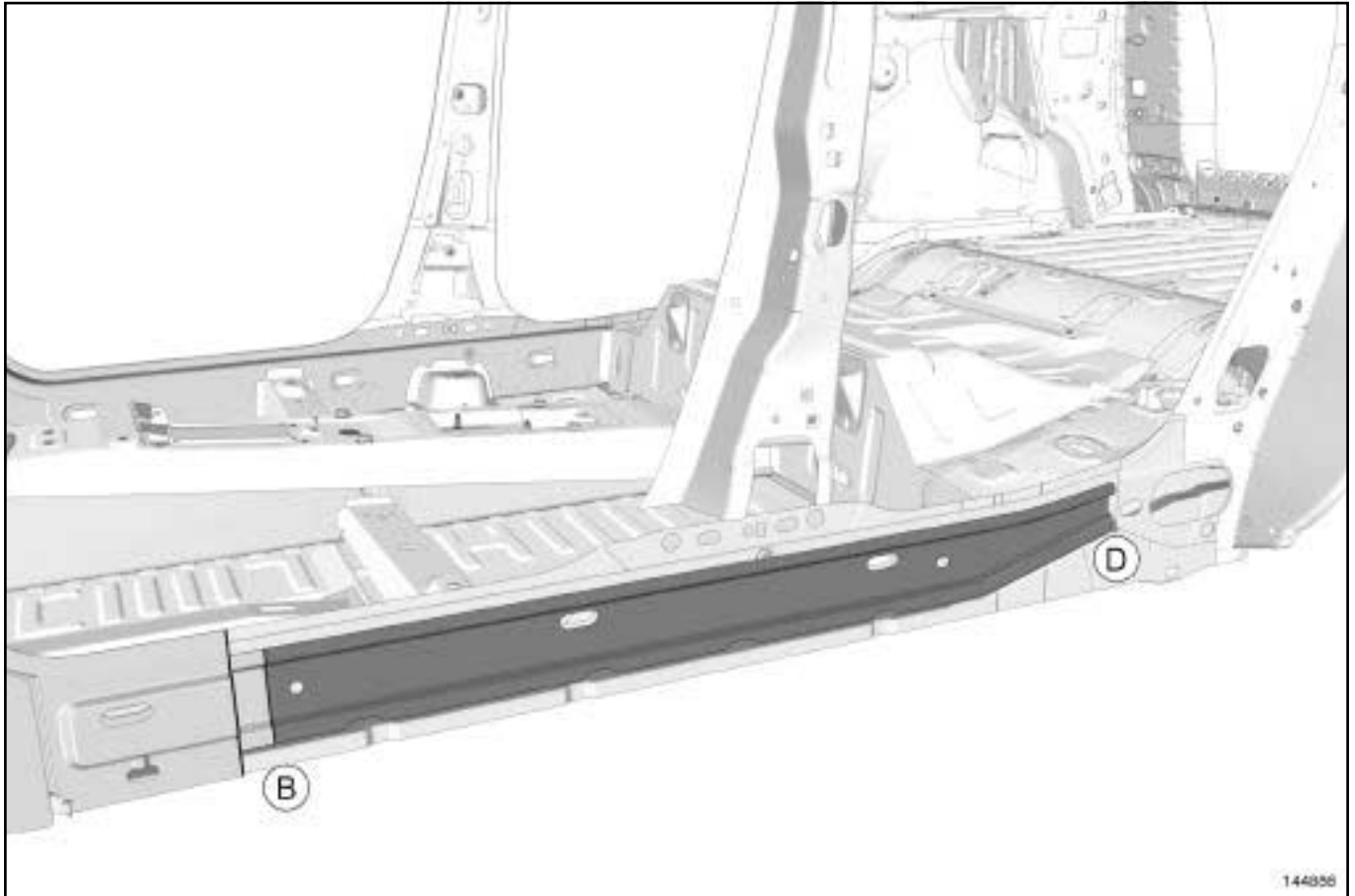
# SIDE LOWER STRUCTURE

## Sill panel stiffener: Replacement

# 41C

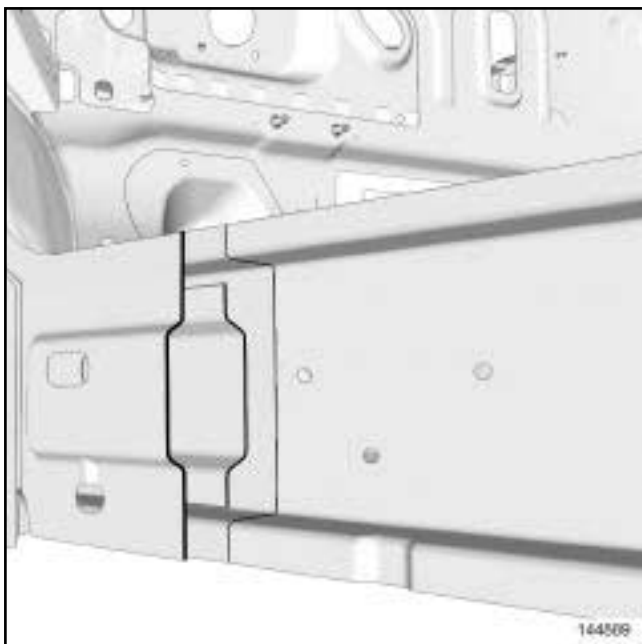
### 3 - Rear section partial replacement B-D

*Part in position*



144886

### Detailed view B



144889

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144890  
144890

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Lower connection component for front section inner rear wheel arch	0.95
(2)	Lower connection component for rear section inner rear wheel arch	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

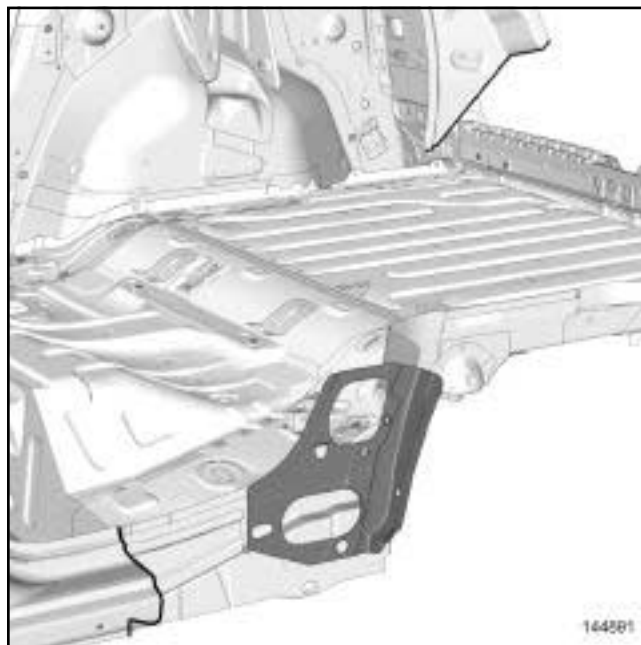
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144891  
144891

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor reinforcement: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear floor reinforcement	0.8

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

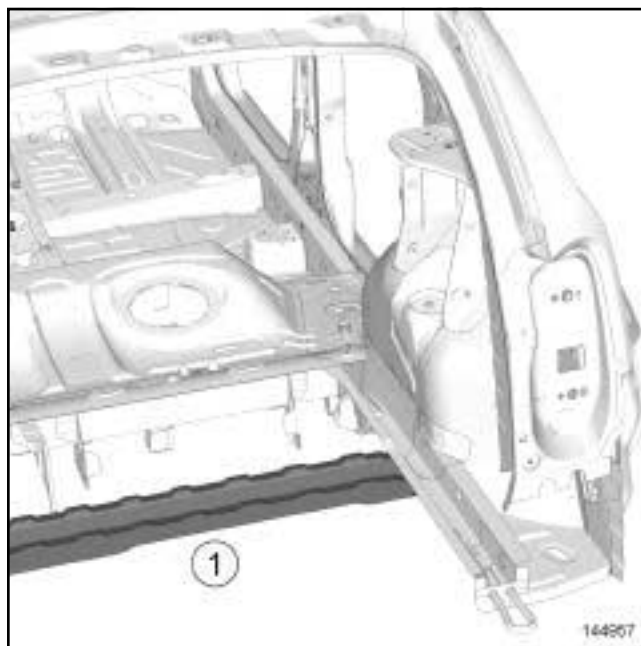
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144957



# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

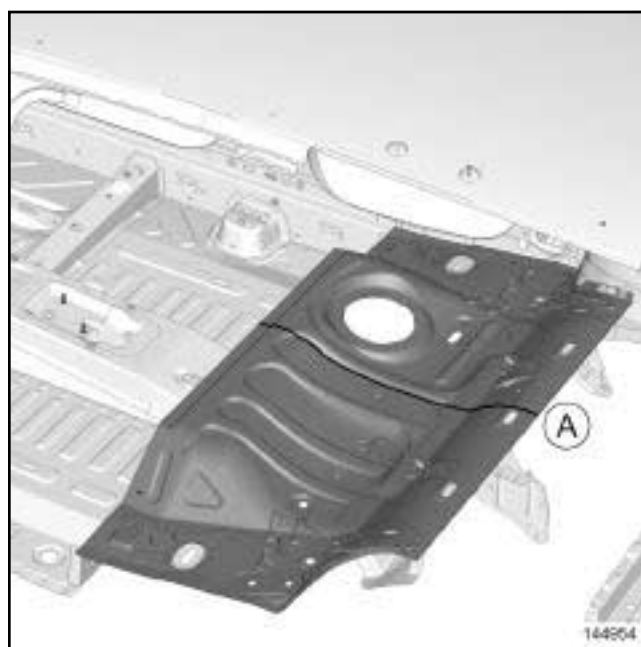
## Rear floor, front section: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144953



144954

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear floor, front section	0.65
(2)	Impact retaining component under second row front seat	1.95
(3)	Front section of rear floor reinforcement	1.8
(4)	Centre attachment reinforcement for child seat on second row	1.8

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement along cut A.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

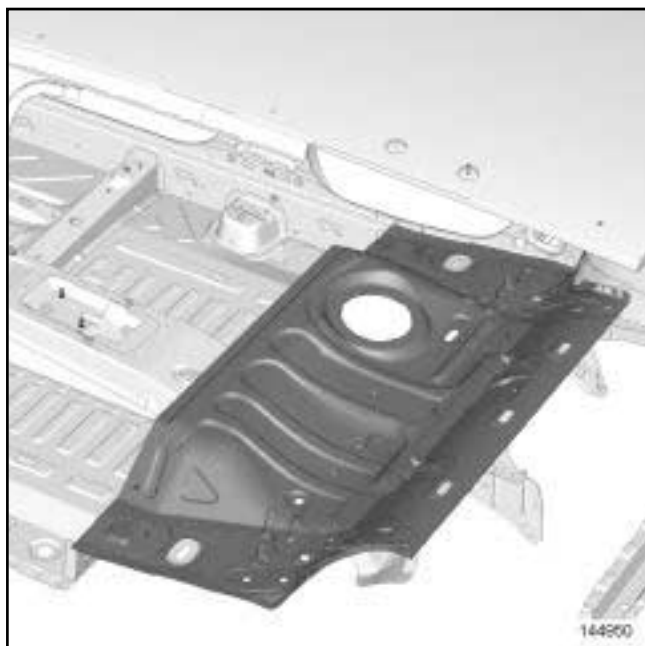
# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor, front section: Replacement

# 41D

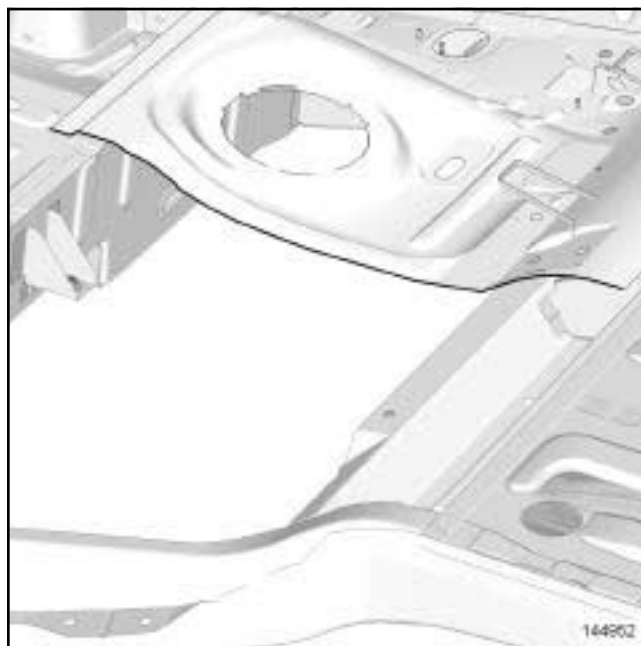
### 1 - Complete replacement

*Part in position*



144950

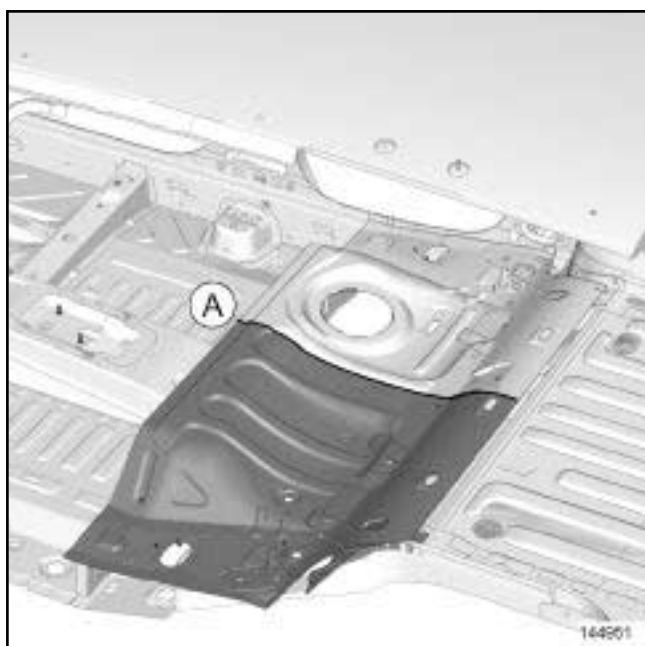
### Detailed view A



144952

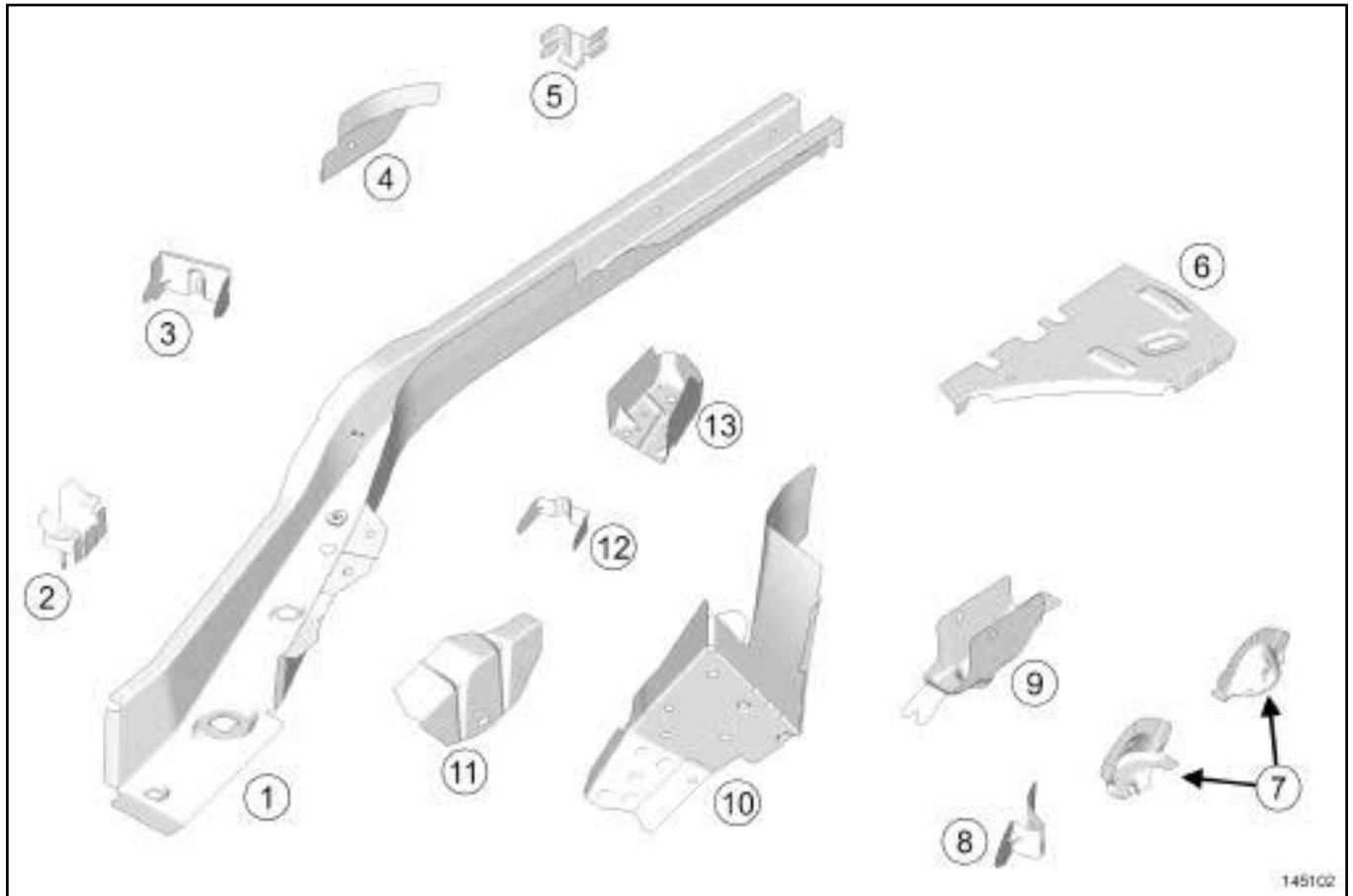
### 2 - Partial replacement along cut A

*Part in position*



144951

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



145102

145102

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear side member	1.45
(2)	Rear support for retaining the fuel tank on the body	1.5
(3)	Interior reinforcement of rear axle mounting side member	2
(4)	Connection component between rear side member and inner rear wheel arch	1.45
(5)	Exhaust rear support on subframe	2.5
(6)	Subframe side closure panel component	0.65

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(7)	Rear suspension spring support reinforcement	2
(8)	Rear axle rear mounting reinforcement	3.5
(9)	Rear upper spring support	2
(10)	Side rear cross member	1.9
(11)	Rear support reinforcement for jack	3
(12)	Rear axle mounting bracket on body	2
(13)	Rear axle assembly mounting unit	1.9

## Rear side member assembly: Replacement

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### **WARNING**

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### **WARNING**

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

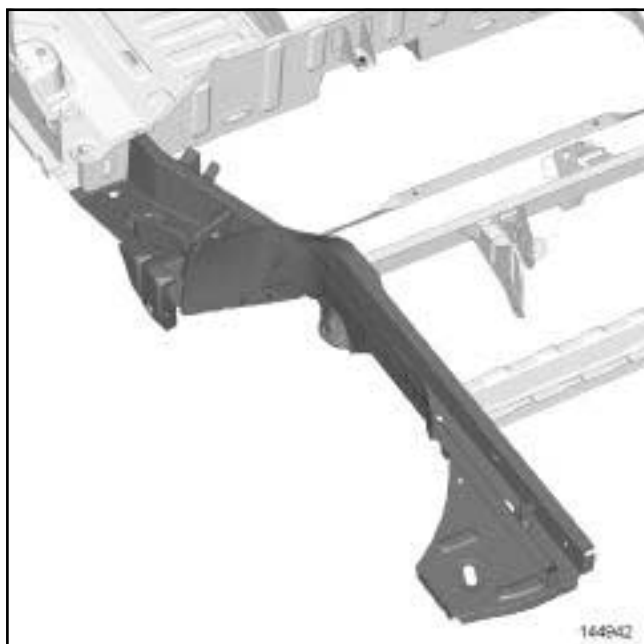
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### **IMPORTANT**

Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

### *Part in position*



144942

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear side member: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear side member	1.45

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- partial replacement along cut A.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

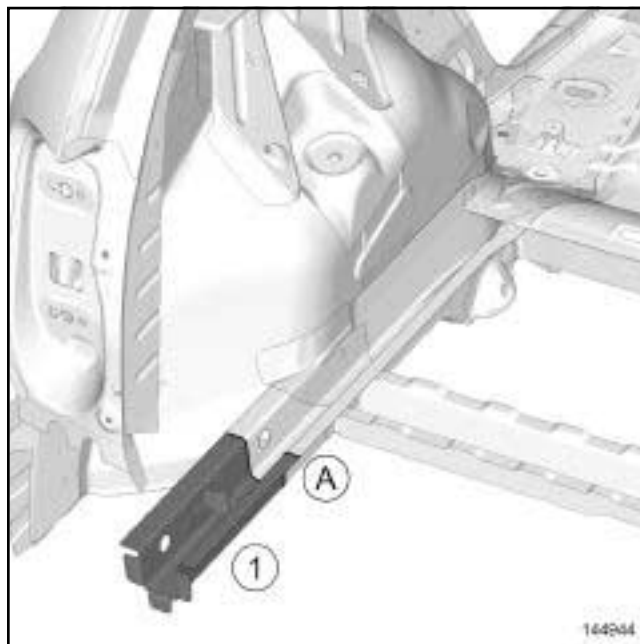
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

#### Partial replacement along cut A

#### IMPORTANT

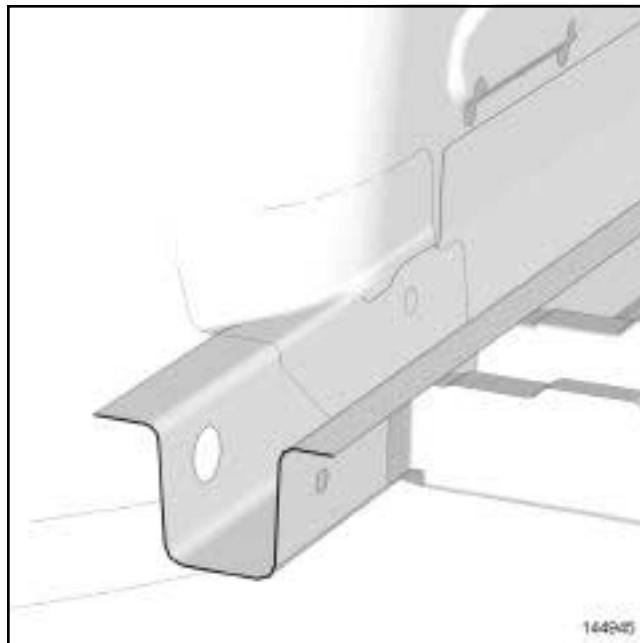
Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

### Part in position



144944

### Detailed view A



144945

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Front upper cross member: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front upper cross member	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

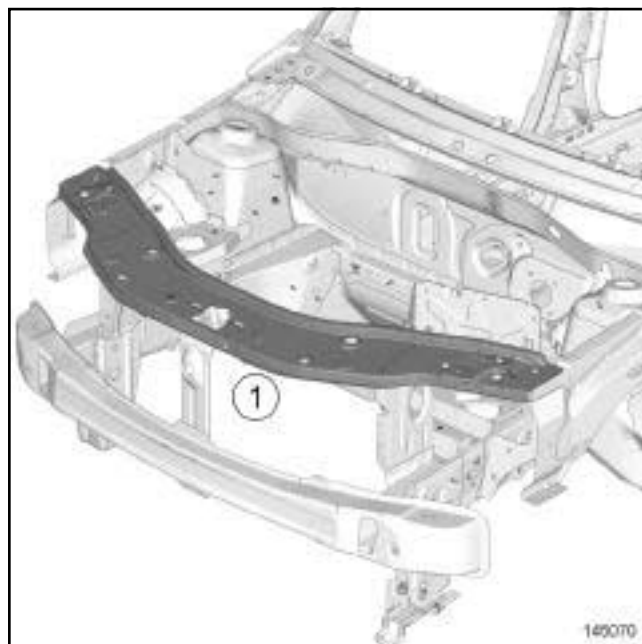
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

Complete replacement

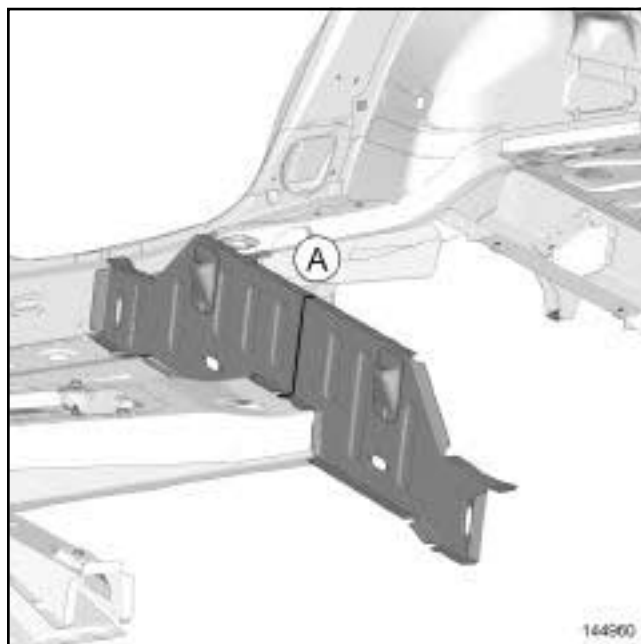
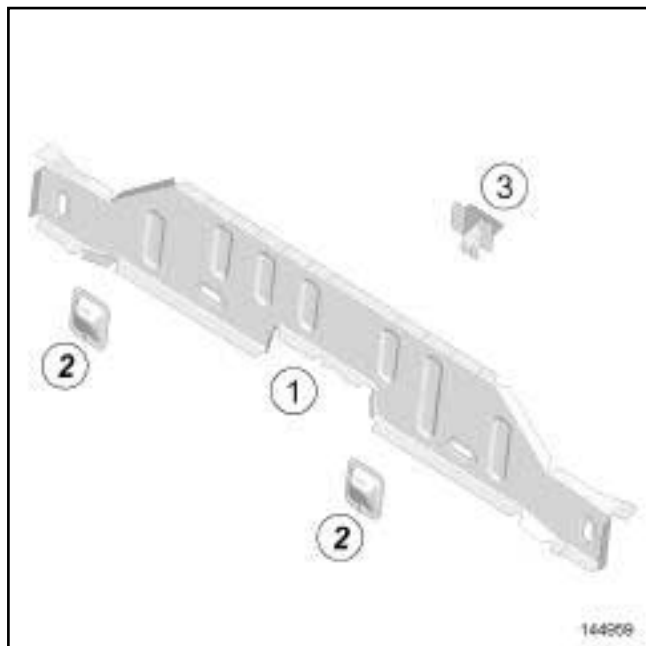
*Part in position*



145070

## Rear floor front cross member: Replacement

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear floor front cross member	1.2
(2)	Attachment support for second row seat	0.95
(3)	Front support reinforcement for retaining the fuel tank on the body	1.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement along cut A.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

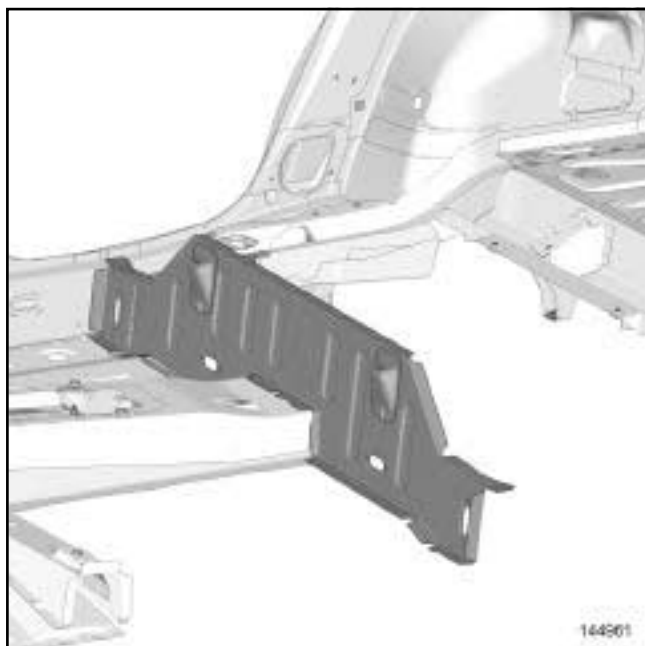
# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor front cross member: Replacement

41D

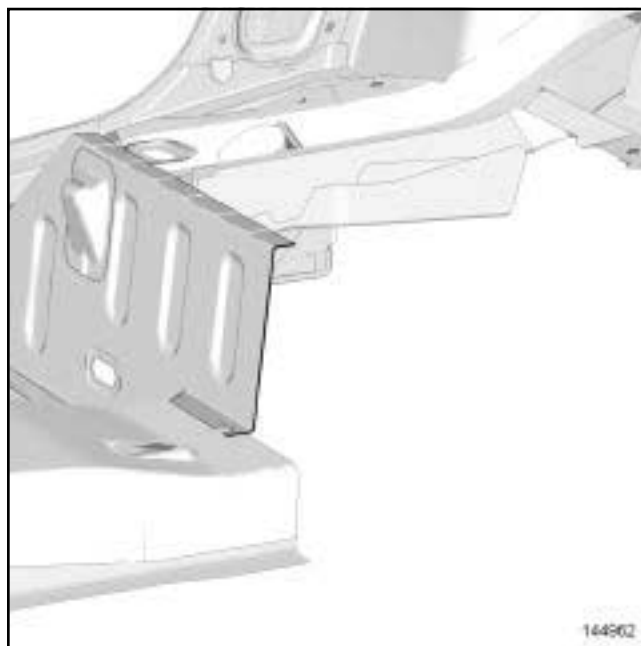
### 1 - Complete replacement

*Part in position*



144961

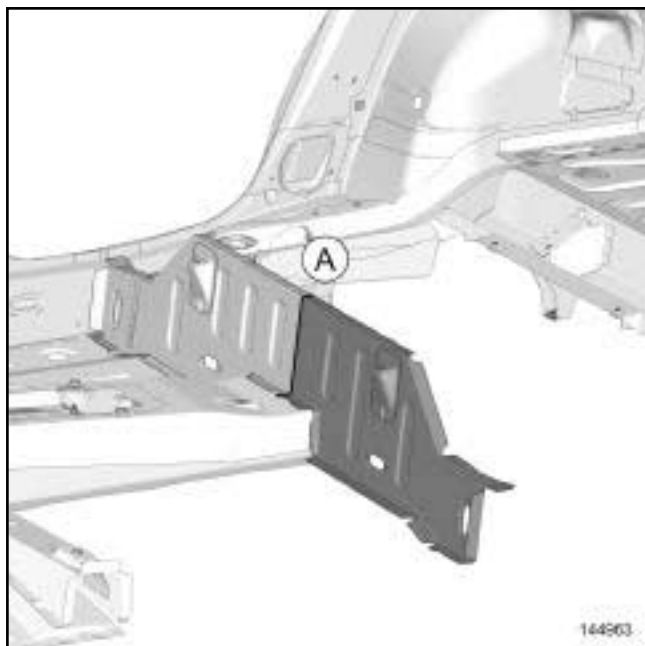
### Detailed view A



144962

### 2 - Partial replacement along cut A

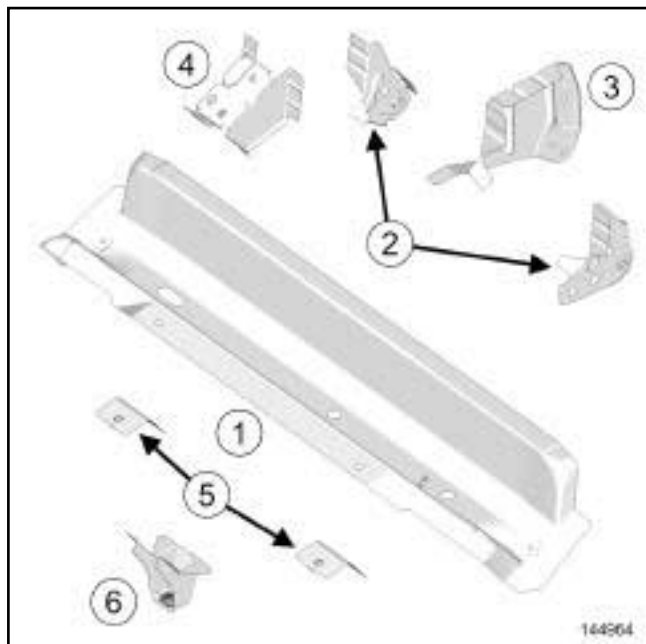
*Part in position*



144963



### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144964

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear floor rear centre cross member	1.2
(2)	Brake limiter mounting support	1.95
(3)	Emergency spare wheel subframe joint support	2
(4)	Mounting bracket of second row seat	2
(5)	Second row anchorage centre reinforcement	1.95
(6)	Fuel tank rear mounting reinforcement	1.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

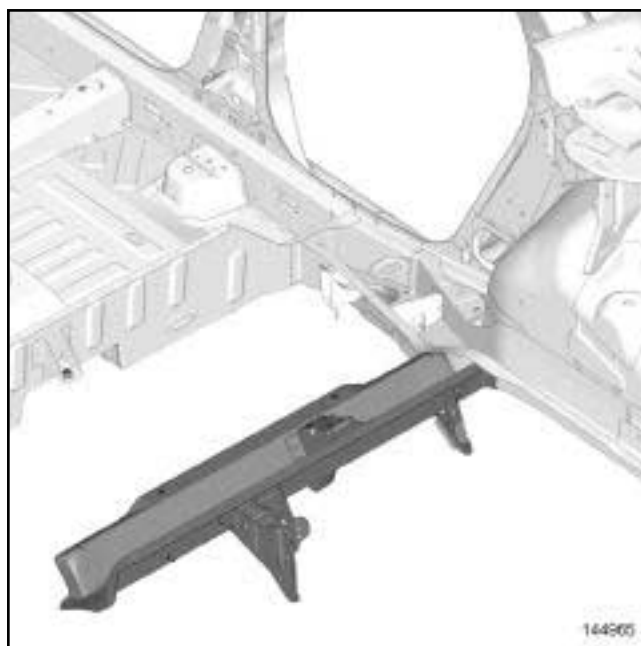
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5**).

#### Complete replacement

#### IMPORTANT

Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

#### Part in position



144965

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor, rear section: Replacement

# 41D

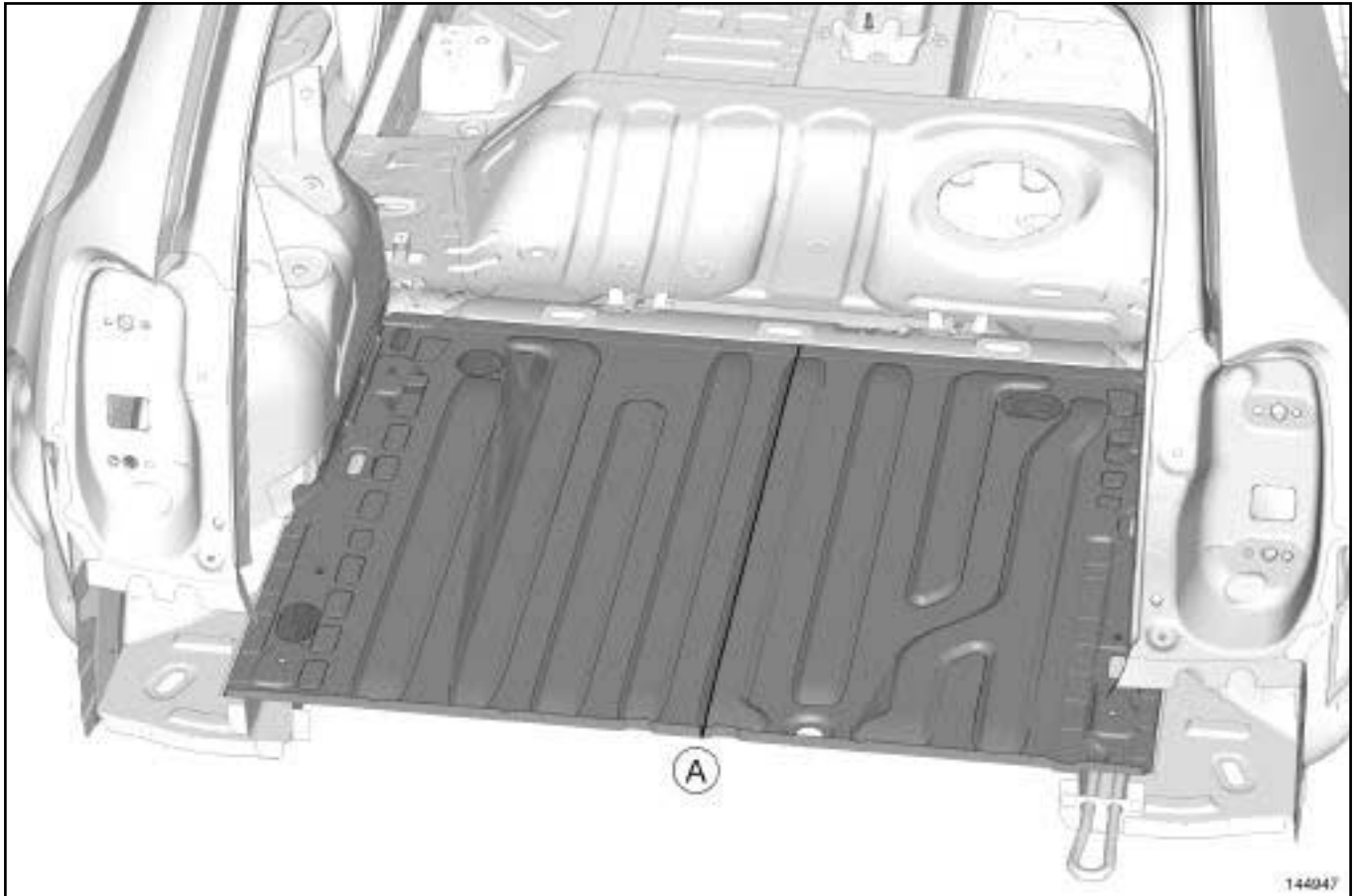
### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear floor, rear section	0.7

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement along cut A.



#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

144947  
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

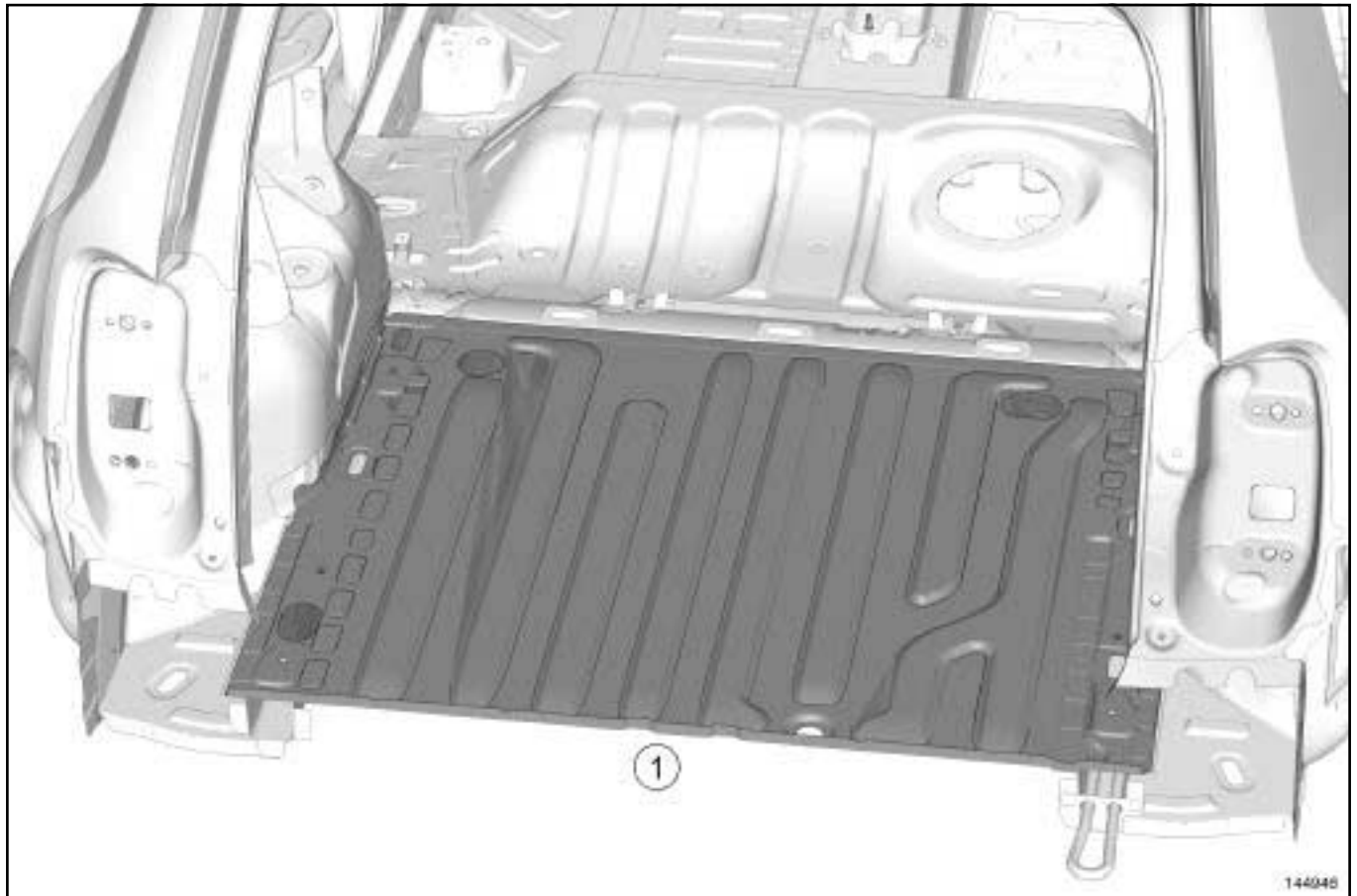
# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor, rear section: Replacement

# 41D

### 1 - Complete replacement

*Part in position*

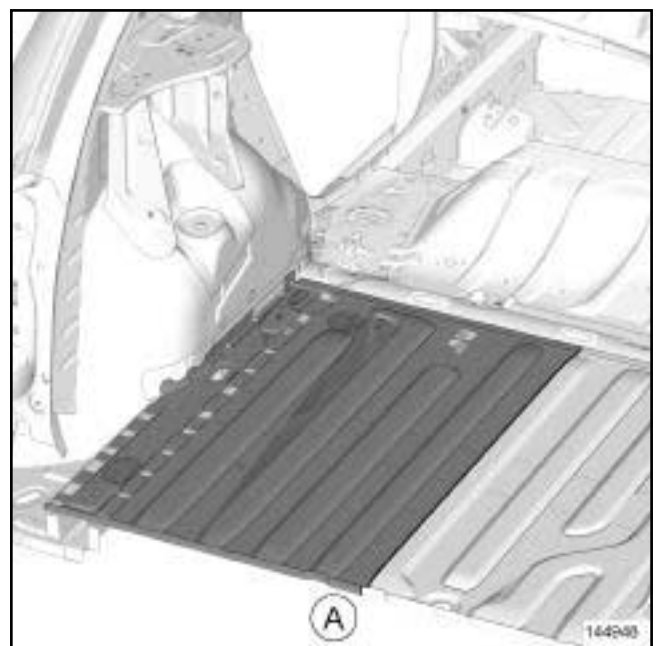


144948

144946

### 2 - Partial replacement along cut A

*Part in position*



144948

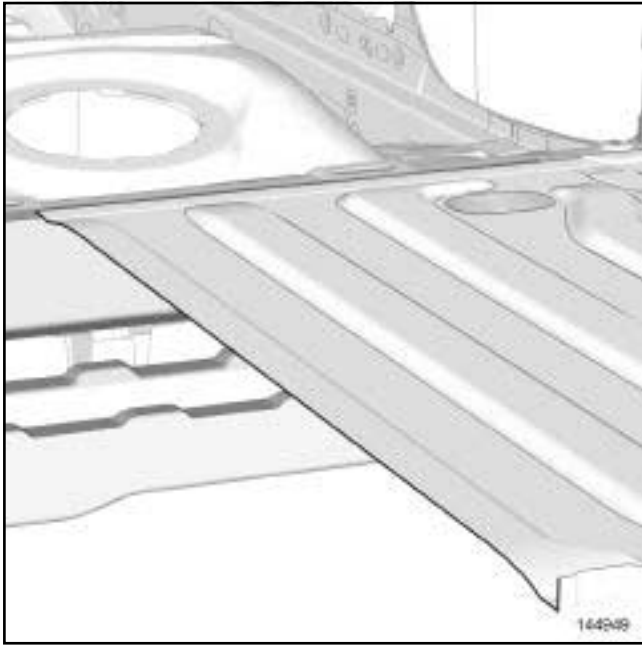
144948

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor, rear section: Replacement

**41D**

Detailed view A



144949

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear floor, rear side section: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear floor, rear side section	0.65

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

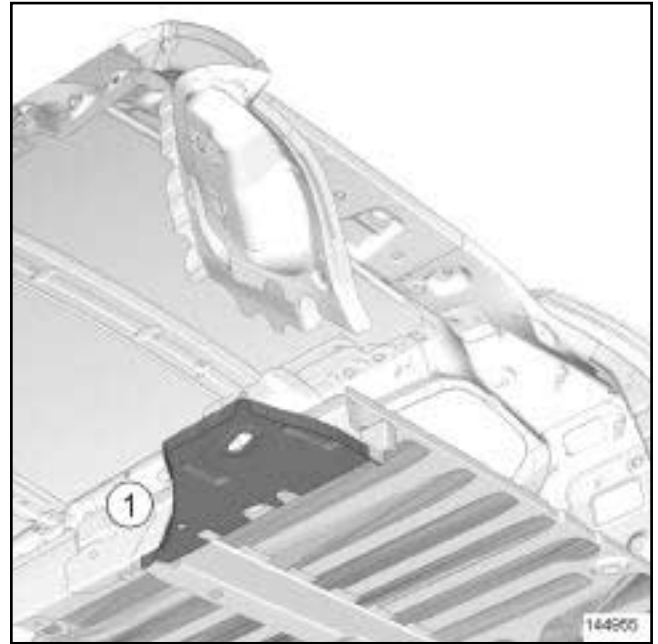
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



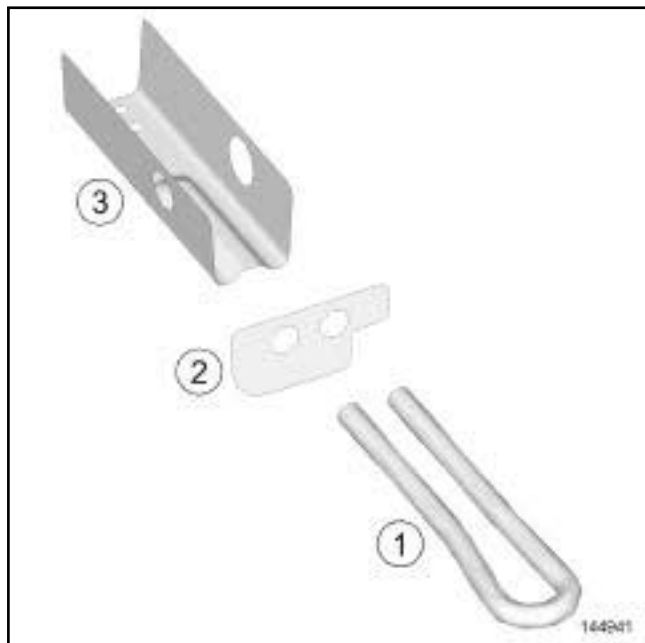
144955

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Rear towing eye: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144941

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear towing eye	14
(2)	Rear side member closure panel component	0.95
(3)	Rear towing eye mounting	3

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

**Complete replacement**

*Part in position*



144940

# REAR LOWER STRUCTURE

## Exhaust mounting support: Replacement

# 41D

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Exhaust mounting support	2.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

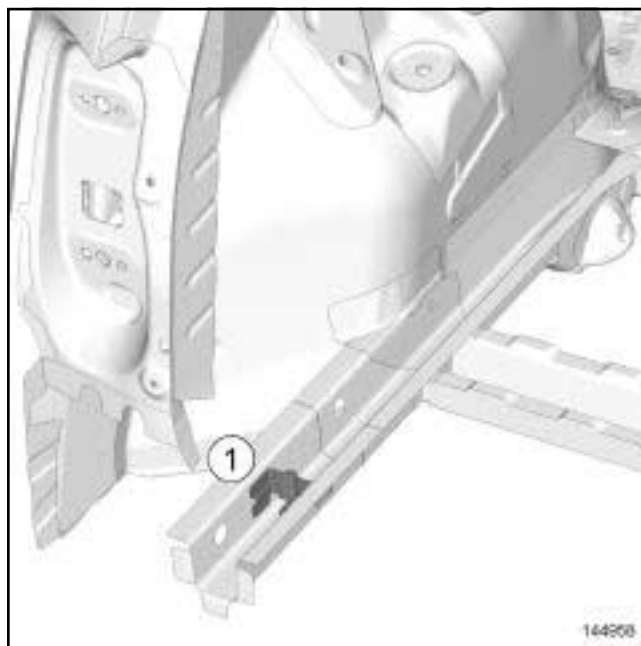
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144958

144958

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



145060

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front end panel upper cross member centre mounting	1.4
(2)	Lock mounting cross member reinforcement	1.2
(3)	Right-hand headlight carrier panel	1
(4)	Front end panel upper cross member	0.95
(5)	Left-hand headlight carrier panel	1

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

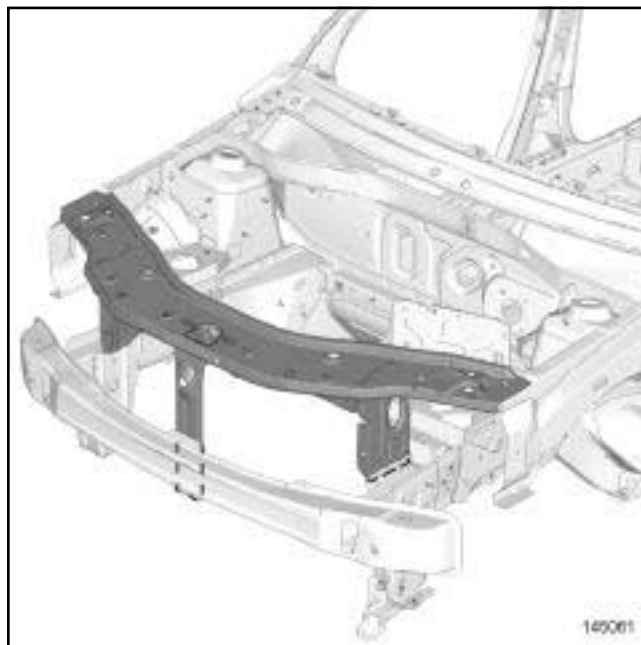
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



145061



# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Front wing: Removal - Refitting

42A

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) .

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

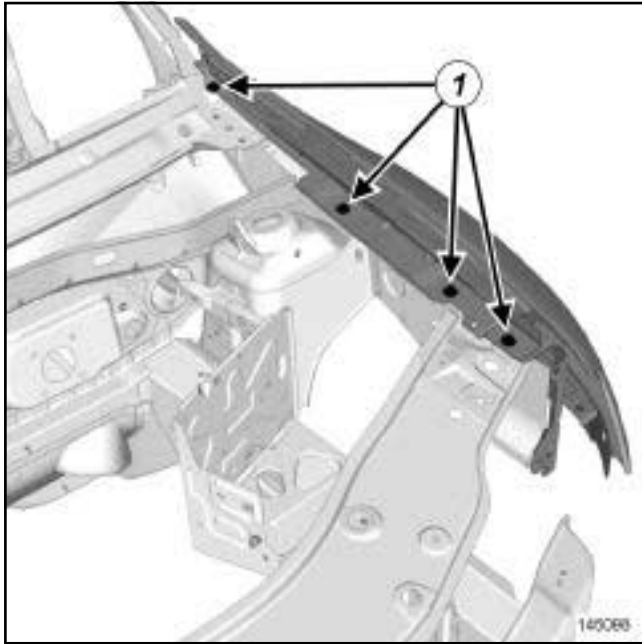
- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection):
  - the scuttle panel grille side blanking cover,
  - the front wheel arch liner,
  - the front section of the sill panel extender,
  - the front bumper (see **Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**) .
- Remove:
  - the side indicator (see **Side indicator: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the headlight (see **Headlight assembly: Exploded view**) (80B, Headlight).

# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

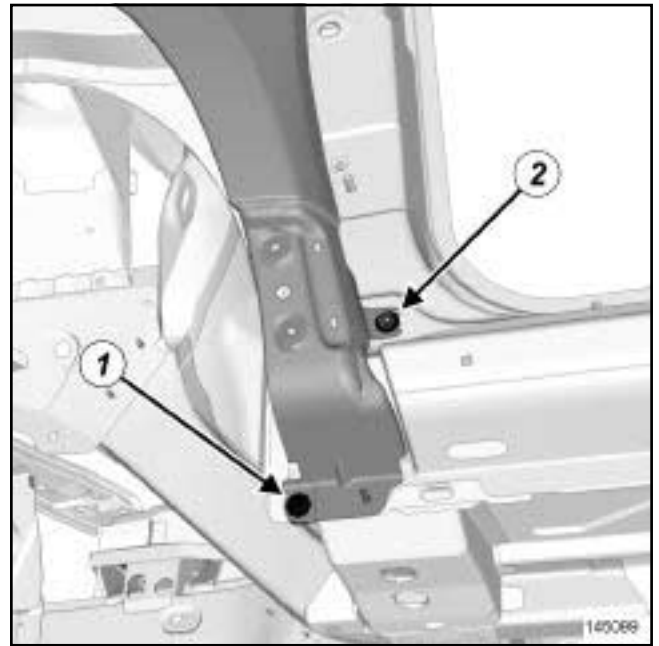
## Front wing: Removal - Refitting

# 42A

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



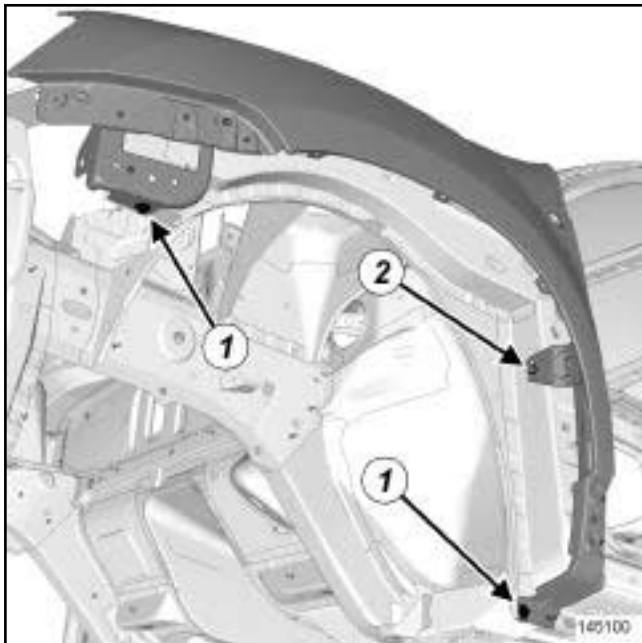
145098



145099

#### □ Remove:

- the bolts (1) ,
- the nuts (2) ,
- the front wing.



145100

### REFITTING

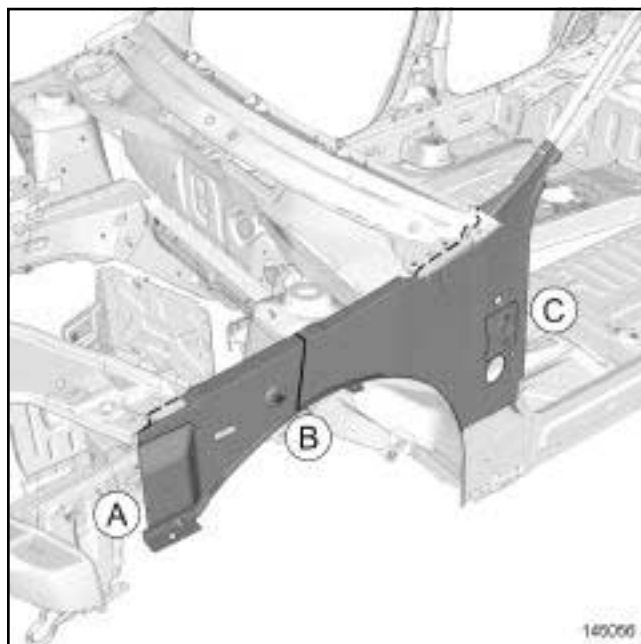
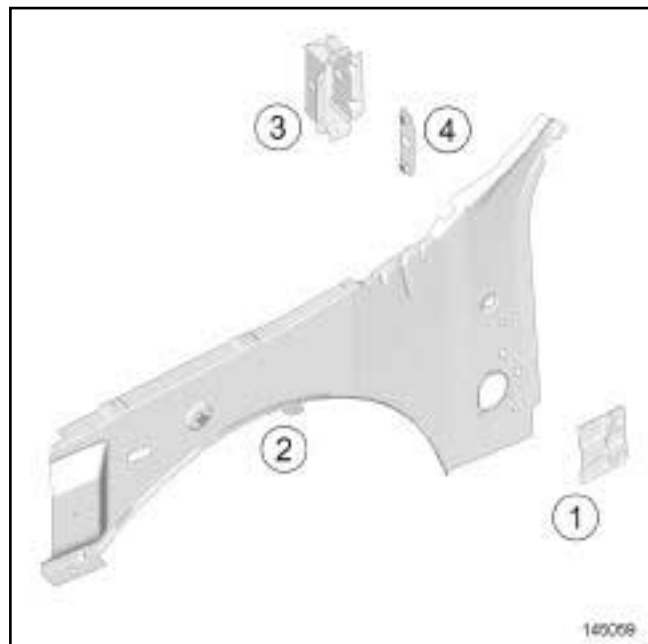
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Adjust the clearances and flush fitting (see **Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value**) (01C, Vehicle bodywork specifications).

# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Scuttle side panel: Replacement

# 42A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	A-pillar lining impact reinforcement	1.95
(2)	A-pillar lining	0.9
(3)	Mounting plate nut	0.9
(4)	Mounting support for upper section of driver's seat cross member	1.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-C,
- front section partial replacement A-B.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5**) .

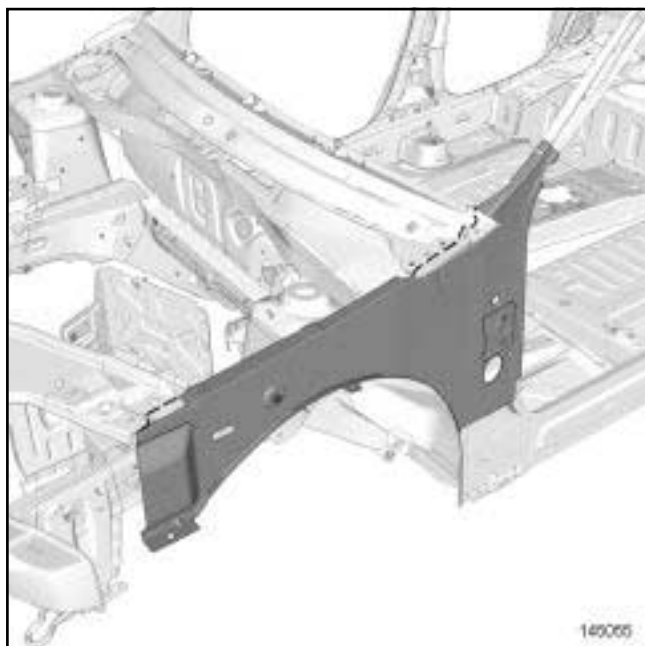
# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Scuttle side panel: Replacement

# 42A

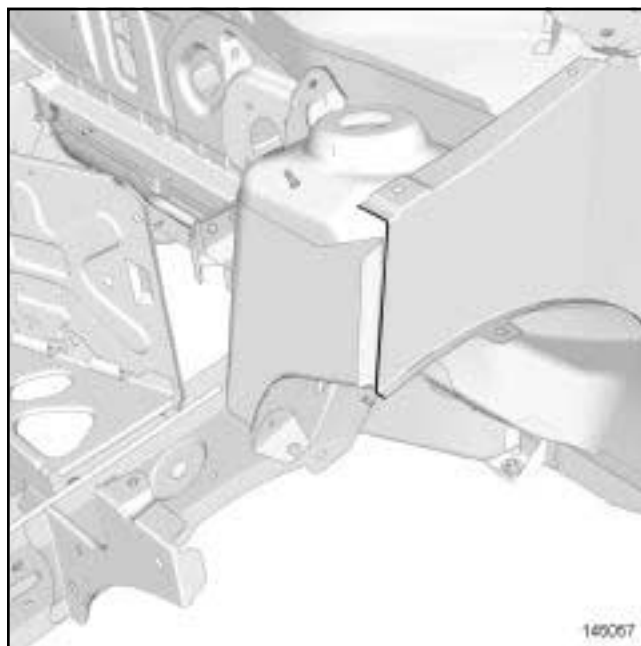
### 1 - Complete replacement A-C

*Part in position*



145055

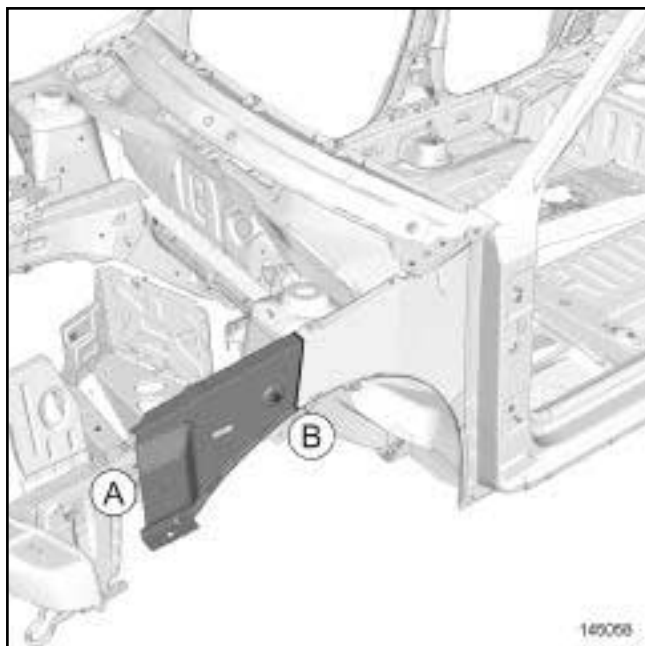
### Detailed view B



145057

### 2 - Front section partial replacement A-B

*Part in position*



145058

# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Scuttle side panel upper reinforcement: Replacement

# 42A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Scuttle side panel upper reinforcement	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

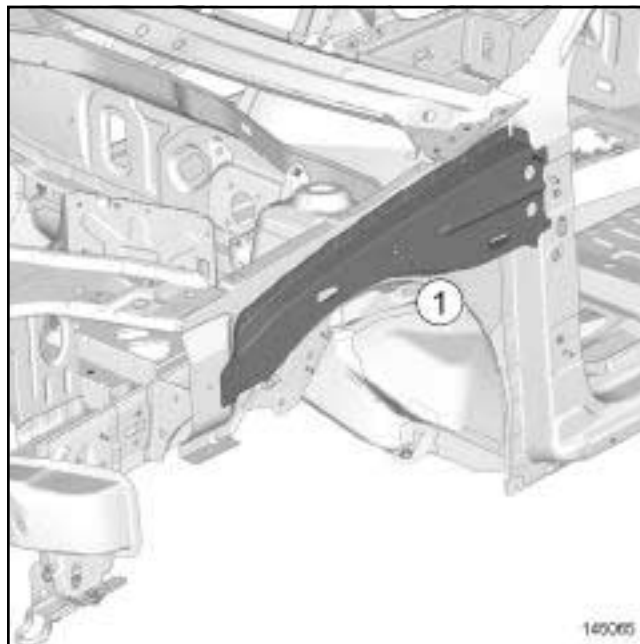
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



145065

145065

# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Front wheel arch, front section: Replacement

# 42A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front wheel arch, front section	1.2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

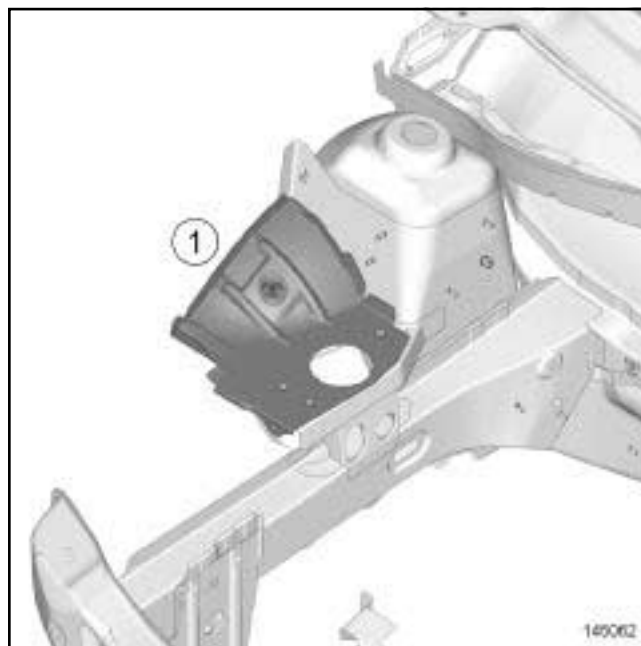
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page **40A-5**) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



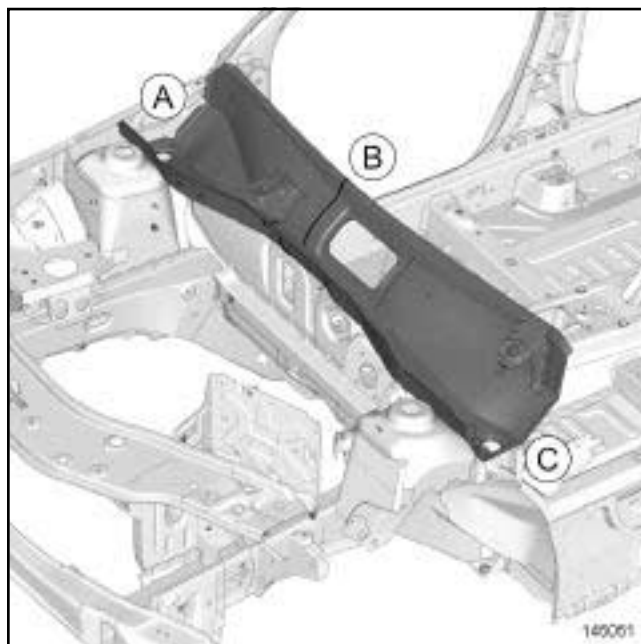
145062

# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Heater bulkhead: Replacement

# 42A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Lower section of windscreen aperture lower cross member	0.95
(2)	Windscreen aperture lower cross member centre reinforcement	0.95
(3)	Reinforcement of windscreen wiper shaft left-hand mounting	1.45
(4)	Windscreen wiper plate mounting bridge	1.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-C,
- partial replacement B-C.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

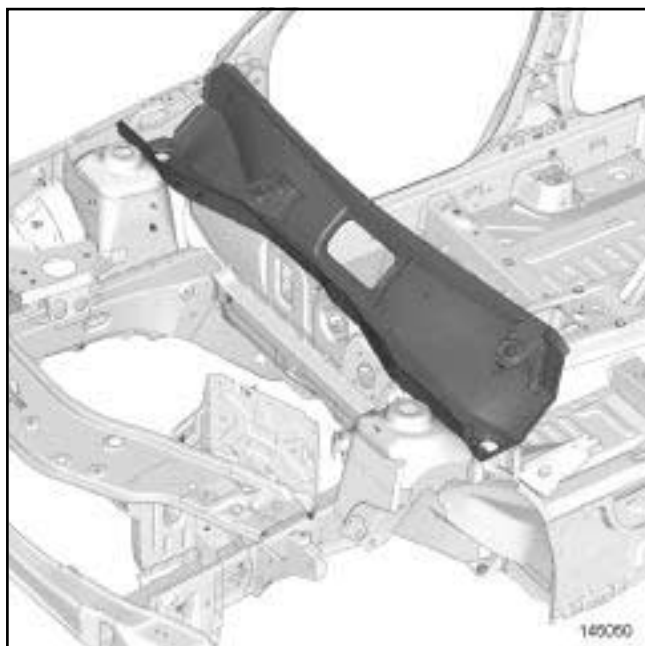
# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Heater bulkhead: Replacement

# 42A

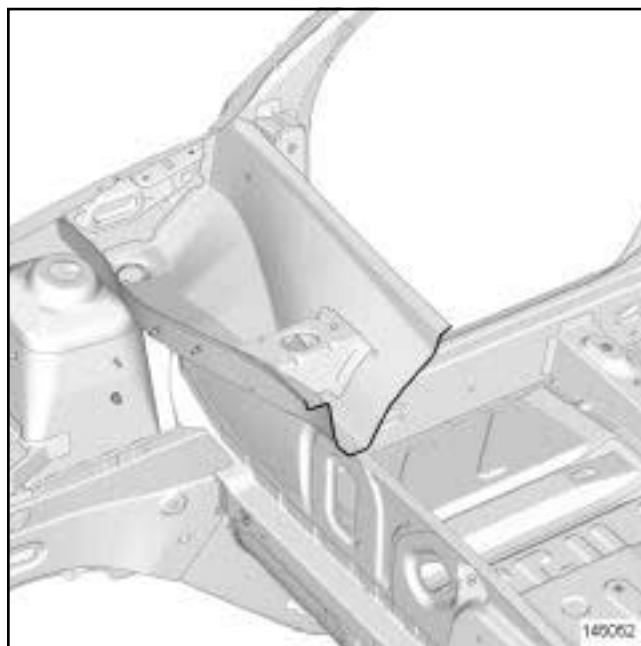
### 1 - Complete replacement A-C

*Part in position*



145050

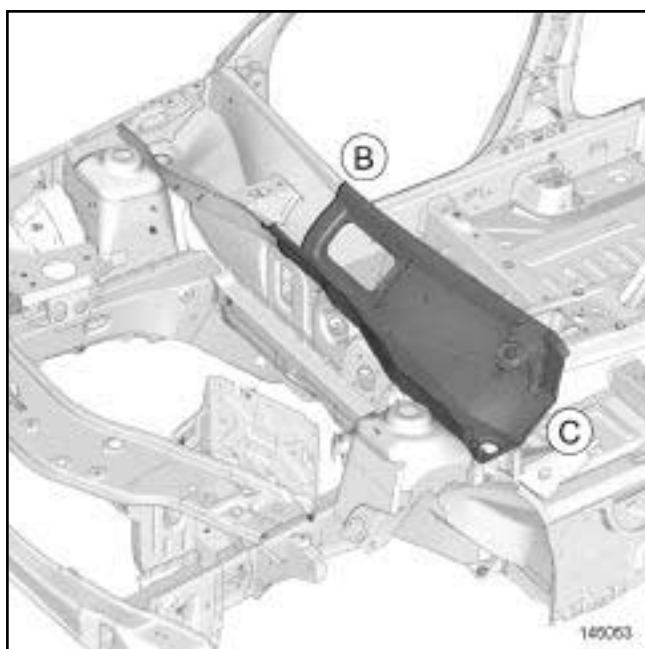
### Detailed view B



145052

### 2 - Partial replacement B-C

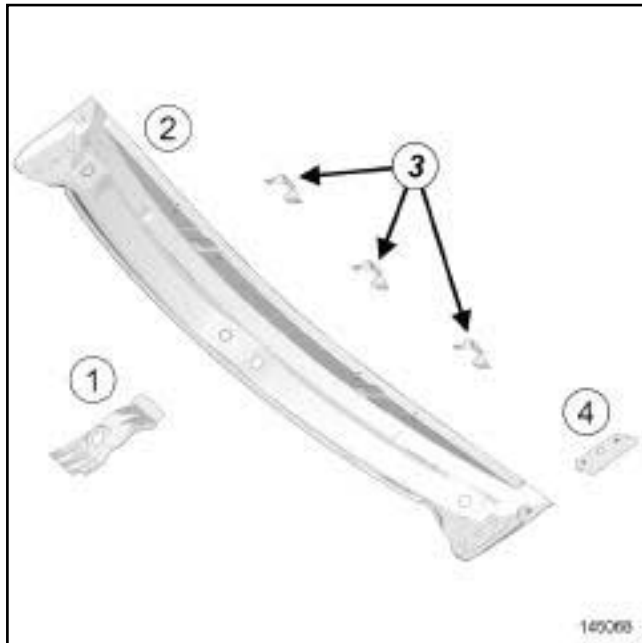
*Part in position*



145053



### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



145068

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Central mounting reinforcement of windscreen wiper output shaft	1.45
(2)	Upper section of windscreen aperture lower cross member	0.65
(3)	Dashboard retaining bridge piece on subframe	0.95
(4)	Reinforcement on bonnet left-hand hinge sub-frame	1.9

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

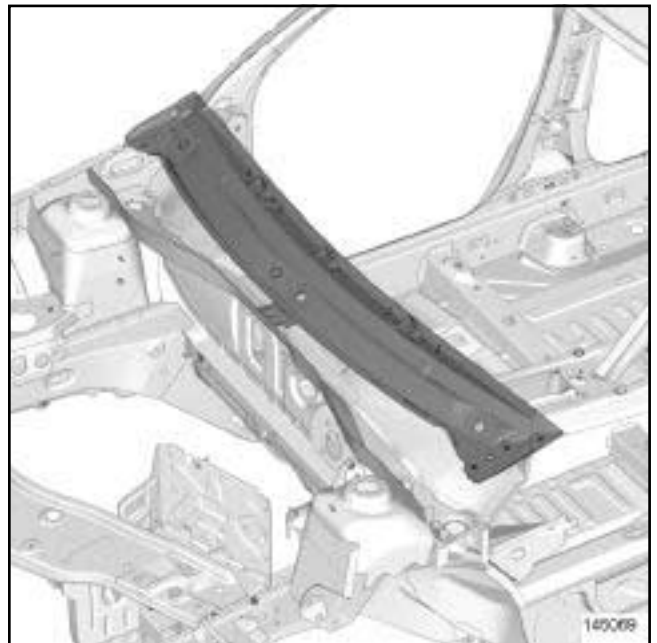
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



145069

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### Tightening torques

dashboard cross member bolts **21 N.m**

dashboard cross member strut mountings **21 N.m**

### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

### IMPORTANT

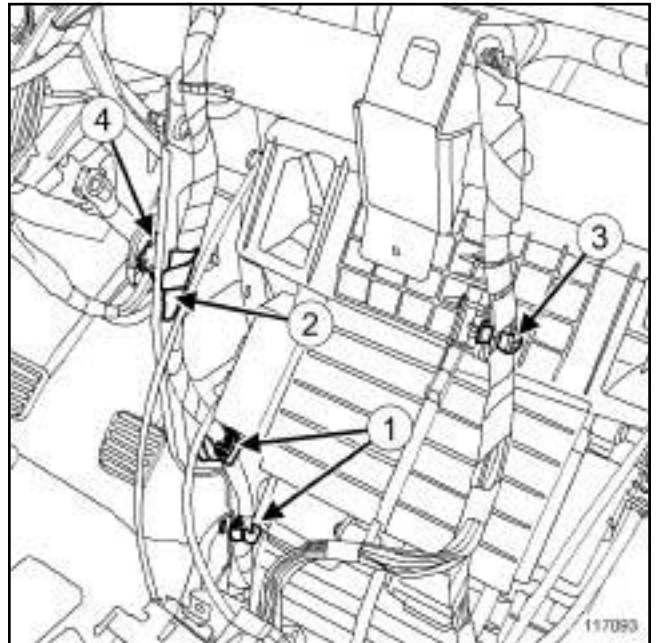
Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),

- the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
- the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
- the front air distribution ducts (see **Front air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting**) ,
- the steering column (see **Steering column: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly).



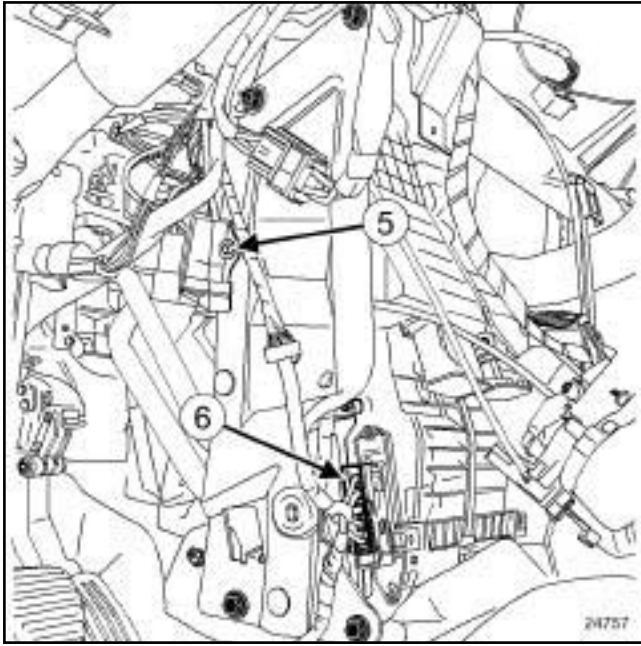
117093

- Unclip:
  - the wiring harness at (1) ,
  - the electrical harness at (2) .
- Unclip the wiring harness on the distribution unit at (3) .

### LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- Unclip the ignition switch connector (4) from its mounting.

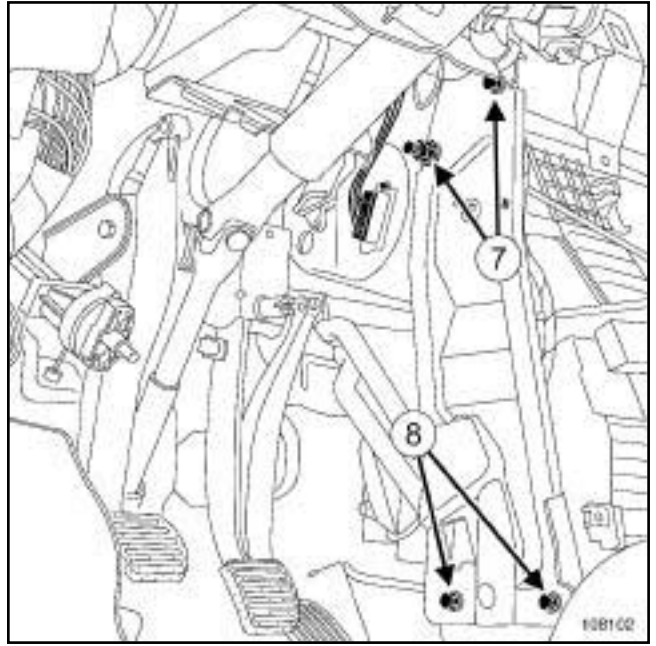
K9K



24757

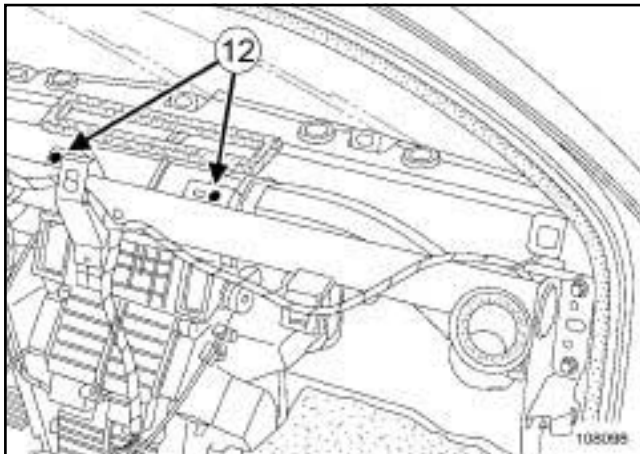
- Remove:
    - the heating resistor relay mounting bolt (5) ,
    - the heating resistor relay mounting.
  - Disconnect the connector (6) from the heating resistor unit.
- 
- Partially lift the floor carpet to access the strut mounting bolt.
  - Mark the position of the strut on the body before removing it.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE



108102

- Remove:
    - the two upper nuts (7) from the strut,
    - the two lower bolts (8) from the strut,
    - stay.
- 
- Disconnect:
    - the air conditioning control panel connector,
    - the passenger compartment fan assembly connector,
    - the passenger compartment fan assembly resistor unit connector.

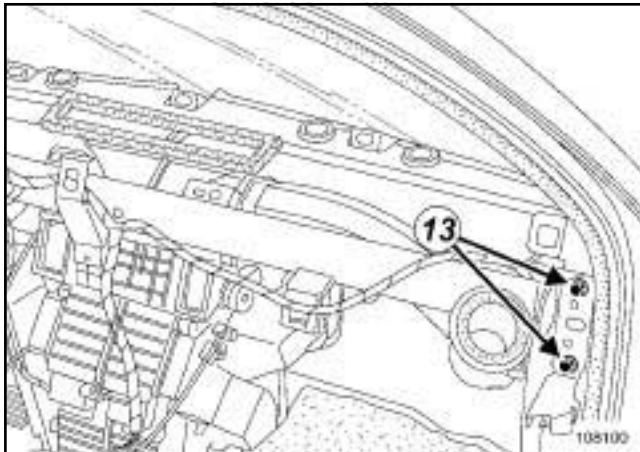


108098

Remove:

- the bolts (12) from the air distribution unit,
- the wiring harness on the dashboard cross member.

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



108100

- Mark the position of the dashboard cross member on the body before removing it.
- Remove the dashboard cross member bolts (13) from both sides of the vehicle.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the dashboard cross member bolts on both sides of the vehicle, respecting the marking made before the removal operation.
- Torque tighten the **dashboard cross member bolts (21 N.m)**.

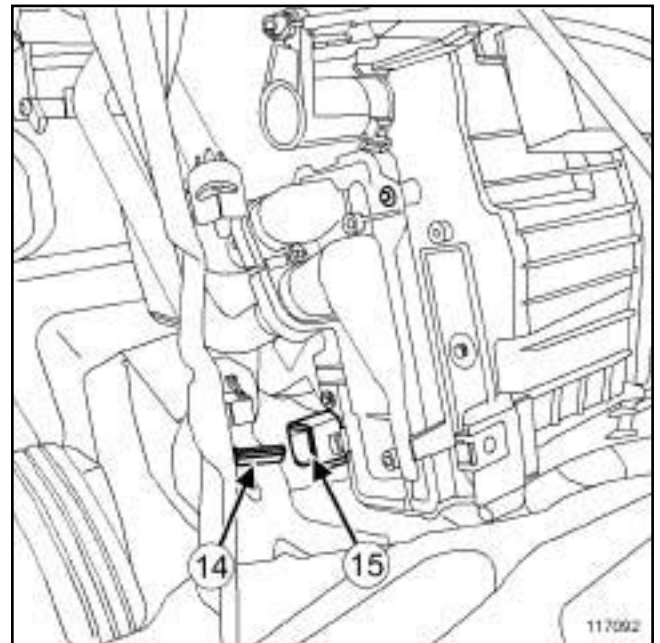
#### II - FINAL OPERATION

Refit:

- the wiring harness on the dashboard cross member,
- the bolts on the air distribution unit,
- the bolts on the steering column.

Reconnect:

- the passenger compartment fan assembly resistor unit connector,
- the passenger compartment fan assembly connector,
- the air conditioning control panel connector.



117092

Refit:

- the strut, by positioning the strut bracket (14) in the distribution unit hole (15) ,
- the two lower bolts on the strut, respecting the marking made during the removal operation,
- the two upper nuts to the strut.

Torque tighten the **dashboard cross member strut mountings (21 N.m)**.

Refit the floor carpet.

#### K9K

Reconnect heating resistor unit connector.

Refit:

- the heating resistor relay mounting.

## Dashboard cross member: Removal - Refitting

- the heating resistor relay mounting bolt.

Clip on:

- the starter switch connector on its mounting.
- the wiring harness on the strut.

Clip:

- the wiring harness on the distribution unit,
- the wiring harness on the strut.

Refit:

- the steering column (see **Steering column: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly).
  - the front air distribution ducts (see **Front air distribution duct: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment),
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and seat belt pretensioners).
- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Unlock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

# FRONT UPPER STRUCTURE

## Headlight carrier panel: Replacement

# 42A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Headlight carrier panel	1

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

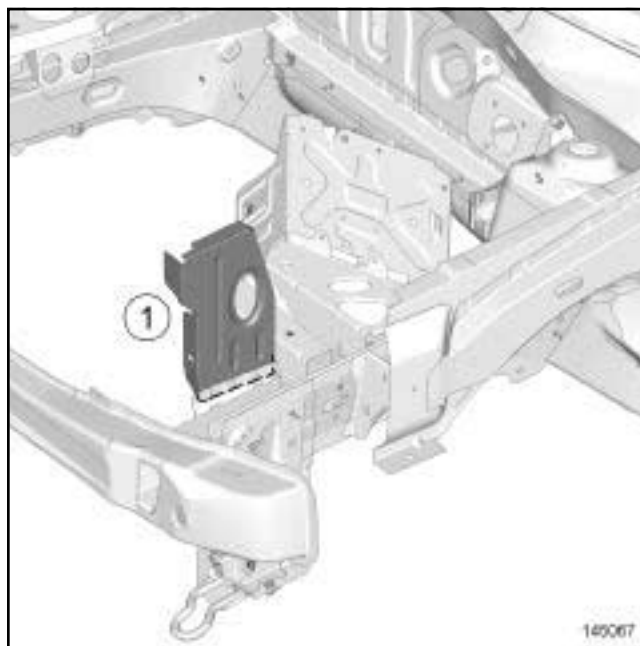
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5**).

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



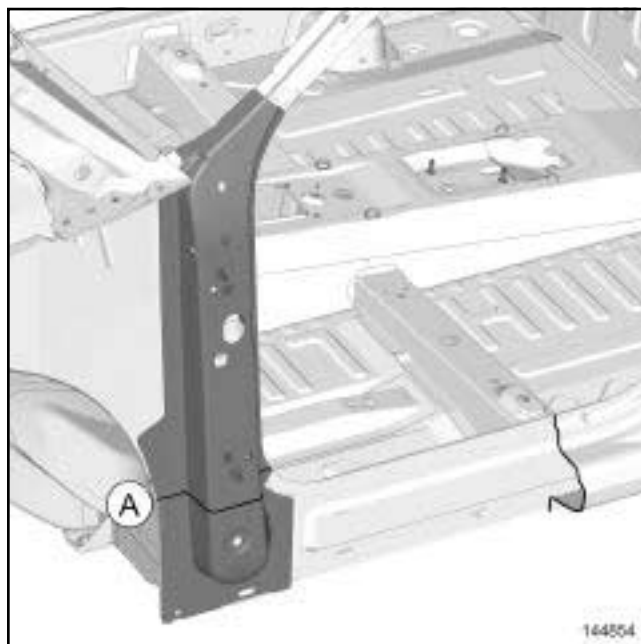
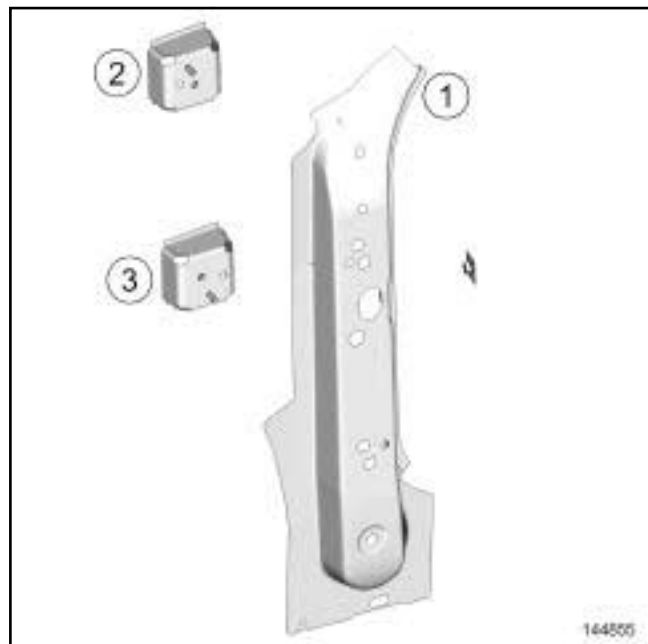
145067

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## A-pillar reinforcement: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	A-pillar reinforcement	1.2
(2)	Upper hinge reinforcement of front side door on body	2
(3)	Lower hinge reinforcement of front side door on body	2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement along cut A.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

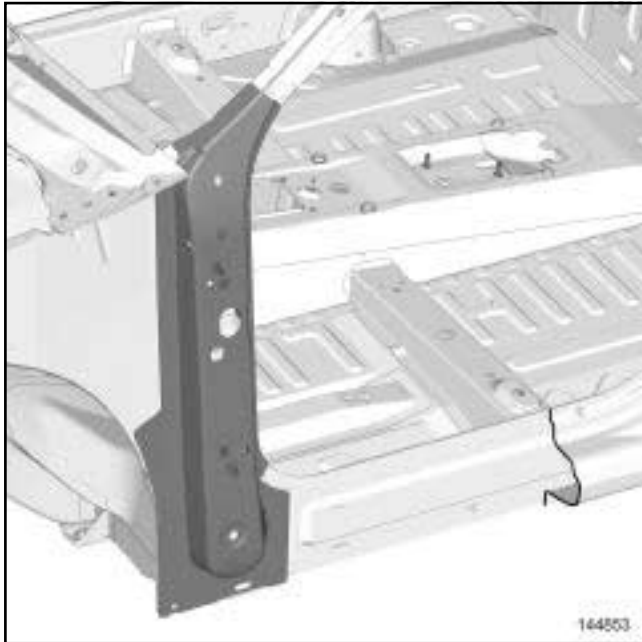
# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## A-pillar reinforcement: Replacement

# 43A

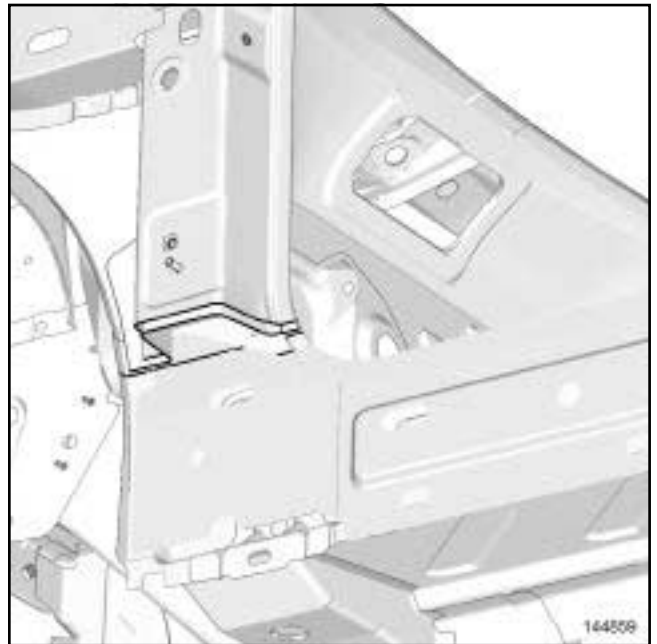
### 1 - Complete replacement

*Part in position*



144853

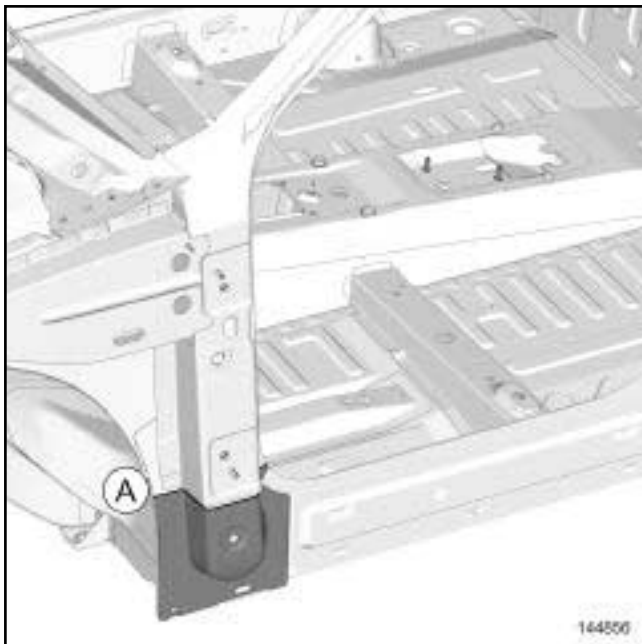
### Detailed view A



144859

### 2 - Partial replacement A

*Part in position*



144856



# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## Windscreen pillar lining: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Windscreen pillar lining	1.15

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

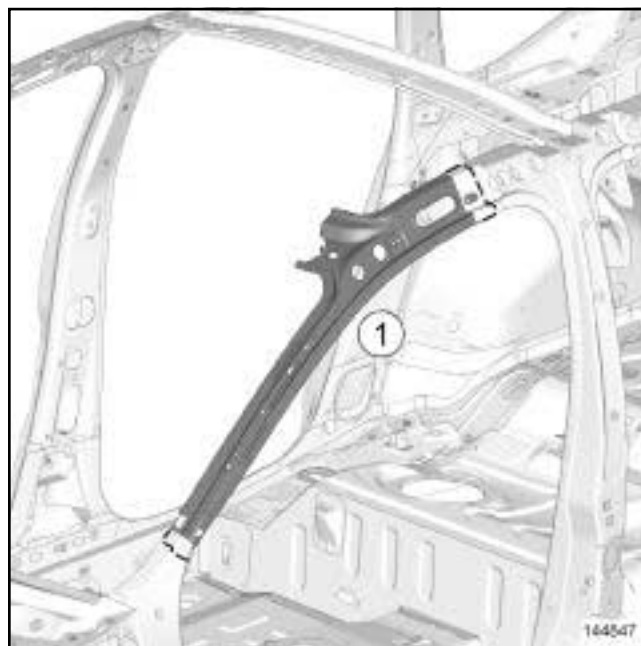
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

Complete replacement

*Part in position*



144847

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## B-pillar reinforcement: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144858

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	B-pillar impact reinforcement	1.5
(2)	B-pillar impact reinforcement component	1.8
(3)	Upper hinge reinforcement of rear side door on body	1.2
(4)	Sensor mounting bridge for side airbag	1.5
(5)	Lower hinge reinforcement of rear side door on body	1.2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

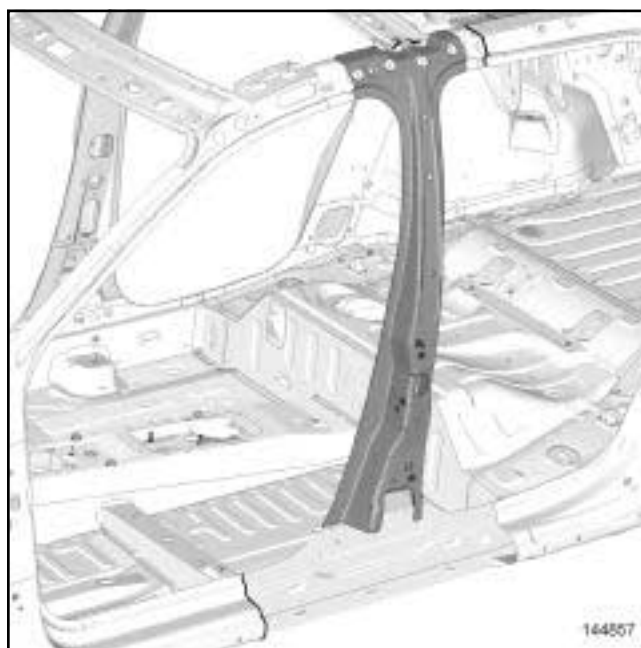
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144857

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## B-pillar lining: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144849

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	B-pillar lining	1.15
(2)	Anchorage reinforcement for first row seat belt	1.5

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

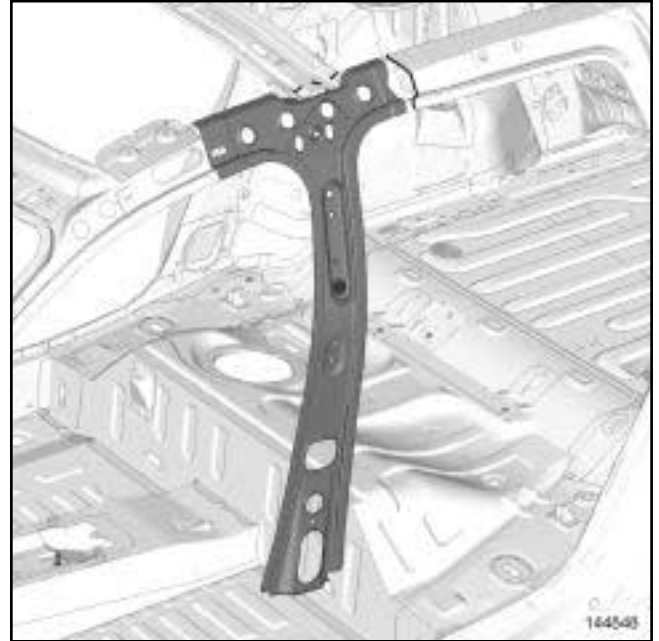
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

**Complete replacement**

*Part in position*



144848

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## B-pillar lower lining: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	B-pillar lower lining	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

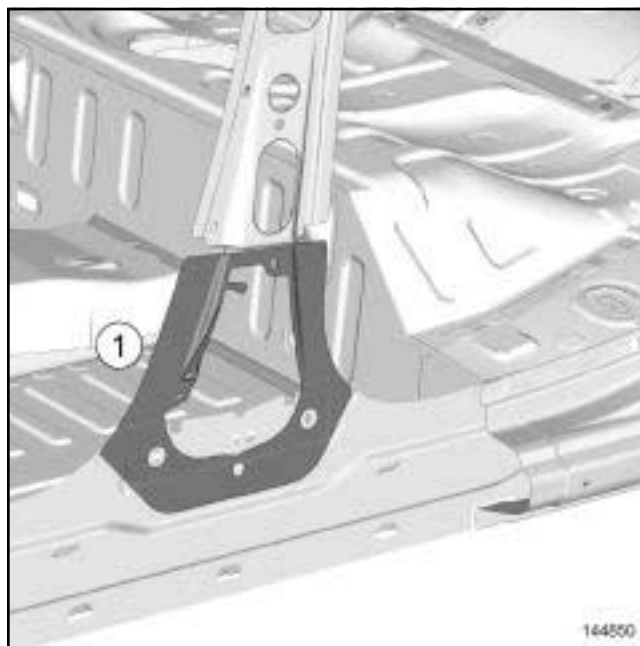
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144850

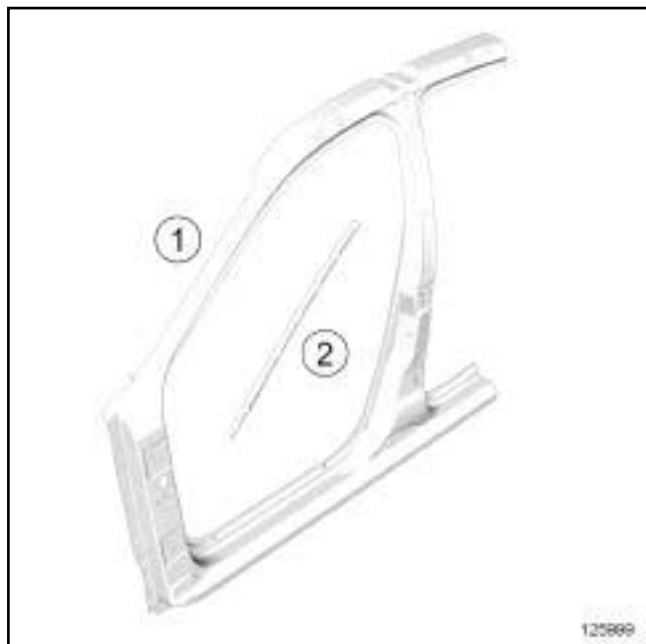
144850

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## Body side, front section: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



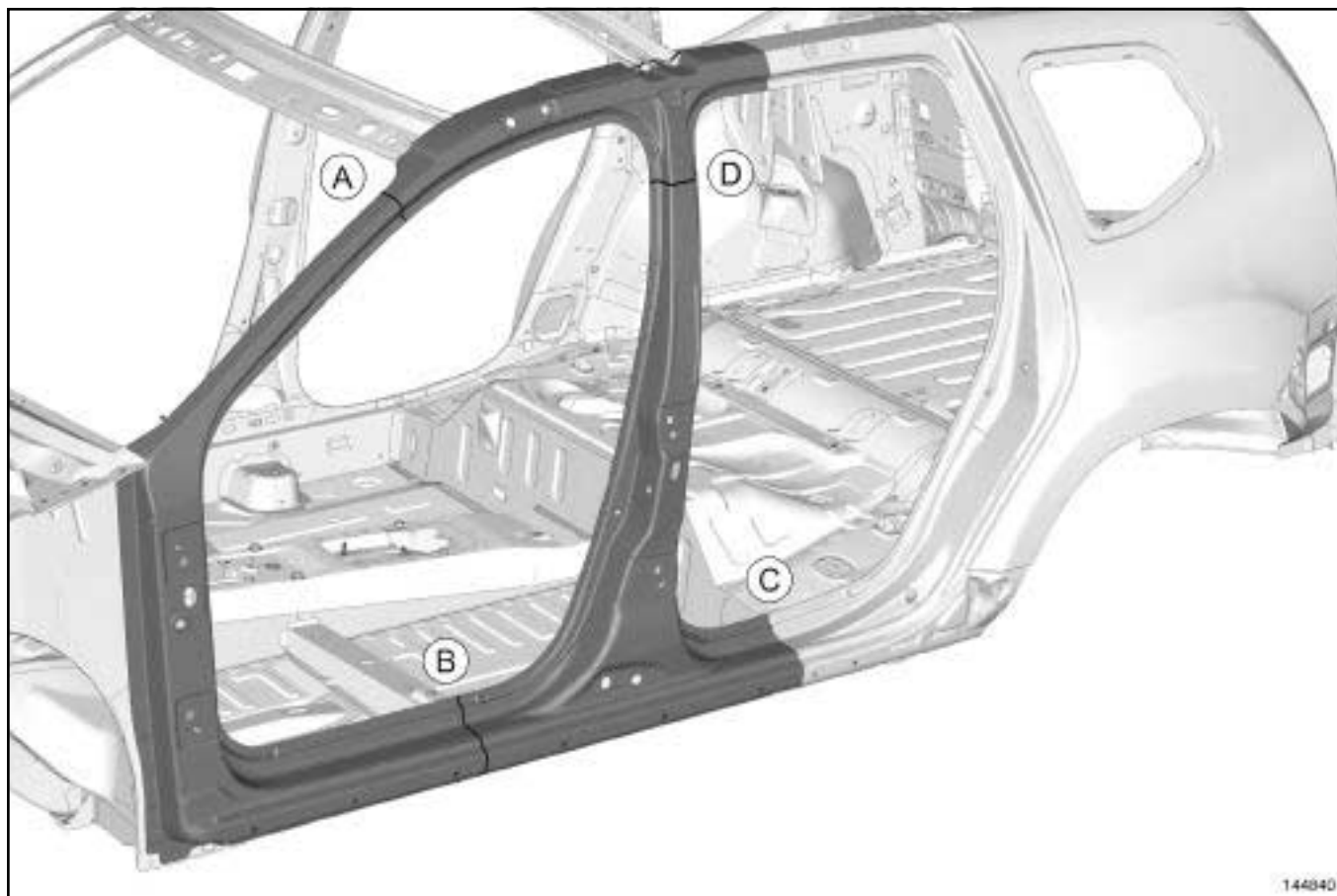
125999

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Body side, front section	0.95
(2)	Double seal support	0.65

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- Complete replacement
- partial replacement A-B,
- partial replacement B-D-C,
- partial replacement low section A-D.



144840

144840

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## Body side, front section: Replacement

# 43A

### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

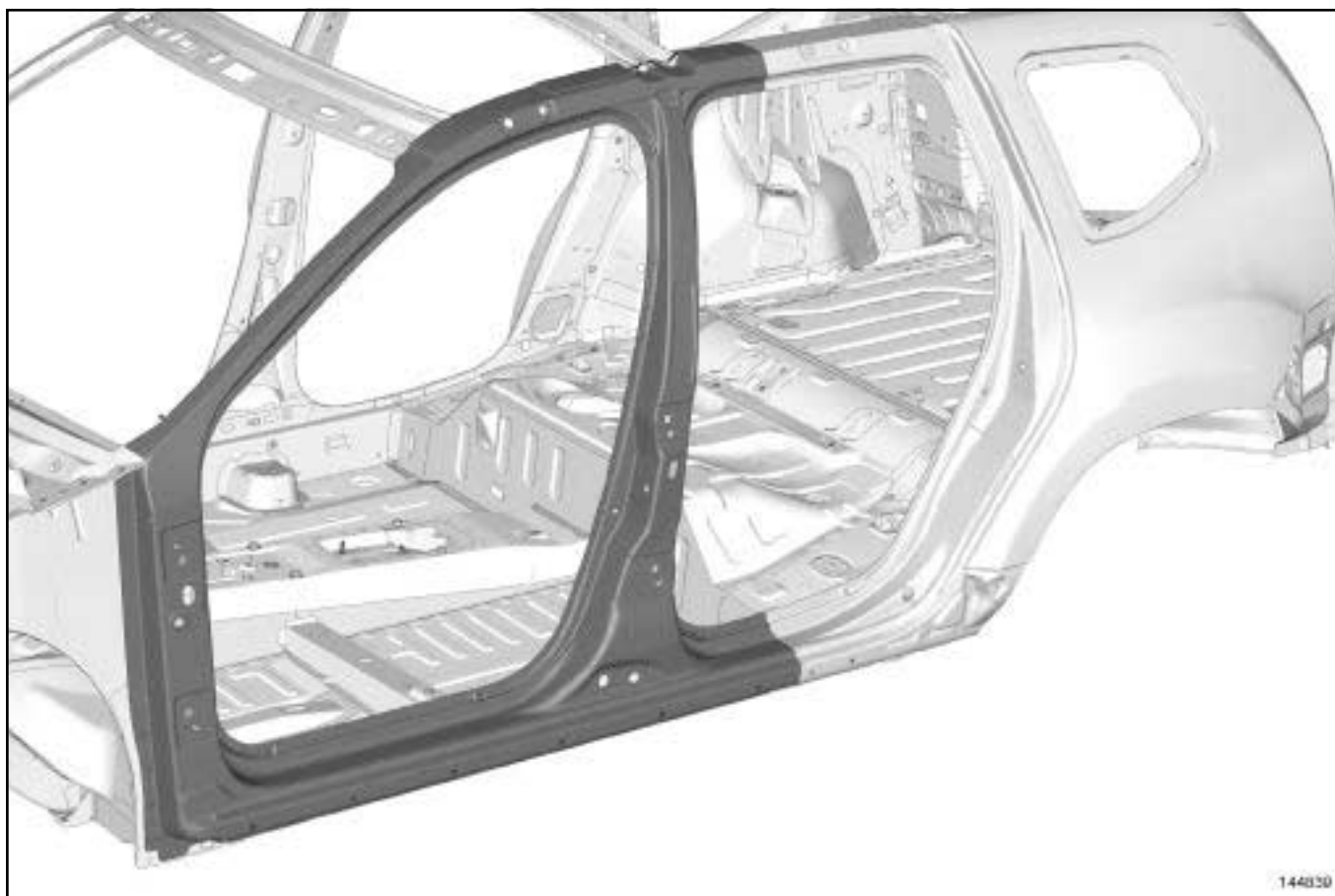
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5**) .

### 1 - Complete replacement

#### *Part in position*

#### Note:

To replace the body side front section, also order the double seal mounting **(2)** .



144839

### 2 - Partial replacement A-B

#### *Part in position*

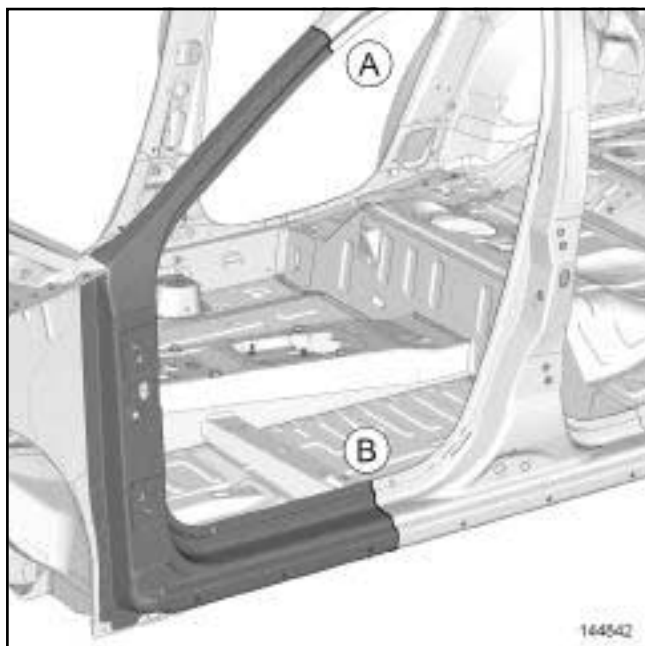
#### Note:

To partially replace the body side front section along cut A-B, also order the double seal mounting **(2)** .

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

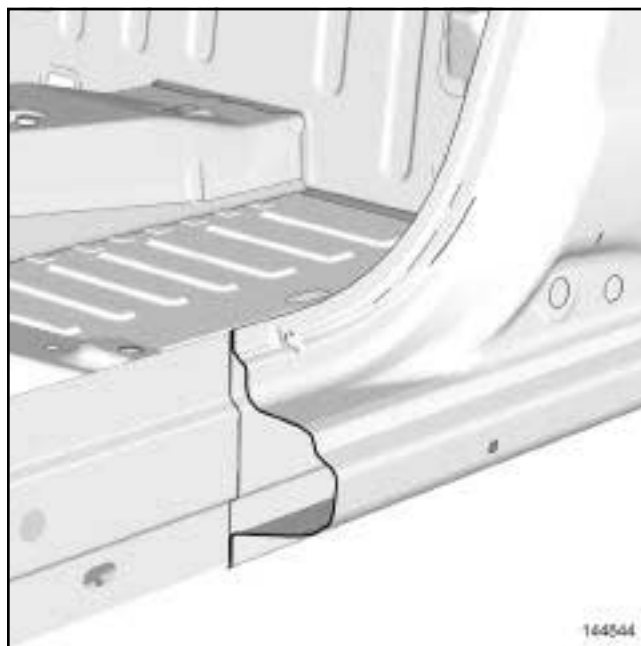
## Body side, front section: Replacement

# 43A



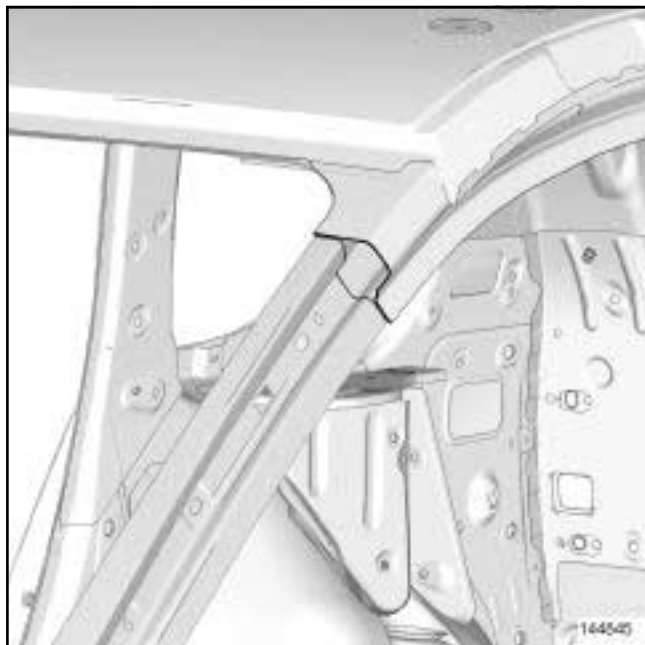
144842

Detailed view B



144844

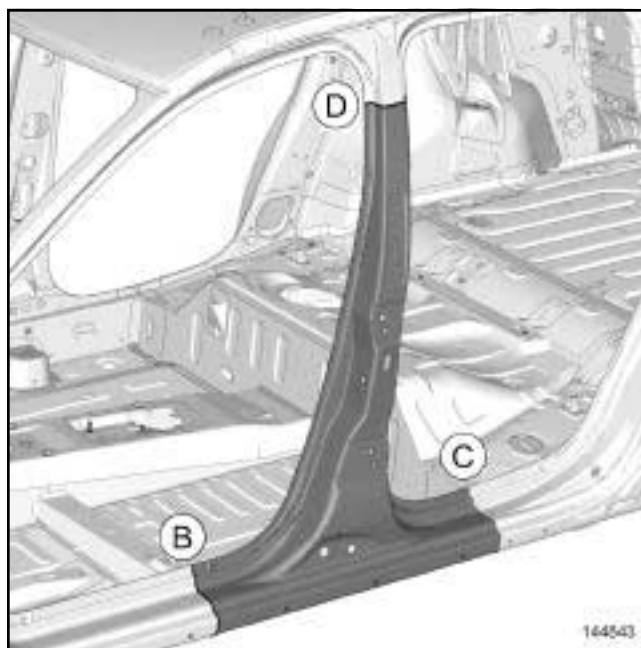
Detailed view A



144845

3 - Partial replacement B-D-C

*Part in position*



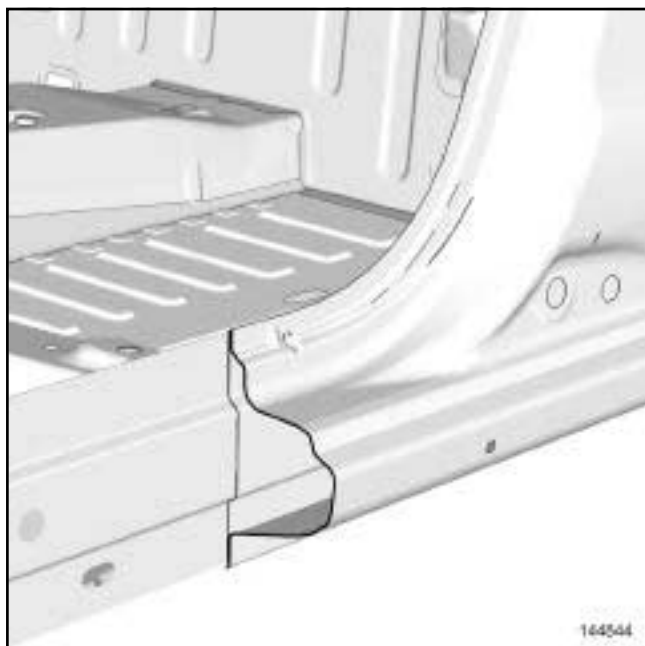
144843

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## Body side, front section: Replacement

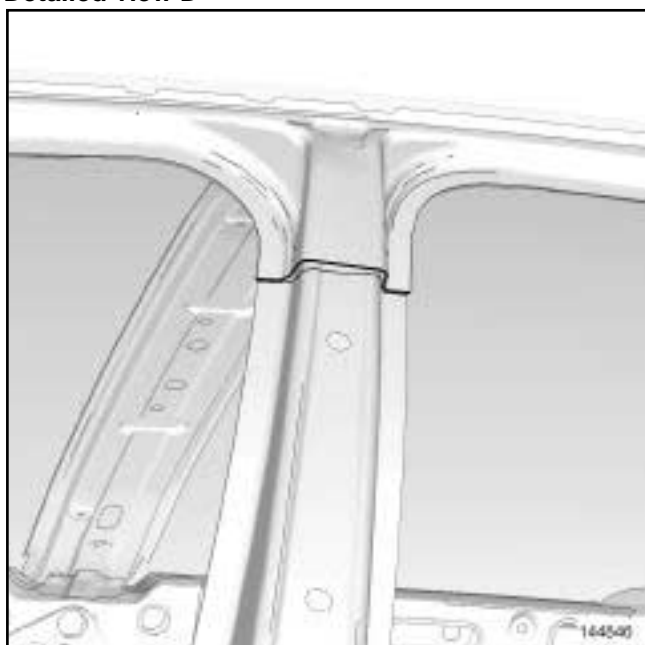
# 43A

Detailed view B



144844

Detailed view D



144846

### 4 - Partial replacement A-D

#### *Part in position*

Note:

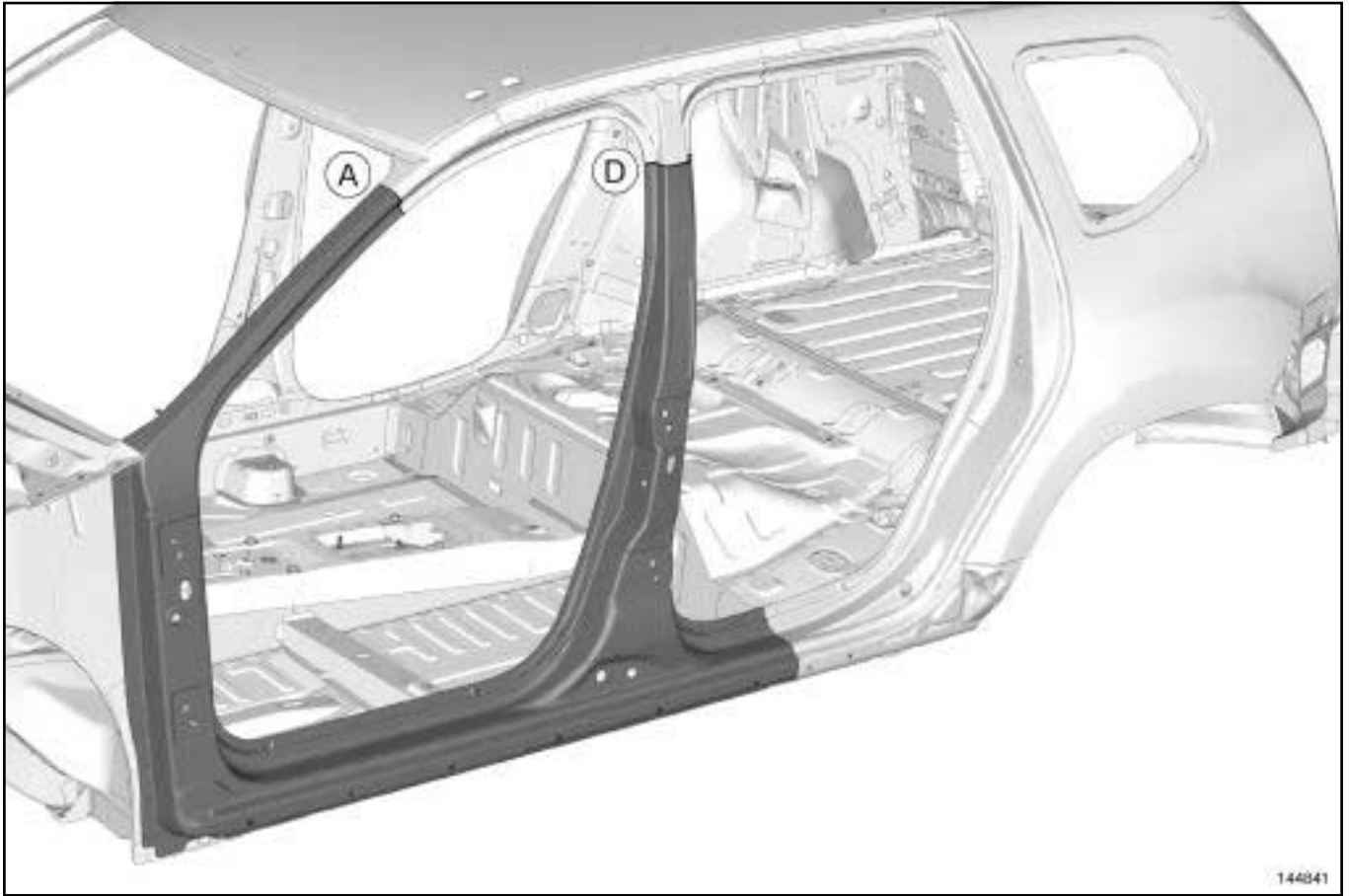
To replace the body side front section along cut A-D, also order the double seal mounting **(2)**.



# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

Body side, front section: Replacement

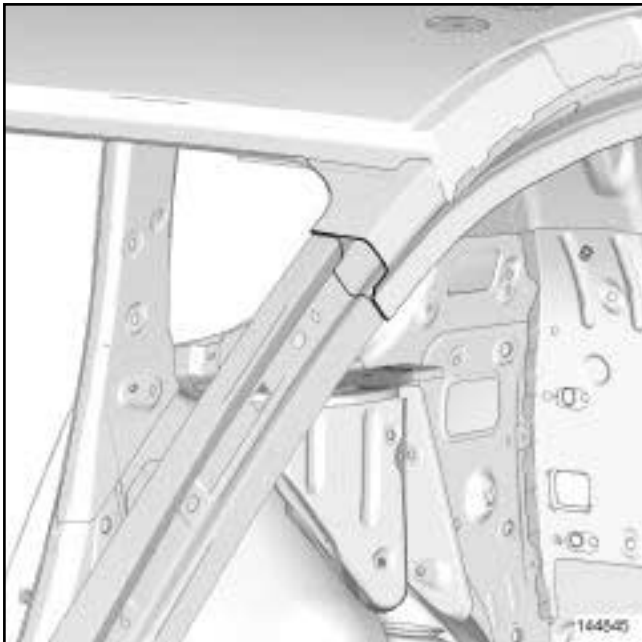
**43A**



144841

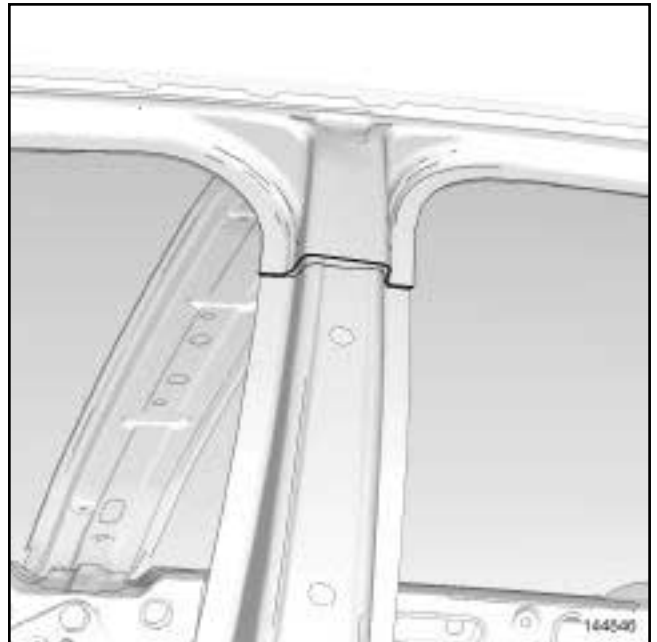
144841

Detailed view A



144845

Detailed view D



144846

# SIDE UPPER STRUCTURE

## Roof bar mounting: Replacement

# 43A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Front roof bar mounting	2
(2)	Rear roof bar mounting	2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

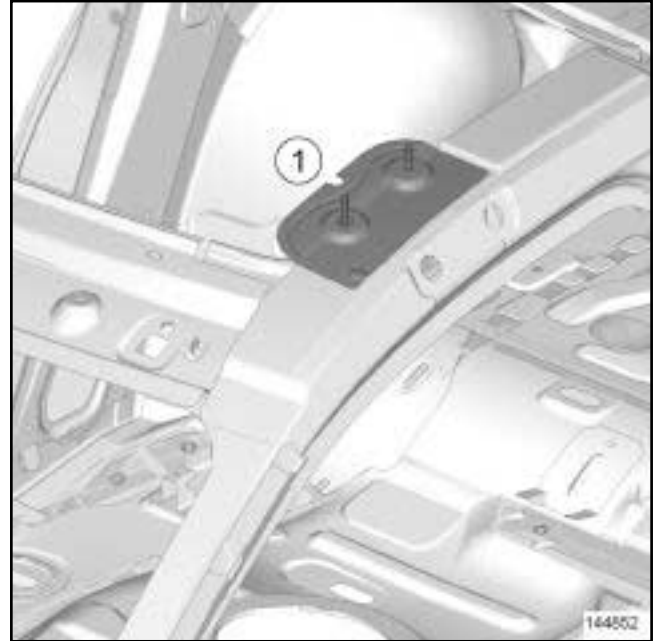
Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page **40A-5**) .

### Complete replacement

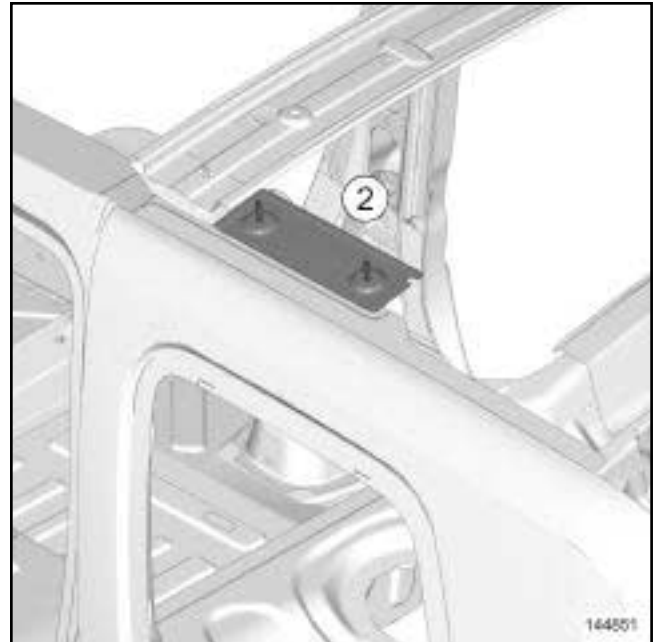
#### Part in position

#### Front roof bar mounting



144852

#### Rear roof bar mounting



144851

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear wing panel: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



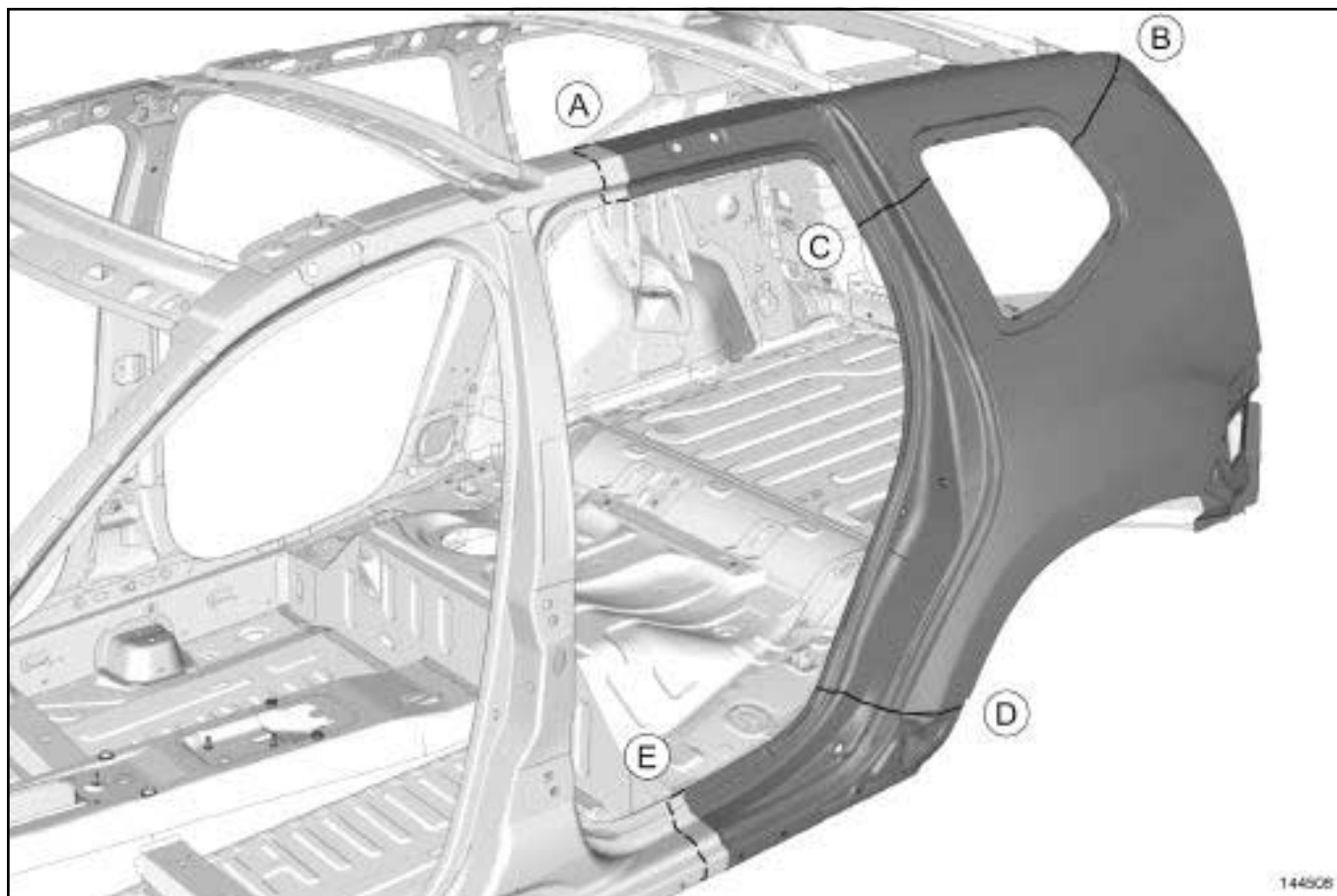
145014

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear wing panel	0.65
(2)	Rear door striker plate reinforcement,	1.2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

The options for replacing this part are as follows:

- complete replacement A-E,
- partial replacement B-C-E,
- partial replacement B-C-D.



144508

145008

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear wing panel: Replacement

# 44A

### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

### WARNING

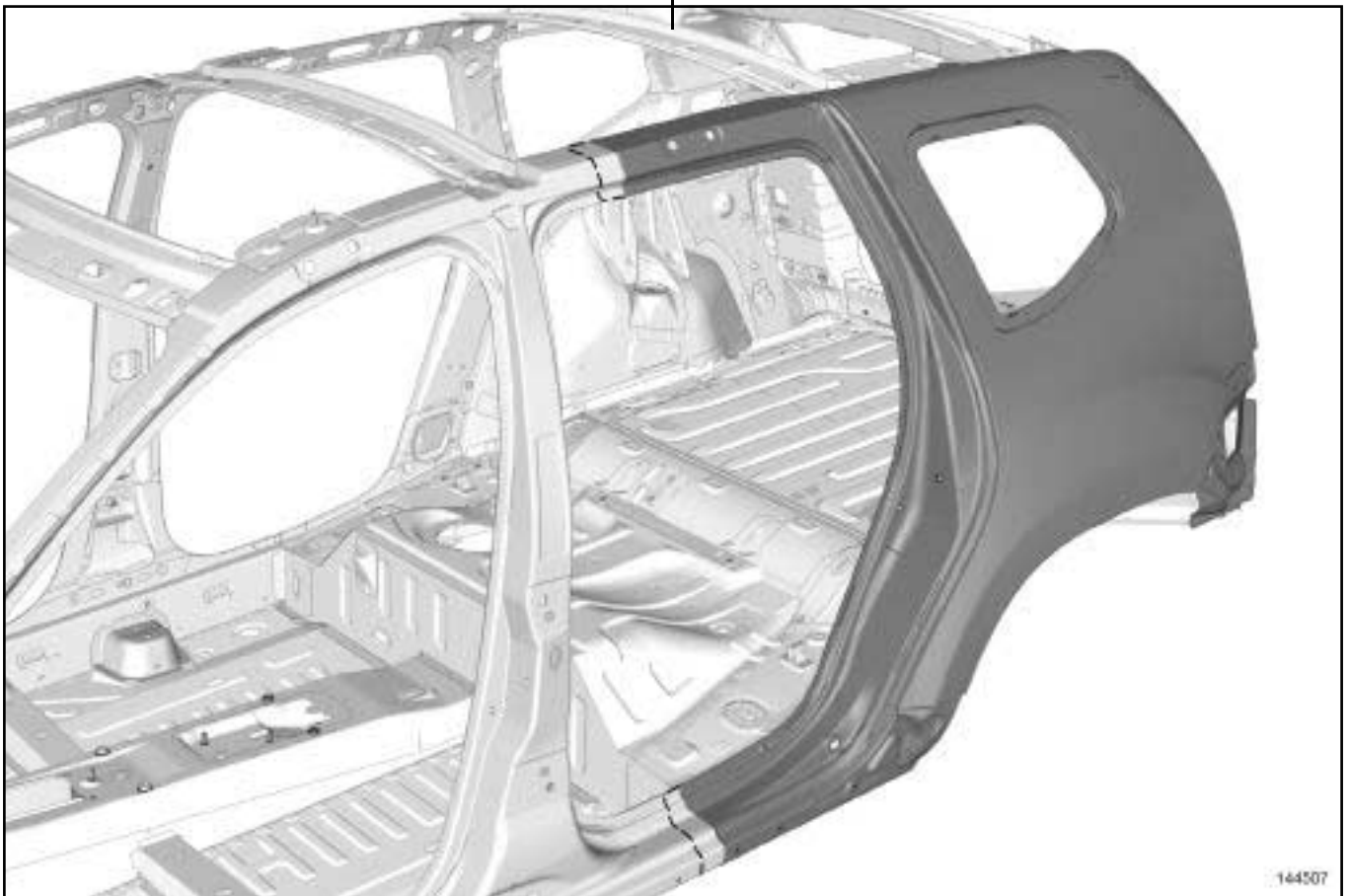
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

**1 - Complete replacement A-E**

***a - Part in position***



144507

145007

***b - Irremovable bodywork components - structures to be removed in order to carry out the replacement operation***

Remove the roof (see 45A, Top of body, Roof: Replacement, page 45A-1) .

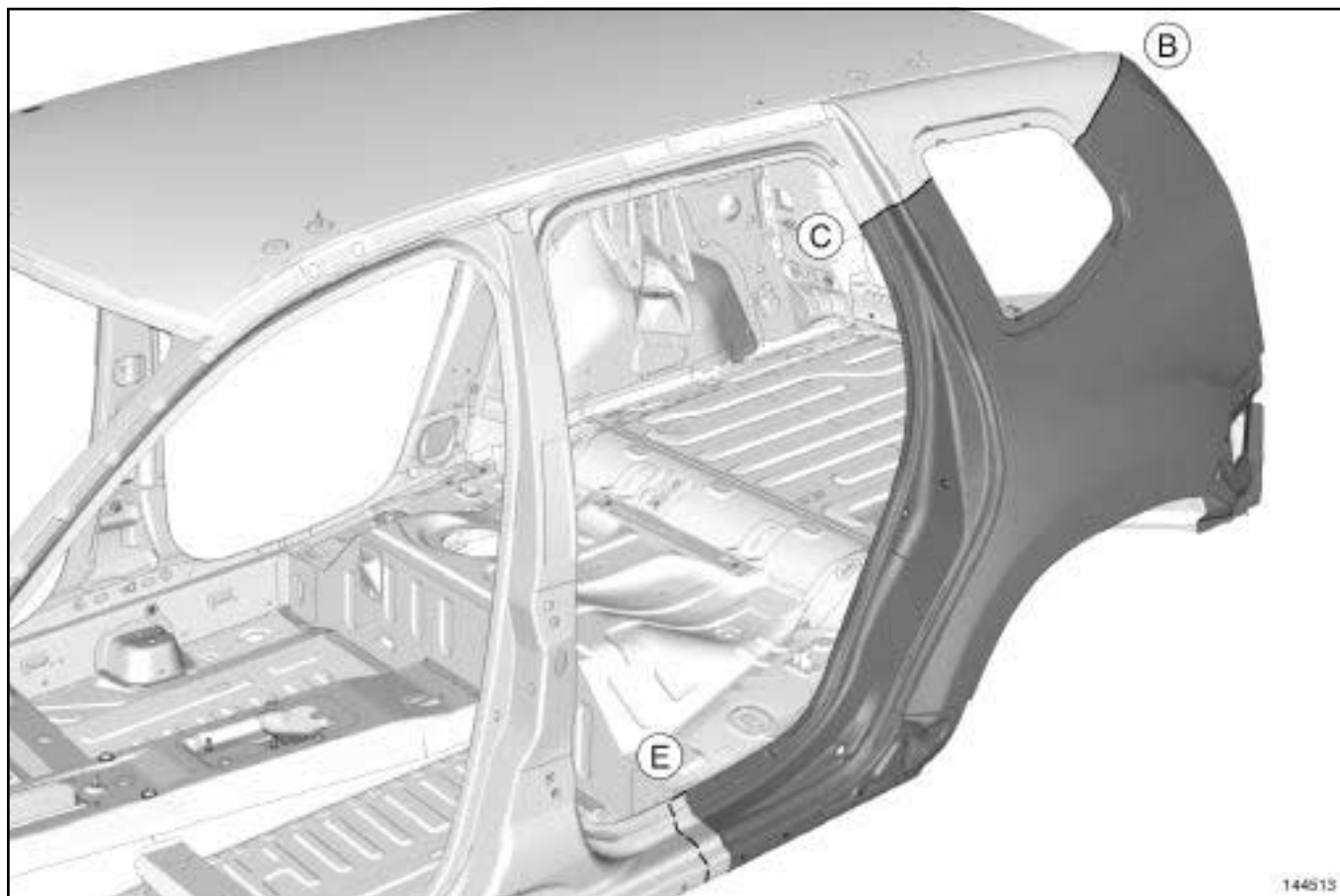
# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear wing panel: Replacement

# 44A

2 - Partial replacement B-C-E

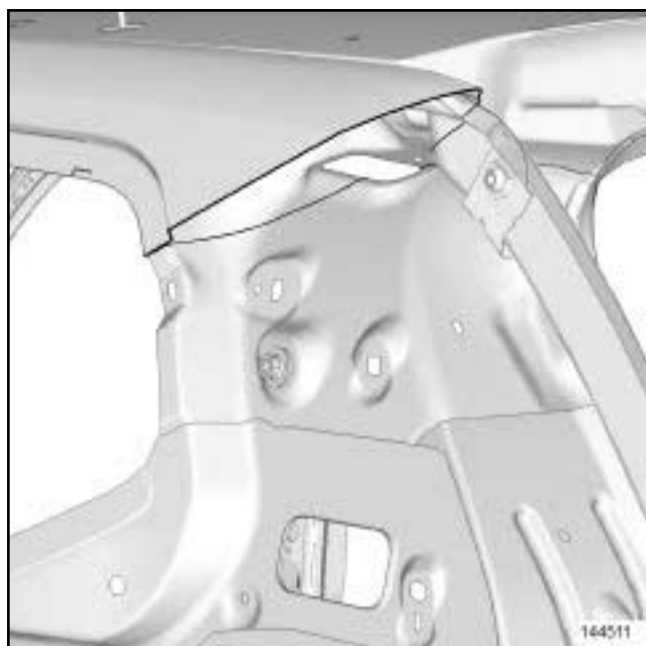
*Part in position*



144513

145013

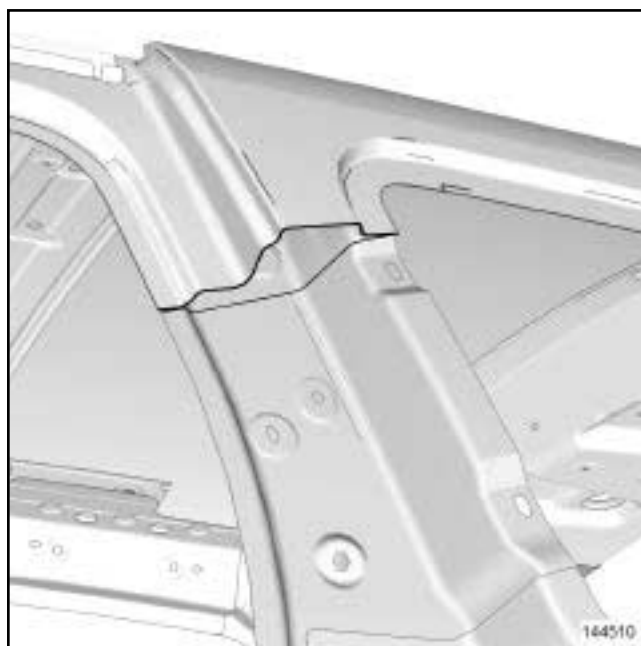
Detailed view B



144511

145011

Detailed view C



144510

145010

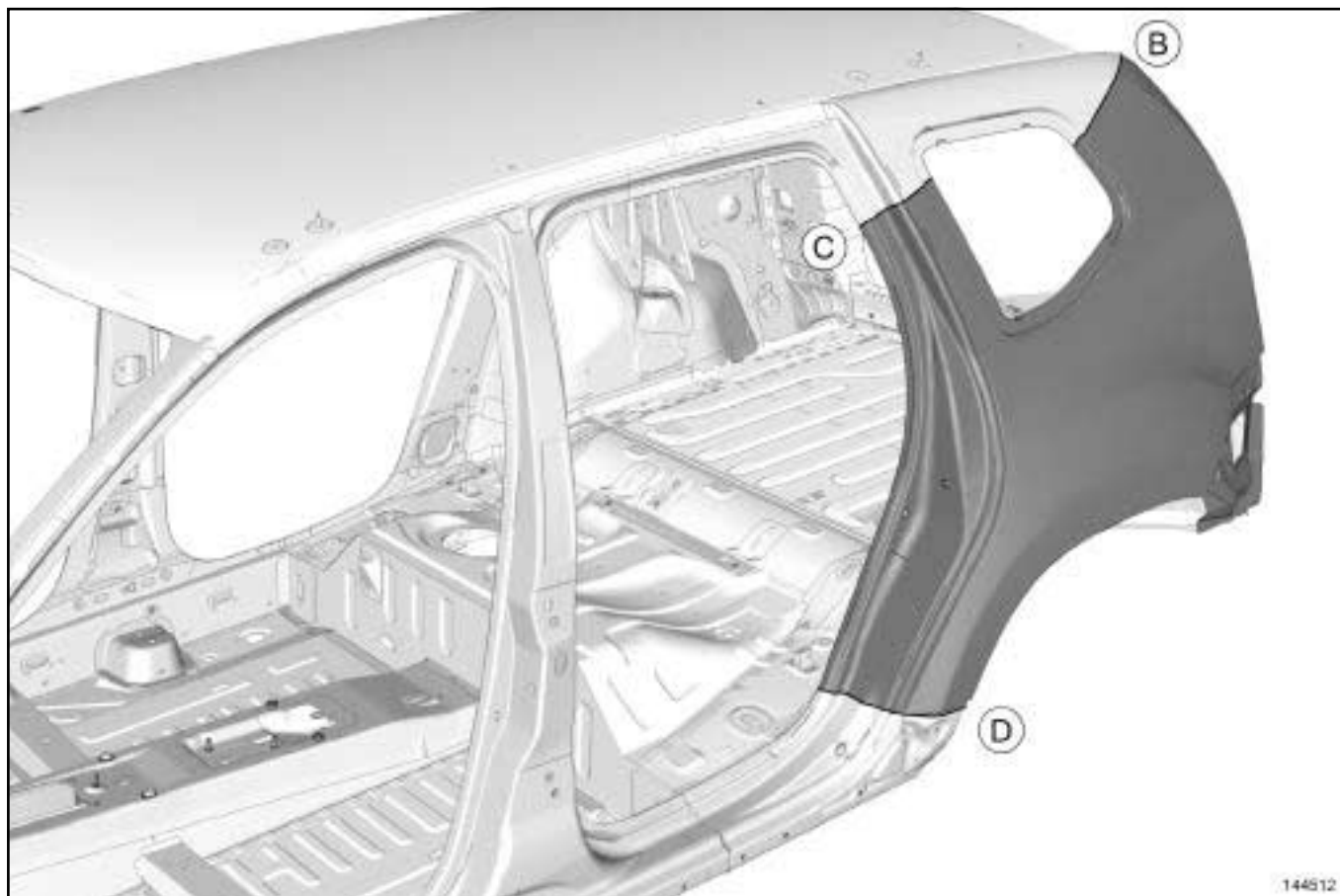
# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear wing panel: Replacement

# 44A

### 3 - Partial replacement B-C-D

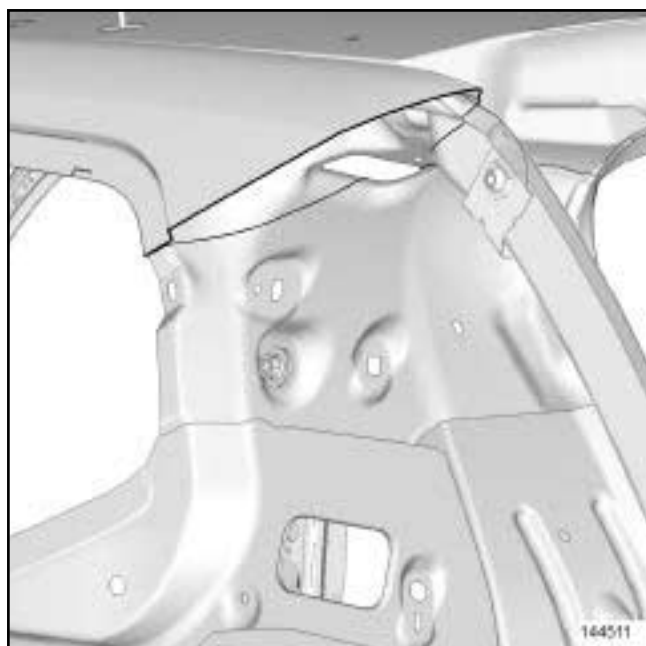
*Part in position*



144512

145012

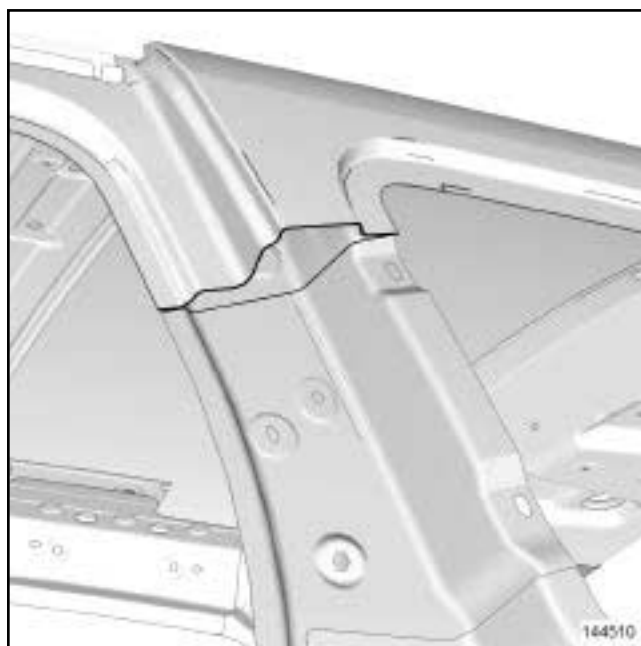
**Detailed view B**



144511

145011

**Detailed view C**



144510

145010

**REAR UPPER STRUCTURE**  
**Rear wing panel: Replacement**

**44A**

Detailed view D



144509  
145009

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear light mounting: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144515  
145015

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear side rain channel	0.85
(2)	Strut mounting reinforcement	2
(3)	Closure panel component of rear light mounting	0.95
(4)	Rear light mounting	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

Note:

It is preferable to unclip the rear side rain channel if it has not been affected by the impact.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

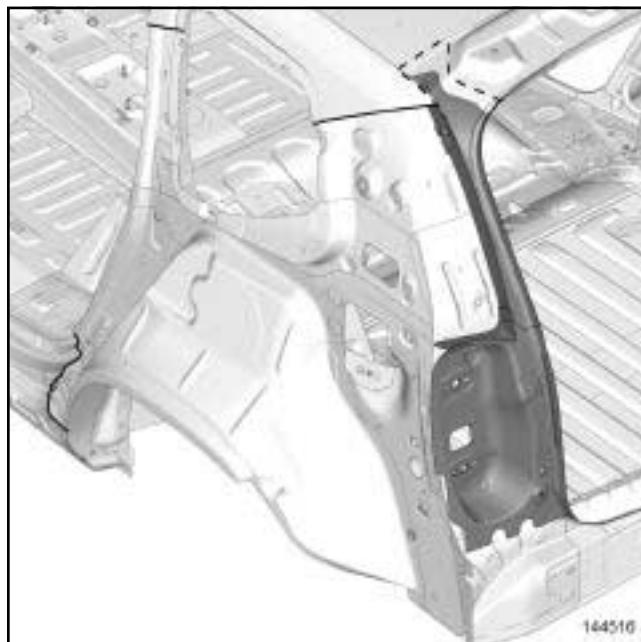
To avoid damaging the vehicle's electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



144516  
145016



# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Light mounting lining: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear light mounting lining	0.65

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

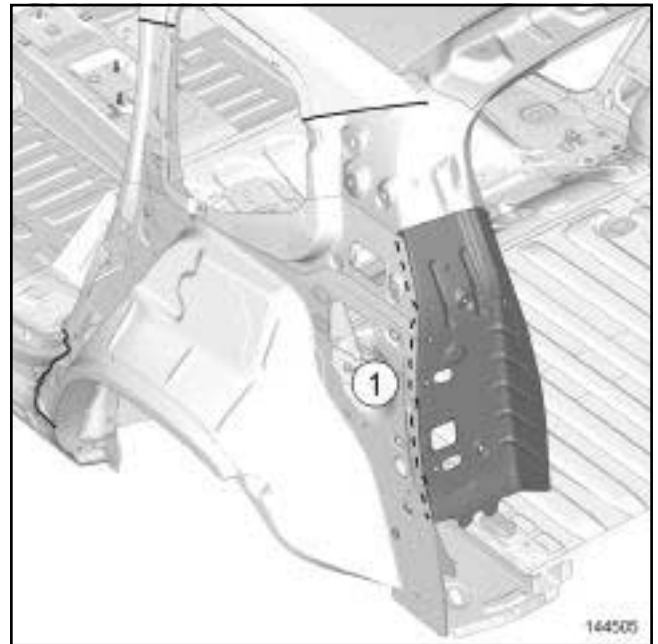
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### *Part in position*



145005

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Quarter panel lining: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Quarter panel lining	0.65

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

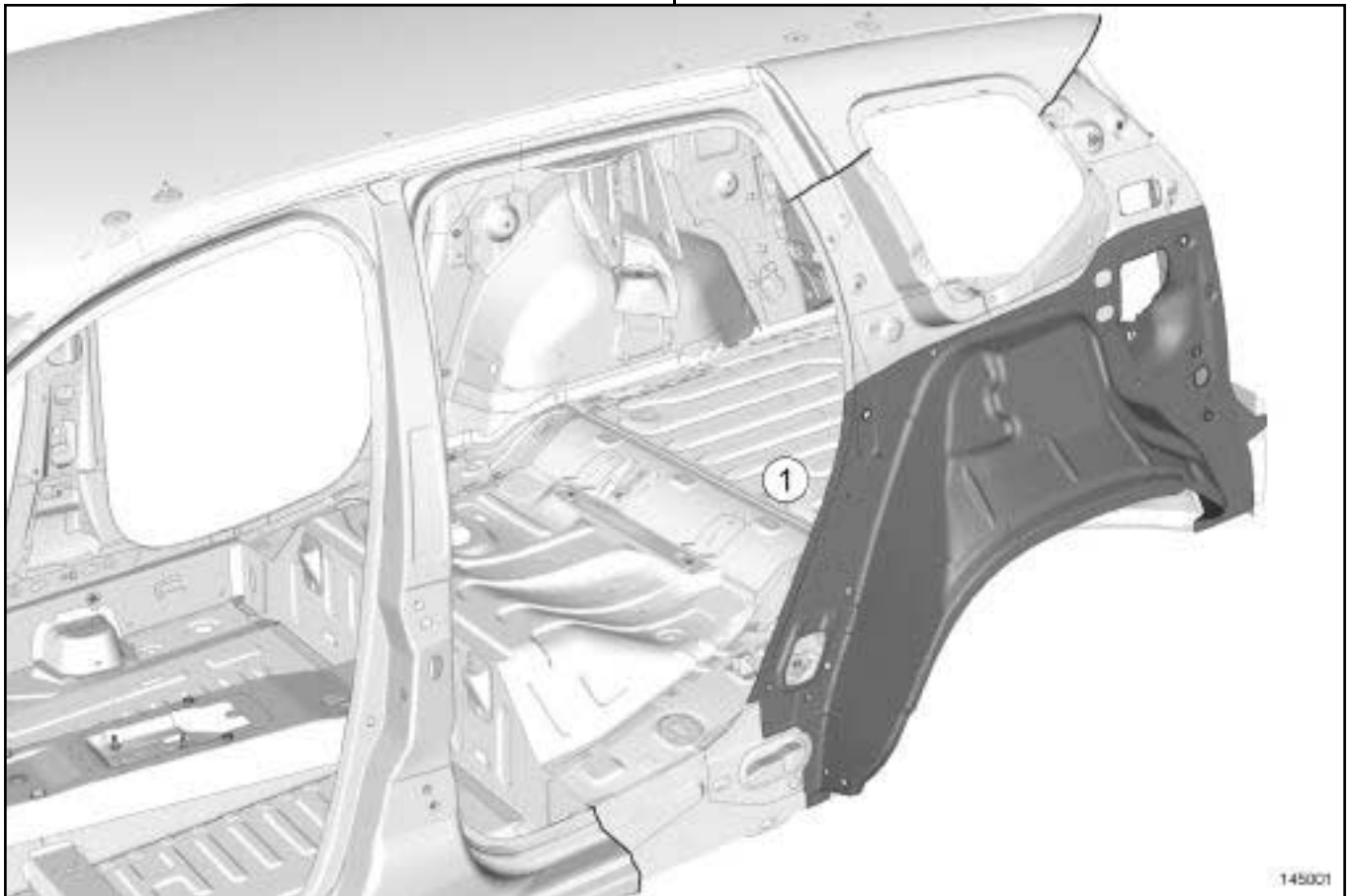
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

**Complete replacement**

*Part in position*



145001

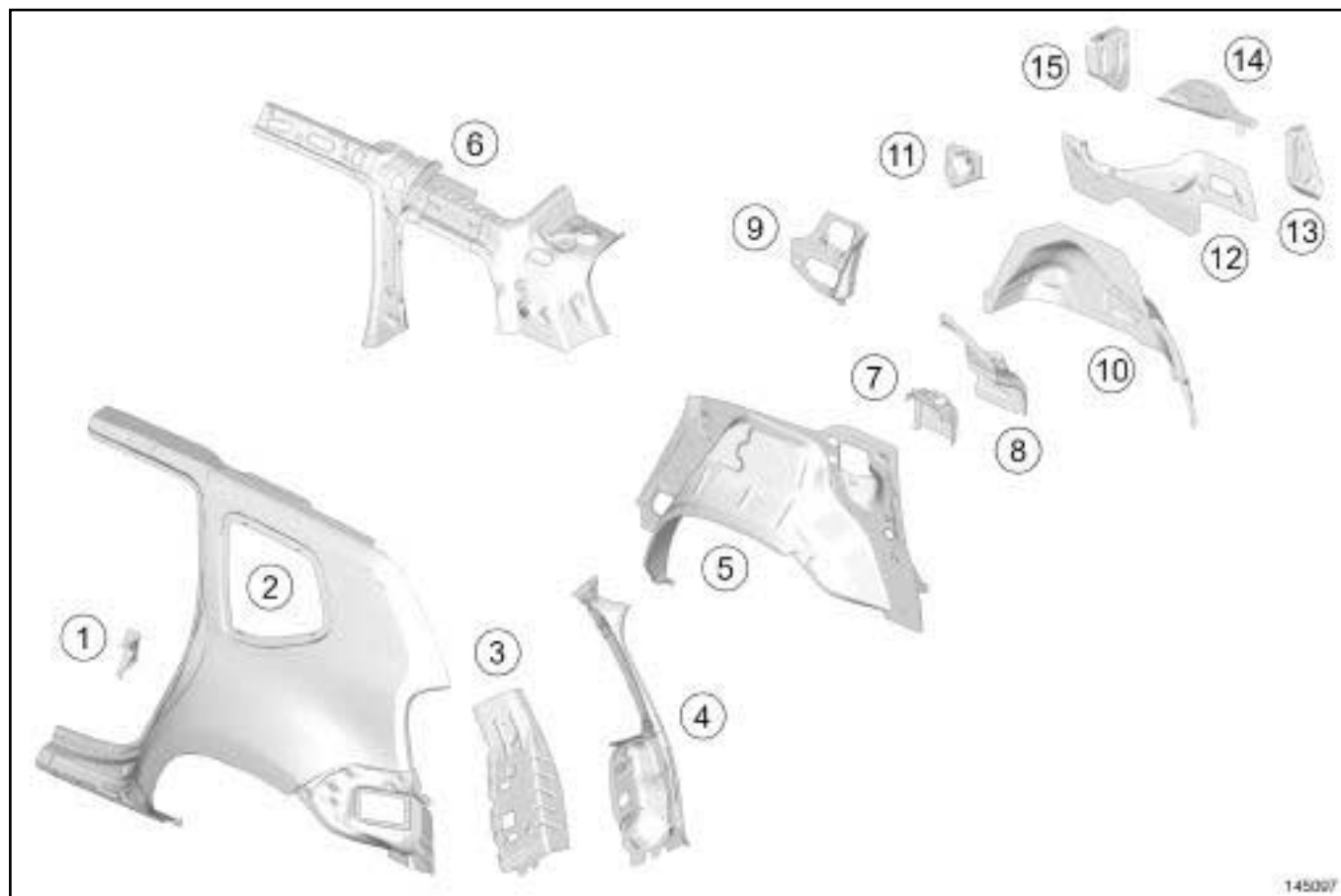
145001

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear half-unit: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



145097

145097

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear door striker plate reinforcement,	1.2
(2)	Rear wing panel	0.65
(3)	Rear light mounting lining	0.65
(4)	Rear light mounting	0.85/2
(5)	Quarter panel lining	0.65
(6)	Quarter panel lining, upper section	0.65/1.4
(7)	Rear shock absorber cup reinforcement	2.5
(8)	Rear shock absorber mounting reinforcement	2

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(9)	Lower connection component of rear inner wheel arch	0.95
(10)	Rear inner wheel arch	0.8
(11)	Support reinforcement for locking second row seat	1.2
(12)	Rear reinforcement of quarter panel lower section	1.2
(13)	Rear reinforcement of rear inner wheel arch	1.7
(14)	Side rear parcel shelf structure	1.2
(15)	Front reinforcement of rear inner wheel arch	1.7

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear half-unit: Replacement

# 44A

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

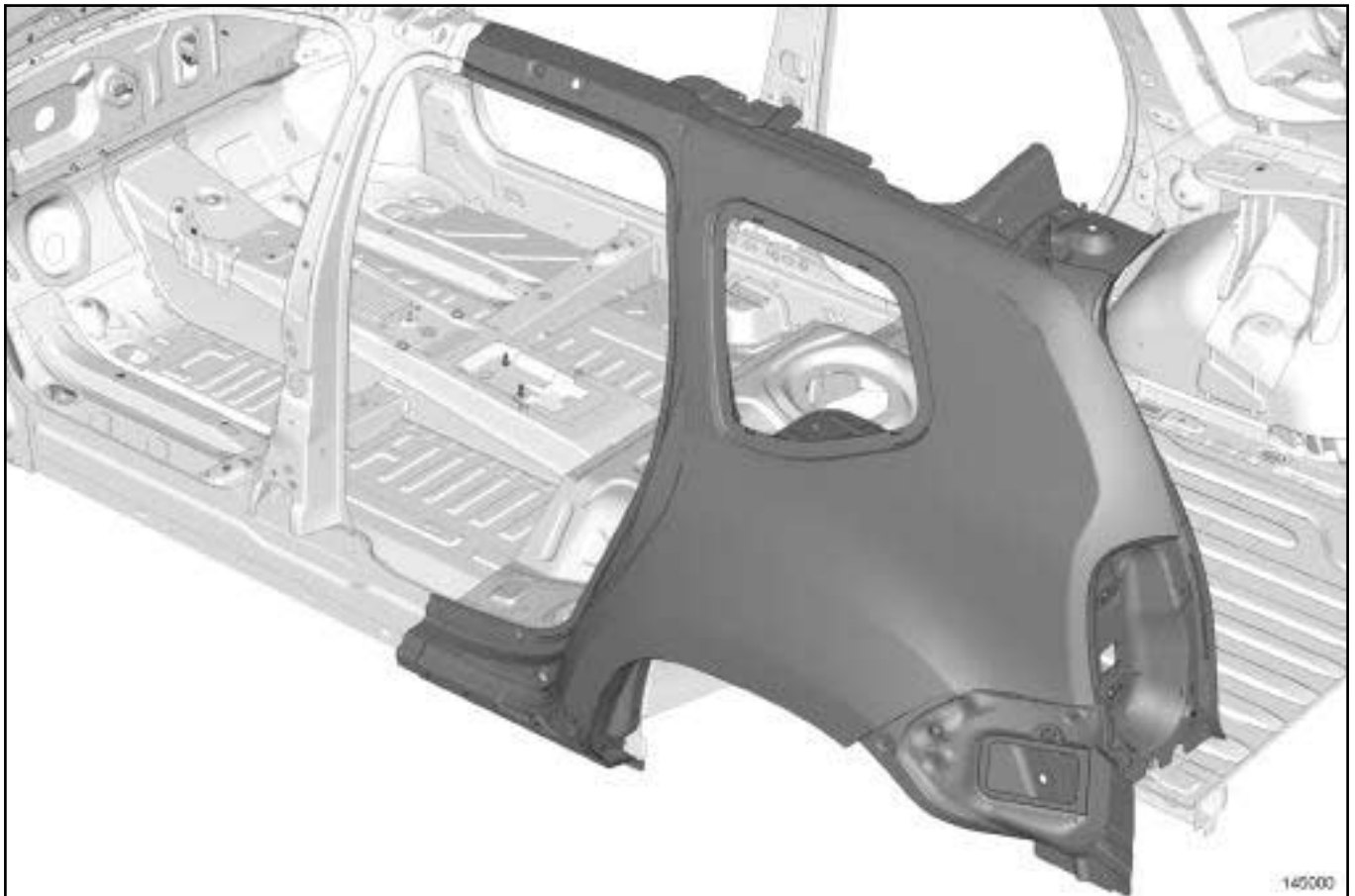
Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see 40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### IMPORTANT

Use a repair bench to ensure the positioning of the points and the geometry of the axle assemblies.

#### *a - Part in position*



145000

#### ***b - Irremovable bodywork components - structures to be removed in order to carry out the replacement operation***

Remove the roof (see 45A, Top of body, Roof: Re-

placement, page 45A-1) .

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear end panel: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear end panel	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



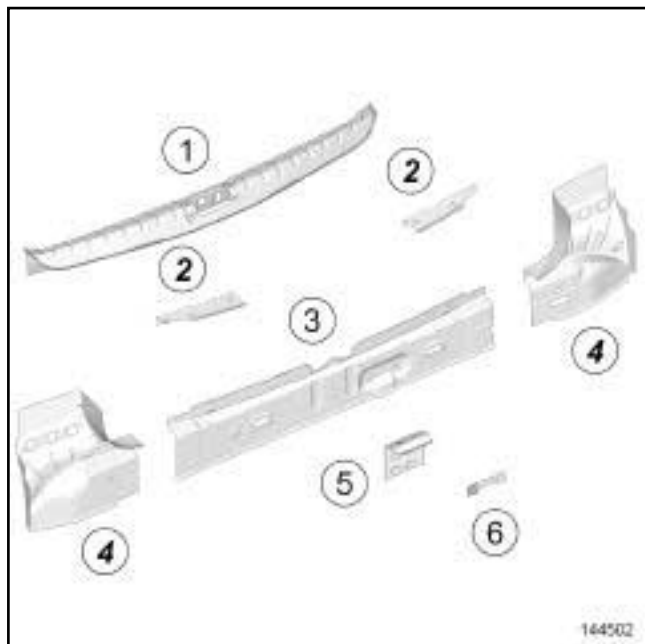
145006

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear end panel lining: Replacement

# 44A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART



144502

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Rear end panel lining, upper section	0.8
(2)	Rear end panel lining reinforcement, side section	0.8
(3)	Rear end panel lining, lower section	0.8
(4)	Rear end panel lining, side section	0.8
(5)	Tailgate door striker plate reinforcement	1.5
(6)	Emergency spare wheel carrier mounting reinforcement	1.2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement.

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

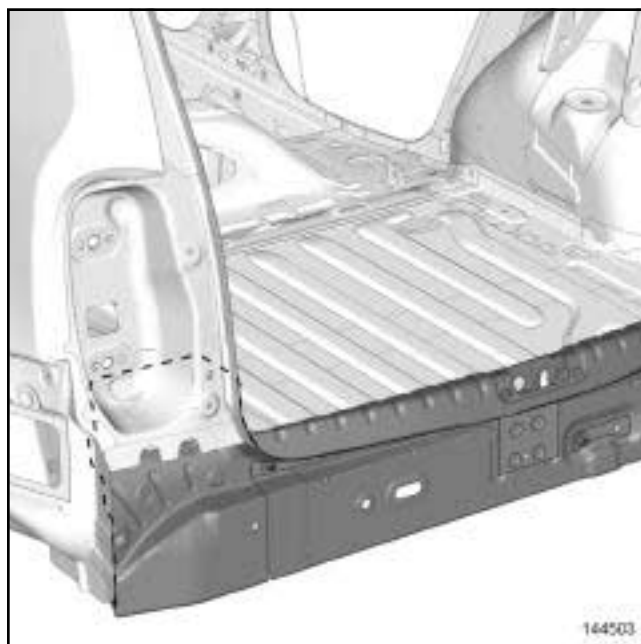
Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components, page 40A-5**).

#### Complete replacement

#### Part in position

#### External view



144503

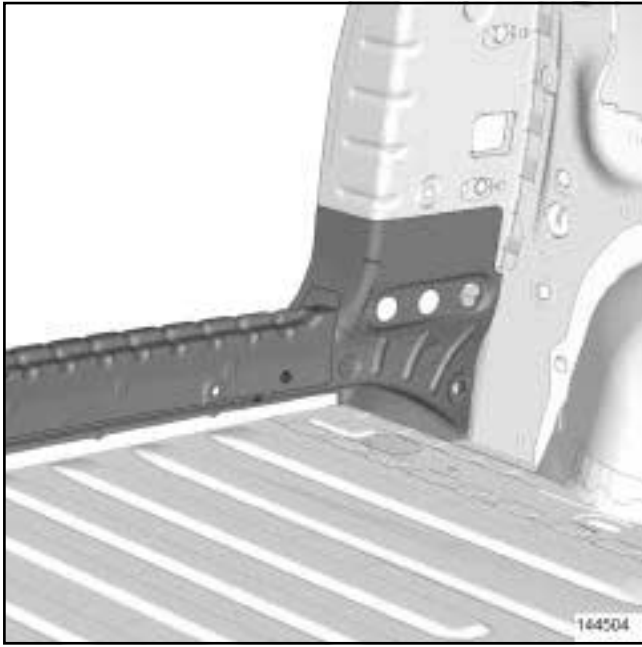
145003

# REAR UPPER STRUCTURE

## Rear end panel lining: Replacement

**44A**

Internal view



145004

# TOP OF BODY

## Roof: Replacement

# 45A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Roof	0.7

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

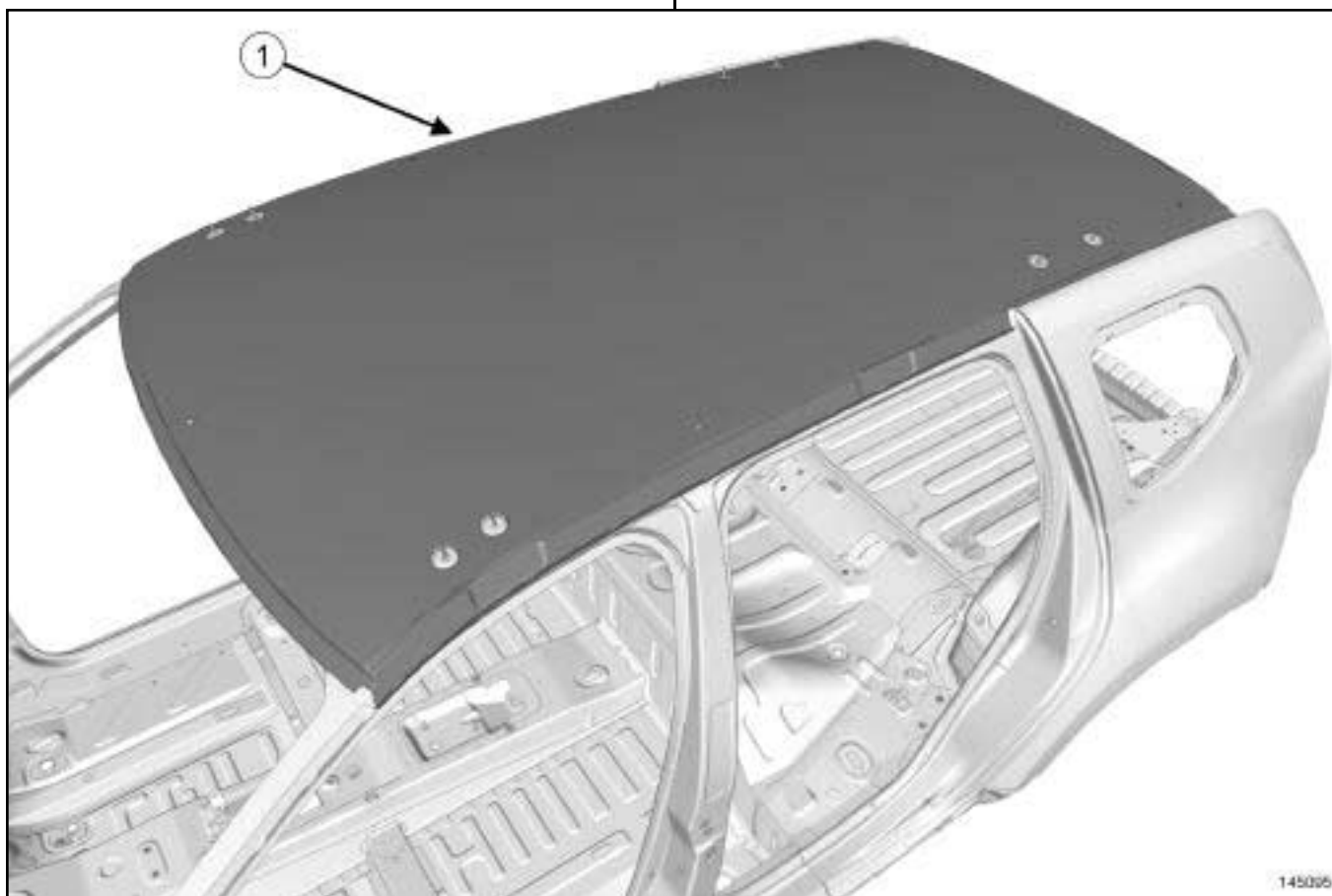
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

#### Complete replacement

#### a - Part in position



145095

145095



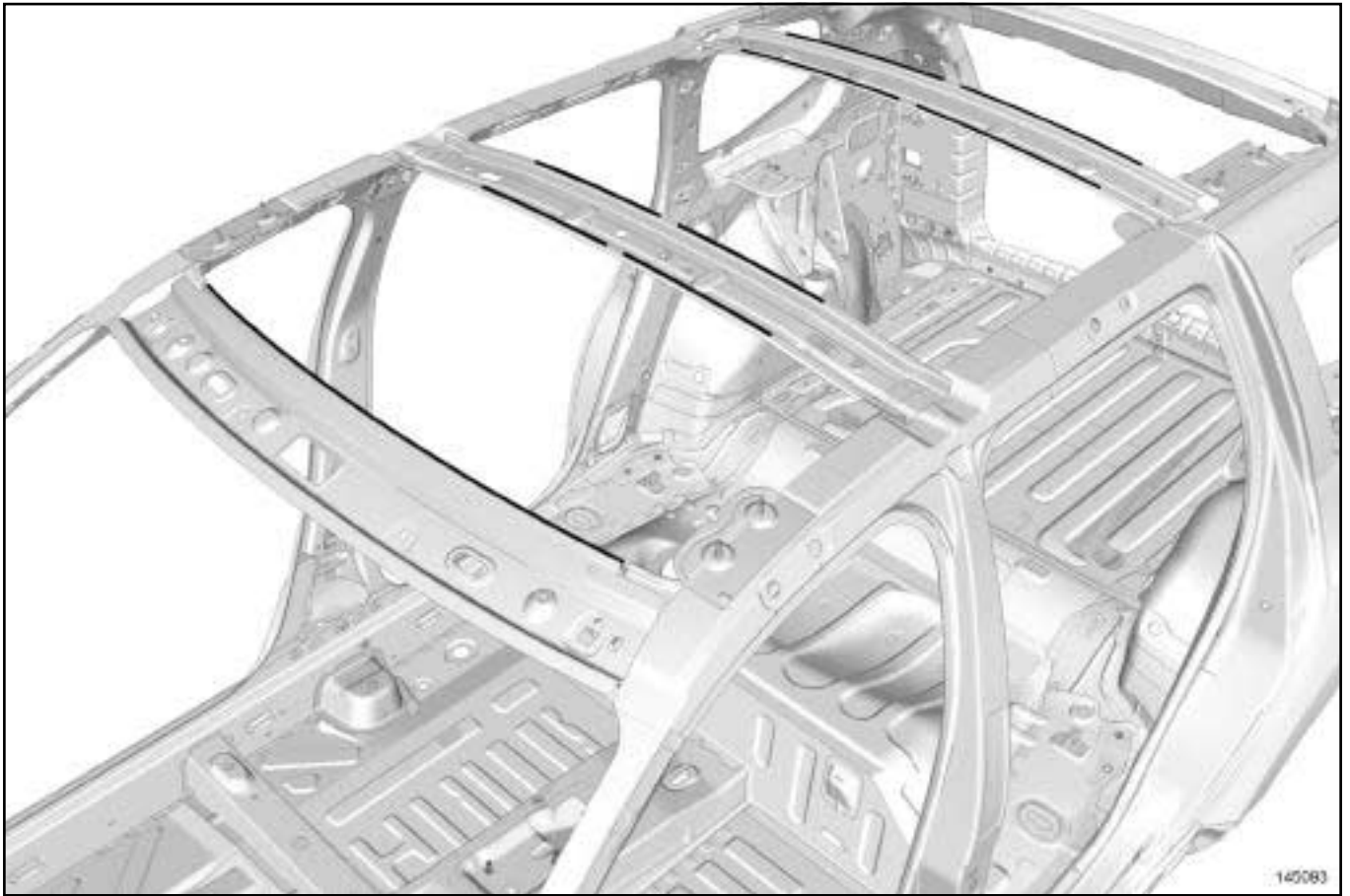
# TOP OF BODY

## Roof: Replacement

# 45A

*b - Bonding area*

Front zone



145093

Rear zone



145094

# TOP OF BODY

## Roof front cross member: Replacement

# 45A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Roof front cross member	0.95

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

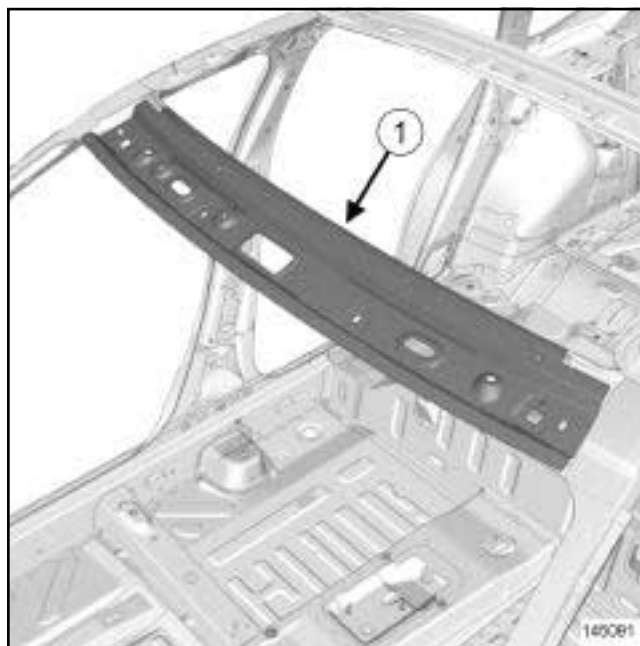
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



145091

# TOP OF BODY

## Roof centre cross member: Replacement

# 45A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Roof centre cross member	1.2

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

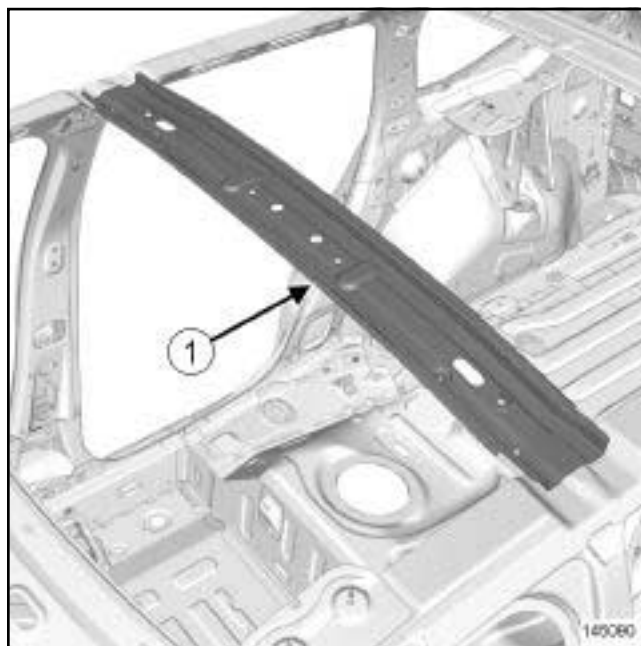
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



145090

# TOP OF BODY

## Roof panel arch: Replacement

# 45A

### I - COMPOSITION OF THE SPARE PART

No.	Description	Thickness (mm)
(1)	Roof panel arch	0.8

### II - IN THE EVENT OF REPLACEMENT

There is only one way of replacing this part:

- complete replacement

#### WARNING

If the mating faces of the parts to be welded are not accessible, use a GMAW plug weld in place of the original electrical resistance weld (see ) (MR 400, 40C, Gas metal arc welded connections (GMAW)).

#### WARNING

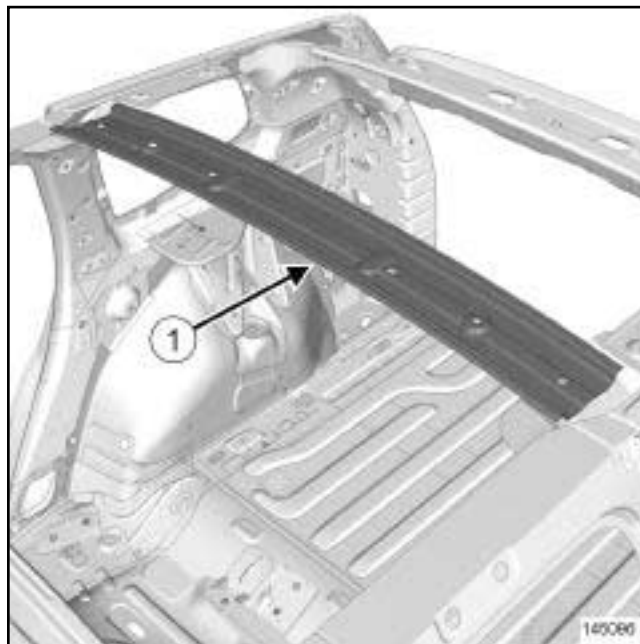
To avoid damaging the vehicles electric and electronic components, the earths of any wiring harness near the weld area must be disconnected.

Position the earth of the welding machine as close as possible to the weld area (see ) (MR 400, 40H, Bolted connections).

Locate the earths located near to the weld area (see **40A, General information, Earths on body: List and location of components**, page 40A-5) .

### Complete replacement

#### Part in position



145096

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

## Front side door: Removal - Refitting

# 47A

### Tightening torques

hinge nuts on the front side door	28 N.m
hinge bolts and nuts on the A-pillar	28 N.m

There are two options for removing the front side door:

- without the hinges,
- with the hinges.

### Note:

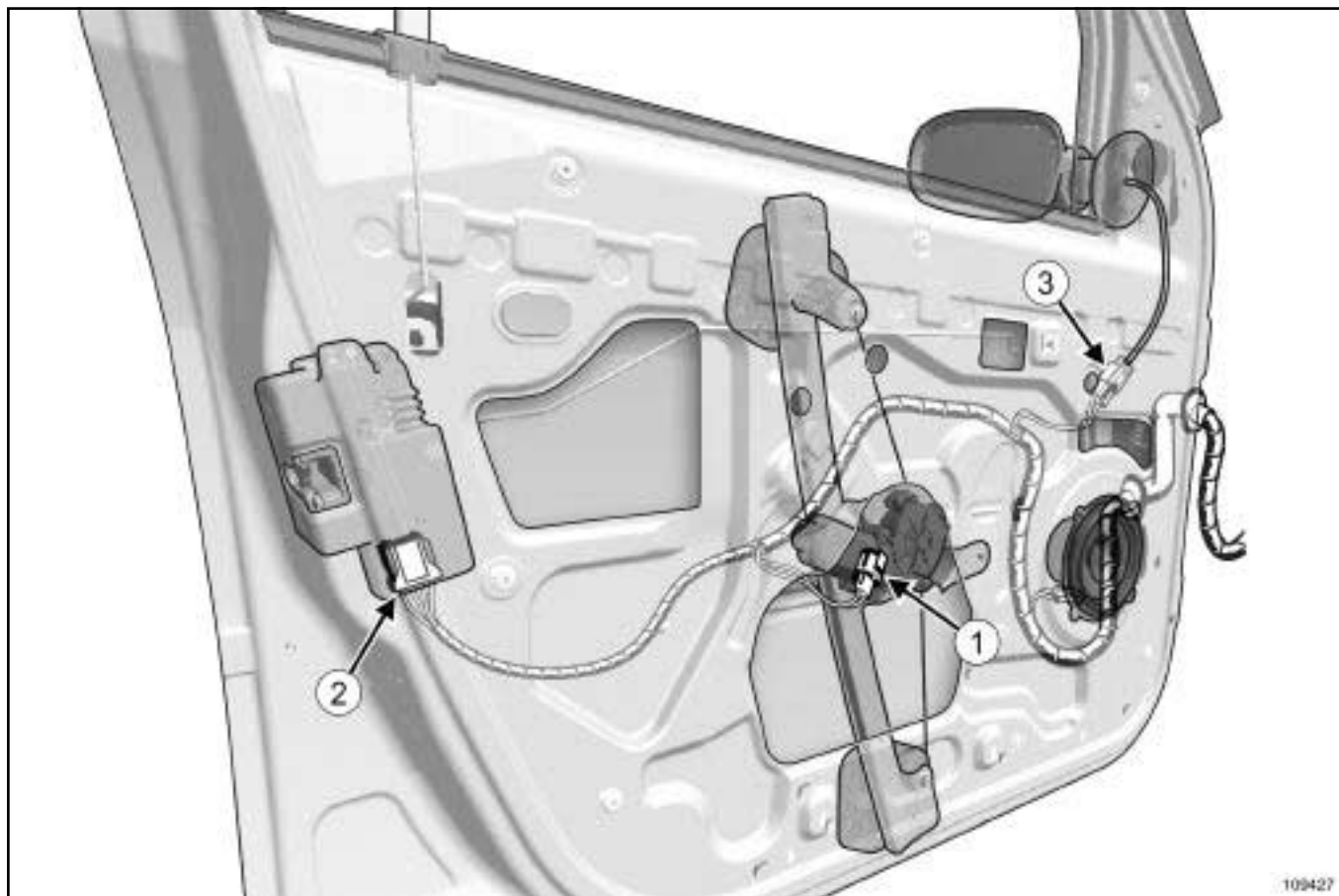
The front side door can be removed without removing the front wing.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

#### Remove:

- the front speaker (see **Front speakers: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
- the front side door handle (see **Front side door interior opening control: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Non-side opening element mechanisms),
- the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).



109427

109427

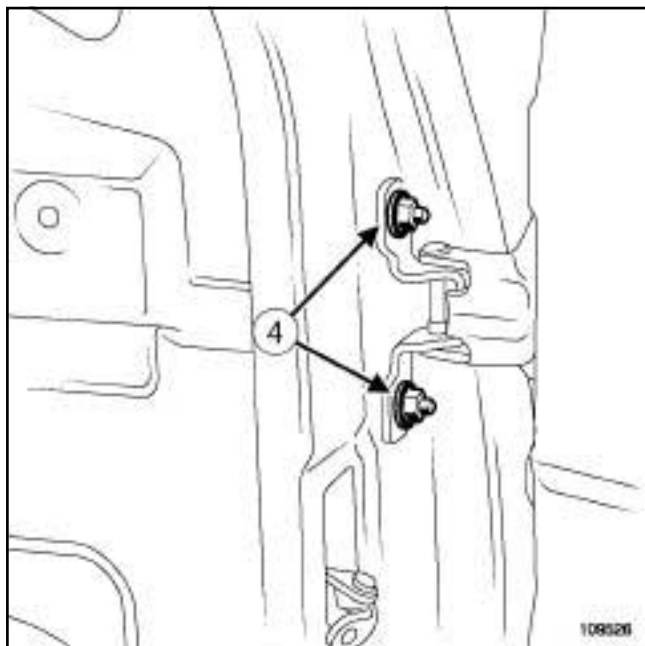
#### Disconnect:

- the connector of the front side door electric window motor (1) ,
- the connector of the front side door lock actuator (2) ,
- the door mirror switch connector (3) .

#### Remove the wiring from the front side door (depending on the equipment level).

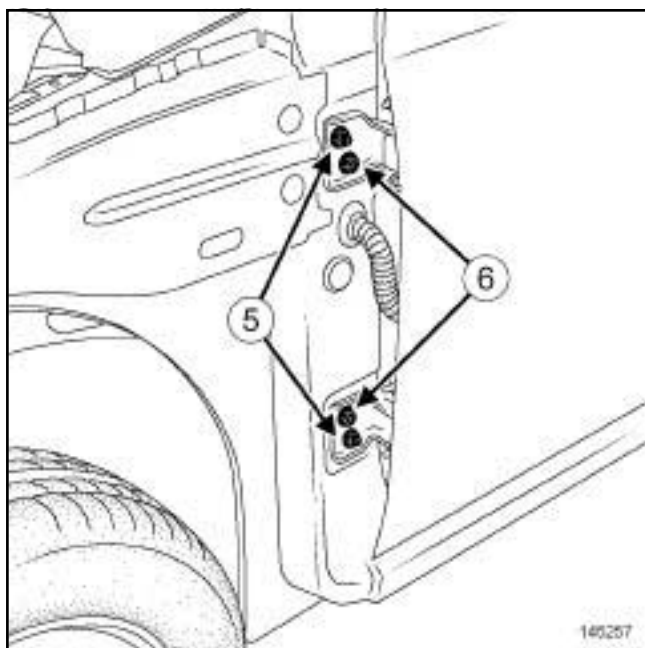
- Remove the front side door check strap (see **Front side door check strap: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms).

### II - REMOVAL WITHOUT THE HINGES



- Remove nuts (4) .

### III - REMOVAL WITH THE HINGES



- Remove:
  - the nuts (5) ,
  - the bolts (6) .

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

#### WARNING

For any adjustment or removal/refitting procedure where it is necessary to separate a bolted connection, reapply the mating and sealing anti-corrosion protection to the bolts using filling mastic in a pre-formed bead.

- Adjust the gaps and flush fittings of the front side door (see **47A, Side opening elements, Front side door: Adjustment**, page **47A-4**) (48A, Non-side opening elements).
- Torque tighten:
  - the **hinge nuts on the front side door (28 N.m)**,
  - the **hinge bolts and nuts on the A-pillar (28 N.m)**.

## Front side door: Stripping - rebuilding

The order of the operations described below is specific to the front side door replacement.

**Note:**

It is possible to carry out the stripping operations on the vehicle before removing the front side door.

**STRIPPING** Remove:

- the front side door interior weatherstrip (see ) (66A, Window sealing),
- the front side door exterior weatherstrip (see **Front side door exterior weatherstrip: Removal - Refitting**) (66A, Window sealing),
- the front side door sliding window (see **Front side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting**) (54A, Windows),
- the front side door glass run channel (see **Front side door window run channel: Removal - Refitting**) (66A, Window sealing),
- the front side door electric window mechanism (see **Front side door electric window mechanism: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the front side door electric window motor (see ) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the front side exterior door handle (see **Exterior door handle: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the front side door lock (see **Front side door lock: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the front side door check strap (see **Front side door check strap: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the front side door lock barrel (see **Front side door lock barrel: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the door mirror (see **Door mirror: Removal - Refitting**) (56A, Exterior equipment).


**REBUILDING**

- 
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

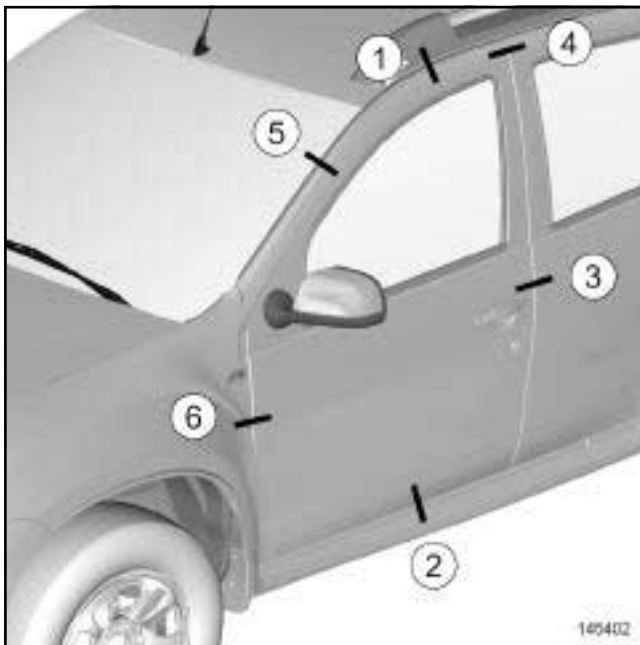
## Front side door: Adjustment

# 47A

Tightening torques 	
front side door nuts	28 N.m
nuts and the bolts on the A-pillar	28 N.m

### ADJUSTMENT VALUES

- ❑ For information on the front side door adjustment values (see **Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value**) (01C, Vehicle bodywork specifications).



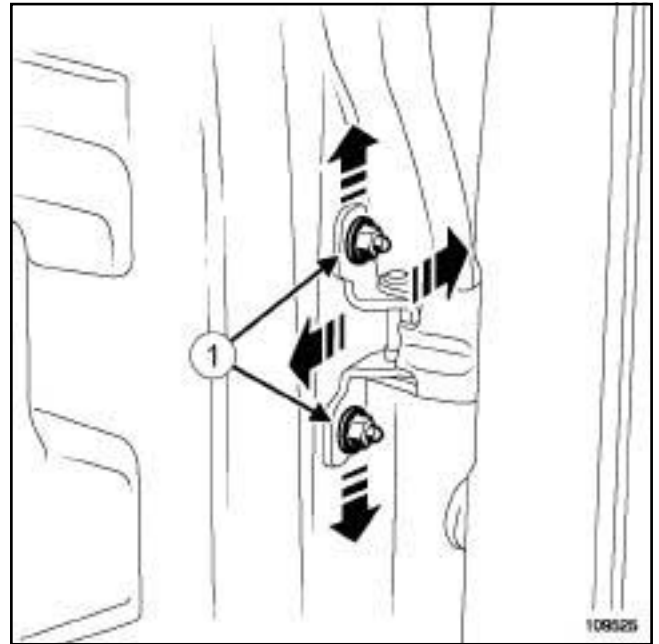
145402

- ❑ Observe the adjustment sequence (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) , (5) ,and (6) .

### ADJUSTMENT

- ❑ There are three options for adjusting the front side door:
  - using the front side door nuts,
  - using the A-pillar nuts and bolts,
  - using the front side door striker plate.

### I - ADJUSTMENT USING THE FRONT SIDE DOOR NUTS



109525

- ❑ Loosen the bolts (1) on the front side door.
- ❑ Adjust the panel gaps of the front side door.
- ❑ Torque tighten the **front side door nuts (28 N.m)**.

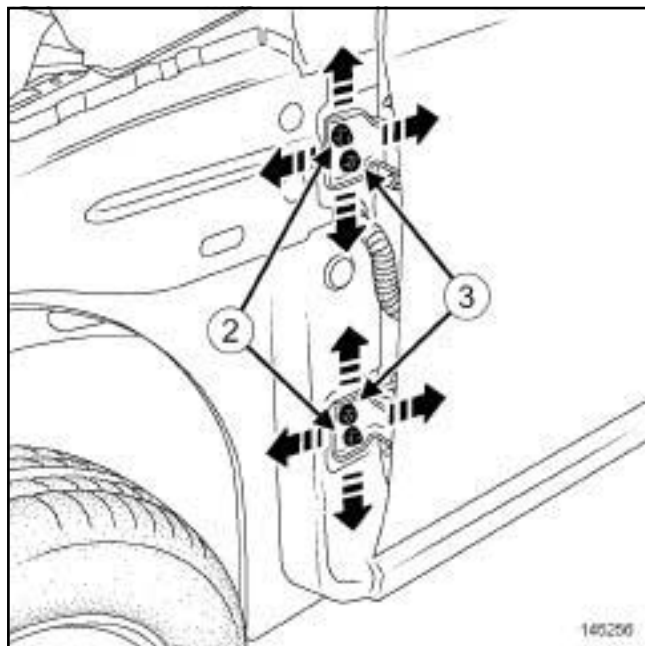


# SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

## Front side door: Adjustment

# 47A

### II - ADJUSTMENT USING THE A-PILLAR NUTS AND BOLTS

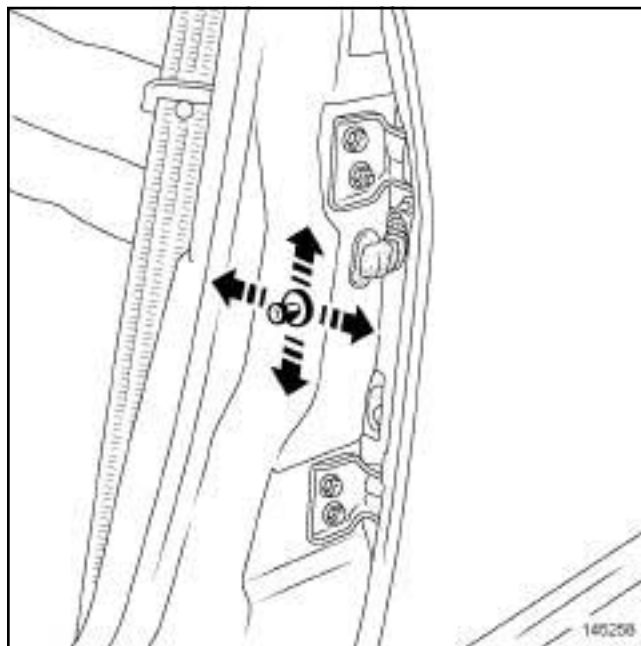


- Loosen the nuts (2) and the bolts (3) on the A-pillar.
- Adjust the panel gaps of the front side door.
- Torque tighten the **nuts and the bolts on the A-pillar (28 N.m)**.

#### Note:

The front wing does not have to be removed to adjust the front door.

### III - ADJUSTMENT USING THE FRONT SIDE DOOR STRIKER PLATE




- Adjust the panel gaps of the front side door.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

## Rear side door: Removal - Refitting

# 47A

Tightening torques 	
hinge nuts on the rear side door	28 N.m
hinge nut and bolts on the B-pillar	28 N.m

There are two options for removing the rear side door:

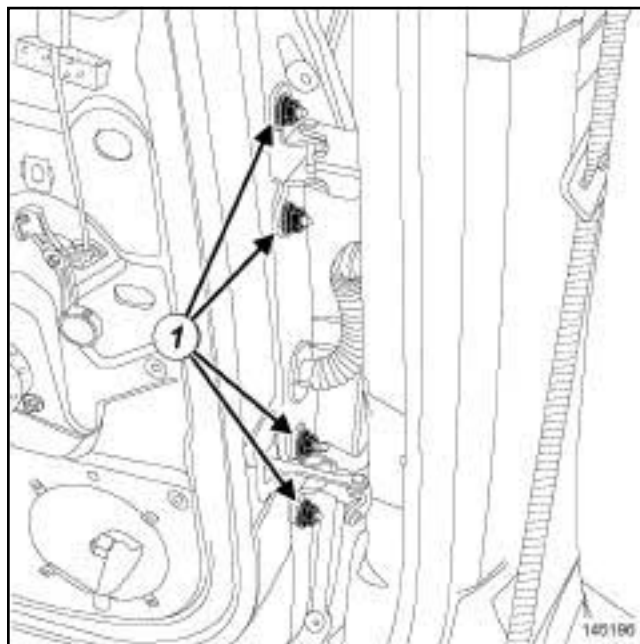
- without the hinges,
- with the hinges.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the rear speaker (see **Rear speakers: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
  - the rear side door interior handle (see **Rear side door interior opening control: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Non-side opening element mechanisms),
  - the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).
- Disconnect:
  - the connector of the rear side door electric window motor (depending on the equipment level),
  - the connector of the rear side door lock actuator.
- Remove the wiring from the rear side door (depending on the equipment level).
- Remove the rear side door check strap (see **Rear side door check strap: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms).

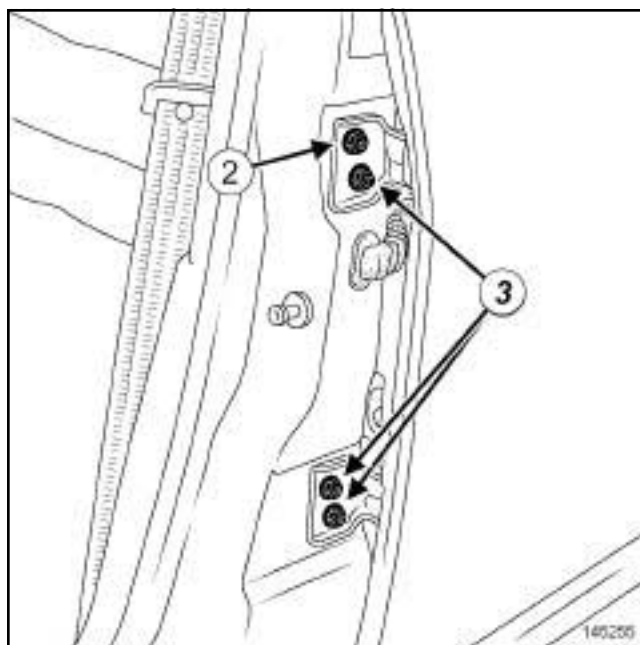
#### II - REMOVAL WITHOUT THE HINGES



145196

- Remove nuts (1) .

#### III - REMOVAL WITH THE HINGES



145255

- Remove:
  - the nut (2) ,
  - the bolts (3) .

**REFITTING**

**REFITTING OPERATION**

**WARNING**

For any adjustment or removal/refitting procedure where it is necessary to separate a bolted connection, reapply the mating and sealing anti-corrosion protection to the bolts using filling mastic in a pre-formed bead.

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Adjust the rear side door clearances and flush fittings (see **47A, Side opening elements, Rear side door: Adjustment**, page **47A-9**).
- Torque tighten:
  - the **hinge nuts on the rear side door (28 N.m)**,
  - the **hinge nut and bolts on the B-pillar (28 N.m)**.

**Rear side door: Stripping - rebuilding**

The order of the operations described below applies specifically to replacing the rear side door.

**Note:**


It is possible to carry out the stripping operations on the vehicle before removing the rear side door.

**STRIPPING** Remove:

- the rear side door interior weatherstrip (see ) (66A, Window sealing),
- the rear side door exterior weatherstrip (see **Rear side door exterior weatherstrip: Removal - Refitting**) (66A, Window sealing),
- the rear side door sliding window (see **Rear side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting**) (54A, Windows),
- the rear side door glass run channel (see **Rear side door window run channel: Removal - Refitting**) (66A, Window sealing),
- the rear side door window winder mechanism (see **Rear side door manual window winder mechanism: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the rear side door exterior handle (see **Exterior door handle: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the rear side door lock (see **Rear side door lock: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the rear side door check strap (see **Rear side door check strap: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms),
- the rear side door lock barrel (see ) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms).

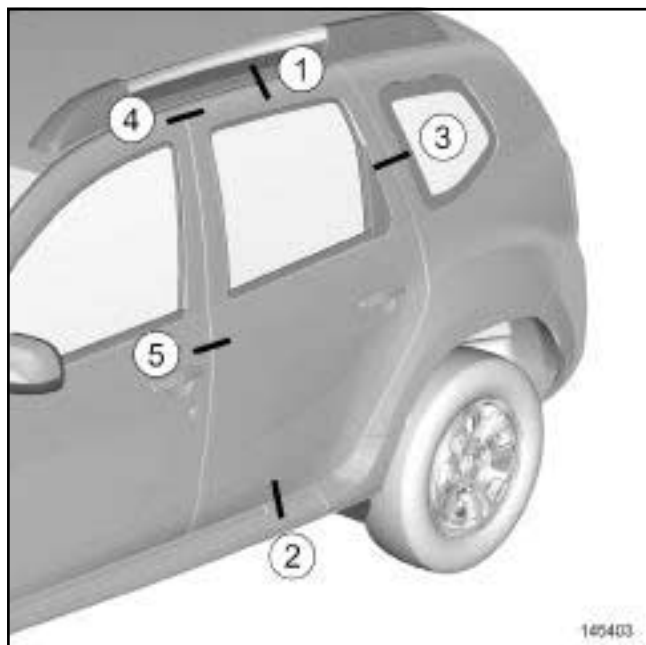
**REBUILDING**

- 
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Tightening torques 	
rear side door nuts	<b>28 N.m</b>
nut and the bolts on the B-pillar	<b>28 N.m</b>

### ADJUSTMENT VALUES

- ❑ For information on the front side door adjustment values (see **Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value**) (01C, Vehicle bodywork specifications).



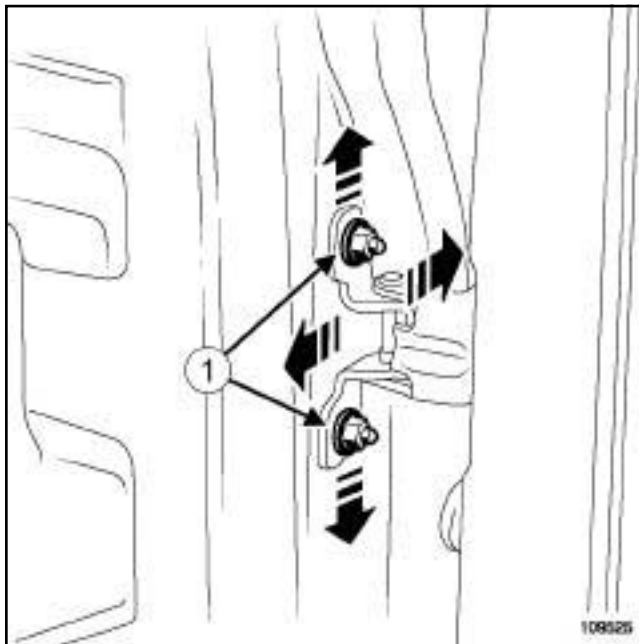
145403

- ❑ Observe the adjustment sequence (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) ,and (5) .

### ADJUSTMENT

- ❑ There are three options for adjusting the rear side door:
  - using the rear side door nuts,
  - using the B-pillar nuts and bolts,
  - using the rear side door striker plate.

### I - ADJUSTMENT USING THE REAR SIDE DOOR NUTS



109525

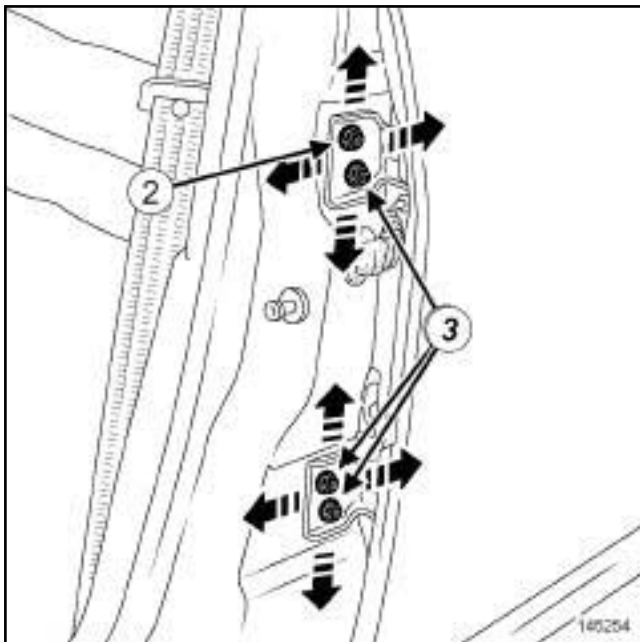
- ❑ Loosen the bolts (1) on the rear side door.
- ❑ Adjust the panel gaps and flush fittings of the rear side door.
- ❑ Torque tighten the **rear side door nuts (28 N.m)**.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

## Rear side door: Adjustment

47A

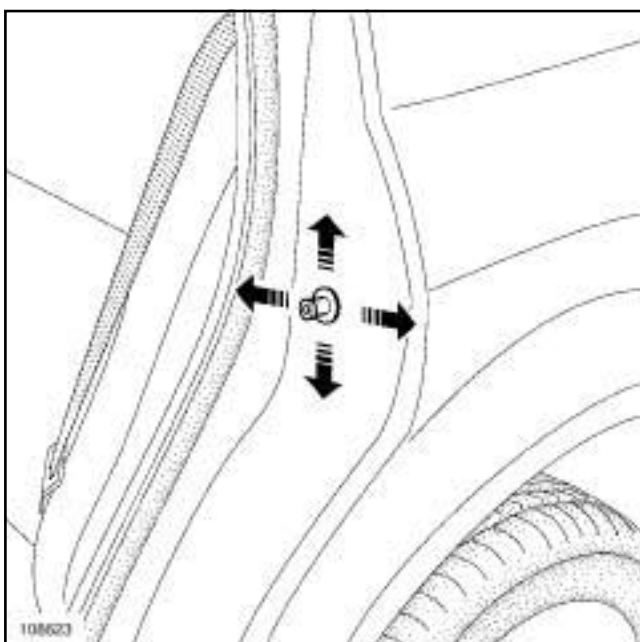
### II - ADJUSTMENT USING THE B-PILLAR NUTS AND BOLTS



145254

- Loosen the nut (2) and the bolts (3) on the B-pillar.
- Adjust the panel gaps of the rear side door.
- Torque tighten the **nut and the bolts on the B-pillar (28 N.m)**.

### III - ADJUSTMENT USING THE REAR SIDE DOOR STRIKER PLATE



108623

- Adjust the panel gaps of the rear side door.

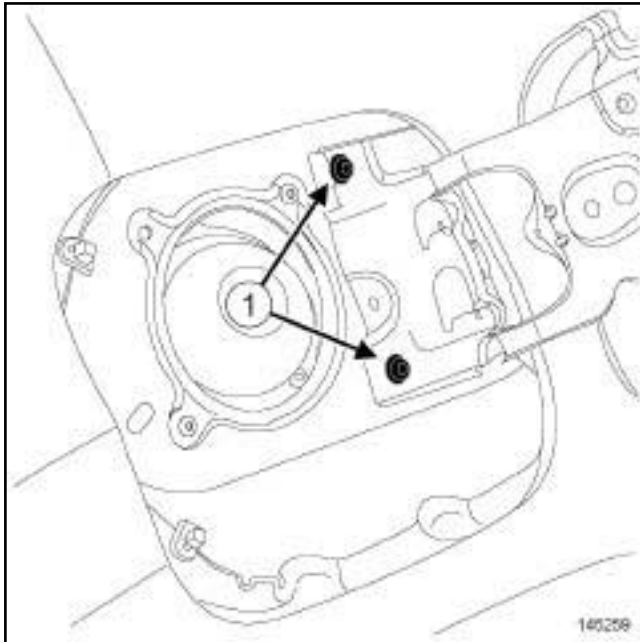
# SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

## Fuel filler flap cover: Removal - Refitting

47A

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the bolts (1) ,
  - the fuel tank flap cover.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lubricate the joint shafts of the fuel tank flap cover with **MULTIPURPOSE GREASE** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

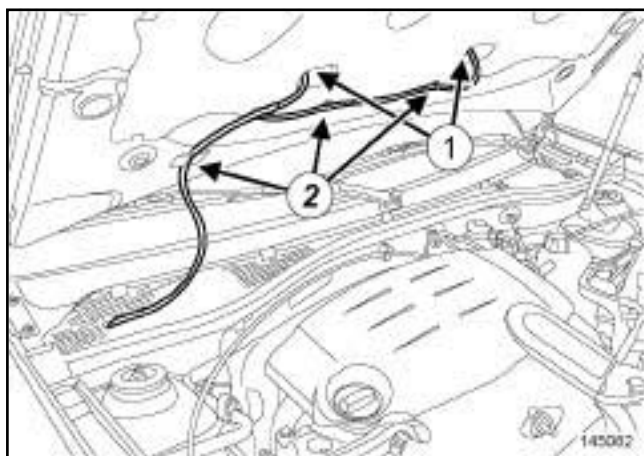
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced etc.) (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) .

Adjust the opening clearances and flush fitting (see **48A, Non-side opening elements, Bonnet: Adjustment, page 48A-3**) .

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



145082

- Disconnect the windscreen washer jet pipes at (1) .
- Unclip the windscreen washer jet pipe at (2) .

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### 1 - REMOVAL BY MEANS OF THE BONNET BOLTS

- Remove the bonnet strut (see **Bonnet strut: Removal - Refitting**) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms).
- Remove (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection):
  - the bonnet bolts,
  - the bonnet.

#### 2 - REMOVAL BY MEANS OF THE BONNET HINGE BOLTS

- Remove the bonnet strut (see **Bonnet strut: Removal - Refitting**) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms).
- Remove (see **Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**) (55A, Exterior protection):
  - the bonnet hinge bolts,
  - the bonnet.

## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



# NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS

## Bonnet: Stripping - Rebuilding

# 48A

### Special tooling required

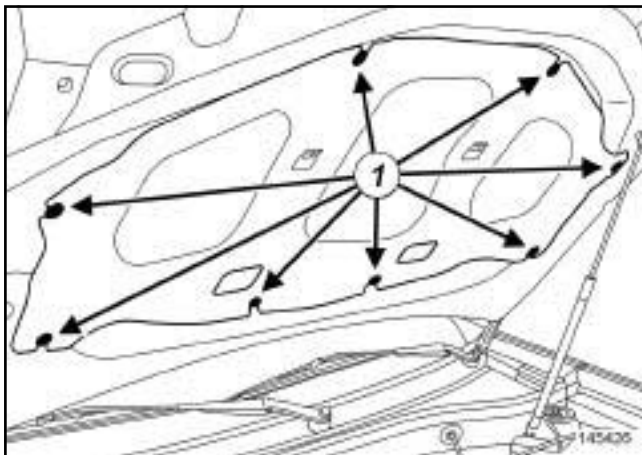
**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

#### Note:

Described below is a special sequence of operations for bonnet replacement.

## STRIPPING

### STRIPPING OPERATION



145426

#### Remove:

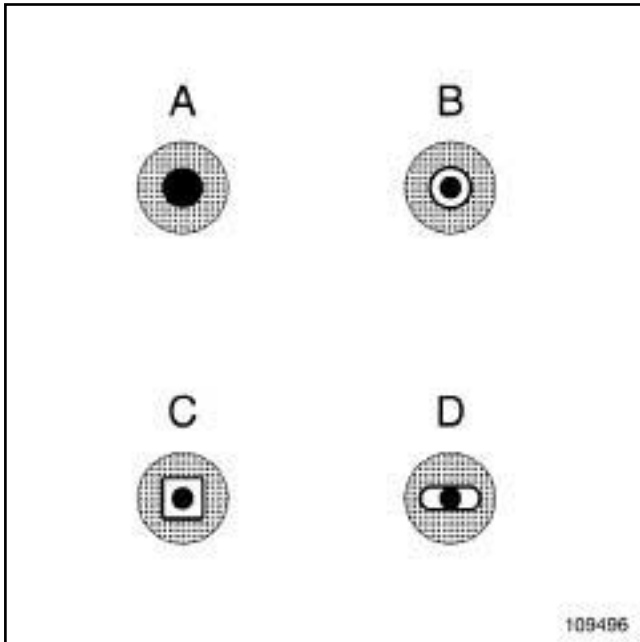
- the clips (1) of the bonnet soundproofing using the **(Car. 1363)**,
- the bonnet soundproofing (depending on the equipment level),
- the windscreen washer jets from the bonnet (see **Front screen washer jet: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing).

## REBUILDING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### ADJUSTMENT

- ❑ For information on the adjustment values for the bonnet (see **Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value**) (01C, Vehicle bodywork specifications).
- ❑ There are two options for adjusting the bonnet:
  - by means of the bonnet bolts,
  - by means of the bonnet hinge bolts.



109496

- ❑ Symbols A, B, C and D show the adjustment options.

The black dot in the centre represents the body of the bolt.

The grey section represents the component to be adjusted.

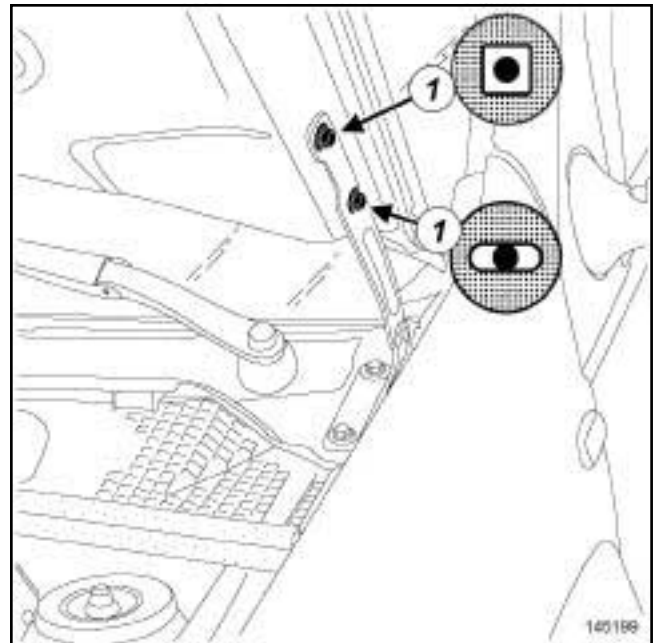
The white section represents the adjustment area.



145404

- ❑ Observe the adjustment sequence (1), (2) and (3).

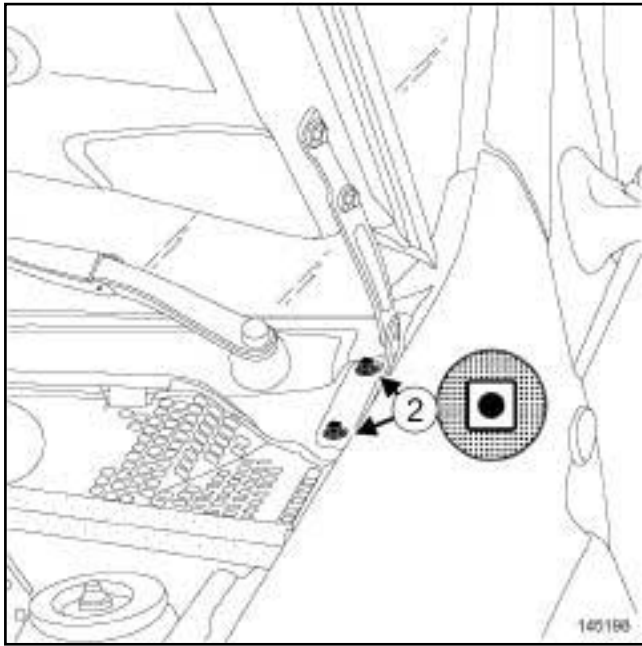
### I - ADJUSTMENT BY MEANS OF THE BONNET BOLTS



145199


- ❑ Loosen the bonnet bolts (1).
- ❑ Adjust the gaps and flush fittings of the bonnet.
- ❑ Tighten the bonnet bolts.

### II - ADJUSTMENT BY MEANS OF THE BONNET HINGE BOLTS



145198

- Loosen the bonnet hinge bolts (2) .
- Adjust the bonnet panel gaps.
- Tighten the bonnet hinge bolts.

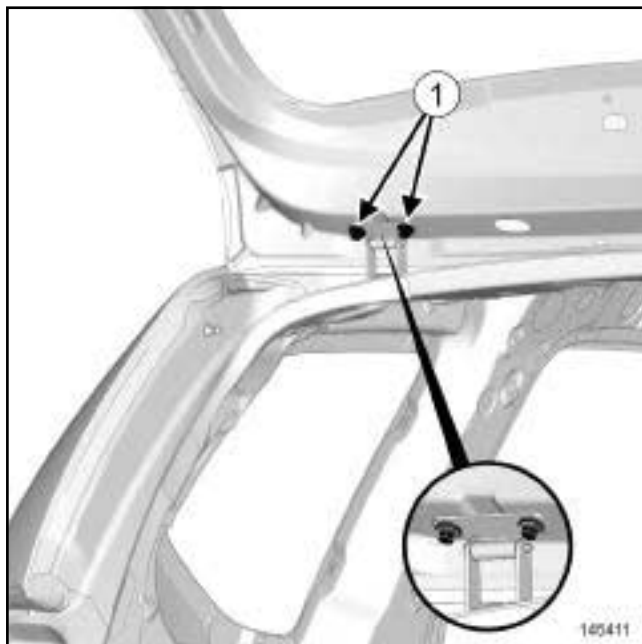
Tightening torques 	
tailgate bolts	21 N.m
tailgate hinge nuts	21 N.m

### I - REMOVAL WITHOUT THE HINGES

#### 1 - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the tailgate trim (see ) (73A, Non-side opening elements trim).
- Disconnect the following connectors :
  - the rear screen wiper motor,
  - the high level brake light,
  - the tailgate lock,
  - the heated rear screen,
  - the number plate lights.
- Remove:
  - the tailgate wiring,
  - the tailgate washer jet tube,
  - the tailgate gas struts (see **Tailgate strut: Removal - Refitting**) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms).

#### 2 - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the tailgate bolts on each side of the vehicle (1) ,

- the tailgate (this operation requires two people).

### II - REFITTING WITHOUT HINGES

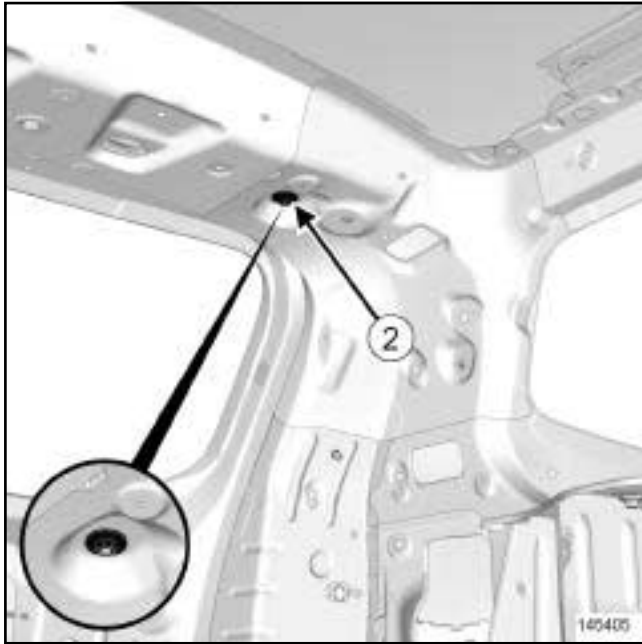
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Adjust the gaps and flush fittings of the tailgate (see **48A, Non-side opening elements, Tailgate: Adjustment**, page 48A-8) .
- Torque tighten the **tailgate bolts (21 N.m)**.

### III - REMOVAL WITH HINGES

#### 1 - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the headlining partially (see ) (71A, Body internal trim),
  - the tailgate trim (see ) (73A, Non-side opening elements trim).
- Disconnect the following connectors :
  - the rear screen wiper motor,
  - the high level brake light,
  - the tailgate lock,
  - the heated rear screen,
  - the number plate lights.
- Remove:
  - the tailgate wiring,
  - the tailgate washer jet tube,
  - the tailgate gas struts (see **Tailgate strut: Removal - Refitting**) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms).

## 2 - REMOVAL OPERATION



145405

- Remove:
  - the tailgate hinge nut (2) on each side of the vehicle,
  - the tailgate (this operation requires two people).

## IV - REFITTING WITH HINGES

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Adjust the tailgate panel gaps (see **48A, Non-side opening elements, Tailgate: Adjustment**, page **48A-8**).
- Torque tighten the **tailgate hinge nuts (21 N.m)**.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **Exterior rear opening element assembly: Exploded view**) .

Described below is a special sequence of operations for tailgate replacement.

**Note:**

It is possible to carry out the trim removal operations on the vehicle before removing the tailgate.

## STRIPPING


### STRIPPING OPERATION

- Remove (see **Exterior rear opening element assembly: Exploded view**) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms):
  - the manufacturer's badge,
  - the badge,
  - the tailgate strip,
  - the number plate lights,
  - the rear screen wiper arm,
  - the rear screen wiper blade,
  - the rear screen washer jet.
- Remove:
  - the rear screen wiper motor (see **Rear screen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Washing - Wiping),
  - the tailgate lock (see **Tailgate lock: Removal - Refitting**) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms),
  - the tailgate lock barrel (see ) (52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms),
  - the high level brake light (see **3rd brake light: Removal - Refitting**) (81A, Rear lighting),
  - the rear screen (see **Rear screen: Removal - Refitting**) (54A, Windows),
  - the closing end stops.

## REBUILDING

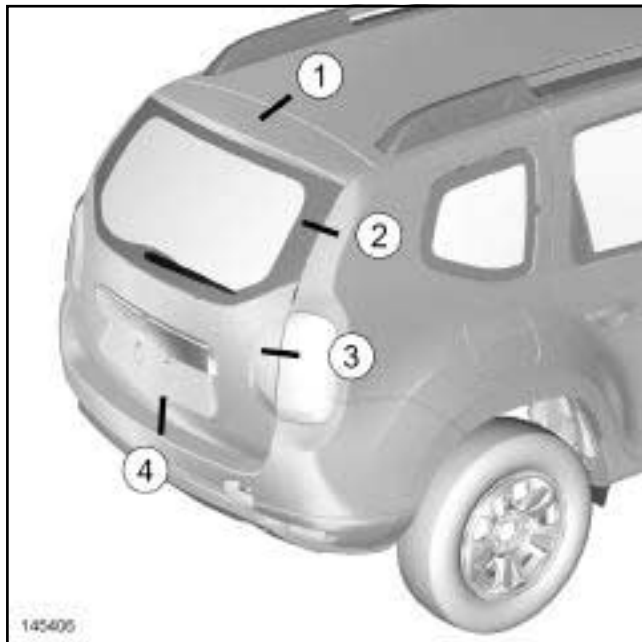
### REBUILDING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Tightening torques 	
tailgate bolts	21 N.m
hinge nuts	21 N.m

### ADJUSTMENT VALUES

- For information on the adjustment values for the tailgate (see **Vehicle panel gaps: Adjustment value**) (01C, Vehicle bodywork specifications).

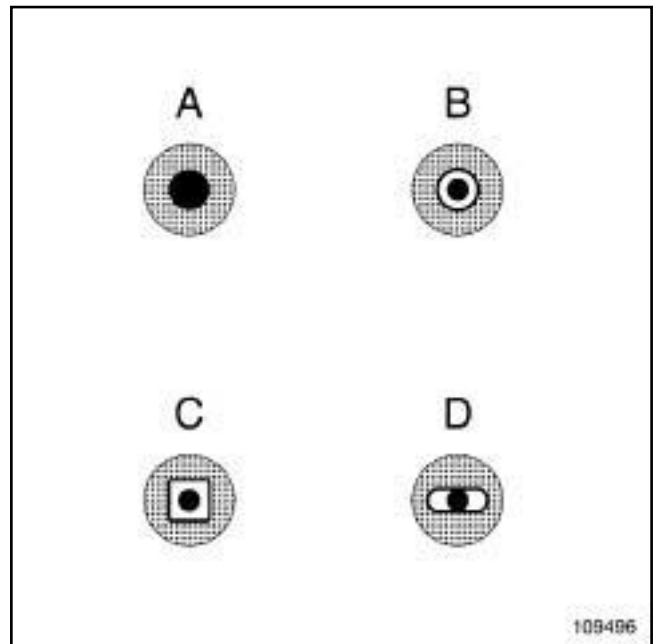


145406

- Observe the adjustment sequence (1) , (2) , (3) and (4) .

### ADJUSTMENT

- There are three options for adjusting the tailgate:
  - using the tailgate bolts,
  - using the tailgate hinge nuts,
  - using the rear end panel striker plate.



109496

109496

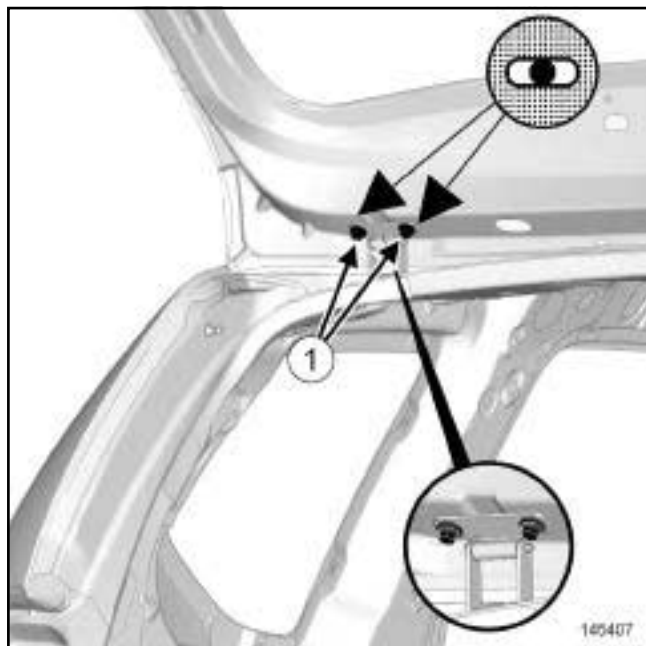
- Symbols A, B, C and D show the adjustment options.

The black dot in the centre represents the body of the bolt.

The grey section represents the component to be adjusted.

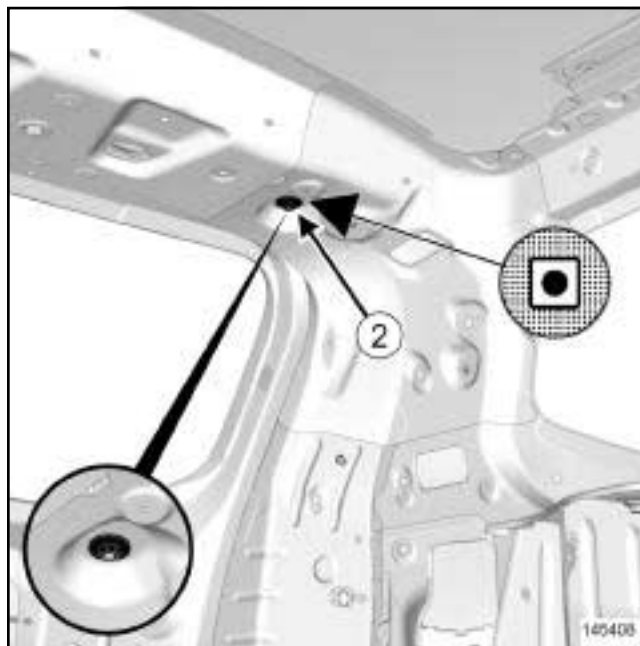
The white section represents the adjustment area.

## I - ADJUSTMENT USING THE TAILGATE BOLTS



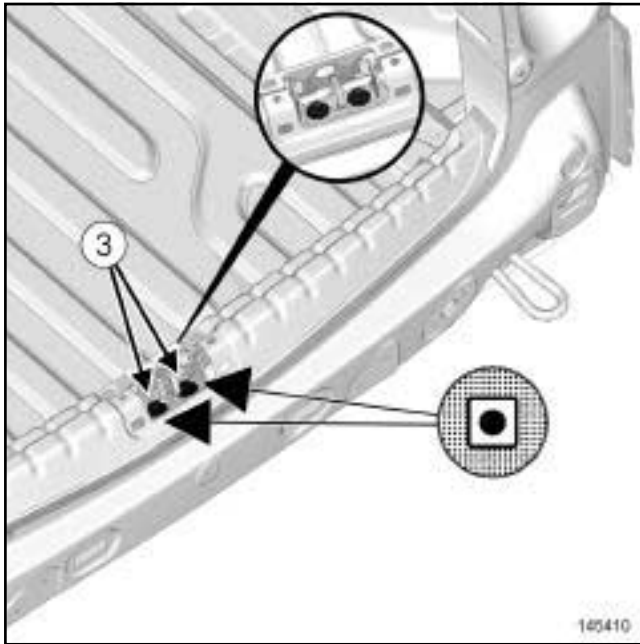
- Undo the tailgate bolts (1) on each side of the vehicle.
- Adjust the tailgate panel gaps.
- Torque tighten the **tailgate bolts (21 N.m)**.

## II - ADJUSTMENT USING THE HINGE NUTS



- Partially remove the headlining (see ) (71A, Body internal trim).
- Undo the hinge nut (2) on each side of the vehicle.
- Adjust the tailgate panel gaps.
- Torque tighten the **hinge nuts (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the headlining (see ) (71A, Body internal trim).



**III - ADJUSTMENT USING THE REAR END PANEL STRIKER PLATE**

145410

- Remove the striker plate trim from the rear end panel.
- Loosen the striker plate bolts (3) on the rear end panel.
- Adjust the tailgate panel gaps.
- Refit the striker plate trim on the rear end panel.

# RENAULT

## 5 Mechanisms and accessories

51A SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

52A NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

54A WINDOWS

55A EXTERIOR PROTECTION

56A EXTERIOR EQUIPMENT

57A INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

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# DUSTER - Section 5

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<b>51A SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS</b>		<b>51A SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS</b>	
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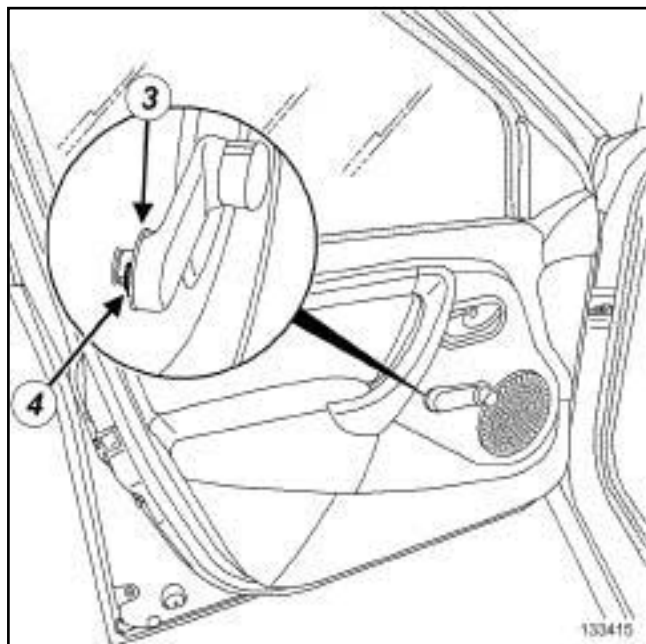
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MANUAL FRONT WINDOW

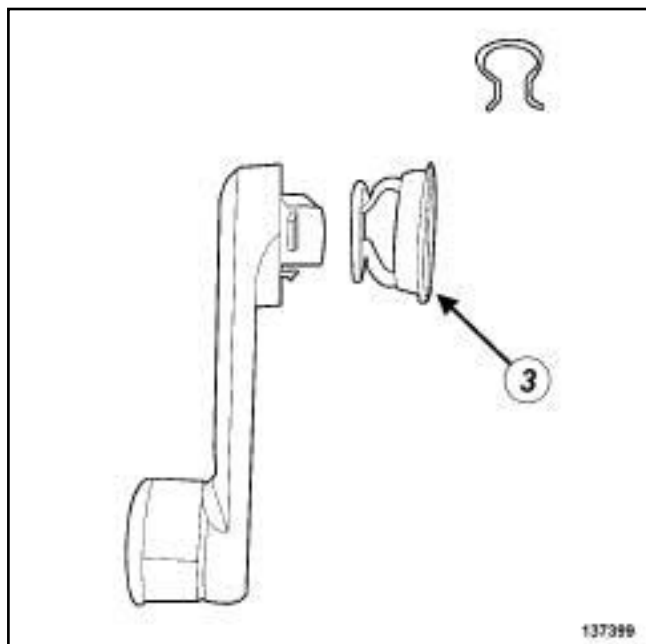
### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION

Clipped on window winder handle

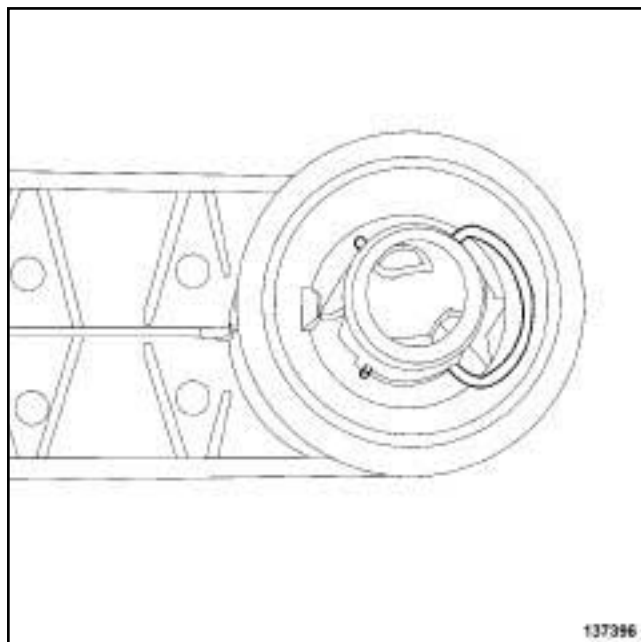


133415



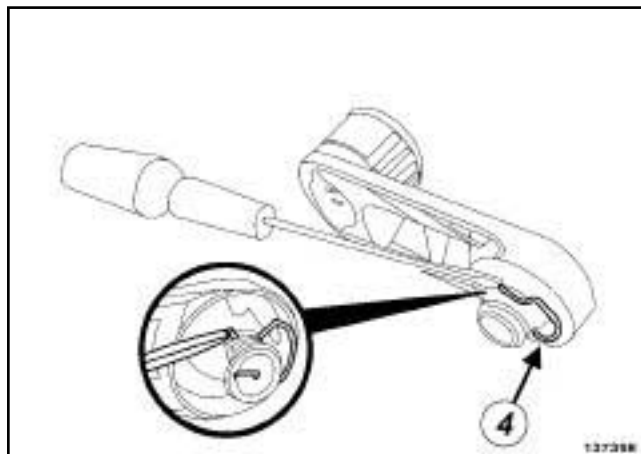
137399

137399



137396

137396



137398

137398

- Pull the ring (3) towards the vehicle interior.
- Unclip the clip (4) .
- Remove the front side door window winder handle.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

Clipped on window winder handle

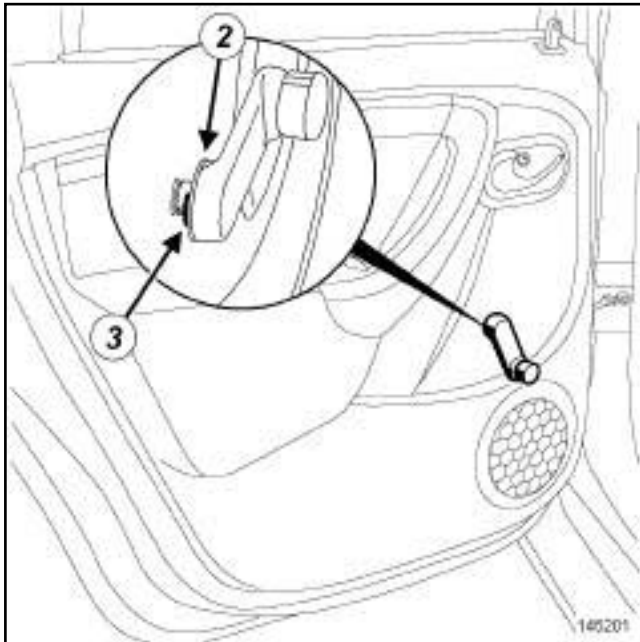
- Refit:
  - the ring on the front side door window winder handle,
  - the front side door window winder handle.
- Pull the ring and clip the clip onto the shaft of the front side door window winder handle.

MANUAL REAR WINDOW

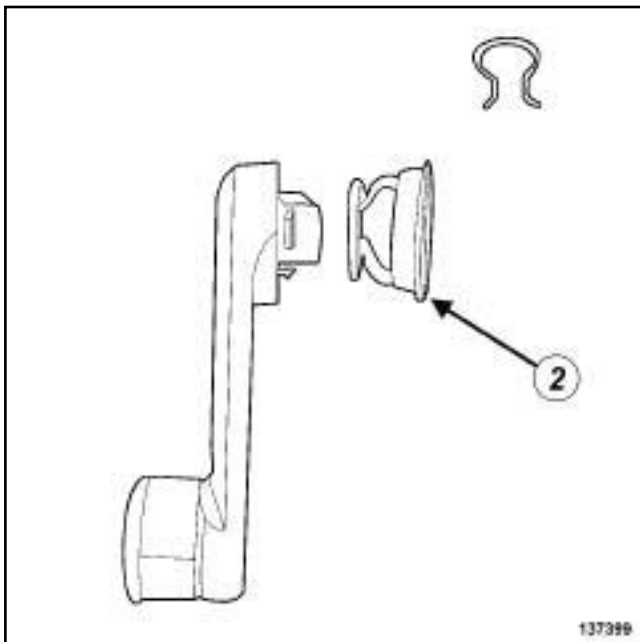
### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION

Clipped on window winder handle

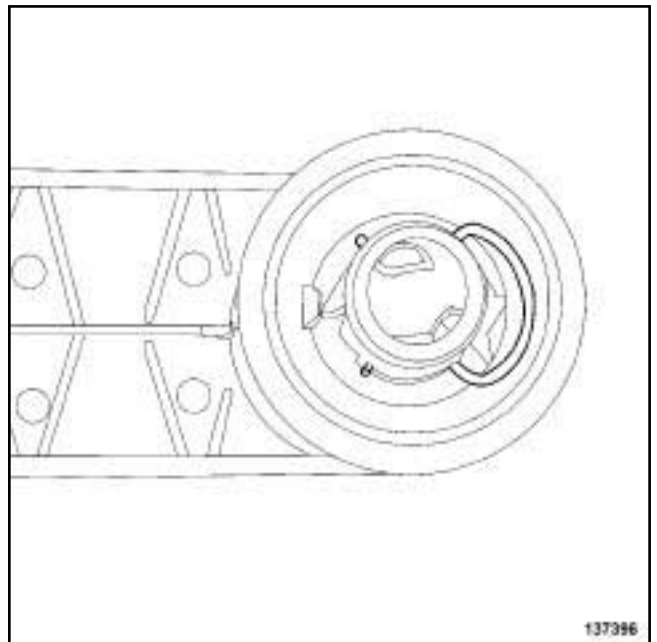


145201



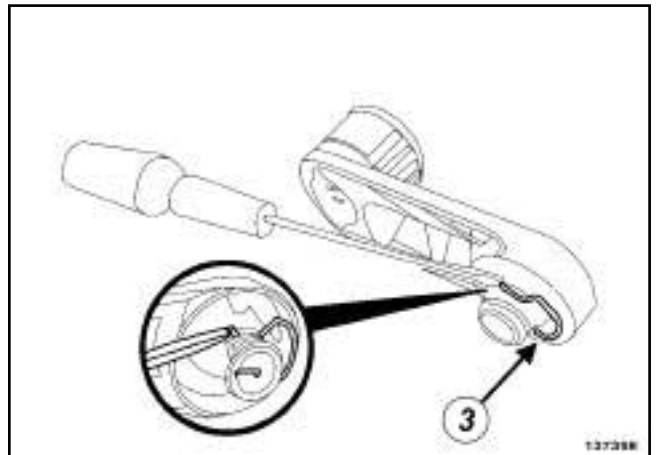
137399

137399



137396

137396



137398

137398

- Pull the ring (2) towards the vehicle interior.
- Unclip the clip (3) .
- Remove the rear side door window winder handle.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

Clipped on window winder handle

- Refit:
  - the ring on the rear side door window winder handle,
  - the rear side door window winder handle.
- Pull the ring and clip the clip onto the shaft of the rear side door window winder handle.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Front side door check strap: Removal - Refitting

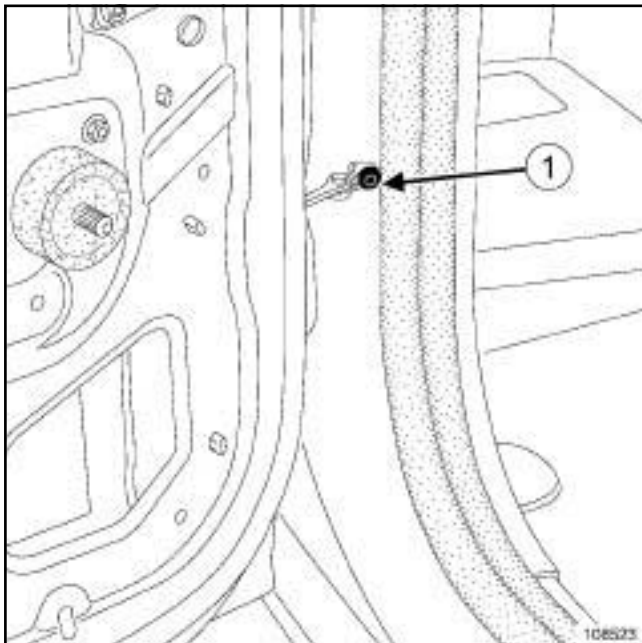
# 51A

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

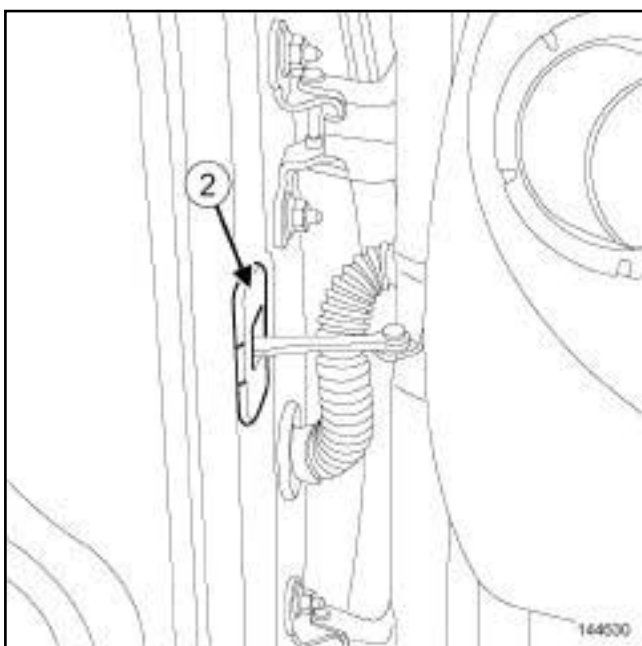
- ❑ Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



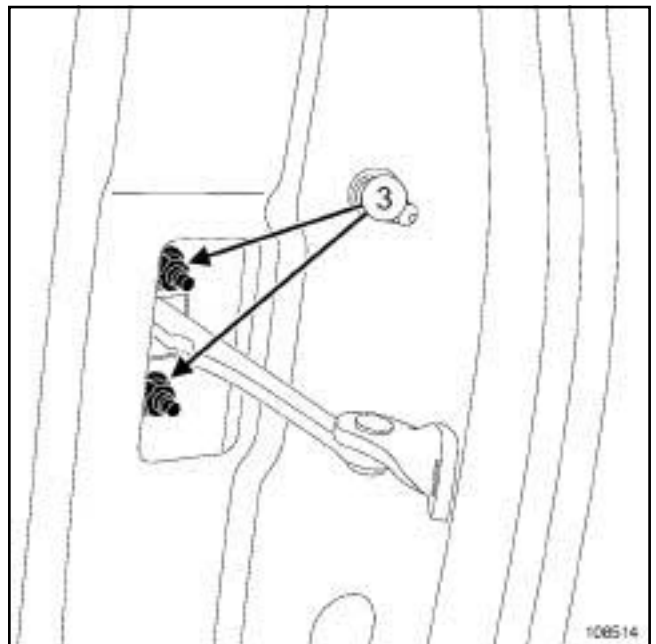
108523

- ❑ Remove the front side door check strap bolt (1) .



144630

- ❑ Remove the front side door check strap seal (2) .



108514

- ❑ Remove the front side door check strap bolts (3) .
- ❑ Remove the front side door check strap from inside the front side door box section.

### REFITTING

- ❑ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Front side door striker panel: Removal - Refitting

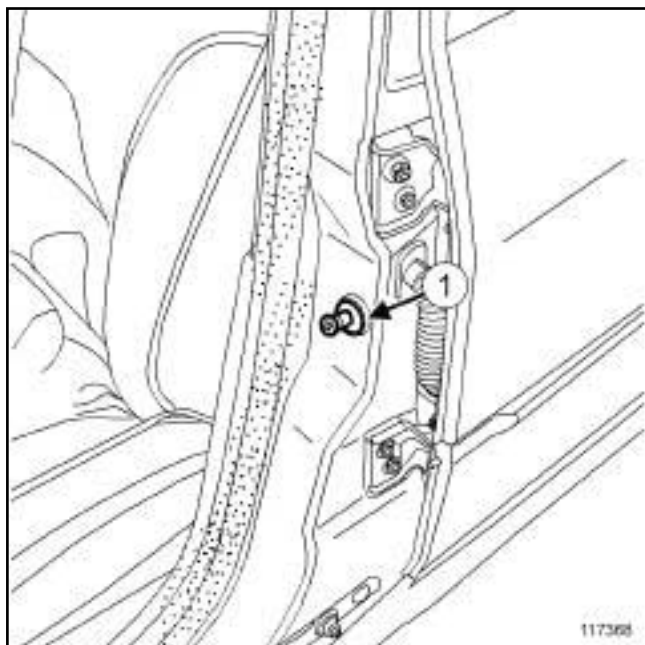
# 51A

### Tightening torques

front side door striker panel	21 N.m
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## REMOVAL

### REMOVAL OPERATION

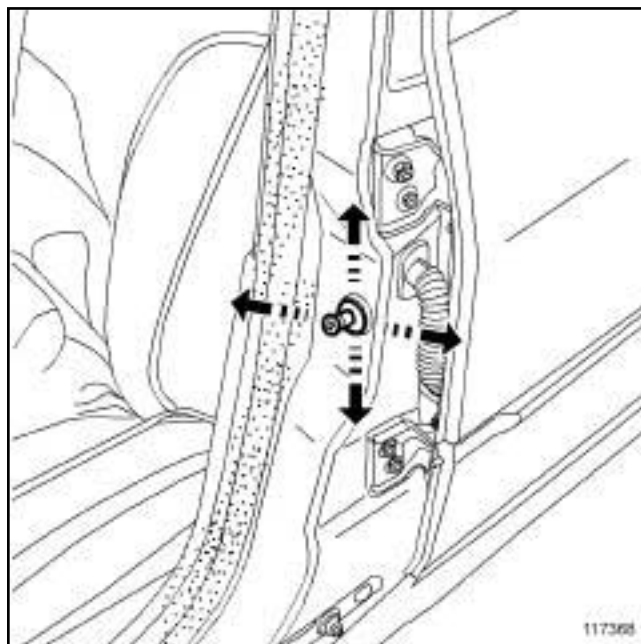


117368

- Remove the front side door striker panel (1) .

## REFITTING

### REFITTING OPERATION



117368

117368

- Refit the front side door striker panel.
- Adjust the front side door striker panel.
- Check whether it is possible to close the door.
- Torque tighten the **front side door striker panel (21 N.m)**.

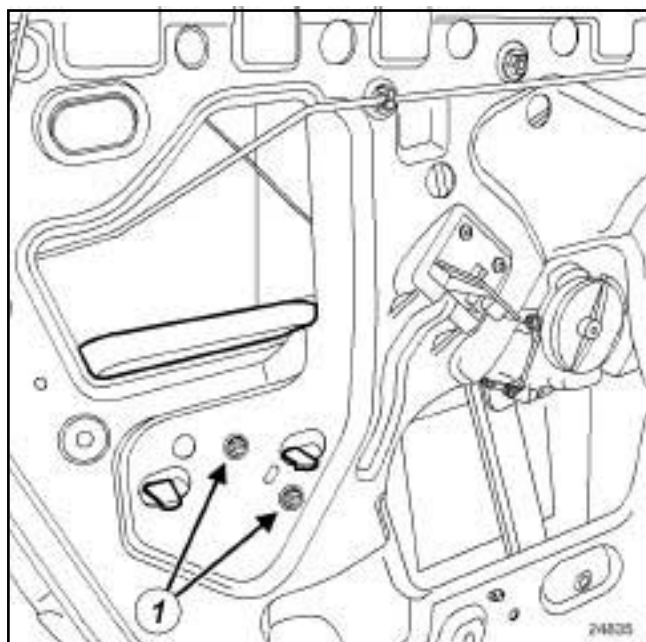


### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

□ Remove:

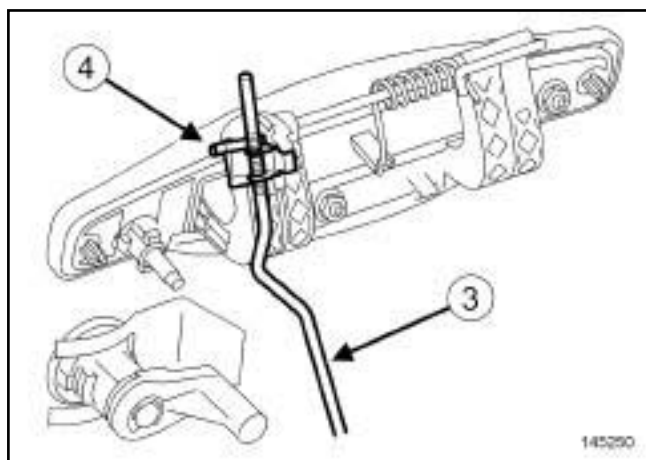
- the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).
- the support of the front side door run channel (see **51A, Side opening element mechanisms, Front side door slide mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 51A-21) .



24835

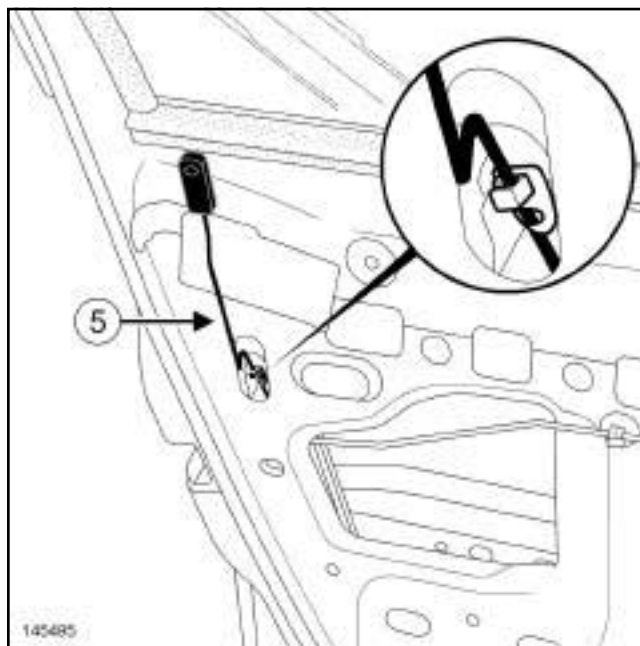
□ Remove the bolts (1) from the impact padding without removing it.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145250

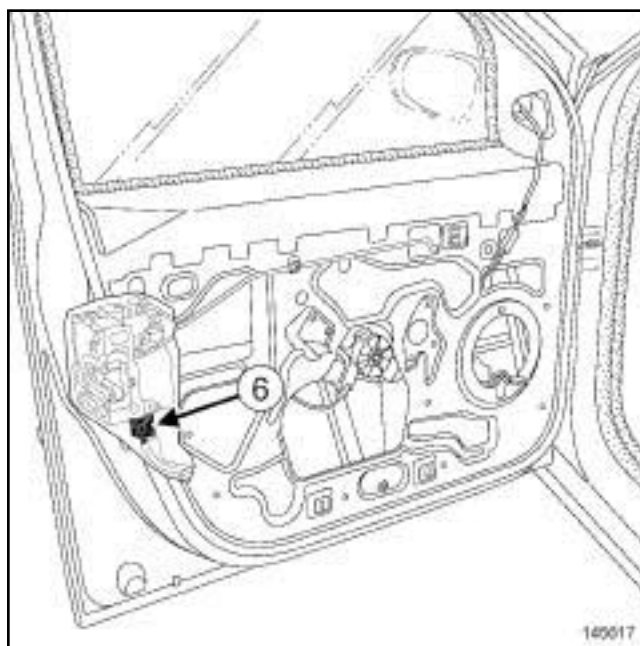
□ Unclip the exterior opening control linkage (3) from the clip (4) on the exterior door handle.



145495

□ Remove the front side door lock catch (5) .

#### DOOR OPENING SYSTEM 02



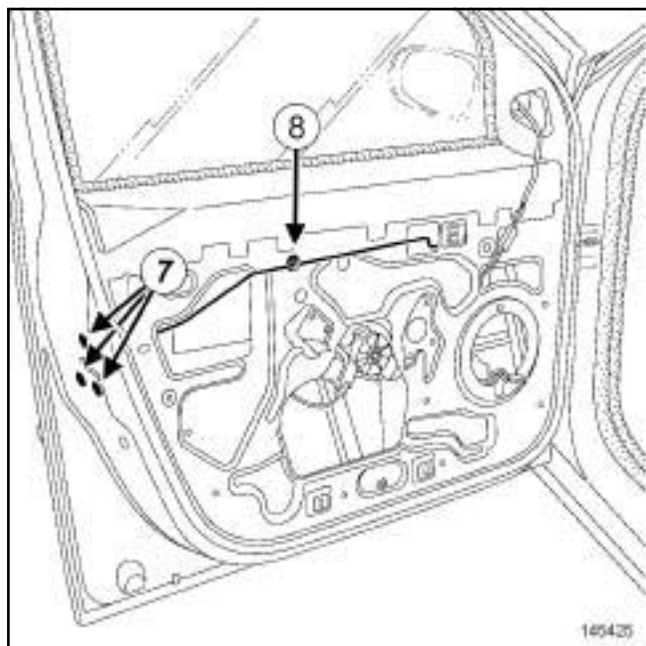
145617

□ Disconnect the connector (6) from the lock motor.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Front side door lock: Removal - Refitting

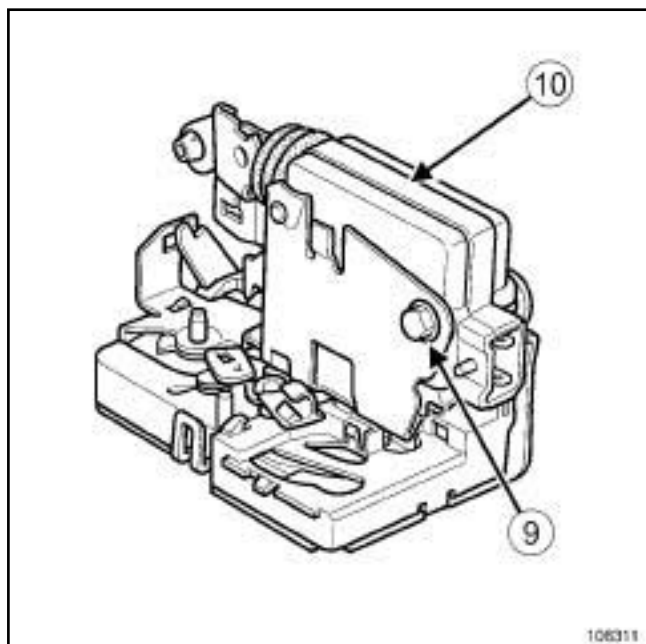
# 51A



145425

- Remove the bolts (7) from the front side door lock.
- Unclip the interior opening control linkage at (8) .
- Remove the front side door lock and the interior opening control linkage.

### DOOR OPENING SYSTEM 02



108311

- Remove:
  - the locking motor bolt (9) .

- the locking motor (10) .

### REFITTING

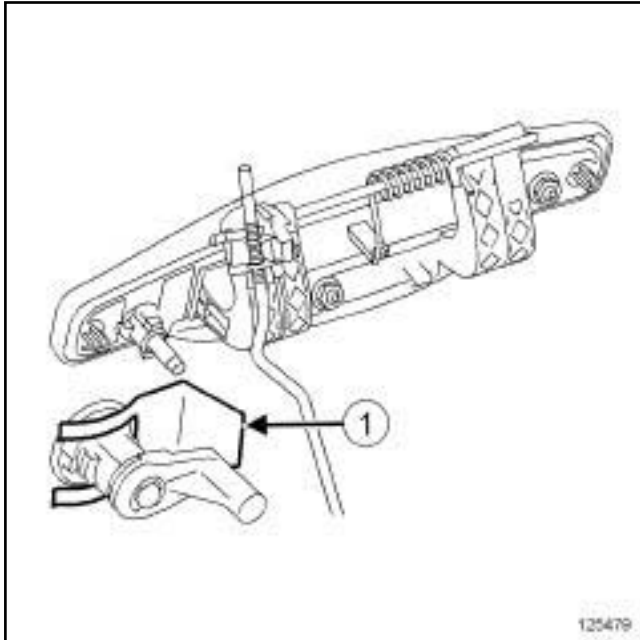
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Refit the front side door impact padding (see **Front side door impact padding: Removal - Refitting**) (59A, Safety accessories).
- Carry out a function test.

**REMOVAL**

**I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

**II - REMOVAL OPERATION**



- Remove:
  - the fork (1) ,
  - the front side door lock barrel.

**REFITTING**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Carry out a function test on the front side door lock barrel.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Exterior door handle: Removal - Refitting

# 51A

### Tightening torques

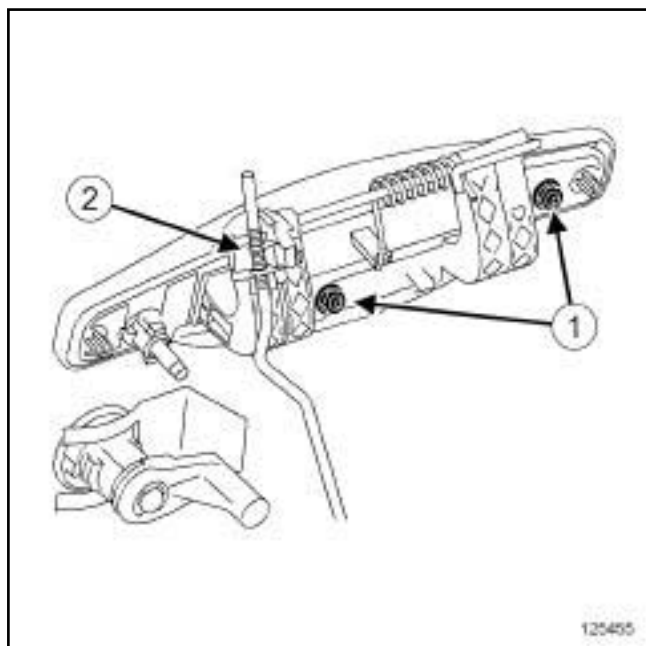
the nuts of the exterior door handle	<b>7 N.m</b>
--------------------------------------	--------------

## REMOVAL

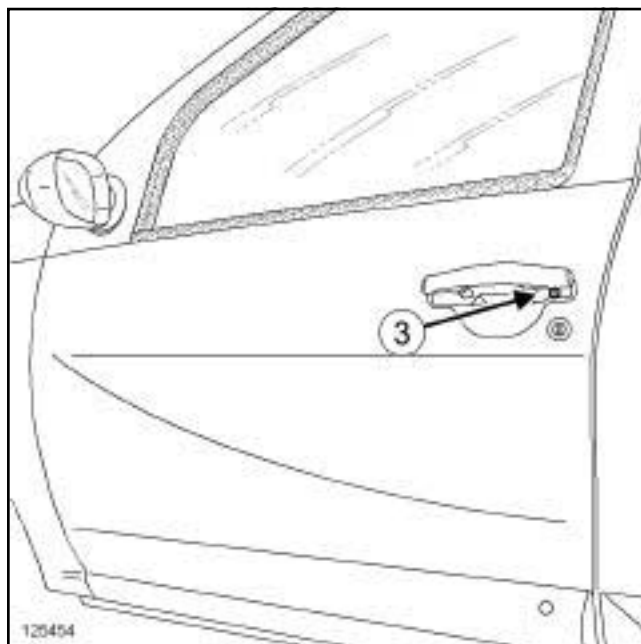
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Remove the front door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim) or the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- ❑ Remove nuts (1) .
- ❑ Unclip the opening control linkage from the clip (2) .



125454

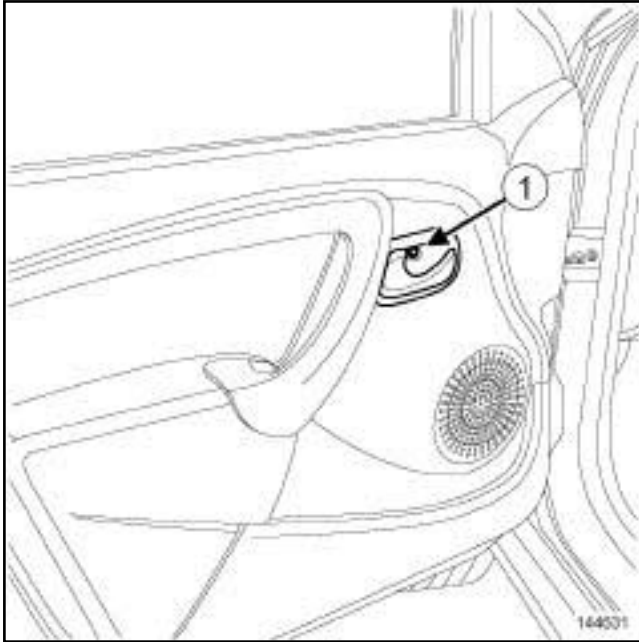
- ❑ Remove:
  - the bolt (3) ,
  - the door exterior handle.

## REFITTING

- ❑ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- ❑ Torque tighten **the nuts of the exterior door handle (7 N.m)**
- ❑ Carry out a function test.

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION



144631

Remove:

- the bolt (1) ,
- the front side door interior handle.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

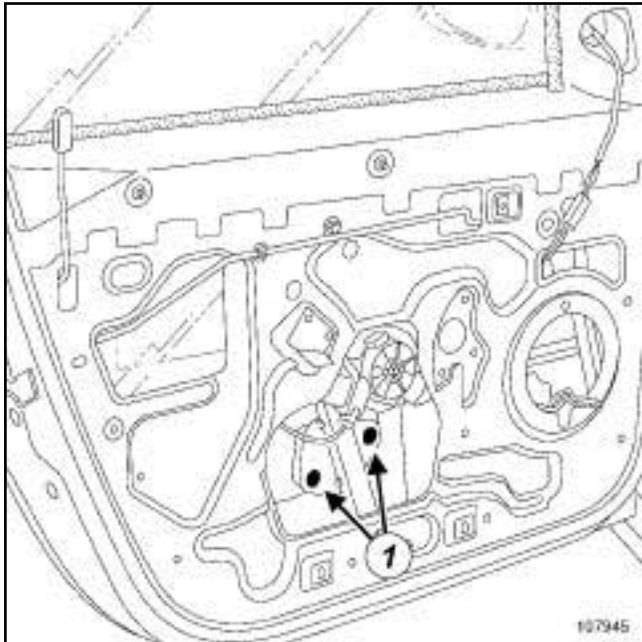
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

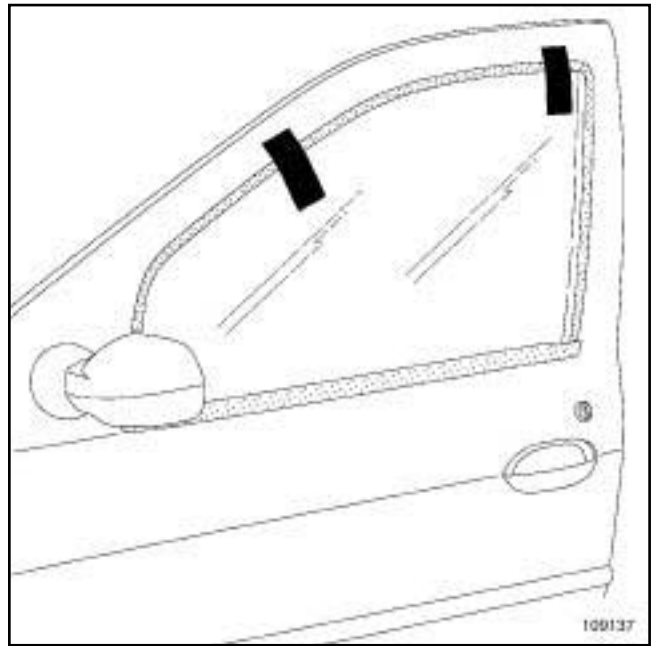
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Lower the window.



107945

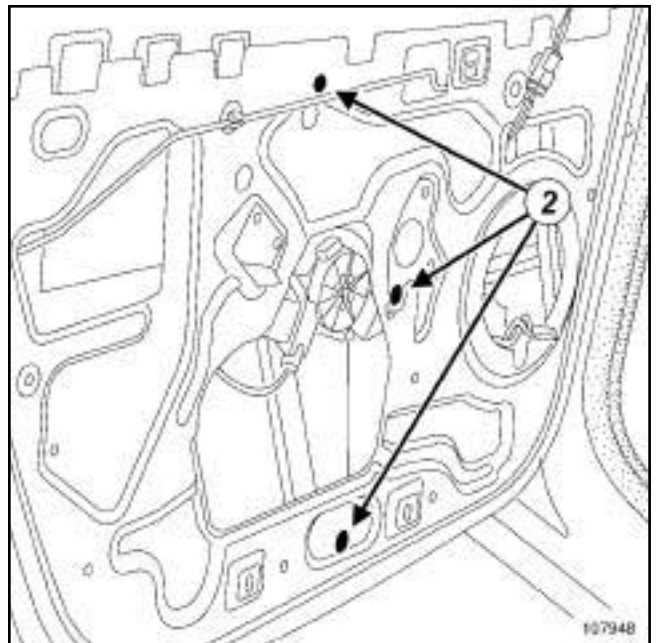
- Remove the bolts (1)
- Raise the window fully.



109137

109137

- Keep the window in the raised position using adhesive tape.



107948

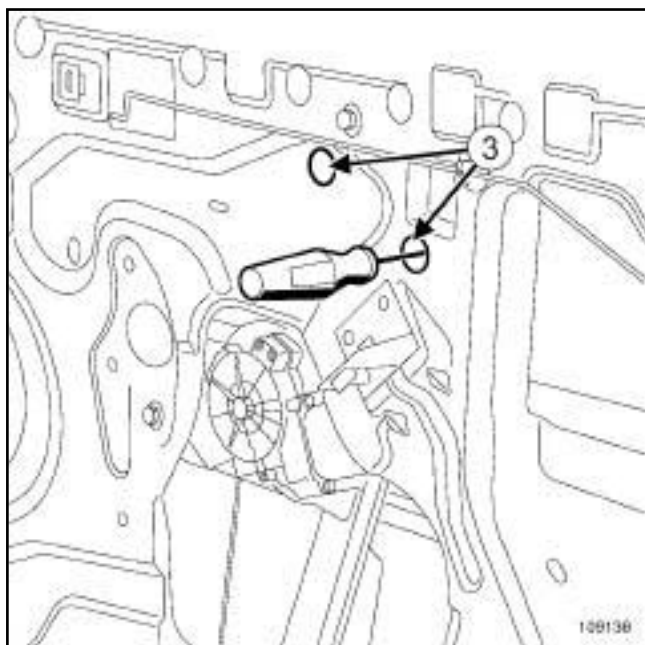
107948

- Remove nuts (2) .
- Disconnect the electric window motor connector.
- Remove the window winder mechanism.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the window lift mechanism.
- Connect the electric window motor connector.
- Refit the nuts **(2)**.
- Position the sliding window.
- Refit the bolts **(1)** without tightening them.
- Raise the window.



- Tighten the bolts **(1)** through the holes **(3)** .

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Carry out a function test.
- Refit the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

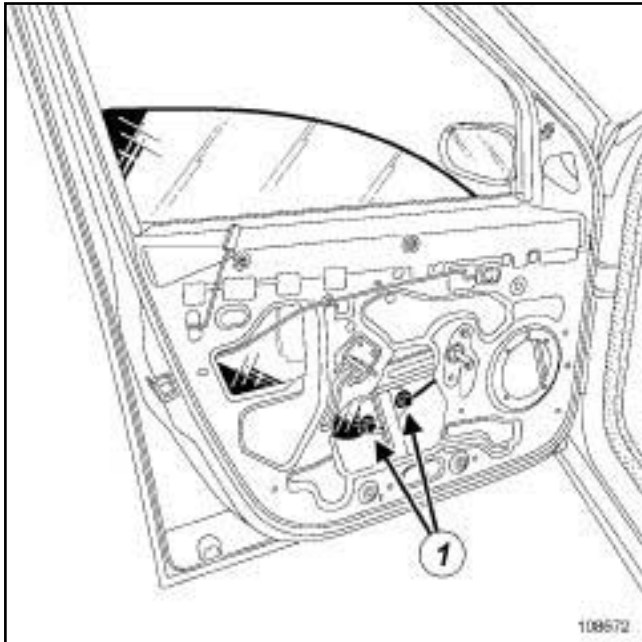
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

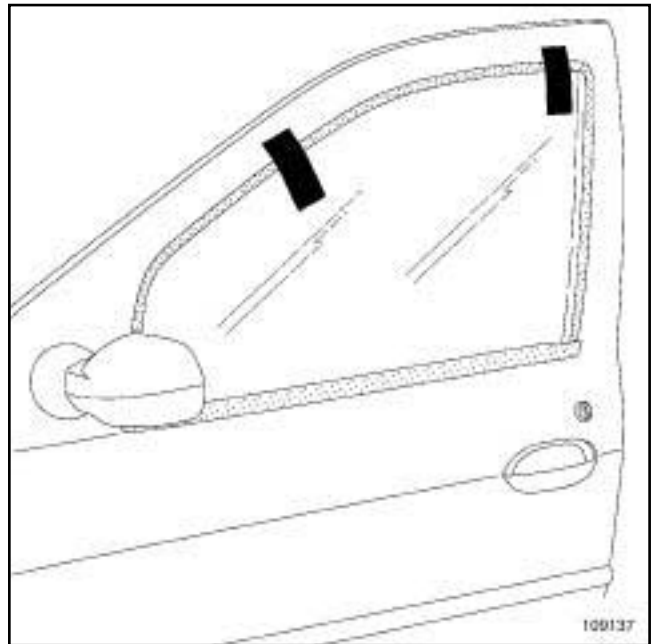
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Lower the window.



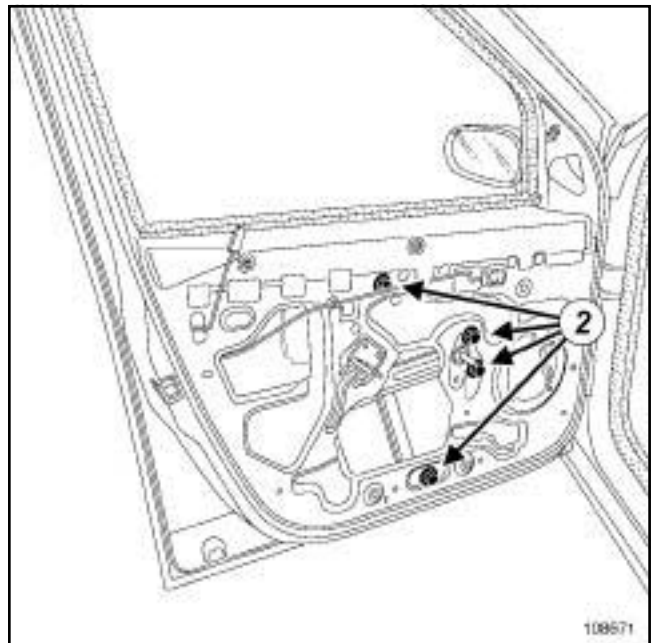
108672

- Remove the bolts (1) .
- Raise the window fully.



109137

- Keep the window in the raised position using adhesive tape.



108671

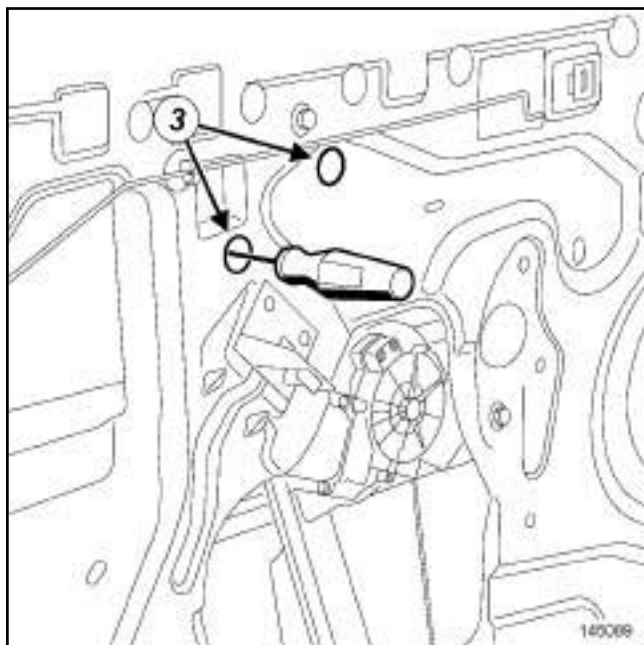
- Remove nuts (2) .
- Remove the window winder mechanism.



### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Fit the window winder mechanism.
- Refit the nuts **(2)**.
- Position the sliding window.
- Refit the bolts **(1)** without tightening them.
- Raise the sliding window.



145089

- Tighten the bolts **(1)** through the holes **(3)**.

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Carry out a function test.
- Refit the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Rear side door striker panel: Removal - Refitting

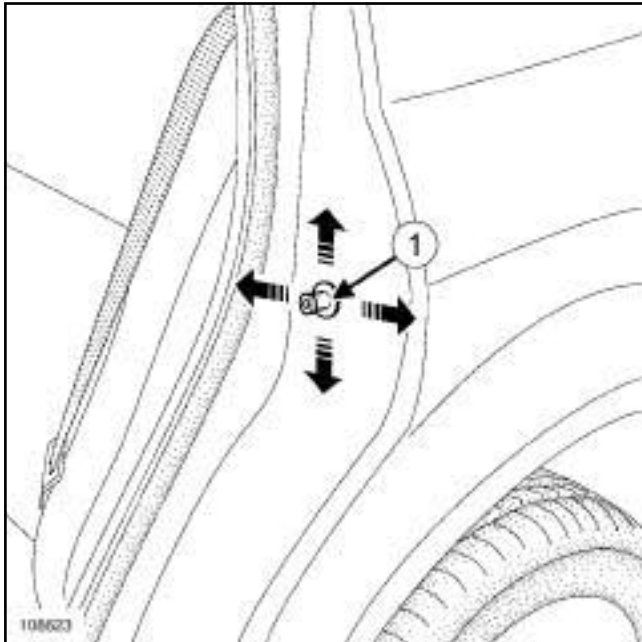
# 51A

### Tightening torques

rear side door striker panel	21 N.m
------------------------------	--------

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION

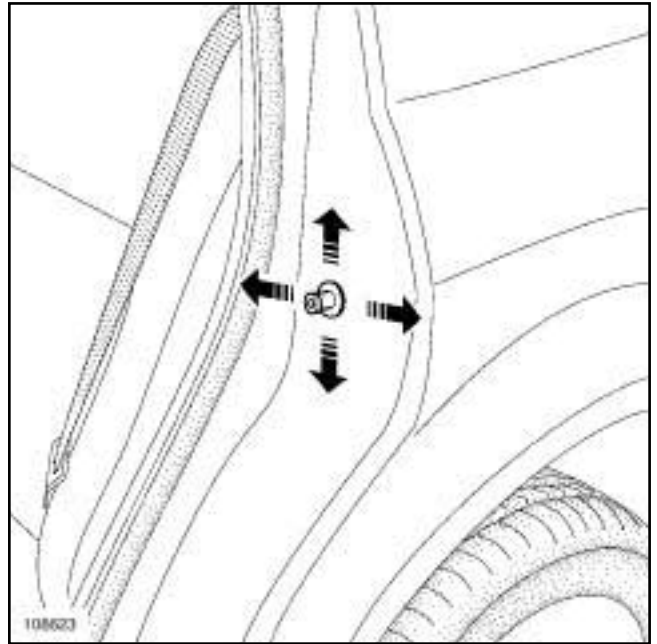


108623

- Remove the rear side door striker panel (1) .

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION



108623

- Refit the rear side door striker panel.
- Adjust the rear side door striker panel.
- Check whether it is possible to close the door.
- Torque tighten the **rear side door striker panel (21 N.m)**.

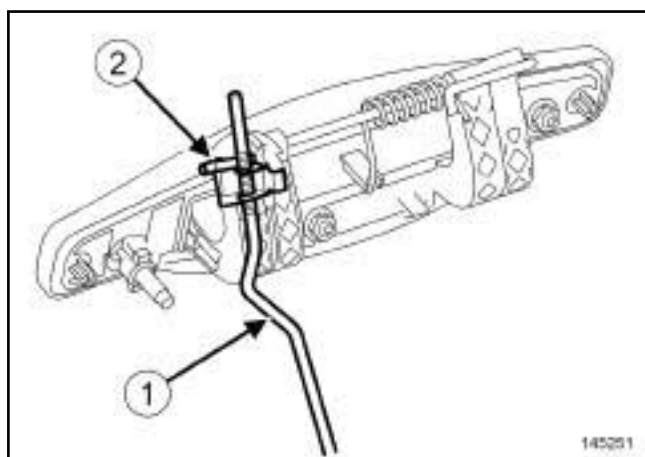
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

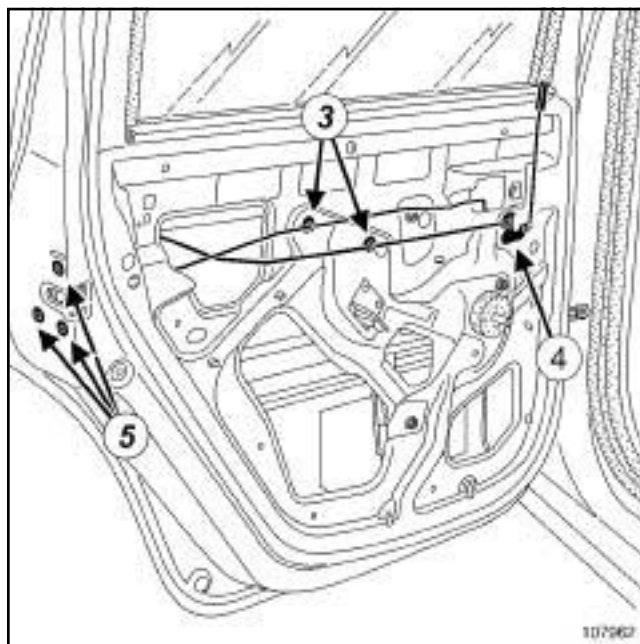
Remove:

- the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim),
- the support of the rear side door run channel (see **51A, Side opening element mechanisms, Front side door slide mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 51A-21) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Unclip the exterior opening control linkage (1) from the clip (2) on the exterior door handle.

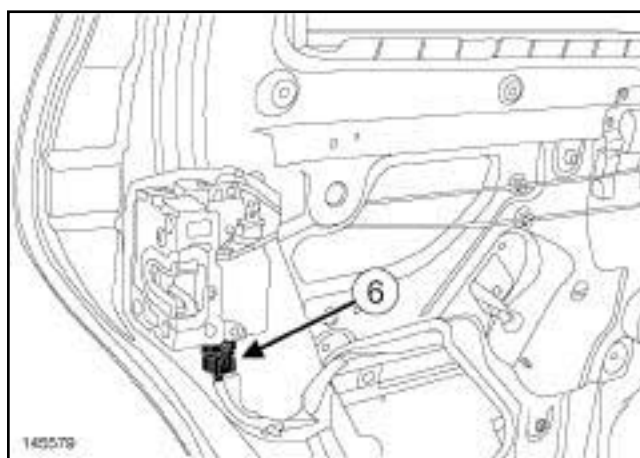


Unclip:

- the control linkages at (3) ,
- the control linkage support (4) ,

- Remove the bolts (5) from the rear side door lock.

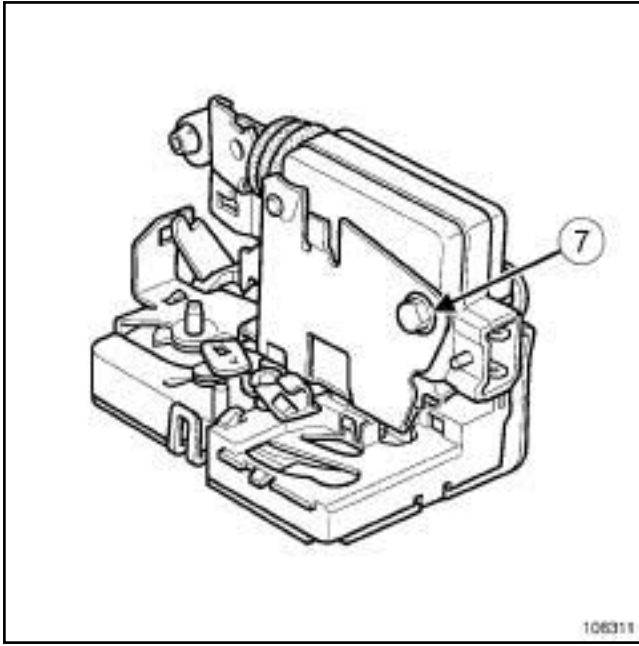
#### DOOR OPENING SYSTEM 02



- Disconnect the connector (6) from the rear side door lock.

- Remove the "rear side door lock - control linkages" assembly.

### DOOR OPENING SYSTEM 02



108311

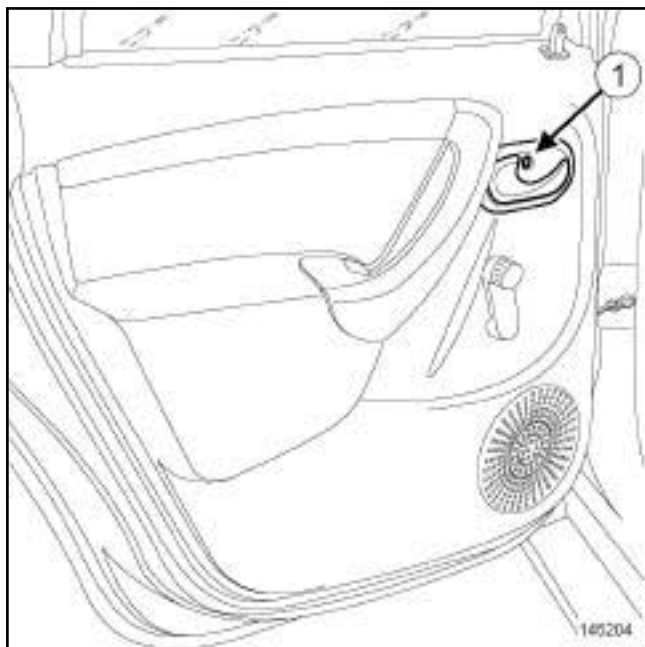
- Remove:
  - the bolt (7) ,
  - the lock motor.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Carry out a function test.

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove:
  - the bolt (1) ,
  - the rear side door interior handle.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### MANUAL REAR WINDOW

#### REMOVAL

##### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).

##### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Lower the window.



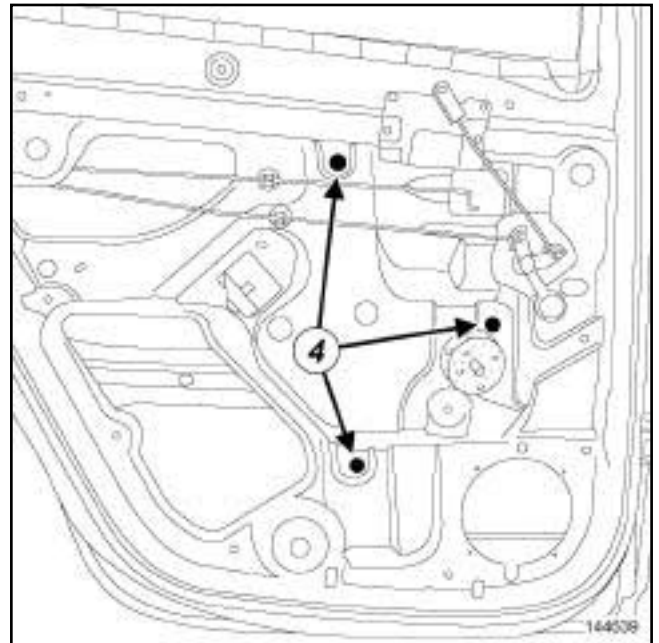
144640

- Remove the bolts (2) .
- Raise the window fully.



109142

- Keep the window in the raised position using adhesive tape.



144639

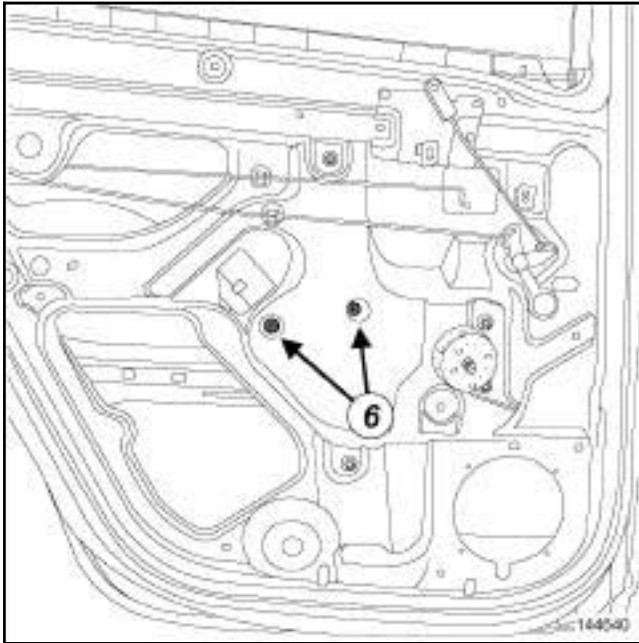
- Remove nuts (4) .
- Remove the rear side door manual window mechanism.

### MANUAL REAR WINDOW

#### REFITTING

##### I - REFITTING OPERATION

- Fit the rear side door manual window mechanism.
- Refit the nuts of the rear side door manual window mechanism.
- Position the rear side door sliding window.



144640

- Refit the sliding window bolts through the holes (6) .

##### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Carry out a function test.
- Refit the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).

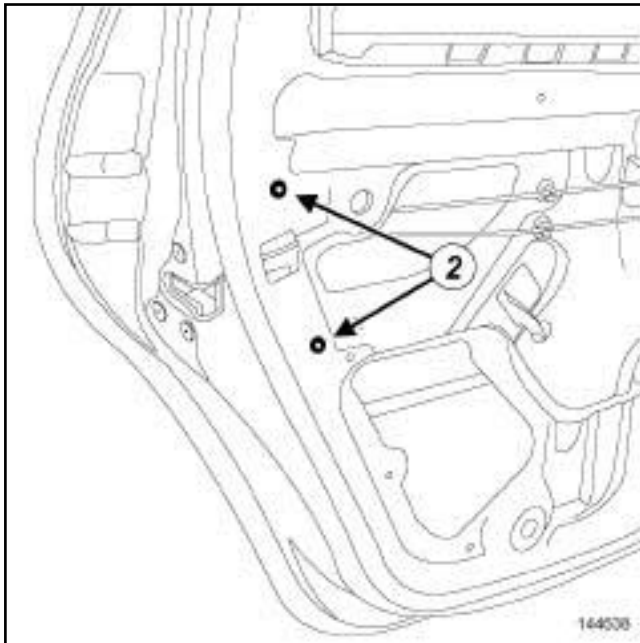
### REFITTING

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).

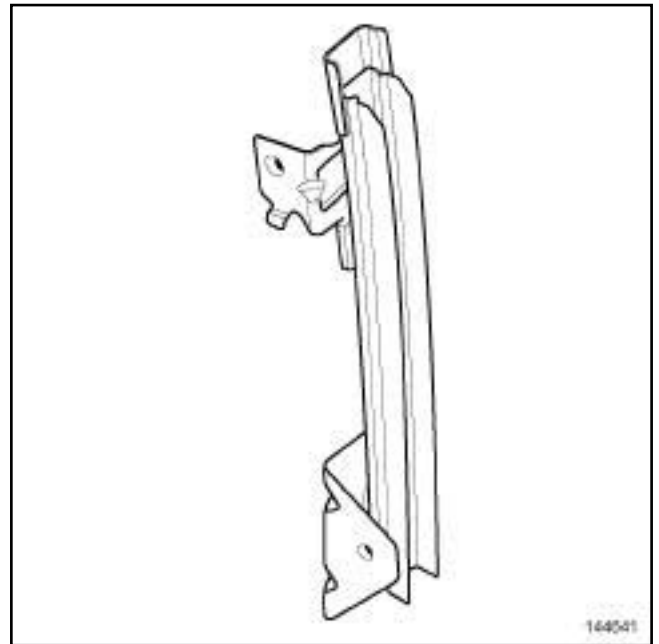
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Partially remove the glass run channel from its mounting.



144638

- Remove the bolts (2) .



144641

144641

- Remove the mounting of the rear side door run channel.

### REFITTING

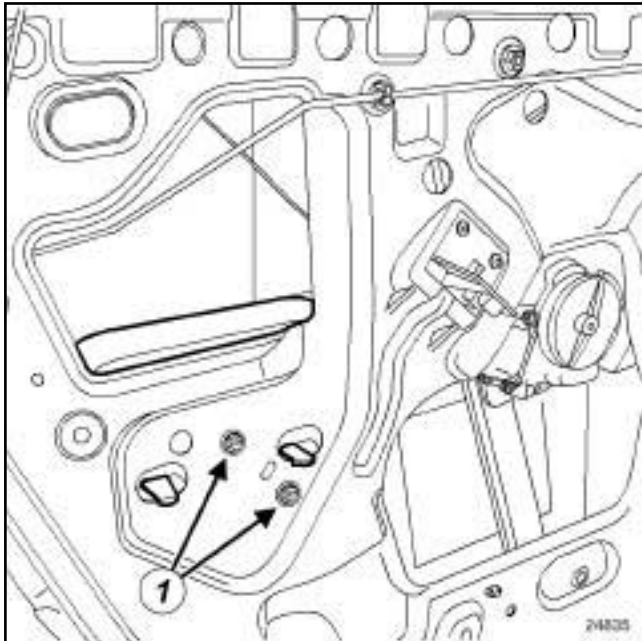
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

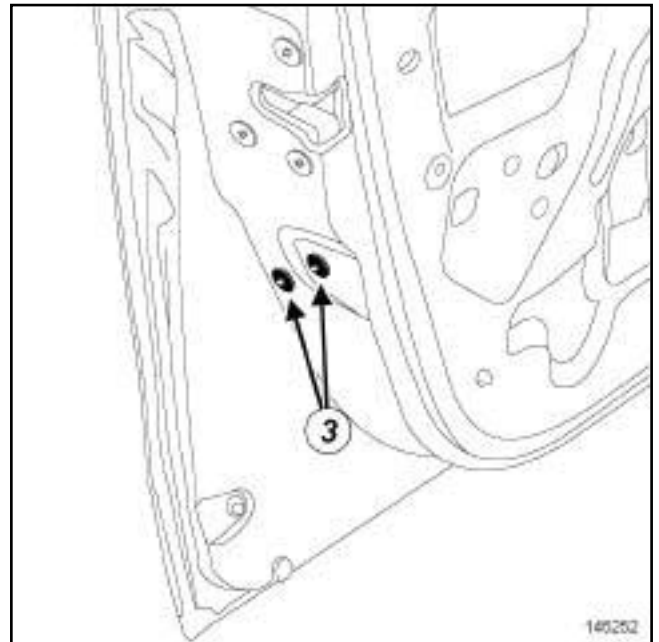
- Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).



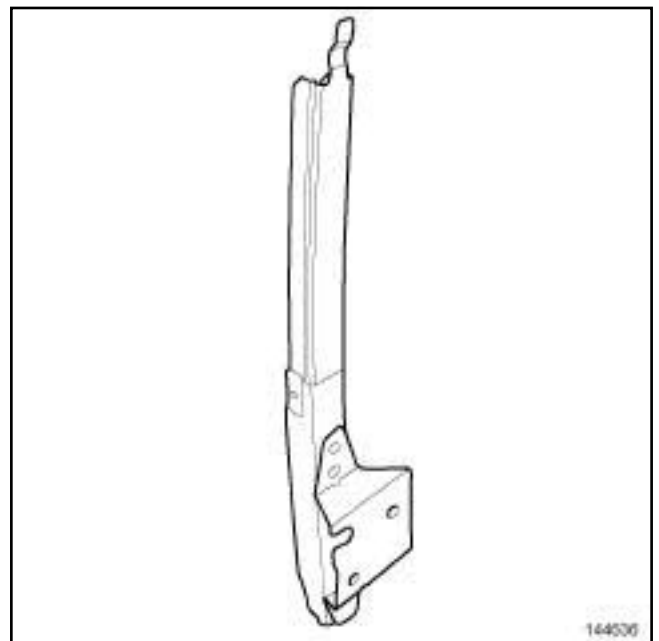
- Remove the bolts (1) from the impact padding without extracting it.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Partially remove the glass run channel from its mounting.



- Remove the bolts (3) .



- Remove the support of the front side door run channel.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the front side door impact padding (see **Front side door impact padding: Removal - Refitting**) (59A, Safety accessories).

### FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### REMOVAL

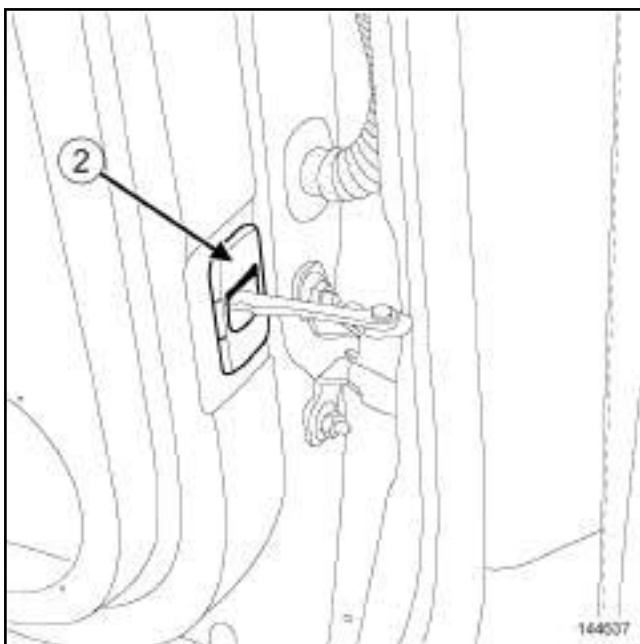
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Remove the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- ❑ Remove the bolt (1) from the rear side door check strap.



- ❑ Remove the rear side door check strap seal (2) .



- ❑ Remove the bolts (3) .
- ❑ Remove the rear side door check strap from inside the rear side door box section.

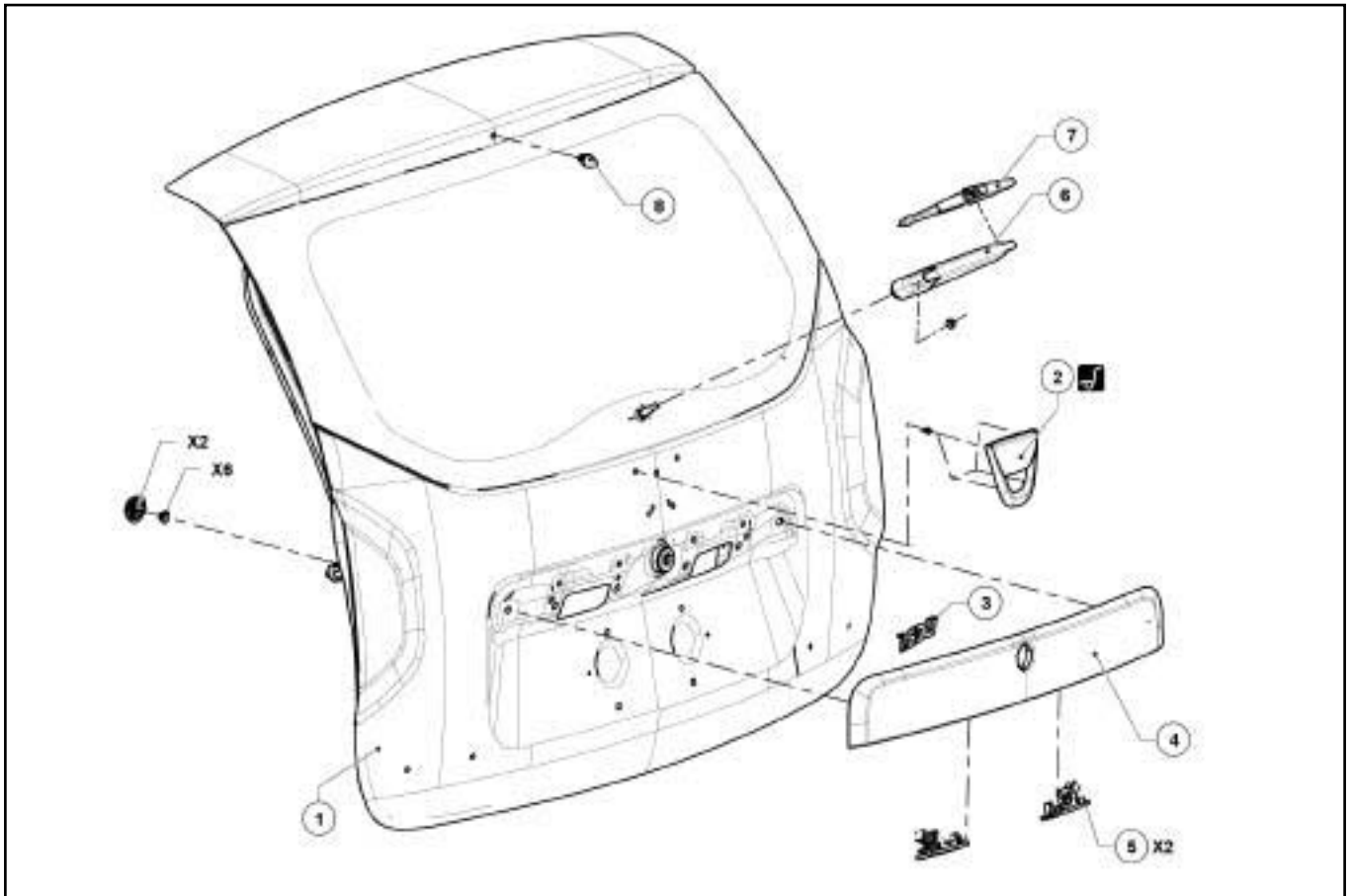
#### REFITTING

- ❑ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

Exterior rear opening element assembly: Exploded view

# 52A



146094

(see Illustration key: Description) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

# NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Exterior rear opening element assembly: Exploded view

# 52A

I

Mark	Description	Information
1	Bonnet	Material: Steel  (see <b>Bonnet: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (48A, Non-side opening elements).  (see <b>Steel bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b> ) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for panels).
2	Front bumper	Material: P/E  (see <b>55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 55A-8)  (see <b>55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper assembly: Exploded view</b> , page 55A-1)  (see <b>Polypropylene bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b> ) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for plastic).  (see <b>Plastic material bodywork component: Repair</b> ) (50A, General information).
3	Bonnet hinge	
4	Front wing	Material: Steel  (see <b>Front wing: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (42A, Upper front structure).  (see <b>Steel bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b> ) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for panels).
5	Side pressure piece of front bumper	
6	Rivet of side pressure piece of front bumper	
7	Front section of sill panel extender	(see <b>56A, Exterior equipment, Exterior body side trim assembly: Exploded view</b> , page 56A-1)
8	Front wheel arch liner	Material: P/E
9	Fog light	(see <b>Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (80B Headlights).

# NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENT MECHANISMS

## Exterior rear opening element assembly: Exploded view

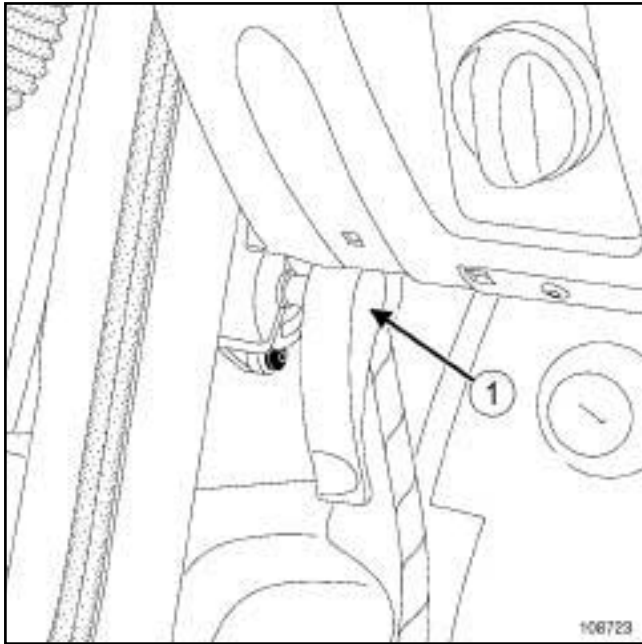
# 52A

Mark	Description	Information
10	Side indicator	(see <b>Side indicator: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (80B Headlights).
11	Headlight	(see <b>Headlight assembly: Exploded view</b> ) (80B Headlights).

|

**REMOVAL**

**REMOVAL OPERATION**



- Remove the bonnet release control (1) .

**REFITTING**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### Tightening torques

bonnet catch nuts	21 N.m
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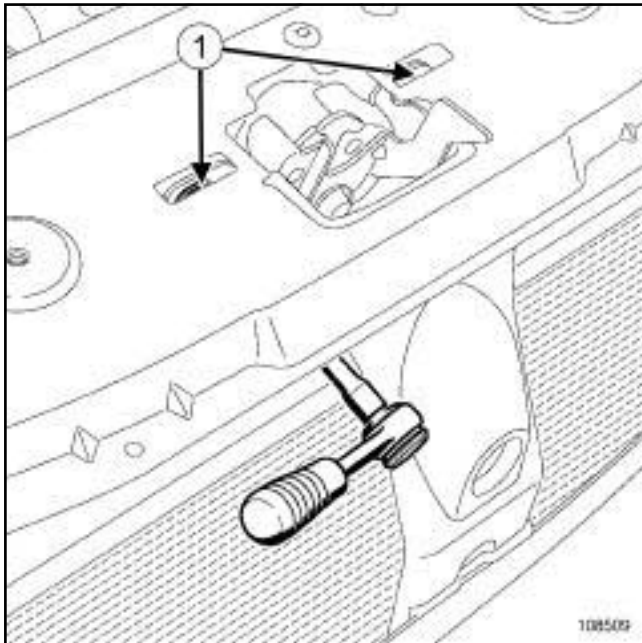
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

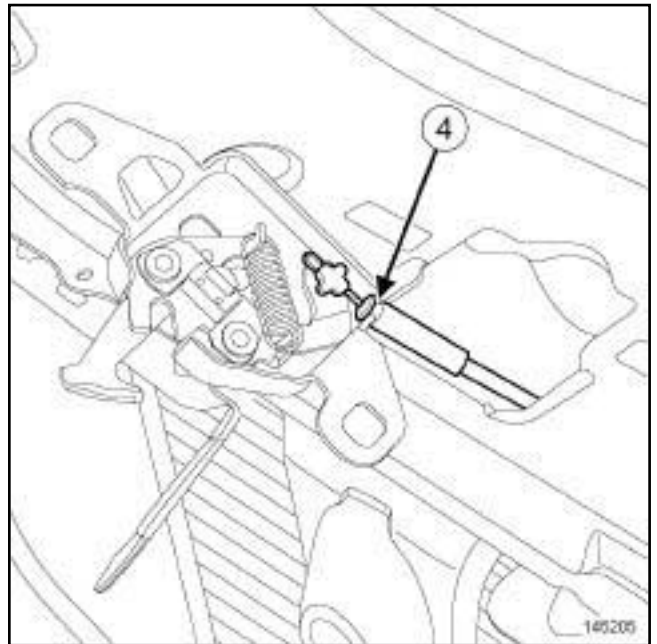
Remove:

- the front bumper (see **55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**, page 55A-8)
- ,
- the air deflector.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove nuts (1) .



145205

- Remove the bonnet catch.
- Remove the opening release cable (4) .

## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Torque tighten the **bonnet catch nuts (21 N.m)**.
- Carry out a function test.



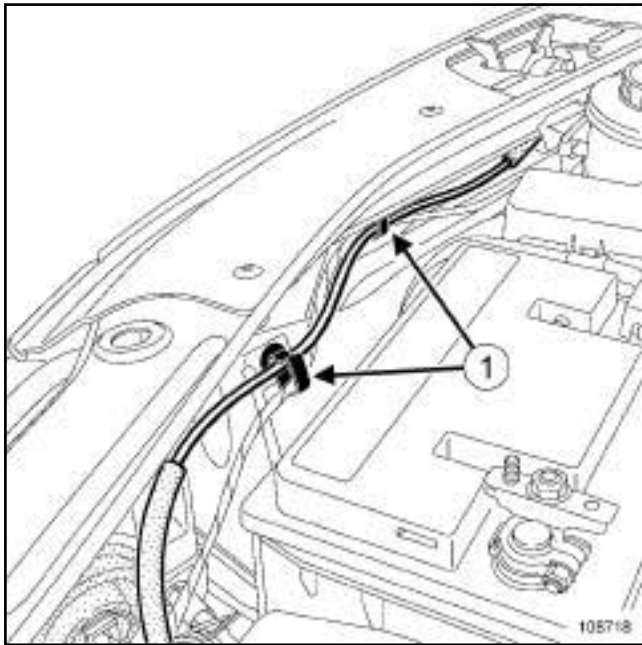
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the front bumper (see **55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**, page **55A-8**) ,
  - the bonnet catch (see **52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms, Bonnet lock: Removal - Refitting**, page **52A-5**) ,
  - the bonnet release catch (see **52A, Non-side opening element mechanisms, Bonnet release control: Removal - Refitting**, page **52A-4**) .

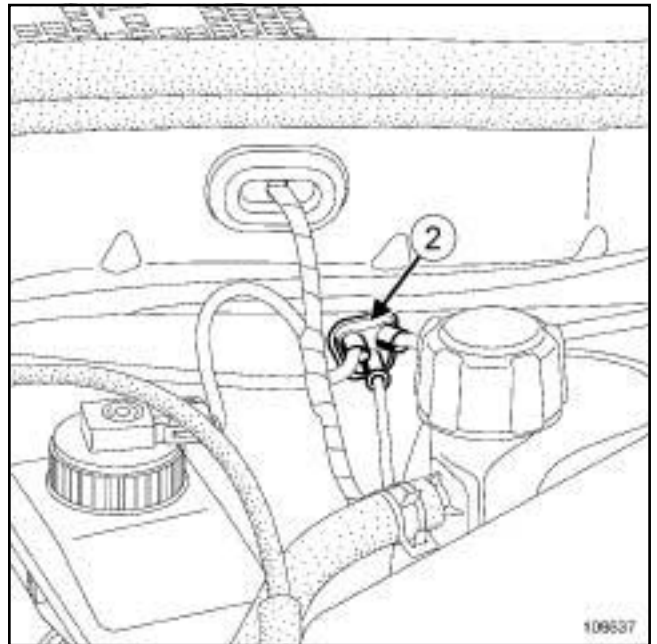
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Note the route of the bonnet release cable.



108718

- Unclip the bonnet opening cable at (1) .
- Remove the remote headlight beam adjustment control cables (see **Remote headlight beam adjustment control: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals).



109637

108637

- Remove the blanking piece cable (2) .
- Remove the bonnet release cable from inside the vehicle.

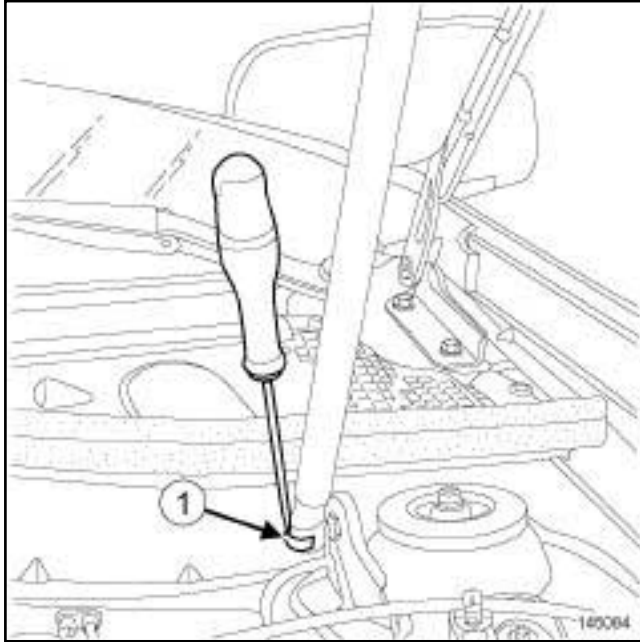
#### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- Carry out a function test.

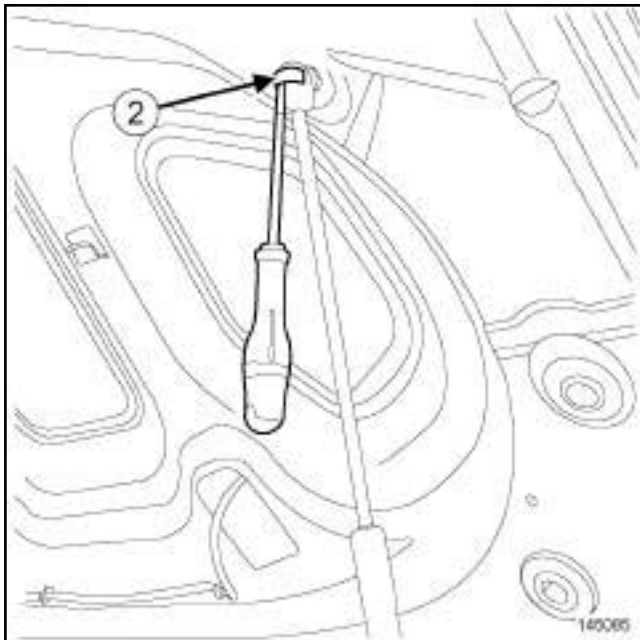
## Bonnet strut: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION



145084



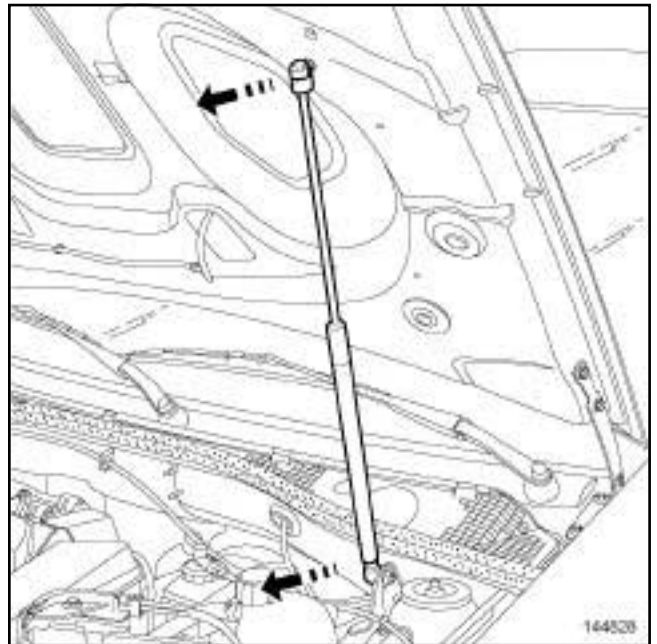
145085

□

#### WARNING

The strut is fitted in such a way as to prevent leaks. Note the strut's direction of fitting (position of the body and cylinder rod) before removing it, in order to refit the strut identically.

□ Unclip the clips (1) and (2) without removing them.



144828

□ Remove the bonnet strut while holding the bonnet.

#### REFITTING

- Position the clips on the bonnet strut.
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal

### Tightening torques

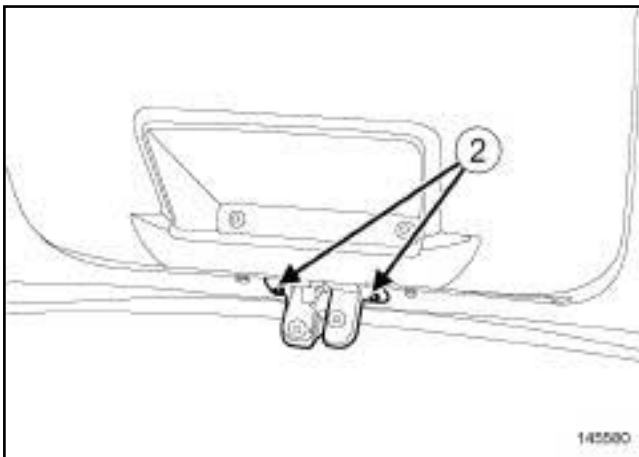
tailgate lock bolts	8 N.m
---------------------	-------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

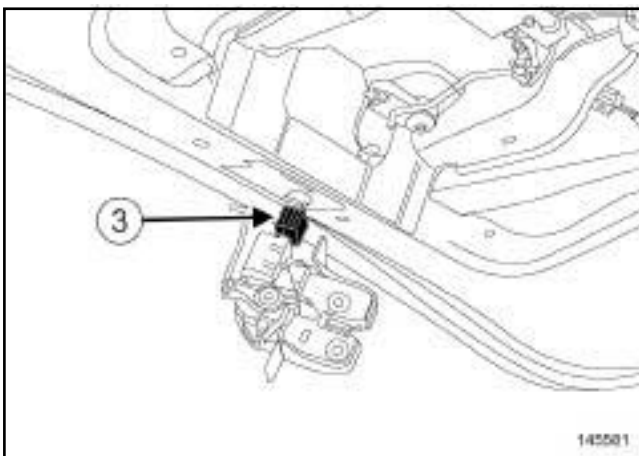
- Remove the tailgate trim (see **Tailgate trim: Removal - Refitting**) (73A, Tailgate trim).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145580

- Remove:
  - the bolts (2) ,
  - the tailgate lock.
- Remove the tailgate lock control linkage.



145581

- Disconnect the tailgate lock connector (3) .

## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

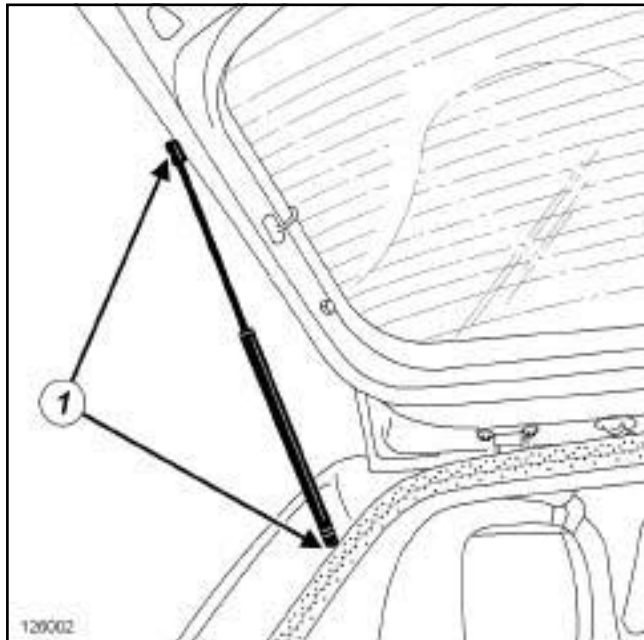
- Torque tighten the **tailgate lock bolts (8 N.m)**.
- Carry out a function test.

### REMOVAL

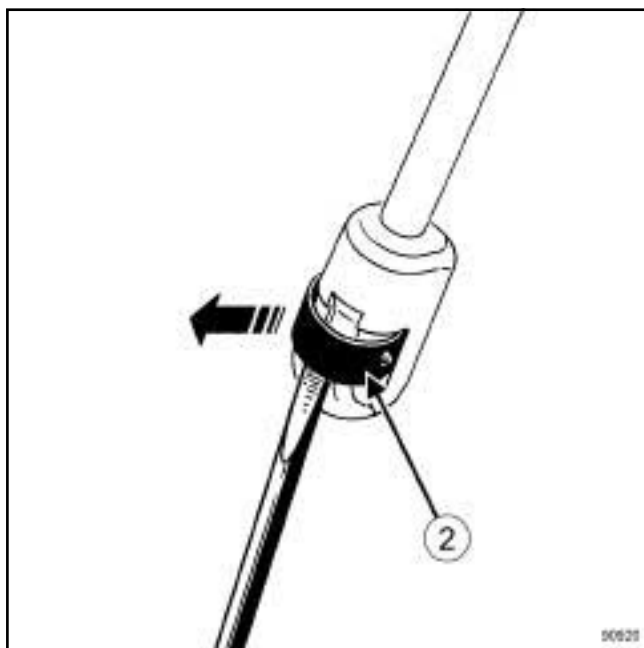
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Note the direction in which the tailgate gas strut is fitted before removal.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



126002



90920

- At (1) , unclip the clips (2) using a flat-blade screwdriver without removing them.
- Remove the tailgate strut while holding the tailgate.

### REFITTING

- Position the clips on the tailgate strut.
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### Tightening torques

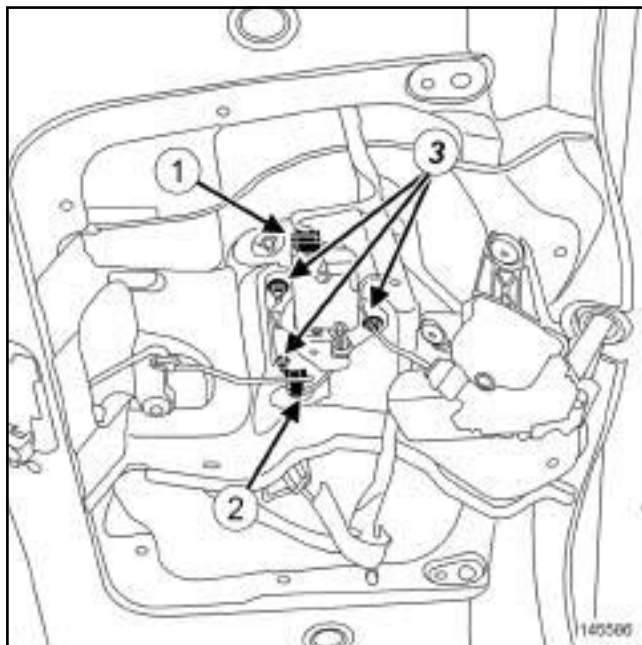
the bolts of the tailgate control	<b>8 N.m</b>
-----------------------------------	--------------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

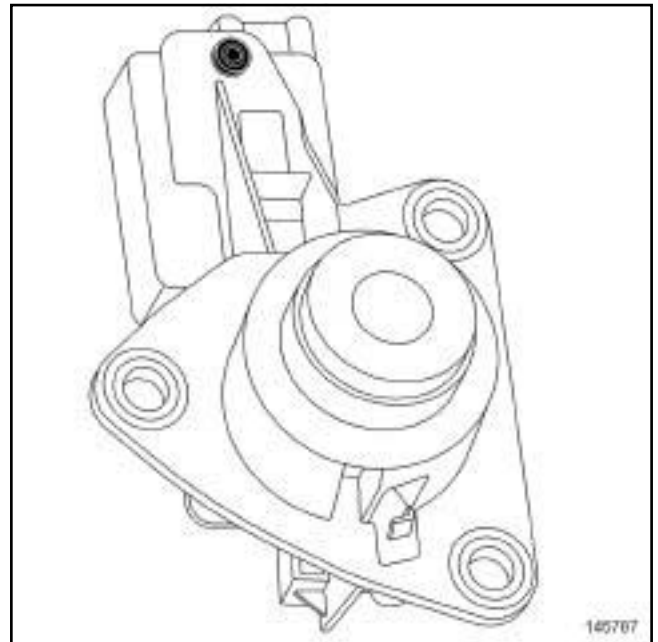
- Remove the tailgate trim (see **Tailgate trim: Removal - Refitting**) (73A, Non-side opening elements trim).

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145586

- Disconnect the connector (1) of the tailgate exterior opening control.
- Unclip the linkage of the tailgate exterior opening control at (2) using a screwdriver.
- Remove the bolts of the tailgate exterior opening control (3) .



145707

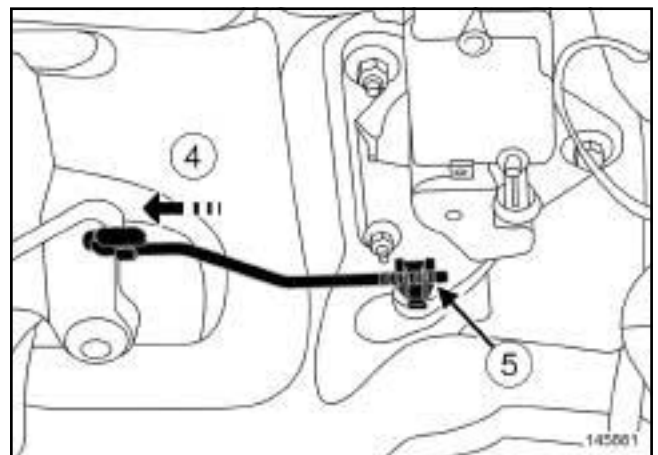
145787

- Remove the tailgate exterior opening control.

## REFITTING

### REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the tailgate exterior opening control.
- Torque tighten **the bolts of the tailgate control (8 N.m)**.



145881

- Pull the tailgate opening control linkage at (4) and clip on the linkage at (5) .
- Connect the tailgate opening control connector.
- Carry out a function test.

### FINAL OPERATION

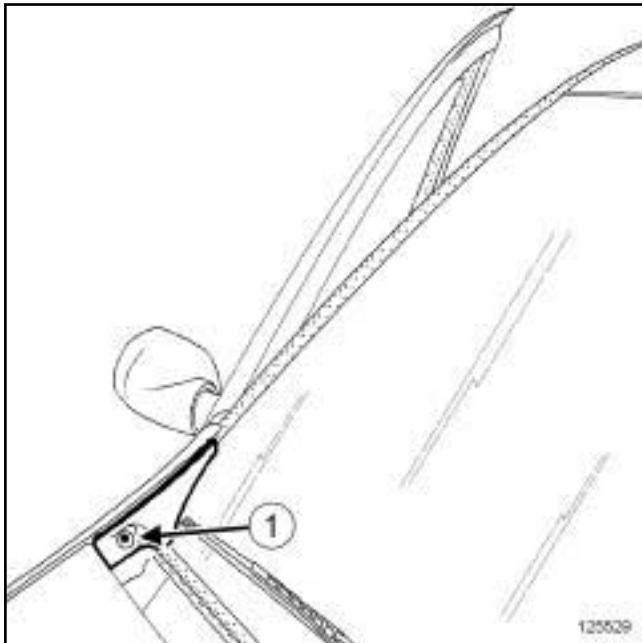
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

❑ Remove:

- the interior rear-view mirror (see **57A, Interior equipment, Interior rear-view mirror: Removal - Refitting**, page **57A-12**) (57A, Interior equipment),
- the windscreen pillar trims (see **Windscreen pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).



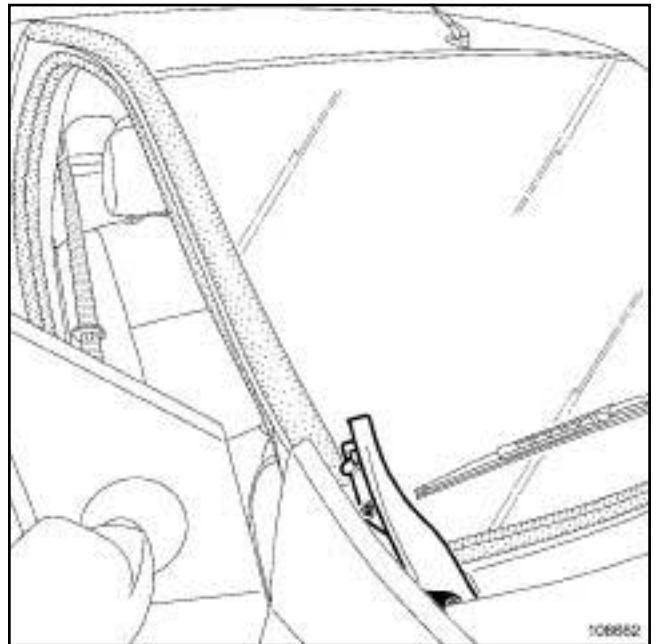
125529

❑ Remove the bolt (1) .



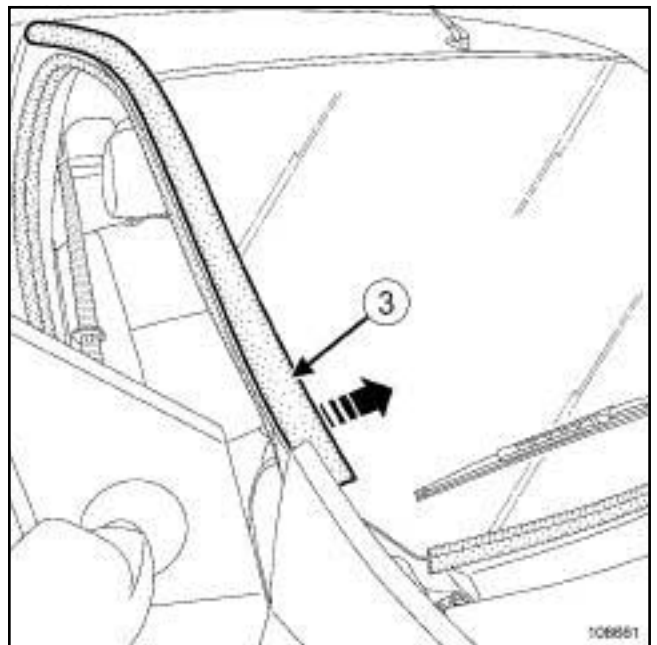
108663

❑ Unclip the trim (2) .



108662

❑ Remove the trim.



108661

❑ Partially remove the seals (3) .

❑ Remove the windscreen wiper arms (see **Windscreen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing).

❑ Protect the windscreen surround and the headlining with masking tape.

H79

- Fit the tool on the dashboard.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

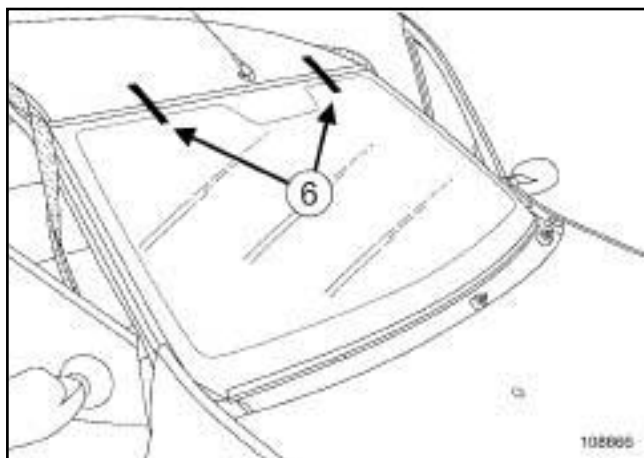
- Cut the cement bead (see **Technical Note 0560A**).
- Remove the windscreen (this operation requires two people).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Windscreen adjusting shim**
- Fit new shims and retaining stops.
- For preparation and bonding, (see **Technical Note 0560A**).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION



108666

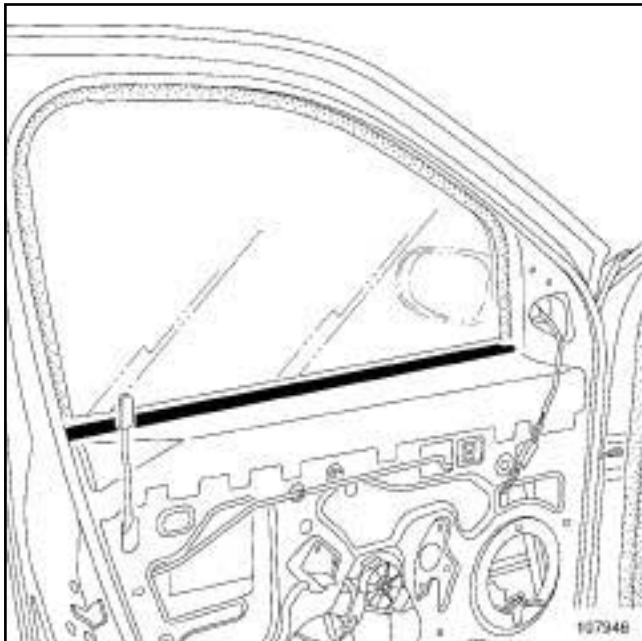
- Bond the windscreen (this operation requires two people).
- Respect the following clearances and flush fitting:
  - « windscreen - roof »
  - « windscreen - windscreen pillar »
- Stick on strips of masking tape (**6**) to hold the windscreen in position while the cement is drying.
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

## Front side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting

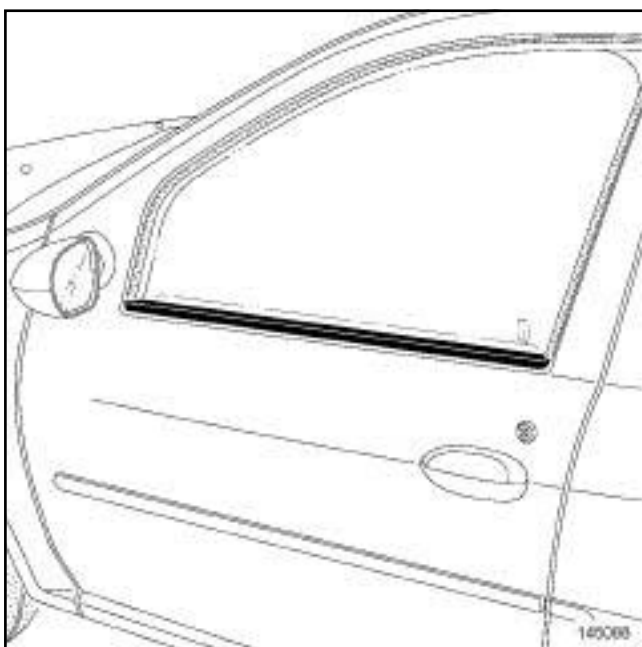
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

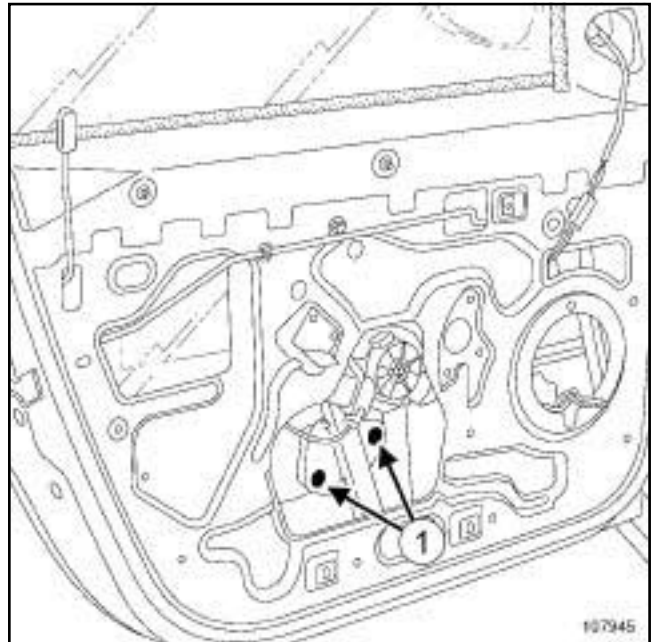


- ❑ Remove the interior weatherstrip.
- ❑ Lower the window.



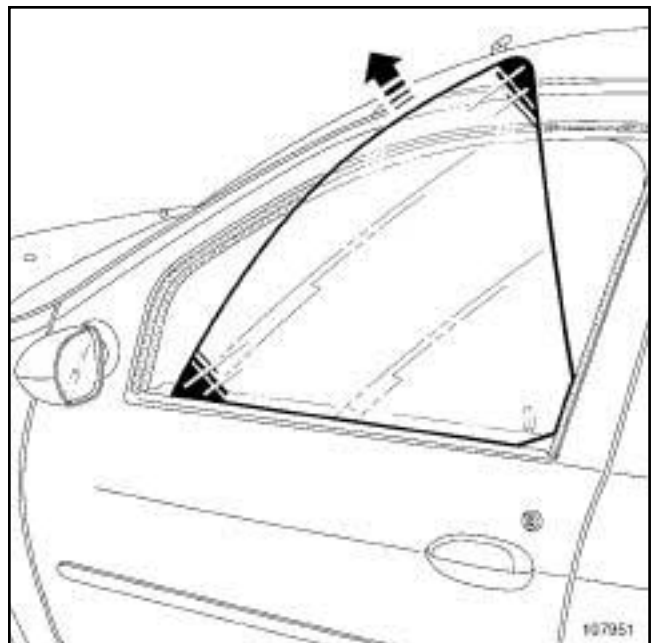
- ❑ Remove the exterior weatherstrip.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



107945

- ❑ Remove the bolts (1) .



107951

- ❑ Remove the window.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

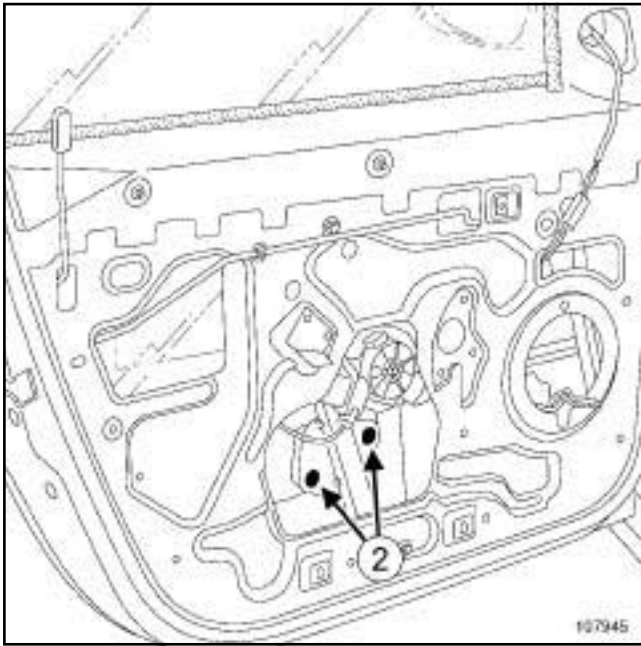
- ❑ **parts always to be replaced: front side opening element sliding window bolt**



## Front side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting

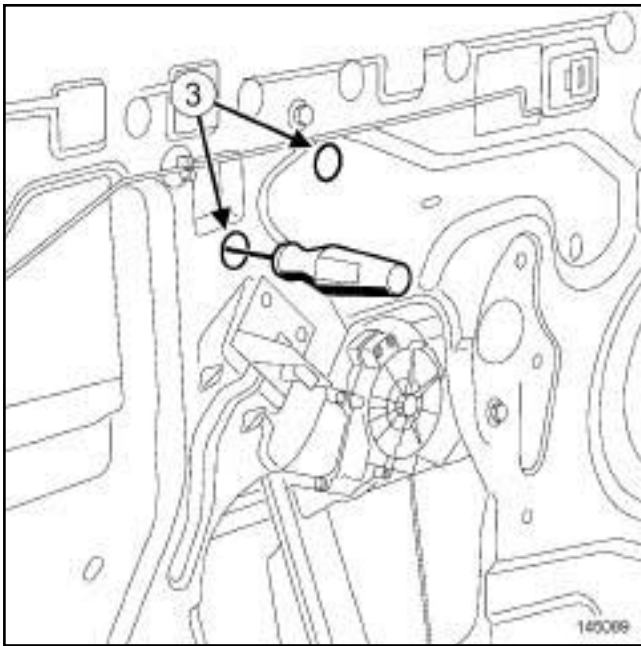
### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the window.



107945

- Refit the bolts (2) without tightening them.



145089

- Tighten the bolts (2) through the holes (3) .
- Carry out a function test.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

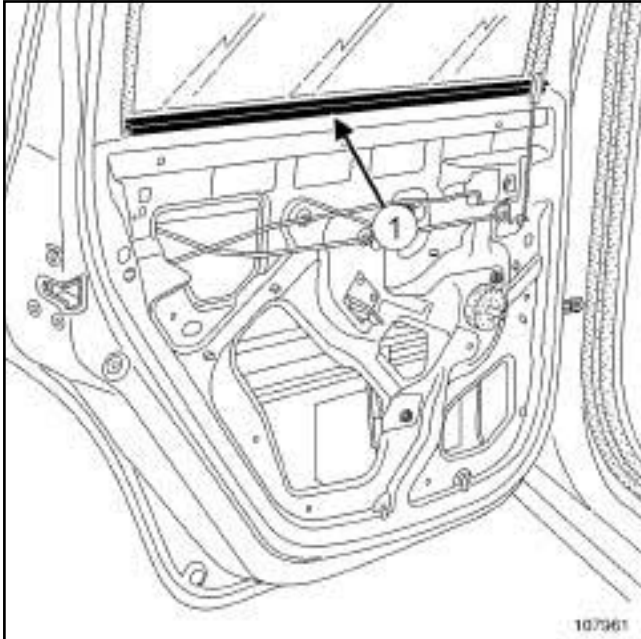
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

## Rear side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

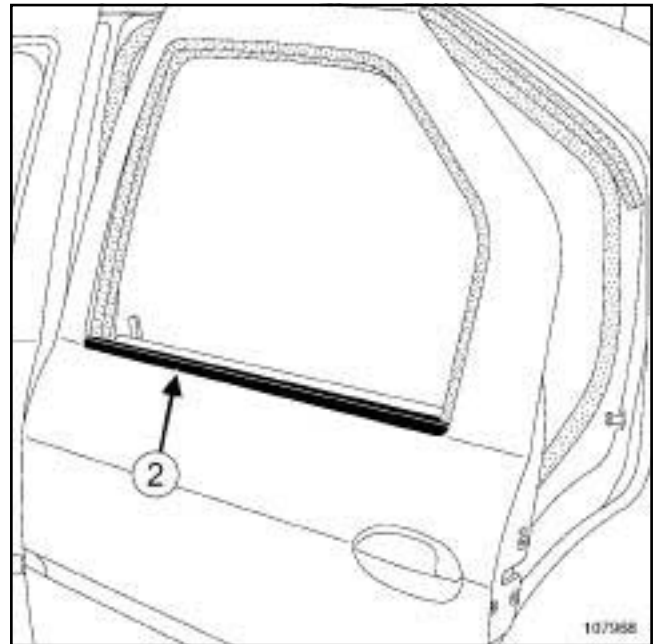
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).



107961

- Remove the interior weatherstrip (1) .
- Remove the channel from its mounting.
- Remove the channel mounting (see **51A, Side opening element mechanisms, Rear side door slide mounting: Removal - Refitting**, page 51A-20) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms).

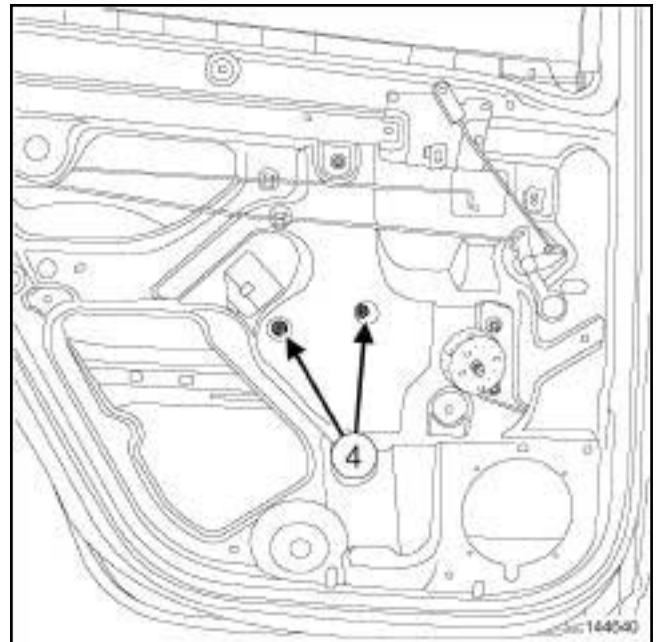


107968

107968

- Lower the window.
- Remove the exterior weatherstrip (2) .

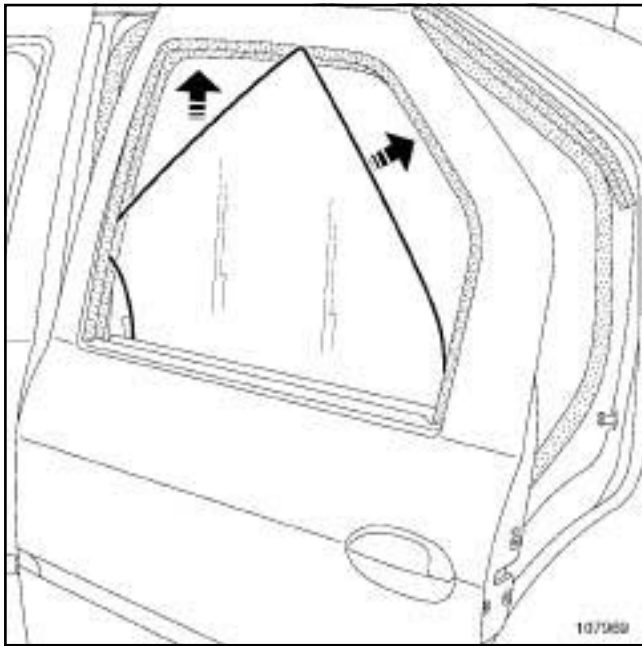
#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



144640

- Remove the bolts (4) .

## Rear side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting



107969

- Remove the window.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: rear side opening element sliding window bolt

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Refit the window.
- Refit the bolts (4).
- Carry out a function test.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

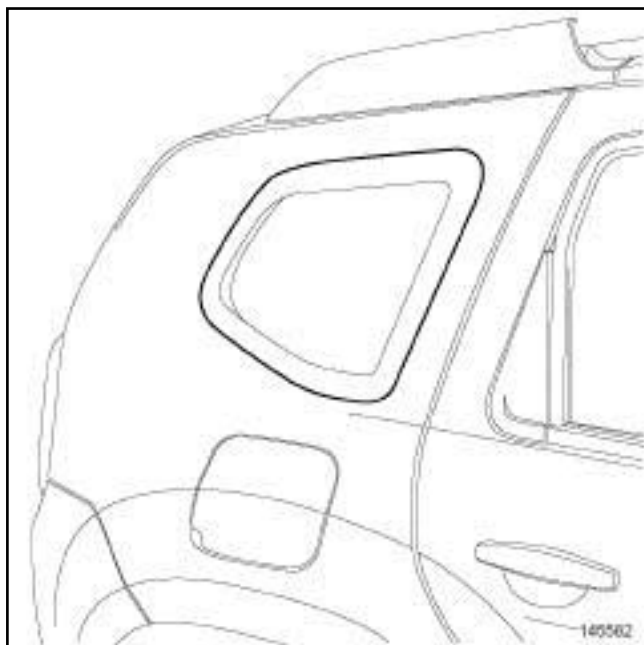
## Rear quarter panel window: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove (see **Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view**) :
  - the C-pillar trim,
  - the parcel shelf side trim,
  - the C-pillar upper trim.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145582

- Protect the edges of the quarter panel window using masking tape.
- Cut the cement bead (**see Technical Note 0560A**).
- Remove the rear quarter panel window (this operation requires two people).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Windscreen adjusting shim.**
- Fit new shims and retaining stops.
- For preparation and bonding (**see Technical Note 0560A**).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Bond the rear quarter panel window (this operation requires two people).

- Equal out the clearances and shut lines.
- Remove the tabs from the stops when the adhesive has dried.

#### III - FINAL OPERATION

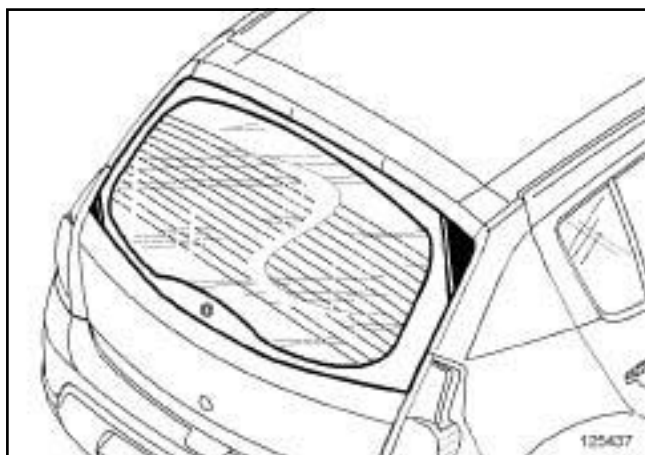
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the tailgate trim (see **Tailgate trim: Removal - Refitting**) (73A, Non-side opening elements trim),
  - the rear screen wiper arm (see **Rear screen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing),
  - the rear screen wiper motor (see **Rear screen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing),
  - the high level brake light (see **3rd brake light: Removal - Refitting**) (81A, Rear lighting).
- Disconnect the heated rear screen wiring harness.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



125437

- Protect the edges of the rear screen using masking tape.
- Cut the cement bead (see **Technical Note 0560A**).
- Remove the rear screen window (this operation requires two people).

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- parts always to be replaced: Rear screen adjusting shim**
- Refit the rear screen wiper motor (see **Rear screen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing) to act as a guide for positioning the rear screen.
- For preparation and bonding (see **Technical Note 0560A**).

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Bond the rear screen (two people are required for this operation).
- Equal out the clearances and shut lines.
- Remove the tabs from the stops once the adhesive has dried.

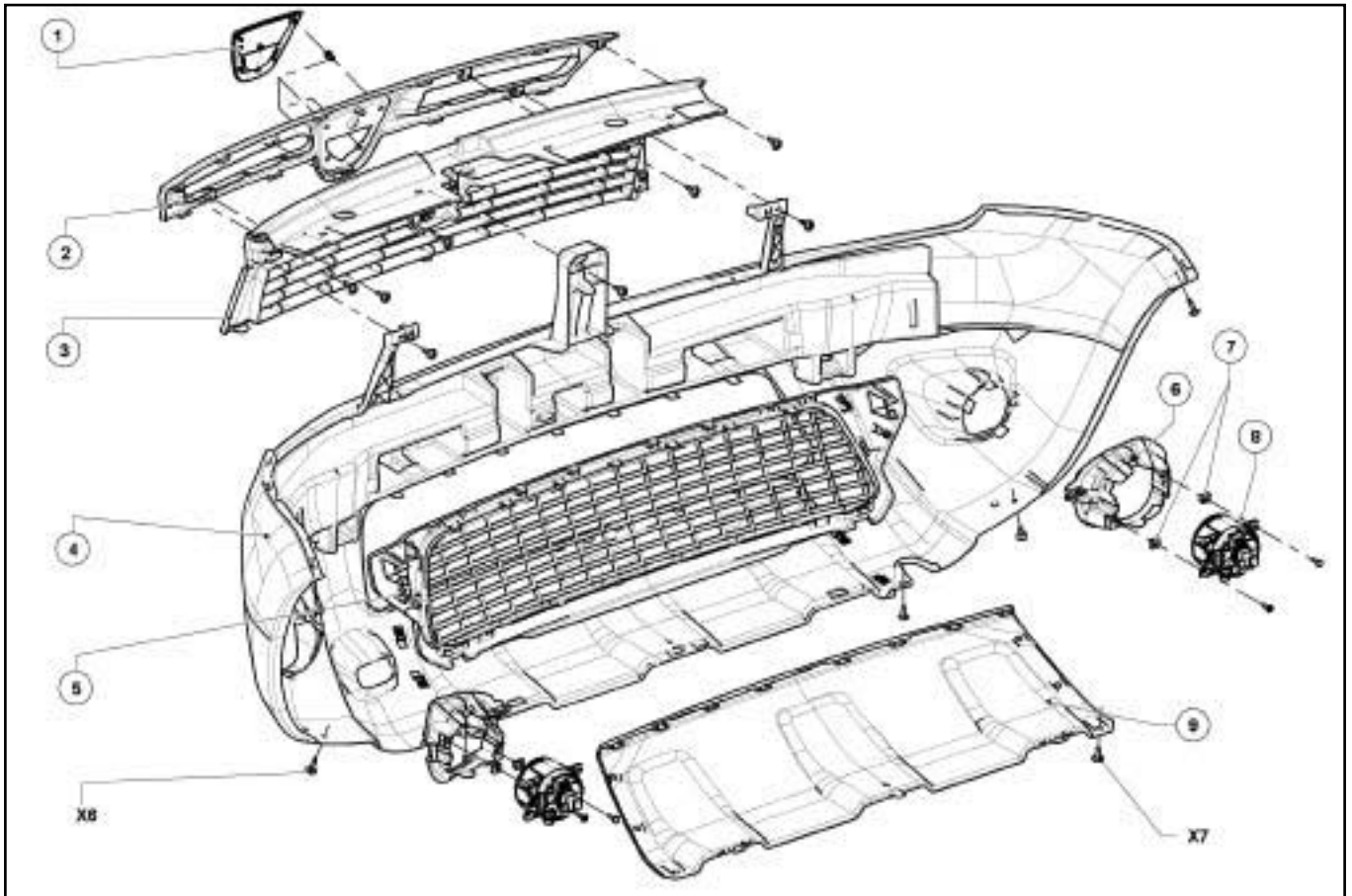
#### III - FINAL OPERATION

- Connect the heated rear screen wiring harness connectors.
- Refit:
  - the high level brake light (see **3rd brake light: Removal - Refitting**) (81A, Rear lighting),
  - the rear screen wiper arm (see **Rear screen wiper arm: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing),
  - the rear screen wiper blade (see **Rear screen wiper blade: Removal - Refitting**) (85A, Wiping - Washing),
  - the tailgate trim (see **Tailgate trim: Removal - Refitting**) (73A, Non-side opening elements trim).

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Front bumper assembly: Exploded view

# 55A



146092

(see **Illustration key: Description**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

Mark	Description	Information
1	Front badge	
2	Front bumper upper trim	Material: ABS
3	Radiator grille	Material: ASA
4	Front bumper	Material: P/E (see <b>55 A, Exterior protection, Front bumper: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 55A-8) (see <b>55 A, Exterior protection, Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view</b> , page 55A-5) (see <b>Polypropylene bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b> ) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for plastic). (see <b>Plastic material bodywork component: Repair</b> ) (50A, General information).

**EXTERIOR PROTECTION**  
**Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**

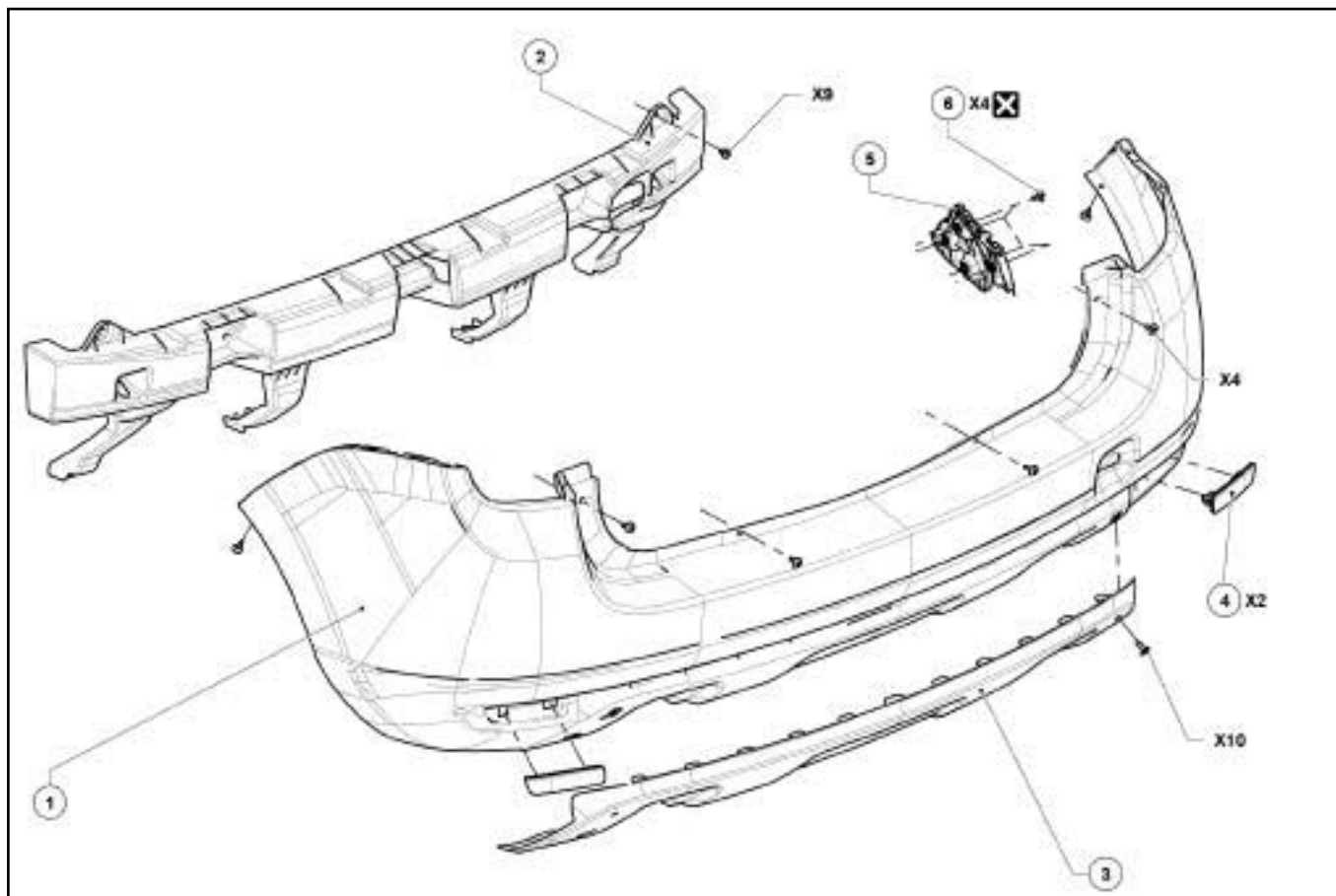
**55A**

<b>Mark</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Information</b>
5	Front bumper lower grille	Material: P/E+EPDM
6	Fog light mounting	
7	Fog light mounting clip	
8	Fog light	(see <b>Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (80B Headlights).
9	Front bumper centre trim	Material: P/E

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Rear bumper assembly: Exploded view

# 55A



146093

(see **Illustration key: Description**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

Mark	Description	Information
1	Rear bumper	Material: P/E (see <b>55A, Exterior protection, Rear bumper: Removal - Refitting</b> , page 55A-9) (see <b>Polypropylene bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b> ) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for plastic). (see <b>Plastic material bodywork component: Repair</b> ) (50A, General information).
2	Rear bumper absorber	
3	Rear bumper trim	Material: PP
4	Reflector	



**EXTERIOR PROTECTION**  
**Rear bumper assembly: Exploded view**

**55A**

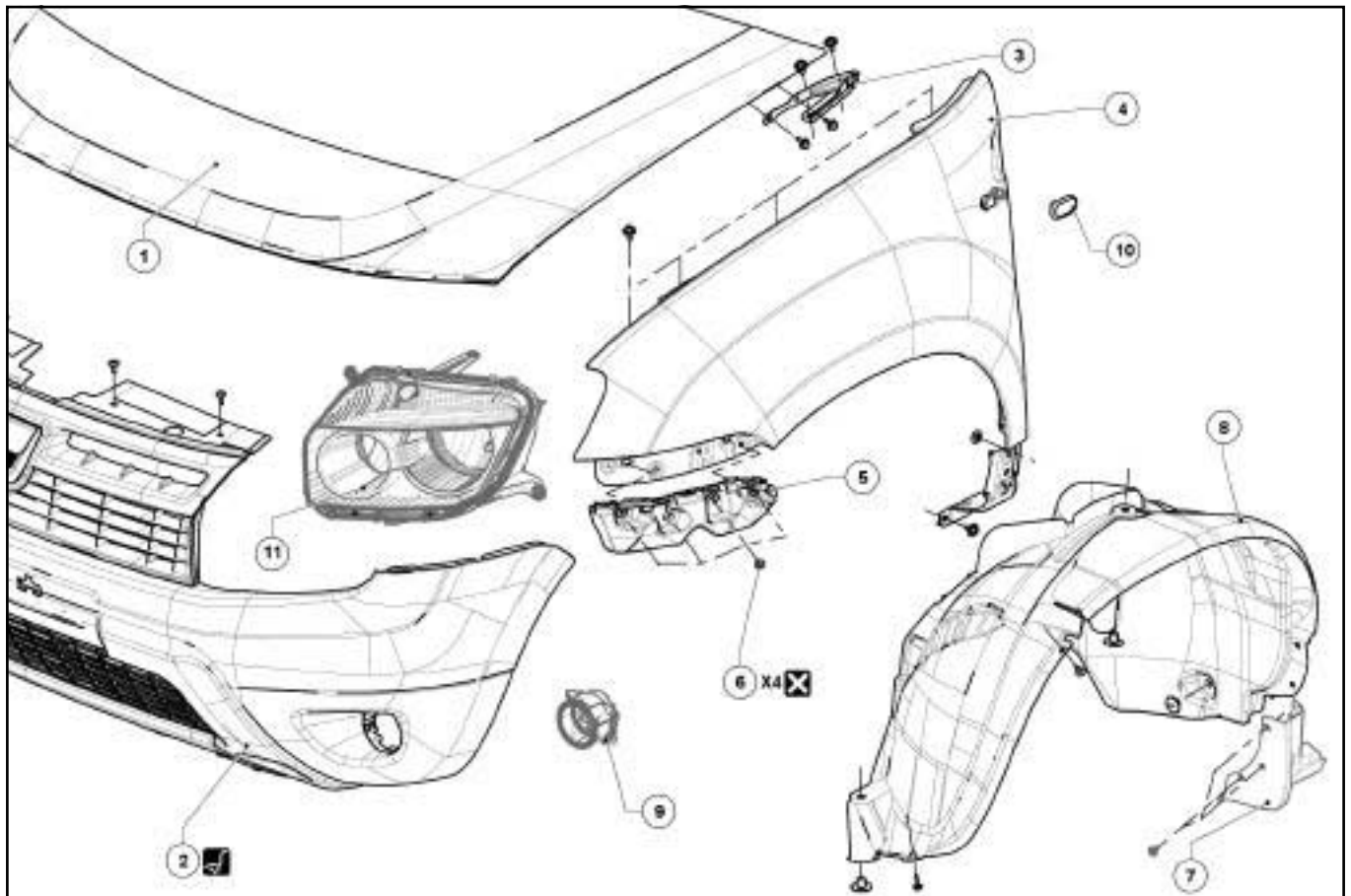
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<b>Mark</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Information</b>
5	Side pressure piece of rear bumper	
6	Rivet of side pressure piece of rear bumper	

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view

# 55A



146095

(see **Illustration key: Description**) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

|

Mark	Description	Information
1	Bonnet	<p>Material: Steel</p> <p>(see <b>Bonnet: Removal - Refitting</b>) (48A, Non-side opening elements).</p> <p>(see <b>Steel bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b>) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for panels).</p>
2	Front bumper	<p>Material: P/E</p> <p>(see <b>55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper: Removal - Refitting</b>, page 55A-8)</p> <p>(see <b>55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper assembly: Exploded view</b>, page 55A-1)</p> <p>(see <b>Polypropylene bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b>) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for plastic).</p> <p>(see <b>Plastic material bodywork component: Repair</b>) (50A, General information).</p>
3	Bonnet hinge	
4	Front wing	<p>Material: Steel</p> <p>(see <b>Front wing: Removal - Refitting</b>) (42A, Upper front structure).</p> <p>(see <b>Steel bodywork component: Preparation and paint range</b>) (Technical Note 0592A, Paint application range for panels).</p>
5	Side pressure piece of front bumper	
6	Rivet of side pressure piece of front bumper	
7	Front section of sill panel extender	(see <b>56A, Exterior equipment, Exterior body side trim assembly: Exploded view</b> , page 56A-1)
8	Front wheel arch liner	Material: P/E
9	Fog light	(see <b>Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (80B Headlights).

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view

**55A**

Mark	Description	Information
10	Side indicator	(see <b>Side indicator: Removal - Refitting</b> ) (80B Headlights).
11	Headlight	(see <b>Headlight assembly: Exploded view</b> ) (80B Headlights).

|

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Front bumper: Removal - Refitting

# 55A

### Special tooling required

**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**, page **55A-1**) and (see **55A, Exterior protection, Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**, page **55A-5**).

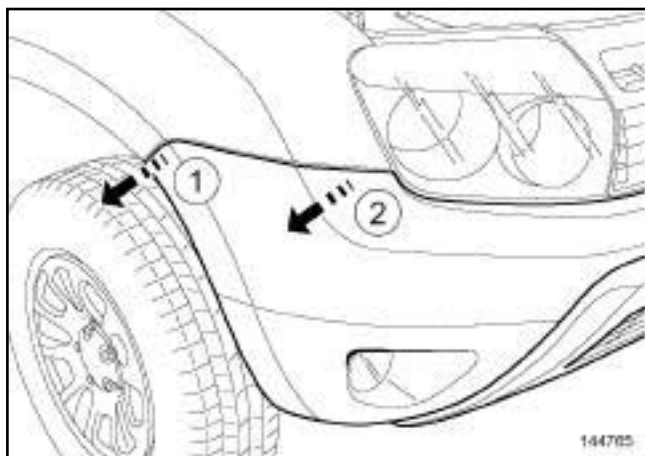
## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

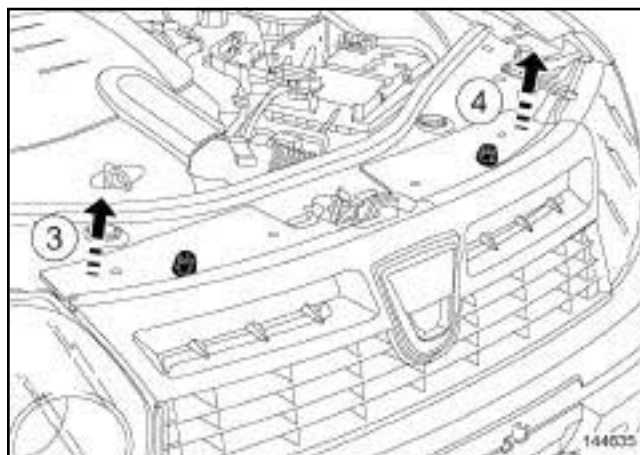
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- ❑ Remove (see **55A, Exterior protection, Front bumper assembly: Exploded view**, page **55A-1**) :
  - the front wheel arch liner bolts on the front bumper on each side of the vehicle,
  - the lower bolts of the front bumper.
- ❑ Remove the upper bolts of the front bumper (see **55A, Exterior protection, Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**, page **55A-5**).



144765

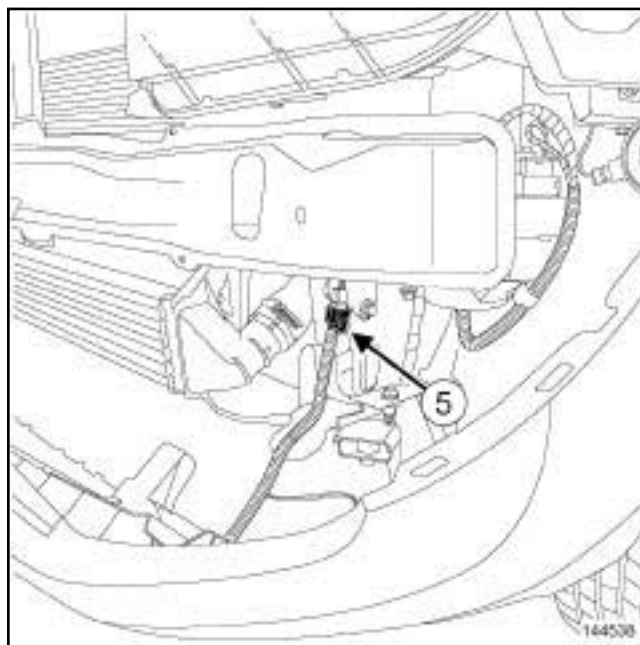
- ❑ Unclip the side sections of the front bumper at (1) and (2) using the tool (**Car. 1363**).



144635

- ❑ Slightly raise the upper section of the front bumper at (3) and (4) (this operation requires two people).

### FOG LIGHTS



144538

- ❑ Partially remove the front bumper (this operation requires two people).
- ❑ Unclip the fog lights connector (5).
- ❑ Disconnect the fog lights connector.

- ❑ Remove the front bumper (this operation requires two people).

### REFITTING

- ❑ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Rear bumper: Removal - Refitting

# 55A

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **55A, Exterior protection, Rear bumper assembly: Exploded view**, page 55A-3) .

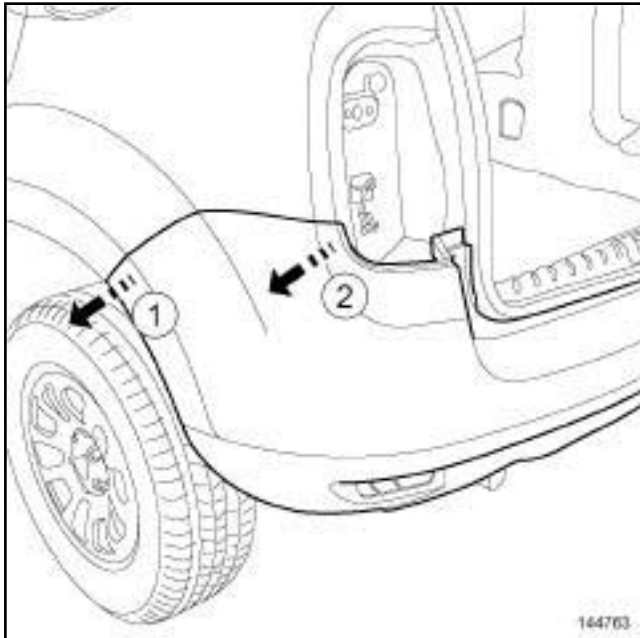
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the rear wing lights (see **Rear light assembly: Exploded view**) (81A, Rear lighting).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- Remove (see **55A, Exterior protection, Rear bumper assembly: Exploded view**, page 55A-3) :
  - the rear wheel arch liner bolts on the rear bumper on each side of the vehicle,
  - the lower bolts of the rear bumper,
  - the upper bolts of the rear bumper.



144763

- Unclip the side sections of the rear bumper at (1) and (2) .
- Remove the rear bumper (this operation requires two people).

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# EXTERIOR PROTECTION

## Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting

# 55A

Location and specifications (tightening torques, parts always to be replaced, etc.) (see **55A, Exterior protection, Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**, page 55A-5) .

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

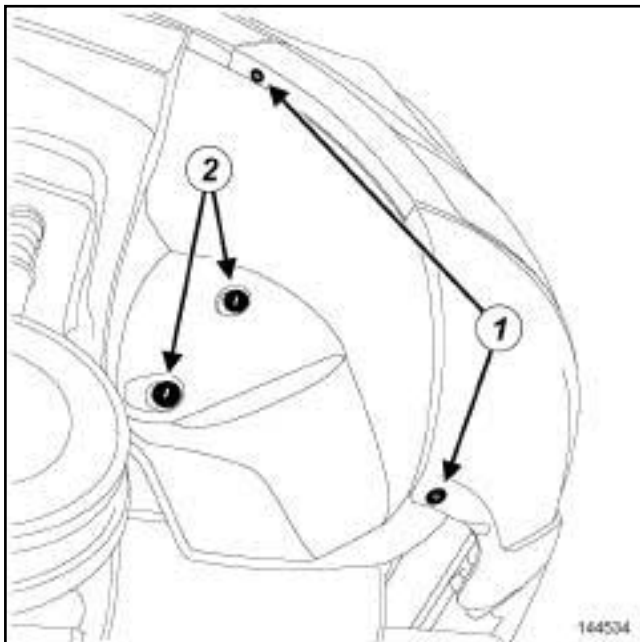
- Remove (see **55A, Exterior protection, Exterior body front trim assembly: Exploded view**, page 55A-5) :
  - the front wheel arch liner bolts,
  - the front wheel arch liner clips,
  - the front wheel arch liner.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

**REMOVAL****I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Remove the rear wheel on the side concerned (see **Wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (35A, Wheels and tyres).

**II - REMOVAL OPERATION**

- Remove:
  - the bolts (1) ,
  - the clips (2) .
  - the rear wheel arch liner.

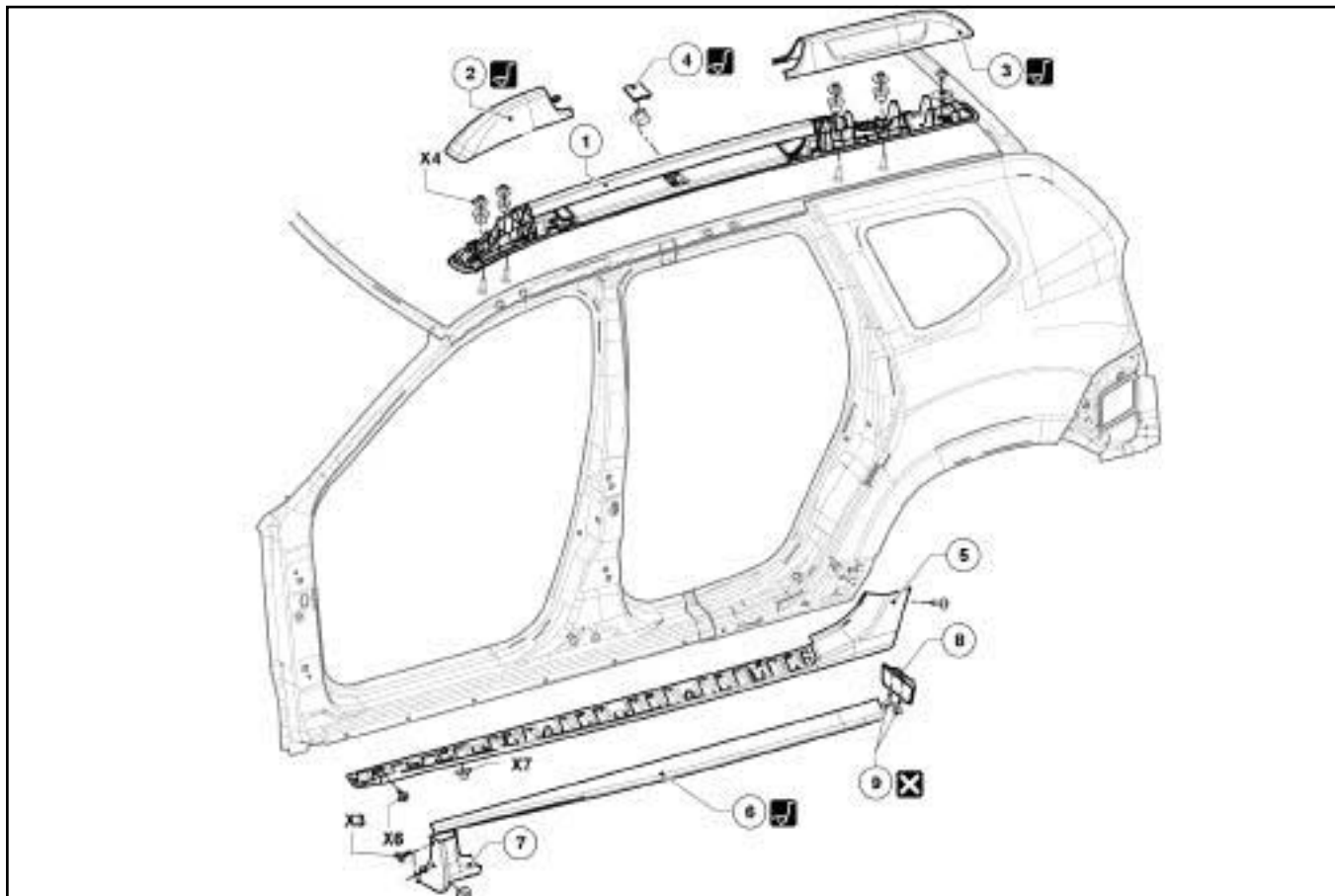
**REFITTING****I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION**

- Check the condition of the clips and replace them if necessary.

**II - REFITTING OPERATION**

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.





146188

(see Illustration key: Description) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

Mark	Description	Information
1	Roof bar	
2	Roof bar front trim	(Car.1363)
3	Roof bar rear trim	(Car.1363)
4	Central mounting access flap	(Car.1363)

Mark	Description	Information
5	Sill panel extender	Material: P/E
6	Sill panel extender trim	Material: P/E (Car.1363)
7	Front section of sill panel extender	Material: P/E
8	Flap	
9	Flap rivet	

# EXTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Door mirror: Removal - Refitting

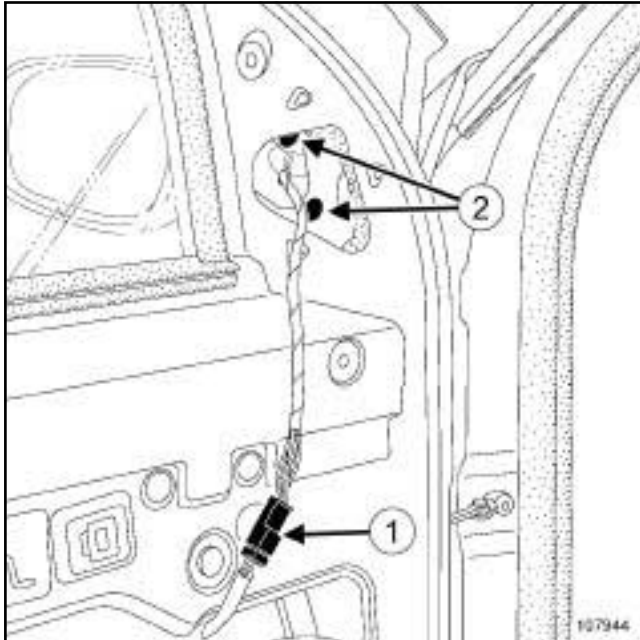
# 56A

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening elements trim).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Disconnect the connector (1) (depending on equipment level).
- Remove the bolts (2) .
- Remove the door mirror.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# EXTERIOR EQUIPMENT

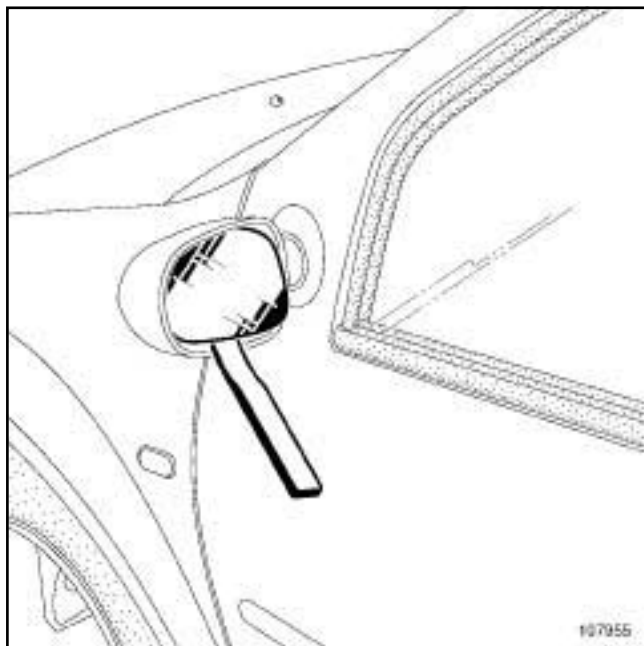
## Door mirror glass: Removal - Refitting

# 56A

### Special tooling required

**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

### REMOVAL



107955

- Protect the edge of the rear-view mirror (masking tape).
- Use the (**Car. 1363**) as a lever to unclip the glass.
- Disconnect the supply terminals (depending on equipment level).

### REFITTING

- Offer up the glass.
- Clip the mirror.

# EXTERIOR EQUIPMENT

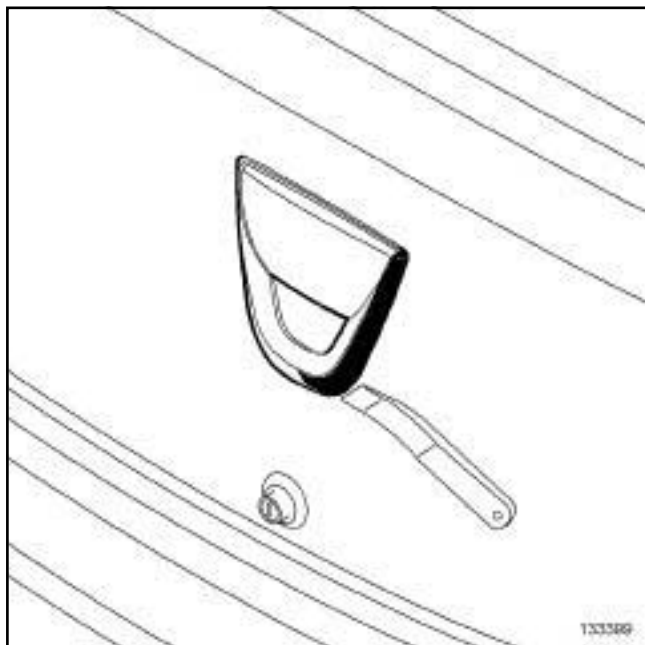
## Rear badges: Removal - Refitting

# 56A

<b>Special tooling required</b>	
<b>Car. 1363</b>	Set of trim removal levers.

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



133399

- Unclip the rear badge using the tool (**Car. 1363**).

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Clip on the rear badge.

# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Dashboard: Removal - Refitting

# 57A

### Equipment required

Diagnostic tool

### IMPORTANT

To avoid any risk of triggering when working on or near a pyrotechnic component (airbags or pretensioners), lock the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

When this function is activated, all the trigger lines are inhibited and the airbag warning light on the instrument panel lights up continuously (ignition on).

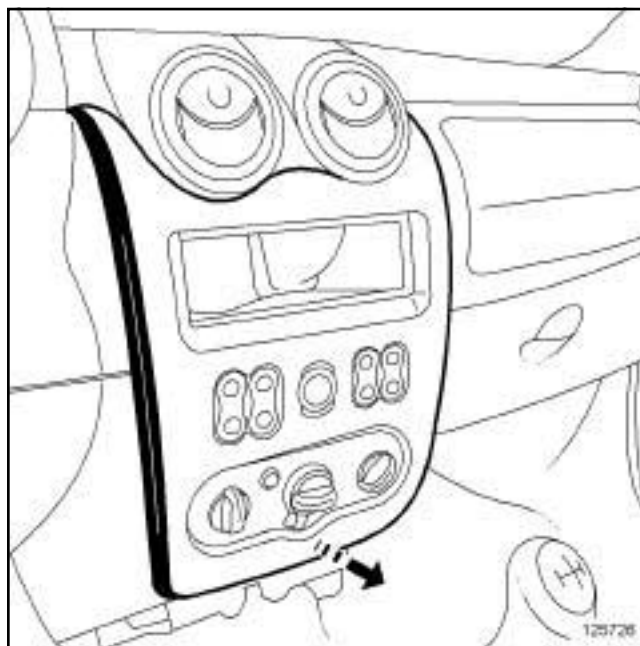
### IMPORTANT

Never handle the pyrotechnic systems (pretensioners or airbags) near to a source of heat or naked flame - they may be triggered.

## REMOVAL

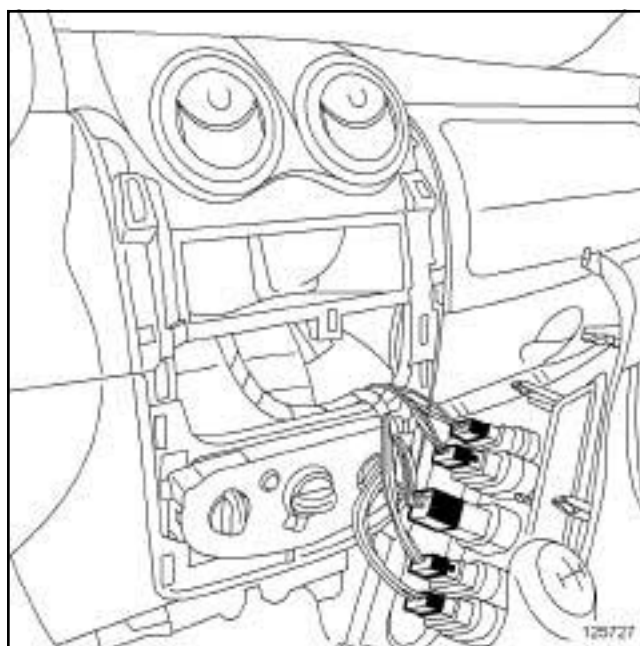
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- Remove:
  - the windscreen pillar trims (see **Windscreen pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim),
  - the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
  - the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
  - the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
  - the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
  - the centre console (see **57A, Interior equipment, Centre console: Removal - Refitting**, page **57A-10**),
  - the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio).



125726

- Unclip the central trim assembly at the bottom.
- Withdraw the central trim assembly.



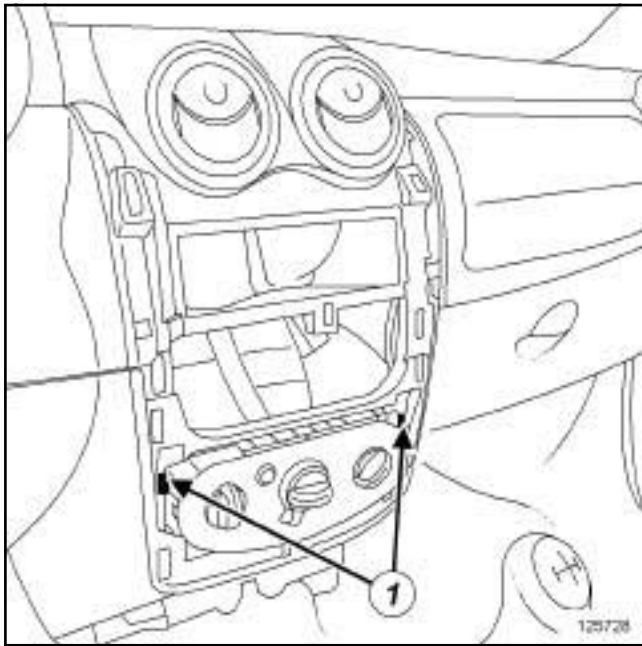
125727

- Disconnect the central trim connectors.

# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

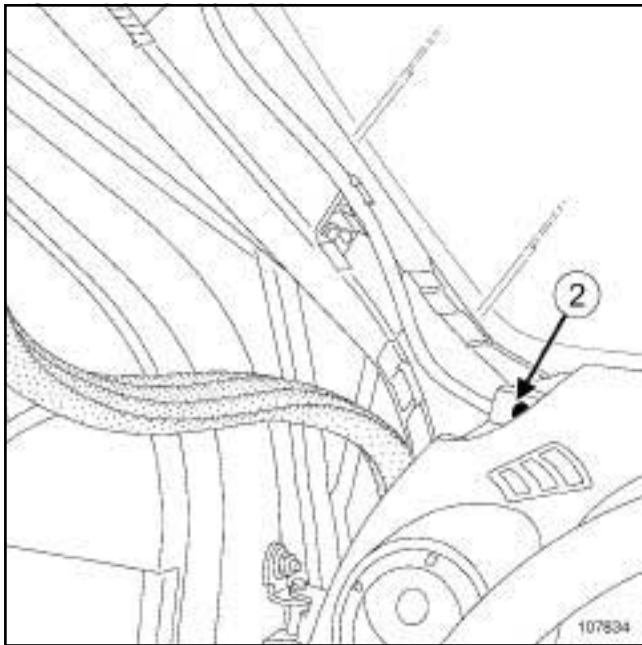
## Dashboard: Removal - Refitting

# 57A

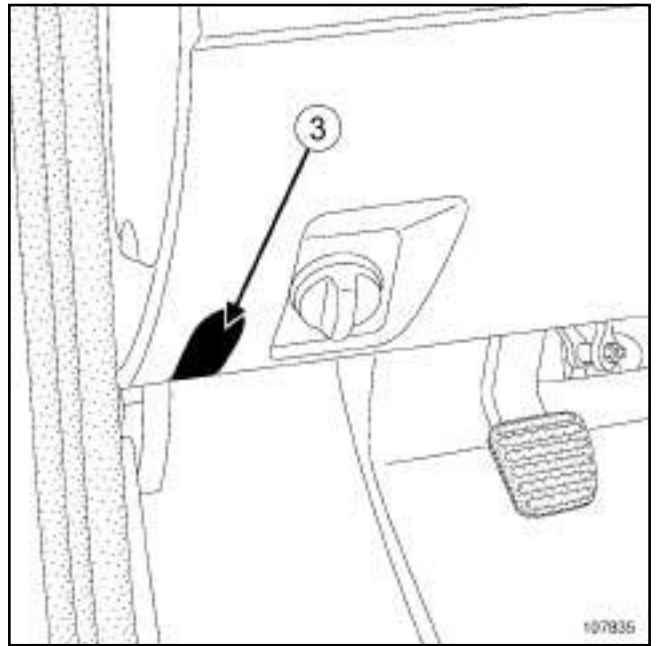


- Unclip the (1) control panel on the dashboard.

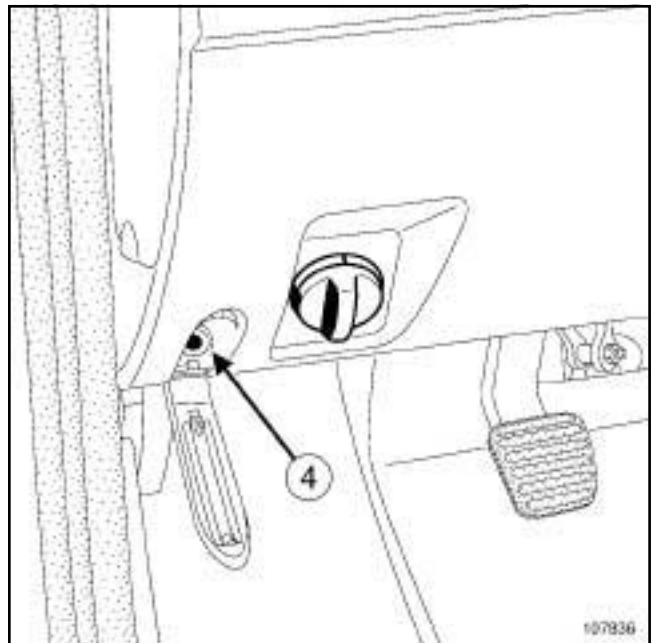
### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove the bolts (2) from both sides of the dashboard.



- Unclip the covers (3) on both sides of the dashboard.

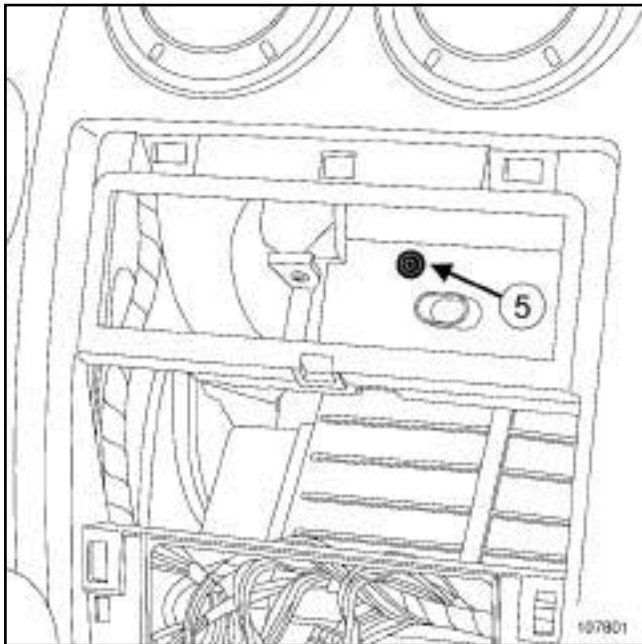


- Remove the bolts (4) from both sides of the dashboard.

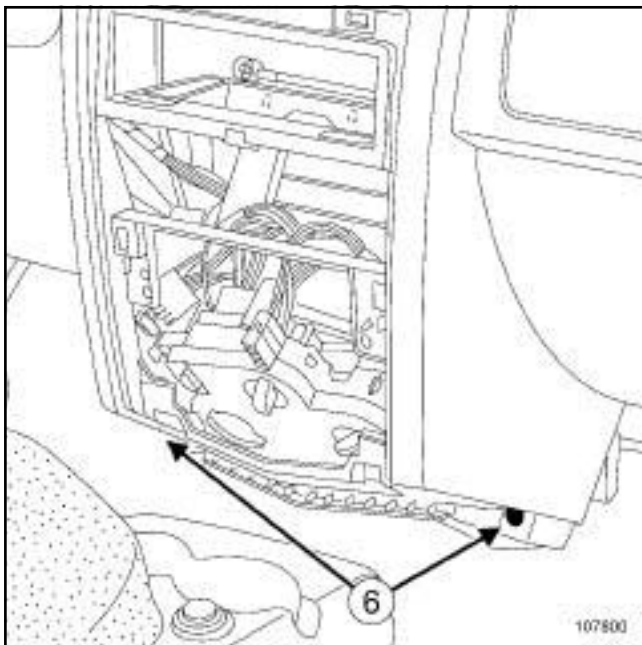
# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Dashboard: Removal - Refitting

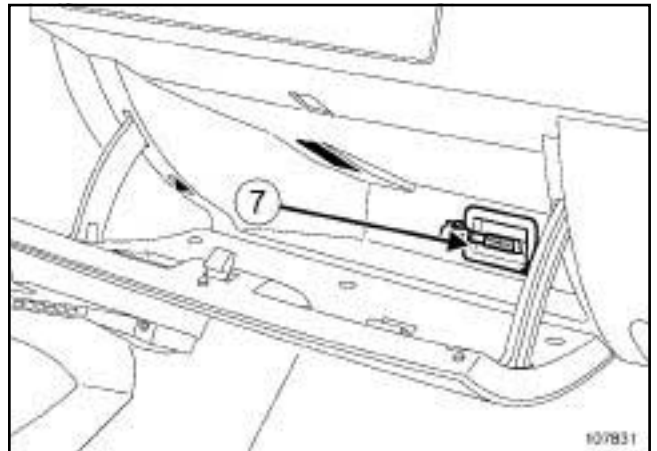
# 57A



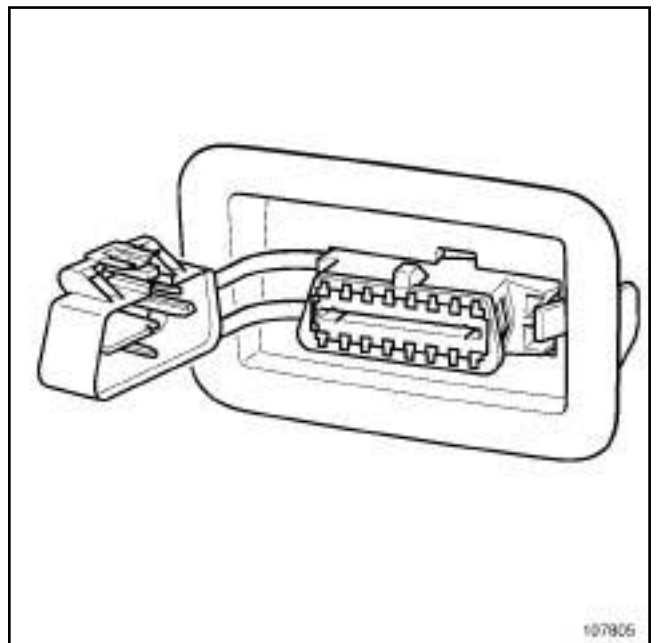
- ❑ Remove the bolt (5) .



- ❑ Remove the bolts (6) .

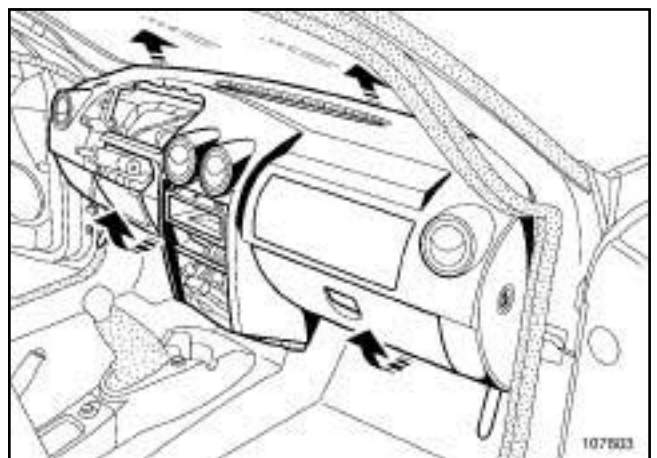


107831



107805

- ❑ Remove the diagnostic socket (7) .



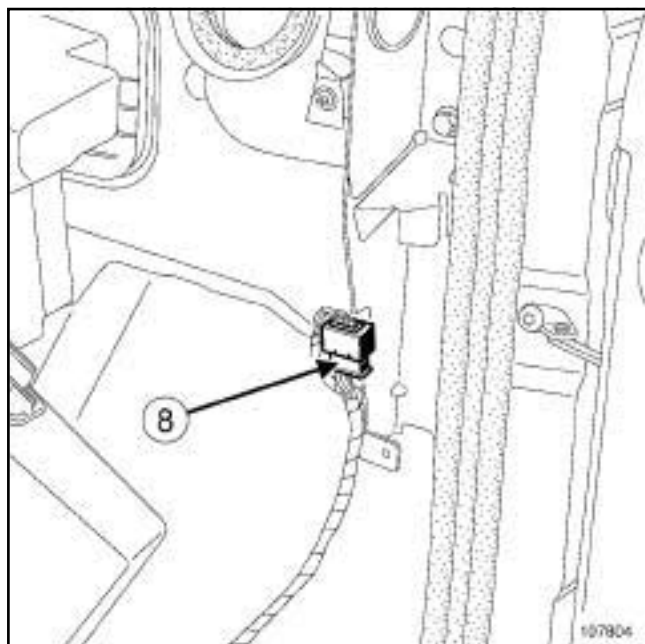
107803

- ❑ Partially remove the dashboard (this operation requires two people).

# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Dashboard: Removal - Refitting

# 57A

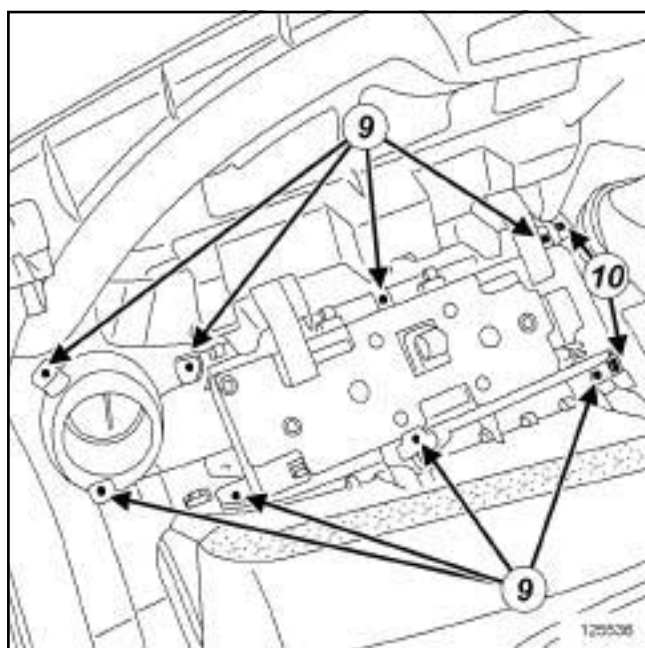


107804

❑ Disconnect the connector (8) .

❑ Remove:

- the dashboard (this operation requires two people),
- the passenger front airbag (depending on equipment level) (see **Passenger's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

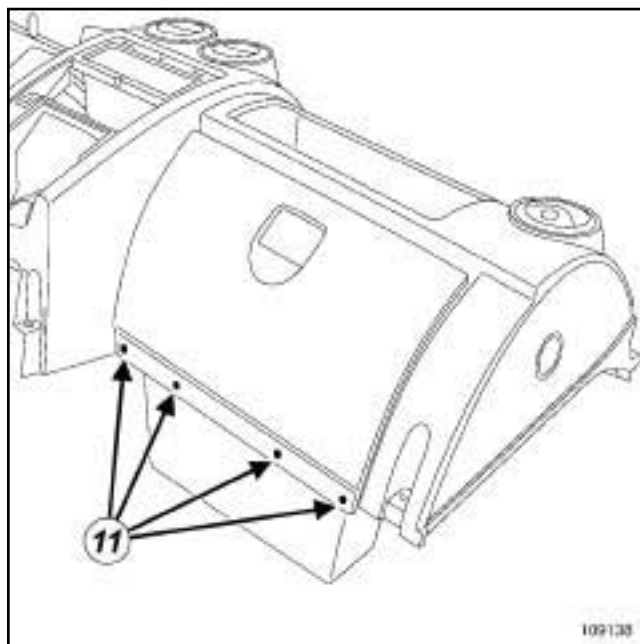


125536

❑ Remove the bolts (9) .

❑ Unclip the right-hand side trim at (10) .

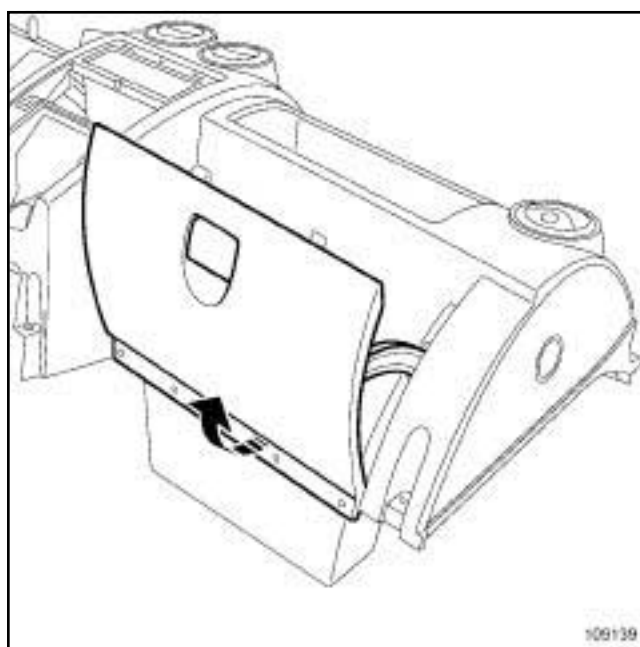
❑ Remove the right-hand side trim.



109138

109138

❑ Remove the rivets (11) .



109139

109139

❑ Remove the glove box lid.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

❑ Ensure that the wiring is in good condition.



### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

Refit:

- the glovebox cover,
- the rivets,
- the right-hand side trim,
- the right-hand side trim bolts,
- the passenger front airbag (depending on equipment level) (see **Passenger's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
- the dashboard (partially) (this operation requires two people).

Connect the connector **(8)**.

Refit:

- the diagnostic socket,
- the dashboard (this operation requires two people),
- the dashboard bolts.

Replace the control panel on the dashboard.

Clip the covers **(3)** onto both sides of the dashboard.

### III - FINAL OPERATION

Connect the central trim connectors.

Fit the central trim assembly.

Clip on the central trim.

Refit:

- the radio (see **Radio: Removal - Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
- the centre console (see **57A, Interior equipment, Centre console: Removal - Refitting**, page 57A-10),
- the instrument panel (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
- the steering column switch assembly (see **Steering column switch assembly: Removal - Refitting**) (84A, Control - Signals),
- the steering wheel (see **Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting**) (36A, Steering assembly),
- the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
- the windscreen pillar trims (see **Windscreen pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**) (71A, Body internal trim).

- Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

#### IMPORTANT

To avoid a fault with or even triggering of pyrotechnic components (airbags or pretensioners), check the airbag computer using the diagnostic tool.

- Unlock the airbag computer using the **Diagnostic tool** (see **Fault finding - Replacement of components**) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).

## STRIPPING

### STRIPPING OPERATION

Remove:

- the dashboard trims on the driver's side (see **Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**) (83A, Instrument panel),
- the dashboard air vents (see **57A, Interior equipment, Dashboard air vent: Removal - Refitting**, page **57A-7**),
- the glovebox cover (see **57A, Interior equipment, Glovebox cover: Removal - Refitting**, page **57A-9**),
- the central trim (see **57A, Interior equipment, Dashboard: Removal - Refitting**, page **57A-1**).

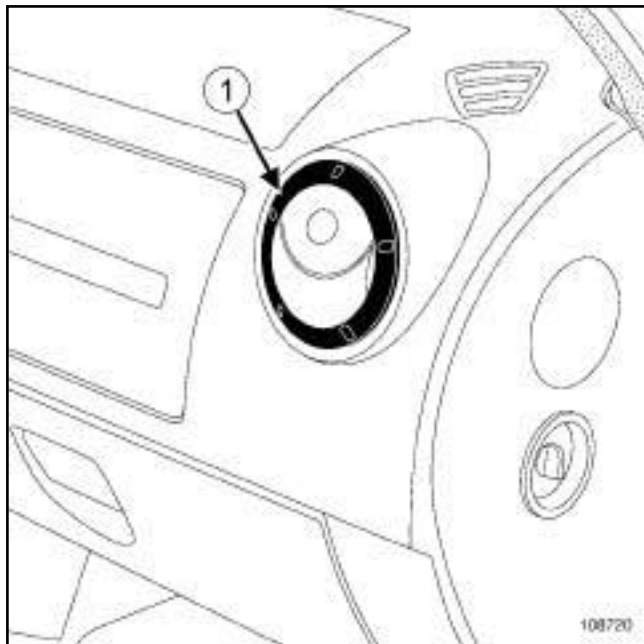
Note:

When removing the dashboard trim on the passenger side, it is necessary to remove the dashboard.

## REBUILDING

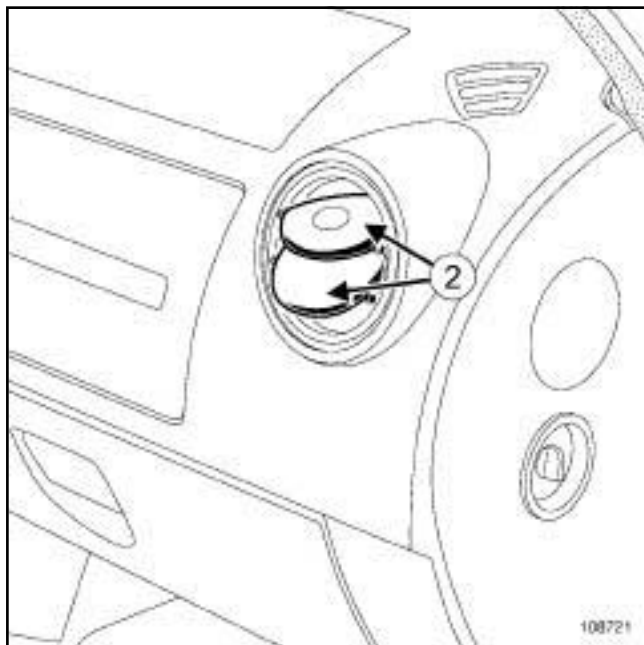
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### REMOVAL



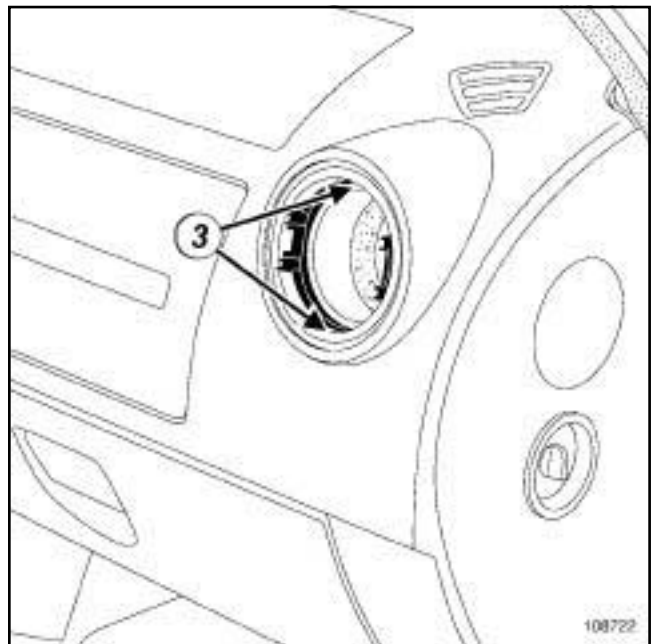
108720

- Using a flat screwdriver, remove the air vent surround (1) .



108721

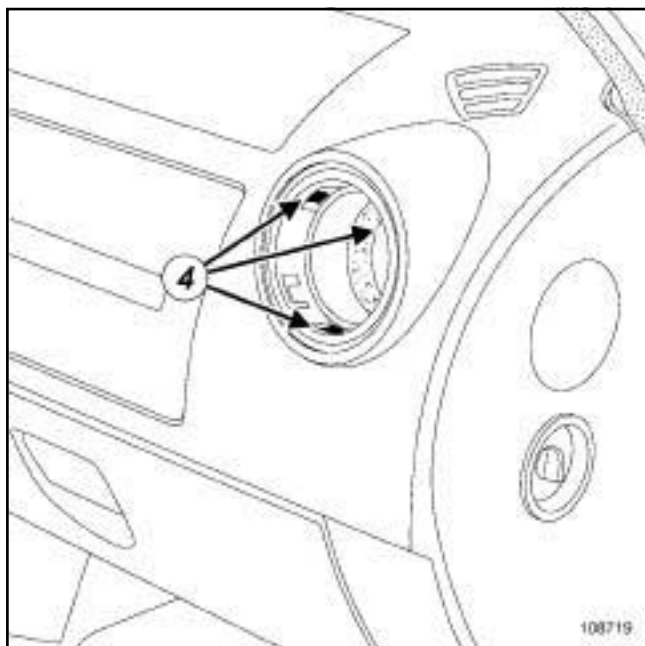
- Unclip grilles (2) .



108722

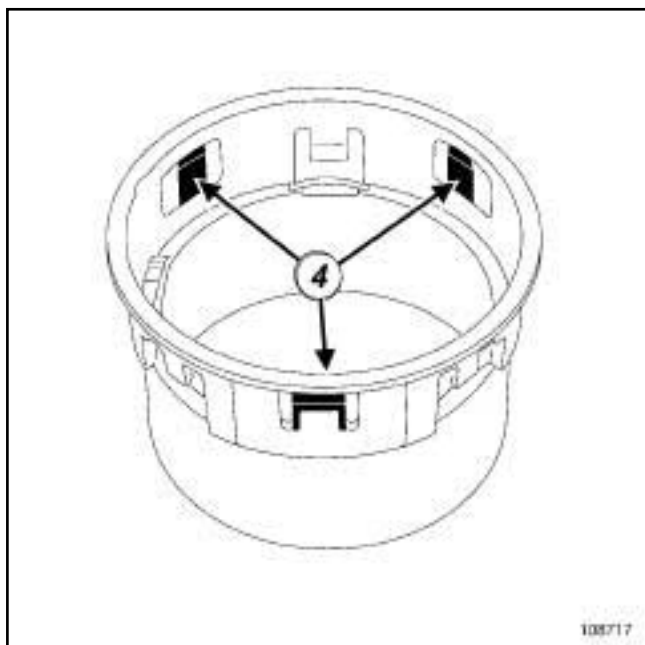
108722

- Unclip inner band (3) .



108719

108719



108717

108717

- Unclip clips (4) .
- Withdraw the vent.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

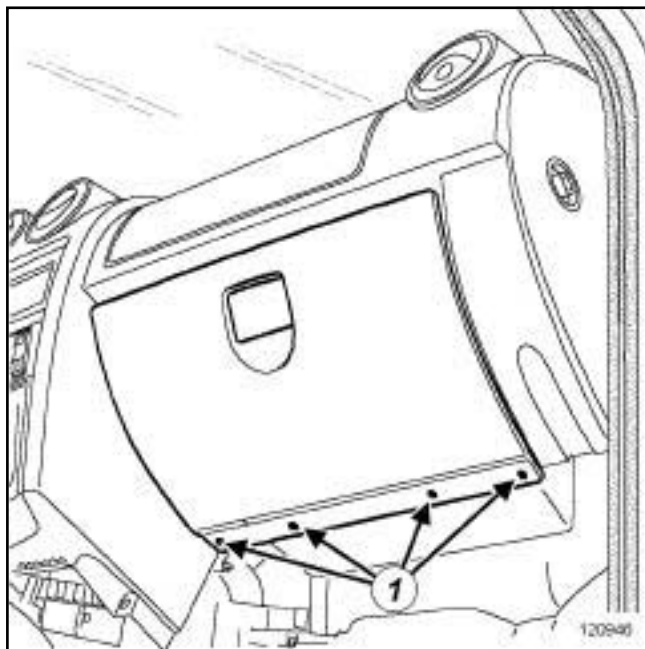
# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Glovebox cover: Removal - Refitting

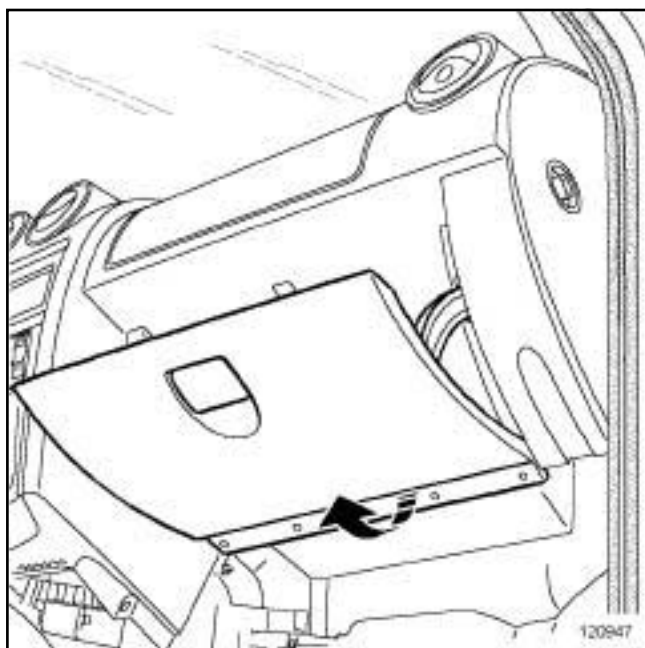
# 57A

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- Remove the rivets (1) .



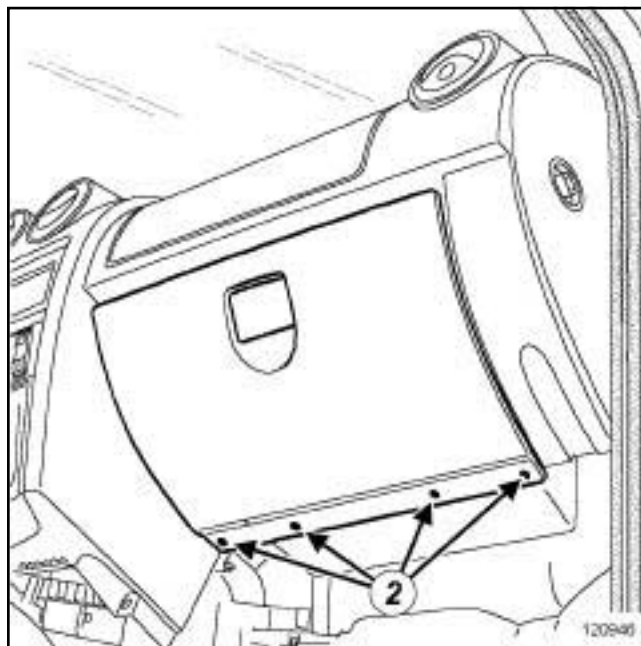
- Remove the glove box lid.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Fit the glove box cover.

- Position the glove box cover with rivets.



- Refit the rivets (2) .

# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Centre console: Removal - Refitting

# 57A

### Special tooling required

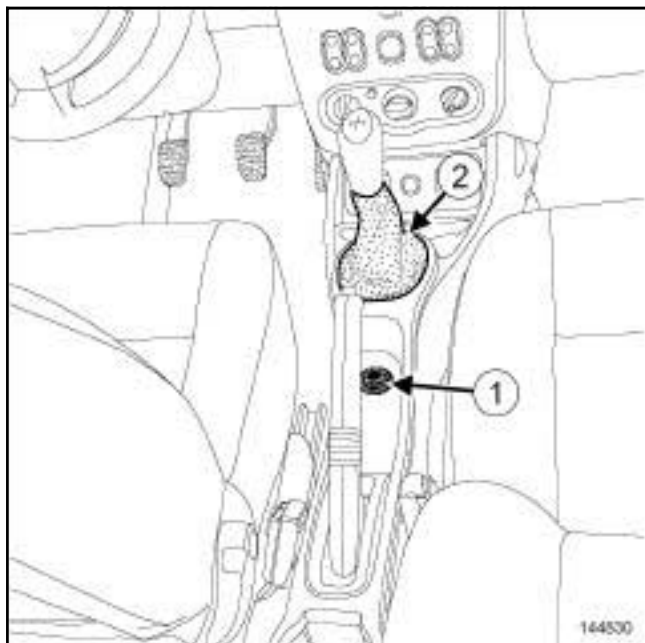
Car. 1363

Set of trim removal levers.

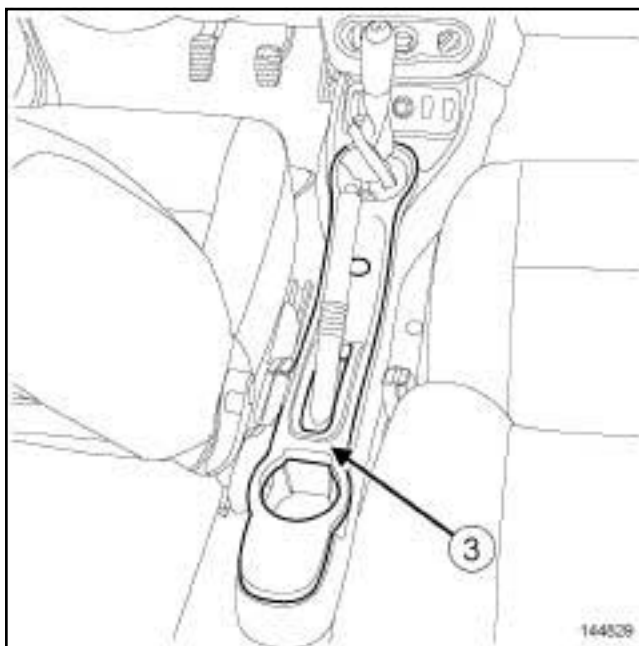
## REMOVAL

### REMOVAL OPERATION

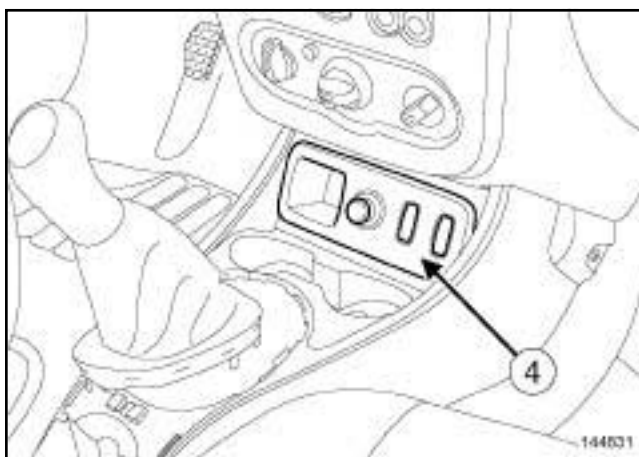
2 ELECTRICALLY ADJUSTABLE EXTERNAL REAR VIEW MIRRORS



- Remove the adjustment control for the door mirrors (1).
- Disconnect the adjustment control connector for the door mirrors.
- Unclip the front section of the gear lever gaiter (2) using the tool (Car. 1363).



- Unclip the upper section of the centre console (3).



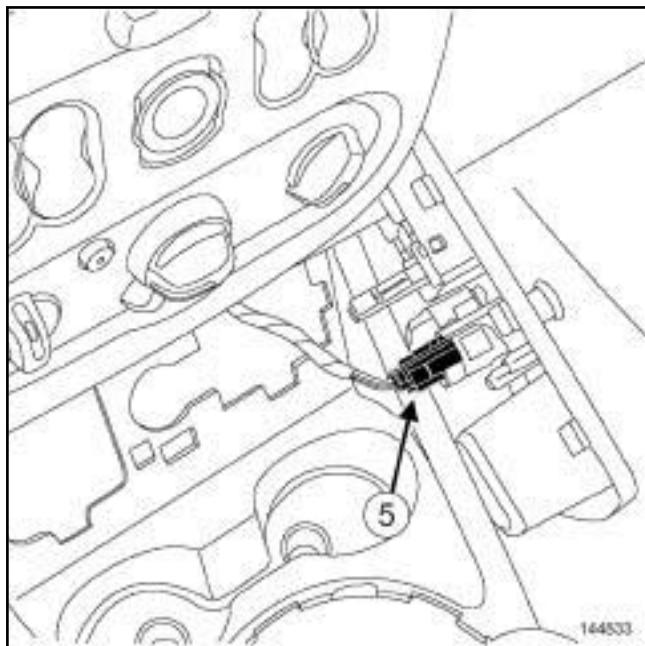
- Unclip the switch mounting front panel (4).

# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

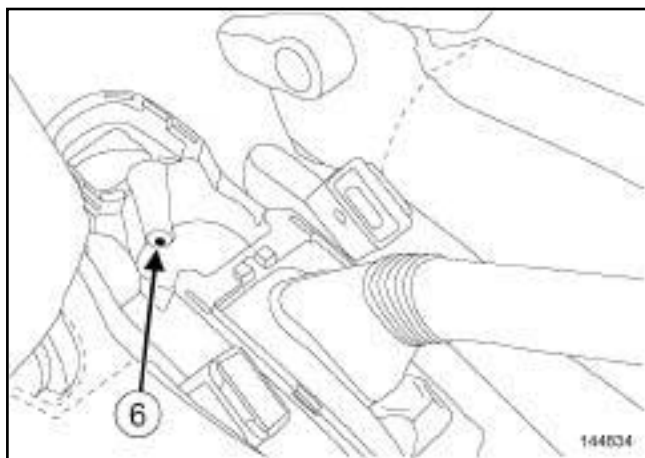
## Centre console: Removal - Refitting

# 57A

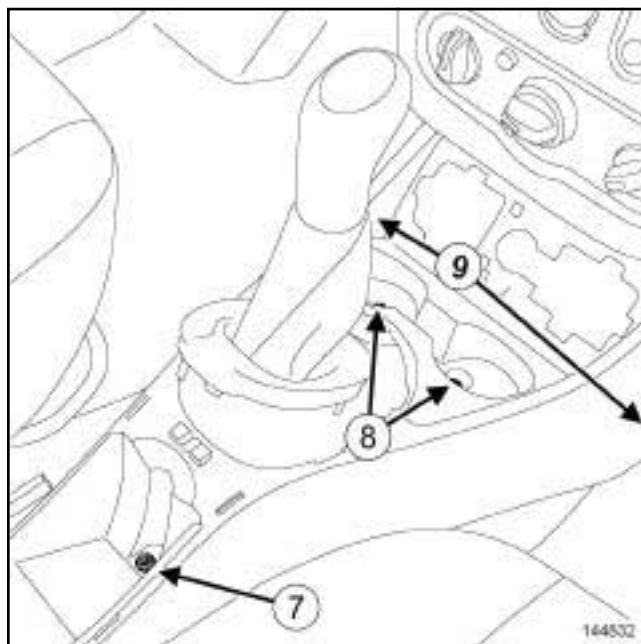
WITH SMOKING ACCESSORIES



- Disconnect the cigarette lighter connector (5) .



- Remove the rear bolt of the centre console (6) .



144832

- Remove:
  - the centre console nut (7) ,
  - the central bolts of the centre console (8) ,
  - the side bolts of the centre console (9) ,
  - the lower section of the centre console.

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Note:

Before clipping on the gear lever gaiter, position the rear section of the gear lever gaiter on the centre console.

### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL OPERATION



- Remove interior rear view mirror (1) .

### REFITTING

#### REFITTING OPERATION

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

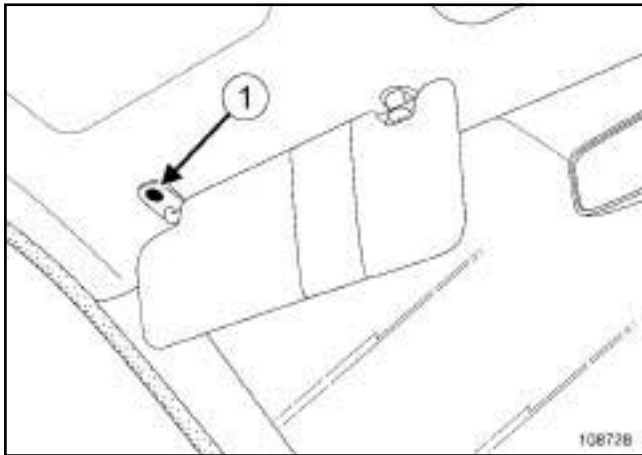


# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

## Sun visor: Removal - Refitting

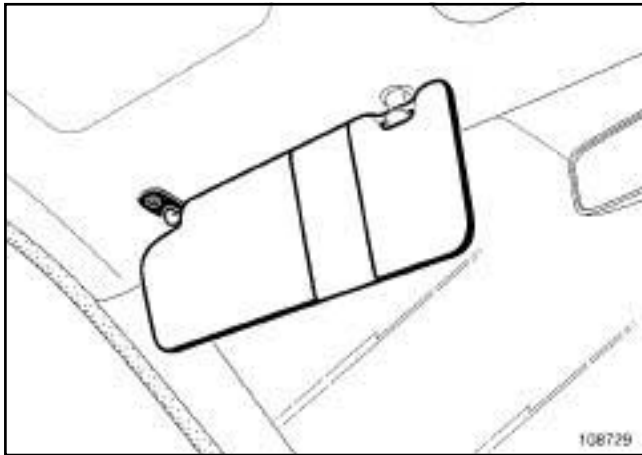
# 57A

### REMOVAL



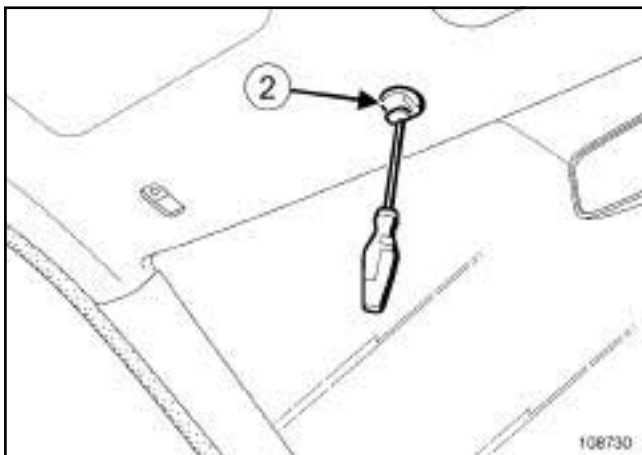
108728

- Remove the bolt (1) .



108729

- Remove the sun visor.



108730

- Remove sun visor bracket (2) .

### REFITTING

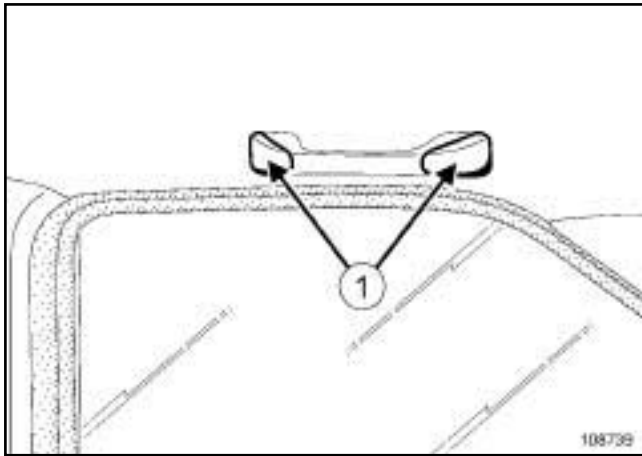
- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

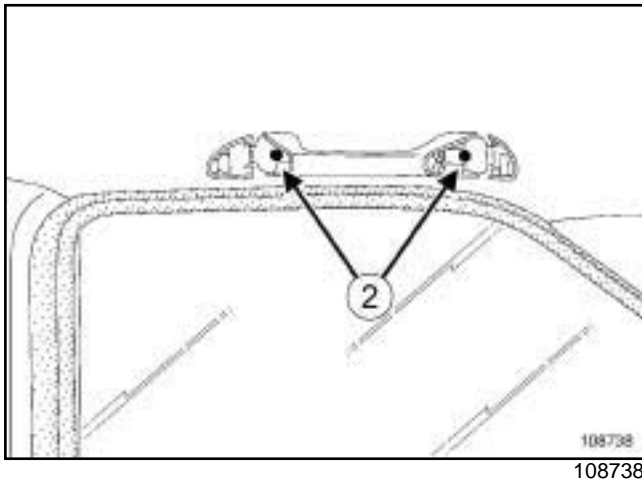
## Grab handle: Removal - Refitting

# 57A

### REMOVAL



- Unclip covers (1) .



- Remove the bolts (2) .
- Remove the grab handle.

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# RENAULT

## 6 Sealing and soundproofing

65A OPENING ELEMENT SEALING

66A WINDOW SEALING

---

**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 6

## Contents

Pages

### **65A** OPENING ELEMENT SEALING

Side door frame seal:  
Removal - Refitting 65A-1

### **66A** WINDOW SEALING

Front side door window run  
channel: Removal - Refitting 66A-1

Front side door exterior  
weatherstrip: Removal -  
Refitting 66A-2

Rear side door exterior  
weatherstrip: Removal -  
Refitting 66A-3

Rear side door window run  
channel: Removal - Refitting 66A-4

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# OPENING ELEMENT SEALING

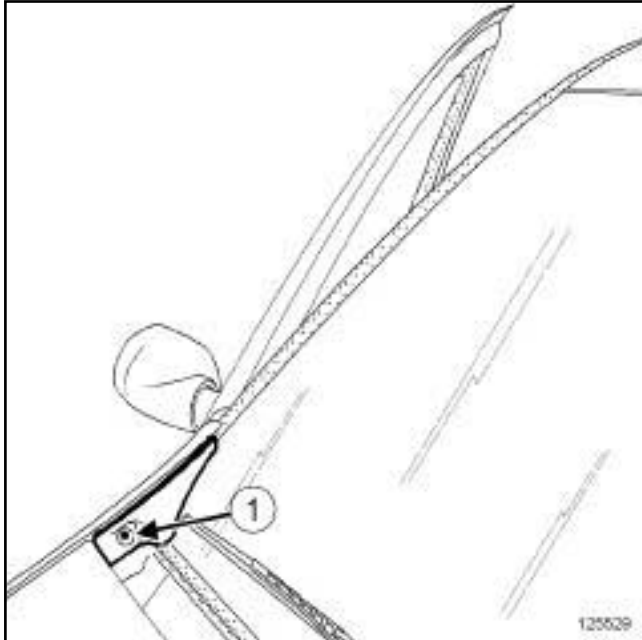
## Side door frame seal: Removal - Refitting

# 65A

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

H79



125529

- Remove the trim piece bolt (1) .



108663

- Unclip the trim at (2) .



108662

- Remove the trim (2) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

H79



108661

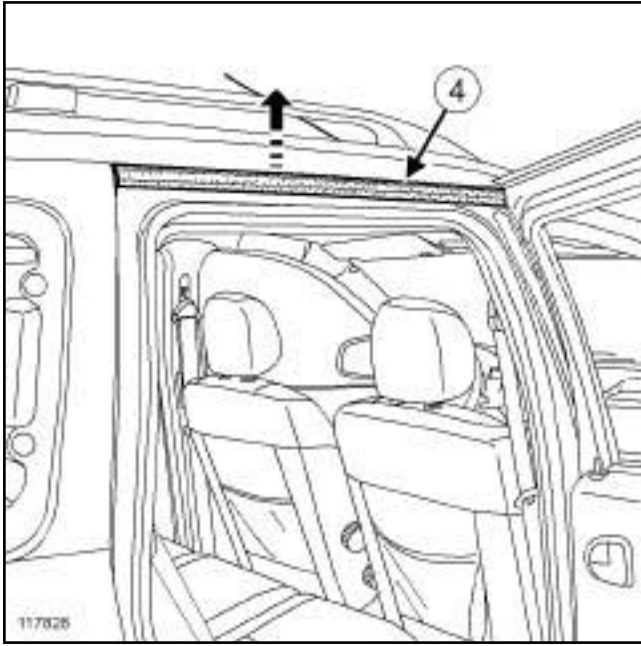
- Remove the frame seal (3) .

# OPENING ELEMENT SEALING

## Side door frame seal: Removal - Refitting

**65A**

H79



117828

- Remove the frame seal (4) .

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

□ Remove:

- the front side door trim (see **Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim),
- the front side door sliding window (see **Front side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting**) (54A, Windows).

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



107952



107953

- Detach the front side door window run channel at (1), (2).
- Remove the front side door window run channel.

#### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# WINDOW SEALING

## Front side door exterior weatherstrip: Removal - Refitting

# 66A

### Special tooling required

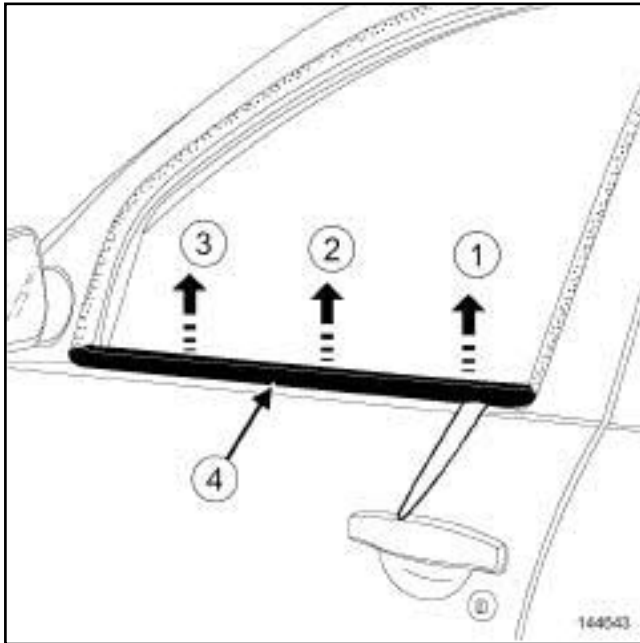
**Car. 1363** Set of trim removal levers.

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lower the window.

### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- Carefully remove the exterior weatherstrip (4) using the tool (**Car. 1363**) (take care not to damage the part).

## REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.



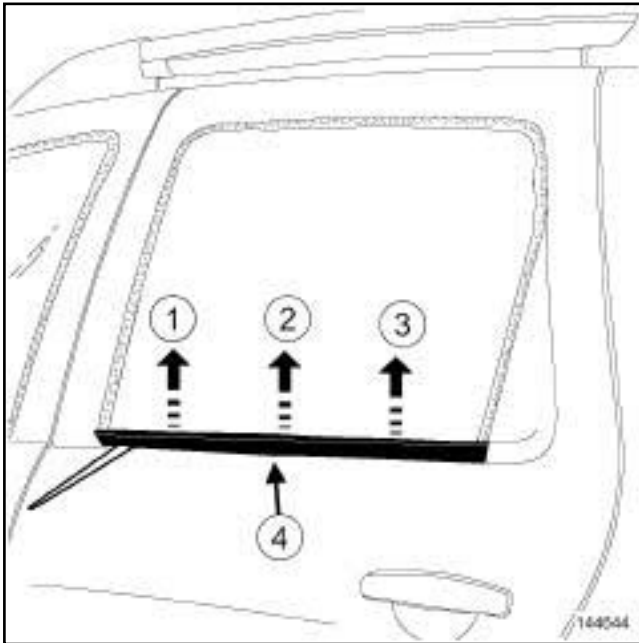
Special tooling required	
Car. 1363	Set of trim removal levers.

### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Lower the window.

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



144644

- Carefully remove the exterior weatherstrip (4) using the tool (Car. 1363) (take care not to damage the part).

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

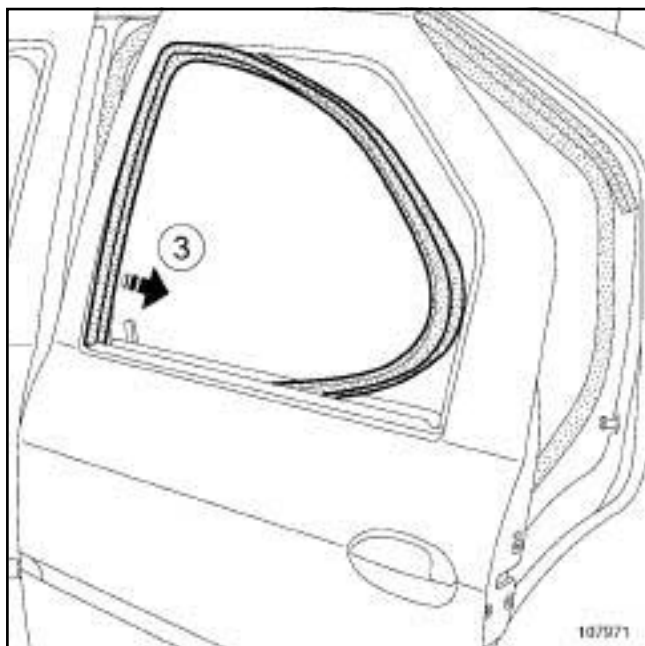
### REMOVAL

#### REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim),
  - the rear side door sliding window (see **Rear side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting**) (54A, Windows).



107970



107971

- Remove the rear side door window run channel at (2) and (3) .

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit the rear side door window glass run channel.
- Refit:
  - the rear side door sliding window (see **Rear side door sliding window: Removal - Refitting**) (54A, Windows),
  - the rear side door trim (see **Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting**) (72A, Side opening element trim).

# RENAULT

## 7 Trim and upholstery

**71A BODY INTERNAL TRIM**

**72A SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM**

**73A NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS TRIM**

**75A FRONT SEAT FRAMES AND MECHANISMS**

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**X79**

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**NOVEMBER 2009**

**EDITION ANGLAISE**

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# DUSTER - Chapitre 7

## Contents

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	Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view	71A-1		Front seat assembly: Exploded view	75A-1
	Roof trim assembly: Exploded view	71A-3			
	Floor trim assembly: Exploded view	71A-4			
	Floor carpet: Removal - Refitting	71A-5			
	Windscreen pillar trim: Removal - Refitting	71A-8			
	B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting	71A-9			
<b>72A</b>	<b>SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM</b>				
	Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting	72A-1			
	Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting	72A-3			
<b>73A</b>	<b>NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS TRIM</b>				
	Rear opening element assembly on the passenger compartment side: Exploded view	73A-1			

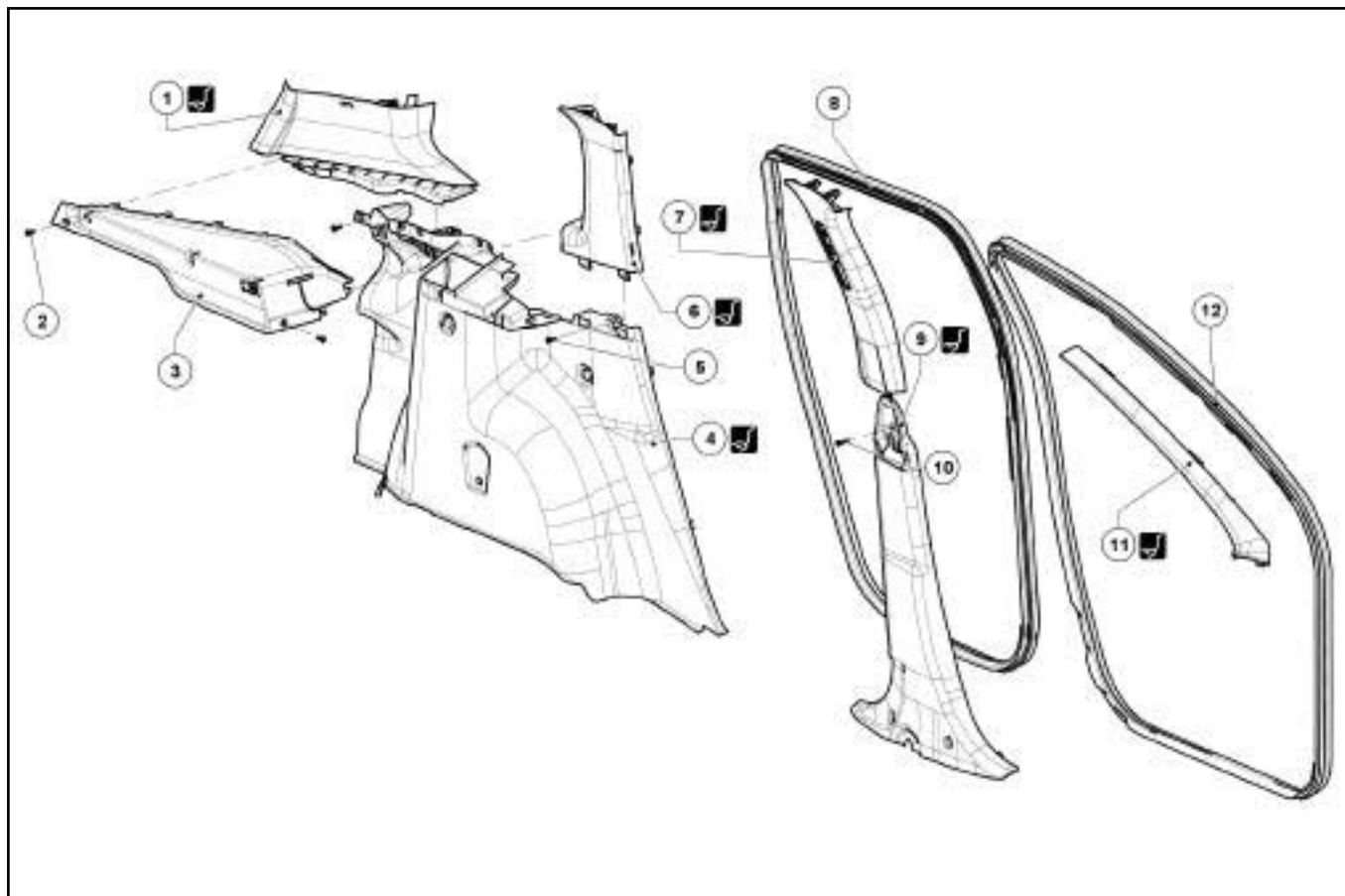
---

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view

# 71A

H79



145783

(see ) (01D, Mechanical introduction)

Mark	Description	Information
1	C-pillar upper trim	(Car. 1363)
2	Rear parcel shelf side trim bolt	
3	Rear parcel shelf side trim	
4	Rear wheel arch trim	(Car. 1363)
5	Rear wheel arch trim bolt	
6	C-pillar trim	(Car. 1363)
7	B-pillar upper trim	(Car. 1363)
8	Rear side door seal	
9	B-pillar lower trim	(Car. 1363)

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## Interior body side trim assembly: Exploded view

**71A**

H79

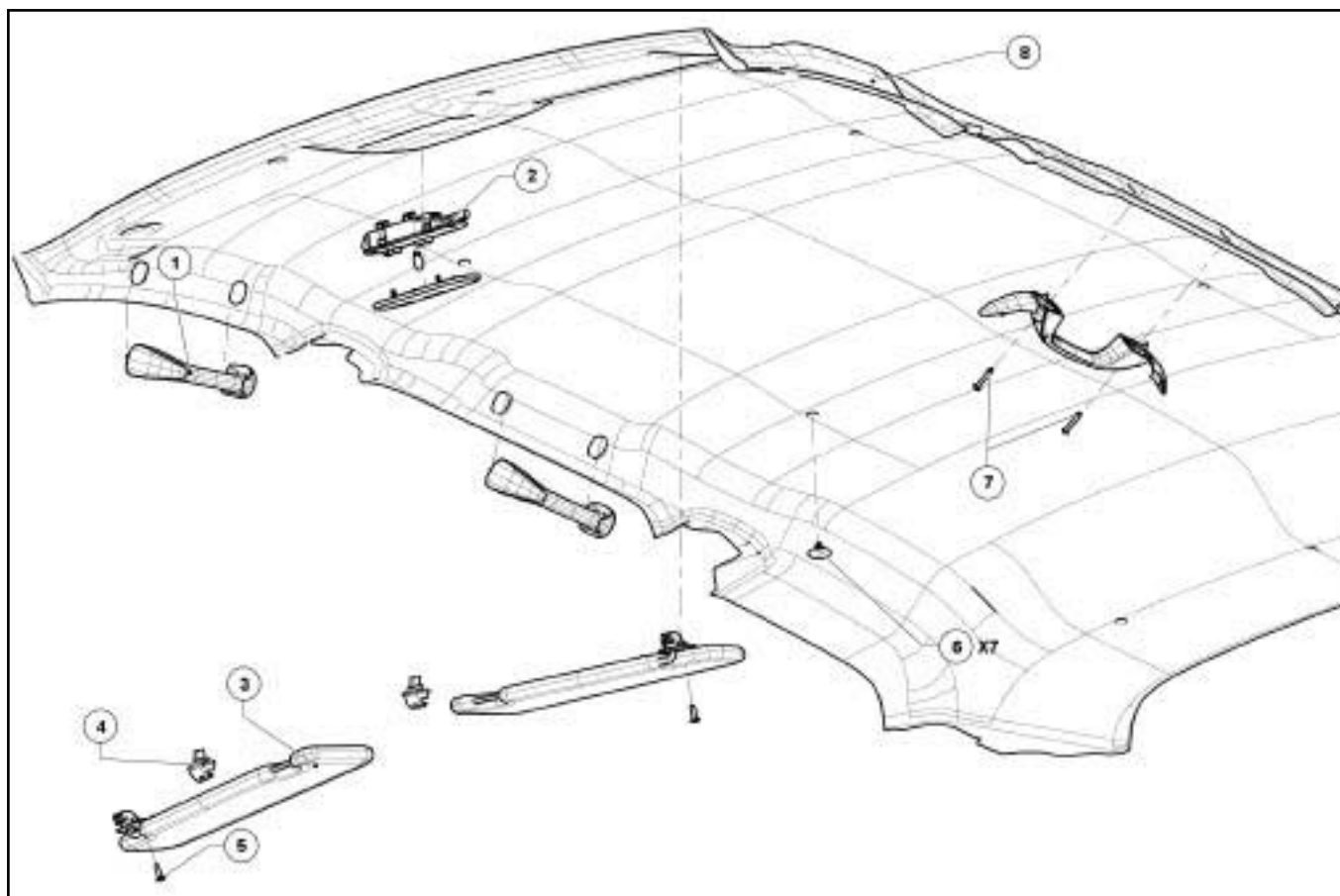
Mark	Description	Information
10	B-pillar lower trim bolt	
11	Windscreen pillar trim	(Car. 1363)
12	Front side door seal	

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## Roof trim assembly: Exploded view

# 71A

H79



145784

(see ) (01D, Mechanical introduction)

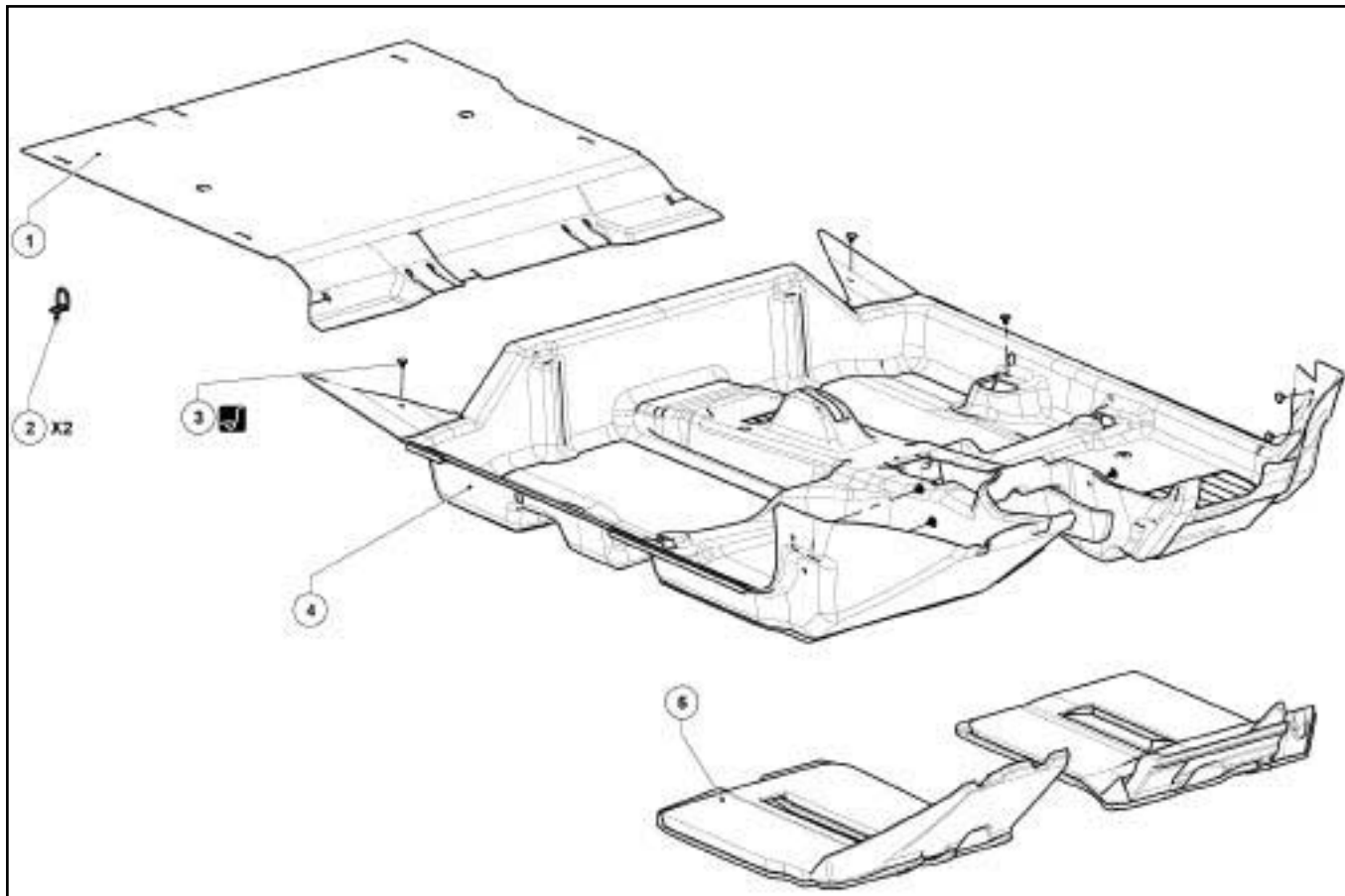
Mark	Description	Information
1	Grab handle	
2	Courtesy light	
3	Sun visor	
4	Sun visor hook	
5	Sun visor bolt	
6	Headlining clip	
7	Grab handle bolt	
8	Headlining	

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## Floor trim assembly: Exploded view

**71A**

H79



145785-1

(see ) (01D, Mechanical introduction)

|

Mark	Description	Information
1	Luggage compartment carpet	
2	Lashing hook	
3	Floor carpet clip	Car. 1363
4	Floor carpet	
5	Floor soundproofing	



# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

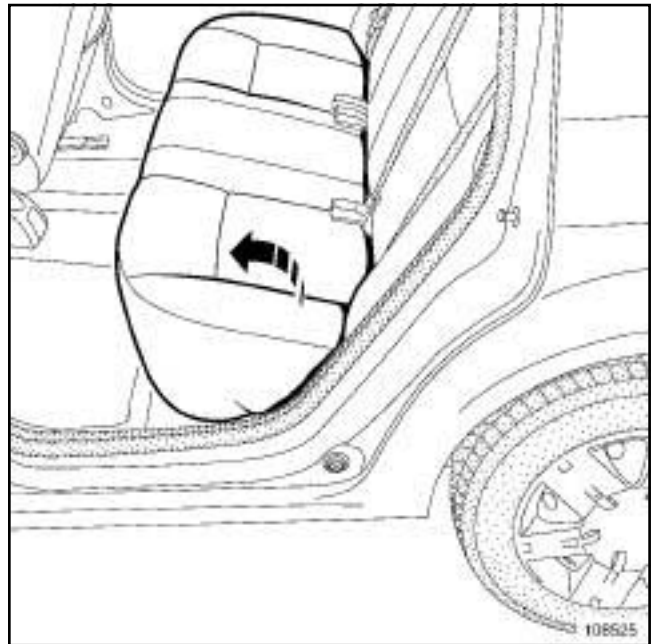
## Floor carpet: Removal - Refitting

# 71A

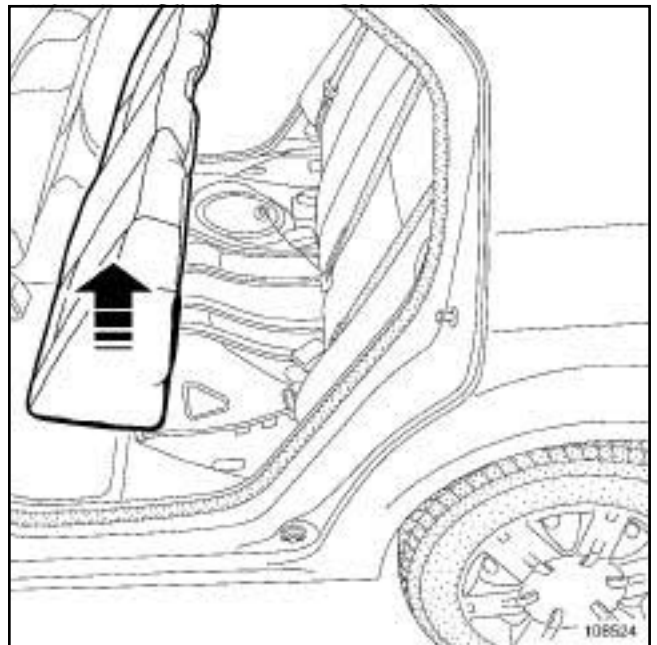
### REMOVAL

#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Remove:
  - the front seats (see **Complete front seat: Removal - Refitting**) ,
  - the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 57A, Interior equipment),
  - the B-pillar linings (see **71A, Body internal trim, B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**, page 71A-9) ,
  - the side door seals partially.



108525



108524

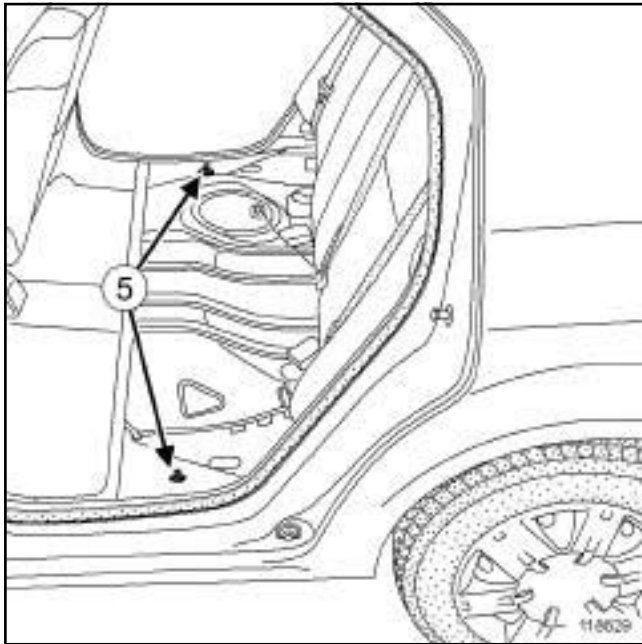
- Remove the rear bench seat base .

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## Floor carpet: Removal - Refitting

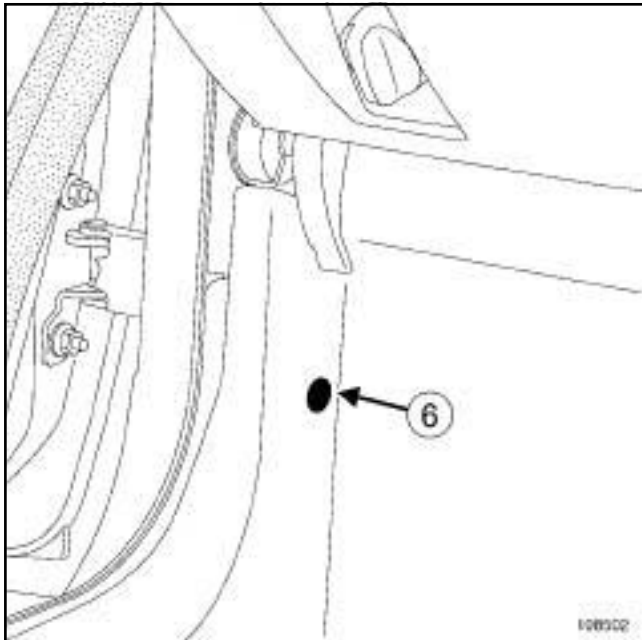
# 71A

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



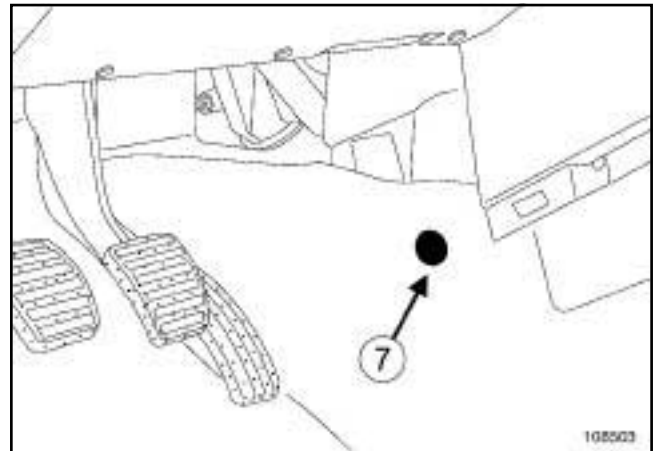
118629

- ❑ Remove the retaining clips (5) .



108502

- ❑ Remove clip (6) .



108503

108503

- ❑ Remove clip (7) .



108504

108504

- ❑ Pull away the carpet.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ❑ Refit:
  - the floor carpet,
  - the clips (6) and (7) .
- ❑ Refit the retaining clips (5) .

#### II - FINAL OPERATION

- ❑ Refit the rear bench seat base.

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## Floor carpet: Removal - Refitting

---

**71A**

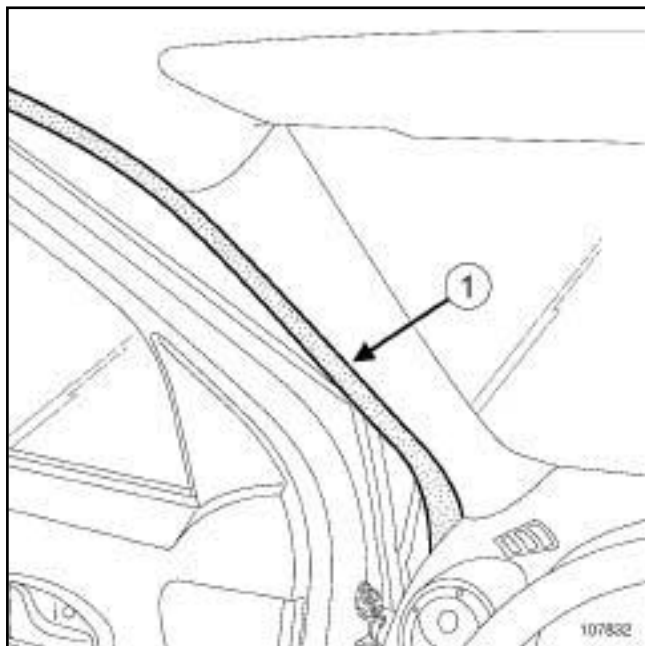
□ Refit:

- the side door seals,
- the B-pillar linings (see **71A, Body internal trim, B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting**, page 71A-9) ,
- the centre console (see **Centre console: Removal - Refitting**) (MR 389, 57A, Interior equipment),
- the front seats (see **Complete front seat: Removal - Refitting**) .

## Windscreen pillar trim: Removal - Refitting

### REMOVAL

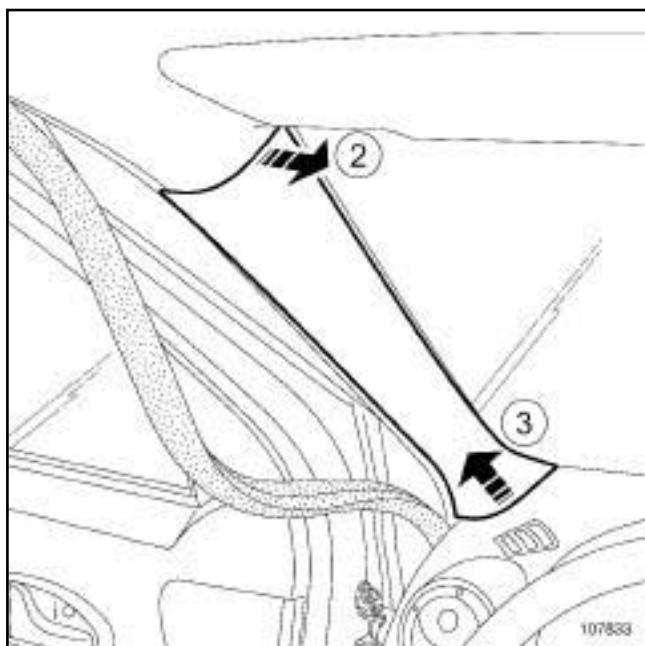
#### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



107832

- Partially remove door seal (1) .

#### II - REMOVAL OPERATION



107833

- Remove the windscreen pillar trim by (2) and (3) .

### REFITTING

- Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting

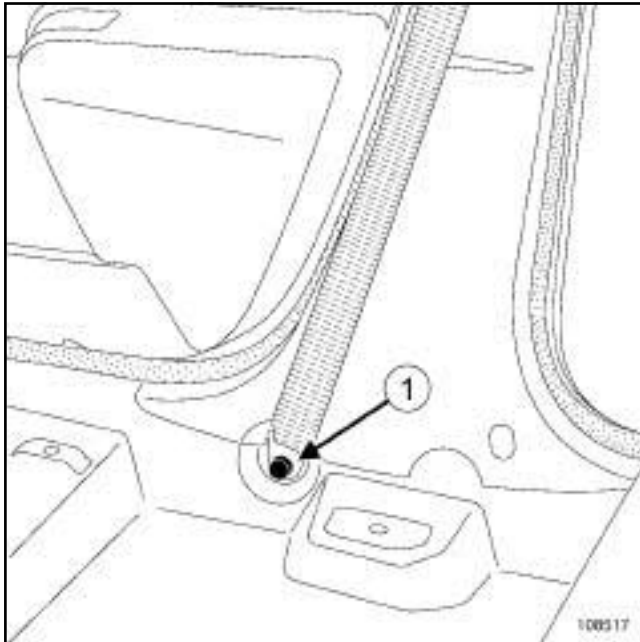
# 71A

### Tightening torques

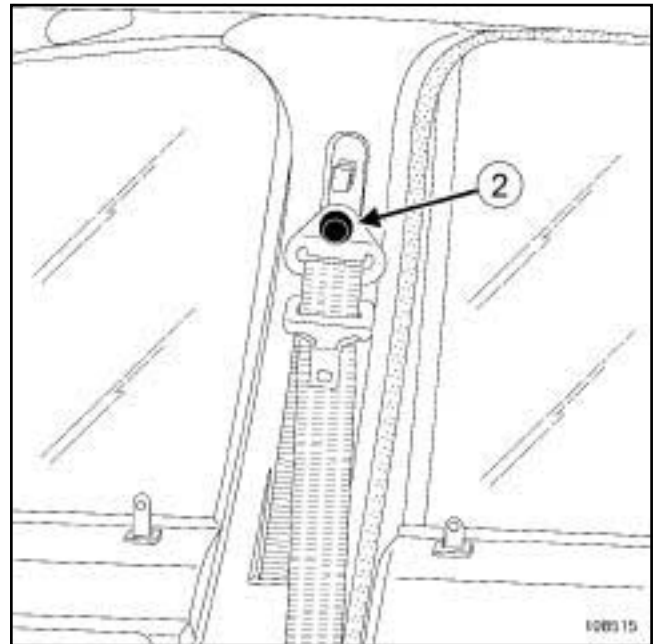
upper and lower bolts for the seat belt	21 N.m
--	--------

## REMOVAL

### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION



- Remove the bolt (1) .



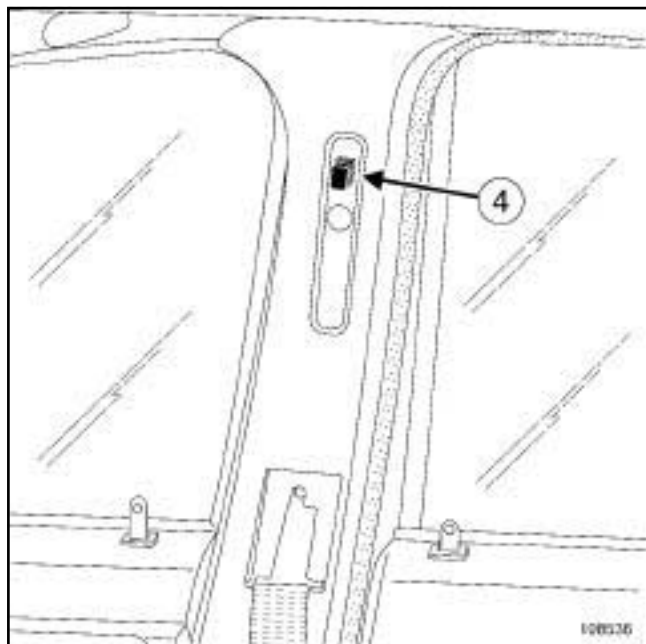
- Remove:
  - the cover,
  - the bolt (2) .

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

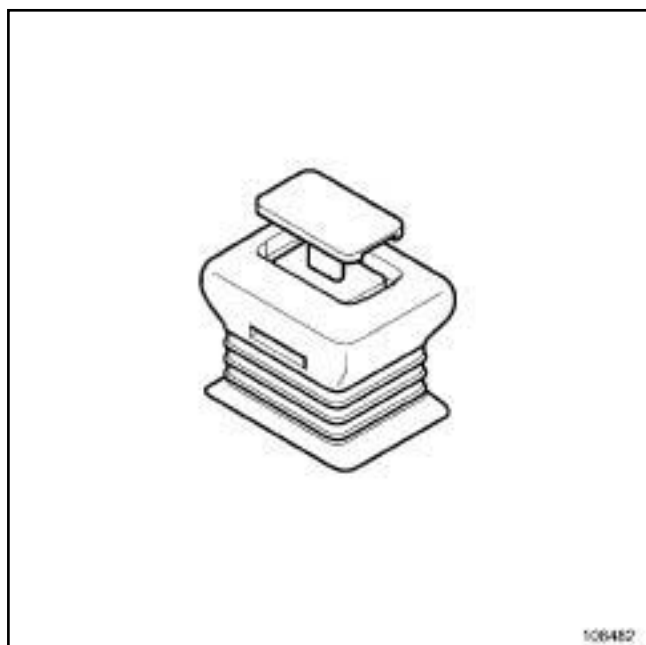
## B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting

# 71A

### II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

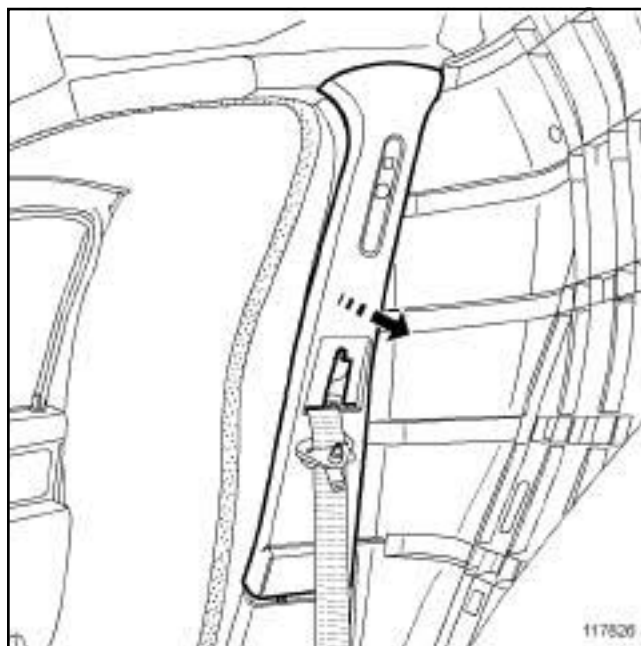


108536



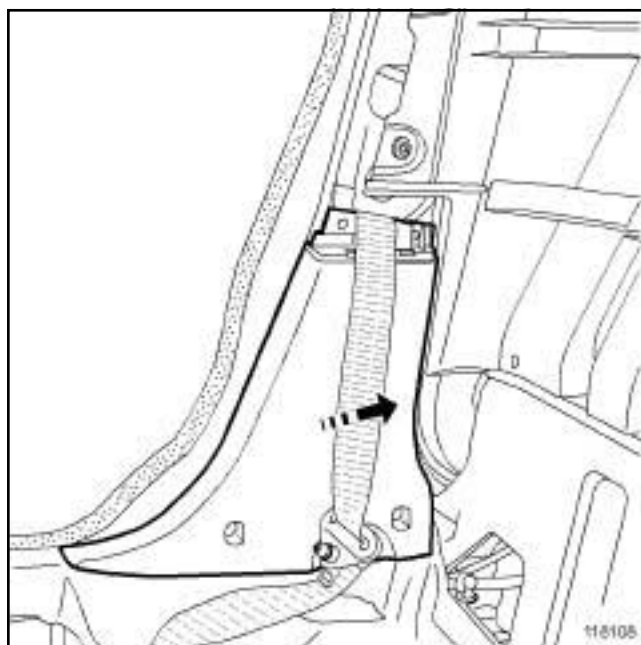
108482

- Remove:
  - the control (4) using a flat screwdriver,
  - the door seals (partially).



117826

- Remove the B-pillar upper trim.



118108

- Remove the B-pillar lower trim.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Refit:
  - the B-pillar lower trim,
  - the lower trim bolts,
  - the B-pillar upper trim,

# BODY INTERNAL TRIM

## B-pillar trim: Removal - Refitting

71A

- the door seals,
- the seat belt adjustment control.

### II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit the upper and lower bolts for the seat belt.
- Tighten to torque the **upper and lower bolts for the seat belt (21 N.m)**.
- Refit the cover for the upper seat belt bolt.

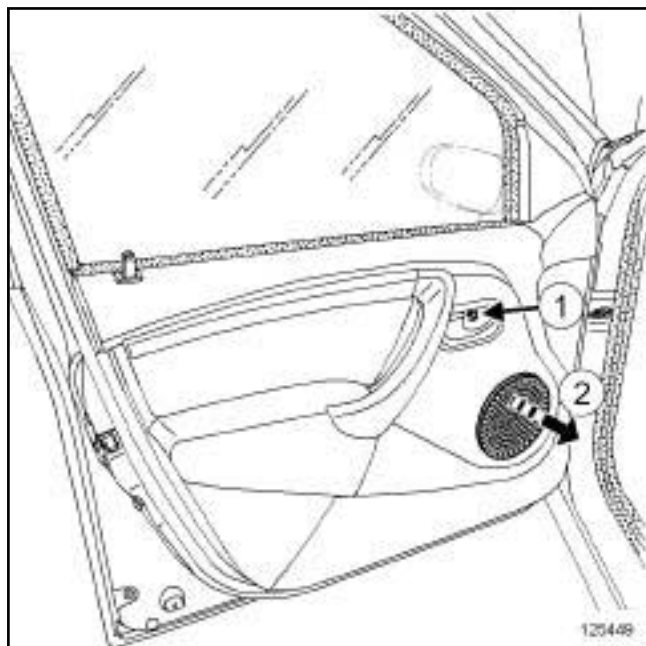
# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM

## Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting

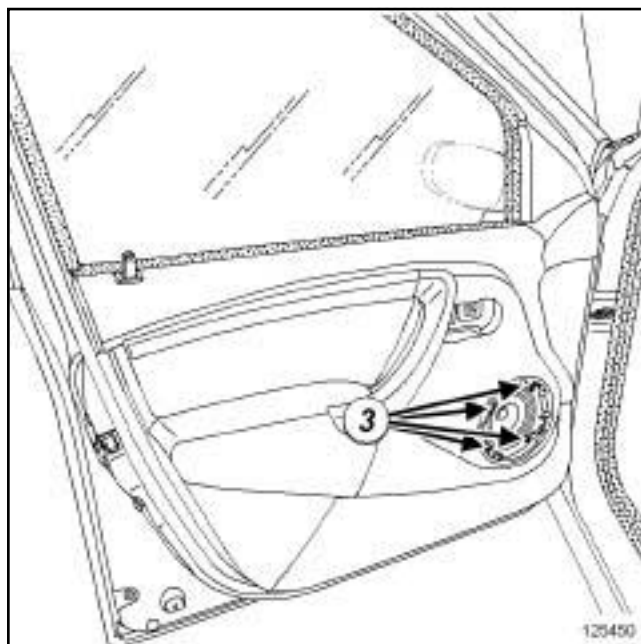
# 72A

### REMOVAL

#### OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

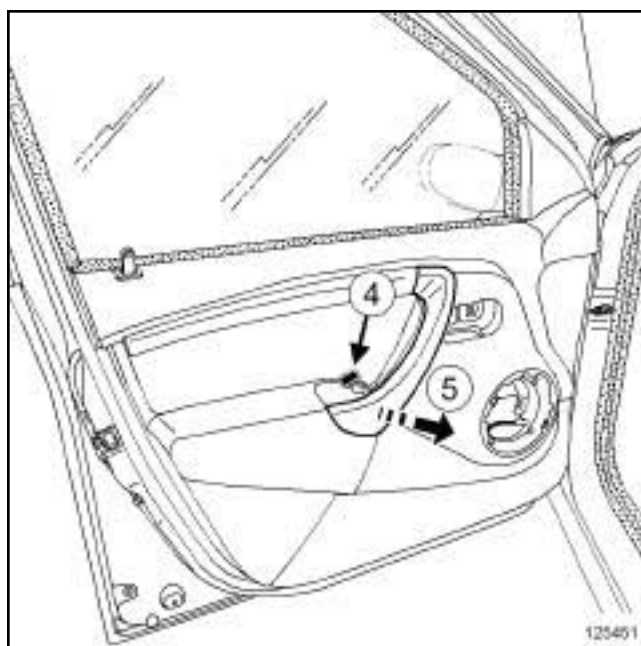


- Remove:
  - the bolt (1) ,
  - the opening control,
  - the speaker grille (2) .



125450

- Remove:
  - the bolts (3) ,
  - the speaker.
- Disconnect the speaker connector.



125451

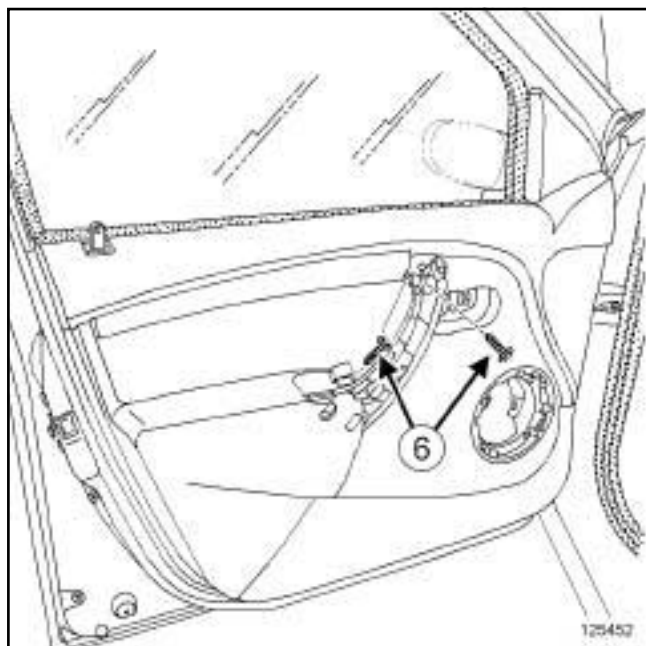
- Unclip the trim (4) from the door trim bolt.
- Remove the cover from the interior handle (5) .



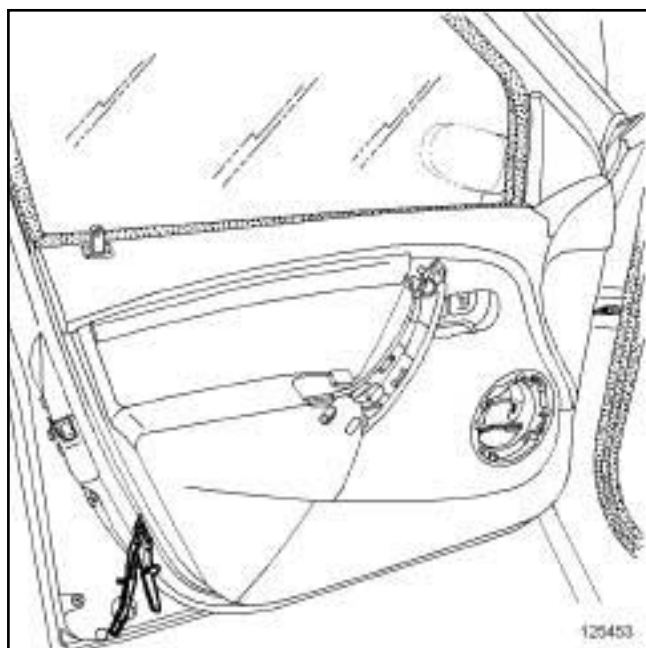
# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM

## Front side door trim: Removal - Refitting

# 72A



- ❑ Remove the bolts (6) .



- ❑ Unclip the front door trim using an unclipping tool.

### REFITTING

#### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ If necessary, replace:
  - the front door trim clips,
  - the front door trim sealing mastic (part no.: **77 01 423 330**).

#### Note:

To make it easier to fit the trim, moisten the box section at the point where the seal is applied.

#### II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ❑ Refit:
  - the front door trim,
  - the bolts (6) ,
  - the interior handle cover (5) ,
  - the trim (4) on the door trim bolt.
- ❑ Reconnect the speaker connector.
- ❑ Refit:
  - the speaker,
  - the speaker bolts (3) ,
  - the speaker grille (2) ,
  - the opening control,
  - the opening control bolt (1) .

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM

## Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting

# 72A

### Special tooling required

Car. 1363      Set of trim removal levers.

## REMOVAL

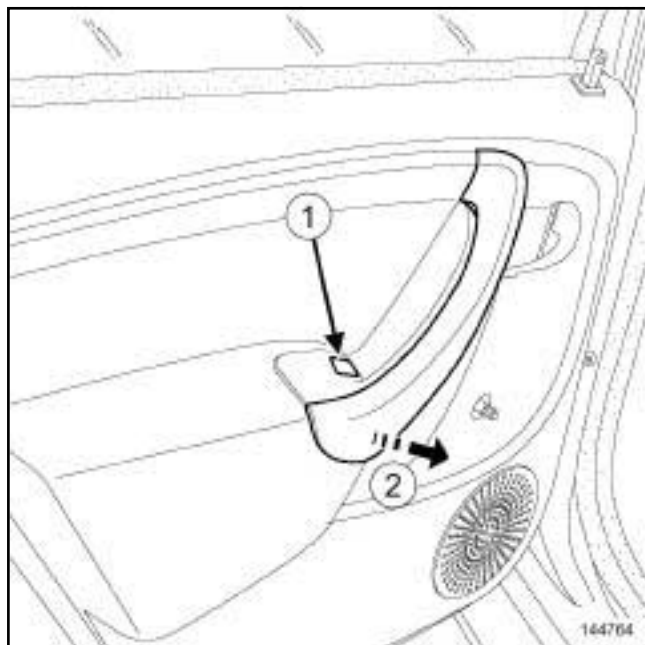
### I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

Remove:

- the rear side door interior handle (see **Rear side door interior opening control: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms).
- the rear side door window winder handle (see **Rear side door window winder handle: Removal - Refitting**) (51A, Side opening element mechanisms).

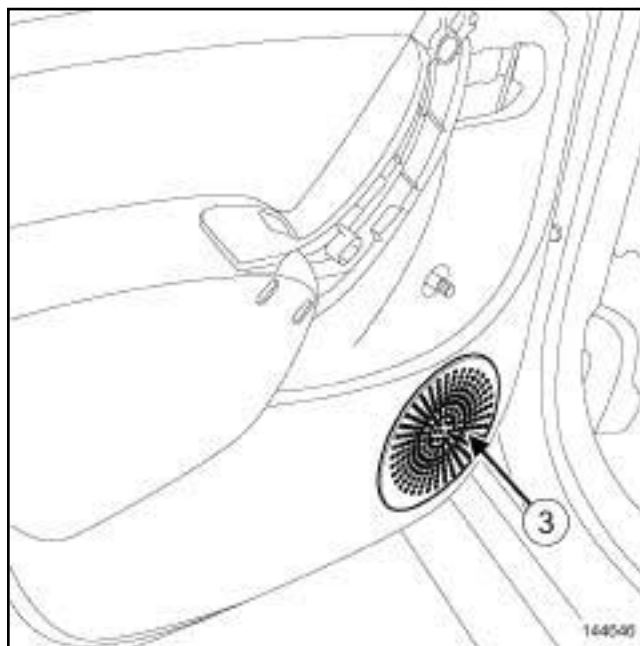
### II - REMOVAL OPERATION

#### EQUIPMENT LEVEL E2



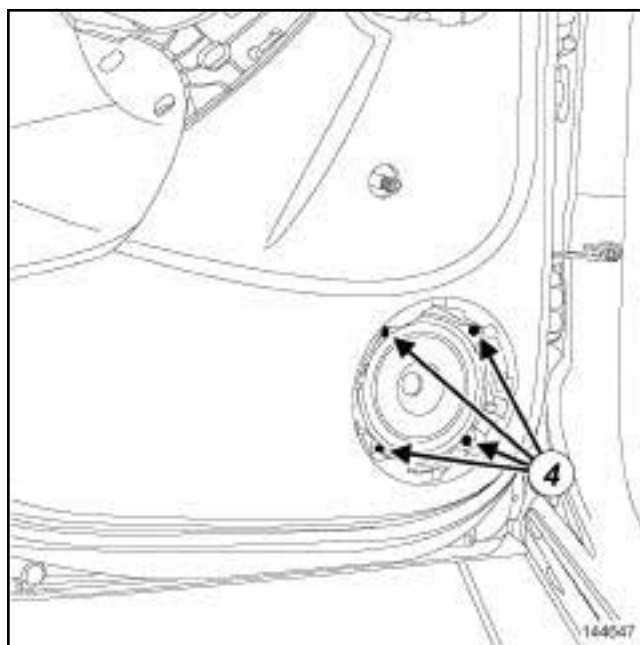
144764

- Unclip the blanking cover of the rear side door trim bolt (1) .
- Remove the rear side door interior handle cover using the tool (Car. 1363) by (2) .



144646

- Remove the speaker grille (3)



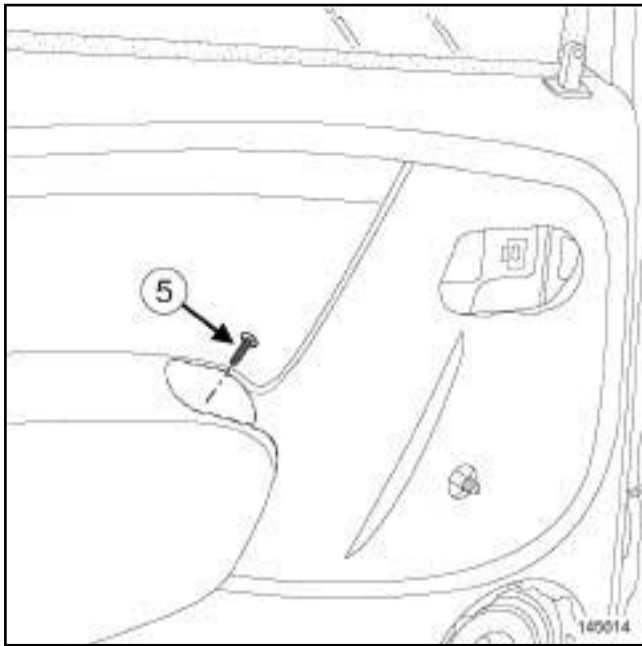
144647

- Remove:
  - the speaker bolts (4) ,
  - the speaker.
- Disconnect the speaker connector.

# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM

## Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting

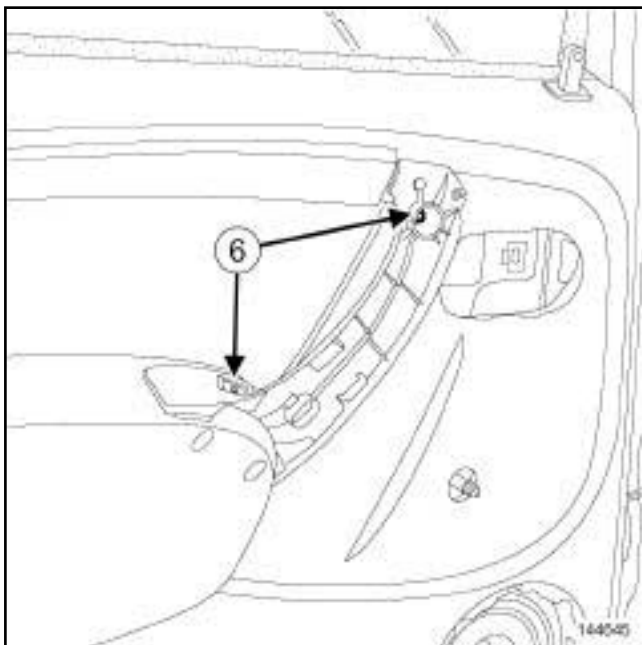
# 72A



145014

- ❑ Remove the rear side door armrest bolt (5) .

### EQUIPMENT LEVEL E2



144645

- ❑ Remove the rear side door interior handle bolts (6) .
- ❑ Remove the rear side door trim using a pair of unclipping pliers.

## REFITTING

### I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ❑ Check the condition of the clips and replace them if necessary.

#### Note:

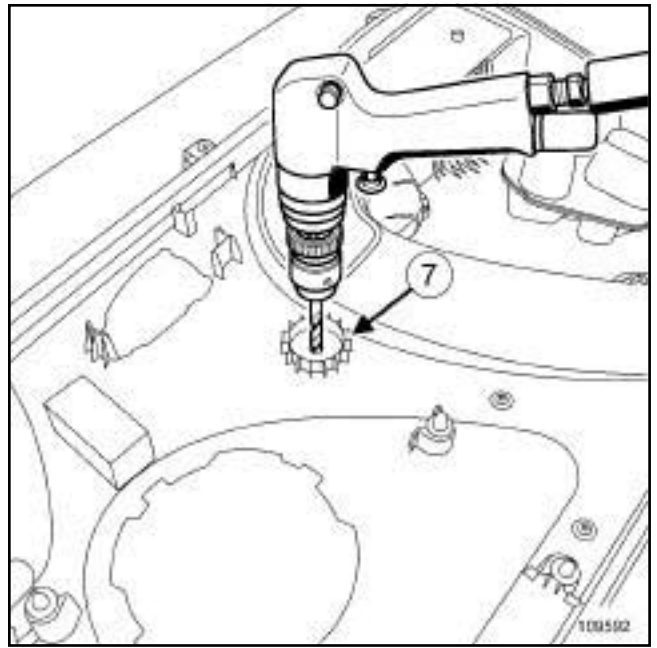
To facilitate fitting the rear side door trim, dampen the box section where the seal is to be applied.

- ❑ Re-apply the bead of sealing mastic on the rear side door trim using a **BEAD OF PREFORMED SEALING MASTIC** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

### II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ❑ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

### III - SPECIAL NOTES FOR REFITTING THE MANUAL WINDOW WINDER



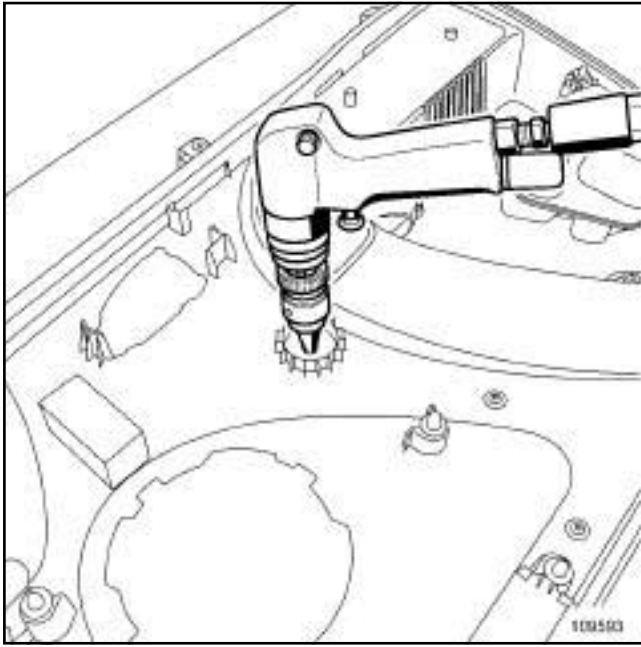
109592

- ❑ Drill the trim at the centre of the mark (7) .

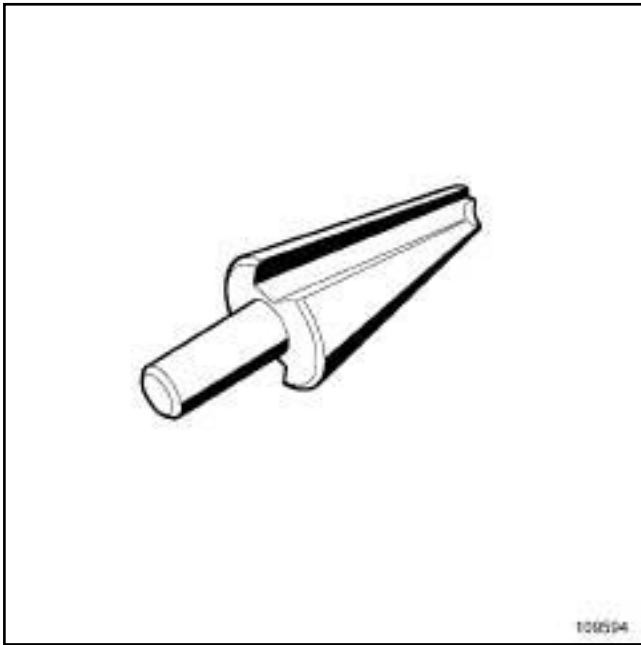
# SIDE OPENING ELEMENT TRIM

## Rear side door trim: Removal - Refitting

72A



109593



109594

109594

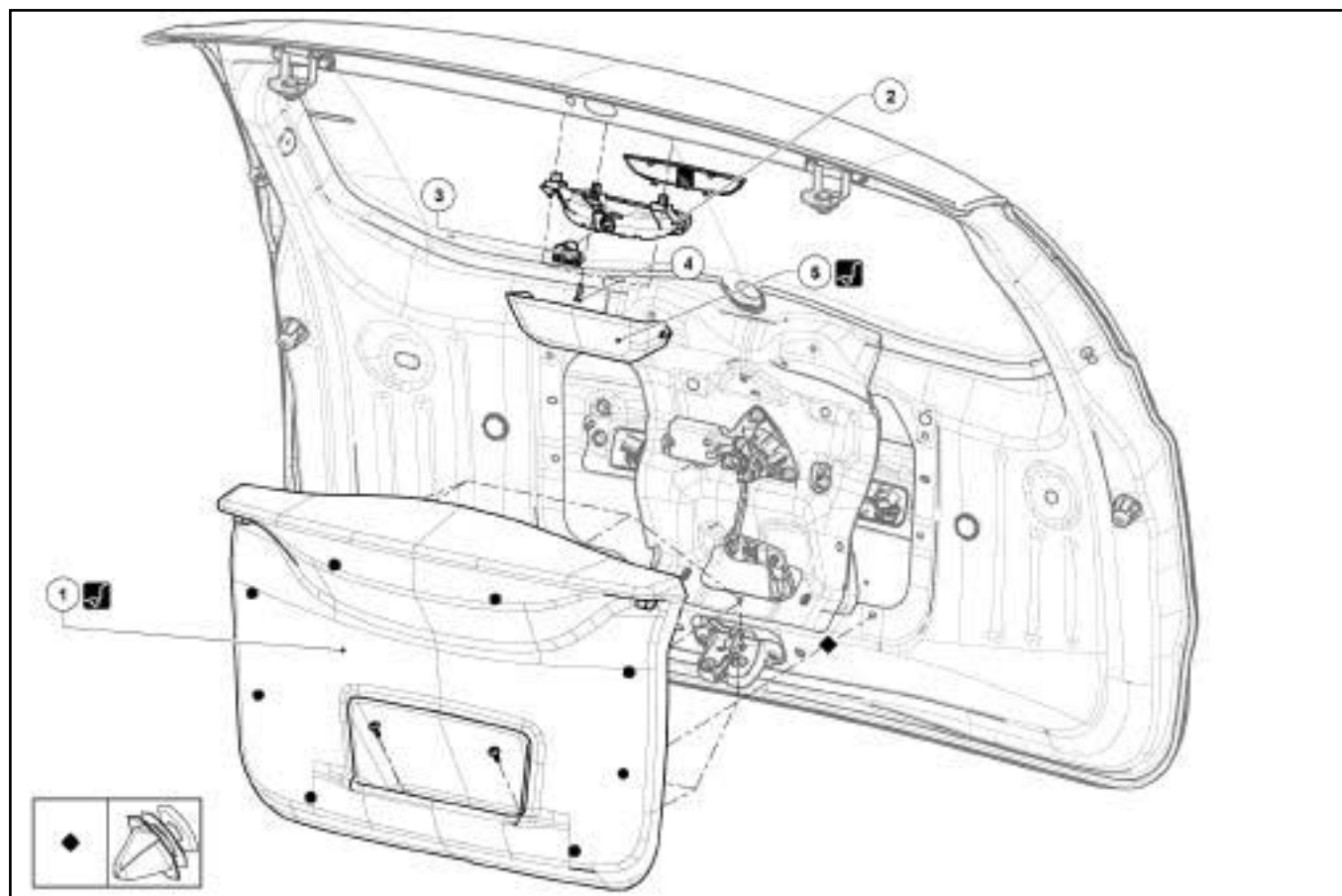
- Finish the operation using a conical milling cutter.

# NON-SIDE OPENING ELEMENTS TRIM

Rear opening element assembly on the passenger compartment side: Exploded view

# 73A

H79

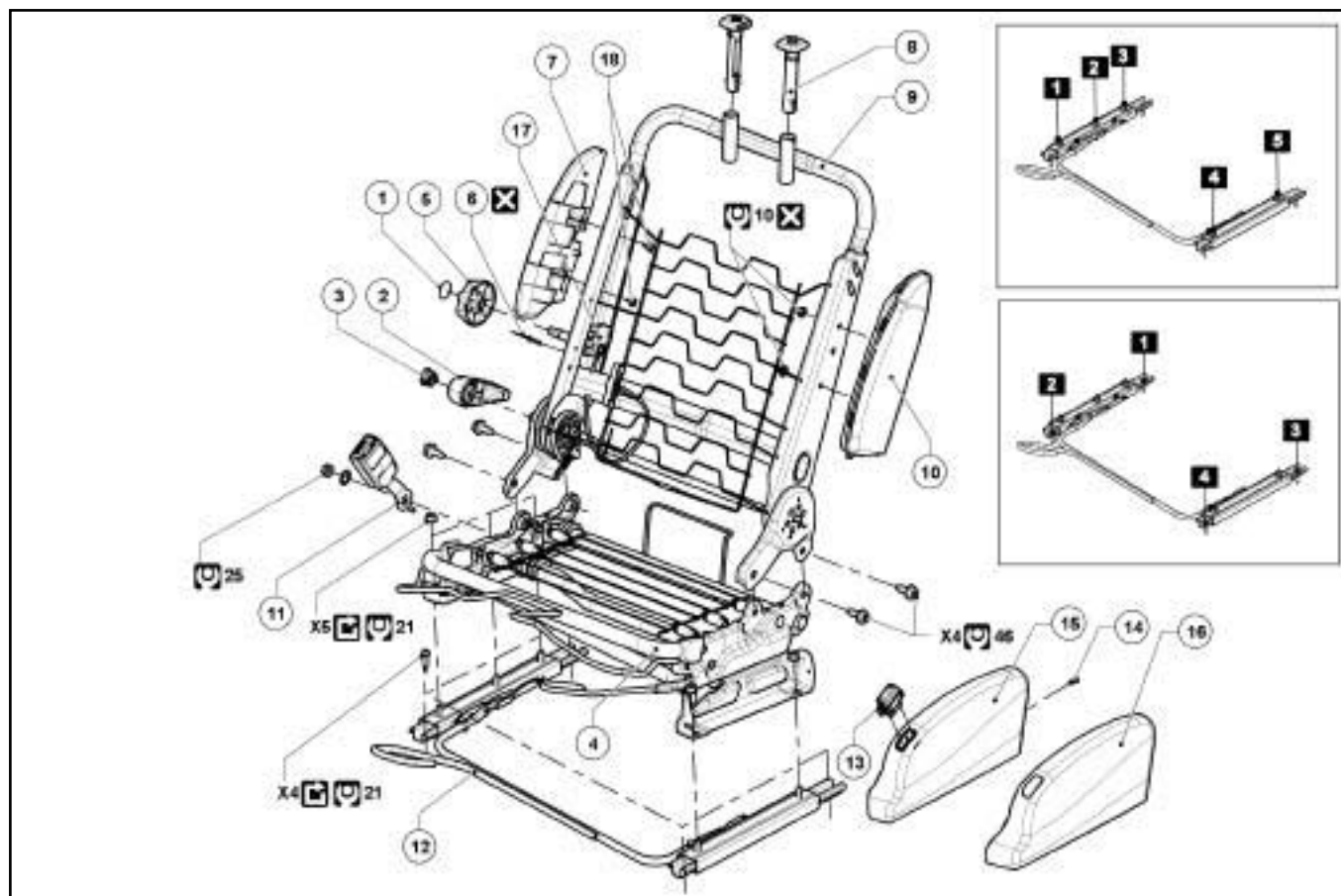


146251

(see ) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

Mark	Description	Information
1	Tailgate trim	(Car. 1363)
2	High level brake light	
3	bulb	
4	high level brake light bolt	
5	High level brake light cover	(Car. 1363)

### DRIVER HEIGHT ADJUSTER



146024

(see )

Mark	Description	Information
1	Front seat lumbar adjustment control trim	
2	Front seat backrest tilt control	
3	Front seatback angle control trim	
4	Front seat base frame	
5	Front seat lumbar adjustment control	
6	Front seat lumbar adjustment mechanism rivet	
8	Front seat headrest guide	(see )
9	Front seat frame	(see )
11	Front seat belt buckle	(see <b>Front seat belt buckle: Removal - Refitting</b> )
12	Front seat runner	

# FRONT SEAT FRAMES AND MECHANISMS

# 75A

## Front seat assembly: Exploded view

### DRIVER HEIGHT ADJUSTER

Mark	Description	Information
14	Bolt of front seat base exterior casing	
16	Front seat base exterior casing	
17	Front seat lumbar adjustment mechanism	

### FRONT SIDE AIRBAG or FRONT SIDE + CURTAIN AIRBAG

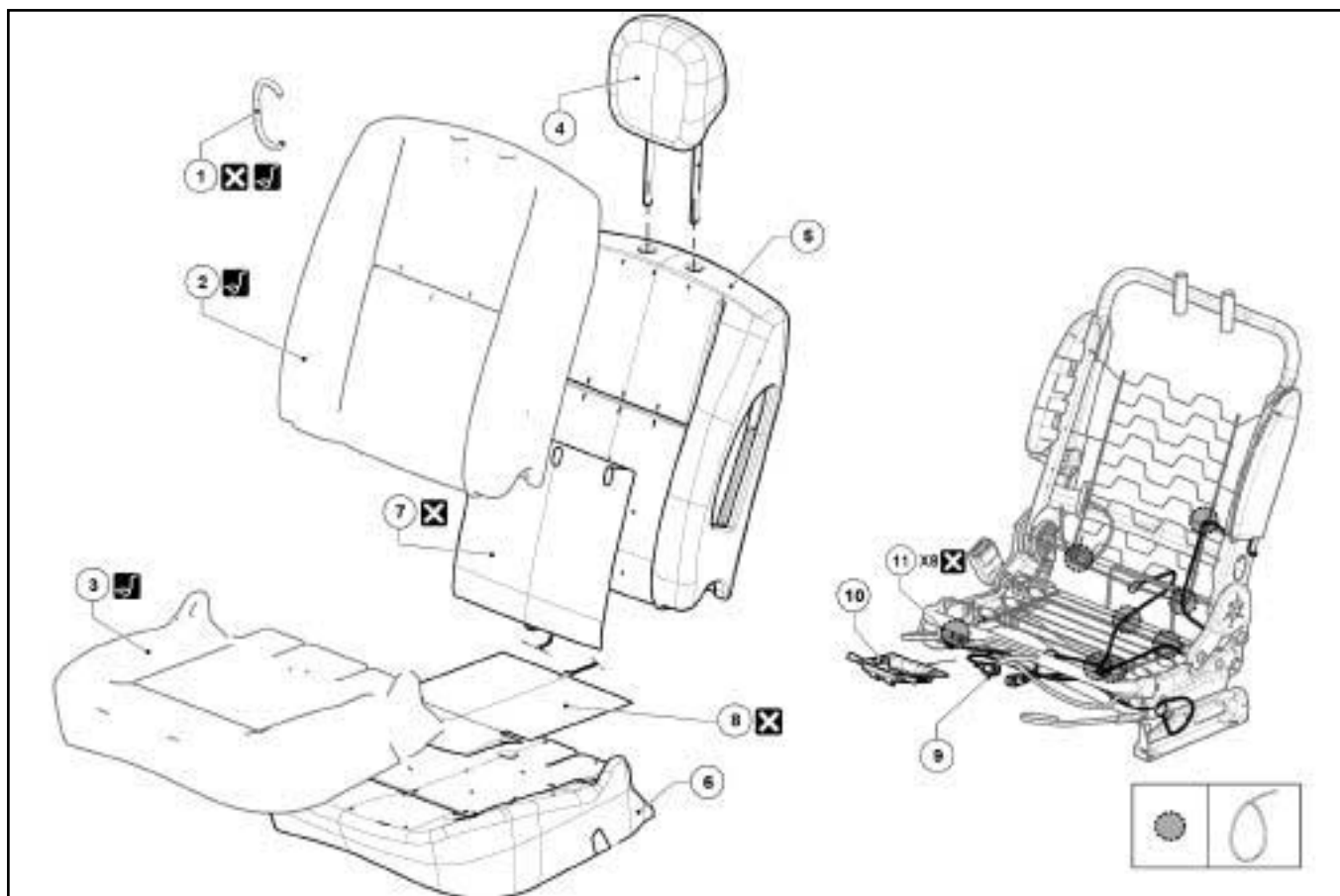
Mark	Description	Information
7	Front seat chest-level side airbag dummy module	
10	Front seat chest-level side airbag	(see <b>Front (chest-level) side airbag: Removal - Refitting</b> )
18	Bolt of front seat chest-level side airbag dummy module	

### FRONT SEAT WITH HEATING

Mark	Description	Information
13	Front seat heated pad switch	
15	Front seat base exterior casing	

## Front seat assembly: Exploded view

DRIVER HEIGHT ADJUSTER



146025

(see )

Mark	Description	Information
1	Seat trim clip	(Car.1521)
2	Front seatback cover	(see )
3	Front seat base cover	(see )
4	Front seat headrest	(see )
5	Front seat back foam	
6	Front seat base foam	

FRONT SIDE AIRBAG, and FRONT SEAT WITH HEATING, and WITH SEAT BELT NOT SECURED WARNING

Mark	Description	Information
9	Front seat electrical wiring	



# FRONT SEAT FRAMES AND MECHANISMS

# 75A

## Front seat assembly: Exploded view

DRIVER HEIGHT ADJUSTER

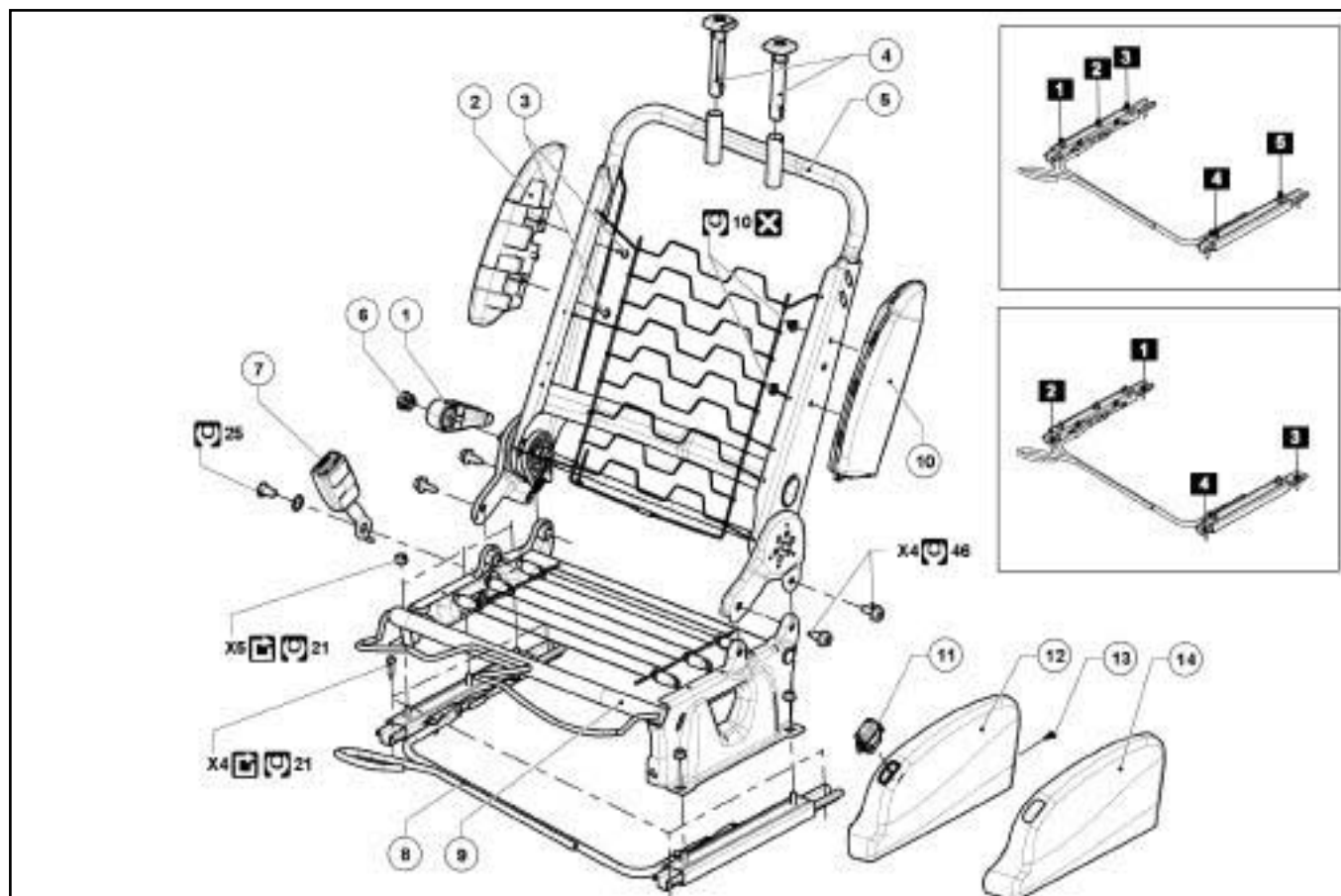
Mark	Description	Information
10	Front seat electrical wiring support	
11	Retaining clip	



Mark	Description	Information
7	Front seatback heated pad	
8	Front seat base heated pad	



FIXED SUBFRAME



146034

(see )

Mark	Description	Information
1	Front seat backrest tilt control	
4	Front seat headrest guide	(see )
5	Front seat frame	(see )
6	Front seatback angle control trim	
7	Front seat belt buckle	(see <b>Front seat belt buckle: Removal - Refitting</b> )
8	Front seat runner	
9	Front seat base frame	
13	Bolt of front seat base exterior casing	
14	Front seat base exterior casing	

# FRONT SEAT FRAMES AND MECHANISMS

# 75A

## Front seat assembly: Exploded view

FIXED SUBFRAME

FRONT SIDE AIRBAG or FRONT SIDE + CURTAIN AIRBAG

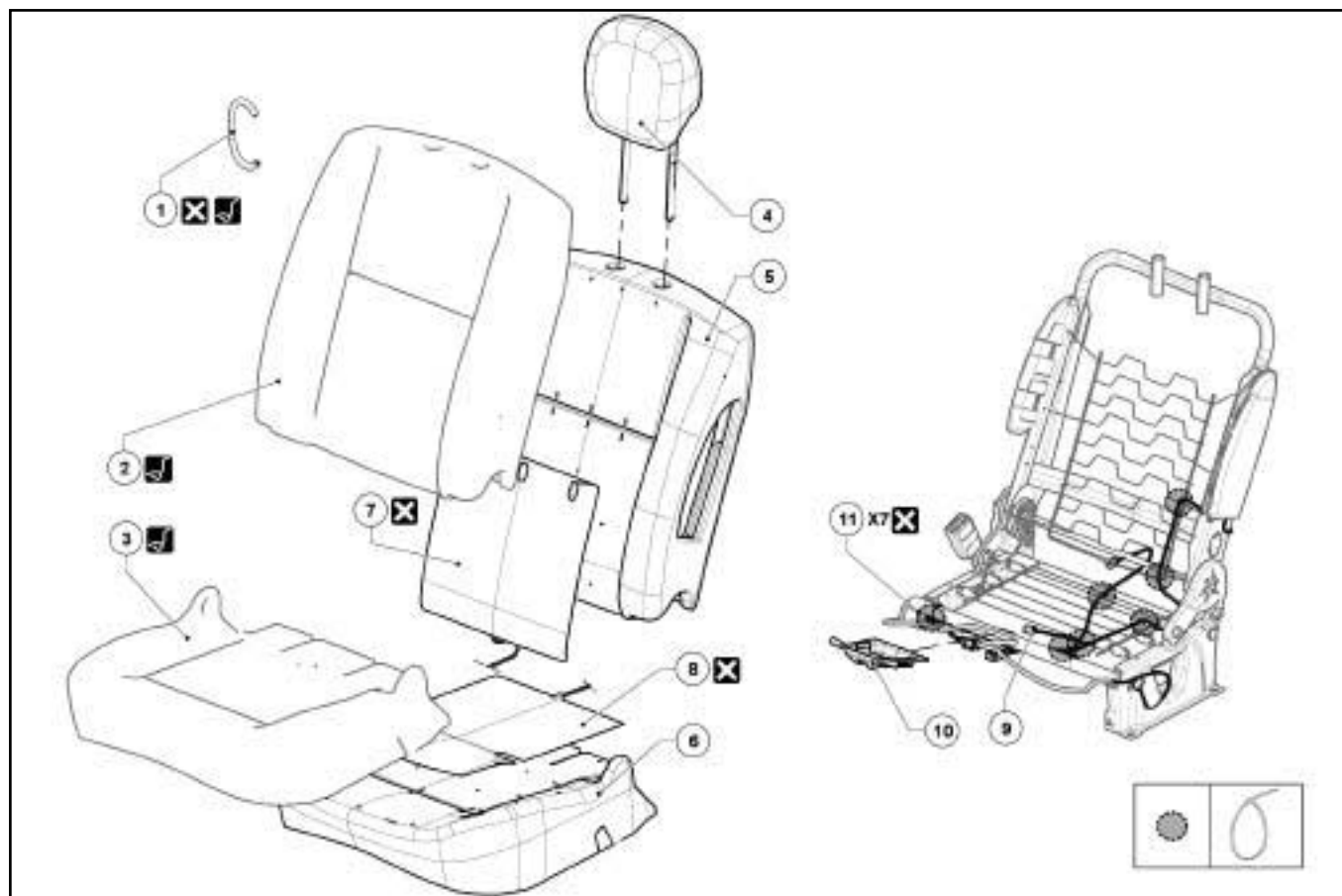
Mark	Description	Information
2	Front seat chest-level side airbag dummy module	
3	Bolt of front seat chest-level side airbag dummy module	
10	Front seat chest-level side airbag	(see <b>Front (chest-level) side airbag: Removal - Refitting</b> )

FRONT SEAT WITH HEATING

Mark	Description	Information
11	Front seat heated pad switch	
12	Front seat base exterior casing	

## Front seat assembly: Exploded view

### FIXED SUBFRAME



146035

(see )

Mark	Description	Information
1	Seat trim clip	(Car.1521)
2	Front seatback cover	(see )
3	Front seat base cover	(see )
4	Front seat headrest	(see )
5	Front seat back foam	
6	Front seat base foam	

### FRONT SEAT WITH HEATING

Mark	Description	Information
7	Front seatback heated pad	
8	Front seat base heated pad	

# FRONT SEAT FRAMES AND MECHANISMS

# 75A

## Front seat assembly: Exploded view

FIXED SUBFRAME

FRONT SIDE AIRBAG, and FRONT SEAT WITH HEATING, and WITH SEAT BELT NOT SECURED WARNING

Mark	Description	Information
9	Front seat electrical wiring	
10	Front seat electrical wiring support	
11	Retaining clip	

# DUSTER

---

## 1 Engine and peripherals

### 13B DIESEL INJECTION

DCM 1.2 injection  
Program No.: 4C  
Vdiag No.: 08

Fault finding – Introduction	13B - 2
Fault finding – Cleanliness guidelines	13B - 7
Fault finding – System operation	13B - 10
Fault finding – Replacement of components	13B - 17
Fault finding – Configurations and programming	13B - 21
Fault finding – Fault summary table	13B - 22
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Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses	13B - 126
Fault finding – Parameter summary table	13B - 130
Fault finding – Interpretation of parameters	13B - 132
Fault finding – Command summary table	13B - 134
Fault finding – Customer complaints	13B - 137
Fault finding – Fault finding chart	13B - 139
Fault finding – Tests	13B - 175

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicles: **LOGAN / SANDERO / THALIA 2 / SYMBOL 2**  
Engines: **K9K 718, 740, 790, 792, 794, 796, 880, 890.**  
Function concerned: **K9 DELPHI (DCM 1.2) COMMON RAIL Direct diesel injection**

*Name of computer:* **DCM 1.2 injection**  
*Program No.:* **4C**  
*Vdiag No.:* **08**

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type:

**Fault finding procedure** (this manual):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

#### Wiring Diagrams:

- Visu-Schéma (CD-ROM).

#### Type of diagnostic tools:

- **CLIP + sensor**

#### Special tooling required:

Special tooling required	
	<b>Diagnostic tool</b>
	<b>Multimeter</b>
<b>Elé. 1590</b>	112-track computer bornier
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier
<b>Mot. 1711</b>	Injector flow measuring kit

### 3. REMINDER:

#### Procedure

To run fault finding on the vehicle computers, switch on the ignition.

Depending on the type of vehicle equipment, proceed as follows:

**For vehicles with radio frequency remote control/key,**  
switch on the ignition with the key.

To cut off the + after ignition feed, proceed as follows:

**For vehicles with radio frequency remote control/key,**  
switch off the ignition with the key.

### Faults

Faults are declared as either present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but have not been diagnosed within the current context).

The status of the fault, **present** or **stored**, should be taken into consideration when the **diagnostic tool** is used after the **+ after ignition feed** has been activated (without any of the system components being activated).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the **Interpretation of faults** section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the **Notes** section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions in the Notes section are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical lines which correspond to the fault,
- the connectors on these lines (corrosion, bent pins, etc.),
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires (melted or cut insulation, wear).

### Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data that do not produce a fault display on the **diagnostic tool** when they are inconsistent. Therefore, this phase makes it possible to:

- run fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repair.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for the statuses and the parameters and the conditions for checking them.

If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside permitted tolerance values, you should consult the corresponding fault finding page.

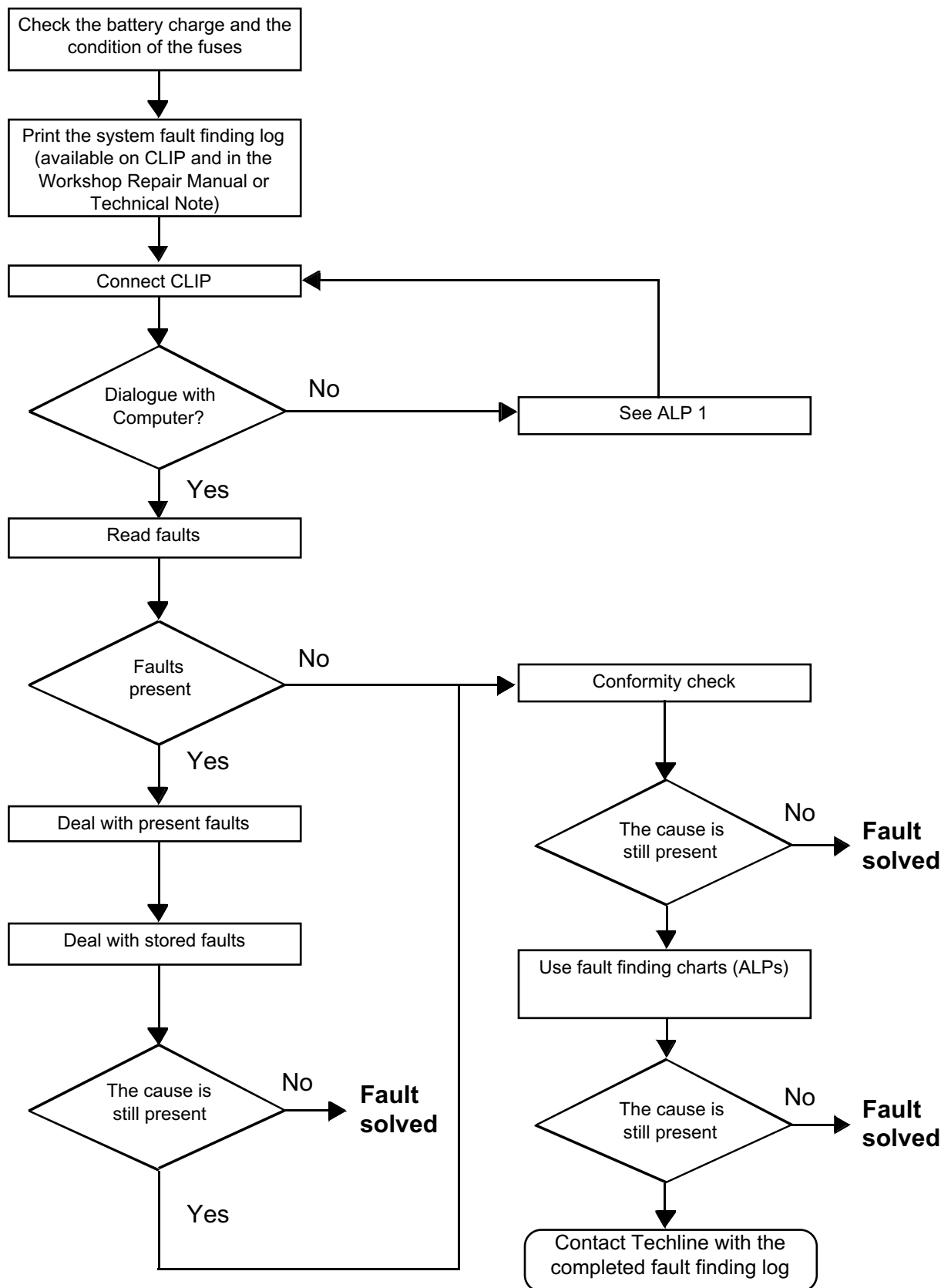
### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the **diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be dealt with by **customer complaints**.

**A synopsis of the general procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**



### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE



#### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (continued)

##### Wiring check

##### Fault finding problems

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily clear the cause of a fault. Electrical measurements of voltage, resistance and insulation are generally correct, especially if the fault is not present when the analysis is made (stored fault).

##### Visual inspection

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment. Carefully check the fuses, insulators and wiring harness routing. Look for signs of oxidation.

##### Tactile inspection

When handling the wiring, use the **diagnostic tool** to detect any change in fault statuses from "stored" to "present". Make sure that the connectors are firmly secured. Apply light pressure to the connectors. Twist the wiring harness. If there is a change in status, try to locate the source of the fault.

##### Inspection of each component

Disconnect the connectors and check the appearance of the clips and tabs, as well as the crimping (no crimping on the insulating section). Make sure that the clips and tabs are properly locked in the sockets. Check that the clips or tabs have not been bent back during connection. Check the clip contact pressure using an appropriate model of tab.

##### Resistance check

Check the continuity of the complete lines, then section by section. Look for a short circuit to earth, to **+ 12 V** or with another wire.

If a fault is detected, repair or replace the wiring harness.

### 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



#### IMPORTANT

#### IMPORTANT

All faults involving a complex system call for thorough diagnostics with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE MANDATORY TO FILL OUT A FAULT FINDING LOG EVERY TIME  
THE TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURN SERVICE ASKS FOR IT.**

You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from the Techline,
- when requesting approval before replacing parts for which approval is compulsory,
- to be enclosed when returning monitored parts on request. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts which have been removed.

### 6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- make sure that the battery is properly charged to avoid damaging the computers with a low charge,
- use the appropriate tools.

## I - RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH CONTAMINATION

The high pressure direct injection system is highly sensitive to contamination. The risks caused by the introduction of contamination are:

- damage to or destruction of the high pressure injection system,
- a component seizing up,
- a component losing its sealing.

All After-Sales operations must be performed under very clean conditions. This means that no impurities (particles a few microns in size) should have penetrated the system during dismantling.

The cleanliness guidelines must be applied from the filter through to the injectors.

What are the sources of contamination?

- metal or plastic chips,
- paint,
- fibres:
  - from cardboard,
  - from brushes,
  - from paper,
  - from clothing,
  - from cloths,
- foreign bodies such as hair,
- the ambient atmosphere,
- etc.

### **IMPORTANT**

Cleaning the engine using a high pressure washer is prohibited because of the risk of damaging connections. In addition, moisture may collect in the connectors and create faults in the electrical connections.

## II - INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED BEFORE CARRYING OUT ANY WORK

### **IMPORTANT**

Before carrying out any work on the high pressure injection system, protect:

- the accessories belts,
- the electrical accessories, (starter, alternator, electric power-assisted steering pump),
- the flywheel surface, to prevent any diesel from running onto the clutch friction plate.
- timing chain

Ensure that you have plugs for the unions to be opened (set of plugs available from the Parts Department). Plugs are to be used only once. They must be discarded after use (once used they are soiled and cleaning is not sufficient to make them reusable). Unused plugs must be thrown away.

Ensure that you have hermetically resealable plastic bags for storing removed parts. Parts stored in this way will be less susceptible to the risk of contamination. The bags are to be used once only, and discarded after use.

Use lint-free cleaning cloths (cloth part reference **77 11 211 707**). The use of ordinary cloth or paper is not permitted. They are not lint-free and could contaminate the fuel circuit. A lint-free cloth should only be used once.

Use fresh cleaning agent for each operation (used cleaning agent is contaminated). Pour it into a clean receptacle.

For each operation, use a clean brush in good condition (the brush must not shed its bristles).

Use a brush and cleaning agent to clean the unions to be opened.

Blow compressed air over the cleaned parts (tools, workbench, the parts, unions and injection system zones). Check that no bristles are left.

Wash your hands before and during the operation if necessary.

When wearing leather protective gloves cover them with latex gloves to prevent contamination.

---

### III - INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING THE OPERATION

As soon as the circuit is open, all openings must be plugged to prevent impurities from entering the system. The plugs to be used are available from the Parts Department. The plugs must not be reused under any circumstances.

Seal the pouch shut, even if it has to be opened shortly afterwards. The ambient atmosphere carries contamination.

All components removed from the injection system must be stored in a hermetically-sealed plastic bag once the plugs have been inserted.

Using a brush, cleaning agent, air gun, brush or normal cloth is strictly prohibited once the circuit has been opened. These items could allow contamination to enter the system.

A new component replacing an old one must not be removed from its packaging until it is to be fitted to the vehicle.

## System outline

The **DCM1.2** injection system used on the **K9K** engine is an electronically managed high pressure injection system. The fuel is compressed by a high pressure pump then stored in a rail that feeds the injectors. Injection takes place when a current pulse is applied to the injector holders.

The injection flow is proportional to the rail pressure and to the applied pulse length, and the start of injection is synchronised with the start of the pulse.

The system includes two subsystems, which have different fuel pressure levels:

- the low pressure circuit contains the tank, the diesel fuel filter, the transfer pump and the injector holder return pipes,
- the high pressure circuit contains the high pressure pump, the rail, the injector holders and the high pressure tubes.

The injection system contains a number of control sensors and actuators that enable the entire system to be controlled and monitored.

## Functions provided

**Function: Fuel supply management (timing, flow and pressure).**

### Quantity of fuel injected and injection timing setting

The injection checking parameters are the quantities to be injected and their respective timing.

These are calculated by the computer using signals from the following sensors:

- Engine speed (crankshaft + cam lobe for synchronisation).
- Accelerator pedal.
- Turbocharging pressure and air temperature (Turbocharger pressure).
- Coolant temperature.
- Air temperature.
- Air load (Flow and Pressure).
- Rail pressure.

The quantities to be injected and their respective timing are converted into:

- a reference tooth,
- the time between this tooth and the start of activation,
- the time for which the supply to the injector holder is on.

Each injector holder is controlled by an electrical current which is sent according to previously calculated data. The system makes one or two injections (one pilot injection, one main injection).

The general principle is to calculate an overall injected flow, which is then divided into the main injection flow, and a pilot injection flow to promote proper combustion and help reduce pollutant emissions.

An accelerometer is used to monitor some of the fuel injection deviation. This has several roles:

- Protecting the engine by detecting injection leaks (disabled on the basic version).
- Checking the pilot quantity by measuring deviation and variation.

The quantity of fuel injected and the exact moment the mixture ignites can be readjusted by changing both the injection duration and advance.

### Rail pressure check

The quality of combustion is influenced by the size of the atomised droplets in the cylinder.

In the combustion chamber, smaller fuel droplets will have time to burn fully, and will not produce smoke or unburned particles. To meet the pollution requirements, the droplet size, and therefore the size of the injection holes must be reduced.

With smaller holes, less fuel will be able to be introduced at a given pressure, which limits the power. To offset this disadvantage, the quantity of fuel injected must be increased, which means increased pressure (and more holes in the injector nozzles).

For the **DCM 1.2** injection system, the pressure reaches **1400 bar - 1600 bar** in the rail and must be constantly regulated. The measuring circuit comprises an active pressure sensor on the rail connected to an analogue port on the computer.

The high pressure pump is supplied at low pressure (**5 bar**) by a built-in transfer pump. It supplies the rail, the pressure of which is controlled by the fuel flow actuator (**IMV**) for filling, and by the injector valves for discharging. This compensates for pressure drops. The fuel flow actuator enables the high pressure pump to only supply the quantity of diesel fuel required to maintain the rail pressure. This mechanism minimises the heat generated and improves engine output.

In order to discharge the rail using the injector valves, the valves are actuated by short electrical pulses which are:

- short enough in amplitude not to open the injector (and pass through the return circuit from the injectors),
- long enough in time to open the valves and discharge the rail.

The fuel surplus is sent back to the fuel filter or the tank, according to its flow. If there is no fuel flow actuator control, the rail pressure is limited by a discharge valve fitted on the pump.

### New pump chamber filling procedure (pump boosting)

The pump lubrication goes through a booster cycle during which the pump is filled and pressurised before "transferring" the diesel fuel to the rail.

This lubrication goes through programming called "**new pump chamber filling**", which prohibits starting for approximately **10 seconds**, which is the time required to fill the pump and to start if the key is released before the end of this "first starting" phase. "Power latch" is not necessary before attempting to start the vehicle again.

This procedure runs when a **computer is replaced** if the parameters relating to the rail pressure have not been copied into the new computer, or when an injection computer is reprogrammed.



### Idling speed regulation

The computer handles the calculation of idling speed. This has to take account of the instantaneous power level to be supplied, according to the status of the following components:

- engine coolant temperature,
- gear ratio engaged,
- battery charge,
- electrical consumers (Additional heating, Air conditioning, Fan Unit, electric windows, etc.) active or inactive,
- system faults detected.

### Individual injector correction (C2I)

The **DCM 1.2** system injectors must be calibrated with corrective values to adjust their flow precisely. Each injector is calibrated for different pressures on a test bench, and its specifications are shown on a label attached to the body of the injector holders. These individual correction values are entered in the computer EEPROM, which can then actuate the injectors by taking into account their manufacturing dispersion.

### Measuring the angular position (Cylinder reference sensor)

The angular position is measured using a magneto-inductive sensor triggered by machined teeth on the crankshaft flywheel. This flywheel has sixty teeth separated by six degrees minus two missing teeth, that form a notch.

A second sensor (Hall effect) triggered by a machined tooth on the high pressure pump drive pulley (synchronised with the camshaft), that rotates at half the engine speed, supplies an injection cycle running signal. When comparing the signals from these two sensors, the APS (Angular Position Subsystem) module of the computer is capable of providing details of the synchronisation components to the system:

- the angular position of the flywheel
- the engine speed, the number of the active injector
- the stage of the injection cycle.

This module also supplies the system with the rotation speed signal.

### Flow capacity function (VLC)

Because of the combination of several parameters such as the diesel fuel temperature, part wear, clogging of the diesel filter etc., the system limit may be reached during its service life. If this happens, the rail pressure cannot be maintained because the pump lacks the necessary capacity. If the pump lacks the necessary capacity, this programming will therefore reduce the requested flow to a value that will enable the pressure monitoring system to control the pressure again.

The customer may have noticed a loss of vehicle performance when this program is activated (confirmed by the **Flow capacity function** status). **This is part of normal operation.**

## Function: Air flow management

### EGR valve control

The EGR system (Exhaust gas recirculation) comprises a proportional EGR valve, with a built-in valve position feedback potentiometer. The EGR valve position is controlled by the potentiometer in a closed loop and/or by changes in the estimated air flow.

### Calculating the air flow

The **K9K 790 and 794** engines are not fitted with an air flowmeter. Instead, the amount of fresh inlet air is evaluated based on the values supplied by the surrounding systems.

The (theoretical) air load is calculated using a model with various calculation parameters, which are:

- the inlet air temperature measured by a sensor located after the turbocharger and/or after the exchanger (if fitted),
- the turbocharging pressure,
- the atmospheric pressure (external air),
- the EGR valve position,
- the fuel flow,
- the engine speed.

The atmospheric pressure sensor is optional. If fitted, it sends back a signal relating to the atmospheric pressure to an analogue port on the micro-controller. If not, atmospheric pressure is recovered based on the turbocharger pressure and the engine field.

For **K9K 792 and 796** engines, the flow of fresh air entering the engine is given by a hot wire ratiometric sensor. This flowmeter is used to manage the amount of exhaust gas to be recirculated to ensure optimum recirculation rates. A fresh air temperature sensor is integrated into the flowmeter. Air flow measurement allows closed-loop control via the EGR valve.

### Turbocharger control

#### **K9K 796 engine:**

The turbocharging system is made up of a solenoid valve which is used to control the wastegate to adjust the absolute pressure of the inlet circuit.

#### **K9K 790, 792, and 794 engines:**

The turbocharger system is controlled by the inlet pressure and does not need to be controlled by the computer.

### Pre-postheating control

Pre/postheating control consists of controlling the heater plugs and preheating warning light on the instrument panel. The heater plugs are activated by a preheating unit (controlled by the injection computer) and power is supplied by the battery. After the ignition is switched on a preheating delay is activated. The warning light comes on for a time dependent on the battery voltage, atmospheric pressure and coolant temperature. If the temperature is below a certain threshold, a postheating function can be used to improve the combustion stability, and consequently engine operation (reducing unburnt particles and pollutant emissions).

### Functions included

#### Air conditioning management assistance

For models with air conditioning, the **DCM 1.2** system allows deactivation of the air conditioning under certain operating conditions:

- when requested by the driver,
- when starting the engine,
- if the engine overheats (in order to reduce the power the engine has to supply),
- when the engine speed is kept at a very high level (to protect the compressor),
- during transition phases (e.g. high acceleration demand for overtaking, anti-stalling and moving off). These conditions are only taken into account if they do not occur repeatedly, so as to prevent system instabilities (erratic deactivation),
- when certain faults appear.

#### Cold loop air conditioning management

The air conditioning is the cold loop type and it is managed by the injection computer, which must:

- manage the cooling request according to passenger compartment commands and the refrigerant pressure value,
- calculate the power absorbed by the compressor (from the refrigerant fluid pressure).
- determining the **fan unit** commands according to the vehicle speed and the refrigerant fluid pressure.

The driver requests the air conditioning to be switched on by means of the ventilation selector coupled to a switch. This cooling request is authorised or refused according to the refrigerant pressure measured. If this pressure is outside the operating limits, the cold loop program is not activated.

Note:

**Fan unit** control requests are made from the injection computer.

These requests depend on the air conditioning, but also on the engine coolant temperature and vehicle speed.

#### Thermal regulation of the passenger compartment heating circuit

Engines with direct injection systems are characterised by fuel being injected directly into the combustion chamber. This leads to heat being lost through the upper part of the engine and consequently, the cylinder head cooling circuit is smaller in size.

The effect of this is that the temperature of the coolant which flows through this circuit rises more slowly. This coolant is also used by the passenger compartment heating system. In very cold conditions, it is therefore difficult to achieve a comfortable passenger compartment temperature quickly.

To limit the time taken to warm up the system, air heating resistors, called passenger compartment heating resistors (RCH), are fitted into the passenger compartment heating circuit. The **DCM1.2** injection computer determines the need to control, and physically controls the passenger compartment heating resistors. The injection computer determines the power control limitation of the passenger compartment heating resistors based on the alternator charge on one hand, and the inhibition of passenger compartment heating resistors based on engine speed, load and vehicle speed, on the other.

### Instrument panel display

The computer manages the data display on the instrument panel relating to engine operation.

There are six functions concerned:

- the **On board diagnostics MIL** (Malfunction Indicator Lamp),
- pre-postheating,
- coolant temperature,
- **Level 1** (non-critical fault) and **Level 2** (emergency stop) engine faults.
- detection of water in the fuel (depending on instrument panel).

These six functions are represented using four indicator lights.

### Pre-postheating and electronic fault (level 1) indicator light

This warning light is used as an operation indicator light for the heater plugs and as a system fault warning light.

- Continuously lit during **+ after ignition feed**: indicates preheating of the plugs.
- Flashing after preheating and an automatic **3-second** stop, indicates a **Level 1** fault (indicates a reduced level of operation and a limited safety level. The user must carry out repairs as soon as possible).

### Engine coolant temperature warning light (level 2)

This indicator light is used both as an in-operation indicator light and as a system fault warning light. It illuminates for **3 seconds** when the power comes on (automatic test procedure).

Continuously lit during **+ after ignition feed**: indicates engine overheating or a **level 2** fault.

### OBD warning light

This warning light is used to alert the driver of any injection faults causing excessive pollution, or if the **OBD** system is deactivated.

The injection computer requests the illumination of the **OBD** warning light for a present fault only after three successive driving cycles.

The **3 second** visual inspection when the ignition is switched on (automatic test procedure managed by the instrument panel) is carried out by the injection computer.

### Faults that activate the OBD warning light

Tool fault	Diagnostic tool name	Specification
<b>DF016</b>	EGR control circuit	<b>CO - CO. 0 CC.1 - 1.DEF</b>
<b>DF026</b>	Cylinder 1 injector circuit control	<b>CO - CC</b>
<b>DF027</b>	Cylinder 2 injector circuit control	<b>CO - CC</b>
<b>DF028</b>	Cylinder 3 injector circuit control	<b>CO - CC</b>
<b>DF029</b>	Cylinder 4 injector circuit control	<b>CO - CC</b>
<b>DF038</b>	Computer	<b>3.DEF</b>
<b>DF107</b>	Computer memory	<b>2.DEF</b>
<b>DF114</b>	EGR solenoid valve circuit	<b>4.DEF</b>
<b>DF209</b>	EGR valve position sensor circuit	<b>CC.1-CO.0</b>

### **Water present in fuel warning light** (depending on the instrument panel)

This warning light is used to warn the driver about the presence of water in the fuel filter, which leads to engine damage. It illuminates for **3 seconds** when the power comes on (automatic test procedure). When the vehicle is not fitted with this warning light or if it is not configured, this function is provided by the **level 1** warning light.

### COMPUTER REPLACEMENT, PROGRAMMING AND REPROGRAMMING OPERATIONS

The system can be programmed via the diagnostic socket using the **diagnostic tool** (see **Technical Note 3585A Computer programming and reprogramming procedure** and **Technical Note 9869A Computer programming and reprogramming procedure** and follow the instructions given by the **diagnostic tool**).

#### IMPORTANT

- Switch on the diagnostic tool (mains or cigarette lighter supply).
- Connect a battery charger.
- Switch off all electrical consumers (lights, interior lights, air conditioning, radio/CD, etc.).
- Wait for the engine to cool (engine coolant temperature below 60°C and air temperature below 50°C).

#### IMPORTANT

It is not possible to try an injection computer coming from the Parts Department because it will no longer be possible to use it on another vehicle.

Before removing a computer in After-Sales, **always save the computer data with the diagnostic tool by running command SC003 Save computer data**. This command saves the following information:

- **C2I parameters (individual injector correction) and engine parameters,**
- **measuring system data,**
- **injection system reset data.**

Any time the computer has been programmed:

- **Switch off the ignition.**
- **Switch on the ignition and use the diagnostic tool to carry out the following steps:**
- Use command **SC001 Write saved data** to restore the **C2I** and the engine adaptive programming.
- Run command **VP010 Write VIN**.
- Run command **AC028 Static test**.
- Run command **AC154 Low speed fan assembly** to test the operation of the 1st speed fan assembly.
- Run command **AC153 High speed fan assembly** to test the operation of the 2nd speed fan assembly.
- Run command **AC250 Heating resistor 1 relay** to test the operation of passenger compartment heating resistor 1.
- Run command **AC251 Heating resistor 2 relay** to test the operation of passenger compartment heating resistor 2.
- Run command **AC100 Stop electrical consumer inhibition**.
- Use command **AC212 New pump chamber filling**.
- Run the starter motor without releasing the key until the engine starts (the reprime time of the pump until the engine starts can be up to **20 seconds**).
- After the engine has started, refer to **ET637 New pump chamber filling** and check that it is **Done**. If not, repeat the starting procedure.
- **Stop the engine, switch off the ignition (to initialise the computer), and wait 30 seconds.**
- After injection system programming, stored faults may appear in other computers.
- If **DF1083 Water in diesel fuel warning light circuit** appears in the injection computer: on a **vehicle fitted with a water in diesel fuel warning light**, perform the fault finding operations described in **DF1083** then run command **AC028 Static test** again; on **other vehicles, do not deal with the fault**.
- Clear the computer memory **RZ001 Fault memory**.

### IMPORTANT

**AFTER A (RE)PROGRAMMING OPERATION, DO NOT DISCONNECT THE BATTERY FOR AT LEAST 30 MINUTES (to carry out other work on the vehicle).**

### Note:

If commands **SC003 Save computer data** and **SC001 Write saved data** do not work or were forgotten: after programming the computer, write the **C2I** for each injector manually by reading the **C2I** on each injector (see **Replacement of injectors**).

### REPLACING THE INJECTORS

Note:

**C2I (individual injector correction)** is a calibration carried out in the factory on **each injector** to **adjust the flow** of each injector precisely.

The correction values are written on a **label** affixed to each injector, then entered in the injection computer, which can then actuate each injector by taking account of their **manufacturing variation**.

The system can be set up via the diagnostic socket using the diagnostic tool.

The **C2I** parameters must be replaced after replacing an injector/injectors.

To do this, reprogram **C2I** into the injection computer using the following commands:

- **VP001 Cylinder 1 injector** for the cylinder 1 injector (**cylinder on the flywheel end**),
- **VP002 Cylinder 2 injector** for the cylinder 2 injector,
- **VP003 Cylinder 3 injector** for the cylinder 3 injector,
- **VP004 Cylinder 4 injector** for the cylinder 4 injector.

It is also possible to enter the four **C2I** using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**.

**Only** after simultaneously replacing at least three injectors, **reset** the injector programming adaptives, using command **RZ004 Pressure regulation programming adaptives**.

### HIGH PRESSURE PUMP REPLACEMENT

#### IMPORTANT

**When reprogramming the computer, carry out the following procedure only after command AC028 Static test has been run (see Computer reprogramming operation).**

#### PROCEDURE

- Switch on the ignition and use the **diagnostic tool** to re-establish dialogue with the injection computer.
- Use command **AC212 New pump chamber filling**.
- Run the starter (**Important: the repriming time until the engine starts can be up to 20 seconds**).
- After the engine has started, refer to **ET637 Fill new pump chamber** and check that it is **Done**; if not, repeat the starting procedure.



### REPLACING THE EGR VALVE

If the **EGR valve** is replaced, program the new valve's offset position.

**Switch on the ignition and use the diagnostic tool to perform the following step:**

- run command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to clear the old offset using the EGR programming clearing procedure.

#### **IMPORTANT**

**Do not use this command if the valve is not new.**

### SETTINGS

**VP001:** Cylinder 1 injector

**VP002:** Cylinder 2 injector

**VP003:** Cylinder 3 injector

**VP004:** Cylinder 4 injector

These commands enable you to manually write the calibration code marked on the injector.

Use these commands after replacing the injector or replacing or (re)programming the computer, when command **SC001 Write saved data** does not work.

**VP010:** Write VIN.

This command enables the vehicle VIN to be entered into the computer.

Use this command each time the computer is replaced or (re)programmed.

**VP013:** Lock injector control.

This command disables electrical actuation of the injectors, for carrying out the compression test.

### SPECIAL COMMANDS

**SC001:** Write saved data.

Use this command after replacing or (re)programming the computer (if the data were saved using command **SC003 Save computer data**).

**SC002:** Enter injector codes.

This command enables you to manually write the calibration code marked on the injectors.

Use this command after replacing the injectors.

**SC003:** Save computer data.

This command saves the computer operating data, **C2I** (individual injector correction) parameters and engine programming adapters.

Use this command before replacing or (re)programming a computer.

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

# 13B

Tool fault	Associated DTC	Diagnostic tool name
DF001	0115	Coolant temperature sensor circuit
DF002	0070	Air temperature sensor circuit
DF003	2226	Atmospheric pressure sensor circuit
DF005	0335	Engine speed sensor circuit
DF007	0190	Rail pressure sensor circuit
DF008	0225	Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 1
DF009	2120	Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 2
DF010	0409	EGR position sensor circuit
DF014	0500	Vehicle speed information circuit
DF015	0685	Main relay control circuit
DF016	0403	EGR control circuit
DF017	0382	Preheating unit control circuit
DF018	0480	Low-speed fan unit control circuit
DF019	0481	High-speed fan unit control circuit
DF021	0381	Preheating warning light circuit
DF022	0650	OBD warning light circuit
DF024	0231	Low pressure actuator control circuit
DF025	0380	Preheater unit diagnostic connection
DF026	0201	Cylinder 1 injector circuit control
DF027	0202	Cylinder 2 injector circuit control
DF028	0203	Cylinder 3 injector circuit control
DF029	0204	Cylinder 4 injector circuit control
DF032	1641	Thermoplunger 1 relay control circuit
DF033	1642	Thermoplunger 2 relay control circuit
DF034	1643	Thermoplunger 3 relay control circuit
DF037	0513	Immobiliser
DF038	0606	Computer
DF039	0110	Inlet air temperature sensor circuit
DF047	0560	Computer feed voltage
DF049	0530	Refrigerant sensor circuit
DF050	0571	Brake switch circuit

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

Tool fault	Associated DTC	Diagnostic tool name
DF052	0200	Injector control circuit
DF053	0089	Rail pressure regulation function
DF056	0100	Air flow sensor circuit
DF057	2264	Water in diesel fuel detector circuit
DF059	0263	Misfiring on cylinder 1
DF060	0266	Misfiring on cylinder 2
DF061	0269	Misfiring on cylinder 3
DF062	0272	Misfiring on cylinder 4
DF089	0235	Inlet manifold pressure sensor circuit
DF098	0180	Fuel temperature sensor circuit
DF107	062F	Computer memory
DF112	0340	Cylinder reference sensor circuit
DF113	0641	Sensor supply voltage
DF114	0400	EGR solenoid valve circuit
DF121	0325	Accelerometer circuit
DF122	0651	Supply voltage pedal potentiometer gang 2
DF130	0087	Flow capacity function
DF159	0635	Power steering relay control circuit
DF162	0655	Overheating indicator light
DF195	0016	Camshaft/engine speed sensor consistency
DF209	0487	EGR valve position sensor circuit
DF218	0604	Microcontroller
DF221	0830	Clutch contact signal
DF236	106F	Serious injection fault warning light circuit

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

**13B**

<b>Tool fault</b>	<b>Associated DTC</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool name</b>
<b>DF242</b>	<b>0654</b>	Engine speed signal output
<b>DF261</b>	<b>0045</b>	Turbocharger actuator circuit
<b>DF427</b>	<b>2263</b>	Turbocharger actuator control
<b>DF433</b>	<b>0656</b>	Fuel consumption signal (ADAC)
<b>DF489</b>	<b>0645</b>	Air conditioning compressor control
<b>DF532</b>	<b>2502</b>	Alternator charge signal
<b>DF631</b>	<b>0703</b>	Brake light switch signal
<b>DF859</b>	<b>0170</b>	Injector programming cycle not done
<b>DF886</b>	<b>2269</b>	Presence of water in the diesel fuel
<b>DF1083</b>	<b>3264</b>	Water in diesel fuel warning light circuit

<b>DF001 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12 V CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF001</b> is <b>present</b>, the preheating time is greater than <b>10 seconds</b> and the engine fan switches on at low speed (<b>Fan assembly 1</b>). If there is a fault on <b>Fan assembly 1</b>, then on vehicles fitted with air conditioning, <b>Fan assembly 2</b> switches on.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>
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Check the connection and condition of the coolant temperature sensor connector, component code **244**.  
 Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
 If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance** of the following connections:

- **3C** between components **244** and **120**,
- **3JK** between components **244** and **120**,
- **M** (or **NH**) of component **244**,
- **42A** between components **244** and **247**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** of the coolant temperature sensor between connections **3JK** and **3C** of component **244**.

**11.5 kΩ < X < 13.5 kΩ at -10°C,**  
**2140 Ω < X < 2364 Ω at 25°C,**  
**773 Ω < X < 851 Ω at 50°C,**  
**275 Ω < X < 291 Ω at 80°C,**  
**112 Ω < X < 118 Ω at 110°C.**

If the value is not correct, replace the **coolant temperature sensor** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF002 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12 V CC.0: Short circuit to earth 1.DEF: Inconsistency
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2 or Symbol 2.</b>

Check the connection and condition of the air flow sensor connector, component code **799**.  
Check the condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.

Check for **+ 12 V after ignition feed** on connection **3FB** (or **3FBA**) of the air flow sensor connector.  
If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **earth** on connection **NH** of the air flow sensor.  
If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF002  
CONTINUED**

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3B** between components **120** and **799**,
- **3FB** (or **3FBA**) of component **799**,
- **NH** of component **799**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** of the air flow sensor, which should be between:

- 41255 Ω < X < 47492 Ω** at **-40°C**,
- 14260 Ω < X < 16022 Ω** at **-20°C**,
- 5497 Ω < X < 6050 Ω** at **0°C**,
- 2353 Ω < X < 2544 Ω** at **20°C**,
- 1114 Ω < X < 1186 Ω** at **40°C**,
- 569 Ω < X < 597 Ω** at **60°C**,
- 310 Ω < X < 322 Ω** at **80°C**,
- 180 Ω < X < 185 Ω** at **100°C**.

If the value is not correct, replace the **air flow sensor** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, replace the air flowmeter (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



<b>DF003 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit on + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The atmospheric pressure sensor is incorporated into the injection computer.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<p>Look for any damage to the wiring and check the condition and connection of the injection computer connectors, component code <b>120</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection locking relay connector. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Move the wiring between the injection computer and the battery, component code <b>107</b>, to see if a change of status occurs (Present → Stored). Look for possible damage to the wiring and check the connection and condition of the battery and its connections. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the battery <b>voltage</b> when the ignition is switched on. If the battery voltage is less than <b>11 V</b>, recharge the battery (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault) or Technical Note 9859A (Dacia), Charging circuit check</b>).</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the battery terminals.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF005 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>ENGINE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Inconsistency          2.DEF: Inconsistency          3.DEF: Too many additional teeth          4.DEF: Teeth missing          5.DEF: Additional teeth          6.DEF: Too many teeth missing</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF005, 1.DEF, 2.DEF, 3.DEF, or 6.DEF</b> is <b>present</b>: the engine stops and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.          If fault <b>DF005, 4.DEF or 5.DEF</b> is <b>present</b>: the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b> and no warning lights illuminate.          Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault is <b>present</b> when the starter motor is operating or the engine is running at idle speed.</p>
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	<p>Check the connection and condition of the engine speed sensor connector, component code <b>149</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
	<p>Check that the speed sensor is correctly fitted to the engine.</p>
	<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections:          ● <b>3BL</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>149</b>,          ● <b>3BG</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>149</b>.          If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Measure <b>the resistance</b> of the engine speed sensor between connections <b>3BG</b> and <b>3BL</b> of component <b>149</b>.          If the resistance of the engine speed sensor is not between <math>510 \Omega &lt; X &lt; 850 \Omega</math> at 20°C, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13B Diesel injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
	<p>Check that the flywheel ring gear is not defective (missing teeth).</p>
	<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF007 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>RAIL PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>CC.0: Short circuit to earth CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12 V</p> <p>1.DEF: Inconsistency 2.DEF: Below minimum threshold 3.DEF: Above maximum threshold 4.DEF: Value outside permitted tolerance</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.</p>
	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after the engine starts.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF007</b> is <b>present</b>: the engine stops and cannot be restarted. The <b>Level 2</b> warning light illuminates. Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

	<p>Check the connection and condition of the rail pressure sensor connector, component code <b>1032</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
	<p>Check for <b>+5 V</b> on connection <b>3LX</b> of the rail pressure sensor, component code <b>1032</b>. Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>3LZ</b> of the rail pressure sensor, component code <b>1032</b>. If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3LX</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1032</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3LY</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1032</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3LZ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1032</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>If the fault is still present, there is a fault of the rail pressure sensor, replace the rail (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Injector rail, Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF008 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER GANG 1 CIRCUIT</u></b>          CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit on + 12 V          1.DEF: Inconsistency between pedal gang 1 and gang 2          2.DEF: No signal          3.DEF: Jammed component</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF008</b> is <b>present</b>: the engine speed is maintained above <b>1000 rpm (normal idling speed with brake pedal depressed)</b> and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates (except for <b>3.DEF</b>).          If faults <b>DF008</b> and <b>DF009 Pedal potentiometer gang 2 circuit</b> are <b>present</b>: engine speed is fixed at <b>1300 rpm</b> and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates.          Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>1.DEF 3.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Disconnect the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>, and the pedal potentiometer connector, component code <b>921</b>.          Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections:          ● <b>3LS</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b>,          ● <b>3LW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b>.          If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the <b>pedal potentiometer</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF008 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>CO.0 CC.1 2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the connection and condition of the pedal potentiometer connector, component number **921**.  
 Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
 If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3LR** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LS** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LT** between components **120** and **921**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+5 V** on connection **3LR** of the pedal potentiometer, component code **921**.  
 Check for **earth** on connection **3LT** of the pedal potentiometer, component code **921**.  
 If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Disconnect the injection computer connector and the pedal potentiometer connector.  
 Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3LS** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LW** between components **120** and **921**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF008 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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Measure the **resistance** between connections **3LT** and **3LR** of the pedal potentiometer, component code **921**.  
If the pedal potentiometer resistance is not between **720 Ω < X < 1680 Ω**, replace the **pedal potentiometer** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, replace the **pedal potentiometer** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF009 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER GANG 2 CIRCUIT</u>          CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit on + 12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          – DF122 Pedal potentiometer supply voltage gang 2.</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF009</b> is <b>present</b>: the engine speed is maintained above <b>1000 rpm</b>, the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b>, and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates.          If faults <b>DF009</b> and <b>DF008 Pedal potentiometer gang 1 circuit</b> are <b>present</b>: the engine speed is fixed at <b>1300 rpm</b> and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates.          Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>
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<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the pedal potentiometer connector, component code <b>921</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+5 V</b> on connection <b>3LU</b> of the pedal potentiometer, component code <b>921</b>.          Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>3LV</b> of the pedal potentiometer, component code <b>921</b>.          If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Disconnect the computer connector and the pedal potentiometer connector, component code <b>921</b>.          Check the <b>insulation against earth</b> of connection <b>3LW</b> on the injection computer connector.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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**DF009**  
**CONTINUED 1**

Check the **continuity** of the following connection:

- **3LW** between components **120** and **921**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** between connections **3LV** and **3LU** of the pedal potentiometer, component code **921**. If the resistance is not between **1020 Ω < X < 2380 Ω**, replace the pedal potentiometer (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

CC.1

**NOTES**

None.

Check the connection and condition of the pedal potentiometer connector, component number **921**.

Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3LU** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LV** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LW** between components **120** and **921**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



**DF009**  
**CONTINUED 2**

Disconnect the computer connector and the pedal potentiometer connector, component code **921**.  
Check the **insulation** between connections **3LU** and **3LW** of the injection computer connector.  
If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure **the resistance** between connections **3LU** and **3LV** of the pedal potentiometer, component code **921**.  
If the resistance is not between **1020 Ω < X < 2380 Ω**, replace the **pedal potentiometer** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF010 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>EGR POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: At minimum stop 2.DEF: At maximum stop
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<b>K9K 718, 740, 792, and 796 ENGINES (Euro 4):</b>
Check the connection and condition of the <b>EGR valve</b> connector, component code <b>1460</b> . Check the connection and condition of <b>connector B</b> (brown 48-track) of the <b>computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation and continuity</b> of the following connections: ● <b>3GC</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b> , ● <b>3EL</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b> , ● <b>3JM</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Check for <b>+ 5 V</b> on connection <b>3GC</b> of the EGR valve sensor, component code <b>1460</b> . Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>3JM</b> of the EGR valve sensor, component code <b>1460</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF010**  
**CONTINUED 1**

Measure the resistance of the **EGR valve**, component code **1460**:

- with the engine stopped, the EGR valve will be closed (unless there is a fault),
- wait for the ambient temperature around the valve to stabilise (approximately **20°C**), measure the resistance between connections **3VP** and **3VQ** of component **1460**. The resistance must be between **0.5 Ω < R < 50 Ω** (while activating command **AC002 EGR solenoid valve**).

If the value is not correct, replace the **EGR valve** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**).

After replacing the EGR valve, use command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**K9K 790 and 794 ENGINES (Euro 3):**

Check the connection and condition of the **EGR valve** connector, component code **1460**.

Check the connection and condition of **connector B** (brown 48-track) of the **computer**, component code **120**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation and continuity** of the following connections:

- **3GC** between components **1460** and **120**,
- **3EL** between components **1460** and **120**,
- **3JM** between components **1460** and **120**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+ 5 V** on connection **3GC** of the EGR valve sensor, component code **1460**.

Check for **earth** on connection **3JM** of the EGR valve sensor, component code **1460**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**DF010**  
**CONTINUED 2**

Check the resistance of the **EGR valve**, component code **1460**:

- with the engine stopped, the EGR valve will be closed (unless there is a fault),
- wait for the ambient temperature around the valve to stabilise (approximately **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3FB (or 3FB2)** and **122B**. The resistance must be between **7.54 Ω < R < 8.5 Ω** (at **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3GC** and **3JM**. The resistance must be between **2.4 KΩ < R < 5.6 KΩ** (at **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3JM** and **3EL**. The resistance must be between **800 Ω < R < 3.6 KΩ** (at **20°C**),

If the value is not correct, replace the **EGR valve** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**). After replacing the EGR valve, use command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF014 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: Inconsistency 2.DEF: Signal Absent 3.DEF: Below the minimum threshold 4.DEF: The CAN test has detected at least one fault 5.DEF: Dialogue disrupted
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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Check the connection and condition of the speed sensor connector, component code **250**.  
If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Connect the bornier in place of the computer and check the **insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance** on connection **47F** of the injection computer, component code **120**.  
If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the speed sensor.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF015 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MAIN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Permanent low signal 2.DEF: Permanent high signal
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure below if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Check the supply fuse <b>F02 (30 A)</b> of the main relay in the engine compartment on the engine fuse and relay box, component code <b>597</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the connection and condition of the connector of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b> , and of the computer supply relay, component code <b>983</b> on the engine fuse and relay box. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: ● <b>3AA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>983</b> , ● <b>3FB (or 3FB2)</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>983</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Replace the relay if the fault is still present.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF016 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>EGR VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b>          CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V          CO: Open circuit          CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12V          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          1.DEF: Detection of overheating</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault appears when the engine is running at idle speed.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF016</b> is <b>present</b>, unstable engine speed and even stalling.          Starting difficult or even impossible when cold.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>K9K 718, 740, 792, and 796 ENGINES (Euro 4):</b>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>exhaust gas recirculation valve</b> connector, component code <b>1460</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation and continuity</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3VP</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3VQ</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check for the supply <b>13 V &lt; X &lt; 14 V (with the engine running)</b>, <b>11.5 V &lt; X &lt; 12.5 V (with the ignition on and the engine stopped)</b> on connection <b>3VP</b> of component <b>1460</b>.          Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>3VQ</b> of component <b>1460</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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**DF016**  
**CONTINUED 1**

Measure the resistance of the **EGR valve**, component code **1460**:

- with the engine stopped, the EGR valve will be closed (unless there is a fault),
- wait for the ambient temperature around the valve to stabilise (approximately **20°C**), measure the resistance between connections **3VP** and **3VQ** of component **1460**. The resistance must be between **0.5 Ω < R < 50 Ω** (while activating command **AC002 EGR solenoid valve**).

If the value is not correct, replace the **EGR valve** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**).

After replacing the EGR valve, use command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**K9K 790 and 794 ENGINES (Euro 3):**

Check the connection and condition of the **exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve** connector, component code **1460**.

Check the connection and condition of the **injection computer**, component code **1260**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation and continuity** of the following connections:

- **3FB (or 3FB2)** between components **1460** and **120**,
- **122B** between components **1460** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for the supply: **13 V < X < 14 V (with the engine running)**, **11.5 V < X < 12.5 V (with the ignition on and the engine stopped)** on connection **3FB (or 3FB2)** of component **1460**.

Check for earth on connection **122B** of component **1460**.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



**DF016**  
**CONTINUED 2**

Measure the resistance of the **EGR valve**, component code **1460**:

- with the engine stopped, the EGR valve will be closed (unless there is a fault),
- wait for the ambient temperature around the valve to stabilise (approximately **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3FB (or 3FB2)** and **122B** of component **1460**. The resistance must be between **7.5 Ω < R < 8.5 Ω** (at **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3GC** and **3JM** of component **1460**. The resistance must be between **2.4 KΩ < R < 5.6 KΩ** (at **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3JM** and **3EL** of component **1460**. The resistance must be between **800 Ω < R < 3.6 KΩ** (at **20°C**),

if the value is not correct, replace the **EGR valve** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**).

After replacing the EGR valve, use command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF017 PRESENT</b>	<b><u>PREHEATING UNIT CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF017</b> is <b>present</b> : starting is difficult (even impossible when cold). If <b>CO.0</b> is present: the heater plugs are permanently switched on, with a risk of engine damage or even failure.  Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the preheating unit connector, component code <b>257</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <b>3FY</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>257</b>,</li><li>● <b>3FF</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>257</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF018 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>LOW SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after attempting to start or with the engine running or when command <b>AC154 Low speed fan unit relay</b> is running.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the <b>+ 12 V</b> after relay supply on the support of the low speed fan assembly - percolation relay, component code <b>700</b>, on connection <b>3FB</b> (only for <b>K9K 792, 794, 796</b> engines) or <b>3FB2</b> (only for <b>K9K 790</b> engines) or <b>BP7</b> (only for <b>K9K 718, 740</b> engines).</p> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the condition of the connections and the correct operation of relay <b>700</b>.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3JN</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>700</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF018 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the **continuity** and **insulation against earth** of the following connection:  
**3FB** (only for **K9K 792, 794, 796** engines) or **3FB2** (only for **K9K 790** engines) or  
**BP7** (only for **K9K 718, 740** engines) between components **983** and **700**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF019 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>HIGH SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after attempting to start or with the engine running or when command <b>AC153 High speed fan assembly relay</b> is running.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the <b>+ 12 V</b> after relay supply on the support of the fan assembly relay <b>336</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> (only for <b>K9K 792, 794, 796</b> engines) or <b>3FB2</b> (only for <b>K9K 790</b> engines) or <b>BP7</b> (only for <b>K9K 718, 740</b> engines). If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Check the condition of the connections and the correct operation of relay <b>336</b> . Replace it if necessary.
Check for <b>continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>3JP</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>336</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF019 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the **continuity and insulation from earth** of the following connection:

- **3FB** (only for **K9K 792, 794, 796** engines) or **3FB2** (only for **K9K 790** engines) or **BP7** (only for **K9K 718, 740** engines) between components **983** and **336**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF021 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>PREHEATING WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2 or Symbol 2.</b>
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Clear the fault and check that the warning light is working properly with command <b>AC060 Preheating warning light.</b>
Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the preheating warning light sensor, component code <b>247</b> . Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 9804A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connection: • <b>3NX</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>120</b> .  If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 9804A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 388, (Logan / Sandero) or MR 423 (Thalia 2 / Symbol 2) Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault persists, contact your Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF022 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>OBD CIRCUIT WARNING LIGHT</b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2 or Symbol 2.</b>
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Clear the fault and check that the warning light is working properly with command <b>AC155 MIL warning light</b> .
Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the OBD warning light sensor connector, component code <b>247</b> . Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connection: • <b>3FH</b> or <b>137C</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>120</b> .  If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 388, (Logan / Sandero) or MR 423 (Thalia 2 / Symbol 2) Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault persists, contact your Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF024 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT</u> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF024</b> is <b>present</b> with a <b>CO.0</b> or a <b>CC.1</b>: the fuel flow actuator fully opens, the engine rattles and stops immediately to prevent racing, and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.</p> <hr/> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the flow actuator connector, component code <b>1105</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V after ignition feed</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) on the flow actuator connector, component code <b>1105</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> between the connections <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) and <b>3HI</b> of the flow actuator, component code <b>1105</b>. If the resistance is not between: <b>4.8 Ω &lt; X &lt; 5.8 Ω</b> at <b>20° C</b>, replace the flow actuator (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Flow actuator: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>3HI</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1105</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF025 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>PRE-POSTHEATING UNIT DIAGNOSTIC LINE</u> CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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Check fuse <b>F1 (70 A)</b> of the preheating unit power supply, component code <b>257</b> in the engine compartment (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).	
Check the connection and condition of the heater plug connectors, component codes <b>680, 681, 682, and 683</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.	
Measure the <b>resistance</b> of each heater plug. The resistance must be <b>less than 2 Ω</b> . Replace the faulty plug(s) (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13C, Preheating, Heater plugs, Removal - Refitting</b> ).	
Check the connection and condition of the preheating unit connector, component code <b>257</b> . If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.	
Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.	
Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: ● <b>3FY</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>257</b> , ● <b>3FF</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>257</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF026 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CYLINDER 1 INJECTOR CIRCUIT CONTROL</u></b></p> <p>CO: Open circuit          CC: Short circuit          1.DEF: At minimum stop          2.DEF: At maximum stop</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          When this fault appears, the idling speed is locked at <b>1000 rpm</b>, there is engine noise, unsteady engine speed, the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b>, and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates until the ignition is next switched off.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>CO CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Switch off the ignition and wait <b>15 seconds</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injector 1 connector, component code <b>193</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC005 Cylinder 1 injector</b>.          If injector 1 cannot be heard operating five times in a cycle, connect the wire of the cylinder 2 injector to the cylinder 1 injector and use command <b>AC006 Cylinder 2 injector</b>.  <b>Does this injector actuation cycle work?</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b>          If the wires cannot be swapped, continue the procedure by replying <b>YES</b> to the previous question.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF026 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>YES</b>	<p>Injector 1 is not faulty; fault on injector 1 control circuit.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3L</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>193</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>193</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>NO</b>	<p>Injector 1 is faulty, replace the cylinder 1 injector (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel Injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>1.DEF 2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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	<p>Check the conformity of the injectors fitted to the vehicle in relation to the engine number and type (low, high or very high pressure injector).</p> <p>Check that the <b>C2I</b> is correctly entered on the computer.</p> <p>Check the accelerometer shielding on connection <b>TB1</b> of the injection computer connector.</p> <p>Check that the accelerometer is secured on the engine.</p> <p><b>After retightening</b> the accelerometer, <b>it is essential to clear</b> the pressure regulation adaptives using command <b>RZ004 Pressure regulation adaptives</b>.</p> <p>Disconnect and reconnect the accelerometer sensor to accomplish fast programming</p> <p>If the fault is still present, replace the cylinder 1 injector, component code <b>193</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Clear the computer memory.</p> <p>Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF027 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CYLINDER 2 INJECTOR CIRCUIT CONTROL</u></b></p> <p>CO: Open circuit          CC: Short circuit          1.DEF: At minimum stop          2.DEF: At maximum stop</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          When this fault appears, the idling speed is locked at <b>1000 rpm</b>, there is engine noise, unsteady engine speed, the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b>, and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates until the ignition is next switched off.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>CO CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Switch off the ignition and wait <b>15 seconds</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injector 2 connector, component code <b>194</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC006 Cylinder 2 injector</b>.          If injector 2 cannot be heard operating five times in a cycle, connect the wire of the cylinder 3 injector to the cylinder 2 injector and use command <b>AC007 Cylinder 3 injector</b>.  <b>Does this injector actuation cycle work?</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b>          If the wires cannot be swapped, continue the procedure by replying <b>YES</b> to the previous question.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF027 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>YES</b>	<p>Injector 2 is not faulty. The fault is in the injector 2 control circuit.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3LA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>194</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KX</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>194</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>NO</b>	<p>Injector 2 is faulty, replace the cylinder 2 injector (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>1.DEF 2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the conformity of the injectors fitted to the vehicle in relation to the engine number and type (low, high or very high pressure injector).</p> <p>Check that the <b>C2I</b> is correctly entered on the computer.</p> <p>Check the accelerometer shielding on connection <b>TB1</b> of the injection computer connector.</p> <p>Check that the accelerometer is secured on the engine.</p> <p><b>After retightening</b> the accelerometer, <b>it is essential to clear</b> the pressure regulation adaptives using command <b>RZ004 Pressure regulation adaptives</b>.</p> <p>Disconnect and reconnect the accelerometer sensor to accomplish fast programming</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the cylinder 2 injector, component code <b>194</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Clear the computer memory.</p> <p>Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF028 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>CYLINDER 3 INJECTOR CIRCUIT CONTROL</u> CO: Open circuit CC: Short circuit 1.DEF: At minimum stop 2.DEF: At maximum stop
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.
	<b>Special notes:</b> When this fault appears, the idling speed is locked at <b>1000 rpm</b> , there is engine noise, unsteady engine speed, the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b> , and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates until the ignition is next switched off.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<b>CO CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Switch off the ignition and wait <b>15 seconds</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injector 3 connector, component code <b>195</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p> <p>Run command <b>AC007 Cylinder 3 injector</b>.          If injector 3 cannot be heard operating five times in a cycle, connect the wire of the cylinder 4 injector to the cylinder 3 injector and use command <b>AC008 Cylinder 4 injector</b>.  <b>Does this injector actuation cycle work?</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b>          If the wires cannot be swapped, continue the procedure by replying <b>YES</b> to the previous question.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF028 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>YES</b>	Injector 3 is not faulty. The fault is in the injector 3 control circuit.
	Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3LB</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>195</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KY</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>195</b>.</li> </ul> If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
	If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>NO</b>	Injector 3 is faulty, replace the cylinder 3 injector (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel Injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b> ).
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1.DEF 2.DEF	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the conformity of the injectors fitted to the vehicle in relation to the vehicle type and engine number (low, high or very high pressure injector).</p> <p>Check that the <b>C2I</b> is correctly entered on the computer.</p> <p>Check the accelerometer shielding on connection <b>TB1</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.</p> <p>Check that the accelerometer is secured on the engine.</p> <p><b>After retightening</b> the accelerometer, <b>it is essential to clear</b> the pressure regulation adaptives using command <b>RZ004 Pressure regulation adaptives</b>.</p> <p>Disconnect and reconnect the accelerometer sensor to accomplish fast programming</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the cylinder 3 injector, component code <b>195</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel Injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Clear the computer memory.</p> <p>Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF029 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>CYLINDER 4 INJECTOR CIRCUIT CONTROL</u></p> <p>CO: Open circuit          CC: Short circuit</p> <p>1.DEF: At minimum stop          2.DEF: At maximum stop</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          When this fault appears, the idling speed is locked at <b>1000 rpm</b>, there is engine noise, unsteady engine speed, the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b>, and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates until the ignition is next switched off.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>CO CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Switch off the ignition and wait <b>15 seconds</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injector 4 connector, component code <b>196</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC008 Cylinder 4 injector</b>.          If injector 4 cannot be heard operating five times in a cycle, connect the wire of the cylinder 3 injector to the cylinder 4 injector and use command <b>AC007 Cylinder 3 injector</b>.  <b>Does this injector actuation cycle work?</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b>          If the wires cannot be swapped, continue the procedure by replying <b>YES</b> to the previous question.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF029 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>YES</b>	Injector 4 is not faulty. The fault is in the injector 4 control circuit.
	Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3LC</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>196</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KZ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>196</b>.</li> </ul> If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
	If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>NO</b>	Injector 4 is faulty, replace the cylinder 4 injector, component code <b>196</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel Injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b> ).
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<b>1.DEF 2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the conformity of the injectors fitted to the vehicle in relation to the vehicle type and engine number (low, high or very high pressure injector).</p> <p>Check that the <b>C2I</b> is correctly entered on the computer.</p> <p>Check the accelerometer shielding on connection <b>TB1</b> of the injection computer connector.</p> <p>Check that the accelerometer is secured on the engine.</p> <p><b>After retightening</b> the accelerometer, <b>it is essential to clear</b> the pressure regulation adaptives using command <b>RZ004 Pressure regulation adaptives</b>.</p> <p>Disconnect and reconnect the accelerometer sensor to accomplish fast programming</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the cylinder 4 injector, component code <b>196</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel Injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Clear the computer memory.</p> <p>Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF032 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>THERMOPLUNGER 1 RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the additional heater 1 relay connector, component code <b>1067</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>3JA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1067</b>. <b>With the ignition on</b>, check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) of the additional heater 1 relay. If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, check the relay and replace it if necessary.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF033 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>THERMOPLUNGER 2 RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the additional heater 2 relay connector, component code <b>1068</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>3JAA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1068</b>. <b>With the ignition on</b>, check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) of the additional heater 2 relay. If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, check the relay and replace it if necessary.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF034 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>THERMOPLUNGER 3 RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the additional heater 3 relay connector. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: Injection computer, connector <b>C, track D1 Thermoplunger 3</b> If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, check the relay and replace it if necessary.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF037 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>ENGINE IMMOBILISER</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Stored fault diagnostic application conditions:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after the ignition is switched on.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Connect the bornier in place of the computer and check the **insulation** and **continuity** of the following connection:  
● **H17** between components **120** and **645**.  
If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, run fault finding on the engine immobiliser system (see **82D, Access - Security**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF038 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b>COMPUTER</b></p> <p>1.DEF: Analogue - digital converter          2.DEF: Enter EEPROM memory          3.DEF: Read EEPROM memory          4.DEF: Enter injector codes          5.DEF: Memory self-test          6.DEF: Watchdog activation          7.DEF: Interference on the injector control line          8.DEF: Watchdog not refreshed</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          When this fault appears, either the engine speed is fixed at <b>1300 rpm</b> with the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminated, or the engine stops with the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminated.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>1.DEF - 2.DEF          3.DEF - 5.DEF          6.DEF - 8.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Contact the Techline.

<b>4.DEF          7.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check that the individual injector correction (**C2I**) matches the injectors; if not, re-enter the **C2I** (see **Configurations and programming**).

Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
 If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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**DF038  
CONTINUED**

Check the **insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance** of the following connections:

- **3L** between components **120** and **193**,
- **3KW** between components **120** and **193**,
- **3LA** between components **120** and **194**,
- **3KX** between components **120** and **194**,
- **3LB** between components **120** and **195**,
- **3KY** between components **120** and **195**,
- **3LC** between components **120** and **196**,
- **3KZ** between components **120** and **196**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER  
REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



<b>DF039 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>INLET AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12V CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the air temperature sensor connector, component code <b>272</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s); otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3KQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>272</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3SH</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>272</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> of the air temperature sensor between connections <b>3KQ</b> and <b>3SH</b>.          If the resistance of the air temperature sensor is not between:</p> <p><b>8623 Ω &lt; X &lt; 10455 Ω</b> at <b>-10° C</b>,  <b>1936 Ω &lt; X &lt; 2176 Ω</b> at <b>25° C</b>,  <b>763 Ω &lt; X &lt; 857 Ω</b> at <b>50° C</b>,  <b>212 Ω &lt; X &lt; 406 Ω</b> at <b>80° C</b>.</p> <p>Replace the <b>air temperature sensor</b> if the resistance is not correct.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF047 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</b> 1.DEF: Above the maximum threshold 2.DEF: Below the minimum threshold
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine running at over <b>1000 rpm</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<p>Move the wiring between the injection computer, component code <b>120</b> and the battery, component code <b>107</b> to see if a change of status occurs (Present ↔ Stored). Look for possible damage to the wiring and check the connection and condition of the battery and its connections. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>battery voltage</b> when the ignition is switched on. If the battery voltage is less than <b>11 V</b>, recharge the battery.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the battery terminals.</p>
<p>Check the vehicle's charge circuit (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault) or Technical Note 9859A (Dacia), Charging circuit check</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF047**  
**CONTINUED**

Check the connection and condition of the injection computer, component code **120**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **AP15** or **AP29** between components **120** and **1016**,
- **N** or **NH** between component **120** and **earth**,
- **3FB** or **3FB2** between components **120** and **983**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER**  
**REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF049 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>REFRIGERANT SENSOR CIRCUIT</b> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12 V CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure below if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> .
	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Display **PR037 Refrigerant pressure**, if the value is less than **2 bar**, top up the refrigerant (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling**).

Move the wiring between the injection computer, component code **120**, and the refrigerant pressure sensor, component code **1202**, to see if a change of status occurs (**present** ↔ **stored**).  
Look for any damage to the wiring and check the condition and connection of the refrigerant pressure sensor and its connections.

If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF049**  
**CONTINUED**

Check for **+5 V** on connection **38Y** of the refrigerant pressure sensor connector, component code **1202**.  
Check for **earth** on connection **38U** of the refrigerant pressure sensor connector, component code **1202**.  
If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **38X** between components **120** and **1202**,
- **38Y** between components **120** and **1202**,
- **38U** between components **120** and **1202**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **refrigerant pressure sensor**, component code **1202**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER**  
**REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF050 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>BRAKE SWITCH CIRCUIT</b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth 1.DEF: No signal
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> when decelerating, when the brake pedal is depressed. Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure below if the fault is present or stored.

Check the correct operation of the brake switch by displaying <b>ET039 Brake pedal.</b>
Check the connection and condition of the brake light switch connector, component code <b>160</b> . Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on the brake light switch supply on connections <b>AP1 or AP10</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections: ● <b>65A</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>160</b> , ● <b>AP1</b> or <b>AP10</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>1016</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF052 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>INJECTORS CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority in the event of a number of faults:</b> If there is a combination of faults <b>DF052</b> , – <b>DF026 Cylinder 1 injector circuit control</b> , – <b>DF027 Cylinder 2 injector circuit control</b> , – <b>DF028 Cylinder 3 injector circuit control</b> , and – <b>DF029 Cylinder 4 injector circuit control</b> . The fault finding procedure remains the same, the <b>DF026 to DF027</b> serves to identify the faulty injector.
	<b>Special notes:</b> When the fault occurs, there is engine noise, unstable engine speed, reduced engine performance and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> comes on.
	<b>Use the</b> Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.

<p>Switch off the ignition. Check the condition and connection of the injector connectors, component codes <b>193, 194, 195, and 196</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Switch off the ignition. Disconnect the injectors (or the injector identified by the <b>DF026, DF027, DF028, and DF029</b>) and switch on the ignition again. Using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>, check for changes to <b>DF052</b>. <b>Is DF052 present or stored?</b></p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF052 CONTINUED</b>	
<b>PRESENT</b>	<p>The injectors are not defective.</p> <hr/> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3L</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>193</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>193</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3LA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>194</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KX</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>194</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3LB</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>195</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KY</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>195</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3LC</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>196</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3KZ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>196</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <hr/> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
<b>STORED</b>	<p>Injector(s) defective.          Replace the injector identified by <b>DF026, DF027, DF028, DF029</b> if present (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).          If none of the faults identifying the defective injector circuit are <b>present</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Switch off the ignition.</li> <li>– Reconnect one of the four injectors.</li> <li>– Switch on the ignition again.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault reappears as <b>present</b>, replace the reconnected injector (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting</b>).          Carry out the same procedure for the remaining injectors.</p>
<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>



<b>DF053 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>RAIL PRESSURE REGULATION FUNCTION</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: At minimum stop          2.DEF: At maximum stop          3.DEF: Below the minimum threshold          4.DEF: Above the maximum threshold          5.DEF: High flow current &lt; minimum          6.DEF: High flow current &gt; maximum          7.DEF: Low flow current &lt; minimum          8.DEF: Low flow current &gt; maximum</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF053</b> is <b>present</b>: the engine may stop with the level 2 warning light illuminated and the message <b>Injection fault</b> displayed on the instrument panel.</p>
	<p><b>Priority in the event of a number of faults:</b>          – <b>DF098 Fuel temperature sensor circuit</b>          – <b>DF007 Rail pressure sensor circuit.</b></p>
	<p><b>Use the</b> Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</p>
	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault is considered <b>present</b> when the engine is running.</p>

<b>4.DEF 6.DEF 8.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the connection and condition of the flow actuator connector, component code **1105**.  
 Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
 If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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**DF053**  
**CONTINUED 1**

Check for **+12 V** (after relay) on connection **3FB** (or **3FB2**) of the fuel flow actuator connector, component code **1105**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

● **3HI** between components **120** and **1105**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** between connections **3FB** (or **3FB2**) and **3HI** of the flow actuator, component code **1105**.

If the resistance of the flow actuator is not between:

**4.8 Ω < X < 5.8 Ω** at **20° C**, replace the flow actuator.

Check the presence and conformity of the fuel in the tank.

Run **test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Run **test 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

**AFTER**  
**REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF053 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>1.DEF 2.DEF 3.DEF 5.DEF 7.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the presence and conformity of the fuel in the tank.  
Run **test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.  
Run **test 1 Low pressure circuit check**.  
Run **test 6 High pressure system check**.  
Run **test 8 Injector return flow**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF056 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>AIR FLOW SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Permanent low level 2.DEF: Permanent high level 3.DEF: At maximum stop 4.DEF: At minimum stop
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority in the event of a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF089 Inlet manifold pressure sensor circuit.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF056</b> is <b>present</b> : air flow regulation stops and the EGR valve is closed.
	<b>Use the</b> Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.

<p>Check the condition of the air filter, and replace it if necessary (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Check that the inlet manifold is not obstructed (clogged).</p> <p>Run <b>TEST 5 Inlet circuit check</b>.</p> <p>Run <b>TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger</b>.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the air flowmeter connector, component code <b>799</b>.</p> <p>Check the condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.</p> <p>If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+ 12 V after ignition feed</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FBA</b>) of the air flowmeter connector, component code <b>799</b>.</p> <p>Check for <b>+5 V</b> on connection <b>3KJ</b> of the air flowmeter connector, component code <b>799</b>.</p> <p>Check <b>the earth</b> on connection <b>NH</b> on the air flowmeter connector, component code <b>799</b>.</p> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Clear the computer memory.</p> <p>Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF056 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance** of the following connections:

- **3KJ** between components **120** and **799**,
- **3DV** between components **120** and **799**,
- **3DW** between components **120** and **799**,
- **3FB** between components **799** and **1047** (only for **K9K 718** engines),
- **3FBA** between components **799** and **597** (only for **K9K 792, 796** engines),
- **NH** between component **799** and **earth**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Also check the **insulation** between these connections.

If the fault is still present, replace the air flowmeter (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF057 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>WATER IN DIESEL FUEL DETECTOR CIRCUIT</u></b> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12 V CC.0: Short circuit to earth 1.DEF: Above the maximum threshold
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special note:</b> If fault <b>DF057</b> is <b>present</b> , the <b>level 1 warning light</b> is illuminated. Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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<p>Check for water in the diesel filter. If water is present, bleed the diesel filter. If there is a large quantity of water, run the first part of <b>Test 13: Diesel fuel conformity check</b> (Is the fuel cloudy or does it separate into 2 parts?)</p>	
<p>Check the connection and condition of the water in diesel fuel sensor connector, component code <b>414</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>	
<p>Check for a voltage between <b>13 V</b> and <b>14 V (with the engine running)</b> and between <b>11.5 V</b> and <b>12.5 V (with the ignition on and the engine stopped)</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) of the water in diesel fuel sensor connector. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>	
<p>Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <b>3WT</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>414</b>,</li><li>● <b>M</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>414</b>,</li><li>● <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) between components <b>414</b> and <b>983</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the <b>water in diesel fuel sensor</b>.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF059 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMBUSTION MISFIRES ON CYLINDER 1</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF059</b> is <b>present</b> , the engine speed is maintained at <b>1000 rpm</b> , the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b> , and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.
	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.
	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF026 Cylinder 1 injector circuit control (short circuit or open circuit).</b> – <b>DF053 Rail pressure regulation function (1.DEF, 2.DEF, 7.DEF).</b>

Check the presence and conformity of the fuel. Run <b>test 13: Diesel fuel conformity check</b> .
Run <b>test 3 Injector check</b> .
Check the engine compression.
Check the valve clearance and adjust it if necessary.
Check the inlet manifolds, as well as the EGR valve and clean them if necessary (see <b>Technical Note 3916A, Cleaning the EGR solenoid valve</b> ).
If the fault is still present, replace the injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF060 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 2</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF060</b> is <b>present</b> , the engine speed is maintained at <b>1000 rpm</b> , the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b> , and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.
	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.
	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF027 Cylinder 1 injector circuit control (short circuit or open circuit).</b> – <b>DF053 Rail pressure regulation function (1.DEF, 2.DEF, 7.DEF).</b>

Check the presence and conformity of the fuel. Run <b>test 13: Diesel fuel conformity check</b> .
Run <b>test 3 Injector check</b> .
Check the engine compression.
Check the valve clearance and adjust if necessary.
Check the inlet manifolds, as well as the EGR valve and clean them if necessary (see <b>Technical Note 3916A, Cleaning the EGR solenoid valve</b> ).
If the fault is still present, replace the injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF061 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 3</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF061</b> is <b>present</b> , the engine speed is maintained at <b>1000 rpm</b> , the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b> , and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.
	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.
	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF028 Cylinder 1 injector circuit control (short circuit or open circuit).</b> – <b>DF053 Rail pressure regulation function (1.DEF, 2.DEF, 7.DEF).</b>

Check the presence and conformity of the fuel. Run <b>test 13: Diesel fuel conformity check</b> .
Run <b>test 3 Injector check</b> .
Check the engine compression.
Check the valve clearance and adjust if necessary.
Check the inlet manifolds, as well as the EGR valve and clean them if necessary (see <b>Technical Note 3916A, Cleaning the EGR solenoid valve</b> ).
If the fault is still present, replace the injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF062 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 4</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF062</b> is <b>present</b> , the engine speed is maintained at <b>1000 rpm</b> , the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b> , and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.
	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> with the engine idling.
	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF029 Cylinder 1 injector circuit control (short circuit or open circuit).</b> – <b>DF053 Rail pressure regulation function (1.DEF, 2.DEF, 7.DEF).</b>

Check the presence and conformity of the fuel. Run <b>test 13: Diesel fuel conformity check</b> .
Run <b>test 3 Injector check</b> .
Check the engine compression.
Check the valve clearance and adjust if necessary.
Check the inlet manifolds, as well as the EGR valve and clean them if necessary (see <b>Technical Note 3916A, Cleaning the EGR solenoid valve</b> ).
If the fault is still present, replace the injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF089 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>INLET MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Permanent low level          2.DEF: Permanent high level          3.DEF: Below the minimum threshold          4.DEF: Above the maximum threshold          5.DEF: Inconsistency          6.DEF: At maximum stop          7.DEF: At minimum stop</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          – DF113 Sensor supply voltage.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF089</b> is <b>present</b>, the engine speed is maintained at <b>1000 rpm</b>, the engine performance is reduced to <b>75%</b>, and the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<b>1.DEF 2.DEF 3.DEF 4.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the turbocharging pressure sensor connector, component code <b>1071</b>.          Check the condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+5 V</b> on connection <b>3LQ</b> of the turbocharging pressure sensor, component code <b>1071</b>.          Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>3LN</b> of the turbocharging pressure sensor connector, component code <b>1071</b>.          If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF089 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3LQ** between components **120** and **1071**,
- **3LP** between components **120** and **1071**,
- **3LN** between components **120** and **1071**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>5.DEF</b> <b>6.DEF</b> <b>5.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Visually check the **sealing of the exhaust and inlet manifolds**.  
 Remove the air inlet and **exhaust** ducts.  
 Check that the ducts are not blocked.  
 Repair if necessary.

With the engine stopped, check the consistency between the atmospheric pressure and the manifold pressure (**PR035 Atmospheric pressure = PR312 Manifold pressure**).  
 With the engine stopped, the pressure should be approximately the same between the two sensors.  
 Replace the manifold pressure sensor if necessary.

**Run Test 12: Turbocharger**

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF098 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</b> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12 V CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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Check the connection and condition of the fuel temperature sensor connector, component code **1066**.  
Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance** of the following connections:  
● **3FAB** between components **120** and **1066**,  
● **3LD** between components **120** and **1066**.  
If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** of the fuel temperature sensor between the following connections:  
● **3FAB** between components **120** and **1066**,  
● **3LD** between components **120** and **1066**.  
If the resistance of the fuel temperature sensor is not approximately **2.2 k $\Omega$**  at **25°C**, replace the sensor (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Fuel temperature sensor, Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF107 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>COMPUTER MEMORY</b> 1.DEF: Enter EEPROM memory 2.DEF: Read EEPROM memory
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> when the engine is running.
	<b>Special note:</b> If fault <b>DF107</b> is <b>present</b> , the engine stops, restarting is impossible, and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.

Enter the individual injector corrections ( <b>C2I</b> ) using the <b>diagnostic tool (command SC002 Enter injector codes)</b> .
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF112 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>CYLINDER REFERENCE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: No signal
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> when the <b>starter motor</b> is operating or the engine is running at <b>idle speed</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the cylinder reference sensor connector, component code <b>746</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V after ignition feed</b> on connection <b>3FB (or 3FB2)</b> of the cylinder reference sensor, component code <b>746</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <b>3CQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>746</b>,</li><li>● <b>3PL</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>746</b>,</li><li>● <b>3FB (or 3FB2)</b> between components <b>746</b> and <b>983</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the timing adjustment (see <b>MR 388: Mechanical systems, 11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF113 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>SENSOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE</u></b> 1.DEF: At minimum stop 2.DEF: At maximum stop
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF113</b> is <b>present</b> : the engine stops immediately and restarting is impossible. The <b>Level 2</b> warning light illuminates.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Check the condition and connection of the connectors on all sensors with a **5 V** supply:

- Refrigerant pressure sensor, component code **1202**.
- Inlet manifold pressure and temperature sensor, component code **147** or temperature sensor only, component code **272** and turbocharger pressure sensor, component code **1071**.
- Rail pressure sensor, component code **1032**.
- Pedal sensor, gangs 1 and 2, component code **921**.
- EGR valve position sensor, component code **1460**.
- Injection air flow sensor, component code **799**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connectors, component code **120**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

To locate any internal fault in one of the sensors supplied with **+ 5 V** (short circuit), disconnect each of the sensors on the list above in turn, checking after each disconnection whether the fault changes status from **present** to **stored**.

If the defective sensor is located, check its connections and its conformity.

If necessary replace the sensor.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF113  
CONTINUED**

Use the bournier to check the **insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- 3LR between components 120 and 921,
- 3LU between components 120 and 921,
- 3GC between components 120 and 1460,
- 3JM between components 120 and 1460,
- 3LQ between components 120 and 1071,
- 3LX between components 120 and 1032,
- 38Y between components 120 and 1202,
- 3KJ between components 120 and 799,

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, apply the fault finding procedure for each sensor with a **5 V** supply.

**AFTER  
REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF114 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>EGR SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: At minimum stop 2.DEF: At maximum stop 3.DEF: Inconsistency 4.DEF: Valve jammed 5.DEF: Valve clogged
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> when the engine is running.
	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF114</b> is <b>present</b> , unstable engine speed and even stalling. Starting difficult or even impossible when cold. Loss of performance and emission of fumes possible. The <b>level 2 warning light</b> comes on.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<b>K9K 718, 740, 792, and 796 ENGINES (Euro 4):</b>
Check the connection and condition of the <b>EGR valve</b> connector, component code <b>1460</b> . Check the connection and condition of <b>connector B</b> (brown 48-track) of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation and continuity</b> of the following connections: ● <b>3VP</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b> , ● <b>3VQ</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b> . If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF114  
CONTINUED 1**

Check for **+5 V** on connection **3GC** of component **1460**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the resistance of the **EGR valve**:

- with the engine stopped, the **EGR valve** will be closed (unless there is a fault),
- wait for the ambient temperature around the valve to stabilise (approximately **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3VP** and **3VQ** of component **1460**. The resistance must be between **0.5 Ω < R < 50 Ω** (while running command **AC002 EGR solenoid valve**).

If the value is not correct, replace the **EGR valve** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting**).

After replacing the EGR valve, use command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.

Also if a **3.DEF, 4.DEF or 5.DEF** fault is present:

- Remove the EGR valve.
- Check that there are no foreign bodies (scale, etc.) that could jam the valve.
- Remove the foreign matter and clean the EGR valve (see **Technical Note 3916A, Cleaning the EGR solenoid valve**).
- Refit the EGR valve.
- Run command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.
- Clear the faults from the **computer** memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**K9K 790 and 794 ENGINES (Euro 3):**

Check the connection and condition of the **EGR valve** connector, component code **1460**.

Check the connection and condition of **connector B** (brown 48-track) of the injection computer, component code **120**.

If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation and continuity** of the following connections:

- **3FB** (or **3FB2**) between components **1460** and **120**,
- **122B** between components **1460** and **120**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER  
REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**DF114**  
**CONTINUED 2**

Check for **+12 V** on connection **3GC** of component **1460**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the resistance of the **EGR valve**, component code **1460**:

- with the engine stopped, the EGR valve will be closed (unless there is a fault),
- wait for the ambient temperature around the valve to stabilise (approximately **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3FB** (or **3FB2**) and **122B**. The resistance must be between **7.5 Ω < R < 8.5 Ω** (at **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3GC** and **3JM**. The resistance must be between **2.4 kΩ < R < 5.6 kΩ** (at **20°C**),
- measure the resistance between connections **3JM** and **3EL**. The resistance must be between **800 Ω < R < 3.6 kΩ** (at **20°C**),

If the value is not correct, replace the **EGR valve**, component code **1460** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve, Removal - Refitting**).

After replacing the EGR valve, use command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.

Also if a **3.DEF**, **4.DEF**, or **5.DEF** fault is present:

- Remove the EGR valve.
- Check that there are no foreign bodies (scale, etc.) that could jam the valve.
- Remove any foreign bodies and clean the EGR valve (see **Technical Note 3916A, Cleaning the EGR solenoid valve**).
- Refit the EGR valve.
- run command **RZ002 EGR adaptives** to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.
- Clear the faults from the **computer** memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER**  
**REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF121 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>ACCELEROMETER CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: No signal
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– DF001 Coolant temperature sensor circuit,</li> <li>– DF002 Air temperature sensor circuit,</li> <li>– DF003 Atmospheric pressure sensor circuit,</li> <li>– DF098 Fuel temperature sensor circuit,</li> </ul> <p>A fault on one of these sensors could lead to incorrect fault finding on the accelerometer.</p>
	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b></p> <p>The fault is considered <b>present</b> when the engine is running.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<p>Check the conformity of the injectors fitted to the vehicle in relation to the type of vehicle and engine number (low-, high- or very high pressure injector).</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the accelerometer connector, component code <b>146</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and the sensor shielding on connection <b>TB1</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3DQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>146</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3S</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>146</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<p><b>DF121 CONTINUED</b></p>	
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Ensure that **C2I** is entered correctly in the injection computer.  
Check that the accelerometer is secured on the engine.  
Disconnect and reconnect the accelerometer sensor to accomplish fast programming.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.  
If the fault is still present, replace the accelerometer (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Accelerometer: Removal - Refitting**).

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF122 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER GANG 2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE</u></b> CO.1: Open circuit or short circuit to +12V CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF122</b> is <b>present</b> : the engine stops immediately and restarting is impossible. The <b>Level 2</b> warning light illuminates.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Check the condition and connection of the pedal sensor, component code **921**.  
Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connectors, component code **120**.  
If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

To locate any internal fault in one of the sensors with a **5 V** supply (short circuit), disconnect each of the sensors on the list above in turn, checking after each disconnection whether the fault changes status from **present** to **stored**.  
If the defective sensor is located, check its connections and its conformity.  
If necessary replace the sensor.

Connect the bornier in place of the computer and check the insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance on the following connections:  
● **3LW** between components **120** and **921**,  
● **3LV** between components **120** and **921**,  
● **3LU** between components **120** and **921**.  
If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, apply the fault finding procedure for each sensor with a **5 V** supply.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF130 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>FLOW CAPACITY FUNCTION</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: High flow capacity &lt; minimum          2.DEF: High flow capacity &gt; maximum</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If fault <b>DF130</b> is <b>present</b>, the engine may stop with the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminating.</p>
	<p><b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b>          The fault is considered <b>present</b> when the engine is running.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the flow actuator connector (IMV), component code <b>1105</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:          ● <b>3HI</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1105</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> between connections <b>3HI</b> and <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) of the flow actuator, component code <b>1105</b>.          If the resistance of the flow actuator is not between: <b>4.8 Ω &lt; X &lt; 5.8 Ω</b> at <b>20°C</b>, replace the flow actuator (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Flow actuator: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the presence and conformity of the fuel in the tank.          Run <b>test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check</b>.          Run <b>test 1 Low pressure circuit check</b>.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, run <b>test 6 High pressure system check</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF159 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>POWER ASSISTED STEERING RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CO.0: open circuit or short-circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit at + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault is active if the vehicle is fitted with electric power-assisted steering.
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the <b>pump assembly relay mounting (power-assisted steering pump assembly)</b>, component code <b>409</b>, and of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>3FK</b> between components <b>409</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+ after ignition feed</b> between the following connections: <b>tracks 1</b> and <b>3</b> of the relay. If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF162 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>OVERHEATING INDICATOR LIGHT</b> CO.0: open circuit or short-circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit at + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2 or Symbol 2.</b>
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Clear the fault and check that the warning light is working properly with command <b>AC061 Overheating warning light.</b>
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the overheating warning light sensor connector, component code <b>247</b> . Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connection: • <b>31A</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>120</b>  If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 388, (Logan / Sandero) or MR 423 (Thalia 2 / Symbol 2) Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault persists, contact your Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF195 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>ENGINE SPEED/CAMSHAFT SENSOR CONSISTENCY</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Stored fault diagnostic application conditions:</b> The fault becomes <b>present</b> after clearing the fault from the memory or after an attempt to start the engine or with the engine running.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>

	<p>Check the connections of the engine speed sensor, component code <b>149</b> and the camshaft sensor, component code <b>746</b>. Check the connections of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
	<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>3PL</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>746</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3CQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>746</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3BL</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>149</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3BG</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>149</b>,</li> <li>● <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b>) between components <b>746</b> and <b>983</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Measure <b>the resistance</b> of the engine speed sensor, component code <b>149</b> between connections <b>3BL</b> and <b>3BG</b>. If the resistance of the engine speed sensor is not between <b>510 Ω &lt; X &lt; 850 Ω</b> at <b>20°C</b>, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
	<p>Measure <b>the resistance</b> of the camshaft sensor, component code <b>746</b> between connections <b>3PL</b> and <b>3CQ</b>. If the resistance of the camshaft sensor is not between <b>9737.5 Ω &lt; X &lt; 10762.5 Ω</b>, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 13B Diesel injection, Camshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
	<p>Check that the engine earthing is in order (oxidation, tightness, etc.). Check the mounting, the air gap and the condition of the engine speed sensor (heating).</p>
	<p>Check the timing adjustment (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
	<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF209 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>EGR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage, deal first with fault DF113.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the EGR valve connector, component code <b>1460</b>. Check the connection and condition of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation and continuity</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● <b>3GC</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>● <b>3EL</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>● <b>3JM</b> between components <b>1460</b> and <b>120</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+5 V</b> on connection <b>3GC</b> of component <b>1460</b>. Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>3JM</b> of component <b>1460</b>. If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the EGR valve, component code <b>1460</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Exhaust gas recirculation solenoid valve: Removal - Refitting</b>). After replacing the EGR valve, use command <b>RZ002 EGR adaptives</b> to reinitialise the EGR valve offsets.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF218 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>MICROCONTROLLER</b> 1.DEF: RAM memory defect 2.DEF: Memory self-test
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present with the <b>engine running</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> If fault <b>DF218</b> is <b>present</b> , the engine stops, restarting is impossible, and the <b>level 2 warning light</b> illuminates.

Enter the individual injector corrections ( <b>C2I</b> ) using the <b>diagnostic tool (command SC002 Enter injector codes)</b> .
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF221 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>CLUTCH CONTACT SIGNAL</u> 1.DEF: Inconsistency
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the clutch pedal switch connector, component code <b>675</b>. Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> between connections <b>86D</b> and <b>M</b> of the clutch pedal switch in the pressed position. If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. If not correct, replace the clutch pedal switch (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>M</b> of the clutch pedal switch, component code <b>675</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the clutch switch (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical components controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF236 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>SERIOUS INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></b> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2 or Symbol 2.</b>
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Clear the fault and check that the warning light is working properly with command <b>AC068 Injection fault warning light</b> .
Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the serious injection fault warning light connector, component code <b>247</b> . Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the connections between components <b>247</b> and <b>120</b> .  If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 388, (Logan / Sandero) or MR 423 (Thalia 2 / Symbol 2) Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault persists, contact your Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF242 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL OUTPUT</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF113 Sensor supply voltage, deal first with fault DF113.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Check the connection and condition of the engine speed sensor connector, component code **149**.  
Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:  
● **3BG** between components **120** and **149**,  
● **3BL** between components **120** and **149**.  
If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** of the engine speed sensor, component code **149** between connections **3BG** and **3BL**:  
**510 Ω < X < 850 Ω** at **20°C**  
If the value is not correct, replace the engine speed sensor (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13B Diesel injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF261 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>TURBOCHARGER ACTUATOR CIRCUIT</u></b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF261</b> is <b>present</b> : the air flow regulation is switched off, the EGR valve is closed, and the turbocharging regulation is switched off. Injection defective message displayed on the instrument panel and reduced performance.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Run <b>TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger.</b> Run <b>TEST 5 Inlet circuit check.</b> Run <b>TEST 10 Turbocharger control solenoid valve check.</b> Run <b>TEST 12 Turbocharger.</b> Check the <b>inlet</b> pressure signal, check the gear number when changing gear.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF427 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>TURBO ACTUATOR CONTROL</u></b> 1.DEF: At minimum stop 2.DEF: At maximum stop
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> If fault <b>DF427</b> is <b>present</b> , the air flow regulation is switched off, the EGR valve is closed, the turbocharging regulation is switched off and the performance is reduced.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

Run <b>TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger.</b> Run <b>TEST 5 Inlet circuit check.</b> Run <b>TEST 10 Turbocharger control solenoid valve check.</b> Run <b>TEST 12 Turbocharger.</b> Check the turbocharging pressure signal, check the gear number when changing gear.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool.</b> Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>DF433 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>FUEL CONSUMPTION SIGNAL (ADAC)</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the connection and condition of the instrument panel connector, component code **247**.  
Check the connection and condition of the engine management computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:  
● **47H** between components **120** and **247**.  
If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF489 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR CONTROL</u> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying fault finding procedures to stored faults</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after starting the engine and switching on the air conditioning or running command <b>AC180 Air conditioning compressor relay control</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2</b> .

Check the condition of the clips of the air conditioning - cold loop relay on the engine fuse and relay board (see the relay board wiring diagrams for the vehicle concerned). Replace the clips if necessary.
With the ignition on, check for + 12 V on connection <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b> ) of the air conditioning - cold loop relay, component code <b>474</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Connect the bornier in place of the computer and check the <b>insulation, continuity, and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>38K</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>474</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Check the <b>resistance</b> of the air conditioning - cold loop relay between connections <b>3FB</b> (or <b>3FB2</b> ) and <b>38K</b> of the relay. If the resistance is not between <b>75 Ω &lt; X &lt; 85 Ω</b> at <b>25°C</b> , replace the relay.
If the fault persists, replace the air conditioning - cold loop relay.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF532 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>ALTERNATOR CHARGE SIGNAL</u> 1.DEF: Inconsistency 2.DEF: No signal
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> If the fault is <b>present</b> after the engine is started.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use bornier <b>Elé. 1681</b> for any operations on the injection computer connectors.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

<p>Check the condition of the alternator connector, component code <b>103</b>. Check the condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: ● <b>2K</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>103</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the charging circuit (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault) or Technical Note 9859A (Dacia), Charging circuit check</b>). Carry out the necessary repairs.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF631 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u><b>BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH SIGNAL</b></u> 1.DEF: No signal 2.DEF: Inconsistency
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> when decelerating, when the brake pedal is depressed.
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure below if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> .

<p>Check the connection and condition of the brake light switch connector, component code <b>160</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>AP1</b> or <b>AP10</b> of the brake light switch supply, component code <b>160</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>5A</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>160</b>,</li> <li>● <b>65A</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>160</b>,</li> <li>● <b>AP1</b> or <b>AP10</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF859 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>INJECTOR PROGRAMMING CYCLE NOT DONE</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions for stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present with the engine running.
	<b>Priority in the event of a number of faults:</b> – Deal with all the other faults before fault DF859
	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault is activated when the injectors have not been reset for <b>1800 miles (3000 km)</b> .

Leave the vehicle to run at idle speed until the engine is warm.

When the engine is warm (**PR064 COOLANT TEMPERATURE above 77°C**), carry out the following test drive:

- Drive at a speed of up to **30 mph (50 km/h)** and change into **5th gear**.
- Stay in this gear and perform **8** accelerations from **30 mph (50 Km/h)** to **54 mph (90 Km/h)**.

At the end of the test drive, check that the fault is stored and clear the fault.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF886 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>PRESENCE OF WATER IN THE DIESEL FUEL</u></b> 1.DEF: Open circuit on the line or presence of water in the diesel fuel
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure application conditions:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after the engine has been started.
	<b>Priority in the event of a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF057 Water in diesel fuel detector circuit,</b>
	<b>Special note:</b> If the fault is <b>present</b> , the <b>level 1 warning light</b> illuminates or the <b>water present in diesel fuel warning light</b> illuminates (if present on the instrument panel and if configured in injection).
	Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>

	<p>Check for water in the diesel filter. If water is present, bleed the diesel filter.          If there is a large quantity of water, run the first part of <b>Test 13: Diesel fuel conformity check</b> (Is the fuel cloudy or does it separate into 2 parts?)</p>
	<p>Check the connection and condition of the water in diesel fuel sensor connector, component code <b>414</b>.          Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
	<p>Check for a voltage between <b>13 V and 14 V (with the engine running)</b> and <b>between 11.5 V and 12.5 V (with the ignition on and the engine stopped)</b> on connection <b>3FB (or 3FB2)</b> of the water in diesel fuel sensor connector, component code <b>414</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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**DF886  
CONTINUED**

**A) Make sure the water detection sensor is properly connected.**

- If not, clear the fault,
- Carry out a road test (speed > 12 mph (20 km/h) and engine speed > 1200 rpm) for more than 30 seconds.
- If the fault does not recur, end of fault finding procedure.
- If the fault recurs, go to **step B**.

**B) If the sensor is properly connected:**

- Bleed the diesel filter unit (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Diesel filter: Removal - Refitting**).
  - Clear the fault.
  - Carry out a road test (speed > 12 mph (20 km/h) and engine speed > 1200 rpm) for more than 30 seconds.
- If the fault does not recur, end the fault finding procedure.

**C) If the fault recurs:**

Check the **insulation** and **continuity** of the following connections:

- **3WT** between components **120** and **414**,
- **M** between components **120** and **414**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**If all these checks reveal no irregularities:**

- Replace the water detection sensor (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Diesel filter: Removal - Refitting**).
- Clear the fault.
- Carry out a road test (speed > 12 mph (20 km/h) and engine speed > 1200 rpm) for more than 30 seconds, to confirm the repair.

**Note:**

When the water level in the fuel filter unit is below the sensor's electrodes, some driving conditions (turning, inclines) may cause the injection fault warning light to come on erroneously (the sensor's off-centre position in the fuel filter unit, combined with the driving condition, shows water detection, and hence the light comes on).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER  
REPAIR**

Deal with any faults declared by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF1083 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>WATER IN DIESEL FUEL WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2 or Symbol 2.</b>
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Clear the fault and check that the warning light is working properly with command <b>AC261 Water in fuel warning light.</b>
Check the connection and condition of the water in diesel fuel sensor connector, component code <b>414</b> . Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: ● <b>3WT</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>414</b> , ● <b>Earth</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>414</b> , If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 388, (Logan / Sandero) or MR 423 (Thalia 2 / Symbol 2) Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults declared by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### STATUS CHECK

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Engine	<b>ET038:</b> Engine	<b>RUNNING</b>	<b>NONE</b>
Immobiliser	<b>ET003:</b> Immobiliser	<p><b>INACTIVE</b> Indicates the status of the immobiliser system.</p> <p><b>INACTIVE:</b> The injection computer has recognised the immobiliser code transmitted by the UCH.</p> <p><b>ACTIVE:</b> The injection computer does not recognise the immobiliser code transmitted by the UCH.</p>	If <b>status ET003</b> is inconsistent, consult the UCH fault finding ( <b>See 82D, Access - Security</b> ).
Air conditioning	<b>ET164:</b> Configuration with air conditioning	<p><b>YES - NO</b> States whether the vehicle is fitted with air conditioning or not.</p> <p><b>YES:</b> Air conditioning is detected by the injection computer.</p> <p><b>NO:</b> Air conditioning is not detected by the injection computer.</p>	If not consistent with the vehicle equipment, test the <b>multiplex network</b> and follow the relevant procedure.
Fast idle speed	<b>ET023:</b> Fast idle speed request	<p><b>ABSENT</b> The <b>UCH</b> sends a fast idle request to the injection.</p> <p><b>ABSENT:</b> no UCH request.</p> <p><b>PRESENT:</b> UCH request.</p>	If <b>status ET023</b> is inconsistent, consult the UCH fault finding ( <b>See 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 13B

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### STATUS CHECK (CONTINUED 1)

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Air conditioning	<b>ET116:</b> Air conditioning authorisation	<p><b>NO</b>  <b>YES:</b> The UCH must send a compressor starting request to the injection. The coolant pressure sensor must not be defective. Satisfactory engine operating conditions (coolant temperature, engine load etc.).  <b>NO:</b> One of the above conditions has not been met.</p>	<b>NONE</b>
EGR	<b>ET008:</b> EGR solenoid valve control	<p><b>INACTIVE</b>            Indicates the status of the EGR valve control.  <b>INACTIVE:</b> The valve is not controlled by the computer.  <b>ACTIVE:</b> The valve is controlled by the computer.</p>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of faults <b>DF016 EGR control circuit</b> and <b>DF114 EGR solenoid valve circuit</b> .
Preheating	<b>ET007:</b> Preheating unit control	<p><b>ACTIVE - INACTIVE</b>            Shows the status of the preheating unit control.</p>	In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF017 Preheating unit control circuit</b> .

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Conformity check

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### STATUS CHECK (CONTINUED 2)

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Brake contact	<b>ET122:</b> Brake contact signal no. 1	<b>INACTIVE</b> <b>INACTIVE:</b> Brake pedal released. <b>ACTIVE:</b> Brake pedal depressed.	In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of status <b>ET122</b> .
	<b>ET123:</b> Brake switch no. 2 signal	<b>INACTIVE</b> Indicates recognition of brake pedal contacts. <b>INACTIVE:</b> Brake pedal released. <b>ACTIVE:</b> Brake pedal depressed.	If <b>ET123</b> is inconsistent, test the multiplex network using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
Clutch pedal	<b>ET233:</b> Clutch pedal	<b>RELEASED</b> Indicates recognition of clutch pedal contacts. <b>RELEASED:</b> Pedal released. <b>DEPRESSED:</b> Pedal depressed.	In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of status <b>ET233</b> .

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### PARAMETER CHECK

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Idle speed regulation	<b>PR010:</b> Idle speed regulation setpoint	Shows the speed of rotation the engine should reach at idle speed: approximately <b>825 rpm</b> .	In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of faults <b>DF007 Rail pressure sensor circuit</b> , <b>DF024 Low pressure actuator control circuit</b> , and <b>DF053 Rail pressure regulation function</b> .
Accelerator pedal	<b>PR030:</b> Accelerator pedal position	<b>PR030 = 0 %</b> Gives the accelerator pedal position in %.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of faults <b>DF008 Pedal potentiometer gang 1 circuit</b> , <b>DF009 Pedal potentiometer gang 2 circuit</b> , <b>DF113 Sensor supply voltage</b> , and <b>DF122 Pedal potentiometer gang 2 supply voltage</b> .
Coolant temperature	<b>PR064:</b> Coolant temperature	When warm: <b>90°C</b> Indicates the engine coolant temperature in °C. Default value: 80°C.	In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of parameter <b>PR064</b> .
Vehicle speed	<b>PR089:</b> Vehicle speed	Gives the vehicle speed in <b>mph (km/h)</b> . This parameter is sent by the ABS computer or the vehicle speed computer.	Refer to fault finding for the ABS system or the vehicle speed computer.
Air temperature	<b>PR058:</b> Air temperature	Gives the inlet air temperature in °C. This information is supplied by the air temperature sensor incorporated in the air flow sensor. <b>Default value: 20°C.</b>	In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF056 Air flow sensor circuit</b> .

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Conformity check

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### PARAMETER CHECK (CONTINUED 1)

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Fuel temperature	<b>PR063:</b> Fuel temperature	Cold = <b>PR064 Coolant temperature</b> Warm: <b>50°C</b> . Gives the fuel temperature in °C. This value is supplied by the <b>fuel temperature sensor</b> . <b>Default value: 30°C.</b>	If there is a fault, use the interpretation of fault <b>DF098 Fuel temperature sensor circuit</b> .
Atmospheric pressure	<b>PR035:</b> Atmospheric pressure	Indicates the atmospheric pressure in <b>mbar</b> . The sensor is built into the computer.	In the event of inconsistency, with the engine stopped and ignition on, check that parameter <b>PR035 ≈ PR312 ≈ local atmospheric pressure</b> .
Manifold pressure	<b>PR312:</b> Manifold pressure	Gives the pressure in the inlet circuit in <b>mbar</b> .	
Battery voltage	<b>PR074:</b> Battery voltage	<b>12 V &lt; PR074 &lt; 14.4 V.</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the fault finding procedure for the <b>Charging circuit</b> .
Air flow	<b>PR018:</b> Estimated air flow	Air flow estimated by the injection computer in <b>mg/st</b> .	<b>NONE</b>
Fuel flow	<b>PR017:</b> Fuel flow	Gives the fuel flow at the high pressure pump outlet in <b>mg/st</b> .	<b>NONE</b>

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### PARAMETER CHECK (CONTINUED 2)

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Rail pressure	<b>PR038:</b> Rail pressure	<p>Indicates the pressure in <b>bar</b> of the diesel fuel in the injector rail. This pressure is supplied by the sensor on the rail.</p> <p><b>Default value: 2000 bar.</b></p>	<p>If there is a fault, use the interpretation of fault <b>DF007 Rail pressure sensor circuit.</b></p>
	<b>PR008:</b> Rail pressure setpoint	<p><b>PR008 = 375 bar</b> (Engine starting pressure setpoint)            Cold: <b>405 bar</b>            Warm: <b>230 bar</b></p> <p>Gives the theoretical pressure value for optimum engine operation.</p>	<b>NONE</b>
EGR valve	<b>PR051:</b> EGR valve position feedback	<p><b>PR051 = 0 %</b></p> <p>Indicates the actual value of the EGR valve position.</p> <p><b>PR051 = PR005.</b>  <b>Default value 30%.</b></p>	<p>In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of faults <b>DF209 EGR valve position sensor circuit,</b>  <b>DF016 EGR control circuit</b> and <b>DF114 EGR solenoid valve circuit.</b></p>
	<b>PR052:</b> EGR valve opening setpoint	<p>in %</p> <p>Gives a theoretical EGR valve opening value for optimum engine operation.</p> <p><b>PR005 = PR051.</b></p>	



<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values indicated in this conformity check are given as examples.</p> <p><b>Application condition: With the engine idling, warm engine, coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b></p>
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### PARAMETER CHECK (CONTINUED 3)

Function	Parameter or status checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Pedal load	<b>PR217:</b> Pedal load (gang 1)	Indicates the voltage supply percentage for gangs 1 and 2 of the pedal potentiometer. <b>10% &lt; PR217 &lt; 20%, 5% &lt; PR218 &lt; 15%.</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of faults <b>DF008 Pedal potentiometer gang 1 circuit, DF009 Pedal potentiometer gang 2 circuit, DF113 Sensor supply voltage, and DF122 Pedal potentiometer gang 2 supply voltage.</b>
	<b>PR218:</b> Pedal load (gang 2)		
Sensor voltage	<b>PR077:</b> EGR valve position sensor voltage	<b>0.5 V &lt; PR077 &lt; 4.8 V</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF209 EGR valve position sensor circuit.</b>
	<b>PR344:</b> Manifold pressure sensor voltage	Shows the voltage in <b>volts</b> supplied by the computer to feed the inlet pressure sensor.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF089 Inlet manifold pressure sensor circuit.</b>
	<b>PR080:</b> Rail pressure sensor voltage	<b>0.5 V &lt; PR080 &lt; 4.5 V</b> Shows the voltage in <b>volts</b> supplied by the computer to the rail pressure sensor. <b>Default value: 4.5 V.</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF007 Rail pressure sensor circuit.</b>
Pressure	<b>PR037:</b> Refrigerant pressure	<b>2 bar &lt; PR037 &lt; 27 bar</b> Gives the value in <b>bar</b> of the refrigerant pressure in the system. <b>Default value: 0 bar.</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF049 Refrigerant sensor circuit.</b>
Air flow	<b>PR019:</b> Linearised air flow	Gives the linearised air flow in <b>g/s.</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF056 Air flow sensor circuit.</b>

# DIESEL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Status summary table

**13B**

<b>Tool Status</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>
<b>ET003</b>	Immobiliser
<b>ET007</b>	Preheating unit control
<b>ET008</b>	EGR solenoid valve control
<b>ET023</b>	Fast idle speed request
<b>ET038</b>	Engine
<b>ET039</b>	Brake pedal
<b>ET116</b>	Air conditioning authorisation
<b>ET122</b>	Brake switch no. 1 signal
<b>ET123</b>	Brake switch no. 2 signal
<b>ET164</b>	Configuration with air conditioning
<b>ET200</b>	Fuel flow controller
<b>ET227</b>	Key
<b>ET233</b>	Clutch pedal
<b>ET432</b>	Wastegate regulation
<b>ET563</b>	Flow capacity function
<b>ET637</b>	New pump chamber filling

<b>ET122</b>	<u>BRAKE CONTACT SIGNAL No. 1</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Carry out the checks only if the <b>INACTIVE</b> and <b>ACTIVE</b> statuses are not consistent with the pedal position. Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>
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**INACTIVE STATUS Brake pedal depressed.**

**If the brake lights operate:**

- Check the **continuity** of connection **5A** between the brake light switch connector, component code **160** and the computer connector, component code **120**.

**If the brake lights do not operate:**

- Check the condition and fitting of the brake light switch and brake lights fuse.
- Remove and test the operation of the brake light switch:

Only for <b>K9K 718, 740 engines</b>	<b>Continuity</b> between connections:	<b>Insulation</b> between connections:
Switch pressed (Brake pedal released)	<b>5A and AP10</b>	<b>65A and AP10</b>
Switch released (Brake pedal depressed)	<b>65A and AP10</b>	<b>5A and AP10</b>

Only for the <b>K9K engines 790, 792, 794, 796</b>	<b>Continuity</b> between connections:	<b>Insulation</b> between connections:
Switch pressed (Brake pedal released)	<b>5A and AP1</b>	<b>65A and AP1</b>
Switch released (Brake pedal depressed)	<b>65A and AP1</b>	<b>5A and AP1</b>

If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

- If necessary, replace the switch (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**).
- Check for **+ after ignition feed** on connections **AP1** of the brake light switch connector.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET122 CONTINUED</b>	
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**ACTIVE STATUS Brake pedal released.**

- Check the condition and the mounting of the brake light switch, the brake lights fuse and the conformity of the bulbs.
- Remove and test the operation of the brake light switch:

Only for <b>K9K 718, 740 engines</b>	Continuity between connections:	Insulation between connections:
Switch engaged (Brake pedal released)	<b>5A and AP10</b>	<b>65A and AP10</b>
Switch released (Brake pedal depressed)	<b>65A and AP10</b>	<b>5A and AP10</b>

Only for the <b>K9K engines 790, 792, 794, 796</b>	Continuity between connections:	Insulation between connections:
Switch pressed (Brake pedal released)	<b>5A and AP1</b>	<b>65A and AP1</b>
Switch released (Brake pedal depressed)	<b>65A and AP1</b>	<b>5A and AP1</b>

If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

- If necessary, replace the switch (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting**).
- Check the **insulation** against **+12 V** of connection **5A** between the brake light switch connector and the computer connector.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET233</b>	<u>CLUTCH PEDAL</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          Carry out the checks only if the <b>RELEASED</b> and <b>DEPRESSED</b> statuses are not consistent with the pedal position.          Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>
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**Only for K9K 718, 740 engines**

**"RELEASED" STATUS and clutch pedal depressed.**

Check the condition and the fitting of the **clutch switch**, component code **675**.  
 Check and ensure **the continuity** of connection **86D** between the clutch switch connector and the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
 Check and ensure the presence of **earth** on connection **M** of component **675**.  
 If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Remove the clutch switch and check that it is operating correctly:

	Continuity between tracks	Insulation between tracks
Switch pressed (Clutch pedal released)	<b>86D and M</b>	-
Switch released (Clutch pedal depressed)	-	<b>86D and M</b>

If necessary, replace the switch (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory.          Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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**ET233  
CONTINUED**

**DEPRESSED STATUS and clutch pedal released.**

Check the condition and fitting of the clutch switch.  
Remove the clutch switch and test its operation:

	Continuity between tracks	Insulation between tracks
Switch pressed (Clutch pedal released)	<b>86D and M</b>	-
Switch released (Clutch pedal depressed)	-	<b>86D and M</b>

If necessary, replace the switch (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting**).

Check and ensure **the insulation to earth** of the connection **86D** between components **675** and **120**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory.  
Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the **diagnostic tool**.

Tool parameter	Diagnostic tool title
PR001	Advance
PR005	EGR valve opening setpoint
PR008	Rail pressure setpoint
PR010	Idle speed regulation setpoint
PR017	Fuel flow
PR018	Estimated air flow
PR019	Linearised air flow
PR021	EGR request
PR026	EGR position offset
PR030	Accelerator pedal position
PR033	Requested inlet pressure
PR035	Atmospheric pressure
PR036	Linearised atmospheric pressure
PR037	Refrigerant pressure
PR038	Rail pressure
PR040	Linearised rail pressure
PR051	EGR valve position feedback
PR055	Engine speed
PR057	Linearised fuel temperature
PR058	Air temperature
PR063	Fuel temperature
PR064	Coolant temperature
PR065	Linearised coolant temperature

Tool parameter	Diagnostic tool title
<b>PR074</b>	Battery voltage
<b>PR077</b>	EGR valve position sensor voltage
<b>PR080</b>	Rail pressure sensor voltage
<b>PR089</b>	Vehicle speed
<b>PR125</b>	Power absorbed by the air conditioning compressor
<b>PR136</b>	EGR position
<b>PR148</b>	Pedal potentiometer voltage gang 2
<b>PR175</b>	Vehicle speed/engine speed ratio
<b>PR217</b>	Pedal load (gang 1)
<b>PR218</b>	Pedal load (gang 2)
<b>PR311</b>	Manifold air temperature
<b>PR312</b>	Manifold pressure
<b>PR313</b>	Linearised manifold pressure
<b>PR315</b>	Linearised manifold air temperature
<b>PR316</b>	Linearised sensor supply voltage
<b>PR344</b>	Manifold pressure sensor voltage
<b>PR400</b>	New EGR valve offset
<b>PR634</b>	Air flow request



<b>PR058</b>	<u>AIR TEMPERATURE</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> This circuit is not present on vehicles equipped with <b>K9K 790 and 794</b> engines. Only apply the checks if the parameter is inconsistent. Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b></p>
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<p>Check the condition of the air flowmeter connections, component code <b>799</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. If necessary, replace the air temperature - pressure sensor (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting</b>). Measure the <b>resistance</b> between connections <b>3B</b> and <b>3DW</b> of the air flowmeter. If the resistance of the air temperature - pressure sensor is not: (theoretical values) <b>41255 Ω &lt; X &lt; 47492 Ω</b> at <b>-40°C</b>, <b>14260 Ω &lt; X &lt; 16022 Ω</b> at <b>-20°C</b>, <b>5497 Ω &lt; X &lt; 6050 Ω</b> at <b>0°C</b>, <b>2353 Ω &lt; X &lt; 2544 Ω</b> at <b>20°C</b>, <b>1114 Ω &lt; X &lt; 1186 Ω</b> at <b>40°C</b>, <b>569 Ω &lt; X &lt; 597 Ω</b> at <b>60°C</b>, <b>310 Ω &lt; X &lt; 322 Ω</b> at <b>80°C</b>, <b>180 Ω &lt; X &lt; 185 Ω</b> at <b>100°C</b>. replace the air temperature - pressure sensor (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>PR064</b>	<u>COOLANT TEMPERATURE</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Only apply the checks if the parameter is inconsistent. Use the <b>Technical Note wiring diagram, Logan, Sandero, Thalia 2, or Symbol 2.</b>
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Check the condition of the coolant temperature sensor connections, component code **244**.  
If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Replace the sensor if necessary.  
Measure the **resistance** between connections **3C** and **3JK** of the coolant temperature sensor, component code **244**:  
If the resistance of the coolant temperature sensor is not:  
(theoretical values)  
**11.5 Ω < X < 13.5 Ω** at **-10°C**,  
**2140 Ω < X < 2364 Ω** at **25°C**,  
**773 Ω < X < 851 Ω** at **50°C**,  
**275 Ω < X < 291 Ω** at **80°C**,  
**112 Ω < X < 118 Ω** at **110°C**,  
replace the coolant temperature sensor (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor, Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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## Fault finding – Command summary table

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
<b>RZ001</b>	Fault memory	This command is used for clearing the computer's stored faults
<b>RZ002</b>	EGR programming adaptives	Use this command when replacing the EGR valve
<b>RZ004</b>	Pressure regulation adaptives	Use this command when simultaneously replacing the four injectors and after replacing/retightening the accelerometer. It enables you to reset the injector programming adaptives
<b>RZ005</b>	Programming	This command enables you to reinitialise the entire computer configuration.
<b>AC001</b>	Preheating unit	Activating this actuates the preheating unit to test the heater plug supply.
<b>AC002</b>	EGR solenoid valve	Activating this lets you listen to the mechanical operation of the EGR valve.
<b>AC004</b>	Turbocharging solenoid valve	Activating this lets you listen for the turbocharging solenoid valve working
<b>AC005</b>	Cylinder 1 injector	Activating this lets you listen to the operation of the injector on cylinder 1
<b>AC006</b>	Cylinder 2 injector	Activating this lets you listen to the operation of the injector on cylinder 2.
<b>AC007</b>	Cylinder 3 injector	Activating this lets you listen to the operation of the injector on cylinder 3.
<b>AC008</b>	Cylinder 4 injector	Activating this lets you listen to the operation of the injector on cylinder 4.
<b>AC010</b>	High pressure pump	Activating this lets you listen to the operation of the high pressure pump.
<b>AC028</b>	Static test	Activating this enables fault finding to be run on the EGR, the high pressure pump, and the water in fuel warning light circuits.

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
<b>AC029</b>	High pressure circuit sealing test.	Activating this will request the injection system to detect a leak on the high pressure circuit after an operation has been carried out. This is activated with the engine warm and running and consists of unladen acceleration repeated 4 times.
<b>AC056</b>	Power-assisted steering assembly relay	Activating this actuates the power assisted steering pump.
<b>AC060</b>	Preheating indicator light	Activating this actuates the preheating warning light on the instrument panel.
<b>AC061</b>	Overheating warning light.	Activating this actuates the engine overheating warning light on the instrument panel.
<b>AC068</b>	Injection fault warning light.	Activating this actuates the injection fault warning light on the instrument panel.
<b>AC099</b>	Deactivation of electrical consumers	This activation only deactivates the preheating function.
<b>AC100</b>	End deactivation of electrical consumers	Activating this authorises preheating after programming or reprogramming the injection computer (see <b>Replacement of components</b> ).
<b>AC153</b>	High-speed fan assembly	Activating this actuates the high speed fan relay to test the supply to the high speed fan.
<b>AC154</b>	Fan low speed.	Activating this actuates the low speed fan relay to test the supply to the low speed fan.
<b>AC155</b>	MIL warning light	Activating this actuates the MIL warning light on the instrument panel (EOBD emission control warning light).
<b>AC180</b>	Air conditioning compressor relay control.	Activating this enables you to listen for the correct operation of the air conditioning compressor.
<b>AC212</b>	New pump chamber filling	This must only be activated after the high pressure pump has been replaced (see <b>Replacement of components</b> ). This command enables the pump reprime sequence to be activated.
<b>AC250</b>	Heating resistor 1 relay.	Activating this actuates the heating resistor no. 1 relay to test the heating resistor supply.

## Fault finding – Command summary table

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
<b>AC251</b>	Heating resistor 2 relay.	Activating this actuates the heating resistor no. 2 relay to test the heating resistor supply.
<b>AC252</b>	Heating resistor 3 relay.	Activating this actuates the heating resistor no. 3 relay to test the heating resistor supply.
<b>AC261</b>	Water in diesel fuel indicator light	Activating this actuates the water present in fuel warning light; this warning light is located on the instrument panel, if fitted to the vehicle.
<b>SC001</b>	Write saved data	Use this command after replacing or (re)programming the computer (if the data were saved using command <b>SC003 Save computer data</b> ).
<b>SC002</b>	Enter injector codes	This command enables you to manually write the calibration code marked on the injectors. Run this command after replacing the injectors.
<b>SC003</b>	Save computer data	This command saves the computer's operating data, C2I (individual injector correction) parameters and engine programming adaptives. Run this command before replacing or (re)programming the computer.

**NOTES**

Only consult this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.

No dialogue with the computer

ALP1

**Starting fault:**

The engine will not start

ALP2

The engine starts with difficulty, or starts then stalls

ALP3

Starting difficult with Warm engine

ALP4

Rough idling speed (pumping)

ALP5

Idling speed too high or too low

ALP6

**Behaviour while driving:**

- Erratic acceleration/deceleration and engine racing → ALP7
- Acceleration gap → ALP8
- Engine cut-out (stalling) → ALP9
- Engine bucking → ALP10
- Loss of power → ALP11
- Too much power → ALP 12
- Excessive consumption → ALP 13
- Overspeed when releasing accelerator or changing gear → ALP 14
- Engine dies on pulling away → ALP 15

**Noise, odours, or smoke:**

- Engine rattling, noisy engine, turbocharger noise → ALP 16
- Blue, white or black smoke → ALP 17
- Smoke (blue, white or black) on acceleration → ALP 18

<b>ALP1</b>	<b>No dialogue with the computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Only consult this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b>
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Try to establish dialogue with a computer on another vehicle to check that **the diagnostic tool** is not faulty. If the tool is not at fault, and dialogue cannot be established with any other computer on the same vehicle, the cause could be a faulty computer interfering on the multiplex network. Check the battery voltage and make the necessary adjustments to obtain a correct voltage (**9.5 V < Battery voltage < 17.5 V**).



Carry out fault finding on the multiplex network using the **diagnostic tool** (see **88B, Multiplexing**).



Check the presence and the condition of the injection fuses in the engine fuse box.  
Check the connection of the injection computer connectors, component code **120** and the condition of its connections.  
Check the injection computer **earths** (quality, oxidation, earth bolts secure on the battery terminal).  
Check that the supply to the computer is correct:

- **NH** or **N** between **earth** and component **120**.
- **AP29** or **AP15** between components **1016** and **120**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP1 CONTINUED</b>	
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A



Ensure that the diagnostic socket, component code **225**, has properly power supply:

- + **Before ignition feed on connection BP56** of component **225**.
- + **After ignition feed on connection AP10** of component **225**.
- **Earth on connections MAM and NC** of component **225**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.



If dialogue has still not been established after these various checks, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP2</b>	<b>The engine will not start</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.



Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.



Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.



Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

— YES —>

Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

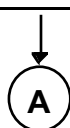
NO



Check the electric circuit, use **TEST 2 Electrical circuit check**.

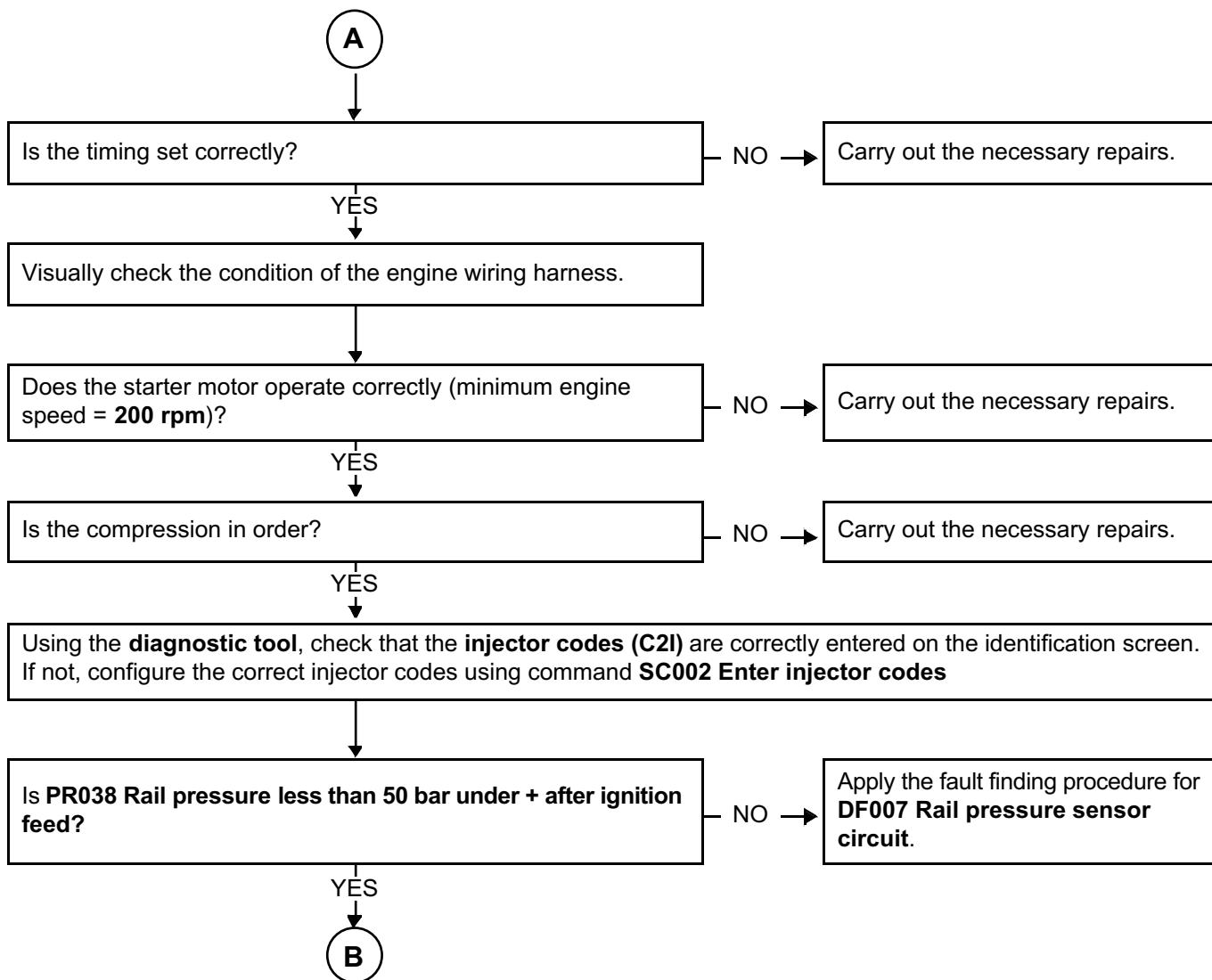


Check the electrical conformity of the **heater plugs** (the resistance of the heater plug must be **less than 2 Ω**).



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP2 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP2 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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**B**

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Visually check that there are no leaks on the high pressure circuit, use **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.

Check the high pressure system, use **TEST 6 High pressure system check**.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP3</b>	<b>The engine starts with difficulty, or starts then stalls</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

– YES →

Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

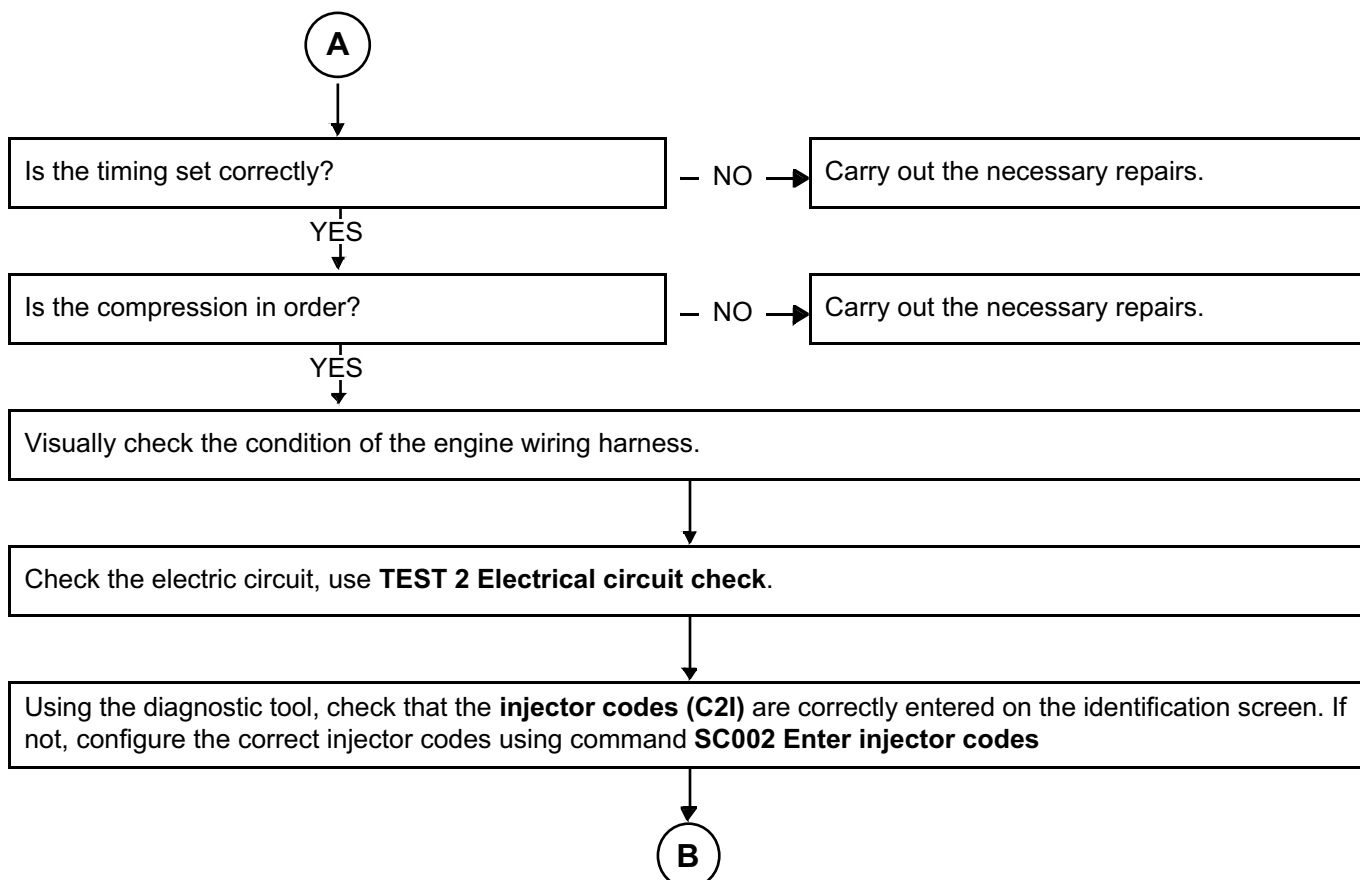
NO  
↓

Check the electrical conformity of the **heater plugs** (the resistance of the heater plug must be **less than 2 Ω**).

**A**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP3 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP3 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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**B**

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Visually check that there are no leaks on the high pressure circuit, use **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.

Check the high pressure system, use **TEST 6 High pressure system check**.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP4</b>	<b>Starting difficult with warm engine</b>
-------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

Check that the tank is filled correctly.

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

Is the compression in order? — NO → Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES ↓

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged? — YES → Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

NO ↓

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Visually check the condition of the engine wiring harness.

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

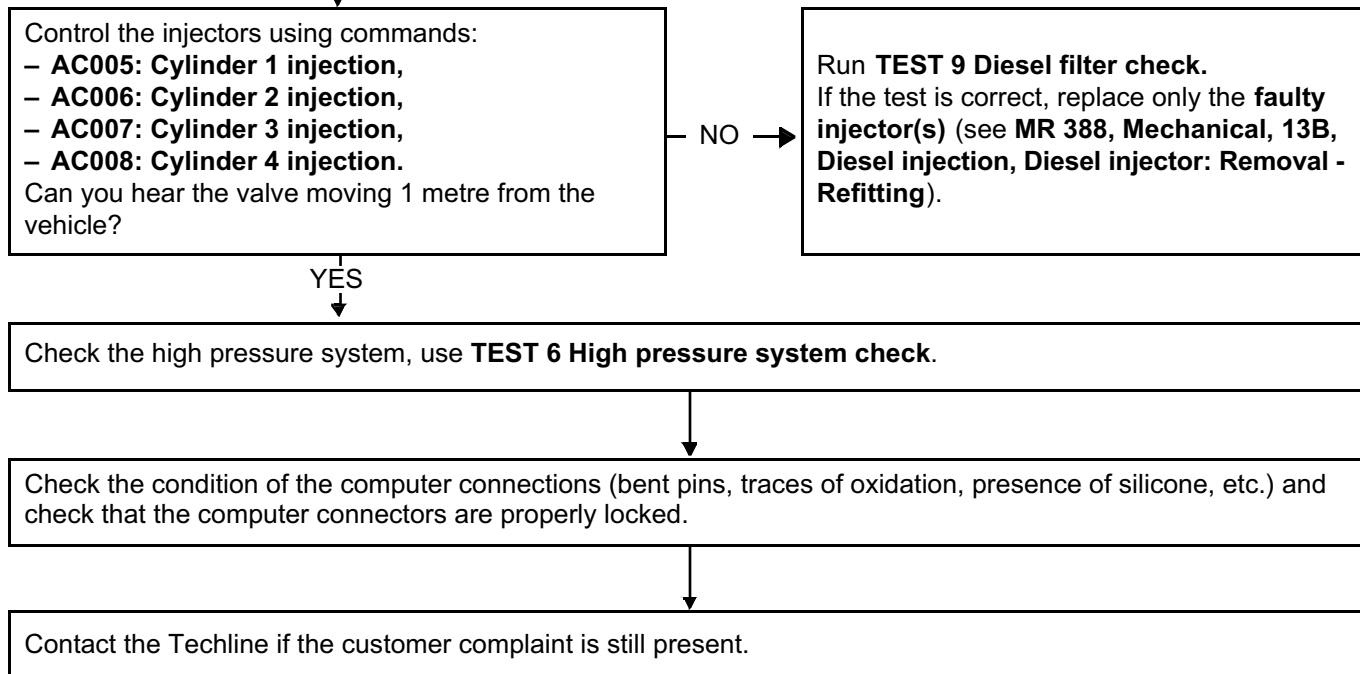
A

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP4 CONTINUED</b>	
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A



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP5</b>	<b>Rough idling speed (pumping)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check that the tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.



Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.



Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**



Visually check the condition of the engine wiring harness.



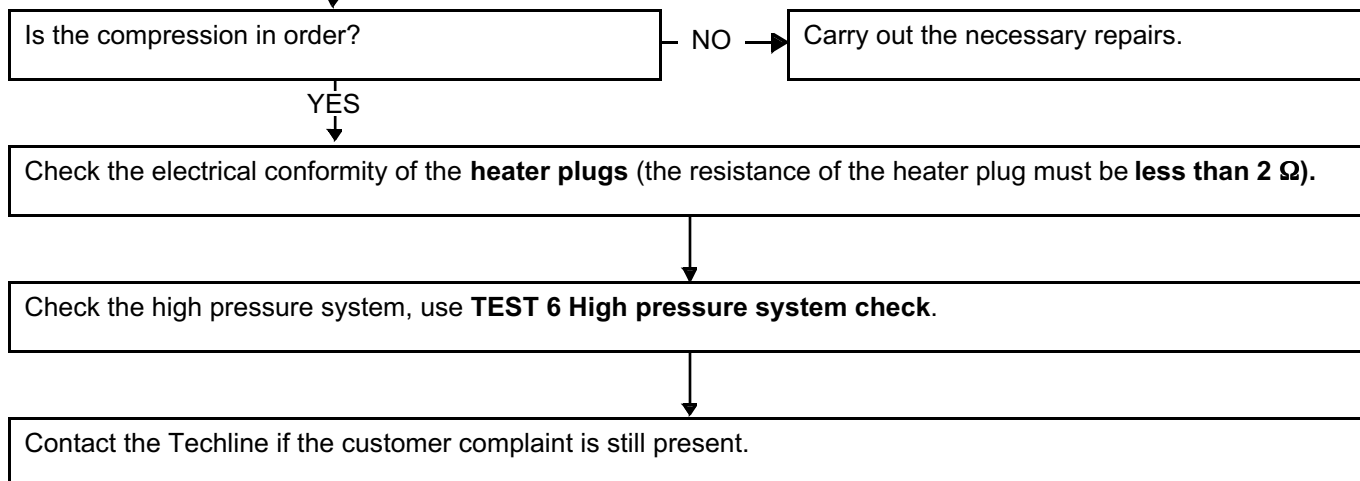
Visually check that there are no leaks on the high pressure circuit, use **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP5 CONTINUED</b>	
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A



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP6</b>	<b>Idling speed too high or too low</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

↓

Check the electric circuit, use **TEST 2 Electrical circuit check**.

↓

Is the clutch clearance set correctly?

NO → Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES ↓

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

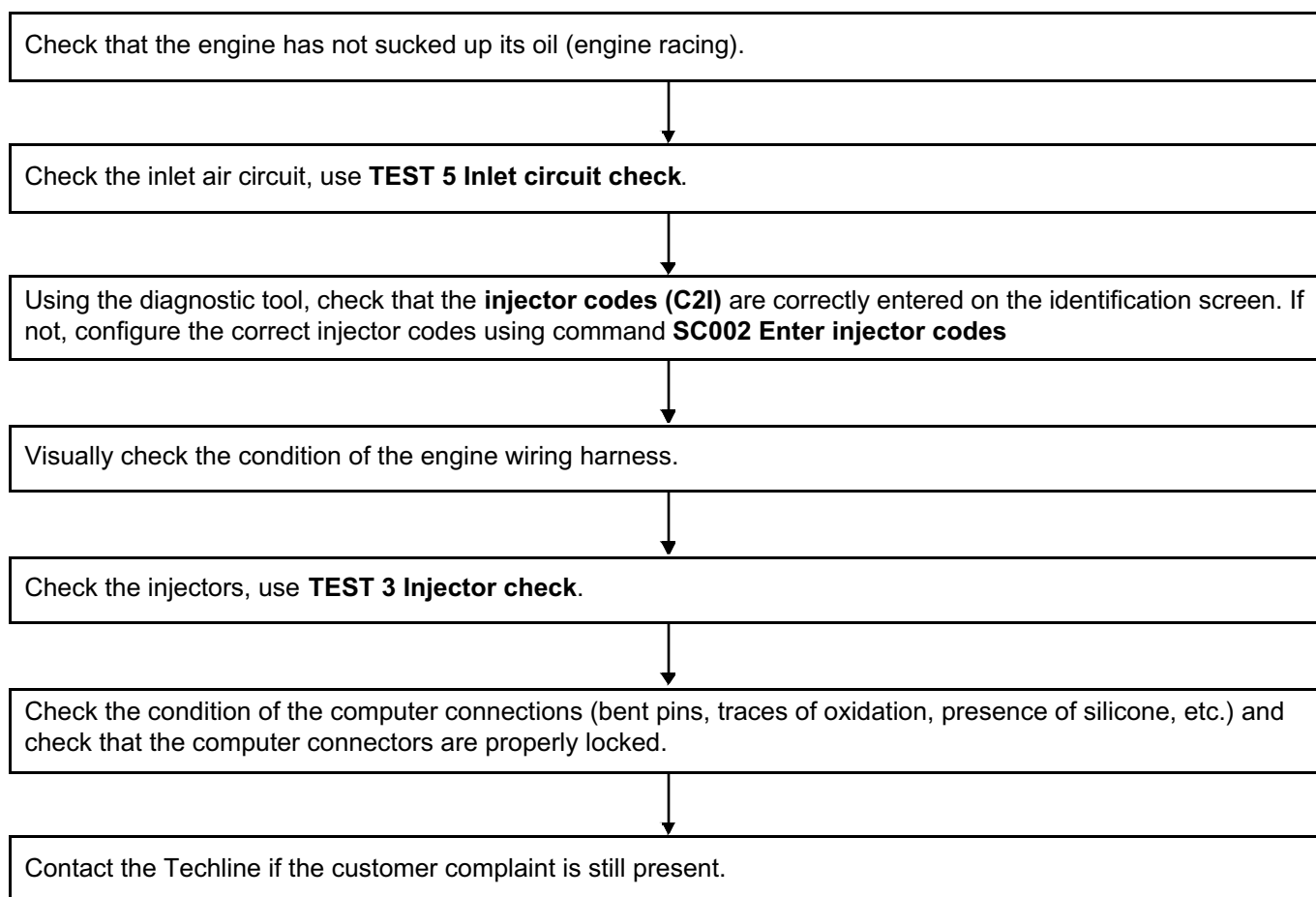
↓

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP7</b>	<b>Erratic acceleration/deceleration and engine racing</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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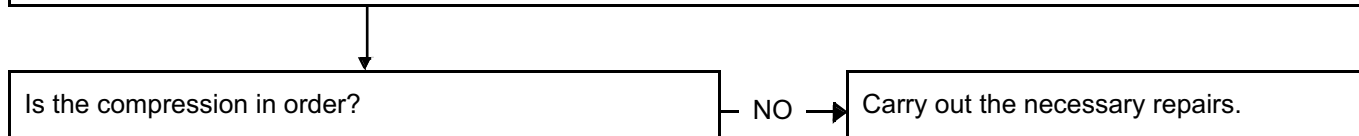


<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP8</b>	<b>Acceleration gap</b>
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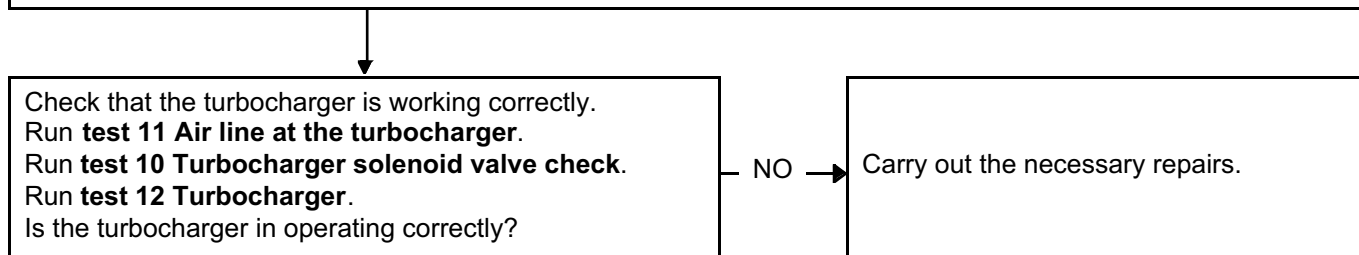
<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.



YES ↓

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**



YES ↓

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP8 CONTINUED</b>	
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A

Visually check that there are no leaks on the high pressure circuit, use **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP9</b>	<b>Engine cut-out (stalling)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **test 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.

Check that the engine has not sucked up its oil (engine racing).

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

YES →

Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

NO ↓

Visually check the condition of the engine wiring harness.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP9 CONTINUED</b>	
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A

Check the electric circuit, use **TEST 2 Electrical circuit check**.

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Visually check that there are no leaks on the high pressure circuit, use **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Check the high pressure system, use **TEST 6 High pressure system check**.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP10</b>	<b>Engine bucking</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b>          Only consult this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (see <b>System operation, Function: Fuel supply management (timing, flow rate, and pressure), flow capacity function (VLC) section</b>).</p>
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Check that the fuel tank is filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
 Run **TEST 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Is the engine wiring harness cut or pinched? — YES → Carry out the necessary repairs.

Is the compression in order? — NO → Carry out the necessary repairs.

Is the valve clearance set correctly? — NO → Carry out the necessary repairs.

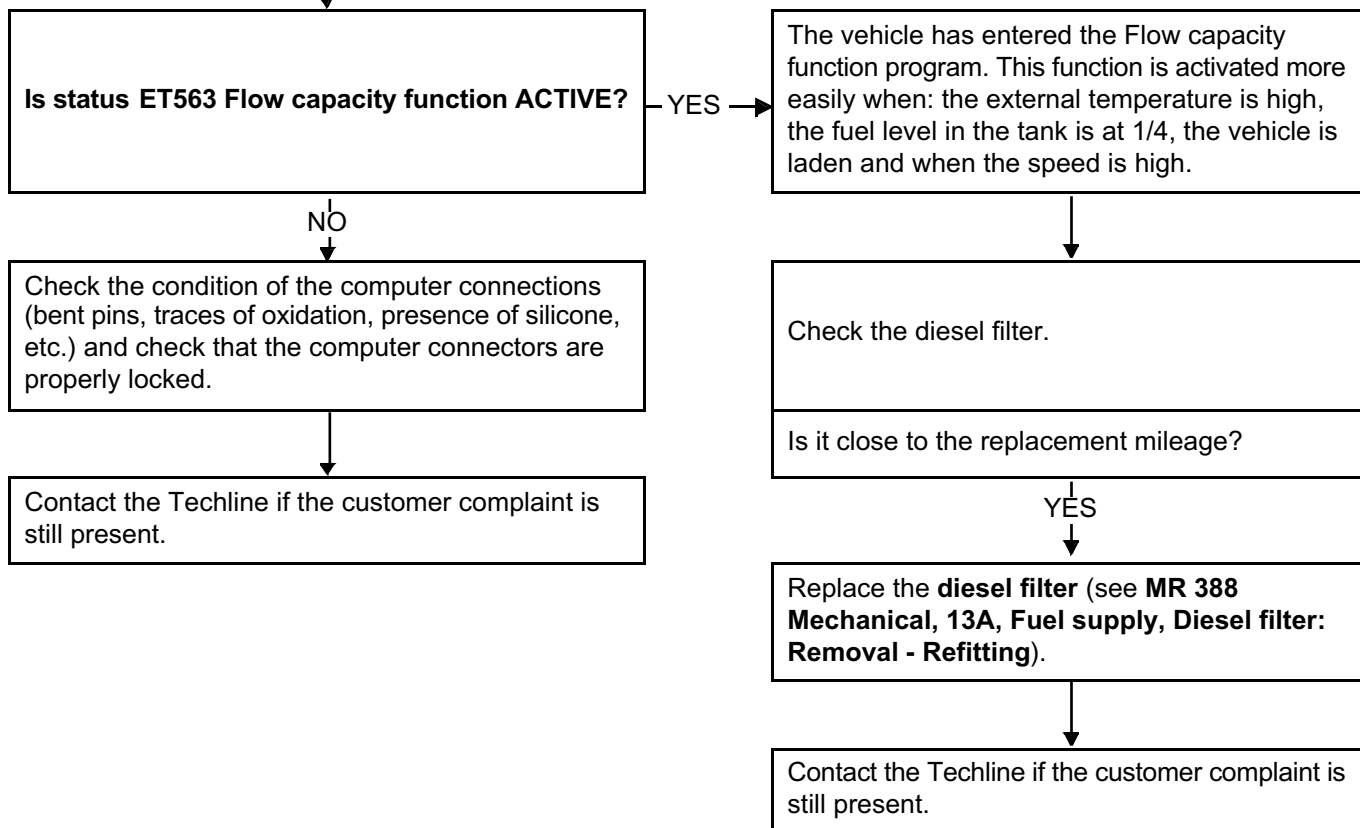
Check the high pressure pump, use **TEST 6 High pressure system check**.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP10 CONTINUED</b>	
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**A**

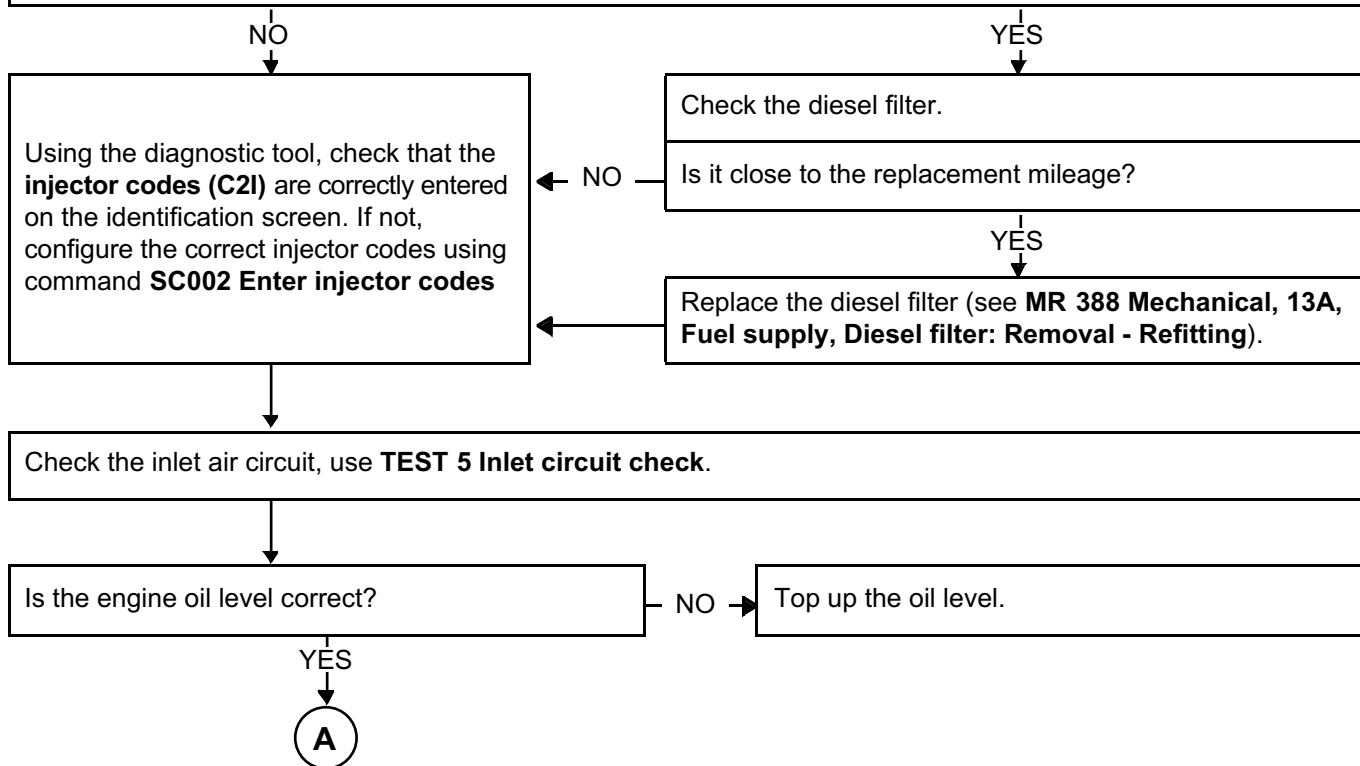


<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP11</b>	<b>Loss of power</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b>          Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          See explanation for flow capacity function in system operation.</p>
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Is status **ET563 Flow capacity function ACTIVE?**



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**ALP11 CONTINUED**

**A**

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

YES

Replace the catalytic converter (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

NO

Check that the turbocharger is working correctly.  
Run **TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger**.  
Run **TEST 10 Turbocharger solenoid valve check**.  
Run **TEST 12 Turbocharger**.

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Check the high pressure pump, use **TEST 6 High pressure system check**.

Is the compression in order?

YES

Is the valve clearance set correctly?

YES

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

NO

Carry out the necessary repairs.

NO

Carry out the necessary repairs.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 12**

**Too much power**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

**In this case, the control solenoid valve is jammed: it is possible to increase the vacuum but not reduce it afterwards.**

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

Check that the engine has not sucked up its oil (engine racing).

Check that the turbocharger is working correctly.  
Run **TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger**.  
Run **TEST 10 Turbocharger solenoid valve check**.  
Run **TEST 12 Turbocharger**.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

### ALP 12 CONTINUED 1

In this case, it may be the solenoid valve dynamic specification which is at fault (atmospheric pressure resetting time). Final fault finding is carried out by measuring this specification on a special bench.

Check that solenoid valve casing does not have any splashes of fluid on it which may impede the breather (water, engine oil, gearbox oil, brake fluid, coolant, mud, dust, or any other substance).

Instructions:

The solenoid valve must be set up **450 mm** above the ground, in an area free from water, mud, or any other fluid. Cleaning with a high pressure jet is forbidden.

Is there coolant present?

NO

Is the solenoid valve subjected to significant fluctuations or impacts?

Instructions:

The solenoid valve must be correctly secured to its mounting. Contact with the engine environment is forbidden.

NO

Check the turbocharger regulation control (no partial jamming, etc.).

A

YES

Follow the recommendations below.

A

Follow the recommendations below.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 12 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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A



Is the turbocharger control operating?

YES



Replace the solenoid valve.



If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

NO



Carry out the necessary repairs.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**ALP 13**

**Excessive consumption**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **TEST 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.

Is the fuel temperature sensor leaking?

— YES —>

Replace the **fuel temperature sensor** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Rail pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

NO

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Visually check that there are no leaks on the high pressure circuit, use **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

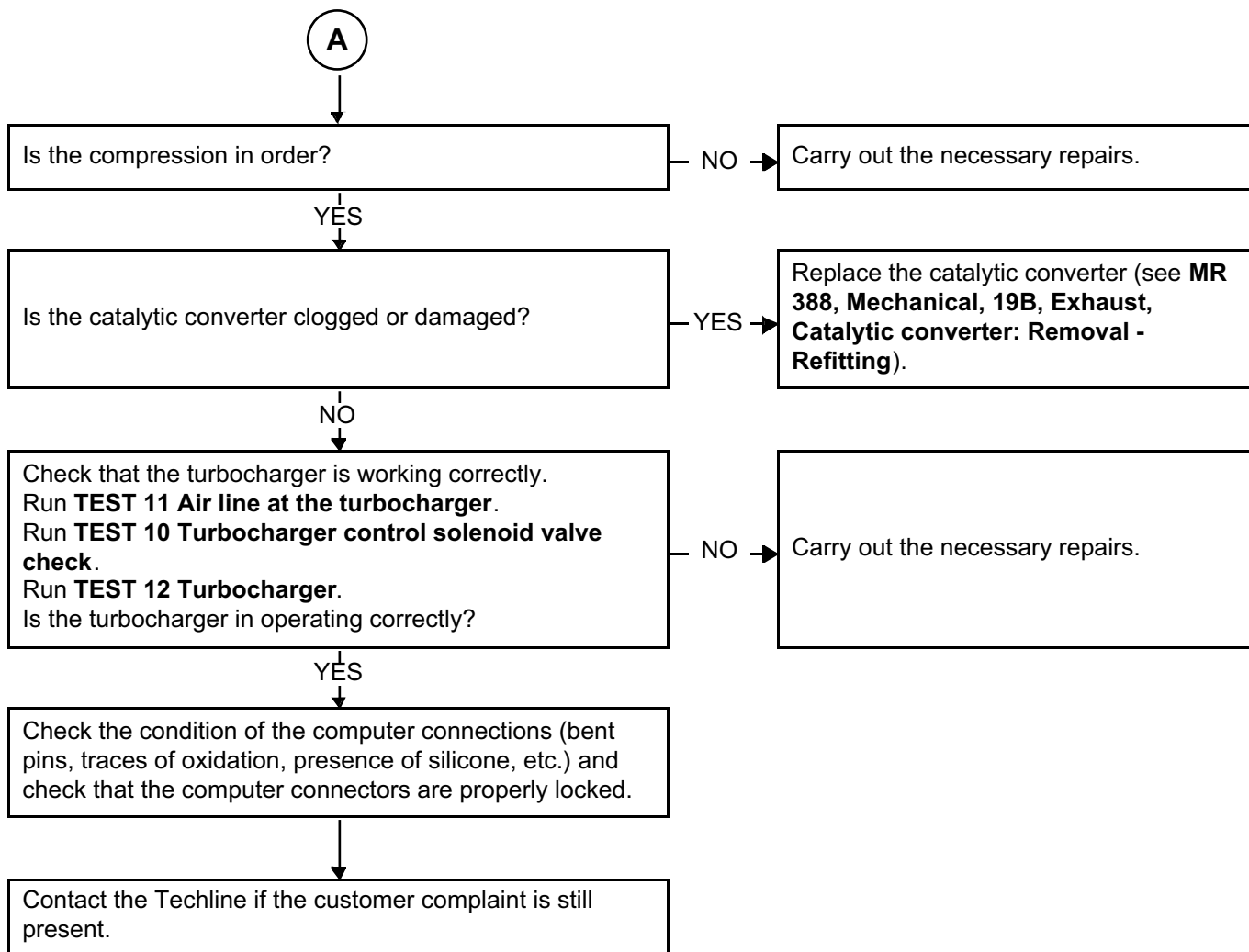
Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**



**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 13 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**ALP 14**

**Overspeed when releasing accelerator or changing gear**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that there are no obstacles that might impede the accelerator pedal travel (carpet, hard point, etc.).

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Visually check the condition of the engine wiring harness.

Is the clutch clearance set correctly?

NO

Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES

Check that the engine has not sucked up its oil (engine racing).

Check that the turbocharger is working correctly.  
**Run TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger.**  
**Run TEST 10 Turbocharger solenoid valve check.**  
**Run TEST 12 Turbocharger.**  
Is the turbocharger correct?

NO

Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES

**A**

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 14  
CONTINUED**

**A**

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 15**

**Engine dies on pulling away**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

Is the clutch clearance set correctly?

NO →

Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES ↓

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

YES →

Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

NO ↓

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Visually check the condition of the engine wiring harness.

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 16**

**Engine rattling, noisy engine, turbocharger noise**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

If the noise arises from the turbocharger, apply **Technical Note 5164A, Noise fault finding**.

**Note:**

Pay close attention to faulty components that might result in unjustified replacement of the turbocharger. For example, whistling does not necessarily indicate damage to the turbocharger (this could be coming from the exhaust, the timing, the gearbox, etc.).

Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used, use **TEST 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.

Is the compression in order?

NO

Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES

Check the electrical conformity of the **heater plugs** (the **resistance** of the heater plug must be **less than 2 Ω**).

A

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 16  
CONTINUED**

**A**

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Check the high pressure system, use **TEST 6 High pressure system check**.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 17</b>	<b>Blue, white or black smoke</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **TEST 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.

Is the compression in order?

NO →

Carry out the necessary repairs

YES ↓

Check the electrical conformity of the **heater plugs** (the resistance of the heater plug must be **less than 2 Ω**).

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

YES →

Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

NO ↓

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 17 CONTINUED</b>	
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A

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the **injector codes (C2I)** are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command **SC002 Enter injector codes**

Check the low pressure circuit, use **TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check**.

Check the injectors, use **TEST 3 Injector check**.

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 18**

**Smoke (black, white, or blue) when accelerating.**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that the fuel tank is correctly filled and that the appropriate fuel is used.  
Run **TEST 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

Check the levels of engine oil and coolant.

Check that the engine has not sucked up its oil (engine racing).

Is the compression in order?

NO

Carry out the necessary repairs.

YES

Check the electrical conformity of the **heater plugs** (the resistance of the heater plug must be **less than 2 Ω**).

Is the catalytic converter clogged or damaged?

YES

Replace the **catalytic converter** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

NO

Check the inlet air circuit, use **TEST 5 Inlet circuit check**.

**A**

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 18 CONTINUED</b>	
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A

Check that the turbocharger is working correctly. <b>Run TEST 11 Air line at the turbocharger.</b> <b>Run TEST 10 Turbocharger solenoid valve check.</b> <b>Run TEST 12 Turbocharger.</b> Is the turbocharger correct?	NO → Carry out the necessary repairs.
--	---------------------------------------

YES

Visually check the condition of the engine wiring harness.
--

Using the diagnostic tool, check that the <b>injector codes (C2I)</b> are correctly entered on the identification screen. If not, configure the correct injector codes using command <b>SC002 Enter injector codes</b>
--

Check the low pressure circuit, use <b>TEST 1 Low pressure circuit check.</b>
---

Check the injectors, use <b>TEST 3 Injector check.</b>
--

Check the condition of the computer connections (bent pins, traces of oxidation, presence of silicone, etc.) and check that the computer connectors are properly locked.
--

Contact the Techline if the customer complaint is still present.
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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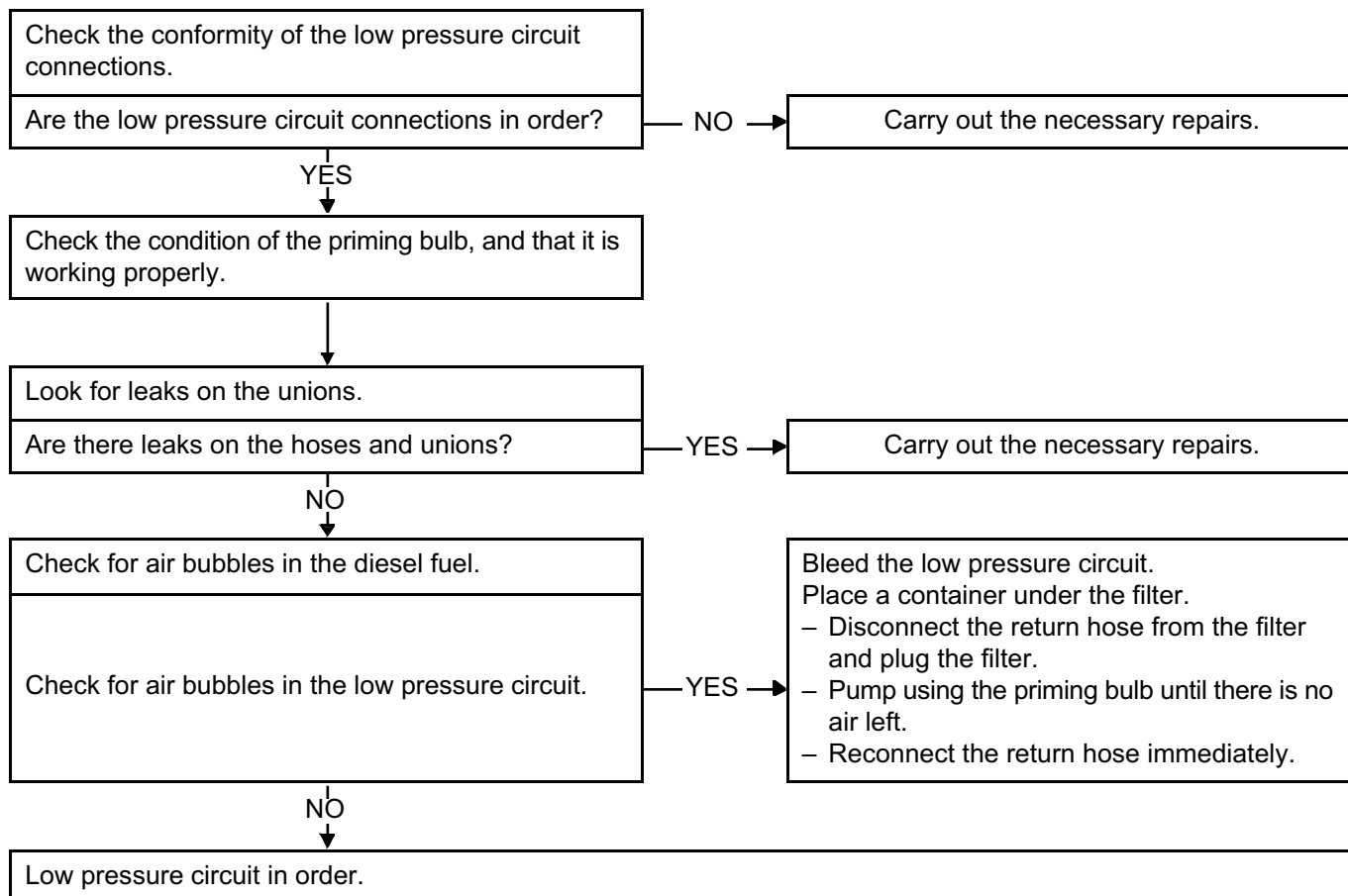
### NOTES

Only consult these tests when applying a fault finding chart (ALP) or Interpretation of faults.

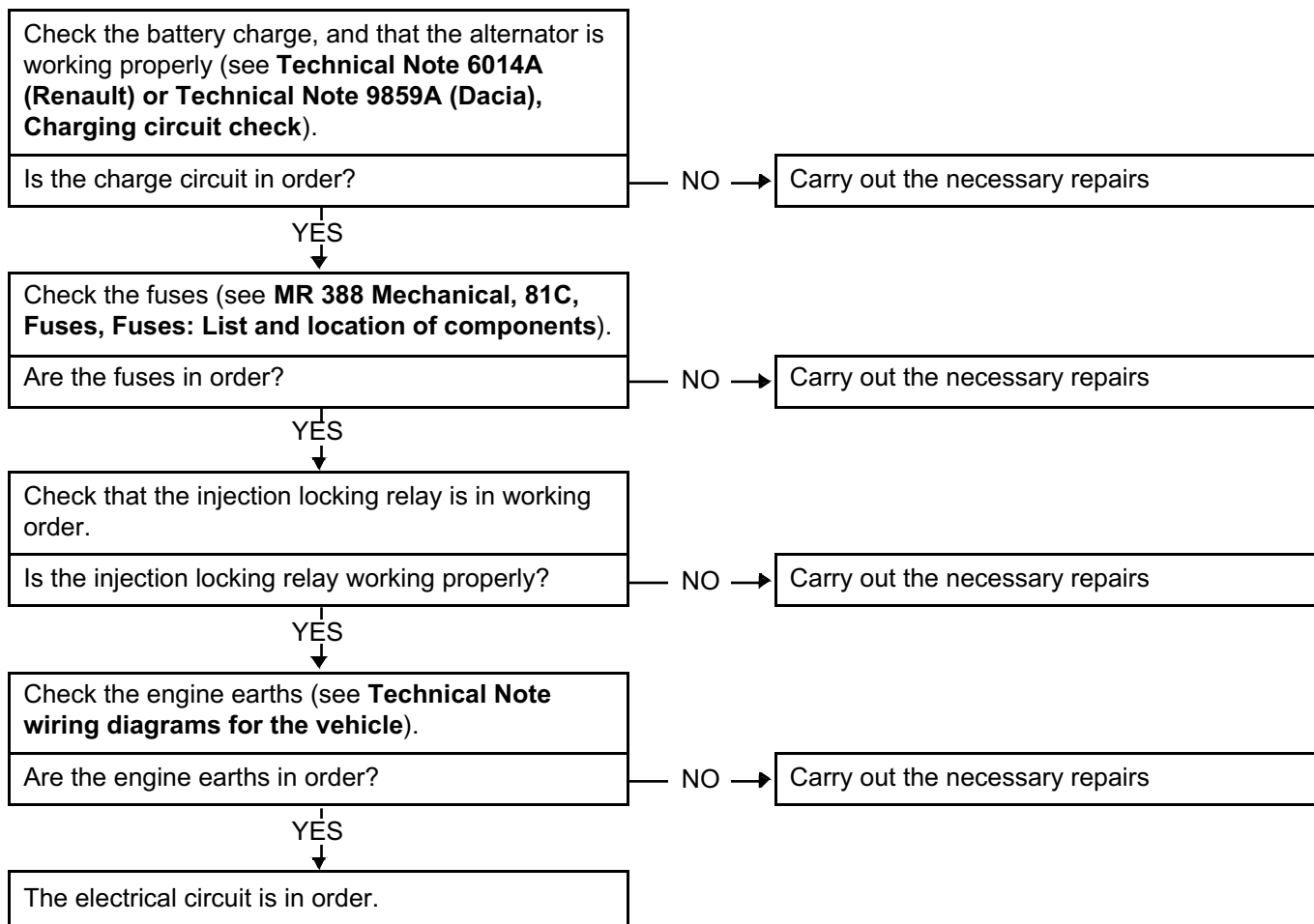
Some specific checks are grouped together into tests and are performed as required in the various fault finding charts or when interpreting faults.

Low pressure circuit check	→	TEST 1
Electrical circuit check	→	TEST 2
Injector check	→	TEST 3
Inlet circuit check	→	TEST 5
High pressure system check	→	TEST 6
High pressure circuit sealing check	→	TEST 7
Injector return flow	→	TEST 8
Diesel filter check	→	TEST 9
Turbocharger solenoid valve check	→	TEST 10
Air line at the turbocharger	→	TEST 11
Turbocharger	→	TEST 12
Check the conformity of the diesel fuel	→	TEST 13

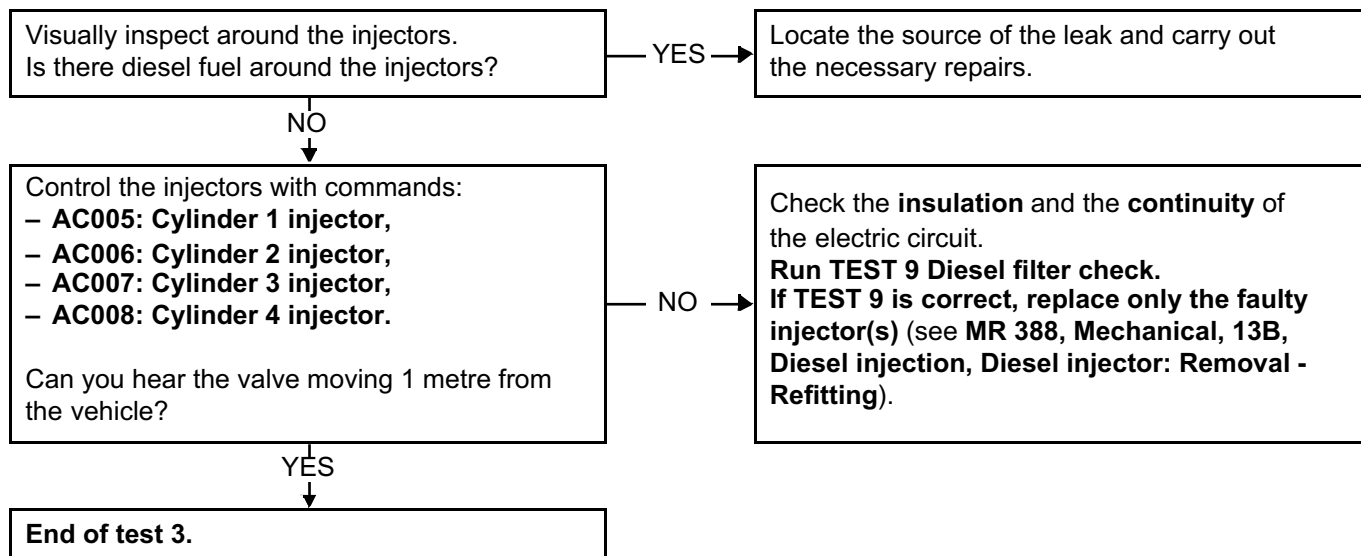
<b>TEST 1</b>	<b>Low pressure circuit check</b>
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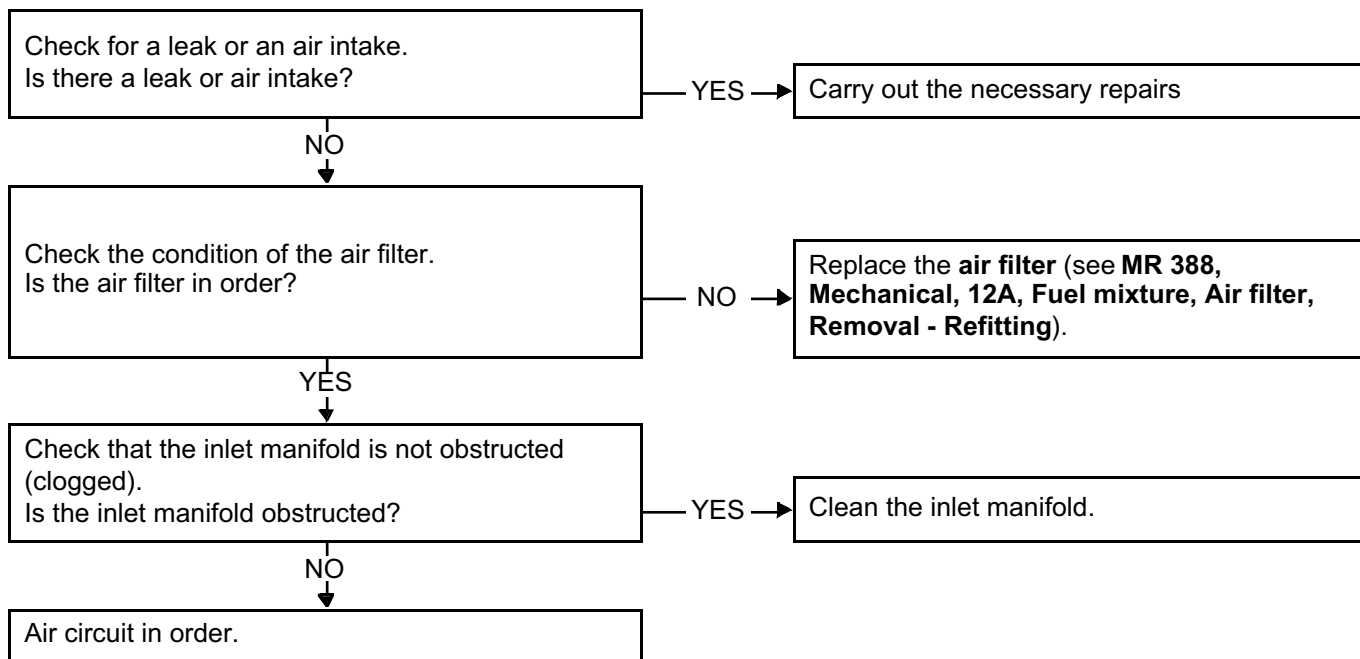
<b>TEST 2</b>	<b>Electrical circuit check</b>
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<b>TEST 3</b>	<b>Injector check</b>
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<b>TEST 5</b>	<b>Inlet circuit check</b>
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### TEST 6

### High pressure system check

#### NOTES

**Special note:**

Certain faults make it impossible to carry out this test - deal with these first.

**IMPORTANT**

Running the starter motor for more than **5 seconds** does not serve any purpose and can be dangerous.

**Preliminary checks:**

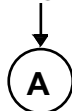
- Check the presence of fuel.
- Check that there is no air in the low pressure circuit. Run **TEST 1: Low pressure circuit check**.
- Ensure that the correct fuel is being used. Run **TEST 13 Diesel fuel conformity check**.

The pump's capacity to produce high pressure can be checked by the following procedure:

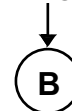
- **With the ignition off, disconnect** the low pressure actuator from the pump (**IMV brown connector**) and connect a **test IMV** or the **MOT adapter. 1711**.
- Electrically disconnect the four injectors.
- Switch on the ignition, connect the diagnostic tool and re-establish dialogue with the injection system.
- Go to the **Main computer statuses and parameters** screen.
- Run the test cold, **PR064 Coolant temperature < 30°C** or equal to the ambient temperature.
- Engage **the starter for 5 seconds**.
- During the test, read the maximum rail pressure value (PR038 Rail pressure) on the **diagnostic tool**.

**PR038 > 1050 bar?**

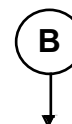
NO



YES



<b>TEST 6 CONTINUED</b>	
-----------------------------	--



– Switch off the ignition, reconnect the electrical connections to the four injectors and the low pressure actuator.

– Switch on the ignition again, and clear the injection faults using the **diagnostic tool**.

– Check for fuel leaks on the high pressure circuit. Run **TEST 7: High pressure circuit sealing check**.

– Check the conformity of the diesel filter. Run **TEST 9 Diesel filter check**.

– Carry out fault finding on the injectors by checking the return flow volume of the four injectors, run **TEST 8 Injector return flow**.

Is **TEST 8** correct?

The pump can supply the operating pressure. Switch off the ignition, reconnect the electrical connections to the four injectors and the low pressure actuator. Switch on the ignition again, and clear the injection faults using the **diagnostic tool**.

– Check for fuel leaks on the high pressure circuit, run **TEST 7 High pressure circuit sealing check**.

– Carry out fault finding on the injectors by checking the return flow volume of the four injectors, run **TEST 8 Injector return flow**. If the **TEST 8** is correct, the high pressure fuel circuit is correct.

NO

↓

YES

↓

Replace the faulty injector(s) (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting**)

Replace the high pressure pump (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, High pressure pump: Removal - Refitting**).

**IMV = fuel flow actuator**

<b>TEST 7</b>	<b>High pressure circuit sealing check</b>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special note:</b> Certain faults make it impossible to carry out this test - deal with these first.
--------------	---

**The command AC029 High pressure circuit sealing test enables a high pressure circuit sealing test to be carried out when the engine is running.**

This command can locate a leak in the high pressure circuit if a union is incorrectly fitted or screwed on. This test does not identify a minor leak due to a union not being tightened to torque.

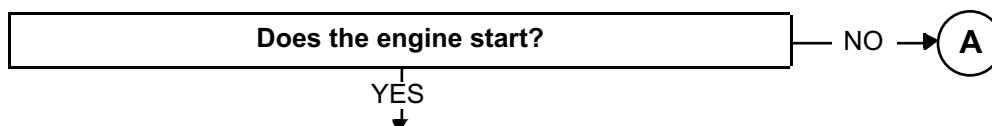
This command can only be used if the engine temperature is **above 60 °C**.

**Watch out for any objects (tool or others) on the sides of the engine housing during the 4 accelerations (possible vibrations).**

Run command **AC029 High pressure circuit sealing test**, the engine will automatically carry out a cycle of four accelerations to increase the rail pressure and check for leaks in the high pressure circuit.

<b>TEST 8</b>	<b>Injector return flow</b>
---------------	-----------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special note:</b> Certain faults make it impossible to carry out this test - deal with these first.
--------------	---



**Command AC029 High pressure circuit sealing also checks the return volume of each injector** to detect any leaks inside the injectors.

**Watch out for any objects (tool or other) on the engine housing during the four cycles of the operation (possible vibrations).**

**Tooling required**

- **Mot. 1711 Injector flow measuring kit.**  
Or: use four tubes of internal diameter **4 mm**, approximately **50 cm** long, and four graduated measuring cylinders.

**Procedure**

- Ensure that the engine coolant temperature is **above 60°C**,
- switch off the ignition,
- disconnect the return pipes from the four injectors,
- cap the pump venturi tube to prevent the low pressure circuit from depriming,
- connect the four transparent tubes in place of the return pipes,
- put the other ends of the four pipes into four graduated measuring cylinders.

**TEST 8  
CONTINUED 1**

When all the preparations are complete, start the engine and leave it running:

For **30 seconds** at idle speed

for **euro 4 K9K 718 - 740 - 792 - 796** engines.

For **2 minutes** at idle speed

for **euro 3 K9K 790 - 794** engines.

**Note:**

**It is essential to comply with these time periods for the correct interpretation of the test results.**

- **Run command AC029 High pressure circuit sealing check.**

The engine will carry out automatically a cycle of four accelerations to increase the rail pressure and measure internal injector leaks under these conditions.

- **When the cycle has finished, run command AC029 High pressure circuit sealing test a second time to obtain the correct return volume reading for each injector.**

**Switch off the engine at the end of the cycle.**

### TEST 8 CONTINUED 2

At the end of the idling phase and the two cycles, the return volume for each injector should be:

**45 ml (maximum)**

for euro 4 K9K 718 - 740 - 792 - 796 engines.

**35 ml (maximum).**

for euro 3 K9K 790 - 794 engines.

If the return volume of one of the injectors is greater than the values above, replace only the faulty injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal – Refitting**).

Disconnect the 4 transparent pipes and reconnect the injector return circuit.

#### Carry out the following test to confirm the repair:

- With the ignition off, disconnect the low pressure actuator from the pump (brown IMV connector) and connect the test adapter (**test IMV, Mot. 1711**),
- electrically disconnect the 4 injectors,
- switch on the ignition, connect the **diagnostic tool** and re-establish dialogue with the injection system,
- go to the **Main computer statuses and parameters** screen,
- engage the starter for **5 seconds**,
- during the test, read the maximum rail pressure value (**PR038 Rail pressure**) on the diagnostic tool.

**If the rail pressure (PR038 Rail pressure) is less than 1050 bar, run test 6 High pressure system check.**

- Switch off the ignition, and reconnect the four injectors electrically,
- disconnect the test filling actuator (test IMV) and reconnect the low-pressure actuator (IMV) connector to the pump,
- switch on the ignition again, and clear the injection faults using the **diagnostic tool**.

**If the rail pressure (PR038) is greater than 1050 bar, the repair is correct.**

End of **TEST 8**.

**TEST 8  
CONTINUED 3**



If the engine does not start, only the static leakage can be measured, i.e. the leakage with the injector closed, not actuated and under high pressure.

Make sure that the ignition circuit is working correctly (minimum engine speed **200 rpm**).

**Tooling required**

- **Mot. 1711 Injector flow measuring kit.**  
Or: Use four tubes with internal diameter **4 mm** and approximately **50 cm** long and a test adapter (**TEST IMV**).

**Procedure**

- **Switch off the ignition,**
- disconnect the return pipes from the four injectors,
- cap the pump venturi tube to prevent the low pressure circuit from depriming,
- connect the four transparent pipes in place of the return pipes (**Mot. 1711**),
- disconnect the low pressure actuator from the pump (**brown IMV connector**) and connect a **test IMV** or the **Mot. 1711** adapter,
- **disconnect the four injectors electrically,**
- switch on the ignition and engage **the starter for 5 seconds**,
- measure the amount of diesel fuel in each pipe.

**If the leakage return is greater than 10 cm, replace the injector(s)** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13B, Diesel injection, Diesel injector: Removal - Refitting**).

**Switch off the ignition, and reconnect the four injectors electrically.**

Disconnect the test low pressure actuator and reconnect the low pressure actuator connector to the pump. Disconnect the four transparent tubes and reconnect the injectors return circuit. Switch on the ignition again, and clear the injection faults using the diagnostic tool.

### TEST 8 CONTINUED 4

**Carry out the following test to confirm the repair:**

- **With the ignition off, disconnect the** low pressure actuator from the pump (**brown IMV connector**) and connect the test adapter (**test IMV, Mot. 1711**),
- disconnect the four injectors electrically,
- switch on the ignition, connect the **diagnostic tool** and re-establish dialogue with the injection system,
- go to the **Main computer statuses and parameters screen**,
- run **the starter for 5 seconds**,
- read the maximum rail pressure value **PR038 Rail pressure** during the test on the **diagnostic tool**.

**If the rail pressure (PR038 Rail pressure) is less than 1050 bar, run TEST 6 High pressure system check.**

- **Switch off the ignition, and reconnect the four injectors electrically**,
- disconnect the test IMV and reconnect the low pressure actuator connector to the pump,
- switch on the ignition again, and clear the injection faults using the **diagnostic tool**.

End of **TEST 8**.



### TEST 9

### Diesel filter check

Check the conformity of the diesel filter.

Is the diesel filter in order?

NO →

Replace the filter with an original part (see MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel filter: Removal - Refitting).

YES  
↓

Switch off the ignition and analyse the diesel fuel in the diesel filter.

- Disconnect the diesel supply and return hoses from the filter.
- Block the filter inlets and outlets straight away with appropriate plugs.
- Remove the filter from its holder and **shake it well**, keeping the plugs in place and empty the contents of the filter into a glass container by lifting up a protective cap and undoing the bleed screw.

Check to see if there is a deposit of black particles at the bottom of the container.

YES  
↓

Pass a magnet beneath the container to collect all the metal particles.  
Take the magnet away from the container.

Do the particles gathered using the magnet cover a surface area greater than 1 cm<sup>2</sup>?

YES  
↓

Replace the entire injection system.

NO  
↓

Diesel filter in order.

NO  
↓

Diesel filter in order.

### TEST 10

### Turbocharger solenoid valve check

#### Check the vacuum at the pressure regulator inlet

Run the engine at idle speed.

Check the engine temperature using the CLIP parameter **PR064 Coolant temperature**.  
Let the engine warm up until the temperature reaches **80 °C**.

Disconnect the vacuum pipe of the end piece of the pressure regulator.  
Connect a vacuum pressure gauge **to the end of the disconnected pipe** and put it in the **vacuum measurement** position.

Perform a quick acceleration by depressing the accelerator pedal completely and then releasing it immediately.  
The total duration of pressing and holding in the full load position must not exceed **1 s**.  
During this acceleration, the engine speed must reach a value between **3000 and 4000 rpm**.

Repeat the operation 3 times.

Read the maximum vacuum posted by the pressure gauge during the increase and decrease in the speed and after the return to idle speed.

Tolerance intervals for the vacuum are:

**-1 bar < CORRECT vacuum value < - 0.6 bar**

**-0.6 bar < INCORRECT vacuum value < 0 bar**

**Is the vacuum at the turbocharging pressure regulator inlet, posted by the pressure gauge within the tolerance interval?**

NO



YES

The solenoid valve is in order.

### TEST 10 CONTINUED 1

A

Reconnect the vacuum pipe on the turbocharging pressure regulator

#### Checking the vacuum at the solenoid valve outlet

Leave the engine running at idle speed.

Disconnect the vacuum pipe from the end piece of the solenoid valve outlet.  
This pipe connects the solenoid valve to the turbocharging pressure regulator.

Connect a vacuum pressure gauge **to the solenoid valve outlet** and put it in the **vacuum measurement** position.

Perform a quick acceleration by depressing the accelerator pedal completely and then releasing it immediately.  
The total duration of pressing and holding in the full load position must not exceed **1 s**.  
During this acceleration, the engine speed must reach a value between **3000 and 4000 rpm**.

Repeat the operation 3 times.

Read the maximum vacuum posted by the pressure gauge during the increase and decrease in the speed and after the return to idle speed.

Tolerance intervals for the vacuum are:

**-1 bar < CORRECT vacuum value < - 0.6 bar**

**-0.6 bar < INCORRECT vacuum value < 0 bar**

Is the vacuum displayed by the pressure gauge at the solenoid valve outlet within the tolerance interval?

NO

Reconnect the vacuum pipe on the turbocharging pressure regulator.

B

YES

Replace the vacuum pipe between the solenoid valve and the turbocharging pressure regulator (see **MR 388, 12B Turbocharging**).

### TEST 10 CONTINUED 2

B

#### Visual inspection of the electrical connector of the solenoid valve

Switch off the engine.

Note:

The requested checks are only visual.

1. Check that the connector is correctly connected and locked.
2. Check the absence of damage to the electric wires where they leave the installation.
3. Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.
4. Check the absence of thermal damage to the unit and mechanical damage to the lock.
5. Check the absence of deformations of the contacts (clips and tabs).
6. Check the sealing of the connector.

Do the visual inspections show any damage?

NO

C

YES

Refer to **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**,  
**Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair.**

A

**TEST 10  
CONTINUED 3**

C

**Checking the vacuum at the solenoid valve inlet**

Run the engine at idle speed.

Disconnect the vacuum pipe from the end piece of the solenoid valve inlet.  
This pipe connects the vacuum pump to the turbocharger solenoid valve.

Connect a vacuum pressure gauge **to the end of the disconnected pipe** and put it in the **vacuum measurement** position.

Read the vacuum posted by the pressure gauge.

Tolerance intervals for the vacuum are:

**-1 bar < CORRECT vacuum value < -0.85 bar**

**-0.85 bar < INCORRECT vacuum value < 0 bar**

**Is the vacuum displayed by the pressure gauge at the solenoid valve inlet within the tolerance interval?**

NO

YES

Carry out the following operations.

- Reconnect the vacuum pipe to the turbocharger solenoid valve.
- Check the conformity of the vacuum pipe connections.
- Visually check the condition of the vacuum pipes leaving the vacuum pump to the different supplied components.

Refer to the repair manual (see **MR 388, 12B Turbocharging**).

Replace the solenoid valve (see **MR 388, 12B turbocharging**).

### TEST 11

### Air line at the turbocharger

Check that the air filter is present.  
Check the replacement interval of the air filter on the maintenance booklet.  
Compare the part nos. of the fitted air filter on the vehicle and of the air filter recommended by the manufacturer.  
Check the direction of fitting of the air filter.

**Is the air filter correctly fitted on the vehicle?**

YES

NO

#### Check the condition of the air filter

Visually inspect the condition of the filtering section of the air filter.

**Is the air filter or its seal damaged?**

**Is the air filter fouled (does it contain a lot of impurities)?**

—YES—>

Replace the air filter  
(see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air filter, Removal - Refitting**).

NO

#### Low pressure circuit check

Note:

Depending on the vehicle type, the best visual access will be either from above or from below.

Visually inspect the condition of the following components:

- fresh air inlet scoop on the front panel of the vehicle,
- air inlet pipe to the air filter,
- air pipe of the filter until the compressor inlet,
- mountings of the air flowmeter.

—YES—>

Replace the defective parts  
(see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12B, Turbocharging**).

**Is one of these components incorrect (pipes dislodged, torn, bent, pierced or kinked)?**

NO



**TEST 11  
CONTINUED**

A

**High pressure circuit check**

Note:

Depending on the vehicle type, the best visual access will be either from above or from below.

Visually inspect the condition of the following components:

- compressor outlet pipe to the turbocharging air cooler (on some engines, there is no turbocharging air cooler),
- outlet pipe of the turbocharging air cooler to the inlet manifold,
- inlet manifold,
- pressure and temperature sensors.

**Is one of these components incorrect (pipes dislodged, torn, bent, pierced or kinked)?**

YES →

Replace the defective parts  
(see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12B, Turbocharging**).

NO

**Exhaust circuit check**

- Visually inspect the condition of the following engine sections:
- from the exhaust manifold circuit to the turbocharger turbine,
- from the turbine outlet pipe to the end of the exhaust pipe,
- from the inlet manifold to the EGR valve,
- pressure and temperature sensors connected.

**Do certain of these components have blackish or whitish traces?**

YES →

NO

Run **TEST 10: Turbocharger solenoid valve check**.

### TEST 12

### Turbocharger

#### IMPORTANT

Perform these checks without removing the turbocharger and with the vehicle ignition switched off.

#### Checking the turbocharger shaft

#### IMPORTANT

Observe the following safety precautions:

- wear high temperature protective gloves when the engine is hot,
- do not wear oversize or baggy clothing or hanging jewellery,
- watch for possible triggering of the motor-driven cooling fan unit and the operation of the accessories belt or belts.

#### Note:

The turbocharger shaft is the shaft that connects the compressor wheel and the turbine wheel. Depending on the vehicle type, the best visual access will be either from above or from below.

Disconnect the air pipe located between the turbocharger and the air filter.

Wearing gloves, check the operation of the turbocharger shaft by turning the vanes manually without forcing.

**Does the shaft have a kickdown point in rotation?**

**Does the compressor wheel touch the casing of the turbocharger?**

If for these 2 **questions**  
the response is **NO**

**A**

If **YES** for **one**  
**of these 2 questions**

Replace the turbocharger (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting and Technical Note 3938A, Broken turbocharger: replacement instructions**).



### TEST 12 CONTINUED 1



**Check the condition of the turbocharger vanes.**

Note:

This check is facilitated by using a mirror and a lamp.

Depending on the vehicle type, the best visual access will be either from above or from below.

Visually check that the compressor vanes are in good condition.

**Are the vanes damaged or twisted?**

YES

Replace the turbocharger (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting** and Technical Note 3938A, Broken turbocharger: replacement instructions).

NO

**Which type of turbocharger is it?**

**Variable geometry  
turbocharger**

**Fixed geometry  
turbocharger**



**TEST 12  
CONTINUED 2**

**B**

**Checking the turbocharging pressure regulator to determine if it is a variable geometry turbocharger**

Note:

The pressure regulator rod of a variable geometry turbocharger is orthogonal to the turbocharger shaft. Variable geometry turbochargers are controlled by a solenoid valve. Depending on the vehicle type, the best visual access will be either from above or from below.

Note:

If necessary, according to the vehicle type and the accessibility of the pressure regulator, connect the vacuum pump to the end of the pressure regulator pipe at the solenoid valve outlet.

Using a **manual vacuum pump**, apply a vacuum on the turbocharging pressure regulator of approximately **650 mbar**.

1. Check that the fitting is completely leaktight.
2. Check that the control rod **is resting against its stop**.
3. Lock the **vacuum device** and check that the pressure variation is not greater than **100 mbar in 10 s**.
4. Release the pressure and check that the control rod comes back to its initial position without jerking.

Repeat the complete sequence 3 times.

**Is the pressure regulator leaktight and is the rod movement correct?**

YES

The turbocharger is correct.  
**End of procedure.**

NO

Replace the turbocharger (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting** and Technical Note 3938A, Broken turbocharger: replacement instructions).

**TEST 12  
CONTINUED 3**



**Checking the turbocharging pressure regulator to determine if it is a fixed geometry turbocharger**

Note:

The pressure regulator rod of a fixed geometry turbocharger is aligned with the turbocharger shaft. Fixed geometry turbochargers are controlled by a solenoid valve. Depending on the vehicle type, the best visual access will be either from above or from below.

Note:

If necessary, according to the vehicle type and the accessibility of the pressure regulator, connect the vacuum pump to the end of the pressure regulator pipe at the solenoid valve outlet.

Using a **manual vacuum pump**, apply a vacuum on the turbocharging pressure regulator of approximately **650 mbar**.

1. Check that the fitting is completely leaktight.
2. Check that the control rod **moved several millimetres**.
3. Lock the **vacuum device** and check that the pressure variation is not greater than **100 mbar in 10 s**.
4. Release the pressure and check that the control rod comes back to its initial position without jerking.

Repeat the complete sequence 3 times.

**Is the pressure regulator leaktight and is the rod movement correct?**

YES  
↓

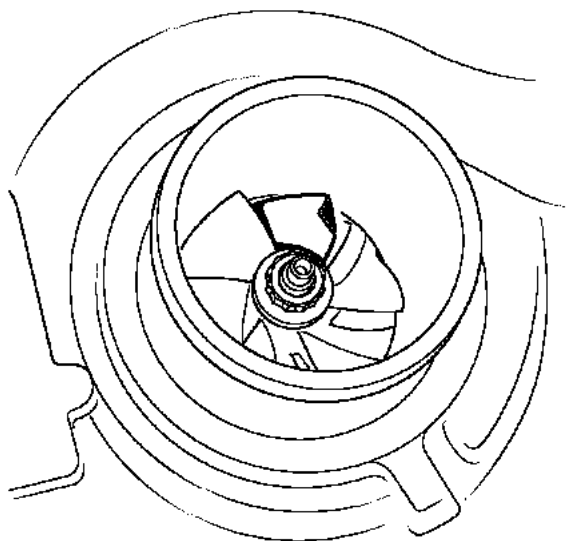
The turbocharger is correct.  
End of procedure.

NO  
↓

Replace the turbocharger (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 12B, Turbocharging, Turbocharger: Removal - Refitting** and Technical Note 3938A, Broken turbocharger: replacement instructions).

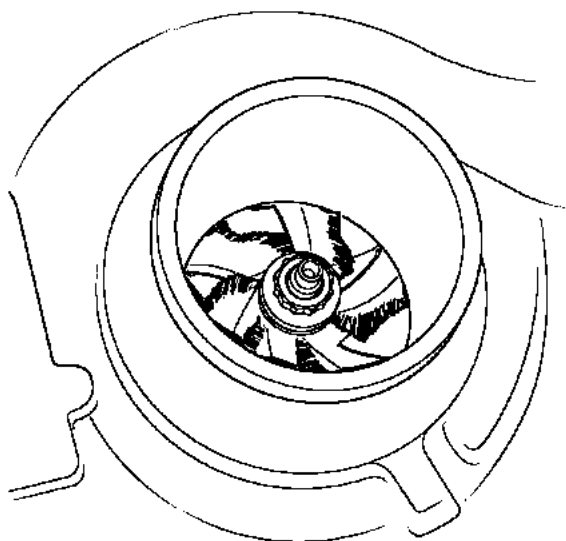
<p><b>TEST 12 CONTINUED 4</b></p>	
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**Deformed, twisted blade ("soft" foreign body)**



110737

**Broken blades ("hard" foreign body)**



110738

**End of TEST 12**

### TEST 13

### Check the conformity of the diesel fuel

#### IMPORTANT

During this operation, it is essential to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing incandescent objects close to the work area,
- protect yourself against fuel splashes due to residual pressure in the pipes,
- wear glasses with side covers,
- wear waterproof gloves (Nitrile type).

#### IMPORTANT

- To prevent corrosion and damage, protect any sensitive areas from fuel spills.
- To prevent pollution from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components that are in contact with the open air.

#### Preparations:

Weigh a **1300 ml empty plastic pot (part number 77 11 171 413)** with its cover (**part number 77 11 171 416**) using an electronic scale similar to those used in body paint workshops (for example: **PANDA part no. 77 11 224 995**). Make a note of the weight of the empty plastic pot.

The plastic pot is in material used for paintwork preparation.

Take a **1 l** fuel sample from the **diesel fuel filter outlet** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Draining the fuel tank**), using a pneumatic transfer pump (**part no. 634-200**) and place it in the **1300 ml** plastic pot. Close the plastic pot with its cover and leave the fuel to rest for approx. **2 min**.

Is the fuel cloudy or does it separate into 2 parts?

— YES —>

Presence of water in the diesel fuel, the fuel is not in conformity. Drain the fuel circuit, including the tank (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Draining the fuel tank**).

NO

A

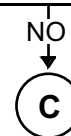
<b>TEST 13 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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Weigh the diesel fuel and note the value while subtracting the empty weight of the plastic pot with its cover. Is the fuel weight within the min. and max. value of the table below?

Calculated weight (g.)		Fuel temperature (°C)
Min. weight:	Max. weight:	
821	846	13
821	846	14
820	845	15
819	844	16
819	844	17
818	843	18
817	842	19
816	841	20
816	841	21
815	840	22
814	839	23
814	839	24
813	838	25

Check the fuel temperature by plunging a thermometer in the plastic pot.



### TEST 13 CONTINUED 2

**B**  
↓  
YES  
↓

End of **TEST 13**

**C**  
↓  
NO  
↓

The fuel is not compliant.  
If the fuel weight is less than the min. terminals, it means there is petrol in the diesel fuel.  
If the fuel weight is greater than the max terminals, it means there is oil in the diesel fuel.  
Drain the fuel circuit, including the tank (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Draining the fuel tank**).

Note:

If the measured weight reaches limit values, the measurement may be carried out with a **2230 ml plastic pot (part no. 77 11 171 414)** and its cover (**part no. 77 11 171 417**):

- Carry out a fast driving test so as to mix the fuel and then take a **2l** fuel sample.
- Redo the operations and check the result by multiplying the threshold values by 2.

**If the customer has any doubts or there is any dispute, contact the Techline.**

# DUSTER

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## 1 Engine and peripherals

### 17B PETROL INJECTION

EMS 3130 injection

Program No.: EB

Vdiag No.: 04

Fault finding – Introduction	17B - 2
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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding procedure applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle: **H79**

Function concerned: **Petrol injection**

Engine: **K4M 690**

Computer name: **EMS 3130**

Program No.: **EB**

Vdiag No.: **04**

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document and the Technical Notes on injection installed in the vehicle):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the diagnostic tool), Dialogys.

#### Wiring Diagrams:

- Visu-Schéma (CD-ROM).

#### Type of diagnostic tools

- **CLIP + multiplex line sensor**

#### Special tooling required

Special tooling required	
	Multimeter
<b>Elé. 1497</b>	Bornier
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier

If the information obtained by the fault-finding tool requires checking electrical continuity, connect bornier **Elé. 1497** or universal bornier **Elé. 1681**.

#### WARNING

- All tests with bornier **Elé. 1497** or **Elé. 1681** must be conducted with the battery disconnected.
- The bornier is only designed to be used with a multimeter. Never power the test points with **12 V**.

### 3. REMINDERS

#### Procedure

To run fault finding on the vehicle computers, switch on the ignition. Connect the diagnostic tool and perform the required operations.

#### Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context).

The **present** or **stored** status of faults must be considered when the diagnostic tool is used after the + after ignition feed is switched on (without operating the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the **Interpretation of faults** section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the **Notes** section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions in the Notes section are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical lines which correspond to the fault,
- the connectors for these lines (for oxidation, bent pins, etc.),
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires (melted or split insulation, wear).

#### Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data that does not produce a fault on the diagnostic tool when the data is inconsistent.

Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repairs.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them.

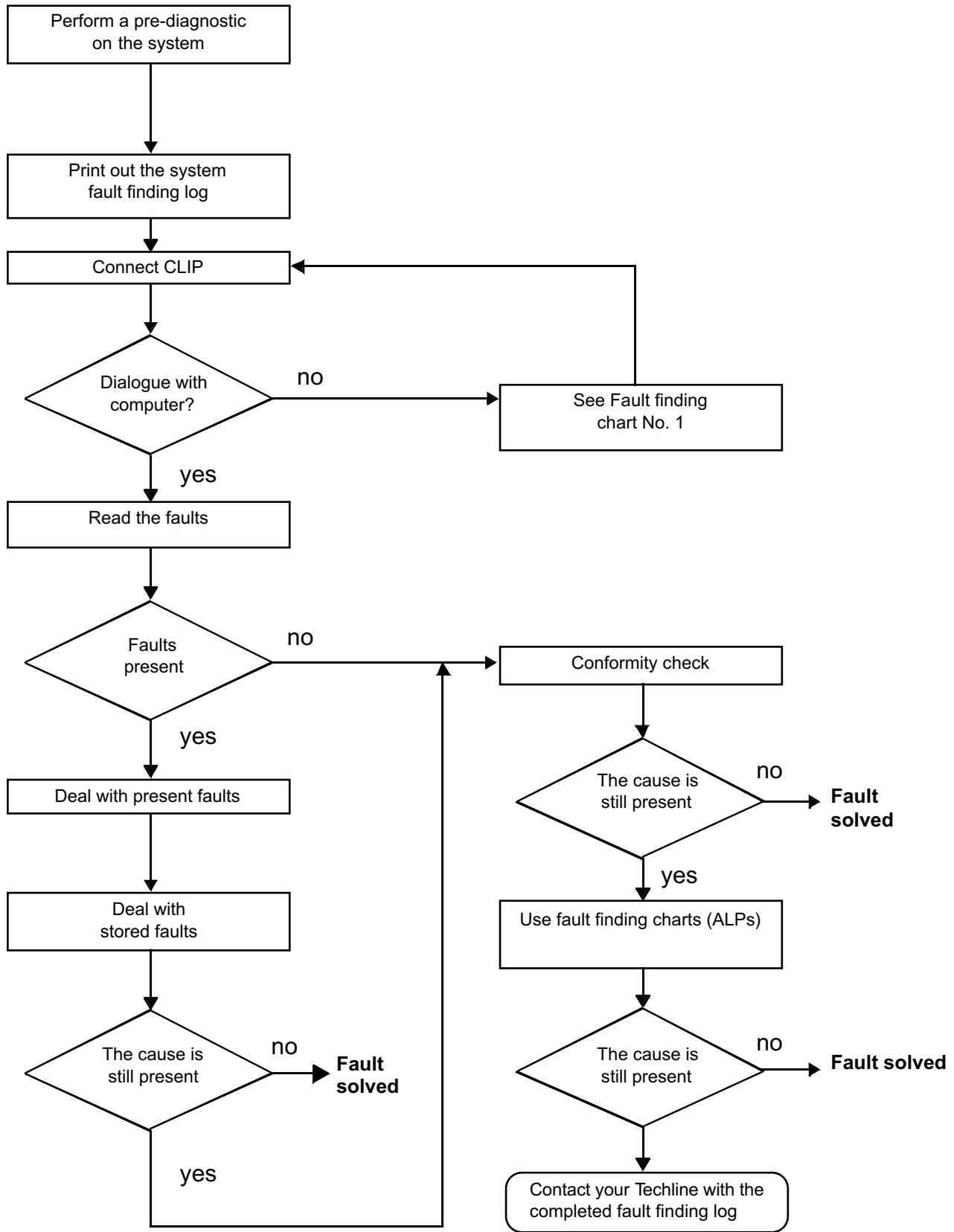
If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside the permitted tolerance values, consult the corresponding fault finding page.

#### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the diagnostic tool is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be processed by **Customer complaints**.

**A synopsis of the general procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**

### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE



#### **4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (continued)**

##### **Wiring check**

##### **Fault finding problems**

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily remove the cause of a fault. Electrical measurements of voltage, resistance and insulation are generally correct, especially if the fault is not present when the analysis is made (stored fault).

##### **Visual inspection**

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment. Carefully check the fuses, insulators and wiring harness routing. Look for signs of oxidation.

##### **Physical inspection**

While manipulating the wiring, use the diagnostic tool to note any change in fault status from stored to present. Make sure that the connectors are properly locked. Apply light pressure to the connectors. Twist the wiring harness. If there is a change in status, try to locate the source of the fault.

##### **Inspection of each component**

Disconnect the connectors and check the appearance of the clips and tabs, as well as the crimping (no crimping on the insulating section). Make sure that the clips and tabs are properly locked in the sockets. Check that no clips or tabs have been dislodged during connection. Check the clip contact pressure using an appropriate model of tab.

##### **Resistance check**

Check the continuity of entire lines, then section by section. Look for a short circuit to earth, to + 12 V or with another wire.

If a fault is detected, repair or replace the wiring harness.

## 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



**IMPORTANT!**

**IMPORTANT**

Any fault on a complex system requires thorough fault finding with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE MANDATORY TO FILL OUT A FAULT FINDING LOG WHENEVER THE TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT REQUESTS IT.**

You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from Techline,
- for approval requests when replacing parts for which approval is mandatory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

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**6. INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED FOR ANY WORK CARRIED OUT ON THE INJECTION SYSTEM**

**Instructions to be followed before opening of the fuel circuit**

Use fresh cleaning agent for each operation (used cleaning agent is contaminated). Pour it into an uncontaminated container.

For each operation, use a clean brush in good condition (the brush must not shed its bristles).

Use a brush and cleaning agent to clean the unions to be opened.

Blast compressed air over the cleaned parts (tools, workbench, and the parts, unions and injection system area).

Check that no bristles remain.

Wash your hands before and during the operation if necessary.

When wearing leather protective gloves cover them with latex gloves to prevent contamination.

**Instructions to be followed during the operation**

As soon as the circuit is open, all openings must be plugged to prevent impurities from entering the system. The plugs to be used are available from the Parts Department. The plugs must not be reused under any circumstances. Seal the pouch shut, even if it has to be opened shortly afterwards. Ambient air carries impurities.

All components removed from the injection system must be stored in a hermetically sealed plastic bag once they have been plugged.

The use of a brush, cleaning agent, bellows, sponge or normal cloth is strictly forbidden once the circuit has been opened. These items could allow contamination to enter the system.

A new component replacing an old one must not be removed from its packaging until it is to be fitted to the vehicle.

### Special notes for multipoint injection

- "ESM3130" 96-track computer controlling the injection and the ignition.
- Multipoint injection operating in sequential mode without a cylinder marking sensor or camshaft position sensor. This means that phasing is carried out by software using the TDC sensor.
- Idling speed corrected according to:
  - air conditioning,
  - electrical consumers in operation.
- Fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve controlled by the **opening cycle ratio (OCR)** according to the engine speed and operating conditions.
- Use of two oxygen sensors located upstream and downstream of the catalytic converter.
- Automatic configuration for the operation of the **air conditioning** by exchanging signals between the computers. It is not possible to deconfigure it (even using the diagnostic tool).

### Immobiliser function

The vehicle is fitted with a **type 2** engine immobiliser system. The injection computer **MUST** have been programmed with the immobiliser code to operate.

## REPLACING THE INJECTION COMPUTER

The computer is supplied uncoded. When a computer is replaced it must be programmed with the vehicle code, then checked to ensure that the immobiliser function is working properly.

To do this, switch on the ignition for a few seconds and then switch it off.

### IMPORTANT

- The injection computer retains the immobiliser code for life.
- The system has no security code.
- It is forbidden to perform tests with computers borrowed from the Parts Department or from another vehicle which must then be returned. These computers are hard-coded.

## CHECKING THE STATUS OF THE COMPUTER (code programmed or code not programmed)

Check the injection computer status using the diagnostic tool:

- switch on the ignition,
  - Connect the diagnostic tool to the diagnostic socket,
  - Select and confirm the vehicle model,
  - Select and confirm the Petrol Injection option,
  - select and confirm Status.
- if status **ET341: Immobiliser code programmed** is **NO**, the injection computer is not programmed with the code,  
– if status **ET003: Immobiliser** is **ACTIVE**, starting will be impossible.



### Cold loop air conditioning management

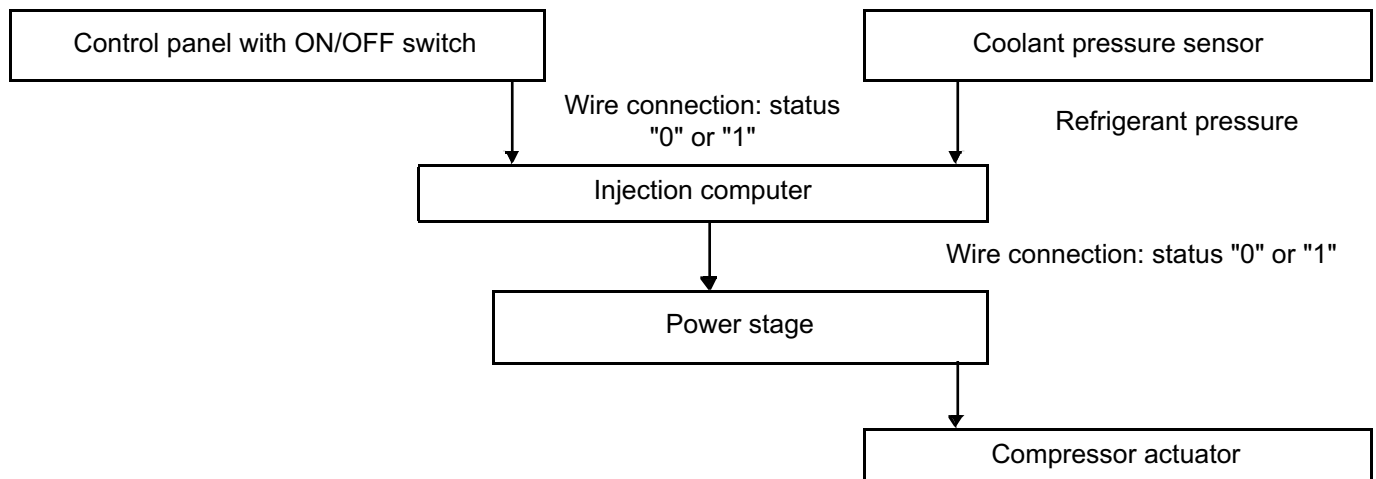
The manual air conditioning is a cold loop that consists of the following components:

- a control panel,
- an injection computer,
- a compressor.

It operates unregulated, that is, the amount of cold air is constant as soon as the compressor begins operating.

The operating principle is as follows:

- Pressing the **AC** button on the control panel in the passenger compartment produces a status of "0" (equivalent to "OFF" or "stop") (cold air request deactivated) or "1" (equivalent to "ON" or "operating") (cold air request activated).
- This status is transmitted by wire connection to the injection computer, which will authorise or not authorise the request for cold air.
- The injection computer activates its authorisation programs:
  - Engine speed: if it is too low, the computer does not authorise the compressor to start.
  - Engine load: if it is too high (such as sudden acceleration, driving up a very steep slope, or heavily loaded vehicle), the computer does not authorise the compressor to start.
  - Refrigerant pressure in the compressor: if there is already refrigerant pressure in the compressor, the computer goes into inhibition safety mode and does not authorise the compressor to start.
- If the injection computer authorises the compressor to start, it transmits a status "1" to the power stage that will supply the compressor actuator.



## Idle speed correction

### **POWER ASSISTED STEERING PRESSURE SWITCH / INJECTION COMPUTER LINK**

(If the vehicle is equipped with power-assisted steering)

The injection computer receives a signal from the power steering pressure switch (which can be displayed on the diagnostic tool). This depends on the pressure in the hydraulic circuit and on the fluidity of the power steering fluid. The higher the pressure, the more energy is absorbed by the power steering pump.

The idling speed can be about **100 rpm** faster on some versions.

### **ELECTRICAL CORRECTION ACCORDING TO BATTERY VOLTAGE AND ELECTRIC POWER BALANCE**

The aim of this correction is to compensate for the drop in voltage due to operation of an electrical consumer when the battery charge is low. To achieve this, the idle speed is increased, which increases the speed of rotation of the alternator, and this increases the battery voltage.

The lower the voltage, the more significant the correction. The engine speed correction is variable. It begins when the voltage drops below **12.8 V**. The correction may increase the nominal engine idling speed by a maximum of **150 rpm**.

## Adaptive idle speed correction

### **PRINCIPLE**

Under normal warm engine operating conditions, the value of the idling **Opening Cycle Ratio** signal varies between a high value and a low value, so that the nominal idle speed can be obtained.

Following variations in the operation of the vehicle (running in, engine clogging, etc.), the idling **Opening Cycle Ratio** may be close to the highest or lowest value.

The adaptive correction to the idling **Opening Cycle Ratio** can compensate for slow variations in the engine's air requirement so that the **Opening Cycle Ratio** returns to an average nominal value.

This correction only takes effect if the coolant temperature is greater than **80°C**, **20 seconds** after the engine is started and if the nominal idle speed regulation phase is active.

**VALUES OF THE IDLING OPENING CYCLIC RATIO AND ITS ADAPTIVE CORRECTION**

Parameter	K4M engine
PR145: Engine speed	752 rpm
PR432: Idling OCR signal	$8\% < X < 20\%$
PR140: Idling richness adaptive	$64 < X < 192$

Every time the engine is switched off the computer resets the stepper motor to its lower limit. This resetting function lasts for **8 seconds**.

## INTERPRETATION OF THESE PARAMETERS

If there is an excess of air (air intake or throttle stop incorrectly adjusted, etc.), the engine idling speed increases and the value of the idling **Opening Cycle Ratio** signal decreases in order to return to nominal idle speed; the adaptive adjustment value of the idling **Opening Cycle Ratio** decreases in order to reset the idle speed regulation.

In the case of insufficient air (clogging, etc.), the process is inverted, the idling **Opening Cycle Ratio** increases and the adaptive correction likewise increases, to realign the idle speed operation to an average nominal value.

### WARNING

After the computer memory has been cleared, the engine must be started and then switched off to allow the stepper motor to be readjusted. Start the engine again and leave it running at idle speed until it reaches nominal idle speed, so that the adaptive correction can reset.

## Richness regulation

**K4M690** engines operating with the **EMS 3130** computer are equipped with two oxygen sensors - an upstream sensor and a downstream sensor.

## SENSOR HEATING

The sensor heating system is controlled by the computer:

- when the engine is started for the upstream sensor,
- after the engine has been running for a certain length of time, mapped according to the top dead centre and the coolant temperature in the absence of no load conditions for the downstream sensor.

The oxygen sensors are heated constantly until the engine is switched off.

## UPSTREAM SENSOR VOLTAGE

The reading on the diagnostic tool: parameter **PR098 Upstream oxygen sensor voltage** indicates the computer reading of the voltage across the terminals of the oxygen sensor upstream of the catalytic converter. It is expressed in millivolts.

When the injection system is operating in a closed loop, the voltage should vary quickly between two values:

- **-30 mV < X < 70 mV** for a lean mixture,
- **770 mV < X < 910 mV** for a rich mixture.

The smaller the gap between the upper and lower values, the poorer the signal from the sensor (the gap is usually at least **500 mV**).

## **DOWNSTREAM SENSOR VOLTAGE**

The reading on the diagnostic tool: parameter **PR099 Downstream oxygen sensor voltage** indicates the computer reading of the voltage across the terminals of the oxygen sensor downstream of the catalytic converter. It is expressed in millivolts.

The function of this sensor is to locate faults on the catalytic converter and to perform a second more precise check on the richness (slow regulation loop). This function only starts operating after the engine has been running at normal operating temperature for a while and is not operating at idle speed.

When the engine is operating in a closed loop and at stabilised speed, the voltage should vary within the range **500 mV < X < 700 mV**.

When the engine is decelerating, the voltage should be less than **200 mV**.

Do not use the voltage reading on the diagnostic tool when the engine is idling.

## **MIXTURE CORRECTION**

The value displayed on the diagnostic tool for parameter **PR438: Richness correction** represents the average value of richness corrections made by the computer according to the richness of the burnt mixture as detected by the oxygen sensor upstream of the catalytic converter (the oxygen sensor analyses the oxygen content of the exhaust gases).

The correction value has a nominal value of **128** and limits of **0** and **255**:

- value less than **128**: request for leaner mixture,
- value greater than **128**: request for richer mixture.

## **ENTRY INTO RICHNESS REGULATION MODE**

The richness regulation mode begins following a starting delay if the coolant temperature is greater than **22°C** and following a delay of **28 seconds** after the engine was started.

If richness regulation has not started, the reading value is **128**.

## **Unlooping phase**

When richness regulation is on, the operating phases during which the computer ignores the voltage signal from the sensor are:

- at full load: variable and greater than **128**,
- during sharp acceleration: variable and greater than **128**,
- when decelerating with no-load signal (injection cut off): **128**,
- in the event of an oxygen sensor fault: **128**.

## DEFECT MODE WHEN THE OXYGEN SENSOR IS FAULTY

If the voltage sent by the oxygen sensor is incorrect (varying very slightly or not at all) during richness regulation, the computer will only enter defect mode (value = **128**) if the fault has been detected for **10 seconds**. Only in that case will the fault be memorised.

If an oxygen sensor fault is present and recognised and if the fault has already been stored, the system enters open loop mode directly. In this case, parameter **PR438 Richness correction value** takes the value **128**.

## Adaptive richness adjustment

### PRINCIPLE

In the loop mode (see **Richness regulation**), richness regulation corrects the injection timing to give fuel metering which is as close as possible to richness **1**. The correction value is close to **128**, with limits of **0** and **255**.

Variations can affect the components of the injection system, and cause the correction to reset to **0** or **255**, to obtain richness **1**.

Adaptive correction allows the injection mapping to be adjusted to recentre the richness regulation to **128** and to ensure a constant authority of correction to make the mixture richer or leaner.

Adaptive correction of richness regulation can be broken down into two parts:

- adaptive correction preponderant on average and heavy engine loads, **operation richness adaptive**,
- adaptive correction preponderant on idle speed and low engine loads, **idle speed richness adaptive**.

Adaptive corrections take **128** as the average value after initialisation (erasing the memory) and have the following threshold values:

Parameter	K4M engine
<b>PR139: Operating richness adaptive</b>	<b>64 &lt; X &lt; 192</b>
<b>PR140: Idling richness adaptive</b>	<b>64 &lt; X &lt; 192</b>

Adaptive correction only takes place when the engine is warm in closed loop mode and in a given manifold pressure range.

The engine must have operated in loop mode and in a given manifold pressure range.

The engine must have operated in the loop mode over several pressure ranges for adaptive correction to begin to change to compensate for the variations in engine operating richness.

A specific road test must therefore be carried out after the computer has been reinitialised (adaptives return to **128**).

**ROAD TEST**

Conditions:

- engine warm (coolant temperature > 80°C),
- do not exceed an engine speed of 4000 rpm.

For this test, start from a fairly low engine speed, in 3rd or 4th gear and accelerate gradually **to stabilise the desired pressure for 10 seconds in each range** (see table below).

Pressure zones which must be passed through during the test.

Using the diagnostic tool, read the values of parameter PR421 Manifold pressure.

Range no. 1 (mbar)	Range no. 2 (mbar)	Range no. 3 (mbar)	Range no. 4 (mbar)	Range no. 5 (mbar)
258	410	528	646	764
Average 334	Average 469	Average 587	Average 705	Average 818

Following this test the adjustments will be operational.

The idle speed richness adaptive varies more noticeably on the idle speed and low loads, and the operating richness adaptive on the average and high loads, but both across all the manifold pressure ranges.

The test should be carried out during normal, smooth and varied driving over **3 to 6 miles (5 to 10 kilometres)**.

After the test, read the operation adaptive values. Initially **128**, they may have changed. If not, repeat the test ensuring that the test conditions are observed.

### Special features of the OBD system

This vehicle is fitted with an OBD (On-Board Diagnostic) fault finding system characterised by a warning light on the instrument panel (OBD warning light) which illuminates when a fault causing excessive pollution is detected. This warning light indicates to the driver that the vehicle must be repaired.

The fault finding strategies dealt with by the On Board Diagnostic system are:

- electrical fault finding,
- misfire fault finding,
- upstream oxygen sensor operational fault finding,
- catalytic converter fault finding.

Electrical fault finding and misfire fault finding are carried out continuously.

Upstream oxygen sensor operational fault finding and catalytic converter fault finding are carried out only once while the vehicle is being driven, provided that the necessary fault finding conditions are met:

- air and water temperature conditions,
- speed condition (range of values),
- engine conditions (manifold pressure, speed, range of values and stability),
- delay since start.

The OBD management program supplements the management of conventional electrical failures. To meet this standard the requirements are:

- the OBD light coming on (or flashing for some faults),
- storing OBD faults.

### CONSEQUENCES FOR FAULT FINDING AND REPAIRS

Special care is required when working on the car to prevent the OBD warning light from illuminating after the vehicle has been returned to the customer.

Some faults only appear when the car is being driven, when the adaptives are programmed: **it is essential to validate the repair.**

#### IMPORTANT

At the end of each test, do not switch off the ignition before reading the result on the diagnostic tool. Switching off the ignition will lead to the results being misinterpreted.

#### Note:

All electrical faults which result in exceeding the pollution limit cause the OBD warning light to come on.



### CONDITIONS FOR THE OBD WARNING LIGHT TO ILLUMINATE

Under particular driving conditions (for example, in a traffic jam), fault finding cannot be performed on certain functions.

**OBD warning light illuminated:** If the same OBD fault is detected during three consecutive driving periods or there is an electrical fault.

**OBD warning light flashing:** If misfires that could damage the catalytic converter are detected.

**OBD warning light goes out:** If the OBD fault does not reappear during three consecutive driving periods, the warning light goes out (but the fault is still stored in the injection computer).

The fault must not be detected by the computer during 40 consecutive tests for it to be cleared from the computer memory (or the fault may be cleared with the diagnostic tool).

### OBD fault finding conditions

#### DIAGNOSTIC CONDITIONS

With the ignition switched on and the engine stopped, if the air temperature measured by the temperature sensor is not between  $-6^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 119^{\circ}\text{C}$  or if the coolant temperature measured by the sensor is not between  $-6^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 119^{\circ}\text{C}$  or if the atmospheric pressure is less than **775 mbar** (altitude of approximately **2500 m**), then the OBD fault finding procedures are not authorised until the next time the ignition is switched on.

In order for the OBD system to function correctly, there must be no electrical faults in the injection system, even if the OBD warning light is not illuminated.

Catalytic converter and oxygen sensor fault finding can only be carried out consecutively.

When the catalytic converter or oxygen sensor fault finding procedures are in progress, the fuel vapour absorber bleed is closed and the richness adaptives are locked at their last value.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

- Rectify the electrical faults.
- Erase all faults.
- Carry out all injection programming (if necessary).

**COMPLETE INITIALISATION OF THE OBD USING COMMAND MODES**

- Clear the stored faults.
- Erase the programming (in the event that work on a component may have altered the programming: idle speed regulation valve, flywheel target or sensor, etc.).

**PROGRAMMING REQUIRED FOR OBD FAULT FINDING**

**Torque - gas programming (Status: ET061 Cylinder 1 recognition = PERFORMED, engine running)**

Carry out this programming by:

- decelerating a first time with injection cut-off in 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th gear between **3500** and **3000 rpm** for at least **2 seconds**,
- decelerating a second time with injection cut-off in 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th gear between **2400** and **2000 rpm** for at least **3 seconds**.

**Richness adjustment programming**

To carry out this programming, drive the vehicle while complying with the requested pressure ranges (see, **Adaptive richness adjustment**).

**Status ET422 Combustion misfire fault finding included, must be YES.**

\*Diag: fault finding

**Combustion misfire fault finding**

The diagnostic can detect, for example:

- clogging or flooding of a spark plug,
- clogging of the injectors or an injector flow fault,
- a fault in the supply system (pressure regulator, fuel pump, etc),
- a bad connection in the petrol or injection circuits (coil secondary, etc.).

Fault finding is performed by measuring the instantaneous variations in engine rotation speed. Observation of a drop in torque detects combustion misfires.

This fault finding is performed practically continuously while the car is being driven. If it is not carried out, or if a fault is detected, all other OBD fault finding will be inhibited.

This diagnostic strategy makes it possible to diagnose two types of fault:

- destructive misfires that damage the catalytic converter, and cause the OBD warning light to begin flashing immediately,
- polluting misfires that result in the OBD pollution limit being exceeded, and cause the OBD warning light to illuminate if they are detected during three consecutive journeys.

### DETECTION CONDITIONS

Check that programming has been correctly carried out. The conditions prior to switching on the ignition and the current conditions must also be satisfied.

Make sure statuses:

- **ET061 Cylinder 1 recognition is PERFORMED** and
- **ET422 Combustion misfire diag\* included, is YES.**

Detection is carried out as soon as the coolant temperature is above **75°C**, and over three different engine working speeds between **idle speed** and **4500 rpm**.

The test can also be performed by keeping the engine at idle speed **for 11 minutes**.

### IMPORTANT

**Do not switch off the ignition before the result is read on the diagnostic tool at the end of each test. Switching off the ignition will lead to the results being misinterpreted.**

If after the test, the diagnostic tool has recorded misfires, see the procedures for dealing with faults **DF123 Polluting misfire** and **DF124 Destructive misfire**.

### CONFIRMATION OF THE REPAIR

- **ET061 Cylinder 1 recognition is PERFORMED**
- **ET422 Combustion misfire diag\* included is YES.**
- No fault detected and **OBD warning light off.**

\*Diag: fault finding

### Catalytic converter fault finding

The aim of catalytic converter fault finding is to detect a malfunction that causes hydrocarbon pollutant emissions to exceed the OBD limit.

The ability of the catalytic converter to store oxygen indicates its condition. As the catalytic converter ages, its ability to store oxygen reduces along with its ability to treat pollutant gases.

### CONDITIONS FOR STARTING FAULT FINDING

Fault finding of the catalytic converter can only take place after the engine has been running for the time detailed in the following table, if all the conditions prior to switching on the ignition are satisfied and maintained:

- no electrical faults,
- cylinder 1 position recognition performed,
- no combustion misfires detected,
- no catalytic converter fault finding performed since the ignition was switched on,
- programming done,
- main loop and double loop active,
- coolant temperature greater than **75°C**.

Engine	Speed, mph (kph)	Engine speed (rpm)	Manifold pressure (mbar)	Stabilisation time (s)	Time before enabling (min)
K4M	63/130	1856/3808	400/750	11	17

### FAULT DETECTION

Fault finding is performed over a stabilised range in **5<sup>th</sup> gear at 43 mph (70 km/h)**. When the conditions for starting fault finding are satisfied, richness excitation peaks are applied, having the effect of sending bursts of oxygen into the catalytic converter. If the catalytic converter is in good condition it absorbs the oxygen and the downstream oxygen sensor value will remain at its average value. If it is worn, it rejects the oxygen and the oxygen sensor will start to vibrate. The voltage of the oxygen sensor fluctuates. If the fault is confirmed three consecutive times, the OBD warning light illuminates.

The test cannot last longer than **52 seconds**.

### IMPORTANT

**Do not switch off the ignition before the result is read on the diagnostic tool at the end of each test. Switching off the ignition will lead to the results being misinterpreted.**

If after the test, the diagnostic tool recorded an operating fault of the catalytic converter, see the procedure for dealing with fault DF394 Catalytic converter operating fault.

### CONFIRMATION OF THE REPAIR

- **ET345 Catalytic converter fault finding included is ACTIVE**
- **ET349 Catalytic converter fault finding performed is YES**
- No catalytic converter operating fault detected.

### Oxygen sensor fault finding

The purpose of oxygen sensor fault finding is to detect a fault which causes the hydrocarbon pollutant emissions to exceed the OBD limit. It is performed by measuring and comparing oxygen sensor vibration periods.

There are two types of possible faults on the oxygen sensors:

- mechanical damage to an electrical component (breakage, cut in wire) which leads to an electrical fault,
- chemical damage to the component which causes the response time of the sensor to slow down, thus increasing its switching period.

When the required test conditions are met, the average of the sensor periods read is taken, subtracting the effects of interference, then compared with an average period of the OBD limit.

### TEST CONDITIONS

Fault finding of the oxygen sensor can only take place after the engine has been running for a while and under specific operating conditions, detailed in the table below, and if all the conditions prior to the ignition being switched on are met and maintained:

- no electrical faults detected,
- programming and cylinder recognition done,
- no oxygen sensor fault finding performed since the ignition was switched on,
- no combustion misfires detected,
- coolant temperature greater than **75°C**.

Engine	Speed, mph (kph)	Engine speed (rpm)	Manifold pressure (mbar)	Stabilisation time (s)	Time before enabling (min)
K4M	63/130	1856/3808	380/850	8	14

**FAULT DETECTION**

Fault finding is performed while the vehicle is being driven in one gear, travelling at a steady speed and for the minimum period of time specified in the following table:

Engine	Gear	Speed, mph (kph)	Maximum period (s)
K4M	5	70	40

For this test, the computer inhibits fuel vapour absorber bleeding. The computer displays sensor fault finding included.

**IMPORTANT**

**Do not switch off the ignition before the result is read on the diagnostic tool at the end of each test. Switching off the ignition will lead to the results being misinterpreted.**

If, after the test, the diagnostic tool has found an oxygen sensor fault, see the procedure for dealing with fault DF390 Oxygen sensor operating fault.

**CONFIRMATION OF THE REPAIR**

- ET344 Sensor fault finding included
- ET348 Sensor fault finding performed
- No fault detected and the OBD warning light is off

**ACTIVE  
YES**

### 1. REPLACING, PROGRAMMING OR REPROGRAMMING THE COMPUTER

The system can be programmed or reprogrammed via the diagnostic socket using the diagnostic tool (**Follow the instructions provided by the diagnostic tool**).

#### **IMPORTANT**

- Switch on the diagnostic tool (mains supply or cigarette lighter).
- Connect a battery charger (throughout the computer (re)programming procedure, the engine cooling fan assemblies are triggered automatically).
- Before any (re)programming, observe the engine temperature setpoints given by the diagnostic tool.

After programming, reprogramming or replacing the computer:

- Switch off the ignition.
- Start and then stop the engine (to initialise the computer) and wait 30 seconds.
- Switch the ignition back on and use the diagnostic tool to carry out the following steps:
- Use command **VP020 Write VIN**.
- After injection system (re)programming, stored faults may appear in other computers.
- Clear the memory of these computers.
- Run command **RZ019 Programming reinitialisation**.
- Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.

### 2. REPLACING OR REMOVING THE TDC SENSOR

When replacing or removing the TDC sensor, program the engine flywheel target (see **Configurations and programming**).

#### **IMPORTANT**

- The injection computer retains the immobiliser code for life,
- the system has no security code,
- carrying out tests with computers borrowed from the Parts Department or from another vehicle, which later need to be returned, is prohibited. These computers are hard-coded.

### 1. CONFIGURATION

#### Computer configuration by automatic detection

The computer configures itself automatically according to the sensors and/or options present on the vehicle.

<b>LC001</b>	Vehicle speed connection type	
	→	Multiplex
	→	Wire
<b>LC007</b>	Cylinder 1 detection	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC021</b>	Catalytic converter fault finding OBD sequencer	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC022</b>	Combustion misfire fault finding OBD sequencer	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC023</b>	Sensor fault finding OBD sequencer	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC032</b>	Configuration reading: air conditioning	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC075</b>	ABS → injection connection	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC078</b>	Control of fan assemblies with engine running	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT

\*diag: fault finding



<b>LC079</b>	OBD warning light	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC090</b>	Reduced flow petrol pump	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC095</b>	CA** cold loop in injection	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC111</b>	Control of air conditioning compressor and fan assembly	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC118</b>	Combustion misfire OBD warning light command	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC135</b>	TYPE A air temperature sensor	
	→	WITH (TYPE A air temperature sensor)
	→	WITHOUT (TYPE D air temperature sensor)
<b>LC140</b>	Pencil type ignition coil	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT

\*diag.: fault finding

\*\*CA: conditioned air

\*\*\*AC: air conditioning

<b>LC 149</b>	AC*** programming for small engine	
	→	VARIABLE CYL.
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC152</b>	Brake switch opening	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC175</b>	Level 2 warning light	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT
<b>LC177</b>	Level 1 warning light	
	→	WITH
	→	WITHOUT

\*diag.: fault finding

\*\*CA: conditioned air

\*\*\*AC: air conditioning

### 2. PROGRAMMING THE ENGINE FLYWHEEL TARGET

Program the engine flywheel target after replacing the engine speed and position sensor or the engine flywheel:

- Decelerate a first time with injection cut-off (feet off the brake, accelerator and clutch pedals) in second, third, fourth or fifth gear, between **3500** and **3000 rpm**, for at least **2 seconds**.
- Decelerate a second time with injection cut-off (feet off the brake, accelerator and clutch pedals) in second, third, fourth or fifth gear, between **2400** and **2000 rpm**, for at least **3 seconds**.

Use the diagnostic tool to check that this programming has been carried out correctly: status **ET314 Flywheel signal with engine running** should be **ACTIVE**.

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

Tool fault	Diagnostic tool title
<b>DF001</b>	Coolant temperature sensor circuit
<b>DF002</b>	Air temperature sensor circuit
<b>DF011</b>	Sensor supply voltage no. 1
<b>DF012</b>	Sensor supply voltage no. 2
<b>DF018</b>	Low-speed fan unit control circuit
<b>DF019</b>	High-speed fan unit control circuit
<b>DF022</b>	OBD warning light circuit
<b>DF023</b>	Coolant overheating warning light circuit
<b>DF038</b>	Computer
<b>DF040</b>	Cylinder 1 injector circuit
<b>DF041</b>	Cylinder 2 injector circuit
<b>DF042</b>	Cylinder 3 injector circuit
<b>DF043</b>	Cylinder 4 injector circuit
<b>DF081</b>	Canister bleed solenoid valve circuit
<b>DF082</b>	Upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit
<b>DF083</b>	Downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit
<b>DF085</b>	Fuel pump relay control circuit.
<b>DF091</b>	Vehicle speed signal
<b>DF092</b>	Upstream oxygen sensor circuit
<b>DF093</b>	Downstream oxygen sensor circuit
<b>DF123</b>	Pollutant combustion misfires
<b>DF124</b>	Destructive combustion misfires

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

<b>Tool fault</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>
<b>DF232</b>	Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit
<b>DF235</b>	Injection fault warning light circuit
<b>DF236</b>	Serious injection fault warning light circuit
<b>DF328</b>	Throttle potentiometer circuit
<b>DF330</b>	Pinking sensor circuit
<b>DF336</b>	Flywheel signal information
<b>DF352</b>	Immobiliser circuit
<b>DF353</b>	Manifold pressure sensor circuit
<b>DF360</b>	Idle speed regulation circuit
<b>DF361</b>	Ignition coil circuit 1-4
<b>DF362</b>	Ignition coil 2-3 circuit
<b>DF390</b>	Oxygen sensor operating fault
<b>DF394</b>	Catalytic converter operating fault
<b>DF489</b>	Air conditioning compressor control
<b>DF524</b>	Actuator relay output voltage
<b>DF587</b>	+5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors

<p><b>DF001 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> first if it is present or stored.</p> <p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after: Increase in engine temperature to obtain a temperature variation (triggering of the fan assembly). (The fault should appear present, but may be stored again once the instruction has been followed).</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b> If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET496 OBD coolant temperature sensor circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the coolant temperature sensor circuit.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF001  
CONTINUED**

Check the condition and connection of the **connector of the coolant temperature sensor**, component code **244** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3JK** between components **244** and **120**,
- **3C** between components **244** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of the coolant temperature sensor**. Check that it is not zero or infinity (definite sensor fault).

Replace the coolant temperature sensor, component code **244** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between  $2140 \Omega < X < 2370 \Omega$  at **25°C**.

Check that **the sensor resistance changes according to the temperature**.

If there is a fault, replace the sensor, component code **244** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<p><b>DF002 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>          1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after:          Increase in engine temperature to obtain a temperature variation (triggering of the fan assembly).          (The fault should appear present, but may be stored again once the instruction has been followed).</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET497 OBD air temperature sensor circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the air temperature sensor circuit.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF002  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connector of the air temperature sensor**, component code **272** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3B** between components **272** and **120**,
- **3JQ** between components **272** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of the air temperature sensor**, component code **272**. The measured value should not be zero or infinity (definite sensor fault).

Replace the sensor, component code **272** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between **1920 Ω < X < 2180 Ω** at **25°C**.

Check that **the sensor resistance changes according to the temperature**.

If there is a fault, replace the sensor, component code **272** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF011 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>SENSOR FEED VOLTAGE NO. 1</b> 1. DEF: Voltage outside permitted range of values
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the <b>ignition is switched on</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> The injection causes a speed restriction of 54 mph (90 km/h), a loss of power during acceleration (impression of <b>having a spongy accelerator pedal</b> ), and a loss of inter-systems.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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**DF011  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connections** of the **connector of the manifold pressure sensor**, component code **147**, the **connector of the refrigerant pressure sensor**, component code **1202** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3AJP** between components **147** and **120**,
- **38Y** between components **1202** and **120**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+5 V** on the **manifold pressure sensor**, component code **147**, and on the refrigerant pressure sensor, component code **1202** on the following connections:

- **3AJP** of component **147**,
- **38Y** of component **1202**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer fault memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.

<b>DF012 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>SENSOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE NO. 2</b> 1.DEF: Voltage outside permitted range of values
<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the <b>ignition is switched on</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The injection causes a <b>limitation of vehicle speed and engine speed</b>.</li><li>- The <b>OBD</b> warning light is illuminated.</li></ul>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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**DF012  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connector of the throttle potentiometer sensor**, component code **222** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+5 V after ignition feed** on connection **3GR** of the **connector of the throttle potentiometer sensor**, component code **222**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Disconnect the **injection computer connector**, component code **120** and the **throttle potentiometer connector**, component code **222**.  
Check the **insulation on the injection computer connector**, component code **120** between connections **3GR** and **3AJ**.  
If any of the connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3GR** between components **222** and **120**,
- **3JL** between components **222** and **120**.

If any of the connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer fault memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.

<b>DF018 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>LOW SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when <b>the ignition is on</b> or on command <b>AC038 Low speed fan assembly relay</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No activation of the <b>low speed fan assembly</b>.</li><li>– <b>CC.0:</b> <b>Low speed fan assembly</b> permanently activated.</li><li>– <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li></ul>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF018 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connector of the low speed fan assembly relay**, component code **784 (700)** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
• **3JN** between components **120** and **784 (700)**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+ after ignition feed** on connection **BP7** of the **connector of the low speed fan assembly relay**, component code **784 (700)**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **low speed fan assembly relay**, component code **784(700)**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF019 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>HIGH SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the ignition is on or on command <b>AC039 High speed fan assembly relay</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No activation of <b>high speed fan assembly</b>: engine liable to overheat.</li><li>– <b>CC.0:</b> <b>High speed fan assembly</b> permanently activated.</li><li>– <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li></ul>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF019 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connector of the high speed fan assembly relay**, component code **336** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
• **3JP** between components **120** and **336**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+ after ignition feed** on connection **BP7** of the **connector of the high speed fan assembly relay**, component code **336**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **high speed fan assembly relay**, component code **336**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<p><b>DF022 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>OBD WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after running command <b>AC047 OBD warning light</b>.</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>CO/CC.1:</b> The warning light is constantly off.</li><li>- <b>CC.0:</b> The warning light is constantly illuminated.</li><li>- <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li></ul> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.</p>
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**DF022  
CONTINUED**

Check the correct operation of the warning light using command **AC047**.

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **injection computer connector**, component code **120** and the **instrument panel connector**, component code **247**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **presence** and **condition of the supply fuses for the instrument panel**, component code **1016: F02 (5 A)** on component **1016**,

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check for **+12 V** on the **instrument panel**, component code **247** on the following connection:

- **AP29** of component **247**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **137C** between components **120** and **247**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, carry out fault finding on the Instrument panel system (see **83A, Instrument panel**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.

Clear the computer fault memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.

<p><b>DF023 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><b><u>COOLANT OVERHEATING WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after running command <b>AC116 Coolant temperature warning light</b>.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>CO/CC.1:</b> The warning light is constantly off.</li><li>- <b>CC.0:</b> The warning light is constantly illuminated.</li><li>- <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li></ul>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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<b>DF023 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connector of the injection computer**, component code **120** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **presence** and **condition of the supply fuses for the instrument panel**, component code **1016**:  
– **F02 (5 A)** on component **1016**.

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check for **+12 V** on the **instrument panel**, component code **247** on the following connection:

- **AP29** of component **247**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **31A** between components **120** and **247**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, carry out fault finding on the Instrument panel system (see **83A, Instrument panel**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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<b>DF038 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMPUTER</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> When this fault occurs: The vehicle stalls and cannot be restarted.
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Computer defective or not to specification: Check that <b>the computer is correct according to the vehicle's technical specification</b> (see 17B, <b>Petrol injection, Introduction</b> ).
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the <b>injection computer connectors</b> , component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
<b>Do not change the computer immediately.</b> Carry out the following procedure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Use command <b>RZ007- FAULT MEMORY</b> to clear the computer memory.</li><li>– Switch the ignition off and wait for loss of dialogue with the computer.</li><li>– Switch the ignition on and establish dialogue with the computer.</li></ul>
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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<b>DF040 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CYLINDER 1 INJECTOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after the engine starts.          (Run the engine and make sure to stop it <b>when the fault appears</b>, to avoid damaging the catalytic converter).</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No <b>injection</b> on <b>cylinder 1</b>. Greatly reduced performance. OBD warning light comes on.</li> <li>– <b>CC.0:</b> The <b>injector</b> is still <b>open</b>: there is a risk of the <b>engine stalling or being damaged when starting</b>. Greatly reduced performance. <b>Level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light</b> and <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>.</li> <li>– <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET499 OBD cylinder 1 injector circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>cylinder 1 injector circuit</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF040**  
**CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection of the connector of injector 1**, component code **193** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3CR** between components **193** and **120**,
- **3FB** between components **193** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance** of **injector 1**. The measured resistance should not be zero or infinity.

Replace **injector 1**, component code **193** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 13B, Fuel mixture, Injector rail: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between **13 Ω < X < 15 Ω at 20°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.



<b>DF041 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CYLINDER 2 INJECTOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after the engine starts.          (Run the engine and <b>make sure to stop it when the fault appears</b>, to avoid damaging the catalytic converter).</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No <b>injection</b> on <b>cylinder 2</b>. Greatly reduced performance. OBD warning light comes on.</li> <li>– <b>CC.0:</b> The <b>injector</b> is still <b>open: there is a risk of the engine stalling or being damaged when starting</b>. Greatly reduced performance. <b>Level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light</b> and <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>.</li> <li>– <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET500 OBD cylinder 2 injector circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>cylinder 2 injector circuit</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF041  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection of the connector of injector 2**, component code **194** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3CS** between components **194** and **120**,
- **3FB** between components **194** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of injector 2**. The measured resistance should not be zero or infinity.

Replace **injector 2**, component code **194** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 13B, Fuel mixture, Injector rail: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between **13 Ω < X < 15 Ω at 20°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF042 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CYLINDER 3 INJECTOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after the engine starts.          (Run the engine and <b>make sure to stop it when the fault appears</b>, to avoid damaging the catalytic converter).</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No <b>injection</b> on <b>cylinder 3</b>. Greatly reduced performance. OBD warning light comes on.</li> <li>– <b>CC.0:</b> The <b>injector</b> is still <b>open: there is a risk of the engine stalling or being damaged when starting</b>. Greatly reduced performance. <b>Level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light</b> and <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>.</li> <li>– <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET501 OBD cylinder 3 injector circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>cylinder 3 injector circuit</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF042**  
**CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection of the connector of injector 3**, component code **195** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3CT** between components **195** and **120**,
- **3FB** between components **195** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of injector 3**. The measured resistance should not be zero or infinity.

Replace **injector 3**, component code **195** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 13B, Fuel mixture, Injector rail: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between **13 Ω < X < 15 Ω at 20°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF043 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CYLINDER 4 INJECTOR CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after the engine starts.          (Run the engine and <b>make sure to stop it when the fault appears</b>, to avoid damaging the catalytic converter).</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No <b>injection</b> on <b>cylinder 4</b>. Greatly reduced performance. OBD warning light comes on.</li> <li>– <b>CC.0:</b> The <b>injector</b> is still <b>open: there is a risk of the engine stalling or being damaged when starting</b>. Greatly reduced performance. <b>Level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light</b> and <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>.</li> <li>– <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET502 OBD cylinder 4 injector circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>cylinder 4 injector circuit</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF043  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection of the connector of injector 4**, component code **196** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3CU** between components **196** and **120**,
- **3FB** between components **196** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of injector 4**. The measured resistance should not be zero or infinity.

Replace **injector 4**, component code **196** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 13B, Fuel mixture, Injector rail: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between **13 Ω < X < 15 Ω at 20°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF081 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>CANISTER BLEED SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.</p> <p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after running command <b>AC017 Canister bleed solenoid valve</b>.</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> The valve remains locked closed: there is a smell of petrol. The OBD warning light is lit.</li> <li>– <b>CC.0:</b> <b>The valve remains stuck open: hesitation when driving, risk of engine stalling and difficult to restart the engine.</b></li> <li>– <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>, check in the context section if status <b>ET515 OBD canister bleed control circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check <b>the circuit of the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve sensor</b>.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF081  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **canister bleed solenoid valve**, component code **371** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Measure the **resistance of the canister bleed solenoid valve**.

Replace the canister bleed solenoid valve, component code **371** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between  $22 \Omega < X < 30 \Omega$  at **23°C**.

Check for **+12 V** on the **canister bleed solenoid valve**, component code **371** on the following connection:

- **3FB** of component **371**.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3BB** between components **120** and **371**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the canister bleed solenoid valve, component code **371** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.



<b>DF082 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>UPSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR HEATING CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present with the engine running or when using command <b>AC018 Upstream O<sub>2</sub> sensor heating</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> – <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No <b>upstream sensor heating</b> : the vehicle is polluting and the OBD warning light is illuminated. – <b>CC.0:</b> <b>Upstream sensor heating on continuously from switching on the ignition: risk of sensor being irreparably damaged.</b> – <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults. If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light</b> illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET507 OBD upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</b> , corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b> . In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</b> .
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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**DF082  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connectors of the upstream oxygen sensor**, component code **887** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** on the **upstream oxygen sensor**, component code **887** on the following connection:

- **3FB** of component **887**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3GF** between components **120** and **887**.
- **3FB** between components **887** and **238**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check that the sensor is disconnected and cold in order to measure **the resistance of the upstream oxygen sensor**.

Replace **the upstream oxygen sensor**, component code **887** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between  $2 \Omega < X < 5 \Omega$  at **23°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF083 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>DOWNSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR HEATING CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF524 Actuator relay output voltage</b> first if it is present or stored.</p> <p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present with the engine running or when using command <b>AC019 Downstream O<sub>2</sub> sensor heating</b>.</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> No downstream oxygen sensor heating: the vehicle is polluting and the OBD warning light is illuminated.</li> <li>– <b>CC.0:</b> Downstream sensor heating on continuously from switching on the ignition: risk of downstream oxygen sensor being irreparably damaged.</li> <li>– <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light</b> illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET509 OBD downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</b>.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF083  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connectors of the downstream oxygen sensor**, component code **242** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** on the **downstream oxygen sensor**, component code **242** on the following connection:

- **3FB** of component **242**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3GG** between components **120** and **242**,
- **3FB** between components **242** and **238**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of the downstream oxygen sensor**.

Replace the downstream oxygen sensor, component code **242** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance** is not between  $2 \Omega < X < 5 \Omega$  at **23°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF085 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>FUEL PUMP RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V          1.DEF: Fault on + after relay feed          2.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after running command <b>AC015 Fuel pump relay</b>.          Note:          This fault is a priority. Deal with it first.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>CO/CC.0/CC.1: Level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light and OBD warning light illuminated. CO or CC.1: No activation of fuel pump. The vehicle stalls and cannot be restarted.</b></li> <li>– <b>CC.0: Fuel pump still supplied.</b></li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET513 OBD fuel pump control circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the <b>OBD warning light</b>, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>fuel pump relay circuit</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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<b>DF085 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>There is a fault on the fuel pump relay power circuit.</b>
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Check that the **inertia switch** is not engaged. Repair if necessary.

Check the **condition and connection** of the connectors of the **fuel pump relay**, component code **236** and of the connector of the **engine fuse and relay box**, component code **594**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** on the **fuel pump relay**, component code **236** on the following connection:

- **BP17** of component **236**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **BP17** between components **236** and **597**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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**DF085**  
**CONTINUED 2**

With the ignition on and while running command **AC015 Fuel pump relay**, check for **+12 V** on the **fuel pump relay**, component code **236** on the following connection:

- **3NA** of component **236**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **3NA** between components **236** and **833**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3NA** between components **236** and **1077**,
- **3NA** between components **236** and **1078**,
- **3NA** between components **236** and **833**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF085 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>There is a fault on the fuel pump relay control circuit.</b>
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<p>Check the <b>condition and connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>fuel pump relay</b>, component code <b>236</b> and connector of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:          • <b>3AC</b> between components <b>236</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the <b>fuel pump relay</b>, component code <b>236</b> on the following connection:          • <b>AP29</b> of component <b>236</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:          • <b>AP29</b> between components <b>236</b> and <b>1016</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>petrol pump relay coil</b>.          Replace the fuel pump relay if necessary.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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<b>DF091 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after a road test.          Continue the road test on a hill at a constant speed.          Continue the road test on a hill in the no load position.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  <b>The vehicle speed signal can be supplied by:</b>          – the vehicle speed sensor (for a 4x2 vehicle without ABS, without ESP),          – the ETC torque distributor (for a 4x4 vehicle without ABS, without ESP),          – the ABS computer (for a vehicle with ABS),          – the ESP computer (for a vehicle with ESP).</p> <p>If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>, check in the context section if status <b>ET516 OBD speed sensor circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the <b>OBD warning light</b>, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the vehicle speed signal circuit.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **injection computer** connectors, component code **120**.  
 If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF091  
CONTINUED 1**

**For a vehicle without ABS and without ESP:**

**The vehicle speed signal is given by the vehicle speed sensor, component code 250**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **vehicle speed sensor** connectors, component code **250**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, disconnect the connector of the vehicle speed sensor, component code **250**.

Check for **+12 V** on the **vehicle speed sensor**, component code **250** on the following connection:

- **3FB** of component **250**.

Check the continuity, **insulation, and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3FB** between components **1047** and **250**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check that the **injection relay**, component code **1047** is operating correctly. Replace it if necessary.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

**DF091**  
**CONTINUED 2**

Check for **earth** on the **vehicle speed sensor**, component code **250** between the following connection:

- **NH** of component **250**.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **NH** between component **250** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **47F** between components **250** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault persists, replace the vehicle speed sensor.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

**DF091**  
**CONTINUED 3**

**For a vehicle with ABS:**

The vehicle speed signal is given by the **ABS computer**, component code **118**.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **ABS computer** connectors, component code **118**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the **ABS** is correctly receiving the vehicle speed signal during a road test.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
• **47F** between components **118** and **120**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Replace the **ABS computer** if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

**DF091  
CONTINUED 4**

**For a vehicle with ESP:**

The vehicle speed signal is given by the **ESP computer**, component code **1094**.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **ESP computer** connectors, component code **1094**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the ESP is correctly receiving the vehicle speed signal during a road test.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
• **47F** between components **1094** and **120**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Replace the **ESP computer** if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

**DF091**  
**CONTINUED 5**

**For a vehicle without ESP:**

The vehicle speed signal is given by the **ETC torque distributor**, component code **2017**.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **ETC torque distributor** connectors, component code **2017**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the **ETC torque distributor** is correctly receiving the vehicle speed signal during a road test.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **47F** between components **2017** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Replace the **ETC torque distributor** if necessary.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF092 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>UPSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> first if it is present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the engine has been started. With the engine idling, check that status <b>ET052 Upstream O<sub>2</sub> sensor heating</b> is <b>ACTIVE</b> and wait until status <b>ET300 Richness regulation</b> is ACTIVE, then wait for <b>5 minutes</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b> , check in the context section if status <b>ET506 OBD upstream oxygen sensor circuit</b> , corresponding to the request to illuminate the <b>OBD warning light</b> , is <b>YES</b> . In this case, apply the method below to check the <b>upstream oxygen sensor circuit</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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<b>DF092 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check that there is no <b>air leak between the exhaust manifold and the catalytic converter.</b>
If the vehicle is driven frequently in town, <b>decoke the engine.</b>
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the <b>connectors</b> of the <b>upstream oxygen sensor</b> , component code <b>887</b> and the <b>injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. Check that there is no <b>water present in the connector (probable cause of an engine flat spot).</b>
Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: • <b>3GH</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>887</b> , • <b>3GK</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>887</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the <b>oxygen sensor</b> , component code <b>887</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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<p><b>DF093 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>DOWNSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>          1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with fault <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after:          – a road test whilst driving steadily, after operation of the fan assembly and if status <b>ET056: Double richness loop</b> is <b>ACTIVE</b>.          – a road test whilst driving steadily, after operation of the fan, followed immediately by a deceleration phase (on a hill, for example), if status <b>ET278: Throttle position: no load</b> is <b>ACTIVE</b>, with gear and clutch engaged.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>, check in the context section if status <b>ET508 OBD upstream oxygen sensor circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the <b>OBD warning light</b>, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the downstream oxygen sensor circuit.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF093  
CONTINUED**

Check that there are no **air leaks between the two oxygen sensors**.

If the vehicle is driven frequently in town, **decoke the engine**.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connectors of the upstream oxygen sensor**, component code **242** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3GJ** between components **120** and **242**,
- **3GL** between components **120** and **242**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **oxygen sensor**, component code **242** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<p><b>DF123 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>POLLUTANT MISFIRES</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal first with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– ignition faults, <b>DF361 Ignition coil circuit 1-4,</b> <b>DF362 Ignition coil circuit 2-3,</b></li> <li>– fuel supply circuit faults <b>DF040 Cylinder 1 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF041 Cylinder 2 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF042 Cylinder 3 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF043 Cylinder 4 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF085 Fuel pump relay control circuit,</b></li> <li>– flywheel signal faults <b>DF336 Flywheel signal information.</b></li></ul> <p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored and present faults:</b> The fault is declared present under the following conditions: with the engine idling.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults. Do not clear the programming. To check that the system has been properly repaired:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– There must be no remaining electrical faults.</li><li>– programming should have been carried out.</li><li>– The engine should be warm (minimum <b>75°C</b>).</li><li>– Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for <b>20 minutes</b>.</li></ul>
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<p><b>DF123 CONTINUED 1</b></p>	
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<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> The <b>OBD warning light</b> remains <b>continuously illuminated</b>. The fault is declared present when the <b>misfiring rate</b> is <b>greater than 4%</b> for at least <b>15 minutes</b>.</p> <p>Status <b>ET061: Cylinder no. 1 recognition</b> must be <b>PERFORMED</b>, to differentiate each cylinder.</p> <p>These <b>statuses</b> give information on the nature and location of the fault: <b>ET057 Misfire on cylinder 1,</b> <b>ET058 Misfire on cylinder 2,</b> <b>ET059 Misfire on cylinder 3,</b> <b>ET060 Misfire on cylinder 4.</b></p>
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<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults. Do not clear the programming. To check that the system has been properly repaired:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– There must be no remaining electrical faults.</li><li>– programming should have been carried out.</li><li>– The engine should be warm (minimum <b>75°C</b>).</li><li>– Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for <b>20 minutes</b>.</li></ul>
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<b>DF123 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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Only one cylinder is declared faulty: – <b>ET057 (cylinder 1)</b> , or – <b>ET058 (cylinder 2)</b> , or – <b>ET059 (cylinder 3)</b> , or – <b>ET060 (cylinder 4)</b> .	The fault is probably due to a component that can only affect one cylinder: – <b>Problem on the injector.</b> – <b>Fault with the spark plug.</b> – <b>Fault with the high voltage wire or the pencil coil (if fitted).</b> Before making a replacement, try the component with another cylinder.
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Cylinders 1 and 4 or cylinders 2 and 3 are declared faulty: – <b>ET057 (cylinder 1) and ET060 (cylinder 4)</b> or – <b>ET058 (cylinder 2) and ET059 (cylinder 3)</b> .	The problem is probably due to a factor that can only affect this pair of cylinders: – <b>fault on the control side of the coil.</b>
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All four cylinders are declared faulty: – <b>ET057 (cylinder 1)</b> and – <b>ET058 (cylinder 2)</b> and – <b>ET059 (cylinder 3)</b> and – <b>ET060 (cylinder 4)</b> .	The fault is probably due to a component affecting all the cylinders: – <b>Fuel filter fault,</b> – <b>Fuel pump fault,</b> – <b>Fault with petrol type,</b> – <b>Fault with spark plug type.</b>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults. Do not clear the programming. To check that the system has been properly repaired: – There must be no remaining electrical faults. – programming should have been carried out. – The engine should be warm (minimum <b>75°C</b> ). – Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for <b>20 minutes</b> .
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**DF123  
CONTINUED 3**

**If the fault is still present, check:**

- the flywheel sensor,
- the condition and cleanliness of the flywheel,
- the flywheel sensor mounting,
- the flywheel - sensor air gap,
- the cylinder compressions,
- the complete fuel supply circuit (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),
- the complete ignition system (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coil: Removal - Refitting**),
- the hydraulic tappets (if fitted to the vehicle) in case of camshaft noise (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 11A, Top and front of engine, Cylinder head: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults.  
Do not clear the programming.

To check that the system has been properly repaired:

- There must be no remaining electrical faults.
- programming should have been carried out.
- The engine should be warm (minimum **75°C**).
- Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for **20 minutes**.

<p><b>DF124 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>DESTRUCTIVE MISFIRE</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal first with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– ignition faults, <b>DF361 Ignition coil circuit 1-4,</b> <b>DF362 Ignition coil circuit 2-3,</b></li><li>– fuel supply circuit faults <b>DF040 Cylinder 1 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF041 Cylinder 2 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF042 Cylinder 3 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF043 Cylinder 4 injector circuit,</b> <b>DF085 Fuel pump relay control circuit,</b></li><li>– flywheel signal faults <b>DF336 Flywheel signal information.</b></li></ul> <p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored and present faults:</b> The fault is declared present under the following conditions: with the engine idling.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults. Do not clear the programming. To check that the system has been properly repaired:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– There must be no remaining electrical faults.</li><li>– programming should have been carried out.</li><li>– The engine should be warm (minimum <b>75°C</b>).</li><li>– Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for <b>20 minutes</b>.</li></ul>
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<b>DF124 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> When the fault is detected, <b>the injection to the faulty cylinder(s) is cut off</b> to prevent the temperature in the catalytic converter from rising. The <b>OBD warning light</b> flashes for as long as the fault is present. The fault is declared present when the misfiring rate is <b>greater than 15%</b> for at least <b>1 minute 30 seconds</b>.</p> <p>Status <b>ET061: Cylinder no. 1 recognition</b> must be <b>PERFORMED</b>, to differentiate each cylinder.</p> <p>These <b>statuses</b> give information on the nature and location of the fault: <b>ET057 Misfire on cylinder 1,</b> <b>ET058 Misfire on cylinder 2,</b> <b>ET059 Misfire on cylinder 3,</b> <b>ET060 Misfire on cylinder 4.</b></p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults. Do not clear the programming. To check that the system has been properly repaired:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– There must be no remaining electrical faults.</li><li>– programming should have been carried out.</li><li>– The engine should be warm (minimum <b>75°C</b>).</li><li>– Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for <b>20 minutes</b>.</li></ul>
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<b>DF124 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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Only one cylinder is declared faulty: – <b>ET057 (cylinder 1)</b> , or – <b>ET058 (cylinder 2)</b> , or – <b>ET059 (cylinder 3)</b> , or – <b>ET060 (cylinder 4)</b> .	The fault is probably due to a component that can only affect one cylinder: – <b>Problem on the injector.</b> – <b>Fault with the spark plug.</b> – <b>Fault with the high voltage wire or the pencil coil (if fitted).</b> Before making a replacement, try the component with another cylinder.
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Cylinders 1 and 4 or cylinders 2 and 3 are declared faulty: – <b>ET057 (cylinder 1)</b> and <b>ET060 (cylinder 4)</b> or – <b>ET058 (cylinder 2)</b> and <b>ET059 (cylinder 3)</b> .	The problem is probably due to a factor that can only affect this pair of cylinders: – <b>fault on the control side of the coil.</b>
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All four cylinders are declared faulty: – <b>ET057 (cylinder 1)</b> and – <b>ET058 (cylinder 2)</b> and – <b>ET059 (cylinder 3)</b> and – <b>ET060 (cylinder 4)</b> .	The fault is probably due to a component affecting all the cylinders: – <b>Fuel filter fault,</b> – <b>Fuel pump fault,</b> – <b>Fault with petrol type,</b> – <b>Fault with spark plug type.</b>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults. Do not clear the programming. To check that the system has been properly repaired: – There must be no remaining electrical faults. – programming should have been carried out. – The engine should be warm (minimum <b>75°C</b> ). – Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for <b>20 minutes</b> .
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**DF124**  
**CONTINUED 3**

If the fault is still present, check:

- the flywheel sensor,
- the condition and cleanliness of the flywheel,
- the flywheel sensor mounting,
- the flywheel - sensor air gap,
- the cylinder compressions,
- the complete fuel supply circuit (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),
- the complete ignition system (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coil: Removal - Refitting**),
- the hydraulic tappets (if fitted to the vehicle) in case of camshaft noise (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 11A, Top and front of engine, Cylinder head: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check that all faults have been dealt with. Clear the stored faults.  
Do not clear the programming.

To check that the system has been properly repaired:

- There must be no remaining electrical faults.
- programming should have been carried out.
- The engine should be warm (minimum **75°C**).
- Run the engine at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for **20 minutes**.

<p><b>DF232 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF011 Sensor supply voltage no. 1</b> first if it is present or stored.</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared present when the <b>ignition is switched on</b>. When the fault is present and stored, parameter <b>PR037 Refrigerant pressure</b>, displays a default value: <b>0 bar</b>, and the air conditioning does not operate. On <b>vehicles fitted with a refrigerant fluid pressure sensor</b> (cold loop mode in injection), the computer recalculates parameter <b>PR125 Power absorbed by the AC* compressor</b> from the refrigerant fluid pressure values. If there is any drift on parameter <b>PR037</b>, the value of parameter <b>PR125</b> could be incorrect.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF232  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition and connection** of the connectors of the **refrigerant pressure sensor**, component code **1202** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check **the connection and condition** of the refrigerant pressure sensor connector.  
Repair if necessary.

Check the continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance on the following connections:

- **38Y** between components **1202** and **120**,
- **38X** between components **1202** and **120**,
- **38U** between components **1202** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

\*AC: Air conditioning

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF235 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the ignition is on or on command <b>AC068 Injection fault warning light</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>CO/CC.1:</b> Level 1 warning light not illuminated. <b>CC.0:</b> Level 1 warning light constantly illuminated. <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF235 CONTINUED</b>	
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Clear the fault and check the correct operation of the warning light with command **AC068**.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connector of the instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3NX** between components **247** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the instrument panel, component code **247** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF236 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>SERIOUS INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the ignition is on or on command <b>AC069 Serious injection fault warning light</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>CO/CC.1:</b> Level 2 warning light not illuminated.</li><li>– <b>CC.0:</b> Level 2 warning light constantly illuminated.</li><li>– Level 1 warning light illuminated if the level 2 warning light is defective.</li><li>– <b>1.DEF:</b> for all stored faults.</li></ul>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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**DF236  
CONTINUED**

Clear the fault and check the correct operation of the warning light with command **AC069**.

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **injection computer connector**, component code **120** and the **instrument panel connector**, component code **247**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3NY** between components **120** and **247**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **instrument panel**, component code **247** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.

Clear the computer fault memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.



<p><b>DF328 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>THROTTLE POTENTIOMETER CIRCUIT</u> 1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF012 Sensor supply voltage no. 2</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after: – Leave the vehicle with the ignition on for <b>10 seconds</b> in no load position. – Vary the pedal potentiometer gently from no load to full load. – Keep at full load position for <b>10 seconds</b>. (The fault should appear present, but may be stored again once the instruction has been followed).</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET505 OBD throttle potentiometer circuit</b>, corresponding to the <b>request to illuminate the OBD warning light</b>, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, use the method below to check the throttle potentiometer circuit.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF328  
CONTINUED**

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connector of the injection computer**, component code **120** and the **throttle potentiometer**, component code **222**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3GR** between components **222** and **120**,
- **3AJ** between components **222** and **120**,
- **3JL** between components **222** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **throttle potentiometer resistance** (the resistance is zero or infinity in the event of a permanent fault). Check that the **resistance change of the throttle potentiometer is progressive by pressing the throttle** from no load to full load.

Replace the throttle potentiometer, component code **222** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Throttle valve potentiometer: Removal - Refitting**) if the **resistance between connections 3JL and 3GR** is not between **960 Ω < X < 1440 Ω** or the **resistance between connections 3AJ and 3JL** is not less than **1050 Ω**. Check that the throttle is driving the potentiometer.

If the fault is still present, apply the interpretation of fault **DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<p><b>DF330 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>PINKING SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present following a road test with the engine warm and under load.</p> <p><b>Special notes:</b> If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>, check in the context section if status <b>ET510 OBD pinking sensor circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to <b>illuminate the OBD warning light</b>, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the pinking sensor circuit.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF330  
CONTINUED**

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connector of the injection computer**, component code **120** and the **pinking sensor**, component code **146**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **clamping of the pinking sensor** on the engine block.  
Repair if necessary.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3DQ** between components **146** and **120**,
- **3S** between components **146** and **120**.

Check the **condition** of shielding **TB1** of connections **3S** and **3DQ** on component **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<p><b>DF336 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u><b>FLYWHEEL SIGNAL INFORMATION</b></u> 1. DEF: Flywheel target fault 2. DEF: No tooth signal</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF353 Manifold pressure sensor circuit</b> first if it is present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after starter operation for <b>10 seconds</b> or engine start.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> In the event of a tooth signal loss, the <b>OBD and level 2 warning lights are illuminated</b>, the <b>injection</b> and the <b>ignition</b> are <b>cut off</b>: the engine stalls and cannot be restarted. If the fault is stored with the <b>OBD warning light illuminated</b>, check in the context section if status <b>ET495 OBD flywheel target fault</b>, corresponding to the request to <b>illuminate the OBD warning light</b>, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the flywheel sensor circuit.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Check that status <b>ET422 Combustion misfire fault finding included</b> is <b>YES</b>. If not, reinitialise the programming. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Then perform a conformity check.</p>
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**DF336  
CONTINUED**

Check that there is **no play** between **the bearing face of the sensor target**, component code **149** and **the engine** (sensor is correctly recessed and correctly attached).

Check the **condition** and **connection of the connectors of the sensor target**, component code **149** and **the injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3BL** between components **149** and **120**,
- **3BG** between components **149** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure **the target sensor resistance** (the resistance is zero or infinity in the event of a permanent fault). Replace the **target sensor**, component code **149** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol Injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**) if the resistance between connections **3BG** and **3BL** is not between **175 Ω < X < 295 Ω**.

Notes:

- These checks do not detect all the possible faults of the sensor.
- Whenever replacing sensors, if the connector is round and black, always replace the wiring (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check that status **ET422 Combustion misfire fault finding included** is **YES**.  
If not, reinitialise the programming.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Then perform a conformity check.

<b>DF352 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>IMMOBILISER CIRCUIT</u> 1. DEF: Immobiliser line fault
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the ignition has been switched on.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<p>Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>injection computer connector</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>UCH connector</b>, component code <b>645</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: • <b>H17</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, carry out fault finding on the immobiliser (see <b>82A, Immobiliser, Fault summary table</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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<b>DF353 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b> 1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit 2. DEF: Change of manifold pressure
<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with fault <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> first if it is present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the engine is started and the engine speed is increased above <b>608 rpm</b> for at least <b>10 seconds</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET498 OBD manifold pressure sensor circuit</b> , corresponding to the request to illuminate the <b>OBD warning light</b> , is <b>YES</b> . In this case, apply the method below to check the manifold pressure sensor circuit.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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**DF353  
CONTINUED**

If the fault is only present when the engine is running, **switch the ignition on and check the consistency of parameter PR424 No load position programming value.**

Lightly depress the accelerator pedal (from no load to full throttle) and **check that the throttle position increases regularly.**

If this is not the case, the signal is incorrect. Apply the interpretation of **PR424.**

Check the **connection and condition** of the **connectors of the manifold pressure sensor**, component code **147** and the **injection computer**, component code **120.**

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check that the pressure sensor is **correctly attached on the inlet manifold.**

Check the **continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3AJP** between components **147** and **120,**
- **3AJQ** between components **147** and **120,**
- **3AJR** between components **147** and **120.**

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault persists, apply the fault finding procedure for fault **DF587.**

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF360 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>IDLE SPEED REGULATION CIRCUIT</u></b> 1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the engine is started.
	<b>Special notes:</b> – CO/CC.0/CC.1 on present faults. – 1. DEF for all stored faults. If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET514 OBD idle speed regulation circuit</b> , corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b> . In this case, apply the method below to check the idle speed regulation circuit.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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**DF360  
CONTINUED**

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connectors of the idle speed regulation stepper motor**, component code **649** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3BW** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BU** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BV** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BX** between components **649** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Measure the **resistance of the idle speed regulation stepper motor** (the resistance is zero or infinity in case of a permanent fault).

Replace the **idle speed regulation stepper motor**, component code **649** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components**) if the **resistance between connections 3BU and 3BV or between 3BW and 3BX** is not between **48 Ω < X < 58 Ω at 25°C**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF361 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>IGNITION COIL 1 - 4 CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal first with faults <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> and <b>DF085 Fuel pump relay circuit</b> if they are present or stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b>          The fault is declared present after the engine starts.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  <b>The OBD warning light might be illuminated, idling is unstable, there is a loss of power, engine stalls and does not restart.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– CC.0 and CO: the level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light is illuminated.</li> <li>– CO/CC.0/CC.1: on present faults.</li> <li>– 1. DEF: for all stored faults.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET503 OBD ignition coil 1 - 4 circuit</b>, corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b>. In this case, apply the method below to check the ignition coil 1 - 4 circuit.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.          Clear the computer memory.          Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF361  
CONTINUED 1**

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connectors of the pencil coil 1 circuit**, component code **1077**, the **pencil coil 4 circuit**, component code **1080** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Measure the **secondary resistance of pencil coils 1 and 4**.  
Replace the **pencil coils**, component code **1077** and component code **1080** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**) if the **secondary resistance** is not between:  
**9100 Ω < X < 12300 Ω**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **3CV** between components **1077** and **120**,
- **3CZ** between components **1077** and **1080**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

**DF361  
CONTINUED 2**

With the ignition on, check for **+12 V** on the **fuel pump relay**, component code **1047** on the following connection:  
• **3NA** of component **1047**.

If there is no **+ 12V**:

– disconnect the battery,

In the **engine compartment connection unit**, disconnect the fuel pump relay.

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **fuel pump relay connectors**, component code **1047**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

• **3NA** between components **1047** and **1077**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Reconnect the connector of the fuel pump relay, component code **1047**, and reconnect the battery.

If, with the ignition on, there is still no **+12 V** on the connector of the **cylinder 1 coil**, component code **1077**, replace the **relay**, component code **1047**.

Check the glow of the electric arc of the coils using the **Elé. 1808** and the method described in the associated Technical Note (see **Technical Note 6505A, Fault finding – Ignition coils on K4 and F4 engines**).

Replace the faulty coil if necessary.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.

Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.

Clear the computer memory.

Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF362 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>IGNITION COIL 2-3 CIRCUIT</u> 1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal first with faults <b>DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors</b> and <b>DF085 Fuel pump relay circuit</b> if they are present or stored.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the engine starts.
	<b>Special notes:</b> The <b>OBD warning light</b> might be <b>illuminated</b> , <b>idling is unstable</b> , there is a loss of <b>power, engine stalls and does not restart</b> .  – <b>CC.0 and CO: the level 2 (serious injection fault) warning light is illuminated.</b> – <b>CO/CC.0/CC.1: on present faults.</b> – <b>1. DEF: for all stored faults.</b>  If the fault is stored with the OBD warning light illuminated, check in the context section if status <b>ET504 OBD ignition coil 2 - 3 circuit</b> , corresponding to the request to illuminate the OBD warning light, is <b>YES</b> . In this case, apply the method below to check the ignition coil 2 - 3 circuit.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
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**DF362  
CONTINUED 1**

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **connectors of the pencil coil 2 circuit**, component code **1078**, the **pencil coil 3 circuit**, component code **1079** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Measure the **secondary resistance of pencil coils 2 and 3**.  
Replace the **pencil coils**, component code **1078** and component code **1079** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal - Refitting**) if the **secondary resistance** is not between:  $9100 \Omega < X < 12300 \Omega$ .

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **3CW** between components **1079** and **120**,
- **3CP** between components **1078** and **1079**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.



**DF362**  
**CONTINUED 2**

With the ignition on, check for **+12 V** on the **fuel pump relay**, component code **1047** on the following connection:  
• **3NA** of component **1047**.

If there is no **+ 12V**:

– disconnect the battery,

In the **engine compartment connection unit**, disconnect the fuel pump relay.

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the **fuel pump relay connectors**, component code **1047**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check **the continuity, insulation** and **the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

• **3NA** between components **1047** and **1078**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Reconnect the connector of the fuel pump relay, component code **1047**, and reconnect the battery.

If, with the ignition on, there is still no **+12 V** on the connector of the **cylinder 2 coil**, component code **1078**, replace the **relay**, component code **1047**.

Check the glow of the electric arc of the coils using the **Elé. 1808** and the method described in the associated Technical Note (see **Technical Note 6505A, Fault finding – Ignition coils on K4 and F4 engines**).

Replace the faulty coil if necessary.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.

Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.

Clear the computer memory.

Perform the conformity check.

<b>DF390 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>OXYGEN SENSOR OPERATING FAULT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored and present faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the engine has been started.
	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault indicates that the signal received by the upstream oxygen sensor is inconsistent.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

Check that there are no <b>air leaks on the exhaust system</b> .
If the vehicle is driven frequently in town, <b>decoke the engine</b> .
Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition of the connector for the upstream oxygen sensor</b> , component code <b>887</b> and the <b>injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Make a note of any other operating faults. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF390 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3GK** between components **887** and **120**,
- **3GH** between components **887** and **120**,
- **3GF** between components **887** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **upstream oxygen sensor**, component code **887** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Make a note of any other operating faults. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF394 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>CATALYTIC CONVERTER OPERATING FAULT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present after the engine has been started.
	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault indicates an inconsistency of the signals received by the two oxygen sensors, upstream and downstream of the catalytic converter.

Check that there are no <b>air leaks on the exhaust system</b> . Repair if necessary.
<b>Visually check the condition of the catalytic converter.</b> A deformity may be causing it to malfunction. Check for visual signs of thermal shock. (Cold water splashing onto the hot catalytic converter may damage it).
Check that there has not been any <b>excessive consumption of oil or coolant</b> . Ask the customer if he has used an additive or other products of this kind. Such products can block the catalytic converter, and damage its short or long term performance.
Check if the engine has been <b>misfiring</b> . This could damage the catalytic converter.
If the cause of the damage was found, the catalytic converter can be replaced (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal – Refitting</b> ).
<b>If the catalytic converter is replaced without having found the cause of its destruction, the new catalytic converter is likely to be destroyed very rapidly.</b>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Make a note of any other operating faults. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF489 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR CONTROL</u> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V 1. DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present with the engine running and whilst pressing the air conditioning command button.
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>CO/CC.1:</b> It is no longer possible to request the air conditioning. <b>CC.0:</b> The compressor is still active, risk of irreversible damage to the compressor (loss of capacity). The customer is complaining that the air conditioning is operating continuously. <b>1. DEF:</b> for all stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DF489 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **air conditioning compressor control relay**, component code **474** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **38K** between components **120** and **474**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **air conditioning compressor control relay**, component code **474** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Compressor: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the diagnostic tool.
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<p><b>DF524 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>ACTUATOR RELAY OUTPUT VOLTAGE</u> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> This relay supplies the following actuators: the injectors, the oxygen sensor heaters, the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve, and connection <b>3FB</b> of the injection computer.</p> <p><b>CO/CC.1:</b> No actuator supply: same effect as running out of fuel. The vehicle stalls and will not start again.</p> <p><b>CC.0:</b> The actuators are supplied constantly: high electrical consumption when stationary.</p> <p><b>Intermittent CO:</b> Intermittent relay cut-off: hesitation when driving</p> <hr/> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b>.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.</p>
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**DF524  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition of the battery and the vehicle earths**.  
Repair if necessary.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **actuator relay**, component code **1047**, the **injection computer**, component code **120** and the **engine fuse and relay box**, component code **597**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the presence and condition of the supply fuse of the **actuator relay**, component code **1047**:

- **F02 (25 A)** on component **597**,
- Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check for **+12 V** on the **actuator relay**, component code **1047** on the following connection:

- **BP17** of component **1047**.
- **3FB** of component **1047**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **BP17** between components **1047** and **597**.
- **3FB** between components **1047** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Replace the **actuator relay**, component code **1047** if necessary.

Disconnect the components one by one (injectors, fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve, etc.).  
Switch on the ignition to identify the defective component.  
Replace the faulty component.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.



<b>DF587 PRESENT</b>	<b><u>+5 VOLTS SUPPLY TO POTENTIOMETERS AND SENSORS</u></b> 1.DEF: Open circuit or short circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	Check parameter <b>PR071 Computer power supply voltage</b> (battery voltage measured approximately <b>12 V</b> ): – if it is at the limit value of approximately <b>16 V</b> , there is a short circuit to earth, – if it is at the limit value of approximately <b>10.7 V</b> , there is a short circuit to the <b>+12 V supply of one of the 5 V supply tracks</b> .
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool. Clear the computer memory. Perform the conformity check.
---------------------	---

**DF587  
CONTINUED**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **injection computer**, component code **120**, the **throttle potentiometer**, component code **222**, the **manifold pressure sensor**, component code **147** and the **refrigerant pressure sensor**, component code **1202**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the sensors **one by one**, to check whether the fault changes from **PRESENT** to **STORED**: throttle potentiometer, manifold pressure sensor, and refrigerant pressure sensor (if fitted to the vehicle).  
If necessary, deal with the fault that applies to the sensor.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3GR** between components **120** and **222**,
- **3AJP** between components **120** and **147**
- **38Y** between components **120** and **1202**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults displayed by the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Perform the conformity check.

The global **conformity check** for the sub-functions of this system is no longer interpreted in the conformity check section. Instead, all information available in the sub-functions can be found in the following sections:

For the **STATUSES**, consult **INTERPRETATION OF STATUSES**.

For the **PARAMETERS**, consult **INTERPRETATION OF PARAMETERS**.

For the **COMMANDS**, consult **INTERPRETATION OF COMMANDS**.

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Status summary table

Status index	Diagnostic tool title
ET001	+ After ignition computer feed
ET003	Engine immobiliser
ET018	Air conditioning request
ET052	Upstream O2 sensor heating
ET053	Downstream O2 sensor heating
ET054	Idle speed regulation
ET056	Richness double loop
ET057	Misfiring on cylinder 1
ET058	Misfiring on cylinder 2
ET059	Misfiring on cylinder 3
ET060	Misfiring on cylinder 4
ET061	Cylinder 1 detection
ET117	Overheating indicator light
ET118	OBD warning light
ET219	Fast idle speed
ET222	Injection fault warning light control
ET223	Serious injection fault warning light control.
ET278	Throttle position: no load
ET279	Throttle position: full load
ET290	Petrol pump relay control
ET295	Canister bleed
ET297	Power-assisted steering pressure switch
ET298	Low-speed fan assembly
ET299	High-speed fan assembly

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Status summary table

Status index	Diagnostic tool title
ET300	Richness regulation
ET314	Flywheel signal with engine running
ET318	Power-assisted steering pressure switch connection
ET321	Air conditioning compressor
ET341	Immobiliser code programmed
ET344	Sensor fault finding included
ET345	Catalytic converter fault finding in progress
ET348	Sensor fault finding complete
ET349	Catalytic converter fault finding complete
ET422	Combustion misfire fault finding in progress
ET495	OBD flywheel target fault
ET496	OBD coolant temperature sensor circuit
ET497	OBD air temperature sensor circuit
ET498	OBD manifold pressure sensor circuit
ET499	OBD cylinder 1 injector circuit
ET500	OBD cylinder 2 injector circuit
ET501	OBD cylinder 3 injector circuit
ET502	OBD cylinder 4 injector circuit
ET503	OBD ignition coil 1-4 circuit
ET504	OBD ignition coil 2-3 circuit
ET505	OBD throttle potentiometer circuit

\*Diag: fault finding

\*RCH: passenger compartment heating resistor

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Status summary table

Status index	Diagnostic tool title
ET506	OBD upstream oxygen sensor circuit
ET507	Upstream OBD upstream oxygen sensor heating
ET508	OBD downstream oxygen sensor circuit
ET509	Upstream OBD downstream oxygen sensor heating
ET510	Upstream OBD pinking sensor
ET513	OBD fuel pump control circuit
ET514	OBD idle speed regulation circuit
ET515	OBD canister bleed control circuit
ET516	OBD vehicle speed sensor circuit

\*Circ.: Circuit

<b>ET001</b>	<u>COMPUTER + AFTER IGNITION FEED</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates the absence of the + after ignition feed. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates the presence of the + after ignition feed.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

Status **ET001** must be **ACTIVE**.

In the event of a fault, apply **ALP1 No dialogue with the computer**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET003</b>	<u>ENGINE IMMOBILISER</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the immobiliser is inactive. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the immobiliser is active.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

If the status is not **Inactive**, consult the interpretation of fault **DF352 Immobiliser circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET018</b>	<u>AIR CONDITIONING REQUEST</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the air conditioning is not requested. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the air conditioning is requested.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **injection computer**, component code **120** and the **air conditioning compressor control relay**, component code **474**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check **the continuity, insulation** and **the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **38K** between components **474** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, check the air conditioning (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit: Check**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET052</b>	<u>UPSTREAM O2 SENSOR HEATING</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the upstream O <sub>2</sub> sensor heating is inactive. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the upstream O <sub>2</sub> sensor heating is active.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

If the status is not **Inactive**, consult the interpretation of faults **DF082 Upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit** and **DF092 Upstream oxygen sensor circuit**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

If the status is inconsistent, consult the interpretation of faults **DF082** and **DF092**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET053</b>	<u>DOWNSTREAM O2 SENSOR HEATING</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the downstream O2 sensor heating is inactive. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the downstream O2 sensor heating is active.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.

The status is inactive when the engine is off.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of faults **DF083 Downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit** and **DF093 Downstream oxygen sensor circuit**.

**Conformity check: Engine running at idle speed and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.**

The status becomes **ACTIVE** when the engine is started and its operation increases according to the heating temperature. In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of **DF083** and **DF093**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET054</b>	<u>IDLING SPEED REGULATION</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that idle speed regulation is inactive. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that idle speed regulation is active.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. Pay attention to the consistency of parameters <b>PR145 Engine speed</b> and <b>PR190 Idle speed setpoint</b> .
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

<b>Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.</b>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---

**ET054  
CONTINUED 1**

The status must be **Inactive**, if this is not the case, apply the procedure below.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **idle speed regulation stepper motor**, component code **649** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **resistance of the idle speed regulation stepper motor**.

If the resistance is not between  $47 \Omega < X < 58 \Omega$  at  $25^\circ \text{C}$ , replace the idle speed regulation valve, component code **649** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components**).

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3BW** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BU** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BV** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BX** between components **649** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Repeat the conformity check from the start.

**ET054  
CONTINUED 2**

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The status must be **Active**, if this is not the case, apply the procedure below.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **idle speed regulation stepper motor**, component code **649** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **resistance of the idle speed regulation stepper motor**.

If the resistance is not between  $47 \Omega < X < 58 \Omega$ , replace the idle speed regulation valve, component code **649** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components**).

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3BW** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BU** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BV** between components **649** and **120**,
- **3BX** between components **649** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Repeat the conformity check from the start.

<b>ET054 CONTINUED 3</b>	
<b>IDLING SPEED TOO LOW</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Check the operation of the richness regulation.</li><li>– Clean the air supply circuit (throttle valve, etc.) as it is probably clogged.</li><li>– Check the engine oil level.</li><li>– Check the valve clearances and timing.</li><li>– Check ignition.</li><li>– Check the injectors.</li></ul> <p>If all these points are correct, replace the idle speed regulation motor.</p>
<b>IDLING SPEED TOO HIGH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Check the oil level.</li><li>– Check that the pressure sensor is operating correctly.</li><li>– Check the cleanliness of the pipes on the manifold.</li><li>– Check the pneumatically controlled solenoid valves.</li><li>– Check the manifold gaskets.</li><li>– Check the throttle valve seals.</li><li>– Check the sealing of the brake servo.</li><li>– Check for the fittings in the oil vapour rebreathing system.</li><li>– Check the valve clearances and timing.</li></ul> <p>If all these points are correct, replace the idle speed regulation motor.</p>
<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.

<b>ET056</b>	<u>DOUBLE RICHNESS LOOP</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the double richness loop is inactive. <b>ACTIVE:</b> The status indicates that the double richness loop is active.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	To change status <b>ET056</b> to <b>ACTIVE</b> run the engine for approximately <b>1 minute 30 seconds</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of **DF092 Upstream oxygen sensor circuit** and **DF093 Downstream oxygen sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET057</b>	<u>COMBUSTION MISFIRES ON CYLINDER 1</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>NO:</b> Indicates the absence of misfiring on cylinder 1. <b>YES:</b> Indicates the presence of misfiring on cylinder 1.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

If **ET057** is **YES**, apply the interpretation of faults **DF123 Pollutant combustion misfires** and **DF124 Destructive combustion misfires**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET058</b>	<u>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 2</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>NO:</b> Indicates the absence of misfiring on cylinder 2. <b>YES:</b> Indicates the presence of misfiring on cylinder 2.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

If **ET058** is **YES**, apply the interpretation of faults **DF123 Pollutant combustion misfires** and **DF124 Destructive combustion misfires**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET059</b>	<u>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 3</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>NO:</b> Indicates the absence of misfiring on cylinder 3. <b>YES:</b> Indicates the presence of misfiring on cylinder 3.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

If **ET059** is **YES**, apply the interpretation of faults **DF123 Pollutant combustion misfires** and **DF124 Destructive combustion misfires**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET060</b>	<u>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 4</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>NO:</b> Indicates the absence of misfiring on cylinder 4. <b>YES:</b> Indicates the presence of misfiring on cylinder 4.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

If **ET060** is **YES**, apply the interpretation of faults **DF123 Pollutant combustion misfires** and **DF124 Destructive combustion misfires**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET061</b>	<u>CYLINDER 1 RECOGNITION</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>PERFORMED:</b> This status indicates that the cylinder 1 injector command recognition is active.</p> <p><b>NOT PERFORMED:</b> This status indicates that the cylinder 1 injector command recognition is inactive.</p>
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

Run command **RZ019 Reinitialise programming** and program the engine flywheel target (see **Configurations and Programming - 2. Flywheel target programming**).  
If the programming is done, status **ET061** must be **performed**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET117</b>	<u>OVERHEATING WARNING LIGHT</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>OFF:</b> The <b>overheating warning light</b> must be <b>off</b> . <b>ILLUMINATED:</b> The <b>overheating warning light</b> must be <b>illuminated</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

The **overheating warning light** also is used as a warning light for system operation. It illuminates for **3 seconds** when the **power comes on** (automatic test procedure).

**Permanently on:** indicates engine **overheating**.  
In the event of **overheating**, it is up to the driver whether to stop the vehicle or continue driving.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET118</b>	<u>OBD WARNING LIGHT</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>OFF:</b> Indicates that the OBD warning light is off. <b>ILLUMINATED:</b> Indicates that the OBD warning light is illuminated.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

If **ET118** is **ILLUMINATED**, consult the interpretation of **DF022 OBD warning light circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET222</b>	<u>INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT CONTROL.</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> Indicates that the <b>Level 1 injection fault</b> warning light is illuminated. <b>INACTIVE:</b> Indicates that the <b>Level 1 injection fault</b> warning light is off.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

<b>ACTIVE:</b> The <b>injection computer</b> recorded one or more faults, with status <b>open circuit or short circuit to +12 V</b> . Level 1 warning light illuminated if the level 2 warning light is defective. Deal with these faults (see <b>Interpretation of faults</b> ).
<b>INACTIVE:</b> The status is <b>INACTIVE</b> when the <b>injection computer</b> did not record any present fault that could illuminate the <b>level 1 warning light (Injection fault warning light)</b> .
If the status is inconsistent, consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF235 Injection fault warning light circuit</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>ET223</b>	<u>SERIOUS INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT CONTROL</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> Indicates that the Level 2 injection fault warning light is illuminated. <b>INACTIVE:</b> Indicates that the Level 2 injection fault warning light is off.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

**ACTIVE:** The **injection computer** recorded one or more faults, with status **short circuit to earth**.  
Deal with these faults (see **Interpretation of faults**).

**INACTIVE:** The status is **INACTIVE** when the **injection computer** did not record any present fault that could illuminate the **level 2 warning light (Serious injection fault warning light)**.

If the status is inconsistent, consult the interpretation of fault **DF236 Serious injection fault warning light circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>ET278</b>	<u>THROTTLE POSITION: NO LOAD</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>YES:</b> If the accelerator pedal is not depressed. <b>NO:</b> If the accelerator pedal is lightly depressed or depressed.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

Accelerator pedal released: Check that the value of <b>PR429 Measured throttle position</b> is between $0^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 47^{\circ}\text{C}$ . If <b>ET278</b> is <b>NO</b> , apply the interpretation of <b>PR429</b> .
Accelerator pedal lightly depressed: If <b>ET278</b> is <b>YES</b> , apply the interpretation of <b>PR429</b> .
Accelerator pedal fully depressed: Check that the value of <b>PR429</b> is between $70^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ . If <b>ET278</b> is <b>YES</b> , apply the interpretation of <b>PR429</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET278 CONTINUED</b>	
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**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

Accelerator pedal not depressed:  
Check that the value of **PR429** is between  $0^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 47^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
If **ET278** is **NO**, apply the interpretation of **PR429**.

Accelerator pedal lightly depressed:  
If **ET278** is **YES**, apply the interpretation of **PR429**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET290</b>	<u>FUEL PUMP RELAY CONTROL</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the fuel pump relay control is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the fuel pump relay control is deactivated.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

This status becomes **ACTIVE** when the engine is started.  
In the event of a fault apply the interpretation for **DF085, Fuel pump relay control circuit.**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET295</b>	<u>CANISTER BLEED</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> The status indicates that the canister bleed control is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> The status indicates that the canister bleed control is inactive.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The petrol vapour rebreather bleed does not operate at idle speed
	There must be no present or stored faults.

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

In the event of a fault, use command **AC017 Canister bleed solenoid valve** to check its operation.  
If the fault is still present, see the interpretation of fault **DF081 Canister bleed solenoid valve circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET297</b>	<u>POWER ASSISTED STEERING PRESSOSTAT</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the steering pressostat is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the steering pressostat is inactive.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. Take this interpretation into account only if there is a conformity check inconsistency.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> and the <b>steering pressostat</b> , component code <b>224</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: • <b>3AW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>224</b> , • <b>3BA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>224</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET298</b>	<u>LOW-SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the low speed <b>fan assembly</b> is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the low speed <b>fan assembly</b> is inactive.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There should be no fault detected on the coolant temperature sensor circuit when this fault finding procedure is being carried out.
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**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

<p>Deal with <b>DF001 Coolant temperature sensor circuit</b> first. Check the consistency of <b>PR064 Coolant temperature</b>.</p> <p><b>ACTIVE:</b> The injection computer requests the <b>activation</b> of the <b>low speed fan assembly</b> when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– the engine coolant temperature is above <b>99°C</b>,</li><li>– the injection computer has system faults that could lead to the engine overheating,</li><li>– the air conditioning is switched on by the driver.</li></ul> <p>When the high speed fan is supplied: status <b>ET298</b> becomes <b>ACTIVE</b>.</p>
<p><b>INACTIVE:</b> The high speed fan assembly stops when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– the engine coolant temperature is below <b>96°C</b>,</li><li>– no fault which could cause engine overheating is present in the injection system.</li><li>– the air conditioning is switched on by the driver.</li></ul>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool. Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET299</b>	<u>HIGH SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the high speed <b>fan assembly</b> is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the high speed <b>fan assembly</b> is inactive.
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<b>Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.</b>
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<p>Deal with <b>DF001 Coolant temperature sensor circuit</b> first. Check the consistency of <b>PR064 Coolant temperature</b>.</p> <p><b>ACTIVE:</b> The injection computer requests the activation of the high speed fan assembly when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– the engine coolant temperature is above <b>102°C</b>,</li><li>– the injection computer has system faults that could lead to the engine overheating.</li></ul> <p>When the high speed fan is supplied: status <b>ET299</b> becomes <b>ACTIVE</b>.</p>
<p><b>INACTIVE:</b> The high speed fan assembly stops when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– the engine coolant temperature is below <b>99°C</b>,</li><li>– no fault which could cause engine overheating is present in the injection system.</li></ul>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>ET300</b>	<u>RICHNESS REGULATION</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that richness regulation is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that richness regulation is inactive.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

The status must be <b>ACTIVE</b> . In the event of a fault, consult the procedure below.	
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the <b>connectors of the upstream oxygen sensor</b> , component code <b>887</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.	
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the <b>injection computer connectors</b> , component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET300 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check ignition.  
Check the canister bleed tightness (a leak greatly disturbs the richness).  
Check the exhaust system tightness.  
Check the tightness of the inlet manifold.  
If the vehicle has only been driven in town, the sensor will be dirty (try driving under load).  
Check fuel pressure.  
If idling is unstable, check the valve clearances and timing.  
If necessary, replace the **oxygen sensor**, component code **887** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting**).

Check for **+12 V** on the **upstream oxygen sensor**, component code **887** on the following connection:

- **3FB** of component **887**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3GH** between components **120** and **887**.
- **3GK** between components **120** and **887**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET314</b>	<u>FLYWHEEL SIGNAL WITH ENGINE RUNNING</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the flywheel signal with engine running is inactive. <b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the flywheel signal with engine running is active.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The status must be **INACTIVE**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The status must be **ACTIVE**.

In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF336 Flywheel signal information**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET318</b>	<u>POWER ASSISTED STEERING PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTION</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>YES:</b> This status indicates that the power-assisted steering pressure switch connection is made. <b>NO:</b> This status indicates that the power-assisted steering pressure switch connection is not made.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The status must be **NO**.  
In the event of a fault, see the interpretation of **ET297 Power-assisted steering pressure switch**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The status should be **YES**.  
In the event of a fault, see the interpretation of **ET297**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET321</b>	<u>AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the air conditioning compressor is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the air conditioning compressor is inactive.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the <b>connectors of the air conditioning compressor control relay</b> , component code <b>474</b> and the <b>connectors of the injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: • <b>38K</b> between the components <b>120</b> and <b>474</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, check the air conditioning (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Check</b> ).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>ET341</b>	<u>IMMOBILISER CODE PROGRAMMED</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>YES:</b> This status indicates that the immobiliser code has been programmed by the injection computer. <b>NO:</b> This status indicates that the immobiliser code has not been programmed by the injection computer.
--------------------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

If the status is **NO**, consult the interpretation of fault **DF352 Immobiliser circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Parameter summary table

Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title
<b>PR014</b>	Idling speed correction
<b>PR035</b>	Atmospheric pressure
<b>PR037</b>	Refrigerant pressure
<b>PR058</b>	Air temperature
<b>PR064</b>	Coolant temperature
<b>PR071</b>	Computer feed voltage
<b>PR095</b>	Anti-pinking correction
<b>PR098</b>	Upstream oxygen sensor voltage
<b>PR099</b>	Downstream oxygen sensor voltage
<b>PR101</b>	Duration of injection
<b>PR102</b>	Canister bleed solenoid valve OCR*
<b>PR103</b>	Instantaneous fuel consumption
<b>PR105</b>	OBD fault warning light lit mileage counter
<b>PR125</b>	Power used by the AC compressor
<b>PR139</b>	Operating adaptive richness
<b>PR140</b>	Idle adaptive richness
<b>PR145</b>	Engine speed
<b>PR155</b>	Vehicle speed
<b>PR190</b>	Engine idle speed setpoint.
<b>PR192</b>	Engine torque map

\*ocr = opening cyclic ratio

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Parameter summary table

Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title
PR421	Inlet manifold vacuum
PR424	Programming the no-load position value
PR427	Average pinking signal
PR429	Measured throttle position
PR431	Idle speed OCR* adaptive
PR432	Idle speed OCR*
PR438	Richness correction value
PR444	Integral idling speed regulation correction
PR448	Ignition advance
PR459	Combustion misfiring rate



<b>PR014</b>	<u>IDLE SPEED CORRECTION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the value of the idle speed correction. This parameter changes according to the variations and ageing of the engine.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

The parameter value is **PR014 = 0 rpm**.  
If the reading is inconsistent, apply the interpretation of **DF336 Flywheel signal information**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR035</b>	<u>ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the atmospheric pressure value in <b>mbar</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on.**

In case of inconsistency, check that **PR421 Manifold pressure = PR035 Local atmospheric pressure**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The parameter value must be between **700 mbar < PR035 < 1047 mbar**.  
In case of inconsistency, check that **PR421 = PR035 = Local atmospheric pressure** with the **engine stopped and the ignition on**.  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of **PR421**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR037</b>	<u>REFRIGERANT PRESSURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the refrigerant pressure value in <b>bar</b> .
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

The value must be between **1 bar < PR037 < 33 bar**.  
In the event of a fault, see the interpretation of fault **DF232 Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR058</b>	<u>AIR TEMPERATURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the air temperature value in °C.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

The value indicated by the air temperature sensor must be equal to the **temperature under the bonnet to within 5°C**.  
If the reading is inconsistent, check that the sensor is obeying the "**resistance versus temperature**" **calibration curve (see Fault finding – Help section at the end of the document)**.  
Replace the sensor, **component code 272** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air flowmeter: Removal - Refitting**) if the values are incorrect (if a sensor is incorrect, this is often due to an electric shock).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---

### PR058 CONTINUED

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **injection computer**, component code **120** and the **air temperature sensor**, component code **272**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3B** between components **120** and **272**,
- **3JQ** between components **120** and **272**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Repeat the conformity check from the start.

<b>PR064</b>	<u>COOLANT TEMPERATURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the coolant temperature value in °C.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

The indicated value must be equal to the **engine temperature to within 5°C**.  
If the reading is inconsistent, check that the sensor is obeying the "**resistance versus temperature**" calibration curve (see **Fault finding – Help section at the end of the document**).

Replace the **coolant temperature sensor**, component code **244** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting**) if the values are incorrect (if a sensor is incorrect, this is often due to an electric shock).

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3JK** between components **120** and **244**,
- **3C** between components **120** and **244**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR071</b>	<u>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the value of the computer power supply voltage in <b>V</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. There must be no electrical consumer activated.
--------------	---

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

**If the voltage is at minimum:**  
Check the battery (see **Technical Note 3682A, Battery, 80A, Battery - Check**) and the charging circuit (see **Technical Note 3455A, Checking the charging circuit, 16A, Starting - Charging**).

**If the voltage is at maximum:**  
Check that the charging voltage is correct with and without electrical consumers (see **Technical Note 3455A, Checking the charging circuit, 16A, Starting - Charging**).

**If the battery and the charging circuit are correct:**  
Deal with the fault by applying the procedure for fault **DF587 +5 volts supply to potentiometers and sensors**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR095</b>	<u>ANTI-PINKING CORRECTION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the anti-pinking correction in °V.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The pinking sensor must not supply a zero signal, proving that it is recording the mechanical vibrations of the engine.  
The value should be between  $0\text{ °V} < \text{PR095} < 8\text{ °V}$ .  
If the reading is inconsistent, see the interpretation of fault **DF330 Pinking sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR098</b>	<u>UPSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the upstream oxygen sensor voltage in <b>mV</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The voltage value must be between **400 mV < PR098 < 450 mV** and must vary by at least **+/- 50 mV**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The voltage value must be between **20 mV < PR098 < 840 mV**.

<b>Upstream oxygen sensor</b> sub-function	In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of <b>DF092 Upstream oxygen sensor circuit</b> .
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<b>Richness regulation</b> sub-function	In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status <b>ET300 Richness regulation</b> .
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR099</b>	<u>DOWNSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the downstream oxygen sensor voltage in <b>mV</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The voltage value must be between **400 mV < PR098 < 450 mV**.  
In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of **DF093 Downstream oxygen sensor circuit**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The voltage value must be between **20 mV < PR098 < 840 mV**.  
In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of **DF093 Downstream oxygen sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR102</b>	<u>CANISTER BLEED SOLENOID VALVE OCR</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the canister bleed solenoid valve opening cyclic ratio in %.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

The parameter value must be **PR102**  $\approx$  0%.  
In the event of a fault, use command **AC017 Canister bleed solenoid valve** to check its operation. With the solenoid valve disconnected and the engine idling, use a finger to check that there is no intake of vapours.

If the fault is still present, see the interpretation of fault **DF081 Canister bleed solenoid valve circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR105</b>	<u>MILEAGE COUNTER OBD FAULT WARNING LIGHT LIT</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the mileage travelled with the OBD warning light illuminated. This counter can be reset to 0 with the fault clearing command <b>RZ007 Fault memory</b> . The mileage varies according to the time the On Board Diagnostics warning light has been lit.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

If there are no OBD faults on the vehicle, the value of **PR105** is **0**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR125</b>	<u>POWER ABSORBED BY THE AC* COMPRESSOR</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the power consumed by the air conditioning compressor in <b>W</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on.**

The value should be: **PR125 = 300 W**

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling and air conditioning activated.**

The parameter value must be **0 W < PR125 > 300 W**.

\*AC: Air conditioning

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR139 PR140</b>	<u>RICHNESS ADAPTIVE OPERATION</u> <u>IDLE SPEED RICHNESS ADAPTIVE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	These parameters indicate the richness regulation. The richness correction values are applied in order to have a richness of around 1.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. Carry out the programming operations.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or engine warm and idling.**

The value of the operating richness adaptive parameter must be between <b>100 &lt; PR139 &lt; 255</b> . The value of the idle richness adaptive parameter must be between <b>0 &lt; PR140 &lt; 208</b> . If the readings are inconsistent, apply the fault finding procedure below.
Check the sealing of the canister bleed. Repair if necessary.
Clear the injection computer memory. When the engine is warm and during idle speed regulation, look at parameters <b>PR139</b> and <b>PR140</b> . – <b>If one of these parameters goes to maximum stop, there is not enough petrol or too much air in the mixture.</b> – <b>If one of these parameters goes to minimum stop, there is too much petrol or not enough air in the mixture.</b>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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**PR139**  
**PR140**  
**CONTINUED**

Ensure the correctness, cleanness and proper operation of:

- petrol filter,
- petrol pump,
- fuel circuit,
- tank,
- air supply pipe,
- air filter,
- plugs.

Repair if necessary.

Check:

- the compressions,
- the valve clearance,
- the ignition.

Repair if necessary.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Repeat the conformity check from the start.

<b>PR145</b>	<u>ENGINE SPEED</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the engine's rotational speed in <b>rpm</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The parameter value must be **PR145 = 0 rpm**.  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status **ET054 Idle speed regulation**.

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

When accelerating or driving, the parameter value must be between **700 < PR145 < 6500 rpm**.  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF336 Flywheel signal information**.

When idling, the parameter value must be between **750 < PR145 < 910 rpm**.  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status **ET054**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR155</b>	<u>VEHICLE SPEED</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the vehicle speed in <b>mph (km/h)</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

This parameter is transmitted by the **ABS** computer.  
This signal is transmitted to the injection by:

- the **vehicle speed sensor** (for a 4x2 vehicle without ABS, without ESP)
- the **ABS computer** (for a vehicle with ABS)
- the **ESP computer** (for a vehicle with ESP)
- the **ETC torque distributor** (for a 4x4 vehicle without ABS, without ESP).

In the event of a fault, see the interpretation of fault **DF091 Vehicle speed signal**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>PR190</b>	<u>IDLE SPEED SETPOINT</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the idle speed setpoint in <b>rpm</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

Its value must be equal to the value of **PR145** to within **25 rpm**.

In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status **ET054 Idle speed regulation**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR192</b>	<u>ENGINE TORQUE MAP</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the engine torque in <b>Nm</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

This value must be between **20 N.m < X < 40 N.m**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>PR421</b>	<u>MANIFOLD PRESSURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the pressure in the inlet circuit in <b>mbar</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The value of **PR421** must be between **250 mbar < X < 500 mbar**.

If there is inconsistency, check that **PR421 = PR035 Atmospheric pressure = Local atmospheric pressure**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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### PR421 CONTINUED 1

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The value of **PR421** must be between **114 mbar < X < 1048 mbar**.

If there is inconsistency, consult the procedure below.

Manifold pressure not correct when ignition is on.  
or  
Manifold pressure < minimum at idle speed  
or  
Atmospheric pressure not correct (**PR035**)

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connectors of the manifold pressure sensor**, component code **147** and the **injection computer**, component code **120**. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3AJR** between components **147** and **120**,
- **3AJQ** between components **147** and **120**,
- **3AJP** between components **147** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the manifold pressure sensor (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components**).

### AFTER REPAIR

Repeat the conformity check from the start.

<b>PR421 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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Manifold pressure > maximum pressure at idle speed.	Check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– the seal between the manifold and the sensor,</li><li>– the valve clearance,</li><li>– the fuel vapour absorber bleed,</li><li>– the cylinder compressions,</li><li>– that there are no air leaks,</li><li>– that the exhaust is not blocked.</li></ul>
	If the fault is still present, replace the manifold pressure sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components</b> ).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>PR427</b>	<u>AVERAGE PINKING SIGNAL</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the average pinking signal.
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
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**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

This parameter varies according to the pinking status in the combustion chamber.  
After the first cylinder was recognised for the first time, without pinking, the average pinking signal must be approximately **50**.  
In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of **DF330 Pinking sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>PR429</b>	<u>MEASURED THROTTLE POSITION</u>
--------------	-----------------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the throttle position.
-----------------------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

For **engine stopped and ignition on**, PR429 must be between  $70^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
For **engine warm and idling**, PR429 must be between  $0^{\circ}\text{C} < X < 47^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation below.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---



<p><b>PR429 CONTINUED 1</b></p>	
<p>Programming at end point <b>PR424</b> or non-detection of No Load <b>ET278</b> or non-detection of Full Load <b>ET279</b></p>	<p>Check that the <b>potentiometer mechanical stop has not been altered</b>. Check the accelerator control (friction, blockage, etc.).</p>
	<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the throttle potentiometer, component code <b>222</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
	<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>3GR</b> between components <b>222</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>• <b>3JL</b> between components <b>222</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>• <b>3AJ</b> between components <b>222</b> and <b>120</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Measure the resistance of the throttle potentiometer. if the resistance between connections <b>3GR</b> and <b>3JL</b> is not between <math>960 \Omega &lt; X &lt; 1440 \Omega</math> and the <b>resistance between connections 3AJ and 3JL</b> is not <math>X \leq 1050 \Omega</math>: replace the throttle potentiometer (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Throttle valve potentiometer: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
	<p>Repair if necessary.</p>

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Repeat the conformity check from the start.</p>
----------------------------	--

<p><b>PR429 CONTINUED 2</b></p>	
-------------------------------------	--

<p>The throttle position is fixed (<b>PR429</b>).</p>	<p>Check that the sensor is mechanically linked to the throttle. Replace the throttle potentiometer if necessary (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Throttle valve potentiometer: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
---	---

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Repeat the conformity check from the start.</p>
----------------------------	--

<b>PR431</b>	<u>IDLE SPEED OCR* ADAPTIVE</u>
--------------	---------------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the idle speed regulation programming value as a %.
-----------------------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
--------------	--

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

**PR431** is a stored parameter designed to "program" engine variation and ageing for the idle speed regulator. The programming is carried out only when the engine is idle and warm, and no electrical consumer (air conditioning, fan assembly, power assisted steering) is operating. Therefore it adjusts slowly.

\*ocr = opening cyclic ratio

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---

<b>PR432</b>	<u>IDLE SPEED OCR*</u>
--------------	------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the value of the richness correction.
-----------------------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
--------------	--

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

For the values, see **System operation, Adaptive idle speed correction.**  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status **ET054 Idle speed regulation.**

\*ocr = opening cyclic ratio

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---

<b>PR438</b>	<u>RICHNESS CORRECTION VALUE</u>
--------------	----------------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the value of the richness correction.
-----------------------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
--------------	--

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

The value must be between  $0 < X < 255$ .  
Average value **128**.

In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status **ET300 Richness regulation**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---

<b>PR444</b>	<u>BUILT-IN CORRECTION FOR IDLE SPEED REGULATION</u>
--------------	--

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the integral term of the theoretical OCR* of regulation valve control in % and is calculated depending on the air requirements of the consumers.
-----------------------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults.
--------------	--

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF360 Idle speed regulation circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

<b>PR448</b>	<u>IGNITION ADVANCE</u>
--------------	-------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the ignition advance in degrees of crankshaft rotation °V.
-----------------------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. There must be no electrical consumer activated.
--------------	---

**Conformity check: engine stopped and ignition on.**

The value should be:  
– **PR448 ≈ 0 °V.**  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF336 Flywheel signal information.**

**Conformity check: Engine warm and idling.**

The value should be:  
– **PR448 ≈ 4 °V.**  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of **DF336.**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>PR459</b>	<u>COMBUSTION MISFIRING RATE</u>
--------------	----------------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the percentage of combustion misfiring.
-----------------------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. There must be no electrical consumer activated.
--------------	---

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

The value  $\approx$  **20% indicates** that no major misfiring was detected based on an analysis of an adequate sample.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the diagnostic tool.
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<b>NOTES</b>	The commands are carried out to confirm that certain components are working properly.
--------------	---

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title
	Specification
AC015	Fuel pump relay
	This command controls the activation of the fuel pump. In the event of a fault, see <b>Interpretation of commands</b> .
AC017	Canister bleed solenoid valve
	This command controls the canister bleed solenoid valve. In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of <b>DF081 Canister bleed solenoid valve circuit</b> .
AC018	Upstream O2 sensor heating
	This command controls the heating of the upstream oxygen sensor. In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF082 Upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</b> .
AC019	Downstream O2 sensor heating
	This command controls the heating of the downstream oxygen sensor. In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of <b>DF083 Downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</b> .
AC038	Low speed fan assembly relay
	This command controls the low speed fan assembly. In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET298 Low speed fan assembly</b> .
AC039	High speed fan assembly relay
	This command controls the high speed fan assembly. In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET299 High speed fan assembly</b> .
AC047	OBD warning light
	This command controls the <b>OBD</b> warning light on the instrument panel. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– With the engine stopped and the ignition on, the <b>OBD</b> warning light should <b>illuminate</b>.</li> <li>– With the engine warm and idling, the <b>OBD</b> warning light should remain <b>off</b>.</li> </ul> In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of <b>DF022 OBD warning light circuit</b> .

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title
	Specification
AC068	Injection fault warning light
	This command actuates the <b>level 1</b> warning light on the instrument panel. In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of <b>DF235 Injection fault warning light circuit</b> .
AC069	Severe injection fault warning light
	This command actuates the <b>level 2</b> warning light on the instrument panel. In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of <b>DF236 Serious injection fault warning light circuit</b> .
AC070	Air conditioning compressor
	This command is used to activate the air conditioning compressor. In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of status <b>ET321 Air conditioning compressor</b> .
AC109	Idle regulation valve
	This command is used to activate the idle regulation valve. In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF360 Idle speed regulation circuit</b> .
AC116	Coolant temperature warning light
	This command is used to illuminate the coolant temperature warning light. In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF001 Coolant temperature sensor circuit</b> .

<b>AC015</b>	<u>FUEL PUMP RELAY</u>
--------------	------------------------

<b>COMMAND DEFINITION</b>	This command controls the activation of the fuel pump, when the ignition is on.
---------------------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
--------------	---

**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on or Engine warm and idling.**

<p>Check the <b>condition and connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>fuel pump relay</b>, component code <b>236</b> and the connector of the <b>fuel sender</b>, component code <b>833</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>With the ignition off, check for <b>+12 V</b> on the <b>fuel pump relay</b>, component code <b>236</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>BP17</b> of component <b>236</b>.</li></ul>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>BP17</b> between components <b>236</b> and <b>597</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
---------------------	---

### AC015 CONTINUED

With the starter activated, check for **+12 V** on the **fuel pump relay**, component code **236** on the following connection:

- **3NA** of component **236**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **3NA** between components **236** and **833**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **earth** on the **fuel pump relay**, component code **833** between the following connection:

- **MG** of component **833**.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

**MG** between component **833** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **fuel pump relay**, component code **236**.

If the fault is still present, replace the **fuel pump**, component code **833** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19C, Fuel tank, Fuel level sensor module: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Repeat the conformity check from the start.

### NOTES

Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.

NO DIALOGUE WITH THE COMPUTER

ALP1

STARTING FAULTS

ALP2

IDLING SPEED FAULTS

ALP3

FAULTS WHEN DRIVING (ACCELERATION FLAT SPOTS, HESITATION ETC.)

ALP4

<b>ALP1</b>	<b>No dialogue with the computer</b>
-------------	--------------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagram for H79</b> .
--------------	--

Check the condition of the battery.

**Ensure that the diagnostic tool is not the cause of the fault** by using it to establish dialogue with a computer on another vehicle.

Check the connection between the diagnostic tool and the diagnostic socket (condition of the cable).

Repair if necessary.

Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the **injection computer**, component code **120**:

- **F02 (5 A)** on component **1016**.

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **injection computer**, component code **120** and the **passenger compartment fuse box**, component code **1016**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** on the **injection computer**, component code **120** on the following connection:

- **AP29** of component **120**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

**ALP1  
CONTINUED 1**

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **AP29** between components **120** and **1016**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **earth** on the **injection computer**, component code **120** between the following connections:

- **NH** of component **120**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **NH** between component **120** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **diagnostic socket**, component code **225**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **HK** between components **120** and **225**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.

**ALP1  
CONTINUED 2**

Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the **diagnostic socket**, component code **225**:

- **F04 (10 A)** and **F29 (15 A)** on component **1016**,

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **passenger compartment fuse box** connectors, component code **1016**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** on the **diagnostic socket**, component code **225** on the following connections:

- **BP56** of component **225**,
- **AP10** of component **225**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **BP56** between components **225** and **1016**,
- **AP10** between components **225** and **1016**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **for earth** on the **diagnostic socket**, component code **225** between the following connections:

- **MAN** of component **225**,
- **NC** of component **225**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **MAN** between component **225** and **earth**,
- **NC** between component **225** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.



# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

17B

<b>ALP2</b>	<b>Starting faults</b>
-------------	------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.
--------------	---

Check that the starter motor operates properly.
Check that there is fuel in the tank (fuel sender fault). Check the conformity of the fuel, run <b>TEST 1 Petrol conformity check</b> .
Check that no hoses are pinched (especially after a removal operation). Check the condition of the fuel filter. Check the condition of the tank. Check that the tank vent is not blocked.
Check the petrol pump electrical supply.
Check the idle speed regulation valve. Tap gently to release the valve.
Disconnect the pipe connecting the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve to the inlet manifold. Plug the pipe to prevent an air leak. If there is no longer any disturbance, the fuel vapour absorber bleed is at fault.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

<b>ALP2 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the condition of the spark plugs and ignition coils.  
Check that these components are correct for the vehicle.

Check the engine compression.

Check the condition of the flywheel.

Check the timing adjustment.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

17B

<b>ALP3</b>	<b>Idle speed faults</b>
-------------	--------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.
--------------	---

Check that there is fuel in the tank (fuel sender fault). Check the conformity of the fuel, run <b>TEST 1 Petrol conformity check</b> .
Check that no hoses are pinched (especially after a removal operation). Check the condition of the fuel filter. Check the condition of the tank. Check that the tank vent is not blocked.
Check the connection and condition of the connector of the idle speed regulation stepper motor. Replace the connector if necessary.
Check the idle speed regulation valve. Tap gently to release the valve.
Check that the camshaft dephaser solenoid valve is not locked in the open position (if fitted on the vehicle).
Disconnect the pipe connecting the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve to the inlet manifold. Plug the pipe to prevent an air leak. If there is no longer any disturbance, the fuel vapour absorber bleed is at fault.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**17B**

<b>ALP3 CONTINUED</b>	
---------------------------	--

Check the condition of the spark plugs and ignition coils. Check that these components are correct for the vehicle.
Check that the exhaust system is not blocked and the catalytic converter is not clogged.
Using the dipstick, check that the oil level is not too high.
Check that the brake servo does not leak (noise).
Check the condition of the inlet manifold.
Check that the throttle valve is not clogged.
Check the engine compression.
Check the condition of the flywheel.
Check the timing adjustment.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

<b>ALP4</b>	<b>Faults when driving (acceleration flat spots, jerking, etc.)</b>
-------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.
--------------	---

Check that the air filter is not deformed.
Check that there is fuel in the tank (fuel sender fault). Check the conformity of the fuel, run <b>TEST 1 Petrol conformity check</b> .
Check that no hoses are pinched (especially after a removal operation). Check the condition of the fuel filter. Check the condition of the tank. Check that the tank vent is not blocked.
Disconnect the pipe connecting the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve to the inlet manifold. Plug the pipe to prevent an air leak. If there is no longer any disturbance, the fuel vapour absorber bleed is at fault.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**17B**

<b>ALP4 CONTINUED</b>	
---------------------------	--

Check the condition of the spark plugs and ignition coils. Check that these components are correct for the vehicle.
Check that the exhaust system is not blocked and the catalytic converter is not clogged.
Check that the exhaust manifold is not leaking.
Using the dipstick, check that the oil level is not too high.
Check that the brake servo does not leak (noise).
Check the condition of the inlet manifold.
Check that the throttle valve is not clogged.
Check the engine compression.
Check the condition of the flywheel.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the diagnostic tool.
---------------------	--

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Tests

**17B**

Petrol conformity check

TEST 1

**TEST 1**

**Petrol conformity check**

**WARNING**

During this operation, it is essential to:

- refrain from smoking or bringing incandescent objects close to the work area,
- protect yourself against fuel splashes due to residual pressure in the pipes,
- wear safety goggles with side guards,
- wear leaktight gloves (Nitrile type).

**IMPORTANT**

- To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.
- To prevent impurities from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components exposed to the open air.



### TEST 1 CONTINUED

Remove 1 l of fuel **at the fuel filter outlet, in the engine compartment** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining**), using a pneumatic transfer pump (**part no. 634-200**) and place it in a **1300 ml** plastic cup (**part no. 77 11 171 413**).  
Close the plastic cup with its cover (**part no. 77 11 171 416**) and let the fuel rest for approximately **2 minutes**.  
This type of plastic cup is used to prepare paint.

Is the fuel cloudy or does it separate into two parts?

YES →

Water is present in the petrol; the fuel is not correct.  
Drain the fuel circuit, including the tank (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining**).

NO

Visually compare the fuel removed with the correct petrol.  
**Are the samples identical?**

YES

The fuel is correct.  
End of test.

NO

Fuel incorrect.  
Drain the fuel circuit, including the tank (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining**).

Note:

**Contact the Techline if you have doubts or problems with the customer.**

Throttle potentiometer resistance	Track Cursor	<b>960 Ω &lt; X &lt; 1440 Ω</b> <b>X ≤ 1050 Ω</b>
Idle regulation stepper motor resistance	at <b>25°C</b>	<b>47 Ω &lt; X &lt; 58 Ω</b>
BERU pencil ignition coil resistance	Secondary	<b>9100 Ω &lt; X &lt; 12300 Ω</b>
Injector resistance	at <b>20°C</b>	<b>13 Ω &lt; X &lt; 15 Ω</b>
Upstream oxygen sensor heating resistance	at <b>23°C</b>	<b>2 Ω &lt; X &lt; 5 Ω</b>
Downstream oxygen sensor heating resistance	at <b>23°C</b>	<b>5 Ω &lt; X &lt; 7 Ω</b>
Top Dead Centre magnetic sensor resistance	at <b>23°C</b>	<b>175 Ω &lt; X &lt; 295 Ω</b>
Fuel vapour absorber solenoid valve resistance	at <b>23°C</b>	<b>22 Ω &lt; X &lt; 30 Ω</b>

Temperature	Air temperature sensor resistance	Coolant temperature sensor resistance
in °C	in Ω	in Ω
<b>-10</b>	<b>10500 &lt; X &lt; 9000</b>	<b>11330 &lt; X &lt; 13600</b>
<b>25</b>	<b>1920 &lt; X &lt; 2180</b>	<b>2140 &lt; X &lt; 2370</b>
<b>50</b>	<b>763 &lt; X &lt; 857</b>	<b>770 &lt; X &lt; 850</b>
<b>80</b>	<b>292 &lt; X &lt; 326</b>	<b>275 &lt; X &lt; 290</b>
<b>110</b>	<b>126 &lt; X &lt; 143</b>	<b>112 &lt; X &lt; 117</b>

### Checking the ignition system:

- Check the condition and correct tightness of the spark plugs, and that the codes or part numbers correspond to the engine. Replace them, if necessary.
- Check the condition of the ignition coil connectors. Replace them, if necessary.
- Check the condition and the resistance values of the ignition coils. Replace them, if necessary.
- Check the supplies to the coils. Presence of **+12 V** (ignition on).
- Check the line between the coils and the actuator relay. Repair if necessary.

# DUSTER

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## 1 Engine and peripherals

### 17B PETROL INJECTION

#### V42 Injection

Program No.: 2A

Vdiag No.: 04, 06

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

**Vehicle(s):** LOGAN, SANDERO, DUSTER  
**Engine:** K7M714, K4M694, D4D760, K4M606  
**Function(s) concerned:**  
Petrol injection,  
Flex Fuel Injection

**Name of computer:** V42  
**Program No.:** 2A  
**Vdiag No.:** 04, 06

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this manual):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

#### Wiring Diagrams:

- Visu - Schéma.

#### Type of diagnostic tools

- CLIP

#### Special tooling required

Special tooling required	
<b>Diagnostic tool</b>	
<b>Elé 1590</b>	128-track computer bornier
<b>Ele. 1681</b>	universal bornier
<b>Mot 1711</b>	Injector flow measuring kit
Multimeter.	

### 3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- Make sure the battery is properly charged to avoid damaging the computers if there is a low charge.
- Use the appropriate tools.

### 4. REMINDER

To run diagnostics on the vehicle computers, switch on the ignition using the key

To switch off the + after ignition feed, switch off the ignition using the key.

**Injection computer:**

The injection computer is located in the engine compartment, behind the battery.

**TDC sensor:**

This sensor is located on the gearbox casing, behind the engine.

**Pinking sensor:**

This sensor is located between the four injectors.

**Refrigerant pressure sensor:**

This sensor is located on the air conditioning circuit.

**Injection coolant temperature sensor:**

This sensor is located on the engine water chamber.

**Injection air temperature sensor:**

The air temperature sensor is located at the air circuit inlet.

**Downstream oxygen sensor:**

The downstream oxygen sensor is located on the exhaust pipe downstream of the catalytic converter.

**Upstream oxygen sensor:**

The upstream oxygen sensor is located on the exhaust pipe after the manifold.

**Accelerator potentiometer:**

The potentiometer is located on the accelerator pedal.

**Brake light switch:**

The switch is located on the brake pedal.

**Injectors 1, 2, 3, 4:**

The injectors are mounted on the engine.

**Motorised throttle valve:**

The damper valve is located in front of the inlet manifold.

**Quadruple ignition coil module (D4D and K7M engines):**

The coil module is located in the engine compartment.

**Cylinder 1, 2, 3, 4 pencil coils (K4M engine):**

They are located on the cylinder head.

**Catalytic converter:**

The catalytic converter is located on the exhaust pipe downstream of the catalytic pre-converter.

**Fan unit relay:**

The relay is located on the cooling radiator.

**Injection computer:**

The injection computer receives information from various sensors and sends control signals to various actuators according to mappings that it has stored in the memory.

**TDC sensor:**

This sensor allows the computer to provide synchronisation as well as to know the position Top Dead Centre for injection phasing.

**Pinking sensor:**

This sensor allows the computer to correct the ignition advance under high engine load to avoid damaging the engine.

**Refrigerant pressure sensor:**

The role of the sensor is to measure the refrigerant fluid pressure in the air conditioning circuit.

**Injection coolant temperature sensor:**

The engine coolant temperature sensor informs the computer about the engine coolant temperature.

**Injection air temperature sensor:**

The air temperature sensor provides the computer with the temperature of air taken in by the engine.

**Oxygen sensors:**

The oxygen sensors allow the catalytic converter to correctly perform engine emission control tasks.

**Accelerator potentiometer:**

The potentiometer allows the computer to take into account driver requests expressed using the accelerator pedal.

**Clutch pedal switch:**

This switch allows the computer to convert to anti-jerking mode when the clutch pedal is depressed.

**Brake light switch:**

The brake light switch informs the computer of the brake pedal status.  
Two gangs are used if the cruise control function exists.

**Injectors:**

These injectors enable rapid, precise metering of the quantity of fuel injected, with excellent injection process repetitiveness.

**Motorised throttle valve:**

The throttle valve allows engine air flow to be managed according to driver requests.

**Quadruple ignition coil module (D4D and K7M engines):**

The ignition unit enables ignition (explosion timing control).

**Cylinder 1, 2, 3, 4 pencil coils (K4M engine):**

The pencil coils enable ignition (explosion timing control).

**Fan unit relay:**

The engine cooling fan unit relay supplies power to the engine cooling fan.

D4D760



1. Air filter
2. Motorised throttle valve
3. Injection air temperature sensor
4. Manifold pressure
5. Injectors
6. Ignition coils
7. Injection coolant temperature sensor
8. Pinking sensor
9. TDC sensor
10. Upstream oxygen sensors
11. Downstream oxygen sensors
12. Injection computer
13. Auxiliary cold starting system
14. Auxiliary fuel tank
15. Auxiliary fuel
16. Petrol/alcohol tank
17. Petrol pump
18. Bleed valve



K4M694



1. Air filter
2. Motorised throttle valve
3. Injection air temperature sensor
4. Manifold pressure
5. Injectors
6. Ignition coils
7. Injection coolant temperature sensor
8. Pinking sensor
9. TDC sensor
10. Upstream oxygen sensors
11. Downstream oxygen sensors
12. Injection computer
13. Auxiliary cold starting system
14. Auxiliary fuel tank
15. Auxiliary fuel
16. Petrol/alcohol tank
17. Petrol pump
18. Bleed valve

K7M714



1. Air filter
2. Motorised throttle valve
3. Injection air temperature sensor
4. Manifold pressure
5. Injectors
6. Ignition coils
7. Injection coolant temperature sensor
8. Pinking sensor
9. TDC sensor
10. Upstream oxygen sensors
11. Downstream oxygen sensors
12. Injection computer
13. Auxiliary cold starting system
14. Auxiliary fuel tank
15. Auxiliary fuel
16. Petrol/alcohol tank
17. Petrol pump
18. Bleed valve

K4M606

1. Air filter
2. Motorised throttle valve
3. Injection air temperature sensor
4. Manifold pressure
5. Injectors
6. Ignition coils
7. Injection coolant temperature sensor
8. Pinking sensor
9. TDC sensor
10. Upstream oxygen sensors
11. Downstream oxygen sensors
12. Injection computer

### Engine immobiliser

This Verlog 2 type immobiliser function is managed by the UCH computer and the injection computer. Before any starting request, the injection computer is protected.

When a starting request is made, the injection computer and the Passenger Compartment Control Unit (UCH) exchange authentication data via the multiplex network. This determines whether the engine start is authorised or denied.

After more than five consecutive failed authentication attempts, the injection computer goes into protection (anti-scanning) mode and no longer tries to authenticate the UCH computer. It only leaves this mode when the following sequence of operations is carried out:

- the ignition is left on for at least **20 seconds**,
- the message is switched off,
- the end of the injection computer self-feed is adhered to (the length of time varies depending on engine temperature).

After this, one and only one authentication attempt is allowed. If this fails again, repeat the sequence of operations described above.

If the injection computer still fails to unlock, contact the Techline.

### Impact detected

If an impact has been **stored** by the injection computer, turn off the ignition for **10 seconds**, then switch it back on to start the engine. Clear the faults using the control **RZ001 Fault memory**.

### WARNING

Disconnect the injection system computer when carrying out any welding work on the vehicle.

### ENGINE SPEED MANAGEMENT

Engine speed management is based on the following programs:

- Engine speed management when starting
- Engine speed management according to engine vibrations
- Idle speed management
- Engine speed restriction
- Engine speed management according to its status

#### Engine speed management when starting

This programming is used:

- To set the injection timing when starting, using the TDC (Top Dead Centre) sensor
- To calculate the amount of fuel to be injected into the cylinders to avoid flooding the engine.

#### Preventive correction of engine speed linked to vibrations

Programming that enables user comfort to be optimised during acceleration or deceleration which causes a harsh change in engine torque and therefore vibration in the driveshaft. Torque management is important during these situations.

#### Curative correction of engine speed linked to vibrations

This programming is used to absorb the oscillations in engine speed caused by vibration in the driveshaft.

### Idle speed management

This programming is used to calculate the adapted idle speed according to the conditions of use (cold engine, air conditioning requests, electrical consumer use etc.).

### Air supply

This is managed by a motorised throttle valve which is controlled by the injection computer.

The injection computer also performs the following tasks using the motorised throttle:

- management of valve oscillations which can produce undesirable torque,
- management of valve movement subject to mechanical faults when the valve reaches its mechanical boundaries,
- management of acoustic faults by limiting throttle opening at a certain engine speed and when stopping the engine.

### Torque management

The torque structure is the system for managing engine torque. It is necessary for some functions such as the electronic stability program (ESP), automatic transmission (BVA) or sequential gearbox (BVR).

Each computer (ESP, sequential gearbox, automatic transmission) sends a request for torque via the multiplex network to the injection computer. This arbitrates between the various torque requests and the driver's request (made via the accelerator pedal or the cruise control/speed limiter).

The result of this arbitration gives the torque setpoint. The computer then calculates the throttle position setpoint, the ignition advance *and the wastegate setpoint* (if a turbocharged engine) in order to provide the necessary torque.

### Ignition management

Management of ignition advance enables the combustion quality to be managed and therefore engine operation to be optimised. For a positive advance, the ignition point will be before TDC\*, however the advance can have a negative value.

TDC\*: Top Dead Centre.

### Fuel supply management

The fuel pump ensures the supply of fuel. It is activated for one second each time the + after ignition feed is switched on. It ensures the correct level of pressure in the circuit and thereby achieves correct engine starting, particularly if the vehicle has not been used for a long time. When the engine is running, the pump relay is controlled and therefore the pump is always active.

The petrol vapour absorber enables petrol vapour to be collected in order to limit its release into the atmosphere.

### Richness adjustment

Richness is managed using the upstream and downstream oxygen sensors located on the exhaust. For the sensors to be operational quickly, they need to be heated by the exhaust gas and by a resistor internal to the sensor. These sensors reflect the efficiency of combustion and, using information sent to the computer, they enable the quantity of fuel injected to be managed in order to meet the emission control standards and to ensure optimum engine operation.

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### Engine temperature management

The engine is cooled by a 2-speed fan assembly.

To cool the engine, the first speed of the GMV\* is activated if the coolant temperature exceeds **99°C**, then the second speed is activated if the temperature exceeds **102°C**. A "very high temperature" warning light illuminates on the instrument panel if the temperature exceeds **108°C**.

GMV\*: Fan assembly

## OPERATIONS FOR REPLACING OR REPROGRAMMING THE COMPUTER

### Procedure to be applied before replacement

This procedure must be applied before replacing or reprogramming the injection computer (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**).

#### **IMPORTANT:**

- The computer permanently stores the immobilisation function code. It is forbidden to perform tests with computers borrowed from the Parts Department or from another vehicle.
  - Connect a battery charger and switch on the vehicle + after ignition feed.
  - Switch off all the electrical consumers (lights, interior lighting, air conditioning, radio, etc.).
- 
- Connect the diagnostic tool (mains or cigarette lighter supply).
  - Save the data by running command: **SC003 Save computer data**. In the event of a fault, contact the Techline.
  - In the event of a **replacement**, note the vehicle **VIN code** using command **ID008 VIN code**.
  - Switch on vehicle + after ignition feed and wait until **the coolant temperature** is less than **70°C** and **the air temperature** is less than **50°C**. Consult parameter **PR064 Coolant temperature** and **PR059 Air temperature**.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

It is necessary to respect these temperature values in order to carry out the computer programming or reprogramming operations.

- Apply the programming or reprogramming operations described in **Technical Note 3585A Computer (re)programming procedure**.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

After (re)programming the computer, switch off the + after ignition feed and wait for the loss of communication message to appear on the diagnostic tool, if the message does not appear, wait for **9 minutes**. Failure to follow this procedure may cause the computer data to be corrupted.

### Procedure to be applied after repair:

This procedure must be applied after replacing or reprogramming the computer.

#### Entering the saved data

- enter the saved data by running command **SC001 Write saved data**.

#### Programming the VIN code

- Display the identifier **ID008 VIN code**
- If the **VIN** is not entered, enter the **VIN** using command **VP010 Enter VIN**.

#### Injection computer initialisation

Start and stop the engine to initialise the computer and wait for the loss of communication message to appear on the diagnostic tool, if the message does not appear, wait for **9 minutes**.

The computer is automatically configured according to the sensors and options present on the vehicle.

If the data were not saved before the operation, carry out the following operations:

– **Programming the VIN code**

– Enter the **V.I.N.** using command **VP010 Enter VIN.**

– **Injector programming**

Program the injectors by accessing the sub-section entitled **Injector replacement operations.**

– **Programming the TDC sensor**

Program the TDC sensor by accessing the sub-section entitled **TDC (Top Dead Centre) sensor replacement operations.**

– **Programming the motorised throttle**

Program the motorised throttle by accessing the sub-section entitled **Throttle valve replacement operations.**

– **Injection computer initialisation**

Start and stop the engine to initialise the computer and wait for the loss of communication message to appear on the diagnostic tool, if the message does not appear, wait for **9 minutes.**

The computer is automatically configured according to the sensors and options present on the vehicle.



### THROTTLE VALVE REPLACEMENT OPERATIONS

- When replacing the inlet throttle valve, switch on the vehicle + after ignition feed, after replacing the part.
- Carry out resetting using command **RZ031 Throttle stop programming**.
- Switch off the ignition. The inlet valve will run a new programming procedure whilst maintaining the supply (power latch) due to the reinitialisation phase.
- Check that the programming is correct using status **ET051 Throttle stop programming**, it must be at **1**. If programming was not performed correctly, repeat the operation from the start.
- If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### OPERATIONS FOR REPLACING THE BRAKE PEDAL SWITCH

- When replacing the brake pedal switch, switch on the vehicle + after ignition feed, after replacing the part.
- Check that the switch statuses change as follows, when the brake pedal is activated:
  - **ET039** Brake pedal = 1 and **ET799** Brake Wire Contact = 1 when the brake pedal is **released**
  - **ET039** Brake pedal = 2 and **ET799** Brake Wire Contact = 2 when the brake pedal is **depressed**

### OPERATIONS FOR REPLACING THE TDC (TOP DEAD CENTRE) SENSOR

- Switch on the vehicle + after ignition feed,
- Carry out resetting using command **RZ037 Flywheel target programming**.

Operation for Programming

- Decelerate a first time with injection cut-off (feet off the brake, accelerator and clutch pedals) between **3500** and **3000 rpm**, in a gear above 3rd for at least 3 seconds for manual gearboxes.
- Decelerate a second time with injection cut-off (i.e. feet off the brake, accelerator pedal and clutch pedals) between **2400** and **2000 rpm**, in 3rd gear for a manual gearbox for at least 14 seconds.

BVM\*: Manual gearbox

Programming was performed successfully when status **ET089 Flywheel target programming** is at value **1**.

### OPERATIONS FOR REPLACING THE INJECTORS

- Switch on the vehicle + after ignition feed after replacing the part.  
Carry out resetting using command **RZ033 Richness regulation programming**.
- Switch off the ignition.  
A power latch is necessary to save the reset data.
- Switch on the vehicle + after ignition feed and check the values of the following parameters:
  - PR624 Richness regulation programming offset**
  - PR625 Richness regulation programming gain**
- Test the injectors using the following commands:
  - AC005 Cylinder 1 injector**
  - AC006 Cylinder 2 injector**
  - AC007 Cylinder 3 injector**
  - AC008 Cylinder 4 injector**.

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

Tool fault	DTC code	Diagnostic tool title
DF001	0115	Coolant temperature sensor circuit
DF002	0095	Air temperature sensor circuit
DF011	0641	Sensor supply voltage no. 1
DF012	0651	Sensor supply voltage no. 2
DF015	0657	Main relay control circuit
DF018	0480	Low-speed fan unit control circuit
DF026	0201	Cylinder 1 injector control circuit
DF027	0202	Cylinder 2 injector control circuit
DF028	0203	Cylinder 3 injector control circuit
DF029	0204	Cylinder 4 injector control circuit
DF038	0606	Computer
DF047	0560	Computer feed voltage
DF050	0571	Brake switch circuit
DF059	0301	Misfiring on cylinder 1
DF060	0302	Misfiring on cylinder 2
DF061	0303	Misfiring on cylinder 3
DF062	0304	Misfiring on cylinder 4
DF065	0300	Combustion misfire
DF078	2100	Motorised throttle control circuit
DF079	2119	Motorised throttle valve automatic control
DF081	0443	Canister bleed solenoid valve circuit
DF082	0135	Upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit
DF083	0141	Downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit
DF085	0627	Fuel pump relay control circuit
DF088	0325	Pinking sensor circuit
DF091	0500	Vehicle speed signal
DF092	0130	Upstream oxygen sensor circuit
DF093	0136	Downstream oxygen sensor circuit
DF095	0120	Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 1
DF096	0220	Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 2
DF101	C121	ESP multiplex connection

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

Tool fault	DTC code	Diagnostic tool title
DF102	2503	Alternator power signal available
DF109	0313	Low fuel level misfire
DF120	0335	Engine speed sensor signal
DF361	1351	Ignition coil circuit 1-4
DF362	1352	Ignition coil 2-3 circuit
DF394	0420	Catalytic converter operating fault
DF398	0170	Fuel circuit operating fault
DF409	0461	Fuel level sensor circuit
DF457	0315	Flywheel target
DF532	2502	Alternator charge signal
DF556	2135	Pedal/throttle position consistency
DF631	0703	Brake light switch signal
DF648	060B	Computer
DF721	0217	Engine overheating
DF884	2632	Additional fuel circuit pump relay
DF887	0226	Brake - accelerator pedal position
DF894	1633	Additional fuel circuit solenoid valve
DF974	0225	Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 1
DF975	2120	Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 2
DF992	1644	Additional heater 1 relay circuit
DF993	1645	Additional heater 2 relay circuit
DF994	1646	Additional heater 3 relay circuit
DF1015	0504	Brake switch signal consistency
DF1017	061A	Computer
DF1058	0106	Inlet pressure consistency
DF1063	C415	ESP multiplex connection
DF1068	0530	Refriger* pressure sensor voltage
DF1072	0645	Air conditioning compressor relay control
DF1074	0638	Motorised throttle position inconsistent
DF1355	1656	Multiplexed torque regulator connection

\*Refriger: refrigerant

<b>DF001 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 4.DEF: Voltage too low 5.DEF: Voltage too high 6.DEF: Micro-cut
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> – The OBD and Level 1 warning lights illuminate.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note</b> for Logan, Sandero, Duster.

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector <b>of the coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> and of the connections of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector(s) are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Disconnect the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting</b>). Measure the <b>resistance</b> of component <b>244</b> by connections <b>3JK</b> and <b>3C</b> of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>.</p> <p>If the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> is not between <math>100 \Omega \leq X \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega</math> at ambient temperature: replace the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3JK</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>244</b>.</li><li>– <b>3C</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>244</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF002 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> 2.DEF: Signal outside lower limit. 3.DEF: Signal outside upper limit.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> – The OBD and Level 1 warning lights illuminate.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the connection and condition of the connector of the air temperature sensor, component code **272** and of the connections of the **injection computer**, component code **120**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Measure the **resistance** of the **air temperature sensor**, component code **272** between connections **3B** and **3JQ**.  
If the **resistance** measured is not between  $300 \Omega \leq X \leq 6 \text{ k}\Omega$ : replace the **air temperature sensor**, component code **272**.

Check the **insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3B** between components **799** and **120**.
- **3JQ** between components **799** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF011 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>SENSOR FEED VOLTAGE NO. 1</b> 1.DEF: Above maximum threshold. 2.DEF: Below minimum threshold.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> – The OBD and Level 2 warning lights illuminate.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Disconnect the **accelerator pedal sensor gang 1**, component code **921** then switch on the ignition. Wait several seconds so that the computer can update the fault status.

If the fault changes from **present** to **stored**: Replace the **accelerator pedal sensor gang 1**, component code **921** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting**).

Disconnect the **motorised throttle valve**, component code **1076** then switch on the ignition (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**).

Wait several seconds so that the computer can update the fault status.

If the fault changes from **present** to **stored**: Replace the **damper valve position sensor**, component code **1076** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal - Refitting**) referring to the **Replacement of components** section.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3LR** between components **921** and **120**,
- **3LT** between components **921** and **120**,
- **3MN** between components **1076** and **120**,
- **3MO** between components **1076** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF012 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>SENSOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE NO. 2</b> 1.DEF: Above maximum threshold. 2.DEF: Below minimum threshold.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> – The OBD and Level 2 warning lights illuminate.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Disconnect the <b>accelerator pedal sensor gang 2</b>, component code <b>921</b> then switch on the ignition (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component control, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Wait several seconds so that the computer can update the fault status.</p> <p>If the fault changes from <b>present</b> to <b>stored</b>: Replace the <b>accelerator pedal sensor gang 2</b>, component code <b>921</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Disconnect the <b>manifold pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>147</b>, then switch on the ignition.</p> <p>Wait several seconds so that the computer can update the fault status.</p> <p>If the fault changes from <b>present</b> to <b>stored</b>: Replace the <b>inlet pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>147</b>.</p>
<p>Disconnect the <b>freon pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>1202</b>, then switch on the ignition (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Wait several seconds so that the computer can update the fault status.</p> <p>If the fault changes from <b>present</b> to <b>stored</b>: Replace the <b>freon pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>1202</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3LU</b> between components <b>921</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3LV</b> between components <b>921</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3AJP</b> between components <b>147</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3AJR</b> between components <b>147</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>38Y</b> between components <b>1202</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>38U</b> between components <b>1202</b> and <b>120</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF015 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>MAIN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CC.0: Short circuit to earth.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> : – switch on the powerlatch phase - <b>switch off + after ignition feed and switch on the + after ignition feed again</b> ).
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>, of the <b>engine fuse box</b>, component code <b>597</b>, of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and of the <b>injection relay</b>, component code <b>1047</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 87G, Engine compartment connection unit, Engine compartment connection unit: List and location of components</b>).</p> <p>If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the condition and operation of the <b>injection relay</b>, component code <b>1047</b>.</p> <p>If the injection relay is faulty, replace the injection relay, component code <b>1047</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 87G, Engine compartment connection unit, Engine compartment connection unit: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3AA</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3AC</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>AP29</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>BP37</b> between components <b>597</b> and <b>1047</b>,</li><li>– <b>BP17</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>597</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF018 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>LOW SPEED FAN ASSEMBLY CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> CC.0: Short circuit to earth. CC.1: Short circuit to +12 volts.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared present after the ignition has been switched on or after running command <b>AC038 Low speed fan assembly relay</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Run command <b>AC038 Low speed fan assembly relay</b> and check the supply of the low speed fan assembly relay control circuit using a test light on connection <b>3JN</b> of component <b>120</b> .
Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> and of the <b>low speed fan assembly relay</b> , component code <b>784</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and check for absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>3JN</b> between components <b>784</b> and <b>120</b> . If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Run command <b>AC038 Low speed fan assembly relay</b> and check the supply of the low speed fan assembly relay power circuit using a test light on connection <b>49C</b> of component <b>784</b> . If the check is not correct, replace the <b>fan assembly control relay</b> , component code <b>784</b> .
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF026 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>CYLINDER 1 INJECTOR CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit. CC.1: Short-circuit on +12 volts. CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>The fault changes from stored to present when the engine is running at idle speed.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> For <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> , the <b>OBD</b> and <b>Level 1</b> warning lights illuminate. For <b>CC.0</b> , the <b>Level 2</b> warning light illuminates.
	<b>Measure the resistance of the injector between 0°C and 40°C.</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and of the <b>cylinder 1 injector</b>, component code <b>193</b>.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>cylinder 1 injector</b>, component code <b>193</b> between connections <b>3FB</b> and <b>3CR</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> measured is not between <math>11 \Omega \leq X \leq 20 \Omega</math> (<b>K4M</b> and <b>D4D</b> engine) or <math>9.2 \Omega \leq X \leq 17 \Omega</math> (<b>K7M</b> engine): replace the <b>cylinder 1 injector</b>, component code <b>193</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC005 Cylinder 1 injector</b> and check the operation of the injector with a listening test.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:          – <b>3CR</b> between components <b>193</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>193</b>.          If there is no <b>+ 12 V</b>, check the <b>continuity</b> of the following connection:          – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>597</b> and <b>193</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF027 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>INJECTOR CYLINDER 2 CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CO: Open circuit. CC.1: Short-circuit on +12 volts. CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>The fault changes from stored to present when the engine is running at idle speed.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> For <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> , the <b>OBD and Level 1 warning lights illuminate.</b> For <b>CC.0</b> , the <b>Level 2 warning light illuminates.</b>
	<b>Measure the resistance of the injector between 0°C and 40°C.</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and of the <b>cylinder 2 injector</b>, component code <b>194</b>.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>cylinder 2 injector</b>, component code <b>194</b> between connections <b>3FB</b> and <b>3CS</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> measured is not between <math>11 \Omega \leq X \leq 20 \Omega</math> (<b>K4M</b> and <b>D4D</b> engine) or <math>9.2 \Omega \leq X \leq 17 \Omega</math> (<b>K7M</b> engine): replace the <b>cylinder 2 injector</b>, component code <b>194</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC006 Cylinder 2 injector</b> and check the operation of the injector with a listening test.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:          – <b>3CS</b> between components <b>194</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>194</b>.          If there is no <b>+ 12 V</b>, check the <b>continuity</b> of the following connection:          – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>194</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF028 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>CYLINDER 3 INJECTOR CONTROL CIRCUIT</u> CO: Open circuit. CC.1: Short-circuit on +12 volts. CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>The fault changes from stored to present when the engine is running at idle speed.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> For <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> , the <b>OBD and Level 1 warning lights illuminate.</b> For <b>CC.0</b> , the <b>Level 2 warning light illuminates.</b>
	<b>Measure the resistance of the injector between 0°C and 40°C.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and of the <b>cylinder 3 injector</b>, component code <b>195</b>.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>cylinder 3 injector</b>, component code <b>195</b> between connections <b>3FB</b> and <b>3CT</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> measured is not between <math>11 \Omega \leq X \leq 20 \Omega</math> (<b>K4M</b> and <b>D4D</b> engine) or <math>9.2 \Omega \leq X \leq 17 \Omega</math> (<b>K7M</b> engine): replace the <b>cylinder 3 injector</b>, component code <b>195</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC007 Cylinder 3 injector</b> and check the operation of the injector with a listening test.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:          – <b>3CT</b> between components <b>195</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>195</b>.          If there is no <b>+ 12 V</b>, check the <b>continuity</b> of the following connection:          – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>195</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF029 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>CYLINDER 4 INJECTOR CONTROL CIRCUIT</u> CO: Open circuit. CC.1: Short-circuit on +12 volts. CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>The fault changes from stored to present when the engine is running at idle speed.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> For <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> , the <b>OBD and Level 1 warning lights illuminate.</b> For <b>CC.0</b> , the <b>Level 2 warning light illuminates.</b>
	<b>Measure the resistance of the injector between 0°C and 40°C.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and of the <b>cylinder 4 injector</b>, component code <b>196</b>.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>cylinder 4 injector</b>, component code <b>196</b> between connections <b>3FB</b> and <b>3CU</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> measured is not between <math>11 \Omega \leq X \leq 20 \Omega</math> (<b>K4M</b> and <b>D4D</b> engine) or <math>9.2 \Omega \leq X \leq 17 \Omega</math> (<b>K7M</b> engine): replace the <b>cylinder 4 injector</b>, component code <b>196</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC008 Cylinder 4 injector</b> and check the operation of the injector with a listening test.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:          – <b>3CU</b> between components <b>196</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>196</b>.          If there is no <b>+ 12 V</b>, check the <b>continuity</b> of the following connection:          – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>196</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF038 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMPUTER</u> 1.DEF: Internal electronic fault.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The OBD and Level 2 warning lights illuminate.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF047 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</b> 1.DEF: Permanent high signal. 2.DEF: Permanent low level.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The OBD and Level 1 warning lights illuminate.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Move the wiring harness between the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>battery</b>, component code <b>107</b> to see if the status changes (<b>Present</b> ↔ <b>Stored</b>).</p> <p>Look for any damage to the wiring harness and check the connection and condition of the <b>battery</b>, component code <b>107</b> and its connections.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
Start the engine and check the battery voltage using <b>PR071 Computer supply voltage</b> is <b>X ≥ 9V</b> .
Stop the engine and check the vehicle <b>charging circuit</b> (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 16A, Starting – Charging, Charging circuit: Check</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF050 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>BRAKE SWITCH CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Inconsistent signal.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is <b>present</b> after the ignition has been switched on and the brake pedal has been depressed.          The fault appears after a fault on one of the two brake switch contacts.</p> <p>See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b></p>
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<p>With the brake pedal <b>released</b>, check <b>ET039 Brake pedal</b> and <b>ET799 Brake wire contact</b>.  <b>ET039</b> must be <b>Released</b> and <b>ET799</b> <b>Inactive</b>.</p>
<p>Check the fitting and mechanical operation of the brake pedal (the pedal returns properly).          If the check is incorrect, check the braking system.</p>
<p>Remove the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>) and, without action on the pedal, press sufficiently on the brake pedal switch to seat it completely in its position.          Lock it by turning it an eighth of a turn.</p>
<p>With the brake pedal <b>depressed</b>, measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>65A</b>, the value must be <b>X &gt; 1000 kΩ</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>).          With the brake pedal <b>released</b>, measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>5A</b>, the value must be between <b>0 Ω &lt; X ≤ 1 Ω</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>brake pedal switch</b> connector, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>).          If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring</p>
<p>Check fuse <b>F03 (10 A)</b> and replace it if necessary.</p>
<p><b>Checking the brake pedal switch:</b>          After the repair, perform these two checks.          With the brake pedal <b>released</b>, check <b>ET039</b> and <b>ET799</b>.  <b>ET039</b> must be <b>Released</b> and <b>ET799</b> must be <b>Inactive</b>.          While depressing the brake pedal, check <b>ET039</b> and <b>ET799</b>.  <b>ET039</b> must be <b>depressed</b> and <b>ET799</b> must be <b>active</b>.          The two checks must be correct.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer fault memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF059 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMBUSTION MISFIRES ON CYLINDER 1</u> 1.DEF: Polluting misfiring 2.DEF: Destructive misfiring
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF109 Low fuel level misfire,</b> Check whether there are other cylinders with a <b>combustion misfire</b> fault reported <b>by the diagnostic tool</b> before starting the fault finding procedure below.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>

1.DEF	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the ignition coil circuit (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications</b>),          Check the fuel supply circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the fuel supply pump circuit,          Check the condition of the cylinder 1 injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>),          Check the compression of cylinder 1.</p> <p>After repair, check that the catalytic converter is not damaged by the misfire.          To do this, switch on the ignition, run the catalytic converter test <b>SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter</b> and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  <b>STATUS2:</b> The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS3:</b> The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS4:</b> The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF059 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the fuel supply pump circuit  
Check the condition of the cylinder 1 injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
Check the compression of cylinder 1.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF060 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 2</b> 1.DEF: Polluting misfiring 2.DEF: Destructive misfiring
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF109 Low fuel level misfire</b> , Check whether there are other cylinders with a <b>combustion misfire</b> fault reported <b>by the diagnostic tool</b> before starting the fault finding procedure below.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>

1.DEF	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the ignition coil circuit (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications</b>),          Check the fuel supply circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the condition of the cylinder 2 injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>),          Check the compression of cylinder 2.</p> <p>After repair, check that the catalytic converter is not damaged by the misfire.          To do this, switch on the ignition, run the catalytic converter test <b>SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter</b> and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  <b>STATUS2:</b> The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS3:</b> The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS4:</b> The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF060 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the condition of the cylinder 2 injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
Check the compression of cylinder 2.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF061 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 3</b> 1.DEF: Polluting misfiring 2.DEF: Destructive misfiring
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF109 Low fuel level misfire</b> , Check whether there are other cylinders with a <b>combustion misfire</b> fault reported <b>by the diagnostic tool</b> before starting the fault finding procedure below.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>

<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
 Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
 Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
 Check the condition of the cylinder 3 injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
 Check the compression of cylinder 3.

After repair, check that the catalytic converter is not damaged by the misfire.  
 To do this, switch on the ignition, run the catalytic converter test **SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter** and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).  
 At the end, check the test results:  
**STATUS1:** Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  
**STATUS2:** The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  
**STATUS3:** The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  
**STATUS4:** The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF061 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the condition of the cylinder 3 injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
Check the compression of cylinder 3.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF062 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>MISFIRING ON CYLINDER 4</b> 1.DEF: Polluting misfiring 2.DEF: Destructive misfiring
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – <b>DF109 Low fuel level misfire</b> , Check whether there are other cylinders with a <b>combustion misfire</b> fault reported <b>by the diagnostic tool</b> before starting the fault finding procedure below.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>

1.DEF	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the ignition coil circuit (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications</b>),          Check the fuel supply circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the condition of the cylinder 4 injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>),          Check the compression of cylinder 4.</p> <p>After repair, check that the catalytic converter is not damaged by the misfire.          To do this, switch on the ignition, run the catalytic converter test <b>SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter</b> and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  <b>STATUS2:</b> The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS3:</b> The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS4:</b> The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF062 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the condition of the cylinder 4 injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
Check the compression of cylinder 4.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF065 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMBUSTION MISFIRES</u> 1.DEF: Polluting misfiring 2.DEF: Destructive misfiring
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> – DF109 Low fuel level misfire, – DF059 Combustion misfire on cylinder 1, – DF060 Combustion misfire on cylinder 2, – DF061 Combustion misfire on cylinder 3, – DF062 Combustion misfire on cylinder 4.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.

<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the ignition coil circuit (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications</b>),          Check the fuel supply circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),          Check the condition of the cylinder injector (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>),          Check the compression of the cylinder.</p> <p>After repair, check that the catalytic converter is not damaged by the misfire.          To do this, switch on the ignition, run the catalytic converter test <b>SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter</b> and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  <b>STATUS2:</b> The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS3:</b> The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS4:</b> The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF065 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the condition of the cylinder injector (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
Check the compression of the cylinder.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF078 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MOTORISED THROTTLE CONTROL CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Motorised throttle general control fault
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**WARNING:**

Never drive the vehicle without having confirmed that no faults involving the throttle valve are present.

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> if: – the engine speed varies, – the AC027 Motorised throttle command is activated.
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the **cleanliness and condition** of the injection computer connector, component code **120** and of the throttle valve connector, component code **1076**.

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3AJB** between components **120** and **1076**,
- **3AJC** between components **120** and **1076**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF079 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>MOTORISED THROTTLE VALVE SERVO</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Motorised throttle rest position programming error          2.DEF: Values outside permitted tolerance          3.DEF: Incorrect position of throttle valve in safe mode</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is declared <b>present</b>:          – switch on the powerlatch phase - <b>switch off + after ignition feed and switch on the + after ignition feed again</b></p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  <b>OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b></p>
	<p>See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b></p>

<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the throttle valve connector, component code <b>1076</b>.          If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, manually check that the throttle valve <b>rotates correctly</b>.          Repair if necessary (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Cleaning</b>).</p>
<p>Accelerate a couple of times and check that the values of <b>PR538 Measured voltage gang 2</b> and <b>PR539 Measured voltage gang 1</b> vary according to acceleration.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, disconnect the battery and the injection computer.          Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections:          – <b>3AJB</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1076</b>,          – <b>3AJC</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1076</b>,          – <b>3MO</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1076</b>,          – <b>3MP</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1076</b>,          – <b>3MN</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1076</b>,          – <b>3MQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>1076</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>If the throttle valve has been replaced, reinitialise the programming by running command <b>RZ031 Throttle stop programming</b>.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, <b>contact Techline</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults.          Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF081 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>CANISTER BLEED SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>For CO and CC.1, the OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate.</b>

<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the connector of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b> and of the connector of the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve, component code <b>371</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>371</b> and <b>1047</b>, – <b>3BB</b> between components <b>371</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>371</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the operation of the canister bleed solenoid valve using command <b>AC017 Canister bleed solenoid valve</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>resistance of the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve</b>. If the resistance of the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve is not between: <b>24 Ω &lt; X &lt; 30 Ω</b> between <b>0°C</b> and <b>40°C</b>, replace the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, <b>contact Techline</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF082 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>UPSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR HEATING CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>For CO and CC.1, the OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate.</b>

<p>Check the <b>condition of the fuse</b> of the supply circuit for the upstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>887</b>. If the fuse is faulty, replace the fuse (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the upstream oxygen sensor connector, component code <b>887</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>887</b>. Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>887</b>, – <b>3GF</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>887</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>If all the checks are correct, replace the upstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>887</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 452, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF083 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>DOWNSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR HEATING CIRCUIT</u></b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>For CO and CC.1, the OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate.</b>

<p>Check the <b>condition of the fuse</b> of the supply circuit for the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b>. If the fuse is faulty, replace the fuse (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the connector of the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>242</b>. Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>242</b>, – <b>3GG</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>242</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>If all the checks are correct, replace the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF085 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>FUEL PUMP RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT</b> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after the ignition is switched on or when running command <b>AC015 Petrol pump relay</b> .
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .

<b>CO CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>OBD warning light and level 2 fault warning light illuminated.</b>
<b>CC.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.

<p>Check the supply of the fuel supply pump relay control circuit with a test light by running command <b>AC015 Fuel pump relay</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the connector of the petrol pump relay, component code <b>236 (1047)</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:          – <b>3AC</b> between components <b>236 (1047)</b> and <b>120</b>,          – <b>3NA</b> between components <b>236 (1047)</b> and <b>833</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the supply of the power circuit at the fuel supply pump relay output with a test light by running command <b>AC015 Fuel pump relay</b>. If the supply at the relay output is not correct, replace the petrol pump relay, component code <b>1047</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 87G, Engine compartment connection unit, Engine compartment connection unit: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF088 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>PINKING SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a warm engine road test at an engine speed of more than <b>3500 rpm</b>.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>The Level 1 warning light is illuminated.</b></li> <li>– The wiring harness connecting the injection computer to the pinking sensor is shielded, therefore a short circuit at <b>+ 12V</b> is unlikely.</li> </ul>
	<p>See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b></p>

<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the pinking sensor, component code <b>146</b> and its connector.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.          Check the <b>tightness</b> of the pinking sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the injection computer connections, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise, replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the internal resistance of the pinking sensor, component code <b>146</b>. The resistance value of the sensor must be: <b>X &gt; 10M Ω</b>. If the value is not correct, replace the pinking sensor, component code <b>146</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Pinking sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity and insulation</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>3S</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>146</b>,</li> <li>– <b>3DQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>146</b>,</li> <li>– <b>TB1</b> of component <b>120</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, <b>contact Techline</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults.          Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF091 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL</u> 1.DEF: Signal outside upper limit 2.DEF: Signal outside lower limit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> when the engine is running.
	<b>2.DEF</b> Impossible to change the fault to <b>present</b> status; deal with the <b>stored</b> fault.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the connector of the vehicle speed sensor, component code <b>250</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+ after ignition feed</b> using a multimeter on connection <b>3FB</b> of the vehicle speed sensor, component code <b>250</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity and insulation</b> of the following connections:          – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>250</b> and <b>1047</b>,          – <b>47F</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>250</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the correct operation of the injection relay, component code <b>1047</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 87G, Engine compartment connection unit, Engine compartment connection unit: List and location of components</b>).          If the checks are correct and the fault is still present, replace the vehicle speed sensor, component code <b>250</b>.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, <b>contact Techline</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer fault memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF092 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>UPSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>          CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V          CO: Open circuit          CC.0: Short circuit to earth          (---)</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Deal with the following faults first:</b>          Only for <b>CC.1 - DF082 Upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit.</b></p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is declared present:          – <b>CC.0</b> - engine idling          – <b>CC.1</b> - engine idling for &gt; <b>180 seconds</b>          – <b>CO</b> - engine idling          – in the fourth case (---), it is impossible to change the fault to present status, deal with the stored fault</p>
	<p><b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b></p>

<b>CO CC.1 CC.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  <b>level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b></p>
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<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the connector of the upstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>887</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:          – <b>3GH</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>887</b>,          – <b>3GK</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>887</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults.          Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF092 CONTINUED</b>	
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(---)	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Level 1 fault warning light illuminated. Deal with the stored fault
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<p>Check the resistance of the upstream oxygen sensor. The value must be between <math>7 \Omega &lt; X &lt; 10 \Omega</math> and the sensor temperature must be <math>X &lt; 40^{\circ}\text{C}</math>. If the value is not correct, replace the upstream oxygen sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check that the programming of the TDC* sensor is correct. (see <b>Replacement of components</b> section).</p>
<p>Run test <b>SC007 Run OBD test: O2 sensor</b> and start the engine (Only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Run the test again with the engine coolant temperature <math>X &gt; 90^{\circ}\text{C}</math>.  <b>STATUS2 or STATUS3:</b> Sensor OK.  <b>STATUS4:</b> Replace the upstream oxygen sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

\*TDC: Top Dead Centre

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF093 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>DOWNSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Deal with the following faults first:</b> Only for <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> - <b>DF083 Downstream oxygen sensor heating circuit.</b>
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> : – with the engine idling for <b>&gt; 300 seconds</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<b>CC.1 CC.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>
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Check the <b>condition of the fuse</b> of the supply circuit for the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> . If the fuse is faulty, check all the following steps and replace the fuse (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the connector of the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3GJ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>242</b> , – <b>3GL</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>242</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, replace the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal – Refitting</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF093 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>CO</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>None.</b>
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Check the **condition of the fuse** of the supply circuit for the downstream oxygen sensor, component code **242**. If the fuse is faulty, check all the following steps and replace the fuse (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components**).

Read the stored speed within the context of the fault using **PR089 Vehicle speed**. If the value is **0**, drive the vehicle to reach a speed of **6 mph (10 km/h)** and check **PR089** again. If the value of this parameter is **0** whilst driving, apply the fault finding procedure for **DF091 Vehicle speed signal**, abandoning the steps described below. If **PR089** operates normally, follow the fault finding procedure for this fault.

Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the injection computer connector, component code **120** and of the connector of the downstream oxygen sensor, component code **242**. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:  
– **3GJ** between components **120** and **242**,  
– **3GL** between components **120** and **242**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, replace the downstream oxygen sensor, component code **242** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF095 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>THROTTLE POTENTIOMETER CIRCUIT GANG 1</u></b> 1.DEF: Signal incoherent
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**WARNING**

Never drive the vehicle without having confirmed that no faults involving the throttle valve are present.

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate,</b> The throttle no longer operates.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the **cleanliness** of the throttle valve, component code **1076** and that the throttle **rotates properly** (no resistance point)  
Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the throttle valve connector.  
If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **cleanliness and condition** of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.  
If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:  
– **3MO** between components **120** and **1076**,  
– **3MP** between components **120** and **1076**,  
– **3MN** between components **120** and **1076**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the throttle valve has been replaced, reinitialise the programming by running command **RZ031 Throttle stop programming**.

If the fault is still present, **contact Techline**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF096 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>THROTTLE POSITION POTENTIOMETER CIRCUIT GANG 2</u> 1.DEF: Signal incoherent
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**WARNING**

Never drive the vehicle without having confirmed that no faults involving the throttle valve are present.

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Deal with the following faults first:</b> <b>DF011 Sensor supply voltage no. 1.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate,</b> The throttle no longer operates
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the **cleanliness** of the throttle valve, component code **1076** and that the throttle **rotates properly** (no resistance point).

Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the injection computer connector, component code **120** and of the throttle valve connector, component code **1076**.

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3MQ** between components **120** and **1076**,
- **3MN** between components **120** and **1076**,
- **3MO** between components **120** and **1076**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the throttle valve has been replaced, reinitialise the programming by running command **RZ031 Throttle stop programming**.

If the fault is still present, **contact Techline**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF101 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>MULTIPLEX ELECTRONIC STABILITY PROGRAM LINK</u> 1.DEF: Invalid multiplex signals generated by computer
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<b>NOTES</b>	None
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Test the ABS computer (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF102 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ALTERNATOR POWER SIGNAL AVAILABLE</u></b> 1.DEF: Below minimum threshold.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> OBD warning light illuminated.
	See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.

<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the alternator connector, component code <b>103</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection. – <b>2K</b> between components <b>103</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF109 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>LOW FUEL LEVEL MISFIRING</u> 1.DEF: Polluting misfiring 2.DEF: Destructive misfiring
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after starting the engine and under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b>

<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the presence and conformity of the fuel in the tank (see <b>Test 19 Checking the conformity of the fuel</b>).</p> <p>Check the ignition coil circuit (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications</b>),</p> <p>Check the fuel supply circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),</p> <p>Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram</b>),</p> <p>Check the condition of the injectors (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting or MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting</b>),</p> <p>Check the cylinder compressions.</p> <p>After repair, check that the catalytic converter is not damaged by the misfire.          To do this, switch on the ignition, run the catalytic converter test <b>SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter</b> and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  <b>STATUS2:</b> The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS3:</b> The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS4:</b> The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Check that all faults have been dealt with.          Do not clear the programming.          To check that the system has been repaired correctly:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– there must be no further electrical faults,</li> <li>– programming has been carried out,</li> <li>– warm engine (minimum <b>75°C</b>),</li> <li>– running at idle speed with all electrical consumers drawing power for 15 minutes.</li> </ul> <p>If the fault reappears, continue the fault finding procedure.</p>
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V42\_V04\_DF109 / V42\_V06\_DF109

<b>DF109 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the presence and conformity of the fuel in the tank (see **Test 19 Checking the conformity of the fuel**).  
Check the ignition coil circuit (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Ignition: Specifications**),  
Check the fuel supply circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the fuel supply pump circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel circuit: Operating diagram**),  
Check the condition of the injectors (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting or MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),  
Check the cylinder compressions.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF120 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>ENGINE SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: Inconsistent signal.          3.DEF: Interference.          4.DEF: Incorrect number of teeth.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is <b>present</b> after starting the engine and under the following conditions:          – engine running at idling speed</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b>  <b>OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</b></p>
	<p>See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b></p>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>crankshaft position sensor</b>, component code <b>149</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>crankshaft position sensor</b> component code <b>149</b> between connections <b>3BL</b> and <b>3BG</b> on the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>crankshaft position sensor</b> is not between <math>175 \Omega \leq X \leq 295 \Omega</math> (between 0°C and 40°C), replace the <b>crankshaft position sensor</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connections:          – <b>3BG</b> between components <b>149</b> and <b>120</b>,          – <b>3BL</b> between components <b>149</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check that the <b>58</b> teeth of the <b>flywheel</b> target are not damaged or broken.</p>
<p>Check that the target is securely mounted on the <b>flywheel</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Flywheel: Removal - Refitting</b>): check the tightening torque and that there is no angular play or movement in relation to the target shaft</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer fault memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF342 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Voltage too low. 2.DEF: Voltage too high.
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<b>NOTES</b>	Deal with the other faults <b>first</b> .
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Test the <b>OBD warning light</b> using a test warning light when switching on the ignition. If the test warning light illuminates for a few seconds, replace the faulty warning light (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel, Removal - Refitting</b> ).
Check the continuity, insulation, and the absence of interference resistance on the following connection: – <b>137C</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b> . If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF361 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>IGNITION COIL 1 - 4 CIRCUIT</u> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after starting the engine and under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed
	<b>Special note:</b> For <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> , the <b>OBD warning light</b> and <b>level 1 fault warning light</b> illuminate, For <b>CC.0</b> , the <b>OBD warning light</b> and <b>level 2 fault warning light</b> illuminate.
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
	<b>The D4D and K7M engines are equipped with a quadruple ignition coil module.</b> <b>The K4M engine is equipped with 4 "pencil" type coils.</b>

### D4D and K7M engines

Check the cleanliness and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the coil connector, component code <b>778</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3CV</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>778</b> , – <b>3CW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>778</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
With the ignition on, check the supply of the ignition coil, component code <b>778</b> using a test light on connection <b>3NA</b> .
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>3NA</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>778</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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**DF361  
CONTINUED**

**K4M engine**

Check the cleanliness and condition of the pencil coil no.1 connector, component code **1077**, of the pencil coil no.4 connector, component code **1080** and of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3CZ** between components **120** and **1077**,
- **3CV** between components **1077** and **1080**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.

With the ignition on, check the supply of the pencil ignition coils, component code **1077** and **1080** using a test light on connection **3NA** of the injection relay, component code **1047**.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3NA** between components **1080** and **1047**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.



<b>DF362 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>IGNITION COIL 2-3 CIRCUIT</u> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> after starting the engine and under the following conditions: – engine running at idling speed
	<b>Special note:</b> For <b>CC.1</b> and <b>CO</b> , the <b>OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate.</b> For <b>CC.0</b> , the <b>OBD warning light and level 2 fault warning light illuminate.</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
	The <b>D4D</b> and <b>K7M</b> engines are equipped with a quadruple ignition coil module. The <b>K4M</b> engine is equipped with 4 "pencil" type coils.

### D4D and K7M engines

Check the cleanliness and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the coil connector, component code <b>778</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3CV</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>778</b> , – <b>3CW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>778</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
With the ignition on, check the supply of the ignition coil, component code <b>778</b> using a test light on connection <b>3NA</b> .
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>3NA</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>778</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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**DF362  
CONTINUED**

**K4M engine**

Check the cleanliness and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120**, of the pencil coil no.2 connector, component code **1078** and of the pencil coil no.3 connector, component code **1079**.  
If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:  
– **3CP** between components **120** and **1078**,  
– **3CW** between components **1078** and **1079**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.

With the ignition on, check the supply of the ignition coils, component code **1078** and **1079** using a test light on connection **3NA** of the injection relay, component code **1047**.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
– **3NA** between components **1079** and **1047**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

<b>DF394 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>CATALYTIC CONVERTER OPERATING FAULT</b> 1.DEF: Component in bad condition
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b>          Deal with the other faults first.          There must be no other injection system faults, either <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- DF081 - Canister bleed solenoid valve circuit</li> <li>- DF120 - Engine speed sensor signal</li> <li>- DF361 - Ignition coil 1-4 circuit</li> <li>- DF362 - Ignition coil 2-3 circuit</li> <li>- DF026 - Cylinder 1 injector control circuit</li> <li>- DF027 - Cylinder 2 injector control circuit</li> <li>- DF028 - Cylinder 3 injector control circuit</li> <li>- DF029 - Cylinder 4 injector control circuit</li> <li>- DF092 - Upstream oxygen sensor circuit</li> <li>- DF082 - Upstream oxygen sensor heating circuit</li> <li>- DF093 - Downstream oxygen sensor circuit</li> <li>- DF002 - Air temperature sensor circuit</li> <li>- DF001 - Coolant temperature sensor circuit</li> </ul>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is not declared <b>present</b>, deal with the <b>stored</b> fault.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b>          Level 1 fault warning light illuminated.</p>

<p>Check the <b>downstream oxygen sensor</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Check the programming of the <b>TDC* sensor</b> (see Section: <b>Replacement of components</b>)</p>
<p>Run the catalytic converter test <b>SC006 Run OBD test: Catalytic converter</b> and start the engine (only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine, do not touch the accelerator pedal or clutch pedal).          At the end, check the test results:  <b>STATUS1:</b> Fault finding was not performed/impossible to obtain the necessary conditions  <b>STATUS2:</b> The component is in an average condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS3:</b> The component is in a good condition - sensor OK  <b>STATUS4:</b> The component is in a poor condition - replace the catalytic converter (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19B, Exhaust, Catalytic converter: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

\*TDC: Top Dead Centre

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions to confirm repair.          Deal with any other faults.          Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF398 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>FUEL CIRCUIT OPERATING FAULT</u> 1.DEF: Component in poor condition.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with the other faults first. – <b>DF085 - Fuel pump relay control circuit</b>
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> with the engine running at an engine speed of <b>2500 rpm</b> for <b>10 seconds</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>OBD warning light illuminated.</b>

Check the value of parameter **PR139 Operating richness adaptive**.

If the value of **PR139 < 1** then:

Check the sealing of the fuel supply system from the fuel pump to the injector rail:

- The fuel tank (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting**),
- The connection between the fuel pump and the fuel filter (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel supply pipe: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting**),
- The connection between the fuel filter and the regulator (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel filter: Removal - Refitting**),
- The pressure regulator ducts (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel supply pipe: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting**),
- The connection between the regulator and the injector rail (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel supply pipe: Removal - Refitting** or **MR 451 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Removal - Refitting**),
- The fuel ducts between the injector rail and the injectors (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal - Refitting** or **MR 451 Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal - Refitting**),
- Check the fuel filter (to detect possible clogging) (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel filter: Removal - Refitting**),
- Check the pressure regulator,
- Check the fuel pump flow (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel flow: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451 Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Fuel flow: Check**),
- Check the injector flow (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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**DF398  
CONTINUED**

If the value of **PR139 > 1** then:

- Check the pressure regulator,
- Check the connections on the inlet manifold (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air inlet: Description**),
- Check for possible petrol leaks (see **ALP4 Fuel leak**),
- Check for possible air leaks,
- Check the injector sealing (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**),
- Check the seal between the inlet manifold and the solenoid valve unit.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Follow the instructions to confirm repair.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

<b>DF409 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b> 1.DEF: Voltage too low 2.DEF: Voltage too high
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>OBD warning light illuminated.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the cleanliness and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> and of the instrument panel connector, component code <b>247</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>47H</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>,</li><li>– <b>3NX</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>,</li><li>– <b>137C</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>,</li><li>– <b>31A</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF457 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>FLYWHEEL TARGET</u> 1.DEF: Component in bad condition
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> with the engine running, <b>engine speed &gt; 3500 rpm</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>OBD warning light illuminated.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the cleanliness and condition of the injection computer connector, component code **120** and of the TDC\* sensor connector, component code **149**.  
 If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Measure the **resistance** of the **TDC\* sensor** component code **149** between connections **3BL** and **3BG** on the **injection computer** connector, component code **120**.  
 If the **resistance** of the **crankshaft position sensor** is not between **175 Ω ≤ X ≤ 295 Ω (between 0°C and 40°C)**, replace the **crankshaft position sensor** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:  
 – **3BG** between components **120** and **149**,  
 – **3BL** between components **120** and **149**.  
 If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the flywheel (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Flywheel: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

\*TDC: Top Dead Centre

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions to confirm repair. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>DF532 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>ALTERNATOR CHARGE SIGNAL</u> 1.DEF: Voltage too low 2.DEF: Voltage too high
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> <b>The fault is present with the engine idling.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> <b>The OBD warning light is lit.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the alternator connector, component code <b>103</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection.          – <b>2K</b> between components <b>103</b> and <b>120</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the connection is correct, replace the alternator, component code <b>103</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF556 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>PEDAL/THROTTLE POSITION CONSISTENCY</u> 1.DEF: Signal incoherent 2.DEF: Micro-break detected
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<b>NOTES</b>	The inlet throttle valve no longer operates.
	<b>Special notes:</b> For 1.DEF, the OBD and level 1 fault warning lights are illuminated.
	See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.

Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the injection computer connector, component code **120** and of the damper valve connector, component code **1076** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting**).

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3AJB** between components **1076** and **120**,
- **3AJC** between components **1076** and **120**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF631 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u><b>BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH SIGNAL</b></u> 1.DEF: Inconsistent signal.
<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> when the engine is <b>idling</b> . The fault is declared <b>present</b> : – After depressing the pedal at least <b>10 times</b> .
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
With the brake pedal released, check <b>ET039 Brake pedal</b> and <b>ET799 Brake wire contact</b> . Check that <b>ET039</b> is <b>Released</b> and <b>ET799</b> is <b>Inactive</b> .	
Check the fitting and mechanical operation of the brake pedal (the pedal returns properly). If the check is incorrect, check the braking system.	
Remove the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ) and, without action on the pedal, press sufficiently on the <b>brake pedal switch</b> to seat it completely in its position. Lock it by turning it a quarter of a turn anti-clockwise. The fault should change from <b>present</b> to <b>stored</b> .	
While depressing the brake pedal to the end of travel, check <b>ET039</b> and <b>ET799</b> . <b>ET039</b> must be <b>depressed</b> and <b>ET799</b> must be <b>active</b> . If the statuses are correct, contact the Techline.	
With the brake pedal <b>depressed</b> , measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>65A</b> , the value must be <b>X &gt; 10 MΩ</b> . If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ). - With the brake pedal <b>released</b> , measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>5A</b> , the value must be between <b>0 Ω &lt; X ≤ 1 Ω</b> . If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ).	
Check the <b>brake pedal switch</b> connector, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ). If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring	
Check fuse <b>F03 (10 A)</b> and replace it if necessary.	
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>AP1</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>1016</b> , – <b>5A</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>120</b> , – <b>65A</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>120</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF648 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMPUTER</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The OBD and Level 2 fault warning lights are illuminated.
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Contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF721 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ENGINE OVERHEATING</u></b> 1.DEF: Operating temperature too high.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Deal with the stored fault.</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> After this fault appears: <b>The level 1 warning light is illuminated.</b> <b>The overheating warning light is illuminated.</b>

Check the <b>engine cooling system</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Engine cooling system: Check</b> ).
Check the coolant temperature sensor by applying <b>TEST 15 Checking the coolant temperature sensor</b> .
Check the correct operation of the engine cooling fans (see <b>Test 16 Checking the fan relay</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF884 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b><u>ADDITIONAL FUEL CIRCUIT PUMP RELAY</u></b></p> <p>CC.0: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V          CO: Open circuit</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b>          The fault is declared <b>present</b> after running command <b>AC224 Additional fuel circuit pump relay</b>.</p>
	<p>See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero</b>.</p>

<p>Check the supply of the control circuit of the additional fuel supply pump relay with a test light by running command <b>AC224 Additional petrol circuit pump relay</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the connector of the additional petrol pump relay, component code <b>1639</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>.          If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:          – <b>3ACK</b> between components <b>1639</b> and <b>120</b>,          – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1639</b> and <b>1047</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the supply of the power circuit of the additional fuel supply pump relay with a test light by running command <b>AC224 Additional petrol circuit pump relay</b>. If the check is correct, replace the pump, component code <b>1639</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Additional fuel system petrol pump: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Clear the computer fault memory.          Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF887 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u><b>BRAKE - ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION</b></u> 1.DEF: Jammed accelerator pedal detected. 2.DEF: Jammed accelerator pedal detected. 3.DEF: Inconsistency between pedal gang 1 and gang 2. 4. DEF: Fault on pedal potentiometer gangs 1 and 2.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after the ignition is switched on or with the engine running. Deal with the stored faults ( <b>1.DEF, 2.DEF</b> only).
	<b>Special notes:</b> After this fault appears: <b>For 3.DEF, the OBD and level 1 warning lights are illuminated.</b> <b>For 2.DEF, the OBD and level 2 warning lights are illuminated.</b>

<b>1.DEF 2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>None.</b>
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Check that the accelerator pedal is not jammed and that there is nothing impeding its operation (floor carpet, etc.).

Run **TEST 9 Brake pedal switch check.**

Run **TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.**

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>3.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>None.</b>
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If fault **3.DEF: Inconsistency between pedal gang 1 and gang 2** is the only fault and is **present**, replace the **accelerator pedal** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component control, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>4.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>None.</b>
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Run **TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.**

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF894 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>ADDITIONAL FUEL CIRCUIT SOLENOID VALVE</b> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve, component code <b>1640</b> and the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3ACM</b> between components <b>1640</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1640</b> and <b>1047</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the supply of the solenoid valve using a test light, by running command <b>AC217 Additional fuel circuit solenoid valve</b>.</p>
<p>Check the internal resistance of the solenoid valve, component code <b>1640</b> on the computer connector, its value must be between: <math>24\Omega &lt; X \leq 30\Omega</math>. If the resistance is incorrect, replace the solenoid valve.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF974 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER CIRCUIT GANG 1</u></b> 1.DEF: Battery voltage too high. 2.DEF: Battery voltage too low.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault priorities:</b> Deal with the following fault as a priority: <b>DF011 Sensor voltage supply no. 1</b>
	<b>Special notes:</b> After this fault appears: <b>The OBD and level 1 warning lights are illuminated.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>accelerator pedal sensor, gang 1</b> , component code <b>921</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Run <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check</b> .
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF975 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER CIRCUIT GANG 2</u></b> 1.DEF: Battery voltage too high. 2.DEF: Battery voltage too low.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> After this fault appears: <b>The OBD and level 1 warning lights are illuminated.</b>
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the connection and condition of the connector of the <b>accelerator pedal sensor, gang 2</b> , component code <b>921</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Run <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.</b>
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF992 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ADDITIONAL HEATER 1 RELAY CIRCUIT</u></b> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the additional heater 1 relay, component code <b>1067</b> and the connections of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>38JU</b> between components <b>1067</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1067</b> and <b>1047</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check that the additional heater relay operates correctly by running command <b>AC250 Heating resistor 1 relay</b> and check that there are no more faults on the relay. If the check is not correct, replace the additional heater relay, component code <b>1067</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 61A, Heating system, Heating resistor relay: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF993 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ADDITIONAL HEATER 2 RELAY CIRCUIT</u></b> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the additional heater 2 relay, component code <b>1068</b> and the connections of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>38JV</b> between components <b>1068</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1068</b> and <b>1047</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check that the additional heater relay operates correctly by running command <b>AC251 Heating resistor 2 relay</b> and check that there are no more faults on the relay. If the check is not correct, replace the additional heater relay, component code <b>1068</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 61A, Heating system, Heating resistor relay: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF994 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ADDITIONAL HEATER 3 RELAY CIRCUIT</u></b> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<p>Check the <b>cleanliness and condition</b> of the additional heater 3 relay, component code <b>1069</b> and the connections of the injection computer, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>38JW</b> between components <b>1069</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1069</b> and <b>1047</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check that the additional heater relay operates correctly by running command <b>AC252 Heating resistor 3 relay</b> and check that there are no more faults on the relay. If the check is not correct, replace the additional heater relay, component code <b>1069</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 61A, Heating system, Heating resistor relay: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF1015 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u><b>BRAKE SWITCH SIGNAL CONSISTENCY</b></u> 1.DEF: Value outside permitted tolerance values 2.DEF: Inconsistent signal.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault priorities</b> Deal with the following faults first: <b>DF050 Brake switch circuit</b> <b>DF631 Brake light switch signal</b>
	<b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> : – For <b>1.DEF engine at idle speed</b> . – For <b>2.DEF</b> , impossible to see the <b>present</b> fault, deal with it as a <b>stored</b> fault.
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .

With the brake pedal <b>released</b> , check <b>ET039 Brake pedal</b> and <b>ET799 Brake wire contact</b> . If <b>ET039</b> is <b>Released</b> and <b>ET799</b> is <b>Inactive</b> .
Check the fitting and mechanical operation of the brake pedal (the pedal returns properly). If the check is incorrect, check the braking system.
Remove the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ) and, without action on the pedal, press sufficiently on the brake pedal switch to seat it completely in its position. Lock it by turning it an eighth of a turn. The fault should change from <b>present</b> to <b>stored</b> .
– With the brake pedal <b>depressed</b> , measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>65A</b> , the value must be <b>X &gt; 10 MΩ</b> . If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ). – With the brake pedal <b>released</b> , measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>5A</b> , the value must be between <b>0 Ω &lt; X ≤ 1 Ω</b> . If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b> , component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
Check the <b>brake pedal switch</b> connector, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b> ). If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check fuse <b>F03 (10 A)</b> and replace it if necessary.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Interpretation of faults

# 17B

<b>DF1017 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMPUTER</u> 1.DEF: Internal electronic fault. 2.DEF: Internal electronic fault.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for application to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> : – For an engine speed > <b>1500 rpm</b> and coolant temperature > <b>70°C</b>
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<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Do not replace the injection computer if the fault is **stored**.  
 In the event of a customer complaint relating to engine jolts, contact Techline.

<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF1058 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>INLET PRESSURE CONSISTENCY</u> 1.DEF: Abnormal voltage 2.DEF: Abnormal pressure
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Priority when dealing with a number of faults:</b> <b>DF079 Motorised throttle valve servo</b>
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – For <b>2.DEF</b> engine running at idle speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> <b>For 2.DEF, the OBD warning light and level 1 fault warning light illuminate, For 1.DEF, the OBD warning light illuminates.</b>
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

Check the fitting and sealing of the inlet air pressure sensor, component code <b>147</b> (condition of the seals) and look for possible leaks on the inlet air pipe.
Check the connector of the inlet air pressure sensor, component code <b>147</b> . If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the supply voltage of the sensor on connections <b>3AJR</b> and <b>3AJP</b> .
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3AJP</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>147</b> , – <b>3AJR</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>147</b> , – <b>3AJQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>147</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Replace the inlet air pressure sensor, component code <b>147</b> and check that the fault is no longer <b>present</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air inlet: Description</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF1063 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>MULTIPLEX ELECTRONIC STABILITY PROGRAM LINK</u> 1.DEF: Invalid multiplex signals generated by computer
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Test the ABS computer (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF1068 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>REFRIGER.* PRESSURE SENSOR VOLTAGE</b> 1.DEF: Voltage too low. 2.DEF: Voltage too high.
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>refrigerant pressure sensor</b> connector, component code <b>1202</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for the presence of <b>+ 5 V</b> on connection <b>38Y</b> and an <b>earth</b> on connection <b>38U</b> of the <b>refrigerant fluid pressure sensor</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>38Y</b> between components <b>1202</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>38X</b> between components <b>1202</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>38U</b> between components <b>1202</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the <b>refrigerant pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>1202</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Pressure sensor: Removal – Refitting, MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning: Precautions for repair, MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

REFRIGER.\*: REFRIGERANT.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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V42\_V04\_DF1068 / V42\_V06\_DF1068

<b>DF1072 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR RELAY CONTROL</u> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO: Open circuit
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>air conditioning compressor control relay</b> connector, component code <b>474</b> and the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code 120. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>38K</b> between components <b>474</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1047</b> and <b>474</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC180 Air conditioning compressor relay control</b> in order to check that the relay operates correctly.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF1074 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MOTORISED THROTTLE POSITION INCONSISTENT</u></b> 1.DEF: Inconsistency between throttle valve position and control. 2.DEF: Inconsistent signal.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is considered <b>present</b> under the following conditions: – For <b>1.DEF</b> engine running at idle speed.
	<b>Special note:</b> For <b>1.DEF</b> , the OBD warning light illuminates, For <b>2.DEF</b> , the OBD warning light and level 2 fault warning light illuminate.
	<b>See the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>motorised throttle valve</b> connector, component code <b>1076</b> and the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3AJB</b> between components <b>1076</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3AJC</b> between components <b>1076</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3MP</b> between components <b>1076</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3MQ</b> between components <b>1076</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3MO</b> between components <b>1076</b> and <b>120</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF1355 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MULTIPLEX TORQUE REGULATOR CONNECTION</u></b> 1.DEF: Inconsistent signal. 2.DEF: Invalid multiplex signals generated by computer.
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Perform fault finding on the electromagnetic torque management computer.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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The global **conformity check** for the functions and sub-functions of this system is no longer interpreted in the conformity check. Instead, all information available in the functions and sub-functions can be found in the following chapters:

For **STATUSES**, refer to **INTERPRETATION OF STATUSES**.

For **PARAMETERS**, refer to **INTERPRETATION OF PARAMETERS**.

For **COMMANDS**, refer to **INTERPRETATION OF COMMANDS**.

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Status summary table

Tool status	Diagnostic tool title
ET001	Computer + After ignition
ET038	Engine
ET039	Brake pedal
ET041	Gearbox ratio
ET047	Fuel pump control circuit
ET051	Throttle stop programming
ET089	Flywheel target programming
ET148	OBD warning light activation request
ET321	Air conditioning compressor
ET405	Clutch pedal switch
ET434	Low fuel level
ET673	Jammed accelerator pedal detected
ET717	Target gearbox ratio
ET734	Heating resistor 1 relay control
ET735	Heating resistor 2 relay control
ET736	Heating resistor 3 relay control
ET759	Braking multiplex signal detected
ET760	First starting
ET775	Camshaft TDC* synchronisation
ET798	Clutch wire contact connection
ET799	Brake wire contact
ET813	Low speed fan assembly request by injection
ET814	High speed fan assembly request by injection
ET819	Low speed fan assembly final request
ET820	High speed fan assembly final request
ET836	TDC sensor signal
ET837	Crankshaft synchronisation
ET831	Injection protection

TDC\*: Top Dead Centre

GMV\*\*: Fan assembly

<b>ET001</b>	<u>COMPUTER + AFTER IGNITION FEED</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>PRESENT:</b> This status indicates that the + after ignition feed is active. <b>ABSENT:</b> This status indicates that the + after ignition is not active.
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<b>"PRESENT"</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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With the ignition on and engine running warm at idle speed, + after ignition feed is activated.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of **DF047 Computer supply voltage**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer fault memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET038</b>	<u>ENGINE</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>STOPPED:</b> This status indicates that the engine ignition is on without the starter engaged.</p> <p><b>STALLED:</b> This status indicates that the engine has stalled.</p> <p><b>RUNNING:</b> This status indicates that the engine has started.</p> <p><b>STARTING:</b> This status indicates that the engine is in starting phase.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET041</b>	<u>GEAR</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>REVERSE:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>DECLUTCHED:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>1:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>2:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>3:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>4:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>5:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>ET047</b>	<u>FUEL PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the fuel pump is active.</p> <p><b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the fuel pump is inactive.</p>
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<b>ACTIVE</b>	Status <b>ET047</b> is <b>ACTIVE</b> when starting the engine. In the event of a fault apply the interpretation of <b>DF085 Fuel pump relay circuit</b> .
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<b>INACTIVE</b>	Status <b>ET047</b> is <b>INACTIVE</b> when the engine is stopped and the ignition off.
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET051</b>	<u>THROTTLE STOP PROGRAMMING</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>COMPLETED:</b> This status indicates that the throttle stops have been programmed <b>NOT COMPLETED:</b> This status indicates that the throttle stops have not been programmed.</p>
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<b>COMPLETED</b>	<p>This means that the throttle stops have been programmed.</p> <p>Even though this programming is automatic, take particular care when performing the first motorised throttle stop programming operation. This can be carried out on several occasions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– when a computer is switched on for the first time,</li><li>– at the end of computer programming (see <b>Replacement of components</b>)</li></ul> <p>The air temperature must be above <b>0°C</b> during programming, then, at the end of programming, switch off the ignition and wait <b>30 seconds</b> for the end of Power Latch so that the computer can store the programmed stops.</p>
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<b>NOT COMPLETED</b>	<p>This means that the throttle stops have not been programmed.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>ET089</b>	<u>PROGRAMMING THE ENGINE FLYWHEEL TARGET</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>COMPLETED:</b> This status indicates that the throttle stops have been programmed <b>NOT COMPLETED:</b> This status indicates that the throttle stops have not been programmed.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<b>COMPLETED</b>	This means that the engine flywheel target programming has been completed.  In the event of a fault, program the engine flywheel target (see <b>Replacement of components</b> ). In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF457 Flywheel target</b> .
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<b>NOT COMPLETED</b>	This means that the engine flywheel target programming has not been completed.
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET148</b>	<u>OBD WARNING LIGHT ACTIVATION REQUEST</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>YES:</b> This status indicates that the warning light is lit continuously. <b>NO:</b> This status indicates that the warning light is off. <b>FLASHING:</b> This status indicates that the warning light flashes. <b>SELF TEST:</b> This status indicates that the warning light is performing a self test.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> In the event of normal operation, this warning light must remain off (<b>NO</b>).</p>
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<b>Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.</b>
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<b>"YES"</b>	If the status is inconsistent, consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF342 Malfunction indicator light circuit</b> .
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET321</b>	<u>AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the air conditioning compressor is active. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the air conditioning compressor is inactive
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Only perform these tests if the status does not correspond with the system programming functions.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<b>ACTIVE</b>	To check the operation of the air conditioning, run command <b>AC180 Air conditioning compressor relay control</b> . In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF1072 Air conditioning compressor control</b> .
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET405</b>	<u>CLUTCH PEDAL SWITCH</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the clutch pedal is depressed.</p> <p><b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the clutch pedal is released.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>          Apply the checks only if statuses <b>ACTIVE</b> and <b>INACTIVE</b> are inconsistent with the pedal position.</p> <p>See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b></p>
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.**

<b>INACTIVE</b>	<p>Check the condition and fitting of the <b>clutch pedal position sensor</b>, component code <b>675</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal position sensor: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Remove the <b>clutch pedal position sensor</b>, component code <b>675</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal position sensor: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation</b> between connections <b>MAM</b> and <b>86D</b> of component <b>675</b> with the switch in the rest position.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Repeat this operation with the switch pressed, and check <b>the continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> between the two connections.</li> </ul> <p>If these 2 checks are not correct, replace the <b>clutch pedal position sensor</b>, component code <b>675</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal position sensor: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Then check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>86D</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>675</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check that the <b>earth</b> is in order on connection <b>MAM</b> of component <b>675</b>.</p> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), <b>repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</b></p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory.</p> <p>Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>ET405 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>ACTIVE</b>	<p>Check the condition and fitting of the clutch pedal position sensor. Remove the <b>clutch pedal position sensor</b>, component code <b>675</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal position sensor: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>), check the insulation between connections <b>MAM</b> and <b>86D</b> of component <b>675</b>, with the switch in the <b>rest position</b>.</p> <p>– Repeat this operation with the switch pressed, and check <b>the continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> between the two connections.</p> <p>If these 2 checks are not correct, replace the <b>clutch pedal position sensor</b>, component code <b>675</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal position sensor: Removal – Refitting</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>ET673</b>	<u>JAMMED ACCELERATOR PEDAL</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>YES:</b> This status indicates that the accelerator pedal is jammed. <b>NO:</b> This status indicates that the accelerator pedal is not jammed.
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<b>NOTES</b>	To reinitialise this status, clear the fault memory by running command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> .
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<b>YES</b>	Check that the accelerator pedal is not jammed or that there is nothing impeding its operation (floor carpet, etc.). Check the brake switch (see the interpretation of fault <b>DF050 Brake switch circuit</b> ).
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET717</b>	<u>TARGET GEARBOX RATIO</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>REVERSE:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged. <b>DECLUTCHED:</b> This status indicates the gear engaged.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1: This status indicates the gear engaged.</li><li>2: This status indicates the gear engaged.</li><li>3: This status indicates the gear engaged.</li><li>4: This status indicates the gear engaged.</li><li>5: This status indicates the gear engaged.</li></ol>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>ET734</b> <b>ET735</b> <b>ET736</b>	<u>HEATING RESISTOR NO.1 RELAY CONTROL</u> <u>HEATING RESISTOR NO.2 RELAY CONTROL</u> <u>HEATING RESISTOR NO.3 RELAY CONTROL</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>ACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the relay is supplied. <b>INACTIVE:</b> This status indicates that the relay is not supplied.
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<b>INACTIVE</b>	Statuses <b>ET734</b> , <b>ET735</b> and <b>ET736</b> are <b>INACTIVE</b> with the ignition on and the engine stopped, or when the engine is warm.
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<b>ACTIVE</b>	Statuses <b>ET734</b> , <b>ET735</b> and <b>ET736</b> are <b>ACTIVE</b> when the engine is started, the engine coolant temperature is low (< 15°C) and the air temperature is low (< 5°). This program allows the engine coolant to be heated to enable the passenger compartment to be heated. To control the operation of the relays, run the following commands: <b>AC250 Heating resistor no.1 relay.</b> <b>AC251 Heating resistor no.2 relay.</b> <b>AC252 Heating resistor no.3 relay.</b>  In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of faults: <b>DF992 Additional heater relay 1 circuit.</b> <b>DF993 Additional heater relay 2 circuit.</b> <b>DF994 Additional heater relay 3 circuit.</b>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET759</b>	<u>BRAKING MULTIPLEX SIGNAL DETECTED</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>ABSENT:</b> This status indicates that the braking multiplex signal detected is <b>absent</b>. <b>PRESENT:</b> This status indicates that the braking multiplex signal detected is <b>present</b>. <b>INTERMEDIATE:</b> This status indicates that the braking multiplex signal detected is intermediate.</p>
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.**

<p>Vehicle under + after ignition feed. – Parking brake released, – Gear lever in 1<sup>st</sup>. Neither the brake pedal nor the clutch pedal depressed.</p> <p>Check status <b>ET759</b>.</p>
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<b>PRESENT - INTERMEDIATE</b>	Check the correct position and the conformity of the brake pedal sensor. Run fault finding on the UCH domain (see <b>87B, UCH</b> ).
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<b>"ABSENT"</b>	The brake pedal sensor is correct.
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET836</b>	<u>TDC SENSOR SIGNAL</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>DETECTED:</b> This status indicates that the TDC sensor signal is detected. <b>NOT DETECTED:</b> This status indicates that the TDC sensor signal is not detected.
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<b>Conformity check: Engine stopped, ignition on or engine running.</b>
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<b>NOT DETECTED</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF120 Engine speed sensor signal</b> .
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ET846</b>	<u>INJECTION PROTECTION</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<b>NOT PROTECTED</b> <b>BLANK:</b> No signal <b>PROTECTED STATUS 1:</b> Fault on coded line circuit <b>PROTECTED STATUS 2:</b> Fault on immobiliser memory area <b>PROTECTED STATUS 3:</b> Injection computer self-protection
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**BLANK:**

- The injection computer does not receive a signal from the UCH computer.
- Run fault finding on the multiplex network.

**PROTECTED STATUS 1:**

The UCH computer does not respond to the authentication requests from the injection computer.

Several possibilities:

- either the UCH computer was not programmed with the vehicle's card/key,
- or the vehicle's card/key is not recognised by the UCH computer.
- Run fault finding on the UCH computer.

**PROTECTED STATUS 2:**

Several possibilities:

- either the injection computer is blank and was not programmed with the immobiliser code, and the UCH computer is not authorised to send the immobiliser code,
- Connect a diagnostic tool to the UCH computer to authorise it to send the immobiliser code.
- or the UCH computer has detected a fault,
- Run fault finding on the UCH computer.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory. Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### ET846 CONTINUED

#### PROTECTED STATUS 3:

There are several possible causes, in the following order:

- check that the UCH computer has not detected a fault,
- Run fault finding on the UCH computer.
- check that the injection computer has not already been programmed with the immobiliser code for another vehicle using the status.
- Check that the injection computer corresponds correctly to the vehicle on which fault finding is being run.
  
- if none of the 2 previous points is the cause, check that the injection computer is not in anti-scanning mode after undergoing several failed authentication attempts,
- It only leaves this mode when the following sequence of operations is carried out:
  - 1- switch off the ignition,
  - 2- switch on the ignition again and wait for at least **20 seconds** under + after ignition feed,
  - 3- switch off the ignition and ensure that the end of the self-feed phase of the injection computer is observed (the length of time varies depending on the engine coolant temperature and can be **10 minutes** maximum),
  - 4- switch on the ignition again and start the vehicle,
  - 5- if the vehicle does not start, repeat this procedure **3 times**,
  - 6- if the vehicle still does not start, contact the Techline.

#### AFTER REPAIR

Deal with any faults. Clear the faults from the computer memory.  
Switch off the ignition and carry out a road test followed by a test with the **diagnostic tool**.

Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title
PR002	Alternator charge
PR015	Engine torque
PR030	Accelerator pedal position
PR037	Refrigerant pressure
PR041	Turbocharging pressure
PR055	Engine speed
PR059	Inlet air temperature
PR064	Coolant temperature
PR071	Computer feed voltage
PR084	Coolant temperature sensor voltage
PR089	Vehicle speed
PR097	Motorised throttle lower stop programmed value
PR098	Upstream oxygen sensor voltage
PR099	Downstream oxygen sensor voltage
PR102	Canister bleed solenoid valve OCR*
PR118	Measured throttle position gang 1
PR119	Measured throttle position gang 2
PR138	Richness correction
PR139	Operating adaptive richness
PR147	Pedal potentiometer voltage gang 1
PR148	Pedal potentiometer voltage gang 2
PR215	Sensor supply voltage no. 1
PR216	Sensor supply voltage no. 2
PR312	Inlet manifold vacuum
PR313	Linearised manifold pressure
PR344	Pressure sensor voltage
PR427	Average pinking signal
PR429	Measured throttle position
PR444	Integral idling speed regulation correction

OCR\*: Opening cyclic ratio



Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title
PR446	Upstream O2 sensor heating resistance
PR447	Downstream O2 sensor heating resistor
PR448	Ignition advance
PR469	Cylinder 1 pinking value
PR471	Cylinder 2 pinking value
PR473	Cylinder 3 pinking value
PR475	Cylinder 4 pinking value
PR492	Motorised throttle position setpoint
PR538	Measured throttle voltage, gang 2
PR539	Measured throttle voltage gang 1
PR606	Adaptive idling speed correction
PR624	Richness regulation programming offset
PR625	Richness regulation programming gain
PR770	Camshaft offset
PR814	Number of active heating resistors
PR831	Combustion misfiring counter
PR832	Combustion misfiring counter
PR833	Combustion misfiring counter
PR834	Combustion misfiring counter
PR847	Inlet air temperature sensor voltage
PR872	Refriger.* pressure sensor voltage
PR877	Estimated engine oil temperature
PR887	Motorised throttle safe mode programmed value
PR931	Raw turbocharging pressure
PR1026	Crankshaft synchro.* loss counter
PR1029	Alternator power
PR1129	Brake contact no.1 duration
PR1153	Brake contact no.2 duration

Refriger.\*: refrigerant

Synchro\*.: Synchronisation

<b>PR015</b>	<u>ENGINE TORQUE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the engine torque in <b>N.m.</b>
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**Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C**

The value must be between **20 Nm < PR015 < 40 Nm**  
This parameter is only valid when the engine is running.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR030</b>	<u>ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the accelerator pedal position as a %.
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<b>Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature &gt; 80°C.</b>
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No load ≤ <b>16%</b> Full load ≥ <b>85%</b> Check that the pedal mechanism has not seized. Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the pedal potentiometer connections, component code <b>921</b> and the injection computer connections, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.
Disconnect the battery and the injection computer. Use the "Universal bornier" to check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connections: – <b>3LT</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b> , – <b>3LR</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b> , – <b>3LS</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b> , – <b>3LV</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b> , – <b>3LU</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b> , – <b>3LW</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>921</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF974 Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 1</b> and <b>DF975 Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 2</b> .

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR037</b>	<u>REFRIGERANT PRESSURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the refrigerant pressure in <b>bar</b> .
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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**Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.**

The refrigerant pressure must be between **2 bar < PR037 < 27 bar**.

Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the refrigerant pressure sensor and its connections, component code **1202** and the injection computer connections, component code **120**.  
 If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the battery and the injection computer.  
 Using the universal bormier in place of the computer, check for **insulation** and **continuity** on the following connections:

- **38Y** between components **120** and **1202**,
- **38X** between components **120** and **1202**,
- **38U** between components **120** and **1202**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the refrigerant pressure sensor. (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Pressure sensor: Removal - Refitting**).  
 (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning: Precautions for repair**) and (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, Air conditioning: Parts and consumables for the repair**).  
 If the fault is **present**, check the air conditioning circuit (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning: Check**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR055</b>	<u>ENGINE SPEED</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the engine's rotational speed in <b>rpm</b> .
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on.

With the ignition on the value must be **0 rpm**.  
In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of **DF120 Engine speed sensor signal**.

Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

With the engine running at idle speed, the value must be  $\approx$  **750 rpm**.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of **DF120**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR059</b>	<u>INLET AIR TEMPERATURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the air temperature in °C.
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on.

With the ignition on the inlet air temperature varies according to the exterior temperature.  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF002 Air temperature sensor circuit**.  
Parameter **PR059** ≈ **PR064 Coolant temperature** engine cold.

Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

With the engine running at idle speed the inlet air temperature varies according to the engine coolant temperature.  
In the event of a fault, refer to the interpretation of fault **DF002**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR064</b>	<u>COOLANT TEMPERATURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the engine coolant temperature in °C.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>There must be no present or stored faults.</b></p> <p>Perform this fault finding procedure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– after finding an inconsistency in the parameter,</li><li>– after a customer complaint (e.g. lack of power).</li></ul>
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on.

With the ignition on the coolant temperature varies according to the exterior temperature.  
In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF001 Coolant temperature sensor circuit**.

Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

With the engine running at idle speed the coolant temperature varies according to the engine temperature.  
If there is a fault, refer to the interpretation of fault **DF001**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Clear the computer memory.</p> <p>Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>PR071</b>	<u>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the computer supply voltage in <b>volts</b> .
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.

The voltage should be between:  
**9 V < PR071 < 16 V**  
In the event of a fault, run fault finding on the charging circuit (see **16A, Checking the charging circuit**) and refer to the interpretation of **DF047 Computer supply voltage**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR089</b>	<u>VEHICLE SPEED</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	Gives the vehicle speed in <b>km/h</b> .
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.

Carry out a road test, observing the vehicle speed on the instrument panel and the information given by the diagnostic tool.  
If there is an inconsistency between the two values, run complete fault finding on the ABS computer (see **38C, ABS**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR097</b>	<u>MOTORISED THROTTLE VALVE LOWER STOP PROGRAMMED VALUE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the programmed throttle valve upper stop value as a %.
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The value must be ≈ **9%**.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of **ET051 Throttle stop programming**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR098</b>	<u>UPSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the upstream oxygen sensor voltage in <b>millivolts</b> .
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The upstream oxygen sensor voltage must be between:  
**20 mV < PR098 < 1395 mV.**  
In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of **DF092 Upstream oxygen sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR099</b>	<u>DOWNSTREAM OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the downstream oxygen sensor voltage in <b>millivolts</b>
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The downstream oxygen sensor voltage must be between:  
**0 mV < PR099 < 1000 mV.**  
In the event of a fault, apply interpretation of **DF093 Downstream oxygen sensor circuit.**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>PR102</b>	<u>CANISTER BLEED SOLENOID VALVE OCR*</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the canister bleed solenoid valve opening cyclic ratio in %.
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The value must be **between 0% and 100%**.

\* ocr = opening cyclic ratio

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR118</b>	<u>MEASURED THROTTLE POSITION GANG 1</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the motorised throttle valve 1 position setpoint as a %.
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

With the engine idling, the value must be ≈ **13%**.  
If there is a fault, use the interpretation of **DF095 Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 1**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR119</b>	<u>MEASURED THROTTLE POSITION GANG 2</u>
--------------	--

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the motorised throttle valve 2 position setpoint as a %.
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

With the engine idling, the value must be ≈ **13%**.  
If there is a fault, use the interpretation of **DF096 Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 2**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR138</b>	<u>RICHNESS CORRECTION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the richness correction as a %.
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

This value changes according to the richness signals from the computer.  
The richness correction value must be ≈ **50%**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR139</b>	<u>RICHNESS ADAPTIVE OPERATION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	There must be no faults present.
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

Check the sealing of the fuel vapour absorber bleed.  
Repair if necessary.  
With the engine warm in the idle speed regulation phase, look at parameter **PR139**.

- If the parameter goes to **MAXIMUM stop**, there is not enough fuel or too much air in the mixture.
- If the parameter goes to **MINIMUM stop**, there is too much fuel or not enough air in the mixture.

Check the cleanliness and correct operation of:

- petrol filter,
- petrol pump,
- fuel circuit,
- tank,
- air supply pipe,
- air filter,
- plugs.

Repair if necessary.  
Check:

- the compressions,
- the valve clearance,
- the ignition.

Repair if necessary.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR147</b>	<u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER GANG 1 VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the pedal potentiometer gang 1 voltage in <b>volts</b> .
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.

The value must be  $\approx 0.72 \text{ V}$  and varies according to the status of the pedal.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault **DF974 Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 1**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR148</b>	<u>PEDAL POTENTIOMETER GANG 2 VOLTAGE</u>
--------------	---

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the pedal potentiometer gang 2 voltage in <b>volts</b> .
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C.

The value must be ≈ **0.52 V** and varies according to the status of the pedal.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault **DF975 Pedal potentiometer circuit gang 2**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR215</b>	<u>SENSOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE NO. 1</u>
--------------	------------------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the supply voltage no. 1 of the sensors in <b>Volts</b> .
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and the ignition on, or the engine running and the engine coolant temperature > 80°C without electrical consumers.
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The voltage of <b>PR215</b> is approximately <b>5000 mV</b> .  In the event of a fault, run fault finding on the charging circuit and consult the interpretation of <b>DF011 Sensor supply voltage no. 1</b> .
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR216</b>	<u>SENSOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE NO. 2</u>
--------------	------------------------------------

<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the supply voltage no. 2 of the sensors in <b>Volts</b> .
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and the ignition on, or the engine running and the engine coolant temperature > 80°C without electrical consumers.

The voltage of **PR216** is approximately **5000 mV**.

In the event of a fault, run fault finding on the charging circuit and consult the interpretation of **DF012 Sensor supply voltage no. 2**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR312</b>	<u>MANIFOLD PRESSURE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the manifold pressure in <b>mbar</b> .
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

**With the engine idling**, the value must be  $\approx$  **500 mbar**.  
**With the engine running and throttle open**, the value must be  $\approx$  **1000 mbar**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR427</b>	<u>AVERAGE PINKING SIGNAL</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the average pinking signal.
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Conformity check with the engine running and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

This parameter varies according to the pinking status in the combustion chamber.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault **DF088 Pinking sensor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR429</b>	<u>MEASURED THROTTLE POSITION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the throttle valve position measured as a %.
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

Without action on the accelerator pedal, the value must be ≈ **10%**.  
When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed, the value must be ≈ **85%**.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of faults **DF095 Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 1** and **DF096 Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 2**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR444</b>	<u>BUILT-IN CORRECTION FOR IDLE SPEED REGULATION</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the built-in correction for idle speed regulation in N.m.
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The built-in idle speed regulation correction is continuously calculated to take into account consumer air demand.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**PR446**

UPSTREAM O2 SENSOR HEATING RESISTOR

**PARAMETER  
DEFINITION**

This parameter indicates the heating resistance of the downstream oxygen sensor in **Ohms**.

Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The value must be **≈ 9 Ω at 20°C**.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**PR447**

DOWNSTREAM O2 SENSOR HEATING RESISTOR

**PARAMETER  
DEFINITION**

This parameter indicates the heating resistance of the downstream oxygen sensor in **Ohms**.

Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The value must be  $\approx 9 \Omega$  at 20°C.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>PR448</b>	<u>IGNITION ADVANCE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the ignition advance in <b>volts</b> .
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The value must be  $\approx 0^\circ \text{ V}$  with the ignition on and **4 V** at idle speed.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault **DF120 Engine speed sensor signal**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR538</b>	<u>MEASURED THROTTLE VOLTAGE, GANG 2</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the throttle valve gang 2 voltage measured in <b>volts</b> .
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<b>Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature &gt; 80°C</b>
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The value must be $\approx$ <b>0.60 V</b> . In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF096 Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 2</b> .
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR539</b>	<u>THROTTLE VALVE GANG 1 MEASURE VOLTAGE</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	This parameter indicates the throttle valve voltage, gang 1 measured in <b>volts</b> .
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Conformity check with engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature > 80°C

The value must be  $\approx$  **0.35 V**.  
In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of fault **DF095 Throttle potentiometer circuit gang 1**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR814</b>	<u>NUMBER OF ACTIVE HEATING RESISTORS</u>
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<b>PARAMETER DEFINITION</b>	<p>This parameter indicates the number of active heating resistors and can be between <b>0</b> to <b>5</b> depending on the relays activated.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>0</b> if no relay is active</li><li><b>1</b> if relay 1 is active</li><li><b>2</b> if relay 2 is active</li><li><b>3</b> if relays 1 and 2 are active</li><li><b>4</b> if relays 2 and 3 are active</li><li><b>5</b> if all of the relays are active</li></ul>
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Conformity check: Engine stopped and ignition on, or engine running, and engine coolant temperature < 80°C

In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of faults:  
**DF992 Additional heater relay 1 circuit,**  
**DF993 Additional heater relay 2 circuit,**  
**DF994 Additional heater relay 3 circuit.**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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## Fault finding – Command summary table

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
RZ001	Fault memory	This command is used to clear the faults stored in the computer.
RZ003	Engine adaptives	This command enables a long engine start time.
RZ031	Throttle stop programming	This command is used to reset the necessary system adaptives if replacing the throttle valve.
RZ033	Richness regulation programming	This command is used to reset the necessary system adaptives if replacing the injectors.
RZ037	Flywheel target programming	This command is used to reset the necessary system adaptives if replacing the TDC* sensor.
AC005	Cylinder 1 injector	This command is used to perform an audible check on injector 1.
AC006	Cylinder 2 injector	This command is used to perform an audible check on injector 2.
AC007	Cylinder 3 injector	This command is used to perform an audible check on injector 3.
AC008	Cylinder 4 injector	This command is used to perform an audible check on injector 4.
AC015	Fuel pump relay	This command is used to check the fuel pump.
AC017	Canister bleed solenoid valve	This command is used to check the canister bleed solenoid valve.
AC027	Motorised throttle	This command is used to check the motorised throttle.
AC038	Low speed GMV** relay	This command is used to check the low speed GMV** relay.
AC039	High speed GMV** relay	This command is used to check the high speed GMV** relay.
AC180	Air conditioning compressor relay control	This command is used to check the air conditioning compressor relay.
AC217	Additional fuel circuit solenoid valve	This command is used to check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve. Only on Flexfuel injection
AC224	Additional fuel circuit pump relay	This command is used to check the additional fuel circuit pump relay. Only on Flexfuel injection

TDC\*: Top Dead Centre

GMV\*\*: Fan assembly



# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Command summary table

**17B**

<b>AC250</b>	<b>Heating resistor 1 relay</b>	This command is used to activate the heating resistor no.1 relay.
<b>AC251</b>	<b>Heating resistor 2 relay</b>	This command is used to activate the heating resistor no.2 relay.
<b>AC252</b>	<b>Heating resistor 3 relay</b>	This command is used to activate the heating resistor no.3 relay.
<b>SC001</b>	<b>Write saved data</b>	Use this command after replacing or (re)programming the computer (if the data has been saved using command <b>SC003</b> ).
<b>SC003</b>	<b>Save computer data</b>	This command enables the computer operating data, the engine adaptives, to be recorded.
<b>SC006</b>	<b>Start OBD test: Catalytic converter</b>	This command is used to test the catalytic converter.
<b>SC007</b>	<b>Start OBD test: O2 sensor</b>	This command is used to test the O2 sensors.
<b>VP010</b>	<b>Enter VIN.</b>	This command is used to enter the <b>VIN</b> .
<b>VP036</b>	<b>Fuel supply inhibited</b>	This command is used to inhibit fuel supply to the engine.
<b>VP037</b>	<b>Lift fuel supply inhibition</b>	This command is used to stop command <b>VP036</b> .

## NOTES

### Special note:

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the diagnostic tool.

NO COMMUNICATION WITH THE COMPUTER

ALP 1

GENERAL APPEARANCE OF ENGINE COMPARTMENT

ALP 2

APPEARANCE AND MOUNTING OF THE EXHAUST

ALP 3

LEAK FROM THE ENGINE

FUEL LEAK

ALP 4

ENGINE OIL LEAK

ALP 5

COOLANT LEAK

ALP 6

ODOURS UNDER BONNET

UNUSUAL ODOUR

ALP 7

FUEL ODOUR

ALP 8

SMOKE UNDER BONNET

ABNORMAL SMOKE IN THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT

ALP 9

EXHAUST SMOKE

WHITE SMOKE FROM THE EXHAUST

ALP 10

BLACK SMOKE FROM THE EXHAUST

ALP 11

BLUE SMOKE FROM THE EXHAUST

ALP 12

**EXCESSIVE CONSUMPTION**

EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION

ALP 13

EXCESSIVE COOLANT CONSUMPTION

ALP 14

EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION

ALP 15

**ENGINE STARTING**

IMPOSSIBLE TO START THE ENGINE

ALP 16

ENGINE STALLS WHEN COLD

ALP 17

THE ENGINE STARTS WITH DIFFICULTY

ALP 18

**PERFORMANCE**

LACK OF POWER OR TORQUE

ALP 19

ACCELERATION GAP

ALP 20

**DRIVING PLEASURE**

ROUGH IDLE

ALP 21

IDLE SPEED TOO HIGH OR TOO LOW

ALP 22

JERKING OR HESITATION

ALP 23

ENGINE STALLS

ALP 24

ERRATIC ACCELERATION

ALP 25

ERRATIC DECELERATION

ALP 26

ENGINE RACING (WITHOUT ACTION ON THE PEDAL)

ALP 27

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>No dialogue with the computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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Try to establish dialogue with a computer on another vehicle to make sure that the **diagnostic tool** is not faulty. If the tool is not the cause and communication cannot be established with any other computer on the same vehicle, it is possible that another computer is disrupting the multiplex network.

Check the voltage of the battery.

If the battery voltage is between **9.5 V** and **17.5 V**, run fault finding on the charging circuit.

- Check the presence and condition of the injection fuses on the UPC and in the engine fuse box.
- Check the connection of the computer connectors, component code **120**.
- Check the **injection computer** earths (quality, oxidation, tightness of the earth bolts on the battery terminal).
- Check that the supply to the computer is correct:
- **Earth** on connection **NH** of component **120**,
- **+ 12V** on connection **3FB** of component **120**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair method (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check that the **diagnostic socket**, component code **225** is correctly supplied:

- **+ Before ignition feed** on connection **BP56** of component **225**,
- **+ After ignition feed** on connection **AP10** of component **225**,
- **Earth** on connections **MAM** and **NC** of component **225**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair method (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If dialogue has still not been established after these checks, contact the techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>General appearance of engine compartment</b>
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Check the fan assembly
Check the air filter unit.
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>
Check the air pipes.
Check the coolant temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 15 Coolant temperature sensor check.</b>
Check the injector rail.
Check the inlet manifold.
Check the oil filter.
Check the catalytic converter.
Check the exhaust manifold.
Check the accessories belt.
Check the dipstick.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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**ALP 3**

**Appearance and mounting of the exhaust**

Check the catalytic converter.

Check the exhaust manifold.

Check the cylinder head.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**17B**

<b>ALP 4</b>	<b>Fuel leak</b>
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Check the fuel pump relay by running <b>TEST 1 Fuel supply pump relay check</b> .
Check the air pipes.
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank</b> .
Check the spark plugs.
Check the injector rail.
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check</b> .
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 5</b>	<b>Engine oil leak</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check the oil filler cap.
Check the air pipes.
Check the inlet manifold.
Check the oil filter.
Check the oil circuit.
Check the oil pump.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the camshaft.
Check the rotating parts.
Check the dipstick.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 6</b>	<b>Coolant leak</b>
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Check the coolant pump.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the cooling system.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 7</b>	<b>Unusual odour</b>
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Check the air pipes.
Check the catalytic converter.
Check the coolant pump.
Check the exhaust manifold.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the timing.
Check the cooling system.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 8</b>	<b>Fuel odours</b>
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Check the air pipes.
Check the injector rail.
Check the inlet manifold.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 9</b>	<b>Abnormal smoke in the engine compartment</b>
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Check the air pipes.
Check the injector rail.
Check the inlet manifold.
Check the oil circuit.
Check the catalytic converter.
Check the coolant pump.
Check the exhaust manifold.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the timing.
Check the cooling system.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>White smoke from the exhaust</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check the air pipes.
Check the inlet manifold.
Check the exhaust manifold.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 11</b>	<b>Black smoke from the exhaust</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check the air pipes.
Check the air inlet temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 6 Checking the air temperature sensor.</b>
Check the coolant temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 15 Coolant temperature sensor check.</b>
Check the injector rail.
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 12</b>	<b>Blue smoke from the exhaust</b>
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Check the oil.
Check the coolant temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 15 Coolant temperature sensor check</b> .
Check the spark plugs.
Check the ignition coil by running <b>TEST 14 Checking the ignition coil</b> .
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors</b> .
Check the oil filter.
Check the oil circuit.
Check the exhaust manifold.
Check the oil pump.
Check the pistons and piston rings.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the inlet and exhaust valves.
Check the rotating parts.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 13</b>	<b>Excessive fuel consumption</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check the air pipes.
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>
Check the injector rail.
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>
Check the pinking sensor by running <b>TEST 11 Pinking sensor check.</b>
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>
Check the catalytic converter.
Check the camshaft.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 14</b>	<b>Excessive coolant consumption</b>
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Check the engine cooling fan assembly.
Check the coolant pump.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the cooling system.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 15</b>	<b>Excessive oil consumption</b>
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Check the engine cooling fan assembly.
Check the oil circuit.
Check the oil filter.
Check the pistons and piston rings.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the valves.
Check the rotating parts.
Check the dipstick.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 16</b>	<b>Impossible to start the engine</b>
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Check the fuel pump relay by running <b>TEST 1 Petrol supply pump relay check.</b>
Check the air filter unit.
Check the oil.
Check the air pipes.
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>
Check the spark plugs.
Check the injector rail.
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>
Check the coolant pump.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the camshaft.
Check the valves.
Check the timing.
Check the rotating parts.
Check the accessories belt.
Check the supply relay and the injection computer.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 17</b>	<b>Engine stalls when cold</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check the oil.
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>
Check the air pipes.
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>
Check the coolant temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 15 Coolant temperature sensor check.</b>
Check the injector rail.
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Injector check.</b>
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>
Check the camshaft.
Check the valves.
Check the timing.
Check the injection computer.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 18</b>	<b>The engine starts with difficulty.</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check the oil.
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>
Check the air pipes.
Check the throttle valve by running <b>TEST 3 Throttle valve check.</b>
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>
Check the coolant temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 15 Coolant temperature sensor check.</b>
Check the spark plugs.
Check the injector rail.
Check the ignition coil by running <b>TEST 14 Checking the ignition coil.</b>
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>
Check the coolant pump.
Check the oil pump.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the camshaft.
Check the valves.
Check the timing.
Check the cooling system.
Check the rotating parts.
Check the accessories belt.
Check the supply relay and the injection computer.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 19</b>	<b>Lack of power or torque</b>
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Check the air filter unit.
Check that the floor carpet is correctly positioned.
Check the engine cooling fan assembly.
Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.</b>
Check the air filter unit.
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>
Check the air pipes.
Check the air inlet temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 6 Checking the air temperature sensor.</b>
Check the throttle valve by running <b>TEST 3 Throttle valve check.</b>
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>
Check the spark plugs.
Check the injector rail.
Check the inlet manifold.
Check the ignition coil by running <b>TEST 14 Checking the ignition coil.</b>
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>
Check the pinking sensor by running <b>TEST 11 Pinking sensor check.</b>
Check the oil circuit.
Check the oil filter.
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 19 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor</b> .
Check the catalytic converter.
Check the exhaust manifold.
Check the pistons and piston rings.
Check the cylinder head.
Check the camshaft.
Check the valves.
Check the timing.
Check the rotating parts.
Check the injection computer.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 20</b>	<b>Flat spots when accelerating</b>
Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.</b>	
Check the brake pedal switch by running <b>TEST 9 Brake pedal switch check.</b>	
Check the air filter unit.	
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>	
Check the air pipes.	
Check the air inlet temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 6 Checking the air temperature sensor.</b>	
Check the throttle valve by running <b>TEST 3 Throttle valve check.</b>	
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>	
Check the spark plugs.	
Check the injector rail.	
Check the inlet manifold.	
Check the ignition coil by running <b>TEST 14 Checking the ignition coil.</b>	
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>	
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>	
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>	
Check the pinking sensor by running <b>TEST 11 Pinking sensor check.</b>	
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the catalytic converter.	
Check the camshaft.	
Check the valves.	
Check the timing.	
Check the injection computer.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 21</b>	<b>Rough idle</b>
Check the alternator charge signal module by running <b>TEST 2 Alternator signal module check.</b>	
Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.</b>	
Check the air filter unit.	
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>	
Check the throttle valve by running <b>TEST 3 Throttle valve check.</b>	
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>	
Check the spark plugs.	
Check the injector rail.	
Check the inlet manifold.	
Check the ignition coil by running <b>TEST 14 Checking the ignition coil.</b>	
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>	
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>	
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the cylinder head.	
Check the camshaft.	
Check the valves.	
Check the timing.	
Check the rotating parts.	
Check the injection computer.	
Check the injection pump.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 22</b>	<b>Idling speed too high or too low</b>
Check the alternator charge signal module by running <b>TEST 2 Alternator signal module check.</b>	
Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.</b>	
Check the air filter unit.	
Check the air inlet temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 6 Checking the air temperature sensor.</b>	
Check the throttle valve by running <b>TEST 3 Throttle valve check.</b>	
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>	
Check the coolant temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 15 Coolant temperature sensor check.</b>	
Check the spark plugs.	
Check the injector rail.	
Check the inlet manifold.	
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>	
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the cylinder head.	
Check the camshaft.	
Check the valves.	
Check the timing.	
Check the injection computer.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>ALP 23</b>	<b>Jerking or hesitation</b>
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Check the alternator charge signal module by running <b>TEST 2 Alternator signal module check.</b>
Check the fuel pump relay by running <b>TEST 1 Petrol supply pump relay check.</b>
Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running <b>TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check.</b>
Check the brake pedal switch by running <b>TEST 9 Brake pedal switch check.</b>
Check the air filter unit.
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>
Check the air pipes.
Check the air inlet temperature sensor by running <b>TEST 6 Checking the air temperature sensor.</b>
Check the throttle valve by running <b>TEST 3 Throttle valve check.</b>
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>
Check the spark plugs.
Check the injector rail.
Check the inlet manifold.
Check the ignition coil by running <b>TEST 14 Checking the ignition coil.</b>
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>
Check the camshaft.
Check the valves.
Check the timing.
Check the supply relay and the injection computer.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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# PETROL INJECTION

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**17B**

<b>ALP 24</b>	<b>Engine stalls</b>
Check the fuel pump relay by running <b>TEST 1 Petrol supply pump relay check.</b>	
Check the air filter unit.	
Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running <b>TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check.</b>	
Check the air pipes.	
Check the additional fuel circuit solenoid valve by running <b>TEST 5 Checking the additional fuel tank.</b>	
Check the injector rail.	
Check the injectors by running <b>TEST 13 Checking the injectors.</b>	
Check the additional petrol circuit pump by running <b>TEST 12 Additional fuel tank pump check.</b>	
Check the TDC sensor by running <b>TEST 10 TDC sensor check.</b>	
Check the upstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 17 Checking the upstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the downstream oxygen sensor by running <b>TEST 18 Checking the downstream O2 sensor.</b>	
Check the camshaft.	
Check the valves.	
Check the timing.	
Check the injection computer.	
Check the injection computer supply relay.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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**ALP 25**

**Erratic acceleration**

Check that the floor carpet is correctly positioned.

Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running **TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 26**

**Erratic deceleration**

Check the inlet manifold air pressure sensor by running **TEST 7 Air inlet pressure sensor check**.

Check the throttle valve by running **TEST 3 Throttle valve check**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 27**

**Engine racing (without action on the accelerator pedal)**

Check the accelerator pedal potentiometer by running **TEST 8 Accelerator pedal potentiometer check**.

Check the throttle valve by running **TEST 3 Throttle valve check**.

Check the injection computer.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

# PETROL INJECTION

Fault finding – Test summary table

Fuel supply pump relay check	→	TEST 1
Alternator signal module check	→	TEST 2
Throttle valve check	→	TEST 3
Fuel vapour absorber solenoid valve check	→	TEST 4
Additional fuel tank check	→	TEST 5
Air temperature sensor check	→	TEST 6
Air inlet pressure sensor check	→	TEST 7
Accelerator pedal potentiometer check	→	TEST 8
Brake pedal switch check	→	TEST 9
TDC sensor check	→	TEST 10
Pinking sensor check	→	TEST 11
Additional fuel tank pump check	→	TEST 12
Injector check	→	TEST 13
Ignition coil check	→	TEST 14
Coolant temperature sensor check	→	TEST 15
Fan relay check	→	TEST 16
Upstream O2 sensor check	→	TEST 17
Downstream O2 sensor check	→	TEST 18
Fuel conformity check	→	TEST 19



**TEST 1**

**Fuel supply pump relay check**

Listen to the operation of the fuel supply pump, as well as the fuel pump relay by running command **AC015 Fuel pump relay**.

Check the fuel pump supply on connection **3NA** by running command **AC015 Fuel pump relay**.

Check the **continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3NA** between components **1047** and **833**,
- **MG** between component **833** and **the earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring. Otherwise replace the wiring.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>TEST 2</b>	<b>Alternator signal module check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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With the engine running, check the alternator charge without any electrical consumers switched on using **PR002 Alternator charge**, then switch on the consumers and check the increase in **PR002**.

Check the **cleanliness** and **condition** of the alternator connector, component code **103** and of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
– **2K** between components **103** and **120**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the check is correct, replace the alternator signal module, component code **103** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 16A, Starting - Charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### TEST 3

### Throttle valve check

Check that parameter **PR444 Idling speed regulation integral correction** is between:

**5 N.m < PR444 < 10 N.m.**

The attempt is made with the engine idling and warm (**75°C**), without any electrical consumers switched on.

The value of **PR444** must be read at least **20 minutes** after the engine coolant temperature has reached **75°C**.

If the value of **PR444** is greater than **10 N.m**, program the throttle again using command **RZ031 Throttle stop programming**.

If the value of **PR444** is less than **-5N.m**, check the fitting of the throttle and check for possible air leaks (see **MR 388** or **MR451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Throttle valve: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>TEST 4</b>	<b>Fuel vapour absorber solenoid valve check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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<p>Check the cleanliness, mounting, possible leaks and the hoses of the fuel vapour absorber solenoid valve, component code <b>371</b> (see <b>MR 388, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Fuel vapour recirculation circuit: Check</b> or <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Listen to the operation of the solenoid valve by running command <b>AC017 Canister bleed solenoid valve</b>.</p>
<p>With the engine idling, disconnect the pipe at the solenoid valve inlet and check that there is no suction on your finger. (These steps allow the sealing of the solenoid valve to be checked for air tightness.)</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the canister bleed solenoid valve connector, component code <b>371</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3FB</b> between components <b>371</b> and <b>1047</b>, – <b>3BB</b> between components <b>371</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>With the ignition on, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>3FB</b> of component <b>371</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>resistance of the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve</b>. If the resistance of the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve is not between: <math>24 \Omega &lt; X &lt; 30 \Omega</math> between <b>0°C</b> and <b>40°C</b>, replace the fuel vapour absorber bleed solenoid valve (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 14A, Emission control, Fuel vapour absorber: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 5</b>	<b>Additional fuel tank check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero</b> .
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<p>Check the cleanliness, mounting, possible leaks and the solenoid valve hoses (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Additional fuel system petrol pump: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Listen to the operation of the solenoid valve by running command <b>AC217 Additional petrol circuit solenoid valve</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the connector of the additional petrol circuit solenoid valve, component code <b>1640</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3ACM</b> between components <b>1640</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3FB</b> between components <b>1640</b> and <b>1047</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the supply of the solenoid valve using a test light, by running command <b>AC224 Additional petrol circuit pump relay</b>.</p>
<p>Check the internal resistance of the solenoid valve, component code <b>1640</b> on the computer connector, component code <b>120</b>, its value must be between: <math>24 \Omega &lt; X \leq 30 \Omega</math>. If the resistance is not correct, replace the solenoid valve (see <b>MR 388 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Additional fuel system petrol pump: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**TEST 6**

**Air temperature sensor check**

Perform a visual inspection and look for possible sealing faults in the system.  
Ensure the conformity of the system (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air inlet: Description**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

### TEST 7

### Air inlet pressure sensor check

Check the fitting and sealing of the inlet air pressure sensor, component code **147** (condition of the seals) and look for possible leaks on the inlet air pipe. Ensure the conformity of the system (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air inlet: Description**).

With the ignition on, compare the value of **PR312 Manifold pressure** for the vehicle concerned with that given by another vehicle (**absolute difference < 130 mbars**).

Check the **connection** and **condition** of the connector of the inlet air pressure sensor, component code **147** and of the injection computer connector, component code **120**.

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the supply voltage of the sensor on connections **3AJR** and **3AJP**.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3AJP** between components **120** and **147**,
- **3AJR** between components **120** and **147**,
- **3AJQ** between components **120** and **147**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

With the ignition on, use a vacuum pump in order to create a variation in negative pressure. Then use the diagnostic tool to check that **PR312 Manifold pressure**  $\leq$  **500 mbar**.

Replace the inlet air pressure sensor, component code **147** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 12A, Fuel mixture, Air inlet: Description**) and repeat the vacuum test.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

### TEST 8

### Accelerator pedal potentiometer check

#### NOTES

See the **Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster**.

Check the variation in **PR055 Engine speed** when depressing the accelerator pedal (with the engine running).

Stop the engine and switch on the ignition. Without action on the pedal, check that the voltage correction of circuit 1:

- **PR147 Pedal potentiometer voltage gang 1** is less than **817 mV** and
- **PR148 Pedal potentiometer voltage gang 2** is less than **440 mV**.

Then, in the "full load" position, check the voltage of circuit 1: **PR147** must be greater than **4185 mV** and **PR148** must be greater than **2013 mV**.

Also check the pedal position in the following cases:

- "position zero" (**PR030 Accelerator pedal position = 0**)
- "Full load" (**PR030 = 1**).

Stop the engine and then switch on the ignition.

With the vehicle under **+ after ignition feed**, measure the voltage between the following connections:

- **3LR** and **3LT** of component **921**,
- **3LU** and **3LV** of component **921**.

If the value is not between **4.75 V ≤ X ≤ 5.25 V**, check **the insulation, the continuity and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connections:

- **3LR** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LT** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LU** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LV** between components **120** and **921**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3LS** between components **120** and **921**,
- **3LW** between components **120** and **921**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

#### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.



### TEST 8 CONTINUED

Remove the **accelerator pedal**, component code **921** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Accelerator pedal potentiometer: Removal – Refitting** or **451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting**).

**Without action on the accelerator pedal**, check the **resistance** between the following connections:

Gang 1:

- **3LT** and **3LS** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **718  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  5263  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LT** and **3LR** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **838  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  1742  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LR** and **3LS** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1312  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  6495  $\Omega$** .

Gang 2:

- **3LV** and **3LW** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **701  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  5242  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LV** and **3LU** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1495  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  3105  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LU** and **3LW** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1978  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  7894  $\Omega$** .

If these checks are incorrect, replace the **accelerator pedal sensor**, component code **921** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Accelerator pedal potentiometer: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**With the accelerator pedal depressed to the end of travel**, check the **resistance** between the following connections:

Gang 1:

- **3LT** and **3LS** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1361  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  6600  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LT** and **3LR** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **838  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  1742  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LR** and **3LS** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **668  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  5160  $\Omega$** .

Gang 2:

- **3LV** and **3LW** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1276  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  6436  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LV** and **3LU** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1495  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  3105  $\Omega$** ,
- **3LU** and **3LW** of component **921**, the **resistance** must be between **1403  $\Omega$   $\leq$  X  $\leq$  6700  $\Omega$** .

If these checks are incorrect, replace the **accelerator pedal sensor**, component code **921** (see **MR 388, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Accelerator pedal potentiometer: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>TEST 9</b>	<b>Brake pedal switch check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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<p>With the brake pedal <b>released</b>, check <b>ET039 Brake pedal</b> and <b>ET799 Brake wire contact</b>. <b>ET039</b> must be <b>01</b> and <b>ET799</b> must be <b>01</b>. While depressing the brake pedal, check <b>ET039</b> and <b>ET799</b>. <b>ET039</b> must be <b>02</b> and <b>ET799</b> must be <b>02</b>. If these two checks are correct, the switch is not faulty.</p>
<p>Check the fitting and mechanical operation of the brake pedal (the pedal returns properly). If the check is incorrect, check the braking system.</p>
<p>With the brake pedal <b>depressed</b>, measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>65A</b>, the value must be <b>X &gt; 10 MΩ</b>. If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>With the brake pedal <b>released</b>, measure the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> between connections <b>AP1</b> and <b>5A</b>, the value must be between <b>0 Ω &lt; X &lt; 1 Ω</b>. If the <b>resistance</b> is not correct, replace the <b>brake pedal switch</b>, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>) and move on to the <b>part: Checking the brake pedal switch</b>.</p>
<p>Check the condition of the <b>brake pedal switch</b> connector, component code <b>160</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting</b>). If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of the brake pedal fuse <b>F03 (10 A)</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>AP1</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>1016</b>, – <b>5A</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>65A</b> between components <b>160</b> and <b>120</b>, If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 10</b>	<b>TDC sensor check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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Check the fitting of the sensor (connectors, mountings, etc.) (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting</b> ).	
Switch on the ignition, check the change of the engine rotation speed using parameter <b>PR055 Engine speed</b> . The value must be between <b>0 rpm</b> and more than <b>120 rpm</b> when the starter is operating.	
With the engine running, accelerate to obtain different engine rotation speeds and check that the engine speed correctly changes in relation to the accelerations. If <b>PR055</b> varies, the sensor is sound.	
Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>TDC sensor</b> , component code <b>149</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.	
Check the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>TDC sensor</b> between connections <b>3BL</b> and <b>3BG</b> on the <b>injection computer</b> connector side, component code <b>120</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting</b> ).	
The <b>resistance</b> must be between $175 \Omega \leq X \leq 295 \Omega$ . If the value is not correct, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Crankshaft position sensor: Removal - Refitting</b> ).	
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>3BL</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>149</b> , – <b>3BG</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>149</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 11</b>	<b>Pinking sensor check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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Start the engine and let it idle. Then, check that <b>PR427 Average pinking signal</b> is 0.
With the engine idling, check that parameters <b>PR469 Cylinder 1 pinking value, PR471 Cylinder 2 pinking value, PR473 Cylinder 3 pinking value, PR475 Cylinder 4 pinking value</b> are all 0.
Check the <b>cleanliness</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>pinking sensor</b> connector, component code <b>146</b> and of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b> . If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>resistance</b> of the <b>pinking sensor</b> between connections <b>3DQ</b> and <b>3S</b> on the <b>injection computer</b> connector side, component code <b>120</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection computer: Removal - Refitting</b> ).  The <b>resistance</b> must be: <b>X &gt; 10 MΩ</b> . If the resistance value is not correct, replace the pinking sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Petrol injection: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the <b>insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:  – <b>3DQ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>146</b> , – <b>3S</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>146</b> .  If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 12</b>	<b>Additional fuel tank pump check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero</b> .
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Listen to the operation of the additional fuel pump and of the petrol pump relay of the additional circuit by running command **AC224 Additional petrol circuit pump relay**.

Check the supply of the solenoid valve using a test light, by running command **AC224**.  
If the supply is correct, replace the additional fuel pump (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Additional fuel circuit tank: Removal – Refitting**).

Check the **continuity, insulation, and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **3ACL** between components **1639** and **283**,
- **NH** between **earth** and **283**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the checks are correct, run fault finding on the Protection and Switching Unit.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 13</b>	<b>Injector check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster.</b>
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Perform a visual inspection of the condition and possible leaks in the system.  
Repair if necessary (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail – Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**).

Listen to the operation of the injectors by running the commands:

- **AC005 Cylinder 1 injector,**
- **AC006 Cylinder 2 injector,**
- **AC007 Cylinder 3 injector,**
- **AC008 Cylinder 4 injector.**

Replace the injectors if necessary (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 13A, Fuel supply, Injector rail – Injectors: Removal – Refitting** or **MR 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Injector rail - Injectors: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool.</b>
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<b>TEST 14</b>	<b>Ignition coil check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special note:</b> To apply this procedure, use special tool <b>Elé. 1808: Ignition coil tester</b> , available in the <b>Parts Department catalogue</b> , part number: <b>77 11 381 808</b> .
	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .

### K4M engine

Perform a visual inspection of the condition of the connectors for the following: pencil ignition coil no.1, component code **1077**, pencil ignition coil no.2, component code **1078**, pencil ignition coil no.3, component code **1079**, pencil ignition coil no.4, component code **1080** (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal – Refitting**).

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Insert tool **Elé. 1808 (1)** into the coil.

Place the tool/coil assembly in the spark plug well.

Start the engine and let it idle.

Apply light pressure to the assembly to hold the coil in contact with the tool.

Observe the glow from the electric arc on the spark plug well wall.

If the electric arc is not produced, replace the coil concerned (see **MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### TEST 14 CONTINUED

### Ignition coil check

#### K7M engine

Perform a visual inspection of the condition of the ignition coil connectors, component code **778** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal – Refitting**).

If the connector or connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector(s), otherwise replace the wiring.

Insert tool **Elé.1808 (1)** in the cap of the wire of the plugs concerned.

Fit the assembly in the plug well.

Start the engine and let it idle.

Apply light pressure to the assembly to hold the coil in contact with the tool.

Observe the glow from the electric arc on the spark plug well wall.

If the electric arc is not produced, replace the ignition coil (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

#### D4D engine

– Switch on the vehicle + **after ignition feed**.

– Run command **VP036 FUEL SUPPLY INHIBITION**.

Put the vehicle under starting conditions:

– position of gear lever in neutral for a manual gearbox\* or position "P" (Parking) for an automatic gearbox\*.

– brake pedal depressed.

– Run command **RZ003 ENGINE ADAPTIVES**.

Remove the plugs from each cylinder and check, one after another, that sparks are present by bringing the plug close to a chassis earth, with the starter engaged. If no spark is produced, replace the ignition coil, component code **778** (see **MR 388 Mechanical, 17A, Ignition, Coils: Removal – Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

BVM\*: Manual gearbox.

BVA\*: Automatic gearbox.

#### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, then check with the **diagnostic tool**.



<b>TEST 15</b>	<b>Coolant temperature sensor check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
<p>With the engine idling: visually check that there are no leaks where the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b> is fitted, component code <b>244</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>Switch off the engine. Wait for <b>15 minutes</b>, restart the engine and, for <b>10 minutes</b>, check that the temperature value given by the sensor increases, using parameter <b>PR064 Coolant temperature</b>.</p> <p>If the value increases, the sensor is sound.</p>
<p>Check the condition of the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b> connector, component code <b>244</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the supply between connections <b>3JK</b> and <b>3C</b> of component <b>244</b>.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3JK</b> between components <b>244</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>3C</b> between components <b>244</b> and <b>120</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, replace the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 16</b>	<b>Fan relay check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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<p>Check the operation of the low speed fan assembly by running command <b>AC038 Low speed fan assembly relay</b>. Check the operation of the high speed fan assembly by running command <b>AC039 High speed fan assembly relay</b>. If these two checks are correct, the fan assembly relay is not faulty</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC038</b> and use the test light to check for the control signal of component <b>120</b> on connection <b>3JN</b> of component <b>700</b>.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>fan assembly</b> connector, component code <b>188</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>3JN</b> between components <b>700</b> and <b>120</b>,</li><li>– <b>49C</b> between components <b>321</b> and <b>700</b>,</li><li>– <b>49B</b> between components <b>188</b> and <b>321</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC038</b> and use the test light to check for the presence of supply at the relay output. If the supply is absent, replace the <b>low speed fan assembly relay</b>, component code <b>700</b>.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC039</b> and use the test light to check for the control signal of component <b>120</b> on connection <b>3JP</b> of component <b>336</b>.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>49B</b> between components <b>336</b> and <b>188</b>,</li><li>– <b>3JP</b> between components <b>336</b> and <b>120</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Run command <b>AC039</b> and use the test light to check for the presence of supply at the relay output. If the supply is absent, replace the <b>high speed fan assembly relay</b>, component code <b>336</b>.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 17</b>	<b>Upstream O2 sensor check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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<p>Visually check the position and mounting of the upstream oxygen sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>With the engine warm, <b>PR064 Coolant temperature &gt; 70°C</b>, depress the accelerator pedal and check that <b>PR098 Upstream oxygen sensor voltage</b> varies correctly between: <b>20 mV &lt; PR098 &lt; 1395 mV</b>. The variation must be greater than <b>50 mV</b>.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the upstream oxygen sensor connector, component code <b>887</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>3GH</b> between components <b>887</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>3GK</b> between components <b>887</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the resistance value of the upstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>887</b> on the computer connector side, component code <b>120</b>. With the engine stopped for <b>10 minutes</b>, the resistance value should be between <b>7 Ω and infinity</b>. If the resistance is not correct, replace the upstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>887</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check that the TDC* sensor programming is correct (see the section on <b>Replacement of components</b>).</p>
<p>Run test <b>SC007 Run OBD test: O2 sensor</b> and start the engine (Only depress the brake pedal to authorise the starting of the engine). At the end, check the test results: <b>STATUS1</b>: Run the test again with the engine coolant temperature <b>X &gt; 90°C</b>. <b>STATUS2</b> or <b>STATUS3</b>: Sensor OK. <b>STATUS4</b>: Replace the upstream oxygen sensor (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal – Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

TDC\*: TOP DEAD CENTRE

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>TEST 18</b>	<b>Downstream O2 sensor check</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	See the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for Logan, Sandero, Duster</b> .
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<p>Visually check the position and mounting of the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>With the engine warm, <b>PR064 Coolant temperature &gt; 70°C</b>, depress the accelerator pedal for <b>3 minutes</b>, perform several accelerations and check that <b>PR099 Downstream oxygen sensor voltage</b> varies correctly between: <b>0 mV &lt; PR099 &lt; 1000 mV</b>.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the downstream oxygen sensor connector, component code <b>242</b> and of the <b>injection computer</b> connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>3GL</b> between components <b>242</b> and <b>120</b>, – <b>3GJ</b> between components <b>242</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the resistance value of the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> on the computer connector side, component code <b>120</b>. With the engine stopped for <b>10 minutes</b>, the resistance value should be between <b>7 Ω and infinity</b>. If the resistance value is not correct, replace the downstream oxygen sensor, component code <b>242</b> (see <b>MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 17B, Petrol injection, Oxygen sensors: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, then check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### TEST 19

### Fuel conformity check

#### WARNING:

During this operation, it is essential to:

refrain from smoking or bringing incandescent objects close to the work area,  
protect yourself against fuel splashes due to residual pressure in the pipes, wear safety goggles with side guards and waterproof gloves (Nitrile type).

#### IMPORTANT:

To avoid any corrosion or damage, protect the areas on which fuel is likely to run.

To prevent impurities from entering the circuit, place protective plugs on all fuel circuit components exposed to the open air.

Remove 1 L of fuel at the fuel filter outlet (see MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining), using a pneumatic transfer pump (part no. 634-200) and place it in the 1300 ml plastic cup. Cover the plastic cup with its cover and allow it to settle for approximately 2 minutes.

#### Check if the fuel is cloudy or if it separates into two parts.

If the fuel is cloudy or if it separates into two parts, there is water in the fuel, the fuel is not correct.

Drain the fuel circuit, including the tank (see MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining).

Visually compare the fuel removed with the correct petrol.

#### Are the samples identical?

If the samples are identical, this means that the fuel is correct.

Otherwise, drain the fuel circuit, including the tank (see MR 388 or 451, Mechanical, 19C, Tank, Fuel tank: Draining).

#### Note:

Contact the Techline if you have doubts or problems with the customer.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, then check with the diagnostic tool.

# DUSTER

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## 3 Chassis

### 36B POWER-ASSISTED STEERING PUMP ASSEMBLY

GEPDA  
Vdiag No.: 04

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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## 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle: **DUSTER**  
Function concerned: **Power-assisted steering pump assembly**

Computer name: **GEPDA**  
Vdiag No.: **04**

## 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

**Documentation type:**

**Fault finding procedure** (this manual):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu - Schéma

**Type of diagnostic tools:**

- CLIP

**Special tooling required:**

Special tooling required	
Diagnostic tool	
Multimeter	
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier

## 3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

## Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context).

Consider the fault status, **present** or **stored** when the **diagnostic tool** is used after the + after ignition feed (without operating the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the Interpretation of faults section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the Notes section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical connections that correspond to the fault,
- the connectors for this connection,
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires.

**Refer to paragraphs 4.1 Checking wiring and 4.2 Checking connectors**

## Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data that does not produce a fault on the **diagnostic tool** when the data is inconsistent. Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repairs.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them.

If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside the permitted tolerance values, consult the corresponding fault finding page.

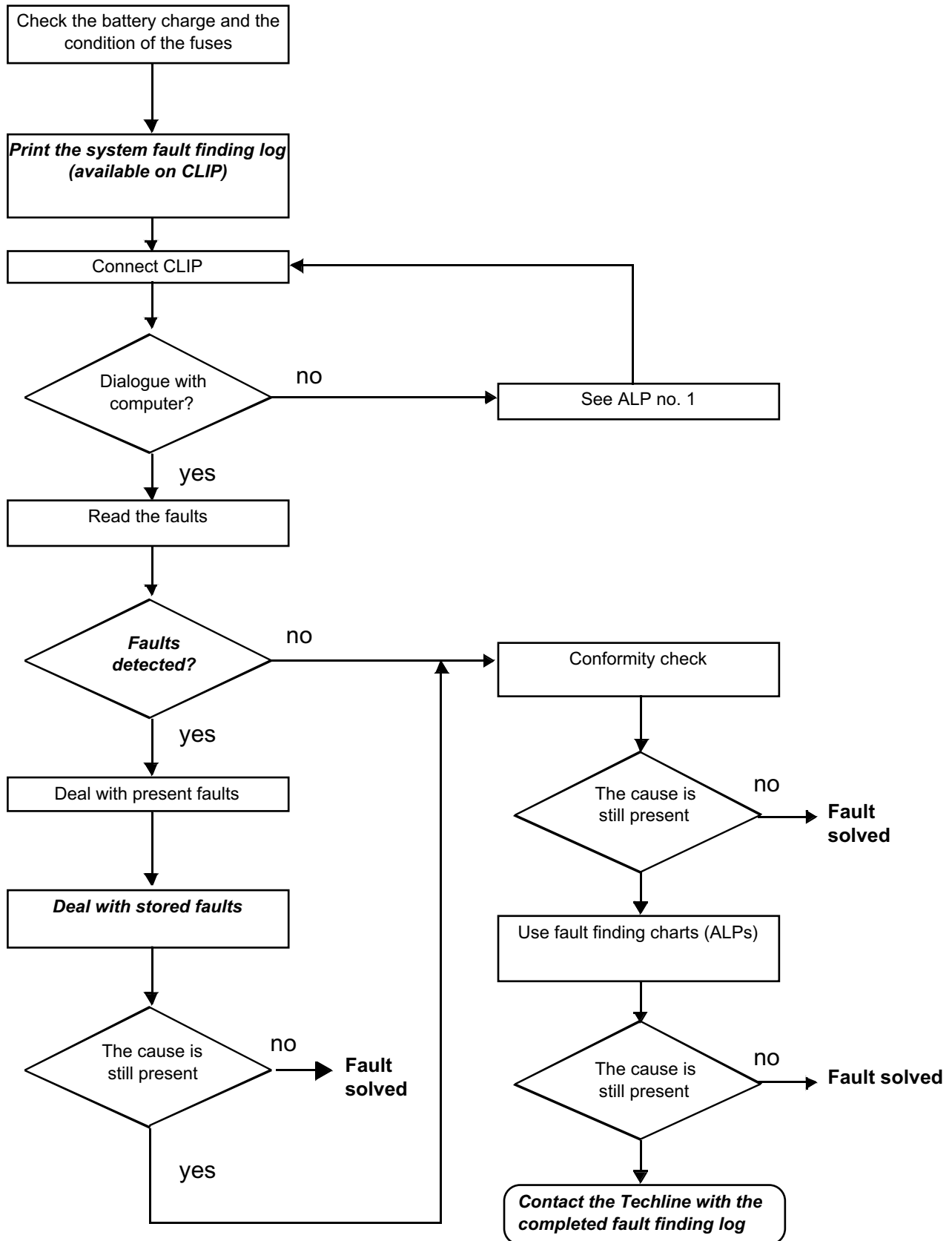
## Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the **diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be processed by **customer complaints**.

**A summary of the overall procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**



4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE



## **4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)**

### **4.1 Wiring check**

#### **Fault finding problems**

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily remove the cause of a fault.

#### **Visual inspection**

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment.  
Carefully check the protectors, insulation, and routing of the wiring, as well as the mountings.

#### **Physical inspection**

While manipulating the wiring, use either the **diagnostic tool** to detect a change in status from “stored” to “present”, or use the multimeter to view the status changes.  
Make sure that the connectors are properly locked.  
Apply light pressure to the connectors.  
Twist the wiring harness.

#### **Checking earth insulation**

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the **12 V** or **5 V**. The correct measured value is **0 V**.

#### **Checking insulation against + 12 V or + 5 V**

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the earth. In the first instance, the earth may be taken on the chassis. The correct measured value should be **0 V**

#### **Continuity check**

A continuity check is carried out by measuring the resistance (multimeter in ohmmeter mode), with the connectors disconnected at both ends. The expected result is **1 Ω ± 1 Ω** for every connection. The line must be fully checked, and the intermediate connections are only included in the method if this saves time during the fault finding procedure. The continuity check on the multiplex lines must be carried out on both wires. The measured value should be **1 Ω ± 1 Ω**.

#### **Checking the supply**

This check may be carried out using a test light (**21 W** or **5 W** depending on the maximum authorised load).

## 4.2 Checking the connectors

**Note:**

Carry out each requested check visually.  
Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

**Note:**

Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

**Note:**

The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:  
– Connector/Connector.  
– Connector/Device.

### **Visual inspection of the connection:**

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

### **Visual inspection of the area around the connection:**

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.) if the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

### **Visual inspection of the plastic casing:**

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, split, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, sockets, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

### **Visual inspection of the metal contacts:**

*(The female contact is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).*

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The contact comes out of the connector when the wire is pulled gently.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.

**Visual inspection of the sealing:**

(Only for watertight connectors)

Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).

- Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For *unit* joints (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For gel seals, check for gel in all of the sockets without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and the electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, consult **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring.**

## 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



**IMPORTANT!**

### **IMPORTANT**

Any fault on a complex system requires thorough fault finding with the appropriate tools. The **FAULT FINDING LOG**, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE ESSENTIAL THAT THE FAULT FINDING LOG IS FILLED OUT EVERY TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT.**

You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from Techline,
- for approval requests when replacing parts for which approval is mandatory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

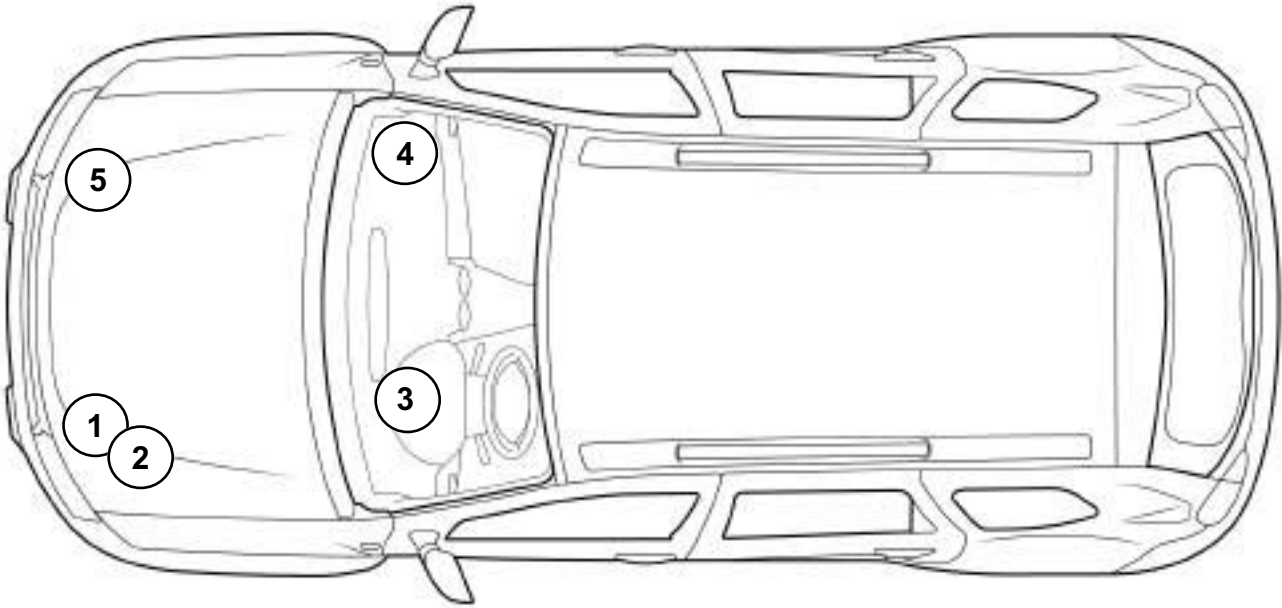
## 6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

**It is forbidden to carry out a road test with the diagnostic tool in dialogue with the ECU because the ABS and Electronic Brake Distribution functions are deactivated. Braking pressure is identical on both vehicle axles (risk of a spin under heavy braking).**

Location of components

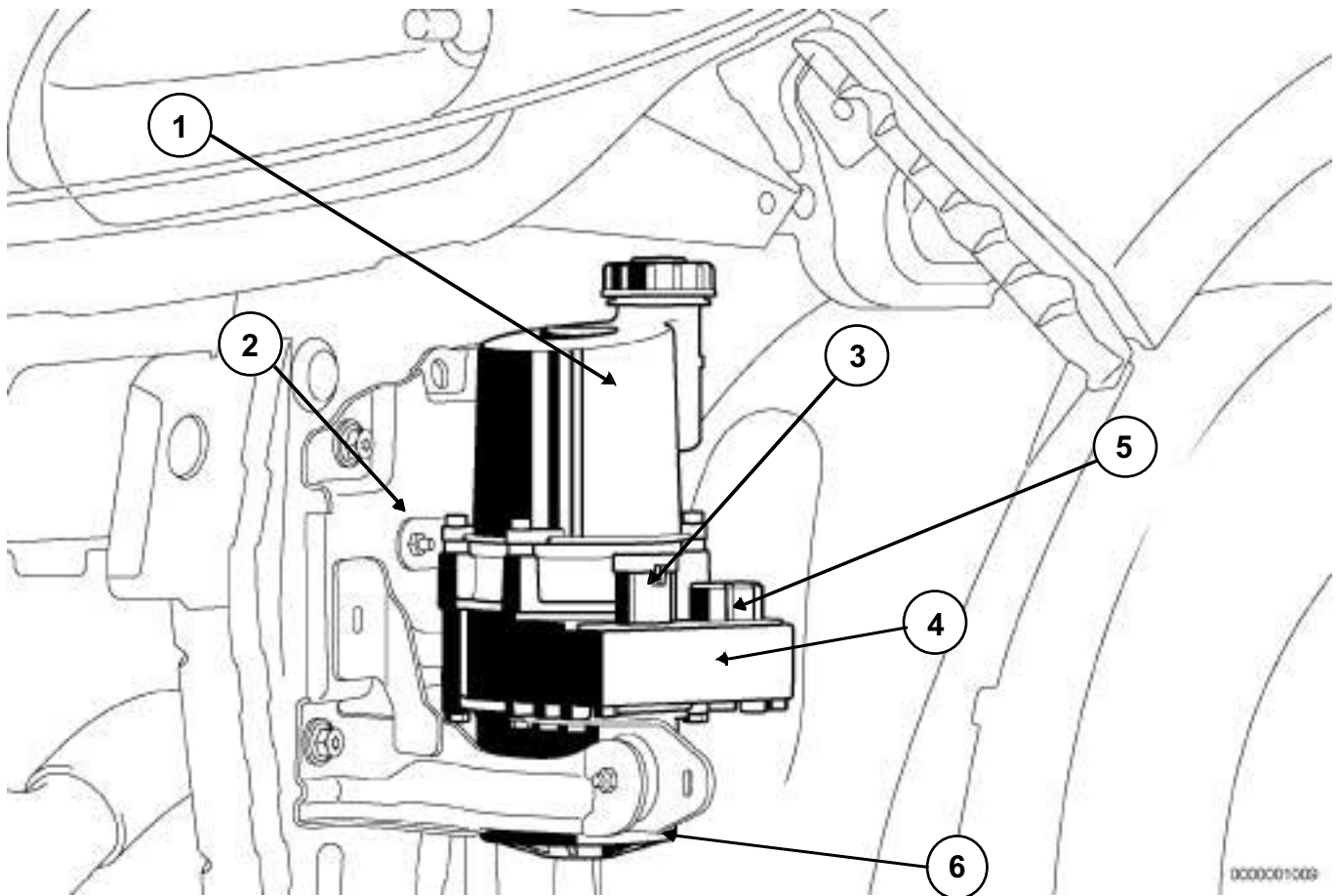


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- |   |                                       |   |                   |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | Power-assisted steering pump assembly | 4 | Diagnostic socket |
| 2 | Engine interconnection unit           | 5 | Alternator        |
| 3 | Passenger compartment fuse box        |   |                   |

**Power-assisted steering pump assembly**

**System outline**



- |   |                          |   |                  |
|---|--------------------------|---|------------------|
| 1 | Oil reservoir            | 4 | Computer         |
| 2 | Hydraulic pump (in tank) | 5 | Signal connector |
| 3 | Power connector          | 6 | Electric motor   |

## Functions provided

- **Main function**

### Power-assisted steering:

The power-assisted steering system uses a pump assembly which generates the hydraulic pressure assistance in the steering circuit.

Operation of the power-assisted steering is managed by a computer integrated into the pump assembly of the power-assisted steering.

Correct system operation is checked using sensors integrated into the pump assembly of the power-assisted steering.

The power-assisted steering is only available when the **+ after ignition feed** is on (computer activation) and the vehicle's engine is running (the presence of the alternator signal is interpreted by the computer as "engine running"). The power-assisted steering is only switched off if the after ignition feed and alternator signal disappear and the speed is less than **2 mph (3 km/h)**.

The level of assistance calculated is based on parameters defined by Renault (tuning or assistance strategy) and stored in the computer memory. This assistance strategy should be entered after replacing the **pump assembly\* of DUSTER**.

### Specific case:

- When the vehicle speed is absent, or received but invalid, then the level of assistance provided corresponds to the level of assistance for **60 mph (100km/h)**. In this case, power-assisted steering is available but is not optimal. Heavy steering is easily perceived when stationary.

**The higher the vehicle speed, the more limited the power-assisted steering assistance.** The **DUSTER GEP\*** is a variable power-assisted steering system, which varies according to the vehicle speed.

- The assistance is available more or less immediately when the vehicle is started. Two cases can be identified:
  - The ignition is on but the engine is not started immediately. This allows time for the GEP\* to perform its initialisation sequence (**500 ms** approximately). As soon as the engine is **running**, the GEP\* supplies assistance with a gradient of **100%/s**.
  - The ignition is on and the engine is started immediately. The GEP\* starts the initialisation phase immediately followed by a gradient of **100%/s**.

The power-assisted steering can be maintained in degraded mode then reduced gradually for the following **5 minutes** until assistance stops completely. This particular mode is active when the signal connector is disconnected.

Fault finding only operates when the **GEP** supply voltage is between **9V** and **18V**. Abnormal levels of voltage, which are out of range, may generate noticeable variations in assistance.

\*GEP: Pump assembly



- **Temperature Protection Function**

The temperature of the pump assembly is monitored by two sensors, one for the oil temperature, the other for the temperature of the internal electronics.

There are two possible cases:

- When at least one of the two temperatures (**PR008 COMPUTER TEMPERATURE** and **PR016 OIL TEMPERATURE**) exceeds the threshold of **107°C**, the rotation speed of the electric motor decreases **until the temperature drops below this threshold**.
- When at least one of the two temperatures (**PR008 COMPUTER TEMPERATURE** and **PR016 OIL TEMPERATURE**) exceeds the threshold of **125°C**, the electric pump switches off and no assistance is provided for as long as it takes for the temperature to return below this threshold.

- **Fault finding function**

The pump assembly computer includes a self-test procedure function. The required information can be accessed using the **diagnostic tool**, by the **HK** line.

**Equipment required:**

**CLIP diagnostic tool**

**Configurations of the power-assisted steering function**

Configuration readings available using the **diagnostic tool**:

<b>Configuration reading</b>	<b>Name of configuration</b>	<b>Option</b>	<b>Configuration</b>
<b>LC005</b>	<b>Computer calibration</b>	<b>K9K</b>	<b>VP006</b>

- Check the configurations in the **Read configurations** menu

---

## SETTINGS

### **VP001: Write VIN.**

This command permits manual entry of the vehicle's VIN into the computer.  
Use this command each time the pump assembly of the power-assisted steering is replaced.

Check that the configuration is correct by reading the identification **ID010 V.I.N. code**.

### **VP005: Enter After-Sales operation date.**

This command allows is used to manual enter the date of the last After-Sales operation on the pump assembly system of the power-assisted steering.

Use this command after every operation, whether mechanical or electric/electronic, on the pump assembly of the power-assisted steering.

Consecutively enter the six figures of the date: two for the year, two for the month and two for the day. E.g. 000706 (06 July 2000).

Check that the configuration is correct by reading the identification **ID018 Read last After-Sales operation date**.

### **VP006: Computer calibration.**

This command enables the rotation speed of the electric pump motor to be calibrated in the computer.

Use this command after each replacement of the power-assisted steering pump assembly when this is not already configured.

Check by reading **LC005 Computer calibration** that the configuration has been registered correctly.

**Precautions for use**

- The power-assisted steering pump assembly (the computer, the electric motor, the hydraulic pump, the oil reservoir) cannot be separated.

**OPERATIONS FOR REPLACING THE PUMP ASSEMBLY**

Before replacing the power-assisted steering pump assembly, perform fault finding on the system and apply the appropriate fault finding procedure.

The power-assisted steering pump assembly may only be replaced after approval from Techline.

After replacing the pump assembly, calibrate the computer using the **diagnostic tool**.

**WARNING:**

To prevent any accidents, it is essential to disconnect the battery when performing operations on the front axle, regardless of the operation, to remove the risk of trapping someone between a wheel and the body if the power-assisted steering is accidentally triggered due to a fault in the pump assembly system.

When replacing the power-assisted steering pump assembly, perform the following operations:

- disconnect the vehicle battery,
- replace the power-assisted steering pump assembly (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Removal - Refitting**),
- reconnect the vehicle battery,
- connect **the diagnostic tool**, switch on the ignition and establish dialogue with the computer of the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
- configure the computer by running command **VP006 Computer calibration** (see **Programming**),
- Enter the vehicle VIN using command **VP001 Enter VIN** (see **Programming**),
- write the date of the last After-Sales operation using command **VP005 Enter After-Sales operation date** (see **Programming**),
- switch off the ignition for at least **15 seconds** for the configurations to register, without disconnecting the battery,
- switch on the ignition and establish dialogue with the computer of the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
- use configuration reading **LC005 Computer calibration** to check that the calibration corresponds correctly to the vehicle
- check that there are no faults and that the parameters are correct,
- start the vehicle engine and check that the power-assisted steering pump assembly is operating correctly (power-assisted steering available with the engine running),
- check that there are no faults and that the parameters are correct.

<b>Tool fault</b>	<b>Associated DTC</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>
<b>DF002</b>	5608	Computer
<b>DF017</b>	5606	Motor circuit
<b>DF023</b>	5613	+After ignition supply
<b>DF037</b>	5601	Battery voltage
<b>DF043</b>	5616	Vehicle speed
<b>DF053</b>	5602	Computer configuration
<b>DF055</b>	5607	Computer memory
<b>DF075</b>	5617	Alternator fault

<b>DF002 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>COMPUTER</b> 1.DEF: Supplier No. 1 signal 2.DEF: Supplier No. 2 signal 3.DEF: Supplier No. 3 signal 4.DEF: Supplier No. 4 signal 5.DEF: Supplier No. 5 signal
--	---

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after starting or moving the steering wheel movement from full lock to full lock.
--------------	--

Replace the **GEPDA** computer (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Removal - Refitting**)

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<p><b>DF017 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>MOTOR CIRCUIT</u> 1.DEF: Supplier No. 1 signal 2.DEF: Control overcurrent 3.DEF: Inverter 4.DEF: No signal</p>
---	--

<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after starting or moving the steering wheel movement from full lock to full lock.</p>
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Replace the **GEPDA** computer (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Removal - Refitting**).

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF023 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>+ AFTER IGNITION FEED</b> DEF: No signal
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after starting or moving the steering wheel movement from full lock to full lock.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Check the condition and conformity of the supply fuses for the computer of the power-assisted steering pump assembly, component code <b>186</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>):</li><li>– power fuse <b>F02</b> in the <b>engine compartment connection unit</b>, component code <b>597</b>, <b>+ after ignition feed</b> fuse <b>F24</b> in the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>.</li></ul>
Disconnect the two connectors from the <b>computer on the power-assisted steering pump assembly</b> . Check the condition and conformity of the connectors on the power-assisted steering pump assembly and their clips. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF023</b> <b>CONTINUED</b>	
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Check for:

- a + 12 V before ignition supply on connection **BP36** of component **186**,
- an earth on connection **MS** of component **186**,
- a + 12 V after ignition supply on connection **AP23** of component **186**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the battery voltage and check the charging circuit (see **Technical Note 6014A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9859A (Dacia)**, **Checking the charging circuit**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF037 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>BATTERY VOLTAGE</b> DEF: Under voltage
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> This fault is raised in the event of an on-board network fault, if the voltage drops below <b>10V</b>. Assistance maintained when driving as long as the voltage level is <b>&gt; 8 V</b>. Degraded assistance between <b>8</b> and <b>10V</b>. Loss of assistance below <b>8V</b>. Impossible to enter fault finding with the <b>GEP*</b> if the voltage is less than <b>8V</b> at the computer terminals.</p>
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the following components: on-board network/alternator, wiring harness and wiring, battery, computer.  
Check the tightness of the alternator terminal and the voltage level of the battery.  
Check the tightness and the condition of the battery terminals (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 80A, Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting**).  
Check the charge circuit.  
Check the condition and position of fuse **F01** and **F02** in the **engine fuse and relay box**.  
Check the condition and position of fuse **F24** in the **passenger compartment fuse box** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of the components**).

**With the ignition on and the engine stopped**, check for a voltage equal to the battery voltage on connections **BP36** and **AP23** in relation to the **earth MS**.

\*GEP: Pump assembly

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF037**  
**CONTINUED**

Disconnect the two connectors from the **computer on the power-assisted steering pump assembly**, component code **186**.

Check the condition and conformity of the connectors on the power-assisted steering pump assembly and their clips.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

With the connectors of the **engine fuse and relay box**, component code **597** and of the **passenger compartment fuse box**, component code **1016**, disconnected:

Check the continuity and insulation of connection **BP36** between components **186** and **597**.

Check the continuity and insulation of connection **AP23** between components **186** and **1016**.

Check the continuity and insulation of connection **MS** of component **186**.

If the checks reveal no faults, check the conformity of components **597** and **1016**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF043 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>VEHICLE SPEED</u> CO: Open circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> The vehicle speed signal comes from the ABS, ESP, speed sensor or from the ETC. This fault indicates the disappearance or abnormal behaviour of the vehicle speed wire signal, such as, for example, a significant variation in speed.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check whether the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>, receives the vehicle speed signal on: the ETC torque distribution computer, for a <b>4x4 vehicle without ABS, without ESP</b>, the vehicle speed sensor for a <b>4x2 vehicle without ABS, without ESP</b>; The ABS computer for a vehicle <b>with ABS</b> (see <b>38C, Anti-lock braking system</b>); The ESP computer for a vehicle <b>with ESP</b> (see <b>38C, Anti-lock braking system</b>).</p>
<p>Carry out a road test. Check the consistency of the speed signal on the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If necessary, run fault finding on the <b>UCH</b> system (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b>). Then use the diagnostic tool to check that <b>PR003 Vehicle speed</b> is not zero.</p>
<p>Outside + after ignition, check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>connector</b> of the <b>power-assisted steering pump assembly</b>, component code <b>186</b> and of these clips. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
---------------------	--

**DF043**  
**CONTINUED 1**

**If the vehicle speed signal is supplied by the vehicle speed sensor (for a 4x2 vehicle without ABS, without ETC, without ESP):**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **vehicle speed sensor**, component code **250** and of the **power-assisted steering pump assembly**, component code **186**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **47F** between components **250** and **186**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**DF043**  
**CONTINUED 2**

If the fault is still present, disconnect the **connector** of the speed sensor, component code **250**.

Check for + 12 V on the following connection:

- **3FB** (for petrol) between components **1047** or **120** and **250**,
- **3FBA** (for diesel) between components **597** and **250**.

If there is no + 12 V:

Check the condition of the vehicle speed sensor protection fuse.

Check that the **injection relay**, component code **1047** (for petrol) and **983** (for diesel) operates correctly.

Replace it if necessary.

If the fault is not resolved, use the "universal bornier" to check the **insulation, continuity** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **3FB** (for petrol) between components **1047** or **120** and **250**,
- **3FBA** (for diesel) between components **597** and **250**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If **earth** is absent:

Use the "universal bornier" to check the insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance on the following connection:

- **NH** between the **earth** and the **vehicle speed sensor**, component code **250**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, use the "universal bornier" to check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **47F** between components **186** and **250**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault persists, replace the vehicle speed sensor.

If the fault is still present, contact your Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**DF043**  
**CONTINUED 3**

**If the vehicle speed signal is supplied by the ABS computer (for a 4x2 or 4x4 vehicle with ABS):**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **ABS computer** connectors, component code **118**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Replace it if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the ABS is correctly receiving the vehicle speed signal during a road test.

If the fault is not resolved, use the "universal bornier" to check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:  
• **47F** between components **186** and **118**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact your Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



**DF043**  
**CONTINUED 4**

**If the vehicle speed signal is supplied by the ESP computer (for a 4x2 or 4x4 vehicle with ESP):**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **ESP computer** connectors, component code **1094**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Replace it if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the ESP correctly receives the vehicle speed signal during a road test.

If the fault is not resolved, use the "universal bornier" to check the **insulation, continuity** and **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **47F** between components **186** and **1094**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact your Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.  
Clear the computer memory.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**DF043**  
**CONTINUED 5**

**If the vehicle speed signal is supplied by the ETC torque distributor computer (for a 4x4 vehicle without ABS, without ESP).**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **ETC torque distributor computer** connectors, component code **2017**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Replace it if necessary (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 26A, Rear final drive, Rear final drive coupler computer: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the ETC torque distributor is correctly receiving the vehicle speed signal during a road test.

If the fault is not resolved, use the "universal bornier" to check the **insulation, continuity** and **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **47F** between components **186** and **2017**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact your Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Deal with any faults displayed by the **diagnostic tool**.

Clear the computer memory.

Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF053 STORED</b>	<u>COMPUTER CONFIGURATION</u> DEF: Computer calibration not carried out
-------------------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Fault finding application conditions for stored faults:</b> This fault is declared <b>present</b> after the engine is started.
--------------	--

Configure the <b>computer</b> of the <b>power-assisted steering pump assembly</b> using command <b>VP006 Computer calibration</b> respecting the vehicle equipment (see <b>Programming</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<p><b>DF055 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>COMPUTER MEMORY</u> 1.DEF: Supplier No. 6 signal 2.DEF: Supplier No. 7 signal 3.DEF: Supplier No. 1 signal</p>
---	--

<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> after the battery is disconnected.</p>
---------------------	--

Replace the **GEPDA** computer (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Removal - Refitting**).

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF075 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>ALTERNATOR FAULT</u></b> DEF: No signal
--	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault indicates that the alternator signal has disappeared. Assistance maintained. No immediate effect but no assistance when the ignition is next switched on.
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>connector</b> of the <b>power-assisted steering pump assembly computer</b>, component code <b>186</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the connection and condition of the <b>alternator connector</b>, component code <b>103</b> and the <b>instrument panel connector</b>, component code <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the insulation, continuity and the absence of interference resistance on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>2K</b> between components <b>103</b> and <b>120</b>,</li> <li>• <b>2A</b> between components <b>247</b>, <b>186</b> and <b>103</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>Repair the <b>alternator</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 16A, Starting – charging, Alternator: Repair</b>) and carry out the <b>conformity check</b>.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, replace the alternator (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 16A, Starting – charging, Alternator: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
--

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	---

<p><b>DF075</b> <b>CONTINUED</b></p>	
--	--

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Deal with any faults displayed by the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Clear the computer memory. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
----------------------------	--

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **With the engine stopped, ignition on and vehicle speed zero.**

**Main screen**

<b>Function</b>	<b>Parameter or status Checked or action</b>	<b>Display and notes</b>	<b>Fault finding</b>
Computer supply	<b>PR108:</b> Computer feed voltage	<b>10 V &lt; PR108 &lt; 16 V.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of parameter PR108</b>
Engine status	<b>ET006:</b> Engine status	<b>NOT RUNNING</b>	<b>In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault DF075 Alternator fault.</b>

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **With the engine stopped, ignition on and vehicle speed zero.**

**Main screen (continued 1)**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Vehicle speed	<b>PR003</b> Vehicle speed	<b>0 mph (km/h)</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> consult the interpretation of fault <b>DF043 Vehicle speed.</b>
Oil temperature	<b>PR016:</b> Oil temperature	<b>Indicates the oil temperature in °C. The sensor is integrated into the pump assembly.</b>	Without any action on the steering wheel.
Computer temperature	<b>PR008:</b> Computer temperature	<b>Indicates the temperature of the electronics in °C. The sensor is integrated into the computer of the pump assembly.</b>	Without any action on the steering wheel.



**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **With the engine stopped, ignition on and vehicle speed zero.**

**Main screen (continued 2)**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Electric motor	<b>PR012:</b> Current absorbed by the motor	<b>0 A &lt; PR012 &lt; 1 A.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR012</b>
Electric motor speed	<b>PR024:</b> Pump assembly motor speed	<b>0 rpm.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR024.</b>
Electric motor speed	<b>PR025:</b> GEP* motor speed setpoint	<b>0 rpm.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR025.</b>

\*GEP: Pump assembly

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application conditions: **Engine idling and vehicle speed zero.**

**Main screen**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Computer supply	<b>PR108:</b> Computer feed voltage	<b>10 V &lt; PR108 &lt; 16 V.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of parameter PR108.</b>
Engine status	<b>ET006:</b> Engine status	<b>Running.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault DF075 Alternator fault.</b>

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application conditions: **Engine idling and vehicle speed zero.**

**Main screen (continued 1)**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Vehicle speed	<b>PR003</b> Vehicle speed	<b>0 mph (km/h)</b>	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , refer to the interpretation for parameter <b>PR003</b> .
Oil temperature	<b>PR016:</b> Oil temperature	<b>PR016 &lt; 110°C.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , consult the interpretation of parameter <b>PR016</b> .
Computer temperature	<b>PR008:</b> Computer temperature	<b>PR008 &lt; 110°C.</b>	Exceptionally, the parameter value may reach <b>75°C</b> when the engine is put under great strain and in a hot ambient environment.

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application conditions: **Engine idling and vehicle speed zero.**

**Main screen (continued 2)**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Electric motor	<b>PR012:</b> Current absorbed by the motor	<b>0 A &lt; PR012 &lt; 80 A.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR012.</b>
Electric motor speed	<b>PR024:</b> Pump assembly motor speed	<b>800 rpm &lt; PR024 &lt; 3200 rpm.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR024.</b>
Electric motor speed	<b>PR025:</b> GEP* motor speed setpoint	<b>800 rpm &lt; PR025 &lt; 3200 rpm.</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR025.</b>

\*GEP: Pump assembly

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Tool status	Diagnostic tool title
ET006	Engine status

<b>Tool Parameter</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>
<b>PR003</b>	Vehicle speed
<b>PR008</b>	Computer temperature
<b>PR012</b>	Current absorbed by the motor
<b>PR016</b>	Oil temperature
<b>PR024</b>	Pump assembly motor speed
<b>PR025</b>	GEP* motor speed setpoint
<b>PR108</b>	Computer feed voltage

\*GEP: Pump assembly

<b>PR003</b>	<u>VEHICLE SPEED</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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This value should vary gradually (and not suddenly) according to the way the vehicle is being driven.

If the parameter is not correct, consult the interpretation of fault **DF043 Vehicle speed**.

\*GEP: Pump assembly

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>PR012</b>	<u>CURRENT ABSORBED BY THE MOTOR</u>
--------------	--------------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Parameter **PR012** indicates the current actually consumed by the electric motor of the power-assisted steering pump assembly. The power varies when moving the steering wheel and it decreases when the steering wheel is held at full lock (thermal protection).

If the parameter does not comply with the values indicated in the **Conformity check**, refer to the interpretation of fault **DF017 Motor circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>PR024</b>	<u>PUMP ASSEMBLY MOTOR SPEED</u>
--------------	----------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Parameter **PR024** indicates the actual speed of the electric motor of the power-assisted steering pump assembly.

The value of parameter **PR024** should be roughly equal to the value of parameter **PR025 GEP\* motor speed setpoint**.

If the parameter differs from **PR025**, carry out a visual inspection of the condition of the hydraulic circuit (leaks etc.) and top up the electric pump assembly oil (see **MR 479 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Bleed**).

\*GEP: Pump assembly

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>PR025</b>	<u>GEP* MOTOR SPEED SETPOINT</u>
--------------	----------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Parameter **PR025** indicates the setpoint value for the speed of the electric motor of the power-assisted steering pump assembly.

The value of parameter **PR025** should be roughly equal to the value of parameter **PR024 Pump assembly motor speed**.

If the parameter differs from **PR025**, carry out a visual inspection of the condition of the hydraulic circuit (leaks, etc.) and top up the electric pump assembly oil (see **MR 479 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Bleed**).

\*GEP: Pump assembly

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>PR108</b>	<u>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</u>
--------------	--------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. No electrical consumers.
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Parameter **PR108** indicates the supply voltage read by the **GEPDA** computer.  
If it does not correspond to the on-board voltage, consult the interpretation of fault **DF037 Battery voltage**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**CLEARING**

<b>RZ001:</b>	Fault memory. This command is used for clearing the <b>stored</b> faults from the computer.
---------------	--

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.

**NO DIALOGUE WITH THE COMPUTER**

**ALP1**

**CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS CONCERNING ASSISTANCE**

**ALP2**

**TOO LITTLE ASSISTANCE**

**ALP3**

**ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE WITHOUT STARTING VEHICLE ENGINE**

**ALP4**

<b>ALP1</b>	<b>No dialogue with the computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the battery voltage of the vehicle ( <b>10 V &lt; Battery voltage &lt; 16 V</b> ).
To check that the <b>diagnostic tool</b> is not causing the fault, try to establish dialogue with a computer on another vehicle. If the tool is not at fault and dialogue cannot be established with any other computer on the same vehicle, it may be that a faulty computer is disrupting communication.
Check the supply fuses on the power-assisted steering pump assembly, component code <b>186</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• power fuse <b>F02</b> in the engine compartment connection unit, component code <b>597</b>,</li> <li>• <b>+ after ignition</b> supply fuse <b>F24</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul>
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>conformity</b> of the <b>connector</b> on the <b>diagnostic socket</b> , component code <b>225</b> . If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. Check for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a <b>+ 12 V battery</b> supply on connection <b>BP56</b> of component <b>225</b>,</li> <li>• a <b>+ 12 V after ignition supply</b> on connection <b>AP10</b> of component <b>225</b>,</li> <li>• an <b>earth</b> on connections <b>MAM</b> and <b>NC</b> of component <b>225</b>.</li> </ul> If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>fault finding tool</b> .
---------------------	---

ALP1  
CONTINUED

Disconnect the two connectors from the computer on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.  
Check the condition and conformity of the connectors on the power-assisted steering pump assembly and their clips.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the conformity of the electrical **supplies** (they must be equal to the battery voltage) on the following connections:

- **BP36** on component **186**,
- **MS** of component **186**,
- **AP23** on component **186**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the insulation, continuity and absence of interference resistance** of the wiring harness between the diagnostic socket and the connector on the computer of the power-assisted steering pump assembly on the following connection:

**HK** between components **225** and **186**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

## AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the **fault finding tool**.

<b>ALP2</b>	<b>Poor vehicle handling</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the pressure and condition of the tyres, the condition of the joints and the front axle geometry. Check the battery voltage of the vehicle and the condition of the battery terminals, component code <b>107</b> .
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>presence</b> of power <b>fuse F02</b> on the power-assisted steering pump assembly, component code <b>186</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the condition and presence of <b>+ after ignition fuse F24</b> on the power-assisted steering pump assembly, component code <b>186</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>fault finding tool</b> .
---------------------	---



<b>ALP2 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **insulation, continuity** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
**BP36** between components **186** and **597**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Make sure the configuration reading **LC005 Computer calibration** matches the vehicle equipment.

If necessary, use the **diagnostic tool** to configure the power-assisted steering pump assembly computer correctly (see **Configuration and programming**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>fault finding tool</b> .
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<b>ALP3</b>	<b>Too little assistance</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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Check the <b>pressure</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>tyres</b> , the <b>condition</b> of the <b>joints</b> and the <b>front axle geometry</b> .
Check the vehicle battery voltage. Check the charging circuit if necessary (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9859A (Dacia)</b> , <b>Checking the charging circuit</b> ).
Do not operate the power-assisted steering pump assembly for at least <b>1 hour</b> . Check the conformity of parameters <b>PR008 Computer temperature</b> and <b>PR016 Oil temperature</b> . Check that no component placed in the area around the power-assisted steering pump assembly causes an abnormal rise in the temperature of the pump assembly.
Carry out a visual inspection of the general condition of the hydraulic circuit (leak, pipe crushed, etc.) Top up the hydraulic circuit (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 36B, Power-assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Bleed</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>fault finding tool</b> .
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<b>ALP4</b>	<b>Assistance available without starting vehicle engine</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.

<p>Check the <b>condition</b> of the <b>connection</b> of the <b>alternator signal connector</b>, on the <b>vehicle alternator</b>, component code <b>103</b>.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the charging circuit if necessary (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9859A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Checking the charging circuit</b>).</p>
<p>Check that the battery charge warning light illuminates on the instrument panel during <b>+ after ignition</b> with the vehicle engine stopped.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>fault finding tool</b> .
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<b>ALP4 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **insulation, continuity** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **2A** between components **186** and **103**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>fault finding tool</b> .
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# DUSTER

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## 3 Chassis

### 38C ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

ABS BOSCH 8.1  
Vdiag No.: 04

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**

Function concerned: **ABS**

Computer name: **ABS BOSCH 8.1**

Vdiag No.: **04**

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

**Type of diagnostic tools**

- **CLIP**

**Special tooling required**

<b>Special tooling required:</b>
<b>Diagnostic tool</b>
Multimeter

### 3. REMINDERS

#### Procedure

To run fault finding on the vehicle computers, switch on the ignition. Proceed as follows:

- turn the ignition key to APC,
- connect the diagnostic tool and perform the required operations.

To **cut off the + after ignition feed**, proceed as follows:

- disconnect the diagnostic tool,
- turn the ignition key to OFF,
- verify that the forced + after ignition feed has been switched off by checking that the computer warning lights on the control panel have gone out.

### Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context).

Consider the fault status, **present** or **stored** when the **diagnostic tool** is used after the + after ignition feed (without operating the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the Interpretation of faults section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the Notes section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical connections that correspond to the fault,
- the connectors for this connection,
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires.

**Refer to paragraphs 4.1 Checking wiring and 4.2 Checking connectors**

### Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data that does not produce a fault on the **diagnostic tool** when the data is inconsistent. Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repairs.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them.

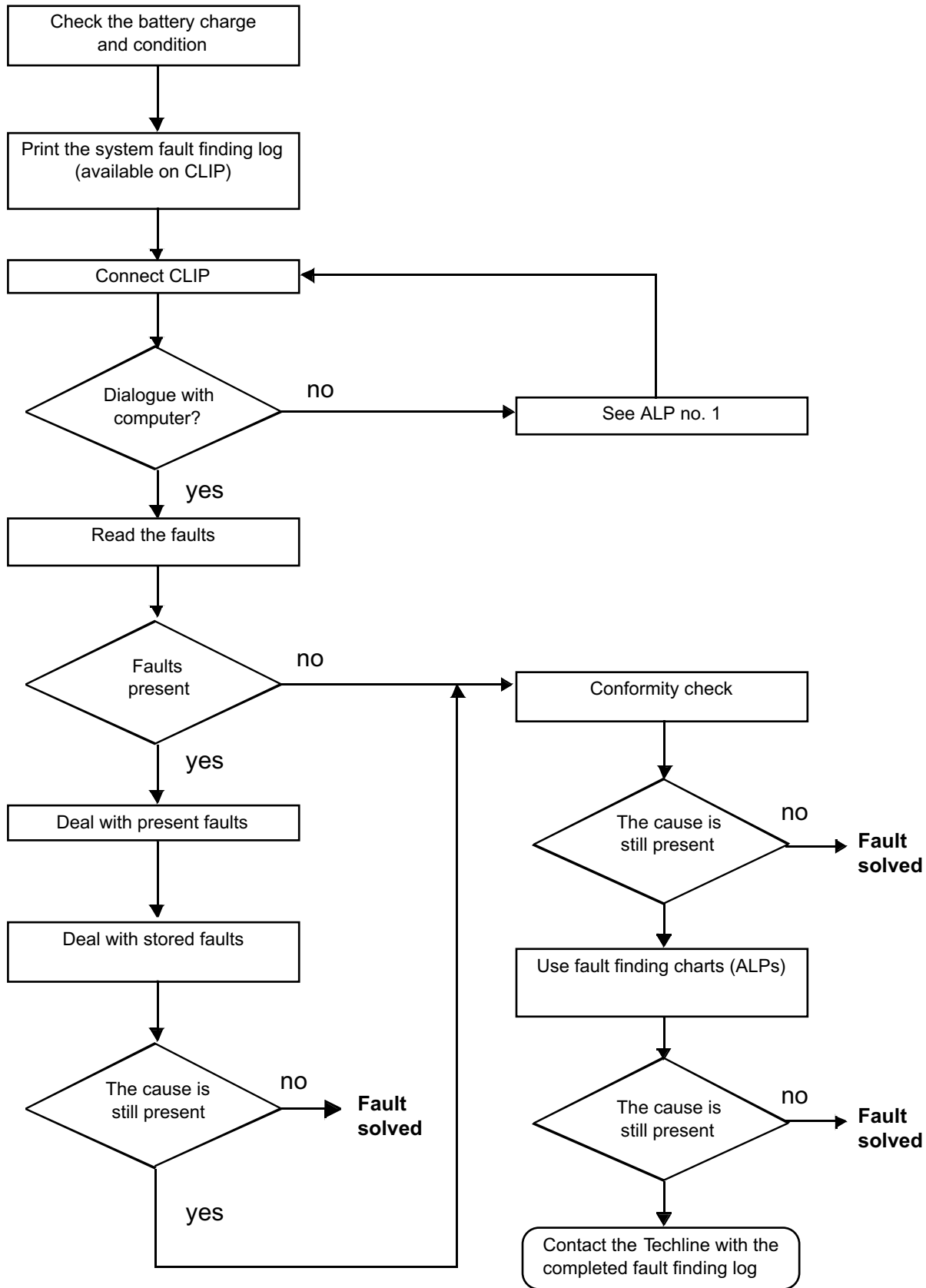
If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside the permitted tolerance values, consult the corresponding fault finding page.

### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the **diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be processed by **customer complaints**.

**A summary of the overall procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**

### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE





## 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)

### 4.1 Wiring check

Fault finding problems

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily remove the cause of a fault.

#### Visual inspection

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment.

Carefully check the protectors, insulation, and routing of the wiring, as well as the mountings.

#### Physical inspection

While manipulating the wiring, use either the **diagnostic tool** to detect a change in status from "stored" to "present", or use the multimeter to view the status changes.

Make sure that the connectors are properly locked.

Apply light pressure to the connectors.

Twist the wiring harness.

#### Checking earth insulation

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the **12 V** or **5 V**. The correct measured value is **0 V**.

#### Checking insulation against + 12 V or + 5 V

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the earth. In the first instance, the earth may be taken on the chassis. The correct measured value should be **0 V**

#### Continuity check

A continuity check is carried out by measuring the resistance (multimeter in ohmmeter mode), with the connectors disconnected at both ends. The expected result is **1  $\Omega$   $\pm$  1  $\Omega$**  for every connection. The line must be fully checked, and the intermediate connections are only included in the method if this saves time during the fault finding procedure. The continuity check on the multiplex lines must be carried out on both wires. The measured value should be **1  $\Omega$   $\pm$  1  $\Omega$** .

#### Checking the supply

This check may be carried out using a test light (**21 W** or **5 W** depending on the maximum authorised load).

### 4.2 Checking the connectors

**Note:**

Carry out each requested check visually.  
Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

**Note:**

Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

**Note:**

The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:

- Connector/Connector.
- Connector/Device.

**Visual inspection of the connection:**

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

**Visual inspection of the area around the connection:**

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.) if the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

**Visual inspection of the plastic casing:**

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, split, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, sockets, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

**Visual inspection of the metal contacts:**

*(The female contact is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).*

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The contact comes out of the connector when the wire is pulled gently.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.

### Visual inspection of the sealing:

*(Only for watertight connectors)*

Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).

- Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For *unit* joints (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For gel seals, check for gel in all of the sockets without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and the electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, consult **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring**.

### 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



#### IMPORTANT!

#### IMPORTANT

Any fault on a complex system requires thorough fault finding with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE ESSENTIAL THAT THE FAULT FINDING LOG IS FILLED OUT EVERY TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT.**

You will always be asked for this log:

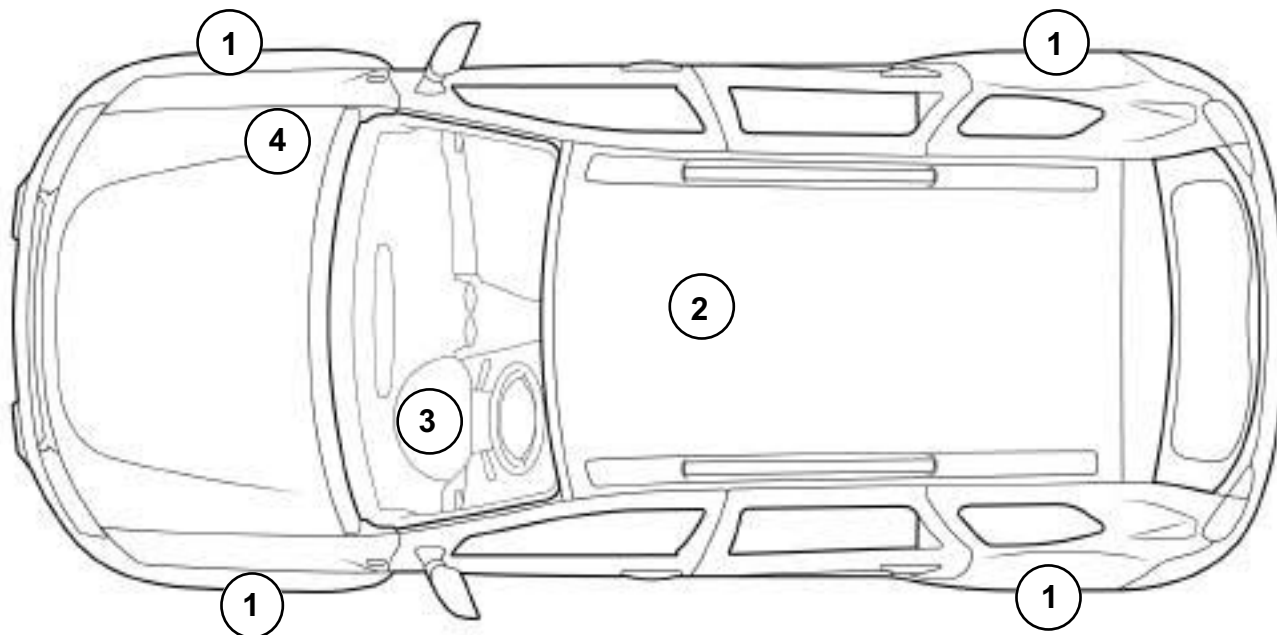
- when requesting technical assistance from Techline,
- for approval requests when replacing parts for which approval is mandatory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

### 6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

**It is forbidden to carry out a road test with the diagnostic tool in dialogue with the ECU because the ABS and Electronic Brake Distribution functions are deactivated. Braking pressure is identical on both vehicle axles (risk of a spin under heavy braking).**



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The anti-lock braking system consists of:

- four wheel speed sensors (1),
- a longitudinal acceleration sensor (ABS 4X4) (2),
- a brake pedal sensor (3),
- a pump assembly (4) consisting of:
  - a hydraulic pump,
  - a pressure modulation unit (eight solenoid valves),
  - a computer,
  - a pressure sensor.

### Wheel speed sensor:

Gives the speed of each of the vehicle's wheels.

Analysis of the speeds of the right-hand and left-hand wheel allows the turning direction of the vehicle to be deduced.

### Brake lights switch:

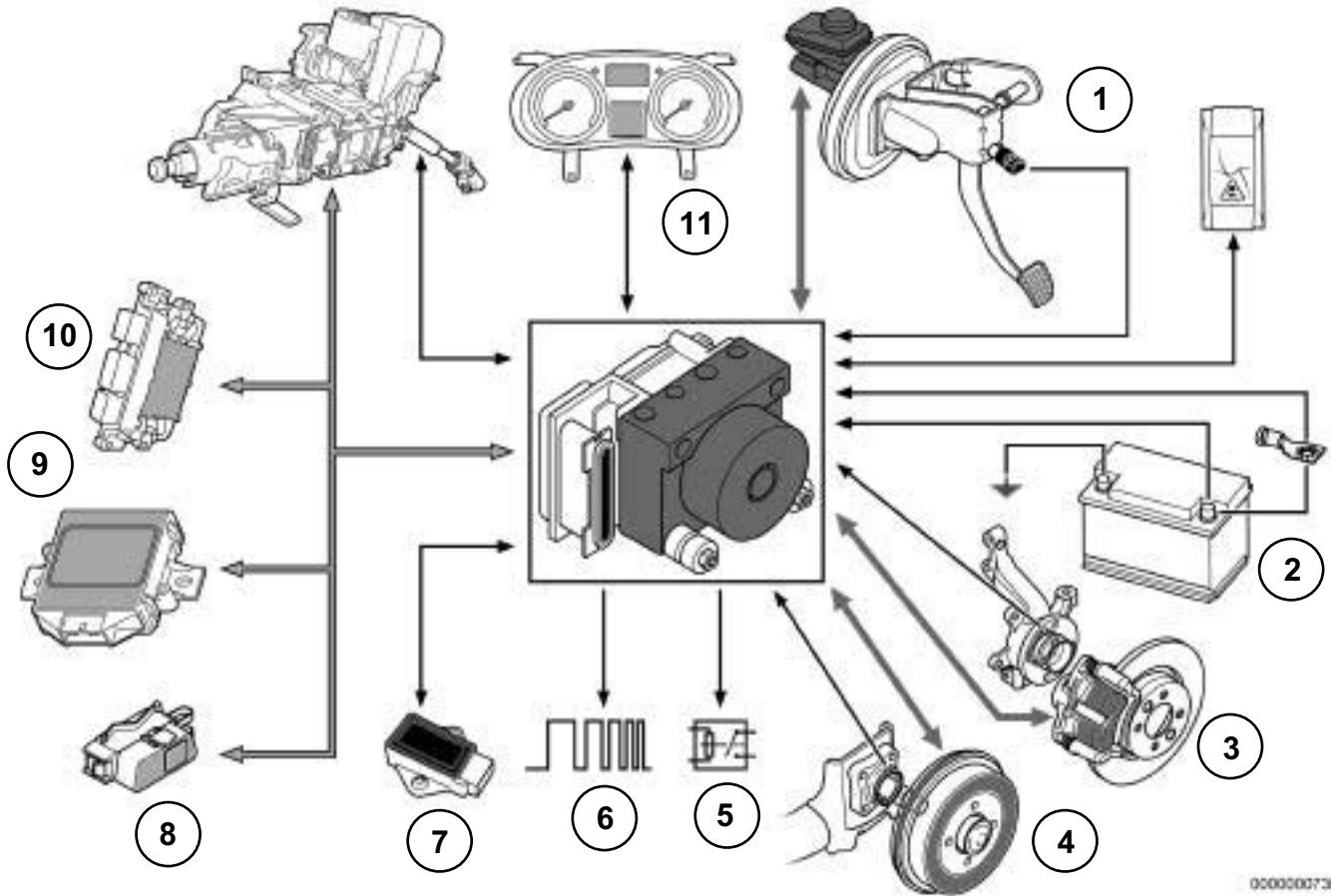
Visual indication of the brake pedal position.

It indicates whether the driver is depressing the brake pedal.

### Wire connection (vehicle speed):

The **ABS** computer supplies the vehicle speed to the other computers.

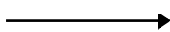
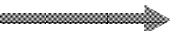
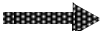
## ABS EA111 (4X4) functional flowchart



# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Operating diagram

38C

1	Brake lights switch
2	Battery
3	Front wheel
4	Rear wheel
5	Engine fuse and relay box
6	Vehicle speed output
7	Wheel speed sensor
8	Diagnostic socket
9	Injection computer
10	ETC computer
11	Instrument panel
	Electric circuit
	CAN network
	Hydraulic circuit

The ABS 4X4 system consists of:

- An integrated unit containing a hydraulic unit and a **Bosch 8.1 EA111** integrated computer.
- Four active wheel speed sensors (Hall effect). At the front, the targets are magnetic with **48** pole pairs. At the rear, the targets are mechanical with **48** pole pairs.
- A longitudinal acceleration sensor.

Other external components are necessary to perform all the system functions:

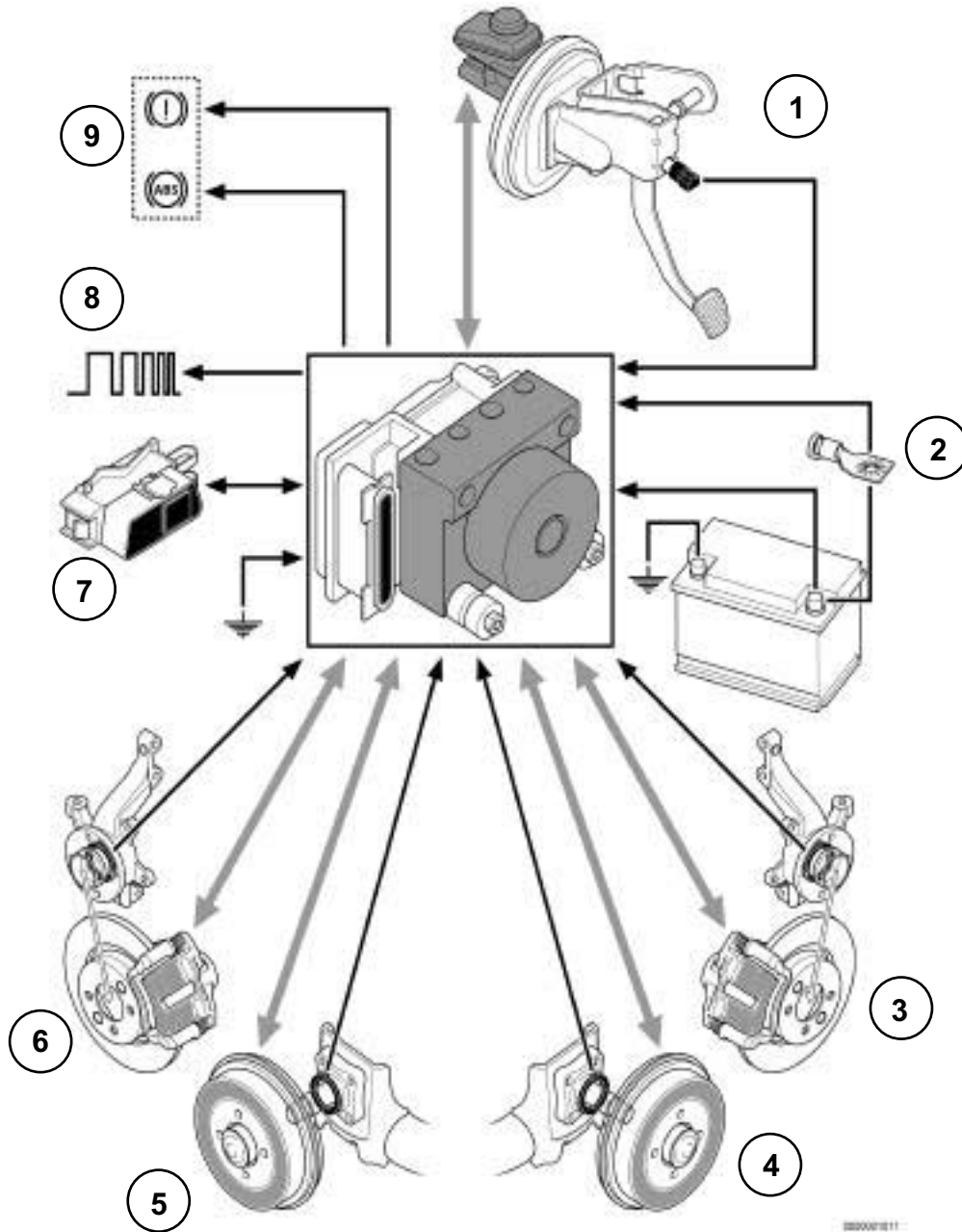
- ETC torque distributor computer.
- Brake light switch: from the pedals system.
- The multiplex network, which allows communication with the injection computer and the ETC torque distributor computer.
- The instrument panel: to illuminate the warning lights and provide the vehicle speed signal.



# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

Fault finding – Operating diagram

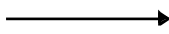

ABS EA106 (4X2) functional flowchart



# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Operating diagram

**38C**

1	Brake lights switch
2	Battery
3	Front right-hand wheel
4	Rear right-hand wheel
5	Rear left-hand wheel
6	Front left-hand wheel
7	Diagnostic socket
8	Vehicle speed output
9	Instrument panel warning light (ABS and EBD)
	Electric circuit
	Hydraulic circuit

The ABS 4X2 system consists of:

- An integrated unit containing a hydraulic unit and a **Bosch 8.1 EA106** integrated computer.
- Four active wheel speed sensors (Hall effect). At the front, the targets are magnetic with **48** pole pairs. At the rear, the targets are mechanical with **48** pole pairs.

Other external components are necessary to perform all the system functions:

- Brake light switch: from the pedals system.
- The instrument panel: to illuminate the warning lights and provide the vehicle speed signal.

On this vehicle, the main functions of the ABS are as follows:

- electronic distribution of braking between front and rear by controlling skidding of the rear wheels,
- keeping the wheels from locking by controlling skidding of the four wheels.
- The ABS 4X4 also has the **MSR** function:  
When the driver abruptly releases the accelerator pedal or the clutch pedal after changing down a gear, the engine braking tends to brake the drive wheels. In case of poor traction, the wheels can tend to slow down and slip, resulting in a loss of vehicle stability.  
The **MSR** requests the engine to increase its torque to prevent the drive wheels from locking.

The **ABS** prevents the wheels from locking when braking. This function allows the vehicle to be steered under braking and ensures vehicle stability under braking.

### EBD (electronic braking distribution):

The electronic braking distribution unit optimises the brakeforce distribution between the front and rear axles. This function ensures vehicle stability under braking.

### Fault finding warning lights programming

Instrument panel warning light		Meaning
-	ABS	ABS function inoperative.
Brake faults	ABS and STOP	Electronic braking regulation and ABS function not working
Brake faults flashing at <b>2 Hz</b>	ABS flashing at <b>2 Hz</b>	ABS computer is in fault finding mode.
-	ABS flashing at <b>8 Hz</b>	Tachometer index or vehicle configuration not programmed.

### SETTINGS

#### VP001: Enter VIN.

This command permits manual entry of the vehicle's VIN into the computer.

Use this command each time the computer is replaced.

The VIN number (VF...) can be found on the manufacturer's plate on the door pillar and on the body panel under the bonnet.

#### Programming procedure:

- connect the **diagnostic tool**,
- refer to the **BOSCH 8.1 ABS** fault finding,
- select parameter **VP001**,
- enter the VIN,
- clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**,
- exit fault finding mode,
- switch off the ignition,
- wait for the end of powerlatch,
- on the identification screen, using **ID010 V.I.N. code**, check that the code entered has been correctly recognised.

### VP004: Vehicle parameters.

This command is used to configure the vehicle version (4x4, 4x2).

Using **PR063 Vehicle parameters**, check that the parameters have been correctly recognised.

### VP006: Enter last APV\* operation date.

Whenever the ABS system is worked on in the shop, the date must be entered.

Select command VP006 on the diagnostic tool.

Enter the service date using the **diagnostic tool** keypad.

Using **ID020 Read last After-Sales operation date**, check that the date has been entered correctly.

### VP007: Tachometric index.

This command is used to program the computer memory with the index required to calculate vehicle speed from the speed at which the tyres fitted on the vehicle turn.

**Command VP007 is only used to stop the ABS warning light flashing after the computer has been replaced.**

Using **PR030 Tachometric index**, check that the index has been entered correctly.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

The vehicle speed information is not delivered to the other computers by the ABS computer.

The vehicle speed signal is delivered by a speed sensor located on the gearbox.

APV\*: After-Sales

### Replacing the computer

When replacing the computer, apply the following procedure:

- Switch off the ignition,
- Disconnect the battery,
- Replace the computer,
- Reconnect the battery,
- Count the number of teeth on the ABS target using command **SC001 Check target teeth**.
- Configure the vehicle parameters using command **VP004 Vehicle parameters**:
  - Use **PR063 Vehicle parameters** to check that the ABS version has been stored correctly,
  - Enter the VIN number using command **VP001 Write VIN**,
  - Configure the tachometric index using command **VP007 Tachometric index**,
  - Perform a road test followed by a fault reading to confirm that the system is operating correctly.

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

**38C**

Tool fault	Associated DTC	Diagnostic tool title
<b>DF001</b>	50CC	Computer supply
<b>DF006</b>	501F	Front left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit
<b>DF007</b>	503F	Rear left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit
<b>DF008</b>	501F	Front left-hand wheel speed sensor signal
<b>DF009</b>	503F	Rear left-hand wheel speed sensor signal
<b>DF011</b>	50 CB	Solenoid valve supply
<b>DF017</b>	5050	Computer
<b>DF020</b>	5154	Tachometric index programming
<b>DF026</b>	500F	Front right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

**38C**

Tool fault	Associated DTC	Diagnostic tool title
<b>DF027</b>	502F	Rear right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit
<b>DF028</b>	500F	Front right-hand wheel speed sensor signal
<b>DF029</b>	502F	Rear right-hand wheel speed sensor signal
<b>DF055</b>	5151	Vehicle parameter programming
<b>DF063</b>	5046	Wheel speed inconsistency
<b>DF066</b>	5076	No injection multiplex signal
<b>DF090</b>	5041	Front right-hand wheel target
<b>DF091</b>	5042	Front left-hand wheel target
<b>DF092</b>	5043	Rear right-hand wheel target
<b>DF093</b>	5044	Rear left-hand wheel target
<b>DF120</b>	5078	Injection multiplex signal consistency
<b>DF152</b>	5080	Multiplex network
<b>DF219</b>	5074	ABS multiplex signal consistency



# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

**38C**

Tool fault	Associated DTC	Diagnostic tool title
<b>DF250</b>	5072	Engine speed multiplex signal
<b>DF251</b>	5071	Effective average torque multiplex signals
<b>DF252</b>	5070	Signal: request multiplex feedback signal
<b>DF253</b>	5077	Calculated torque multiplex signal
<b>DF254</b>	5073	Resisting torque multiplex signal
<b>DF263</b>	5161	Longitudinal acceleration sensor signal
<b>DF282</b>	5161	Longitudinal acceleration sensor
<b>DF300</b>	50CA	Pump motor control circuit
<b>DF331</b>	5084	No piloted axle multiplex signal
<b>DF332</b>	5085	Invalid piloted axle multiplex signals
<b>DF333</b>	5075	Signal: accelerator pedal position multiplex

<b>DF001 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</b></p> <p>1.DEF: Below minimum threshold 2.DEF: Above maximum threshold 3.DEF: Abnormal voltage</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> This fault is recorded if the vehicle speed is greater than <b>3.6 mph (6 km/h)</b>. 1.DEF: The supply voltage is less than the minimum operating voltage (<b>9.3 V &lt; X &lt; 9.9 V</b>).</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

1.DEF 3.DEF	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the tightness and the condition of the battery terminals.  
Check the battery voltage and carry out the operations necessary to obtain a correct voltage (**10 V < battery voltage < 17 V**).  
Check the charge circuit.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b>. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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### DF001 CONTINUED 1

Check the tightening and condition of the ABS **earth** terminal. carry out repairs.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the ABS computer, component code **118**, of the engine fuse and relay box, component code **597**, and of the passenger compartment fuse box, component code **1016**. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the condition of the ABS fuses, **F01 (50 A)**, **F02 (25 A)**, and **F15 (10 A)** as well as the quality of their electrical contacts. Replace the faulty components (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components**).

Check for **earth** on the ABS computer, component code **118** between the following connections:

- **MAH** of component **118**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **MAH** between component **118** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+12 V** on the ABS computer, component code **118** on the following connections:

- **BP88** of component **118**,
- **BP14** of component **118**,
- **AP5** of component **118**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **BP88** between components **597** and **118**,
- **BP14** between components **597** and **118**,
- **AP5** between components **1016** and **118**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF001 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Using the diagnostic tool, read the voltage seen by the computer for verification.
Check the battery charging circuit.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF006 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>FRONT LEFT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a road test at a vehicle speed > 6 mph (10 km/h). Command <b>AC013 Wheel speed sensor supply test</b> , must be used only once.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> .
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the connection and condition of the connections of the front left-hand wheel speed sensor, component code **153**.  
If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Disconnect the sensor, use command **AC013** and check that voltage pulses of approximately **12 V** are detected by a multimeter at the terminals of the sensor connector on the computer side.  
**Are the pulses present?**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<b>DF006 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>YES</b>	<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle and check if the fault follows the sensor. If it follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking systems, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>If it does not follow the sensor: Check the connection and condition of the connections of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4E</b> between components <b>153</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4C</b> between components <b>153</b> and <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<b>DF006 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>NO</b>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the connections of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b>.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4E</b> between components <b>153</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4C</b> between components <b>153</b> and <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<b>DF007 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>REAR LEFT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a road test at a vehicle speed > 6 mph (10 km/h). Command <b>AC013 Wheel speed sensor supply test</b> , must be used only once.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> .
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the connection and condition of the connections of the rear left-hand wheel speed sensor, component code **151**.

If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the sensor, use command **AC013** and check that voltage pulses of approximately **12 V** are detected by a multimeter at the terminals of the sensor connector on the computer side.

**Are the pulses present?**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<p><b>DF007 CONTINUED 1</b></p>	
<p><b>YES</b></p>	<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle and check if the fault follows the sensor. If it follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking systems, Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>If it does not follow the sensor: Check the connection and condition of the connections of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4G</b> between components <b>151</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4H</b> between components <b>151</b> and <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.</p>

<b>DF007 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>NO</b>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the connections of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4G</b> between components <b>151</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4H</b> between components <b>151</b> and <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<p><b>DF008 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>FRONT LEFT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p>None.</p>
<p>Run a conformity check of the magnetic target. If the target is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.</p>	
<p>Check that the <b>4</b> tyres conform to the type defined for this vehicle. Ensure the conformity of the incorrect tyres, then check the value of <b>PR030 Tachometric index</b>.</p>	
<p>Check the sensor mounting. If it is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.</p>	
<p>Visually inspect the condition of the connections and cable of the sensor (signs of oxidation, cable damage, etc.). If there is corrosion, replace the sensor and the wiring.</p>	
<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle. Perform a road test of more than <b>30 seconds</b> above <b>12 mph (20 km/h)</b>. Check if the fault follows the sensor. If the fault follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>	
<p>Visually inspect the condition of the computer connections (particularly the pins for the sensor) and the computer wiring (signs of oxidation, damage, etc.). Replace the faulty components.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>	

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.</p>
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<b>DF009 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>REAR LEFT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL</u>
<b>NOTES</b>	None.
Run a conformity check of the magnetic target. If the target is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.	
Check that the 4 tyres conform to the type defined for this vehicle. Ensure the conformity of the incorrect tyres, then check the value of <b>PR030 Tachometric index</b> .	
Check the sensor mounting. If it is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.	
Visually inspect the condition of the connections and cable of the sensor (signs of oxidation, cable damage, etc.). If there is corrosion, replace the sensor and the wiring.	
Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle. Perform a road test for more than <b>30 seconds</b> above <b>12 mph (20 km/h)</b> . Check if the fault follows the sensor. If the fault follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b> ).	
Visually inspect the condition of the computer connections (particularly the pins for the sensor) and the computer wiring (signs of oxidation, damage, etc.). Replace the faulty components.	
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<b>DF011 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b>SOLENOID VALVE SUPPLY</b> DEF: Abnormal voltage
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .
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	Check the tightness and the condition of the battery terminals.
	Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b> and of the engine fuse and relay box, component code <b>597</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
	Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b> :  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F02 (25 A)</b> on component <b>597</b>.</li> </ul> Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.
	Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b> on the following connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BP14</b> of component <b>118</b>.</li> </ul>
	Check <b>the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: <b>BP14</b> between components <b>118</b> and <b>597</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF011  
CONTINUED**

Check the quality of the system earth (tightening, oxidation, etc.).

Check for **earth** on the ABS computer, component code **118** between the following connections:

- **MAH** of component **118**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **MAH** between component **118** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Control the solenoid valves from the diagnostic tool using the following commands: **AC003 Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves, AC004 Front right-hand wheel solenoid valves, AC005 Rear right-hand wheel solenoid valves, AC006 Rear left-hand wheel solenoid valves** (verification of hydraulic track assignments). If the test fails and/or if the computer exits fault finding mode, the solenoid valves are faulty or jammed, or the computer is faulty. Replace the computer (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF017 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><b>COMPUTER</b> DEF: Supply fault or internal electronic fault</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> The fault is <b>present</b> when the ignition is switched on.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Check the condition and position of ABS power fuses **F01 (50 A)** and **F02 (25 A)** in the engine compartment connection unit, component code **597** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components**).

Check **the continuity** between fuses **F01** and **F02** and connections **BP14** and **BP88** of the computer connector, component code **118** (presence of **+ before ignition feed** on the connections).

Check that the battery terminals are in good condition and properly tightened, component code **107**.

Check the connections on the connector of the ABS computer, component code **118**.

If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check **the earths** on connections **MAH** of component **118**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b>. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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### DF017 CONTINUED

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**, exit fault finding and switch off the ignition. Carry out a new check using the **diagnostic tool**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



<b>DF020 PRESENT</b>	<u>TACHOMETRIC INDEX PROGRAMMING</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>The <b>ABS BOSCH 8.1</b> computer with "tachometric function" must have an index value in order to calculate the vehicle speed from the speed at which the tyres turn. Use command <b>VP007 Tachometric index</b> and check that it has been taken into account using parameter <b>PR030 Tachometric index</b>.</p> <p><b>IMPORTANT:</b> The vehicle speed information is not delivered to the other computers by the ABS computer. <b>The vehicle speed signal is delivered by a speed sensor located on the gearbox, which informs the computers (instrument panel, engine management, etc.).</b></p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF026 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>FRONT RIGHT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a road test at a vehicle speed &gt; 6 mph (10 km/h). Command <b>AC013 Wheel speed sensor supply test</b>, must be used only once.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Check the connection and the condition of the connections of the front right-hand wheel speed sensor, component code **152**. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the sensor, use command **AC013** and check that voltage pulses of approximately **12 V** are detected by a multimeter at the terminals of the sensor connector on the computer side.

Are the pulses present?

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b>. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF026 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>YES</b>	<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle and check if the fault follows the sensor. If it follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking systems, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>If it does not follow the sensor: Check the connection and condition of the connections of the computer, component code <b>118</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4M</b> between components <b>152</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4N</b> between components <b>152</b> et <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF026 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>NO</b>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the connections of the computer, component code <b>118</b>.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the continuity and insulation, and the absence of interference resistance on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4M</b> between components <b>152</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4N</b> between components <b>152</b> et <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF027 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>REAR RIGHT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a road test at a vehicle speed &gt; 6 mph (10 km/h). Command <b>AC013 Wheel speed sensor supply test</b>, must be used only once.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> Apply the fault finding procedure if the fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b>.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Check the connection and the condition of the connections of the rear right-hand wheel speed sensor, component code **150**.  
If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Disconnect the sensor, use command **AC013** and check that voltage pulses of approximately **12 V** are detected by a multimeter at the terminals of the sensor connector on the computer side.  
Are the pulses present?

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<p><b>DF027 CONTINUED 1</b></p>	
<p><b>YES</b></p>	<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle and check if the fault follows the sensor. If it follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking systems, Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p> <p>If it does not follow the sensor: Check the connection and condition of the connections of the computer, component code <b>118</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4S</b> between components <b>150</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4T</b> between components <b>150</b> and <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.</p>

<b>DF027 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>NO</b>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the connections of the computer, component code <b>118</b>.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>4S</b> between components <b>150</b> and <b>118</b>,</li><li>– <b>4T</b> between components <b>150</b> and <b>118</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.
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<p><b>DF028 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>FRONT RIGHT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p>None.</p>
<p>Run a conformity check of the magnetic target. If the target is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.</p>	
<p>Check that the 4 tyres conform to the type defined for this vehicle. Ensure the conformity of the incorrect tyres, then check the value of <b>PR030 Tachometric index</b>.</p>	
<p>Check the sensor mounting. If it is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.</p>	
<p>Visually inspect the condition of the connections and cable of the sensor (signs of oxidation, cable damage, etc.). If there is corrosion, replace the sensor and the wiring.</p>	
<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle. Perform a road test for more than <b>30 seconds</b> above <b>12 mph (20 km/h)</b>. Check if the fault follows the sensor. If the fault follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>	
<p>Visually inspect the condition of the computer connections (particularly the pins for the sensor) and the computer wiring (signs of oxidation, damage, etc.). Replace the faulty components.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>	

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.</p>
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<p><b>DF029 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>REAR RIGHT-HAND WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p>None.</p>
<p>Run a conformity check of the magnetic target. If the target is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.</p>	
<p>Check that the 4 tyres conform to the type defined for this vehicle. Ensure the conformity of the incorrect tyres, then check the value of <b>PR030 Tachometric index</b>.</p>	
<p>Check the sensor mounting. If it is not correct, ensure the conformity of it.</p>	
<p>Visually inspect the condition of the connections and cable of the sensor (signs of oxidation, cable damage, etc.). If there is corrosion, replace the sensor and the wiring.</p>	
<p>Swap the 2 sensors on the same axle. Perform a road test for more than <b>30 seconds</b> above <b>12 mph (20 km/h)</b>. Check if the fault follows the sensor. If the fault follows the sensor, replace the sensor (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>	
<p>Visually inspect the condition of the computer connections (particularly the pins for the sensor) and the computer wiring (signs of oxidation, damage, etc.). Replace the faulty components.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>	

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Once the repair is finished, carry out a conformity check of the target to verify that all is correct.</p>
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# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Interpretation of faults

**38C**

<b>DF055 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>VEHICLE PARAMETER PROGRAMMING</u> DEF: Configuration absent or incorrect
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Program the correct vehicle version with the diagnostic tool using command **VP004 Vehicle parameters**.  
Exit fault finding mode, switch the ignition off and on.  
Check that the programming is correctly entered in the computer using **PR063 Vehicle parameters**.  
If the fault is still present, replace the hydraulic unit (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF063 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>WHEEL SPEED CONSISTENCY</u> DEF: Inconsistency
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with faults <b>DF006 Front left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b>, <b>DF007 Rear left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b>, <b>DF026 Front right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> and <b>DF027 Rear right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> first even if they are stored.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a road test.</p>

<p>Check the condition of the braking system (condition of linings, sealing, grating, bleed, etc.). Check the condition of the axles and the conformity and good condition of the tyre mountings. Check how well the wheel speed sensors are fitted (correct clipping). Repair if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the target conformity (condition, number of teeth = <b>48</b>) for every wheel. If the counts are not correct, apply the target fault finding procedure for the wheel(s) concerned (<b>DF090 Front right-hand wheel target</b>, <b>DF091 Front left-hand wheel target</b>, <b>DF092 Rear right-hand wheel target</b>, <b>DF093 Rear left-hand wheel target</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b>. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF066 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>INJECTION MULTIPLEX SIGNAL ABSENT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The injection computer does not always store these transient failures as quickly as the ABS computer. If no fault is stored in the injection computer, start the engine; if there is no fault present, contact the Techline.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> when the engine is started.
	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> First deal with fault <b>DF152 Multiplex network</b> .

Use fault finding to control the engine torque in order to check that the exchanges between injection and ABS are correct.
Run a multiplex network test (see <b>88B, Multiplex</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Interpretation of faults

# 38C

<b>DF090</b> <b>DF091</b> <b>DF092</b> <b>DF093</b> <b>PRESENT</b> <b>OR</b> <b>STORED</b>	<u>FRONT RIGHT-HAND WHEEL TARGET</u> <u>FRONT LEFT-HAND WHEEL TARGET</u> <u>REAR RIGHT-HAND WHEEL TARGET</u> <u>REAR LEFT-HAND WHEEL TARGET.</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared <b>present</b> during a road test.
	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> Deal with faults <b>DF006 Front left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> , <b>DF007 Rear left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> , <b>DF026 Front right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> , and <b>DF027 Rear right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> first.

Run a conformity check of the magnetic target. Clean the target. Ensure the conformity if necessary.
Check the wheel speed sensor mounting. Ensure the conformity of the mounting. Check the condition of the magnetic target. Carry out repairs.
Run a conformity check of the magnetic target. If the target is not correct: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Swap the wheels (only if the fault is on the rear axle).</li> <li>– Check the target conformity on the <b>2</b> wheels.</li> <li>– If the check is not correct on the wheel receiving the suspect target, replace the defective wheel mounting.</li> <li>– In the other cases, contact the Techline</li> </ul>
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF120 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>INJECTION MULTIPLEX SIGNALS CONSISTENCY.</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The injection computer emitted too short a signal.
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Use fault finding to control the engine torque in order to check that the exchanges between injection and ABS are correct.

Run a multiplex network test (see **88B, Multiplex**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF152 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<b><u>MULTIPLEX NETWORK</u></b> DEF: Carry out the multiplex network fault finding procedure.
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> There is a fault on the multiplex network.
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Run a multiplex network test (see **88B, Multiplex**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<p><b>DF219</b> <b>DF250</b> <b>DF251</b> <b>DF252</b> <b>DF253</b> <b>DF254</b> <b>PRESENT</b> <b>OR</b> <b>STORED</b></p>	<p><u>ABS MULTIPLEX SIGNAL CONSISTENCY</u> <u>ENGINE SPEED MULTIPLEX SIGNAL</u> <u>EFFECTIVE AVERAGE TORQUE MULTIPLEX SIGNALS</u> <u>TORQUE REQUEST MULTIPLEX FEEDBACK SIGNAL</u> <u>CALCULATED TORQUE MULTIPLEX SIGNAL</u> <u>RESISTING TORQUE MULTIPLEX SIGNAL</u></p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Although it is stored in the computer, the ABS system is not faulty. The ABS is deactivated due to unusable information from the injection system. Perform fault finding on the injection system using the diagnostic tool.</p>
	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the engine is started.</p>
	<p><b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> First deal with fault <b>DF152 Multiplex network</b>.</p>

Use fault finding to control the engine torque in order to check that the exchanges between injection and ABS are correct.

Run a multiplex network test (see **88B, Multiplex**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b>. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF263 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>LONGITUDINAL ACCELERATION SENSOR SIGNAL</u> 1.DEF: Inconsistency
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> The longitudinal acceleration signal remains constant, which is not consistent with the longitudinal acceleration recalculated from the wheel speeds.
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the position and mounting of the longitudinal accelerometer, component code <b>1380</b> .
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the longitudinal accelerometer, component code <b>1380</b> and of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the longitudinal accelerometer, component code <b>1380</b> on the following connection: • <b>44AD</b> of component <b>1380</b> .
Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: • <b>44AD</b> between components <b>1380</b> and <b>118</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**DF263  
CONTINUED**

Check for **earth** on the longitudinal accelerometer, component code **1380** between the following connection:

- **44AE** of component **1380**.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **44AE** between component **1380** and **118**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **44AF** between components **1380** and **118**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF282 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>LONGITUDINAL ACCELERATION SENSOR</u> 1.DEF: Supply fault or internal electrical fault
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<b>NOTES</b>	None
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If the fault is stored, clear the fault. If it reappears, replace the sensor.  
If the fault is still present, replace the sensor.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF300 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>PUMP MOTOR CONTROL CIRCUIT</u> DEF: Abnormal voltage
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .
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Check the tightness and the condition of the battery terminals.
Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>F01 (50 A)</b> on component <b>597</b>.</li></ul> Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the ABS computer, component code <b>118</b> and of the engine fuse and relay box, component code <b>597</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### DF300 CONTINUED

Check for **+12 V** on the ABS computer, component code **118** on the following connection:  
• **BP88** of component **118**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:  
**BP88** between components **118** and **597**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the quality of the system earth (tightening, oxidation, etc.).

Check for **earth** on the ABS computer, component code **118** between the following connections:  
• **MAH** of component **118**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:  
• **MAH** between component **118** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Control the solenoid valves from the diagnostic tool using the following commands: **AC003 Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves, AC004 Front right-hand wheel solenoid valves, AC005 Rear right-hand wheel solenoid valves, AC006 Rear left-hand wheel solenoid valves** (verification of hydraulic track assignments). If the test fails and/or if the computer exits fault finding mode, the solenoid valves are faulty or jammed, or the computer is faulty. Replace the computer (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting**).

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF331 DF332 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>NO PILOTED AXLE MULTIPLEX SIGNAL</u> <u>INVALID PILOTED AXLE MULTIPLEX SIGNALS</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the engine is started.
	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> First deal with fault <b>DF152 Multiplex network</b> .

Use fault finding to control the engine torque in order to check that the exchanges between injection and ABS are correct.
Run a multiplex network test (see <b>88B, Multiplex</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>DF333 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION MULTIPLEX SIGNAL</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Although it is stored in the computer, the ABS system is not faulty. The ABS is deactivated due to unusable information from the injection system. Perform fault finding on the injection system using the diagnostic tool.
	<b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present when the engine is started.
	<b>Priorities when dealing with a number of faults:</b> First deal with fault <b>DF152 Multiplex network</b> .

Use fault finding to control the engine torque in order to check that the exchanges between injection and ABS are correct.
Run a multiplex network test (see <b>88B, Multiplex</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 38C

<b>NOTES</b>	Only carry out a conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### SUB-FUNCTION: MAIN SCREEN

Function	Parameter or Status Check or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Vehicle speed	<b>PR038:</b> Vehicle speed	Ensure that the vehicle speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF063 Wheel speed consistency</b>
Brake pedal not depressed detection	<b>ET017:</b> Brake pedal	<b>Released</b> status, brake pedal not depressed <b>Depressed</b> status, brake pedal depressed	<b>If the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of status <b>ET017</b>
Wheel speed	<b>PR002:</b> Front left-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF006 Front left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b>
	<b>PR001:</b> Front right-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF026 Front right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b>
	<b>PR004:</b> Rear left-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF007 Rear left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b>
	<b>PR003:</b> Rear right-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF027 Rear right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b>



# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 38C

### NOTES

Only carry out a conformity check after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

### SUB-FUNCTION: MAIN SCREEN (CONTINUED)

Function	Parameter or Status Check or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Computer supply	<b>PR005:</b> Computer feed voltage	Ensure that the battery voltage is correct (check the charge circuit if necessary)	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF001 Computer supply</b> .
Tachometric index	<b>PR030:</b> Tachometric index	Make sure that the tachometric index matches the tyres fitted to the vehicle.	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of command <b>VP007 Tachometric index</b> .
Vehicle parameters	<b>PR063:</b> Vehicle parameters	Check that the parameters are consistent with the vehicle on which fault finding is being run.	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of command <b>VP004 Vehicle parameters</b> .

### NOTES

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **Engine stopped, ignition on.**

### SUB-FUNCTION: BRAKE REGULATION

Function	Parameter or Status Check or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Brake pedal not depressed detection	<b>ET017:</b> Brake pedal	<b>Released</b> status confirmed, brake pedal not depressed <b>Depressed</b> status, brake pedal depressed	<b>If the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of status <b>ET017</b> .
Wheel speed	<b>PR001:</b> Front right-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF026 Front right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> .
	<b>PR002:</b> Front left-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF006 Front left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> .
	<b>PR003:</b> Rear right-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF027 Rear right-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> .
	<b>PR004:</b> Rear left-hand wheel speed	Ensure that the wheel speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF007 Rear left-hand wheel speed sensor circuit</b> .

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 38C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide. Test conditions: <b>Engine stopped, ignition on.</b></p>
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### SUB-FUNCTION: BRAKE REGULATION (CONTINUED 1)

Function	Parameter or Status Check or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Computer supply	<b>PR005:</b> Computer feed voltage	Ensure that the battery voltage is correct (check the charge circuit if necessary)	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF001 Computer supply</b> .
Vehicle speed	<b>PR038:</b> Vehicle speed	Ensure that the vehicle speed is consistent	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of fault <b>DF063 Wheel speed consistency</b> .
Wheel solenoid valves	<b>AC003:</b> Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves	This command is used to test the front left-hand wheel solenoid valve	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC003</b> .
	<b>AC004:</b> Front right-hand wheel solenoid valves	This command is used to test the front right-hand wheel solenoid valve	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC004</b> .
	<b>AC005:</b> Rear left-hand wheel solenoid valves	This command is used to test the rear left-hand wheel solenoid valve	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC005</b> .
	<b>AC006:</b> Rear right-hand wheel solenoid valves	This command is used to test the rear right-hand wheel solenoid valve	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC006</b> .

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Conformity check

**38C**

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **Engine stopped, ignition on.**

**SUB-FUNCTION: BRAKE REGULATION (CONTINUED 2)**

Function	Parameter or Status Check or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Speed sensor supply	<b>AC013:</b> Wheel speed sensor supply test	This command is used to check that voltage pulses of approximately <b>12 V</b> are detected on the faulty sensor	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC013</b> .
Acceleration	<b>PR007:</b> Longitudinal acceleration	Check that the longitudinal acceleration is consistent.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of <b>DF282 Longitudinal acceleration sensor</b> .

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Status summary table

**38C**

Tool status	Diagnostic tool title
ET017	Brake pedal

<b>ET017</b>	<u>BRAKE PEDAL</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Carry out the checks only if the <b>depressed</b> and <b>released</b> statuses are not consistent with the pedal position.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

**Released STATUS Brake pedal depressed.**

**If the brake lights are working:**

- Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the brake light switch, component code **160** and of the ABS computer, component code **118**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
- Check and ensure **the continuity** of connection **65A** between the connector of the brake light switch, component code **160** and the connector of the ABS computer, component code **118**.  
If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**If the brake lights are not working:**

- Check the condition and fitting of the brake light switch and fuse **F3 (10A)** of the brake lights.
- Remove and test the operation of the brake light switch:

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b>. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>ET017 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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	Continuity between the following connections:	Insulation between the following connections:
Switch depressed (Brake pedal released)	<b>5A and AP1</b>	<b>65A and AP1</b>
Switch released (Brake pedal depressed)	<b>65A and AP1</b>	<b>5A and AP1</b>

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

- Replace the switch if necessary.
- Check and ensure the presence of **+ after ignition feed** on connection **AP1** on the brake light switch connector, component code **160**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**ET017  
CONTINUED 2**

**Depressed STATUS: Brake pedal released.**

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the brake light switch, component code **160** and of the ABS computer, component code **118**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

- Check the condition and fitting of the brake light switch and fuse **F3 (10A)** of the brake lights.
- Remove and test the operation of the brake light switch:

	Continuity <b>between the following connections:</b>	Insulation between the following connections:
Switch depressed (Brake pedal released)	<b>5A and AP1</b>	<b>65A and AP1</b>
Switch released (Brake pedal depressed)	<b>65A and AP1</b>	<b>5A and AP1</b>

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check and ensure **the insulation to +12 V** of connection **65A** between the connector of the brake light switch, component code **160** and the connector of the ABS computer, component code **118**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Parameter summary table

**38C**

Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
PR001	Front right-hand wheel speed	These parameters indicate the speed in <b>mph (km/h)</b> of each wheel on the vehicle.
PR002	Front left-hand wheel speed	
PR003	Rear right-hand wheel speed	
PR004	Rear left-hand wheel speed	
PR005	Computer feed voltage	This parameter indicates the computer supply voltage in <b>volts</b> .
PR030	Tachometric index	This parameter specifies the tachometric index entered in the computer for the tyres fitted to the vehicle.
PR038	Vehicle speed	This parameter indicates the vehicle speed in <b>mph (km/h)</b> .
PR063	Vehicle parameters	This parameter shows whether the configuration ( <b>VP004 Vehicle parameters</b> ) matches the vehicle undergoing fault finding
PR007	Longitudinal acceleration	This parameter indicates the vehicle's longitudinal acceleration. It should be <b>0</b> when the vehicle is stationary.

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Command summary table

**38C**

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
<b>RZ001</b>	Fault memory	This command is used to clear the faults <b>stored</b> in the computer.
<b>AC003</b>	Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves	See interpretation of command <b>AC003</b> .
<b>AC004</b>	Front right-hand wheel solenoid valves	See interpretation of command <b>AC004</b> .
<b>AC005</b>	Rear left-hand wheel solenoid valves	See interpretation of command <b>AC005</b> .
<b>AC006</b>	Rear right-hand wheel solenoid valves	See interpretation of command <b>AC006</b> .
<b>AC013</b>	Wheel speed sensor supply test	See interpretation of command <b>AC013</b> .
<b>AC016</b>	Pump motor test	See interpretation of command <b>AC016</b> .

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title	Comments
<b>SC001</b>	Check target teeth	This command tests the condition of the teeth on each wheel. Select the command <b>SC001</b> and follow the instructions. The test result must equal <b>48</b> .
<b>SC006</b>	Bleed the hydraulic unit and brake circuits.	This command must be used only in the event of abnormal lengthening of brake pedal travel during a road test with ABS regulation (the vehicle must have already been bled using the conventional procedure). Select command <b>SC006</b> and follow the instructions given by <b>the diagnostic tool</b> .

<b>AC003</b> <b>AC004</b> <b>AC005</b> <b>AC006</b>	<u>FRONT LEFT-HAND WHEEL SOLENOID VALVES</u> <u>FRONT RIGHT-HAND WHEEL SOLENOID VALVES</u> <u>REAR LEFT-HAND WHEEL SOLENOID VALVES</u> <u>REAR RIGHT-HAND WHEEL SOLENOID VALVES</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions of use of the command:</b> Ignition on, engine stopped and vehicle speed zero.
	Before using the commands, check that the battery is fully charged.

These commands test the solenoid valves on each wheel.  
**Controlling the wheel solenoid valves to check the hydraulic system.**  
Lift the vehicle in order to be able to check that the wheels turn freely. Keep the brake pedal depressed to prevent the wheel being tested from being turned by hand (do not brake so firmly that full braking power is reached).  
Select and confirm the command of the wheel being examined (e.g. Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves, etc.).  
Turn the wheel concerned by hand; you should see it go through the locking/unlocking cycles.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>AC013</b>	<u>WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SUPPLY TEST</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions of use of the command:</b> Ignition on, engine stopped and vehicle speed zero.
	Before using the command, check that the battery is fully charged. You must use command <b>AC013</b> once only.

This command is used to check that voltage pulses of approximately **12 V** are detected on the faulty sensor by a **multimeter** on the connector terminals on the computer side, component codes **150, 151, 152, and 153**. Select command **AC013**.

Note:  
To restart an **AC013 command**, restart then stop the vehicle engine and ensure that the battery is properly charged.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>AC016</b>	<u>PUMP MOTOR TEST</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions of use of the command:</b> Ignition on, engine stopped and vehicle speed zero.
	Before using the command, check that the battery is fully charged.

This command is used to test the pump motor control circuit.  
Select the command **AC016**.  
The motor must run for **5 seconds**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>SC001</b>	<u>CHECK THE TARGET TEETH</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions of use of the command:</b> Ignition on, engine stopped and vehicle speed zero.
	Before using the command, check that the battery is fully charged.

This command is used to test the pump motor control circuit.  
Select the command **SC001**.  
The test result must equal **48**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>SC006</b>	<u>BLEEDING THE HYDRAULIC UNIT AND BRAKE CIRCUITS</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Conditions of use of the command:</b> Ignition on, engine stopped and vehicle speed zero.
	Before using the command, check that the battery is fully charged.

This command must be used only in the event of abnormal lengthening of brake pedal travel during a road test with ABS regulation (the vehicle must have already been bled using the conventional procedure).  
Select command **SC006** and follow the instructions given by **the diagnostic tool**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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**NOTES**

Only consult these customer complaints after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

**FAULTS DETECTED WHEN BRAKING WITH ABS CONTROL**

Locking of one or more wheels	→	ALP 2
Pull	→	ALP 3
Drift	→	ALP 4
Unexpected ABS operation at low speed and with slight pedal pressure	→	ALP 5
Unexpected ABS system intervention on a poor road surface	→	ALP 6
Unexpected ABS operation when using special equipment (car phone, CB, etc.)	→	ALP 7
Extension of brake pedal travel following a regulation phase (with an irregular pedal when entering regulation).	→	ALP 8
Spongy pedal	→	ALP 9
Brake pedal vibration	→	ALP 10
Noise from the pump, pipes or hydraulic unit	→	ALP 11

## OTHER CASES

No dialogue with the ABS computer

ALP 1

Intermittent illumination of brake, ABS, SERVICE and STOP warning lights and a message on the instrument panel with no fault codes in the computer

ALP 12

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>No dialogue with the ABS computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .
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Try to establish dialogue with a computer on another vehicle to check that **the diagnostic tool** is not faulty. If the tool is not causing the fault and dialogue cannot be established with any other computer on the same vehicle, it may be that a faulty computer is disrupting diagnostic line **K**.  
Use a process of successive disconnections to locate this computer.  
Check the battery voltage and perform the operations necessary to obtain the correct voltage (**9.8 V < battery voltage < 16.7 V**).



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### ALP 1 CONTINUED 1



Check the presence and condition of the ABS fuses on the passenger compartment fuse box, component code **1016, F15 (10 A)** and in the engine fuse box, component code **597, F01 (50 A)** and **F02 (25 A)**, (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components**).

Check the connection of the ABS computer connector, component code **118** and the condition of its connections. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check **the earths** on connections **MAH** of component **118** (good condition, not corroded, tightness of the earth screw on top of the ABS assembly).

Check that the supply to the computer is correct:

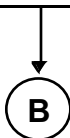
- **Earth** on connections **MAH** of component **118**,
- **+ before ignition feed** on connections **BP14** and **BP88** of component **118**,
- **+ after ignition feed** on connection **AP5** of component **118**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the connection of the diagnostic socket connector, component code **225** and the condition of its connections.

Check the continuity of connection **HK** between the computer and the diagnostic socket.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.



### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 1  
CONTINUED 2**

**B**

Check that the diagnostic socket, component code **225** is correctly supplied:

- **+ before ignition feed** on connection **BP56** of component **225**.
- **+ after ignition feed** on connection **AP10** of component **225**.
- **Earth** on connections **MAM** and **NC** of component **225**.

If the connection(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If dialogue has still not been established after these checks, contact the techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>Locking of one or more wheels</b>
--------------	--------------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

**Reminder:**  
Locking of the wheels on a vehicle fitted with ABS or squealing of tyres, interpreted by the customer as locking, could be related to a normal reaction of the system and should not automatically be assumed to be a fault (braking with ABS regulation on a very bad road causes considerable squealing).



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	---

<b>ALP 2 CONTINUED</b>	
----------------------------	--



However, if the wheel(s) is/are actually locking, lift the vehicle so that you can turn the wheels and check for:

– Possible inversion when connecting the speed sensors.

Use parameters **PR001 Front right-hand wheel speed**, **PR002 Front left-hand wheel speed**, **PR003 Rear right-hand wheel speed** and **PR004 Rear left-hand wheel speed** by turning the relevant wheels and checking the consistency of the results obtained.

If the value measured is zero, rotate the other wheels to confirm an electrical inversion of the sensors and repair the wiring harness.

– Possible inversion of pipes on the hydraulic unit.

Use commands **AC003 Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves**, **AC004 Front right-hand wheel solenoid valves**, **AC005 Rear left-hand wheel solenoid valves** and **AC006 Rear right-hand wheel solenoid valves** while depressing the brake pedal and check for the occurrence of locking/unlocking cycles on the wheel concerned (see **Command summary table**). If the cycles do not occur on the wheel tested (wheel remains locked), check whether they occur on another wheel to confirm reversed pipes.

If the cycles do not occur on one wheel and the pipes have not been inverted, contact the Techline.

Check that the wheel speed sensor mounting is in good condition (clipping).

Visually inspect the condition of the target (clogging, metallic contamination, etc.) and clean with compressed air if necessary.

Check the condition of the braking system (condition of linings, sealing, grating, bleed, etc.).

Check the condition of the axles and the conformity and good condition of the tyre mountings.

If the fault is still present after these checks, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

38C

**ALP 3**

**Pull**

**NOTES**

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**.

Disconnect one wheel speed sensor.  
Start the engine and ensure that only the ABS fault warning light comes on. Do not drive the vehicle if the brake fault warning light is also illuminated because the "braking compensator" function is no longer guaranteed.  
Carry out a road test with the ABS thus out of order.  
**Is the fault still present under these conditions?**

NO

YES

Raise the vehicle so that you can rotate the wheels and check:

- whether the speed sensors have been incorrectly connected,
- whether the pipes on the hydraulic unit have been inverted.

For these two tests, consult and apply the procedures defined in **ALP2 Locking of one or several wheels**. Check the condition and conformity of the ABS targets. If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

If the brake pedal travel is relatively long, bleed the brake circuit.  
If the travel is normal, check the tyre pressures, the front axle, or for any leaks in the circuit.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.  
Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.



<b>ALP 4</b>	<b>Drift</b>
--------------	--------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

Disconnect one wheel speed sensor.  
Start the engine and ensure that only the ABS fault warning light comes on. Do not drive the vehicle if the brake fault warning light is also illuminated because the "braking compensator" function is no longer guaranteed.  
Carry out a road test with the ABS thus out of order.  
**Is the fault still present under these conditions?**

NO  
↓

Normal behaviour linked to the system operation during the regulation phase, mainly on surfaces with uneven grip or which are poorly laid.

YES  
↓

Road holding fault not related to the ABS.  
Check the condition of the brake linings and that they are to specification and check the tyre pressures, the front axle, etc.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

### ALP 5

**Unexpected ABS operation at low speed and with slight pedal pressure**

### NOTES

Only address this customer complaint after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**. Warning: **ABS** control is sensitive to poor traction (icy roads, wet cobblestones, etc.).

It is possible to feel brake pedal vibrations which are associated with the reaction of the system in particular circumstances, such as:

- crossing rumble strips,
- tight cornering with lifting of the inside rear wheel.

These vibrations may be linked to simple brake limiter activation, when the pressure on the rear axle is limited. If the fault is different, check the speed sensor connectors (micro-breaks).

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**. Carry out a road test followed by another check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 6</b>	<b>Unexpected ABS system intervention on a poor road surface</b>
--------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

On poor road surfaces it is normal to feel bucking and vibration of the pedal as well as more significant tyre squealing than on good surfaces.  
This gives the impression of a variation in efficiency, but this should be considered normal.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>ALP 7</b>	<b>Unexpected ABS operation when using special equipment (car phone, CB, etc.)</b>
--------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

Check that the equipment which is causing the fault is approved.  
Check that this equipment has been correctly installed without modification to the original wiring, particularly that of the ABS (unauthorised earth and **+ after ignition feed** connections on the ABS).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>ALP 8</b>	<b>Extension of brake pedal travel following a regulation phase (with an irregular pedal when entering regulation).</b>
--------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

Air transit from the hydraulic unit regulation channels to the brake circuits.  
Bleed the circuits following the recommended procedure in **MR451, Mechanical, 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleeding (use of diagnostic tool command modes)**.  
After the operation, carry out a road test with ABS regulation.



If the fault persists, carry out the above operation again once or twice.  
If the customer complaint is particularly pronounced, and the bleeds have not rectified it, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 9</b>	<b>Spongy pedal</b>
--------------	---------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

Air in the brake circuits.  
Bleed the circuits in the conventional way starting with the rear right-hand brake, followed by rear left-hand, front left-hand, and finally the front right-hand. Repeat the operation if necessary.  
Check the play of the front and rear bearings.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

**38C**

<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>Brake pedal vibration</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

Normal reaction of the brake pedal during an ABS regulation phase or pressure limitation on the rear axle (brake limiter function).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>ALP 11</b>	<b>Noise from the pump, pipes or hydraulic unit</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

- Vibration of the unit: check the presence and the condition of the unit support insulating rubber mountings.
- Vibration of pipes: check that all the pipes are securely clipped in their retaining clips and that there is no contact between pipes or between pipes and bodywork.

To identify the origin of the noise, use the solenoid valve control commands **AC003 Front left-hand wheel solenoid valves**, **AC004 Front right-hand wheel solenoid valves**, **AC005 Rear left-hand wheel solenoid valves** and **AC006 Rear right-hand wheel solenoid valves** while depressing the brake pedal.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 12</b>	<b>Intermittent illumination of brake, ABS, Service and Stop warning lights and a message on the instrument panel with no fault codes in the computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . Problem with external supply to the computer: The computer is intermittently without supply because of bad contacts in the electrical supply circuit.
--------------	---

Refer to the interpretation of fault <b>DF001 Computer supply</b> .
If the fault is still present, contact Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer memory using command <b>RZ001 Fault memory</b> . Carry out a road test followed by another check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# DUSTER

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## 6 Air conditioning

### 61A HEATING

Fault finding – Introduction	61A - 2
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Fault finding – Role of components	61A - 7
Fault finding – Function	61A - 9
Fault finding – Conformity check	61A - 13
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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding procedure applicable to the heating function with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): <b>DUSTER</b>
Function concerned: <b>Heating</b>

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the CLIP diagnostic tool),

#### Wiring Diagrams:

- Visu-Schéma (CD-ROM), paper.

#### Special tooling required

<b>Special tooling required</b>
Multimeter and current clamp

### 3. REMINDERS

This heating system does not have a computer and therefore fault finding cannot be carried out on the system using the **diagnostic tool**.

In this section, the fault finding procedure is dealt with by **Customer complaints - Fault finding charts**.

#### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE

##### Wiring check

**Note:**

Carry out each requested check visually. Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

**Note:**

Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

**Note:**

The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:

- Connector / Connector
- Connector / Device

##### Fault finding problems

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily clear the cause of a fault.

Electrical measurements of voltage, resistance and insulation are generally correct, especially if the fault is not present when the analysis is made (stored fault).

##### Visual inspection of the connection:

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

##### Visual inspection of the area around the connection:

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.) if the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

##### Visual inspection of the plastic casing:

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, cracked, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, openings, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

##### Visual inspection of the metal contacts:

(The female contact is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The spring contact of the connector when the wire is gently pulled.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.

**Visual inspection of the sealing:**

*(Only for watertight connectors)*

- Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).
- Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For *unit* joints (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For *gel* seals, check for gel in all of the openings without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, repair or replace the wiring (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**)

### 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



#### IMPORTANT!

#### IMPORTANT

All faults involving a complex system call for thorough diagnostics with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE ESSENTIAL THAT THE FAULT FINDING LOG IS FILLED OUT EVERY TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT**

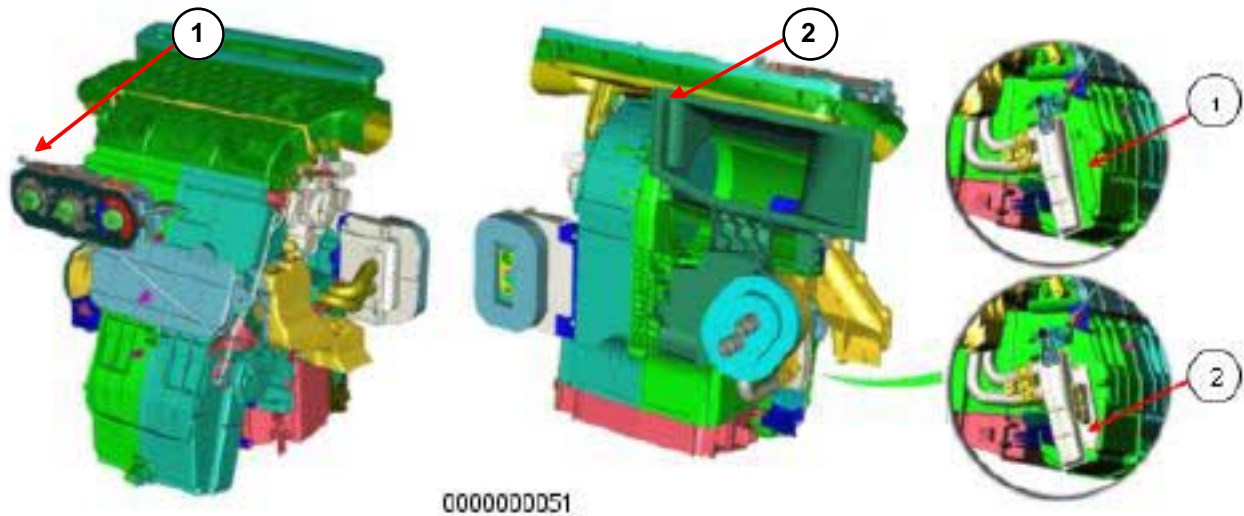
You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from the Techline,
- when requesting approval before replacing parts for which approval is compulsory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

### 6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- do not smoke,
- use the proper tools.



1. Without Passenger Compartment Heating Resistors
2. With Passenger Compartment Heating Resistors

### Passenger compartment fan unit

#### • HEATING COMPONENTS

- **Heater matrix:** This is located at the bottom of the heating and air conditioning unit.
- **Passenger compartment heating resistors:** These are located at the bottom of the heater matrix on the driver's side (depending on the equipment).

#### • ACTUATORS:

- **Air distribution flap:** This is located in the heating and air conditioning unit.
- **Mixing flap:** This is located in the heating and air conditioning unit.
- **Recirculation flap:** This is located behind the dashboard.

#### • OTHERS

- **Passenger compartment fan assembly:** This is located in the heating and air conditioning unit.
- **Air pipes:** These are located underneath the dashboard.

### • HEATING COMPONENTS

#### – Heater matrix:

The external air entering the heating and air conditioning device (HVAC) is heated by the heater matrix.

#### – Passenger Compartment Heating Resistors (**depending on version**):

The passenger compartment heating resistors are an electric heating system located in the passenger compartment ventilation heating unit. This system acts as an additional heater which operates when the engine is cold (when starting).

### Passenger Compartment Heating Resistors (RCH)

### • ACTUATORS

#### – Air distribution flap:

This flap enables the air flowing into the passenger compartment to be directed.

#### – Air mixing flap:

This flap enables the temperature requirements of the occupants to be met.

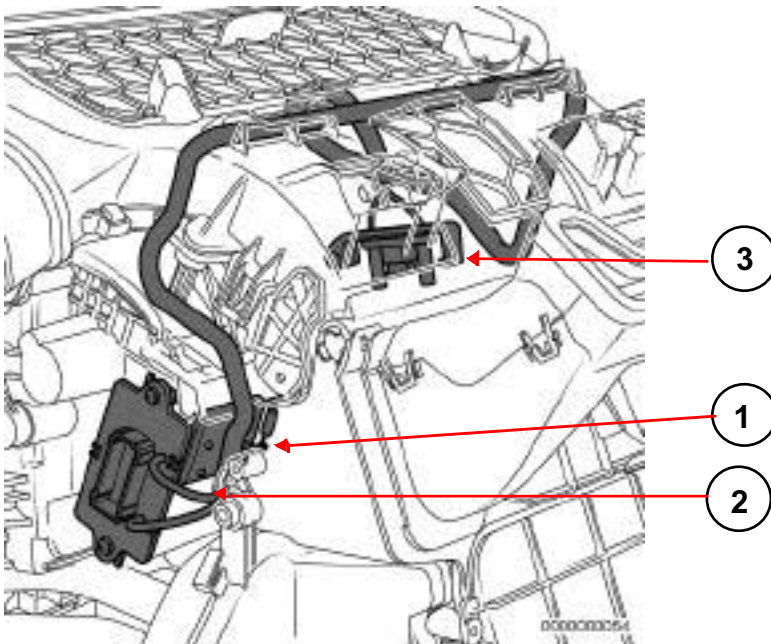
#### – Recirculation flap:

This flap prevents the entry of exterior air. In this case, the passenger compartment is isolated from the exterior and air is blown in the passenger compartment in a closed circuit.

### • OTHERS

#### – Passenger compartment blower unit:

The passenger compartment blower unit is controlled by the MVPR (Resistive Blower Dimmer Module).





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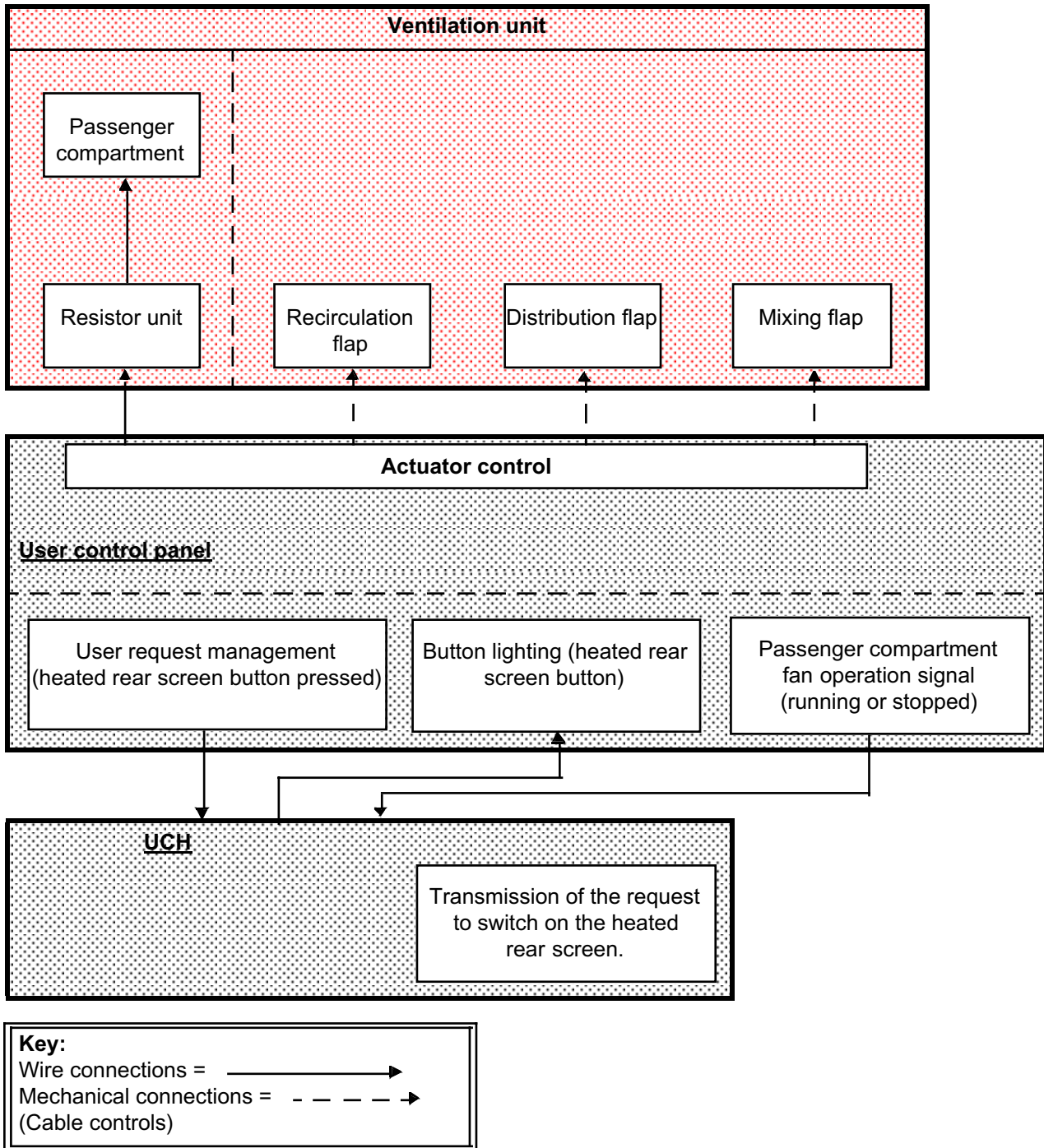
### Resistive Blower Dimmer Module (MVPR)

- 1) Thermal fuse
- 2) Fan assembly connector
- 3) Connector to Control panel

#### – Air pipes:

The air flows into an open air inlet scoop towards the exterior. There must be enough air flow for it to be channelled into the passenger compartment. This flow can be created by the vehicle speed (in non-recirculation mode) or by activating the blower. The air flowing into the passenger compartment is protected by a grille and a rain shield in order to prevent foreign bodies and water from entering. The air is then distributed inside the passenger compartment.

Summary of components controlled by the passenger compartment ventilation and heating control panel:

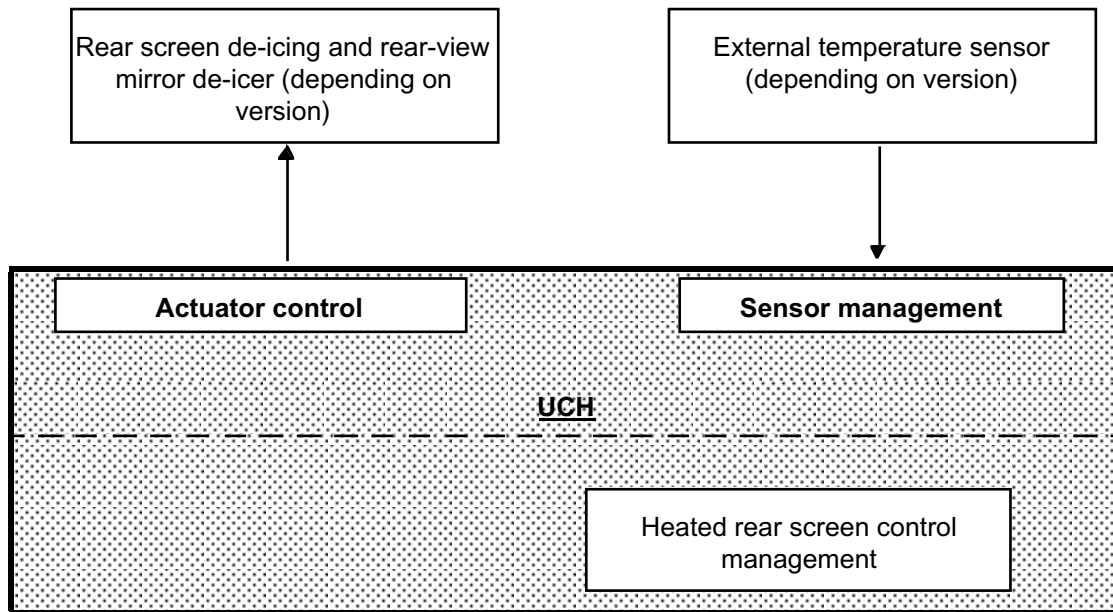


# HEATING

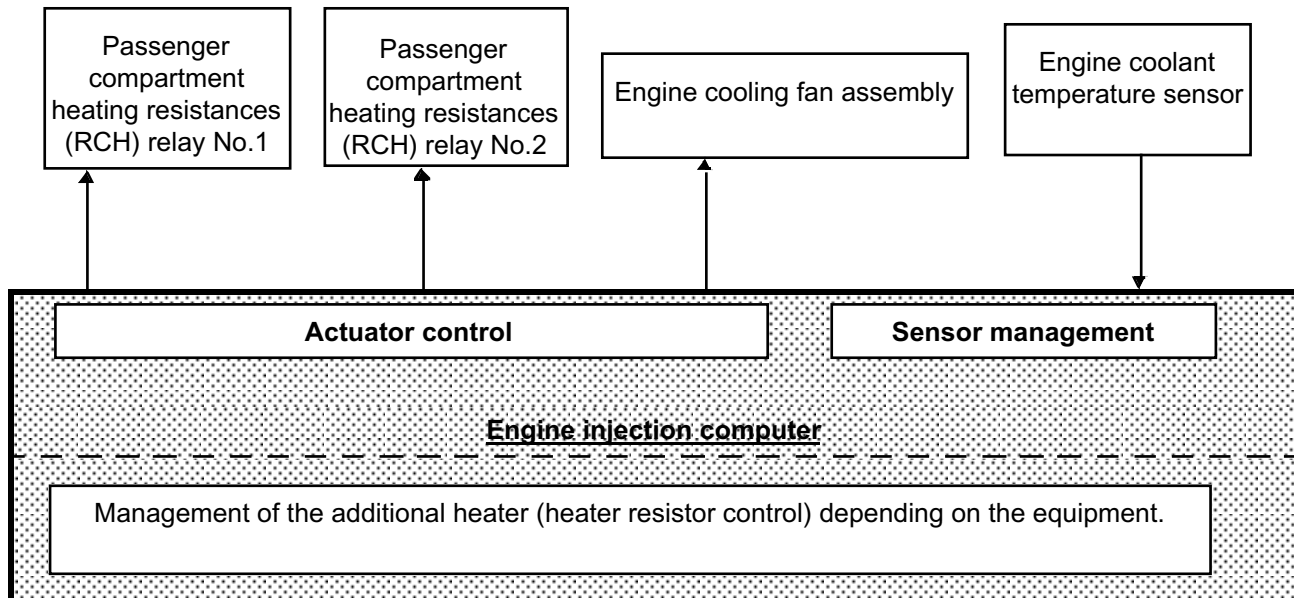
## Fault finding – Function

# 61A

Summary of components controlled or managed by the UCH:



Summary diagram of components controlled or managed by the injection computer:



**Key:**

Wire connections =

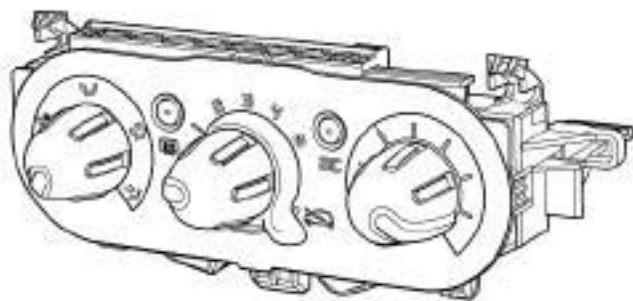
### Layout of the heating function:

The passenger compartment ventilation heating panel enables:

- the passenger compartment blower unit to be activated,
- the rear de-icing to be activated by the UCH.

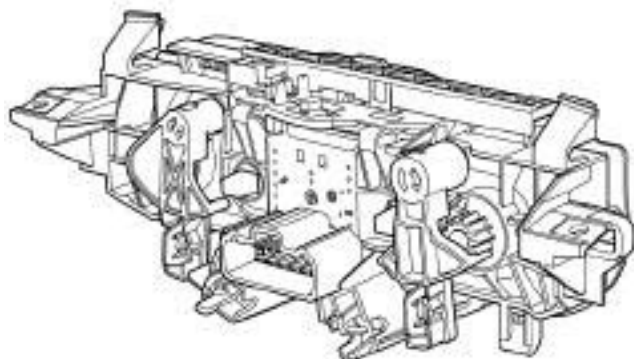
The passenger compartment ventilation heating panel controls the air distribution, mixing and recirculation flaps by cables. It controls the blower unit speed via a wire connection and a resistor unit (MVPR).

The injection computer controls the passenger compartment heating resistors (depending on the equipment). The injection computer authorises or denies compressor activation depending on the vehicle operation and refrigerant pressure.



0000000000

### Passenger compartment ventilation and heating control front panel



0000000050

### Passenger compartment ventilation and heating control rear panel

Buttons with operation indicator lamps:

- Air conditioning button.

Manual controls:

- Mixing: rotary control on the right-hand side, with cable connection to the flap.
- Distribution: rotary control on the left-hand side, with cable connection to the flap.
- Recirculation: rotary lever in the centre, with cable connection to the flap.
- Air flow V0, V1 to V4 by rotary control in the centre.

# HEATING

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 61A

### NOTES

Only carry out this conformity check after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool** (fault reading and configuration checks).

**Application conditions:** engine stopped, ignition on.

### SUB-FUNCTION: USER SELECTION

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
UCH (see 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit)	ET004: + 12 V after ignition	+ after ignition feed.	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>
	ET547: Rear de-icing button	DEPRESSED RELEASED	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>

# HEATING

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 61A

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions:</b> engine stopped, ignition on.</p>
--------------	--

### SUB-FUNCTION: HEATING

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b> or <b>17B, Petrol injection</b> )	<b>PR064:</b> Coolant temperature	<b>X = engine coolant temperature</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	<b>ET111:</b> RCH number set (depending on equipment)	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>NO</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Depending on the requirements of the injection system (power requirement, torque reduction, etc.), the injection computer sets the controlled passenger compartment heating resistor stage number (no more, no less)</p>	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>
	<b>ET112:</b> Passenger compartment heating resistors cut-off (depending on equipment)	<b>YES</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>

# HEATING

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 61A

### NOTES

Only carry out this conformity check after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool** (fault reading and configuration checks).

**Application conditions:** engine at idle speed, vehicle speed zero.

### SUB-FUNCTION: USER SELECTION

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
UCH (see 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit)	PR001: Battery voltage	10.5 V < X < 14.4 V	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> . If the fault is still present, carry out fault finding on the charging circuit (see MR 451 Mechanical, 16A, Starting - Charging circuit).
	ET004: + 12 V after ignition	+ after ignition feed.	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	ET547: Engine coolant temperature	<b>PRESSED</b> if the instrument panel warning light is lit. <b>RELEASED</b> otherwise.	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> . Note: This status only operates for manual air conditioning and heating versions.
UCH (see 87B, Connection unit)	ET004: + 12 V after ignition	+ after ignition feed.	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	ET547: Rear de-icing button	<b>DEPRESSED</b>  <b>RELEASED</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .



# HEATING

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 61A

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions:</b> engine at idle speed, vehicle speed zero.</p>
--------------	---

### HEATING SUB-FUNCTION

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b> or <b>17B, Petrol injection</b> )	<b>PR064:</b> Coolant temperature	<b>X = engine coolant temperature</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	<b>ET111:</b> RCH number set (depending on equipment)	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>NO</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Depending on the requirements of the injection system (power requirement, torque reduction, etc.), the injection computer sets the controlled passenger compartment heating resistor stage number (no more, no less)</p>	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>
	<b>ET112:</b> Passenger compartment heating resistors cut-off (depending on equipment)	<b>YES</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>

# HEATING

## Fault finding – Conformity check

**61A**

### SUMMARY TABLE OF THE VARIOUS AIR CONDITIONING COMPUTER COMMANDS

NAME OF SUB-FUNCTION	COMPUTER NAME	TITLE OF COMMAND	FAULT FINDING
HEATING	Injection (see 13B, Diesel injection or 17B, Petrol injection)	AC250 Heating resistor relay 1 (depending on version)	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>
		AC251 Heating resistor relay 2 (depending on version)	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>

# HEATING

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

# 61A

### NOTES

#### Special notes:

This section gives the list of possible customer complaints (Fault finding charts can be found in sections 61A and 62C: see below).

### AIR DISTRIBUTION FAULT (Section 62C)

AIR DISTRIBUTION PROBLEM

ALP 2

AIR FLOW FAULT

ALP 3

INEFFICIENT WINDSCREEN DEMISTING

ALP 4

NO PASSENGER COMPARTMENT VENTILATION

ALP 5

### HEATING FAULT

NO HEATING OR INADEQUATE HEATING

ALP 6

EXCESSIVE HEATING

ALP 7

INEFFICIENT REAR SCREEN DE-ICING/DEMISTING  
(Section 62C)

ALP 10

WATER PRESENT IN THE PASSENGER COMPARTMENT  
(Section 62C)

ALP 12

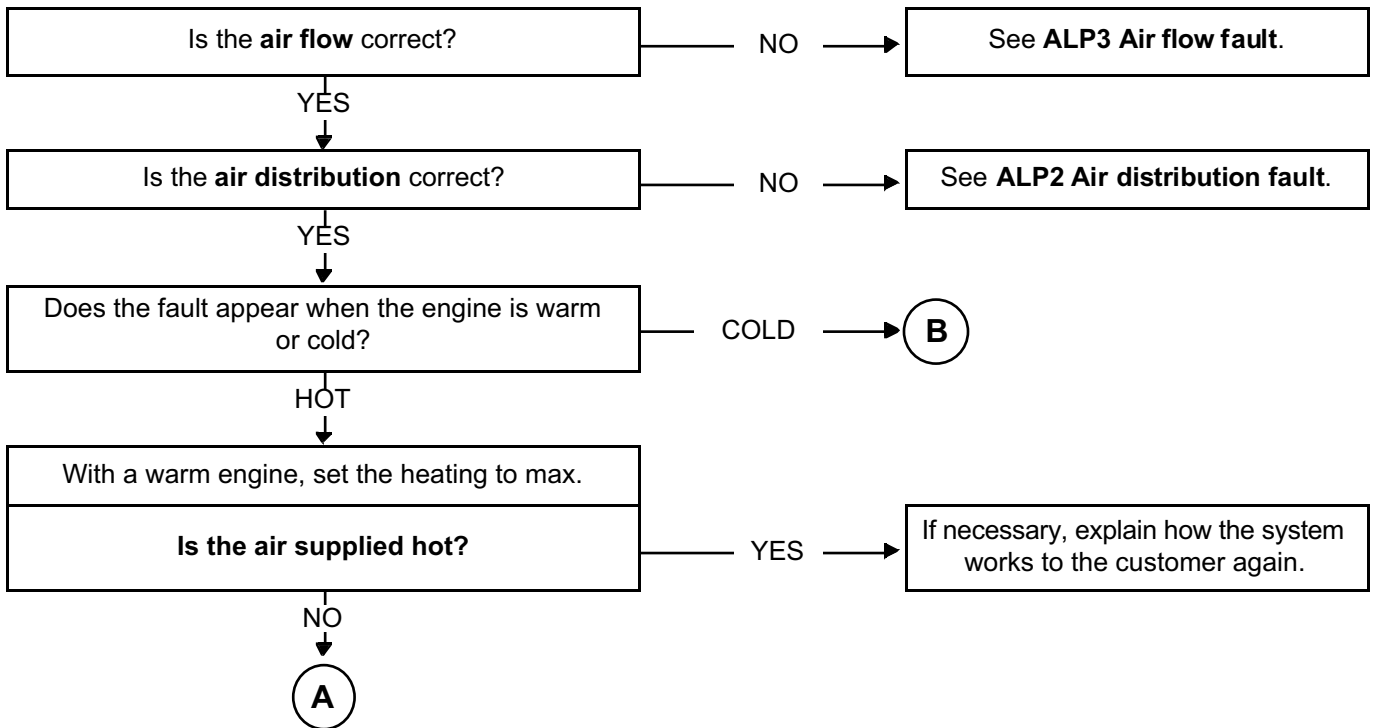
### CONTROL PANEL FAULT (Section 62C)

NO CONTROL PANEL LIGHTING

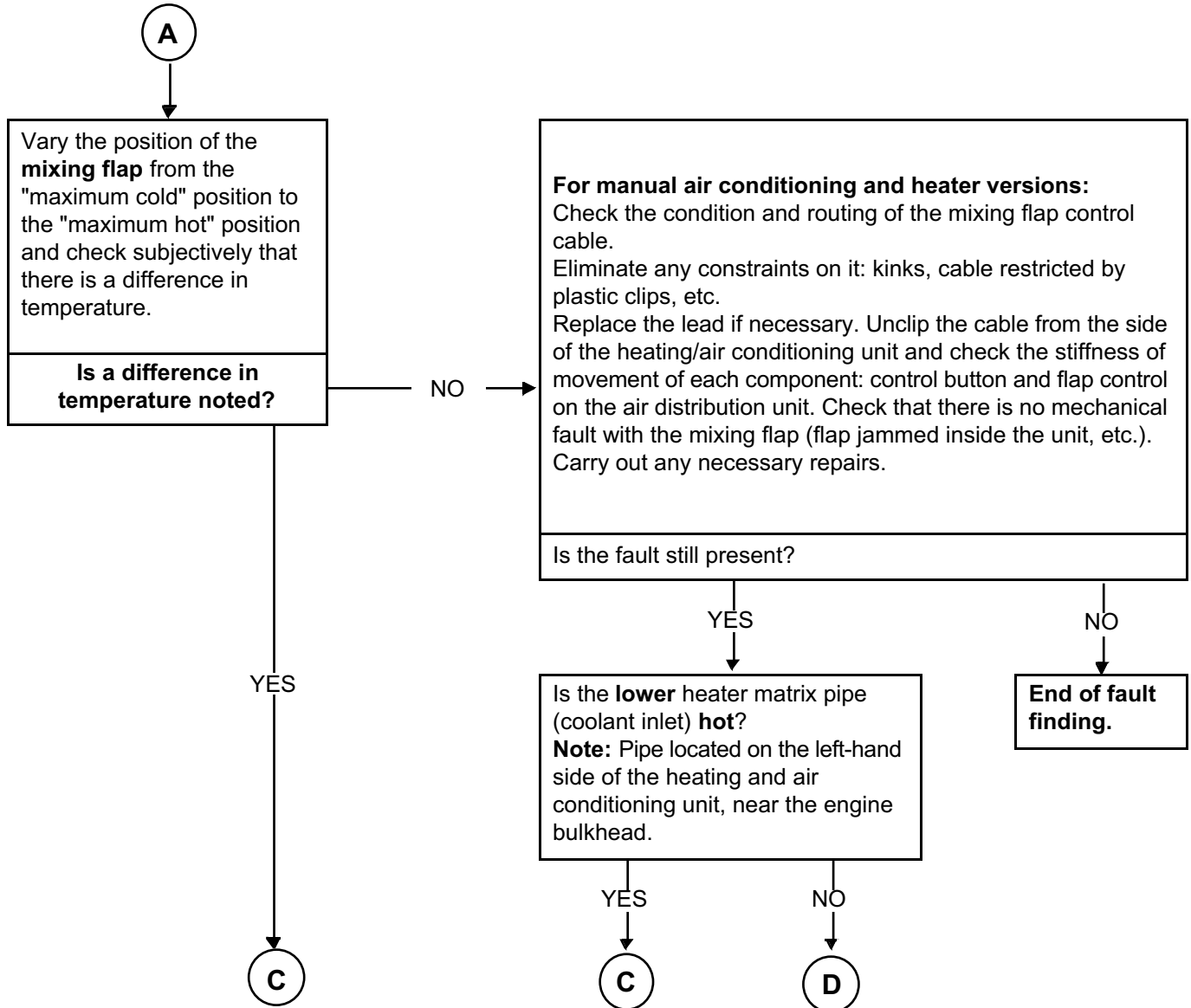
ALP 13

<b>ALP 6</b>	<b>No heating or inadequate heating</b>
--------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Carry out these checks after a <b>full check</b> using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p>Check that the fuses are in good condition.</p> <p>Use a multimeter, current clamp and <b>21 W</b> test light.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagram for DUSTER</b>.</p>
--------------	--



<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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# HEATING

## Fault finding – Fault finding charts

# 61A

ALP 6  
CONTINUED 2

C  
YES  
↓

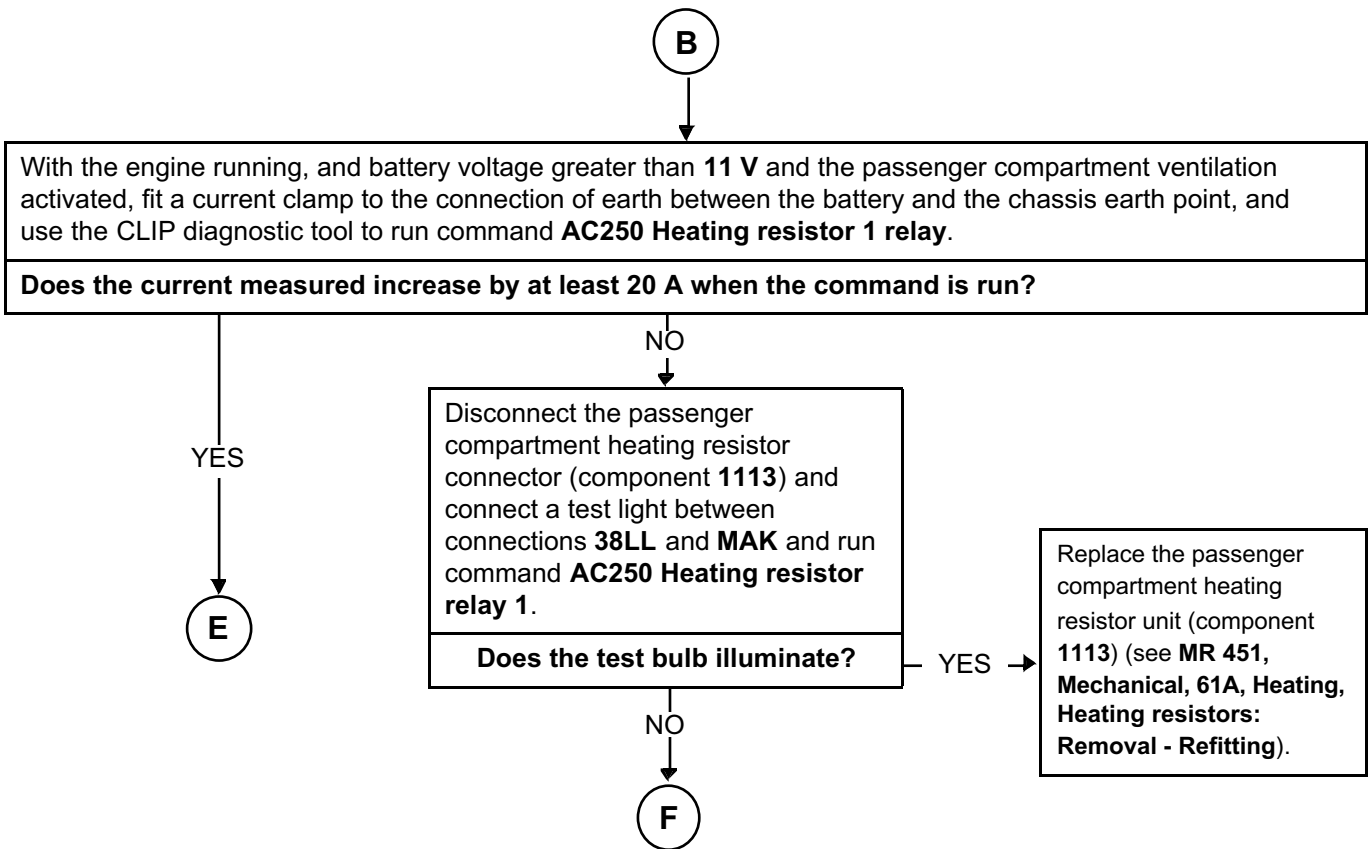
Check that the heater matrix is not **blocked**: the **top** heater matrix outlet pipe should be hot. Clean the heater matrix or replace it if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 61A, Heating, Heater matrix: Removal - Refitting**).

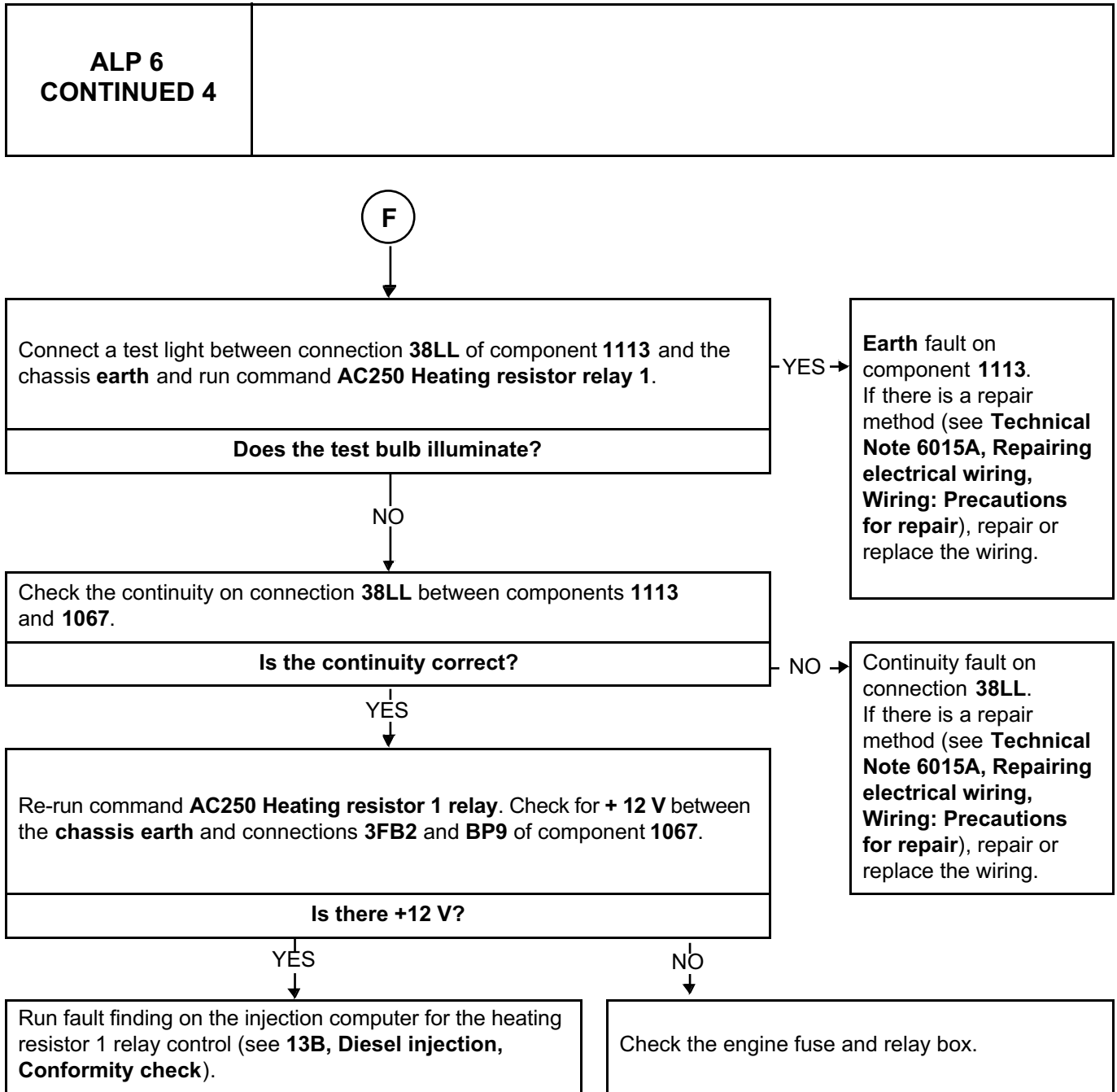
D  
NO  
↓

Check the coolant circuit:  
Check the **level** of the coolant circuit (too low a level may unprime the circuit when driving at low loads and when idling).  
Check that the **thermostatic valve** opens at the correct temperature, and replace the valve if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19A, Cooling, Thermostat: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	Fault finding procedure performed using a current clamp.
-------------	--

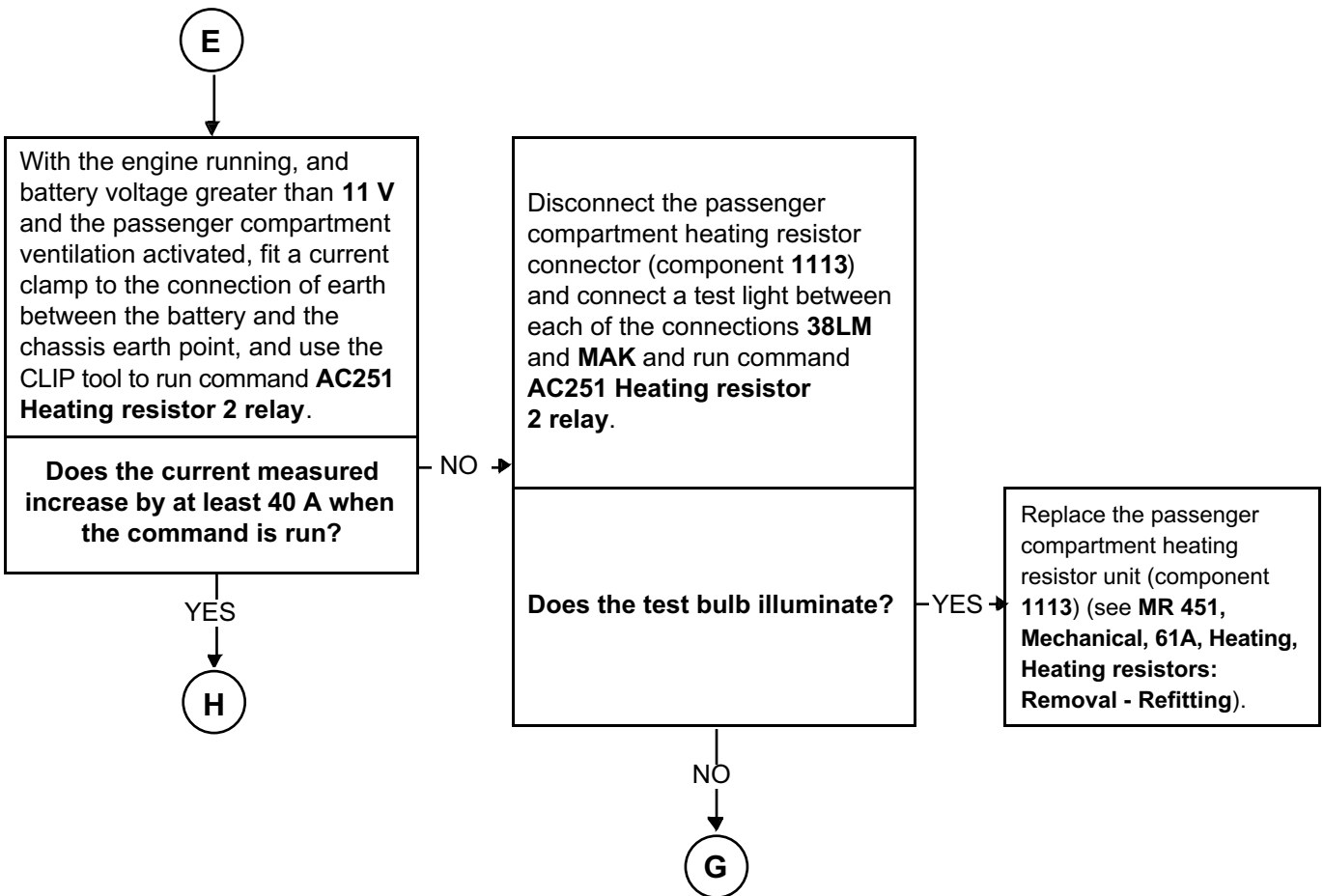






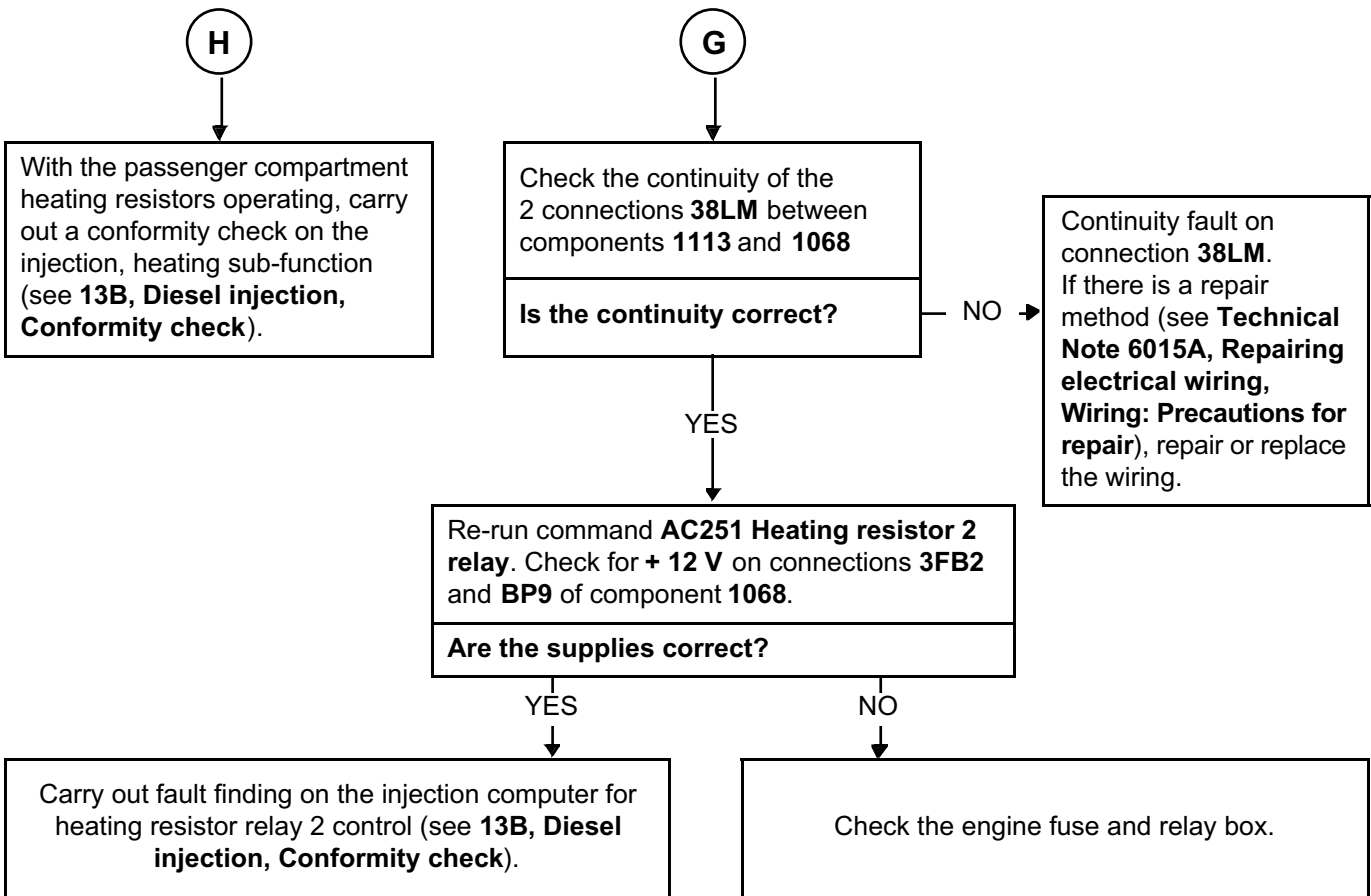
<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 5</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	Fault finding procedure performed using a current clamp.
-------------	--



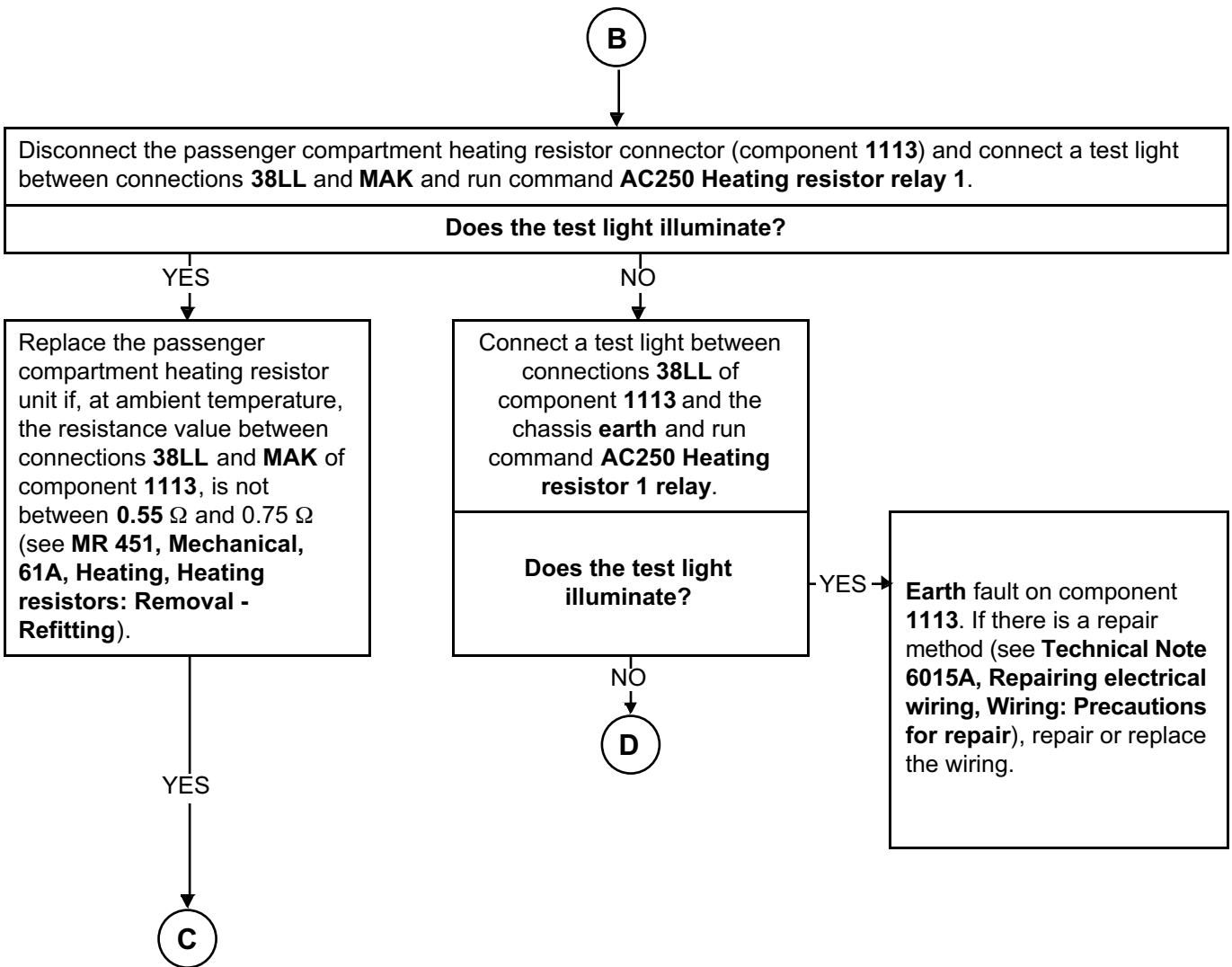
<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 6</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	Fault finding procedure performed using a current clamp.
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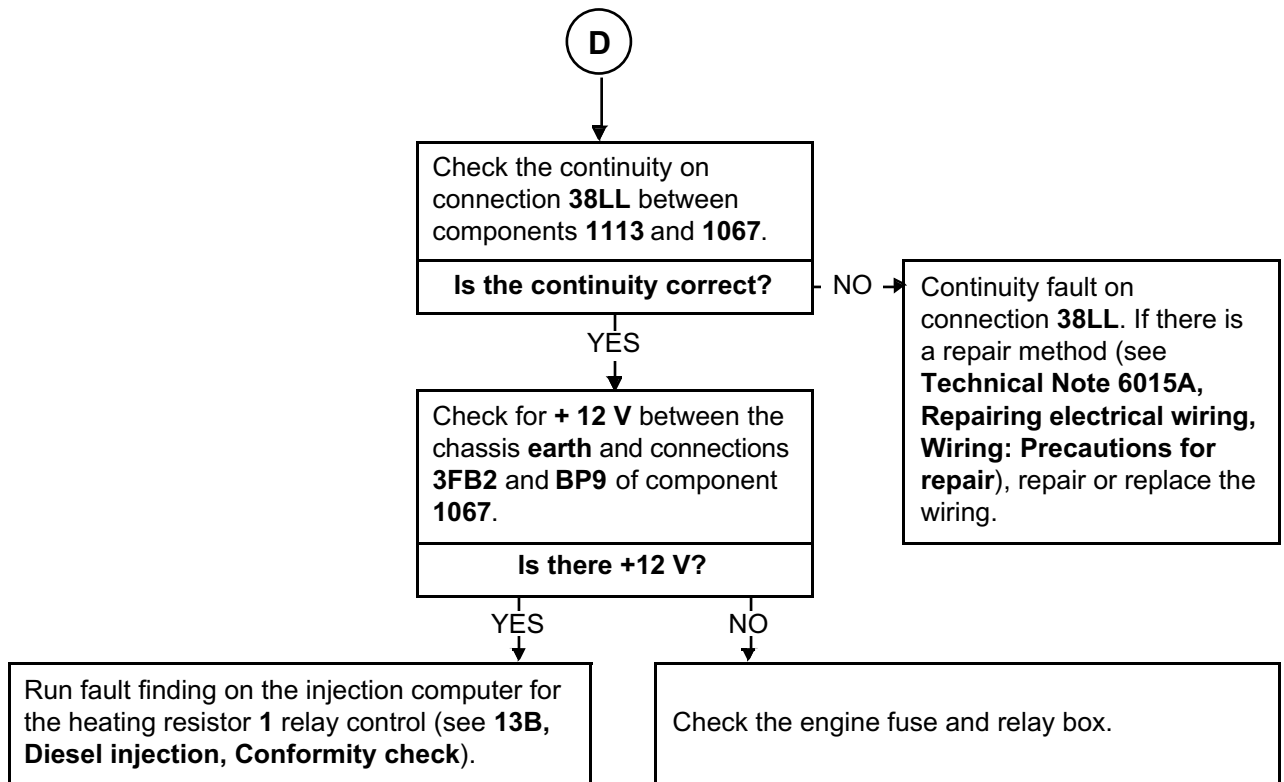
<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 6</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	Fault finding procedure without using a current clamp.
-------------	--



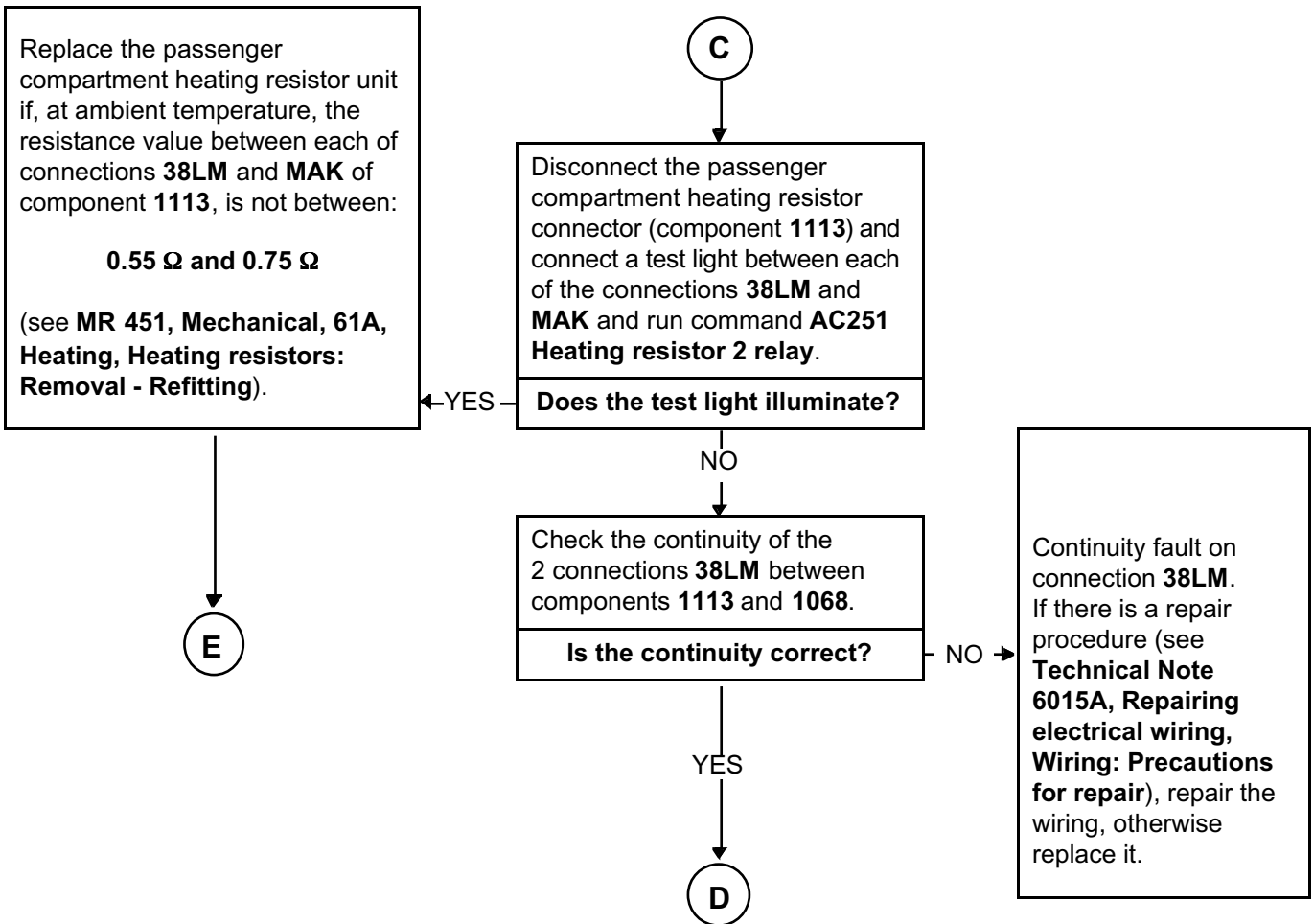
<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 7</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure without using a current clamp.</b>
-------------	---



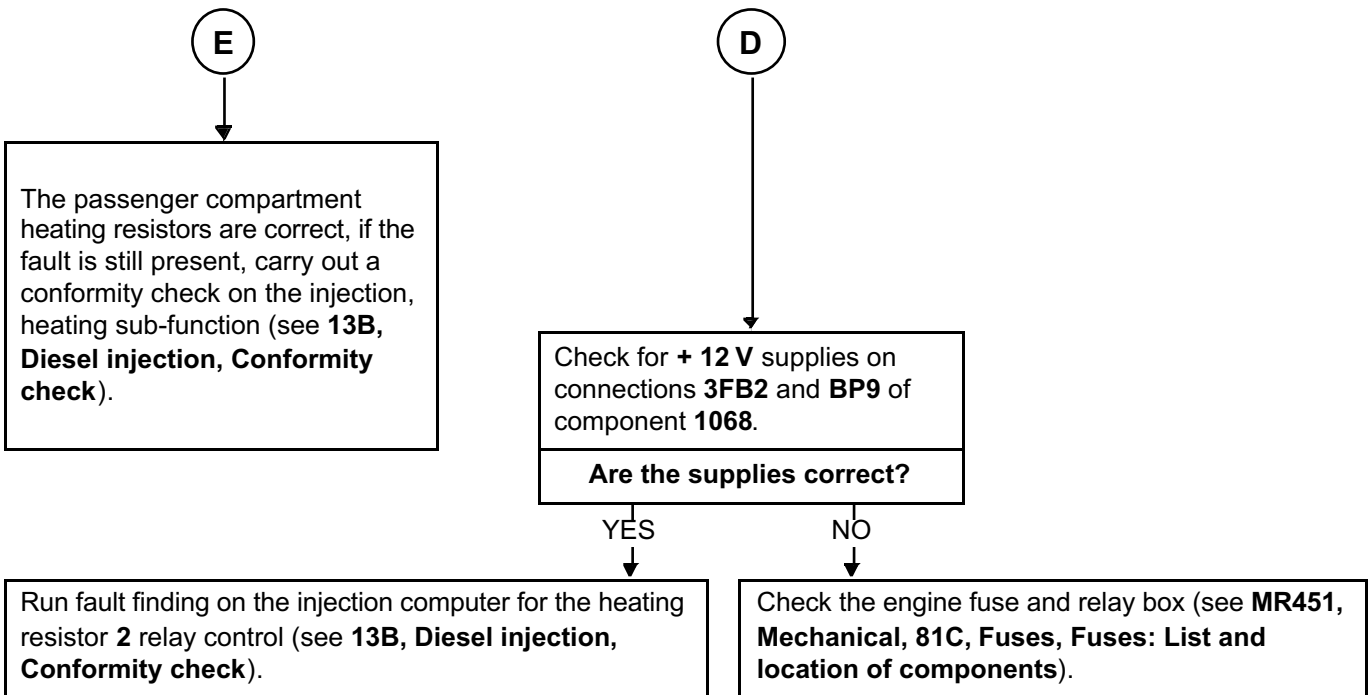
<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 8</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	Fault finding procedure without using a current clamp.
-------------	--



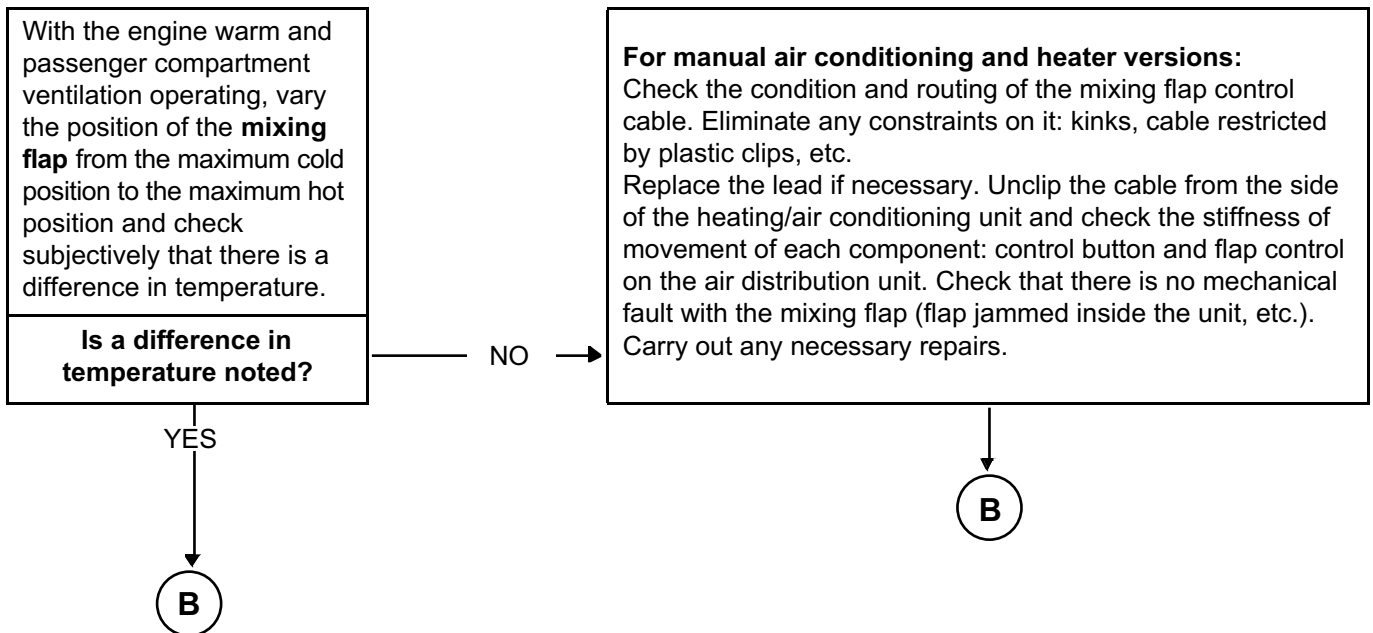
<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 9</b>	
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<b>NOTE</b>	<b>Fault finding procedure without using a current clamp.</b>
-------------	---



<b>ALP 7</b>	<b>Too much hot air</b>
--------------	-------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Carry out these checks after a <b>full check</b> using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks). Check that the fuses are in good condition. Use a multimeter and a <b>21 W</b> test light. Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagram for DUSTER</b> .
--------------	---



**ALP 7  
CONTINUED 2**

**B**

**For manual air conditioning systems:**

Check that the recirculation flap is in the **exterior air** position. If this is not operating correctly (impossible to change the flap to the exterior air position), check the condition and routing of the recirculation flap control cable. Eliminate any constraints it may have such as kinks, restriction by plastic clips, etc. Replace it if necessary. Check that there is no mechanical fault on the recirculation flap (flap jammed). Carry out any necessary repairs.

**Is the fault still present?**

YES

**C**

NO

**End of fault finding procedure.**



ALP 7  
CONTINUED 3



For diesel vehicles equipped with **passenger compartment heating resistors**, ensure that they are not in operation when the engine is hot (temperature > 50°C) and the exterior air temperature is greater than 10°C.

Disconnect the **Passenger compartment heating resistors** connector (component 1113) and connect a test light between connections 38LL and MAK.

Does the test light illuminate?

YES

Check the **continuity** and **insulation** to + 12 V of connection 38LL between components 1113 and 1067.

Is the connection OK?

NO

Fault on connection 38LL, if there is a repair procedure, repair the wiring (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), otherwise replace the wiring

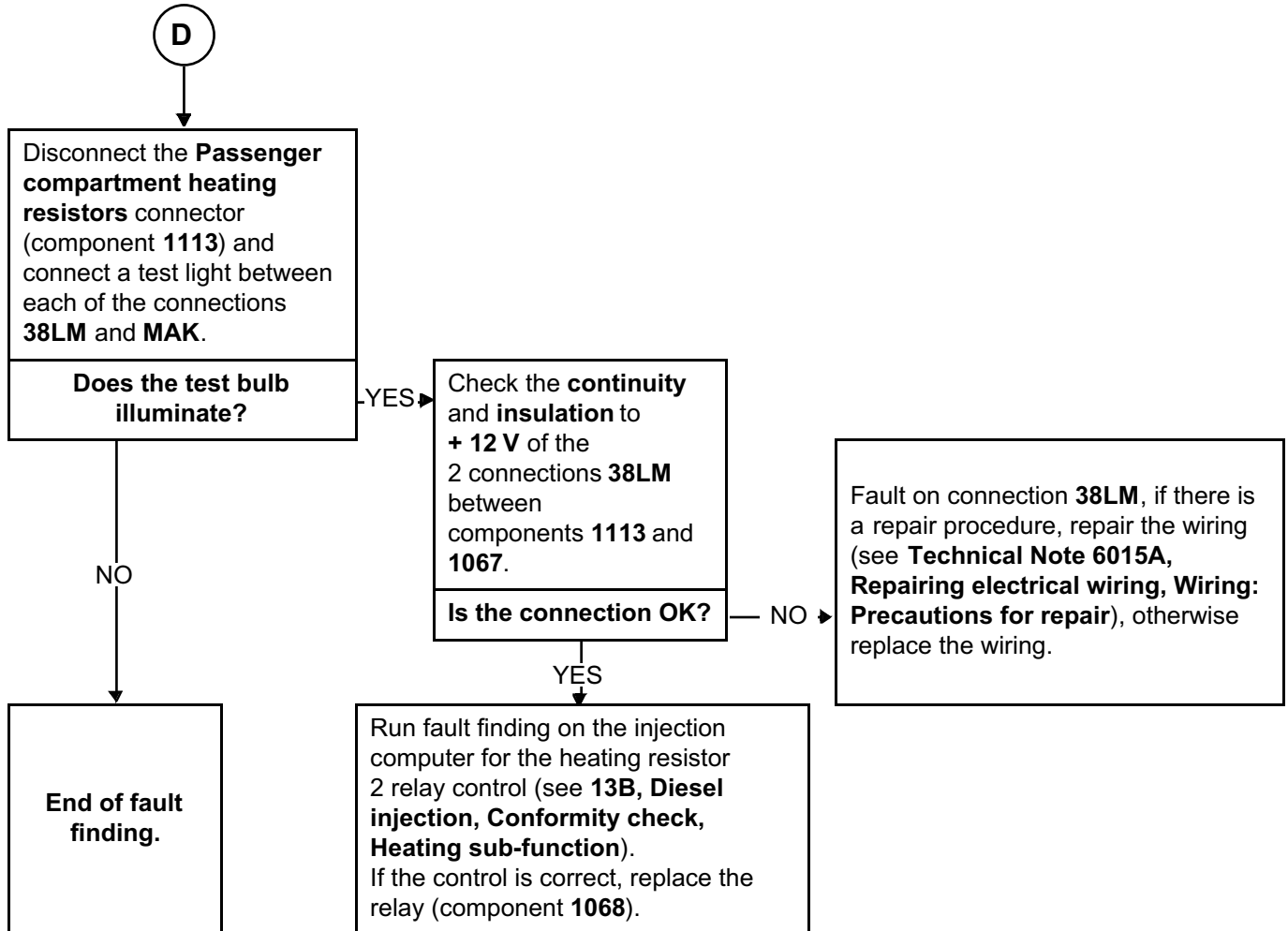
YES

Run fault finding on the injection computer for the heating resistor 1 relay control (see 13B, **Diesel injection, Conformity check, Heating sub-function**).  
If the control is correct, replace the relay (component 1067).

NO



<b>ALP 7 CONTINUED 4</b>	
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# DUSTER

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## 6 Air conditioning

### 62C CLIMATE CONTROL

Fault finding – Introduction	62C - 2
Fault finding – List and location of components	62C - 9
Fault finding – Role of components	62C - 11
Fault finding – Operating diagram	62C - 17
Fault finding – Function	62C - 18
Fault finding – Conformity check	62C - 24
Fault finding – Customer complaints	62C - 34
Fault finding – Fault finding chart	62C - 36

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding procedure applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**

Function concerned: **Climate Control**

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document and the Technical Notes concerning the injection system fitted to the vehicle, and the UCH):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma (CD-ROM), paper.

#### Type of diagnostic tools

- **CLIP + CAN sensor**

#### Special tooling required

Special tooling required	
	Multimeter
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier

### 3. REMINDERS

#### Procedure

To run fault finding on the vehicle computers, proceed as follows:

- turn the ignition key to APC,
- connect the **diagnostic tool** and perform the required operations,

To cut off the + after ignition feed, proceed as follows:

- disconnect the **diagnostic tool**,
- turn the ignition key to OFF,
- switch off the ignition.

### Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context). The **present** or **stored** status of the fault should be considered when the diagnostic tool is switched on after the + after ignition feed is switched on (without any action on the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the **Interpretation of faults** section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the **Notes** section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical lines which correspond to the fault,
- the connectors on these lines (corrosion, bent pins, etc.),
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires (melted or split insulation, wear).

### Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data that does not produce a fault on the **diagnostic tool** when the data is inconsistent. Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repairs.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them. If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside the permitted tolerance values, consult the corresponding fault finding page.

### Special notes on the conformity check for the air conditioning function:

The **air conditioning system** conformity check is divided into four parts. The parts relate to the four sub-functions of the air conditioning system: heating, cold loop, user selection and passenger compartment ventilation. The statuses and parameters related to these sub-functions are listed with their respective computers.

**Special notes:** The air conditioning control panel does not control electrical components (other than the passenger compartment fan assembly) and it cannot support fault finding.

**Note:**

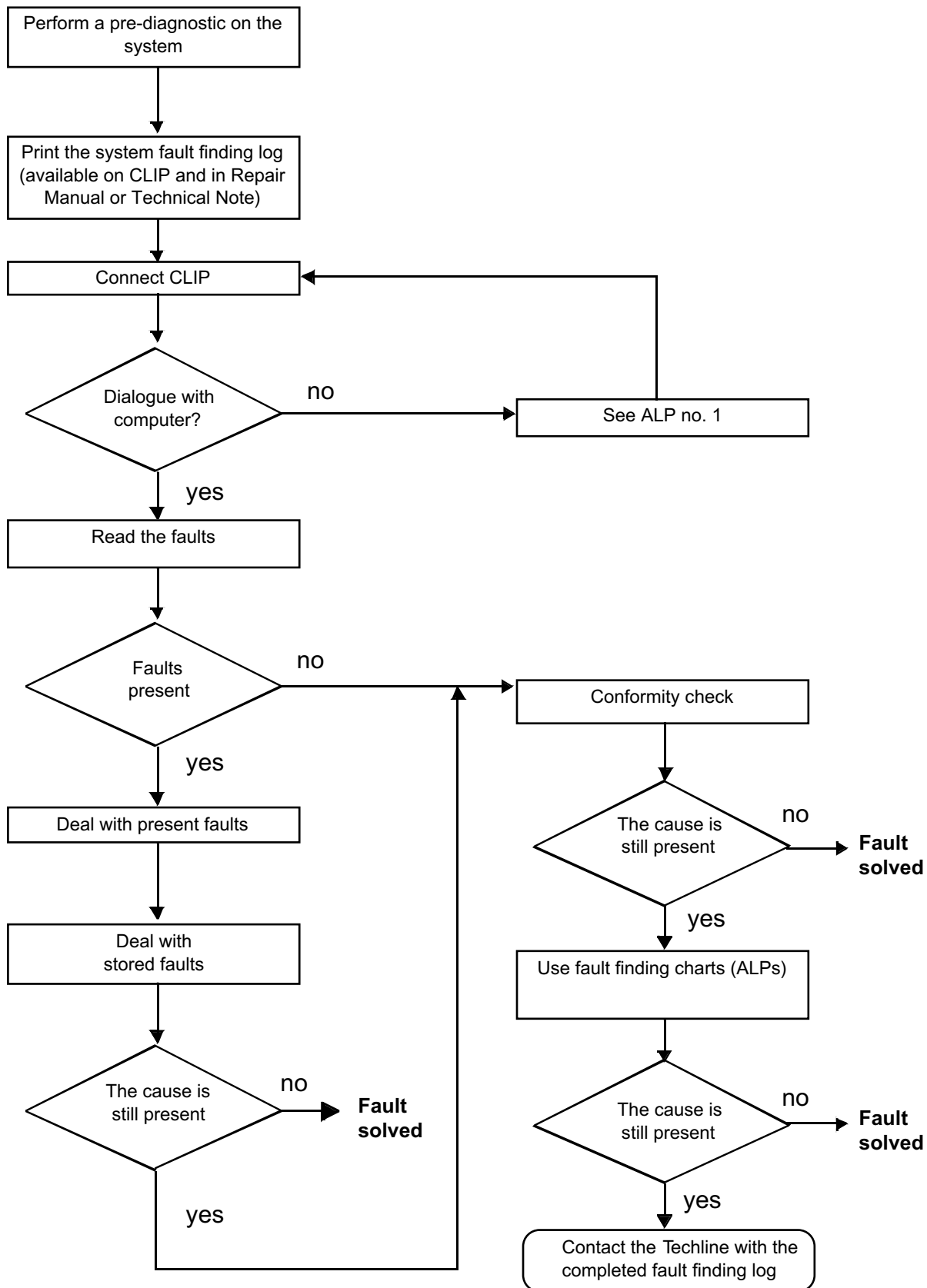
The interpretation of statuses, parameters and commands is also split into several sections. Everything controlled by the air conditioning control panel is explained in the two **Air conditioning** sections (**62B and 62C**). On the other hand, signals from other computers are explained in the fault finding sections for these computers (see **conformity check**).

### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the **diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be processed by **customer complaints**.

**A synopsis of the general procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**

### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE



#### **4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (continued)**

##### **Wiring check**

**Note:**

Carry out each requested check visually. Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

**Note:**

Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

**Note:**

The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:

- Connector / Connector
- Connector / Device

##### **Fault finding problems**

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily remove the cause of a fault. Electrical measurements of voltage, resistance and insulation are generally correct, especially if the fault is not present when the analysis is made (stored fault).

##### **Visual inspection of the connection:**

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

##### **Visual inspection of the area around the connection:**

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.), that the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

##### **Visual inspection of the plastic casings:**

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, cracked, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, openings, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

##### **Visual inspection of the metal contacts:**

(The female contact is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The spring contact of the connector when pulling the wire slightly.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.



**Visual inspection of the sealing:**

*(Only for watertight connectors)*

- Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).
- Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For *unit* joints (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For *gel* seals, check for gel in all of the sockets without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, repair or replace the wiring (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**)

### 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



**IMPORTANT!**

#### **IMPORTANT**

Any fault on a complex system requires thorough fault finding with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE ESSENTIAL THAT THE FAULT FINDING LOG IS FILLED OUT EVERY TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT.**

You will always be asked for this log:

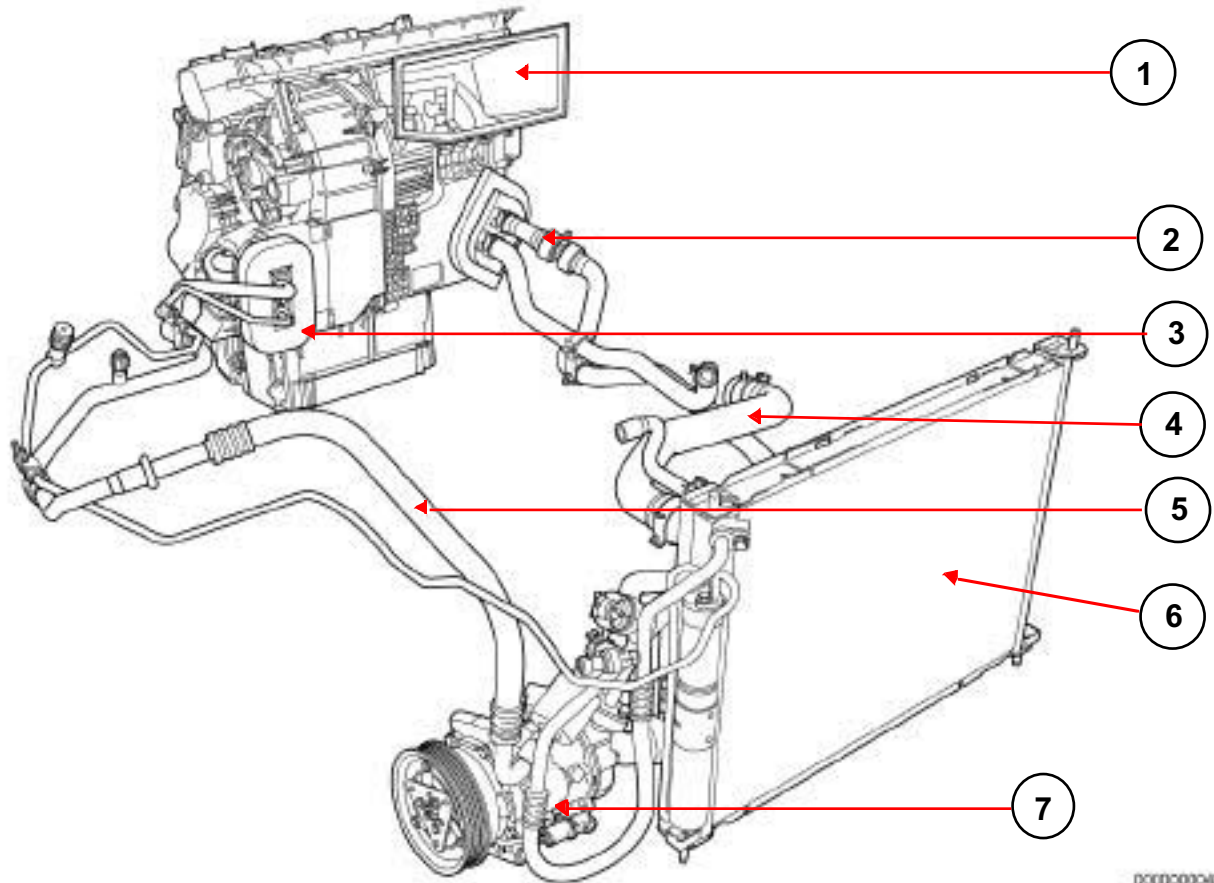
- when requesting technical assistance from Techline,
- for approval requests when replacing parts for which approval is mandatory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

### 6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- do not smoke,
- use the proper tools.

### System (cold loop, hot loop and components)



- 1) Air conditioning unit
- 2) Heater matrix
- 3) Expansion valve and evaporator
- 4) Coolant circuit
- 5) Cold loop
- 6) Condenser and radiator
- 7) Compressor

#### • COLD LOOP COMPONENTS:

- **Compressor:** This is located at the bottom on the left-hand side, next to the radiator in the engine compartment.
- **Condenser:** This is located between the radiator and the cooling fan assembly.
- **Dehydrator reservoir:** This is located on the left-hand side of the condenser outlet.
- **Heating and air conditioning assembly:** This is located underneath the dashboard.
- **Thermostatic expansion valve:** This is located to the left of the heating and air conditioning assembly on the bulkhead.
- **Evaporator:** This is located to the right of the **thermostatic expansion valve** in the heating and air conditioning assembly.
- **High pressure pipe:** This pipe connects the compressor, condenser, dehydrator reservoir and expansion valve inlet in series (it is located in the engine compartment on the left-hand side).

– **Low pressure pipe:** This pipe connects the expansion valve, buffering capacity, evaporator and compressor inlet in series (it is located in the engine compartment on the left-hand side).

### • HEATING COMPONENTS

– **Heater matrix:** This is located at the bottom of the heating and air conditioning assembly.

– **Heating resistors:** These are located at the bottom of the heater matrix on the driver's side (depending on the equipment).

### • ACTUATORS:

– **Air distribution flap:** This is located in the heating and air conditioning assembly.

– **Mixing flap:** This is located in the heating and air conditioning assembly.

– **Recirculation flap:** This is located behind the dashboard.

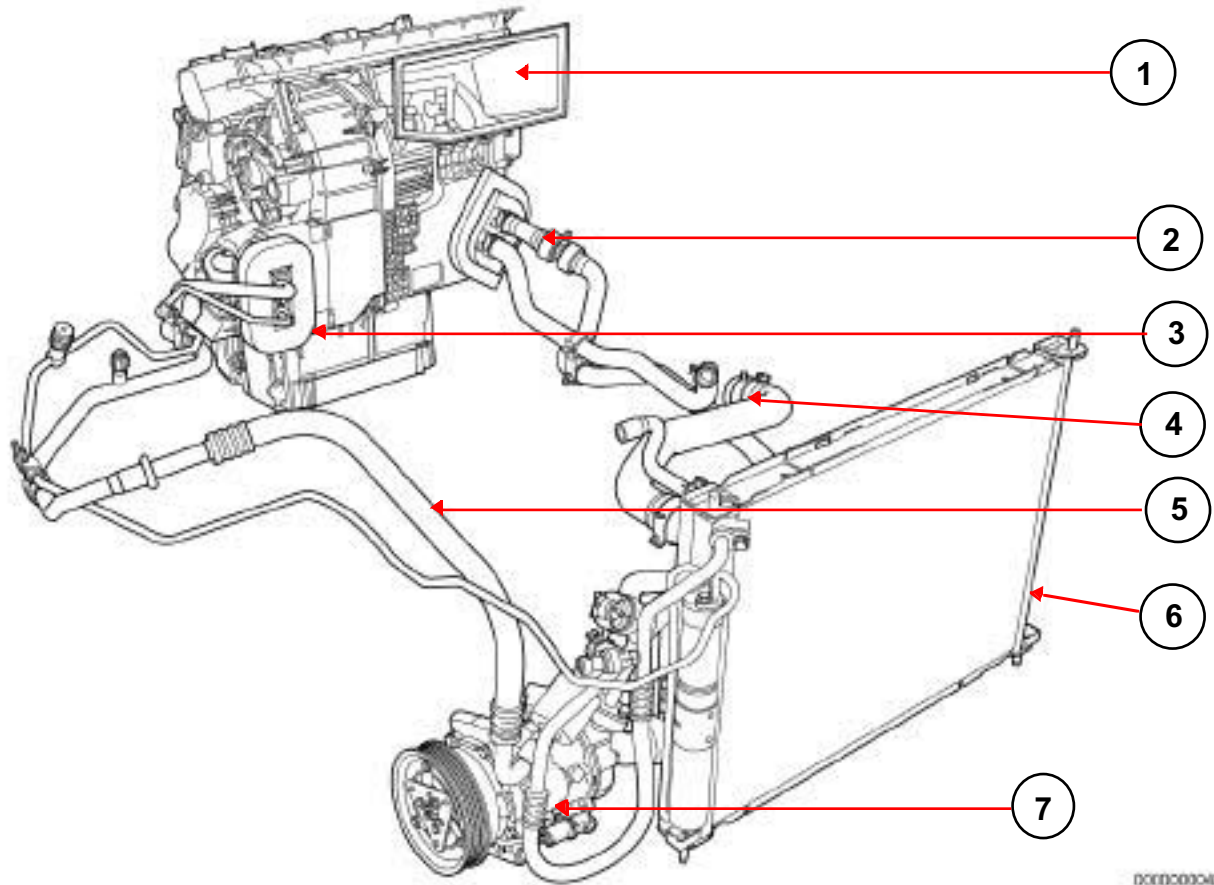
### • OTHERS

– **Passenger compartment fan assembly:** This is located in the heating and air conditioning assembly.

– **Cooling fan assembly:** This is located in the front panel of the vehicle, in front of the condenser.

– **Air pipes:** These are located underneath the dashboard.

• **COLD LOOP COMPONENTS**



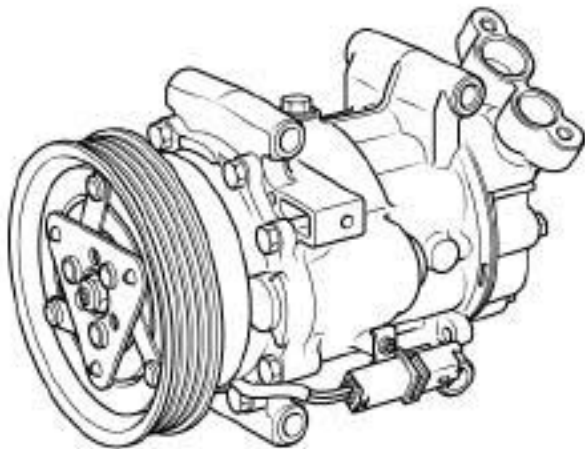
**System assembly**

- 1) Air conditioning unit
- 2) Heater matrix
- 3) Expansion valve and evaporator
- 4) Coolant circuit
- 5) Cold loop
- 6) Condenser and radiator
- 7) Compressor

Figure 1: System assembly

– **Compressor:**

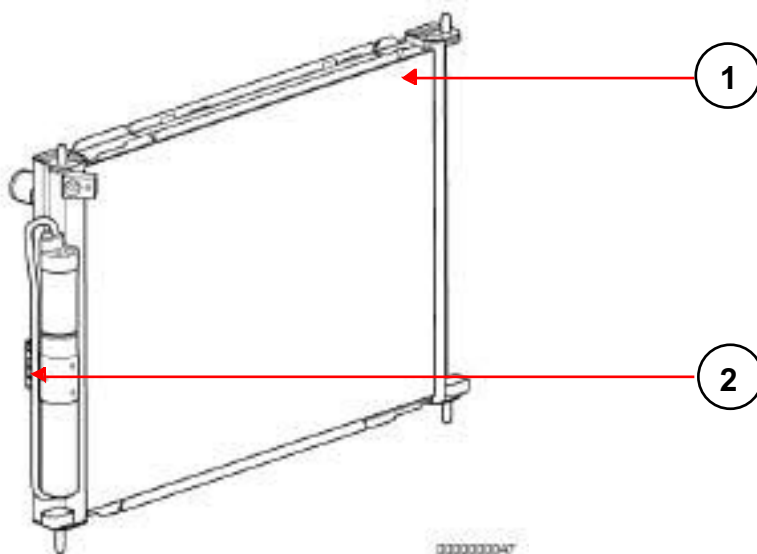
The compressor is not activated when the exterior temperature is less than **3°C**, it is used to compress the refrigerant into gas. The pressure can reach up to **28 bar**.



0000000004

– **Condenser:**

The condenser is composed of flat horizontal aluminium tubes. The pipes are divided by the vanes in order to increase the air heat exchange and therefore cool the refrigerant fluid to produce condensation.



- 1) **Condenser**
- 2) **Dehydrator reservoir**

### – Dehydrator reservoir: (see figure above)

The dehydrator reservoir is used to:

- Check the condition of the refrigerant.
- Absorb the variations in volume (expansion bottle principle).
- Filter impurities.
- Absorb moisture (water in the circuit).

### – Heating and air conditioning assembly: (see figure above)

This unit acts as an air mixing box. It is equipped with a system of flaps which allow the air to be directed in accordance with the requirements of the occupants whilst simultaneously allowing the temperature of the air entering the passenger compartment to be modified by mixing hot and cold air.

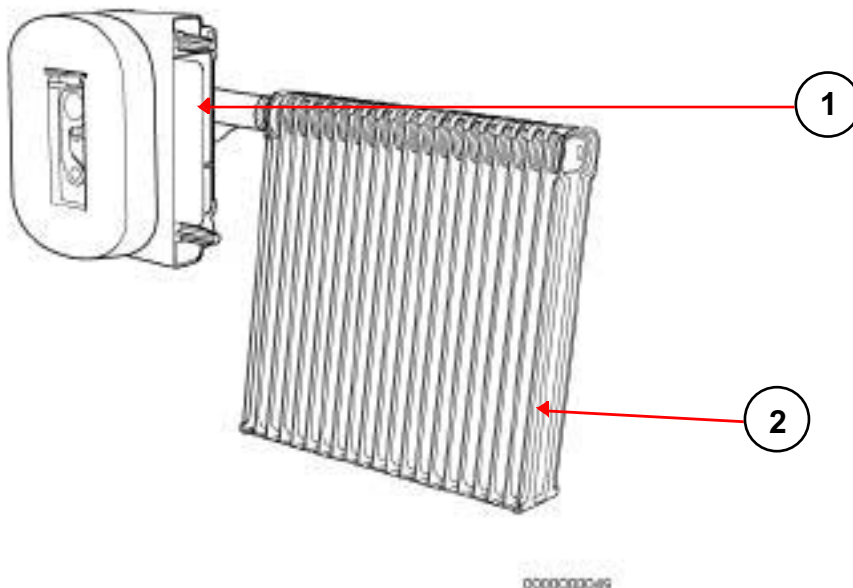
### – Thermostatic expansion valve: (see figure below)

This thermostatic-type expansion valve is used to check refrigerant expansion. It is located at the evaporator inlet.

### – Evaporator: (see figure below)

- The evaporator is a heat exchanger which enables the air entering the passenger compartment to be cooled.

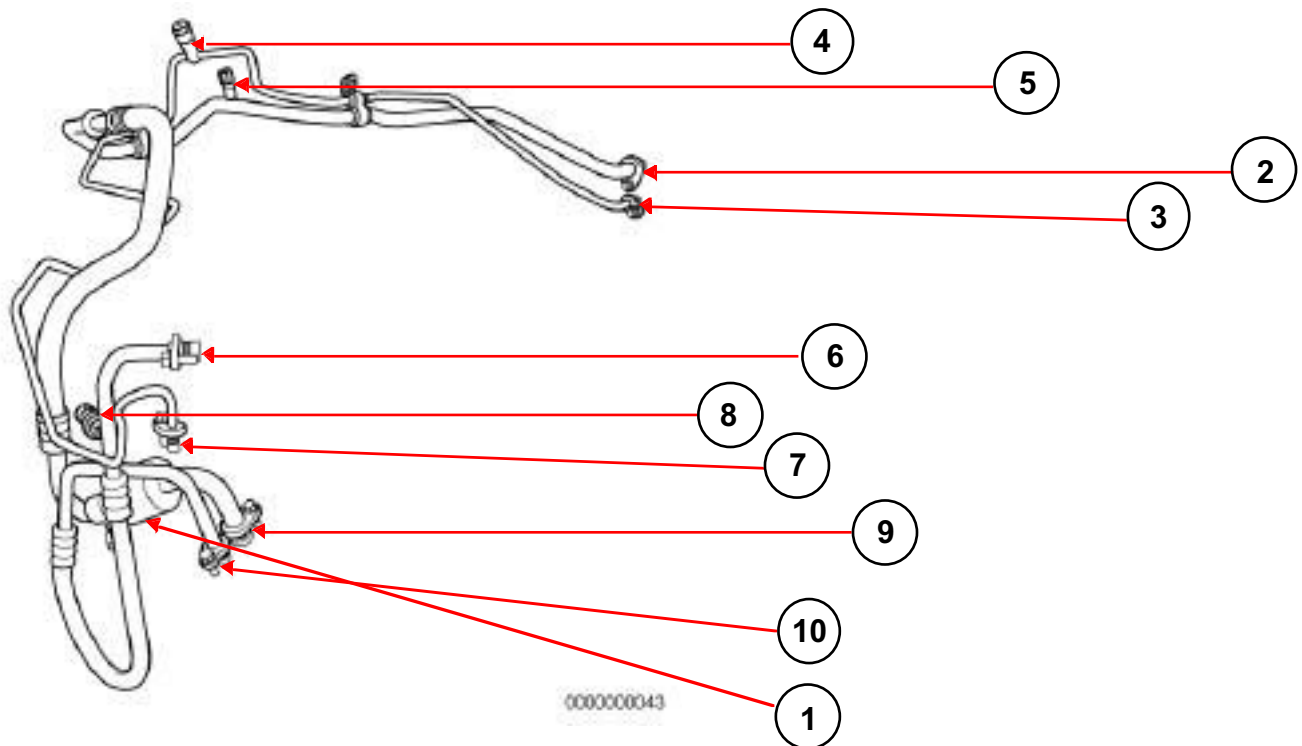
Note: Condensation of the air may occur thereby causing normal drops of water to form underneath the vehicle body.



- 1) Expansion valve
- 2) Evaporator

### – High and low pressure pipes:

- The **High Pressure** and **Low Pressure** pipes are composed of rigid aluminium pipes and flexible pipes which enable engine-related movements to be absorbed.
- Two filler valves (on the **High Pressure** pipe and on the **Low Pressure** pipe) can be accessed in order to fill (or drain) the refrigerant loop.
- The connections must be checked in the event of a refrigerant fluid leak.



- 1) Buffering capacity
- 2) Expansion valve outlet
- 3) Expansion valve inlet
- 4) High pressure filler valve
- 5) Low pressure filler valve
- 6) Condenser inlet
- 7) Condenser outlet
- 8) Pressure sensor
- 9) Compressor inlet
- 10) Compressor outlet

Figure 6: Cold loop pipes

### • HEATING COMPONENTS

#### – Heater matrix:

The external air entering the heating and air conditioning system (HVAC) is heated by the **heater matrix**.



### – Passenger compartment heating resistors (depending on the equipment level):

The passenger compartment heating resistors (RCH) are electrical heating devices in the air conditioning unit. This system is an additional heating system which operates when the engine is cold (when starting).

## • ACTUATORS

### – Air distribution flap:

This flap enables the air flowing into the passenger compartment to be directed.

### – Air mixing flap:

This flap mixes the air in order to meet the temperature requirements of the occupants.

### – Recirculation flap:

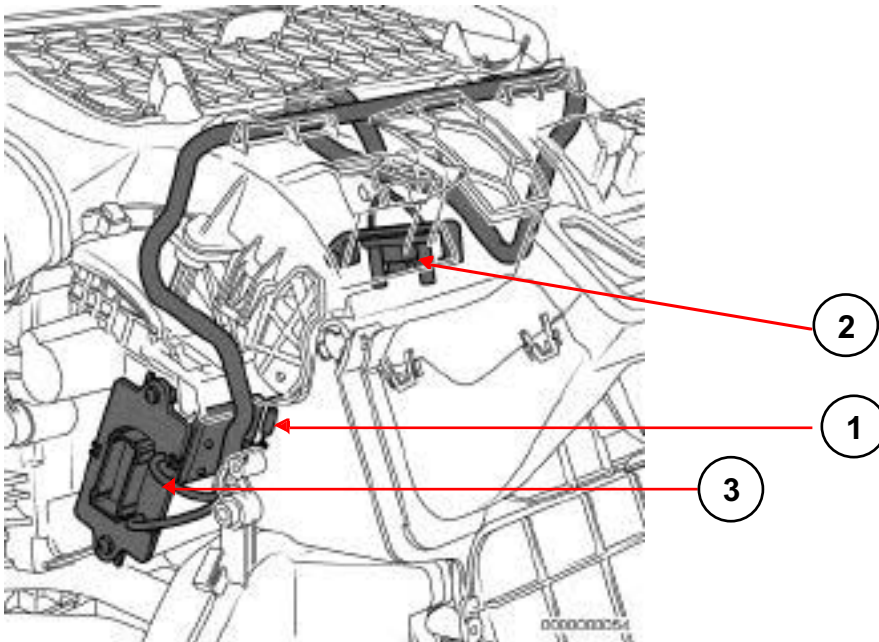
This flap prevents the entry of exterior air. In this case, the passenger compartment is isolated from the exterior and air is blown in the passenger compartment in a closed circuit.

These three flaps are **controlled by a cable**.

## • OTHERS

### – Passenger compartment blower unit:

The passenger compartment fan assembly is controlled by the Resistive Blower Dimmer Module (**MVPR**).



---

**Resistive Blower Dimmer Module (MVPR)**

- 1) Thermal fuse**
- 2) Fan assembly connector**
- 3) Connector to Control panel**

The passenger compartment fan assembly is used to vary the rate at which air is blown into the passenger compartment, depending on the requirements of the customer.

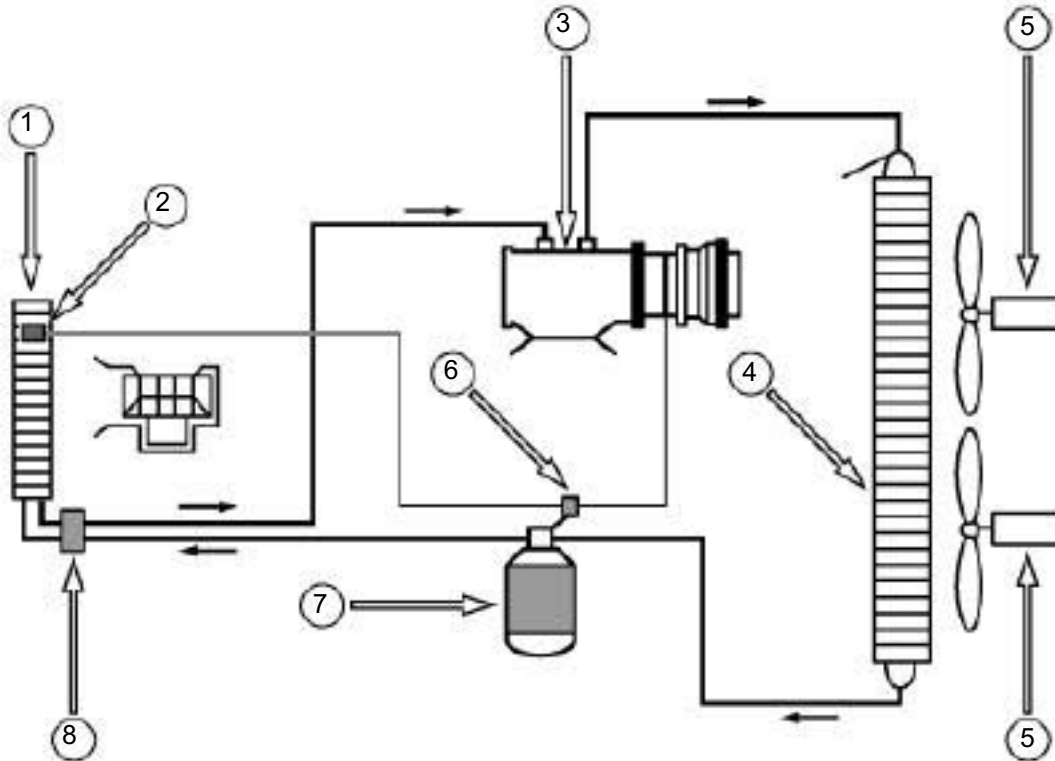
**– Cooling fan assembly:**

The cooling fan assembly motor is normally used in order to promote heat exchange in the condenser and therefore improve the performance of the air conditioning system. Activation of the air conditioning fan unit depends, among other things, on the vehicle speed and high pressure in the loop.

**– Air pipes:**

The air flows into an open air inlet scoop towards the exterior. Therefore there must be enough air flow for it to be channelled into the passenger compartment. This flow can be created by the vehicle speed (in non-recirculation mode) or by activating the blower. The air flowing into the passenger compartment is protected by a grille and a rain shield in order to prevent foreign bodies and water from entering. The air is then distributed inside the passenger compartment.

Summary diagram of all the components of the air conditioning system



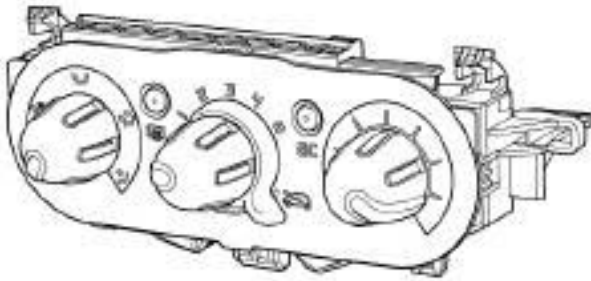
000000058

- 1) Evaporator
- 2) Temperature sensor
- 3) Compressor
- 4) Condenser
- 5) Fan assembly
- 6) Pressure switch
- 7) Dehydrator reservoir
- 8) Expansion valve

### Layout of the air conditioning function:

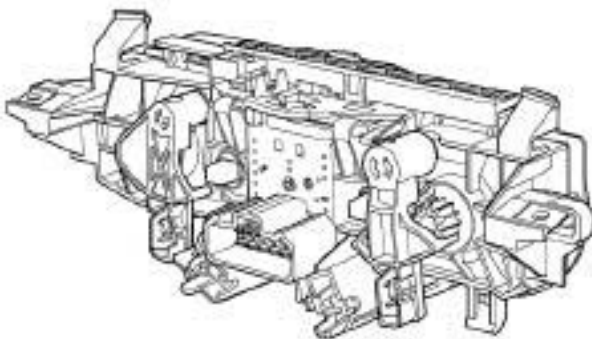
The functions provided by the system are the thermal comfort of the occupants (warming and cooling), visibility through the windscreen, as well as the isolation of the passenger compartment in case of exterior air pollution. The heating and air conditioning system dries and purifies the air in the passenger compartment. Only manual heating and air conditioning is available for **DUSTER**.

The injection computer controls the passenger compartment heating resistors (depending on the equipment). It authorises or denies compressor activation depending on the vehicle operation and refrigerant pressure.



900000052

### Manual air conditioning system control panel: front panel



900000052

### Manual air conditioning system control panel: rear panel

Buttons with operation indicator lamps:

- Air conditioning button.

Manual controls:

- Mixing: rotary control on the right-hand side, with cable connection to the flap.
- Distribution: rotary control on the left-hand side, with cable connection to the flap.
- Recirculation: rotary lever in the centre, with cable connection to the flap.
- Air flow V0, V1 to V4 by rotary control in the centre.

### Description of the sub-functions:

**Heating sub-function:** this sub-function includes everything relating to the **production of warm air** in the vehicle and management of the heated rear screen.

The UCH computer controls the rear screen de-icing.

The injection computer manages the actuation of the passenger compartment heating resistors

**Cold loop sub-function:** this sub-function includes everything involved in the vehicle's **production of cold air**.

The computers concerned include:

The injection computer, which authorises compressor activation and controls the compressor and motor-driven fan assemblies.

The UCH, which authorises or denies the request for compressor activation from the air conditioning control panel to the injection computer in accordance with the condition of the passenger compartment blower and the exterior temperature (depending on the equipment).

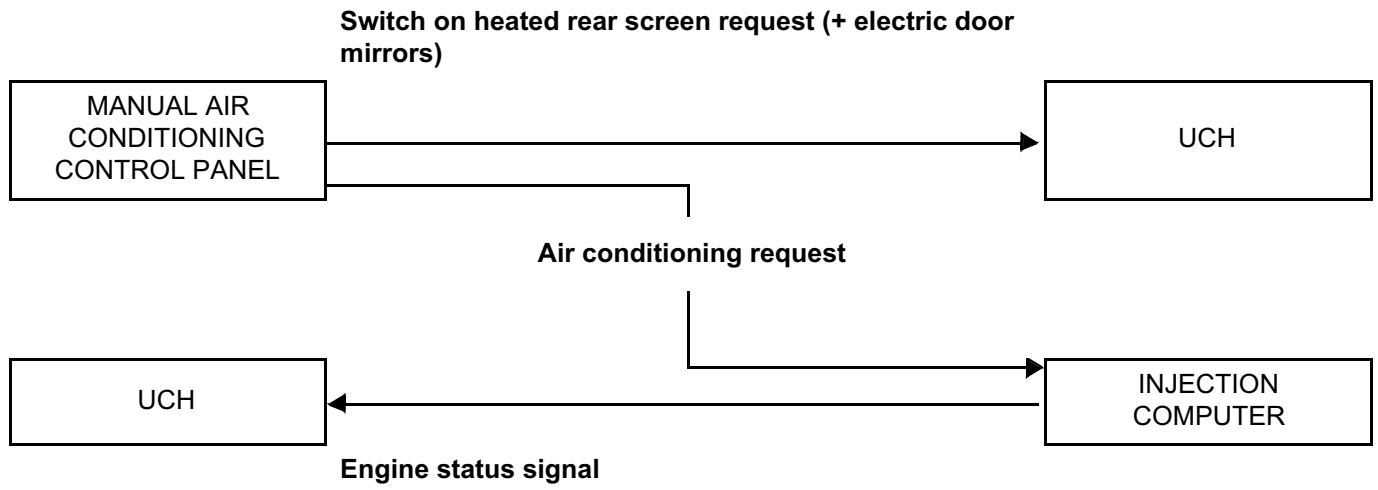
**User selection sub-function:** This sub-function includes everything used to transmit the user's requests (pressing buttons). The computer involved is the UCH computer.

# CLIMATE CONTROL

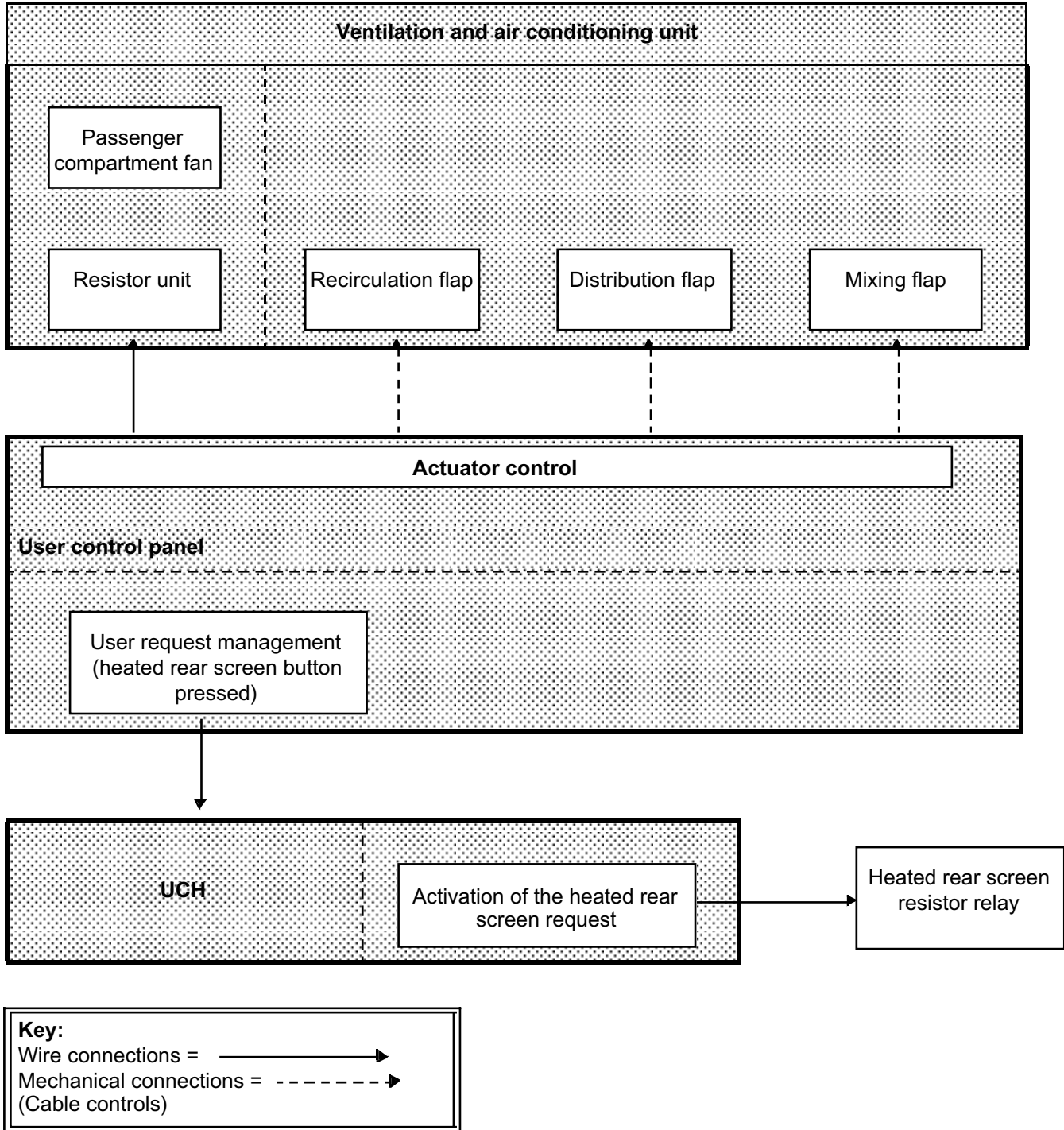
## Fault finding – Function

62C

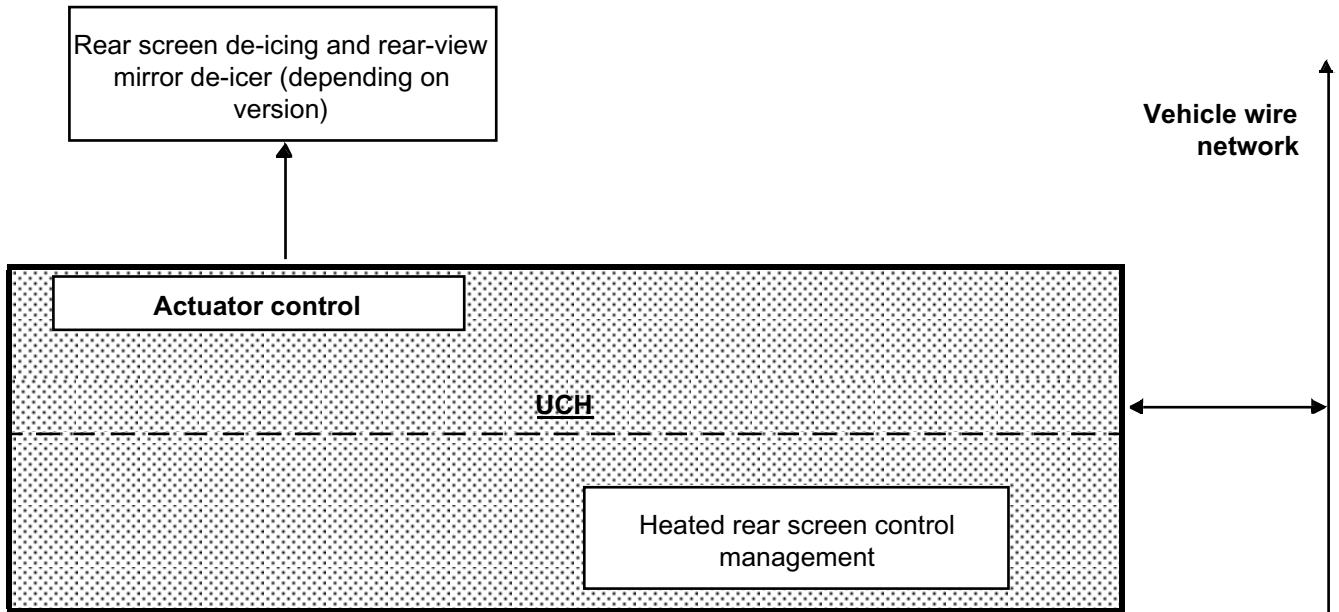
Exchanges between the two air conditioning computers (manual air conditioning)



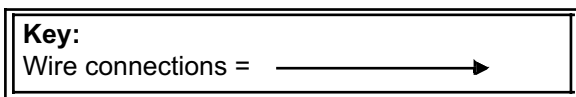
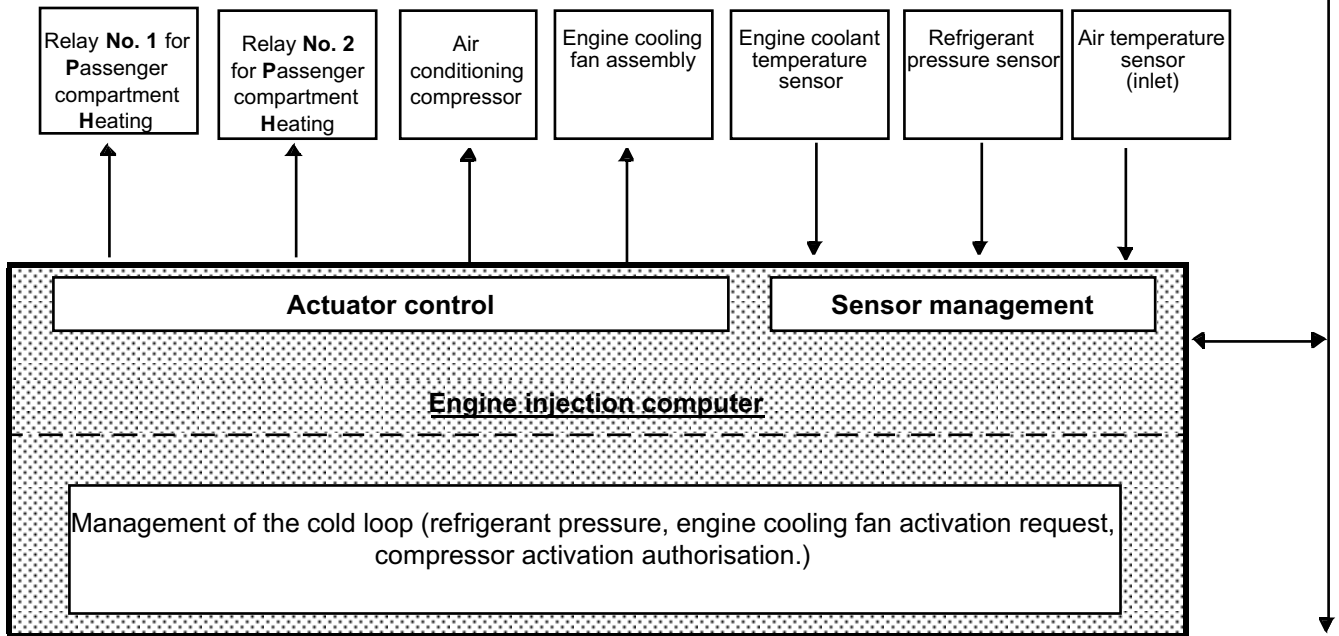
Summary of components controlled or managed by the MANUAL AIR CONDITIONING control panel:



Summary diagram of components controlled or managed by the UCH:

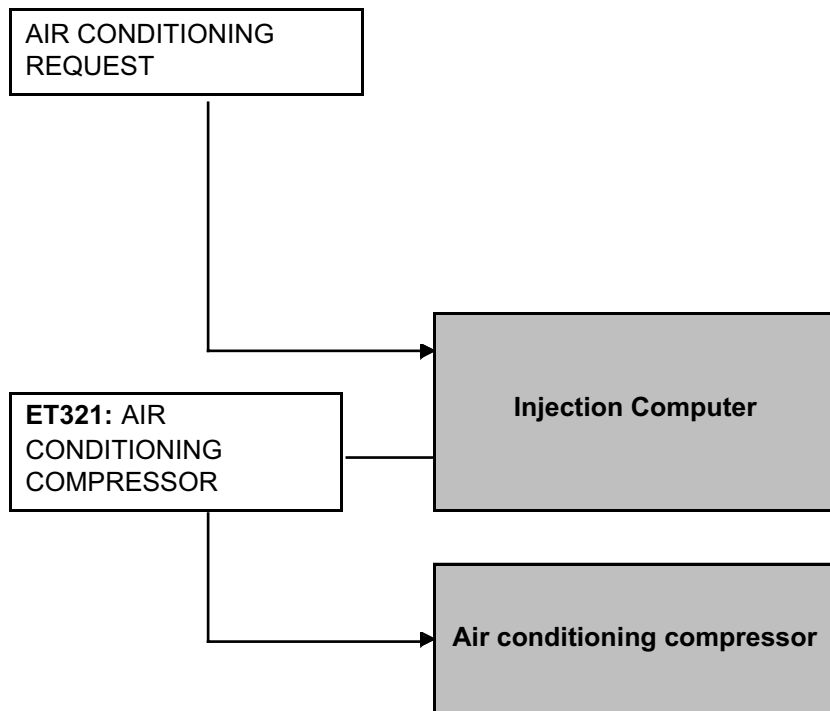


Summary diagram of components controlled or managed by the injection computer:





## Compressor control flowchart:



### Key:

—————> : Wire connections

### Special notes:

This flowchart shows the tracks of the compressor engagement request.

If the compressor does not engage (one of the requests is not transmitted): carry out a conformity check.

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions:</b> Engine stopped, ignition on, <b>AIR CONDITIONING SWITCHED OFF</b> (Passenger compartment blower unit switched off and air conditioning compressor not activated).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Read the parameters when the vehicle is cold (in the morning) to check the conformity of the temperature parameters (without thermometer). The two temperatures should be approximately equal (interior, exterior and engine coolant).</p>
--------------	--

### SUB-FUNCTION: COLD LOOP

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
UCH	<b>ET091:</b> Engine running	<b>NO</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
Injection	<b>ET321:</b> Air conditioning compressor	<b>INACTIVE</b>	If the status displays <b>ACTIVE</b> , refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	<b>PR037:</b> Refrigerant pressure	<b>1 bar &lt; X &lt; 15 bar</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .
	<b>PR055</b> or <b>PR145:</b> Engine speed (depending on version)	<b>0 rpm</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .
	<b>PR064:</b> Coolant temperature	<b>X = coolant temperature of the engine</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .
	<b>PR089</b> or <b>PT155:</b> Vehicle speed (depending on version)	<b>0 mph</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions:</b> Engine stopped, ignition on, <b>AIR CONDITIONING SWITCHED OFF</b> (Passenger compartment blower unit switched off and air conditioning compressor not activated).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Read the parameters when the vehicle is cold (in the morning) to check the conformity of the temperature parameters (without thermometer). The two temperatures should be approximately equal (interior, exterior and engine coolant).</p>
--------------	--

### SUB-FUNCTION: COLD LOOP (CONTINUED)

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>Injection</b>	<b>PR125:</b> Power absorbed by the AC* compressor	<b>0 W (ambient t° = 23°C)</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .
	<b>ET298:</b> Low-speed fan assembly	<b>INACTIVE</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	<b>ET299:</b> High-speed fan assembly	<b>INACTIVE</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	<b>ET018:</b> Air conditioning request	<b>INACTIVE / NO</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .

\*AC: Air conditioning

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions:</b> Engine stopped, ignition on, <b>AIR CONDITIONING SWITCHED OFF</b> (Passenger compartment blower unit switched off and air conditioning compressor not activated).</p>
--------------	---

### SUB-FUNCTION: HEATING

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>UCH</b>	<b>PR001:</b> Battery voltage	<b>10.5 V &lt; X &lt; 14.4 V</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> . If the fault is still present, carry out a check of the charging circuit.
	<b>ET004:</b> +12 V after ignition	<b>PRESENT</b>	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .
<b>Injection</b>	<b>PR064:</b> Coolant temperature	<b>X = engine coolant temperature</b>	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> .
	<b>ET111:</b> RCH number set	<b>NO</b> Note: Depending on the requirements of the injection system (power requirement, torque reduction, etc.), the injection computer sets the controlled passenger compartment heating resistor stage number (no more, no less)	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	<b>ET112:</b> Passenger compartment heating resistor cut-off	<b>YES</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks). <b>Application conditions:</b> Engine stopped, ignition on, <b>AIR CONDITIONING SWITCHED OFF</b> (Passenger compartment blower unit switched off and air conditioning compressor not activated).
--------------	--

### SUB-FUNCTION: USER SELECTION

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
UCH	ET547: Rear de-icing button	PRESSED / RELEASED	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status</b> .

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions: Engine at idle speed, AIR CONDITIONING OPERATING</b> (air conditioning compressor engaged).</p>
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### SUB-FUNCTION: COLD LOOP

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
UCH	ET091: Engine running	YES	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
Injection	ET321: Air conditioning compressor	ACTIVE	If the status displays <b>INACTIVE</b> , refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
	PR037: Refrigerant pressure	1 bar < X < 27 bar	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	PR055 or PR145: Engine speed (depending on version)	750 rpm < X < 850 rpm	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	PR064: Coolant temperature	X = engine coolant temperature	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	PR089 or PR155: Vehicle speed (depending on version)	0 mph	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	PR125: Power absorbed by the AC* compressor	300 W < X < 5000 W (ambient temperature 23 °C)	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>

\*AC: Air conditioning

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions: Engine at idle speed, AIR CONDITIONING OPERATING</b> (air conditioning compressor engaged).</p>
--------------	---

### SUB-FUNCTION: COLD LOOP (CONTINUED)

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
Injection	ET298: Low-speed fan assembly	<b>ACTIVE</b> if the refrigerant pressure is less than 19 bar, <b>INACTIVE</b> otherwise.	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>
	ET299: High-speed fan assembly	<b>ACTIVE</b> if the refrigerant pressure is more than 19 bar, <b>INACTIVE</b> otherwise.	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>
	ET018: Air conditioning request	<b>ACTIVE / YES</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b>

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions: Engine at idle speed, AIR CONDITIONING OPERATING</b> (air conditioning compressor engaged).</p>
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### SUB-FUNCTION: HEATING

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>UCH</b>	<b>PR001:</b> Battery voltage	<b>12.5 V &lt; X &lt; 14.4 V</b>	If there is a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b> . If the fault is still present, carry out a check of the charging circuit.
	<b>ET004:</b> +12 V after ignition	<b>PRESENT</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .
<b>Injection</b>	<b>PR064:</b> Coolant temperature	<b>X = engine coolant temperature</b>	If there is a fault, see the <b>interpretation of this parameter</b>
	<b>ET111:</b> RCH number set	<b>YES or NO</b> <b>Note: Depending on the requirements of the injection system (power requirement, torque reduction, etc.), the injection computer sets the controlled passenger compartment heating resistor stage number (no more, no less)</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .



# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p><b>Application conditions: Engine at idle speed, AIR CONDITIONING OPERATING</b> (air conditioning compressor engaged).</p>
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### SUB-FUNCTION: HEATING (CONTINUED)

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>Injection</b>	<b>ET112:</b> Passenger compartment heating resistor cut-off	<p><b>YES or NO</b></p> <p>Note: Depending on the requirements of the injection system (power requirement, torque reduction, etc.), the injection computer sets the controlled passenger compartment heating resistor stage number (no more, no less)</p>	<p>In the event of a fault, refer to <b>the interpretation of this status.</b></p>

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 62C

<b>NOTES</b>	Only carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks). <b>Application conditions: Engine at idle speed, AIR CONDITIONING OPERATING</b> (air conditioning compressor engaged).
--------------	--

### SUB-FUNCTION: USER SELECTION

Computer	Parameter or Status Checked or Action	Display and notes	Fault finding
UCH	ET547: Rear de-icing button	<b>PRESSED / RELEASED</b>	In the event of a fault, refer to the <b>interpretation of this status</b> .

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Conformity check

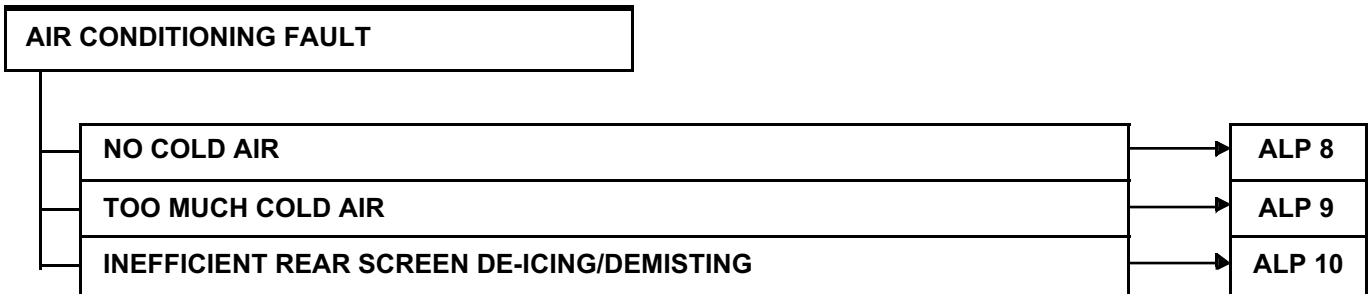
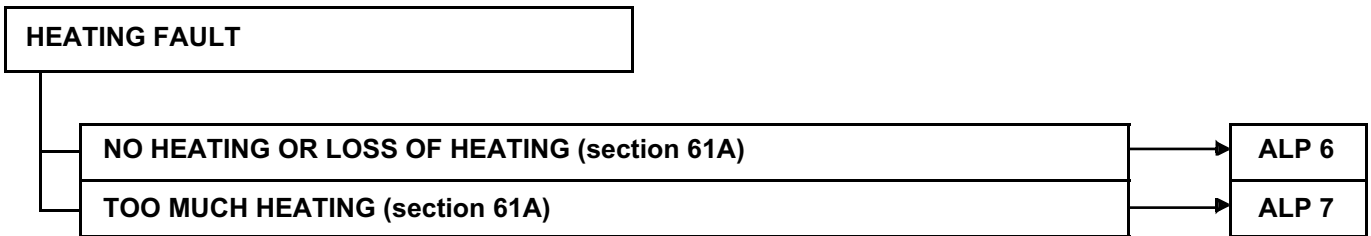
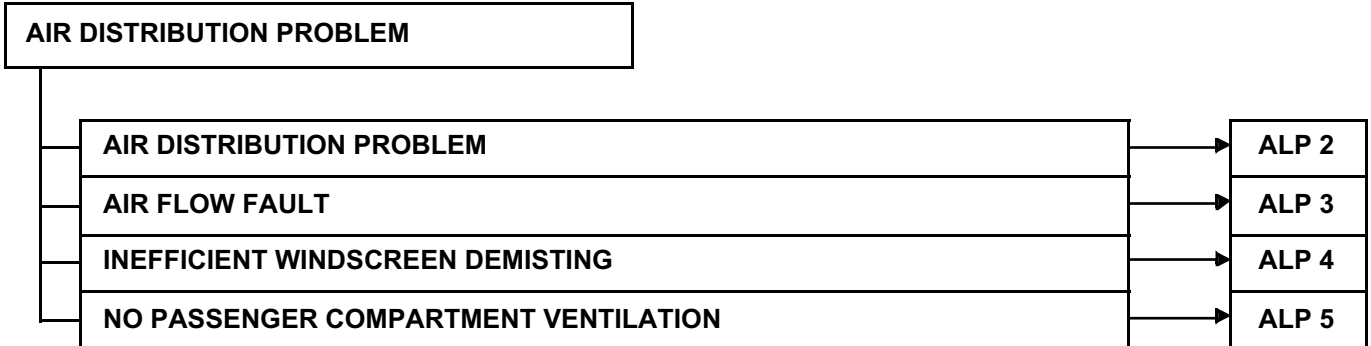
62C

### SUMMARY TABLE OF THE VARIOUS AIR CONDITIONING COMPUTER COMMANDS

NAME OF SUB-FUNCTION	COMPUTER NAME	TITLE OF COMMAND	FAULT FINDING
<b>COLD LOOP</b>	<b>Injection</b>	<b>AC180: Air conditioning compressor relay control</b> <b>or</b> <b>AC070 Air conditioning compressor</b> <b>or</b> <b>AC003 Air conditioning compressor (depending on version)</b>	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>
		<b>AC039 High speed fan assembly relay</b> <b>or</b> <b>AC625 High speed fan assembly (depending on version)</b>	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>
		<b>AC038 Low speed fan assembly relay</b> <b>or</b> <b>AC626 Low speed fan assembly (depending on version)</b>	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>
<b>HEATING</b>	<b>Injection</b>	<b>AC250 Heating resistor relay 1</b>	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>
		<b>AC251 Heating resistor relay 2</b>	In the event of a fault, consult <b>the interpretation of this command.</b>

Fault finding procedures for the commands listed in this summary are explained in the Workshop Repair Manuals relating to the computer which generates the signal (see **Introduction**).

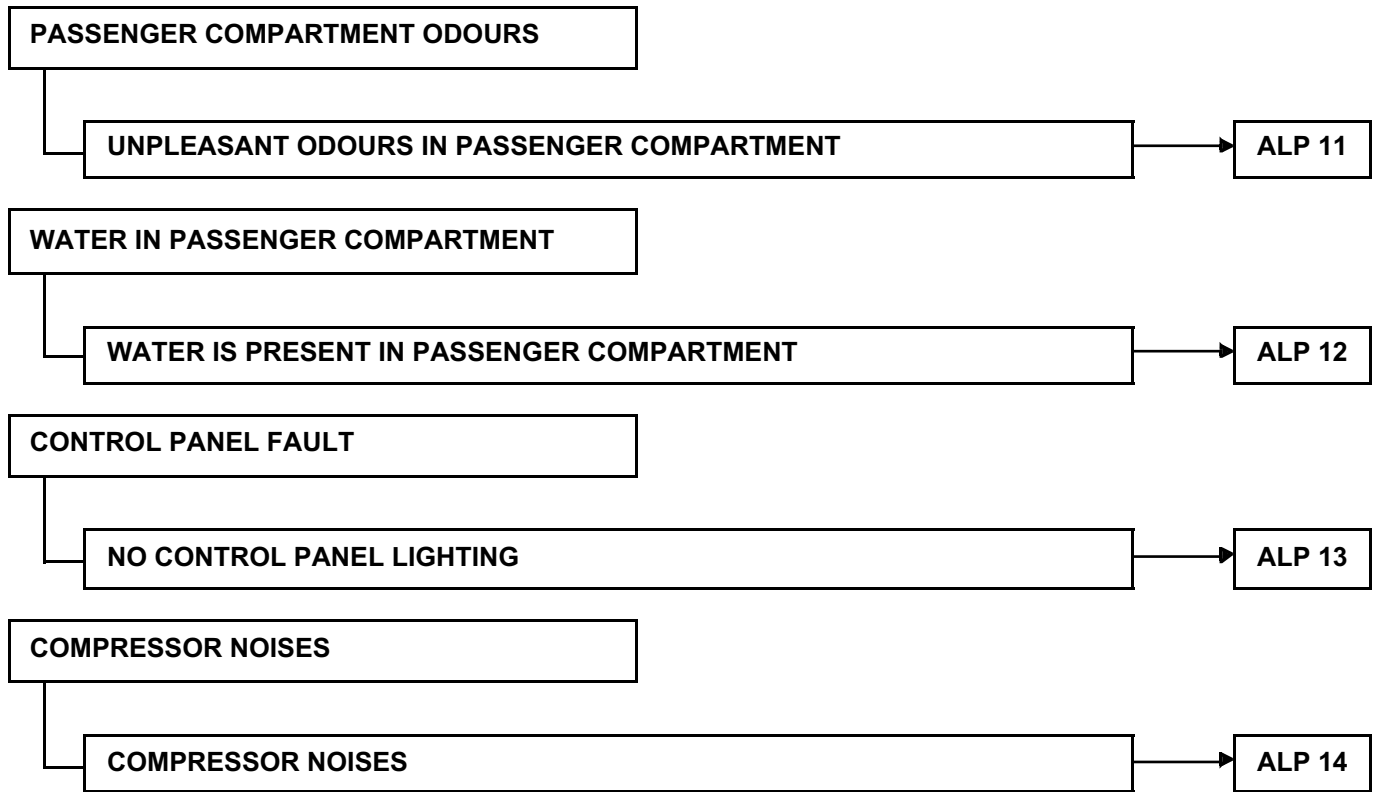
<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This section corresponds to the list of possible customer complaints.
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# CLIMATE CONTROL

Fault finding – Customer complaints

62C



# CLIMATE CONTROL

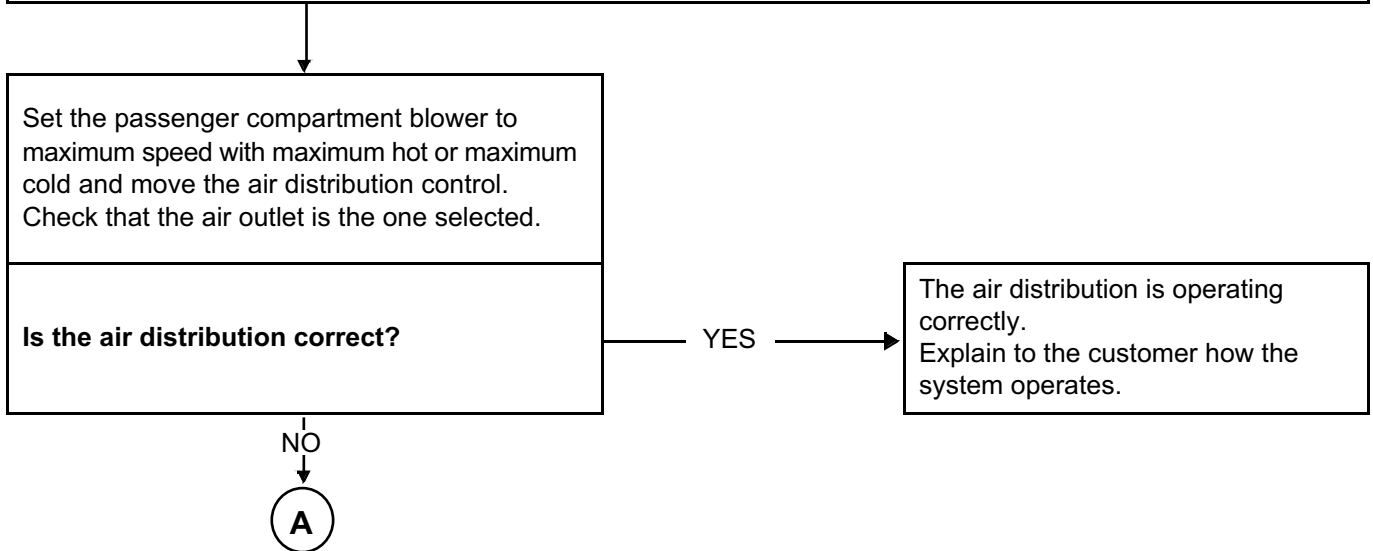
## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>Air distribution fault</b>
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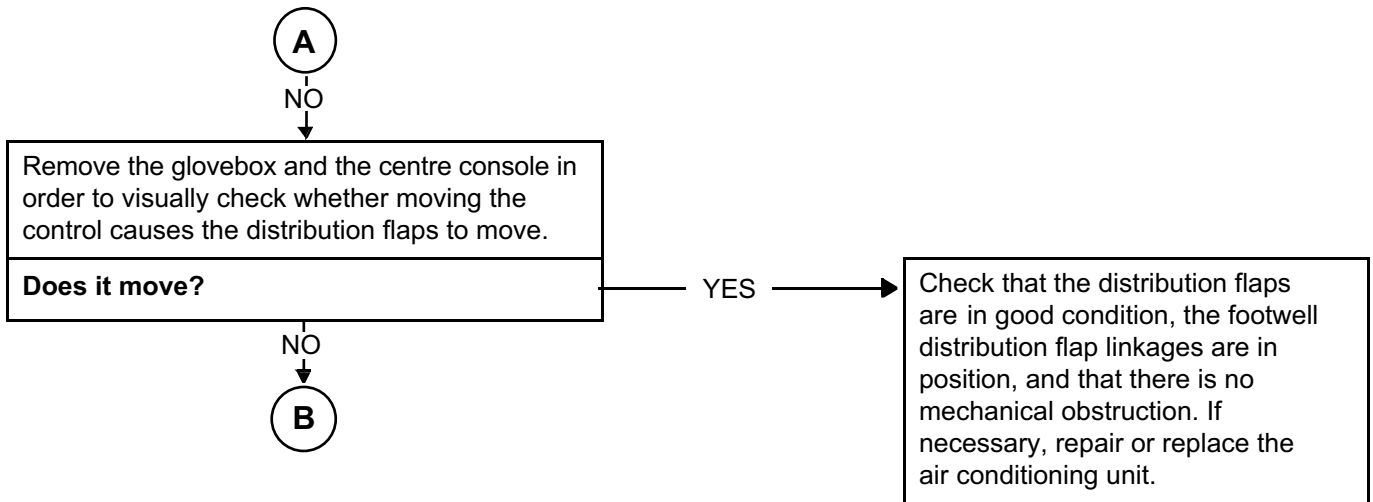
<b>NOTES</b>	Make sure that <b>the air circuit (cabin filter, scuttle panel grille, air ducts etc.)</b> is not blocked.
--------------	--

Check that <b>the air circuit (cabin filter, scuttle panel grille, air vents and extractors etc.)</b> is not blocked. Ensure that the passenger compartment fan blades are in good condition. Repair, clean or change the cabin filter if necessary.
Ensure that the blower unit is properly <b>sealed</b> . Repair if necessary.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

ALP 2 CONTINUED 1	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<p><b>ALP 2 CONTINUED 2</b></p>	
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Check that the cable routing is clean and that the cables are in good condition.  
Repair if necessary.

Make sure that the controls are in good condition and that they move the cables correctly.  
Repair if necessary.

**End of fault finding.**

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 3</b>	<b>Air flow fault</b>
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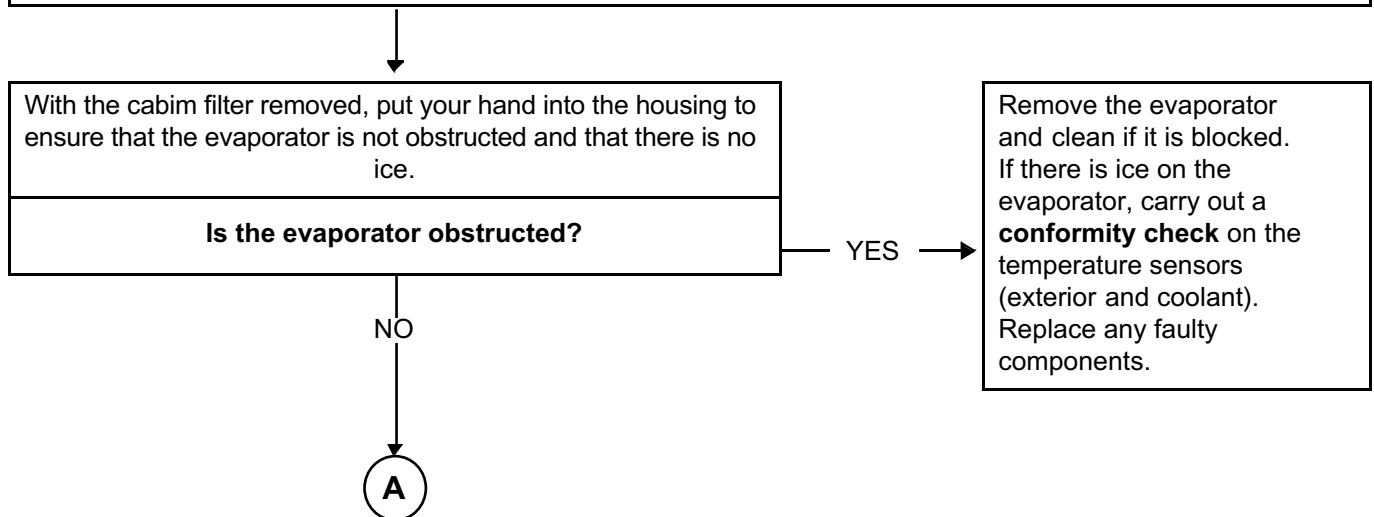
<b>NOTES</b>	Only refer to this customer complaint after a <b>complete check using the diagnostic tool</b> Check that the customer knows how to work the air conditioning system properly.
--------------	--

Does the passenger compartment fan **operate**? Check all of the speeds: Does the flow vary in accordance with the position of the speed switch?

NO → Repair, see **ALP 5**.

YES ↓

Make sure that **the air circuit** (**cabin filter**, scuttle panel grille, air ducts etc.) is not blocked.  
Ensure that the passenger compartment fan blades are in good condition.  
Clean or replace the cabin filter.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

62C

<b>ALP 3 CONTINUED</b>	
----------------------------	--

**A**  
NO  
↓

Ensure that the blower unit is properly **sealed**. Also check that the air distribution ducts (right-hand and left-hand, upper and lower) are correctly connected to the housing as well as the refrigeration pipe in the glove box (if the customer complains about a feeling of cold air on the passenger's side).  
Repair if necessary.

Check that the air recirculation flap does not remain closed when in the recirculation position.  
Repair if necessary.

Does the fault disappear when the **air distribution** is changed?

YES →

Ensure that all the air vents are open.  
If the fault persists, refer to **ALP 2**.

NO  
↓

See **ALP 5**.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

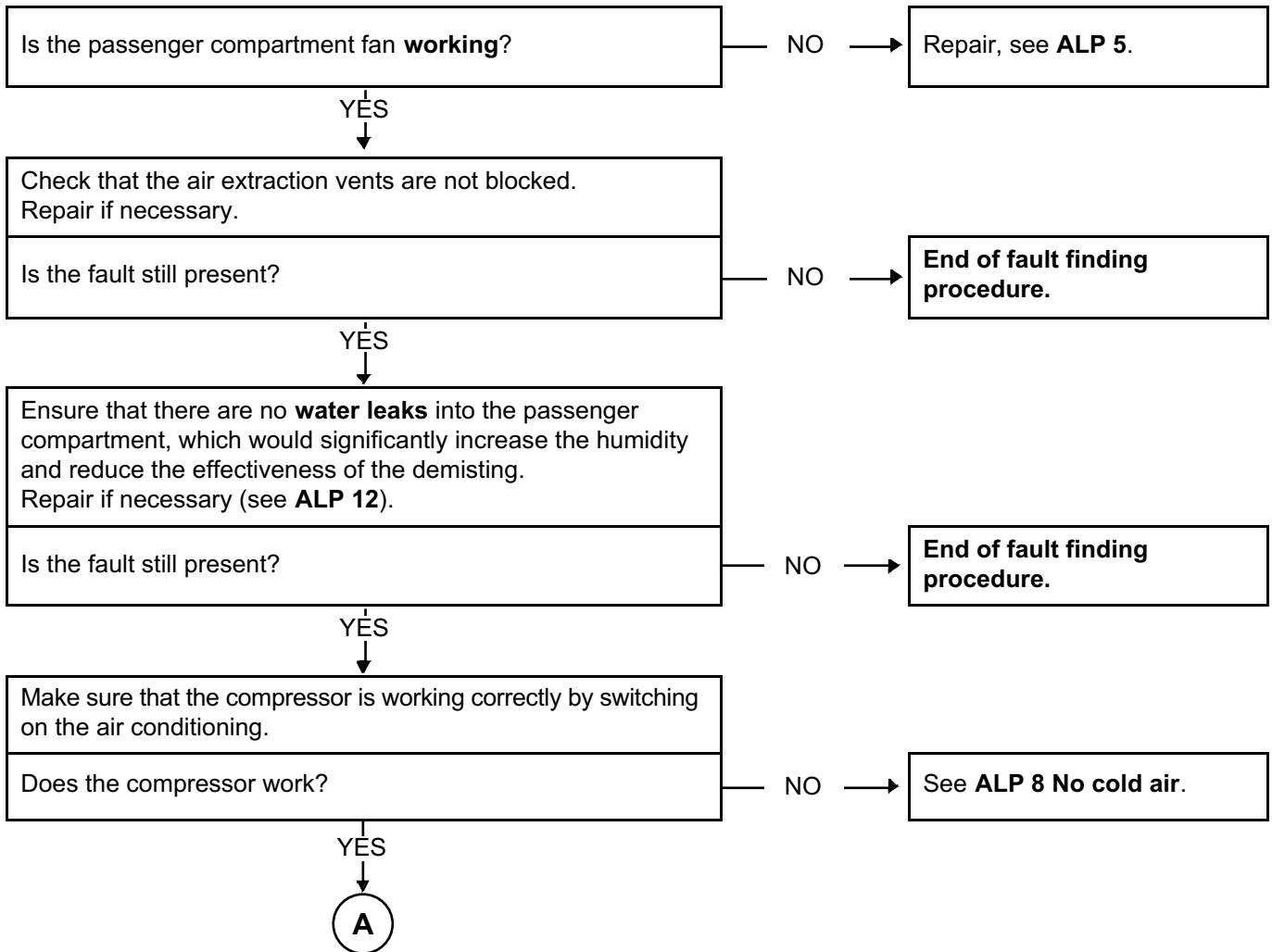
# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 4</b>	<b>Inefficient windscreen demisting</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Check that the inside of the windows are not greasy, as this reduces the demisting efficiency.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>ALP 4 CONTINUED</b>	
----------------------------	--

A



Check that the condensation evacuation port (water from the evaporator) is not blocked.  
Repair if necessary.



Is it an <b>air distribution</b> fault?	— YES —>	See <b>ALP 2.</b>
---	----------	-------------------

NO



Is it an <b>air flow</b> fault?	— YES —>	See <b>ALP 3.</b>
---------------------------------	----------	-------------------

NO



Is it a <b>heating performance</b> fault?	— YES —>	See <b>61A, Heating, Fault finding chart, ALP 6 No heating or insufficient heating.</b>
---	----------	---

NO



Check that the recirculation flap is in the exterior air position.  
Repair if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 61A, Heating, Recirculation control cable: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

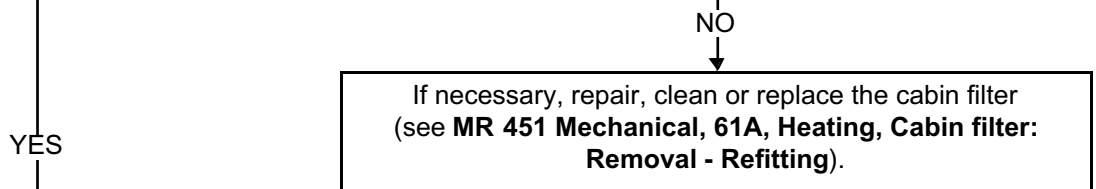
# 62C

<b>ALP 5</b>	<b>No passenger compartment ventilation</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Check that fuses <b>F39</b> and <b>F36</b> are in good condition.
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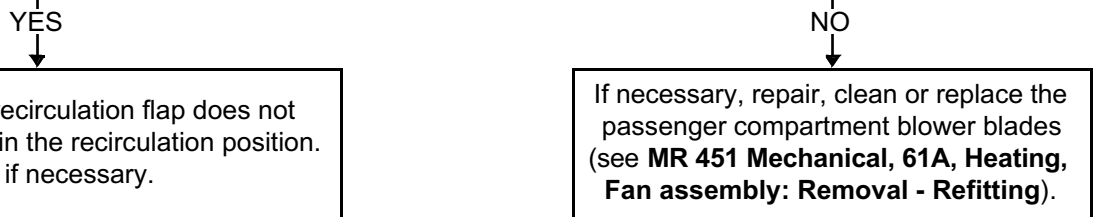
Check that the **air circuit (cabin filter, scuttle panel grille, air ducts, etc.)** is not blocked.

Is the air circuit in good condition?

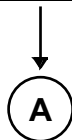


Check the condition of the passenger compartment blower blades

Are the passenger compartment blower blades in good condition?

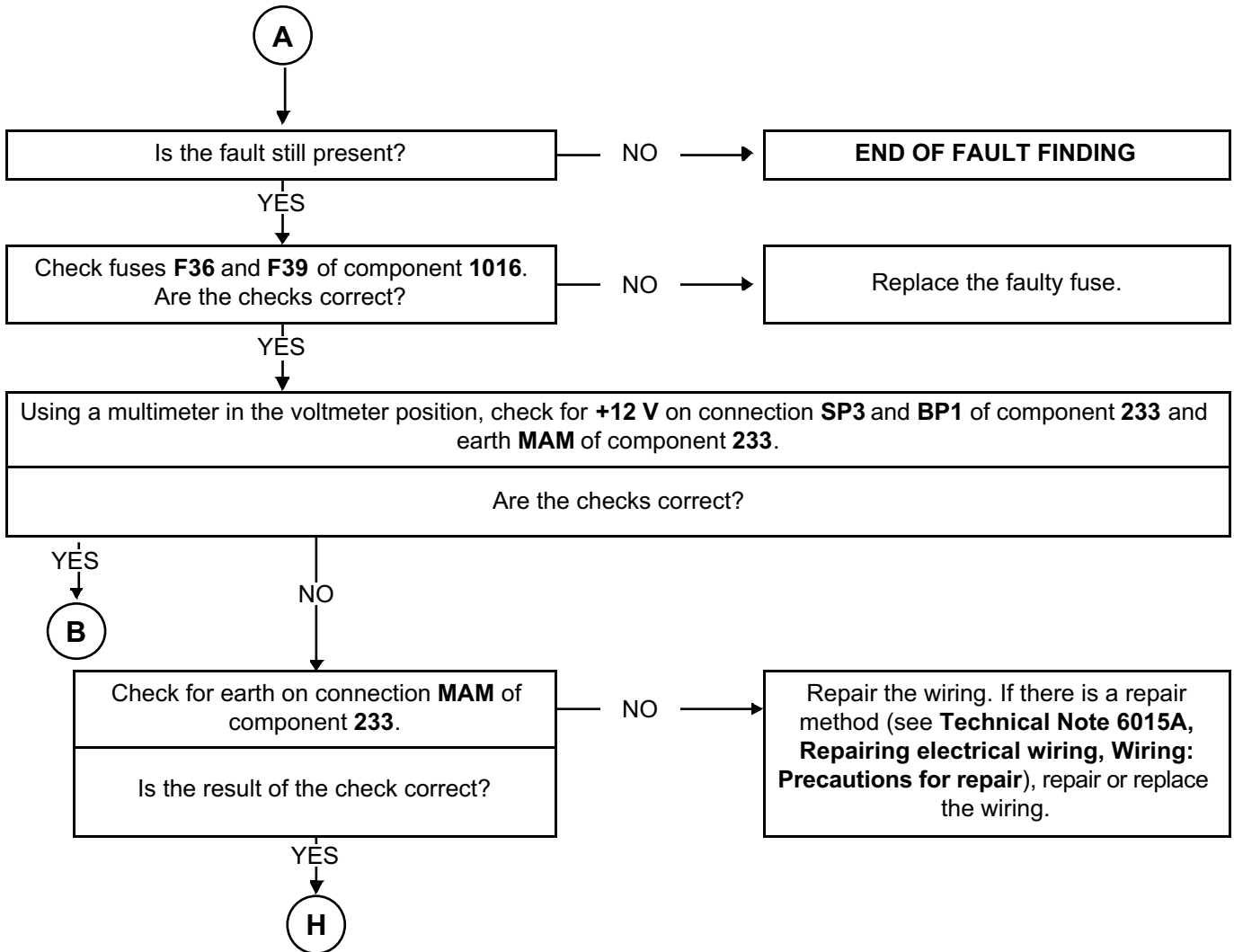


Ensure that all the air vents are open.  
Repair if necessary.



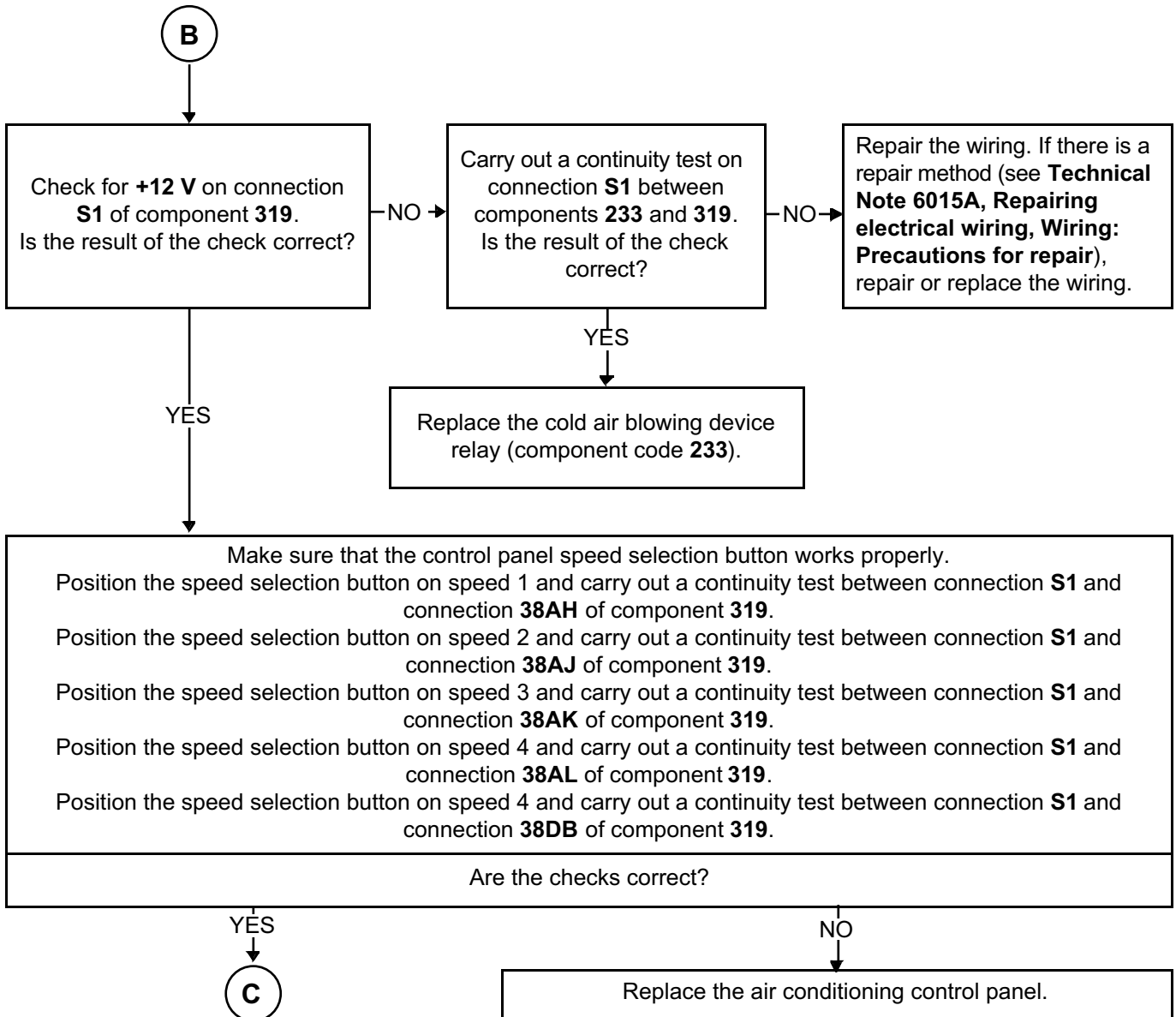
<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 5 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 5 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<b>Carry out a full check with the diagnostic tool.</b>
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# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

**ALP 5  
CONTINUED 3**

**C**

Carry out a continuity test on connection **38AH** between components **319** and **164**.

Is the continuity correct?

YES

NO

Carry out a continuity test on connection **38AJ** between components **319** and **164**.

Fault on connection **38AH** between components **319** and **164**. Repair the wiring. If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Is the continuity correct?

YES

NO

Carry out a continuity test on connection **38AK** between components **319** and **164**.

Fault on connection **38AJ** between components **319** and **164**. Repair the wiring. If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Is the continuity correct?

YES

NO

**D**

**E**

**AFTER REPAIR**

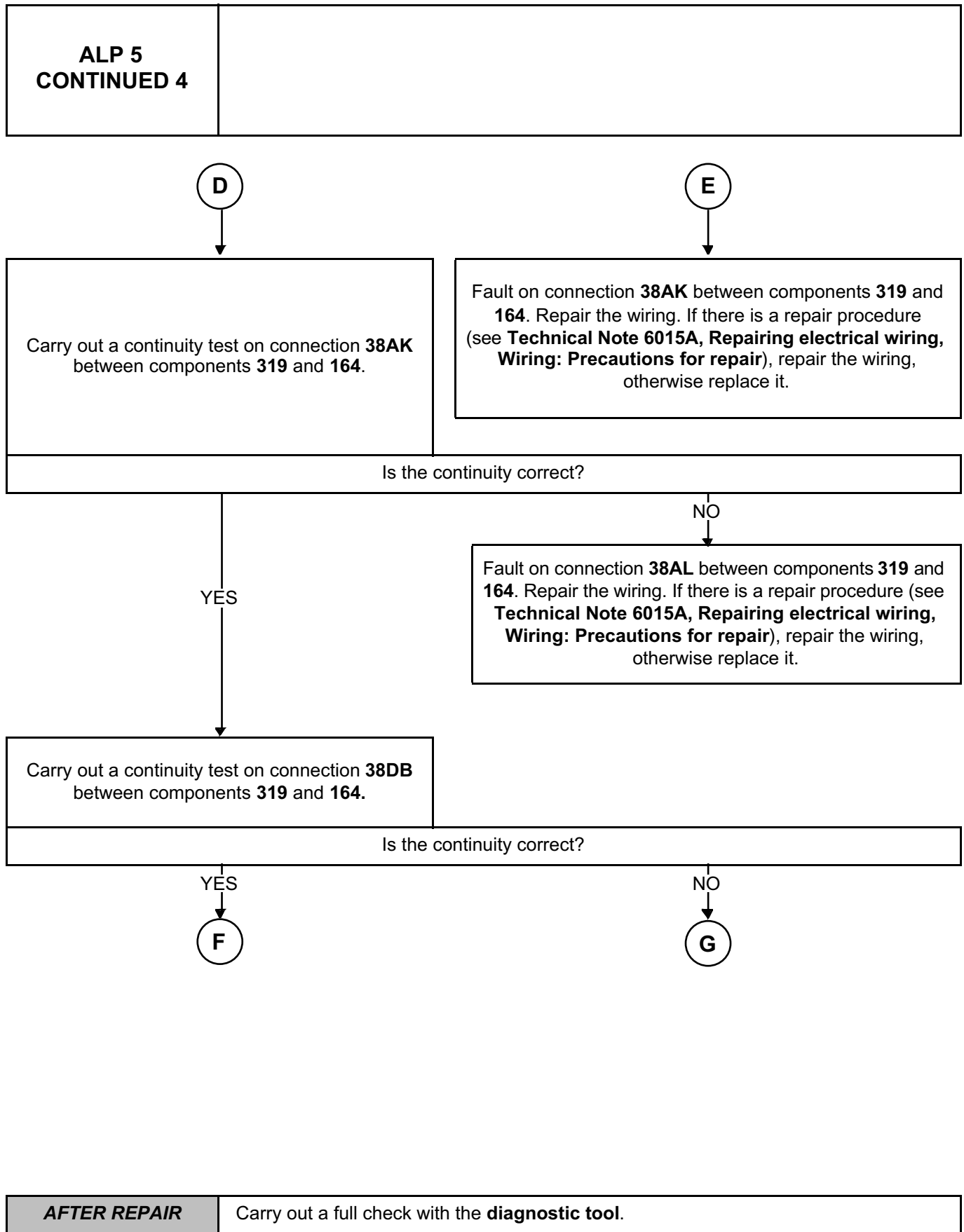
Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.



# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

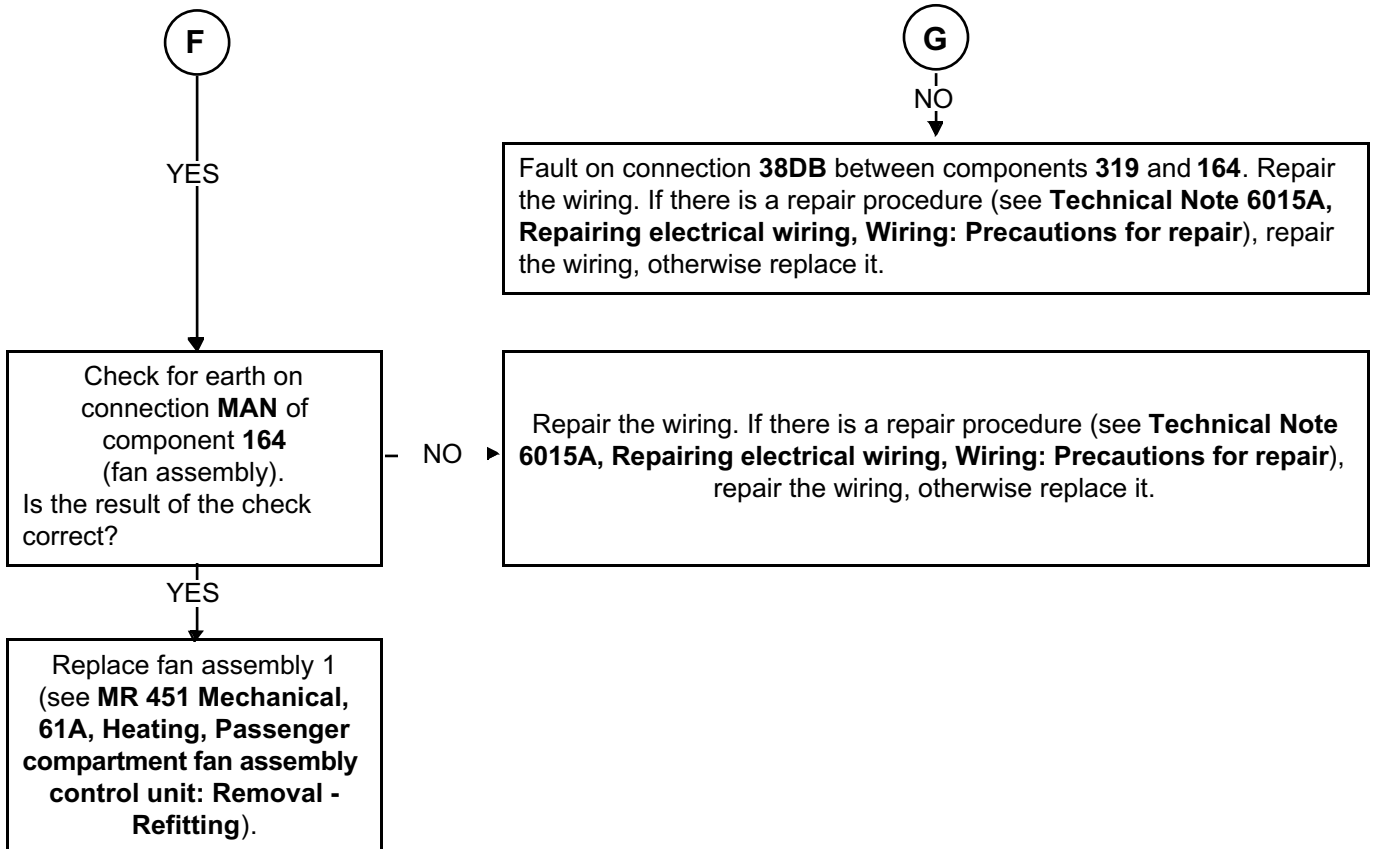


# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

62C

<b>ALP 5 CONTINUED 5</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

62C

<b>ALP 5 CONTINUED 6</b>	
------------------------------	--

H

Test the continuity on connection <b>SP3</b> between component <b>233</b> and fuse <b>F39</b> of component <b>1016</b> .
Is the continuity correct?

YES

NO

Repair the wiring. If there is a repair method (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair or replace the wiring.

Test the continuity on connection <b>BP1</b> between component <b>233</b> and fuse <b>F36</b> of component <b>1016</b> . Is the continuity correct?
--

NO

Repair the wiring. If there is a repair method (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair or replace the wiring.

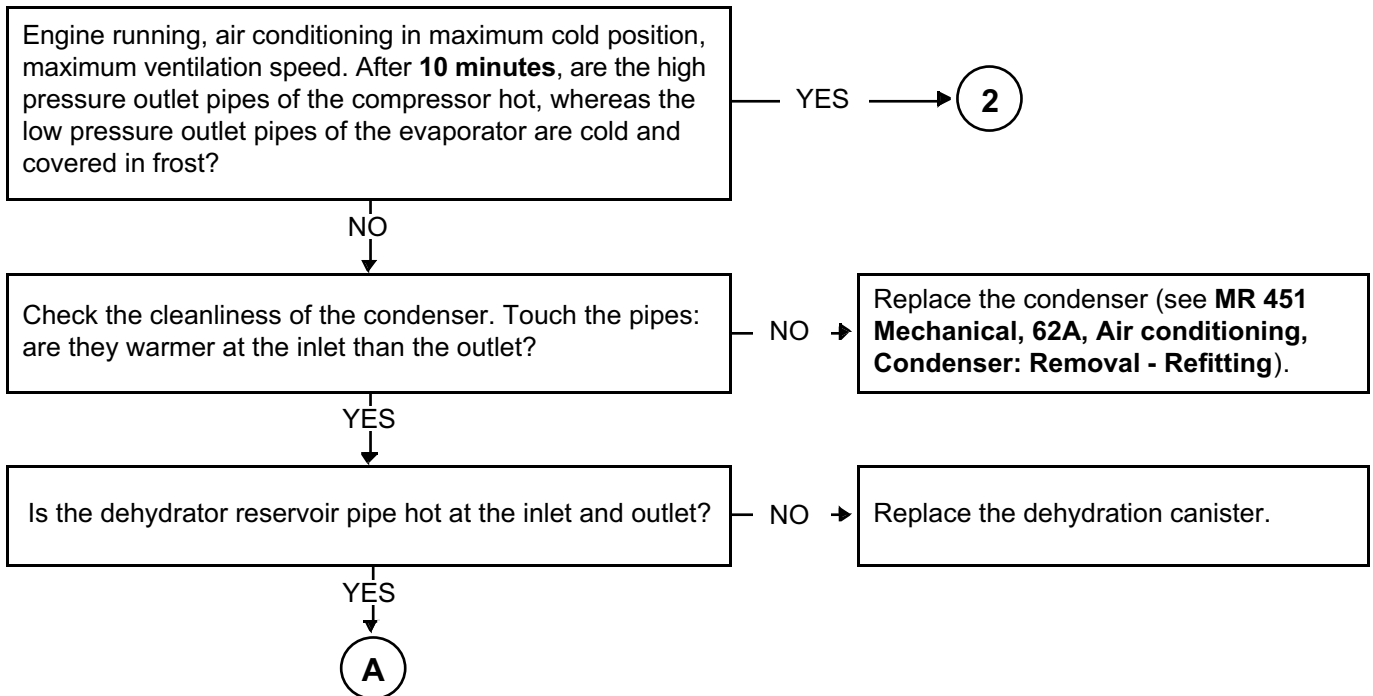
YES

B

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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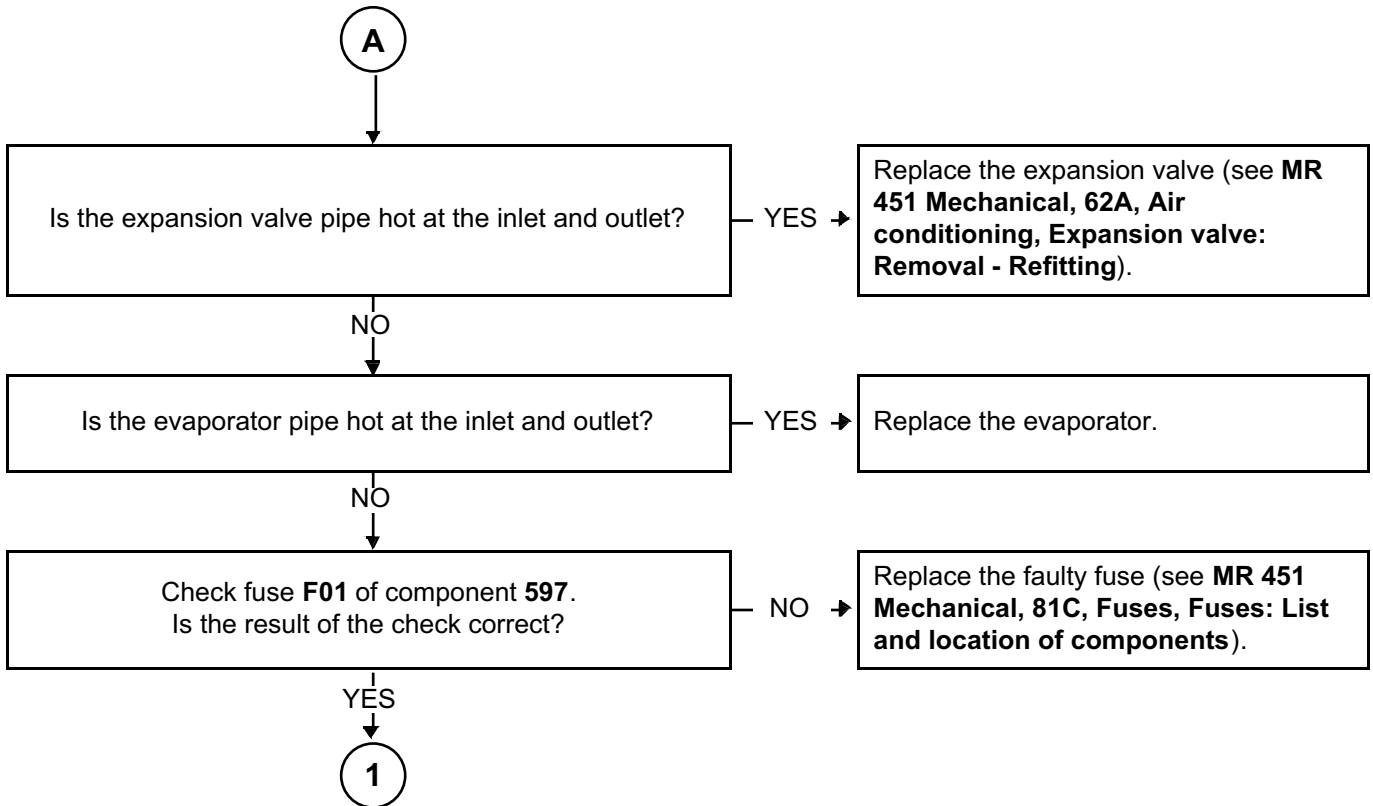
<b>ALP 8</b>	<b>No cold air</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Consult this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).          Check that the engine speed is greater than <b>750 rpm</b> and that the exterior temperature is above <b>3°C</b>.          Check that the fuses are in good condition.          Use a multimeter and a <b>21 W</b> test light.          Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagram for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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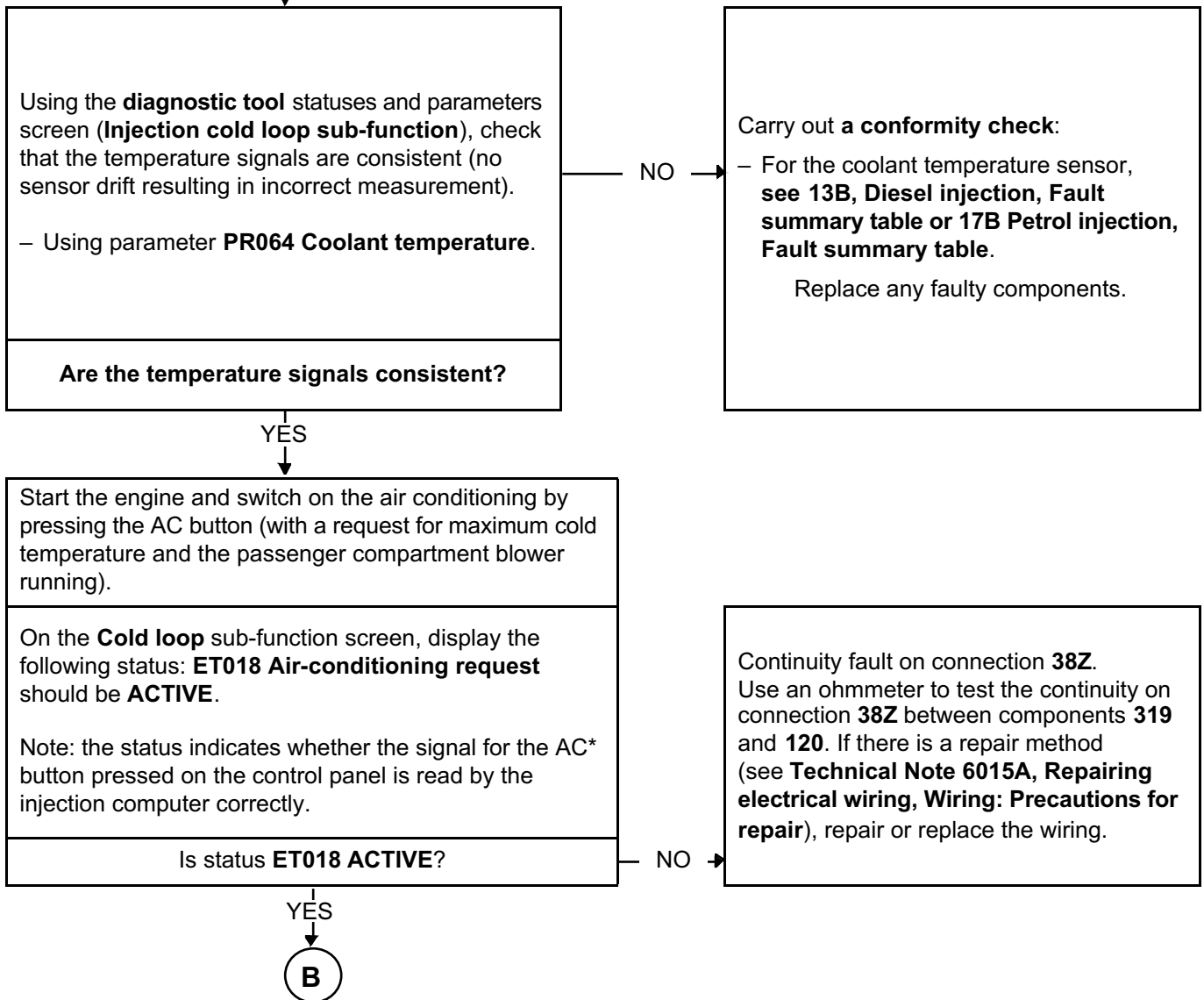
<b>ALP 8 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 8 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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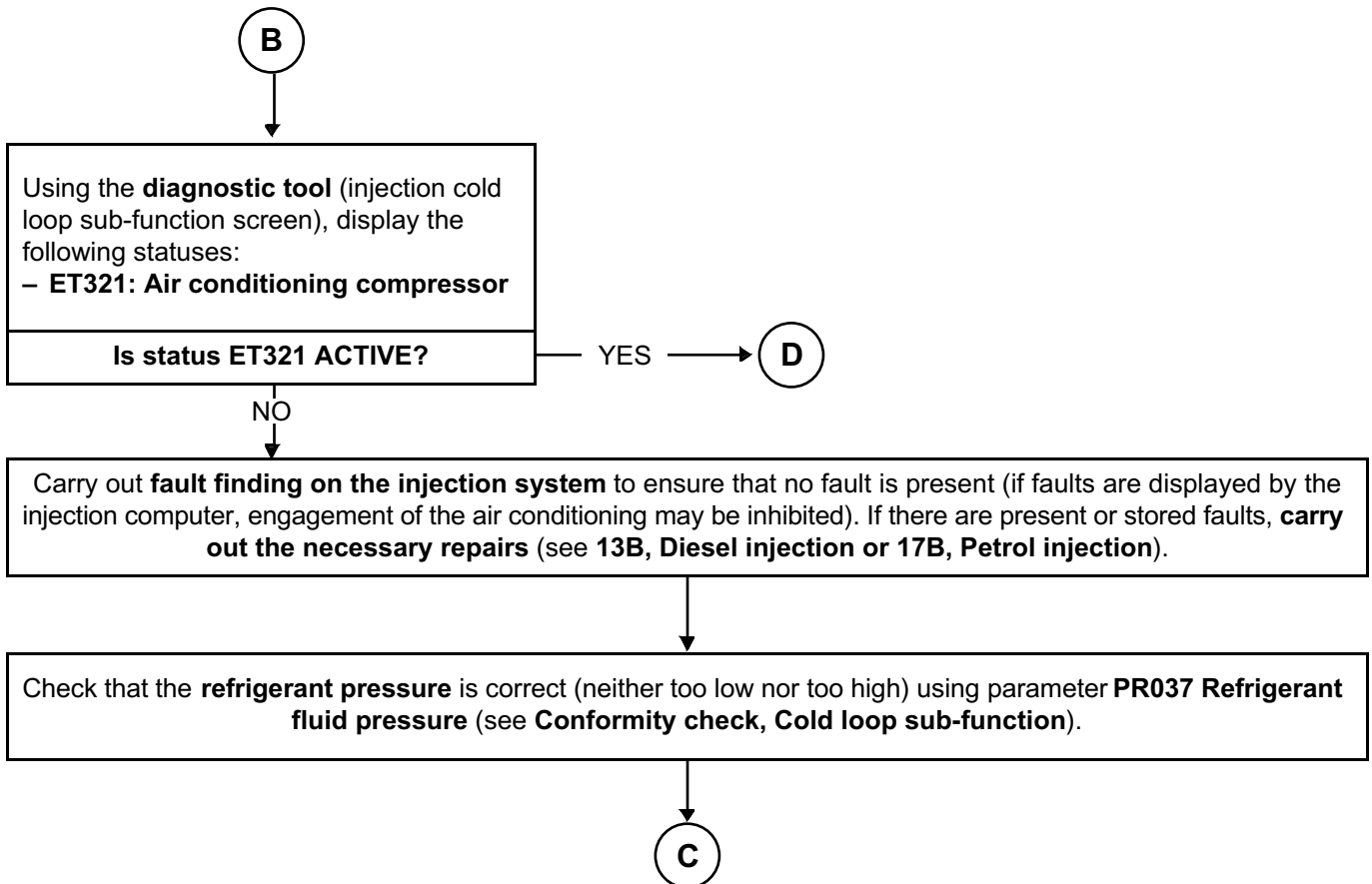
1



\* AC: air conditioning

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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ALP 8 CONTINUED 3	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 8 CONTINUED 4</b>	
------------------------------	--

C

Check that the engine cooling fan assembly is at speed 1 by viewing the following status on the cold loop sub-function screen:

- Status **ET298 Low-speed fan assembly** should display **ACTIVE**.

**Note:** These statuses are not displayed by all types of injection (see Conformity check, Cold loop sub-function).

**Does the engine cooling fan operate at low speed?**

YES

D

NO

Using the **diagnostic tool**, run command **AC038 or AC626 (depending on version) Low speed fan assembly (relay)**.

**Does the engine cooling fan operate at low speed?**

NO

Connector of component **321** disconnected. Connect a test light between connection **49C** of component **321** and the chassis **earth** and run command **AC038 or AC626 (depending on version) Low speed fan assembly (relay)**.

**Does the test light come on?**

YES

E

NO

F

YES

Carry out fault finding on the injection system (sub-function: cold loop and engine cooling for low speed fan assembly activation)

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--



# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

**ALP 8  
CONTINUED 5**

**E**

Measure the resistance of component **321** between connections **49C** and **49B** of component **321**. If the measured resistance is infinite, replace the fan assembly resistor (component **321**).

**F**

Check the continuity of connection **49C** between components **321** and **784**.

**Is the continuity correct?**

**NO**

Continuity fault on connection **49C**. If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

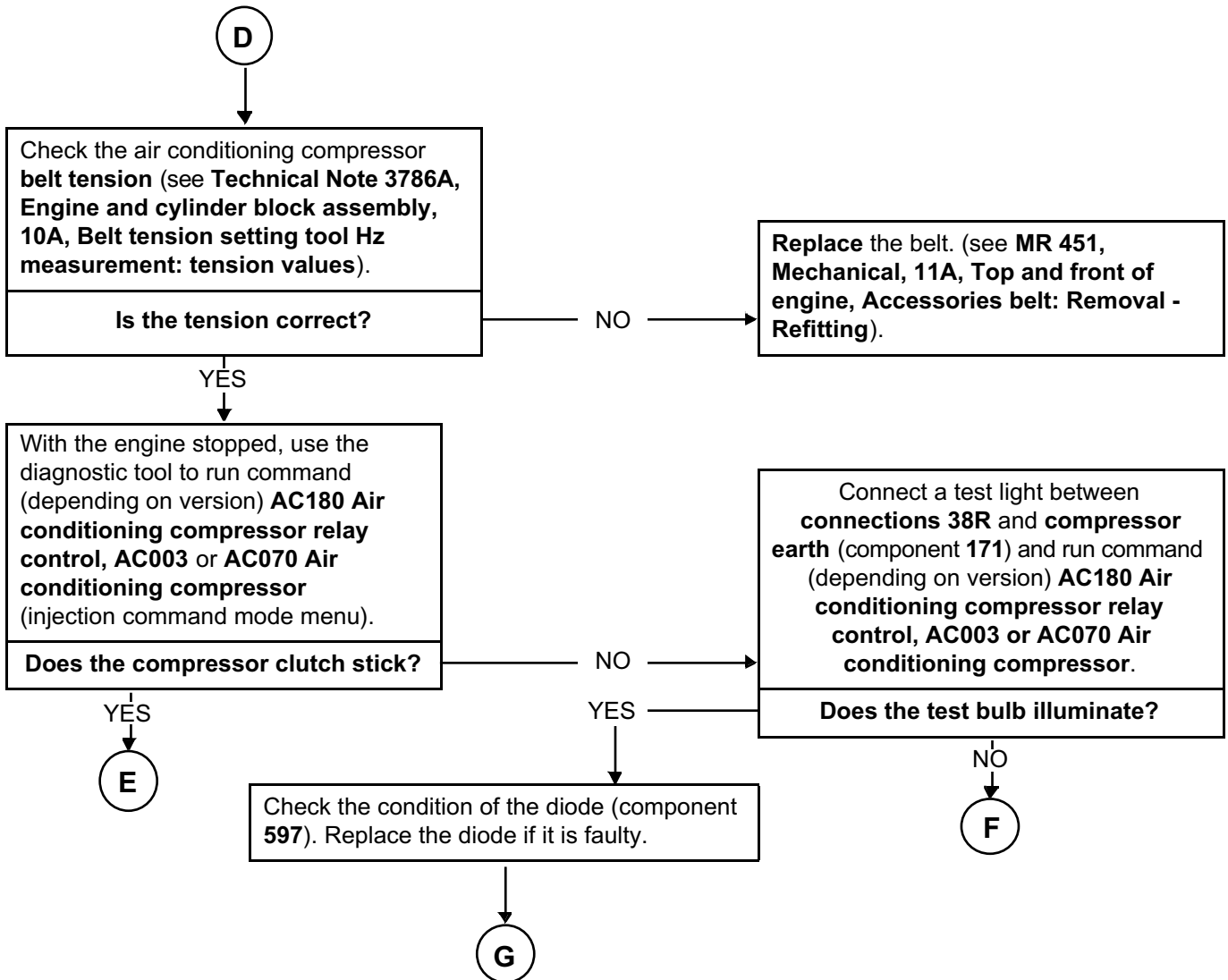
**YES**

Check that the low speed fan assembly relay (component **784**) operates correctly. Replace it if faulty. (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components**)

**AFTER REPAIR**

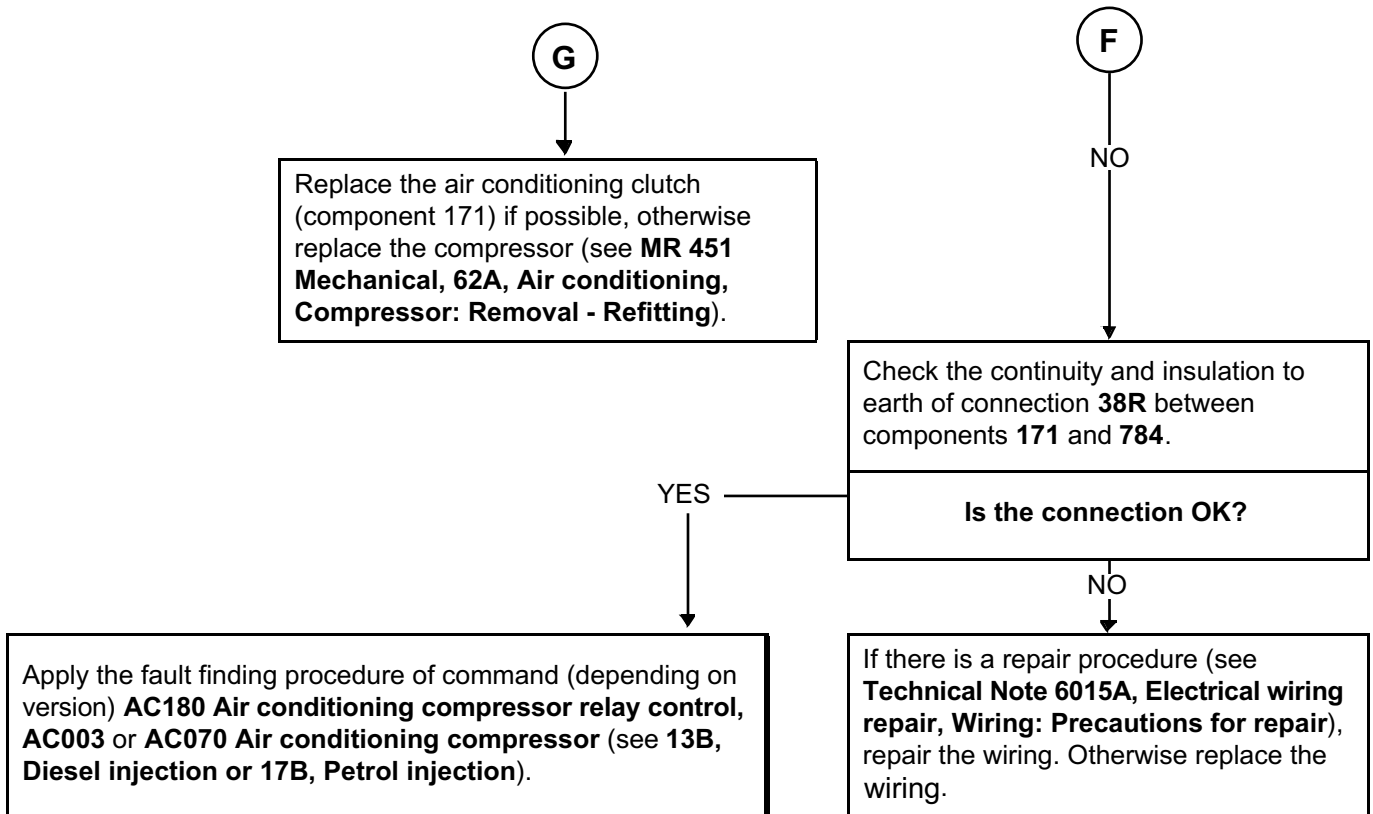
Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 8 CONTINUED 6</b>	
------------------------------	--



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

ALP 8 CONTINUED 7	
----------------------	--



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

62C

<b>ALP 8 CONTINUED 8</b>	
------------------------------	--

E

2

With the engine warm and the passenger compartment ventilation operating, vary the position of the **mixing flap** from the maximum hot position to the maximum cold position and check subjectively that there is a difference in temperature.

**Is a difference in temperature noted?**

NO →

Check the condition and routing of the mixing flap control cable. Eliminate any constraints on it: kinks, cable restricted by plastic clips, etc.  
Replace the lead if necessary. Unclip the cable from the side of the heating/air conditioning unit and check the stiffness of movement of each component: control button and flap control on the air distribution unit. Check that there is no mechanical fault with the mixing flap (flap jammed inside the unit, etc.). Carry out any necessary repairs.

**Is the fault still present?**

NO

**End of fault finding procedure.**

YES

Check the cold loop by checking the condition of the pipes and ensuring that the air conditioning system does not have any refrigerant leaks (see **Technical Note 6001A, Air conditioning, 62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Check**). Repair the faulty pipes or components.

H

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

62C

<b>ALP 8 CONTINUED 9</b>	
------------------------------	--



<b>Top up the refrigerant (see MR 451 Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Refrigerant circuit: Draining - Filling).</b>
<b>Is the fault still present?</b>

NO  
↓

**End of fault finding procedure.**

YES  
↓

**Replace the air conditioning compressor.**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 9</b>	<b>Too much cold air</b>
--------------	--------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Consult this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading and configuration checks).</p> <p>Check that the fuses are in good condition.</p> <p>Use a multimeter and a <b>21 W</b> test light.</p> <p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagram for DUSTER</b>.</p>
--------------	---

With the engine at idle speed and the air conditioning off (**AC** button not pressed), check that the air conditioning compressor clutch is not engaged.

<b>Is the air conditioning compressor clutch engaged?</b>	NO → <b>(A)</b>
---	-----------------

YES  
↓

With the engine stopped, check the correct operation of the compressor clutch electric control by using the diagnostic tool to run command (depending on version) **AC180 Air conditioning compressor relay control**, **AC003** or **AC070 Air conditioning compressor**.

- During the command, connection **38R** of component **171** must be supplied with **+ 12 V**.
- After the command, connection **38R** of component **171** must no longer be supplied with **+ 12 V**.

<b>Is the connection still supplied with + 12V after the command?</b>
---

YES  
↓

NO  
↓

Check the continuity and insulation from <b>+ 12 V</b> of connection <b>38R</b> between components <b>171</b> and <b>784</b> .
<b>Is the connection OK?</b>

Check that the air conditioning compressor clutch is not jammed (mechanical fault).
<b>Is the clutch still engaged?</b>

NO  
↓

**(B)**

YES  
↓

**(C)**

YES  
↓

**(D)**

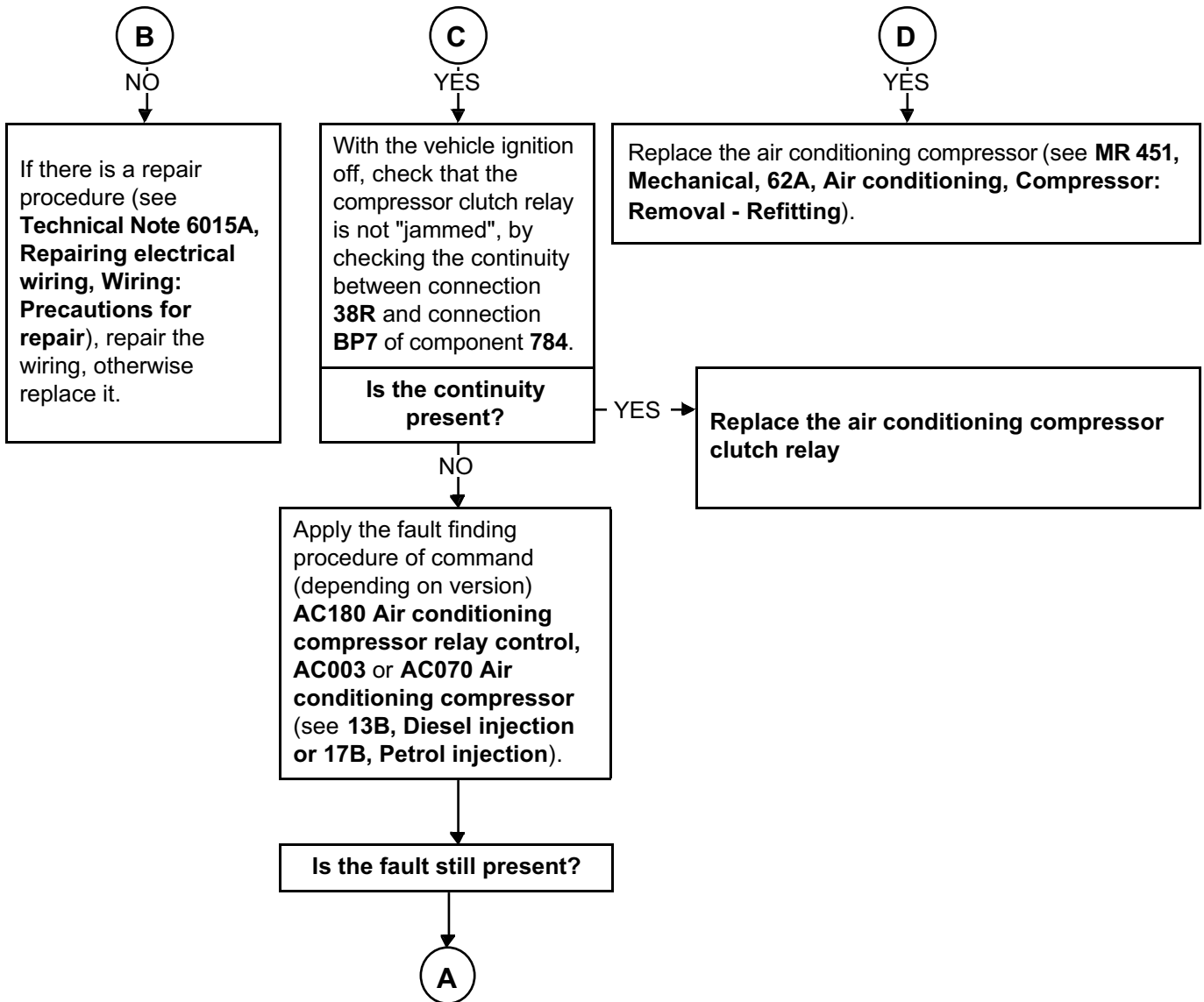
<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

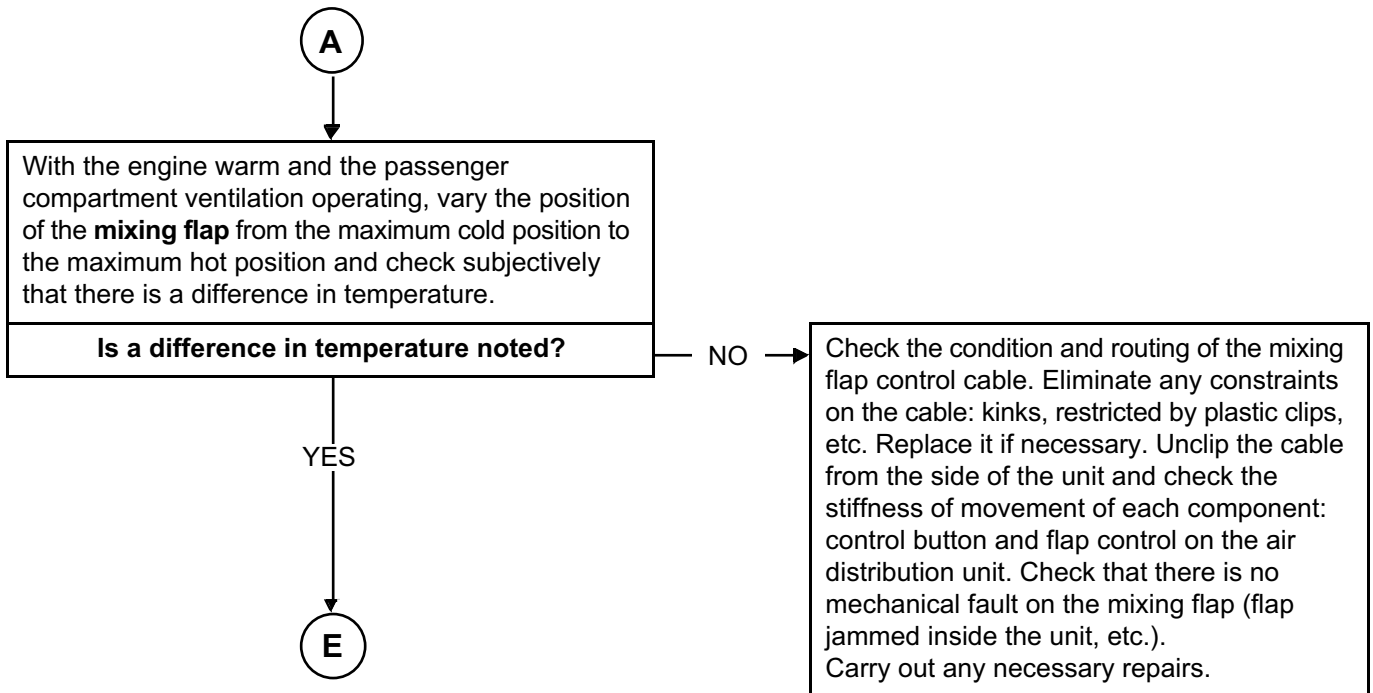
# 62C

<b>ALP 9 CONTINUED 1</b>	
------------------------------	--



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

ALP 9 CONTINUED 2	
----------------------	--



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--



<b>ALP 9 CONTINUED 3</b>	
------------------------------	--

E

Using the **diagnostic tool** statuses and parameters screen (Injection cold loop sub-function), check that the temperature signals are consistent (no sensor drift resulting in incorrect measurement).

- Using parameter **PR064 Coolant temperature**.

**Are the temperature signals consistent?**

NO →

Carry out a **conformity check**:

- For the coolant temperature sensor, see **13B, Diesel injection, Fault summary table** or **17B Petrol injection, Fault summary table**.

Replace any faulty components.

YES ↓

Check the refrigerant level (see **Technical Note 6001A, Air conditioning, 62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Check**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>Inefficient rear screen de-icing and demisting</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Carry out this conformity check after a <b>complete check</b> using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> (fault reading, especially UCH and injection faults and configuration checks). Check that the fuses are in good condition. Use a multimeter and a <b>21 W</b> test light. Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagram for DUSTER</b> .
	<b>Special notes:</b> Check that the inside of the glass is not <b>greasy</b> as this lowers the de-icing efficiency.
	<b>Note:</b> The de-icing control is only authorised when the engine is running to save power. The heated rear screen is controlled by pressing the heated rear screen button (with time delay and door mirror de-icer if fitted).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

**ALP 10  
CONTINUED 1**

Ensure that there are no water leaks in the passenger compartment which would significantly increase the moisture and reduce the effectiveness of the demisting function (see **ALP 12** if the fault is noted).

**Is the fault still present?**

NO

**End of fault finding  
procedure.**

YES

Check fuses **F01** and **F32** of component **1016**.  
Are the checks correct?

NO

Replace the faulty fuse.

YES

Check that the UCH receives the signal about the status and operation of the engine. On the **Cold loop sub-function screen**, status **ET091 Engine running** should display **YES**.

**Is status ET091 YES?**

NO

Carry out fault finding on the UCH  
(interpretation of status **ET091**) and on the wire network.

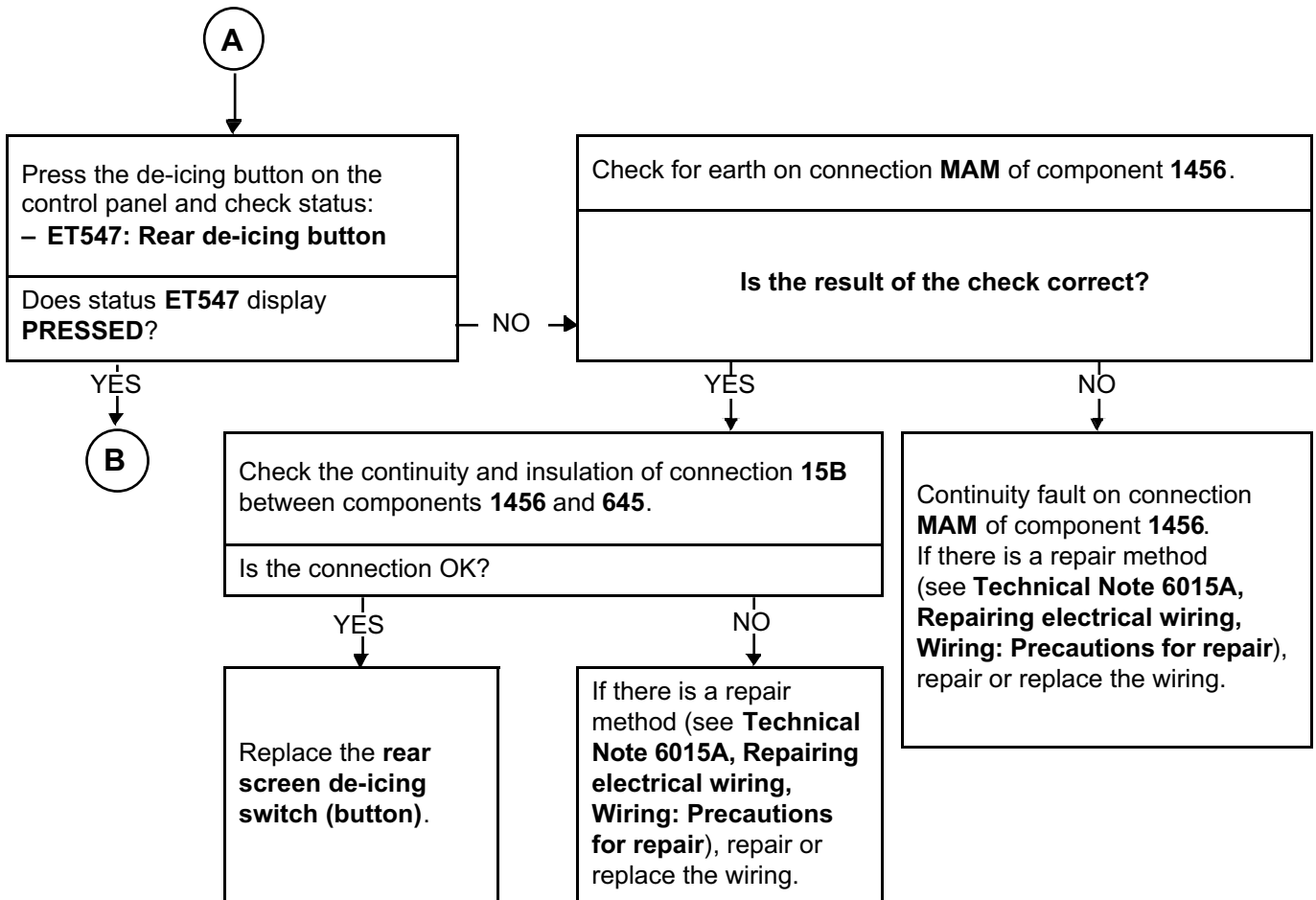
YES



**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

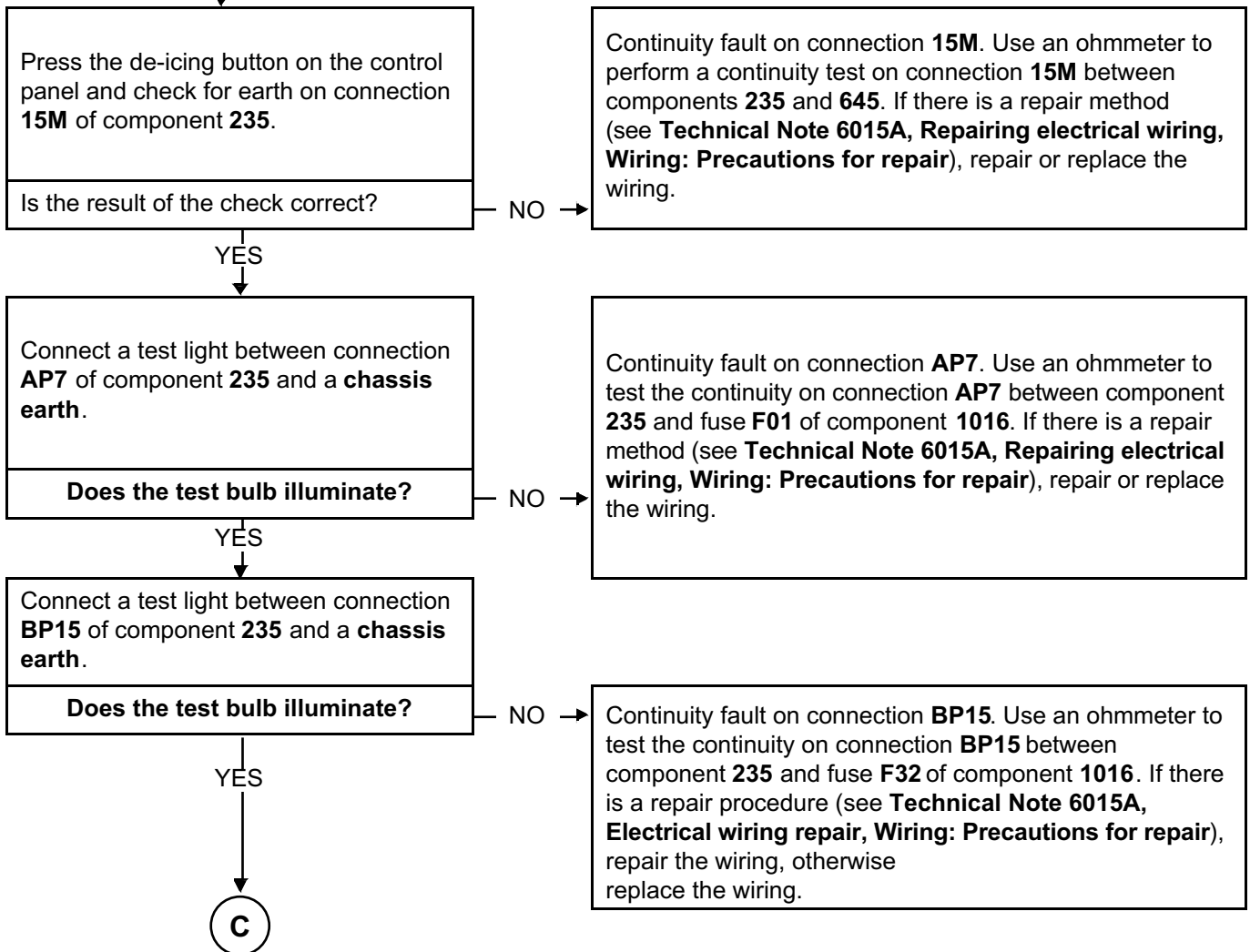
<b>ALP 10 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

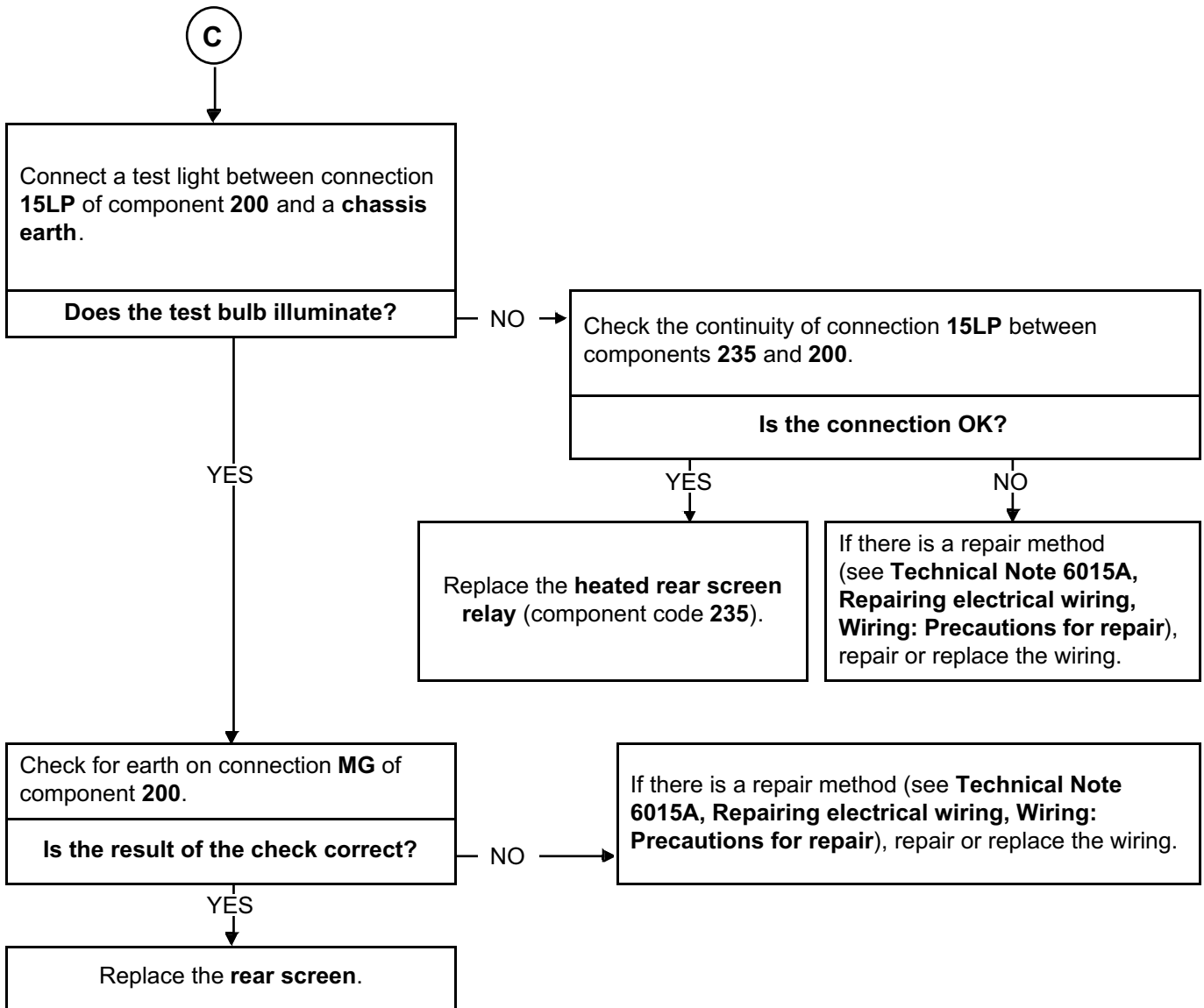
<b>ALP 10 CONTINUED 3</b>	
-------------------------------	--

(B)



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

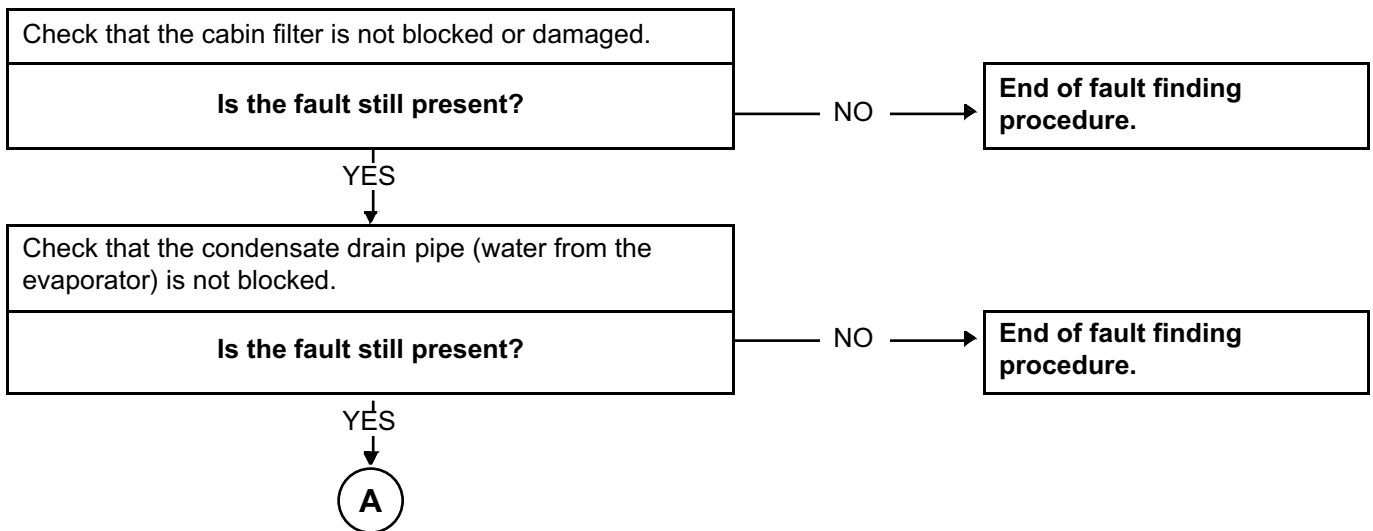
<b>ALP 10 CONTINUED 4</b>	
-------------------------------	--



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

ALP 11	Unpleasant odours in the passenger compartment
--------	--

NOTES	None.
-------	-------



AFTER REPAIR	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
--------------	--

<b>ALP 11 CONTINUED</b>	
-----------------------------	--



Check that the heating unit is completely sealed and there are no leaks into the engine compartment:

- Foam seal on the heater matrix coolant pipes fitted and in good condition.
- Rubber seal on the radiator tank fitted and in good condition (seal under the bonnet separating the engine compartment from the windscreen aperture).
- Drain valve on the radiator tank fitted and in good condition.

Repair if necessary.

**Is the fault still present?**

NO →

**End of fault finding procedure.**



Remove the cabin filter to apply air conditioning system cleaner using an extension pipe on the evaporator. Spray the entire contents of the aerosol. Leave the product to work for **15 minutes**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--



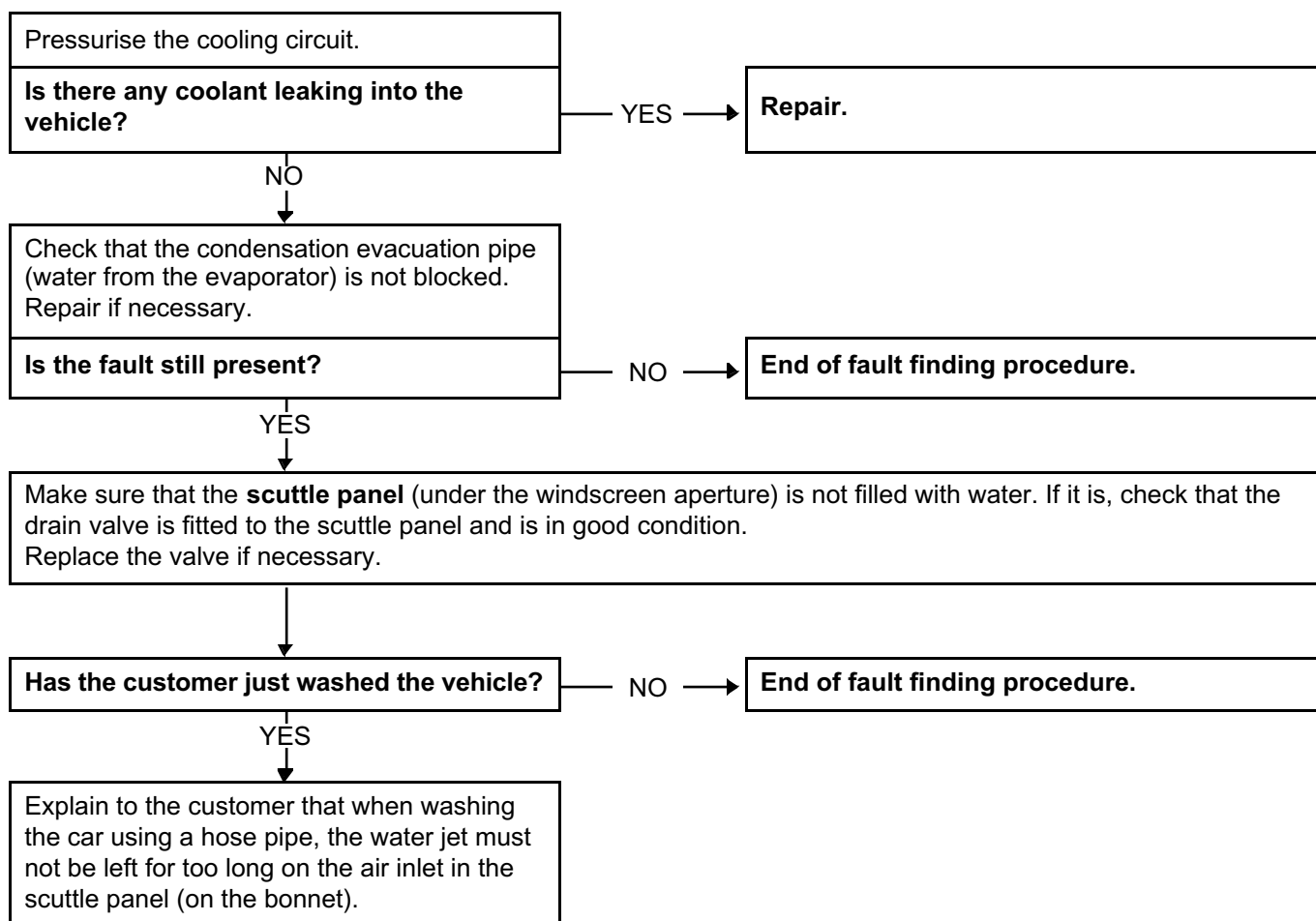
# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 12</b>	<b>Water is present in the passenger compartment</b>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	None.
--------------	-------



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

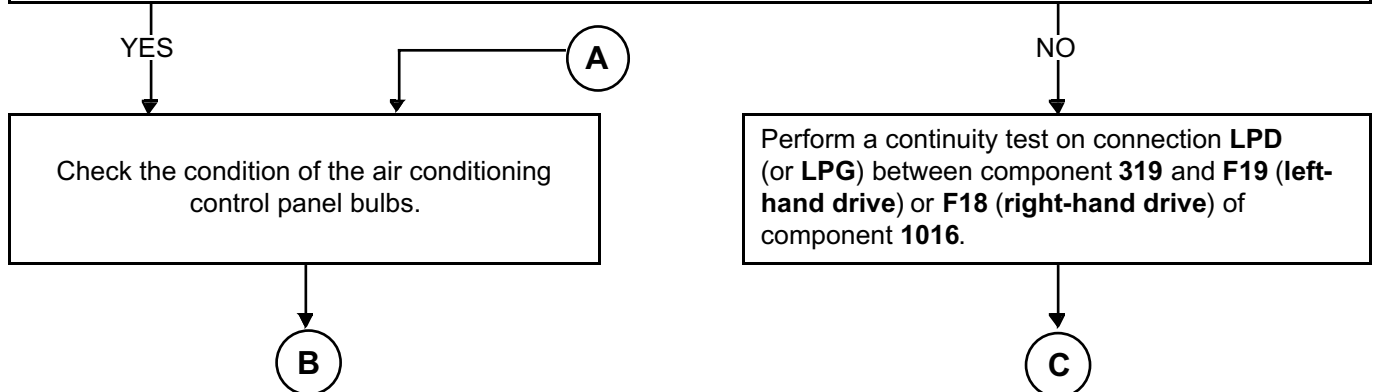
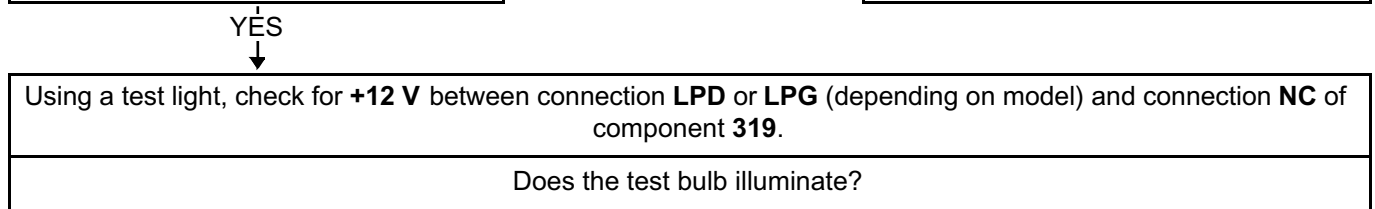
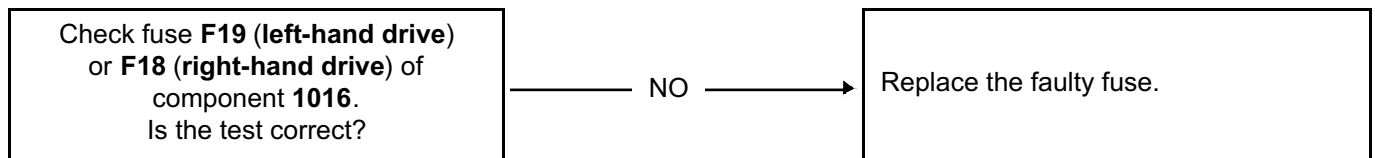
# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 13</b>	<b>No lighting on the control panel in night mode</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Check fuse <b>F19</b> or <b>F18</b> (depending on model: <b>F19</b> for <b>left-hand drive</b> and <b>F18</b> for <b>right-hand drive</b> ) of component <b>1016</b> .
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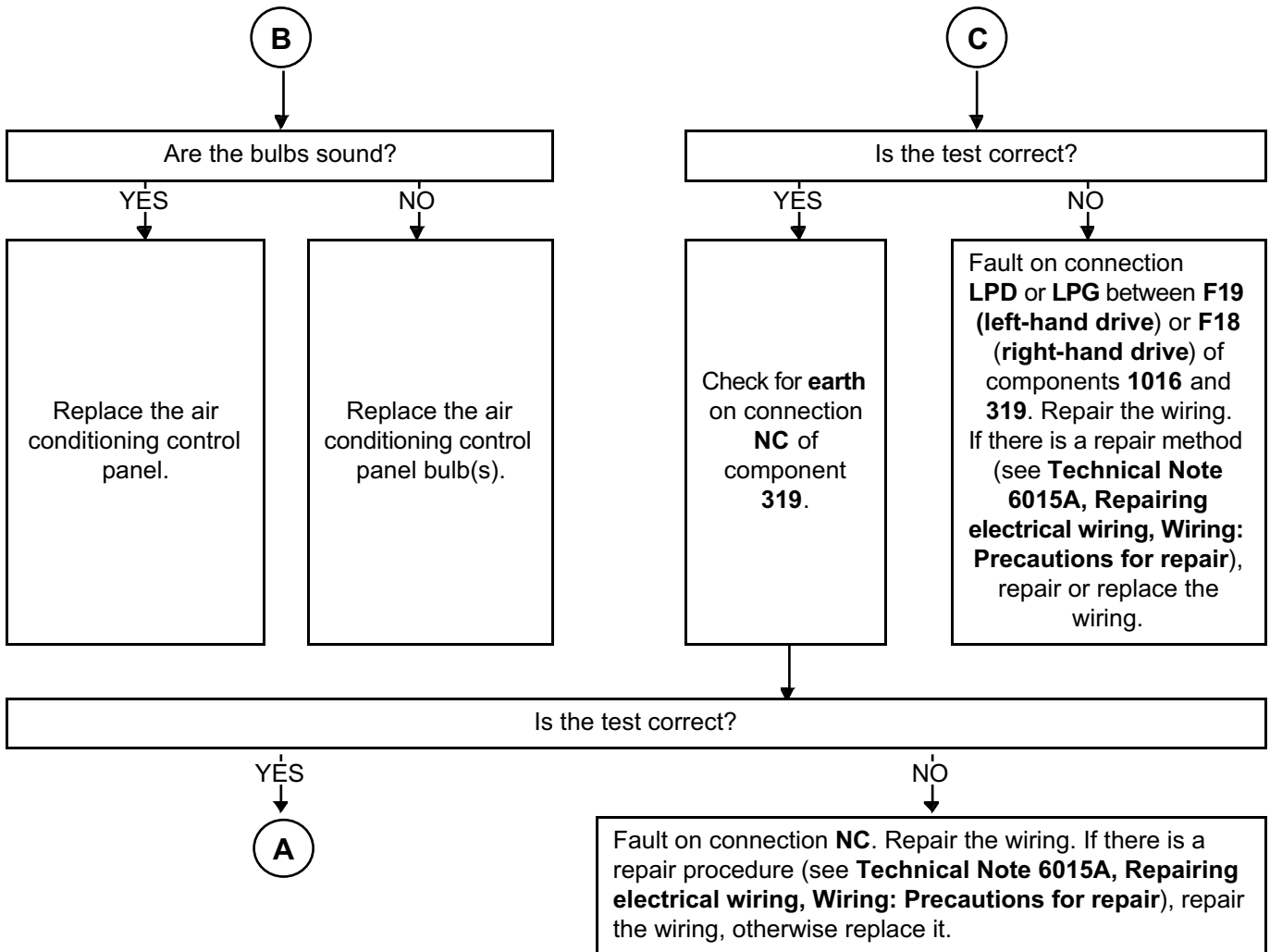
<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# CLIMATE CONTROL

## Fault finding – Fault finding chart

# 62C

<b>ALP 13 CONTINUED</b>	
-----------------------------	--



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

**CLIMATE CONTROL**  
**Fault finding – Fault finding chart**

**62C**

<b>ALP 14</b>	<b>Compressor noise</b>
---------------	-------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
	<b>Note:</b> Before starting any work, check that the noise is indeed coming from the compressor.

Check that the **compressor belt is in good condition** and **check its tension** (for engines without automatic tensioning) (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting**).



Check that the compressor is **correctly attached** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Compressor: Removal - Refitting**).



Check the refrigerant fluid and look for any leaks. Significant loss of fluid causes the compressor to make noises. (see **Technical Note 6001A, Air conditioning, 62A, Air conditioning, Air conditioning: Check**).



If the fault is still present, **replace** the air conditioning compressor (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 62A, Air conditioning, Compressor: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 80A BATTERY

Battery – Specifications	80A - 2
Battery – Advice	80A - 3
Battery – Check	80A - 4
Battery – Test	80A - 6

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The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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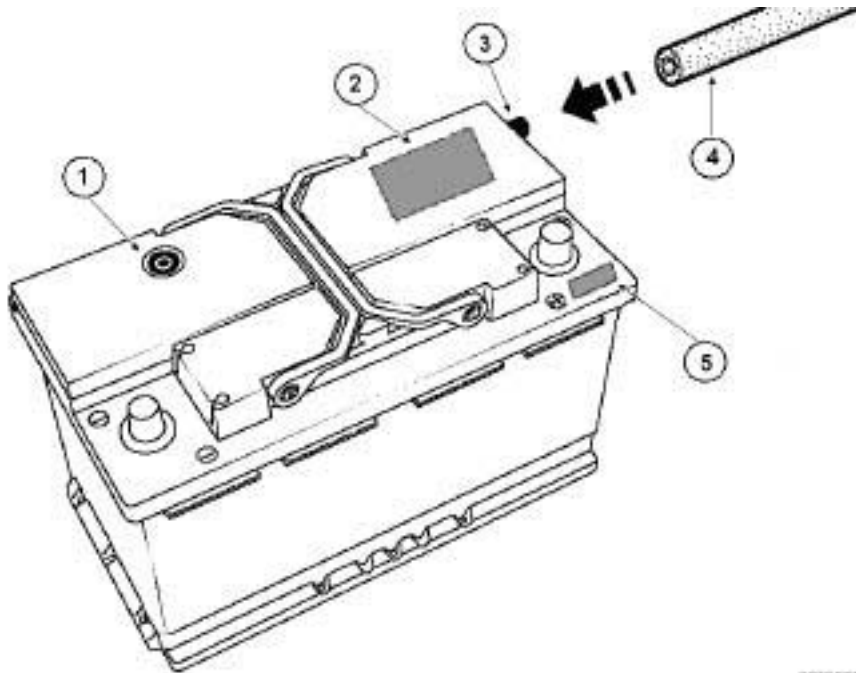
# BATTERY

## Battery – Specifications

80A

### Battery specifications:

Always replace a battery with one that has the same electrical and dimensional specifications.



00000008

### Visual inspection of the battery

Make sure there are no cracks or breakages, traces of acid, or creepage (sulphation) on the terminals. If any of the above are present, replace the battery and clean the surrounding area.

Check that the degassing pipe is properly connected to the battery vent.

Check that the degassing pipe (4) is correctly positioned.

### IMPORTANT

- All vehicles are equipped with low water consumption batteries. Opening the battery and topping up the electrolyte level are PROHIBITED.
- Batteries contain sulphuric acid, which is a hazardous chemical.
- Battery charging produces hydrogen and oxygen, which are very flammable gases and thus there is a risk of explosion.
- Any batteries with filling plugs must not be opened under any circumstances but replaced immediately with Renault approved batteries.

### Battery recharging:

When parked, vehicles consume power through their permanent consumers and through any accessories fitted as After-Sales options. To keep battery discharging to a minimum, limit the number of times the vehicle is started, periods with the ignition on, doors open, etc., as much as possible.

A discharged battery must be recharged using a Renault-approved battery charger (see **Technical Note 6512A Battery charging**)

### IMPORTANT

- Simultaneous recharging of several batteries in series or in parallel is forbidden.
- A battery charger used on a battery connected to a vehicle can irreparably damage the vehicle computers due to the high voltages created when charging.
- The location of the charger must take this into account (ventilation).
- A battery charger or a booster not approved by Renault can damage the electrical components.

### Battery storage:

Even when stored off the vehicle, a battery gradually discharges, and more rapidly if the ambient temperature is high.

In order that a battery remains operational for a long time, it must be stored at a temperature of around **15°C** and protected from humidity. To retain a good level of charge, it is recommended that a battery is completely recharged after it has been stored for 3 months.

A new battery that has been stored for more than one year must not be fitted to a vehicle.

# BATTERY

## Battery – Check

80A

### Test procedure using the MIDTRONICS tool

Special tooling required	
Elé. 1593	Battery tester
	MIDTRONICS R330

### Test conditions

The measurement must be taken when the vehicle is stationary and the ignition is off.

If the engine has been run in the last hour, switch the battery status to test and carry out the following operations:

- engine switched off,
- switch on the main beam headlights for **2 minutes**,
- switch off the main beam headlights,
- wait for **2 minutes**,
- switch off the ignition.

### Equipment to be used:

- Tester approved by the Service Department: MIDTRONICS MICRO R330.
- Tool available as part no.: Elé. 1593.
- Equipment available in France from the Parts Department.
- Tool available in 6 languages.
- For other countries, consult your contact in your country.

### WARNING

Failure to observe the procedure or poorly maintained equipment may result in incorrect measurements, which could be:

- detrimental to the customer (the battery is not sound),
- detrimental to RENAULT (unnecessary replacement of a sound or rechargeable battery),
- detrimental to the dealership (if the battery is tested as sound or rechargeable for a part return under warranty, the warranty reimbursement request will be cancelled).










# BATTERY






## Battery – Check

# 80A

### Mode (test on vehicle)

- Connect the tool directly to the battery terminals, without disconnecting the vehicle battery, as close as possible to the battery terminal but ensuring it is not after the fuse (on-vehicle test) or carry out the battery test after disconnecting the two terminals if necessary,
- check that the vehicle ignition is switched off,
- select the "battery connected to the vehicle" or "battery disconnected" test type using buttons  and . Confirm using the green button .
- The test is carried out to the EN standard by default. Confirm using the green button .
- Select the starting power on the battery label (see page 3) using buttons  and .
- Confirm using the green button .
- The tool displays **TEST IN PROGRESS**.
- The MIDTRONICS tool carries out the test and gives the results of the fault finding procedure.

To set the tool language, carry out the following operations:

- before connecting the tool, simultaneously press buttons  and ,
- connect the device to the battery,
- release the buttons,
- scroll through the languages using buttons  and ,
- confirm using the green button .

### Note:

The battery must always be disconnected in the following order:

- Wait for at least **1 minute** between switching the ignition off and disconnecting the battery, to enable the computer systems to go on standby.
- Wait for the engine cooling fan to stop completely.
- Disconnect the negative terminal first.

# BATTERY

Battery – Test

**80A**

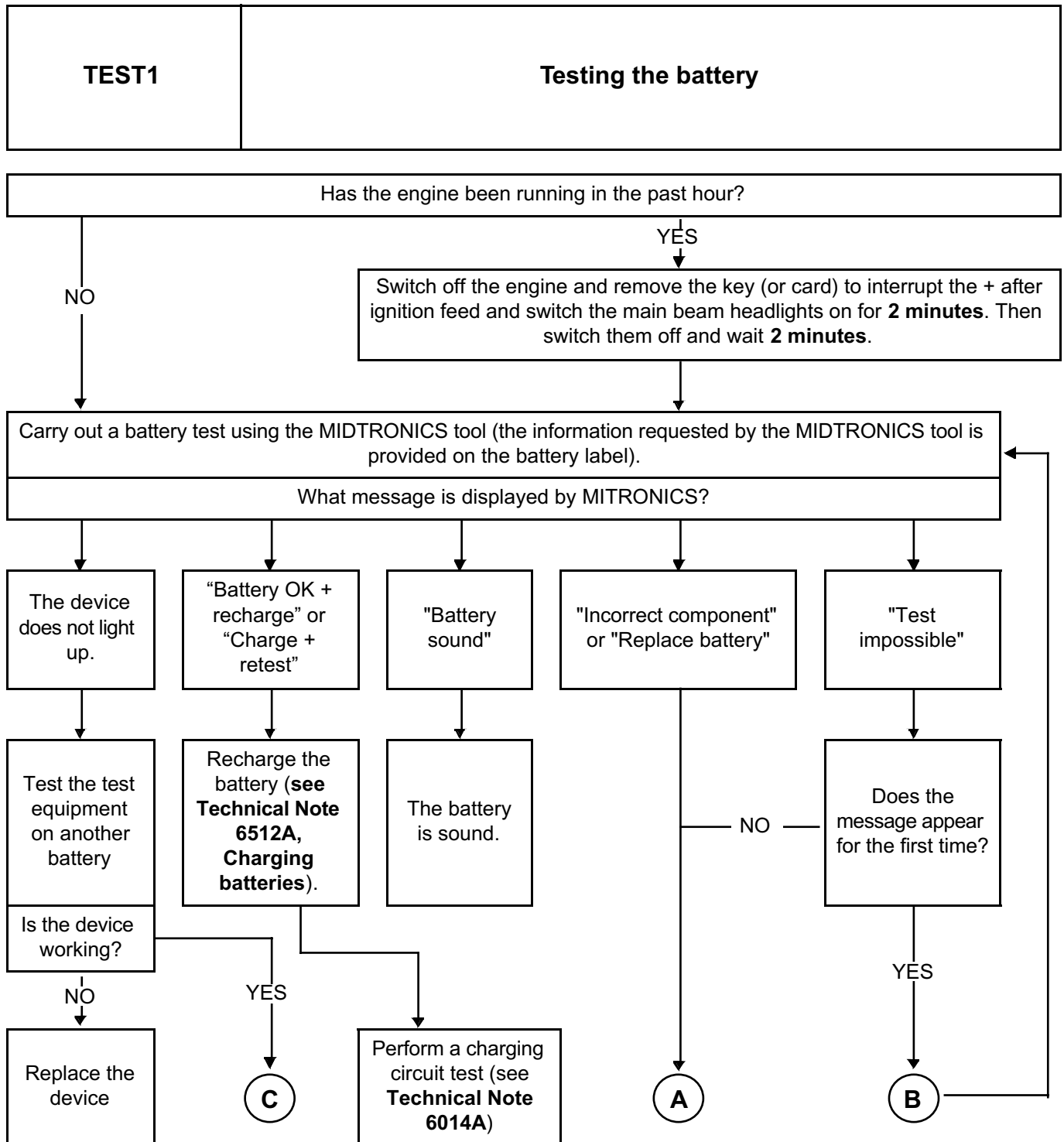
<b>NOTES</b>	None
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# BATTERY

## Battery – Test

# 80A

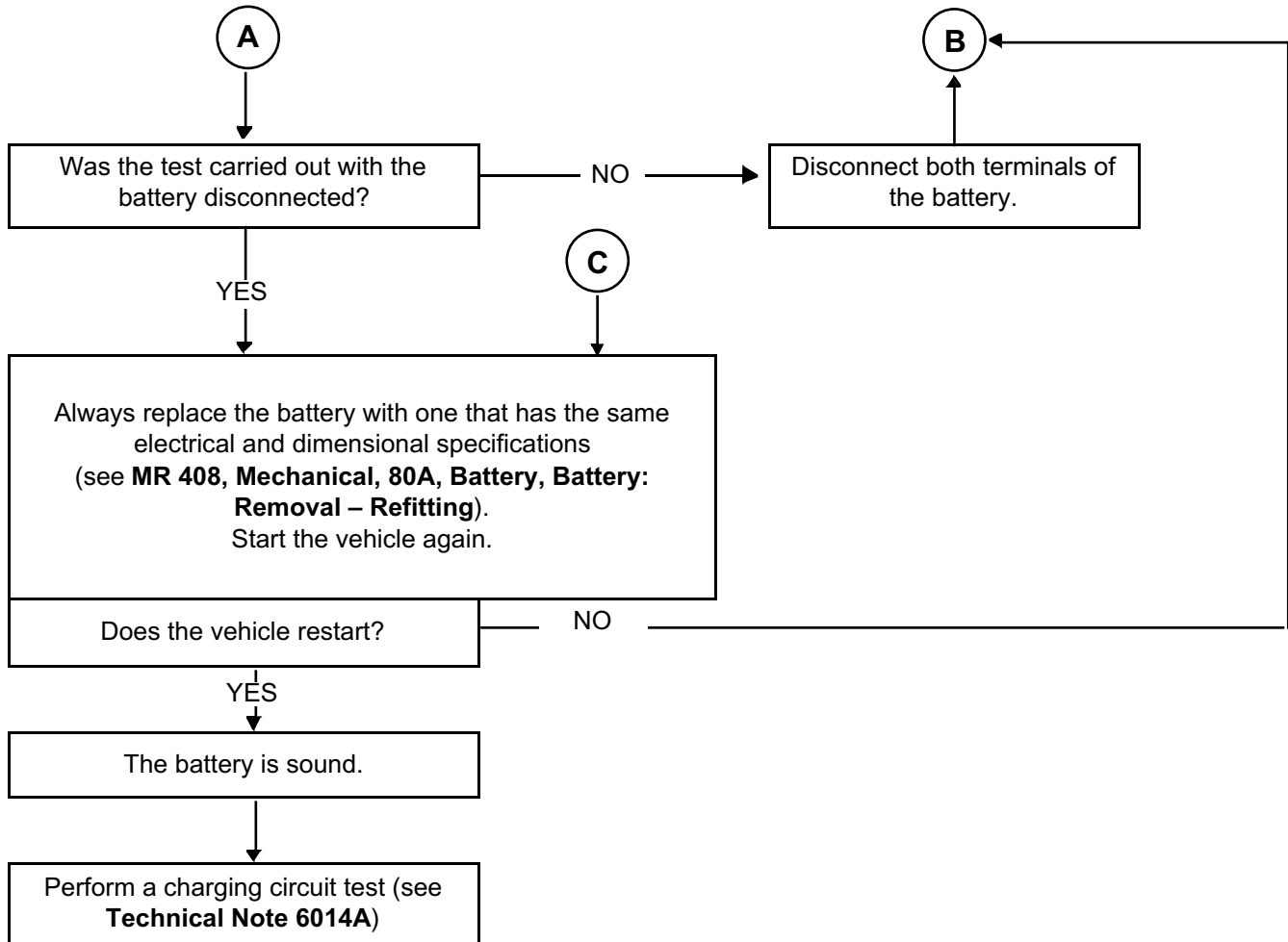


# BATTERY

Battery – Test

80A

<b>TEST1 CONTINUED</b>	
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# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 80D LIGHTING

UCH  
Vdiag No.: 09

Fault finding – Introduction	80D - 2
Fault finding – List and location of components	80D - 4
Fault finding – Role of components	80D - 5
Fault finding – Function	80D - 6
Fault finding – Configuration	80D - 8
Fault finding – Conformity check	80D - 9
Fault finding – Status summary table	80D - 11
Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses	80D - 12
Fault finding – Command summary table	80D - 21
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Fault finding – Customer complaints	80D - 28
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**1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT**

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**  
Function concerned: **LIGHTING**

Name of computer: **UCH**  
Vdiag No.: **09**

**2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING**

**Documentation type**

**Fault finding procedures** (this document):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

**Type of diagnostic tools**

- **CLIP**

**Special tooling required**

Special tooling required:	
Diagnostic tool	
	Multimeter
<b>Elé. 1622</b>	Bornier
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier

If the information obtained by the fault finding tool requires the electrical continuity to be checked, connect bornier **Elé. 1622** or universal bornier **Elé. 1681**.

**WARNING:**

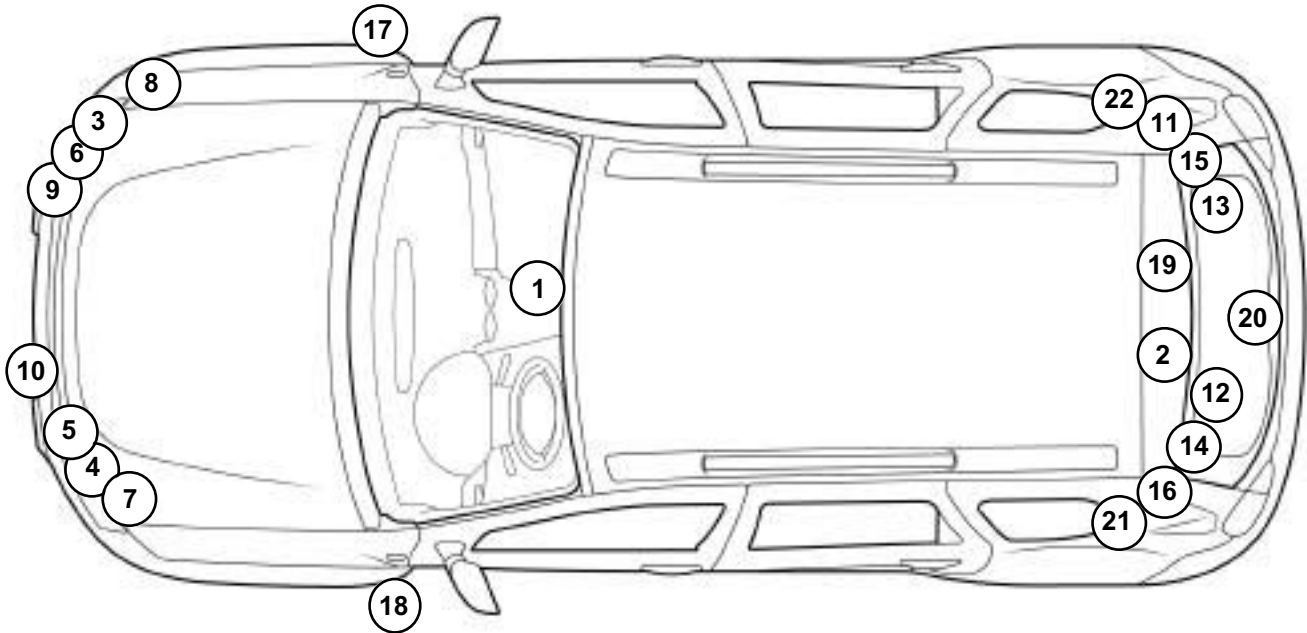
- All tests with bornier **Elé. 1622** or **Elé. 1681** must be conducted with the battery disconnected.
- The bornier is only designed to be used with a multimeter. Never power the test points with **12 V**.

### 3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The safety instructions must be followed at all times when working on components, to avoid damage or injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the appropriate tools

## Fault finding – List and location of components



000000730

1- interior lights	12- left-hand reversing light
2- luggage compartment lighting	13- rear right-hand side light
3- right-hand side light	14- rear left-hand side light
4- left-hand side light	15- right-hand brake light
5- left-hand dipped headlight	16- left-hand brake light
6- right-hand dipped headlight	17- right-hand side-mounted indicator
7- front left-hand indicator light	18- left-hand side-mounted indicator
8- front right-hand indicator light	19- high-level brake light
9- front right-hand fog light	20- number plate light
10- front left-hand fog light	21- rear left-hand indicator light
11- rear right-hand fog light	22- rear right-hand indicator light



## Fault finding – Role of components

---

### **Side lights:**

The side lights are switched on directly using the lighting stalk, via the passenger compartment fuse box. This function lights all the side lights (front and rear) as well as the number plate lighting.

### **Dipped headlights:**

The dipped beam headlights are switched on directly using the lighting stalk, via the passenger compartment fuse box.

This function lights only the two bulbs providing the dipped headlights function.

### **Main beam headlights:**

The main beam headlights are switched on directly using the lighting stalk, via the passenger compartment fuse box. This function lights only the two bulbs providing the main beam headlights function.

### **Rear fog lights:**

The rear fog light is switched on directly using the lighting stalk, via the passenger compartment fuse box. This function lights only the rear fog lights.

### **Hazard warning lights:**

The "hazard warning lights illumination request" signal from the hazard warning lights switch is sent to the UCH, which controls the hazard warning lights.

This function lights only the hazard warning lights.

### **Indicators:**

The "left-hand or right-hand indicators illumination request" signal initiated by the driver using the lighting stalk is sent to the UCH, which controls the left-hand and right-hand indicators.

---

### Layout of the lighting function

The interior lighting function (courtesy lights, air conditioning indicator light, central door locking indicator light, etc.) and the signalling function are provided by the UCH computer. This computer is connected via a wire connection. The UCH interprets the driver's intention via the steering column switch, then transmits the lighting requests. These requests are controlled by the UCH.

The exterior lighting is controlled directly by the steering column switch.

---

The LIGHTING function is divided into two sub-functions: **lighting control and lighting power**. This function is managed directly, without the intervention of the UCH.

### **1. Lighting control**

#### **Operated by the driver**

The UCH receives the driver's request via the steering column switches and the hazard warning lights button. View the statuses of the available commands (see Status summary table).

### **2. Lighting power**

The UCH manages the supply to the interior lighting, the heating and air conditioning system indicator lights, and the central locking indicator lights.

The UCH manages the supply to the indicators.

The functioning of the lights supplied by the UCH can be checked using the actuator commands **AC022 Left-hand indicator**, **AC023 Right-hand indicator**, and **AC145 Front courtesy lights**.

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Configuration

**Equipment required:**

**CLIP diagnostic tool**

**Configurations of the lighting function in the UCH**

– Configuration available on **diagnostic tool SC008**, with the associated configuration reading:

Configuration	Configuration reading	Name of configuration	Option	Configuration
CF054	LC009	Hazard warning lights illuminated upon impact	WITH or WITHOUT	SC008 UCH type (See 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit)
CF063	LC047	Timed courtesy light	WITH or WITHOUT	
CF072	LC168	Courtesy light timer	AUTHORISE D or PROHIBITED	

Check the configurations in the **Read configurations** menu

## Fault finding – Conformity check

### NOTES

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **Engine stopped, ignition on.**

### SUB-FUNCTION: LIGHTING CONTROL

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action		Display and notes	Fault finding
Lighting control	ET324	Side lights request	"PRESENT" or "ABSENT"	In the event of an <b>inconsistency</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET324</b> .
	ET485	Hazard warning lights signal	"PRESENT" or "ABSENT"	In the event of an <b>inconsistency</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET485</b> .
	ET084	Right-hand indicator request	"PRESENT" or "ABSENT"	In the event of an <b>inconsistency</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET084</b> .
	ET083	Left-hand indicator request	"PRESENT" or "ABSENT"	In the event of an <b>inconsistency</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET083</b> .

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **Engine stopped, ignition on.**

**SUB-FUNCTION: LIGHTING CONTROL (CONTINUED)**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action		Display and notes	Fault finding
Lighting control	AC023	Right-hand indicator	This command is used to activate the right-hand indicators.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC023</b> .
	AC022	Left-hand direction indicator	This command is used to activate the left-hand indicators.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC022</b> .
	AC145	Front courtesy lights	This command is used to illuminate the front courtesy light.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of command <b>AC145</b> .

## Fault finding – Status summary table

Tool status	Diagnostic tool title
ET083	Left-hand indicator request
ET084	Right-hand indicator request
ET324	Side lights request
ET485	Hazard warning lights signal

## Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET083</b>	<u>LEFT-HAND INDICATOR REQUEST</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>PRESENT</b> when the left-hand indicator is switched on.  <b>ABSENT</b> if there is no request for the left-hand indicator.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.  Switch on the ignition.  Activate the left-hand indicator lights control using the lighting stalk.  The status should be <b>PRESENT</b>.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Special note:</b>  Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the indicator lighting stalk connector, component code <b>209</b> and the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>.  If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>MAM</b> of component <b>209</b>.  If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  Deal with any other faults.  Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>ET083 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the operation of the indicator lighting stalk in the left-hand indicator position:  
Check the **continuity** between connections **64T** and **MAM**.

Disconnect the left-hand indicator connector from the UCH.

Check the **insulation, continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **64T** between components **209** and **645**.
- **MAM** between component **209** and **earth**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the earth and the connections are correct, replace the lighting stalk, component code **209** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Controls - Signals, Signals lighting switch: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<b>ET084</b>	<u>RIGHT-HAND INDICATOR REQUEST</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>PRESENT</b> when the right-hand indicator is switched on.  <b>ABSENT</b> if there is no request for the right-hand indicator.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.  Switch on the ignition.  Activate the left-hand indicator lights control using the lighting stalk.  The status should be <b>PRESENT</b>.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Special note:</b>  Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the lighting stalk connector, component code <b>209</b> and the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>.  If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>MAM</b> of component <b>209</b>.  If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the operation of the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b> in the right-hand indicator position:  Check the <b>continuity</b> between connections <b>64S</b> and <b>MAM</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  Deal with any other faults.  Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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## Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET084 CONTINUED</b>	
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Disconnect the right-hand indicator connector from the UCH.

Check the **insulation, continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **64S** between components **209** and **645**.
- **MAM** between component **209** and **earth**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the earth and the connections are correct, replace the lighting stalk, component code **209** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Controls - Signals, Signals lighting switch: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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## Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET324</b>	<u>SIDE LIGHTS REQUEST</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>PRESENT</b> when the side lights are switched on.  <b>ABSENT</b> if there is no request for the side lights.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.          Move the side lights switch.          The status should be <b>PRESENT</b> and the side lights illuminated.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Special note:</b>          Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<p>Check the presence and condition of fuses <b>F18 (10 A)</b> and <b>F19 (10 A)</b> on the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b>, and fuses <b>F1 (60 A)</b> and <b>F2 (60 A)</b> on the engine fuse and relay box, component code <b>597</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the connection and the condition of the connector of the engine fuse and relay box, component code <b>597</b>, the UCH computer, component code <b>645</b>, and the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b>.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connections <b>BP13</b> and <b>BP11</b> of component <b>209</b>.</p> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.          Deal with any other faults.          Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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**ET324  
CONTINUED 1**

Check between the lighting stalk and the engine fuse and relay box:  
Check the continuity and insulation of the following connections:

- **BP11** between components **209** and **597**,
- **BP13** between components **209** and **597**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+12 V** (when side lights are requested) on the following connection:

- **LPG** of component **645** for right-hand drive
- **LPD** of component **645** for left-hand drive

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity and the insulation** of the following connections:

- **LPG** between components **1016** and **645** for right-hand drive
- **LPD** between components **1016** and **645** for left-hand drive
- **L** between components **1016** and **209**

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

### ET324 CONTINUED 2

Check for **+12 V** (when side lights are requested) on the following connection:

- L of component **209**

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the feeds and the connections are correct, replace the lighting stalk, component code **209** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Controls - Signals, Signals lighting switch: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

<b>ET485</b>	<u>HAZARD WARNING LIGHTS SIGNAL</u>
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<b>STATUS DEFINITION</b>	<p><b>PRESENT</b> when the hazard warning lights are switched on.  <b>ABSENT</b> if there is no request for the hazard warning lights.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.          Activate the hazard warning lights switch using the button.          The status should be <b>PRESENT</b>.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Special note:</b>          Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the hazard warning lights switch connector, component code <b>125</b>.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on connection <b>MAN</b> of component <b>125</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the operation of the hazard warning lights control.          Check the <b>continuity</b> between the following connections <b>MAN</b> and <b>64Q</b> of component <b>125</b>:          If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.          Deal with any other faults.          Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<p><b>ET485 CONTINUED</b></p>	
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Check the **insulation, continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **64Q** between components **125** and **645**.
- **MAN** between component **125** and **earth** .

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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## Fault finding – Command summary table

<b>Tool commands</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>	<b>Comments</b>
<b>AC022</b>	Left-hand direction indicator	This command is used to activate the left-hand indicator.
<b>AC023</b>	Right-hand indicator	This command is used to activate the right-hand indicator.
<b>AC145</b>	Front courtesy lights	This command is used to activate the front courtesy lights.

## Fault finding – Interpretation of commands

<b>AC022</b>	<u>LEFT-HAND INDICATOR</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>This command is used to activate the left-hand indicator. There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Switch on the ignition.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the condition of the left-hand indicator light bulb. Replace the bulb if necessary (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 80B, Headlights, Side indicator: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the UCH, component code <b>645</b>, the rear left-hand light, component code <b>173</b>, the left-hand headlight, component code <b>227</b>, and the left-hand repeater, component code <b>268</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MB</b> of component <b>227</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MB</b> of component <b>268</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MG</b> of component <b>173</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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## Fault finding – Interpretation of commands

### AC022 CONTINUED

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **64C** between components **645** and **173**,
- **64C** between components **645** and **227**,
- **64C** between components **645** and **268**,
- **MB** between component **268** and **earth**,
- **MB** between component **227** and **earth**,
- **MG** between component **173** and **earth**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>AC023</b>	<u>RIGHT-HAND INDICATOR</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>This command is used to activate the right-hand indicator. There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Switch on the ignition.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the condition of the right-hand indicator light bulb. Replace the bulb if necessary (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 80B, Headlights, Side indicator: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the connector of the UCH, component code <b>645</b>, the rear right-hand light, component code <b>172</b>, the right-hand headlight, component code <b>226</b>, and the right-hand repeater, component code <b>267</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MA</b> of component <b>226</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MA</b> of component <b>267</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MF</b> of component <b>172</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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## Fault finding – Interpretation of commands

<b>AC023 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check the **continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **64D** between components **645** and **172**,
- **64D** between components **645** and **226**,
- **64D** between components **645** and **267**,
- **MA** between component **267** and **earth**,
- **MA** between component **226** and **earth**,
- **MF** between component **172** and **earth**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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## Fault finding – Interpretation of commands

<b>AC145</b>	<u>FRONT COURTESY LIGHTS</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>This command is used to activate the front courtesy light. There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Switch on the ignition.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Check the correct operation of the courtesy light in the **ON** position and the condition of the front courtesy light bulb, component code **213**. Replace the bulb if necessary (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81B, Interior lighting, Courtesy light: Removal - Refitting**).

Check for **+12 V** on the front courtesy light, component code **213** on the following connection:

- **BPT** of component **213**.

Check the **continuity and insulation** of the following connection:  
**BPT** between components **213** and **645**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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## Fault finding – Interpretation of commands

### AC145 CONTINUED

Check for **earth** on the front courtesy light, component code **213** on the following connection:

- **MAM** of component **213**.

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connection:

**MAM** between component **213** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Put the courtesy light in the **AUTO** position and run command **AC145**.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **13A** or **13E** between components **645** and **213**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a road test, followed by a check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**NOTES**

Only consult these customer complaints after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.

**LIGHTING**

No side lights	→	ALP2
No dipped headlights	→	ALP3
No main beam headlights	→	ALP4
No front fog lights	→	ALP5
No rear fog light	→	ALP6
The glovebox light does not work	→	ALP7
The luggage compartment lights do not work	→	ALP8
The brake lights operate erratically	→	ALP9
The brake lights are still illuminated and the brake light switch is released	→	ALP10
The reversing light operates erratically	→	ALP11
<u>The flashing light of the hazard warning lights control button does not work</u>	→	ALP12
The backlighting of the hazard warning lights control button operates erratically	→	ALP 13
The front fog lights are always illuminated	→	ALP14
The timed courtesy light does not work	→	ALP15



## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>No side lights</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>. If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the condition of the bulbs. Replace the bulbs if they are defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81A, Rear lighting, Rear light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of fuses <b>F18 (10 A)</b> and <b>F19 (10 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>. Replace the fuse if the check is not correct.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the left-hand headlight, component code <b>227</b>, the rear left-hand light, component code <b>173</b>, the right-hand headlight, component code <b>226</b>, the rear right-hand light, component code <b>172</b>, the right-hand number plate light, component code <b>166</b>, the left-hand number plate light, component code <b>167</b>, and the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> (when side lights are requested) on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPD</b> of components <b>226 and 172</b>,</li> <li>• <b>LPG</b> of components <b>227 and 173</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MB</b> of component <b>227</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MG</b> of component <b>173</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MA</b> of component <b>226</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MF</b> of component <b>172</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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**ALP 2  
CONTINUED 1**

**Side lights check:**

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connections:

Front left-hand side light:

- **LPG** between components **227** and **1016**,
- **MB** between component **227** and **earth**,

**Rear left-hand side light:**

- **LPG** between components **173** and **1016**,
- **MG** between component **173** and **earth**,

**Front right-hand side light:**

- **LPD** between components **226** and **1016**,
- **MA** between component **226** and **earth**,

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

**ALP 2  
CONTINUED 2**

**Rear right side light:**

- **LPD** between components **172** and **1016**,
- **MF** between component **172** and **earth**,

**Right-hand number plate light:**

- **LPD** between components **166** and **1016**,
- **MF** between component **166** and **earth**,

**Left-hand number plate light:**

- **LPD** between components **167** and **1016**,
- **MG** between component **167** and **earth**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

<b>ALP 3</b>	<b>No dipped headlights</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>. If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Put the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b> in the dipped headlights position.
<p>Check the presence and condition of the supply fuse of the left-hand headlight, component code <b>227</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F09 (10 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Replace the fuse(s) if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of the supply fuse of the right-hand headlight, component code <b>226</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F10 (10 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Replace the fuse(s) if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
Check the condition of the bulbs. Replace the bulbs if they are defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 80B, Front lighting: List and location of components</b> ).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 3 CONTINUED 1

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the left-hand headlight, component code **227**, the right-hand headlight, component code **226**, and the lighting stalk, component code **209**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** (when the dipped headlights are requested) on the following connections:

- **CPG** of component **227**,
- **CPD** of component **226**.

Check for **earth** on the following connections:

- **MB** of component **227**,
- **MA** of component **226**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 3 CONTINUED 2

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connections:

- **CDO** between components **209** and **1016**.

**Front right-hand dipped beam headlight:**

- **CPG** between components **227** and **1016**,
- **MB** between component **227** and **earth**,

**Front right-hand dipped beam headlight:**

- **CPD** between components **226** and **1016**.
- **MA** between component **226** and **earth**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

With the dipped headlights control activated, check for **+12 V** on connection **CDO** of the lighting stalk, component code **209**.

If not correct, replace the lighting stalk (see **MR451 Mechanical 84A, Control - Signals, - Lighting - signals switch: Removal - Refitting**)

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 4</b>	<b>No main beam headlights</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.          Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>.          If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Special note:</b>          Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<p>Put the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b> in the main beam headlights position.</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of the supply fuse of the left-hand headlight, component code <b>227</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F11 (10 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Replace the fuse(s) if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of the supply fuse of the right-hand headlight, component code <b>226</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F12 (10 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Replace the fuse(s) if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the condition of the bulbs. Replace the bulbs if they are defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 80B, Front lighting: List and location of components</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 4 CONTINUED 1

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the left-hand headlight, component code **227**, the right-hand headlight, component code **226**, and the lighting stalk, component code **209**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **+12 V** (when the dipped headlights are requested) on the following connections:

- **RPG** of component **227**,
- **RPD** of component **226**.

Check for **earth** on the following connections:

- **MB** of component **227**,
- **MA** of component **226**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.



## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 4 CONTINUED 2

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **R** between components **209** and **1016**.

**Front left-hand main beam headlight:**

- **RPG** between components **227** and **1016**,
- **MB** between component **227** and **earth**,

**Front right-hand main beam headlight:**

- **RPD** between components **226** and **1016**.
- **MA** between component **226** and **earth**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

With the main beam headlights control activated, check for **+12 V** on connection **R** of the lighting stalk, component code **209**.

If not correct, replace the lighting stalk (see **MR 451 Mechanical 84A, Control - Signals, - Lighting - signals switch: Removal - Refitting**)

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 5</b>	<b>No front fog lights</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>. If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the condition of the bulbs. Replace the bulbs if they are defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 80B, Front headlight, Front fog light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of the front fog light relay (component code <b>231</b>) and <b>fuse F31 (15 A)</b>. Replace the relay and the fuse if the check is not correct.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the front fog light relay, component code <b>231</b>, the front right-hand fog light, component code <b>176</b>, the front left-hand fog light, component code <b>177</b>, and the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b>, If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> (when the front fog lights are requested) on the following connection: • <b>8FB</b> of components <b>176 and 177</b>,</p> <p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connection: • <b>MB</b> of components <b>176 and 177</b>,</p> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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**ALP 5  
CONTINUED 1**

Front fog lights check:

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connections:

**Right-hand front fog light:**

- **8B** between components **231** and **176**,

**Left-hand front fog light:**

- **8B** between components **231** and **177**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

**ALP 5  
CONTINUED 2**

Check for **+12 V** (when the front fog lights are requested) on the following connections:

- **8A** of component **231**,
- **BP16** of component **231**,

Check for **earth** on the following connection:

- **MB** of component **231**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Front fog lights relay check:

Check the continuity and insulation of the following connections:

- **8A** between components **209** and **231**,
- **BP16** between components **231** and **1016**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+12 V** on the following connections:

- **BP11** of component **209**,
- **BP13** of component **209**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

**ALP 5  
CONTINUED 3**

Check between the lighting stalk and the engine fuse and relay box:  
Check the **insulation and the continuity** of the following connections:

- **BP11** between components **209 and 597**,
- **BP13** between components **209 and 597**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the supplies and the connections are correct, replace the lighting stalk.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

80D

<b>ALP 6</b>	<b>No rear fog light</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.                  There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.                  Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>.                  If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b>                  Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Put the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b> in the rear fog lights position.</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F20 (7.5 A)</b> on the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b>.</p> <p>Replace the fuse(s) if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the condition of the bulb. Replace the bulb if it is defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 80B, Rear lighting: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the rear left-hand light, component code <b>173</b> for a left-hand drive vehicle, the rear right-hand light, component code <b>172</b> for a right-hand drive vehicle, and the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b>.                  If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 6 CONTINUED 1

Check for **+12 V** (when the rear fog lights are requested) on the following connections:

- **9P** of component **172** for a right-hand drive vehicle,
- **9P** of component **173** for a left-hand drive vehicle,

Check for **earth** on the following connection:

- **MF** of component **172** for a right-hand drive vehicle,
- **MG** of component **173** for a left-hand drive vehicle,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connections:

- **9J** between components **209** and **1016**.
- **9P** between components **172** and **1016** (for a right-hand drive vehicle),
- **9P** between components **173** and **1016** (for a left-hand drive vehicle),
- **MF** between components **172** and **earth** (for a right-hand drive vehicle),
- **MG** between components **173** and **earth** (for a left-hand drive vehicle),

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**80D**

**ALP 6  
CONTINUED 2**

With the rear fog lights control activated, check for **+12 V** on connection **9J** of the lighting stalk, component code **209**.

If not correct, replace the lighting stalk (see **MR 451 Mechanical 84A, Control - Signals, - Lighting - signals switch: Removal - Refitting**)

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.



## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 7</b>	<b>The glovebox light does not work</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only address this customer complaint after a <b>complete check</b> with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.  Put the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b> in the side lights position.  There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.  Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>.  If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b>  Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the condition of the passenger glovebox light and the bulb.  Replace the passenger glovebox light and the bulb if necessary (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81B, Interior lighting, Glovebox light: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the passenger glovebox light, component code <b>168</b> and the passenger glovebox switch, component code <b>161</b>.  If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the passenger glovebox light, component code <b>168</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPG</b> of component <b>168</b> (for a right-hand drive vehicle),</li> <li>• <b>LPD</b> of component <b>168</b> (for a left-hand drive vehicle).</li> </ul> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>168</b> (for a right-hand drive vehicle),</li> <li>• <b>LPD</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>168</b> (for a left-hand drive vehicle).</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

80D

<b>ALP 7 CONTINUED</b>	
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Check for **earth** on the passenger glovebox switch, component code **161** on the following connection:

- **MAN** of component **161**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connection:

- **17A** between components **168** and **161**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for correct operation of the passenger glovebox switch, component code **161**.

Check the **continuity** between connections **17A** and **MAN** of the passenger glovebox switch. If not correct, ensure the conformity of the switch.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 8</b>	<b>The luggage compartment light does not work</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

**For mid-range and high-end versions (SOP02 and SOP03)**

Close the rear doors of the vehicle and open the tailgate and check that <b>ET 551</b> is <b>OPEN</b> . If not, deal with <b>ET 551</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).
Check that the left-hand luggage compartment light, component code <b>165</b> is illuminated. If not, check the condition of the left-hand luggage compartment bulb, component code <b>165</b> . Replace the left-hand luggage compartment bulb if necessary (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81B, Interior lighting, Luggage compartment light: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
Run command <b>AC145</b> to illuminate the bulb. If not correct, check the condition and connection of the connectors of the UCH, component code <b>645</b> and the luggage compartment light, component code <b>165</b> . If the connector(s) are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see Technical Note <b>6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 8 CONTINUED 1

Check for **+12 V** on the luggage compartment light, component code **165** on the following connection:

- **BPT** of component 165.

Check the continuity and insulation of the following connection:

- **BPT** between components **645** and **165**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **13E** between components **645** and **165**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

80D

**ALP 8  
CONTINUED 2**

**For the entry-level version (SOP01)**

Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the luggage compartment light, component code **165**:

- **F28 (15 A)** on component **1016**,

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check that the left-hand luggage compartment light, component code **165** is illuminated.  
If not, check the condition of the left-hand luggage compartment bulb, component code **165**. Replace the left-hand luggage compartment bulb if necessary (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81B, Interior lighting, Luggage compartment light: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the luggage compartment light, component code **165** and the tailgate lock, component code **1322**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for +12 V on the luggage compartment light, component code **165** on the following connection:

- **BC** of component **165**.

Check the **continuity and insulation** of the following connection:

**BC** between components **1016** and **165**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

### ALP 8 CONTINUED 3

Check for **earth** on the tailgate lock, component code **1322** on the following connection:

- **MG** of component **1322**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity and insulation** of the following connection:

- **18A** between components **165** and **1322**

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for correct operation of the tailgate lock switch, component code **1322**.

Check the **continuity** between connections **18A** and **MG** of the tailgate lock switch. If not correct, ensure the conformity of the switch.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 9</b>	<b>The brake lights operate erratically</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the condition of the bulbs. Replace the bulbs if they are defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81A, Rear lighting, Rear light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F03 (10 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b> . Replace the fuse if the check is not correct.
Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the brake lights switch, component code <b>160</b> , the high-level brake light, component code <b>639</b> , the rear right-hand light, component code <b>172</b> , and the rear left-hand light, component code <b>173</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check for <b>+12 V after ignition feed</b> on the brake lights switch, component code <b>160</b> on the following connection: • <b>AP1</b> of component <b>160</b> . Check <b>the continuity and insulation</b> of the following connection: • <b>AP1</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>160</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Check for <b>+12 V after ignition feed</b> (when the brake lights are requested by the brake pedal) on the following connection: • <b>65A</b> of component <b>172, 173 and 639</b> , Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connections: • <b>MF</b> of component <b>172</b> , • <b>MG</b> of component <b>173 and 639</b> . If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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### ALP 9 CONTINUED

Check the **continuity and insulation** of the following connection:

- **65A** between components **160** and **639, 172, 173**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for correct operation of the brake lights switch, component code **160**.

When the brake lights are requested by the brake pedal, check the **continuity** between connections **AP1** and **65A** of the brake lights switch. If it is not correct, ensure the conformity of the switch.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.



<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>The brake lights are still illuminated and the brake light switch is released</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the brake lights switch, component code <b>160</b>, the high-level brake light, component code <b>639</b>, the rear right-hand light, component code <b>172</b>, and the rear left-hand light, component code <b>173</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation to +12 V feed</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>65A</b> of component <b>172, 173 and 639</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

80D

<b>ALP 11</b>	<b>The reversing light operates erratically</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the condition of the bulb. Replace the bulb if it is defective (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81A, Rear lighting, Rear light bulb: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F27 (20 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b> . Replace the fuse if the check is not correct.
Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the reversing lights switch, component code <b>155 (BVM5)</b> or <b>1109 (BVM6)</b> and the rear right-hand light, component code <b>172</b> for left-hand drive or the rear left-hand light, component code <b>173</b> for right-hand drive. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check for <b>+12 V after ignition feed</b> on the reversing lights switch, component code <b>155</b> or <b>1109 (depending on equipment)</b> on the following connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP9</b> of component <b>155</b> or <b>1109</b>.</li> </ul> Check <b>the continuity and insulation</b> of the following connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP9</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>155</b> or <b>1109</b>.</li> </ul> If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
---------------------	-----------------------------

### ALP 11 CONTINUED

Check for **+12 V after ignition feed** (when the reversing lights are requested) on the following connection:

- **H66P** of component **172** for left-hand drive,
- **H66P** of component **173** for right-hand drive.

Check for earth on the following connections:

- **MF** of component **172** for left-hand drive,
- **MG** of component **173** for right-hand drive.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity and insulation** of the following connection:

**H66P** between components **155** or **1109** and **172** or **173**,

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for correct operation of the reversing lights switch, component code **155 (BVM5)** or **1109 (BVM6)**.

When the reversing lights are requested, check the **continuity** between connections **H66P** and **MG** or **MF** of the reversing lights switch. If not correct, ensure the conformity of the switch.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Check the system operation.

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

80D

<b>ALP 12</b>	<u><b>The flashing light of the hazard warning lights control button does not work</b></u>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.          Press the hazard warning lights control.          Check if status <b>ET485 Hazard warning lights signal</b> is <b>PRESENT</b> and the hazard warning lights are illuminated,          If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b>          Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the hazard warning lights control, component code <b>125</b> and the UCH, component code <b>645</b>.          If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for earth on the following connection:          • <b>MAN</b> of component <b>125</b>.</p> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
---------------------	-----------------------------

**ALP 12  
CONTINUED**

Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

- **64D** between components **125** and **645**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

<b>ALP 13</b>	<b>The backlighting of the hazard warning lights control button operates erratically</b>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b> There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b> and <b>ET485 Hazard warning lights signal</b>. If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Put the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b> in the side lights position.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the hazard warning lights control connector, component code <b>125</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> (when side lights are requested) on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPG</b> of component <b>125</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MAN</b> of component <b>125</b>,</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
---------------------	-----------------------------

# LIGHTING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

80D

**ALP 13  
CONTINUED**

Check **the continuity** of the following connection:

- **LPD** between components **125** and **1016** (for a left-hand drive vehicle),
- **LPG** between components **125** and **1016** (for a right-hand drive vehicle),

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check the system operation.

<b>ALP 14</b>	<b>The front fog lights are always illuminated</b>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b> There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b></p>

<p>Check the condition of the front fog lights relay, component code <b>231</b>. Replace the relay if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the front fog lights relay, component code <b>231</b> and the lighting stalk, component code <b>209</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation to +12 V</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>8A</b> between components <b>209</b> and <b>231</b>,</li> <li>• <b>8B</b> between components <b>231</b> and <b>176</b> for the front right-hand fog light; <b>177</b> for the front left-hand fog light.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
---------------------	-----------------------------



## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 15</b>	<b>The timed courtesy light does not work</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b> There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b></p>

<p>Check by reading configuration <b>LC047 timed courtesy light</b> that the configuration corresponds to the vehicle equipment. Carry out the configuration using command <b>SC008 UCH type</b> if necessary.</p>
<p>Put the courtesy light in the <b>AUTO</b> position and run command <b>AC145</b>. If the courtesy light does not illuminate, refer to the interpretation of this command.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 82D ACCESS – SAFETY

UCH  
Vdiag No.: 09

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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## 1. APPLICABILITY OF THE DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle: **DUSTER**

Function concerned: **ACCESS/SAFETY**

Computer name: **UCH**

Vdiag No.: **09**

## 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this manual):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**),
- Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

### Type of diagnostic tools

- **CLIP**

### Special tooling required

Special tooling required	
Diagnostic tool	
	Multimeter
<b>Elé. 1622</b>	Bornier
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier

If the information obtained by the diagnostic tool requires checking electrical continuity, connect bornier **Elé. 1622** or universal bornier **Elé. 1681**.

### WARNING:

- All tests with bornier **Elé. 1622** or **Elé. 1681** must be conducted with the battery disconnected.
- The bornier is only designed to be used with a multimeter. Never supply the test points with **12 V**.

## 3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The safety instructions must be followed at all times when working on components, to avoid damage or injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

**Procedure for disconnecting the battery:**

- switch off the ignition,
- switch off all electrical consumers,
- Wait at least **1 minute** for the electronic systems to switch off,
- disconnect the battery, starting with the negative terminal.

## Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context).

The **present** or **stored** status of faults should be taken into consideration when the **diagnostic tool** is used after the + after ignition feed (without activating the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the Interpretation of faults section.  
For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the Notes section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical connections that correspond to the fault,
- the connectors for this connection,
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires.

**Refer to paragraphs 4.1 Checking wiring and 4.2 Checking connectors**

## Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data which does not produce a fault on **the diagnostic tool** when the data is inconsistent. Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repair.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them.

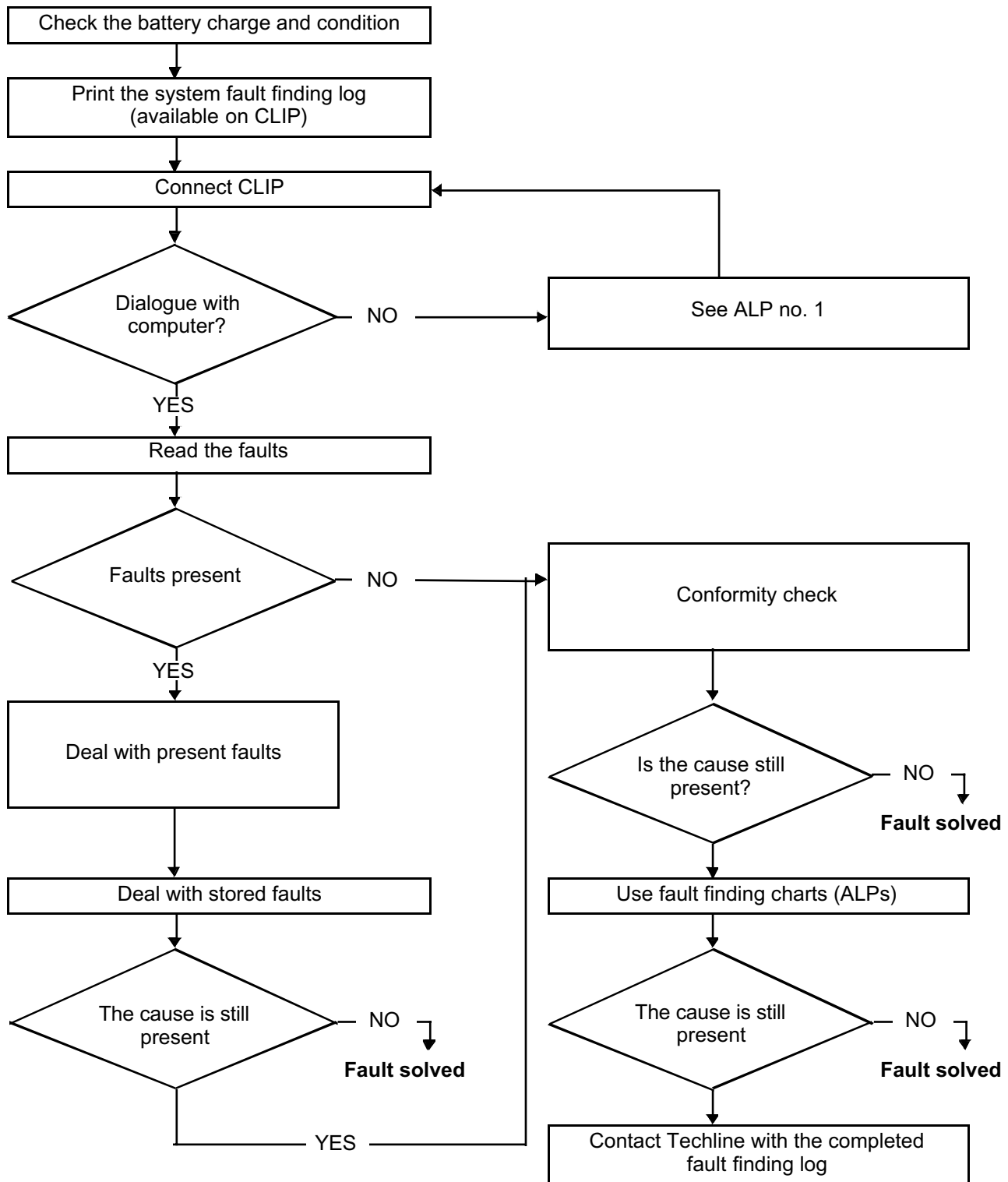
If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside permitted tolerance values, you should consult the corresponding fault finding page.

## Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with **the diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be dealt with by **customer complaints**.

**A summary of the overall procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**

**4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE**



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## **FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)**

### **4.1 Wiring check**

#### **Fault finding problems**

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily clear the cause of a fault.

#### **Visual inspection**

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment.

Carefully check the protectors, insulation, and routing of the wiring, as well as the mountings.

#### **Physical inspection**

When manipulating the wiring, either use the **diagnostic tool** to detect a change in status, from "stored" to "present", or the multimeter to view the status changes.

Make sure that the connectors are firmly secured.

Apply light pressure to the connectors.

Twist the wiring harness.

#### **Checking earth insulation**

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the **12 V** or **5 V**. The correct measured value is **0 V**.

#### **Checking insulation against + 12 V or + 5 V**

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the earth. In the first instance, the earth may be taken on the chassis. The correct measured value should be **0 V**

#### **Continuity check**

A continuity check is carried out by measuring the resistance (multimeter in ohmmeter mode), with the connectors disconnected at both ends. The expected result is **1 Ω ± 1 Ω** for each connection. The line must be fully checked, and the intermediate connections are only included in the method if this saves time during the fault finding procedure. The continuity check on the multiplex lines must be carried out on both wires. The measured value should be **1 Ω ± 1 Ω**.

#### **Checking the supply**

This check may be carried out using a test light (**21 W** or **5 W** depending on the maximum authorised load).

## 4.2 Connector check

Note:  
Carry out each requested check visually.  
Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

Note:  
Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

Note:  
The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:  
– Connector/Connector.  
– Connector/Device.

### **Visual inspection of the connection:**

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

### **Visual inspection of the area around the connection:**

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.) if the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

### **Visual inspection of the plastic casing:**

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, cracked, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, openings, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

### **• Visual inspection of the metal contacts:**

*(The female contact is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).*

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The contact comes out of the connector when the wire is pulled gently.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.

• **Visual inspection of the sealing:**

*(Only for watertight connectors)*

Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).

- Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For unit *joints* (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For *gel* seals, check for gel in all of the openings without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, consult **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring.**

**FAULT FINDING LOG**



**IMPORTANT!**

**IMPORTANT**

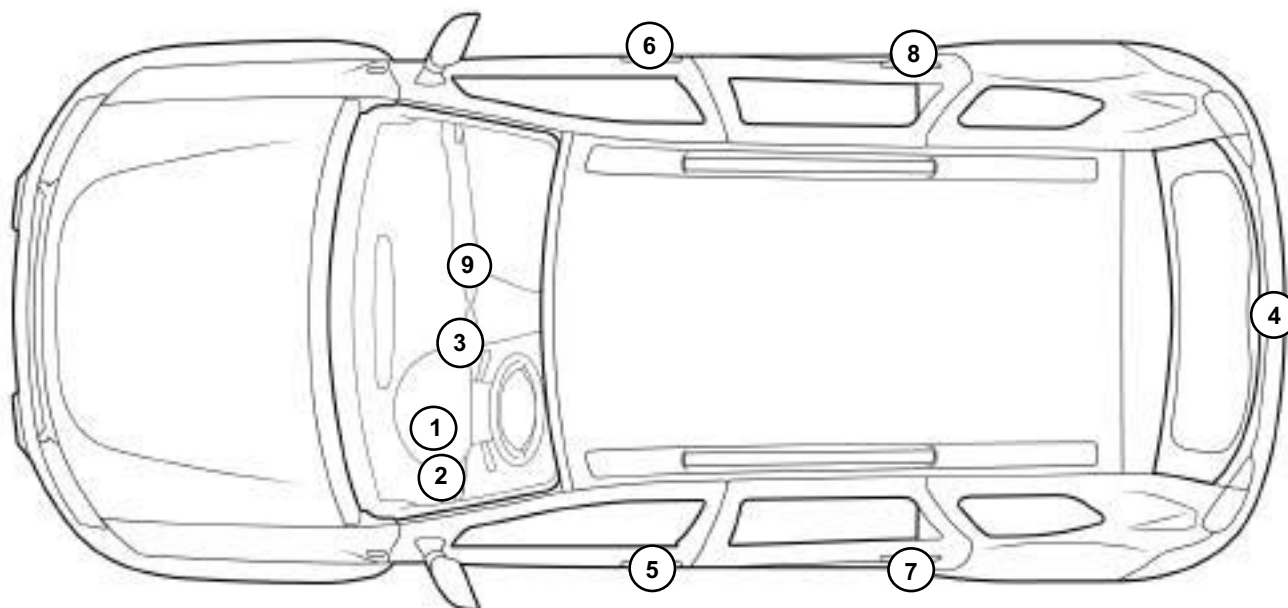
Any fault on a complex system requires thorough fault finding with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE ESSENTIAL THAT THE FAULT FINDING LOG IS FILLED OUT EVERY TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT.**

You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from the Techline,
- when requesting approval before replacing parts for which approval is compulsory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.





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- |   |                                |   |                                     |
|---|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | UCH                            | 6 | Passenger lock                      |
| 2 | Passenger compartment fuse box | 7 | Rear left-hand lock                 |
| 3 | Transponder ring               | 8 | Rear right-hand lock                |
| 4 | Tailgate or boot lid lock      | 9 | CPE* button                         |
| 5 | Driver's lock                  |   | CPE*: electric central door locking |

**Electric central door locking:**

The doors can be centrally locked and unlocked using the CPE\* button.

**Tailgate lock:**

The tailgate locking and unlocking function is controlled by the UCH.

**Front driver and passenger locks:**

The front driver and passenger door locking and unlocking command is provided by the UCH.

**Transponder and radiofrequency key:**

- the **transponder** in the key enables the following signals to be sent to the UCH:
- Key identifier signal.
- Immobiliser code signal.

The transponder is also involved in the Immobiliser function.

**The radiofrequency** key is used to transmit the key identifier information after pressing the button once. A radiofrequency wave is sent to the UCH to carry out the user's request if the key is allocated to the vehicle (locking or unlocking the doors and the tailgate).

**Injection**

When the authentication messages with the UCH have been exchanged, the injection can be unlocked and authorise the starting of the engine.

The injection system is unlocked and engine starting is authorised as soon as the UCH has authenticated the injection computer.

CPE\*: electric central door locking.

### Engine immobiliser

The immobiliser function is divided between three coded computers (the UCH, the injection computer and the key). Communication between the key and the UCH is ensured by the transponder ring through a magnetic field created between the transponder ring and the key.

When the + After ignition is switched on, the key sends its identifier to the UCH via the transponder ring, located on the ignition switch. The UCH runs through an authentication procedure with the key via the transponder ring. If the key is allocated to the vehicle, then operation of the starter motor is authorised and the injection system is unlocked.

The injection computer has no reference code in its memory: the code which is transmitted is stored.

If the code supplied by the key is not recognised by the UCH, then the system remains locked. The red engine immobiliser warning light flashes (quickly). The vehicle cannot be started.

**IMPORTANT**

When the vehicle battery has a low charge, the drop in voltage caused by operating the starter could reactivate the immobiliser. If the voltage is too low, the engine cannot be started, even by pushing the vehicle.

### Recognition of keys in normal operation

	<b>IMMOBILISER WARNING LIGHT</b>
Vehicle protected (without After Ignition)	Indicator light flashes at <b>1 Hz</b>
Key recognised, injection protection lifted	Warning light continuously illuminated for <b>3 seconds</b> and then goes out
Key not recognised, injection protected	Warning light flashes at <b>4 Hz</b>

## Locking / Unlocking

This system can function with up to four remote control units (the UCH can only manage four different codes).

The radio frequency signal receiver is integrated in the UCH.

The central door locking button is inhibited once the doors have been locked by the remote control.

Locking and unlocking the doors with the remote control is confirmed by the hazard warning lights flashing (if all the doors are closed properly):

- locking: 2 flashes,
- unlocking: 1 flash.

Depending on the equipment level, the system automatically locks the vehicle opening elements (without the hazard warning lights flashing) if the doors are not opened for **30 seconds** after they have been unlocked.

The UCH controls the vehicle interior lighting. If a courtesy light is left on, the UCH will cut the lighting supply after a period of approximately **30 minutes**.

**Note:**

Unlocking can be performed by the UCH, if the airbag computer has detected an impact or if it is faulty (see **88C, Airbag - Seat belt pretensioners**).

The "top of the range" version gradually dims the interior lights after one of the vehicle doors has been opened. After the doors have been closed using the radiofrequency remote control, the interior lights are switched off immediately.

Replacement keys are assigned to the vehicle VIN when they are ordered from the spare parts department. It is possible in the event of a key being stolen or lost or at the customer's request, for a vehicle key to be de-allocated.

It can be reassigned to the same vehicle if necessary.

## Starting

The UCH controls the command and supply part of the start-up function and the starting and charging process is controlled by the UCH. For this function to operate normally, the protection function must have been successfully completed.

### **IMPORTANT:**

When the vehicle battery has a low charge, the drop in voltage caused by operating the starter could reactivate the immobiliser. If the voltage is too low, the engine cannot be started, even by pushing the vehicle.

### **Note:**

If several, i.e. three or four, attempts have been made using a key not allocated to the vehicle, the injection computer locks. Insert a key allocated to the vehicle for **20 seconds** in **+ after ignition feed**, then switch off the ignition and wait for the end of power-latch (**20 minutes**) to allow the injection computer to unlock.

\* Powerlatch: Injection computer power supply duration after + 12V after ignition cut-off to the ignition switch.

**CONFIGURATION**

New parts are not coded. Once fitted on the vehicle, they must be programmed with a code to become operational.

To perform this procedure, it is essential that some parts on the vehicle are already correctly coded (with the vehicle code).

Refer to the allocation table.

**ALLOCATION TABLE**

AFTER-SALES OPERATION	STATE OF COMPONENTS			REPAIR CODE NEEDED
	UCH	Key	Injection computer	
Programming the Passenger Compartment Central Unit (UCH)	Blank	Coded	Coded	YES
Key allocation or cancellation	Coded	Blank*	-	YES
Programming the injection computer	Coded	Coded	Blank	NO

Blank\*: The key allocated to a vehicle must be blank or already programmed to this vehicle.

A new UCH is not coded. You must therefore program a code into a new UCH fitted to a vehicle to make the UCH operational.

To perform this procedure, at least one of the vehicle's old keys and the repair code are required and the injection computer must be correctly coded (refer to the allocation table).

**IMPORTANT:**

If a code is programmed into the UCH, the UCH is allocated to the vehicle. It is impossible to erase the code or program in another one. The programmed code cannot be erased.

**WARNING:**

The keys submitted during this procedure will only work if:  
they have already been coded on this vehicle,  
or they are new (not coded).

**Note:**

If only the UCH is replaced, there is no operation to perform on the injection computer, as it retains the same immobiliser code.

<b>Equipment required:</b>
<b>CLIP diagnostic tool</b>

**Access and Safety function configurations in the UCH**

Configuration readings available using the **diagnostic tool**:

Configuration reading	Name of configuration	Option	Configuration
<b>LC012</b>	Automatic relocking	<b>WITH OR WITHOUT</b>	<b>SC008 UCH type</b>
<b>LC097</b>	Type of key	<b>ONE BUTTON or TWO BUTTONS</b>	
<b>LC113</b>	Airbag	<b>WITH OR WITHOUT</b>	
<b>LC149</b>	Key locking	<b>WITH OR WITHOUT</b>	
<b>LC165</b>	Seat belt not fastened sensor	<b>ACTIVE or INACTIVE</b>	
<b>LC169</b>	Vehicle locked by RAID* function	<b>YES or NO</b>	
<b>LC170</b>	RAID* function authorisation by diag tool	<b>WITH OR WITHOUT</b>	
<b>LC171</b>	Radiofrequency function	<b>WITH OR WITHOUT</b>	
<b>LC172</b>	Type of central door locking button (CPE)*	<b>1 POSITION or 2 POSITIONS</b>	

\* RAID: Renault Anti-Intruder Device.

\* CPE: Electric central door locking.

- Check the configurations in the **Read configurations** menu

## UCH PROGRAMMING PROCEDURE

The UCH programming procedure is carried out using the **diagnostic tool**.

- Establish dialogue with the UCH computer.
- In the menu **Special commands**, select the command **SC004 Program UCH**.

The tool displays **Remove the key from the anti-theft switch**,

The tool displays **Please enter the After-Sales code**. With the ignition off, enter the secret After-Sales code and validate.

If the code format is correct, the tool displays **Insert a key which has already been programmed to the vehicle** and the programming procedure starts.

The tool displays **UCH programming completed, please start key programming procedure**, the UCH is coded.

Enter key programming mode to allocate the other keys (maximum of three keys). Several seconds may elapse before this message appears.

### **IMPORTANT:**

The maximum delay between each operation is **5 minutes**, otherwise the procedure is cancelled.  
Once the UCH is coded, it is impossible to clear or program it with a new code.

## SPECIAL CASES

**If the screen displays:**

- **The After-Sales code entered does not correspond with the key inserted. Check that you have entered the code correctly and you have inserted a key belonging to the vehicle:**
  - The code read is incorrect or the UCH has already been coded on another vehicle.
- **The UCH is not blank. Please start the key programming procedure:** the UCH is already coded on this vehicle.
- **Check the After-Sales code:** the code entered is incorrect. Check, then try entering the data again,
- **UCH programming failure, key cannot be used on this vehicle:** the key code does not correspond to the code entered (the key belongs to a vehicle from a different range).
- **The key inserted is blank. Please present another key which has already been programmed to this vehicle:** the key is blank, present a key which has already been coded on this vehicle.



## KEY ALLOCATION PROCEDURE

**WARNING:**

If none of the keys are available, it will be necessary to carry out a reallocation procedure for all keys.

Establish dialogue with the UCH computer.

In the menu **Special commands**, validate the command **SC015 Key allocation**.

Key programming is split into 2 parts:

1. Key insertion stage.
2. Key allocation.

**IMPORTANT:**

Keys which are not presented will no longer be active and will not be able to be used in the key allocation stage. Restart the procedure to reallocate them.

Switch off the ignition and click on Next.

Ensure that you have all the vehicle's keys. Keys not inserted during this procedure will not work.

**IMPORTANT:**

Only 2 blank keys are authorised via the key allocation procedure.

Switch on the ignition and insert the key to be allocated.

Switch off the ignition.

The tool asks "**Register another key?**".

To allocate additional keys, switch on the ignition for several seconds with the other vehicle keys to be allocated (three maximum) and then validate.

After each additional key allocation, switch off the ignition.

The tool displays "**Vehicle VIN**".

Enter the vehicle VIN.

Enter the programming key below into Code Management with the vehicle VIN.

**IMPORTANT:**

You now have **60 minutes** to enter the code provided.  
**DO NOT DISCONNECT THE DIAGNOSTIC TOOL**

Enter the immobiliser code found in Code Management.

The tool displays **Command in progress**.

Insert the key to be allocated. It is important not to leave the previously allocated key in the ignition switch. Switch on the ignition and then validate.

The tool displays **Allocation in progress. Do not remove the key**.

Switch off the ignition after allocation has finished.

Insert the next key to be allocated.

It is important not to leave the previously allocated key in the ignition switch. Switch on the ignition and then validate.

The tool displays **Allocation in progress. Do not remove the key**.

Switch off the ignition after allocation has finished.

The tool displays **End of programming procedure**.

# ACCESS – SAFETY

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

82D

Tool fault	Diagnostic tool title
DF180	Decoder -> ring connection
DF272	Coded line circuit
DF274	Electric central locking button

<p><b>DF180 PRESENT OR STORED</b></p>	<p><u>DECODER -&gt; RING CONNECTION</u> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V</p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b></p>
<p><b>CC.0</b></p>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the transponder ring connector, component code <b>957</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the connection and condition of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity and insulation against earth</b> of the following connections: – <b>80X</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>957</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>

UCH\_V09\_DF180

<b>DF180 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>CC.1</b>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the transponder ring connector, component code <b>957</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the connection and condition of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation to + 12 V</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>80X</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>957</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF272 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>CODED LINE CIRCUIT</u> CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b></p>
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<p>Check the connection and condition of the injection computer connector, component code <b>120</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the connection and condition of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b> of the following connection: • <b>H17</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>120</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF274 STORED</b>	<p><b><u>ELECTRIC DOOR LOCKING BUTTON</u></b></p> <p>1.DEF: (-) button jammed 2.DEF: (+) button jammed</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	The fault is declared <b>stored</b> after activation of the door locking button.
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b> and check the central door locking control connector, component code <b>123</b> or the driver's door electric lock connector, component code <b>140</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation</b> and <b>continuity</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>20B</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>123</b> or <b>140</b> without TRF,</li> <li>• <b>20A</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>123</b> or <b>140</b> without TRF,</li> <li>• <b>MAN</b> of component <b>123</b>.</li> <li>• <b>MAM</b> of component <b>140</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_DF274M

**NOTES**

Only check conformity after a complete check with **the diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application condition: **engine off, ignition on**.

**SUB-FUNCTION: STARTING**

Function	Parameter or Status Checked or Action		Display and notes	Fault finding
Supply	ET004:	+ 12 V after ignition feed	YES	In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of status ET004 (see 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit).
Engine immobiliser	ET184:	Valid key code	YES when the ignition is switched on	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status ET184.
	ET185:	Key code received	YES when the ignition is switched on	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status ET185.
	ET549:	Immobiliser active	NO	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status ET549.
	ET127:	Immobiliser warning light	OFF	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status ET127 (see 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit).
Key	PR056:	Number of keys allocated	2 keys on leaving the factory and programming of up to 4 keys in After-Sales	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of parameter PR056.
Engine immobiliser	AC003:	Immobiliser warning light	This command is used to illuminate the immobiliser warning light	In the event of a fault, apply the procedure for command AC003 (see 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit).



# ACCESS – SAFETY

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 82D

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only perform this conformity check after a complete check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide. Test conditions: <b>Engine stopped, ignition on.</b></p>
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### SUB-FUNCTION: ACCESS

Function	Parameter or Status Checked or Action		Display and notes	Fault finding
Supply	ET004:	+ 12 V after ignition feed	YES	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , consult the interpretation of status <b>ET004</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).
Speed	PR008:	Vehicle speed	X in mph (km/h)	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , run a test on the computer which gives the vehicle speed signal (see <b>83A Instrument panel</b> ).
Opening elements	ET489:	Front doors	<b>OPEN</b> when opening a front door. <b>CLOSED</b> if the doors are closed.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET489</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).
	ET551:	Rear doors or luggage compartment	<b>OPEN</b> when opening a rear door or the luggage compartment lid. <b>CLOSED</b> if the doors are closed.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET551</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).
Unlocking command	AC005:	Opening element unlocking	This command is used to test whether the 4 doors and the tailgate unlocking function is operating correctly	In the event of a fault, refer to the procedure for command <b>AC005</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).
Central door locking	AC136:	Central door locking buzzer	This command is used to test the UCH buzzer	If the fault is still present, contact Techline.
Locking command	AC004:	Central door locking	This command is used to test whether central door locking is working	In the event of a fault, refer to the procedure for command <b>AC004</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b> ).

## STATUS TEST

It is possible to determine the fault on a vehicle by means of the various pieces of information provided by checking the statuses.

**ET004: + 12 V** after ignition

**ET185:** Key code received

**ET184:** Key code valid

**ET549:** Immobiliser active

If **ET004** status **YES**  
**ET185** status **YES**  
**ET184** status **YES**  
**ET549** status **NO**

Check the injection system using the diagnostic tool and make sure that the injection computer is not locked. Check the dialogue between the UCH and the injection computer

If **ET004** status **YES**  
**ET185** status **YES**  
**ET184** status **NO**  
**ET549** status **YES**

The coded key does not belong to the vehicle. If the key does belong to the vehicle, reallocate the keys. If the key still does not work, replace the key.

If **ET004** status **YES**  
**ET185** status **NO**  
**ET184** status **NO**  
**ET549** status **YES**

The key is out of order or does not correspond with the type of vehicle.

# ACCESS – SAFETY

## Fault finding – Status summary table

82D

Tool status	Diagnostic tool title
ET184	Valid key code
ET185	Key code received
ET549	Immobiliser active

### **AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

<b>ET184</b>	<u>KEY CODE VALID</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	The status is <b>YES</b> when the ignition is switched on (+ after ignition feed) using a key for the vehicle. If the state remains <b>NO</b> , try another key assigned to the vehicle before performing any operation.
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**ET184: NO despite the ignition being switched on, a key that belongs to the vehicle and the key code received (ET185 YES).**

Check that status **ET004 + 12 V After ignition feed** is **YES** with the ignition on.

Re-allocate the keys with the After-Sales code using the scenario **SC015 Key allocation**.  
If the fault persists, replace the faulty vehicle key.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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UCH\_V09\_ET184

<b>ET185</b>	<u>KEY CODE RECEIVED</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Check that no fault is <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b>. The status is <b>YES</b> when the ignition is switched on (+ after ignition feed) with a valid key. If the state remains <b>NO</b>, try another key assigned to the vehicle before performing any operation.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

**ET185: NO with ignition on and a key that belongs to the vehicle.**

<p>Check that status <b>ET004 + 12 V After ignition feed</b> is <b>YES</b> with the ignition on.</p>
<p>Remove any metal objects from the key-ring and try again.</p>
<p>Switch on the ignition with the key from another vehicle, changing the key inserts:</p> <p>If status <b>KEY CODE RECEIVED</b> changes to <b>YES</b>, replace the vehicle key.</p> <p>If status <b>KEY CODE RECEIVED</b> remains <b>NO</b>:</p> <p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the transponder ring, component code <b>957</b> and of the UCH, component code <b>645</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP10</b> between components <b>957</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>NC</b> between components <b>957</b> and <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the problem persists, replace the transponder ring.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_ET185

<b>ET549</b>	<u>ENGINE IMMOBILISER ACTIVE</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>The immobiliser active status should change to <b>inactive</b> when the + after ignition is switched on.</p> <p>The immobiliser status should be <b>active</b> when the key is absent from the ignition switch.</p>
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**ET549: YES** despite the presence of a key in the ignition switch and + after ignition feed

<p>Check that there is no fault before dealing with this status.</p> <p>Check that status <b>ET004 + 12 V After ignition feed</b> is <b>YES</b> with the ignition on. Deal with status <b>ET004</b> if it is <b>NO</b> with the ignition on.</p> <p>Check status <b>ET185 Key code received</b> and status <b>ET184 Key code valid</b> with the ignition on. If statuses <b>ET185</b> and <b>ET184</b> are <b>YES</b>, perform fault finding on the injection computer. If status <b>ET185</b> is <b>NO</b>, deal with this status first. If status <b>ET185</b> is <b>YES</b> and status <b>ET184</b> is <b>NO</b>, deal with status <b>ET184</b> first.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p> <p>Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_ET549

# ACCESS – SAFETY

## Fault finding – Parameter summary table

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Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title
PR056	Number of keys allocated

<b>PR056</b>	<u>NUMBER OF KEYS ALLOCATED</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Check that no fault is <b>present</b> .
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<p>This parameter indicates the number of keys allocated to the vehicle. The maximum number of allocated keys is 4.</p>
<p>In the event of a fault, perform fault finding on the UCH (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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UCH\_V09\_PR056



# ACCESS – SAFETY

## Fault finding – Command summary table

Tool command	Diagnostic tool title
AC004	Central door locking
AC005	Central door unlocking
SC003	Spare
SC015	Key allocation

<b>AC004</b>	<u>OPENING ELEMENT LOCKING</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. This command is for testing locking relay operation. This command lasts for <b>2 seconds</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the condition and the connection of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b>).</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the following faulty lock(s): the rear right-hand door electric lock, component code <b>138</b>, the rear left-hand door electric lock, component code <b>139</b>, the driver's door electric lock, component code <b>140</b>, the passenger door electric lock, component code <b>141</b>, the boot lid electric lock, component code <b>142</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>20C</b> between components <b>138</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20C</b> between components <b>139</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20C</b> between components <b>140</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20C</b> between components <b>141</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20C</b> between components <b>142</b> and <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p> <p>Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_AC004

<b>AC005</b>	<u>OPENING ELEMENT UNLOCKING</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. This command is for testing locking relay operation. This command lasts for <b>2 seconds</b> .
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the condition and the connection of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b>).</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the following faulty lock(s): the rear right-hand door electric lock, component code <b>138</b>, the rear left-hand door electric lock, component code <b>139</b>, the driver's door electric lock, component code <b>140</b>, the passenger door electric lock, component code <b>141</b>, the boot lid electric lock, component code <b>142</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>20D</b> between components <b>138</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20D</b> between components <b>139</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20D</b> between components <b>140</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20D</b> between components <b>141</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>20D</b> between components <b>142</b> and <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_AC005

<b>SC003</b>	<u>SPARE</u>
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<b>Equipment required</b>
<b>CLIP</b>

This command is used to recover a code which will allow the Techline to supply the After-Sales code.

**Recovery procedure for Reserve code:**

- Establish dialogue with the UCH.
- Select the menu **Repair mode**.
- Select the menu **Programming**.
- Select the line **SC003 Spare**.

Follow the instructions on the **Clip diagnostic tool**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_SC003

<b>SC015</b>	<u>ALLOCATE KEY</u>
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<b>Equipment required</b>
<b>CLIP</b>

This key allocation operation enables you to assign keys to the vehicle.

To add one or more keys, replace one or more keys, de-allocate one or more keys (in the event of theft for example).

**IMPORTANT**

It is not possible to allocate more than two blank keys per operation.  
If more than two keys must be allocated: program 2 blank keys then repeat the procedure with all the keys.

Before starting this operation, check that there are no components likely to interfere with the electromagnetic field (for example: CB (Citizen Band), mobile phones, etc.).

**WARNING**

If not all of the keys are available, all the keys will have to be reallocated. Keys not inserted will no longer be allocated to this vehicle.

**WARNING**

The only keys which can be submitted are those ordered for the vehicle concerned, or the vehicle's old keys.

**IMPORTANT**

Do not interrupt the procedure when it is in progress.  
If it is interrupted, restart the procedure in "not connected mode"; a new programming key will be displayed.

The UCH must **not be blank** in order to be able to program keys.

With this system it is not possible to replace some components, such as the UCH and the key as these parts are sold blank and uncoded.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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UCH\_V09\_SC015

**SC015  
CONTINUED**

**IMPORTANT**

When the programming operation is complete, only remove the key once the **Remove key** message is displayed on the screen. Otherwise the programming operation fails and the key will be unusable.

**WARNING**

When the tool issues the programming key, the user has a limited time in which to enter the immobiliser code. If the time has elapsed, the CLIP tool displays the message: **Time elapsed. Restart the procedure.**

**Key allocation procedure**

- Establish dialogue with the UCH.
- Select the menu **Repair mode**.
- Select the menu **Programming**.
- Select line **SC015 Allocate key**.

The procedure for allocating keys is divided in two parts:

1. Key insertion stage.
2. Key allocation stage.

**1- Key insertion stage**

Clip requires that the keys to be allocated are inserted.

Insert ALL the keys to be allocated (old and new blank keys). Any keys not inserted at this stage will be rejected at the **Key allocation** stage and the operation will have to be restarted from the beginning.

Once all the keys are inserted, the **Clip diagnostic tool** displays the programming key in "not connected" mode.

To obtain the immobiliser code, (see **Technical Note 5037A, Code delivery procedure**).

**IMPORTANT**

In "not connected" mode, the programming key can only be used for a limited amount of time, as indicated by the **CLIP diagnostic tool**. After this time, the programming key and associated immobiliser code are no longer valid. The operation must be restarted from the beginning.

**2- Key allocation stage:**

Continue the procedure following the instructions on the **Clip diagnostic tool**.

Once the keys have been allocated, make sure that all the keys can lock and start the vehicle.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

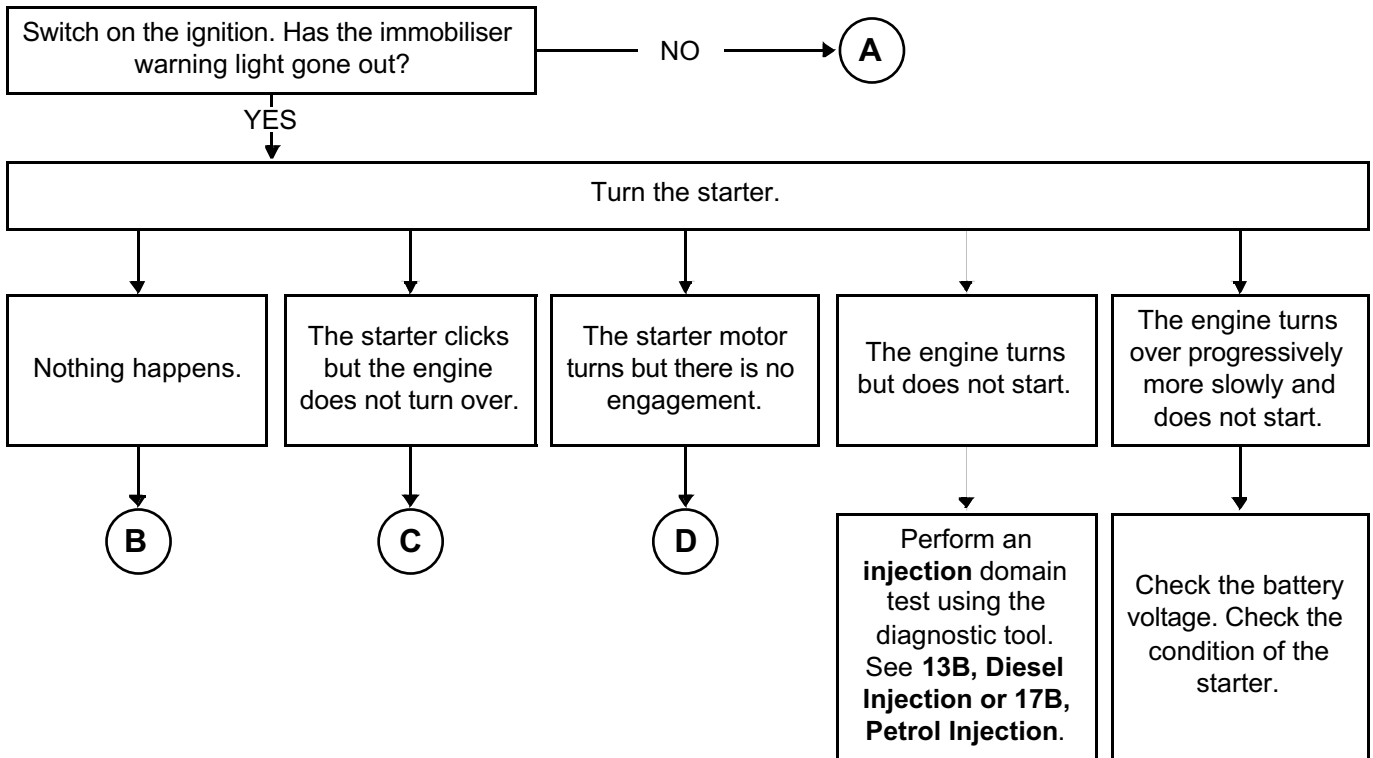
<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Only refer to these customer complaints after carrying out a complete check with the diagnostic tool</b>
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Starting fault

<b>The vehicle will not start</b>	→	<b>ALP 9</b>
<b>The opening elements locking/unlocking button indicator light does not illuminate</b>	→	<b>ALP 10</b>
<b>The locking/unlocking button indicator light remains lit</b>	→	<b>ALP 11</b>
<b>The electric locking/unlocking command of the doors operates erratically</b>	→	<b>ALP 12</b>

<b>ALP 9</b>	<b>The vehicle will not start</b>
--------------	-----------------------------------

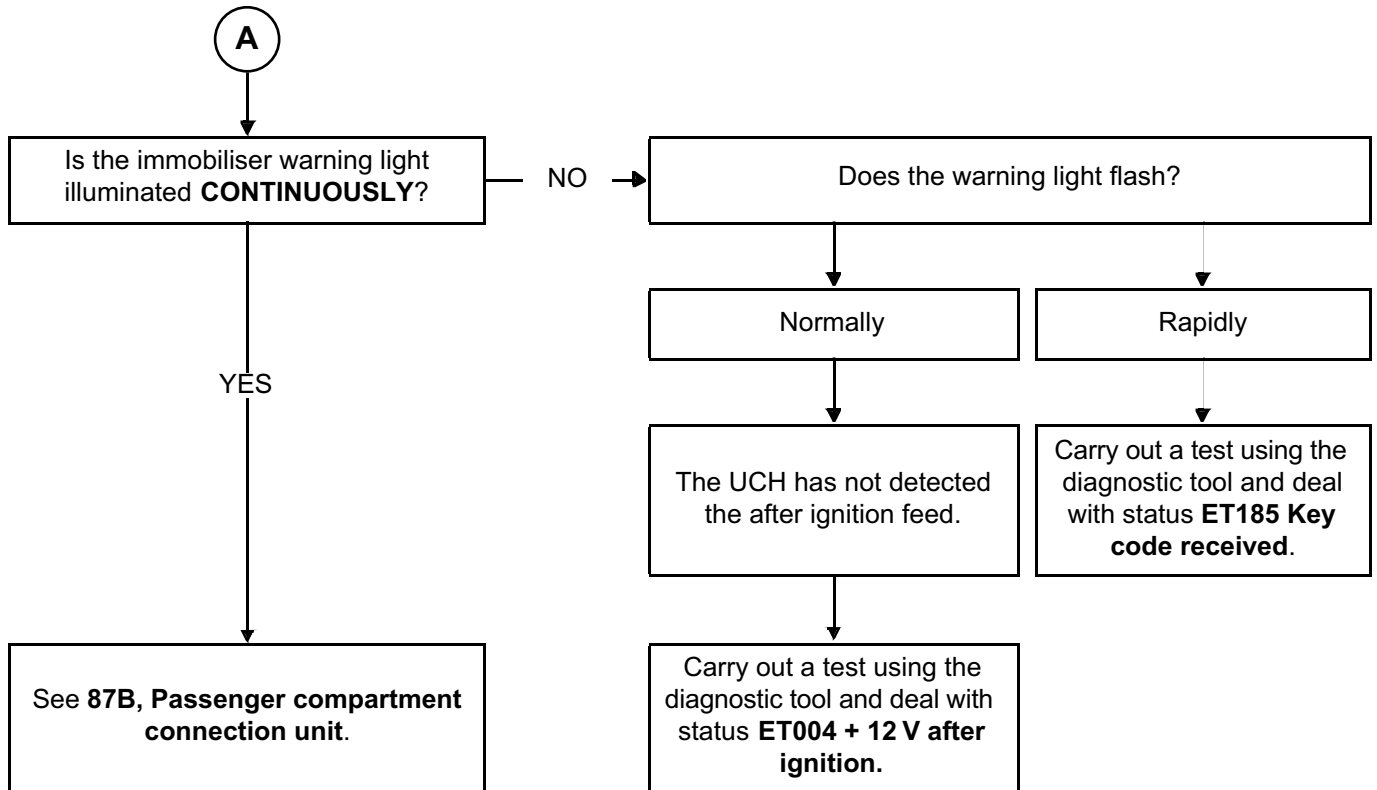
<b>NOTES</b>	Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a complete check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--



## ALP 9 CONTINUED 1



### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a complete check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 9  
CONTINUED 2**

**B**

Check the battery voltage with the starter motor activated and the + starter supply.

Check the condition of the starter exciter terminal. Repair if necessary.  
Check for **+ 12 V** at the starter excitation terminal, when the starter is activated.  
Repair if necessary (ignition switch supply, correct operation of the ignition switch and ignition switch/starter connection).

If the fault is still not resolved, check that the starter motor is operating correctly. Replace the starter if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 16A, Starting - Charging, Starter: Removal - Refitting**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a complete check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 9  
CONTINUED 3**

**C**

Check the battery **voltage** when the starter is turning and check the earth straps connecting the engine and transmission assembly to the vehicle chassis.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **B** between components **163** and **107**,
- **D** between components **107** and **104**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check that the starter motor has not seized or locked.

If the fault is still present, replace the starter (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 16A, Starting - Charging, Starter: Removal - Refitting**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a complete check with the **diagnostic tool**.

**ALP 9  
CONTINUED 4**

**D**

Check that the starter operates correctly.  
Replace the starter if necessary (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 16A, Starting - Charging, Starter: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, check the timing belt (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 11A, Top and front of engine, Timing belt: Removal - Refitting**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a complete check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>The opening elements locking/unlocking button indicator light does not illuminate</b>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.</b>
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b>

Set the stalk to the side lights position.
Check for the presence and condition of fuse <b>F19 (10A)</b> for left-hand drive, or <b>F18 (10A)</b> for right-hand drive on component <b>1016</b> .
Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the central door locking switch, component code <b>123</b> and of the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the LED status with another supply and another earth.
Check the continuity of the following connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPD</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>1016</b> (for a left-hand drive vehicle).</li> <li>• <b>LPG</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>1016</b> (for a right-hand drive vehicle).</li> <li>• <b>MAN</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul>
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a complete check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

<b>ALP 11</b>	<b>The opening elements locking/unlocking button indicator light remains lit</b>
---------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.</b>
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Set the stalk to position 0.
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the central door locking switch, component code <b>123</b> and of the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the insulation to <b>+ 12V</b> feed of the following connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPD</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>1016</b> (for a left-hand drive vehicle).</li> <li>• <b>LPG</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>1016</b> (for a right-hand drive vehicle).</li> </ul> If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a complete check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>ALP 12</b>	<b>The electric door locking/unlocking control operates erratically</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.</b>
	Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the <b>connection and condition of the UCH connector</b>, component code <b>645</b> and check the <b>electric door locking</b> control connector, component code <b>123</b>.</p> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>For locking:</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity and the insulation</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>20A</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MAN</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>For unlocking:</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity and the insulation</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>20B</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MAN</b> between components <b>123</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a complete check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# DUSTER

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## 8 Equipement électrique

83A

### INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

Fault finding – Introduction	83A - 2
Fault finding – System operation	83A - 8
Fault finding – Replacement of components	83A - 14
Fault finding – Customer complaints	83A - 15
Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart	83A - 20

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

*Vehicle(s): H79*

*Function concerned: Instrument panel*

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this manual):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

#### Type of diagnostic tools

- CLIP

#### Special tooling required

<b>Special tooling required:</b>
<b>Diagnostic tool</b>
Multimeter

### 3. REMINDERS

#### Procedure

To run fault finding on the instrument panel, switch on the ignition in fault finding mode (+ after ignition).

#### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

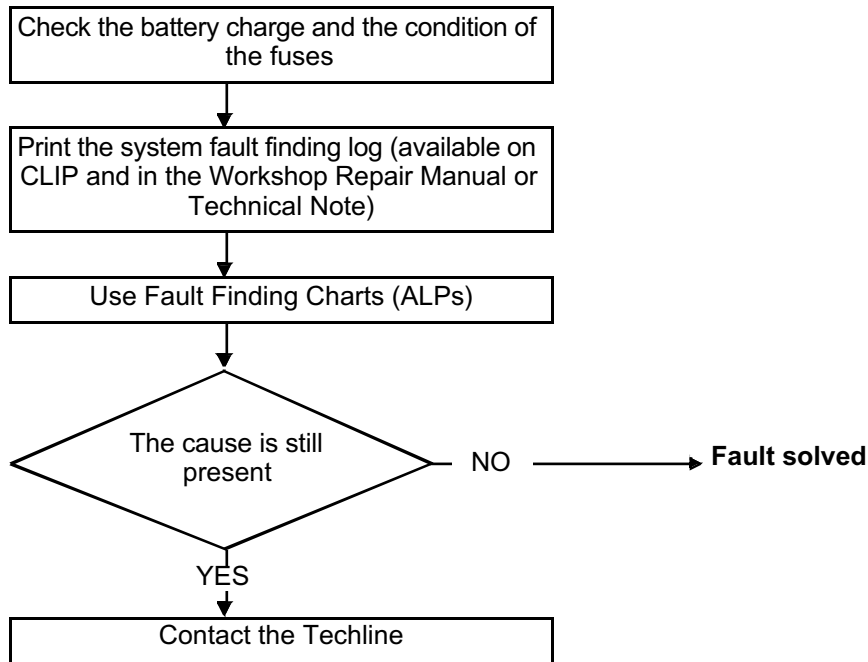
As the RENAULT diagnostic tool cannot be used to carry out fault finding on the instrument panel, fault finding is carried out by means of customer complaints and fault finding charts

**A summary of the overall procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE



#### **AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (continued)

#### Wiring check

#### Fault finding problems

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily remove the cause of a fault. Electrical measurements of voltage, resistance and insulation are generally correct, especially if the fault is not present when the analysis is made (stored fault).

#### Visual inspection

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment. Carefully check the fuses, insulators and wiring harness routing. Look for signs of oxidation.

#### Physical inspection

While manipulating the wiring, use the diagnostic tool to note any change in fault status from stored to present. Make sure that the connectors are properly locked. Apply light pressure to the connectors. Twist the wiring harness. If there is a change in status, try to locate the source of the fault.

#### Inspection of each component

Disconnect the connectors and check the appearance of the clips and tabs, as well as their crimping (no crimping on the insulating section). Make sure that the clips and tabs are properly locked in the sockets. Check that no clips or tabs have been dislodged during connection. Check the clip contact pressure using an appropriate model of tab.

#### Resistance check

Check the continuity of entire lines, then section by section. Look for a short circuit to earth, to + 12 V or with another wire. If a fault is detected, repair or replace the wiring harness.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### 5. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

### 6. SELF-TEST FUNCTION

Testing the various display devices consists of:

- activating the needle indicators and the LCD numerical indicators.

#### **IMPORTANT**

The warning lights are controlled via a wire connection (conventional control by means of a wire connecting the warning light to the computer). They are not tested via the instrument panel.

To test the warning lights, use a diagnostic tool (CLIP or NXR) in **warning light fault test** command mode for the computers controlling the warning light to be checked, except the low fuel level warning light, which is tested via the instrument panel.

Failure of any of the warning lights requires the instrument panel to be replaced.

#### **AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### ACCESS TO FAULT FINDING MODE AND CHANGE OF PAGES

This function is viewed:

#### Version with and without trip computer

##### Input:

- By pressing and holding the odometer Reset button for **5 seconds** when switching on the **APC**.

##### Scrolling:

- To scroll the trip computer information, press the odometer Reset button repeatedly.

##### Output:

- The fault finding phase ends automatically after **5 minutes**.
- The fault finding phase ends after the ignition is switched off.
- The fault finding phase can be ended by pressing and holding the mileage counter reset button, which clears the stored faults.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE NEEDLE INDICATOR TEST SEQUENCE

The needle indicators are activated at the same time.

The speedometer displays, for **1 second** in **24 mph (40 km/h)** stages, speeds ranging from **0 to 102 mph (170 km/h)**.

The rev counter displays, for **1 second** in **1000 rpm** stages, values ranging from **0 to 7000 rpm**.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### DISPLAYING THE TRIP COMPUTER PAGES AND FAULT FINDING HELP

First page: all the warning lights are illuminated with software version + clock on the trip computer page.

Second page: all the segments are illuminated on the trip computer.

Third page: **Number of litres display**

If an "open circuit or short circuit" fault is present, "- - -" is displayed.

Fourth page: **Fuel flow in litres/hour** information with the engine running.

If an "open circuit or short circuit" fault is present, "- -" is displayed.

Fifth page: **Stored sensor faults**, no present or stored fault displayed as "- - - -".

– The stored and present "coolant temperature" faults are displayed as "- - -TO" for open circuit and "- - -TC" for short circuit.

The "coolant temperature" faults are not significant, the "TO" fault must not be taken into account when the engine is cold.

– The stored and present "fuel gauge" faults are displayed as "-JO- -" for open circuit and "-JC- -" for short circuit.

– The stored and present "fuel flow" faults are displayed as "D- - -" for no fuel flow signal.

The "fuel flow" faults are to be taken into account only on the versions with the trip computer.

All the displayed faults of the "stored sensor faults" page are faults that were detected, but no longer confirmed as present.

In case of several stored or present faults, they are all displayed on a single line.

To clear the stored faults and end the self-test procedure sequence, press and hold the odometer Reset button.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### 1. OPERATION OF THE NEEDLE INDICATORS

#### Speedometer

The vehicle speed signal is transmitted to the instrument panel by a wire link.

The vehicle speed signal can be supplied by:

- the vehicle speed sensor located on the gearbox (for a 4x2 vehicle without ABS or ESP),
- the ETC torque distribution computer (for a 4x4 vehicle without ABS, without ESP),
- the ABS computer (for a vehicle with ABS),
- the ESP computer (for a vehicle with ESP).

#### Engine speed indicator

The engine speed signal is transmitted to the instrument panel by a wire connection (signal provided by the injection computer).

### 2. OPERATION OF THE TRIP COMPUTER

#### Coolant temperature bargraph

The coolant temperature signal is transmitted to the instrument panel by a wire connection.

The signal is produced by the coolant temperature sensor.

Above **115°C (inclusive)**, all the segments are illuminated with the warning light.

From **105°C (inclusive)** to **115°C (not inclusive)**, nine segments are illuminated.

From **80°C (inclusive)** to **105°C (not inclusive)**, six segments are illuminated.

From **50°C (not inclusive)** to **80°C (not inclusive)**, three segments are illuminated.

No segments are illuminated when the temperature is below **50°C**.

#### Fuel level bargraph and low fuel level warning light

The separate "**low fuel level**" warning light comes on when the reserve level is reached and nine segments of the bargraph are extinguished.

The wire signal from the fuel sender is processed to calculate the fuel level and manage the warning light.

#### SPECIAL NOTE ABOUT OPERATION WHEN THE IGNITION IS SWITCHED ON:

A **3 second** self-test is run on the "low fuel level" warning light when the ignition is switched on.

**Case 1:** if the fuel sender is connected but the fuel level in the tank is lower than the reserve threshold, the continued illumination of the warning light after **3 seconds** depends on the fuel level signal (smoothed and taking into account recalibrations).

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

**Case 2:** if the fuel sender is not connected and it is the first time the fault appears when switching on the ignition, the **low fuel level warning light** first flashes quickly for **2 seconds**, then after **1 minute 40 seconds maximum** (fault detection time), the fuel level bargraph goes out, then the low fuel level warning light is illuminated continuously.

**Case 3:** if the fuel sender is not connected and the warning light had been illuminated before the ignition was switched on this time, the **low fuel level** warning light stays illuminated, then after **1 minute 40 seconds**, all the bargraph segments go out.

### **AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.



### Oil pressure warning light

When the ignition is switched on, the oil pressure warning light illuminates.  
When the engine is running and the oil pressure is sufficient, the warning light goes out.  
The oil pressure signal is transmitted to the instrument panel by a wire connection.  
The signal is produced by the oil pressure switch.

### 3. ODOMETER

#### Total mileage

The total mileage is displayed as soon as the ignition is switched on.  
Press the **Trip computer** scroll button or the **Reset** button to move to the next page.

#### Trip mileage

The trip mileage is displayed instead of the total mileage when the **Trip computer** or the **Reset** button is pressed briefly.

Except in the following cases:

- it is reset by a long press of the instrument panel **Reset** button,
- resetting the trip mileage is different from resetting the **trip computer** (distance travelled).

#### Trip computer

The various sequences of the trip computer can be displayed instead of the mileage by pressing the button at the end of the wiper stalk (**Trip computer** button). It is reset by a long press of the **Reset** button.

The signals from the trip computer are displayed after the trip mileage as follows:

- **Fuel consumed** (in litres per 100 km) since the last reset,
- **Average consumption** (in litres per 100 km) since the last reset.

This is only displayed after the vehicle has travelled **400 m**.

This takes into consideration the distance covered and the fuel consumption since the last time the reset button was pressed.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### Estimated range with remaining fuel (in km).

This is only displayed after the vehicle has travelled approximately **400 m**. This is the potential distance remaining calculated on the basis of distance travelled, amount of fuel remaining in the tank and fuel consumption.

Note:

The range is no longer displayed **3 minutes after** the low fuel level warning light illuminates.

- **Distance travelled** since the last reset.
- **Average speed** since the last reset.

This is displayed after the vehicle has travelled **400 m**. It is obtained by dividing the distance travelled by the time elapsed since the last reset. The time base is internal to the on-board computer.

### HANDBRAKE APPLIED AND BRAKING CIRCUIT FAULT DETECTED WARNING LIGHT

- Handbrake switch.
- Low brake fluid switch.
- Electronic braking distribution fault (**ONLY WITH ABS OR ESP**).
- Electronic front - rear torque distribution (**ETC**) fault.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – System operation

# 83A

Warning light		Control	Tested	Signal transmitter
1	Opening elements	Earth	NO	UCH
2	Dipped headlights	+ 12 V	NO	Lighting stalk
3	Main beam headlights	+ 12 V	NO	Lighting stalk
4	Rear fog lights	+ 12 V	NO	Lighting stalk
5	Front fog lights	+ 12 V	NO	Lighting stalk
6	Left-hand and right-hand direction indicator lights	+ 12 V	NO	UCH
7	Battery charge fault	Earth	NO (but illuminated when engine stopped)	Alternator
8	Coolant temperature	Earth	3 seconds by injection	Injection computer
9	Oil pressure alert	Earth	NO (but illuminated when engine stopped)	Oil pressure sensor
10	Handbrake applied + low brake fluid (without ABS, without ESP, without ETC)	Earth	NO	Handbrake switch Low brake fluid switch
	Handbrake applied + low brake fluid + electronic braking distribution (with ABS OR ESP OR ETC)		3 seconds by ABS OR ESP OR ETC	Handbrake switch + Low brake fluid switch + ABS OR ESP OR ETC computer
11	ESP	Earth	3 seconds by ESP	ESP computer
12	ABS system (active)	Earth	3 seconds by ABS OR ESP	ABS OR ESP computer
13	Airbag	Earth	3 seconds by Airbag	Airbag computer
14	Airbag Off	Earth	3 seconds by Airbag	Airbag computer
15	Heated rear screen	Earth	NO (but illuminated when engine stopped)	Relay plate
16	Minimum fuel level alert	Earth	3 seconds Instrument panel	Instrument panel management (sender unit signal)
18	OBD	Earth	3 seconds by injection	Injection computer
19	Safety reminder	Earth	NO (but illuminated when engine stopped)	Seat belt switch
20	Injection fault level 2	Earth	3 seconds by injection	Injection computer

### AFTER REPAIR

Check for correct operation.

# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – System operation

**83A**

Warning light		Control	Tested	Signal transmitter
21	4x4	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by the front - rear torque distribution (ETC) computer	Front - rear torque distribution (ETC)
22	4X2	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by the front - rear torque distribution (ETC) computer	Front - rear torque distribution (ETC)
23	IVP	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by injection	Injection computer
24	PARTICLE FILTER REGEN.	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by injection	Injection computer
25	Water in diesel fuel	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by injection	Injection computer
26	Diesel preheating Electronic fault level 1	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by injection	Injection computer
27	Software lock	Earth	<b>3 seconds</b> by UCH	UCH computer

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

### Replacement operation

- Carry out fault finding before replacing the instrument panel.
- Operation of removing and refitting the instrument panel: see **Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel instruments, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting.**
- The instrument panel may be replaced when the Techline has given its approval.

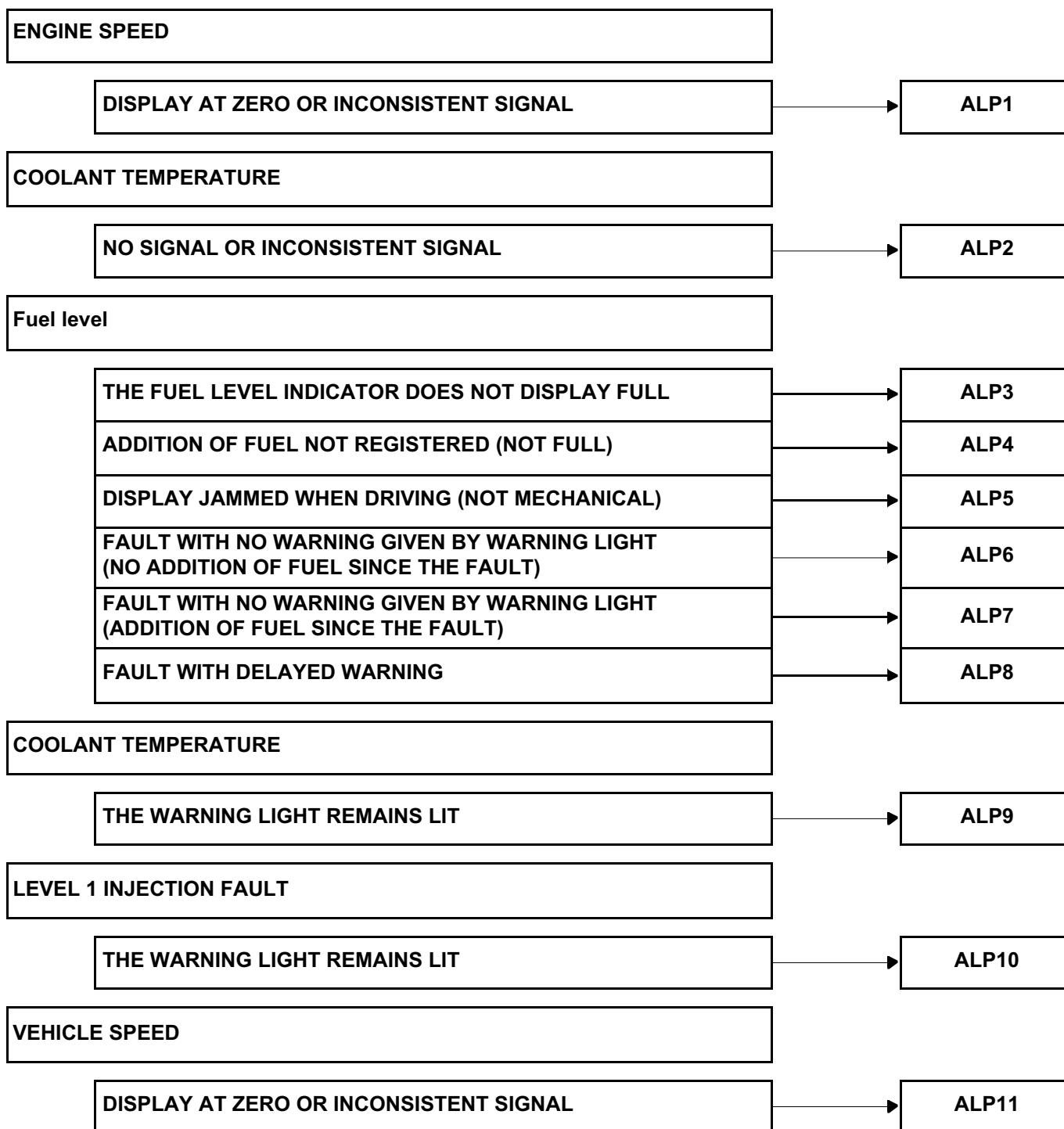
### **AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

83A



# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

83A

AIRBAG FAULT

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP12

OIL PRESSURE WARNING

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP13

DIPPED HEADLIGHTS

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP14

MAIN BEAM HEADLIGHTS

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP15

REAR FOG LIGHTS

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP16

FRONT FOG LIGHTS

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP17

ABS FAULT

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP18

DIRECTION INDICATOR LIGHTS

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP19

# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

83A

### ENGINE IMMOBILISER

THE ENGINE IMMOBILISER WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT OR FLASHES WHEN DRIVING

ALP20

WARNING LIGHT REMAINS NOT LIT WHEN NOT UNDER AFTER IGNITION FEED

ALP21

### BATTERY CHARGE FAULT

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT (ENGINE RUNNING)

ALP22

### HANDBRAKE APPLIED AND FAULT DETECTED ON BRAKING CIRCUIT

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY (WITHOUT ABS, WITHOUT ESP, WITHOUT ETC)

ALP23

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY (WITH ABS OR WITH ESP OR WITH ETC)

ALP24

### HEATED REAR SCREEN

THE WARNING LIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT UP

ALP25

### INSTRUMENT PANEL

NO DISPLAY WHEN IGNITION IS SWITCHED ON

ALP26

### TRIP COMPUTER OR TRIP METER OR CLOCK

RESET WHENEVER THE IGNITION IS SWITCHED OFF

ALP27

### DOOR OPEN WARNING LIGHT

THE WARNING LIGHT DOES NOT LIGHT UP

ALP28



# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

83A

### INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHTS

THE OBD INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP29

THE LEVEL 2 INJECTION FAULT WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP30

### SEAT BELT REMINDER WARNING LIGHT

THE WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP31

### PARTICLE FILTER WARNING LIGHT

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP32

### IVP WARNING LIGHT

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP33

### 4X2 AND 4X4 WARNING LIGHTS

THE 4X2 WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP34

THE 4X4 WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP35

### WATER IN DIESEL FUEL WARNING LIGHT

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP36

### GEAR ENGAGED INDICATOR

GEAR ENGAGED INDICATOR INOPERATIVE

ALP37

# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

83A

PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF WARNING LIGHT

THE WARNING LIGHT REMAINS LIT

ALP38

ESP FAULT

THE ESP WARNING LIGHT OPERATES INCONSISTENTLY

ALP39

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>Engine speed display at zero or inconsistent signal Message from: Injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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<p>Establish dialogue with the <b>injection computer</b>.          Check that the engine speed signal is present and consistent.          If the engine speed signal is absent or inconsistent, run fault finding on the injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b> or <b>17B, Petrol injection</b>).          Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity, and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:          – <b>H7</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, activate a self-test sequence for the instrument panel.          If the self-test sequence is not correct, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>No coolant temperature signal or inconsistent signal Signal from the coolant temperature sensor</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.                  If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>	
<p>Check the resistance of the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> between connection <b>42A</b> and <b>earth</b>.                  For <b>diesel injection</b> check the resistance of the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> between connection <b>42A</b> and <b>connection NH</b>.                  Replace the <b>coolant temperature sensor</b>, component code <b>244</b> (see <b>MR451, Mechanical, 19A Cooling, Coolant temperature sensor: Removal – Refitting</b>) if the resistance is not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 50 to 80°C = 825 Ω &lt; X &lt; 927 Ω</li> <li>– 80 to 105°C = 273 Ω &lt; X &lt; 300 Ω</li> <li>– 105 to 115°C = 124 Ω &lt; X &lt; 136 Ω</li> </ul> <p>Warning temperature +115°C = 103 Ω</p>	
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity, and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:                  – <b>42A</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>244</b>.                  For <b>diesel injection</b> check the <b>insulation, continuity, and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:                  – <b>NH</b> between component <b>244</b> and <b>earth</b>.                  If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise change the wiring.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 3</b>	<b>The fuel level indicator does not display full</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	The fuel tank must be filled with the ignition switched off (advise the customer to remove the key).
	Ideally the customer must fill the tank with at least <b>15 litres</b> .
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .

Ask the customer if the tank is filled up under the following conditions:

- the customer filled the tank up to the 3<sup>rd</sup> cut-out
- the customer has changed filling station
- the customer filled the tank in a flat-level station (not on a slope).

**Did the customer fill the tank while observing all of these conditions?**

NO →

Ask the customer to return just after having filled the tank under the conditions mentioned above.

YES ↓

With the ignition off, disconnect the fuel sender connector, component code **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)** and then check the resistance using a multimeter.  
The value should be **51 Ω**.

**Is the value measured less than the corresponding value, according to the vehicle equipment?**

NO →

Replace the **sender**, component code **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 19C, Fuel tank, Fuel level sensor module: Removal - Refitting**).  
If the fault is still present, contact Techline.

YES ↓

Compare the value measured to the value supplied by the **CLIP tool**.

**Are the value measured and the value provided by the CLIP tool the same to within  $\pm 5 \Omega$ ?**

NO →

**A**

YES ↓

Contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 3 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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A

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **fuel sender**, component code **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connections:

- **41A** between components **247** and **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**,
- **47A** between components **247** and **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**.

Are the checks correct?

NO → B

YES

Measure the resistance of the sender and the wiring using a multimeter via the connector, on the instrument panel side.

Are the value measured and the value provided by the CLIP tool the same to within  $\pm 5 \Omega$ ?

YES → Contact the Techline.

NO

Replace the instrument panel, component code **247** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

Is the fault still present?

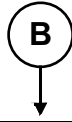
NO → The problem disappears.

YES

Contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 3 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

Is the fault still present?

YES → Contact the Techline.



The problem disappears.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**83A**

<b>ALP 4</b>	<b>Addition of fuel not registered (not full)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Consult the interpretation of **ALP3** The fuel level indicator does not display full.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**83A**

<b>ALP 5</b>	<b>Display jammed when driving (not mechanical)</b>
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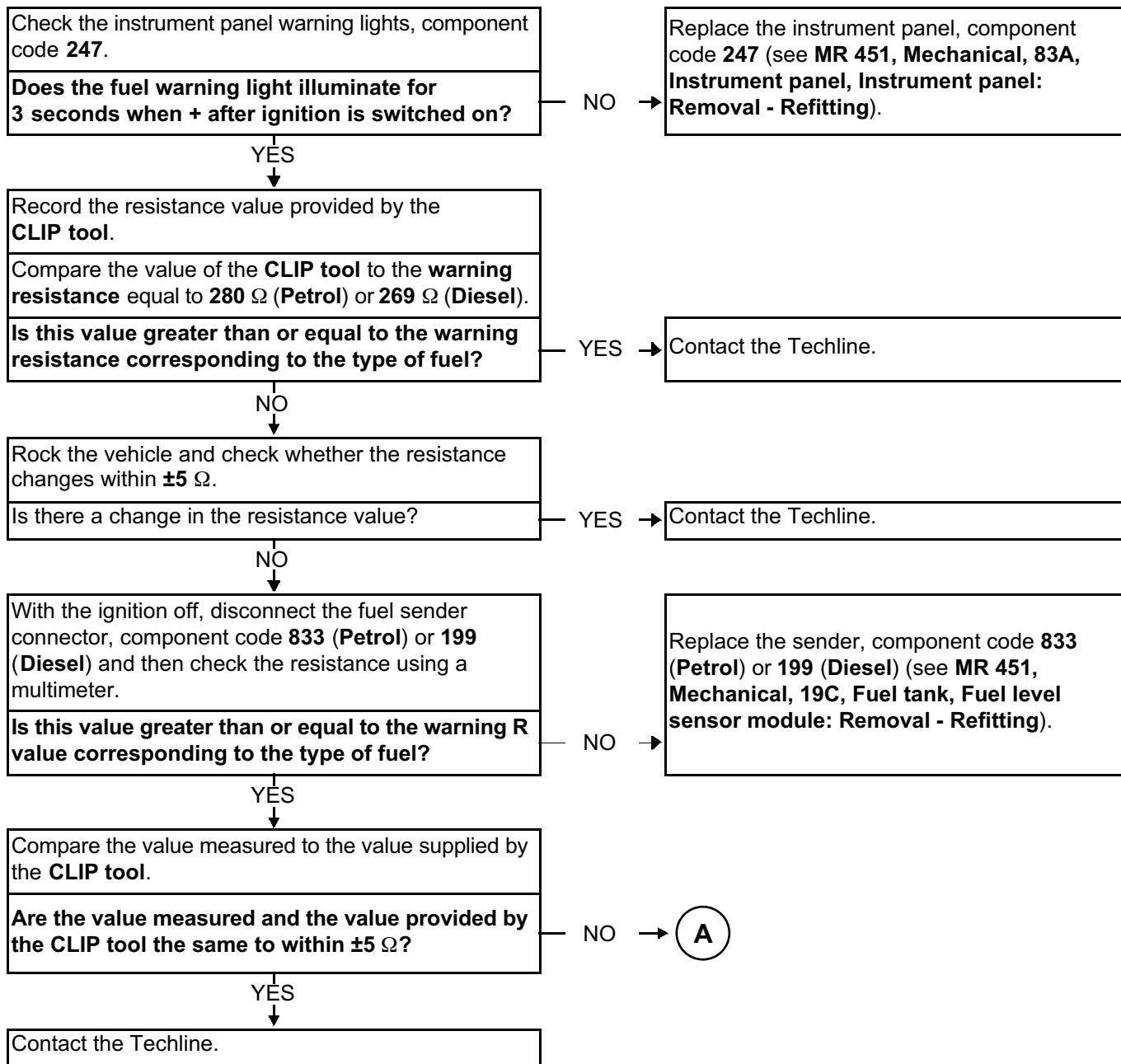
<b>NOTES</b>	For economical driving, the blocks on the display may remain illuminated or the needle may remain jammed up to <b>120 miles (200 km)</b> .
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Check that there is no mechanical jamming.
If the fault is on the block at the top of the display or the needle is jammed at full: check that the customer has travelled a sufficient amount of miles ( <b>km</b> ) for the block at the top of the display to go out or for the needle to move from the full section.
Check that the customer has not exceeded <b>3</b> filler cut-outs when filling the tank with fuel.
If the fault is still present or if the needle or the display is jammed in any position other than full, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 6</b>	<b>Fault with no warning given by warning light (no addition of fuel since the fault)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Put the vehicle in + after ignition.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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(A)

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **fuel sender**, component code **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **41A** between components **247** and **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**,
- **47A** between components **247** and **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**.

Are the checks correct?

NO → (B)

YES  
↓

(C)

(B)

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

Is the fault still present?

YES → (C)

NO  
↓

The problem disappears.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 6 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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C

Measure the resistance of the sender and the wiring via the connector, on the instrument panel side.

**Are the value measured and the value provided by the CLIP tool the same to within  $\pm 5 \Omega$ ?**

YES →

Contact the Techline.

NO ↓

Replace the instrument panel, component code **247** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

**Is the fault still present?**

YES →

Contact the Techline.

NO ↓

The problem disappears.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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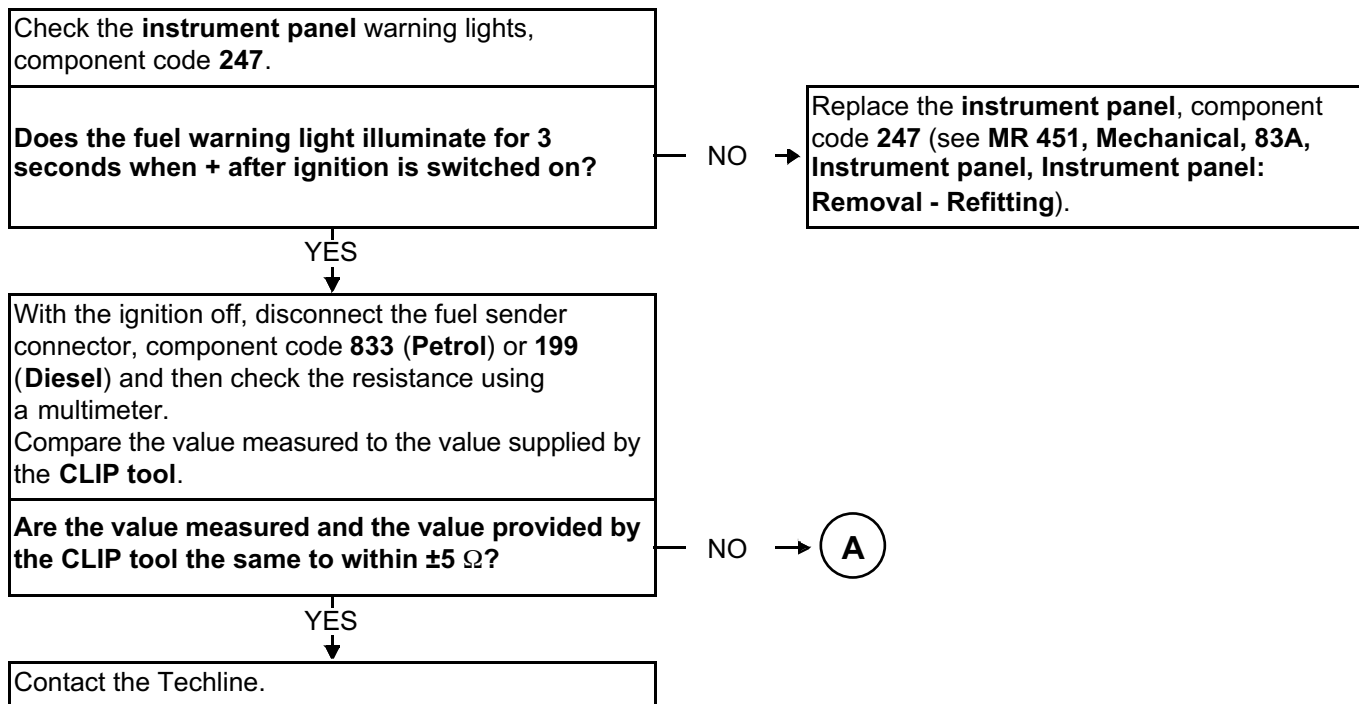
# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 7</b>	<b>Fault with no warning given by warning light (addition of fuel since the fault)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Put the vehicle in + after ignition.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 7 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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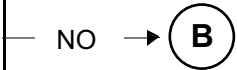


Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **fuel sender**, component code **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **41A** between components **247** and **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**,
- **47A** between components **247** and **833 (Petrol)** or **199 (Diesel)**.

**Are the checks correct?**

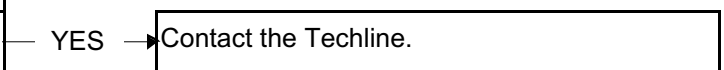


YES



If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

**Is the fault still present?**



NO



The problem disappears.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 7 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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C

Measure the resistance of the sender and the wiring via the connector, on the instrument panel side.

**Are the value measured and the value provided by the CLIP tool the same to within  $\pm 5 \Omega$ ?**

YES

Contact the Techline.

NO

Replace the instrument panel, component code **247** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

**Is the fault still present?**

NO

The problem disappears.

YES

Contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 8</b>	<b>Fault with delayed warning</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Ask the customer the distance travelled since the warning appeared until the fault occurred.

**Did the fault take place after travelling more than 30 miles (50 km)?**

YES →

Explain to the customer that the guaranteed distance is **30 miles (50 km)** from the warning.

NO  
↓

**Has the customer added any fuel since the fault?**

YES →

See **ALP7 Fault with no warning given by warning light (addition of fuel since the fault).**

NO  
↓

See **ALP6 Fault with no warning given by warning light (no addition of fuel since the fault).**

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 9</b>	<b>The warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the injection system. Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity, and the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>31A</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>The OBD injection fault warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the injection system. Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>137C</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 11</b>	<b>Vehicle speedometer at zero or inconsistent signal</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p><b>If the vehicle speed signal is delivered by the speed sensor, for vehicles that are not equipped with an ABS, ESP or ETC.</b></p> <p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>speed sensor</b>, component code <b>250</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>47F</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>250</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<p><b>If the vehicle speed signal is delivered to the other computers by the ABS computer, activate a self-test sequence for the instrument panel.</b></p> <p>Check the correct operation of the needle in all the speed ranges. If the self-test sequence is not correct, contact the Techline.</p> <p>If there is no vehicle speed signal on the ABS, deal with all the faults (see <b>38 C, Anti-lock braking system</b>).</p> <p>If there is a vehicle speed signal on the ABS, check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>ABS computer</b>, component code <b>118</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections: – <b>47F</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>118</b>, If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 11 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<p><b>If the vehicle speed signal is delivered to the other computers by the ESP computer</b> Check that the ESP computer is in good condition. If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the ESP correctly receives the vehicle speed signal during a road test. Deal with any faults (see <b>38C, Anti-lock braking system</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is not resolved, check the connection and condition of the connectors of the <b>ESP computer</b>, component code <b>1094</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>47F</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>1094</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<p><b>If the vehicle speed signal is delivered to the other computers by the ETC front - rear torque distribution computer</b> Check that the ETC front - rear torque distribution computer is in good condition. If the fault is still present, use the diagnostic tool to check that the ETC front - rear torque distribution computer correctly receives the vehicle speed signal during a road test. Deal with any faults (see <b>26A, Rear final drive</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is not resolved, check the connection and condition of the connectors of the <b>front - rear torque distribution ETC computer</b>, component code <b>2017</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connector is faulty and there is a repair method (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>47F</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>2017</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 12</b>	<b>The airbag fault warning light remains illuminated Signal from the airbag computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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Run fault finding on the <b>airbags and pretensioners</b> function (see <b>88C, Airbags and pretensioners</b> ). Deal with any other faults.
Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>airbag computer</b> , component code <b>756</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b> , component code <b>247</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>60A</b> between components <b>756</b> and <b>247</b> . If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 13</b>	<b>The oil pressure warning light remains illuminated Signal from the oil pressure sensor</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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<p>Check the general level of engine wear (oil level, oil pressure, oil circuit, etc.). Check there is no major external oil leakage. Repair if necessary.</p>
<p>With the engine running, move the wiring harness between the oil pressure sensor and the instrument panel to note whether the warning light goes out. Look for possible damage to the wiring harness.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>oil pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>205</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>With the engine running, check the <b>insulation, continuity</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>28A</b> between components <b>205</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If there is an <b>earth</b>, replace the <b>oil pressure sensor</b>, component code <b>205</b> (see <b>10A, Engine and cylinder block assembly, Oil pressure: Check</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 14</b>	<b>The dipped headlight indicator light operates inconsistently</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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<p>Follow this fault finding procedure only if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– the dipped headlights are illuminated and the warning light remains off,</li> <li>– the dipped headlights are off and the warning light remains illuminated.</li> </ul>
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<b>The dipped headlights are illuminated but the warning light remains off.</b>
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<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
---

<p>Lighting stalk in the dipped headlights on position.          Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>CPG</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>1016</b>.  <b>If there is +12 V</b>, replace the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b>).  <b>If there is no +12 V</b>, check the <b>insulation</b>, <b>continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:          – <b>CPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>247</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
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<b>The dipped headlights are off but the warning light remains illuminated.</b>
---

<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

83A

**ALP 14  
CONTINUED**

Lighting stalk in the rest position.

Check for **+12 V** of connection **CPG** between components **247** and **1016**.

– **If there is no +12 V**, replace the **instrument panel**, component code **247** (see **MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

– **If there is +12 V**, check the **insulation, continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on connection:

**CPG** between components **1016** and **247**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.



<b>ALP 15</b>	<b>The main beam indicator light operates inconsistently</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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<p>Follow this fault finding procedure only if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– the dipped headlights are illuminated and the warning light remains off,</li> <li>– the dipped headlights are off and the warning light remains illuminated.</li> </ul>
--

<b>The main beam headlights are illuminated but the warning light remains off.</b>
--

<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
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<p>Lighting stalk in the main beam headlights on position.          Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>RPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>247</b>.          – <b>If there is +12 V</b>, replace the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b>).          – <b>If there is no +12 V</b>, check the <b>insulation, continuity</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection  <b>RPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>247</b>.          If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
--

<b>The main beam headlights are off but the warning light remains illuminated.</b>
--

<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>.          If the connector or connectors are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 15 CONTINUED</b>	
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<p>Lighting stalk in the rest position.</p> <p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>RPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>247</b>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>If there is no +12 V</b>, replace the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b>).</li> <li>– <b>If there is +12 V</b>, check the <b>insulation, continuity</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</li> <li>– <b>RPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>247</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
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<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 16</b>	<b>The rear fog light warning light operates inconsistently</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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Follow this fault finding procedure only if:

- the rear fog lights are on and the indicator light remains off,
- the rear fog lights are off and the indicator light remains on.

**The rear fog lights are on but the indicator light remains off.**

Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **passenger compartment fuse box**, component code **1016**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Lighting stalk in rear fog lights on position.

Check for **+12 V** on connection **9P** of component **247**.

- **If there is +12 V**, replace the **instrument panel**, component code **247** (see **MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).
- **If there is no +12 V**, check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:
- **9P** between components **1016** and **247**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**The rear fog lights are off but the indicator light remains on.**

Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **passenger compartment fuse box**, component code **1016**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

83A

**ALP 16  
CONTINUED**

Lighting stalk in the rest position.

Check for **+12 V** on connection **9P** of component **247**.

**If there is no +12 V**, replace the **instrument panel**, component code **247** (see **MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

**If there is +12 V**, check the **insulation, continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

– **9P** between components **1016** and **247**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair,**

**Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

<b>ALP 17</b>	<b>The front fog light warning light operates inconsistently</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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<p>Follow this fault finding procedure only if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– the rear fog lights are on and the indicator light remains off,</li> <li>– the rear fog lights are off and the indicator light remains on.</li> </ul>
--

<b>The rear fog lights are on but the indicator light remains off.</b>
--

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>front fog relay</b>, component code <b>231</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
---

<p>Lighting stalk in front fog lights on position.          Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>8B</b> of component <b>247</b>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>If there is +12 V</b>, replace the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> (see <b>MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting</b>).</li> <li>– <b>If there is no +12 V</b>, check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>8B</b> between components <b>231</b> and <b>247</b>.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
--

<b>The front fog lights are off but the warning light remains illuminated.</b>
--

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>front fog relay</b>, component code <b>231</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

83A

**ALP 17  
CONTINUED**

Lighting stalk in the rest position.

Check for **+12 V** on connection **8B** of component **247**.

**If there is no +12 V**, replace the **instrument panel**, component code **247** (see **MR 451, 83A, Instrument panel, Instrument panel: Removal - Refitting**).

**If there is +12 V**, check the **insulation, continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:

– **8B** between components **231** and **247**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 18</b>	<b>The ABS warning light operates inconsistently Message from: ABS/ESP computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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**The ABS warning light remains constantly off even when the ignition is switched on.**

Run fault finding on the ABS or the ESP.  
Deal with any faults (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system**).

Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **ABS computer**, component code **118** or the **ESP computer**, component code **1094**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the **ABS computer**, component code **118** or the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and check that the instrument panel warning light illuminates.  
If the warning light does not illuminate, check the **insulation** from **earth**, the **continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
– **4Z** between components **118** or **1094** and **247**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**The ABS warning light remains constantly illuminated.**

Run fault finding on the ABS or the ESP.  
Deal with any faults (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system**).

Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **ABS computer**, component code **118** or the **ESP computer**, component code **1094**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation** to **+12 V**, the **continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:  
– **4Z** between components **118** or **1094** and **247**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 18 CONTINUED</b>	
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<p>With the <b>ABS</b> or <b>ESP computer</b>, component code <b>118</b> or <b>1094</b> connected, the ignition switched on, and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> disconnected.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation to earth</b>, the <b>continuity</b>, and <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>4Z</b> between components <b>118</b> or <b>1094</b> and <b>247</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 19</b>	<b>The direction indicator signal light operates erratically Message transmitted by: UCH</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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If the direction indicators are not operating normally, run fault finding on the UCH (see 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit).

**Left-hand drive**

Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **UCH**, component code **645**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the connectors of the instrument panel, component code **247** and the **UCH**, component code **645**.  
Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
– **64E** between components **645** and **247**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**Right-hand drive**

Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **UCH**, component code **645**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the connectors of the instrument panel, component code **247** and the **UCH**, component code **645**.  
Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
– **64C** between components **645** and **247** for the left-hand warning light,  
– **64D** between components **645** and **247** for the right-hand warning light.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 20</b>	<b>The immobiliser warning light remains lit or flashes when the vehicle is driven Message from: UCH</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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**The immobiliser warning light is only for left-hand drive**

**The immobiliser warning light remains illuminated.**

Run fault finding on the immobiliser.  
Check that when command **AC003** is run, the immobiliser warning light goes off and then comes on again.

Switch off the ignition, then disconnect the UCH connector.  
If the indicator light is not illuminated, the UCH could be faulty, contact the Techline.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **UCH**, component code **645**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the warning light is still illuminated, check the **insulation** to **+12V**, the **continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:  
**80T** between components **645** and **247**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**The immobiliser warning light flashes when driving.**

Run fault finding on the immobiliser.  
Check that the index **ET127** becomes **OFF** with the engine running.  
If this is not the case (see **82A, Engine immobiliser, System operation**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

83A

**ALP 20  
CONTINUED**

Switch off the ignition, then disconnect the UCH connector.  
If the indicator light is not illuminated, the UCH could be faulty, contact the Techline.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **UCH**, component code **645**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the warning light is still illuminated, check the **insulation to +12V**, the **continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

– **80T** between components **645** and **247**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

<b>ALP 21</b>	<b>The immobiliser warning light remains lit when not under an after ignition feed Message transmitted by: UCH</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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**The immobiliser warning light is only for left-hand drive**

<p>Run fault finding on the immobiliser. Check that when command <b>AC003</b> is run, the immobiliser warning light goes off and then comes on again.</p> <p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>UCH</b>, component code <b>645</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>If the warning light is still off, check the <b>insulation</b>, the <b>continuity</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>80T</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 22</b>	<b>The battery charge fault warning light remains lit (engine running) Signal from the alternator</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Check the charging circuit. Repair if necessary.</p>
<p>Manipulate the wiring harness between the alternator and the instrument panel to note whether the warning light goes out. Look for possible damage to the wiring harness.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, disconnect the connector of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.</p> <p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>alternator</b>, component code <b>103</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>2A</b> between components <b>103</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 23</b>	<b>The handbrake applied and fault detected on braking circuit warning light operates inconsistently (WITHOUT ABS, WITHOUT ESP, WITHOUT ETC)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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**The brake warning light remains illuminated even with the handbrake released.**

<p>Check the brake fluid level. Top up if necessary. Check that there are no leaks in the brake circuit:</p>
<p>Disconnect the brake fluid MINIMUM level switch. Make sure that the brake fluid minimum level switch is working correctly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– With the switch inserted in the fluid, no continuity between connections <b>H1</b> and <b>MB</b>.</li> <li>– With the switch out of the fluid, continuity between connections <b>H1</b> and <b>MB</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Replace the switch if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the <b>instrument panel</b> connectors, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. Check for earth on the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> between the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>4Z</b> of component <b>247</b>,</li> <li>– <b>4DB</b> of component <b>247</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>4Z</b> between component <b>247</b> and <b>earth</b>,</li> <li>– <b>4DB</b> between component <b>247</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Disconnect the handbrake switch connector. Check that there is no <b>earth</b> with the switch in the rest position, and check for <b>earth</b> with the switch depressed. Replace the switch if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the <b>handbrake switch</b> connectors, component code <b>156</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. Check <b>the insulation to earth, the continuity</b>, and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>H1</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>156</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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**ALP 23  
CONTINUED**

**The brake warning light remains off even with the handbrake applied.**

Disconnect the handbrake switch connector.  
Check that there is no **earth** with the switch in the rest position, and check for **earth** with the switch depressed.  
Replace the switch if necessary.

Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the **handbrake switch**, component code **156** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Check the **insulation, continuity** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
– **H1** between components **247** and **156**.  
If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Check for correct operation.

<b>ALP 24</b>	<b>The handbrake applied and fault detected on braking circuit warning light and the electronic braking distribution fault warning light operate inconsistently (WITH ABS/ESP/ETC)</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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**The brake warning light remains illuminated even with the handbrake released.**

<p>Run fault finding on the ABS, the ESP (see <b>38C, Anti-lock braking system</b>), or the ETC (see <b>26A, Rear final drive</b>).</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the brake fluid level. Top up if necessary. Check that there are no leaks in the brake circuit:</p>
<p>Disconnect the <b>brake fluid MINIMUM level switch</b>. Make sure that the brake fluid minimum level switch is working correctly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– With the switch inserted in the fluid, no continuity between connections <b>MB</b> and <b>H1</b>.</li> <li>– With the switch out of the fluid, continuity between connections <b>MB</b> and <b>H1</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Replace the switch if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>brake fluid minimum level switch</b>, component code <b>207</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>H1</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>207</b>,</li> <li>– <b>MB</b> between components <b>207</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the <b>brake fluid minimum level switch</b>, component code <b>207</b>, the <b>ABS computer</b>, component code <b>118</b> or the <b>ESP computer</b>, component code <b>1094</b> or the <b>front - rear torque distribution ETC computer</b>, component code <b>2017</b> and the <b>handbrake switch</b>, component code <b>156</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>4DB</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>118</b> or <b>1094</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 24 CONTINUED</b>	
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<p>Disconnect the connector of the <b>handbrake switch</b>, component code <b>156</b>. Check that there is no <b>earth</b> with the switch in the rest position, and check for <b>earth</b> with the switch depressed. Replace the switch if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>H1</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>156</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>H1</b> between components <b>156</b> and <b>2017</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>The brake warning light remains off even with the handbrake applied.</b>
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<p>Disconnect the handbrake switch connector. Check that there is no <b>earth</b> with the switch in the rest position, and check for <b>earth</b> with the switch depressed. Replace the switch if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>handbrake switch</b>, component code <b>156</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>H1</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>156</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 25</b>	<b>The heated rear screen warning light does not light up Message transmitted by: UCH</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the <b>UCH</b>, component code <b>645</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b>). Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>heated rear screen relay</b>, component code <b>235</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>15LP</b> of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>, with the <b>switch depressed</b>. If there is no <b>+12 V</b>, check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: – <b>15LP</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>235</b>. If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 26</b>	<b>There is no instrument panel display when the ignition is switched on</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **instrument panel**, component code **247** and the **passenger compartment fuse box**, component code **1016**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the condition of fuses **F02 (5 A)** and **F28 (15 A)** in the **passenger compartment fuse box** (component code **1016**).

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.

Check for **+12 V** on connection **BC** and for **+ after ignition** on connection **AP29** of the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.

Check for earth on connection **NC** of the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.

Check the continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance on the following connections:

- **BC** between components **247** and **1016**,
- **AP29** between components **247** and **1016**,
- **NC** between component **247** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 27</b>	<b>The trip computer or the trip meter or the clock reset to zero each time the ignition is switched off</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b>, component code <b>1016</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the condition of fuses <b>F02 (5 A)</b> and <b>F28 (15 A)</b> in the <b>passenger compartment fuse box</b> (component code <b>1016</b>). Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct.</p> <p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on connection <b>BC</b> and for <b>+ after ignition</b> on connection <b>AP29</b> of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.</p> <p>Check for earth on connection <b>NC</b> of the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b>. Check the continuity, insulation and absence of interference resistance on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>BC</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>1016</b>,</li><li>– <b>AP29</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>1016</b>,</li><li>– <b>NC</b> between component <b>247</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 28</b>	<b>Door open warning light does not light up Message transmitted by: UCH</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the <b>UCH</b>, component code <b>645</b> (see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit</b>).</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p> <p>Check that when the rear doors or the luggage compartment are opened, status <b>ET551</b> is <b>OPEN</b> and that, with the rear doors or the luggage compartment closed, status <b>ET489</b> is <b>CLOSED</b>.</p> <p>Check that when each front door is opened, status <b>ET489</b> is <b>OPEN</b>, and that with the front doors closed, status <b>ET551</b> is <b>CLOSED</b>.</p> <p>If this is not the case, see <b>87B, Passenger compartment connection unit, Interpretation of statuses</b>.</p>
<p>Check the condition and connection of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>UCH</b>, component code <b>645</b>.</p> <p>If the connector or connectors are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring. If the fault is still present, check the <b>insulation</b>, the <b>continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>87H</b> between components <b>247</b> and <b>645</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 29</b>	<b>The OBD injection fault warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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Run fault finding on the petrol injection (see <b>17B, Petrol injection</b> ) or the diesel injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b> ). Deal with any other faults.
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Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b> , component code <b>247</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  Check <b>the continuity, insulation</b> and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>137C</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
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If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 30</b>	<b>The injection fault severity level 2 warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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Run fault finding on the petrol injection (see <b>17B, Petrol injection</b> ) or the diesel injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b> ). Deal with any other faults.
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Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b> , component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b> , component code <b>247</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  Check <b>the continuity, insulation</b> and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>3NY</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b> . If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
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If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 31</b>	<b>The fasten seat belt reminder warning light operates inconsistently</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for H79</b> .
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Disconnect the seat belt switch connector.  
Check that the switch is open when the seat belt is fastened and that the switch is closed when the seat belt is not fastened.  
Replace the switch if necessary.

Activate a self-test sequence for the instrument panel (see **Fault finding - Introduction**)  
If the diagnostic sequence is incorrect, contact the Techline.

If the self-test sequence reveals no faults, move the wiring harness between the **seat belt switch** and the **instrument panel** to note any change in the status of the warning light.  
Look for possible damage to the wiring harness.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **seat belt switch**, component code **333** and the **seat belt warning module**, component code **1601**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check for **earth** on the **seat belt switch**, component code **333** between the following connection:

– **MAM** of component **333**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

– **MAM** between component **333** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

– **96A** between components **1601** and **333**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 32</b>	<b>The particle filter warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Carry out fault finding on the injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b>).</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <p>– <b>3TE</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 33</b>	<b>The IVP warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the diesel injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b>) or the petrol injection (see <b>17B, Petrol injection</b>).</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation</b> and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <p>– <b>3TJ</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 34</b>	<b>The 4X2 warning light remains illuminated Message from: ETC torque distribution computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Check if the 4X4 mode control is positioned on <b>AUTO</b> mode. If not, put it on <b>AUTO</b> mode.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, run fault finding on the ETC front - rear torque distributor (see <b>26A, Rear final drive</b>). Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>ETC front - rear torque distribution computer</b>, component code <b>2017</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>85M</b> between components <b>2017</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 35</b>	<b>The 4X4 warning light remains illuminated Message from: ETC torque distribution computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the ETC front - rear torque distributor (see <b>26A, Rear final drive</b>). Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>ETC front - rear torque distribution computer</b>, component code <b>2017</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation</b> and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>85L</b> between components <b>2017</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 36</b>	<b>The water in diesel fuel warning light remains illuminated Message from: injection computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Carry out fault finding on the injection (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b>).</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>injection computer</b>, component code <b>120</b> and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <p>– <b>3WTA</b> between components <b>120</b> and <b>247</b>.</p> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 37</b>	<b>Gear engaged indicator inoperative</b> <b>Message from: automatic transmission computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Run fault finding on the <b>automatic transmission computer</b> (see <b>23A, Automatic gearbox</b>). Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b> and the <b>automatic transmission computer</b>, component code <b>119</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation</b> and <b>the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection: – <b>5CQ</b> between components <b>119</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# INSTRUMENT PANEL INSTRUMENTS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 83A

<b>ALP 38</b>	<b>The passenger airbag off warning light remains illuminated</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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<p>Check if the passenger airbag inhibition key is in the <b>ON</b> position. If not, put the passenger airbag inhibition key in the <b>ON</b> position.</p>
<p>Run fault finding on the "airbags and pretensioners" function (see <b>88C, Airbags and pretensioners</b>). Deal with any other faults.</p>
<p>If the self-test sequence reveals no faults, move the wiring harness between the <b>seat belt warning module</b>, the <b>airbag computer</b>, and the <b>passenger airbag inhibition key</b> to note any change in the warning light status. Look for possible damage to the wiring harness.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>seat belt warning module</b>, component code <b>1601</b>, the <b>airbag computer</b>, component code <b>756</b>, and the <b>instrument panel</b>, component code <b>247</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>Check the <b>continuity, insulation</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– <b>60CD</b> between components <b>1601</b> and <b>756</b>,</li><li>– <b>60A</b> between components <b>756</b> and <b>247</b>.</li></ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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<b>ALP 39</b>	<b>The ESP warning light operates inconsistently</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for H79.
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**The ESP warning light remains constantly off even when the ignition is switched on.**

Carry out fault finding on the ESP (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system**).  
Deal with any other faults.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Disconnect the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and check that the instrument panel warning light illuminates.  
If the warning light does not illuminate, check the **insulation to earth**, the **continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** of connection **4DA** between the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**The ESP warning light remains constantly illuminated.**

Carry out fault finding on the ESP (see **38C, Anti-lock braking system**).  
Deal with any other faults.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation to +12V**, the **continuity**, and the **absence of interference resistance** of connection **4DA** between the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

With the ESP computer connected, the ignition switched on, and the instrument panel disconnected, check the **insulation to earth** of connection **4DA** between the **ESP computer**, component code **1094** and the **instrument panel**, component code **247**.  
If there is earth, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check for correct operation.
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# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 85A WIPERS - WASHERS

UCH

Vdiag No.: 09

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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**  
Function concerned: **Wiping / washing**

Name of computer: **UCH**  
Vdiag No.: **09**

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogs.

#### Wiring Diagrams:

- Visu-Schéma.

#### Type of diagnostic tools

- **CLIP**

#### Special tooling required

Special tooling required	
Diagnostic tool	
	Multimeter
<b>Elé. 1622</b>	Bornier
<b>Elé. 1681</b>	Universal bornier

If the information obtained by the diagnostic tool requires the electrical continuity to be checked, connect bornier **Elé. 1622** or universal bornier **Elé. 1681**.

#### WARNING:

- All tests with bornier **Elé. 1622** or **Elé. 1681** must be conducted with the battery disconnected.
- The bornier is only designed to be used with a multimeter. Never power the test points with **12 V**.

### 3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The safety instructions must be followed at all times when working on components, to avoid damage or injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

#### **Procedure for disconnecting the battery:**

- switch off the ignition,
- switch off all electrical consumers,
- wait at least **1 minute** for the electronic systems to switch off,
- disconnect the battery, starting with the negative terminal.

### Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context).

Consider the fault status, **present** or **stored** when the **diagnostic tool** is used after the + after ignition feed (without operating the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the Interpretation of faults section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the Notes section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical connections that correspond to the fault,
- the connectors for this connection,
- the resistance of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires.

**Refer to paragraphs 4.1 Checking wiring and 4.2 Checking connectors**

### Conformity check

The aim of the conformity check is to check data that does not produce a fault on the **diagnostic tool** when the data is inconsistent. Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repairs.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them.

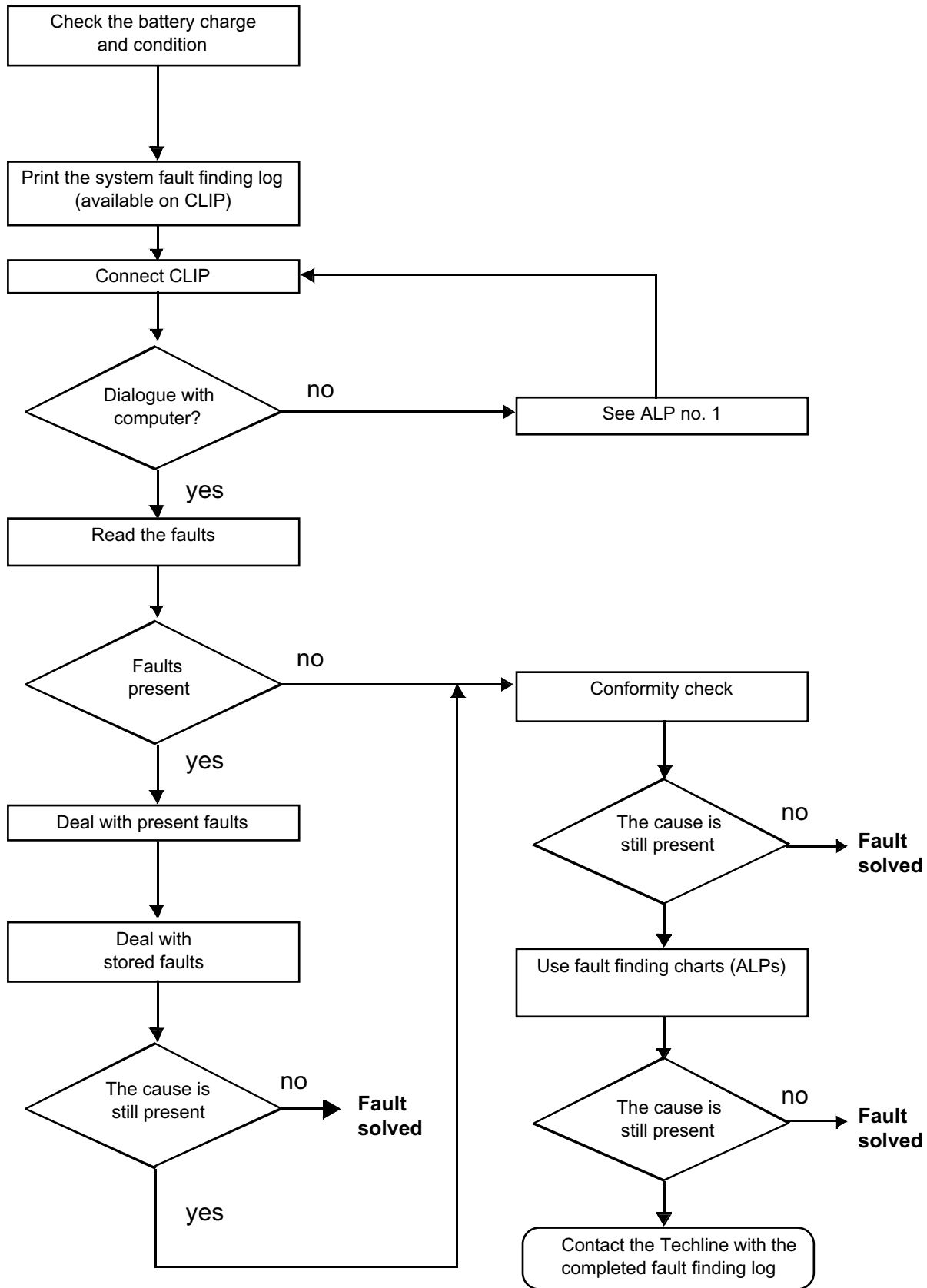
If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside the permitted tolerance values, consult the corresponding fault finding page.

### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the **diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be processed by **customer complaints**.

**A summary of the overall procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.**

**4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE**



#### 4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)

##### 4.1 Wiring check

###### **Fault finding problems**

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily remove the cause of a fault.

###### **Visual inspection**

Look for damage under the bonnet and in the passenger compartment.  
Carefully check the protectors, insulation, and routing of the wiring, as well as the mountings.

###### **Physical inspection**

While manipulating the wiring, use either the **diagnostic tool** to detect a change in status from "stored" to "present", or use the multimeter to view the status changes.

Make sure that the connectors are properly locked.

Apply light pressure to the connectors.

Twist the wiring harness.

###### **Checking earth insulation**

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the **12 V** or **5 V**. The correct measured value is **0 V**.

###### **Checking insulation against + 12 V or + 5 V**

This check is carried out by measuring the voltage (multimeter in voltmeter mode) between the suspect connection and the earth. In the first instance, the earth may be taken on the chassis. The correct measured value should be **0 V**

###### **Continuity check**

A continuity check is carried out by measuring the resistance (multimeter in ohmmeter mode), with the connectors disconnected at both ends. The expected result is **1 Ω ± 1 Ω** for every connection. The line must be fully checked, and the intermediate connections are only included in the method if this saves time during the fault finding procedure. The continuity check on the multiplex lines must be carried out on both wires. The measured value should be **1 Ω ± 1 Ω**.

###### **Checking the supply**

This check may be carried out using a test light (**21 W** or **5 W** depending on the maximum authorised load).

## 4.2 Checking the connectors

**Note:**

Carry out each requested check visually.  
Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

**Note:**

Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

**Note:**

The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:  
– Connector/Connector.  
– Connector/Device.

### **Visual inspection of the connection:**

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

### **Visual inspection of the area around the connection:**

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.) if the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

### **Visual inspection of the plastic casing:**

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, split, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, sockets, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

### **Visual inspection of the metal contacts:**

*(The female contact is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).*

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The contact comes out of the connector when the wire is pulled gently.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.

**Visual inspection of the sealing:**

*(Only for watertight connectors)*

- Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).
  - Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For *unit* joints (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For *gel* seals, check for gel in all of the sockets without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and the electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, consult **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring**.



## 5. FAULT FINDING LOG



**IMPORTANT!**

**IMPORTANT**

Any fault on a complex system requires thorough fault finding with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE ESSENTIAL THAT THE FAULT FINDING LOG IS FILLED OUT EVERY TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT.**

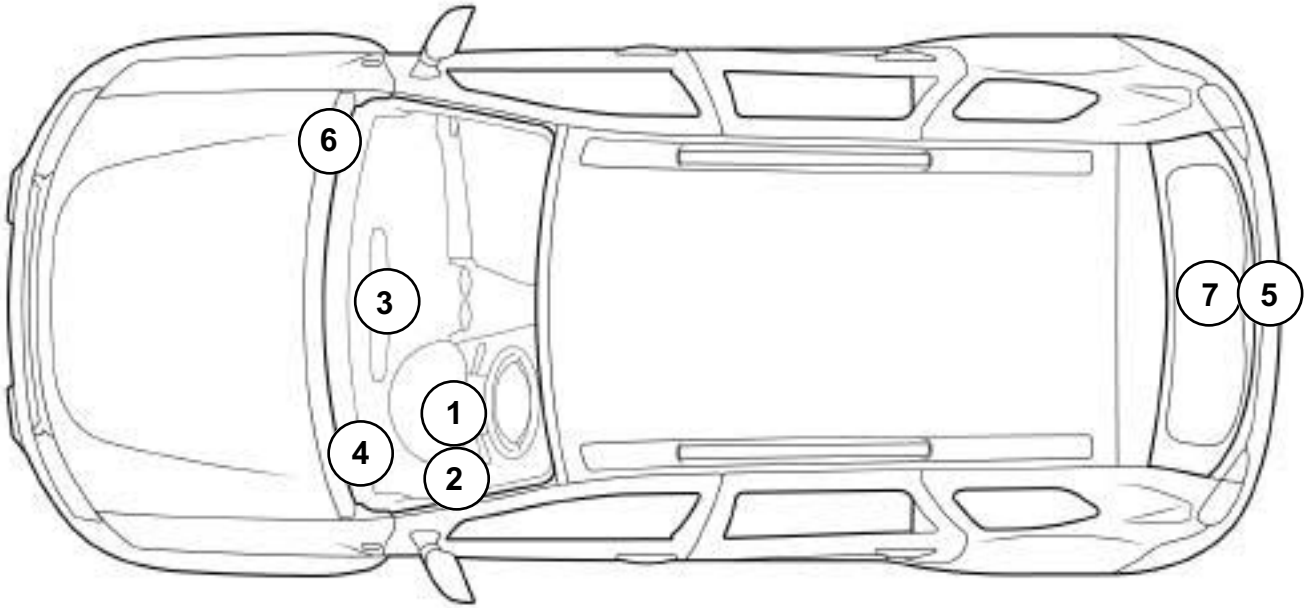
You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from Techline,
- for approval requests when replacing parts for which approval is mandatory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

## 6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.



000000730

- |   |                                |   |                         |
|---|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | UCH                            | 5 | Rear screen wiper motor |
| 2 | Passenger compartment fuse box | 6 | Washer pump             |
| 3 | Combined wiper-washer          | 7 | Heated rear screen      |
| 4 | Windscreen wiper motor         |   |                         |

**Screen wiper motor:**

The role of the windscreen wiper motor is to provide windscreen cleaning.

**Rear screen wiper motor:**

The role of the rear screen wiper motor is to provide rear screen cleaning.

**Combined wiper-washer:**

The role of the combined wiper-washer control is to control the various washing and wiping functions.

**Screen washer pump:**

– Without rear screen wiping:

The role of the screen washer pump is to supply washer fluid to the windscreen.

– With rear screen wiping:

The role of the bi-directional screen washer pump is to supply washer fluid from the same reservoir to either the windscreen or the rear screen.

**Heated rear screen:**

The role of the heated rear screen is to defrost the rear screen.

**UCH:**

The UCH is used to manage all wiper functions (activation, wiper speed, etc).

### **Windscreen washing/wiping**

The UCH receives the intermittent wiper speed and the windscreen wiper park information.

This provides the following functions:

- intermittent wiper speed,
- extended wiper time after washing,
- return to park position.

In the park position, the switch is closed to **earth**, and the UCH receives logical information **0**.

This function is only active if **+ after ignition feed** is present.

When the **+ after ignition feed** is switched on, if the windscreen wiper park position is not detected, the wiper motor relay is held.

Operation is interrupted in the following cases:

- wiper request stopped or no request,
- **+ after ignition** switched off,
- UCH reads park information.

Detection of the park position should be made on transition and not level, that is, if the wiper stalk is moved from the intermittent position to the park position while the wiper blade is in the park position and the wiper motor is running, it will not be stopped until the next reading of the park position. This condition is necessary in order to obtain an exact park position.

### **Intermittent**

The intermittent wiper speed function is only active if the **+ after ignition** is present and if the switch is in the intermittent position.

The time delay between two wipes is **5 seconds**, and this cannot be modified by the **diagnostic tool**.

When the windscreen intermittent speed function is activated, the windscreen intermittent speed relay is held by the UCH until the park position is detected. When the intermittent speed time delay has elapsed, the relay is held again and the cycle begins again.

---

### Rear screen washing/wiping

The UCH does not control the rear screen wiper, this function is managed by a direct command.

### Heated rear screen time delay

This output controls a diode relay external to the UCH, delivering the power to supply the heated rear screen.

The de-icing time delay is activated by pressing the heated rear screen button located on the central console panel.

The heated rear screen time delay is deactivated:

- by pressing the button again if the time delay between activation and deactivation is less than **50 seconds**,
- automatically if the time delay has elapsed,
- directly if there is a cut in the **+ after ignition** or engine speed signal.

The minimum time delay between two presses of the button so that the command is taken into account, should not be less than **200 ms**.

**Equipment required:**

**CLIP diagnostic tool**

**Configurations of the wiper function in the UCH**

Individual configuration available on **diagnostic tool**, with the associated configuration reading:

<b>Configuration</b>	<b>CF069</b>
<b>Configuration reading</b>	<b>LC116</b>
<b>Name of configuration</b>	<b>Intermittent variation according to speed</b>
<b>Option</b>	<b>WITH or WITHOUT</b>
<b>Configuration</b>	<b>SC008 UCH type</b>

<b>DF099 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>WINDSCREEN WIPER PARK POSITION CIRCUIT</u>
--	---

<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to stored faults:</b> The fault is declared present following operation of the windscreen wiper. <b>Special notes:</b> random operation of the wipers in intermittent speed position (time delay not respected).</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the UCH, component code <b>645</b>, of the windscreen wiper motor, component code <b>212</b> and of the combined wiper-washer, component code <b>145</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check that the windscreen wipers function correctly in the intermittent position and that status <b>ET558</b> is <b>YES</b>; if status is <b>NO</b>, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
<p>Otherwise check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>14C</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>212</b>,</li> <li>• <b>14D</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>145</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MB</b> between component <b>212</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF099 CONTINUED</b>	
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<p>Check that the windscreen wiper functions correctly in the low speed position using command <b>AC056</b></p>
<p>Otherwise check the <b>insulation and continuity</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>14A</b> between components <b>212</b> and <b>145</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MB</b> between component <b>212</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+ 12V</b> (when the low speed combined wiper-washer is requested) on connection <b>14A</b> of the combined wiper-washer, component code <b>145</b>.</p> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Otherwise replace the combined wiper-washer, component code <b>145</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Wiper switch: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>Check the operation and fitting of the windscreen wiper motor, component code <b>212</b>.</p> <p>The windscreen wiper motor may need to be replaced (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 85A, Wiping - Washing, Windscreen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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# WIPERS - WASHERS

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 85A

**NOTES**

Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Test conditions: **Engine stopped, ignition on.**

**SUB-FUNCTION: WIPER CONTROL**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action		Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>Wiper</b>	<b>ET004</b>	+ 12 V after ignition	<b>YES</b> <b>NO</b>	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> consult the interpretation of status <b>ET004</b> .
	<b>ET027:</b>	Windscreen wiper park position	When the wiper control is in the intermittent position, the status is <b>ACTIVE</b> during the park phases of the wiper and <b>INACTIVE</b> during the wiping phases	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of the fault <b>DF097</b> <b>Windscreen wiper park position.</b>
	<b>ET558:</b>	Windscreen wiper speed setting selection	<b>YES</b> when the wiper control is in the intermittent position. <b>NO</b> when the wiper control is in position 0 or low speed or high speed	<b>In the event of a fault,</b> apply the interpretation of status <b>ET558</b> .

# WIPERS - WASHERS

## Fault finding – Conformity check

# 85A

<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Only carry out this conformity check after a complete check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide. Test conditions: <b>Engine stopped, ignition on.</b></p>
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**SUBFUNCTION: WIPER CONTROL (CONTINUED)**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>Wiper</b>	<b>PR001:</b> Battery voltage	<b>12 V &lt; X &lt; 12.5 V</b>	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , run fault finding on the charging circuit (see <b>Technical Note 6014A, Checking the charging circuit</b> ).
	<b>AC056</b> Low-speed wiper	This command activates the low speed wiper.	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of the fault <b>DF097 Windscreen wiper park position</b> .
	<b>ET547:</b> Heated rear screen button	<b>PRESSED</b> when the heated rear screen button is pressed. <b>RELEASED</b> if the heated rear screen button is not pressed	<b>In the event of a fault</b> , apply the interpretation of status <b>ET547</b> .

<b>ET004</b>	<u>+ 12 VOLTS AFTER IGNITION</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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<b>ET004: "NO" with the ignition on</b>
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<p>Check fuse <b>F04 (10 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p> <p>Using a multimeter, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> after ignition on connection <b>AP10</b> of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>.</p> <p>Using a multimeter, check for <b>+ 12 V</b> on connection <b>BP56</b> of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>.</p> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If there is no voltage, check <b>the continuity</b> and the <b>insulation to earth</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP10</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p> <p>Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>ET004 CONTINUED</b>	
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**ET004: "YES" with the ignition off**

Using a multimeter, check that there is no **+12 V** with the ignition off on connection **AP10** of the UCH connector, component code **645**.

If the voltage is present, check the insulation to **+ 12 V** on the following connection:

- **AP10** between components **645** and **1016**.

If the connection is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<p><b>ET558</b></p>	<p><u>WINDSCREEN WIPER SPEED SETTING SELECTION</u></p>
<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p>There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Switch on the ignition.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
<p><b>ET558 "NO" WITH THE CONTROL STALK IN THE INTERMITTENT POSITION</b></p>	<p>Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F01 (20 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
	<p>Check the connection and condition of the combined wiper-washer connector, component code <b>145</b> and check the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
	<p>Check for <b>+ 12 V after ignition feed</b> on connection <b>AP7</b> of component <b>145</b>, If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>

<b>ET558 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>ET558 "NO" WITH THE CONTROL STALK IN THE INTERMITTENT POSITION (CONTINUED)</b>	<p>Ensure <b>the continuity</b> and <b>the insulation</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP7</b> between components <b>145</b> and <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Check for <b>+ 12 V</b> (when the intermittent speed combined wiper-washer is requested) on connection <b>14E</b> of component <b>645</b>.</p> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation to earth</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>14E</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>145</b>,</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
	<p>Check for <b>+ 12 V</b> (when the intermittent speed combined wiper-washer is requested) on connection <b>14E</b> of component <b>145</b>.</p> <p>Otherwise replace the combined wiper-washer, component code <b>145</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Wiper switch: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
	<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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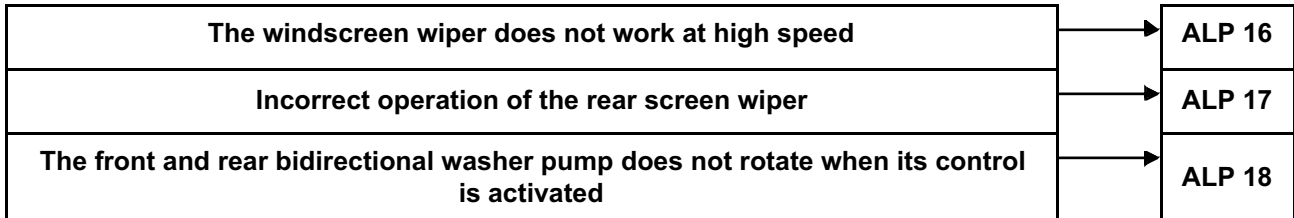
<p><b>ET558 CONTINUED 2</b></p>	
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<p><b>ET558 "YES" WITH THE CONTROL STALK IN A POSITION OTHER THAN INTERMITTENT SPEED</b></p>	<p>Check the connection and condition of the combined wiper-washer connector, component code <b>145</b> and check the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>With the wiper switch in the rest position, check the <b>insulation to + 12V</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>14E</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>145</b></li></ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
--	---

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
----------------------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult these customer complaints after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.
--------------	---

## WIPERS - WASHERS





<b>ALP 16</b>	<b>The windscreen wiper does not work at high speed</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F01 (20 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the wiper stalk, component code <b>145</b> and of the rear screen wiper motor, component code <b>211</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>+ 12 V after ignition supply</b> on connection <b>AP7</b> of the stalk, component code <b>145</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
Check for <b>+ 12 V</b> (when the high speed combined wiper-washer is requested) on the following connection: • <b>14B</b> of component <b>212</b> , Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connection: • <b>MB</b> of component <b>212</b> .  If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
---------------------	--

# WIPERS - WASHERS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

85A

### ALP 16 CONTINUED

Check the **insulation** of the following connection:

- **14B** between components **145** and **212**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check that the motor operates correctly.

Check the operation of the wiper control.

Check for **+ 12 V** (when the high speed combined wiper-washer is requested) on connection **14B** of component **145**.

Otherwise replace the combined wiper-washer, component code **145** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Wiper switch: Removal - Refitting**).

Check that the wiper mechanism or motor are not jammed.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out another fault finding check on the system.  
Deal with any other faults.  
Clear the **stored** faults.

<b>ALP 17</b>	<b>Incorrect operation of the rear screen wiper</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F27 (20 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the wiper stalk, component code <b>145</b> and of the rear screen wiper motor, component code <b>211</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check for the <b>+ 12 V after ignition feed</b> on the following connection: • <b>AP9</b> of component <b>145</b> ,  Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connection: <b>MAM</b> of component <b>145 (This connection provides the park position function)</b> ,  If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
---------------------	--

**ALP 17  
CONTINUED 1**

Check the **insulation** of the following connection:

- **AP9** between components **1016** and **145**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+12 V** (when the rear screen wiper is requested) on the following connections:

- **36G** of component **211**,
- **AP9** of component **211**,

Check for **earth** on the following connection:

- **MG** of component **211**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation** on the following connections:

- **AP9** between components **1016** and **211** (**This connection provides the park position function**),
- **36G** between components **145** and **211**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

# WIPERS - WASHERS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

**85A**

**ALP 17  
CONTINUED 2**

Check for **+12 V** (when the rear screen wiper is requested) on the following connection:  
• **36G** of component **145**.

Otherwise replace the combined wiper-washer, component code **145** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Wiper switch: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the operation and fitting of the rear screen wiper motor.  
The rear screen wiper motor may need to be replaced (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 85A, Wiping - Washing, Rear screen wiper motor: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>ALP 18</b>	<b>The front and rear bidirectional washer pump does not rotate when its control is activated</b>
---------------	---

<b>NOTES</b>	Only consult this customer complaint after a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> . There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

Check the presence and condition of fuse <b>F27 (20 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b> ).
Check the connection and condition of the connectors of the front and rear bidirectional screen washer pump, component code <b>677</b> and of the wiper stalk, component code <b>145</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check for <b>+ 12 V after ignition feed</b> on the following connection: • <b>AP9</b> of component <b>145</b> ,
Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connection: • <b>MAM</b> of component <b>145</b> ,
If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a full check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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# WIPERS - WASHERS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

85A

### ALP 18 CONTINUED 1

Check the **insulation** of the following connection:

- **AP9** between components **1016** and **145**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+12 V** (when the windscreen washer is requested) on the following connection:

- **16A** of component **677**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation** of the following connection:

- **16A** between components **677** and **145**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.

# WIPERS - WASHERS

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

85A

### ALP 18 CONTINUED 2

Check for **+12 V** (when the rear screen washer is requested) on the following connection:

- **24A** of component **677**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **insulation** of the following connection:

- **24A** between components **677** and **145**,

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **+12 V** (when the windscreen washer is requested) on the following connection:

- **16A** of component **145**,

Check for **+12 V** (when the rear screen washer is requested) on the following connection:

- **24A** of component **145**,

Otherwise replace the combined wiper-washer, component code **145** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Wiper switch: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the operation and fitting of the front and rear bidirectional screen washer pump.

If the pump is not correct, replace it (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 85A, Wiping – Washing, Screen washer pump: Removal - Refitting**).

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.



# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 86A RADIO

Introduction	86A - 2
Role of components	86A - 3
Features	86A - 4
Defect and safe modes	86A - 5
Configuration – Settings	86A - 6
Self-test procedure	86A - 7
Security code recovery procedure	86A - 8
Anti-theft code	86A - 10
Customer complaints	86A - 12
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Test	86A - 27

---

V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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## 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**

Function concerned: **Radio R0-08**

## 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document):

- Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

### Special tooling required

Special tooling required
Multimeter.

## 3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any material damage or personal injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the proper tools.

## 4. GENERAL INFORMATION

For repairs or fault finding, the radio has a test menu (see **self-test procedure**).

The radio supply must be between **10.5 V** and **16 V**.

The radio will operate for approximately **60 minutes** without the ignition being switched to the accessories position.

# RADIO

## Role of components

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86A

### **Radio**

The radio transmits audio signals into the vehicle via the speakers.

### **Aerial**

The aerial receives radio waves from different stations.

### **Compact disc player**

The compact disc player reads compact discs and reproduces the music on the radio.

### **Display**

The display shows various radio information such as the name/frequency of the radio station being listened to, the sound level, as well as various audio settings.

### **Speakers**

The speakers receive audio signals from the radio and reproduce the sound in the vehicle.

### **Steering wheel controls**

The steering wheel controls provide access to various functions of the radio.

### **Accessories socket on front panel (mini type jack)**

The audio accessories socket on the radio front panel provides connectivity for a mobile device (e.g.: MP3 player, etc.).

Functions provided by the radio:

- FM - AM reception,
- CD player, audio CD or CD/MP3 (depending on the vehicle equipment),
- Monochrome display with two backlighting levels (day / night),
- Control by satellite control on the steering wheel,
- Temporary sound cut-off with the mute button by simultaneously pressing two buttons of the satellite control,
- Bass, treble, and sound distribution settings (balance and fader),
- Automatic tracking of stations with the RDS\* function,
- Selection of AM (LW and MW) and FM bands,
- Audio type jack on the radio front panel for connecting a mobile device (e.g.: MP3 player, etc.),
- Anti-theft protection using a 4-digit code,
- Display the name of the station using RDS\*, which automatically switches to the best transmitter (**AF** function).

\* RDS: Radio Data System

### Radio operation

The radio uses 3 FM bands:

FM1 with storage of 6 preselections (preset)

FM2 with storage of 6 preselections (preset)

FMT for preselections recorded by the autostore function (AST), which selects the 6 best stations.

### CD function

The CD player can play conventional discs and any audio tracks on a CD-ROM (MP3 type, etc.).

CDs can be played in order or tracks can be chosen at random.

# RADIO

## Defect and safe modes

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**86A**

### Defect modes:

If the 4-digit anti-theft code entered is incorrect, the system locks and the message "CODE" appears on the display. Before trying to enter the code again, wait for the system to come on and unlock itself.

### Thermal protection

A thermal protection is integrated into the CD radio in order to protect the laser diode. It switches off the CD function from **70°C**. The CD player function is restored when the temperature falls below this threshold.

# RADIO

## Configuration – Settings

86A

### TUNER CONFIGURATION

The radio configuration can be corrected or changed when the anti-theft code is first entered.

With the radio off, press buttons **1**, **5** and **ON** simultaneously.

This mode allows users to choose the preferred type of tuner.

The tuner choices are Europe, United States, Asia, or Arabia.

Exit the mode to confirm the configuration using the ON/OFF button.

Note:  
By default, the mode is configured to the Europe tuner.

Note:  
These configurations are not required when the secret code is entered after the power supply has been cut.

### SETTINGS

#### To adjust the various parameters:

Press the menu button:

- activation of the **AF mode** (automatic resetting, also called RDS)

Press the AUD button:

- activation of **Loudness** mode,
- **bass, treble, balance, and fader** adjustments.

# RADIO

## Self-test procedure

86A

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The radio self-test modes are used to check certain basic functions by pressing a combination of buttons.

### Reception level fault finding

This mode activates fault finding on the radio reception level.

With the radio off, press buttons **3**, **6**, and **ON** simultaneously.

After entering into this mode, the display indicates:

- first three digits: the frequency level 0 to 256 (256 being the highest reception level and 55 the lowest acceptable level),
- last five digits: the tuner frequency.

# RADIO

## Security code recovery procedure

86A

The pre-code is recovered by removing the radio and noting the four characters on the barcode that follow the letter T (see photo below).



000001134



There are three ways to recover the radio code (4 digits):

1 – Only the VIN is available: connect to code management on Renault.Net and enter the VIN. The code server gives the original radio code entered in the World Vehicle Database (BVM).

If the code has not been entered in the BVM or is incorrect when the code is entered in the radio, follow the procedure below:

2 – The pre-code is available: go back to code management on Renault.net and enter the pre-code to obtain the radio code.

If this code is correct, the radio will operate again; if not, follow the procedure below:

3 – On Renault.Net, write a help message to be sent to the assistance unit.

**WHEN REPLACING PARTS, OR FOR AN UNKNOWN VIN, WRITE A HELP MESSAGE IN CODE MANAGEMENT ON RENAULT.NET TO UPDATE THE DATABASE.**

# RADIO

## Anti-theft code

**86A**

The radio is protected by a four digit code. This code must be entered using the radio keypad every time the battery is disconnected:

Enter the digits using buttons 1, 2, 3 and 4, and then confirm with button 6.

If the code is entered incorrectly, the radio will be locked (**1 minute** for the first error, **2 minutes** for the second error, **4 minutes** for the third error, etc., for a maximum of **32 minutes after each attempt**). After several attempts, if the fault is still present, contact Techline.

Some configurations must be programmed after the code has been entered for the first time (see **Configuration - Parameters**). These settings are stored when the battery is disconnected.

**Reminder:**

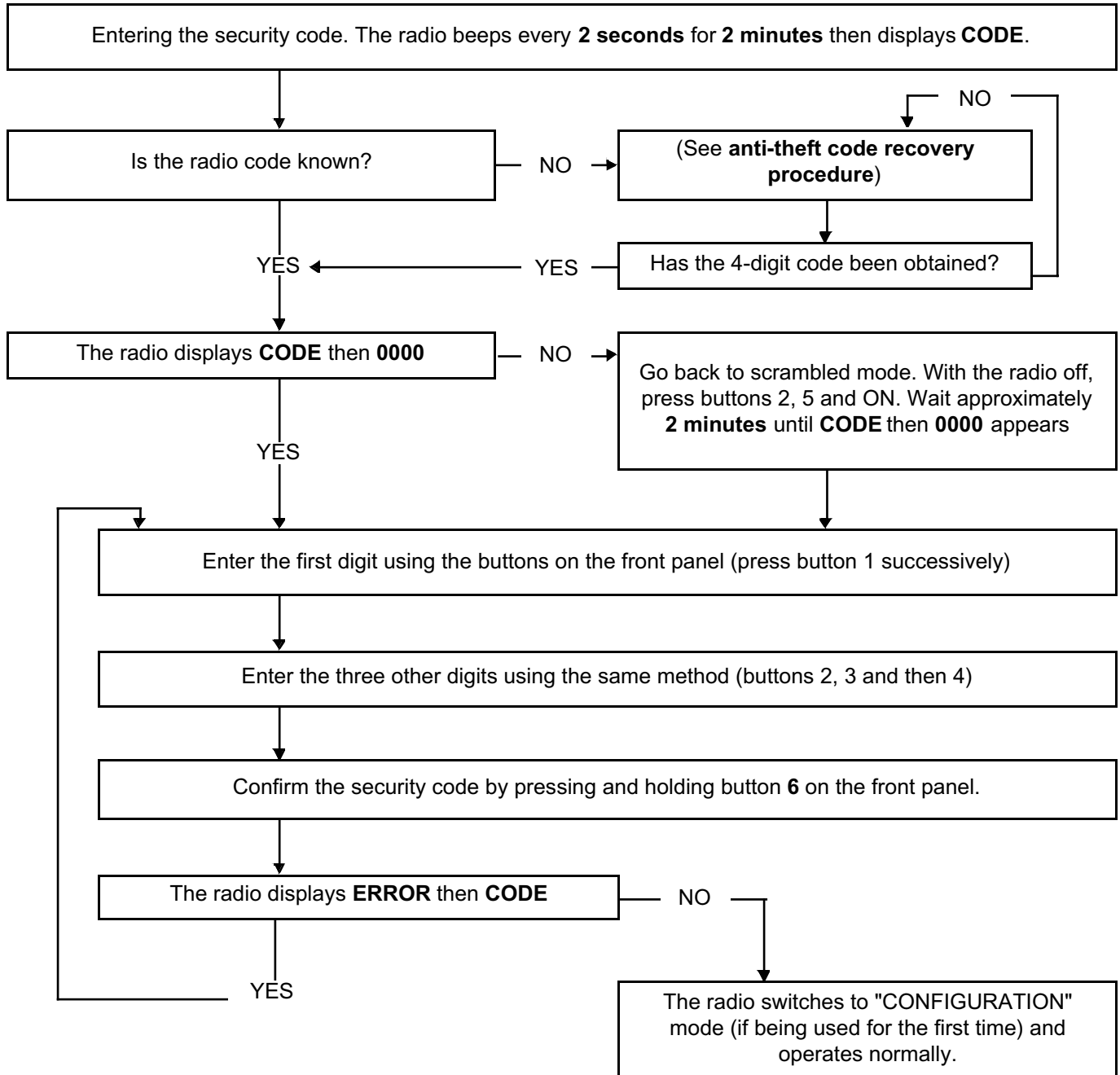
The radio will operate for approximately **2 minutes** in scrambled mode without the code having been entered (with regular warning beeps).

# RADIO

## Anti-theft code

# 86A

### THE DISPLAY SHOWS "CODE" OR "0000"



# RADIO

Customer complaints

**86A**

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THE CD DOES NOT EJECT FROM THE PLAYER	→	ALP 1
THE RADIO BEEPS EVERY 2 SECONDS	→	ALP 2
THE RADIO DOES NOT OPERATE WHEN THE ON BUTTON IS PRESSED	→	ALP 3
RADIO RECEPTION FAULTS	→	ALP 4
THE RADIO DOES NOT SWITCH ON AUTOMATICALLY WHEN THE IGNITION IS SWITCHED ON OR GOES OFF AFTER 60 MINUTES	→	ALP 5
LIGHTING DOES NOT CHANGE WHEN THE VEHICLE LIGHTS ARE SWITCHED ON	→	ALP 6
THE CD IS PLAYED IN RANDOM MODE	→	ALP 7
THE SATELLITE CONTROL DOES NOT WORK	→	ALP 8
THE RADIO DOES NOT RECEIVE ALL STATIONS	→	ALP 9
THE MINI JACK DOES NOT WORK	→	ALP 10

**RADIO**  
**Fault finding chart**

**86A**

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>The CD does not eject from the player</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	There is no manual procedure for ejecting a CD if it is stuck in the player.
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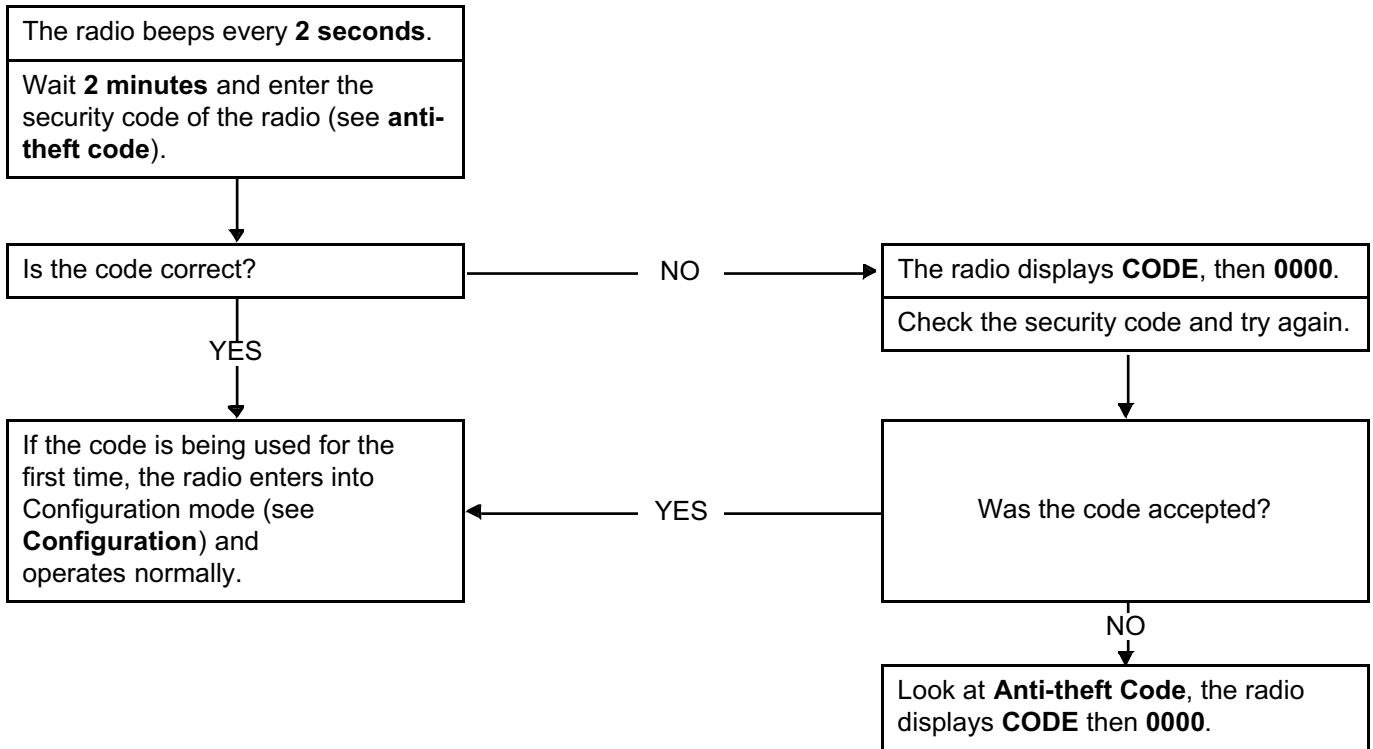
The CD does not eject from the player.
Disconnect and reconnect the battery ( <b>see MR 451, Mechanical, 80A Battery, Battery: Removal - Refitting</b> ).
Try again to eject the CD by pressing the radio button.
If the fault is still present, replace the radio ( <b>see MR 451, Mechanical, 86A Radio, Radio: Removal - Refitting</b> ).

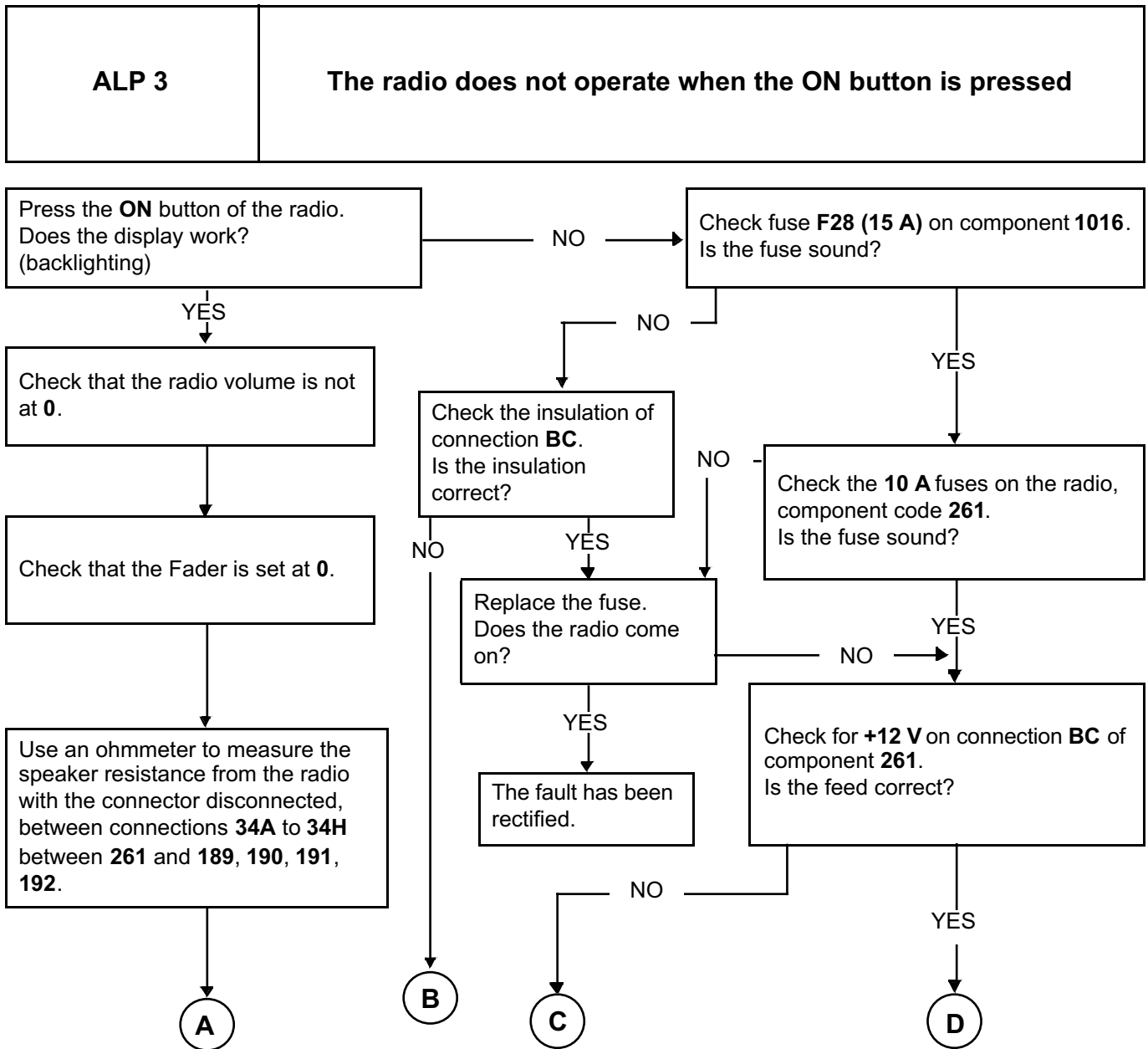
# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

# 86A

<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>The radio beeps every 2 seconds</b>
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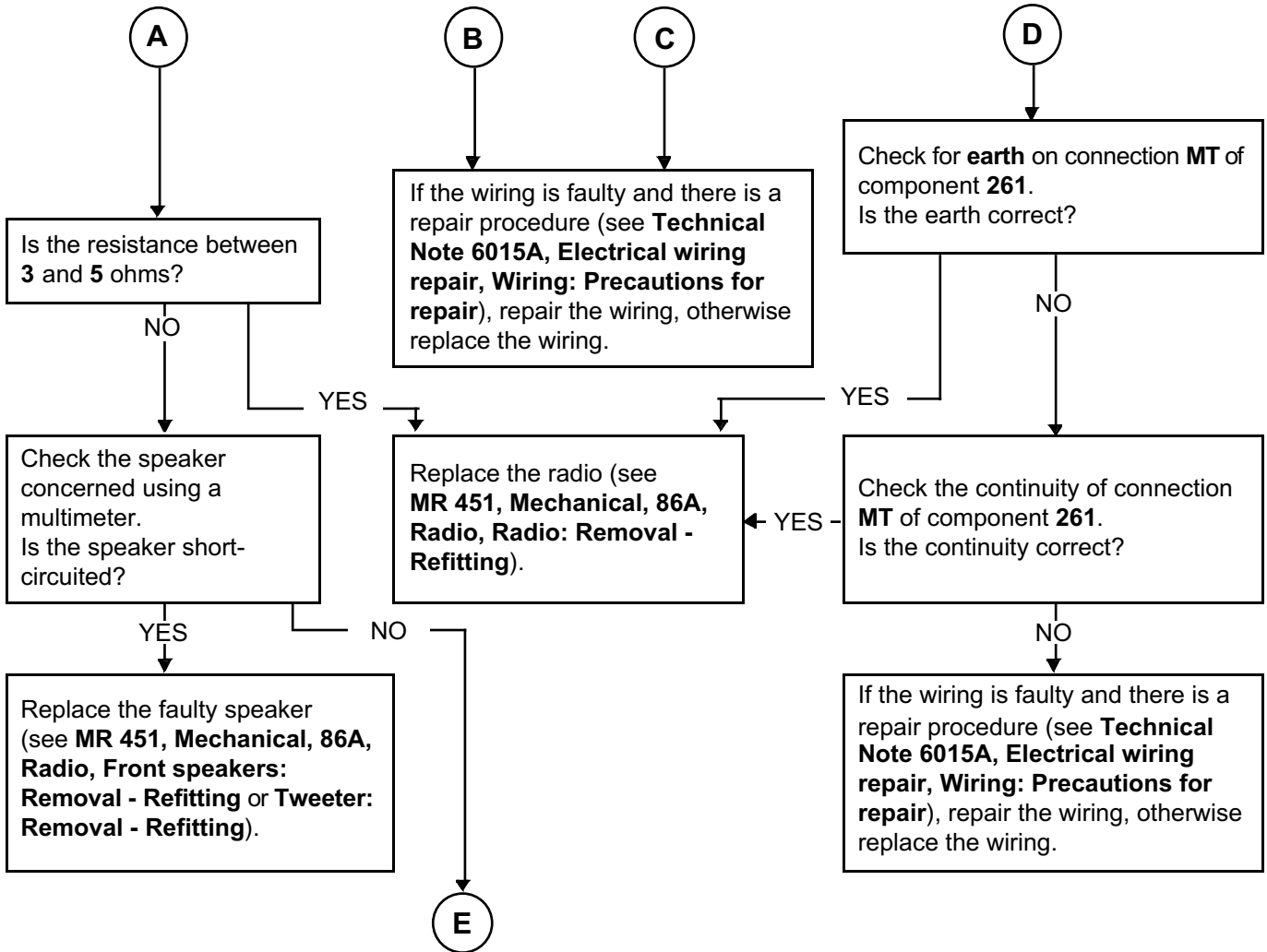


# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

# 86A

**ALP 3  
CONTINUED 1**





**RADIO**  
Fault finding chart

**86A**

<p><b>ALP 3 CONTINUED 2</b></p>	
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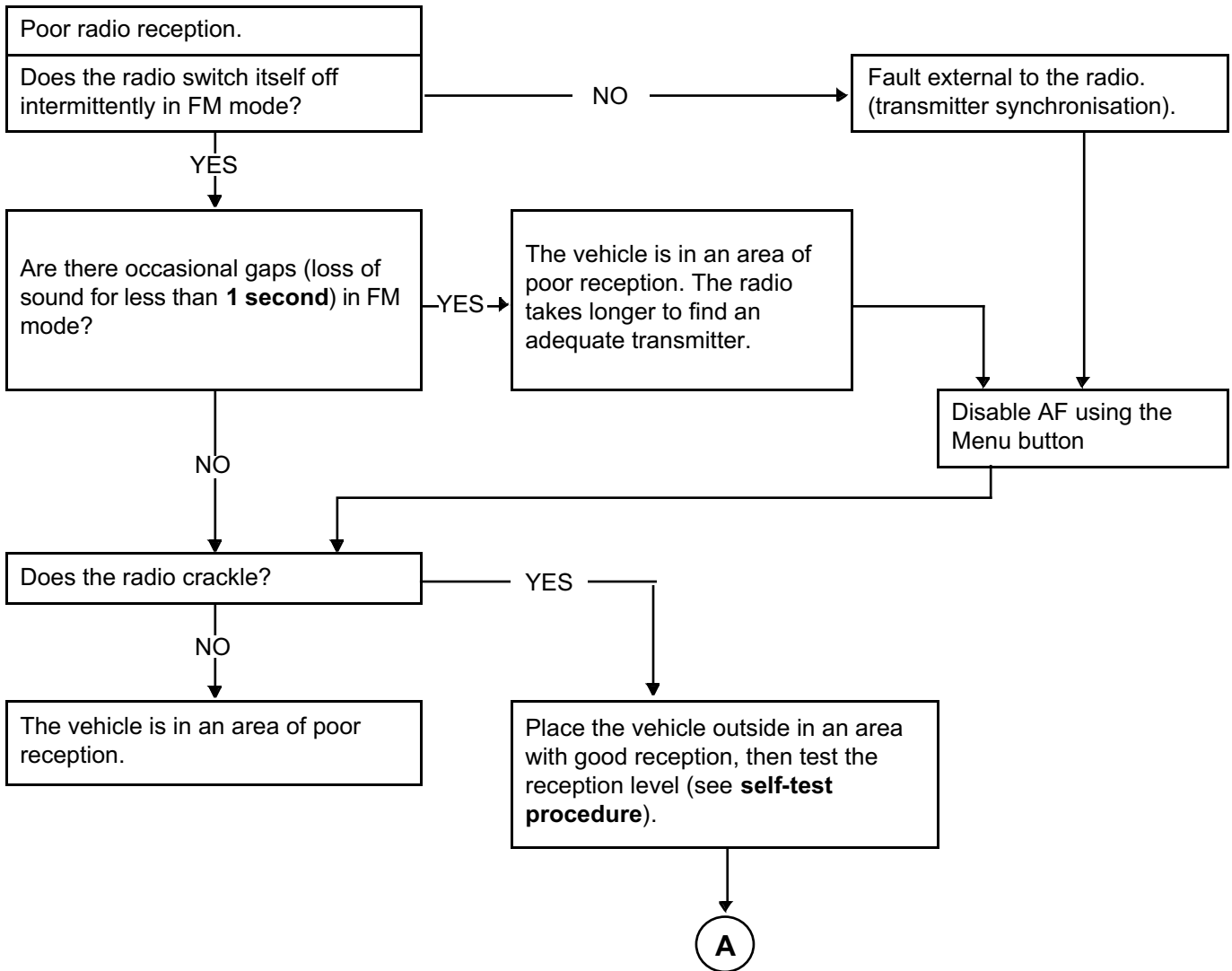
**E**



Check the **continuity** and insulation of connections **34A** to **34H** between **261** and **189, 190, 191, 192**. Is the continuity and insulation test correct?

<b>ALP 4</b>	<b>Radio reception faults</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	Run the self-test procedure of the aerial (see <b>Self-test procedure</b> ) before running this ALP.
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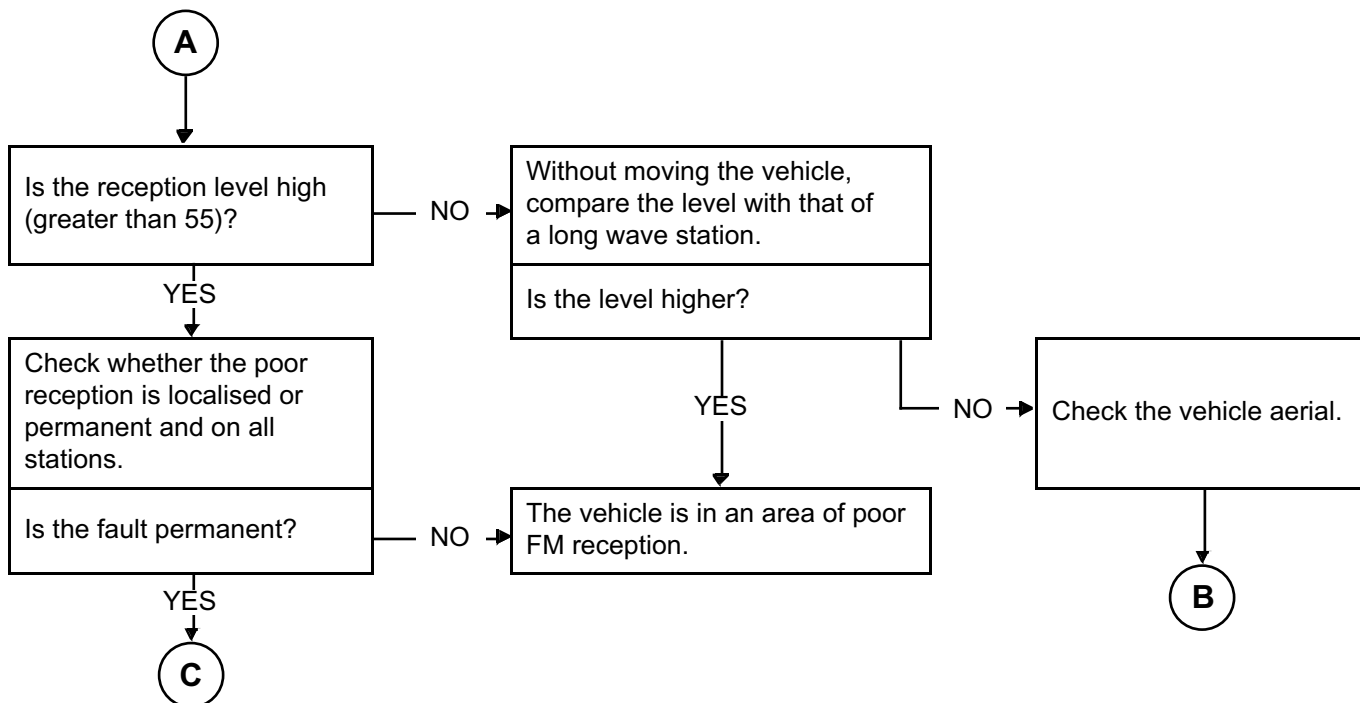


# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

# 86A

<b>ALP 4 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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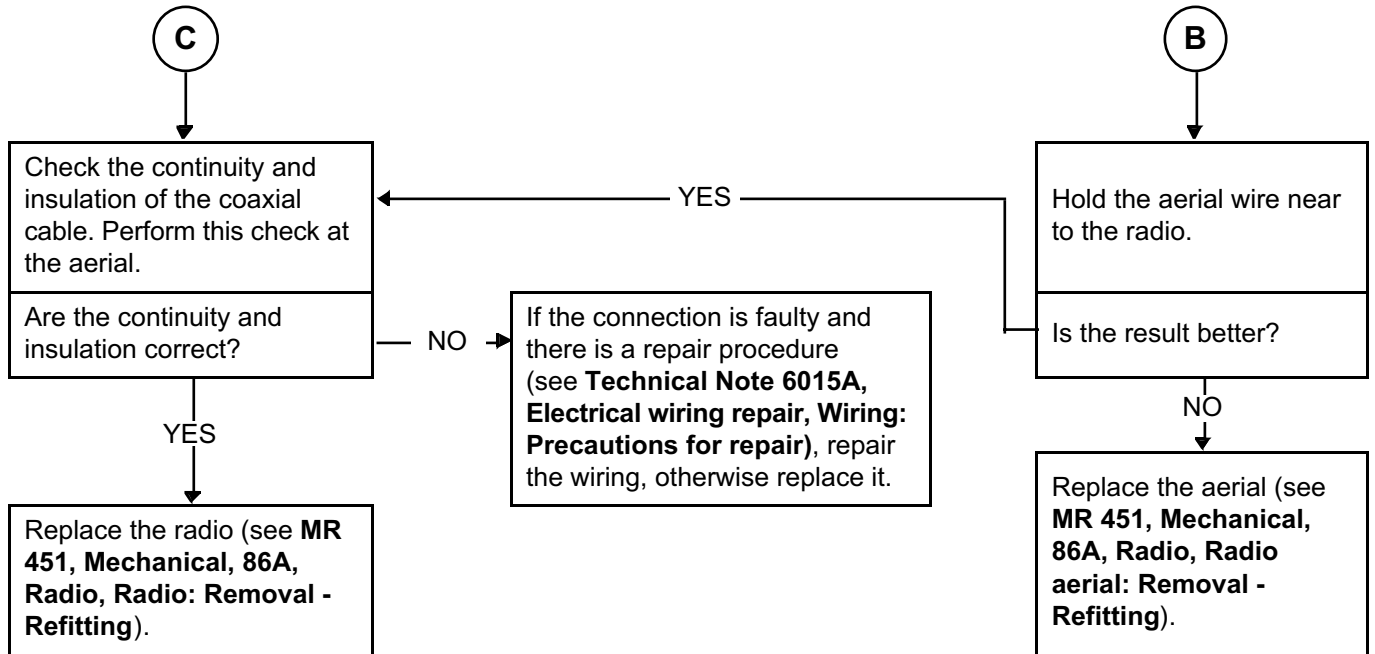


# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

# 86A

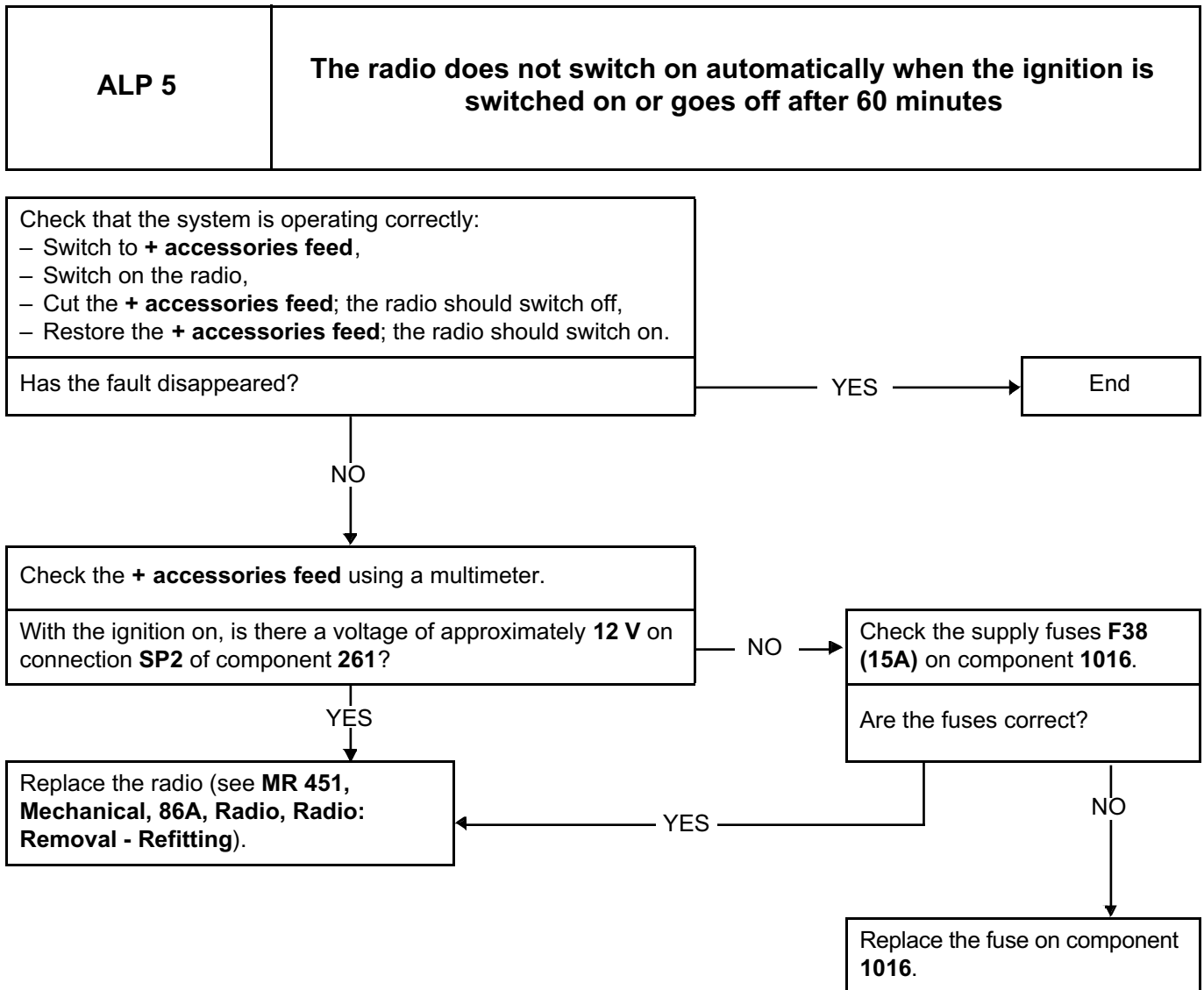
<b>ALP 4 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

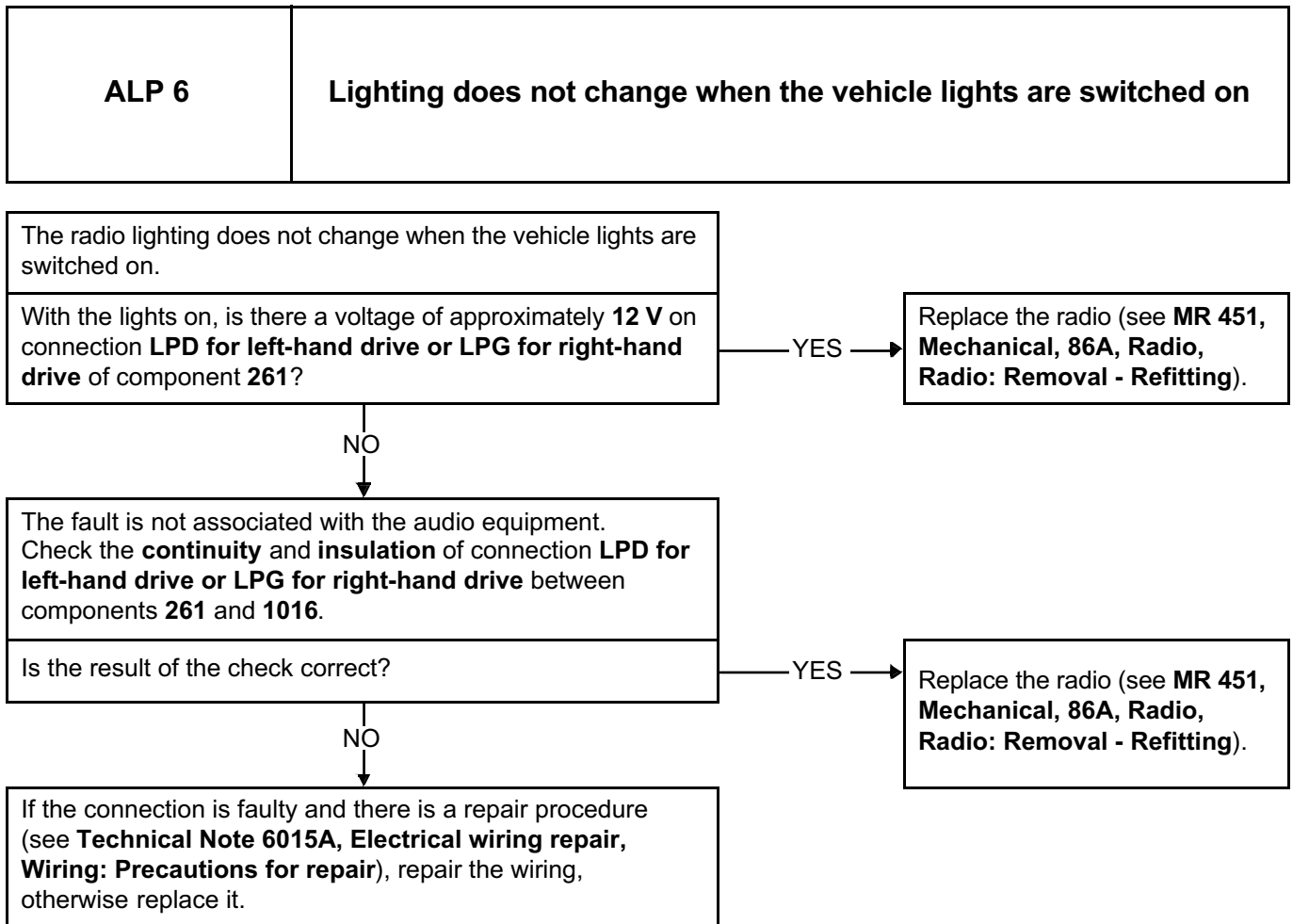
# 86A



# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

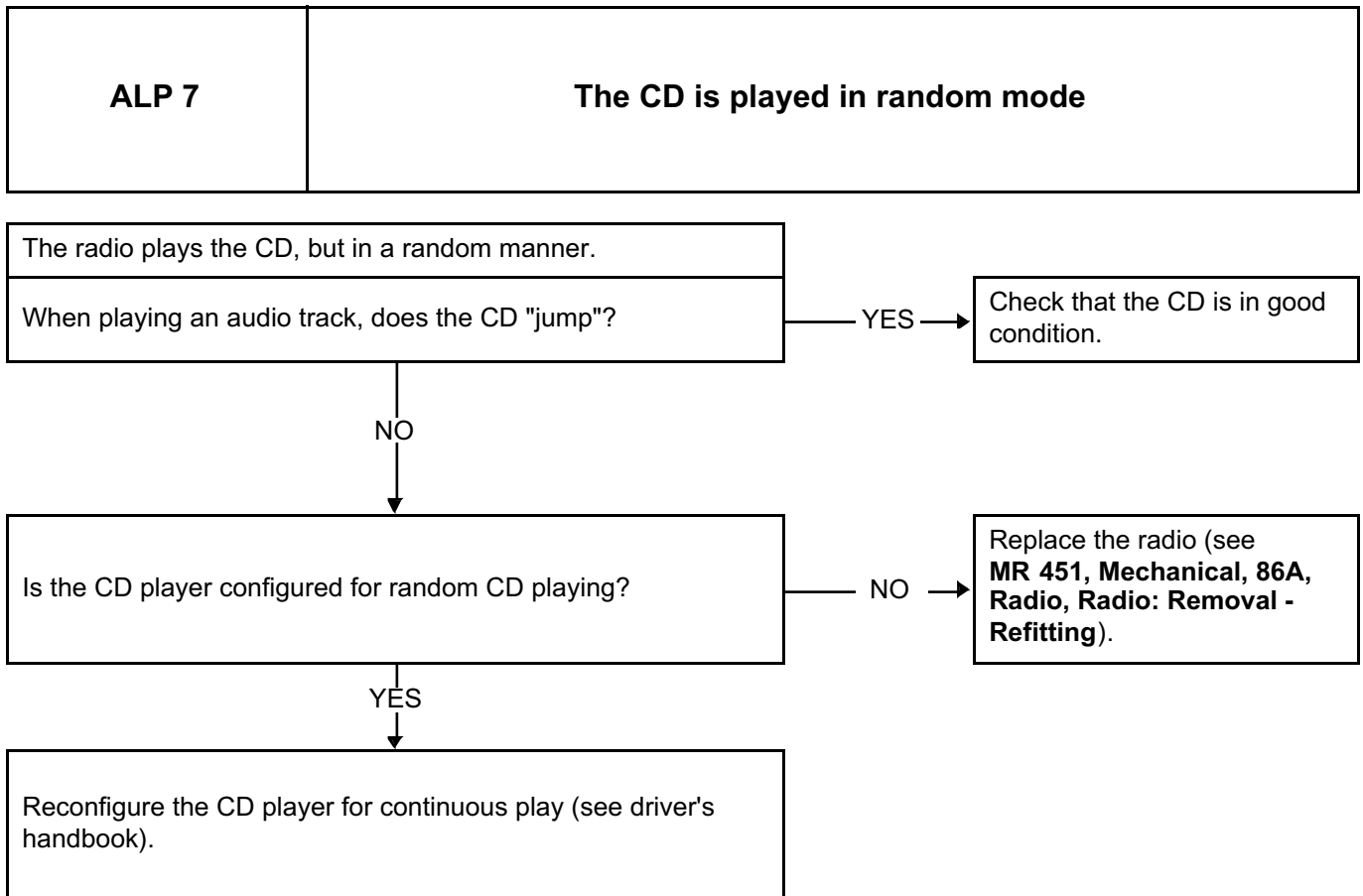
# 86A



# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

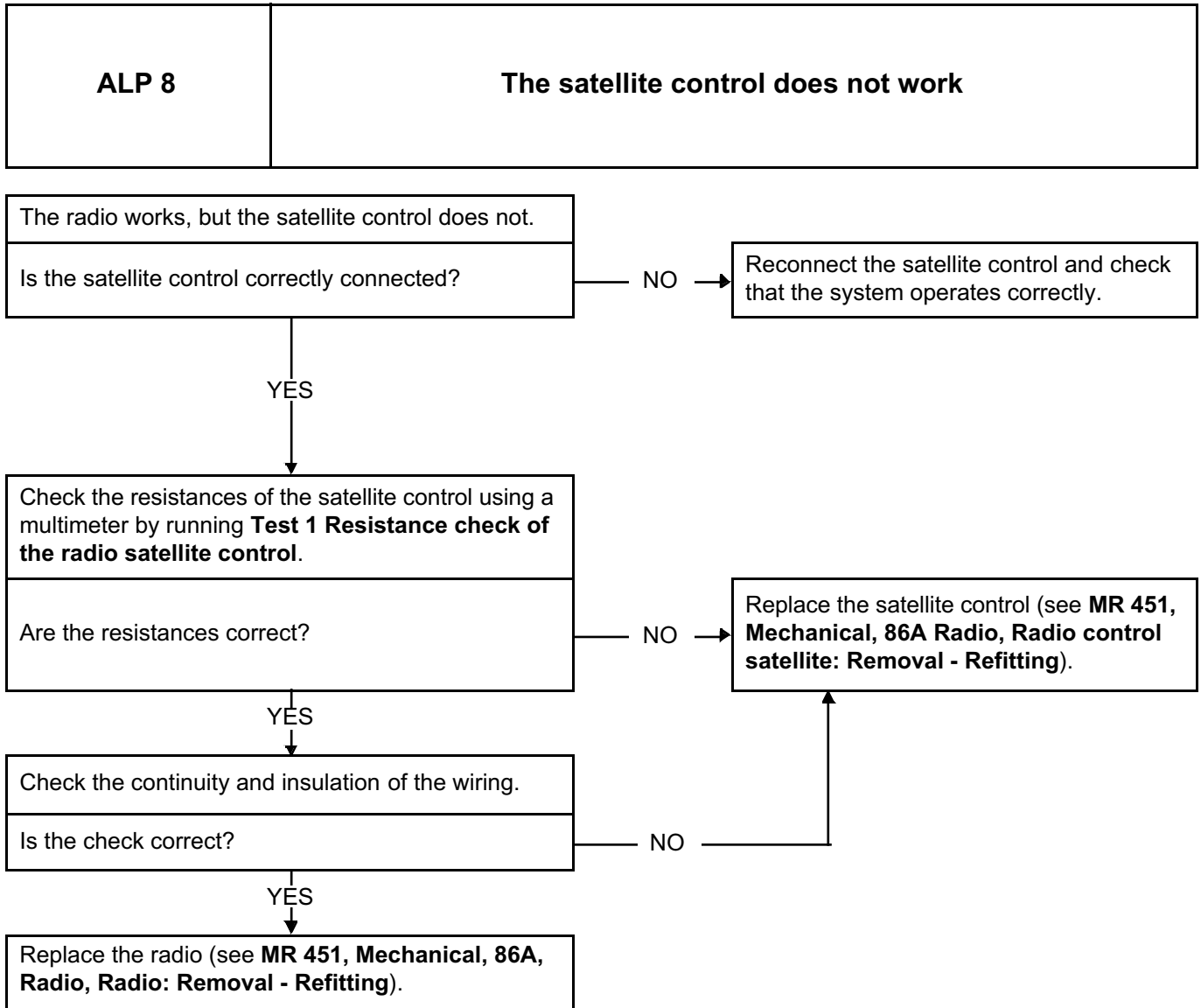
# 86A



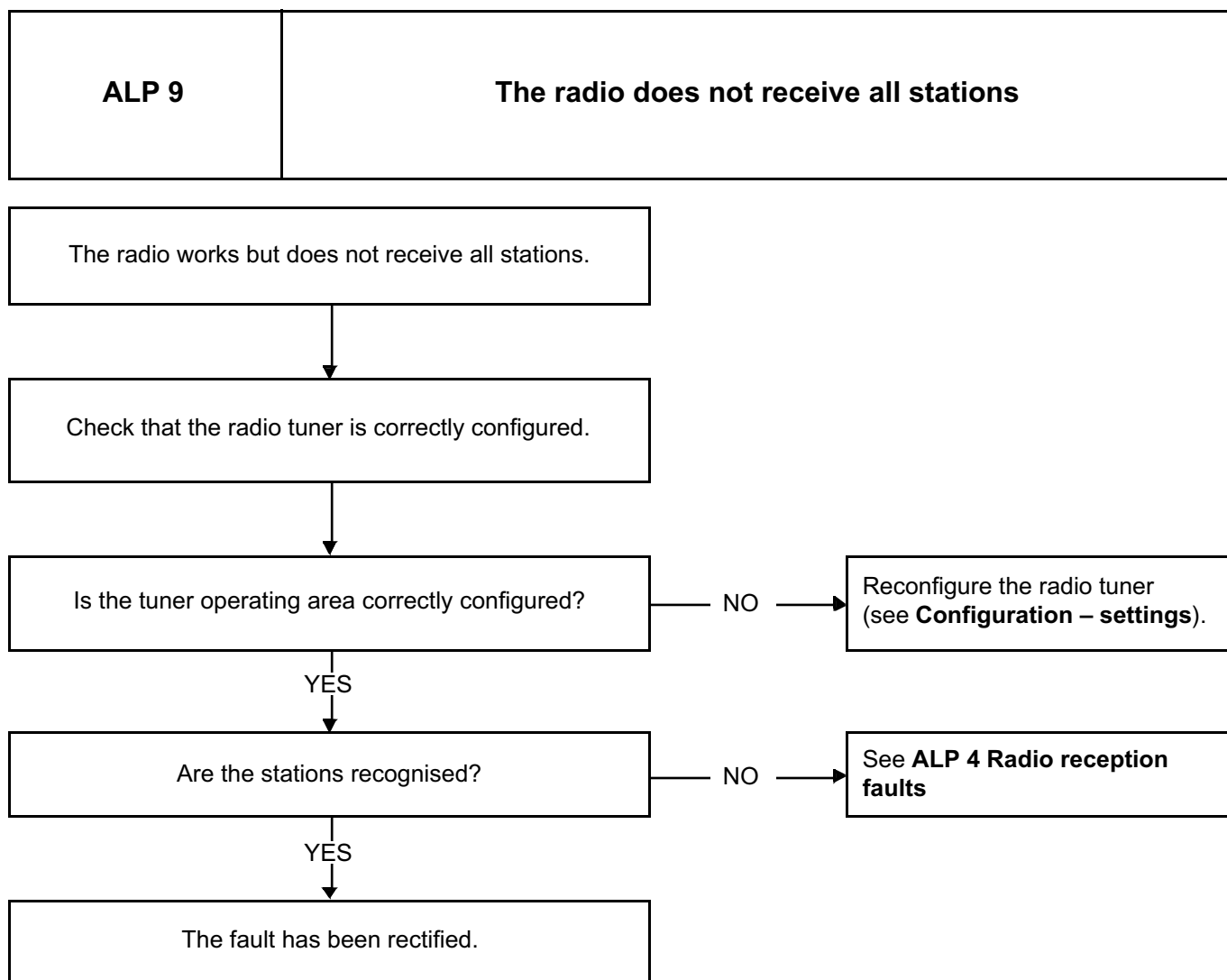
# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

# 86A







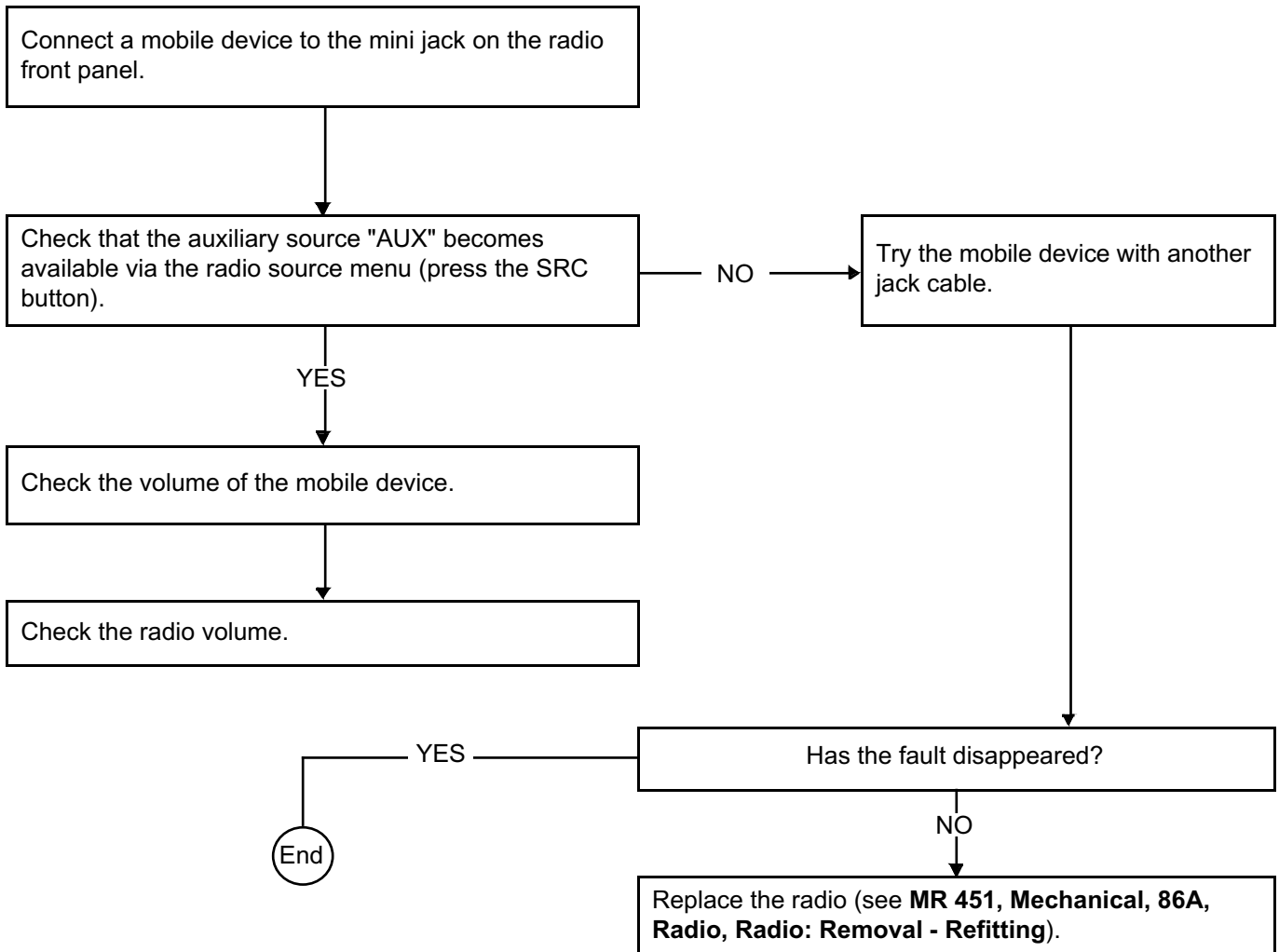
# RADIO

## Fault finding chart

# 86A

<b>ALP 10</b>	<b>The mini jack does not work</b>
---------------	------------------------------------

<b>NOTES</b>	Check the correct operation of the mobile device before applying this fault finding chart.
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# RADIO

Test

**86A**

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Resistance check of the radio satellite control

TEST 1

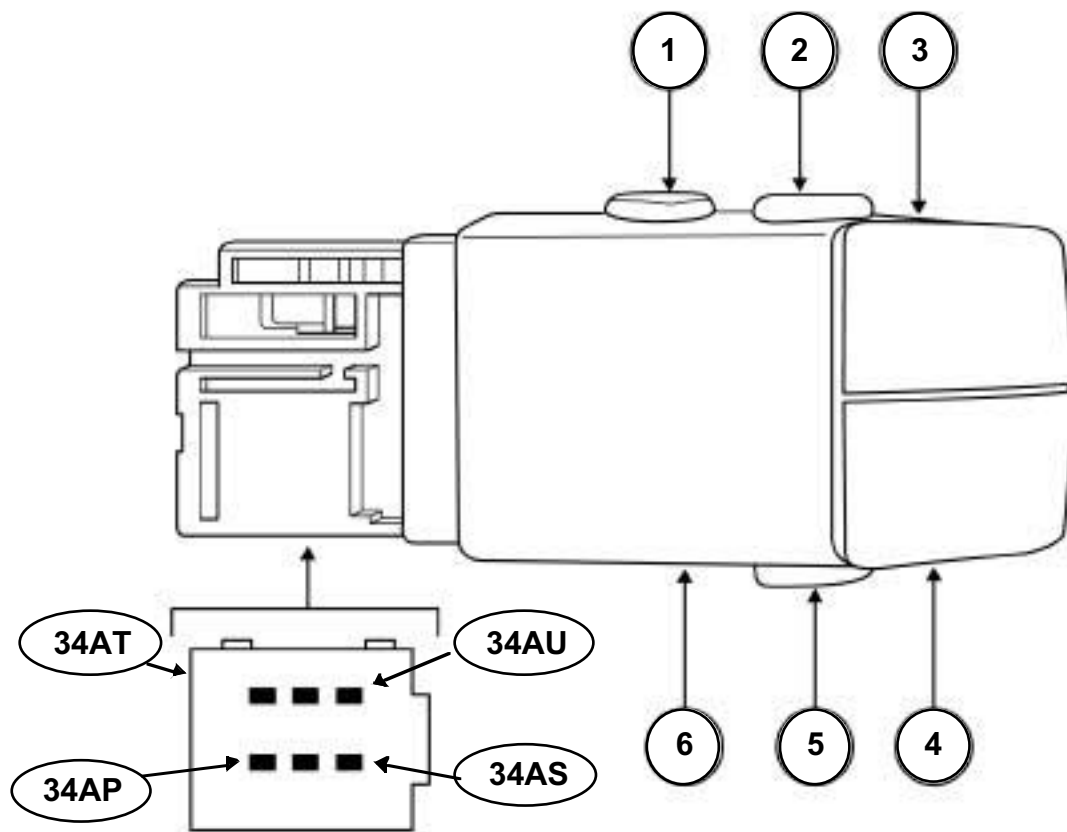
# RADIO

Test

# 86A

<b>TEST 1</b>	<b>Resistance check of the radio satellite control</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	The check is carried out using a multimeter in the ohmmeter position between the tracks of the radio control satellite connector.
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000001070

# RADIO

## Test

# 86A

<b>TEST 1 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>Radio control satellite in use</b>	<b>Connector tracks</b>	<b>Resistance (<math>\Omega</math>)</b>
Lower button (5)	between 34AU and 34AP	< 150
Decrease volume (4)	between 34AS and 34AP	< 150
Increase volume (3)	between 34AT and 34AP	< 150
Upper right button (2)	between 34AU and 34AQ	< 150
Upper left button (1)	between 34AS and 34AQ	< 150
Wheel 1 <sup>st</sup> position (6)	between 34AU and 34AR	< 150
Wheel 2 <sup>nd</sup> position (6)	between 34AS and 34AR	< 150
Wheel 3 <sup>rd</sup> position (6)	between 34AT and 34AR	< 150

# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 87B PASSENGER COMPARTMENT CONNECTION UNIT

UCH  
Vdiag No.: 09

Fault finding – Introduction	87B - 2
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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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Fault finding – Introduction

1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**  
Function concerned: **PASSENGER  
COMPARTMENT CONNECTION UNIT**

Name of computer: *UCH*  
Vdiag No.: **09**

2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this manual):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

Type of diagnostic tools

- **CLIP**

Special tooling required

Special tooling required:	
Diagnostic tool	
	Multimeter
<b>Elé. 1622</b>	Bornier
<b>Elé. 1622</b>	Universal bornier

If the information obtained by the diagnostic tool requires checking electrical continuity, connect bornier **Elé. 1622** or universal bornier **Elé. 1681**.

**WARNING:**

- All tests with bornier **Elé. 1622** or **Elé. 1681** must be conducted with the battery disconnected.
- The bornier is only designed to be used with a multimeter. Never power the test points with **12 V**.

### 3. REMINDERS

#### Procedure

To run diagnostics on the vehicle computers, switch on the ignition using the key.

#### Faults

Faults are declared present or stored (depending on whether they appeared in a certain context and have disappeared since, or whether they remain present but are not diagnosed within the current context).

The **present** or **stored** status of faults should be taken into consideration when the **diagnostic tool** is used after switching on the **+ after ignition feed** (without acting on the system components).

For a **present fault**, apply the procedure described in the **Interpretation of faults** section.

For a **stored fault**, note the faults displayed and apply the **Notes** section.

If the fault is **confirmed** when the instructions are applied, the fault is present. Deal with the fault.

If the fault is **not confirmed**, check:

- the electrical lines which correspond to the fault,
- the connectors on these lines (corrosion, bent pins, etc.),
- the **resistance** of the faulty component,
- the condition of the wires (melted or cut insulation, wear).

#### Conformity check

The conformity check is designed to check the statuses and parameters that do not display any faults on the **diagnostic tool** when they are inconsistent. Therefore, this stage is used to:

- carry out fault finding on faults that do not have a fault display, and which may correspond to a customer complaint,
- check that the system is operating correctly and that there is no risk of a fault recurring after repair.

This section gives the fault finding procedures for statuses and parameters and the conditions for checking them.

If a status is not behaving normally or a parameter is outside permitted tolerance values, you should consult the corresponding fault finding page.

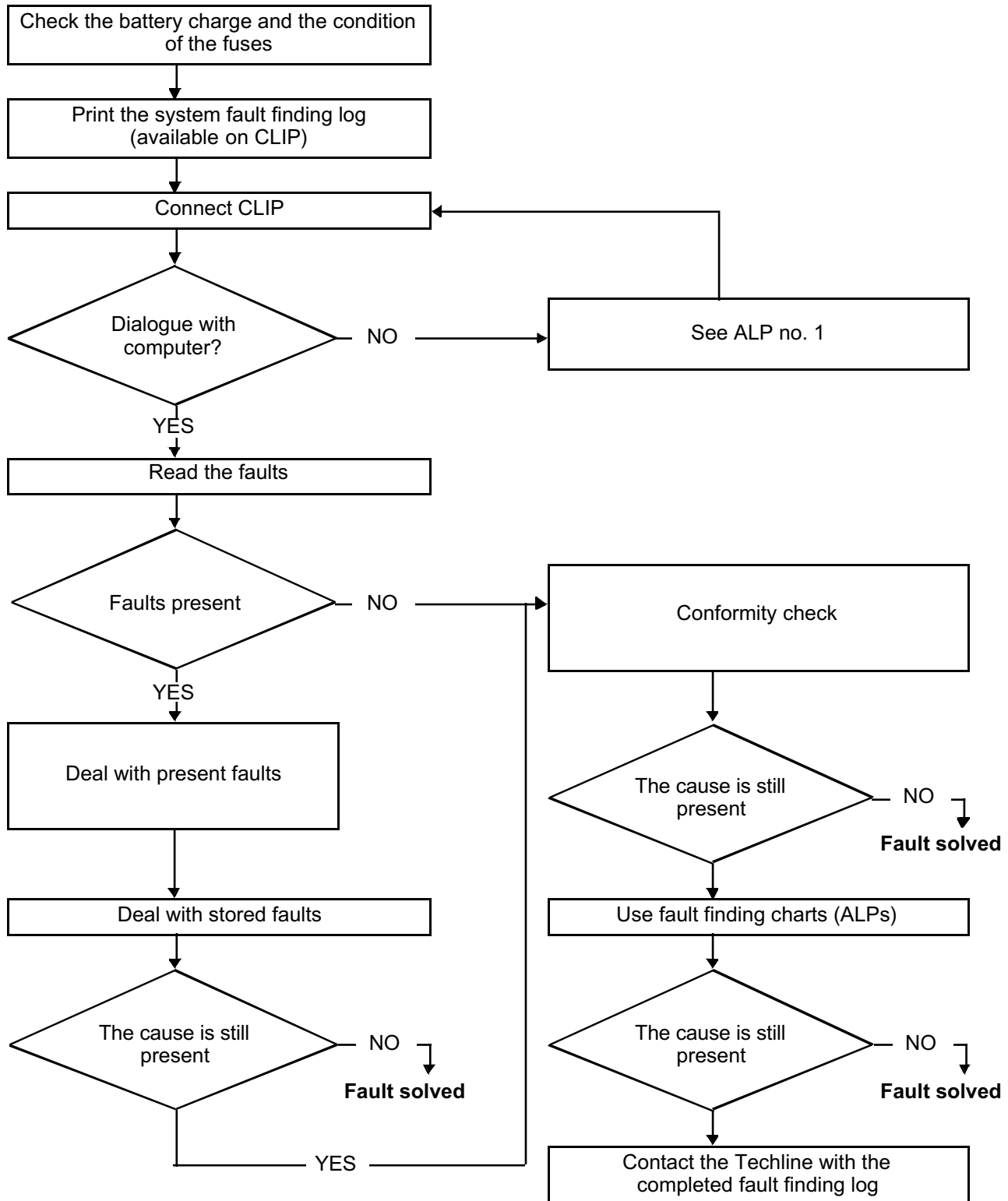
#### Customer complaints - Fault finding chart

If the test with the **diagnostic tool** is OK but the customer complaint is still present, the fault should be dealt with by **customer complaints**.

A summary of the overall procedure to follow is provided on the following page in the form of a flow chart.



4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE



## Fault finding – Introduction

**4. FAULT FINDING PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)****Wiring check****Note:**

Carry out each requested check visually. Do not remove a connector if it is not required.

**Note:**

Repeated connections and disconnections alter the functionality of the connectors and increase the risk of poor electrical contact. Limit the number of connections/disconnections as much as possible.

**Note:**

The check is carried out on the 2 parts of the connection. There may be two types of connection:

- Connector / Connector
- Connector / Device

**Fault finding problems**

Disconnecting the connectors and/or manipulating the wiring may temporarily clear the cause of a fault. Electrical measurements of voltage, resistance and insulation are generally correct, especially if the fault is not present when the analysis is made (stored fault).

**Visual inspection of the connection:**

- Check that the connector is connected correctly and that the male and female parts of the connection are correctly coupled.

**Visual inspection of the area around the connection:**

- Check the condition of the mounting (pin, strap, adhesive tape, etc.) if the connectors are attached to the vehicle.
- Check that there is no damage to the wiring trim (sheath, foam, adhesive tape, etc.) near the wiring.
- Check that there is no damage to the electrical wires at the connector outputs, in particular on the insulating material (wear, cuts, burns, etc.).

Disconnect the connector to continue the checks.

**Visual inspection of the plastic casing:**

- Check that there is no mechanical damage (casing crushed, cracked, broken, etc.), in particular to the fragile components (lever, lock, openings, etc.).
- Check that there is no heat damage (casing melted, darker, deformed, etc.).
- Check that there are no stains (grease, mud, liquid, etc.).

**Visual inspection of the metal contacts:**

(The female *contact* is called CLIP. The male contact is called TAB).

- Check that there are no bent contacts (the contact is not inserted correctly and can come out of the back of the connector). The spring contact of the connector when the wire is gently pulled.
- Check that there is no damage (folded tabs, clips open too wide, blackened or melted contact, etc.).
- Check that there is no oxidation on the metal contacts.

Fault finding – Introduction

**Visual inspection of the sealing:**

*(Only for watertight connectors)*

- Check for the seal on the connection (between the 2 parts of the connection).
- Check the seal at the back of the connectors:
  - For *unit* joints (1 for each wire), check that the unit joints are present on each electrical wire and that they are correctly positioned in the opening (level with the housing). Check that plugs are present on openings which are not used.
  - For a *grommet* seal (one seal which covers the entire internal surface of the connector), check that the seal is present.
  - For *gel* seals, check for gel in all of the openings without removing the excess or any protruding sections (it does not matter if there is gel on the contacts).
  - For *hotmelt* sealing (heat-shrink sheath with glue), check that the sheath has contracted correctly on the rear of the connectors and electrical wires, and that the hardened glue comes out of the side of the wire.
- Check that there is no damage to any of the seals (cuts, burns, significant deformation, etc.).

If a fault is detected, repair or replace the wiring (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**).

**5. FAULT FINDING LOG**



**IMPORTANT!**

**IMPORTANT**

All faults involving a complex system call for thorough diagnostics with the appropriate tools. The FAULT FINDING LOG, which should be completed during the fault finding procedure, ensures a record is kept of the procedure carried out. It is an essential document when consulting the manufacturer.

**IT IS THEREFORE MANDATORY TO FILL IN A FAULT FINDING LOG EACH TIME IT IS REQUESTED BY TECHLINE OR THE WARRANTY RETURNS DEPARTMENT.**

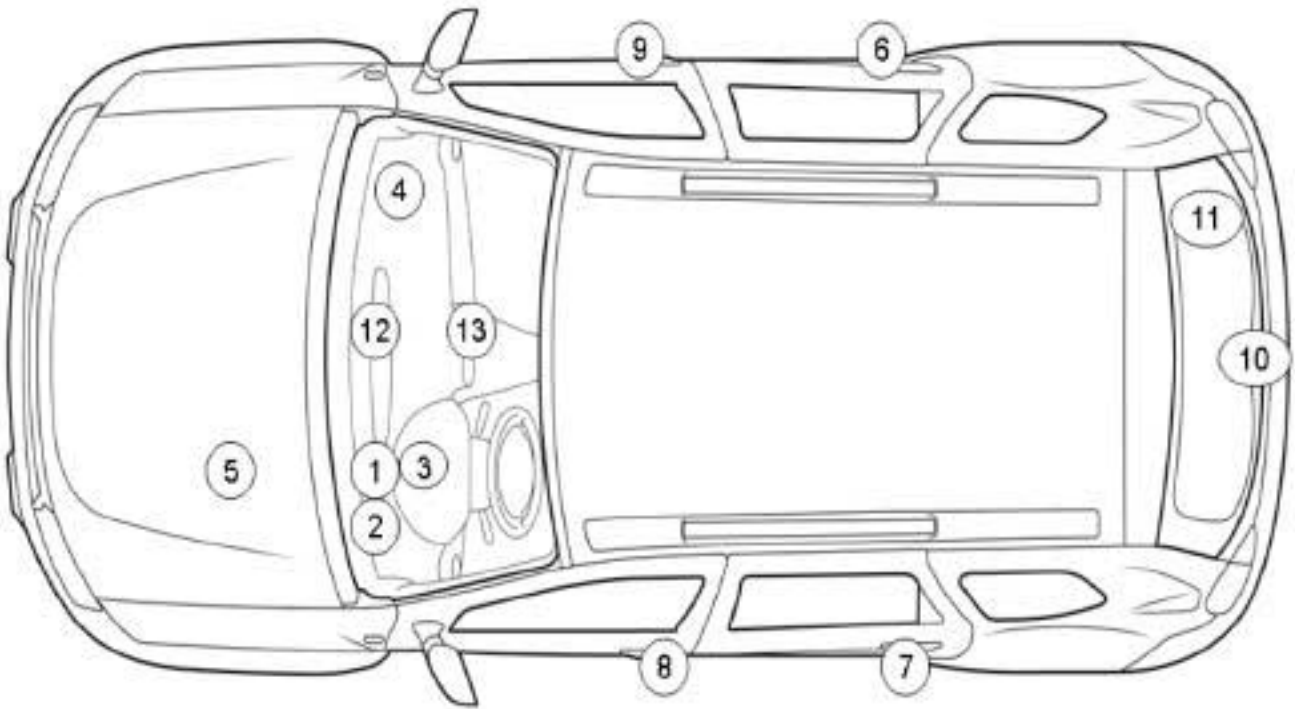
You will always be asked for this log:

- when requesting technical assistance from the Techline,
- when requesting approval before replacing parts for which approval is compulsory,
- to be attached to monitored parts for which reimbursement is requested. The log is needed for
- warranty reimbursement, and enables better analysis of the parts removed.

**6. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

The safety instructions must be followed at all times when working on components in order to avoid damage or injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the appropriate tools



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1	UCH
2	Passenger Compartment Fuse and Relay Box
3	Instrument panel
4	Diagnostic socket
5	Injection computer
6	Rear right-hand door ratchet switch
7	Rear left-hand door ratchet switch
8	Driver's door ratchet switch
9	Passenger's door ratchet switch
10	Luggage compartment switch
11	Heated rear screen
12	Heated rear screen switch
13	Airbag computer / pretensioner

## GENERAL OPERATION

The UCH is involved in the following four functions (shared between several computers):

### – Access - Security Function

This function is divided into three sub-functions, which are: Access, Protection, and Starting (see **82D, Access – Security**).

### – Heating and manual air conditioning function

In this function, the UCH manages the heated rear screen operation indicator lights, heating controls and air conditioning activation requests, via the UCH sending requests to the engine management computer:

- In the case of a vehicle fitted with manual air conditioning, by pressing on the air conditioning button.

### – Wiping function

This function is divided into two sub-functions, which are: Wiper control and Wiper power (see **85A, Wiping - Washing**).

### – Lighting Function

This function is divided into two sub-functions, which are: Lighting control and Lighting power (see **80D, Lighting**).

**UCH CONFIGURATIONS**

The configuration options for the UCH are:

Configuration	Configuration reading	Name of configuration	Configuration
CF020	LC020	Factory fitted perimeter protection	<b>SC008 UCH type Screen 1</b>
CF052	LC166	De-icing function	
CF053	LC178	Starter relay request	
CF054	LC009	Hazard warning lights illuminated upon impact	
CF059	LC012	Automatic relocking	
CF060	LC170	RAID* function authorisation by diag tool	
CF061	LC169	Vehicle locked by RAID function	
CF063	LC047	Timed courtesy light	
CF067	LC167	Heated rear screen when driving	
CF070	LC113	Airbag	
CF072	LC168	Courtesy light timer	
CF073	LC097	Type of key	
CF077	LC124	Retrofitted alarm	
CF047	LC171	Radiofrequency function	
CF130	LC163	Overspeed alarm	<b>SC008 Screen 3</b>
CF051	LC023	Engine type	
CF068	LC179	Trailer signalling warning	
CF069	LC116	Intermittent variation according to speed	
CF082	LC149	Key locking	
CF048	LC165	Seat belt not fastened sensor	
CF071	LC164	Software lock	
CF064	LC172	Type of central door locking button (CPE)*	
	LC064	Rear screen wiper	
	LC142	Rear fog lights	<b>CF167</b>
CF167	LC065	Flashing buzzer	

\* RAID: Renault Anti-Intruder Device.

\* CPE: Electric central door locking.

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### CONFIGURATION OF THE UCH COMPUTER

- With the ignition on, establish dialogue with the UCH computer.
- In the **Repair Mode** menu, go to the **Configuration** tab.

Choose the scenario: **SC008 UCH type** and follow the instructions on the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that the configuration has been correctly stored using the **Read configuration** menu.

**Fault finding – Replacement of components**

When replacing the UCH, component code **645** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 87B, Passenger compartment connection unit, UCH: Removal - Refitting**), perform the programming and configurations in the following order:

- Enter the VIN, using command **VP004 Enter VIN** (see **Programming**).
- Program the UCH using command **SC004 UCH Programming** (see **Interpretation of commands**).
- Configure the UCH (in the Configuration and programming menu) using command **SC008 UCH type** (see **Interpretation of commands**).
- Allocate the keys using command **SC015 Key allocation** (see **Interpretation of commands**).

The removal of the UCH is carried out after the left storage compartment has been removed.

The UCH is clipped onto its mounting.

**WARNING:**

Do not remove the UCH mounting as this may damage it.  
If it is removed it must be replaced.



**Fault finding – Fault summary table**

<b>Tool fault</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>
<b>DF162</b>	Heated rear screen relay control
<b>DF177</b>	Siren circuit
<b>DF184</b>	Impact detected signal
<b>DF271</b>	UCH internal electronic fault
<b>DF273</b>	Impact connection

Fault finding – Interpretation of faults

<b>DF162 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>HEATED REAR SCREEN RELAY CONTROL</u> CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Conditions for applying the fault finding procedure to a stored fault:</b> The fault is declared present after activation of the heated rear screen, with the engine running.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Check the condition of fuse <b>F01 (20 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> and the correct operation of the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b>. Replace the fuse (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, 80B, Fuses: List and location of components</b>) and the heated rear screen relay if it is faulty.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and the <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP7</b> of component <b>235</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check the <b>continuity and insulation</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP7</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>235</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity, the insulation to earth</b>, and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>15M</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>235</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF162 CONTINUED</b>	
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<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the **condition** and the **connection** of the connectors of the heated rear screen relay, component code **235**. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation to +12 V** and the **absence of interference resistance** on the following connection:  
 • **15M** between components **1016** and **235**.  
 If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions.                  Deal with any other faults.                  Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF177 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<p><u>SIREN CIRCUIT</u> CC.1: Short circuit to + 12 V CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>If the vehicle is fitted with an alarm: – Check that the vehicle is configured with an alarm.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the condition and presence of fuse <b>F17 (15 A)</b>. Replace the fuse if necessary (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the siren connector (tabs bent, oxidised, broken). If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF184 STORED</b>	<u>IMPACT DETECTED SIGNAL</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	The fault is declared <b>stored</b> after an impact is detected.
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Perform fault finding on the airbag function (see <b>88C, Airbags and pretensioners</b> ).
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.
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<p><b>DF271 PRESENT</b></p>	<p><u>UCH INTERNAL ELECTRONIC FAULT</u></p>
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<p><b>NOTES</b></p>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> if there is a fault <b>stored</b>, check whether there are any other faults <b>present</b> and clear them. Fault declared <b>present</b> when the ignition is switched off.</p>
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If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>DF273 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>IMPACT CONNECTION</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> The fault is <b>present 8 seconds</b> after the ignition is switched on and becomes <b>stored</b> after the ignition is switched off.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If this fault is present, the door locking function while driving is inhibited.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Perform fault finding on the airbag function (see <b>88C, Airbags and pretensioners</b> ).
Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the UCH connectors, component code <b>645</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the airbag computer connectors, component code <b>756</b> . If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.
Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: • <b>60BR</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>756</b> . If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b> ), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.
If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Follow the instructions. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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**Fault finding – Conformity check**

**NOTES**

Only check conformity after a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application condition: **engine off, ignition on**.

**Main screen**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action		Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>Engine immobiliser</b>	<b>ET549:</b>	Immobiliser active	<b>YES NO</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET549</b> .
<b>Blank UCH</b>	<b>ET008:</b>	Blank UCH	<b>YES NO</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the scenario <b>SC004 UCH programming</b> .
<b>Supply</b>	<b>PR001:</b>	Battery voltage	<b>12 V &lt; X &lt; 12.5 V</b>	In the event of a fault, run fault finding on the charging circuit (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault) or Technical Note 9859A (Dacia), Checking the charging circuit</b> ).
	<b>ET004:</b>	+ 12V after ignition feed	<b>YES NO</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET004</b> .
	<b>ET091:</b>	Engine running	<b>YES NO</b>	In the event of a fault, perform a test on the injection computer (see <b>13B, Diesel injection or 17B, Petrol injection</b> ).
<b>Speed</b>	<b>PR008:</b>	Vehicle speed	<b>X in mph (km/h)</b>	In the event of a fault, perform a test on the vehicle speed or ABS computer (see <b>38C, Anti-lock braking system</b> ).



**NOTES**

Only check conformity after a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application condition: **engine off, ignition on**.

**Function: Access – Security**  
**Sub-function: Access**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action		Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>Supply</b>	<b>ET004:</b>	+ 12V after ignition feed	<b>YES</b> <b>NO</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET004</b> .
<b>Speed</b>	<b>PR008:</b>	Vehicle speed	<b>X</b> in <b>km/h</b>	In the event of a fault, perform a test on the vehicle speed or ABS computer (see <b>38C, Anti-lock braking system</b> ).
<b>Opening elements</b>	<b>ET489:</b>	Front doors	<b>OPEN</b> when a front door is open. <b>CLOSED</b> if the doors are closed.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET489</b> .
	<b>ET551:</b>	Rear doors or luggage compartment	<b>OPEN</b> when a rear door or the luggage compartment lid is open. <b>CLOSED</b> if the doors are closed.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET551</b> .
<b>Safety</b>	<b>AC176:</b>	Alarm siren	This command is used to activate the siren.	In the event of a fault, apply the procedure for dealing with command <b>AC176</b> .

**Fault finding – Conformity check**

**NOTES**

Only check conformity after a full check with the **diagnostic tool**.  
The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
Application condition: **engine off, ignition on**.

**Function: Access – Security**

**Sub-function: Starting**

Function	Parameter or status Checked or action		Display and notes	Fault finding
Supply	ET004:	+ 12V after ignition feed	<b>YES</b> <b>NO</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET004</b> .
Opening elements	ET184:	Valid key code	<b>YES</b> <b>NO</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET184</b> (see <b>82D, Access – Security</b> ).
Engine immobiliser	ET549:	Immobiliser active	<b>NO</b> when the + after ignition is switched on <b>YES</b> when the key is not in the ignition switch	If the status is inconsistent, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET549</b> .
Immobiliser warning light	ET127:	Immobiliser warning light	<b>OFF</b> when the + after ignition is switched on. <b>ILLUMINATED</b> when the key is not in the ignition switch	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET127</b> .
Key	PR056:	Number of keys allocated	<b>1 to 4</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of parameter <b>PR056</b> (see <b>82D, Access – Security</b> ).
	ET185:	Key code received	<b>YES</b> when the ignition is switched on <b>NO</b> if the ignition is not switched on	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET185</b> (see <b>82D, Access – Security</b> ).
Engine immobiliser	AC003:	Immobiliser warning light	This command is used to illuminate the immobiliser warning light	In the event of a fault, apply the procedure for dealing with command <b>AC003</b> .
De-icing	ET547:	Heated rear screen button	<b>PRESSED</b> when the heated rear screen button is pressed. <b>RELEASED</b> if the heated rear screen button is not pressed	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of status <b>ET547</b> .

<b>ET004</b>	<u>+ 12 VOLTS AFTER IGNITION</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>
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**ET004: NO with the ignition on.**

<p>Check fuse <b>F04 (10 A)</b> in the passenger compartment fuse box, component code <b>1016</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> after ignition feed on the UCH, component code <b>645</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP10</b> of component <b>645</b>.</li> </ul>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation to earth</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP10</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul>
<p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

**ET004: YES with the ignition off.**

<p>Using a multimeter, check that there is no <b>+12 V</b> with the ignition off on connection <b>AP10</b> of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>.</p> <p>If the voltage is present, check the insulation to <b>+12 V</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AP10</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET127</b>	<u>IMMOBILISER WARNING LIGHT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>The immobiliser warning light status should be <b>OFF</b> when the + after ignition feed is switched on. The immobiliser warning light status should be <b>ON</b> when the key is not in the ignition switch.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the instrument panel connector, component code <b>247</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Using a multimeter, check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b> of the following connection: • <b>80T</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>247</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET489</b>	<u>FRONT DOORS</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Check that no fault is <b>present</b>. Open the front doors one after another.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Check that status ET489 is OPEN if one of the front doors is open and that the status is CLOSED if all the front doors are closed.</p>
<p>Check the connection and wiring of the left-hand side door rabet switch, component code <b>1193</b> and the passenger's side door rabet switch, component code <b>1192</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> and the <b>insulation</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>13A</b> between components <b>1193</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>13A</b> between components <b>1192</b> and <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MG</b> between component <b>1193</b> and <b>earth</b>,</li> <li>• <b>MG</b> between component <b>1192</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity</b> between the two connections of the door rabet switches. Pull the handle to open the lock and check that there is no longer any continuity between the two connections. Check that the lock engages into the striker plate properly.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET547</b>	<u>HEATED REAR SCREEN BUTTON</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connector on the heated rear screen button, component code <b>1456</b> (bent tabs, broken, etc.). If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>earth</b> on connection <b>MAM</b> of the connector on the heated rear screen button, component code <b>1456</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the UCH connector, component code <b>645</b> (tabs bent, broken, etc.). If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation, continuity</b> and the <b>absence of interference resistance</b> on the following connection: • <b>15B</b> between components <b>1456</b> and <b>645</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, replace the heated rear screen button (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 84A, Controls - Signals, Heated rear screen button: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system. Deal with any other faults. Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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Fault finding – Interpretation of statuses

<b>ET549</b>	<u>ENGINE IMMOBILISER ACTIVE</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>The immobiliser status <b>YES</b> should change to <b>NO</b> when the + after ignition feed is switched on.</p> <p>The immobiliser status should be <b>YES</b> when the key is not in the ignition switch.</p> <p>First check the conformity of <b>ET004 +12 V after ignition feed</b>, <b>ET184 Valid key code</b>, and <b>ET185 Key code received</b>.</p>
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<p>Check status <b>ET185</b> and status <b>ET184</b> with the ignition on.</p> <p>If status <b>ET185</b> and <b>ET184</b> are <b>YES</b>, run fault finding on the injection computer (see <b>13B, Diesel injection</b> or <b>17B, Petrol injection</b>).</p> <p>If status <b>ET185</b> is <b>NO</b>, deal with this status first.</p> <p>If status <b>ET185</b> is <b>YES</b> and status <b>ET184</b> is <b>NO</b>, deal with status <b>ET184</b> first.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out another fault finding check on the system.</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p> <p>Clear the <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
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<b>ET551</b>	<u>REAR DOORS OR LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>Check that no fault is <b>present</b>. Open the rear doors one after another, then open the luggage compartment.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

Check that when a rear door or the luggage compartment is opened, status **ET551** is **OPEN** and that, with the rear doors or luggage compartment closed, status **ET551** is **CLOSED**.

Check the connection and wiring of the rabbit switch on the rear right-hand door, component code **178**, the rabbit switch on the rear left-hand door, component code **179** and the tailgate lock, component code **1322**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity** and the **insulation** of the following connections:

- **13N** between components **179** et **645**,
- **13N** between components **178** et **645**,
- **MG** between component **179** and **earth**,
- **MG** between component **178** and **earth**,
- **MG** between component **1322** and **earth**,
- **13N** between components **1322** et **645**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity** between the two connections of the rabbit switches for the doors and the luggage compartment.  
Pull the handle to open the lock and check that there is no longer any continuity between the two connections.  
Check that the lock engages into the striker plate properly.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.



**Fault finding – Command summary table**

<b>Tool command</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>	<b>Comments</b>
<b>AC003</b>	Immobiliser warning light	See interpretation of the command.
<b>AC176</b>	Alarm siren	See interpretation of the command.
<b>VP004</b>	VIN entry	See interpretation of the command.
<b>SC004</b>	UCH programming	See interpretation of the command.
<b>SC008</b>	Type of UCH	See interpretation of the command.
<b>RZ001</b>	Fault memory	Use this command to clear the faults stored in the computer.

<b>AC003</b>	<u>IMMOBILISER WARNING LIGHT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. Run the command and note whether the warning light comes on ( <b>3 seconds</b> ).
	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>instrument panel</b> connector, component code <b>247</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>connection</b> and <b>condition</b> of the <b>UCH</b> connector, component code <b>645</b>. If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Using a multimeter, check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>80T</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>247</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

AC176	<u>ALARM SIREN</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	There must be no present or stored faults. Run the command and note whether the alarm siren works.
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In the event of a fault, consult the interpretation of fault **DF177 Siren circuit**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>VP004</b>	<u>ENTERING THE VIN</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>This command enables the vehicle identification number to be entered manually in the computer. Use this command each time the computer is replaced. <b>The vehicle identification number is indicated on the manufacturer's plate on the right-hand side door pillar.</b></p>
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<p><b>Procedure for writing the VIN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– establish dialogue with the UCH,</li><li>– select the "<b>repair mode</b>" menu,</li><li>– select the "<b>Other parameters</b>" menu,</li><li>– select the line <b>VP004</b>,</li><li>– enter the VIN twice,</li><li>– exit fault finding mode,</li><li>– switch off the ignition,</li><li>– wait for the end of <b>powerlatch</b>,</li><li>– re-read the VIN using <b>ID019 VIN Code</b> in the <b>Identification</b> menu for confirmation.</li></ul>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out a road test followed by a check with the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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<b>SC004</b>	<u>PROGRAMMING THE UCH</u>
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<b>Equipment required</b>
<b>CLIP</b>

Use this command only with a new and blank UCH.

A new UCH has no immobiliser code and is therefore not assigned to the vehicle; once it is fitted on the vehicle, it must be programmed to assign it to the vehicle.

To carry out this programming, always obtain a **key belonging to the vehicle** (assigned to the old UCH).

Before starting this operation, make sure that there are no components likely to interfere with the electromagnetic field (e.g.: CB (Citizen Band), mobile phone, etc.).

**Note:**

After only the UCH has been replaced, there are no operations to be performed on the injection computers. The computers keep the same immobiliser code.

**IMPORTANT:**

When the UCH programming procedure is successfully completed, the UCH is no longer blank and is permanently assigned to the vehicle. It will not work on another vehicle.

**IMPORTANT:**

At the end of the programming operation, only remove the key when the **Programming complete** message is displayed on the screen. Otherwise, the programming will fail and the UCH can no longer be used.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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<b>SC004 CONTINUED</b>	
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**IMPORTANT:**

Do not interrupt the procedure when it is in progress.

If it is interrupted, restart the procedure in "not connected mode"; a new programming key will be displayed.

**UCH programming procedure**

- Establish dialogue with the UCH.
- Select the **Repair mode** menu.
- Select the **Programming** menu.
- Select line **SC004 Program UCH**.

Follow the instructions on the **Clip diagnostic tool**.

In "not connected" mode, when the **CLIP diagnostic tool** displays the programming key, make a note of this key and the VIN.

To obtain the immobiliser code, see **Technical Note 5037A, Code delivery procedure**.

**IMPORTANT:**

In "not connected" mode, the programming key can only be used for a limited amount of time, as indicated by the **CLIP diagnostic tool**.

After this time, the programming key and associated immobiliser code are no longer valid. The operation must be restarted from the beginning.

**Operations to be carried out after programming the UCH**

Enter the vehicle's VIN into the computer using command **VP004 Enter VIN**.

After programming the UCH, allocate all the keys using command **SC015 Allocate key**.

Configure the equipment that is present or not on the vehicle using command **SC008 UCH type**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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Fault finding – Interpretation of commands

<b>SC008</b>	<u>UCH TYPE</u>
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<b>Equipment required</b>
<b>CLIP</b>

This procedure will enable the UCH to be configured in relation to the vehicle to provide optimum running.

- Click on the **Repair** mode and in the **Programming** menu,
- confirm line **SC008**,
- follow the procedure and enter the vehicle equipment,
- check that the options configured are those desired and finish.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Repeat the conformity check from the start.
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UCH\_V09\_SC008

<b>NOTES</b>	Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.
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<b>DIALOGUE FAULT</b>	<b>87B</b>
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No dialogue with the computer	→	ALP 1
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<b>LIGHTING</b>	<b>80D</b>
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No side lights	→	ALP 2
No dipped headlights	→	ALP 3
No main beam headlights	→	ALP 4
No front fog lights	→	ALP 5
No rear fog light	→	ALP 6
The glovebox light does not work	→	ALP 7
The luggage compartment light does not work	→	ALP 8
The brake lights operate erratically	→	ALP 9
The brake lights are still illuminated and the brake light switch is released	→	ALP 10
The reversing light operates erratically	→	ALP 11
<u>The flashing light of the hazard warning lights control button does not work</u>	→	ALP 12
The backlighting of the hazard warning lights control button operates erratically	→	ALP 13
The front fog lights are always illuminated	→	ALP 14
The timed courtesy light does not work	→	ALP 15



**WIPERS/WASHERS**

**85A**

The windscreen wiper does not work at high speed

**ALP 16**

Incorrect operation of the rear screen wiper

**ALP 17**

The front and rear bidirectional washer pump does not rotate when its control is activated

**ALP 18**

**ACCESS - SAFETY**

**82D**

The vehicle will not start

**ALP 19**

The backlighting of the opening elements locking / unlocking button operates erratically

**ALP 20**

The doors electric locking / unlocking control operates erratically

**ALP 21**

**DE-ICING**

**87B**

The backlighting of the de-icing one-touch control button operates erratically

**ALP 22**

The heated rear screen operates all the time

**ALP 23**

Heated rear screen does not operate

**ALP 24**

Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>No dialogue with the computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b> .
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<p>Test the <b>diagnostic tool</b> on another vehicle which is in perfect working order.</p>
<p>Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the UCH, component code <b>645</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F01 (20 A), F04 (10 A), F18 (10 A), F19 (10 A), F28 (15 A), F29 (15 A), and F30 (20 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the UCH, component code <b>645</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BP56</b> of component <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>AP10</b> of component <b>645</b>,</li> <li>• <b>AP7</b> of component <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BP56</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>1016</b>,</li> <li>• <b>AP10</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>1016</b>,</li> <li>• <b>AP7</b> between components <b>645</b> and <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the UCH, component code <b>645</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>NC</b> of component <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check <b>the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>NC</b> between component <b>645</b> and <b>earth</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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<p><b>ALP 1 CONTINUED</b></p>	
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Check the presence and condition of the supply fuses of the diagnostic socket, component code **225**:

- **F4 (10 A)** and **F29 (15 A)** on component **1016**,

Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components**).

Check for **+12 V** on the diagnostic socket, component code **225** on the following connections:

- **BP56** of component **225**,
- **AP10** of component **225**.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **BP56** between components **225** and **1016**,
- **AP10** between components **225** and **1016**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check for **earth** on the diagnostic socket, component code **225** on the following connections:

- **NC** of component **225**,
- **MAN** of component **225**.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **NC** between component **225** and **earth**,
- **MAN** between component **225** and **earth**.

If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check **the continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **HK** between components **225** and **645**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Check the system operation.</p>
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Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 22</b>	<b>The backlighting of the de-icing one-touch control button operates erratically</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b> There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults. Check the conformity of status <b>ET324 Side lights request</b>. If not correct, refer to the interpretation of this status.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<p>Put the lighting stalk in the side lights position.</p>
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> (when side lights are requested) on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPG</b> or <b>LPD</b> of component <b>1456</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MAN</b> of component <b>1456</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>Check the <b>continuity and insulation</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>LPD</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>1456</b> (for a left-hand drive vehicle),</li> <li>• <b>LPG</b> between components <b>1016</b> and <b>1456</b> (for a right-hand drive vehicle),</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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<b>ALP 23</b>	<b>The heated rear screen operates all the time</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b> There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b></p>

<p>Check the condition of the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b>. Replace the relay if necessary.</p>
<p>Check the condition and the connection of the connectors of the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b> and of the UCH, component code <b>645</b>.</p>
<p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the insulation to <b>+12 V</b> feed of the following connection:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>15LP</b> between components <b>235</b> and <b>200</b>,</li> </ul> <p>Check the insulation to earth of the following connection:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>15M</b> between components <b>235</b> and <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> </p></p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

<b>ALP 24</b>	<b>Heated rear screen does not operate</b>
<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Only address this customer complaint after a complete check with the diagnostic tool.</b> There must be no <b>present</b> or <b>stored</b> faults.</p>
	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use the <b>Wiring Diagrams Technical Note for DUSTER.</b></p>
<p>Check the presence and the condition of the supply fuses of the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>F32 (30 A)</b> and <b>F01 (20 A)</b> on component <b>1016</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Replace the fuses if the checks are not correct (see <b>MR 451 Mechanical, 81C, Fuses, Fuses: List and location of components</b>).</p>	
<p>Check the <b>condition</b> and the <b>connection</b> of the connector of the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b> and of the heated rear screen contact, component code <b>200</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>	
<p>Check for <b>+12 V</b> on the heated rear screen relay, component code <b>235</b> on the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BP15</b> of component <b>235</b>,</li> <li>• <b>AP7</b> of component <b>235</b>.</li> </ul> <p>Check <b>the continuity and insulation</b> of the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BP15</b> between components <b>235</b> and <b>1016</b>,</li> <li>• <b>AP7</b> between components <b>235</b> and <b>1016</b>,</li> <li>• <b>15M</b> between components <b>235</b> and <b>645</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>	
<p>Check for <b>earth</b> on the heated rear screen, component code <b>200</b> on the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MG</b> of component <b>200</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>	
<p>Check <b>the continuity and insulation</b> of the following connection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>15LP</b> between components <b>235</b> and <b>200</b>.</li> </ul> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>	
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Check the system operation.
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# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 88B MULTIPLEXING

Fault finding – Introduction	88B - 2
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Fault finding – Operating diagram	88B - 7
Fault finding – Interpretation of faults	88B - 8
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V1

Edition Anglaise

"The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which his vehicles are constructed."

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### INTRODUCTION

#### Description of the multiplex network:

The multiplex network consists of a twisted pair of wires connected to several vehicle computers. These two wires are called multiplex line H and multiplex line L.

On this vehicle, there is only one multiplex network. Depending on the vehicle options, it can include the following computers: ABS, ESP, torque distributor – ETC, injection, and DP0.

Data is exchanged by the computers on the **multiplex** network at a communication speed of 500 kbit/s.

In contrast to standard **multiplex** networks that have two **120 Ω** resistors at the two network terminations, this network has just one **60 Ω** resistor. This **60 Ω** line resistor is located in the injection computer.

#### PURPOSE

- The purpose of the multiplex network test is to determine the various computers present on the vehicle's multiplex network as well as the cause of possible inter-computer communication faults.
- It also serves to determine the functions installed in the vehicle which are often housed in various computers (distributed functions, e.g.: Air conditioning, Security access, etc.).
- The multiplex network test can also run fault finding on computers disconnected from the multiplex network; this provides an overview of the vehicle's electronic layout.



### MULTIPLEX NETWORK OPERATIONAL TEST

#### Vehicle computer power supply for fault finding:

Depending on the type of vehicle equipment, proceed as follows:

**Standard key / radio frequency key**, switch on the ignition with the key.

To cut off the + after ignition feed, proceed as follows:

**Standard key / radio frequency key**, switch off the ignition with the key

**This step is the essential starting point for any computer fault finding procedure.**

It ensures that the network is correctly connected at the terminals of each computer and that the signal is correctly sent to it and received by it. This function also reads the faults present in the computers.

**The multiplex network test function is started after the user selects the vehicle then selects the Test computers icon.**

**After the network check, the other functions become accessible.**

### MULTIPLEX NETWORK TEST PROCEDURE

- Establish dialogue with the computers storing the vehicle configuration (read identification).
- Read the computers that support fault finding.
- Computer interrogation.
- Physical (electrical) measurements on the multiplex line network.

### IMPORTANT

**Two fault finding lines are present on this vehicle depending on the equipment:**

#### **Multiplex line:**

- **Injection (depending on the engine)**
- **Torque distributor - ETC**

#### **Line K:**

- **Airbag**
- **ABS/ESP**
- **GEPDA**

### ACQUISITION AND DISPLAY OF THE RESULTS

The acquisition screen is made up of a bar graph which changes when the various initialisation, acquisition and data analysis stages are updated.

At the end of the test, the tool displays a screen with the test result.

### COMPUTERS

- **Valid:** green border, green lettering.
- **Not detected:** red border, red lettering.
- **Cannot support fault finding:** black border, black lettering.
- **Not recognised:** red border, red lettering + exclamation mark.

### Interpreting test result charts

On the **Faults** tab, the computers are organised into the following groups:

- **Not detected** if the computer failed to respond to the tool's identification request.
- **Not recognised** if the computer is detected but cannot be identified from its response.

On the **Information** tab, the computers are organised and listed as follows:

- **Cannot support fault finding**, if the computer cannot support fault finding with the tool and therefore was not queried.
- **Valid** if the computer responded correctly to the tool's request.

If the **Proceed** icon in the bottom right-hand corner is selected, a new screen will appear with the following tab:

Under the **Results** tab the computers are organised into the following groups:

- **Faulty** if the computer is known and has a non-zero number of faults.
- **OK** if the computer was detected, recognised and has no faults.
- **Not recognised** if the computer was detected but could not be identified from its response.
- **Not detected** if the computer can support fault finding but failed to respond.

### FUNCTION TESTING

The function test can be accessed by clicking on the **List of functions** icon.

- The vehicle function tests screen resembles the multiplex network test screen with a diagram of the network layout if this is known and displayed.
- The **Function** tab displays the different computers involved in the functions whether distributed or not over the various computers.

Examples:

- **Air conditioning:** UCH, INJ, and CLIM.
- **Access - Safety:** UCH and INJ
- **Wiping:** UCH
- **Lighting:** UCH

- The **Info** tab displays the other possible functions found on the vehicle concerned.
- Selecting a function from the list of functions enables computers not involved in this function to be shaded, thus indicating the computers involved in this function.
- The **Fault finding** button runs fault finding on the function selected from the list.

# MULTIPLEXING

## Fault finding – List and location of components

**88B**

The different components of the vehicle are listed below:

118	ABS computer	502	GEPDA computer
119	Automatic transmission computer	645	UCH
120	Injection computer	756	Airbag / pretensioners computer
225	Diagnostic socket	1016	Passenger compartment fuse box
247	Instrument panel	1094	ESP computer
261	Radio	2017	Torque distributor - ETC computer
419	Air conditioning		

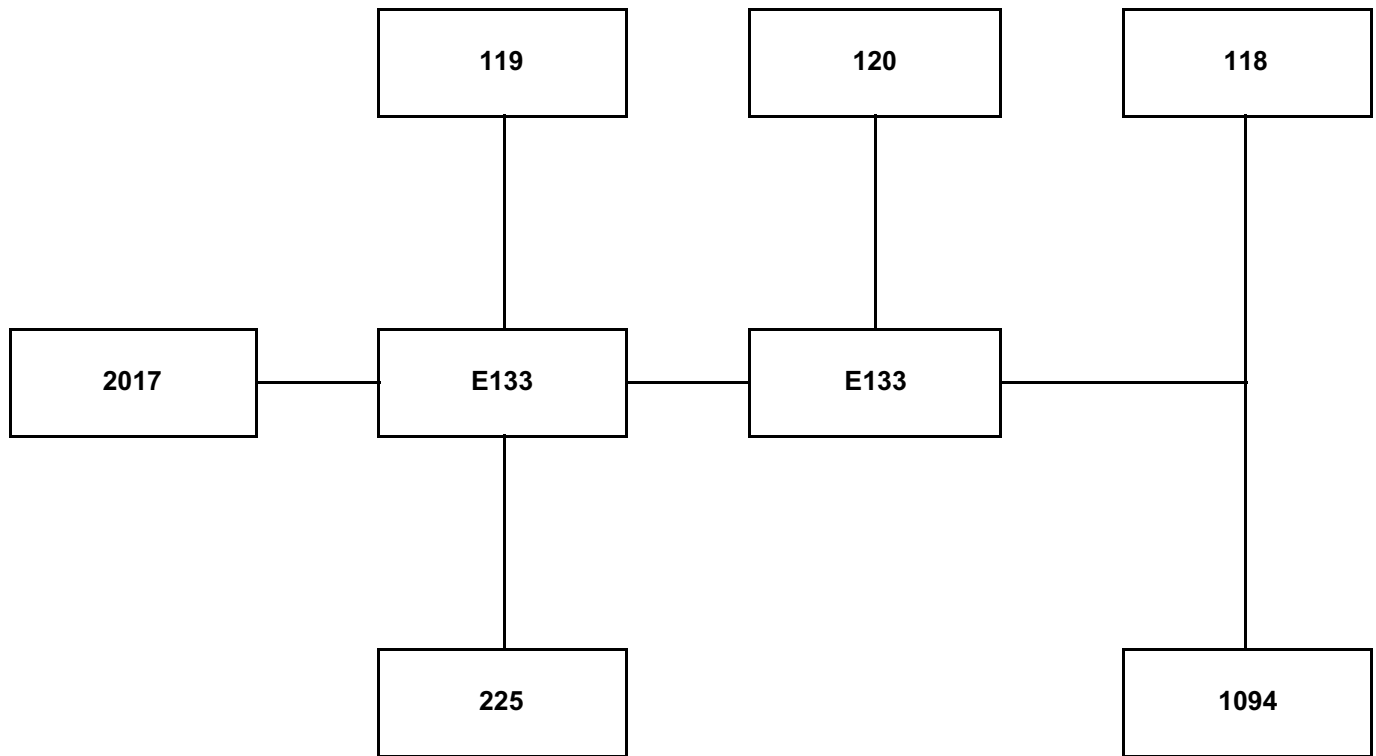
The location of the components is available under Visu-Schéma.

# MULTIPLEXING

## Fault finding – Operating diagram

88B

The multiplex network diagram may be similar to the following:



Number	Description
118	ABS computer
119	Automatic transmission computer
120	Injection computer
225	Diagnostic socket
1094	ESP computer
2017	Torque distributor - ETC computer
E133	Splice

### WARNING

The CLIP tool does not display this network on the screen. Only a list of the computers is displayed. This list is essential in order to have all the important information about the computers (computer not recognised, not present, faulty, etc.).

### FAULTY COMPUTER

#### NOTES

Make sure that the computers installed in the vehicle are the correct type and are compatible with the vehicle.  
Check that the computers are correctly supplied (earth, + battery, + accessories or + after ignition).

Make sure that the computer **wake-up mode** is in full working order on the vehicle and is properly assimilated by the computers.

The wake-up mode is:

- **+ accessories feed:** ABS, ESP, torque distributor - ETC computer
- **+ after ignition feed:** Injection (the injection will not appear in **+ accessories feed**)

- Switch to **computer fault finding** mode.

Attempt to establish dialogue with computers.

- No dialogue between computers and the diagnostic tool: see ALP 1 **No dialogue with the computer** for computer(s) on which there is no dialogue with the diagnostic tool.

Check the connections to the computers and that there are no open circuits.

Repair if necessary.

- Computers are not displaying all the information on their identifications:

Check in the Workshop Repair Manual or the World Vehicle Database that the computer is compatible with the vehicle.

Check that the CLIP diagnostic tool update is recent enough to be able to deal with faults on the vehicle.

#### AFTER REPAIR

Carry out a new test using the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the stored faults on all the computers connected to the network.  
Deal with any other faults.

### FAULTY COMPUTER (CONTINUED 1)

Measure the resistance of component **225** between the following connections:

- Connection code **133B**
- Connection code **133C**

What is the value obtained?

**0 Ω**

The two lines are in short circuit (see **Introduction - Repair advice**).

**60 Ω ± 10 Ω**

Check that each of the computers present on the network is correctly supplied.

**For the ABS:**

Check for earth on connections **MAH** and for the supply on connections **AP5**, **BP14**, and **BP88** of component **118**.

**For the ABS / ESP:**

Check for earth on connections **MAH** and for the supply on connections **AP5**, **BP14**, and **BP88** of component **1094**.

**For the torque distributor - ETC:**

Check for earth on connections **NC** and for the supply on connections **AP4**, **BP1U**, **LPD**, and **LPG** of component **2017**.

**For the injections:**

Check for earth on connections **NH** and for the supply on connections **AP29** or **AP29/BP17** or **BP38/3FB/3FBA** of component **120**.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out a new test using the diagnostic tool.  
Clear the stored faults on all the computers connected to the network.  
Deal with any other faults.

### FAULTY COMPUTER (CONTINUED 2)

<p><b>&gt; 70 Ω</b></p>	<p>For each of connections 133B and 133C, check that there is no interference resistance and then check that there is no short circuit to earth or to the + battery feed.</p> <p>Open circuit on one or two lines.</p> <p><b>For the ABS:</b> Disconnect component <b>118</b> and check multiplex connections <b>133B</b> and <b>133C</b> between components <b>225</b> and <b>118</b>. Repair if necessary.</p> <p><b>For the ABS / ESP:</b> Disconnect component <b>1094</b> and check multiplex connections <b>133B</b> and <b>133C</b> between components <b>225</b> and <b>1094</b>. Repair if necessary.</p> <p><b>For the torque distributor - ETC:</b> Disconnect component <b>2017</b> and check multiplex connections <b>133B</b> and <b>133C</b> between components <b>225</b> and <b>2017</b>. Repair if necessary.</p> <p><b>For the injections:</b> Disconnect component <b>120</b> and check multiplex connections <b>133B</b> and <b>133C</b> between components <b>225</b> and <b>120</b>. Repair if necessary.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<p><b>AFTER REPAIR</b></p>	<p>Carry out a new test using the diagnostic tool. Clear the stored faults on all the computers connected to the network. Deal with any other faults.</p>
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### COMPUTERS NOT RECOGNISED

<b>NOTES</b>	Check computer compatibility with the vehicle.
Check that the CLIP diagnostic tool update is recent enough to be able to deal with faults on the vehicle.	
<p>Switch to <b>computer fault finding</b> mode.</p> <p>Attempt to establish dialogue with computers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– No dialogue between computers and the diagnostic tool: see <b>ALP 1 No dialogue with the computers</b> for computer(s) on which there is no dialogue with the diagnostic tool. Check the connections to the computers and that there are no open circuits. Repair if necessary.</li> <li>– If there is communication with computers: Make sure that the computer identification information is correct and matches the vehicle in fault finding.</li> </ul>	
<p>Check that the following computer information is correct:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Vdiag</li> <li>– Program no. for the injection computers</li> </ul>	
If no faults or open or short circuits have been detected after these tests, contact Techline.	

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out a new test using the diagnostic tool.</p> <p>Clear the stored faults on all the computers connected to the network.</p> <p>Deal with any other faults.</p>
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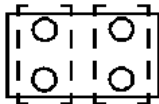
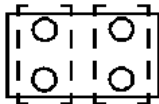
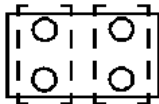
# MULTIPLEXING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 88B

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>No dialogue with computers</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Vehicle computer power supply for fault finding:</b>          Engine stopped, ignition on.          Connect the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and perform the required operations.</p>
--------------	---

<p>Try the <b>diagnostic tool</b> on another vehicle.          Check that the tool has been updated with the latest version.</p>															
<p>Check:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– the connection between the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and the diagnostic socket (<b>component 225</b>) (connection and cable in good condition),</li> <li>– the supplies of the computers,</li> <li>– the engine and passenger compartment fuses.</li> </ul>															
<p>Check for the supply and earth on the diagnostic socket (component <b>225</b>) through the following connections: <b>BP56 (+12 V)</b>, <b>MAN</b> and <b>NC</b> (earths). If the checks are correct then move on to the next step, depending on the type of sensor used:</p> <p><b>1. Renault fault finding sensor (with wire connection only):</b>          Check that the CLIP sensor is supplied via the computer's USB port and the diagnostic socket by checking that the red diodes illuminate. If this is not the case, try again with another cable or sensor or even another clip sensor in order to determine the faulty component.          Check that the CLIP sensor is communicating correctly with the vehicle computers; this can be confirmed by the illumination of the two green diodes on the sensor. If it is not, check that the test conditions have been met (+ after ignition feed, vehicle selection etc.) otherwise apply the electrical checks below.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;"></td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;">Green LEDs</td> <td style="width: 20%;"></td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;">Red LEDs</td> <td style="width: 20%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">multiplex line</td> <td style="text-align: center;">→</td> <td style="text-align: center;"></td> <td style="text-align: center;">←</td> <td style="text-align: left;">Vehicle supply through diagnostic socket</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">ISO</td> <td style="text-align: center;">→</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">←</td> <td style="text-align: left;">Sensor supply through USB port</td> </tr> </table>		Green LEDs		Red LEDs		multiplex line	→		←	Vehicle supply through diagnostic socket	ISO	→		←	Sensor supply through USB port
	Green LEDs		Red LEDs												
multiplex line	→		←	Vehicle supply through diagnostic socket											
ISO	→		←	Sensor supply through USB port											
<p><b>2. Alliance fault finding sensor (with wireless connection possible):</b>          Deal with the fault finding for each warning light in the following order of priority: from warning light 1 to warning light 3.</p>															

# MULTIPLEXING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

88B

<b>ALP 1 CONTINUED 1</b>	
------------------------------	--

Description of warning lights displayed on the sensor from left to right	○ <b>Warning light 1 shows the supply status</b>	○ <b>Warning light 2 shows the type and status of the connection</b>	○ <b>Warning light 3 shows the level of communication with the vehicle</b>	○ <b>Reserved for the Nissan tool</b>
<b>Off</b>	Sensor not connected to the vehicle or connection fault	No connection to clip or connection fault	No dialogue with the computers	-
<b>Green</b>	Sensor supplied	Wireless connection	Green flashing: communication in progress	-
<b>Orange</b>	-	Connection with USB port	-	-
<b>Red</b>	Initialisation fault	-	Communication error	-

# MULTIPLEXING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

# 88B

<b>ALP 1 CONTINUED 2</b>	
------------------------------	--

Description of warning lights displayed on the sensor from left to right	○ <b>Warning light 1 shows the supply status</b>	○ <b>Warning light 2 shows the type and status of the connection</b>	○ <b>Warning light 3 shows the level of communication with the vehicle</b>	○ <b>Reserved for the Nissan tool</b>
<b>To be checked</b>	<b>If red or off:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Initialisation or connection fault. Disconnect and reconnect the sensor several times. If the result is not conclusive, try with another sensor.</li> </ul>	<b>If off:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Wireless connection: Try connecting with a USB cable. If the warning light illuminates orange, then check the configuration of the wireless connection. If it is not correct, call the Techline.</li> <li>– With a wired connection: Try with another USB cable, another clip or another sensor in order to determine the defective component.</li> </ul>	<b>If warning light 3 is off or red and warning light 2 is illuminated:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– in this case, during the multiplex network test check that the green warning light flashes and that the test conditions have been met (+ after ignition feed, vehicle selection, etc.) otherwise apply the electrical checks below.</li> </ul>	<b>If the warning light is on:</b> Contact the Techline.

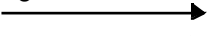
# MULTIPLEXING


## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

88B

**ALP 1  
CONTINUED 3**

Check the following connections on the diagnostic socket:

**BP 56**                                            **+ Battery**

**MAN and NC**                                            **Earth**

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace the wiring.

### **Computer connected to multiplex line V**

If the fault is still present, check the **continuity** and the **insulation** of the following connections:

**Multiplex line H (133B of component 225).**

**Multiplex line L (133C of component 225).**

Use a multimeter to check that the voltages at the terminals of component **225** are approximately:

- **2.5 V** between **CAN H (133B)** and earth (**MAN and NC**) (Average values)
- **2.5 V** between **CAN L (133C)** and earth (**MAN and NC**) (Average values).

Refer to the **Introduction - Repair advice** to detect a short circuit on the vehicle's multiplex network.

# MULTIPLEXING

## Fault finding – Fault Finding Chart

88B

<b>ALP 2</b>	<b>Communication fault between computers</b>
--------------	--

<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Vehicle computer power supply for fault finding:</b> Engine stopped, ignition on. Connect the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and perform the required operations.
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<b>Computer connected to multiplex line V</b> Check the <b>continuity</b> and <b>insulation</b> of the following connections: 133B between the faulty components, 133C between the faulty components,  <b>Important: Several computers can be present on the line.</b>
If the fault is still present, refer to the repair procedure of ALP1 "Faulty computers".

# DUSTER

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## 8 Electrical equipment

### 88C AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

#### TEMIC AIRBAG

Vdiag No.: 18

Computer type No.: 0000

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Fault finding – List and location of components	88C - 4
Fault finding – Role of components	88C - 10
Fault finding – Operating diagram	88C - 11
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V1

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### 1. SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document presents the fault finding method applicable to all computers with the following specifications:

Vehicle(s): **DUSTER**

Function concerned: **AIRBAG**

Computer name: **TEMIC Airbag**

Computer type No.: **0000**

Vdiag No.: **18**

### 2. PREREQUISITES FOR FAULT FINDING

#### Documentation type

**Fault finding procedures** (this document):

- Assisted fault finding (integrated into the **diagnostic tool**), Dialogys.

**Wiring Diagrams:**

- Visu-Schéma.

#### Type of diagnostic tools

**CLIP** + Set of adapters and borniers used for the **airbag wiring check** function, including the **50-track ELO** base type **adapter** with 7 shunts, coding D-H, TYCO, orange colour, part number **9-1393474-4**, Elé 1830.

#### Special tooling required

Special tooling required	
Diagnostic tool	
Adapters <b>B32, B35</b>	
<b>Elé. 1641</b>	<b>Bornier B55</b>
<b>Elé. 1617</b>	<b>(3/4)</b>
<b>Elé. 1484-10</b>	30-track computer bornier
<b>Elé. 1830</b>	50-track computer bornier
<b>Elé. 1287</b>	Airbag and pretensioner destruction tool



### 3. REMINDERS

#### Procedure

To run fault finding on the vehicle computers, switch on the ignition.

Connect the diagnostic tool and perform the required operations.

### 4. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

All operations on the airbag system must be carried out by qualified trained personnel.

Safety rules must be observed during any work on a component to prevent any damage or injury:

- check the battery voltage to avoid incorrect operation of computer functions,
- use the appropriate tools,
- During any operation on the airbag system, it is essential to use the computer locking command to avoid any risk of accidental triggering (all the trigger lines will be inhibited).

#### **WARNING:**

During any operation on the airbag systems, it is essential to use the computer locking command to avoid any risk of accidental triggering (all the trigger lines will be inhibited).

The locked mode is indicated when the instrument panel warning light comes on.

#### **Note:**

If the operation is being performed following an impact that triggered the airbags, the computer cannot be locked until the unlocking command has been given.

After an impact that triggered the airbags, the faults stored in the computer cannot be cleared until the "Read impact context" command has been given, followed by the unlocking command.

Never measure the airbag trigger lines using any tool other than the **XR BAG** or the airbag wiring check function on the **CLIP** and **NXR** tools.

Before using a dummy ignition module, check that its resistance is between: **1.8 Ω** and **2.5 Ω**.

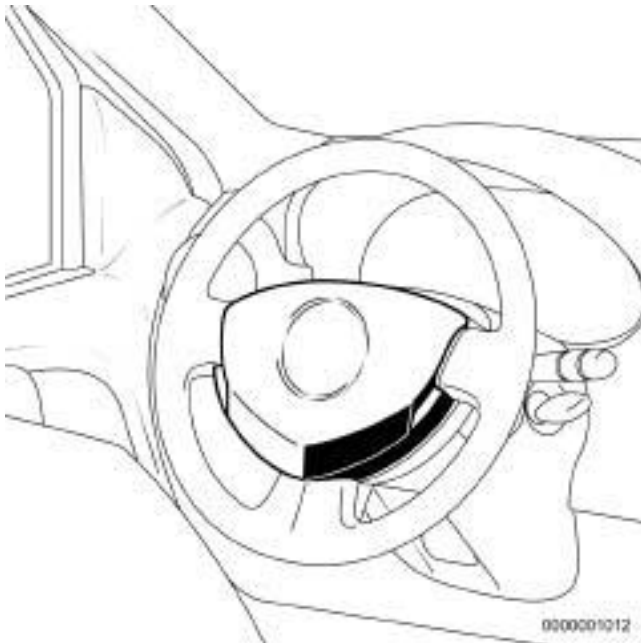
During the procedure, **make sure the computer voltage does not drop below 10 V**.

## I - LIST OF COMPONENTS

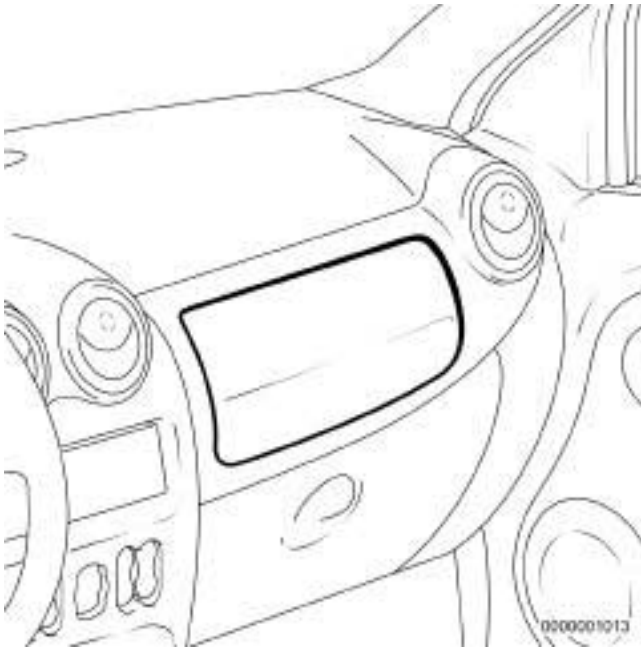
Number	Description
1	Driver's frontal airbag
2	Passenger frontal airbag
3	Front side airbag
4	Airbag computer
5	Airbag inhibition key

## II - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS

### 1. DRIVER'S FRONTAL AIRBAG



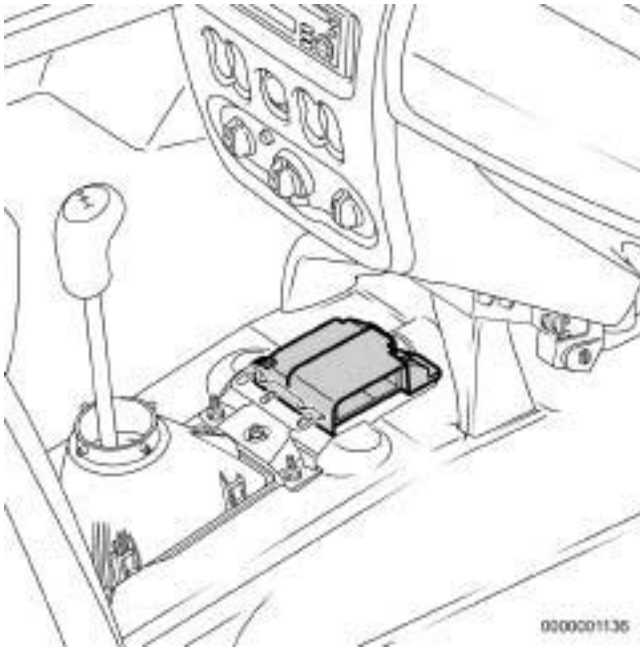
## 2. PASSENGER FRONTAL AIRBAG



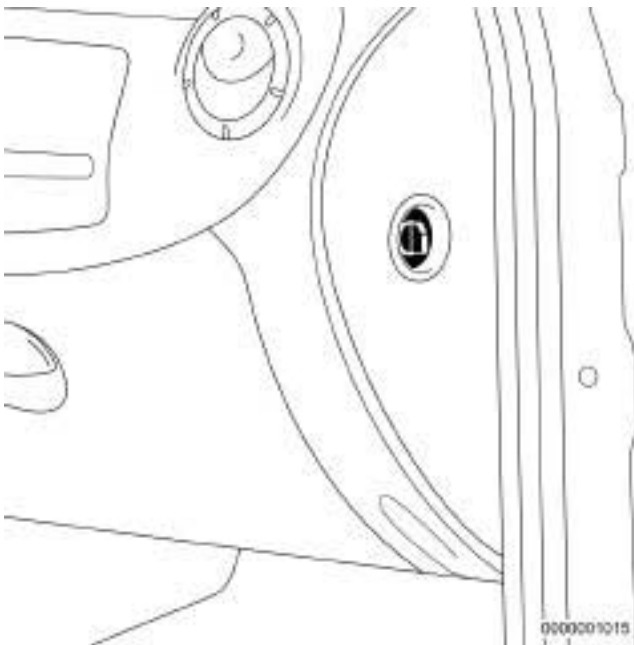
## 3. FRONT SIDE AIRBAG



## 4. AIRBAG COMPUTER



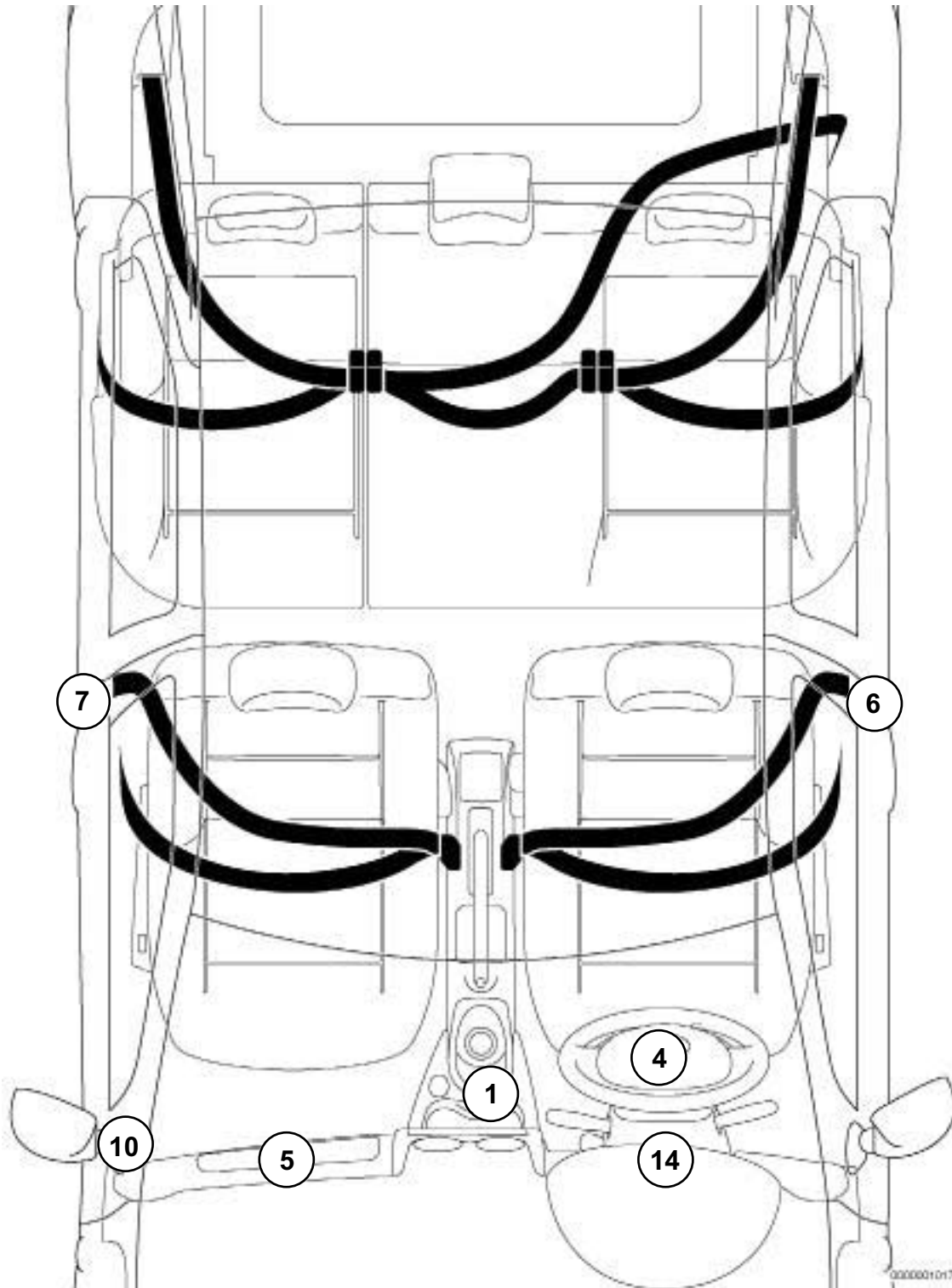
## 5. AIRBAG INHIBITION KEY



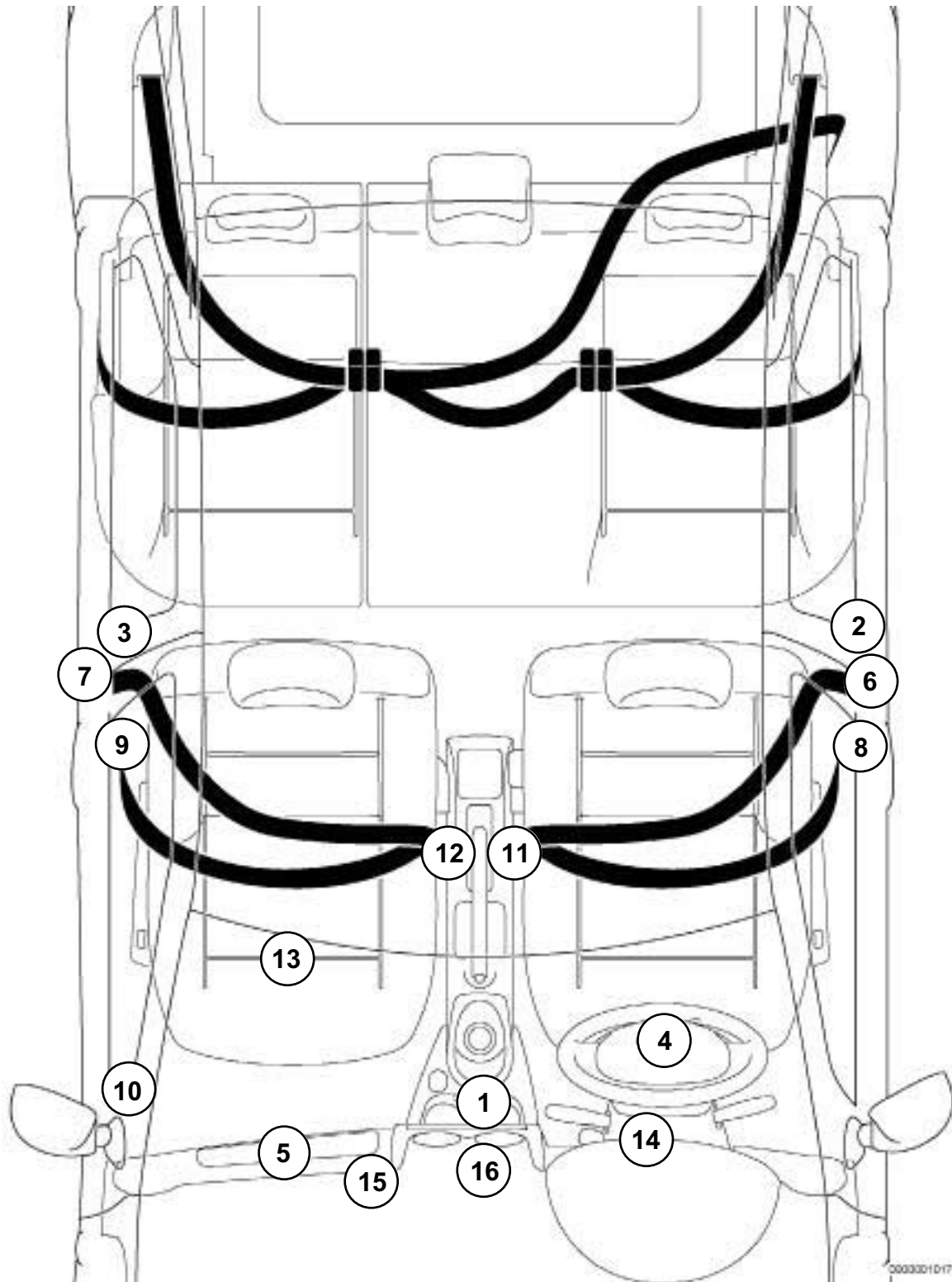
### System outline

Number	Description
1	Airbag computer
2	Driver's lateral acceleration sensor (satellite)
3	Front passenger lateral acceleration sensor (satellite)
4	Driver's frontal airbag
5	Front passenger frontal airbag
6	Pyrotechnic inertia reel of driver's front seat belt buckle
7	Pyrotechnic inertia reel of passenger front seat belt buckle
8	Driver's side airbag
9	Front passenger side airbag
10	Front passenger airbag inhibition switch
11	Driver's seat belt buckle contact
12	Front passenger seat belt buckle contact
13	Occupant presence detection sensor
14	Instrument panel (warning light functions)
15	Radio ("mute" function)
16	Buzzer (audible warning function)

Passive Safety Architecture – Computer with 4 trigger lines.



Passive Safety Architecture – Computer with 6 trigger lines.



### **Driver's front airbag.**

The role of the driver's frontal airbag is to protect the driver's head in case of frontal impact.

### **Passenger front air bag.**

The role of the passenger frontal airbag is to protect the front passenger's head in case of frontal impact.

### **Driver's side airbag.**

The role of the driver's side airbag is to protect the driver's chest and head in case of side impact.

### **Front passenger side airbag.**

The role of the front passenger side airbag is to protect the front passenger's chest and head in case of side impact.

### **Airbag computer.**

The role of the airbag computer is to take control of all of the vehicle's restraint devices intended to ensure occupant protection (driver, front and rear passengers).

### **Inhibition key.**

The passenger airbag inhibitor (by key) informs the airbag computer of a request to inhibit the passenger front airbag and passenger chest airbag.

### **The driver's and passenger pyrotechnic inertia reels:**

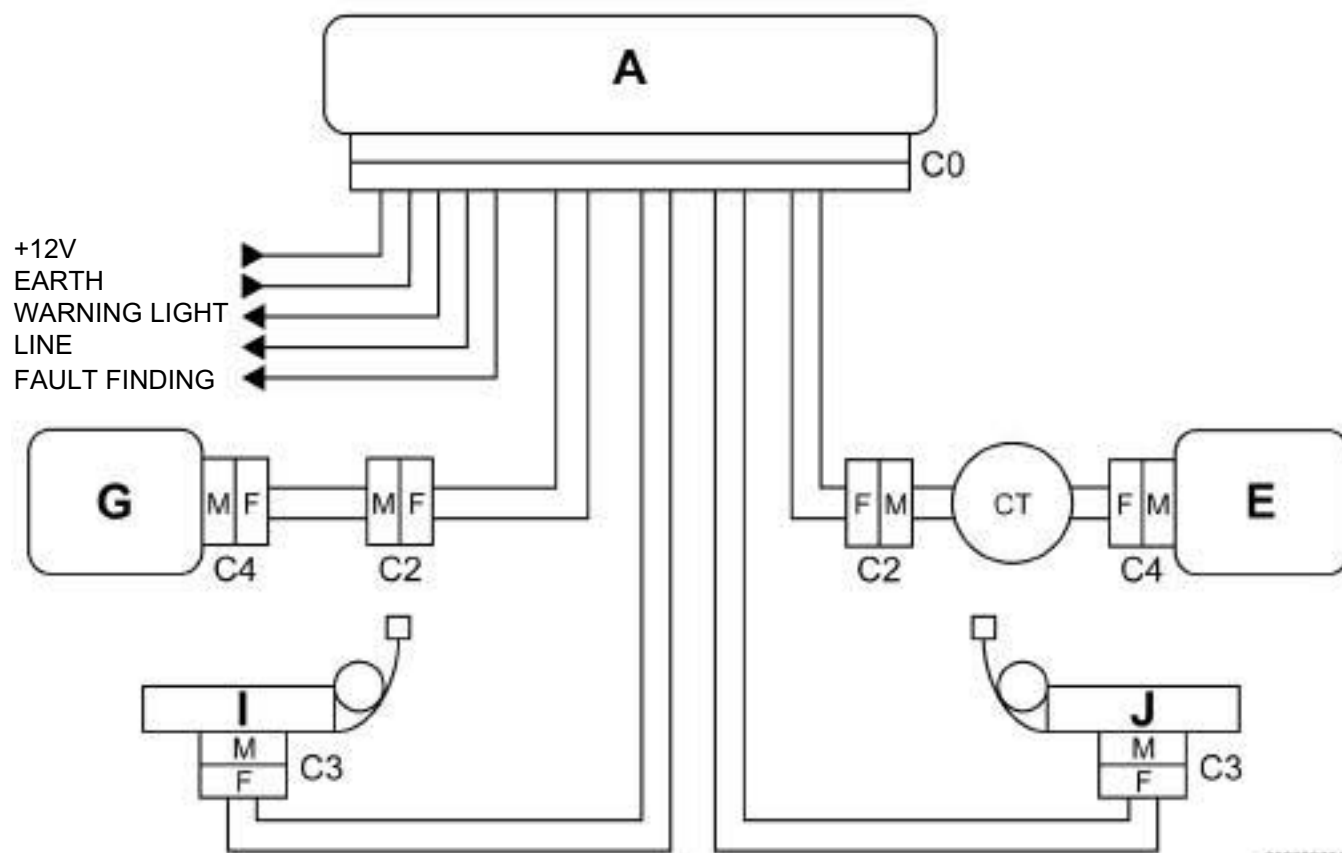
The pyrotechnic seat belt retractor holds the occupant in the seat in the event of a crash.

### **Seat belt locking monitoring:**

This function is performed by the instrument panel. The computer only sends the driver's seat belt buckle sensor status. A warning light on the instrument panel is displayed if the driver is not wearing his seat belt, and a buzzer reminds the driver of this when the vehicle speed exceeds **12 mph (20 km/h)**. For the passenger, the computer sends the statuses of the passenger seat belt buckling sensor and the passenger presence detection sensor.



**FAULT FINDING - CONFIGURATION SHEET** system with 4 trigger lines.



000000742

- A** COMPUTER
- E** DRIVER'S AIRBAG IGNITION MODULE
- G** PASSENGER AIRBAG IGNITION MODULE
- I/J** DRIVER'S / PASSENGER FRONT INERTIA REEL
- CT** ROTARY SWITCH
- C0** 30-TRACK AIRBAG COMPUTER CONNECTOR
- C2, C3, C4** MEASURING POINT

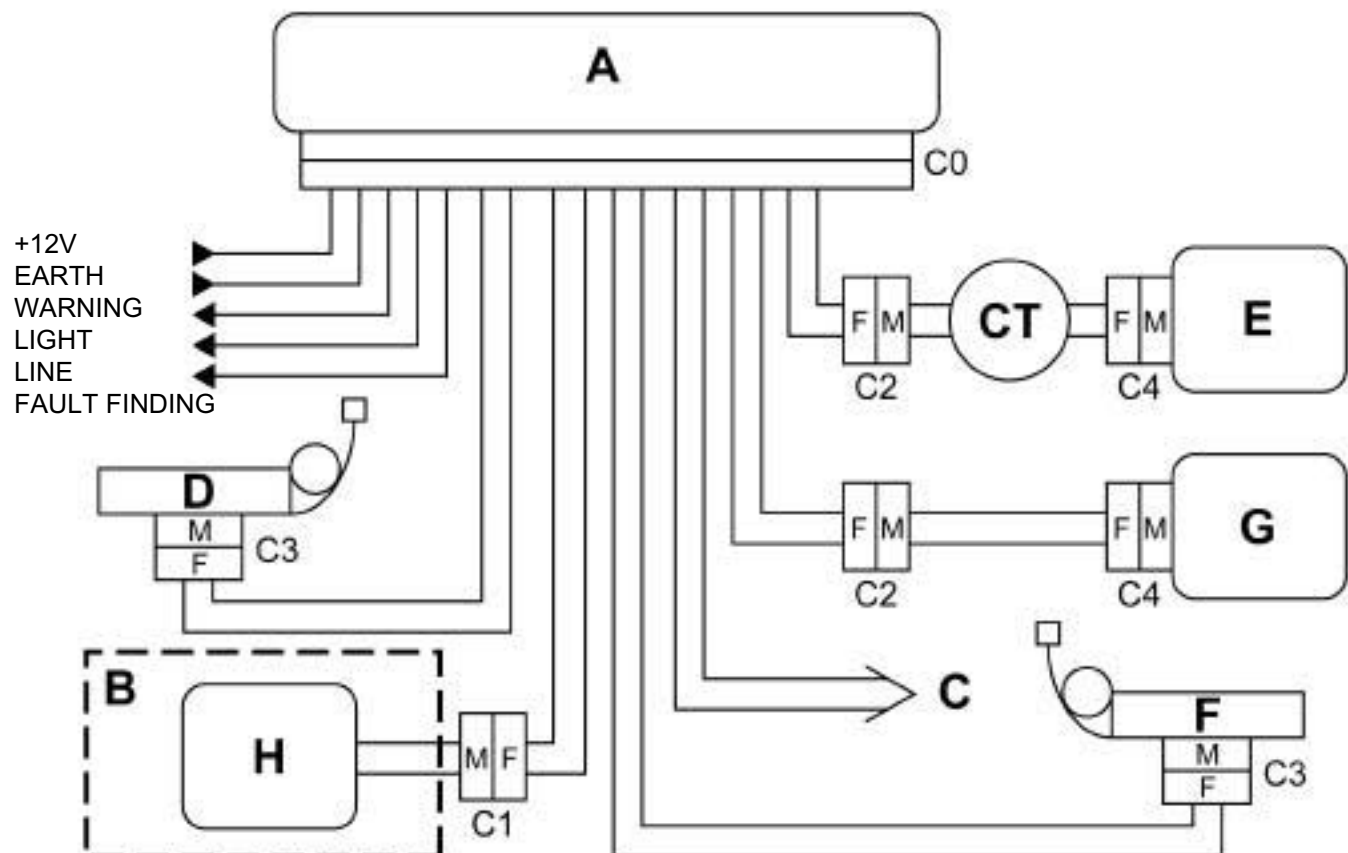
# AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

## Fault finding – Operating diagram

**88C**

DRIVER'S AND PASSENGER FRONT AIRBAGS		
	Measuring point	Correct value
Driver	C0, C2 and C4	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>
Passenger	C0, C2 and C4	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>
DRIVER'S AND PASSENGER INERTIA REEL		
	Measuring point	Correct value
	C3	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>

**FAULT FINDING - CONFIGURATION SHEET** system with 6 trigger lines.



A	COMPUTER	C0	50-TRACK AIRBAG COMPUTER CONNECTOR
E	DRIVER'S AIRBAG IGNITION MODULE	C1, C2, C3, C4	MEASURING POINT
G	PASSENGER AIRBAG IGNITION MODULE		
H	FRONT CHEST-LEVEL SIDE AIRBAG IGNITION MODULE		
D/F	FRONT PYROTECHNIC INERTIA REEL		
B	DRIVER'S SEAT		
C	PASSENGER SEAT		
CT	ROTARY SWITCH		

# AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

## Fault finding – Operating diagram

**88C**

DRIVER'S AND PASSENGER FRONT AIRBAGS		
	Measuring point	Correct value
Driver	C0, C2 and C4	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>
Passenger	C0, C2 and C4	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>
DRIVER'S AND PASSENGER CHEST-LEVEL AIRBAGS		
	Measuring point	Correct value
	C1	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>
DRIVER'S AND PASSENGER INERTIA REEL		
	Measuring point	Correct value
	C3	<b>1.3 Ω to 5.2 Ω</b>

The airbag computer monitors all of the vehicle's restraint devices intended to ensure occupant protection (driver, front and rear passengers).

The computer is designed to carry out the following functions:

- detection and confirmation of front longitudinal impacts and/or side impacts,
- corresponding activation of the pyrotechnic restraint devices (e.g. inertia reels, airbag),
- management of the inhibiting function of the trigger lines and the lateral acceleration sensors,
- management and monitoring of the **Airbag fault** and **Airbag Off** warning lights on the instrument panel (wire connections),
- management of the warning lights for the SBR\*,
- management of the audible function for the SBR\*,
- management of the radio cut-off for the SBR\*,
- management of the fault finding signals (signals provided by the fault manager in response to fault finding requests regarding internal faults or input - output fault finding).

### Special notes:

#### 1. Longitudinal impacts:

The detection of front or rear longitudinal impacts takes into account the signals from the internal accelerometers of the computer.

A frontal algorithm produces a characterisation of the impact using the sensor signals in order to initiate an adapted protection. The programs used by other computers that might use this signal are not part of the present functional description.

Additional information, for example the position of the inhibitor key, is used to modify the behaviour of the system accordingly in order to better meet the protection requirements resulting from the situation which has been identified and characterised.

#### 2. Side impacts:

A side algorithm produces a characterisation of the impact using the signals from side sensors and from an internal sensor in the computer to initiate an adapted protection on the impact side. The programs used by other computers that might use this signal are not part of the present functional description.

Additional information, for example the position of the inhibitor key, can (depending on the configuration used) be used to modify the behaviour of the system accordingly in order to better meet the protection requirements resulting from the situation which has been identified and characterised.

SBR\*: Seat Belt Reminder

### 3. Inhibition of passenger trigger lines:

This function is managed by the airbag computer, according to the position of the passenger airbag inhibition switch and taking into account the vehicle context.

The change of status of the inhibition switch responds to transverse programming (manufacturer's industry regulation) that authorises taking it into account **10 seconds** after the vehicle ignition is switched on (computer supply).

Inhibition programming:

- trigger lines inhibited and **Airbag Off** warning light illuminated if switch is **OFF (100 Ω)**,
- trigger lines authorised if the switch is **ON (400 Ω)**,
- trigger lines inhibited, **Airbag Fault** and **Airbag Off** warning lights illuminated if a fault is detected, if the switch is not configured and detected as present, or if there is a change of position not fulfilling the conditions.

By default, when the key is in the inhibition position, the following protections and signals are inhibited in the event of a crash:

- front passenger front airbag.
- front passenger chest airbag.
- SBR\* warnings: the inhibition key causes the inhibition of the warning light and buzzer, and deactivates the radio cut-off warning for the occupant.

This remains configurable by the diagnostic procedure except for the SBR\* warnings.

The passenger front airbag and passenger chest airbag are inhibited when the locking switch is positioned on **OFF** or when **DF028 PASSENGER AIRBAG STATUS INDICATOR LIGHT CIRCUIT** or **DF193 PASSENGER AIRBAG LOCKING STATUS CHANGE** is present in the computer memory.

### 4. Seat belt locking monitoring:

This function is managed by the computer (warning light and audible signal):

- driver's seat belt buckled (contact open),
- driver's seat belt not buckled (contact closed).

### 5. Management and monitoring of the airbag warning lights:

The airbag computer controls and checks the status of the **Airbag fault** and **Airbag Off** warning lights on the instrument panel. These signals are exchanged via wire.

The **Airbag fault** warning light illuminates for **4 seconds** when the ignition is switched on (**+ after ignition**), the time necessary for the system to be operational after the vehicle is started. It then remains off except under the following conditions:

- detection and recording of an airbag system fault (input - output fault, configuration fault),
- a crash has been detected and registered,
- if the computer is **crash locked** by a **diagnostic tool**,
- if the computer must be programmed or reprogrammed.

The **Airbag Off** warning light represents the actual inhibition status of the passenger airbags:

- **off** = active (switch **ON**),
- **illuminated** = passenger airbags inactive (switch **OFF** or detection of a fault on the switch line).

The 2 warning lights can be illuminated simultaneously.

SBR\*: Seat Belt Reminder

### 6. Management of fault finding signals.

- fault finding of internal functions (self-test when switched on, verification of the configuration),
- fault finding of external functions (pyrotechnic ignition modules and sensors),
- fault finding of the supply,
- storage of faults identified when the vehicle is started, while the engine is running, or when the ignition is switched off,
- permanent storage of parameters relating to the crash algorithm and the signals obtained during a crash,
- permanent storage of system faults present before a crash,
- warning light control.

The airbag system components must be configured in accordance with the vehicle equipment criteria.

All the inputs and outputs of the airbag computer (ignition modules and sensors) are configurable independently of one another.

Any incorrect configuration is detected by the recording of the fault and the illumination of the Airbag fault warning light:

- "open circuit" fault if an ignition module (or sensor) is configured, but the component is not connected,
- "configuration" fault if an ignition module (or sensor) is unconfigured and the component is connected.

### CONFIGURATION/CONFIGURATION READING

-	The configuration reading commands ( <b>LCxxx</b> ) are used to display the current computer configuration in relation to the trigger lines and sensors installed in the vehicle.
-	The configuration commands ( <b>CFxxx</b> ) are used to adjust the computer configuration to the equipment actually installed in the vehicle.

– **CONFIGURABLE COMPONENTS** for the version with 6 trigger lines

Trigger lines "WITH" or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
DRIVER'S FRONT INERTIA REEL	LC130	CF020
PASSENGER FRONT INERTIA REEL	LC131	CF021

Sensors "WITH or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
DRIVER'S FRONT SIDE IMPACT SENSOR	LC082	CF285
PASSENGER FRONT SIDE IMPACT SENSOR	LC083	CF286
DRIVER'S SEAT BELT BUCKLE SENSOR	LC073	CF273
PASSENGER'S SEAT BELT BUCKLE SENSOR	LC074	CF274
PASSENGER PRESENCE DETECTION SENSOR	LC075	CF275



### Warning lights "WITH" or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
PASSENGER AIRBAG INHIBITION WARNING LIGHT	LC116	CF036
SEAT BELT WARNING LIGHT	LC134	CF049

### Seat belt reminder buzzer "WITH" or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
SEAT BELT REMINDER BUZZER	LC133	CF048

### Vehicle type reading "DUSTER" or "INCORRECT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
VEHICLE TYPE	LC034	WITHOUT

– CONFIGURABLE COMPONENTS for the version with 4 trigger lines

Trigger lines "WITH" or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
DRIVER'S FRONTAL AIRBAG	LC027	CF209
PASSENGER FRONTAL AIRBAG	LC028	CF210
DRIVER'S FRONT INERTIA REEL	LC130	CF020
PASSENGER FRONT INERTIA REEL	LC131	CF021

WITH or WITHOUT impact signal connection

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
IMPACT SIGNAL CONNECTION	LC029	CF211

Passenger airbag locking mode "WITH KEY" or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
PASSENGER AIRBAG LOCKING MODE	LC060	CF248

"LEFT-HAND" or "RIGHT-HAND" driving side

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
STEERING SIDE	LC088	CF291

Vehicle type reading "DUSTER" or "INCORRECT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
VEHICLE TYPE	LC034	WITHOUT

Warning lights "WITH" or "WITHOUT"

Diagnostic tool title	Configuration reading	Configuration
PASSENGER AIRBAG INHIBITION WARNING LIGHT	LC116	CF036

### PARAMETER SETTINGS:

**VP006:** Lock computer.

This command should be used for any operation on the system. It inhibits all of the trigger lines.

**VP007:** Unlock computer

This command is used to unlock the computer when it is new or if it has been deactivated via command VP006.

**VP010:** Enter VIN.

This command is used to enter the VIN number into the computer.

**SC004:** Read impact context

Use this command during repair of the vehicle following impact. The command enables the list of trigger lines active and the system status upon impact to be accessed in the computer which is being replaced.

### REPLACING A SYSTEM COMPONENT

Disconnect the battery before any removal or refitting of a pyrotechnic component (airbag module, inertia reels). The computer must always be locked before any operation on a system component.

### REPLACING THE AIRBAG COMPUTER

Before replacing the computer, it is essential to contact the techline.

When **DF001 Computer** is **present** or **stored**, it is strictly prohibited to use command **RZ001 Fault memory** to allow the failure of the returned computer to be analysed.

The airbag computers are sold in locked mode to avoid all risk of accidental triggering (all ignition lines are inhibited).

The locked mode is indicated when the instrument panel warning light comes on.

Apply the following procedure when replacing an airbag computer:

- check that the ignition is switched off,
- replace the computer,
- modify the computer configuration if necessary,
- write the VIN to the computer using the **diagnostic tool** command **VP010 Write VIN**,
- switch off the ignition,
- carry out a check using the **diagnostic tool**,
- unlock the computer only if no fault is reported by the **diagnostic tool** and check that the warning light is off.

After the replacement, in the event of incorrect configuration, the **Airbag** warning light is illuminated on the instrument panel.

Then perform the following checks:

- there is no impact signal connection, it must be deconfigured using command **CF211 Impact signal connection**. Configuration reading **LC029 Impact signal connection** must be **without**.
- check the other configurations.
- the conformity of the configurations (trigger lines and impact signal connection) is confirmed by the **airbag** warning light going out.

<b>Tool fault</b>	<b>Associated DTC</b>	<b>Diagnostic tool title</b>
<b>DF001</b>	9080	Computer
<b>DF002</b>	9042	Computer voltage supply
<b>DF003</b>	9007	Driver's frontal airbag circuit
<b>DF004</b>	9005	Passenger's frontal airbag circuit
<b>DF028</b>	9041	Passenger airbag status warning light circuit
<b>DF034</b>	907E	Computer locked
<b>DF039</b>	9035	Driver's side sensor circuit
<b>DF040</b>	9036	Passenger's side sensor circuit
<b>DF044</b>	9058	Impact signal circuit
<b>DF068</b>	900C	Passenger's chest front side airbag circuit
<b>DF077</b>	900B	Driver's front side chest airbag circuit
<b>DF091</b>	9034	Airbag locking switch circuit
<b>DF165</b>	9040	Airbag fault warning light circuit

# AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

## Fault finding – Fault summary table

88C

Tool fault	Associated DTC	Diagnostic tool title
DF166	9029	Driver's inertia reel circuit
DF167	902A	Passenger inertia reel circuit
DF193	907C	Passenger airbag locking status change.
DF194	907F	Computer to be replaced following impact
DF232	9051	Driver's seat belt buckle sensor circuit
DF233	9052	Passenger's seat belt buckle sensor circuit
DF234	9053	Passenger presence detection sensor circuit
DF242	907B	Left-hand/right-hand drive configuration
DF279	9055	Seat belt warning light circuit
DF425	9056	Seat belt reminder buzzer circuit

<b>DF001 PRESENT OR STORED</b>	<u>COMPUTER</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Replace the airbag computer, component code **756** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbags and pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF002 PRESENT</b>	<b>COMPUTER SUPPLY VOLTAGE</b> 1.DEF: Supply voltage too high 2.DEF: Supply voltage too low
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<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b> .

<p>Perform the necessary operations to obtain the correct supply voltage of the airbag computer, component code <b>756</b> (<b>9 V ± 0.1 &lt; correct voltage &lt; 18 V ± 0.1</b>).</p> <p>Check the tightness and condition of the battery terminals, component code <b>107</b>.</p> <p>Run fault finding on component <b>107</b> and the charging circuit (see <b>Technical Note 6014A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9859A (Dacia), Checking the charging circuit</b>).</p> <p>Check the <b>earth</b> on connection <b>NAP</b> of component <b>756</b>.</p> <p>If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>Check that the connections on the airbag computer, component code <b>756</b>, are in good condition and correctly locked.</p> <p>If the connector is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF003 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>DRIVER'S FRONTAL AIRBAG CIRCUIT</u>  CO: Open circuit  CC: Short circuit  CC.0: Short circuit to earth  CC.1: Short circuit to +12 volts  1.DEF: Configuration  2.DEF: Short circuit between trigger lines</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	If <b>1.DEF</b> , check and adjust the computer configuration.
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  Never carry out any measuring procedures on the trigger lines with any tool other than the <b>CLIP</b> tool.  Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b> .

<b>CO - CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.  Switch off the ignition and remove the steering wheel airbag, component code <b>899</b> (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbags and pretensioners, Driver's front airbag: Removal - Refitting</b>).  Check that the steering wheel airbag is correctly connected.</p>
<p>Disconnect the airbag cushion and connect a dummy ignition module to the ignition module connector.  Switch on the ignition and carry out a check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.  If the fault becomes <b>stored</b>, replace the steering wheel airbag (see <b>MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioners, Driver's front airbag: Removal - Refitting</b>).</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.  Destroy the steering wheel airbag (component <b>899</b>) if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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**DF003  
CONTINUED 1**

With the ignition off, disconnect then reconnect the connector of the **cruise control and airbag** switch, component code **689**.

If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

The **CLIP tool** must be used for checking resistance at **point C2** of the driver's airbag circuit.

If the obtained value is not correct, replace component **689** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 84A, Controls - Signals, Rotary switch: Removal - Refitting**).

Reconnect component **689**, disconnect the airbag computer connector and fit adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**. The **CLIP tool** must be used for measuring the resistance on the  **cable marked A** of adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.

If the value obtained is not correct, check the connections on the computer connector between connections **60AM** and **60AN**.

If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

Destroy the steering wheel airbag (component **899**) if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).

### DF003 CONTINUED 2

If the checks carried out have not shown the presence of a fault, check on the base of the airbag computer for the presence of the **seven shunt opening pins** of the computer connector.  
Check the condition of the airbag computer connections, component code **756**.  
Check the condition of the airbag computer connector (locking system, connections, etc.).  
If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

CC.0-CC.1

NOTES

None.

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Switch off the ignition and remove the steering wheel airbag, component code **899** (see **MR 451 Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioner, Driver's front airbag: Removal - Refitting**).  
Check the condition and correct connection of the trigger line.

The **CLIP** tool must be used for measuring the insulation appropriate to the type of fault at **point C2** of the driver's frontal airbag circuit.  
If the value obtained is not correct, replace the cruise control and airbag switch, component code **689** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 84A, Controls - Signals, Rotary switch: Removal - Refitting**).

Reconnect component **689**, disconnect the airbag computer connector and fit **Elé. 1830**.  
It is essential to use the **CLIP** tool for measuring the insulation appropriate to the type of fault on the **cable marked A** of adapter **Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10**.  
If the value obtained is not correct, check the connections on the computer connector between connections **60AM** and **60AN**.  
If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  
Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.  
Destroy the steering wheel airbag (component **899**) if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).

<b>DF003 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault corresponds to the detection of a short circuit between 2 trigger lines.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Check the **insulation** of the circuits of the two ignition modules concerned.

Concerned connections of component **689**:

- **60AM** and **60AN** of component **689**.

If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. Destroy the steering wheel airbag (component <b>899</b> ) if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b> ).
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<b>DF004 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>PASSENGER FRONTAL AIRBAG CIRCUIT</u>  CO: Open circuit  CC: Short circuit  CC.0: Short circuit to earth  CC.1: Short circuit to +12 volts  1.DEF: Configuration  2.DEF: Short circuit between trigger lines</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	If <b>1.DEF</b> , check and adjust the computer configuration (see <b>Configuration</b> ).
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  Never carry out any measuring procedures on the trigger lines with any tool other than the <b>CLIP</b> tool.  Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b> .

<b>CO - CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.  Switch off the ignition and check the condition of the dashboard intermediate connection <b>R292</b>.  If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Fit adapter <b>Elé. 1617 (3/4)</b>.  The <b>CLIP</b> tool must be used for checking resistance on the <b>cable marked C</b> of adapter <b>Elé. 1617 (3/4)</b>.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and component <b>861</b>. Switch on the ignition again.  Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.  Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.  Destroy component <b>861</b> if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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### DF004 CONTINUED 1

If the value obtained is not correct, switch off the ignition and remove any necessary components in order to access the wiring of component **861** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioner, Passenger front airbag: Removal - Refitting**).

Disconnect connection **R292**, connect a dummy ignition module to the ignition module connector, then measure the resistance again on the **cable marked C** of adapter **Elé. 1617 (3/4)**.

If the value obtained is correct, replace connection **292** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioner, Driver's front airbag: Removal - Refitting**).

If the value obtained is still incorrect, there is a wiring fault between the connector of component **756** and the dashboard intermediate connection **R292**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the obtained value is correct, reconnect connection **R292**.

Disconnect the airbag computer connector and check the connections on the computer connector between connections 60H and 60K.

If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

### AFTER REPAIR

Reconnect the computer and component **861**. Switch on the ignition again.

Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

Destroy component **861** if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).

### DF004 CONTINUED 2

Fit adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** tool must be used for measuring the resistance on the **cable marked B** of adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**. If the obtained value is not correct, there is a wiring fault between components **756** and **connection R292** on connections **60H** and **60K**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

CC.0-CC.1

NOTES

None.

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Switch off the ignition and check the connection and the condition of the passenger frontal airbag connector, component code **861**.

Fit adapter **Elé. 1617 (3/4)**.

It is essential to use the **CLIP** tool for measuring the insulation appropriate to the type of fault on the **cable marked C** of adapter **Elé. 1617 (3/4)**.

If the value obtained is not correct, replace the wiring harness (C4/C2).

If the value obtained is correct, reconnect the dashboard intermediate connection **R292**.

Disconnect the computer connector and check the condition of the connections on the dashboard intermediate connection **R292** between connections **60H** and **60K**

If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** tool must be used for measuring the resistance on the **cable marked B** of adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.

If the value obtained is not correct, there is a wiring fault between components **756** and connection **R292** on connections **60H** and **60K**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it

### AFTER REPAIR

Reconnect the computer and component **861**. Switch on the ignition again.

Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

Destroy component **861** if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).



<b>DF004 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault corresponds to the detection of a short circuit between 2 trigger lines.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Check the <b>insulation</b> of the circuits of the two ignition modules concerned. Concerned connections of component <b>861</b>: • <b>60H</b> and <b>60K</b> of component <b>861</b>. If there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and component <b>861</b>. Switch on the ignition again. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. Destroy component <b>861</b> if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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<b>DF028 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>PASSENGER AIRBAG STATUS WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></p> <p>CC.1: Short circuit to +12 volts CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.          Check the condition of the warning light bulb.          Check the <b>insulation to + 12 V</b> on connection <b>60A</b> between the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b>, and the airbag computer, component code <b>756</b>.          If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.</p>
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<b>DF028 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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**Warning light off under + after ignition feed**

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Check the **condition** of the **airbag fault warning light**.  
Check the **continuity** on connection **60A** between the instrument panel, component code **247**, and the airbag computer, component code **756**.  
Check the presence of **+ 12 V** on the warning light.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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**DF028  
CONTINUED 2**

**Warning light on under + after ignition feed**

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Disconnect the airbag computer and check for the presence, on the base, of the **7 pins** which open the connector shunts.

Check the **insulation** from **earth** on connection **60A** between components **247** and **756**.

If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

**AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out the check again using the **diagnostic tool** and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

<b>DF034 PRESENT</b>	<u>COMPUTER LOCKED</u> 1.DEF: Computer locked
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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This fault allows display of the locked state of the computer.

When it is **present**, all the trigger lines are inhibited, preventing triggering of the airbags.

This fault is normally **present** in two cases:

- the computer is new (it is sold locked),
- the computer locking command using the **fault finding tool** was used during an operation on the vehicle.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF039 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>DRIVER'S SIDE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u>            CC.O: Short circuit to earth            CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V            1.DEF: Configuration            2.DEF: Sensor internal electronic fault            3.DEF: No communication            4.DEF: Component in poor condition</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER.</b></p>

<b>CC.0 CC.1 3.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer with command **VP006 Lock computer** using the **diagnostic tool**.  
 Check that the driver's side sensor, component code **1028**, is connected correctly and check its connections.  
 Check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, between connections **60AG** and **60AH**.  
 Check the condition of the airbag computer connector (locking system, connections, etc.).  
 If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
 Check the **continuity** and **insulation** of the following connections:

- **60AG** between components **756** and **1028**,
- **60AH** between components **756** and **1028**.

If the connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.</p>
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<b>DF039 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Contact the Techline.

<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Replace the **driver's side sensor** component code **1028** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioners, Side impact sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF039 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>4.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer with command **VP006 Lock computer** using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Check that the driver's side sensor is connected correctly and check its connections.  
Check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, between connections **60AG** and **60AH**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Check the **continuity** and **insulation** of the following connections:

- **60AG** between components **756** and **1028**,
- **60AH** between components **756** and **1028**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF040 PRESENT</b>	<p><b><u>PASSENGER SIDE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u></b>          CC.O: Short circuit to earth          CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V          1.DEF: Configuration          2.DEF: Sensor internal electronic fault          3.DEF: No communication          4.DEF: Component in poor condition</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER.</b></p>

<b>CC.0 CC.1 3.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer with command **VP006 Lock computer** using the **diagnostic tool**.  
 Check that the passenger side sensor, component code **1029**, is connected correctly and check its connections.  
 Check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, between connections **60AF** and **60AJ**.  
 Check the condition of the airbag computer connector (locking system, connections, etc.).  
 If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
 Check the **continuity** and **insulation** of the following connections:

- **60AF** between components **756** and **1029**,
- **60AJ** between components **756** and **1029**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.</p>
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<b>DF040 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>1.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Contact the Techline.

<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Replace the passenger side sensor, component code **1029** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioners, Side impact sensor: Removal - Refitting**).

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF040 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>4.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer with command **VP006 Lock computer** using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Check that the passenger side sensor, component code **1029**, is connected correctly and check its connections.  
Check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, between connections **60AF** and **60AJ**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Check the **continuity** and **insulation** of the following connections:

- **60AF** between components **756** and **1029**,
- **60AJ** between components **756** and **1029**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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**DF044  
PRESENT**

### IMPACT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V

CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth

### **NOTES**

There is no **impact signal circuit** on **DUSTER**.

Use **LC029 Impact signal connection** to check that the computer configuration is **WITHOUT** (the computer is configured to **WITH** by default).

If this is not the case, configure the computer to **WITHOUT** using **CF211**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### **AFTER REPAIR**

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

<b>DF068 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>PASSENGER FRONT CHEST-LEVEL SIDE AIRBAG CIRCUIT</u>  CO: Open circuit  CC: Short circuit  CC.0: Short circuit to earth  CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V  1.DEF: Configuration  2.DEF: Short circuit between trigger lines</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	If <b>1.DEF</b> , check and modify the computer configuration.
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  Never carry out any measuring procedures on the trigger lines with any tool other than the <b>CLIP</b> tool.  Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b> .

<b>CO - CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b>  Correct the trigger line configuration if the vehicle is not fitted with passenger front side thorax airbags&gt;</p>
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Disconnect the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, and fit **adapter Elé. 1830**.  
The **CLIP** or **XR BAG tool** must be used to measure the resistance on the adapter **cable marked D**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and component <b>1027</b>, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.  Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component <b>1027</b>), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module.  Destroy component <b>1027</b> if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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### DF068 CONTINUED 1

If the value obtained is correct on  **cable D**  of the adapter, check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector between connections 60BB and **60BC**.

If the value obtained is incorrect on cable D of the adapter, check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector between connections **60BB** and **60BC**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Strip down the passenger seat and check that intermediate connection **R334** is correctly connected. Disconnect connection **R334**, connect a dummy ignition module to connection **R334**, and measure again the resistance on  **cable D** .

If the value obtained is correct, replace component **1027** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioners, Front (chest) side airbag: Removal - Refitting**).

If the value remains incorrect, the wiring is faulty between the airbag computer and connection **R334** on connections **60BB** and **60BC**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

Check the **continuity, insulation and the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection: **NAP** between component **1027** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Reconnect the computer and component **1027**, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component **1027**), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module.

Destroy component **1027** if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).

<b>DF068 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>CC.1 – CC.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Disconnect the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, and fit **adapter Elé. 1830**.  
The **CLIP** or **XR BAG tool** must be used to measure the resistance on the adapter **cable marked D**.

If the value obtained is correct on **cable D** of the adapter, check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector between connections **60BB** and **60BC**.  
If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
If the value obtained is incorrect, the wiring is faulty between the airbag computer, component code **756**, and connection **R334** on connections **60BB** and **60BC**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and component <b>1027</b>, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.</p> <p>Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component <b>1027</b>), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module.</p> <p>Destroy component <b>1027</b> if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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### DF068 CONTINUED 3

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **NAP** between component **1027** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

2.DEF

**NOTES**

**Special notes:** This fault corresponds to the detection of a short circuit between 2 trigger lines.

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Check the **insulation** of the circuits of the two ignition modules concerned.

Concerned connections of component **1027**:

- **60BB** and **60BC** of component **1027**.

If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### **AFTER REPAIR**

Reconnect the computer and component **1027**, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component **1027**), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module.

Destroy component **1027** if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).



<b>DF077 PRESENT</b>	<p><b><u>DRIVER'S CHEST-LEVEL FRONT SIDE AIRBAG CIRCUIT</u></b></p> <p>CO: Open circuit CC: Short circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V 1.DEF: Configuration 2.DEF: Short circuit between trigger lines</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>If <b>1.DEF</b>, check and modify the computer configuration.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Never carry out any measuring procedures on the trigger lines with any tool other than the <b>CLIP</b> tool. Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CO - CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Correct the trigger line configuration if the vehicle is not fitted with passenger front side thorax airbags.</p>
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Disconnect the airbag computer connector, component code **756**, and fit **adapter Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.  
The **CLIP** or **XR BAG tool** must be used to measure the resistance on the adapter **cable marked C**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and component <b>1026</b>, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component <b>1026</b>), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module. Destroy component <b>1026</b> if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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### DF077 CONTINUED 1

If the value obtained is correct, on cable C of the adapter, check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector between connections **60AB** and **60AC**.

If the value obtained is incorrect, on cable C of the adapter, check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector between connections **60AB** and **60AC**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Strip down the driver's seat and check that intermediate connection **R335** is correctly connected.

Disconnect connection **R335**, connect a dummy ignition module to connection **R335**, and measure again the resistance on  **cable C**.

If the value obtained is correct, replace component **1026** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioners, Front (chest) side airbag: Removal - Refitting**).

If the value remains incorrect, the wiring is faulty between the airbag computer and the connector of component **1026** on connections **60AB** and **60AC**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Reconnect the computer and component **1026**, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component **1026**), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module.

Destroy component **1026** if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).

### DF077 CONTINUED 2

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **NAP** between component **1026** and **earth**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

CC.1 – CC.0

**NOTES**

None.

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Disconnect the **airbag computer** connector, component code **756**, and fit **adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to measure the resistance on the adapter **cable marked C**.

If the value obtained is correct, on **cable C** of the adapter, check the condition of the connections on the airbag computer connector between connections **60AB** and **60AC**.

If the connector is faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the wiring is faulty between the airbag computer and connection **R335**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### **AFTER REPAIR**

Reconnect the computer and component **1026**, then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component **1026**), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module.

Destroy component **1026** if it has been replaced (tool **Elé. 1287**).

<b>DF077 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault corresponds to the detection of a short circuit between 2 trigger lines.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that the circuits of the two ignition modules concerned are insulated.

Concerned connections of component **1026**:

- **60AB** and **60AC** of component **1026**.

If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Reconnect the computer and component <b>1026</b> , then switch on the ignition. Clear the computer memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out the check again using the diagnostic tool and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer. When replacing the airbag module (component <b>1026</b> ), do not forget to reconnect the earth on the new module. Destroy component <b>1026</b> if it has been replaced (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b> ).
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<b>DF091 PRESENT</b>	<p><b><u>AIRBAG LOCKING SWITCH CIRCUIT</u></b>            CC.0: Short circuit to earth            CC.1: Open circuit or short circuit to + 12 volts            1.DEF: Configuration            2.DEF: Consistency</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	If <b>1.DEF</b> , check and modify the computer configuration.
	<p><b>Special notes:</b>            Lock the computer via command <b>VP006 Lock computer</b> using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b> .

<b>CC.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the condition of the computer connector, component code **756** (locking system, connections etc.).  
 Check the condition of the connector of the **passenger airbag inhibition** key, component code **1441**.  
 If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
 Check the **insulation** against **earth** and the **continuity** on the following connections:

- **60DS** between components **756** and **1441**,
- **60DT** between components **756** and **1441**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF091 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>CO.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the condition of the computer connector, component code **756** (locking system, connections etc.).  
Check the condition of the connector of the **passenger airbag inhibition** key, component code **1441**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **insulation** against **+ after ignition feed** and the **continuity** on the following connections:

- **60DS** between components **756** and **1441**,
- **60DT** between components **756** and **1441**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF091 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>2.DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	Check the consistency of <b>PR147 Airbag locking circuit impedance</b> .
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<p>Check the condition of the computer connector (locking system, connections etc.). Check the condition of the connections on the intermediate connection <b>R292</b>. Check the condition of the wiring. Check the insulation and the continuity on connections <b>60DS</b> and <b>60DT</b> between components <b>756</b> and connection <b>R292</b>. If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it. Check the <b>connector of the passenger airbag locking switch</b>, component code <b>1441</b>. Check the condition of the connections on the intermediate connection <b>R292</b>. Check the condition of the wiring. Check the insulation and the continuity on connections <b>60DS</b> and <b>60DT</b> between connection <b>R292</b> and the connector of the passenger airbag locking switch. If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p> <p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF165 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>AIRBAG FAULT WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 volts CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER.</b></p>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Check the condition of the warning light bulb. Check the <b>insulation to +12 V</b> on connection <b>60A</b> between the instrument panel, component code <b>247</b>, and the airbag computer, component code <b>756</b>. If the connection is faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A (Renault)</b> or <b>Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)</b>, <b>Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.</p>
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<b>DF165 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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### Warning light off under + after ignition feed

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Check the status of the airbag fault warning light.  
Check **the continuity** on connection **60A** between components **247** and **756**.  
Check for **+12 V** on connection **60A** (on the warning light) of component **247**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.  
If the checks carried out did not show the presence of a fault, disconnect the computer connector and fit **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.  
Use the **CLIP tool** function for testing the instrument panel warning light, component code **247**, using the **grey cable marked 1** of adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.  
If the warning light can be illuminated by the tool, replace the airbag computer, component code **756** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbag and pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting**).  
If not, repeat the checks described previously.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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### DF165 CONTINUED 2

#### Warning light on under + after ignition feed

Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.  
Disconnect the airbag computer and check for the presence, on the base, of the **7 pins** which open the connector shunts.

Check the **insulation** from **earth** on connection **60A** between components **247** and **756**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

#### **AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out the check again using the **diagnostic tool** and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

<b>DF166 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>DRIVER'S SEAT BELT INERTIA REEL CIRCUIT</u></p> <p>CO: Open circuit CC: Short circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V 1.DEF: Configuration 2.DEF: Short circuit between trigger lines</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>If <b>1.DEF</b>, check and modify the <b>computer configuration</b>.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Never carry out measuring operations on trigger lines using any tool other than <b>CLIP</b> or <b>XR BAG</b>. Use the <b>50-track or 30-track adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10</b> for operations on the <b>computer</b> connector, and the <b>2-track adapter B35</b> for operations on the <b>inertia reel</b> connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CO - CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>. Switch off the ignition and check that the connector of the <b>driver's side front inertia reel</b>, component code <b>1363</b>, is correctly connected. Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connector of the <b>driver's side front inertia reel</b>, component code <b>1363</b>. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on. Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer. If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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### DF166 CONTINUED 1

Fit the **2-track adaptor B35**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to measure the resistance.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the driver's side front inertia reel is faulty.

Replace the driver's side front inertia reel, component code **1363** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbags and pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **computer connectors**, component code **756**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit the **50-track or 30-track** adapter **Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to measure the resistance on  **cable E** of the adapter.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the wiring, connections **60CM** and **60CN**, between the computer and the **driver's side front inertia reel connector (C0/C3)** is faulty.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.

If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool **Elé. 1287**).

<b>DF166 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>CC.0 - CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Switch off the ignition, and check the **condition** and **connection** of the connector of the **driver's side front inertia reel**, component code **1363**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit the **2-track adaptor B35**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to measure the insulation appropriate to the type of fault.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the driver's side front inertia reel is faulty.

Replace the driver's side front inertia reel, component code **1363** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbags and pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **airbag computer** connectors, component code **756**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit the **50-track or 30-track** adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to correctly measure the insulation appropriate to the type of fault on adapter  **cable E**.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the wiring, connections **60CM** and **60CN**, between the computer and the **driver's side front inertia reel** connector (**C0/C3**) is faulty.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.</p> <p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.</p> <p>Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.</p> <p>If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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<b>DF166 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>2. DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault corresponds to the detection of a short circuit between 2 trigger lines.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that the circuits of the two ignition modules concerned are insulated.

Concerned connections of component **1363**:

- **60CM** and **60CN** of component **1363**.

If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.</p> <p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.</p> <p>Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.</p> <p>If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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<b>DF167 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>PASSENGER SEAT BELT INERTIA REEL CIRCUIT</u></p> <p>CO: Open circuit CC: Short circuit CC.0: Short circuit to earth CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V 1.DEF: Configuration 2.DEF: Short circuit between trigger lines</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>If <b>1.DEF</b>, check and modify the <b>computer configuration</b>.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Never carry out measuring operations on trigger lines using any tool other than <b>CLIP</b> or <b>XR BAG</b>. Use the <b>50-track or 30-track adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10</b> for operations on the <b>computer</b> connector, and the <b>2-track adapter B35</b> for operations on the <b>inertia reel</b> connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams for DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CO - CC</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer via the command <b>VP006 "Lock computer"</b>, using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p> <p>Switch off the ignition and check that the connector of the <b>passenger side front inertia reel</b>, component code <b>1364</b>, is correctly connected.</p> <p>Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connector of the <b>passenger side front inertia reel</b>, component code <b>1364</b>.</p> <p>If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
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<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.</p> <p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.</p> <p>Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.</p> <p>If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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### DF167 CONTINUED 1

Fit the **2-track adaptor B35**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to measure the resistance.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the front passenger side seat belt inertia reel is faulty.

Replace the passenger side front inertia reel, component code **1364** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbags and pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **airbag computer** connectors, component code **756**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit the **50-track or 30-track** adapter **Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used for checking the resistance on  **cable F** of the adapter.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the wiring, connections **60CP** and **60CQ**, between the computer and the **passenger side front inertia reel** connector (**C0/C3**) is faulty.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

### AFTER REPAIR

Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.

Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.

If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool **Elé. 1287**).



<b>DF167 CONTINUED 2</b>	
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<b>CC.0 - CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Switch off the ignition, and check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **passenger side front inertia reel**, component code **1364**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit the **2-track adaptor B35**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to measure the insulation appropriate to the type of fault.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the front passenger side seat belt inertia reel is faulty.

Replace the passenger side front inertia reel, component code **1364** (see **MR 451, Mechanical, 88C, Airbags and pretensioners, Airbag computer: Removal - Refitting**).

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **airbag computer** connectors, component code **756**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Fit the **50-track** or **30-track** adapter **Elé. 1830** or **Elé. 1484-10**.

The **CLIP** or **XR BAG** tool must be used to correctly measure the insulation for the type of fault on adapter  **cable F**.

If the value obtained is incorrect, the wiring, connections **60CP** and **60CQ**, between the computer and the **passenger side front inertia reel** connector (**C0/C3**) is faulty.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.</p> <p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.</p> <p>Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.</p> <p>If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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<b>DF167 CONTINUED 3</b>	
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<b>2. DEF</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	<b>Special notes:</b> This fault corresponds to the detection of a short circuit between 2 trigger lines.
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Lock the computer via the command **VP006 "Lock computer"**, using the **diagnostic tool**.

Check that the circuits of the two ignition modules concerned are insulated.

Concerned connections of component **1364**:

- **60CP** and **60CQ** of component **1364**.

If there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Reconnect the computer and the driver's front inertia reel before switching the ignition back on.</p> <p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.</p> <p>Carry out another test using the diagnostic tool and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.</p> <p>If the inertia reel has been replaced, destroy the old one (tool <b>Elé. 1287</b>).</p>
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**DF193  
PRESENT  
OR  
STORED**

### PASSENGER AIRBAG LOCKING CHANGE OF STATUS

#### **NOTES**

#### **Special notes:**

The vehicle user has **10 seconds** after switching on **+ after ignition feed** to inhibit the passenger airbag using the key. After this time, the computer will store this fault and light up the warning light on the instrument panel. Switching the ignition off and on restores system operation.

Set the locking switch to the desired position, switch the ignition off and wait for a few seconds. Switch on the ignition again and clear the computer fault memory using command **RZ001 Fault memory**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

#### **AFTER REPAIR**

Carry out the check again using the **diagnostic tool** and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

<b>DF194 PRESENT</b>	<u>COMPUTER TO BE REPLACED FOLLOWING IMPACT</u>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Consult scenario **SC004 Read impact context**.  
Replace all the pyrotechnic components activated at the time of impact.  
Replace the airbag computer, component code **756**.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF232 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>DRIVER'S SEAT BELT BUCKLE SENSOR CIRCUIT</u> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V 1.DEF: Configuration</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>If <b>1.DEF</b>, check and modify the computer configuration.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>50-track or 30-track adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for <b>DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the **condition** and **connection** of the airbag computer connectors, component code **756**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **intermediate connection R146**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out another check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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### DF232 CONTINUED

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **driver's seat belt buckle sensor** connectors, component code **333**. If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **60DU** between components **333** and **756**,
- **60DV** between components **333** and **756**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **driver's seat belt buckle sensor**, component code **333**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  
Carry out another check using the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF233 PRESENT</b>	<p><b>PASSENGER SEAT BELT BUCKLE SENSOR</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V 1.DEF: Configuration</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p>If <b>1.DEF</b>, check and modify the computer configuration.</p>
	<p><b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>50-track or 30-track adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for <b>DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Check the **condition** and **connection** of the airbag computer connectors, component code **756**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **intermediate connection R146**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out another check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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### DF233 CONTINUED

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **passenger seat belt buckle sensor** connectors, component code **486**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **60GH** between components **486** and **756**,
- **60GK** between components **486** and **756**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **passenger seat belt buckle sensor**, component code **486**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  
Carry out another check using the **diagnostic tool**.



<b>DF234 PRESENT</b>	<b>PASSENGER PRESENCE DETECTION SENSOR CIRCUIT</b> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V 2.DEF: Values outside of limits 1.DEF: Configuration
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<b>NOTES</b>	If <b>1.DEF</b> , check and modify the computer configuration.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>50-track or 30-track adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10</b> for operations on the computer connector, and the <b>8-track adapter Elé. 1617</b> for operations on the seat.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for <b>DUSTER</b> .

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **airbag computer** connectors, component code **756**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **intermediate connection R146**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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### DF234 CONTINUED

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **passenger presence detection sensor** connectors, component code **1576**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and **absence of interference resistance** on the following connections:

- **60GL** between components **1576** and **756**,
- **60GM** between components **1576** and **756**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **passenger presence detection sensor**, component code **1576**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  
Carry out the check again using the **diagnostic tool** and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.

<b>DF242 PRESENT</b>	<u>LEFT-HAND DRIVE/RIGHT-HAND DRIVE CONFIGURATION</u> 1.DEF: Configuration
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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This fault occurs because left-hand/right-hand drive has not been configured.  
Configure the computer using command **CF291 Driving side**.  
Read the driving side configuration **LC088 Driving side** under the **Read configuration** heading.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and, if there is no fault, unlock the computer.
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<b>DF279 PRESENT</b>	<p><b><u>SEAT BELT WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT</u></b>            CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V            CO.0: Open circuit or short circuit to earth.</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	<p><b>Special note:</b> Use adapter <b>Elé. 1830</b> or <b>Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.</p>
	<p>Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for <b>DUSTER</b>.</p>

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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<p>Lock the computer with command <b>VP006 Lock computer</b> using the diagnostic tool.          Check the <b>condition</b> of the <b>warning light bulb</b>.          Check the <b>condition</b> and <b>connection</b> of the connectors of the <b>airbag computer</b>, component code <b>756</b> and the <b>seat belt warning module</b>, component code <b>1601</b>.          If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.</p>
<p>Check the <b>insulation</b> to <b>+12 V</b> of the following connections:          • <b>60CD</b> between components <b>756</b> and <b>1601</b>,          • <b>96A</b> between components <b>756</b> and <b>1601</b>.          If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see <b>Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair</b>), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.</p>
<p>If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.</p>

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	<p>Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.          Carry out another check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b>.</p>
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<b>DF279 CONTINUED 1</b>	
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<b>CO.0</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	None.
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Warning light **off** under + after ignition feed:

Lock the computer with command **VP006 Lock computer** using the diagnostic tool.

Check the **condition** of the **warning light bulb**.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the connectors of the **airbag computer**, component code **756** and the **seat belt warning module**, component code **1601**.

If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **condition** of the **airbag fault warning light**.

Check for **+12 V** on the **airbag computer**, component code **756**, and on the **seat belt warning module**, component code **1601**, on the following connections:

- **60CD** of component **756**,
- **96A** of component **756**.

Check the **continuity, insulation** and the **absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:

- **60CD** between components **756** and **1601**,
- **96A** between components **756** and **1601**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out another check using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> .
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### DF279 CONTINUED 2

Warning light **illuminated** under + after ignition feed:

Lock the computer with command **VP006 Lock computer** using the diagnostic tool.

Disconnect the airbag computer and check for the presence, on the base, of the **7 pins** which open the connector **shunts**.

Check the earth insulation on connections **60CD** and **96A** (except for Middle East countries) between components **1601** and **756**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  
Carry out another check using the **diagnostic tool**.

<b>DF425 PRESENT</b>	<p><u>SEAT BELT REMINDER BUZZER CIRCUIT</u> CC.1: Short circuit to +12 V CO.0: Configuration</p>
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<b>NOTES</b>	If <b>1.DEF</b> , check and modify the computer configuration.
	<b>Special notes:</b> Use the <b>50-track or 30-track adapter Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10</b> to work on the computer connector.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for <b>DUSTER</b> .

<b>CC.1</b>	<b>NOTES</b>	This fault is displayed only if the component is present on the vehicle.
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Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **airbag computer connectors**, component code **756**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition. Carry out the check again using the <b>diagnostic tool</b> and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.
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### DF425 CONTINUED

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **connectors** of the **intermediate connection**, component code **R146**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check the **condition** and **connection** of the **seat belt reminder buzzer connectors**, component code **735**.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Repairing electrical wiring, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.

Check **the continuity, insulation** and **the absence of interference resistance** of the following connection:  
• **96H** between components **735** and **756**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A, Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If the fault is still present, replace the **seat belt reminder buzzer**, component code **735**.

If the fault is still present, contact the Techline.

### AFTER REPAIR

Clear the computer fault memory. Switch off the ignition.  
Carry out the check again using the **diagnostic tool** and if there are no faults, unlock the computer.



### NOTES

Only carry out a conformity check after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
**Application condition: engine off, ignition on.**

### FUNCTION: MAIN SCREEN

Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>ET144</b> Fault present or stored	<b>YES or NO</b> This status indicates if the computer has detected at least a present or a stored fault.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of the fault concerned.
<b>ET073:</b> Computer locked by tool	<b>YES or NO</b> This status indicates whether or not the computer is locked.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF034 Computer locked</b> .
<b>ET143:</b> Passenger airbag(s) locked	<b>YES or NO</b> This status indicates the locking of the passenger trigger lines (passenger front airbag, passenger chest-level airbag).	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF193 Passenger airbag locking status change</b> .
<b>ET076:</b> Computer to be replaced	<b>YES or NO</b> This status indicates whether the computer should be replaced or not.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF001 Computer</b> and <b>DF194 Computer to be replaced following impact</b> .

### NOTES

Only carry out a conformity check after a **complete check** with the **diagnostic tool**. The values shown in this conformity check are given as a guide.  
**Application condition: engine off, ignition on.**

### FUNCTION: MAIN SCREEN (CONT.)

Parameter or status Checked or action	Display and notes	Fault finding
<b>ET010:</b> Impact detected.	<b>YES or NO</b> This status indicates whether an impact has been detected by the computer.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF194 Computer to be replaced following impact</b> .
<b>ET074:</b> Fault warning light activated.	<b>YES or NO</b> This status permits a check on the request by the computer for the <b>airbag fault</b> indicator light to be lit or not.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF165 Airbag fault warning light circuit</b> .
<b>ET072:</b> Passenger airbag status indicator light activated.	<b>YES or NO</b> This status permits a check on the request by the computer for the <b>passenger airbag</b> indicator light to be lit.	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF028 Passenger airbag status indicator circuit</b> .
<b>PR001:</b> Computer supply.	This parameter indicates the computer supply voltage. The voltage should be between <b>9 V &lt; X &lt; 14 V</b>	In the event of a fault, apply the interpretation of <b>DF002 Computer supply voltage</b> .

# AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

## Fault finding – Status summary table

Tool status	Diagnostic tool title
ET010	Impact detected
ET072	Passenger airbag status indicator light activated
ET073	Computer locked by tool
ET074	Command fault warning light
ET076	Computer to be replaced
ET143	Passenger airbag(s) locked
ET144	Fault present or stored

# AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

## Fault finding – Parameter summary table

88C

Tool Parameter	Diagnostic tool title
PR001	Computer feed voltage
PR011	Driver's side airbag resistance
PR012	Passenger side airbag resistance
PR013	Driver's frontal airbag resistance
PR014	Passenger frontal airbag resistance
PR034	Driver's front inertia reel resistance
PR035	Passenger front inertia reel resistance
PR147	Airbag locking circuit impedance
PR148	Passenger detection sensor impedance

TEMIC AIRBAG  
Vdiag No.: 18  
Computer type  
No.: 0000

# AIRBAGS AND PRETENSIONERS

## Fault finding – Customer complaints

88C

### NOTES

Only refer to the customer complaints after performing a complete check using the diagnostic tool.

NO DIALOGUE WITH THE AIRBAG COMPUTER

ALP 1

<b>ALP 1</b>	<b>No communication with the airbag computer</b>
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<b>NOTES</b>	None.
	Use the <b>Technical Note Wiring Diagrams</b> for <b>DUSTER</b> .

Try to establish dialogue with a computer on another vehicle to make sure that the diagnostic tool is not faulty. If the **diagnostic tool** is not causing the fault and dialogue cannot be established with any other computer on the same vehicle, it may be that a faulty computer is disrupting fault finding line **HK**. Use a process of successive disconnections to locate this computer. Check the battery voltage, component code **107**, and make the necessary adjustments to obtain the correct voltage (**10.5 V < battery voltage < 16 V**).



<b>AFTER REPAIR</b>	When communication is established, deal with any faults indicated.
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**ALP 1  
CONTINUED 1**

**A**



Check the presence and condition of the airbag computer supply fuse.  
Check that the computer connector is properly connected and check the condition of its connections.  
If the connectors are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the connector, otherwise replace the wiring.  
Check that the supply to the computer is correct:  
– disconnect the airbag computer and use adapter **Elé. 1830 or Elé. 1484-10** to work on the computer connector,  
– check and ensure the presence of **+ after ignition feed** between connections **AP25** and **NAP**.  
If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault) or Technical Note 9804A (Dacia), Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.



**B**

**AFTER REPAIR**

When communication is established, deal with any faults indicated.

ALP 1  
CONTINUED 2

B

Check that the **diagnostic socket**, component code **225**, is correctly supplied on the following connections:

- **BP56** and **AP 10** between components **225** and **1016**,
- **MAM** and **NC** of component **225**.

Check the **continuity** and **insulation** of the following connection:

- **HK** between components **225** and **756**.

If the connection or connections are faulty and if there is a repair procedure (see **Technical Note 6015A (Renault)** or **Technical Note 9804A (Dacia)**, **Electrical wiring repair, Wiring: Precautions for repair**), repair the wiring, otherwise replace it.

If dialogue is still not established after these various checks, replace the **airbag computer**, component code **756** (see **Replacement of components**).

**AFTER REPAIR**

When communication is established, deal with any faults indicated.